

Mythology Photography Fiction Fishing
Christianity Art Cooking Essays
Buddhism Freemasonry Medicine Biology
Music Ancient Egypt Evolution
Carpentry Physics Dance Geology
Mathematics Fitness Shakespeare
Science Yoga Marketing Commerce
Immortality Biographies Poetry
Psychology Witchcraft Electronics
Chemistry History Law Accounting
Philosophy Anthropology Alchemy Drama
Quantum Mechanics Atheism Sexuality
Personal Health Ancient History Criminal
Entertainment Sports
Metaphysics Investment Archaeology

Forgotten Books

— www.forgottenbooks.com —

Copyright © 2016 FB &c Ltd.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, distributed, or transmitted in any form or by any means, including photocopying, recording, or other electronic or mechanical methods, without the prior written permission of the publisher, except in the case of brief quotations embodied in critical reviews and certain other noncommercial uses permitted by copyright law.

TO
THE GENIUS
OF
TRINITY COLLEGE
CAMBRIDGE

THE FOLLOWING PAGES

ARE HUMBLY DEDICATED

BY

T. KIDD

THE CONTENTS

	<i>Page.</i>
IMPERFECT OUTLINE OF THE LIFE OF R. P.	ix—xxxī
PREFACE	xxxiii—xcix
ADDENDA	xcix—civ
Epitaph on <i>Alexis</i>	3
Review of P. II. of V. I. of <i>Schutz's</i> Eschylus	4—10
Review of <i>Brunck's</i> Aristophanes	11—37
Review of <i>Weston's</i> Hermesianax ; etc.	38—47
Review of <i>Huntingford's</i> Apology for the Monostrophics	48—53
The learned Pig	54, 5
Notæ breves ad <i>Clerici et Bentleyi</i> Epistolas	56
Review of <i>Robertson's</i> Parian Chronicle	57—83
Review of Dr. <i>Edwards's</i> Pseudo-Plutarch. de Educatione Liberorum	84—102
Corrector Lectori <i>Virgilio Londiniensis</i> ; cura Heyne	103—107
Review of Mr. <i>R. P. Knight's</i> analytical Essay on the Greek Alphabet	108—150
<i>John Nic. Dawes</i> on the Hiatus	151—153
Nursery-song	154—157
Supplementa ad Indicem <i>Brunckianum</i> in Sophoclem, 8°. 158—168. ad Euripidem <i>Beckii</i> ; 169, 70. ad Simplicium in Epictetum, 171—178. ad <i>Cebetis</i> Tabulam, 179—182	158—182
Lacunæ Lapidis <i>Ægyptiaci</i> conjecturis suppletæ	183
	Addenda

Addenda ad Appendicem in <i>Toupium</i> SUIDÆ KUSTERIANI Emendatorem, 184–188. ad Co- micorum Græcorum Fragmenta, 189. ad Præ- fationem in Euripidem et Supplementum, 190–199. ad Hecubam, 199, 200. ad Ores- tem, 200–202. ad Phœnissas, 202. ad Mede- am, 203–206	184–206
Ad Iliada	206, 7
Ad Pseudo-Solonem	207
Ad Æschylum	208–215
Ad Sophoclem	216–222
Ad Euripidem	223–227
Ad Comicum incertum	228–231
Ad Theodecten	231
Ad Moschiona	ibid.
Ad Platonem Comicum	232
Ad Athenæum	232–249
Ad Anaxandriden	249
Ad Menandrum et Philemona	249–255
Ad Theocritum	256
Ad <i>Toupii</i> Curas posteriores in Theocritum	256, 7
Ad Alexandrum Ætolum Parthenii	257
Ad Anthologiam	257–259
Ad Herodotum	260–262
Ad Thucydidem	262, 3
Ad Platonem	263–275
Ad Xenophontem	276
Ad Theophrastum	276, 7
Ad Fragmenta Pythagoreorum	277
Ad Aristidem	278
Ad Pausaniam	279, 280
Ad	

Ad Hephæstionem	281
Ad Harpocratonem	ibid.
Ad J. Pollucem	281–283
Ad Hesychium	283, 4
Ad Photium	285
Ad Suidam	285–287
Ad Etymologum Magnum	288, 9
Ad Codicem ALEXANDRINUM	289–292
Ad Codicem CANTABRIGIENSEM	292–296
Ad Codicem RESCRIPTUM	297, 8
Ad Codicem γ =MS. Cantab. Kk. 6. 4.	299, 300
Detached Observations	302, 3
Ad Ennium	303
Ad Terentium	304–307
Ad Cic. Tusc. Disp.	307, 8
Ad Livium	308
Ad Virgilium	308, 9
Ad Horatium	309
Ad Juvenalem	309, 10
Ad Priscianum	310, 11
Ad M. A. Muretum	312
On Bp. Pearson	ibid.
Bentleius Millio	313
Boyle against Bentley	313, 14
R. B.'s Reply to Boyle	314–16
Swift's 'Tale of a Tub'	316, 17
Lewis on Churches	317, 18
Mr. Pope	318–320
On Bp. Warburton's Tracts	320–322
Ad Musgravii Dissertationes Duas	324–326
Anderson's Poets	326, 27

De Obitu immaturo Raphaëlis	327-329
Letter to the Rev. Dr. Davy	330-332

APPENDIX.

Sir John Hawkins v. Dr. Johnson	333-352
Reproof valiant to Mr. Travis' Reply churlish	352-368
Errata. Addenda. Corrigenda.	369-380
Auctarium	381-393
Indices	394-407



AN
IMPERFECT OUTLINE
OF
THE LIFE
OF
RICHARD PORSON.

RICHARD PORSON, the subject of this hasty sketch, was born at East Ruston in Norfolk, on Christmas-day*, 1759. He was the eldest of three brothers†. His father, Mr. *Huggins*

* R. P. was wont to speak of his birth day with gratitude and triumph. On the same day Sir *Isaac Newton* was born, 1642. They were of the same College; and the mortal remains of R. P. rest near the statue of this first of philosophers in the Anti-chapel of 'Trin. Coll. Cambridge; while those of RICHARD BENTLEY lie without the railing, on the north-side, of the altar.

† *Henry*, his second brother, was settled in a farm in Essex, and died early in life. *Thomas*, his youngest brother, kept a boarding-school at Fakenham, and died in 1792. His sister was married to *Siday Hawes*, Esq. of Coltishall in Norfolk. His mother died in 1784, aged 57; and his father in 1805, in the 74th year of his age.

IMPERFECT OUTLINE

Porson, who was Parish-Clerk, and much respected, initiated him in the rudiments of his native tongue, and in the common rules of arithmetic. At nine years of age R. P. was sent to the Village-school, kept by a Mr. Summers, where he continued three years. The Rev. Mr. *Hewitt*, Vicar of the Parish, heard of R. P.'s extraordinary aptitude in acquiring and retaining whatever he was taught, and undertook to give him a classical training. During his boyhood R. P. was inured to a pastoral life, and afterwards, I am told, to the labours of the loom.

Proofs of a serious turn of thought in his early years are still extant; they are in the shape of hymns and grave reflections; but in no respect remarkable except in tracing out the adorable nature of the first cause.

In August, 1774, Mr. *Norris*, of Grosvenor-Place, an opulent and liberal gentleman, sent R. P. to Eton, and the late Sir *George Baker* contributed most generously towards his continuance

tinuance in that illustrious school. When he entered Eton, R. P. was wholly ignorant of quantity; and, after he had toiled up the arduous path to literary eminence, he was often twitted by his quondam school-fellows with those violations of quantity which are common in first attempts at Latin verse. Our Greek Professor always felt sore upon this point. One of his best friends and greatest admirers has preserved a copy of verses, which, indeed, evince the rapid progress of his mind, but would not do honour to his memory.

The Rev. Doctor *Davies*, late Provost of Eton, when Head-Master, presented R. P. with a copy of Toup's *Longinus* as a mark of his regard for a "good" exercise. This book, R. P. was wont to say, first biassed his mind to critical researches, and BENTLEY and DAWES cherished and confirmed that strong propensity: the rest he gave himself.

At this time R. P. was deeply smitten with a predilection for scenic exhibitions; and a

sort of drama, composed by R. P. while at Eton, is still in the possession of certain Ladies*.—He collated the MS. fragment of Xenophon's Anabasis, which he lost with other memoranda at Oxford, and amused himself with examining a MS. containing some of Seneca's plays, and others fathered upon him†.

At Eton, the powers of memory, which he occasionally discovered, are almost without parallel: The instances are numerous, and well attested. I shall specify one. In going up to lesson he was accosted by a boy in the

* A gentlewoman, whom I should esteem it an honour to name, has many unrivalled specimens of R. P.'s penmanship; they are intended for watch-papers, and consist chiefly of those moral sentiments from the comic and tragic poets which vicissitudes in life had deeply imprinted on his memory: or such passages as Eur. Med. 193—206., accompanied with Dr. *Johnson's* translation which first appeared in Dr. *Burney's* History of Music, V. II. p. 240.; etc.

† *Optimæ* in his *Tragoediæ, Troades, Hippolytus, Thyestes, Hercules Furens, Medea, Agamemnon, Œdipus*. *Hæ Senecæ sunt, et nunquam Choro finiuntur. Incertorum auctorum, Phœnissæ, Hercules in Œta, Octavia—quæ Choro finiuntur.* RICARDUS BENTLEIUS.

form,

form, "P., what have you got there?" "Horace:" it was instantly taken from him, and another book dexterously slipped into its place, with which R. P. proceeded. Being "set on" by the Master, he read and construed *Carm. 1. x.* very regularly. Observing the class in a titter, the Master said, "P., you seem to me to be reading on one side of the page, while I am looking at the other: pray, whose edition have you?" P. hesitating—"Let me see it," rejoined Doctor D., who, to his great surprise, found it to be an English Ovid. R. P. was ordered to go on; which he did, easily, exactly, and promptly, to the end of the ode.—About this period R. P. was prone to a spirit of intolerance, which often discomposed his nights; and he experienced great difficulty in mollifying and subduing this inclination. What a lesson to learn is toleration!

Towards the close of 1777 he was admitted undergraduate of Trin. Coll. Cambridge. In 1779 R. P. began more systematically his critical career. Two corrections made in this
year

year occur in pp. 256. 303. (Theocr. Id. 1, 66. Virg. *Æn.*: III, 702.). They were very generously imparted to me by his old school-fellow, and unshaken friend through a bitter life, the very learned and amiable Doctor GOODALL, Provost of Eton. This excellent man would have honoured me with a paper containing many other corrections made by R. P. about this time; but it is mislaid. In Sept. 1781, R. P. was elected Fellow of that noble Society. The interval between this date and 1785, when he took the degree of A.M., seems to have been assiduously employed in highly useful but ungainful pursuits. It was a season, which he recollected with pleasure; and would, at times, fondly wish to live over again:—*Pieriosque dies et amantes carmina noctes.* In 1791 his fellowship ceased; on which heart-rending occasion he used to observe, with his usual good-humour (for nothing could depress him), that he was a gentleman living in London without a sixpence in his pocket. Shortly after R. P. was elected Greek-professor. The letter, addressed to his principal elector, in which R. P. notices both events,

events, will, I trust, see light on some future day. Other letters from R. P. are in private hands, which do honour to his heart as well as to his head.

In 1795 R. P. married Mrs. Lunan, who sunk under a decline in April 1797. This event is deeply to be regretted, since during this short period he evidently became more attentive to times and seasons, and might have been won by domestic comforts from that habit of tipling, which was doubtless as much a *disease* as the gout, and must have tended to impair a constitution naturally vigorous. Alas! πῶς τις αὐτὸν, πῶς τις ἂν Ἐπὸ τοῦ ποτοῦ παύσειε τοῦ λίαν ποτοῦ;

R. P. entertained an utter contempt of money; he was independent of circumstances. He left worldly things to worldly minds; his thoughts were elsewhere.

In company R. P. was the gentlest being I ever met with; his conversation was engaging and delightful; it was at once animated by
force

force of reasoning, and adorned with all the graces and embellishments of wit. These Attic nights are gone; “but they have left a relish and a fragrance upon the mind, and the remembrance of them is sweet.”—He possessed a heart filled with sensibility; he was at all times willing to assist his fellow-labourers; and no scholar ever consulted him, who did not leave him instructed and delighted*. It may not be improper to select an instance of his instantaneously passing from one subject to another, which was like it, by way of illustration. It may be thought unworthy of narrative, ἀλλ’ ὁμως φράσω. In Oct. 1800, two friends looked in upon R. P. at his chambers in Essex-Court, Temple, and seeing his favourite MS. spread on the table, one of them observed, I am at a loss to perceive how you can decypher these characters; R. P. intimated that the text of this codex was comparatively perspicuous. He then produced a MS. of *John Chrysostom* abounding in cramp contractions, and, turning to the be-

* Μεθ’ ἡδονῆς ἀπῆλθε παιδευθεὶς ἅμα.

ginning, read the first five lines which gave the title of the work :—they were astonished at the ease with which he unfolded the terminations. R. P. remarked that our D^{os}. and C^{os}. are as much abridged, only far more common; but, determined to make himself thoroughly understood, he requested his friend to shew him a guinea; which was done. R. P. inquired if he had ever noticed the letters on the brim. He answered in the negative; R. P. then expounded the legend. His friend remarked, that if he might have all the guineas of those who could not make out the inscription, he should be extremely rich. Yes, replied R. P., and you would be in the situation of the hero, who *Postulat ut capiat, quæ non intelligit, arma.*) His critical excursion appended *ad Med.* i39. 140. exhibits a fair specimen of his manner of discussing with friends literary matters; it is adamant of the firmest grain wrought to the highest polish. Indeed, every thing he said and did was fraught with the most scrupulous regard for plain dealing. TRUTH was considered by R. P. as the basis of excellence; it was the

object

object of all his inquiries ; he felt pleasure in the search, and satisfaction in the vindication of this rare article. If detected in the slightest error, he would thank the individual who pointed it out, immediately amend it, and publicly confess it. Ἐγὼ εἶμι τῶν ἠδέως μὲν ἐλεγχθέντων, εἴ τι μὴ ἀληθές λέγοιμι· ἠδέως δ' ἐλεγξάντων, εἴ τις μὴ ἀληθές λέγοι. Οὐκ ἀηδέστερον μὲντ' ἐλεγχθέντων ἢ ἐλεγξάντων· μείζον γὰρ αὐτὸ ἀγαθὸν ἠγοῦμαι, ὅσῳ περ μείζον ἀγαθὸν ἐστὶν αὐτὸν ἀπαλλαγῆναι κακοῦ τοῦ μεγιστοῦ, ἢ ἄλλον ἀπαλλάξαι· οὐδεν γὰρ οἶμαι τοσοῦτον κακὸν εἶναι ἀνθρώπῳ, ὅσον δόξα ψευδῆς. Plato Gorg. 285. E. Laemar. = 123. Routh. = 58, 9. Findeisen. R. P. also contended that truth, in every department of human knowledge was mighty, and, in spite of all artificial objects, would ultimately prevail. Καί ποτε μὲν παραχρῆμα δείκνυσι τὴν αὐτῆς δύναμιν, ποτὲ δὲ πολὺν χρόνον ἐπισκοτισθεῖσα, τέλος αὕτη δι' αὐτῆς ἐπικρατεῖ, καὶ καταγωνίζεται τὸ ψεῦδος. Polybius.

Amongst others, who paid their respects to the MSS. of Pseudo-Shakspeare, in Norfolk-Street, R. P. was prevailed upon by a friend
to



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



the ultimate mark, at which he was aiming, and which it required the utmost nicety to hit: Some would overshoot it, others fall short of it; but his movements towards it were deliberate, the effect of each step was watched, his eye was wary, and his aim unerring. The sense being ascertained, the word, which was suggested, might not suit the context: the word being fixed, the metre might not admit it. His emendations satisfied the style, the sense, and the verse.—But, when he could not restore, he never disturbed. *Conjectural* criticism, if I understand the expression, is not regulated by any perceivable law; it is under the dominion of hazard; it is “a hit made at a venture,”—a game at chance: whereas in R. P.’s cures there is a correct leading principle, which influences his decisions; he propounds the degree of evidence which can be collected; weighs every authority, however faint, or complicated, or contradictory; calls in the aid of *paleography* to criticism, and elicits by dint of painful thinking, and severe discrimination, illumined by genius and taste, the effect desired.

sired*. It may be asked, Why all this parade about the *recovery* of a few *old* facts? What is there in truth which is not *old*? The grandest discovery ever made by human intellect,—the *nexus naturæ*,—was the demonstration of a fact as old as the creation.—NEWTON himself did not *make* the truths which he has established; he *pointed them out* to others, (from) whom they had (been concealed.)—In these severe investigations DAWES did not distinguish sufficiently between an useful hint, and a general principle; he tried but seldom how far his precepts would hold good. BENTLEY would, at times, lighten upon a passage. His corrections, in general, cost him *too little* trouble†. The day after he had received a copy of Dr. Davies's first edition of Cic. Tusc.‡, R. B. *talked* over with the editor the sub-

* If critics of nearly the same growth did not feel and understand in the same way what was wanted, their coincidences could not be accounted for; see R. P.'s PR. ad App. in Toup. p. 434. *Lagomarsini* ad Poggian. Epist. Vol. II. p. 216.

† See R. B.'s Letter to T. H. pp. 88. 112=288. 317.

‡ See Epist. Clerico, p. 208.

stance of all the emendations, which he was prevailed upon to subjoin to that edition. In the days of their friendship, J. Markland presented R. B. with a copy of his *Statii Sylvæ*, which he looked over with J. M. and suggested those brilliant restorations, which are registered in the margin of a copy in the custody of a friend*. As to SCALIGER, he seems to have been formed of “the porcelain clay of human kind:” in his restitutions θεῖον τι καὶ εὐστοχον ἐστὶ. In R. P. there was invariably “a presiding principle and prolific energy.” In that celebrated canon, viz. *If an iambic verse in tragedy end in a word, which makes a cretic, and the word preceding it consist of more than one syllable, the fifth foot is not a spondee*,—R. P. has marked the limits, and reconciled the seeming exceptions; his proofs hang one upon another by a connecting thread; the perusal of his accurate arrangement, and nice distinctions, is one continued exertion of the mind; in reading

* Afterward this amiable scholar was induced to attach himself to Bp. *Hare*, and to share the credit of unsuccessful resistance against the great *Bentley* with that party.

this disquisition. we are not suffered to be idle or superficial. He gave up, I believe, the metrical arrangement of the choral odes as a hopeless business.—If his life had been prolonged for about six years, R. P. would have become τῆς Ἑλλάδος σωτῆρα καὶ πρόμαχον· he would have given us some sure, sound, and ruling principles, which might have been safely left to their own operations*. But the prime grace of the Attic year is cut off:—the sun of criticism is set, and in its descent left the western hemisphere in a flood of glory.

On 25 Sept. 1808, on Sunday night, exactly as the clock struck twelve †, R. P. changed his existence, without a struggle, in

* Φημὶ, εἴ τις τοῦτον βάλοιτο οἶον ἄγκυραν πάσης τῆς πόλεως, πάντα ἔχουσιν τὰ πρόσφορα ἑαυτῇ, σώζειν ἂν ξύμπαντα ἃ βουλόμεθα. Plato de Legg. T. II. XII, 961. C. H. St.

† See Dr. Adam Clarke's "Narrative of R. P.'s last illness and death."—"Our prophet is no more; and where shall we find his mantle? Where shall we look for his critical acumen, for his rapid perception, for his unerring sagacity, for his inexhaustible memory, and for his solid judgement?" Quart. Rev. V, 17.

the forty-ninth year of his age. Such was the *εὐθανασία* of our lamented Professor :

*ἔπεύχομαι δὲ καιρίας πληγῆς τυχεῖν,
ὡς ἀσφάδαστος, αἱμάτων εὐθησίμων
ἀπορρύντων, ὄμμα συμβάλα τόδε.*

Æschyl. Agam. 1294.

His remains were removed from the London Institution, then in the Old Jewry, to be interred in the Anti-chapel of Trinity College, Cambridge. The service at the grave was read in a most impressive manner by the present Lord Bishop of Bristol, Master of our college.

The inscription engraved in brass on his coffin :

RICARDUS . PORSON

APUD . CANTABRIGIENSES

LINGUÆ . GRÆCÆ . PROFESSOR

ET

COLL. TRIN. S.S. ET. IND. OLIM . SOCIUS

APUD . LONDINENSES

INSTITUTIONIS . LITTERARIÆ

BIBLIOTHECARIUS . PRINCEPS

NATUS . VIII. CAL. JAN. MDCCLIX.

OBIT . VII. CAL. OCT. MDCCCVIII.

It was not judged proper to print the Report signed with the names of his medical friends, amongst which is that of Dr. *Babington*, a physician not less renowned for his professional skill than for his humanity and extensive benevolence.

Epaminondas, when upbraided by a wight with celibacy, pointed to the battle of Leuctra as his genuine offspring, which would not only survive him, but be immortal. In like manner, should a peevish and morose prattler inquire what monument of literature R. P. had erected to perpetuate his name to posterity; it may be answered with sadness, but with truth, *Pauca quidem ingenii sui pignora reliquit, sed egregia, sed admiranda*:—the *Letters to Travis*, *Preface to Euripides*, ed. 3., *note on Med.* 139, 140., and the *conjectural supplement* of the *Rosetta* stone will hand down his name as a Critic till time shall be no more.

If it were required to produce instances of restoration wrought by this second Bentley,

which cannot be contested, the emendation of *Hermesianax*, p. 41, might, I humbly presume, be placed foremost; then Eur. *Helen.* 757., (p. 226.) *Æschyli Suppl.* 675. 312, 3. *Pers.* 321, 2. The wounds, which have been unmercifully inflicted on these passages, are beyond the reach of aid from MSS. It would be blameable to omit the restoration of *Alexis* apud Athen. III, 107. F. (Adverss. p. 65.) which turned out to be, as nearly as possible, the reading of the Venetian MS.; and that of *Lyncus*, apud eund. vi. 138. E. (Adverss. p. 87*.) But to do justice to these emendations the tenor of the context ought to be stated, the probable causes of the corruptions explained, and the grounds, on which the emendations rest, as connected with Greek paleography, pointed out, which require types cut for the purpose.

I cannot help remarking with great concern that some of our countrymen, who have

* ἴν' ἔφη, μὴ ἐπιλάβωμαι.—was the form of the emendation, if I remember right, before the appearance of *Cod. Ven.*



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

by religion on the unsullied virtues of females; I only not adore the lovely graces of female devotion*, as much as I abhor the malignant tongue of female slander. Pray, what authority have you for the foul expression “gross sensuality?” None whatever. He had one failing, but he was so great a man that I shall soon forget what it was.

Ἡδίων οὐδέν, οὐδὲ μουσικώτερον

Ἔστ' ἢ δύνασθαι λοιδορούμενον φέρειν·

Ὁ λοιδορῶν γὰρ, ἦν ὁ λοιδορούμενος

Μὴ προσποιῆται, λοιδορεῖται λοιδορῶν.

As to “corrupt principles,” what do they imply? his critical morality? an invincible love of truth? an inflexible probity? unwearied exertions in the cause of literature? Or do they import a want of belief in the evidences of Christianity? An unbeliever, Madam, would not have exposed the blasphemous manner, in which Lord Shaftesbury derides the holy Scriptures. A ridiculer

* See Dr. Parr's Discourse on Education.

of the sufferings of the christian Martyrs would not have observed concerning St. Cyprian, that “the merits of the martyr threw a shade over the defects of the author, and the veneration, that ought to have been confined to his piety, was extended to his writings.”—An infidel would not have asserted “that the miraculous gifts of the Spirit, which attested the mission of Jesus, were truly the witness of God, which he witnessed by his Son*.” No, Madam; an unbeliever has no concern with the *doctrines* of Christianity. R. P. was, and he wished to be considered, a Christian. If you had witnessed the horror, with which he received the foul charge of being a suspected unbeliever, when discovered to him by a friend with the utmost delicacy, you would not have fulminated against him such anathemas:—if you had seen him in the season of affliction, when the prospect of nothing but a “steril promontory” was lying before him;—if you had heard him at this moment of dismay recite with inexpressi-

* Letters to Travis, pp. 258. 266. 398. Paley’s Mor. and Polit. Philos. ii. 109.

ble fervour and solemnity the third chapter of Job; you would, I doubt not, have been touched with other emotions than those of theological hatred. Yes, Madam, if you had ever been present, when he quoted with perfect relish from Tillotson, Barrow, Barclay's Apology, Chillingworth, and St. Augustine, passages hardly to be equalled in any language, you would not, I am sure, have applied to him these hard, unchristian words. ^ Cease then to profane the memory of PORSON with such unsparing reproaches.—You may say that his religious creed resembled that of Dr. *Samuel Clarke**: you are at liberty to think so. Will you contend that Dr. Clarke was not a Christian? Such uncharitable sentiments belong not to me. “Though truth in those controversies can only be on one side, sincerity may be on both. And I will enjoy the holy hope, that by an equal sincerity, through the power of that blood which was shed equally for all, both parties may at last find

* Nomen viri docti, acuti philosophi, et theologi sobrie philosophantis, carum et sanctum mihi habetur.

equal mercy*.” I can make no apology for these strictures : I leave them to the closet, and to self-examination.—The revered name of my friend is safely lodged in the sanctuary of my heart, “ never, never to be torn from thence, but with those holds which grapple it to life.”

26 April, 1815.

THOMAS KIDD.

* Horsley’s Charge, p. 74.

P R E F A C E,

CONTAINING CHIEFLY

A LIST OF THOSE WORKS, WHICH ARE CONNECTED
WITH LITERATURE*,

INTERSPERSED WITH REMARKS.

*N.B. An asterism is prefixed to the articles contained in this
volume.*

*i. *Alexis* : 'Αωροθάνατος.

THE English verses were given by the late Rev. *Wm. Collier*, B.D., Senior Fellow of *Trin. Coll.* and Regius Hebrew-Professor, to be translated into Greek trimeter Iambics by the candidates for one of Lord Craven's University-scholarships which was then vacant. Being on a

* There are other effusions of humour and of the species of composition which is chiefly acceptable to that stirring family, the editors of our ephemeral journals. I have examined the quotations from Latin and Greek writers, with which they are sprinkled, for emendations; and for nothing else; for he uniformly advised me not to read Newspapers. I bewail the unpropitious hours, in which four of these papers were written. His mind must have been overclouded. Certain of the Jesuits have attempted the same perilous analogies, which are contained in three of them. But this kind of writing cannot be defended by example.

visit

visit to Mr. Knight's at Milton, near Cambridge, Mr. C. accidentally took up a stray No. of the * * * * * Magazine, and in turning it over he lighted on this epitaph; transcribed it, and applied it to this purpose.—With this account Mr. C. favoured me, if I recollect aright, in 1798. I have consulted most of the Journals from their commencement to this period, but, with pain I state it, to no purpose. At the time it was generally attributed to Mr. C.; and R. P. always suspected it to be the offspring of his muse. About three years before his demise R. P. showed me the foul copy, which exhibited his first expressions and corrections made in the examination-room before he re-wrote it, and permitted me to take a sort of fac-simile which is mislaid. The paper was embrowned with age. It would be highly ungenerous to point out the Homeric metre of one word, those niceties of Attic orthography which he had not then attained, and the violation of a recondite property of Iambic metre, which R. P. discovered about three years afterwards. He communicated it with his oldest and most intimate friend, the Rev. Dr. GOODALL, who in mentioning it to his pupils never omitted to attribute it to its rightful owner*. Suffice it to state that this attempt was made by a Junior A.B. nearly thirty-four years ago, and it will scarcely be doubted that this A.B. was R. PORSON†. Other juvenile exercises by R. P. are still in existence.

* See Mus Crit. III, 330.

† Æschyl. Septheb. 533. βλάστημα καλλίπρωρον, ἀνδρόπαις ἀνῆρ, — juvenile quidem illud, sed GRONOVII juvenis, Markl. PRÆF. ad Stat. Sylv. xv.—Commentatione, juvenili quidem, veruntamen juvenis Hemsterhusii, D. R. Elog. p. 24. ed. 2.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



magnificence, and to collate this MS. “at an expense not greater than that, for which the task could have been performed by a person on the spot.” After some discussion, in which a genuine critic, well known in the *Primrose Path* as well as the *Fosse* and the *Watling Street*, gave, I am concerned to say, his decided opposition, it was suggested by a grave man, and most wonderful scholar, then perching on the pinnacle of power, that R. P. might collect his MSS. at home*. This is alluded to in a note to his letters (on Travis, p. 57. Alas! *how marr'd and stinted hath his greatness been!*

About this period R. P. commenced a correspondence with *David Ruhnkenius*†, whose *preface to the second volume of Hesychius*, and *historical disquisition on the Greek orators*, he had read with delight. R. P. stated that he was about to undertake an edition of *Eschylus*, and requested to be honoured with any fragments of this parent of Greek tragedy, which occurred in D. R.'s body of inedited *Lexicons and Grammarians*, that bear the stamp of authority‡. The editor of the *Strasburg Sophocles* had drawn the most valuable glosses in his *Lexicon Sophocleum* from this

* Be not dismayed; we have Dr. Arbuthnot and Mr. Travis's authority for this combination; “the accurate Mr. *Hearne* of *Oxford*, who collected the *Bodleian MSS.* for us”—*Gulliver decypher'd*, I, 82.; and, “*Papplebaum*, G. T. his collection of the *Berlin MS.*” *Index to 3d ed.*, letter P.

† See *Wytttenbach's Vita Ruhnkenii*, p. 232. *Saxii Onomasticon*, VIII, 461.

‡ Satis notum est eum suo sibi labore thesaurum comparasse eruditionis Græcæ e veterum Grammaticorum scriptis nondum luce donatis, quæ diversis in Bibliothecis, maxime in Regia et Cœnobii Sangermanensis servantur. *Brunckii PR. ad Soph.* 4to. vii, viii.

source. Not willing, however, to take advantage of D. R.'s unsuspecting goodness without submitting to him his pretensions for the task, he sent this restorer of Plato a specimen of his progress in emendatory criticism. In the first he achieved a restoration of *Æschyl. Suppl.* 675-7, which had been begun by *Stanley*, and, by accident, successfully followed up by *Pauw*, and approximated to by *Heath*. The light borrowed from this passage he reflected upon Plutarch, who had been wofully mutilated, *Erot.* p. 758. F., and made these two authors amicably conspire in healing and strengthening each other*. The other sample related to a mangled fragment of *Hermesianax*, 89, seq. which was in substance the same as the Latin note at pp. 41, 2. of these tracts.—D. R. showed this letter to his favourite pupil, *Wytttenbach* †, who applauded the good service done to Eschylus and his old friend Plutarch: yet in the excellent

* This emendation has been referred to in his note *ad Ph.* 800. and ably stated by a learned brother in *M. Rev.* for June, 1807, pp. 529-30. R. B. *ad Hor. Carm.* IV, xiii, 7. had furnished a model of criticism, misnamed conjectural, on the same treatise of Plutarch which R. P. has outdone. In the same way R. P. made whole a passage in Dionysius of Halicarnassus in his *Diatribæ ad Eur. Med.* 139, 140. This restoration he had allowed to lie by him for more than four years. I put a copy of Valckenaer's *Callimachea* into his hands about the close of 1799 or at the beginning of 1800, some time before it was regularly imported into this country; in turning over the leaves he stumbled upon *Valckenaer's* attempt to correct the passage. Surprised at V.'s failure, he produced a scrap of paper, upon which his emendation had been registered, and requested me to take a copy of it in bar of accidents.

† Ceterum cognovimus novam item *Æschyli* editionem institui Cantabrigiæ a Rich. Porsono, V. Cl. de cujus acumine et doctrina bene

lent edition of this moralist, it has unaccountably escaped his memory; see Vol. iv. p. 29. ed. 4to = p. 42. 8vo. As to the other correction, W. intimated to D. R., who was of a most conceding disposition, that he had anticipated nearly the same alteration—ἔξοχον εἶναι Ἀπόλλων

·"ΕΧΡΗΣ' ἀνθρώπων—

but this order of the words is not sanctioned by any MS.; whereas R. P.'s arrangement is countenanced by *Bessario's Codex*, and transcribers would naturally prefer ἐχρήν or W.'s ἐχρησ' to the less common but appropriate word ἔχρη. Surely this is using another Critic's mental progeny, "as gypsies do stolen children—disfiguring them to make them pass for their own." Our professor, however, has very generously given W. the chief merit of this palmarian emendation.

In his answer addressed

“ Viro præstantissimo

Richardo Porsono

S. D.

David Ruhnkenius,”

the beginning of which I have already recorded, D. R. sent him eight leaves of foolscap, folded in a quarto form, and crowded with unpublished remains of Eschylus, which had been extracted from his *Thesaurus*. The vacant spaces of the autograph were occupied with R. P.'s remarks.

In the year 1797 or 1798 a calamitous event took place; πᾶς τοῦτό γ' Ἑλλήνων θροεῖ—and well they may. A fire

bene nos sperare jubent egregia quædam specimina, privatim nobis cognita, necdum in vulgus edita. *Bibl. Crit. P. VIII, p. 140.* This epistola critica, of which R. P. had not preserved a copy, will, I trust, find a place in W.'s promised correspondence of *David Ruhnkenius*.

broke

broke out in the house of a relative, with whom R. P. had been passing a few days. It irrecoverably destroyed this communication of D. R.; the exquisitely beautiful transcript of the *Galean Photius*, which by indefatigable perseverance he replaced; a copy of *Kuster's Aristophanes*, the margins of which were crammed with collations, notes, and emendations, which could not be retrieved; and other literary treasures. In returning to Town the day before this disaster happened, R. P. paused three or four times on the road, deliberating whether he should return for his books and papers, and once actually turned his horse towards Merton. Unfortunately, however, he persevered on his journey, and in the following night devastation accomplished its hideous work.—When his affectionate friend, Doctor *Raine*, ὦ φίλτατον φώνημα, whose loss is bitterly bewailed by every lover of learning, profane and sacred, opened to him this woful business, R. P. inquired if any lives had been lost: Dr. R. replied in the negative. “Then,” in the “generous exaltation of despair,” he said, “I will tell you what I have lost—TWENTY years of my life!

To each his sufferings: all are men
 Condemn'd alike to groan;
 The tender for another's pain,
 Th' unfeeling for his own.”

*iii. *Review of the Strasburg Aristophanes* †; 4 Voll. 4to, and 8vo, 1783: by R. F. P. Brunck; Argentorati, 1783.

This article was drawn up in one night, and a portion of the following day. He possessed at this time only the

† This article is printed from a copy which was revised by R. P. The most useful parts of it have been done into Latin by the accurate *Gotofr. Henric. Schæfer*: *Class. Journal*, IX, 136—143.

Aldine,

Aldine, first Basil, and Cambridge editions of Aristophanes, and consulted the first and second Juntas, in the libraries of his friends. A copy of the first Junta, which had been picked up for a trifle in the neighbourhood of *Saxe Weimar*, was given R. P. by the Rev. *Cleaver Banks*, whom he always mentioned with the most affectionate regard, and generally added, “*Banks’ library is my library.*” His accurate knowledge of the local situations, customs, and opinions, of the virtues, vices, and political animosities, which prevailed at this æra, excited earnest hopes that R. P. would have given us a PERFECT edition of this comic Poet.—*Gill. Wakefield**, however, had an unconquerable distaste for this standard of Attic purity; that distinctness and vivacity of character in the dialogue; that stately movement of his own metre; and that glow of genius, that ethereal fire in his choral odes, which, at times, transported the poet beyond the limits of his usual execution, had no charms for G. W.—Not that I wish to defend every atom of the poet. What he says about Agatho in the *Thesmophoriazusæ* might have been entirely in jest; and might, in that degraded state of society, have been pleasing to Athenian ears: still I cannot help turning aside from it with loathing. The retouched comedy of “the *Clouds* obscured, I fear, the brightest star of the Achaian firmament;” it sowed a seed, which did not immediately quicken, but which would not perish; and gradually prepared the way for the accusers of the first of moral philosophers. In this, however, G. W. was not singular; for the scenic entertainments of our national bard have even been designated—fountains of impurity; and I have met with a passage

* Letters to Mr. Fox, pp. 175, 6.

on this subject taken from a primitive father, “which would make the hassocks at the Tabernacle, like the chairs in Dioclesian, jump for joy.” See *Theodorus Hyrtacenus*, Ep. xxx. in notitia MSS. Paris. *Vet.* VI. p. 3

Plato also does not escape the indevotedness of G. W. ; *he* had little or no share in his esteem : and no wonder ; for Plato was a great admirer of Aristophanes. This first of Pagan sages, concerning whom we hear so much, and know so little, had rivetted the affections of our Professor for the last six or seven years of his life. In depth of thought R. P. deemed him without a rival ; but his text, he observed, teemed with interpolations. Quo magis his, qui altioris Critices studio ducantur, dies noctesque elaborandum est, ut assidua lectione in justam Platonis consuetudinem veniant.

* iv. *Review of Weston's Hermesianux*;—April, 1784, pp. 238—243.

* v. *Review of Huntingford's Apology for the Monstrophics*,—Aug. 1784, pp. 93—96.

If the character of Dawes, as a critic, had been treated with due respect, this article would not have been thought of. R. P. considered the making of Greek verses as wholesome exercise ; it requires extensive reading and retentive memory ; and produces a facility in the application of those nice discriminations of style adopted by the Homeric, tragic, and comic poets, which have been pointed out by master-artists. R. P., however, did not encourage the

publication of such attempts. For “all that is good in the modern composition of ancient Greek is good for nothing; for, unless such composition be a cento, it can never certainly be correct; and if it be a cento, where is its value?”

* vi. *The learned Pig* —April, 1785, pp. 289, 90.

* vii. *Short notes appended to Le Clerc and BENTLEY'S letters.*—April, 1786, pp. 255, 7, 60.

viii. *Notæ breves* † *ad Xenophontis Anabasin*; 4to et 8vo, 1786, pp. xli—lix.; et “Lectori, si quis erit, S.” *Notæ*, quibus litera W. adscripta est, viro eruditissimo, *Gualtero Whiter*, Aulæ Clar. Cantab. haud ita pridem Socio, et Etymologici conditori acerrimo, debentur. VIVUS VALEAT: FELIX PERFICIAT.

* ix. *Three panegyric Epistles*, Hawkins v. Johnson.—Gent. Mag. for Aug. 1787, pp. 651—4. Sept. pp. 751—3. Oct. pp. 847—9.

Since whatever is connected with the name of *Johnson* is interesting to Englishmen, these critical effusions of R. P., drawn up under the roof of his friend and defender at Greenwich, and abounding in that raciness and force of pleasantry so peculiarly his own, have found a place in the Appendix.

† A copy of these notes enriched with MS. additions is amongst the reserved books which belonged to R. P. On this account it did not become me to reprint the Cambridge impression.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

taining strictures upon the “Essay on the transfiguration of Christ,” 1788, had been addressed to the Right Reverend and learned author, by “*a Mr. Porson,*” and also inserted in one of our Monthly Miscellanies, I ventured to mention the matter to my friend, and added that diligent inquiries had been made after this article, but to no purpose. R. P. recollected the fact, but did not appear to me to own himself to be the author of the remarks: he intimated that the letter alluded to was written by a friend; and that the good Bishop admitted that it contained the *fortiter in re*, but lamented a scantiness of the *suaviter in modo*.

xv. *A doubtful text of Scripture in the Complutensian edition.* G. M. April, pp. 297—300.

xvi. *Character of R. Stephens as an editor of the N. T.* —May, pp. 386—88., and June, pp. 512—18.

xvii. *Ideal MSS. quoted by Mr. Travis.*—Aug. 1789, pp. 690—97.

* xviii. *Reproof valiant to Mr. Travis’s Reply churlish.* Feby 1790, pp. 128—133.

This letter has been reprinted in the Appendix, pp. 352—368.; and the seven letters preceding it, emended and enlarged, form the five first of the following collection. The short account of Beza’s MS.† and of the commencement-speech was, for obvious reasons, omitted.

† See pp. 292—96.

xix. *Letters to Mr. Archdeacon Travis, in answer to his defence of the three heavenly witnesses, 1 John, v. 7. By R. PORSON. Svo. pp. i—xxxix. pp. 1—406. Lond. 1790.*

“I consider Mr. Porson’s answer to Archdeacon Travis, as the most acute and accurate piece of criticism which has appeared since the days of Bentley. His strictures are founded in argument, enriched with learning, and enlivened with wit; and his adversary neither deserves nor finds any quarter at his hands.” *Gibbon’s Miscell.* vol. i. 159, 60. See also *G. Steevens on Shakspeare*, III, 68. This is the meed of well-earned fame; it is, however, doubted whether this could have been extorted from Mr. Gibbon’s *candour*, if he had not felt himself defended by accident in this reply. Of Dr. Bentley’s “Remarks upon Collins,” which from “the many just observations they contain, the ready and clear solution they give of several difficulties of great moment, and the spirit of sound criticism and true learning which pervades the whole*,” are entitled to a place on the same shelf as R. P.’s letters, Mr. Gibbon very coolly observes, they are “full of learning and scurrility†:” with as little precision might a reader say, The history of the decline and fall of the Roman Empire abounds in eloquence and indecency. Indeed, the sly way of insinuating objections in the room of fair reasoning, when Christianity is concerned, and the confounding of the *different ages and merits* of the ancient Fathers render the

* The late deeply regretted Bishop of London’s pref. to *Enchir Theol.* pp. ix, x.

† Misc. II. 123.

caution once given by a great statesman, “never to believe Mr. Gibbon when he speaks about priests,” necessary to all his readers. I will add another remark of that great orator and acute discerner of literary merit: “Gibbon,” says Mr. Fox, “has quoted many books as authority, of which he had only read the preface. He produced a singular instance of this, where Gibbon had quoted a passage as being in the *third* book of a writer, whose work is divided into *two* books only. Gibbon was led into this error by the translator of the preface of the book quoted, who, in transcribing the passage, had made the same mistake.” In this quotation I am obliged to trust to memory. As to his style, much as he sometimes admired it, R. P. was wont to remark that it would be a good exercise for a school-boy to translate occasionally a page of Gibbon into English.

I have collated the first five letters in this volume (pp. 1—132.) with those seven which first appeared in the Gentleman’s Magazine and were addressed to Mr. Urban. It would have been a waste of time and paper to record the improvements made by R. P. in his revision of this collection: suffice it to state, that wherever Mr. Urban’s printers have been more watchful than those employed by Mr. Egerton, I have not been negligent of their fame. I have also verified some of the references made by R. P., and have added a few extracts from Dr. BENTLEY.

PREF. iii. l. 6. “restored” [but not correctly] “by—”

viii. n.* In the year 1716–17 Dr. BENTLEY, being candidate for the Regius Professorship of Divinity in the University of Cambridge, read this probationary lecture, which R. P. had perused.

— l. 16. “volume” p. 544. 4to ed.

xviii. l. 14. Cic. Divin. in Cæcil. iv. 300. ed. Græv. l. 20. "collection" pp. 1—132.

xix. l. 19. and p. 37. "but let them not measure all others by their own narrow and partial inquiries." R. B. against Collins, p. 110.

xxi. l. 19. dele "his"

xxii. l. 19. If R. P. had willingly engaged in a critical investigation of this verse, and not considered himself bound to trace the wily mazes of his feeble antagonist, the disquisition would have been contracted into a comparatively narrow compass, and would have been conducted with becoming gravity. In its present form, bits of the finest temper and of imperishable substance are in it; and those, who lament the absence of satisfactory evidence,—

I dare not call them fools, but this I think,

When fools are thirsty, they would fain have drink.

xxiii. l. ult. Boileau [P. P. D.]

xxiv. l. 10. Vindication, p. 51 [quoted, I suspect, from memory].

——l. 17. [—nulla admiratione dignum foret, cum fontium et torrentium aqua juxta naturam terræ, per quam currunt, saporem mutare soleat,—*D'Orvillii Sicula*, p. 26. Ut cum in sole ambulem, etiamsi aliam ob causam ambulem, fieri natura tamen ut colorer. Sic cum istos libros ad Misenum (nam Romæ vix licet) studiosius legerim, sentio orationem meam illorum *tactu* quasi colorari. Cic. de Orat. II. xiv.]

xxv. l. 7. Cic. Divin. in Cæcil. x. 312. [Quam turpe est iis criminibus alterum condemnare, quæ si tibi objiciantur, ea dissolvere non possis? *Lambin.* in Cic. ad Attic. I. 18. p. 137. *Græv.*]

xxv. l. 20. Ludovicus Vives de tradendis disciplinis, V.

xxix. l. 10. [In imitation of *Hierocles*, who “ausu plane novo, et reliquis Christianismi hostibus intacto, Apollonium Tyaneum Christo Deo nostro compáravit, æquavit, prætulit.” PEARSONI Proleg. de Hierocle, p. 20. conf. pp. 57, 8.]

xxxi. note, read “p. 70.”

xxxiv. l. 6. *On that joyful occasion* R. P. would probably have substituted the following passage for the motto: Quo, moriture, ruis, majoraque viribus audes? Fallit te incautum pietas tua.

xxx. l. pen. et ult. Voltaire to Rousseau. [P. P. D.]

P. 1. R. P.'s Character of *Beza's* MS., and the Editor, by which this letter was introduced in G. M. pp. 875, 6., is here omitted.

P. 5. l. 1. (χρόνοι) see pp. 105, 6. and T. H. ad Aristoph. Plut. pp. 178. 407.

P. 6. l. 9. Here begins the second letter in G. M. Dec. 1788, pp. 1063, 4.

P. 9. l. 14. see p. 14.

P. 13. l. 24. Cic. de Divinat. II. 10.

P. 14. = pp. 299, 300. G. M. Apr. 1789. l. 3, 4. Aristoph. Ran. 930, l. νῆ τοῦς θεοῦς, ἔγωγ' οὖν Ἡδὴ ποτ' ἐν μακρῷ χρόνῳ νυκτὸς διηγρύπνησα, Equit. 1290. Ἡ πολλάκις ἐν νυχίασι Φροντίσι συγγεγένημαι, καὶ διεζητηχ', ὁ. Conf. Epicharm. apud R. P. Suppl. ad Hec. 1169. l. 19. See Travis's dedication prefixed to his first and second editions.

P. 16—38. The third letter in G. M. Feby 1789, pp. 101—105.

P. 18. l. 21. * * *

P. 19. l. 13. Hor. Serm. II. v, 20. τέτλαθι δὴ κραδίη· καὶ κύντερον ἄλλο ποτ' ἔτλης. Odyss. γ. 18.

P. 20. note †. See the seventh letter in G. M. Aug. 1789, p. 691.

P. 24. note, l. penult. *Hor.* Epist. II. ii, 211. “The close of one of those long and bright days has not the flame and heat of noon, and would be less pleasing if it had. And I know not why it may not be true in the *critical* as well as moral sense of the poet’s words, *Lenior*——.” Hurd to Warburton in *W.’s* Life, p. 100.=p. . .

P. 25. l. 3. Shaksp. Henry IV, P. ii. p. 86.

P. 33. l. 20, l. *Catull.* Nupt. Pel. et Thet. 407, 8. Quare nec tales—Edd. Quare nec nostros R. P. in G. M. p. 104.

P. 41—52. the fourth letter in G. M. April 1789, pp. 297—300.

P. 46. l. 16. *Poole’s* Synopsis, IX. p. 3547, 66.

P. 50. l. 7.—serve your best thoughts as gypsies do stolen children, disfigure them to make ’em pass for their own. *The Critic.*

n. †. l. 6. Dr. Bentley, I suspect.

P. 51. l. penult. *Eurip.* Fragm. incerta CXLII. Τέκτων ἄρ’ ὦν, ἔπραξας οὐ ξυλουργικά. tractant fabrilia fabri: *Hor.* Epist. II. i. 116.

P. 54—61. the fifth letter in G. M. May 1789, pp. 386, 7.

—— l. 2. [~~Legion-Club~~] *Shaksp. Merchant. IV, 1*

—— l. 9, 10. Swift, *Legion-Club.*

P. 60. l. 12. “Mr. Griesbach”—this paragraph is placed after “R. Stephens—Cymbeline [II. i.]” in G. M., p. 388. l. ult. Bentley upon Pseudo-Phalaris, PR. xci=xlvi.

P. 61. l. 23. the sixth letter begins in G. M. June 1789, pp. 512—518 = 61—87.

P R E F A C E.

P. 62. l. 23. Cicero * * *

P. 64. l. 9. Gen. XLIX, 6.

P. 66. l. 21. “marked 15” G. M. 513.

Pp. 70. 76. 87. “*H. Stephens*, becoming unfortunately deranged in his intellects towards the close of his days, destroyed many of his MSS. [*Bayle Art. Anacreon*, ed. *Rotterd.* 1702. Note L.]” 3d ed. p. 260. Mr. Travis was indebted to a friend for this reference.

P. 77. l. 15. Cic. *Divinat.* in *Cæcil.* ix. p. 309.

P. 82. the note †, which occurs in G. M. pp. 516, 7. forms part of the Postscript to this letter, pp. 96—98.

P. 84. l. 19. Bentr. ad Hor. A. P. 441. p. 705. a. ed. ult.

P. 92. l. 15. Burke * * *

P. 93. l. 11. Callim. hymn. ad Jov. 65.

P. 94. l. 4. read “pp. 159, 353, 355,—”

P. 95. l. 19. Hear what R. P.’s great predecessor pronounced more than seventy years ago: “The New Testament has been under a hard fate since the invention of printing. After the *Complutenses* and *Erasmus*, who had but very ordinary MSS., it has become the property of booksellers. *Rob. Stephens*’ edition, set out and regulated by himself alone, is now become the standard. That text stands, as if an apostle was his compositor. No heathen author has had such ill fortune. † etc.” This is owing to the general inability of the editors, not to the decays of time. The Pope’s *Vulgate* was “recensed and adjusted” by mere theologians; and the Greek text of the Protestant Pope, Robert Stephens, was, in general, settled by him-

† Dr. Bentley’s letter to Archbp. Wake, dated “April the 15th, 1716.”



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



interpreted Scripture in support of those articles which are to be measured not by the soundness of metaphysical discussion, but by the strength of religious persuasion. Indeed, when the singularities of idiom and of style in the original language of the N. T. are considered, and the decision of a SCHOLAR on this point, who had traced the Greek language from its rude beginnings to its decline and decrepitude, is gravely weighed, I am willing to believe that discoveries in the revealed word are as inexhaustible as the Divine bounty in which it originates. Be it also remembered, that DAVID RUHNKENIUS, when pressed by a friend to apply himself sedulously to sacred criticism, very modestly replied that he had not as yet proceeded farther in that route than to Demosthenes;—and that R. P., whose table was seldom without a copy of Wetstein, had examined only *three passages* critically:—hence it is collected that in this field, in which our ancestors have laboured with so great success, we still “may start a variety of game in every bush, if we will but take the trouble to heat for it*.” Much, I fear, is to be suffered before those speculations will be endured, much less realised. A burning fiery furnace must be traversed before a proper direction will be permitted to be given to human learning by the good liking of our governors.—I will submit a case; whether it be authentic or not, the individual, whom it may concern, can best determine. A late Prelate, venerable in years and in piety, was disposed to hold out a helping hand to individual energy in the good old cause of literature and religion; this benevolent design

* Sir I. Newton’s answer to Dr. Bentley on another occasion preserved in Bp. Watson’s Chem. Essays, IV, 257, 8.

was checked by a confidential agent, who intimated the great danger of encouraging a scholar, who “read Greek in Mr. Porson’s method (what a compliment!).” “If so,” replied the good old man, “I am sorry for what I have already done; but * * *” the blank may be easily filled up. Successless virtue! illustrious disgrace! When, however, the natural infirmities of age render worth of every kind a prey to delusion, any error of judgement, though terrifying in its consequences, is of secondary consideration;

ὡς τ᾽ ἄλλ’ ἅπαντα δεύτερ’ ἠγεῖται πατῆρ
 Ζεὺς. οὐ γὰρ ἠὺσέβεια συνθνήσκει βροτοῖς
 καὶ ζῶσι, καὶ θάνωσιν, οὐκ ἀπόλλυται.

May this unconscious vender of incense, which pains the sense, feel no compunctious visitings in his last awful moments; may he depart in peace!—Sed quid ego hæc autem nequidquam ingrata revolve? Quidve moror? si omnes uno ordine habetis *Achivos*, Idque audire sat est; jamdudum sumite pœnas.

P. 101. the seventh letter in G. M. Aug. 1789, pp. 690—697 = 101—132.

P. 104. “I have still a scruple—my conjecture.”—note * in G. M. pp. 690, 1. is here reprinted in the Postscript, pp. 132, 3.

P. 106. l. 17. retractation G. M.

P. 110. note, l. ult. *Congreve’s Way of the World*.

O these deliberate ——! when they do choose,
 They have the wisdom by their wit to lose.

Merch. of Venice, II, ix.

P. 118. note †, “XI.” G. M. p. 694. whether correctly or not I cannot, at present, ascertain, as the *Journal* is
 not

not before me. In D. R.'s PRÆF. ad Hesych. p. VIII. there is a reference to "*Athenæus* IX. p. 501. F." whereas in the cancelled leaf it is, "*A.* XI.—;" this is right.

P. 120. l. 11. "But then, whether, as I said, *I was mistaken in the Nature and Force of my Proofs*, or rather in the Nature and Force of my Adversary; I leave that to the judgement of others." Bentley on Pseudo-Phal. p. 27. Permit me to observe that R. P. sometimes falls into the strain of his great model, and has unintentionally ensnared certain contemporaries by allusions to passages which, he took for granted, were well known to his readers; ad Or. 273. R. P. adds, "Ceterum verissime observat Reiskius Euripidem facile potuisse solœcismum et sibila Comicorum effugere, versum sic concinnando: Ἐκ κυμάτων γὰρ ὄρω γαλήνην αὖθις αὖ. Certe Aristophanis, Sannyrionis, Stratididis, aculeos potuit contemnere, si sic omnia dixisset." His friend* in Crit. Rev. for Nov. 1800, p. 244. affected to think that R. P. had, in good earnest, sanctioned this transposition! After giving vent to his critical acrimony, he has added a saving clause, of which he might avail himself, if hard pressed.—Would any scholar resolve R. B.'s opinion of *Joseph Scaliger's* alteration ad Manil. IV, 901. into an approbation of the suggestion of that PRINCE OF CRITICS? "Contemnere potuisset Scioppios, Titios, et Petavios; si omnia sic dixisset."—or understand Juvenal's Sat. XIV, 123, 4. Antoni gladios potuit contemnere, si sic Omnia dixisset! as a rapturous panegyric of Cicero's O fortunatam natam, me consule, Romam.—When Mr. Foote observed to a gentleman, who had been enlarging upon the

* See G. W.'s letters to Mr. Fox, p. 177.

numerous domestic virtues which served to compensate for the homely appearance of his consort,—“What a thousand pities it is that the Grecian Helen was not more like her! for if she had, Troy most certainly would never have been burnt;”—the good man, doubtless, did not construe this into a flattering opinion of his lady’s personal attractions.

Permit me to proceed a little farther. From the stricture upon Mr. Brunck’s note ad Bacch. 1123, which appears in R. P.’s appendix to Toup’s emendations, no competent judge could collect that R. P. considered the two verses either as anapæstic, or as allied to the melic systems. R. P. also designates Ammonius, vir metri callentissimus, ad Hec. 269. ed. 1. and, from Longinus, or his interpolator, ἀνὴρ οὐχ ὁ τυχεῖν, ib. 671. No person, however, who has waded through that gentleman’s notes, can mistake the main drift of these compliments. In the Letters to Mr. Travis, p. 223.—“Having been *extremely fond of Gregory*,”—and p. 172.—“my *favourite Gregory*”—the allusion to—“Hæc ex Gregorio Nazianzeno, quem semper in deliciis habui”—is obvious to every resident member of *our* University. Once more, and I have done. In retailing the sallies of R. P.’s exquisite humour, great pains should be taken to give the truth, and the whole truth. In the Month. Rev. for May 1811, p. 58, the following exertion of courtesy is attributed, and with truth, to R. P. “Mr. S. is indeed a wonderful writer; his works will be read when Homer and Virgil are forgotten:” to which add, “but not till then.” Compare this with another specimen of undeserving praise from a different quarter: “A tragedy (the Carmelite),—the beauties of which, we will venture confidently to assert, will be admired and felt,
when

when those of Shakespeare, Dryden, Otway, Southerne, and Rowe, shall be no longer held in estimation."

P. 131. l. 3. Shaksp. K. Lear, p. 297, perhaps also in Dryden's Don Sebastian, as it occurs in the *Renegade*, A. II, sc. ii.

P. 132. the account of a "commencement speech" in G. M. p. 697. is omitted here. l. ult. altered from, Unum hoc maceror et doleo tibi deesse, Terenti. C. *Cæsar in Terent.*

P. 135. Shaksp. Henry VIII. III, i.

P. 136. note * "Here, Mr. Urban, I take my leave. I ought now to examine the versions and citations of ancient authors, to which the defenders of the verse have appealed. But I fear I grow tedious to you and your readers: I am sure I grow tedious to myself. However, lest Mr. Travis should regret my silence, you may present my compliments to him, and inform him that I shall again do myself the honour of calling on him at a proper time and place. In the mean while, I remain, Mr. Urban, his and your very humble servant, CANTABRIGIENSIS."—The seven letters following were written from short hints in *the little study* at Eton in the course of a fortnight, while R. P. was on a visit to his dearest and oldest friend, the Rev. Dr. GOODALL.

P. 137. l. 2. D. Augustinus de doctrina Christiana, II. xi. 15. "speaking of the several versions of the Holy Scriptures, adds, In ipsis autem interpretationibus *Itala* ceteris præferatur, nam est verborum tenacior, cum perspicuitate sententiæ—which Dr. BENTLEY corrects thus; *Ista* ceteris præferatur, *quæ* est verborum tenacior †"—

† Casley's preface to his Catalogue of the King's MSS.; see also R. B.'s answer to *Middleton*, pp. 18, 26, 43. R. B. seems to have believed in the existence of "the Latin *Italic*" in 1713; see his remarks on Collins, P. I. p. 81.

licet omnes, qui hodie manent codices, in contrarium eant. *Sabatier*. For *Itala* Archbp. *Potter*, or a friend, substituted *usitata**, which is, it must be confessed, somewhat violent and arbitrary. *Illa*, however, which was R. B.'s emendation, as *Sabatier* testifies †, might very pardonably be expanded into *Itala*. Critics have taught us how easily *Italas* may become *Itras*, and thence *illas*. Jul. Frontinus l. 12, 2. ed. 1779. Caius Cæsar, cum forte conscendens navem lapsus esset, *Teneo te, terra mater*, inquit: qua interpretatione effecit, ut repetiturus *illas*, a quibus proficiscebatur, terras videretur. Scribendum *Italas*. *Bucherius* apud *Oudendorp*. Cur. post. R. P. observed to a friend, that *ΚΑΛΛΙΩΤΩΙ* in Pollux, II, § 112, had been altered from *ΚΑΛΛΙΕΤΩΙ*, which had been corrupted from *ΚΑΛΛΙΑΙ ΤΩΙ* the genuine reading. And conversely, the proper name *Istros*, *Histros*, or *Hystros*, had sily supplanted *istos* in Juv. VI, 204, which is not an uncommon case ‡. Bentley, after the most scrupulous researches, was convinced that this version had no existence whatever, as appears from his Letter to Wetstein, and from fragments of his correspondence with the very learned and laborious society of Benedictines of

* "Since the publication of that volume," [Michaelis on the N. T.] "I have had the honour to receive from the Bishop of Oxford another conjecture: for *Itala* his Lordship would read *usitata*: so *Augustine* himself elsewhere calls the old Latin version, and also *vulgata*, as does *Jerom*:" Lardner, T. v. p. 397. The learned and able Dr. *Marsh*, the Lady Margaret's Professor of Divinity in our University, thinks not unfavourably of this conjecture: see his *Michaelis*, V. II. P. ii. p. 622.

† PRÆF. generalis ad Bibl. sacr. Lat. versiones, XXXI, and ad T. III, pp. XX, XXIII, XXVII.

‡ See Schrader, *Emendat.* p. 158.

St. Maár †. As these scraps have not been reprinted by a friend who is by many degrees fitter for this task than myself, and whose name I should be most happy to mention, I determined to submit R. B.'s arguments on a subject to which R. P. has so forcibly alluded. After stating his recovered reading of St. Augustine, R. B. proceeds to prove to that communicative and useful Body the non-entity of this far-famed version : Unde igitur notitia et nomen istius *Italicæ* processit primo, et inter eruditos inolevit? Nimirum ex unico *S. Augustini* dicto in libello jam citato, ubi, *plurimum, inquit, juvat interpretum numerositas, collatis codicibus, inspecta atque discussa * * * * ** In ipsis autem interpretationibus *Itala* ceteris præferatur, etc. Ita editiones Augustini exhibent universæ, *Itala ceteris præferatur*, et huic soli loco, huic unico vocabulo tanta res innitur : vestram fidem ! quam infirmo tibicine fulta ! Quid enim si ego dixero codices hic mendosos esse ? Quid si non dixero tantum, sed et argumentis prorsus evicero ? Et principio quidem, quis illud satis emiretur, nusquam alibi in tôt spissis voluminibus sanctissimum Patrem hanc *Italam* vel mentione dignatam esse ?

XXII. Illud quoque mecum perpendite : *Itala*, inquit, *ceteris præferatur*. subauditur utique *versio, translatio, interpretatio*. Atqui, *Itala versio*, plane poetica est dictio, nec in soluta oratione locum habet. *Itala regna, Italæ vires, Itala virtus* † poetarum sunt, qui nomina gentilia pro possessivis § ponere amant. Sed si hoc in animo habuisset Augustinus, non *Itala*, sed *Italica* dixisset ; et

† See Sabatier PR. ad T. III. p. XVIII.

‡ Æn. III, 185. Hor. Carm. IV, xv. 13, 4. Æn. XII, 827.

§ Conf. R. B. ad Hor. Carm. II, XIII, 8.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

titubare possit, si unam illam Latinam, sive *Italiam* habeat, nec verbis, nec sententia aberrantem? Hæc, opinor, ἀσύστατα sunt, et Augustino indigna.

xxvi. In promptu est altera, eaque melior et genuina; nullo negotio, sponte sua mihi succurrit. Lego itaque, ‘*In ipsis autem interpretationibus, ILLA ceteris præferatur, QUÆ est verborum tenacior cum perspicuitate sententiæ.*’—Videte quam exigui jactu pulveris quantæ turbæ, quanta certamina consilescent.

P. 156. l. 5. Ovid. Met. I, 190, 1.

P. 158. l. 15. Hamlet, p. 270. ED. PR.

P. 163. Eur. Helen. 1633. see Valckenaer’s PR. ad Hipp. XXI.

P. 165. l. antepen. Hor. Carm. III, xi. 35.

P. 172. l. 18. Shaksp. Hamlet, p. 271.

P. 173. l. 16. Æn. II, 65.

P. 180. Shaksp. Cymbeline, p. 382.

P. 181. l. 15. Menagiana T. IV. p. 263. ed. Paris.

P. 205. l. 2. Aristoph. Acharn. 151.

P. 216. l. 4. See Bp. Watson’s Apology of the Bible, p. 34.

P. 220. l. 18. Odyss. P, 218. Conf. R. P. ad Ph. 1415.

P. 227. l. 19. Does Sir I. N. mean Dr. BENTLEY?

P. 236. l. 10. Eur. Or. 725.

P. 243. l. 3. Eloisa to Abelard, 66. It may be observed that the Parody, *Eloisa en dissabelle*, has been generally ascribed to R. P. Anxious to ascertain the fact, and, if true, to possess myself of a copy, I put the question to my friend, and begged him to favour me with the sight of a copy. R. P. very handsomely refused to accede to the latter part of my request; and the substance of his

answer

answer to the other is contained in the sequel of a note written by himself on the fly-leaf of a copy of a work entitled "My Pocket Book," 8^o, 1807.; which may be seen in the library of the London Institution. "Such is the present eagerness of the public for anecdote, that, let an anonymous author tell the most scandalous and improbable falsehood of a known character, there will be no lack of readers to swallow it. In pages xii and xiii of the preface to this book, the author charges the present Greek Professor of Cambridge with writing a parody on Pope's *Eloisa*. This statement is certainly false; for the parody in question was printed for Faulder in 1780, as appears from the *Critical Review* for December 1780, and from the *Monthly Review* for February 1781*. If therefore Mr. Porson wrote that parody, he must have written it when he was an under-graduate, many years before he became Greek Professor. But if the author should say, that he only meant that the person who wrote the parody is now the Greek-Professor, I shall pass over the clumsiness of the expression, and only desire him to produce his proofs of the latter fact. This I know, that I have several times heard Mr. P. seriously disown all share whatever in the composition of that parody, and all knowledge of its author." Another poem entitled "An Epistle from Oberea, Queen of Otaheite, to Joseph Banks, Esq." 1774, has been improperly attributed to R. P. It was written by a late Member of Parliament well known in the walks of wit;

* It was thus announced in a sale-catalogue of the library of the late Col. Stuart for June and July, 1814; "3457. Porson's *Eloisa en Dishabille* (privately [re-] "printed) 1801." The sight of this notice gave great pain to our Professor, and induced him to expostulate with the compiler of the catalogue, who certainly was not aware of the unsoundness of the tradition.

nor was it R. P.'s only "favourite modern poem," as those friends, who have heard him recite passages from *The Pleader's Guide*, etc., can testify; Vos meministis enim, Danai, et memorare potestis.

P. 257. by night (Luke xi. 5.) :

P. 262. See a woful instance of the neglect of Matt. Prior's caution in a letter to a reviewer inserted in a morning paper, Apr. 3, 1806.

P. 263. l. 4. Tertullian then

P. 274. l. 3. Hor. Carm. iv. iv, 43, 4. R. P. ad Pb. 216. l. 18. same l. 21 * * *

P. 304. l. 1. calls

P. 311. l. 21. Shaksp.'s Hamlet, III, 4. not in the reprint of ED. PR. p. 271.

P. 318. l. ult. Juv. Sat. vi, 283, 4.

P. 319. l. 24. Virg. Buc. viii, 108.

P. 322. l. 18. 358. l. ult. Bishop *Porteus*. l. 24. The late Duke of Grafton.

P. 324. note, Much Ado about Nothing, p. 108. ed. PR.

P. 326. l. 9. Juv. Sat. viii, 181, 2. l. 21. Calvin, *Horsley*, the Rev. Wm. Jones, etc.

P. 332. l. 23. Swift, * * *

P. 359. l. 17. (see p. 151.) Isaiah xxxvi, 6.

P. 361. l. 4. Tale of a Tub, p. 168. ed. 1704.

P. 367. l. 16, see Serm. i. 184. l. 23. II. B. 128. Πολλὰί κεν δεκάδες δευοίατο Φοινοχόοιο.

P. 379. l. 15. P. L. viii, 503.

Pp. 239, 286, 7. 382, 3.—"if this reading were once IN [viz. in Jerome's age,—which Cyprian's Bible as well as Jerome's information assure us of] we are bound in justice to believe that it was in FROM THE BEGINNING;—unless

less the putting of it in, at some later period, can be proved by some better argument, than unfair and violent constructions. Bp. Horsley apud Travis, p. 384, 3d ed. “That renowned champion of Orthodoxy” has stated this argument more discreetly in a sermon preached at Bromley in Kent; Vol. i. p. 182. It is deeply to be regretted that this sorry Critic should have been permitted to use the authority of that great name:—Our Church could but ill spare such scholars as HORSLEY and DAMPIER in the hour of her visitation.

P. 389. l. 20. Tracts, 345.

P. 396. l. 11. Cicero pro Archia IV, p. 298. l. 21. cor. 347.

P. 397. l. 8. Tracts, p. 346. Horsley has given us his own exposition of the entire passage, l. c. pp. 182—4.

P. 398. l. 21. * * *

P. 399. l. 13. In a MS. which arrived in this country about fourteen years after the publication of these letters, the words stand thus; ὅτι οἱ τρεῖς εἰσὶν οἱ μαρτυροῦντες τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ ὕδωρ καὶ τὸ αἷμα καὶ οἱ τρεῖς εἰς τὸ ἓν εἰσιν. In other two MSS. ὅτι τρεῖς εἰσὶν οἱ μ. τὸ πνα καὶ τὸ ὕδωρ καὶ τὸ αἷμα κ. τ. λ.

P. 405. note*, l. 2 Bp. Hallifax. l. 4. Bp. Watson.

P. 406. l. 3, 4. Dr. Johnson * * *

N. B. In replying to the third edition of Mr. Travis’s Letters, R. P. calculated the possible loss of temper, and the certain loss of time; and wisely resolved to relinquish the humiliating task which could add little or nothing to his fame or to this ANSWER.

A MS. version of the Gospels in the Gothic dialect, written, it is supposed, by *Ulphilas* Bishop of Mœsia, about

about the year 360 or 370, is preserved in the public library at Upsal. R. P. was wont to remark that in an age, which teems with literary and religious impostures, a pretended counterpart to this Codex may probably be exhumed from an obscure corner of an unexplored Cloister, containing, at least, the Catholic Epistles, and furnishing irrefragable evidence in defence of 1 John, v. 7. This mischievous and impious knavery might be a bait for the hasty admirers of Mr. Travis; but it would speedily be brought to shame by the keen, deep searchings of real criticism. When I reflect with fear and trembling on the skill, which can extract poison from the most wholesome plants, as well as the propensity of certain reformed females, who are termagant divines, to exceed all the bounds of truth and decency in aspersing or misrepresenting this great man, it is but justice to his friends, the first ornaments in Church and State*, to assert, which I do most solemnly, that R. P. has repeatedly averred, with an elevated warmth, and a severe, impressive earnestness, which are felt at this moment, that “there are more sure marks of authenticity in the Bible than in any other book whatever †.” It has been often asked, What service these letters have done to our holy

* Of those personages I have but a very imperfect knowledge, but more than enough to support my assertion.—He was endeared to the Fellows of his own College; whom I should think it an honour to name. In this point, I imitate, as far as I can with propriety, the example of the ancients,—not to sacrifice to heroes till after sunset.

† See Sir I. NEWTON’S remark to Dr. *Smith*, when he was writing his commentary on Daniel, recorded in Bp. Watson’s *Apology of Christianity*, p. 84, and in his Sermon preached in the Chapel of the London Hospital, pp. 7, 8.

religion?

religion? It has hindered one of its cardinal doctrines from being supported by falsehood;—let it be defended with fair argument and genuine Scripture: “I would not,” says that able and intrepid Theologian, Professor Marsh, “convert Θεός into Θεοῦ, John i, 1., or ὁ ὧν into ὧν ὁ, Rom. ix, 5., in defiance of MSS., fathers, and versions, in order to *weaken* the doctrine of Christ’s Divinity; nor would I retain, in defiance of the same authority, 1 John v, 7. in order to *support* that doctrine.”

In 1792 appeared *Schow’s* collation of the only MS. of Hesychius extant, cui hoc nomine plurimum debemus. It confirmed an incredible number of emendations which had been made by R. P.; and assisted him in extricating from the misapprehensions of Musurus glosses which he had pronounced incurable.

*xx. *Review of Dr. T. Edwards’ edition of [Pseudo-] Plutarchi de educatione liberorum liber. 8°. Cantab. Month. Rev. July, 1793, pp. 257—264.*

*xxi. CORRECTOR LECTORI [*Virgilio Londiniensis, cura Heyne; 4 voll. 1793;—corrigenda et addenda ad notas uncinis inclusa;—errata quæ in textu occurrunt.*]

A very learned and perspicacious Scholar had undertaken to correct the Press; after the third or fourth sheet of the Index, which was printed first, the office devolved upon R. P.†. The booksellers were Messrs. Payne (a name to be praised, as often as it is mentioned,) White, Faulder, and Edwards.

† For these particulars I am indebted to my friend E. M.

In “a short” and offensively inaccurate “account* of the late Mr. P.,” it is stated that “in this edition the late Mr. Steevens counted four hundred and eighty errata,”—Gilb. Wakefield told Mr. Fox, p. 66. that Mr. S. had detected, he thought, “900 errors”—. Mr. S., whose eye was uncommonly nice and faithful, and who has registered with a pencil in the margins of a copy of Warton’s *Pope*, formerly in his collection, many hundred typographical errors, said, if I mistake not, in an auction-room, that he had reckoned up 600 errors, more or less. “But,” says an excellent scholar, “whatever might be the number of errors, no blame attached to Mr. Porson; he has been heard to declare that the booksellers, after they had obtained permission to use his name, never paid the slightest attention to his corrections †.” See also “remarks on Dr. Combe’s statement,” p. 13. by a friend, who has often repressed pert pretence, and magnanimously stood forth the eloquent advocate of depreciated merit ‡. It is
to

* To this tissue of falsehoods and trash, published in 1808, a new title-page and preface (pp. i—xii.) were attached in 1814. I am, I hope, misinformed that this is the production of a dignitary of our Church.

† *Mus. Crit.* III, 395.

‡ This encourager of rising genius first mentioned with honest pride the name of *Pawson* in the *Month. Review*; see N^o Jan^y 1785, p. 68. This slight aberration was, perhaps, occasioned by the cramp hand of that great scholar; but the same misnomer occurs in the Confession of Mr. Ireland jun., a copy of which R. P. used to carry about with him, observing to his friends that he had been appealed to by a person who could not spell his name. It may be added that R. P. was wont to ridicule the apologies (of the believers in those forged papers, who contended that, though Shakspeare *did*
not



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



[ΑΙ ΤΟΥ ΑΙΣΧΥΛΟΥ ΤΡΑΓΩΔΙΑΙ ΕΠΤΑ. Folio. Glasguae—1795.]

“ This very handsome and well-printed book appeared without the name of any editor in the title, without a line of preface, without a single note, without the scholia, and without the fragments*.” It was printed from the text of Stanley corrected by R. P. ; and Mr. Schutz very sily † enriched the second edition of his text, which was designed for a lecture-book, with many of the corrections.— After the original proofs of the first five or six plays had been regularly sent to R. P., they suddenly stopped; and, some time after, this impression came forth. It has been said, with what truth I know not, that the paper appropriated for the real edition, had been ingeniously enough employed for this copy ‡. However, after a considerable interval had elapsed, the booksellers ascertained that the smaller edition was in existence.

A few copies of the *Choëphoræ Glasg. apud Foulis, 1777.* may occasionally be met with. The text in the main agrees so exactly with R. P.’s true edition, “ that it was manifestly taken from it. The very date betrays a

* See the Month. Rev., Feb’y 1796, pp. 121—136., which was drawn up by that great man and firm friend of our Professor the Rev. Dr. CHARLES BURNEY, who had frequently congratulated the friends of Greek literature upon this expected edition from the Cambridgepress; see M. Rev. for April 1785, p. 295; May, p. 368; Aug. pp. 106, 7.; and July 1789, p. 10.

† By way of reparation Mr. Schutz has enumerated the termination “ of the second person singular of the present passive and future middle forms, as well as κῆγω, κῆπειτα, etc. among the various readings furnished by the Glasgow-copy.

‡ For this fact I am indebted to my friend E. M.

fraud ;

fraud; for Mr. Porson was at Eton in 1777." There is another impression of this play by the same printer in the same year: but it professes to be *ex editione Stanleiana*, and "is totally unlike the former*."

xxiii. ÆSCHYLI TRAGŒDIÆ SEPTEM,—2 Voll. 8°. Glasguae: excudebat Foulis, 1794. Veneunt Londini, apud T. Payne; etc. 1806.

This is the genuine substratum of R. P.'s projected edition; it was given to the world with his knowledge, and, after unceasing importunity, with a sort of half-faced consent. The proprietors waited for R. P.'s short notes and his collection of the fragments; but his friends began to be impatient, and the booksellers acquiesced.—Afterwards R. P. frequently and earnestly conversed about his intended preface to this edition. R. P. had arranged the materials in his mind; I heard him twice detail the substance of them. When entreated to favour his pupil—the *public*—with a sight of it, he would, at times, promise to try—"but I hate and abhor composition †." Besides, the TOWNLEIAN and CLARKIAN MSS. of the Ilias and of part of Plato had arrested his attention so strongly as seriously to interrupt his ordinary disquisitions ‡.

June,

* See by all means Correspondence in the Month. Rev., June 1807.

† At Eton R. P. was inclined to use the exercise of a friend, rather than endure the drudgery of composition. He would transcribe it faithfully, without even noticing the faults: if, however, his opinion were requested, R. P. would give it and support it most satisfactorily.

‡ Since his decease we have been favoured with valuable collations inserted by the learned *Peter Victorius* in the margins of his books;

June, 1795. About this period it was reported that R. P. had addressed a letter to the very acute and judicious author of the *Evidences of Christianity* concerning his appeal to certain suspicious testimonies, which, instead of strengthening, would weaken the body of evidence in the opinion of the greater part of readers. R. P. informed me that the rumour was unfounded.

* xxiv. *Nursery-song*. Morn. Chron., 13 April, 1796.

xxv. *ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΕΚΑΒΗ*.—Londini: 1797.

This edition, in every respect worthy of the other hope of criticism, did not escape the carping reprehensions of ill-advised and unworthy resentment. A scholar †, whom R. P. sincerely esteemed for his domestic virtues and independent spirit, but to whom he was not ready to impute the gift of divination, felt indignant that his name was not recorded in the preface and notes on Hecuba, as it had been once in the Appendix to Toup. This is the fountain from which all these waters of bitterness flowed. Whatever Mr. W. might think, it was, on R. P.'s part, an earnest of tenderness;

Bella geri placuit nullos habitura triumphos ?

Besides, λοιδορευῖσθαι δ' οὐ πρόπει

ἄνδρας ποιητὰς, ὡσπερ ἀρτοπόλιδας. Ran. 857.

books; and we ardently hope that at a period not very distant we shall be enriched with the notes left by Muretus in the vacant spaces of his books, which, at his death, were removed to the library of the Jesuits' College at Rome.

† Tanta in eo mutandi libido fuit, ut hoc ipsum eum delectaret, mutare, etiamsi causa non esset.

R. P.

R. P. seldom condescended to elucidate* where the text was sound; when he did, like the immortal Scaliger, he was rigidly faithful; “surely no man ever construed like Porson:” πολλῆς ἐστὶ πείρας τελευταῖον ἐπιγέννημα.†—Here existed no ground for complaint. Quid sodes tu de me? nisi ispum de te et tuis silentium in criminis speciem trahatur, quod non extra oleas et operis fines vagarer, te et tuâ citaturus. Sunt enim qui hoc indignantur, se in cujusvis argumenti scriptis suas laudes non reperire †. A few days before this extemporaneous effort appeared, R. P. met the author at the shop of his friend and bookseller, Mr. Payne ‡: they conversed together very amicably on literary matters. They afterwards sauntered down to Egerton’s; thence back to Charing-Cross, where they parted as friendly as possible, each to his business or amusement. Shortly after this R. P. left Town for the country-house of a friend, where he was informed that W. was “coming out with something against him.” At this news R. P. was surprised; though not afraid, he was curious. He returned to Town immediately, where he found all the world, that is, about twenty or thirty individuals open-mouthed about this eagerly-expected pamphlet. At length the awful moment arrived; and the Diatribe extemporalis was ushered into public notice, as if it were destined to succour a sinking age, and to annihilate the dearly-

* PRÆF. xvii. ed. 1.

† R. B. Clerico, p. 209.

‡ At this shop, which is the conflux of learning, R. P. formerly discussed with G. W. a passage in Eur. Ion. 1198. See Cr. Rev., June 1803, p. 126.

earned reputation of R. P.* A copy was immediately forwarded to our Professor, who at this time was in a very languid state, owing to the oppressive heat of the atmosphere. He, however, talked it over, and proved that there was as little skill in the execution as prudence in the design; and intimated that a column or more in a morning paper would be amply sufficient to show that in all the parade of critical sagacity there was scarcely one grain of solidity.—A sincere and able friend answered Mr. W. more to his conviction than his satisfaction †. Mr. W., fully predetermined in his mind to urge *on* his own strictures without the least regard to the answers of others, attempted to renew the attack in a contemporary journal ‡.—But “anger has some claim to indulgence, and railing is usually a relief to the mind.”

His readers have complained, and with reason, on the conciseness of his notes. He “seldom explains his own canons so copiously as might be expected, but studies brevity too much, and does not sufficiently consult the apprehension of common readers §.” Hec. 347=342. He al-

* R. P. belonged to a club consisting of seven and a president;—their regulation was, *to have no regulation*. On the eve of this stupendous tract making its appearance the members happened to meet; and in the course of the evening the President proposed that every member should give a friend, and accompany it with a suitable passage or sentiment from Shakspeare; which was agreed upon. When it came to R. P.’s turn, “I’ll give you,” said he, “my friend Gilbert Wakefield;—‘What is Hecuba to him, or he to Hecuba?’”

† Month. Rev., Jan^y, Feb^y, April, July, Aug. 1799; and Feb^y 1800. Sed apud insanos, et in eo, quod semel dixerunt, obstinatos, nihil momenta rationum valent.

‡ Cit Rev., Nov. 1800; Jan^y, Feb^y, April, 1801. See Letters to Mr. Fox, p. 177.

§ Letters to Travis, pp. 37, 8.

cludes to an accurate and refined application of a canon to the tragedies, which, about fourteen years before this period, he had investigated and *tried* by facts, and not by the illusive and baseless fabric of metaphysical speculations. The authorities, which were supposed to militate against it, were numerous and unmanageable*. *Ni vis boni In ipsa inesset forma, hæc formam extinguerent.* He received abundance of letters concerning it: one accused him of plagiarism, see P. xxxiv.; another did him the honour to be his antagonist in print, but R. P. would not do him the honour to be his, *Ut, cum victus erit, TECUM certasse feratur.* At length a German critic † of great acuteness and metrical subtlety extorted from him that portion of the supplement, which in exactness of research, nice perception of wrong, and clearness of induction, is almost without a parallel. The generous Herman was wont to do it justice in his lecture-room; it has been hinted that this indefatigable editor had in contemplation a defence of the anapest in the third place.—Our deplored Professor vouchsafed to run it over with me; and what I then heard, to my good use, I remembered ‡.

* In Brit. Cr., Dec. 1797. Æschyl. Pers. 321, and Suppl. 206. were cited, and properly, as exceptions. See SUPPL. XXXV, vi. ed. 1.

† *Homo neque meo judicio stultus, et suo valde sapiens.* Cic. de Orat. i. 39. Indeed R. P. had no great opinion of the metrical science of the German editors. He once closed an interesting conversation about them with the line of *Cratinus*, which he recited with particular emphasis; *Οὗτοι δ' εἰσὶν Συβοιωτοὶ, κρουπεζοφόρον γένος ἀνδρῶν.*

‡ All his communications with me were *ἄγραφα δόγματα*, except Achæi fr. ap. Athen. xi. 466. F., the imitation of Phocylides' saw, with the English translation; and the following query at the end of a letter, "Appendix to Milton, pp. 604, 605. Will *δυσχέιρωμα* in the first chorus of the *Antigone* furnish any defence of Milton's *δυσμίμημα*, or is *δυσχέιρωμα* itself faulty or suspicious?"

xxvi. *ΕΤΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΟΡΕΣΤΗΣ*. Londini: 1798.

xxvii. *ΕΤΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΑΙ*. Londini: 1799.

xxviii. *Review of "The Sovereign;"* by C. S. Pybus, M.P.
M. Rev. Dec. 1800, pp. 276—80.

This truly neat specimen of playful criticism is too closely connected with the political lucubrations of *Laurentius Musambertius* to be inserted in this collection. On first opening this splendid volume in the presence of one or more friends, and reading a few lines, R.P. said or sung,

“ And when the pie was open'd,
The birds began to sing;
And is not this a dainty dish
To set before a king? ”

xxix. *Collatio codicis Harleiani 5674 cum Odyssea editionis Ernestinæ* 1760. Oxon. 1801.

The *Grenville Homer*, to which this collation is appended, was printed at the Clarendon-Press for the *three noble brothers*, and R. P. was prevailed upon by the present revered Bishop of St. Asaph*, a friend to literature and religion, to examine the well-known Harleian MS. for this purpose. As the editor cannot becomingly praise living characters, however good and great, he may be permitted to own with gratitude the undeserved humanity of the late Marquis, which fell like the dew of heaven on his

* Since writing the above this venerable Prelate has paid the last debt of nature. He was a determined encourager of Greek; “and in spirit and in truth he had learned Christ.”



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

[EURIPIDIS TRAGÆDIÆ.—Lipsiæ, 1802.]

xxxī. ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΕΚΑΒΗ. Cantabrigiæ, 1802.

xxxii. *Accedunt Supplementum ad præfationem et addenda ad notas.* 8°. Londini: 1802.

This second and somewhat improved edition of the supplement was printed with a new title-page, for the use of those who had become purchasers of the former edition of the Hecuba; an instance of editorial probity well worthy to be imitated by our German brethren. Actuated more by a love of honesty than of book-making, Mr. Wotton published in a separate form, for the accommodation of those, who were in possession of the first impression, “Additions to the second edition of his Reflections upon ancient and modern learning;” in which Dr. Bentley’s immortal dissertation upon the epistles of Pseudo-Phalaris, Themistocles, Socrates, Euripides, and fables of Æsop first appeared.

A large-paper copy was inscribed to his munificent patron, the late Sir *George Baker*, BRITANNIARUM APXIATPΩI; another to that keen discerner of ancient art, that intuitive perceiver of Phidian graces, the late CHARLES TOWNLY, Esq.; and one of the copies upon vellum was presented to a strenuous friend at Cambridge.

*xxxiii. John Nic. Dawes *to the editor of the Monthly Magazine*, M. Mag. Dec. 1802. pp. 375, 6.

xxxiv. R. P.'s *Greek inscription for the Bust of Ceres* :
July 3, 1803. Mus. Crit. Oct. 1814. iv, 559.

R. P.'s Latin inscription for the fragment of the statue of Ceres, which was brought from Eleusis, and placed in the Vestibule of the University Library at Cambridge.

SIMVLACRI • CERERIS • FRAGMENTVM

ELVSINE • DEPORTATVM

POSVERVNT

EDVARDVS • DANIEL • CLARKE • ET

IOANNES • MARTEN • CRIPPS

IESV • COLLEGII • ALVMNI

A. D. M. DCCC. III.

xxxv. *R. P. to A. Dalzel*. Essex-Court, Sep. 3, 1803.
Mus. Crit. March, 1814. iii, 330–37.

In the Crit. Rev. March, 1805; pp. 225–38. is an interesting account of Mr. *R. Walpole's* specimens of scarce translations evidently drawn up from a conversation with which the Editor had been indulged by R. P. In this and other similar instances* of friendly zeal in the cause of ancient learning R. P. rivalled his great model, Doctor Bentley, who in 1722 had imparted in an interview with the

* It is not certain that a conference of the same kind did not take place in drawing up for the British Critic the accounts of the strictly similar impression of the *text* of the Codex Cantabrigiensis superintended by Dr. Kipling, and of Wakefield's *Lucretius*. Compare N^o. for April 1794, pp. 362, 3. with Tracts, pp. 293–6. PRÆF. ad Eur. P. xviii; and N^o. for May 1801, p. 459. with Tracts, p. 239. R. P. ad Med. 629. R. P. pointed out an emendation of a Greek epigram to an occasional writer in the Monthly Mag, which I shall not put down, as I have not an opportunity of verifying the reference.

· Editor

Editor of “*Memoirs of Literature*,” v. 2, pp. 7—11. remarks upon a passage in Virgil’s fourth eclogue, v. 45., the substance of which was afterwards given in a note on Lucan’s *Phars.* iv, 125.

R. P. apud R. Walpole ad fragmenta Comicorum Græcorum. Cantabrigiæ: 1805. To these are appended translations by the late Mr. Cumberland, from which it is evident that this indefatigable and pleasing writer had profited greatly by the collection of fragments begun by his illustrious ancestor; see R. B. Millio, pp. 18, 43., Bernardo, p. 171., apud Kuster. ad Suid. v. διειρωνόξενοι. In the *Observer*, however, vi, 81, 2. Mr. C. has unintentionally misled his English reader; ἔσπασας τὸν ἀέρα τὸν κοινὸν, is the language of Tragedy; conf. *Gnom. Poët. Gr.* p. 191.

HERODOTUS.—Tom. I. Edinburgi: 1806.

The sheets of the first volume were looked over by R. P.

About this period R. P. appeared inclined to give us a dissertation upon the utility of *verbal criticism*.

[EURIPIDIS TRAGÆDIÆ.—Edidit Ricardus Porson A. M.—T. I. 8°. Editio in Germania altera correctior et auctior indicibusque locupletissimis instructa. Lipsiæ—1807.

In this second foreign edition the *Hecuba* was reprinted from the Cambridge republication with all the additional improvements of the preface; and the other three tragedies from copies which had been presented at different times to the learned *F. Jacobs*, in which were a few MS. notes

notes inserted in the margins by our Professor, but which are omitted in the posthumous impressions.]

xxxvi. *ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΕΚΑΒΗ*.—Impensis G. Wilkie et J. Robinson. 1808.

This third edition appeared without the title-page.

“MONITUM.

Quatuor fabulis, postquam typis repetitæ erant, accedet Præfatio auctior aliquanto et emendatior, cum Indicibus locupletissimis.”

—iota in textu scriptoris reddendo semper adscripsit R. P.

Additamenta ad notas ed. 3. ; * 2. 88 = 86. * 169. 219 = 215. 245 = 241. 257 = 253. * 254, 5. 264 = 260. (295. conf. ad Or. 792.) 323 = 319. * 335 = 331. 362 = 358. 447 = 443. 458 = 453. 539 = 533. 584 = 578. 604 = 598. 624 = 618. 711 = 705. 734 = 728. 768 = 762. 788 = 782. quater. 793 = 787. 801 = 795. 894 = 888. 987 = 979. 1046 = 1038. bis. 1050 = 1042. 1061 = 1053. 1078 = 1070. 1098 = 1090. ter. * 1138 = 1130. 1149 = 1141, aliter digessit et auxit. 1169 = 1161. 1265 = 1257.

*xxxvii. SUPPLEMENTA *ad Indices Brunckii in Sophoclem*; — *ad Beckium in Euripidem*; *ad Simplicium in Epicetum et ad Cebetis Tabulam*; quæ amicorum in usum recudenda curavit, et ex collationibus ab Hieronymo Mæo et Luca Holstenio factis variæ lectiones, quas veteres et probas existimaverat, in margine exemplaris adnotavit R. P.

POSTHUMOUS PUBLICATIONS.

* xxxviii. CONJECTURÆ, quibus lapidis Ægyptiaci quadratis litteris incisi lacunas supplere mira sagacitate moliebatur R. P. April 23. 1810.

* xxxix. *Scriptores in Scholiis ad Platonem Lugduni Batavorum nuper editis allegati.* I sent this article to the Classical Journal for Sept. 1810; it is reprinted in this collection, pp. 270-75.

Præfatio et Supplementum.—Londini, Id. Jan. MDCCCXI.

If R. P.'s life had been prolonged to recast this præface and supplement, they would, I believe, have been incorporated. When a pasted copy, which had been arranged in this manner, was shown to R. P., it certainly met with his approbation.

Additamenta ad PR. ed. 3. vii, * = viii, * ix, 25 = x, †. in Suppl. ed. 3. xvi, 21 = xvii, 20. xviii = xix, * . xxiv = xxv, * . xxxiv, 5 = xxxvii, 8, 18. xxxv, 25, 6 = xxxix, 1, 2. xxxvi, 10 = xxxix, 16, 7. xxxviii, 7, et xxxix, 13. et 25, 6, = xli, 14, et xlii, 6, 8, 9. 25. xl, 2 = xliii, 15, 6. xlii, 4 = xlv, 19—27. xlv, 18 = xlvi, 15. xlv, 13 = xlix, 16. xlvi, 14 = l, 19, 20. liv, 26 = lviii, ult. et lix, 1—7.

ΕΤΡΗΤΙΑΟΤ ΟΡΕΣΤΗΣ. Londini, 1811.

Additamenta Pp. 3, 4, 5.; vss. 35. 49. 79. 92. 122. 128. 141. 143. 154. 156. 219. 221. *228. *229. 248. 264. 339. 390. *393. *401. *404. 412. 428. 470. 476. 485. 499. *528. *536. 557. *581. 585. *589. 596. 613. 646. *658. 719. *721. 780. 792. 922. 929. 1001. 1037. 1190. 1194. 1241. 1248. 1259. *1263. *1279. *1338.

ΕΤΡΗ-

ΕΤΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΑΙ. Londini, 1811.

Additamenta et correctiones; 488. 655 margini Ed. 1. 892. Kingius conjicit *κἀγὼ παρῶν* ed. 2.; *restitue ex ed. 1.* Kingius conjicit *κἀγὼ τί μὴ δρῶν*, Valckenaerius *κἀγὼ παρῶν*. 1093. 1172. 1252. 1277, 8. 1353. 1373. 1396 *ἀγρίαν γένυ* ed. 1. l. 5. et sic Valckenaerius ad l. 1464. *ἀνῆκε* ed. 1. l. 8. 1772.

[438.—“ ad Med. 284.” nescio quid errati subest. Immo Porsoni in animo fuit Musgravii rationes trutina castigare “ ad Med. 284”; sed, mutato forte consilio, censuram in Iph. Aul. 124. destinavit.]

ΕΤΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΜΗΔΕΙΑ. Londini: 1812.

Additamenta; 34. bis. 50 *αὐτῇ* ed. 1. 51. l. 3. *σοὶ* ed. 1. *107 et 109. p. 19, III. *193. 264. 269. *285. *340. *360. *363. 365. *369. *385. *402. 426. *444. *451. *457. 468. *521. *528. 530. 564. 577. 585. 588. *593. *600. *625. *646. 659. 666. 675. *727. *737. 750. *766. *770. 809. *815. *816. *836. 914. *940. *972. 973. *982. *1005. 1022. *Plut.* 529. ed. 1. *1034. 1048. 1060 *πέπρωται* ed. 1. 1104. 1180. *1216. *1237. 1258. *1269. *1276. 1308. *1330. *1375. 1393. l. ult. *τότε* ed. 1. *1394. 1396.

XI. RICARDI PORSONI ADVERSARIA† Sumptibus Collegii S.S. Trinitatis Cantabrigiæ 1812.

These fragments were arranged and printed under the

† This volume has been lately reprinted at Amsterdam for the Booksellers at Leipzig, Leyden, Rome, Florence, Hamburgh, Vienna, and Paris. The Appendix and Propempticum are of little or no value, the paper is wretched, and the whole transaction is truly *German*.

auspices

auspices of his learned successor, and of the Rev. *C. J. Blomfield*, A. M. the deservedly celebrated editor of *Eschylus*. It is earnestly hoped that the world will be favoured with another volume of emendations drawn from the margins of our late Professor's reserved volumes, which are happily in the Library of that noble Society. His beautiful transcript of the Galean Photius is amongst them. His papers on *Aristophanes* have been intrusted to my much-valued friend, *P. P. Dobree*, A. M. Fellow of Trin. Coll.*

Whether R. P. left a transcript of the *Hippolytus* prepared for the Press, I cannot ascertain. There was a copy of *Portus' Doric Lexicon* in the London Institution, in which were loose papers of R. P.

A copy of the *Ajax* of *Sophocles*, which was in the collection of the universally-regretted *Dr. Raine*, is emended throughout by the pencil of R. P. This eminent teacher had employed himself in moments of leisure upon a schædiasm on the use of the Greek accentual marks, in which R. P. was often consulted. The papers were well calculated to facilitate the attainment of this necessary branch of Greek literature.—Indeed the benevolent emotions, which actuated that family in consulting the comforts, and in promoting the literary views of our lamented Professor, entitle the name of *RAINE* to be inscribed on the same column as that of *PORSON*.

R. P. meditated a supplement to *Kuhnus' Pausanias*,

* The hints registered by R. P. in the margins remind us now and then of what *A. Gellius* said of *Nigidius Figulus*; “anguste perquam et obscure disserit, ut signa rerum ponere videas ad subsidium magis memoriæ suæ quam ad legentium disciplinam.”



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



this restoration appeared to take its place coolly and silently. Since that impression the passage has either absconded, or I am not sharp-sighted enough to find it in the copy which I have examined.

—— Rev. Dr. *C. Burney*, Month. Rev. Feb^y 1799*, p. 203.

—— *S. Weston*—Horatius cum Græcis scriptoribus collatus; 1801. In a subsequent edition of this diatribe, R. P. is alluded to *ad Carm.* I. xxxviii, 2 (Adverss. p. 119.).

—— *G. L. Spalding*. R. P. at the request of a friend collated the ancient MS. fragment, in the Library of St. John's Coll. Cambridge, for the use of the editor: see Vol. II. PR. iv. Lips. 1803. R. P. also collated an Oxford MS. of one or more Orations of Demosthenes for the late Dr. *Raine*. R. P. transcribed certain inedited Orphic hymns for the use of F. Jacobs.

—— *E. D. Clarke*, LL. D. The Soros of Alexander. Camb. 1805. P. 158.

—— *J. Hodgkin's* Specimens of Greek Penmanship. Aug. 1805. The small letters in the first table were carefully copied from a sample which R. P. wrote before Mr. H. for that purpose.

—— *G. Burges*, A. M. virum doctrina, probitate præstantem, ad Eur. Troad. 447. Cantab. 1807.

—— apud virum eruditissimum et amicissimum *Carolum Burney* in *Tentamine de metris ab Æschylo in choricis cantibus adhibitis*. Cantabrigiæ: 1809.

P. V. p. 7. Pers. p. 15. Suppl. p. 32.

—— *Greek Marbles*—by *E. D. Clarke*, LL. D. Cambridge: 1809. Pp. 6. 50, 1. 56. 65.

* I have placed the Journals chronologically.

— apud *P. Elmsley* ad Aristoph. Acharn. 1809; v. 612. [Edin. Rev. xxxvii, 67.]. Advss. p. 200.

— Edinburgh Review xxix, p. 159. xxx, 320.

— Classical Journal, i, 28. ii, 329. 343.

ΗΦΑΙΣΤΙΩΝΟΣ ΕΓΧΕΙΡΙΔΙΟΝ—cura *T. Gaisford*, A. M. Oxon. 1810.

— Pp. 10, col. 1, et 2. 27, 2. 39, 2. 40. 45, 1. bis. 52, 2. 216. 222 (Daw. M. C. p. 222.). 240. 243. 245. 264, 5. 270. 272. 278. 286. 288. 292. 296. 316. 327. 330, 1. 337. bis. 341. 355. 358. 364.

ΑΙΣΧΥΛΟΥ ΠΡΟΜΗΘΕΪΣ ΔΕΣΜΩΤΗΣ Carolus Jacobus Blomfield A. B. Cantab. 1810.

— apud C. J. B. 2. 17. 44. (et in Glossario) 60. 128. 322. 330. 337. 358. 594. 650. 701. 953' in Glossario. 992. 1051 in Gloss.

— apud *T. Gaisford*, Græcarum litterarum apud Oxonienses Professorem ad Euripidis Supplices; vol. i. Oxon. 1811. R.P. 19. 110. 200. bis. 298. 659. 759. 909. 968. 1079. 1111 (pp. 206. bis. 207, 8.).

— ad Iph. Aul. vol. ii. 27. 629. *add.* 633, 4, 1, 2. *add.* 638. 970. *add.* 1247. 1341. *add.* 1400.

— ad Iph. Taur. 49. *add.* 238 (R. P. ad Ph. 22.). 610.

— Quarterly Review vi, 396. ix, 215* [Adverss. 47]. 228.

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΟΥ ΙΠΠΟΛΥΤΟΣ ΣΤΕΦΑΝΗΦΟΡΟΣ—Jacobus Henricus Monk A. M. etc. Cantabrigiæ 1811.

* I am in doubt about the date, as the Journal is not within reach.

— apud J. H. M. ad vss. 2. 77. 176—266. 182. 216. 301. 377. 493. 505 (conf. Addend.). 529. 532. 643. 698. 725. 818. 959. 1018. 1251. (Adverss. 271). 1397 (ibid. 186.).

— Classical Journal vii, 97—104.

— Edinburgh Review xxxviii, 497. 502.

ΑΙΣΧΥΛΟΥ ΕΠΤΑ ΕΠΙ ΘΗΒΑΣ—C. J. Blomfield, A. M.—Cantabrigiæ 1812.

— vss. 17. 414. 946, Glossario [Edin. Rev. xxxviii, 502.].

— Classical Journal x, 297, 8. xii, 393. xiii, 141, 2.

— Museum Criticum i, 4 [*τὰδ'* R. P. apud M. D.]. 68. 119. 122.

— Class. Journ. xiv, 248. 456—458. xv, 178. 181—184.

— Mus. Crit. ii, 220. iii, 283—291 [ex Miltoni exemplari]. 330—337. 391—398.

— Class. Journ. xix, 65. 114, 15.

— Mus. Crit. iv, 559.

— Class. Journ. xx, 401, 2.

— apud *T. Gaisford* ad Theognid.—Oxon. 1814. 702. ad Solonis Fr. p. 336. xiv. ad Mimnermi Fr. p. 425.

— apud virum doctissimum et mihi amicissimum, EDVARDUM MALTBY, ad Morelli Lexicon Græco-Proso-diacum; 2 voll. Cantab. 1815. pp. 32. 52. ter. 103. 137. (?) 299. 435. 461. 526. 603. 605. 689. 823. 830. 927. 1007.*

— Classical Journ. xxii, 227, 8.

* I have not seen the new edition of the *Persæ* by the very learned editor of Eschylus.

As to the present collection, part of it, viz. from pp. 21—157. was made during the life-time of our Professor, and submitted to his inspection. No doubts were entertained concerning the genuineness of the articles; but I was anxious to obtain his sanction, which was not withheld.—I beg leave to tender my grateful acknowledgements to the Rev. MARTIN DAVY [M.D.], D.D., Master of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, and to the Rev. *Edward Maltby* [E. M.*], D. D., for their invaluable contributions; to the Rev. *P. P. Dobree* [P.P.D.], Fellow of *Trin. Coll. Camb.*, who, τῷ ὄντι τὰ τῶν φίλων ἡγούμενος κοινὰ, supplied me with numerous and most important papers, and to the very learned and communicative Greek Professor of Oxford, who furnished me with the long-sought-for extract from Lewis' Essay on the consecration of Churches; to *R. Duppa*, Esq., the biographer of Raphael, for favouring me with R. P.'s autograph; to Mr. *E. H. Barker*, for procuring me a sight of the *printed* intelligence in that work; and to the Rev. Dr. S. PARR, the Champion of ancient literature and humanity, who honoured me with a copy of emendations for which I had languished more than eighteen years.

ὥσπερ γὰρ ἵππος εὐγενῆς, κὰν ἦ γέρων,
 ἐν τοῖσι δεινοῖς θυμὸν οὐκ ἀπώλεσεν,
 ἀλλ' ὀρθὸν οὖς ἴστησιν· ὡσαύτως δὲ σὺ
 ἡμᾶς τ' ὀτρύνεις, καὐτὸς ἐν πρώτοις πάρει.

The following synopsis of emendatory criticism was sub-

* Our lamented Professor was with his sincere friend [E. M.] about Midsummer 1804, and again in the autumn of the following year; staying about ten days at each time. During these visits the corrections with which I have been favoured were communicated. See Index. v. PORSON.

mitted to R. P. in April 1808, with which he was highly gratified.—Here allow me to express my sentiments of regard for the House of Lackington, Allen, etc., as well for the facility of access to their valuable repository, with which I was at all times indulged during my residence in Town; as for allowing themselves to be prevailed upon to make the first offer of part of BENTLEY'S Library, which fell into their hands at two different times, to the Right Hon^{ble} the Trustees of the British Museum, in preference to private collections of less extensive utility. They behaved most handsomely on both occasions; they *knowingly* disposed of the volumes for less than a moiety of the sum which they could have gained for them from other quarters. It is but justice to this House to add that when, in the heat of negotiation, it was insinuated that the value of the collection was greatly diminished by an individual, who had previously inspected them, they replied in the spirit of a better age, that the books were their property, and that they were not answerable to any person for the access which they had given that individual to them. Still this supposed *ΚΑΛΛΙΣΤΟΝ ὄνειδος* would have damped his zeal in the good old cause, if he had not been comforted and encouraged to persevere in it by the cheering approbation of Doctor RAINE and Professor PORSON.

I almost forgot to mention that in conversing with a North Briton concerning this *national acquisition*, R. P. portrayed the prominent features of Bentley's literary character with a justness and familiarity, which so warmed the plain, honest hyperborean, that, before they parted, he ventured to inquire if Dr. Bentley were not a *Scotchman*.

RICARDUS PORSONUS ad
Aristoph. Ed. Kuster.

RICARDUS BENTLEIUS*
—Ed. Bas. 1547.

Plutus.

453. Τροπαῖον ἂν στησαίτο—
ad Ph. 581.

510. διανείμειέν τ' ἴσον αὐτόν.
PR. lii. [Cod. RAV.]

770. Tracts, p. 20.

785. Ενδεικνύμενος ἕκαστος ad
Ph. 1263.

835. ἀπέλιπεν ad Hec. 1149.

Nubes.

867. Καὶ τῶν κρεμαστρῶν οὐ
τρίβων τῶν ἐνθάδε on the au-
thority of Pollux, x, 157.
see Tracts, p. 28.

870. Ἴδου, κρέμαι' ὡς—ad
Med. 675.

1040 PR. xliv.

1362. οὐ γὰρ τότε εὐθύς χρῆν
σε τύπτεσθαί τε καὶ πατεῖσθαι
PR. xliv.

Plutus.

lege, Τ. ἂν στησαίτο—et sic
Suidas.

διανείμειέν τ' ἴσον αὐτόν.

Ἐνδεικνύμενος vel -νός γ'

κλεινήν πόλιν Steph. Byz. v.
Αθήναις

ἀπέλιπεν

Nubes.

κρεμάθρος secundam corripit,
ut κρεάγρα et pleraque si-
milia apud Nostrum; forte
igitur καὶ τῶν κρέμαθρῶν οὐ-
πω τρίβων τῶν ἐνθάδε. Im-
mo vero καὶ τῶν κρεμαστρῶν
οὐ τρ τ. ἐ. Pollux enim
lib. x. notat Aristophanem
in Νεφέλαις κρεμάστρων dix-
isse.

lege, κρέμαι' ὡς

καὶ τοῖς νόμοις καὶ ταῖς δίκαις

lege, οὐ γὰρ τότε εὐθύς χρῆν
σ' ἄρα τύπτεσθαί γ' vel σε
τύπ.

* “Bentleius, summus alioqui criticus, sed nullius auctoritatis in Aristophane, ad quem minime imbutus Attici sermonis cognitione accessit.”
Herman. ad Nub. 325.

RICARDUS PORSONUS.

Nubes.

1399. Σὸν ἔργον, ὦ καινῶν ^{λόγων} ἐπῶν
κινητὰ—ad Med. 1314.

Ranæ.

550. Ἀνατετραμμένος, κυνῶν
App. 488.

βασανίσω Ph. 740.

ἡλίθιος γὰρ ἦσθα

Ἄ ξυμβαλεῖν οὐ ράδι' ἦν PRÆF.
xliv.

πόλεσιν

Καὶ σὺ τί δράσας οὕτως αὐτοὺς
γενναίους ἐξεδίδαξας; PRÆF.
xlix.

Εἶτα διδάξας Πέρσας, μετὰ
τοῦτ' ἐπιθυμεῖν ἐξεδίδαξα

Ἐστι διδάσκαλος, ὅστις φράζει
τοῖσιν δ' ἡβῶσι Tracts, 28.

ἐλεινοὶ PRÆF. vii.

RICARDUS BENTLEIUS.

Nubes.

καινῶν Δ κινητὰ] Δ lege, λόγων
p. 81 (357).

Ranæ.

[355. Ἡ γεν—ἴδε πω—ΗΓΝ
—εἶδεν Gellii MS. Paris.

372. seq. τουτοις αυδω, καυθις
απαυδω καυθις το τριτον
ΜΑΛ απαυδω εξιστασθαι
τοισι κοροις υμεις δε ανεγειριζε-
τε μολπην και **ΠΑΝΝΥ-**
ΛΔΑΣ τας ημετερας αι
τηδ πρεπουσιν εορτη idem
Codex]

550. lege κυνῶν

631. βασανιῶ

948. leg. ἄρ vel γ' ἄρ' ἦσθα

961. dele, ἦν

1042. πόλεσιν

1051. καὶ σὺ τί δράσας οὕτως
αὐτοὺς γενναίους ἐξεδίδαξας;
γενναίους ἐξεδίδαξας MS.
Barocc. [vide ep. ad Mill.
p. 19.].

1058. Εἶτα διδάξας Πέρσας,
μετὰ τοῦτ' ἐπιθυμεῖν ἐδίδαξα
MS. recte, si leg. ἐξεδίδαξα

1087. ἡβῶσιν δὲ vel τοῖσιν δ'
ἡβῶσι

1095. lege, ἐλεινοὶ



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

Vespæ.

βούλομαί γε πάλιν μεθ' ὑ-
μῶν ἐλθὼν ἐπὶ τοὺς κἀδίσ-
κους κακόν τι ποιῆσαι.

ad Hec. 1169.

τυραννικά. ad Hec. 788.

Pax.

Τί σοί ποτ' ἔστ' ὄνομ'; Tracts,
p. 35.

εἰ γὰρ ἐκγένοιτ' ἰδεῖν τὴν ἡμέ-
ραν ταύτην ποτέ.

Ἄλλ', ὧ μέλ' ὑπὸ ΤΟΥ Διὸς
ἀμαλδυνθήσομαι App. 497.

ἀγαλοῦμεν ἩΜΕΙΣ ἀεὶ. App.
496. Tracts, p. 187.

Ὡς κακόνιοι τινές εἰσιν ἐν ἡμῖν
Brunck. Tracts, p. 25.

ἀσμένοισιν ἦλθες ἡμῖν
σφάξεις τὸν οἶν

Ἄφευε App. 480.

οἰδάνοντ' ad Ph. 1398.

Aves.

Τίς ποτ' ἔσθ' ὁ μουσόμαντις
ἄτοπος, ἄρ' ὀρειβάτης; ad
Hec. 208.

ἐνηντιώμεθα, Tracts, p. 35.

τορνευτολυρασπιδόπηγοί. PR.
lii.

Vespæ.

322. Βούλομαί γε πάλιν μεθ'
ὑμῶν ἐλθὼν ἐπὶ τοὺς κἀδίσ-
κους, κακόν τι ποιῆσαι.

505. τυραννικά.

Pax.

184. Τί σοί ποτ' ἔστ' ὄνομ';
Suidas v. μιαρσί.

346. εἴθε μοι γένοιτ' ἰδεῖν τὴν
ἡμέραν ταύτην ποτέ.

379. leg. —μέλ', ὑπὸ Διός γ'
ἀ, vel, ὑπὸ τοῦ Διὸς

398. ἀγαλοῦμεν ἡμεῖς ἀεὶ.

495. leg. κακόνιοι Agnoscit et
Suidas.

582. lege ἡμῖν

1018. οἶν Ald. 470 (928.) et
473, 4 (1022 Br.).

1144. Suidas legit ἄφευε

1165. οἰδάνοντ'

Aves.

277. τίς ποτ' ἔσθ'—leg. ὀροβά-
της ut ὀροτύπος, ὀροφαιτῶν
Hesychius; ὄρνις ultimam
producit supra p. 371, 6
(Av. 70.).

384. lege, ἐνηντιώμεθα

491. τορνευτολυρασπιδόπηγοί.
et ita Suidas.

RICARDUS PORSONUS.

Aves.

οὐνεκα Kuster; R. P. ad OΔ. i.
199.

Συρακοσίῳ, Tracts, p. 35.

καλοῖ τις ἀνθρώπων ad Hec.
1169, p. 83.

πτερύγων

σύ δ' αὖθις ἐξόρμα, *ibid.*

πάνυ γὰρ βραδύς ἐστί τις,

Τοῦτο τοῦ μὲν ἦρος, Tracts, p.
29.

Ecclesiazusæ.

ἀφεύων Brunckius; App. 480.

ἐκκλησιασοῦσ' οὐκ ad Or. 1427.

ὀρθρίοις ad Hec. 987.

χρήσωμαι PR. iv.

—ἀν ἐπεπόνθει ad Med. 863.

Τοῖς εὐπρεπέσιν δ' Tracts, p. 30.

ἐπόρισ' ad Xen. Anab. V. 421,
7.

ἐστᾶσ' ad Or. 1645.

φρύγεται ad Hec. 1149.

RICARDUS BENTLEIUS.

Aves.

517. οὐν ἔνεκα—lege, οὐνεκα

1297. lege, Συρακοσίῳ

1313. καλοῖ τις ἀνθρώπων

1346.—πτερύγων

σύ δ' αὖθις ἐξόρμα, R. B. e Sca-
ligero.

1349. πάνυ γὰρ βραδύς ἐστί
τις,

1478. Τοῦτο τοῦ μὲν ἦρος

Ecclesiazusæ.

13. ἀφεύων Faber; recte, p.
517. v. 8. (Thesm. 216.
Br.).

161. lege, ἐκκλησιασοῦσ' οὐδ'
Suidas v. Ἀκριβῶ

283. Suidas in ὑποποτρέχειν
ante v. ὑπάγγελτος habet
ὀρθρίοις et πάτταλον. Πνύκα
Suidas in πάτταλον.

514. lege, χρήσωμαι

646. lege, ἄρ' ἐπεπόνθειν vel
ἐπεπόνθη Attice

697 Τοῖς εὐπρεπέσιν δ' ἀκολου-
θοῦντες

820. ἐπόρισ' Scaliger apud R. B.

837. ἐστᾶσ' Scaliger apud R. B.

839. φρύγεται Scaliger apud
R. B.

RICARDUS PORSONUS.

Thesmophoriazusæ.

χρῆ γὰρ ποιητῆν--Tracts, p. 34.

293. ad Med. 822.

Οὐκ ἄποτ' ἐποίησ' PR. xl.

557. PR. xl.

ἀναίσχυντός τις εἶ Kuster, ad

Hec. 1169, p. 82.

διαθρῆσαι Kuster; PR. liii.

709. App. p. 485.

Ὅστις γ'—Brunckius; PR
xlviii.

ξενίγκι—πυλάξι Brunckius;
App. p. 480.

1133. Brunckius; ad Hec.
1018.

Lysistrata.

488. DAWES M. C. 199. *Matth.*
Raper.

499, 500, 1. Tracts, p. 21.

530. e MSS. Brunckius;

Tracts, p. 22. [Verbum is-
tud cum dativo occurrit Ran.

1165. Ἐγὼ σιωπῶ τῶδε γ';

Liv. III. 41. Negant se pri-
vato reticere. R. P. in marg.

exemplaris ed. Kust. penes

Coll. SS. Trin. Cant.] μὴ

ζώην ἔτι Eur. Suppl. 454.

616. PR. liv.

RICARDUS BENTLEIUS.

Thesmophoriazusæ.

156. χρῆ γὰρ ποιητῆν

293. P. 472 (Pac. 978.)

555. Οὐκ ἄποτ' ἐποίησ'

557. Grynæus uno versu

618. ἀναίσχυντος μὲν εἶ

665. πνύκα Scaliger et Grynæ-
us; lege, ἀναθρῆσαι

709. ὡς ἅπαν γὰρ ἐστι Gryn.
lege, Ὡς ἅπαντ' ἄρ' ἐστι.

890. Ὅστις γ'

1016. ξενίγκι—πυλάξο

1133. τ' dele

Lysistrata.

488. R. B. e cod. olim Kuste-
riano

499, 500, 501. Idem Codex.

530. κάλυμμα φορούση

616. ἄνδρες MS. olim Kuster.
ῶνδρες alii

RICARDUS PORSONUS.

Lysistrata.

982. ad Hec. 1169. p. 81.

μὴ φιλήσης ad Hec. 1174.

[Adverss. p. 284.

Καὶ διαστίλβονθ' ὀρώμεν
 Ὡσπερ ἐν καινῷ λυχνούχῳ
 Πάντα τῆς ἐξωμίδος.

App. p. 436.

RICARDUS BENTLEIUS.

Lysistrata.

982. κυρσάνιε, Idem MS.

1035. μὴ φιλήσ'—φιλήσωσ',
 vel φίλησον vel φιλήσης et
 Grynæus

apud Polluc. x. 43. R. B. ad
 T. H. p. 94=295.]

Ibid. 116. Aristophanis locus
 sic distinguendus,

Καὶ διαστίλβονθ' ὀρώμεν
 Ὡσπερ ἐν καινῷ λυχνούχῳ
 Πάντα τῆς ἐξωμίδος.

R. B. ad T. H. p. 103=184.

N. B. I have omitted to mention that I used the Cam-
bridge edition of the Hecuba.

At p. 189. it is stated that his illustrious and benevolent friend had anticipated five restorations which occur in R. P.'s appendix to the Critic of Cornwall; it may not be impertinent to enumerate a few emendations of the text of an ignoble poet, suggested by Mr. *Tyrwhitt**, which had been preoccupied by a Critic who ranks with the revivers of the old Latin poets—*N. Heinsius* and *WITHOFIUS*.—“In Mathematics the same discoveries have been made by different men, who seem rather to have *coincided* with, than to have followed, each other.” So it is in real Criticism. After the celebrated **THOMAS TYRWHITT** had pre-

* The brother of the venerable *R. Tyrwhitt*, Fellow of Jesus Coll. Cambridge; ζηλῶ σε, γέρον, ζηλῶ δ' ἀνδρῶν, ὅς ἀκίνδυνον βίον ἐξεπέρασ' ἀγνώσ, ἀκλήσ· τοὺς δ' ἐν τιμαῖς ἤσσον ζηλῶ.

pared for the press his préface to Pseud-Orpheus *de Lapidibus*, a copy of that poem edited by Gesner, which had been bequeathed to him by his regretted friend *S. Musgrave*, came into his possession. In the margin Mr. T. found twenty of his emendations completely confirmed by this Critic, and five corroborated in part; one also of the former, as he learned from the margin, had been anticipated by *Koën*, which had escaped Mr. T.'s notice: "Hic igitur utriusque, tam KOENII quam MUSGRAVII conjecturas simul subjiciam; mihi ipsi serio gratulaturus, si quantum de inventionis gloriola amisisse videar, tantum roboris et firmitatis suspicionibus meis ex conspirante talium viro- rum judicio accessisse existimetur." It is gratifying to our best feelings to see mind conspiring thus with mind in the great work of emendatory criticism. It would, doubtless, have afforded this pre-eminent scholar and accomplished gentleman additional satisfaction to see his rectitude of thinking established by another acute veteran in literature, *Jo. Schrader*; whose *Obs.* and *Emendat.* had not fallen in his way*. I have noticed the instances of trifling, as well as of important, coincidence.

TYRWHITT, 1781.

SCHRADER. Observat. 1761.

Emendat. 1776.

Malim sic. Ἐρχομ' ἐς ἀκρωρει-
αν [Musg. et Koen. ad Greg.
p. 73.]

155. Ἐρχομ' ἐς ἀκρωρείαν,
PR. ad Em. VII.

* This will appear from their remarks on v. 527.

TYRWHITT.

SCHRADER.

—Τερπωλή δ' ἠδεῖα. Sic edidi ex
conjectura Gesneri. Editt. A. 1.
et MS. Paris. habent δηδία.

527. fidenter corrigimus: Τερπωλή
δ' ἠδεῖα Observat. p. 77. nam
Reg. exhibet δηδία PR. ad Emen-
dat. LVI.

TYRWHITT.

SCHRADER.

rescribere malim *τετλειωτι*,
[*τετληωτι*. V. Argonaut.
437 et 1347. Musgr.]

χειρος [propius ad litteras]
Non dubito scribendum esse
Ἐρπετα γαρ δη παμπαν ὑπο-
τρομεοντι εοικας [Musgr.]

Mirum profecto unde invectum
sit nomen *Παλαμηδαο*, re-
clamante cum maxime me-
tro. Sed cæcum plane oportet
esse qui semel monitus
non videt rescribi debere
Πριαμιδαο, i.e. *Heleni*; de
quo modo locutus est, et cui
omnia quæ sequuntur unice
conveniunt. [Musgr. et Ko-
en. p. 124.]

—pro *εμης* omnino reponen-
dum est *έης*:

απαισσοντα

[*οπτον* Musgr.]

Lector etiam non monitus re-
ponat *Περσηιαδαο*, ne versus
corruat.

Metro convenientius esset *σφι-*
σιν. [Musgr.] — Sed quid
Horæ hic agunt? Et quis
των γεγεαλογουντων eas
ponti filias dixit? Non du-

375. *τετληωτι* VII.

377. *χειρων* ibid.

385. Ipsa res, et carminis lex
corrigere jubent: *Ἐρπετὰ*
γὰρ δὴ πάμπαν ὑποτρομέοντι
εοικας ibid.

388. Quis *Palameden* vatem
fecit *Apollinis* institutionibus
eruditum? Ne plura: cor-
rigo, *Πριαμιδαο σαόφρονος*—
Heleni prudentis, etc. XI.

455. Poeta scripserat, *έης μη-*
τρος: XV.

480. *ἀναίσσοντα*

VIII. [Musgr.]

499. *όπτον* VIII.

505. *Περσηιαδαο* VIII.

560. *σφισιν*. Sed graviore
morbo poeta laborat. Horis
enim nullus in hac de cura-
lio fabella locus est. Quid?
quod *Hymn. xxxii, 1.* di-

TYRWHITT.

bito reponendum esse *Αυραι*.
Auræ scilicet *cruorem circa virgulta compingere* probabiliter dicantur; eædem etiam *maris filiæ* poetice, nec invenuste, appellentur. Et quidem sic appellantur in hymno, qui Orphei vocatur, LXXX. v. 1. *Αυραι ποντογενεῖς, Ζεφυριτιδες, ηεροφοιται.* [Musgr.]

περισμυχουσα. Circum-urens.
 Sic MS. Paris. [ΠΥΡΙσμυ-
χουσα Musgr. conf. Bernard.
 Reiskio, p. 409. D. R. ad
 Tim. p. 122.]

Mollius esset—*μελιτι γλυκερω.*

Cum primus in *αρεσκω* apud nostrum, et alios, credo, semper corripitur, malim scribere *αμοιβηδην αρεσασθαι.*

Restitui *ηδειη* ex Editt. A. 1. et MS. Paris. Stephanus, opinor, primus invexit *τον γ' ιδιη.* Nescio unde.

Delevi τε post *κορέννυσθαι* auctoritate MS. Paris.

SCHRADER.

cuntur, *θυγατέρες Θέμιδος και Ζήνος ἀνακτος.* Ne multa: restituo, *περιπήγνουον Αὔραι*—Ut autem *πόντοιο θυγατρεις* hic vocantur *Αὔραι*, sic *Eur. Hec. v. 444. Αὔρα, ποντιαῖς αὔρα* et *hymn. LXXX, 1. Αὔραι ποντογενεῖς, Ζεφυριτιδες. VIII, IX.* [Conf. Bernard. Reiskio, p. 409.]

596. in Reg. convenientius metro, *περισμυχουσα.*

Ibid.

663. *μέλιτι γλυκερω*

685. a poëta scriptum fuit, *αμοιβηδην αρεσασθαι.*

Ibid.

698. *ηδειη* e Reg. libro reponendum pro *τον γ' ιδιη.*

LVI.

726. *κορέννυσθαι μεμαωτας* quod liber Reg. suppeditat.

x.

In the inestimable appendix to the *Exercitationes in Euripidem*, printed at Leyden 1762, Musgrave has noticed



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



paired existence; and R. P. resolutely maintained that its energies * * * * * were*

P. xix. l. 3. *dele* window and—*substitute* painted glass which admitted a “dim religious light” into

P. xxi. l. 9, 10. r. whom they had eluded. l. 16. after passage. insert, He often arrived at results by intuition; on which account his—

P. xxii. l. ult. r. mind, and will not suffer his readers to—

P. xxv. l. 16. If those proofs, on which R. P.’s conviction of the spuriousness of *Iph. Aul.* 1532—1629. was erected, had been laid before the public, this investigation would have occupied, if I may be allowed the expression, the first *niche*; it was his GRAND discovery, and his own exclusive property. R. P. would have given a dissertation on the *Rhesus*.

P. xxvi. l. 12. r. *Lynceus* n.* re-appearance

P. xxvii. l. antepen. libel,

P. xxviii. l. 4. Pray, Madam,

P. xxx. l. 10. *insert*, I feel it my bounden duty, Madam, to add another fact, for the truth of which I pledge my existence; and in doing that I hope I may be permitted to expect full credit from your readers. A would-be translator of Plato, who “without staying to learn even the inflexions of Greek words, has plunged to the very bottom of Pagan philosophy †,” dared to revile his Redeemer by an appellation too horrible to be exhibited. Shocked by this proneness to blaspheme from the mere love of blaspheming, R. P. reprobated the fell impiety in a torrent of keen, resistless eloquence which would have searched the heart and reins of the most besotted enemy to our holy religion. The occasion, you will allow, would justify the application of St. Paul’s rebuke of Elymas the sorcerer.—

† It is said that the Hierophant of this *mystic cell*, who is hand and glove with Plato, once ruminated with tranquil satisfaction on the glorious uncertainty of the meaning of *Δνώ*: it was supposed to teem with recondite lore, which the *lovers of wisdom* would accept with gratitude. At length R. P. was consulted, and at the touch of Ithuriel’s spear the gratifying delusion vanished. This threatened ruin to the craft; but their apprehensions were soon dispelled by the insinuation that *poor Porson* was one of *the malevolent and unenlightened*. See D. R. ad h. in *Cer.* 122.

P. xxxvi. l. 10. *dele* on and *r.* to Travis, l. 18. tragedy, l. 19. Grammarians that he had copied from MSS. in foreign libraries, and that—n. † l. ult. ed. 4to—

P. xxxvi, l. 14. *Hesychius, dissertation on the Dionysia*, and —l. 15. *delight**. *add as a note*: *R. P. was wont to applaud D. R.'s animadversions on *Xenophon's Memorabilia*, particularly note on III, ix, 6.,—his edition of *C. V. Paterculus*, especially notes on 1, 5, pp. 20, 21 (Adverss. p. 55.) and —7, p. 26; R. P. warmly recommended D. R.'s analysis of the meaning of *ἄγαλμα ad Tim.* pp. 4—8, refers to it ad *Hec.* 1255., and used to point out to friends his restoration of Eupolis which has since been published by Professor Gaisford *ad Hephæst.* p. 278. [Sueton. de illustribus Grammat. p. 949. ed. Oudendorp. Πανὸς ἄγημα—lege, ἄγαλμα. R. B.]; but R. P. esteemed that upon *θαλλὸς* pp. 136—139. a model; he deemed D. R.'s alteration of Asclepiades' epigram at the conclusion to be an *improvement*, not a *restoration*. I suggested that Scaliger had left in the margin of his copy of the Greek Anthology ἡ θαλλῶ—which, he thought, would turn out to be *nearer* to the true reading.—As an instance of R. P.'s readiness to promote general literature, an anecdote is subjoined, which, on every other account, ought to have been suppressed. A collection of D. R.'s tracts, printed at Leipzig, arrived soon after the publication of a similar work in this country, which contained *Dissertatio de tutelis et insignibus navium*. Not having been heard of before, it was read with avidity. Shortly after R. P., handing a copy to the editor, observed that he would find in it something new, and pressed the expediency of reprinting it immediately. It was replied that a friend had furnished him with a copy already, and submitted that from internal evidence it was suspected not to be D. R.'s. The celebrated Professor, no doubt, had communicated the extracts from inedited Lexicons and Scholia, and had retouched the Latinity, but nothing more. This suspicion has been confirmed by the learned Wyttenbach in *Bibl. Crit.* P. xii. p. 90. “quam [dissertationem] non in Ruhnkenii scriptis censendam esse judicabamus; quod memineramus, eum aliquandō nobis narrare, illam dissertationem, quamvis suo auspicio et *auxilio*,
tamen

tamen ab ipso Enschedéo scriptam esse ; ita ut huic libelli proprietas et auctoritas relinquenda esset."

P. xxxviii. l. 9. ἔχθρην

P. xxxix. l. 19. "generous exaltation of despair,"

P. xl. l. 1. and Kuster's editions

P. xl. l. 23.—ing*. *add as a note*: *Fuit Aristophanes vir doctus, homo facetus, poëta in primis bonus ; et propter purissimum Attici sermonis saporem ipsi etiam Platoni commendatissimus ; sed idem fuit liberrimi oris scurra, et viris se longe majoribus indignis modis insultavit. Philosophos et poetas omni genere conviciorum et contumeliarum vexavit ; dummodo risum spectatoribus excuteret, nemini parcebat ; nihil privatum neque publicum, sanctum neque profanum curabat. R. P. *Prælectio*, pp. 14, 5.

P. xli. l. 4. Paris. Vol. vi. p. 3.

P. xlii. l. 4. value ?" * * R. P. being asked his opinion respecting a modern *Latin* poem, is said to have very pointedly replied, "that there was in it a great deal from Horace and a great deal from Virgil, but nothing *Horatian* and nothing *Virgilian*." C. J. xxii, p. 227.

Ibid. l. 13. These short notes were written at the request of a favourite bookseller, the late Mr. Nicholson, of Cambridge. Il. γ, 74. ΜΑΨ οἱ μὲν καλέουσι θεοὶ, ἄνδρες δὲ ΝΙΧΟΑΣΟΝ. R. P.

P. xlv. n.* l. antepen. *Enchir*.

P. xlvi. l. 4. merit* : * See Pref. to "Translations chiefly from the Greek Anthology"—London. 1806. P. xliii. This lover of literature was anxious to be introduced to R. P. Once or twice Mr. F. put himself to great inconvenience for the sole purpose of meeting R. P. Numerous appointments were made, and always broken. At length on a friend remonstrating with R. P. on his shyness, he very tersely observed, that he did not want to be *stared* at. This is deeply to be deplored. If I had been aware that a Legislator so addicted to Greek could be found in those days, I might have solaced my woes by fancying, at least, that I lived in the age of Pericles.—I am no politician ; my fervent prayer is that that grim tyrant, whose soul is incarnadined with human blood, may not contaminate our soil : —the murder of *Wright* pleads trumpet-tongued against him.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

μιχθεις Suid. ed. Mediolan. v. Χάος.—On one occasion I, for a moment, rather displeased my friend by importunities touching *Photius* and *dissert. de Iph. Aul.*, and by intimating the loss we should suffer, if he should be removed hence before they appeared; R. P. was silent: not knowing how to resume the conversation, I repeated, if we are bereaved of them, what will become of us? R. P. rebuked me by replying, Ἐμοῦ θανόντος γαῖα μιχθήτω πυγί—see Sueton. Nero C. Cæs. xxxviii. Lucan, perhaps, recollected this fragment Pharsal. vii. 654.—trahere omnia secum Mersa juvat, gentesque suæ miscere ruinæ: Claudian in Rufin. ii. 18. Insontesque meæ populos miscere ruinæ? Everso juvat orbe mori:—Ovid. Met. vi, 543. si non perierunt omnia mecum;—but, as parallel passages too frequently resemble parallel lines, I have done. Milton has caught the spirit of Alcæus in his L'Allegro, v. 18—.

Tracts, p. 188. l. 13. insert, Vide Heusinger. ad Cic. de Offic. l. xxxii, 13. *Arpinatium* Ibid. l. vii. 3. Epp. ad Attic. iv, vii. De Legg. l. . . . *fraudium* Id. de Offic. iii, xvii, 11. *locupletium* Ibid. ii, viii, 7. iii, xix, 1. ad Attic. vii, vii. *Panium* Cæsar de Analogia secundo dixit, sed Verrius *panum* sine *i*. Charisius. *Principium* Cic. de Offic. l. xxxix, 9. *Sapientium* Ibid. iii. iv, 1, et 4. Livius, *Antemnatium*, *Capenatium*, *Fidenatium*, *Privernatium*. At *Larum* semper, non *Larium*, teste Bentleio, exhibent codices probæ notæ in Sueton. Domitian. xvii.; vide Inscript. apud Pagi ad Baron. p. 14. Cent. 2dæ, Marmor Ancyran. 81.

P. 200. l. 10. Sic χωροῦσι πρὸς σέ. Soph. Tr. 285., Ἦκουσι R. P. ad Or. 1645. ὄπλον Hec. 14. PR. xviii=xx., ὄπλα in textu: πῶς δῆτα Aj. 969. PR. xxviii=xxx ex MS. Harl.; sed τί δῆτα ad Hec. 1214=1206; vide ad Eur. El. 275. in Adverss. p. 272.

P. 331. l. 9. expectatio*: *add as a note*: * Si igitur plus spatii ad cogitandum habuissem, magnam fortasse adversariam contra me paratam haberem expectationem; quam vincere aut æquare omnino desperassem; quam denique opimus esset effugere triumphus. *Prælect.* p. 4.

MISCELLANEOUS TRACTS.

STRANGER, whoe'er thou art, that view'st,
this tomb,

Know, that here lies in the cold arms of death
The young Alexis : gentle was his soul
As sweetest music : to the charms of love
Not cold, nor to the social charities
Of mild humanity : in yonder grove
He woo'd the willing Muse : Simplicity
Stood by and smil'd : here ev'ry night they
come,

And with the Virtues and the Graces tune
The note of woe ; weeping their favourite
Slain in his bloom, in the fair prime of life :
“ Would he had liv'd ! ” — Alas ! in vain that wish
Escapes thee : Never, Stranger, shalt thou see
The youth ; — he's dead : — the virtuous soon-
est die.

ANONYMOUS.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ART. I. Christiani Godofr. Schütz *in Æschyli Tragædias quæ supersunt ac deperditarum Fragmenta Commentarius. Vol. I. in Prometheus vinctum et Septem adversus Thebas. Halæ, impensis Joannis Jacobi Gebaveri, 1782. Pagg. 412.*

IN my* Review for *February* last, I gave an account of the first volume of Mr. Schutz's *Æschylus*, or rather of half the first volume, as the two parts of this work already published compose but one volume, and are intended by the editor to bind up together. The annotations comprise something more than four hundred pages, and are taken up in explaining the difficult passages, in vindicating or censuring, as occasion requires, the plot, conduct, and expressions of the author, and in proposing and defending his own

* [Though the editor seems to speak in the following article, he is indebted for it to a gentleman qualified for much higher pursuits than these. MATY.]

emendations,

emendations, where the discussion of the reasons was too long to be commodiously subjoined to the text. He has not busied himself in this commentary with collecting similar passages from other authors, that being a labour he reserves for his historical apparatus. To his notes on the Prometheus Mr. Schutz has annexed five excursions. 1. The history of Prometheus, his genealogy: various accounts of the quarrel between him and Jupiter, etc. 2. On the account of Atlas, given by the chorus, vs. 425—435. 3. On the invention of Fire, attributed to Prometheus. 4. On the wanderings of Io, as related by Prometheus; a geographical dissertation. 5. On the design of the Drama, and its management. Mr. Schutz thinks the design was to inspire the audience with a zeal for liberty and a detestation of tyranny. In the Septem a. Theb. he has been less liberal, and given us only two excursions. 1. The history of Œdipus and his family. 2. On the design and management of the Drama. I am, I must confess, rather at a loss to know why these observations are separated from
the

the main body of the commentary. They would have been as easily read, or turned over without reading, if they had been inserted in their proper order. Nor can it be said that they exceed the length of the other notes so much as to render this process necessary. Neither of the excursions of the second play is so long as the note on Prometheus, vs. 49. The third note on the Prometheus scarcely contains a page. Perhaps, as the learned editor professes in his preface (p. viii.) diligently to have imitated Mr. Heyne's method of publishing and commenting, he was led by his example in this instance. Mr. Heyne in his edition of Virgil (an edition which, says Mr. Brunck*, deserved better paper) has subjoined both the various readings and explanations to the text; and consequently has, with reason, thrown the longer dissertations to the end of each book. But this reason cannot be alleged in Mr. Schutz's case, who has printed only the various readings in the same page with the text. With respect to the annotations, they are in general learned

[* Ad Eur. Bacch. 486.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

should again emerge to light, and be continually preyed upon by Jupiter's eagle. Though Æschylus has not mentioned the place of this second confinement, yet it is manifest from a passage in Attius (who translated the Prometheus solutus), that Prometheus was represented as bound to Caucasus; and that Attius did not change the scene of action, Mr. Schutz has proved from a passage of Cicero (Tusc. Quæst. ii. 10.). Mr. Schutz, in his second excursion, proposed to read, vs. 428—430, "Ατλανθ', ὅς αἶαν, ὑπειρέχων σθένος Κραταιὸν, ἔρᾶνιόν τε πόλον Νώτοις [ἔρειδων] ὑποστενάζει. where the editions have αἶεν ὑπείροχον, and omit ἔρειδων.

There is a very corrupt and difficult passage in the Sept. a. Theb.

Καὶ τὸν σὸν αὐθις πρόσμορον ἀδελφεὸν,
Ἐξυπτιάζων ὄνομα, Πολυνείκης βίαν,
Δίς τ' ἐν τελευτῇ τ' ἔνομ' ἐνδατέμενος,
Καλεῖ.

Mr. Brunck (mindful of the poet's observation, *Ulceræ possessis alte suffusa medullis, non leviorē manu, ferro sanantur et igni**)

[* Claudian. in Eutrop. II, 13, 4.]

inserts his conjecture in the text, *Καὶ τὸν σὸν αὖθις ὀμόσπορον κακοῖρόθων*. This emendation Mr. Schutz justly thinks too bold, and modestly proposes his own conjecture in the notes.

*Καὶ τὸν σὸν αὖθις πρόσμορον ἐς ἀδελφεὸν
Ἐξυπτιάζων ὄμμα—
Δύστηνον αὐτῷ τοῦνομι', etc.*

Yet this does not seem entirely to remove either the difficulty or the corruption.

I shall now take the liberty of making a few addenda and corrigenda for the use of the learned editor, if he thinks them worthy of being noticed in an Appendix. H. Stephens (n. on Prometheus, v. 28.) had observed that some MSS. had *ἐπηύρω*, but that Eustathius preserved the vulgar reading. The place in Eustathius, which gave Abresch (*Observ. on Æsch. p. 4.*) so much trouble, is in *Iliad H. p. 675. l. 49.—Prometh. vs. 541.* The editor has been led into a mistake by too close an adherence to Brunck's edition. A line is wanting to complete the antistrophe, as will manifestly appear to any one who shall only compute the number of verses. This defect should have been marked with asterisks. Mr.

Brunck has since corrected his error in a note on Euripides, Bacch. 1164.—Vs. 795. “Ἦν ἐγγράφῃ σὺ μνήμοσιν δέλτοις φρενῶν· ‘Grave on the tablet of thy memory.’ Mr. Schutz gives us a list of similar passages from Bern. Martinus (Var. Lect. p. 205.), but I am surprised he should not see that the example from Aristophanes (Vesp. 536.) is nothing to the purpose. He has quoted, *μνημοσύνα γράψοιμ’ ἐγώ* instead of *μνημόσυνα γράψομαι ἄγω* which simply signifies, ‘I will write memorandums.’—He is also mistaken when he says that all the MSS. and edd. have in Sept. a. Theb. vs. 55. *ἔλειπον*, whereas Aldus and Robortellus have *ἔλιπον*.

It is strange that in the same play, vs. 582, he has proposed as his own conjecture, Ἦ Δεῖον ἔργον, which is the reading of Robortellius’s edition. The vulgar reading is, Ἦ τοῖον ἔργον.

On the whole, I hope this edition will meet with encouragement from the learned; as the author has manifested no inconsiderable degree of abilities and diligence in the execution.

Trin. Coll.

May 29, 1783.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



many should have been greatly exasperated with Aristophanes, for publicly exhibiting Socrates on the stage, and making him speak and act in a manner most inconsistent with his known character, is not surprising; but as the accusation urged by some against the poet, of being instrumental to Socrates's death, has been substantially refuted by many critics; so the present editor has very judiciously observed, with regard to the other part of the charge, that Socrates is not so much the object of ridicule in the comedy of the Clouds, as the philosophers in general, who, of whatever benefit the lessons and example of Socrates himself might be to the state, were, from their idle lives, their minute, ridiculous, and sometimes impious disquisitions, highly prejudicial to their disciples, and, by consequence, to the public. If, says Mr. Brunck, Aristophanes had really in the smallest degree contributed to the death of Socrates, it is not credible that Plato would have introduced them in his Symposium, sitting together at the same table; it is not credible that he would have been so great an admirer

admirer of him as to write an epigram in his praise, containing a most extravagant compliment.—*Missa igitur hæc faciamus.* Of the indecency, which abounds in Aristophanes, unjustifiable as it certainly is, it may however be observed, that different ages differ extremely in their ideas of this offence. Among the ancients, plain-speaking was the fashion; nor was that ceremonious delicacy introduced, which has taught men to abuse each other with the utmost politeness, and express the most indecent ideas in the most modest language. The ancients had little of this. They were accustomed to call a spade a spade; to give every thing its proper name. There is another sort of indecency, which is infinitely more dangerous; which corrupts the heart without offending the ear. I believe there is no man of sound judgement who would not sooner let his son read Aristophanes than Congreve or Vanbrugh. In all Aristophanes's indecency, there is nothing that can allure, but much that must deter. He never dresses up the most detestable vices in an amiable light; but generally, by describing them in
their

their native colours, makes the reader disgusted with them. His abuse of the most eminent citizens may be accounted for upon similar principles. Besides, in a republic, freedom of speech was deemed an essential privilege of a citizen. Demosthenes treats his adversaries with such language as would, in our days, be reckoned scurrilous enough ; but it passed, in those days, without any notice or reprehension. The world is since greatly altered for the better. We have, indeed, retained the matter, but judiciously* altered the manner. In the management of his* plots too, it must be owned, Aristophanes is sometimes faulty. It ought however to be observed, that his contemporary comic poets did not pique themselves upon the artful management of the plot. Aristophanes has therefore the usual failing of dramatic writers, to introduce speeches, and even scenes, not much conducing to the business of the drama. But if the only use of the plot be, as the great Bayes has decided, to bring in good

* * [In omitting this line, Maty's printer assumed, I suspect, an undue authority.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

The learning, industry, and sagacity of Mr. Brunck are well known to the literati, by his elegant editions of some of the Greek tragedies, the *Analecta Veterum Poetarum*, and *Apollonius Rhodius*. The present volumes are nearly of the same size with the *Analecta*; but the type, in which the text is printed, is the same with that of the Greek tragedies. I am told most readers complain of the diminutive size of the character, and I must confess I should have been better pleased if the editor had employed the same type in this work as in the *Analecta*; it would have spared the reader's eyes, and, perhaps, have rendered the typographical errors fewer than they are at present. Mr. Brunck has had for the use of this edition (besides all the former editions of any consequence) the collations of many manuscripts; in the *Plutus*, *Nubes*, and *Ranæ*, five (the collation of one does not appear but in the *Addenda*); in the *Equites*, *Acharnenses*, *Aves*, and *Lysistrata*, three; in the *Vespæ*, *Pax*, and *Ecclesiazusæ*, two; in the *Thesmophoriazusæ*, but one. By the help of these

manu-

manuscripts, the observations of critics, and his own reading, he has been enabled not only to purge the text from innumerable usurpations, but sometimes to supply chasms in it: an instance or two of which I shall give in the progress of this article. The ingenious critic apologizes (or rather does not apologize) for having left some faulty readings in the text (which either critical sagacity, or the assistance of MSS. would have removed) on account of the great hurry in which he was obliged to write his notes. To me, I own, this reason seems not entirely satisfactory.—“Quod olim librorum descriptoribus sæpissime evenit, id et ego quandoque passus sum; nec hujus inconsiderantiæ necesse duco ut me purgem, veniamque petam; quin mirari subit lætarique bonam fortunam frequentioribus istiusmodi lapsibus mihi cavisse; maxime quum recordor, partem haud minimam istarum fabularum a me descriptam iterum fuisse, dum in Museo meo vel ludebat filius meus, quo animum meum nihil magis advertit oblectatque, vel confabulabantur boni quidam viri, qui quot fere diebus horisque

matutinis ad me visere solent.”—Tantamne rem tam negligenter? I think in such a case I should have sent Master Brunck out of the room. Pugh! says Mr. B. (or I suppose would say, if he read Shakspeare) “He talks to me that never had a son.” But to be serious: What right has any man to publish a work of this kind in a hurry? Mr. B., I believe, is not in that unfortunate situation, which some learned men have experienced, to be obliged to publish as fast as the avarice or tyranny of booksellers required. There have too been some writers who, in publishing a book, have had a provident eye to the future, and taken care to reserve a sufficient quantity of additions to adorn the second impression. But this gentleman’s character and circumstances will not suffer us to entertain the slightest suspicion, that he will ever change from Mr. Brunck into Simonides. (Vid. Aristoph. Pac. 697.)—Mr. Brunck, in his notes, is frequently engaged with the Parisian Professor, and the flower of the French critics, as he calls them, (to wit) Messrs. Vauvilliers and Dupuy, the former of



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



cluded. Upon this a dialogue ensues between Lysistrata and Probulus, the heroine and hero of the play.

V. 487. "Ὅτι βεβλόμεναι τὴν ἀκρόπολιν ἡμῶν ἀπεκλείσατε μοχλοῖς. In some other editions it is printed τὴν πόλιν ἡμῶν ἀπεκλείσατε τοῖς μοχλοῖς. Mr. Brunck has inserted very justly Dawes's emendation in the text, "Ὅτι βεβλόμεναι τὴν πόλιν ἡμῶν ἀπεκλείσατε τοῖσι μοχλοῖσιν. The corruption, no doubt, arose from the explanation of the scholiast being written above the text: ἡ πόλις of itself signifies the acropolis. I cannot help submitting it to Mr. Brunck's judgement, whether in Plutus 772, instead of the vulgar reading κλεινὸν πέδον, we should not read κλεινὴν πόλιν from Stephanus Byzant. v. Ἀθῆναι. But perhaps Hemsterhuis has sufficiently defended the other reading; for I must own, though with the utmost fear of incurring Mr. Brunck's displeasure (vid. not. in Plut. 327.), that I am not possessed of Hemsterhuis's edition.

v. 498. Ἡμεῖς ὑμᾶς σώσομεν, ΠΡ. ὑμεῖς; Δ. ἡμεῖς μέντοι.
 Π. σκέτλιόν γε.
 Δ. Ἀλλ' ἀποδεκτέα ταῦτ' ἐστὶν ὅμως. Π. Νῆ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἀδικόν γε.

Ἀλλ'

'Αλλ' ἀποδεκτέα is a conjectural emendation, first inserted in the Venetian edition; ingenious enough, but wrong. The first edition has 'Αλλ' ἀποκτέα, which comes nearer the true reading, restored by Mr. B. from two MSS. 'Αλλὰ ποιητέα.—But the MS. not only amends but supplies the text: for Mr. B. has inserted the following verse upon the authority of the MS. after verse 498.

Λ. Ὡς σωθήσει κὰν μὴ βέλη. Π. Δεινόν γε λέγεις. Λ. Ἀγανακτεῖς. Ἀλλά π. etc.

Mr. Brunck is not in general very gracious to Kuster, when he finds him negligent in smaller matters. But what would he have said had he known, that in the very manuscript*, which Kuster used, not only the true reading of the third verse was preserved, but the second verse fairly and plainly written?—Though he might have guessed something of the kind from the scholiast, to whose words a part of the verse in question is prefixed.

V. 519. Ὁ δὲ μὲν εὐθύς ὑποβλέψας ἔφασκεν· κ'εἰ μὴ τὸν στήμονα νήσω.—Mr. Brunck rightly observes, that the copula has no business

[* Now in the library of Trinity College, Cambridge.]

before εἰ; he therefore reads, 'Ο δ' ἐμ' εὐθύς ὑποβλέψας φάσκειν ἄν· Εἰ μὴ τὸν στήμονα νήσεις (νήσεις from a MS.)· I should rather read, 'Ο δ' ἐμ' εὐθύς ὑποβλέψας ἄν ἔφασκ'· Εἰ μὴ etc.

v. 529, seq. Λ. Σιώπα. Σίγ' ὦ κατάρατε, Π. σιωπῶ 'γω.

Λ. Καὶ ταῦτα καλύμματα φέρε

Περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν· μὴ νῦν ζώην· ἀλλ' εἰ τοῦτ' ἐμπόδιόν σοι.

Παρ' ἐμοῦ τουτὶ τὸ κάλυμμα λαβὼν, "Εχε, καὶ περίθου περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν,—Κᾶτα σιώπα.

To enter into an examination of the tautology, the absurdity, the metrical defects, and the want of syntax in this sentence, as it now stands, would waste too much time and paper. Suffice it to say, that the editor has happily restored the genuine text by the aid of MSS.*

Λ. Σιώπα. Π. Σοί γ', ὦ κατάρατε, σιωπῶ 'γὰ καὶ ταῦτα κάλυμμα φορέσῃ Περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν; μὴ νῦν ζώην. Λ. "Αλλ' εἰ τῆτ' ἐμπόδιόν σοι, etc.*

In the Nubes, after v. 969. Mr. B. has inserted a verse, which Mr. Valckenaer first discovered to belong to this place (from Suidas, v. χιάζειν.)

Εἰ δέ τις αὐτῶν βωμολοχεύσαιτ', ἢ κάμψειέν τινα καμπὴν,
[Αὐτὸς δείξας, ἐν δ' ἀρμονίαις χιάζων ἢ σιφνιάζων.] etc.

[* quibuscum concordat MS. Trin. Coll. Cantab. R. P. Append. ad Tourp. in Suid. p. 503.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

quotes the latter verse to prove that *ἄλις* may be joined with a nominative. Dawes (Misc. Crit. p. 235.), perceiving a solecism in this reading, tacitly altered it to *εἴγ' ἄλις*—But the sense of the passage is not at all assisted by this alteration. “The senate decreed to hold a meeting—if there is leisure;” rather, “if there should be leisure.” Neither could the herald be ignorant, when he proclaimed this, whether they had sufficient leisure or not. The first edition (by Junta) has *ἦν ἄλισθ' ἡμῶν σχολή** which approaches very near the true reading restored to the text from the MS. *ἦ μάλισθ' ἡμῶν σχολή*. “on which day we are most at leisure.” The third day of the Thesmophoria was a fast (vid. Athenæum VII. p. 307. F.).

In the Pax, when Trygæus and the chorus are drawing the goddess Irene out of the well, the chorus exclaims, v. 496. *ὦς κακὸν εἴ τινες εἰσὶν ἐν ἡμῶν*. Mr. B.'s MS. had *ὦς κακὸν οἴ τινες εἰσὶν ἐν ἡμῶν*. of which, he says, he could make nothing for a long time, till he luckily found the true reading in Suidas, v. *κακόνιοι*.

* [Junta has, *ἡμῶν σχολῆ*. R. P.]

Ὡς κακόνοι τινές εἰσιν ἐν ἡμῖν. “There are certainly some disaffected people among us.” And so the scholiast seems to have read in his copy, as one may conjecture from his explanation.

In the Equites, v. 1300, etc. the triremes are in great agitation, upon hearing that Hyperbolus is going to petition for a fleet, and they vow that he shall never command them. But, says one, who had never come near man, “if the Athenians consent to this motion,”—

καθῆσθαί μοι δοκῶ

Εἰς τὸ Θησεῖον πλεύσασαι, ἢ πὶ τῶν σεμνῶν θεῶν.

In which words there is neither sense nor syntax.

Whoever has a mind to see what the critics have written about it and about it, may consult Petit (Leg. Attic. p. 79.), * D’orville and Salvini (Miscell. Observat. Vol. III. p. 401. 2.), Dawes (Misc. Crit. p. 252.): Mr. Brunck has restored from conjecture, δοκεῖ—πλεύσας, referring to Vesp. 270. “I advise that we sail either to the Theseum, or the temple of the

* [A mistake for “Duker.” R. P.]

Eumenides, and take refuge there." The emendation is ingenious and certain, nor does it the less honour to Mr. Bruuck's sagacity, that Reiske had already proposed the same in the *Acta Lipsiensia* for July 1750, p. 419.

Eq. 751. Οὐκ ἂν καθιζοίμην ἐν ἄλλῳ χωρίῳ.
'Αλλ' εἰς τὸ πρόσθε χρῆν παρεῖναι ἑ τὴν Πνύκα.

This Demus says to Agoracritus, who had requested him not to hear the cause in Pnyx. The commentators have been led into gross errors by a slight corruption in the text. Mr. B. has elegantly restored, ὡς τὸ πρόσθε, "as formerly."

Nub. 330. Κεστρᾶν τεμάχη μεγάλην ἀγαθᾶν,
κρέα τ' ὀρνίθια κιχλᾶν. The metre is defective by half a foot. In Kuster's edition: κρέα τ' ὀρνίθειά γε κιχλᾶν. Mr. Brunck has thrown out γε, and replaced the true reading upon the authority of Athenæus and Eustathius, κιχηλᾶν. It doubtless escaped his notice, that H. Stephens had made this emendation in his *Ap. to Greek Thes.* p. 1228. To the authorities mentioned, he might have added the testimony of the *Etymologus M.* whom Phavorinus has transcribed p. 1060. ed. Basil. 1541.

Having



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



has, with great justice, frequently expunged it; but he should have done it much oftener, and I will give a few examples where it ought to be thrown out, as perfectly useless both to the metre and sense.

Nub. 869. Καὶ τῶν κρεμαθρῶν ἔ τριβων τῶν ἐνθάδε. Mr. B. inserts γε here after τῶν, to make the verse agree with Dawes's canon. I had rather read κρεμαστρῶν on the authority of Pollux X. 157. and so perhaps the scholiast read, v. Pierson on Mæris, p. 242.—1216. Ἀπερυθριάσαι γε μᾶλλον, ἢ σχεῖν πράγματα. As the penultima of ἀπερυθριάσαι is long, the γε ought to be expunged.—Ran. 1055. Ἔστι διδάσκαλος, ὅστις φράζει τοῖς δ' ἡβῶσίν γε ποιηταί. The particle is interpolated by some later editor. Read τοῖσιν δ' ἡβῶσι.—Equit. 508. Ἠνάγκαζεν ἔπη λέξοντάς γ' ἐς τὸ θέατρον παραβῆναι. Read Ἠνάγκαζεν λέξοντας ἔπη πρὸς τὸ θέατρον, as it is quoted by the author of the argument to the Nubes*. Acharn. 629. Οὐπω παρέβη πρὸς τὸ θέατρον λέξων. Pac. 735. Αὐτὸν ἐπήνει πρὸς τὸ θέατρον παράβας. There is another passage in Aristophanes where πρὸς is to be restored in-

* [Conf. R. P. Suppl. ad Præf. Eur. lv=lx.]

stead of *εἰς*, Acharn. 392. Ὡς σκῆψιν ἂν ἀγῶν ἔτος ἐκ ἐσδέξεται. This Mr. B. quotes in a note upon Nub. 465. (where *γ*. ἐπόψομαι for ὄψομαι from Suidas, *v.* ἄρα γε) to show that the particle ἂν may be joined with a future indicative, a point I shall not at present dispute, but the validity of this example to prove it. If the learned critic had looked into any of the three first editions of Suidas, *v.* Σίσυφος, or P. Leopard. Emendat. xiii. 8. he would have found it thus quoted, Ὡς σκῆψιν ἀγῶν ἔτος ἐ προσδέξεται, which is the true reading, changing only ἀγῶν into ἀγών, or, as Mr. Brunck would write it, ὠγών.

Acharn. 18. Οὕτως ἐδήχθην ὑπὸ κονίας γε τὰς ὀφρεῦς. As the penultima of *κονίας* may be made long, *vid.* Lysistr. 470., the *γε* may be safely ejected on the authority of the scholiast and the first editions of Suidas, *v.* ῥύπτομαι.

An. 1478. Τῆτο μὲν γε ἦρος αἰεὶ—Mr. B. is not quite satisfied with this verse, and therefore proposes Τῆτο μὲντ' ἄρ'—The common reading is Τῆτο μὲν ἦρος αἰεὶ—read, Τῆτο τῆ μὲν ἦρος, which answers to what follows, Τῆ δὲ χειμῶνος.—

Eccles. 701. Τοῖς δ' εὐπρεπέσιν γ' ἀπολαθῆντες.

γε is of the editor's insertion. Read, Τοῖς εὐ-
πρεπέσιν δ'.

Thesmoph. 225. Οὐ γὰρ, μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα γ',
ἐνταυθοῖ μενῶ. The particle is here of no force,
nor is it in the earlier editions, at least it is
not in the Basil. 1532. There can scarcely
be a doubt, I think, but we must read, Οὐ
γὰρ, μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἐτ' ἐνταυθοῖ μενῶ, to any
one who will consult Nub. 814. Vesp. 1442.
Av. 1335. I shall quote the middle example,
Οὐ τοι, μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἐτ' ἐνταυθοῖ μενεῖς. To
show of what signal use it is sometimes to
compare an author with himself, I will give
another example. Thesmoph. 630. Φέρ' ἴδω,
τί πρῶτον ἦν; ἐπίνομεν; Mr. B. has aptly quoted
Nub. 787. Φέρ' ἴδω, τί μέντοι πρῶτον ἦν; τί πρῶτον
ἦν; but, what is surprising, did not see that
the verse in question was to be amended thus:
Φέρ' ἴδω, τί μέντοι πρῶτον ἦν; as it is quoted by
Suidas, v. προπίνει.

Ibid. 443. Ὀλίγων ἕνεκα γ' αὐτὴ παρῆλθον ῥη-
μάτων. Why does Mr. B. follow that bardus,
stipes, fungus, etc. Bergler with his γε? Why
not ἕνεκα καὐτῆ—Lysistr. 82. Γυμνάδομαί γε
κὴ ποτὶ πυγὰν ἄλλομαι. Mr. B. reads γα La-
conice.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

emendation on Acharn. 271, is confirmed by Suidas, v. *Δαμάχων*. that on Pac. 188. by Suidas, v. *μιαροί*. Of the first I shall give but one instance; Plut. 392. as a MS. has *ποῖον*, it ought to have been inserted in the text. The assertion of Mr. B's, that there are a hundred exceptions, is rash; I do not believe there are six. I remember one in the Rhesus, but easily to be altered. The verse from the Phœnissæ is no proof at all; that from the Bacchæ very little; in the example from the Acharn. 903. read 'Ο ποῖος ἔτος Δάμαχος.—vid. Nub. 1270. Τὰ ποῖα ταῦτα χρήμαθ'; so far from 'Ο ποῖος not being admissible here, it is almost necessary, on account of the apodosis, 'Ο δεινός*.—I will give two instances of Aristophanes's exactness in this particular: Ran. 1200. Ἀπὸ ληκυθίας τὰς σὰς προλόγους διαφθερῶ. So a MS. has it; rightly, as appears from the next verse, Ἀπὸ ληκυθίας σὺ τὰς ἐμέας;—Aves 1419. Ὅδὲ πάρεστιν ἄλλ' ὅτε χρῆ, δεῖ λέγειν. Πτερῶν, πτερῶν δεῖ. It is plain, that in the first verse we must read ὅτε δεῖ, χρῆ λέγειν,

[* Conf. R. P. ad Ph. 892. 1718. I am grieved that the former line had been attempted by Ruhnkenius ad Rut. Lup. p. 54.]

not only for the reason above given, but also because *χρῆ* never governs a genitive case in the Attic poets. The only example, I believe, that can be produced to the contrary, is Euripides Orest. 667 (659.). *τί χρῆ φίλων*; but that is to be altered into *δεῖ φίλων* on the authority of Plutarch. Op. Mor. p. 68. E. Aristotel. Ethic. ix. 9.*

Eq. 400. *γενοίμην ἐν Κρατίνου κώδιον*. I much question whether this can signify *una de pelibus Cratini*. L. Bos's emendation *ἐν Κρατίνου* (Animadv. p. 8.) seems to me to admit of no doubt.

Ib. 456. Mr. B. seems somewhat uncertain about the word *κολᾶ*. There is no reason for change. The Attics only use the middle future of this verb. *κολωμένους* ought to have been restored, Vesp. 244, instead of *κολουμένους*, which cannot possibly come from *κολούω*, or indeed any other word. Theopompus apud

* [Et quod Aristophanem attinet, anno 1794 codicis Ravennatis collationem edidit Invernizius, quæ istam emendationem confirmavit. Ipse tandem *τί δεῖ φίλων* inveni in MS. quem voco L. R. P. ad l. c.; quem conf. ad Eur. Suppl. 799.]

Suidam, v. "Αττις. Κολάσομαί γε σέ, Καὶ τὸν σὸν
"Αττιν*.

Thesm. 149. Χρὴ τὸν ποιητὴν ἄνδρα πρὸς τὰ
δράματα—when ἄνῆρ is joined with a substan-
tive, it is not, I believe, capable of the article.
The τὸν is, I believe, the insertion of a later
editor, without any authority; I would there-
fore read, Χρὴ γὰρ ποιητὴν—which connects
better with the preceding verses.

In so long a work, it is impossible but some
little inaccuracies, respecting the niceties of
metre, must escape an editor, however dili-
gent or sagacious.

Eq. 569. Κούδεις οὐδέπω ποτ' αὐτῶν.—It is
astonishing that Mr. Brunck should let the
spondee pass in the first place, and not alter
it to Κούτις.

Ibid. 1256. "Ὅπως γένωμαι σοι Φανὸς ὑπογρα-
φεὺς δικῶν. The metre of this line is redundant
(the first syllable of Φανὸς being long), though
Valesius (on Harpocraton, p. 228.) and

* [MS. Leid. apud Hemsterhusium ad Aristoph. Plut.
p. 435. et MS. C. C. C. Oxon. habent, κολάσομαί γ' ἔσω,
quod leviter mutatum in ΚΟΛΑΣΟΜΑΙ Σ' ΕΓΩ, genuinam
dabit lectionem. R. P. App. ad Toup. in Suid. p. 459.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



made long contrary to the author's custom. *Τὸ φάρμαχόν σου τὴν νόσον μείζω ποιεῖ**. If any thing is to be altered, I should rather suppose, 'Ἄλλ' ought to be supplied at the beginning of the verse. A similar omission has happened in the Aldine edition of Euripid. Phœniss. 1806 (1775), and in many editions of our author, Av. 1693. *Ἄλλὰ γαμικὴν χλανίδα δότω τις δεῦρό μοι.* (ita leg. ex Schol. in v. 1565.) †

The Index is a repetition of Kuster's, but very much improved and enlarged. The Latin interpretation, which the learned editor has altered and corrected in an infinity of places, is, as far as I have consulted it, perspicuous and accurate. In the Fragments, perhaps, something more might have been done. But as I have not now either leisure or inclination to undertake a minute examination; I shall only just observe, that in the Gerytades, part of the twenty-first fragment is repeated in the Incerta, No. 41. where instead of *ρήματα—ἐμβαπτόμενος*, we must read *ρήμα τι—ἐμβαπτόμενον* ‡ from Athenæus,

* [A mistake. The passages are right as they are. R. P.]

† [See Advers. p. 137.] ‡ [*ἐμβαπτόμενος* is right. R. P.]

p. 367, and that in the third fragment of the *Δαιταλῆς*, whoever will compare Nub. 865. 1242. will think it ought probably to be corrected thus, Ἡ μὲν ἴσως σὺ καταπλαγήσει τῷ χρόνῳ. Fragn. incert. 133. is a parody of Euripides apud Plutarch. de Isid. et Osirid. p. 379. D.*

* [R. P. ad Hec. 1255 = 1247.]

ART. III. *Hermesianax ; sive Conjecturæ in Athenæum atque aliquot Poetarum Græcorum Loca, quæ cum corriguntur et explicantur, tum Carmine donantur. Auctore STEPHANO WESTON, S. T. B. Coll. Exon. in Acad. Oxon. Soc. et Eccles. Mamhead in Agro Devon. Rectore. pp. 124. Nichols*.*

THE author of this book, in a proœmium, where he explains the nature of his undertaking, has the following paragraph: Tota artis criticæ materia in tres partes distribuitur, ut debeat monstrare primum principia et causas scribendi recte, quæ philosophica dici potest, deinde de consuetudinibus, præscriptis, moribus, elocutionibusque versari, quæ historica appellari solet; denique de correctione agere ex collationibus MSorum, optimisque editionibus librorum impressorum exquisita, necnon de conjecturis tractare, variâ eruditione et editorum acumine excogitatis,

* [This article is by a friend. MATY.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

therefore, to be wondered at, if Mr. W. has done but little towards restoring this fragment to its first integrity. His best conjecture is, I think, that on v. 83. I shall, therefore, transcribe the lines. After enumerating the most famous poets that were lovers, Hermetianax proceeds to shew, that even philosophers, in spite of their gravity, were “the sons of women.” Οὐδὲ μὲν οὐδ’ ὅποσοι σκληρὸν βίον ἐστήσαντο, Ἀνθρώπων, σκολιὴν μαϊόμενοι σοφίην, Οὐδ’ οἱ δεινὸν ἔρωτος ἀπετρέψαντο κυδοιμὸν Φαινόμενον, δεινὸν δ’ ἦλθον ὑφ’ ἠνίοχον. For Οὐδ’ οἱ δεινὸν, to avoid the repetition of the same word, Mr. W. reads, Οὐδ’ οἶδ’ αἰνὸν. This seems perfectly right (though not having either Lennep or Ruhnkenius at hand, I am not certain whether this conjecture has been anticipated or not); but in the verses immediately following, Mr. W. is less happy. I shall quote the passage, and, for particular reasons, subjoin a Latin commentary. Οἷη μὲν Σάμιον μανίη κατέδησε Θεανοῦς Πυθαγόρην, ἑλίκαν κομψὰ γεωμετρίας Εὐράμενον* καὶ κύκλον ὅσον περιβάλλεται αἰθήρ, Βαιῆ τ’ ἐν σφαίρῃ πάντ’

* [εὐρόμενον membranæ. Schweigh.]

ἀποτασσόμενον. Οἶω δ' ἐχλειημένον ἔξοχον ἐχρῆν
 εἶναι Πολλῶν δ' ἀνθρώπων Σωκράτη ἐν σοφίῃ
 Κύπρις μηνισσα πυρὸς μένει.

V. 89. seq. Corruptissimus locus, et qui sensu et rhythmo omnino vacat. Prima egregie emendavit A. Heringa, Οἶω δ' ἐχλίηνεν, ὄν—, quod cum Cl. Westonus se vix capere fateatur, iudicium ejus desidero. Ut antea, Οἶη μανίη κατέδησε, sic nunc, Οἶω ἐχλίηνε πυρὸς μένει. Planissimus vero sensus. *Quam violento igne Socratem Venus irata calefecit.* Sed interjecta adhuc medicinam implorant. Rescribendum ex verissimâ Wyttenbachii emendatione, Οἶω δ' ἐχλίηνεν, ὄν ἔξοχον ἐχρη Ἀπόλλων Ἀνθρώπων εἶναι Σωκράτη ἐν σοφίῃ, Κύπρις μηνίουσα πυρὸς μένει. Paulo quidem aliter (si rite audita recordor) verba constituerat Wyttenbachius, ita nempe: ἔξ. εἶναι Ἀπόλλων Ἐχρησ' ἀνθρώπων — Sed alterum ordinem prætuli primum ob numerorum facilitatem, deinde ordo, quem ille sequitur, in nullo, quantum sciamus, MS. comparet; alter vero in Codice Veneto, teste Ruhnkenio; postremo cum verbum ἐχρη paullo rarius sit, eo proclivius erat librariis vulgatiorem formam supponere. Sophocles
 Electr.

Electr. 35. ΧΡΗ μοι τοιαῦθ' ὁ ΦΟΙΒΟΣ, ὦν
 πεύσει τάχα. Oed. Col. 87. ΦΟΙΒΩΙ τε κἀμοὶ
 μὴ γένησθ' ἀγνώμονες, "Ὅς μοι, τὰ πόλλ' ἐκεῖν' "ὄτ'
 ΕΞΕΧΡΗ κακὰ, Ταύτην ἔλεξε παῦλαν. Apollon.
 Rhod. I. 301. Ἐπεὶ μάλα δεξιὰ ΦΟΙΒΟΣ ΕΧΡΗ.

In Simonides's epigram, (ap. Athen. p. 125.)
 Mr. W. p. 14. adopts Brunck's emendation*
 of ἐκρύφθη for ἐκάμφθη. A large part of the
 book (to p. 72) is, as the title-page seems to
 promise, employed about the fragments of
 the poets quoted by Athenæus. The rest is
 taken up with Apollonius Rhodius, Aristæ-
 netus, Aristophanes, Asclepiades, Babrius,
 Euripides, Longus, Orpheus, Plutarch, So-
 phocles, Theocritus, Xenophon, etc. I shall
 produce some examples of Mr. W's con-
 jectures, as they occur in order.

P. 40. In the epigram of Hedyllus, (ap.
 Athen. p. 486.) it is strange Mr. W. should
 mistake the sense, when he had Pierson's
 note on Mæris (p. 413.) before him. The
 cause, however, seems to be the expression
 Λέσβιον μετροῦσα, or the σχῆμα πρὸς τὸ σημαινό-
 μενον, as the grammarians call it. That the

* [An. Gr. l. 146. cv.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



sense. In the second, *Στεφάνους δ' ὑπογλωττίδας ὅτε πίνητέ που*. This line too is defective in its metre, which, however, is easily amended, by correcting, as the syntax requires, *ὅταν π*. As to the other emendation, though, perhaps, examples of a similar pleonasm might be adduced, they ought very sparingly to be obtruded on authors from conjecture: besides, a smaller alteration will be sufficient if we read *Στεφανοῦσθ' ὑπογλωττίσιν ὅταν π*. *Coronis ex hypoglossâ factis coronati potatis*. When the word was once, by the carelessness of transcribers, separated, thus *Στεφάνους θ' ὑ*. it was easy to make the other mistake. P. 72. Mr. Weston favours us with two conjectures upon Apollonius Rh. I. 368. and 672. in the former *ἐνδυτὸν* for *ἐνδοθεν*, and in the latter *πλεκτῆσιν* for *λευκῆσιν*.

P. 110. Mr. W. gives us an inscription from Wheeler, p. 77. Η ΓΕΡΟΥΣΙΑ ΚΥΡΟΝ ΑΠΟΛΛΩΝΙΟΥ ΑΡΧΙΑΤΡΟΝ ΑΡΙΣΤΟΝ ΠΟΛΕΙ [πόλιν] ΤΗΝ ΕΠΙΣΗΜΟΝ ΠΡΟΣ ΠΟΛΛΟΙΣ ΕΥΕΡΓΕΤΗΜΑΣΙΝ · ΕΙΣ ΑΥΤΗΝ ΑΛΕΙΨΑΝΤΑ ΛΑΜΠΡΩΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΟΛΥΔΑΠΑΝΩΣ ΚΑΙ ΑΣΥΓΚΡΙΤΩΣ. Mr. W. explains

explains ἀλείψαντα, *qui urbem dealbasset et calce splendida et pretiosa citra comparationem ædificia obduxisset*. I shall further observe, that if the πόλιν, which is inserted in brackets, is meant for an emendation, nothing can be more erroneous, as it is plain that ΠΟΛΕΙ ΤΗΝ ought to coalesce into one word, ΠΟΛΕΙΤΗΝ, ει and ι being perpetually confounded in MSS. and inscriptions.

P. 114. Mr. W. presents us with an elegant conjecture (if it did not recede rather too far from the vulgar reading) upon a corrupt and mutilated passage in the author, de Lapidibus, of whom Mr. Tyrwhitt has lately given us so excellent an edition; v. 38.—καὶ πόντοιο κυκωμένου οὐκ ἀλεγίζων Βήσετ' ἐπὶ τραφερὴν ἀκυμάντοισι πέδεσσι. Mr. W. reads Βήσεθ' ΥΓΡΗΝ ἐπ' ΑΤΑΡΠΙΟΝ ἀκ. and quotes Apollon. Rhod. l. 182. seq.

P. 121. In the following passage of Theocritus, Μή μοι γᾶν Πέλοπος, μή μοι χρύσεια τάλαντα Εἴη ἔχειν, μηδὲ πρόσθε θέειν ἀνέμων. Mr. W. proposes, as a conjecture, ΧΡΥΣΕΙ' ΑΤΑΛΑΝΤΗΣ* Εἴη, &c. which Reiske had

* [ΑΤΑΛΑΝΤΑΣ Weston.]

anticipated, and inserted in his edition; as Mr. W. finds out in his Index v. Reiske. He or Reiske ought to have produced some example of the ellipsis of *μήλα*, not to mention that the second line is almost tautology, if we admit this emendation: if I thought the verse stood in need of any alteration, I should infinitely prefer Pierson's, ΚΡΟΙΣΟΙΟ *τάλαντα*, especially as this conjecture gained the approbation of Jortin (præf. to Fawkes's translation). But the vulgar reading is perfectly right, unless we suppose Euripides to have been a less accurate poet than Theocritus. Med. ap. Grot. Excerpt. p. 197 (542). Εἴη, δ' ἔμοιγε μήτε χρυσὸς ἐν δόμοις, Μήτ' Ὀρφέως κάλλιον ὑμνήσαι μέλος, Εἰ μὴ πῖσημος ἢ τύχη γένοιτό μοι. Herc. Fur. 649 (645). Μή μοι μήτ' Ἀσιήτιδος τυραννίδος ὄλβος εἴη, Μὴ χρυσοῦ δώματα πλήρη, Τᾶς ἤβας ἀντιλαβεῖν. Might not any one say of these passages, as Pierson says of *χρύσεια τάλαντα*, "Frigida sunt χρυσὸς ἐν δόμοις," or "Frigida sunt χρυσοῦ δώματα πλήρη, cum aliquid specialius dicere debuisset poeta?" The happiest conjecture, I think, in the book, with which I shall, therefore, conclude this account, is

upon



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

ART. IV. *An Apology for the Monostrophics, which were published in 1782; with a second Collection of Monostrophics.* By G. J. HUNTINGFORD, A. M. Nov. Coll. Ox. Soc. Nichols*.

MR. H. is determined, as appears from this publication, not only to let criticism see that he has many arrows† still remaining in his quiver, but also to make her feel by sad experience, that *fragili quærens illidere dentem Offendet solido‡*. For my own part, without presuming to usurp the office of a moderator in this dispute, I shall, with Mr. H's good leave, make a few short remarks on one or two assertions, which, I confess, he seems to me to have thrown out at ran-

* [I am indebted to a friend for the following criticism. MATY.]

† [Pindar Olymp. II. 149.]

‡ [Horat. Serm. II. i. 77, 8.]

dom, and not to have considered with a due degree of attention and accuracy. He will view what I shall offer in the light of a friendly, even if mistaken, attempt to set him right; an attempt not altogether needless, because the higher we rate an author's abilities, the readier we are to receive and propagate his errors.

1. One of the arguments, on the strength of which Mr. H. (p. 54.) suspects Homer's right to the hymn to Ceres, is a little extraordinary; "because, instead of εἶπε (Hymn 479.) Pausanias (Corinth. 14.) quotes δειῖξε." Etymologists know, that the Latin word *dico* is literally from the Greek δείκω, the root of δεικνυμι; and Mr. H. knows, that Cæsar often uses *demonstravimus* very nearly in the same sense with *diximus*.—Therefore, the only legitimate conclusion was, that Pausanias has preserved the genuine and more poetical word, instead of the gloss or explanation. So in Sophocles Philoct. 426. instead of the common reading, Οἴμοι· δὴ' αὐτῶς δειν' ἔλεξας, Mr. Brunck will probably give us in the text of his new edition, the variation which

we find in the Scholiast, Οἴμοι δὺ' αὖ τῶδ' ἐξέδειξας*.

2. (p. 125.) “The mere *ipse dixit* of the pedantic Dawes must give place to two poetical authorities.” The first is Θουκυδίδη Ὀλόρου Κεκροπίδην τὸ γένος†. The second, Thomas Scholasticus; Σείο πόνους φιλέω, Δημόσθενες εἰμι δὲ λίην καὶ φιλαριστείδης καὶ φιλοθουκυδίδης‡. I am happy that I can augment the number of Mr. H's examples. Antholog. V. p. 396. edit. H. St. (= An. Gr. ii. 470.) Θουκυδίδης § ἐλέλιζεν ἐὸν νόον· ἦν δὲ νοῆσαι—but whenever the word κῦδος or its derivatives occur in ancient Greek poetry (and they occur very frequently) they have the *υ* invariably long. In what licenses three epigrammatists, who wrote long after the purity and perfection of the Greek poetry were entirely lost, may indulge themselves, is of no consequence; and as for Thomas Scholasticus, his taste may be guessed from his joining Thucydides and Demosthenes in the same encomium with Aristides, a decision almost as judicious as

* [R. P. ad Ph. 540.]

† [An. Gr. III. 265.]

‡ [An. Gr. III. 125.]

§ [Θουκυδίδης δ' ἐ. edd.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



of a thousand years, it is not easy to decide what system of prosody or style he may have formed for his own use. What would Mr. H. think of a foreigner, who, by way of writing English *monostrophics*, should studiously collect and mingle the phraseology, diction, and prosody of Chaucer, Shakspeare, Milton, and Pope, *et tum mirifice speraret se esse locutum?* In my judgement, therefore, Dawes's observation has not been materially hurt by what Mr. H. has advanced.—Dawes does not say that there is no example to be found of the license that Mr. H. defends, but that whoever takes such a license is ignorant of quantity; as ignorant, I may add, as he would be, who should make *ἐπαραι* (New Monostr. p. 20.) an anapæst, *γυπων* (p. 30.) or *ψυχος* (p. 36.) an iambus, or *εἰ συ* (p. 38.) a spondee. Part of Mr. H's civility to Dawes has been already quoted. The paragraph concludes with saying, that "he is positive, hasty and wrong in more passages than in one." Without entering on a long defence of Dawes, I shall venture to urge one plea in his favour. He wrote in his youth some

Græck

Greek verses, full of mistake in syntax and dialect, *though faultless, I believe*, in point of metre. But afterwards, becoming sensible of his error, he quitted what he esteemed so idle and unprofitable a study, and chose rather to read good Greek than to write bad. An example of candour and prudence well worthy to be imitated!

THE LEARNED PIG.



THIS gentleman professing himself to be extremely learned, will have no objection to find his merits set forth in a Greek quotation :

Πρηνὺς ὁδ' εἰσιδέειν καὶ μείλιχος, οὐδέ τι χοίροις

"Ἄλλοισι προσέοικε νόος δέ οἱ ἦν τε φωτὸς

Αἴσιμος ἀμφιθέει, μούνης δ' ἐπιδύεται αὐδῆς*.—

which, no manner of doubt, he will immediately translate for the amusement of the dilettanti who visit him.

The well-earned admiration this pig meets with from a sensible and discerning public,

* As it is possible that the pig's Greek may want rubbing up, owing to his having kept so much company with ladies, the *chien savant* has kindly communicated a translation. This, though not very elegant, and probably made from the Latin, as it does honour to the ingenuous beast, and shews that he is above any sentiment of envy on this occasion, I shall insert.

A gentle pig this same, a pig of parts,

And learn'd as F.R.S. or graduate in arts ;

His ancestors, 'tis true, could only squeak,

But this has been at school—and in a month will speak.

puts



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

NOTÆ BREVES.

[Notæ breves ad Clerici et Bentleii epistolas, quas ex apographo *Askeviano* exaratas in aspectum lucemque Anglica censura protulit R. P. (H. Maty's Review, April 1786, pp. 254—261 = 198—211. Burney.)]

P. 255 = 200. Σιωπῆ, ut Euripidea verba § usurpem, mihi crit ἀπόκρισις. § Apud Plutarchum T. ii. p. 532. E.

Ibid. = 201. Ita enim pro imperio jubes*, minasque addis regaliter. * Ovid. Metam. ii. 397.

Ibid. † Ρῆσις ἀπὸ Σκυθῶν? † Laert. i. 101.

P. 257 = 204. * ἀφθόνους εἶναι Μουσῶν Δύρας.
* Diogenian. iii. 23.

Ibid. † ὀλοαῖς μανίαις † Theocrit. xi. 11.

P. 260 = 209. dicis* id devovens. * Perhaps a mistake of the copier for diris.

ART. IX. *The Parian Chronicle.*

DICENDUM est mihi ad ea quæ a te dicta sunt, sed ita, nihil ut affirmem; quæram omnia, dubitans plerumque, et mihi ipse diffidens.

Having already given a concise account* of this learned and ingenious work, we shall briefly state such doubts as have arisen in our minds, on reviewing Mr. Robertson's arguments; and submit them to his impartial consideration. If we before omitted any observation of moment, from a desire of contracting our article into as small a compass as possible, we shall now endeavour to compensate for the neglect.

Objection I. *The characters have no certain or unequivocal marks of antiquity.* This seems rather to be an answer to a defender of the inscription, than an objection. If a zealous partisan of the marble should appeal

* [Month. Rev. Oct. pp. 351—357.]

to its characters and orthography, as decisive proofs of its being genuine, it would be proper enough to answer, that these circumstances afford no certain criterion of authenticity. But in this word *certain* sculks an unlucky ambiguity. If it means demonstrative, it must be allowed that no inscription can be proved to be *certainly* genuine, from these appearances; but if it means no more than *highly probable*, many inscriptions possess sufficient internal evidence to give their claims this degree of *certainty*. The true question is, Has not the Parian Chronicle every mark of antiquity that can be expected in a monument claiming the age of 2000 years? The letters Γ and Ξ are, by Mr. R's own confession, such as occur in genuine inscriptions; and to say in answer, that an impostor might copy the forms of these letters from other inscriptions, is already to suppose the inscription forged, before it is rendered probable by argument. The learned author of the Dissertation seems to betray some doubt of his own conclusion; for he adds, p. 56, '*that the antiquity of an inscription*

can



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



When Mr. R. adds, that the letters ‘*are such as an ordinary stone-cutter would probably make, if he were employed to engrave a Greek inscription, according to the alphabet now in use,*’ he must be understood *cum grano salis*. The engraver of a fac-simile generally omits some nice and minute touches in taking his copy; but, even with this abatement, we dare appeal to any adept in Greek calligraphy whether the specimen facing p. 56, will justify our author’s observation. ‘*The small letters (ο, ϑ, ω), intermixed among the larger, have an air of affectation and artifice.*’ Then has the greater part of ancient inscriptions an air of affectation and artifice. For the ο is perpetually engraved in this diminutive size, and ω being of a kindred sound, and ϑ of a kindred shape, how can we wonder that all three should be represented of the same magnitude? In the inscription, which immediately follows the marble in Dr. Chandler’s edition, No. xxiv. these very three letters are never so large as the rest, and often much smaller; of which
there

there are instances in the three first lines. See also two medals in the second part of Dorville's *Sicula*, tab. xvi. num. 7. 9.

‘*From the archaisms, such as, ἐγ Λυκωρείας, ἐγ Κυβέλοις, ἐμ Πάρῳι, etc. etc. no conclusion can be drawn in favour of the authenticity of the inscription.*’ Yet surely every thing common to it, with other inscriptions confessedly genuine, creates a reasonable presumption in its favour. ‘*But what reason could there be for these archaisms in the Parian Chronicle? We do not usually find them in Greek writers of the same age, or even of a more early date.*’ The reason is, according to our opinion, that such *archaisms* were then in use: this we know from other inscriptions, in which such *archaisms* (or, as our author afterward calls them, *barbarisms*,) are frequent. Nothing can be inferred from the Greek writers, unless we had their autographs. The present system of orthography in our printed Greek books is out of the question. Again, ‘*The inscription sometimes adopts and sometimes neglects these archaisms, as in lines 4. 12. 27 52. 63. 67.*’

This

This inconsistency either is no valid objection, or, if it be valid, will demolish not only almost every other inscription, but almost every writing whatsoever. For example, in the inscription just quoted, No. xxiv. we find τὸΝ βασιλέα l. 20. and ὅταΜ πέμπηι, 24. A little farther, No. xxvi. l. 31. we have ἐΓ Μαγνησίας, 57. 73. 81. ἐΚ Μαγνησίας, and 106. 108. ἐΚΓ Μαγνησίας. The Corcyrean inscription (Montfaucon, Diar. Ital. p. 420.) promiscuously uses ἐΚδανείζομαι and ἐΓδανείζομαι. In English, who is surprised to find *has* and *hath*, *a hand* and *an hand*, *a useful* and *an useful*, in the works of the same author? We could produce instances of this inaccuracy from the same page, nay from the same sentence.

‘The authenticity of those inscriptions, in which these archaisms appear, must be established, before they can be produced in opposition to the present argument.’ This is, we cannot help thinking, rather too severe a restriction. If no inscription may be quoted, before it be proved genuine, the learned author of the Dissertation need not be afraid of
being



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

vicense, and taken notice of this peculiarity with the intention of afterward employing it in the fabrication of an imposture?

We will now consider, more briefly, the other objections.

II. ‘*It is not probable that the Chronicle was engraved for private use. 1. Because it was such an expense, as few learned Greeks were able to afford.*’ If only a few were able to afford it, some one of those few might be willing to incur it. But let Mr. R. consider how likely it is that a modern, and probably a needy, Greek should be more able to afford it in the last century, than a learned Greek 2000 years ago! 2. ‘*A manuscript is more readily circulated.*’ Do men never prefer cumbrous splendour to cheapness and convenience? And if this composition, instead of being engraved on marble, had been committed to parchment, would it have had a better chance of coming down to the present age? Such a flying sheet would soon be lost; or, if a copy had, by miracle, been preserved to us, the objections to its being genuine

nuine

nuine would be more plausible than any that have been urged against the inscription. What Mr. R. says about the errors to which an inscription is liable, etc. will only prove that chronological inscriptions ought not to be engraved ; but not that they never were. We allow that the *common* method of writing in the reign of Ptolemy Philadelphus was NOT ON STONES. But it was common enough to occur to the mind of any person who wished to leave behind him a memorial at once of his learning and magnificence.

III. This objection, *that the marble does not appear to be engraved by public authority*, we shall readily admit, though Bentley (Diss. on Phalaris, p. 251.) leans to the contrary opinion. In explaining this objection, the learned dissertator observes, that though the expression, ἀρχοντος ἐμ Πάρωι, would lead us to suppose that the inscription related to Paros, not a single circumstance in the history of that island is mentioned. But this expression only shews that the author was an inhabitant of Paros, and intended to give his readers a clue, or ΠΑΡΑΠΕΓΜΑ, by the aid

of which they might adjust the general chronology of Greece to the dates of their own history. *'It is as absurd as would be a marble in Jamaica containing the revolutions of England.'* We see no absurdity in supposing a book to be written in Jamaica, containing the revolutions of England. The natives of Paros were not uninterested in events relating to the general history of Greece, particularly of Athens; and how can we tell whether the author were an *inquilius* or a native of the island; whether he thought it a place beneath his care, or whether he had devoted a separate inscription to the chronology of Paros?

IV. *It has been frequently observed, that the earlier periods of the Grecian history are involved in darkness and confusion.* Granted.

It follows then, that *an author, who should attempt to settle the dates of the earlier periods, would frequently contradict preceding, and be contradicted by subsequent, writers: that he would naturally fall into mistakes, and at best could only hope to adopt the most probable system.* But the difficulty of the task,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



thors? Verrius Flaccus composed a Roman calendar, which, as a monument of his learning and industry, was engraved on marble, and fixed in the most public part of Preneste. Fragments of this very calendar were lately dug up at Preneste, and have been published by a learned Italian*. Now, if the passage of Suetonius†, which informs us of this circumstance, had been lost, would the silence of the Latin writers prove that the fragments were not genuine remains of antiquity? It may be said, that the cases are not parallel, for not a single author mentions the Parian Chronicle, whereas Suetonius does mention Verrius's Roman Calendar. To this we answer, It is dangerous to deny the authenticity of any monument on the slender probability of its being casually mentioned by a single author. We shall also observe, that this fact of the Hemicyclium of Verrius will answer some part of the dissertator's second objection: *'The Parian Chronicle is not an inscription*

* [Cura et studio Petri Francisci Fogginii; Romæ, 1779. forma maxima.]

† [Verrii Flacci vita; p. 964. ed. Oudendorp.]

that

that might have been concealed in a private library. Why not? It is of no extraordinary bulk; and might formerly have been concealed in a private library, or in a private room, with as much ease as many inscriptions are now concealed in very narrow spaces. But unless this monument were placed in some conspicuous part of the island, and obtruded itself on the notice of every traveller, the wonder will in great measure cease, why it is never quoted by the ancients. Of the nine authors named in p. 109, had any one ever visited Paros? If Pausanias had travelled thither, and published his description of the place, we might perhaps expect to find some mention of this marble in so curious and inquisitive a writer. But though the inscription existed, and were famous at Paros, there seems no necessity for any of the authors, whose works are still extant, to have known or recorded it. If there be, let this learned antagonist point out the place where this mention ought to have been made. If any persons were bound by a stronger obligation than others to speak of the Parian inscription, they

they must be the professed chronologers: but alas! we have not the entire works of so much as a single ancient chronologer; it is therefore impossible to determine whether this Chronicle were quoted by any ancient. And supposing it had been seen by some ancient, whose writings still remain, why should he make particular mention of it? Many authors, as we know from their remains, very freely copied their predecessors without naming them. Others, finding only a collection of bare events in the inscription, without historical proofs or reasons, might entirely neglect it, as deserving no credit. Mr. R. seems to lay much stress on the *precise, exact, and particular* specification of the events, p. 109. But he ought to reflect, that this abrupt and positive method of speaking is not only usual, but necessary, in such short systems of chronology as the marble contains, where events only, and their dates, are set down, unaccompanied by any examination of evidences for and against, without stating any computation of probabilities, or deduction of reasons. When therefore a chronological

gical



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

quity of the inscription, unless we at the same time reject many of the principal Greek and Roman writers, who have been convicted of similar errors. We return therefore to objection

VI. *Some of the facts seem to have been taken from authors of a later date.* We have endeavoured impartially to examine and compare the passages quoted in proof of this objection; but we are obliged to confess, that we do not perceive the faintest traces of theft or imitation. One example only deserves to be excepted, to which we shall therefore pay particular attention.

‘The names of six, and, if the lacunæ are properly supplied, the names of twelve cities, appear to have been engraved on the Marble, exactly as we find them in Ælian’s Various History. But there is not any imaginable reason for this particular arrangement. It does not correspond with the time of their foundation, with their situation in Ionia, with their relative importance, or with the order in which they are placed by other eminent historians.’

The

The chance of six names, says Mr. R., being placed by two authors in the same order, is as 1 to 720; of twelve, as 1 to 479,001,600. *‘It is therefore utterly improbable that these names would have been placed in this order on the Marble, if the author of the inscription had not transcribed them from the historian.’*

On this argument we shall observe, 1. That the very contrary conclusion might possibly be just, that the historian transcribed from the inscription. Yet we shall grant that in the present case this is improbable, especially if the author of the Various History be the same Ælian, who, according to Philostratus, Vit. Sophist. II. 31. never quitted Italy in his life. But an intermediate writer might have copied the Marble, and Ælian might have been indebted to him. 2dly, We see no reason to allow that the *lacunæ* are properly supplied. Suppose we should assert, that the names stood originally thus, Miletus, Ephesus, Erythræ, Clazomenæ, Lebedos, Chios, Phocæa, Colophon, Myus, Priene, Samos, Teos. In this arrangement, only four names

names would be together in the same order with Ælian; and from these Miletus must be excepted, because there is an obvious reason for mentioning that city first. Three only will then remain, and surely that is too slight a resemblance to be construed into an imitation. For Pausanias and Paterculus, quoted by our author, p. 154, have both enumerated the same twelve cities, and both agree in placing the five last in the same order, nay, the six last, if Vossius's conjecture, that TEUM ought to be inserted in Paterculus* after Myun TEM, be as true as it is plausible. But who imagines that Pausanias had either opportunity or inclination to copy Paterculus? 3dly, Allowing that the names were engraved on the Marble exactly in the order that Ælian has chosen, is there no way of solving the phænomenon, but by supposing that one borrowed from the other? Seven authors at least (Mr. R. seems to say more, p. 154, 5.) mention the colonization of the same cities; how

* [l. iv. Myuntem, Erythram,] Teum inseri vult Vossius. Recte. Nunquam enim Teus in recensione XII. civitatum Ionicarum omittitur. D. R. ad l.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



be transposed 87,178,291,200 different ways, and that twenty-eight names admit of 304,888,344,611,713,860,501,504,000,000 different transpositions, etc. etc. Ælian therefore transcribed them from Atheneüs; yet Ælian never mentions Atheneüs in his *Various History*. So that, whether Ælian copied from the Marble, or only drew from a common source, he might, and very probably would, conceal his authority.

VIII. *The history of the discovery of the Marbles is obscure and unsatisfactory.*

In p. 169, it is said to be ‘*related with suspicious circumstances, and without any of those clear and unequivocal evidences which always discriminate truth from falsehood.*’ The question then is finally decided. If the inscription has not *any* of those evidences, which truth *always* possesses, and which falsehood always wants, it is most certainly forged. The learned dissertator seems for a moment to have forgotten the modest character of a DOUBTER, and to personate the dogmatist. But waving this, we shall add, that, as far as we can see, no appearance of fraud

fraud is discoverable in any part of the transaction. The history of many inscriptions is related in a manner equally unsatisfactory; and if it could be clearly proved that the Marble was dug up at Paros, what would be easier for a critic, who is determined at any rate to object, than to say, that it was buried there in order to be afterward dug up? If the person, who brought this treasure to light, had been charged on the spot with forging it, or concurring in the forgery, and had then refused to produce the external evidences of its authenticity, we should have a right to question, or perhaps to deny, that it was genuine. But no such objection having been made or hinted, at the original time of its discovery, it is unreasonable to require such testimony, as it is now impossible to obtain. ‘*There is nothing said of it in Sir T. Roe’s negotiations.*’ What is the inference? That Sir Thomas knew nothing of it, or believed it to be spurious, or forged it, or was privy to the forgery? Surely nothing of this kind can be pretended. But let our author account for the circumstance, if he can. To us it seems
of

of no consequence on either side. ‘*Peiresc made no effort to recover this precious relic, and from his composure he seems to have entertained some secret suspicions of its authenticity.*’ Peiresc would have had no chance of recovering it after it was in the possession of Lord Arundel’s agents. He was either a real or a pretended patron of letters, and it became him to affect to be pleased that the inscription had come into England, and was illustrated by his learned friend Selden. John F. Gronovius had with great labour and expense collated Anna Comnena’s *Alexiades*; and intended to publish them. While he was waiting for some other collations, they were intercepted, and the work was published by another. As soon as Gronovius heard this unpleasant news, he answered, that learned men were engaged in a common cause; that if one prevented another in any publication, he ought rather to be thanked for lightening the burthen, than blamed for interfering. But who would conclude from this answer, that Gronovius thought the *Alexiades* spurious, or not worthy of any regard?

Mr. R.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

with regard to what we receive under the venerable name of antiquity.

Much truth is observable in this remark. But the danger lies in applying such general apophthegms to particular cases. In the first place, it must be observed, that no forged books will exactly suit Mr. R's purpose, but such as pretend to be the author's own handwriting; nor any inscriptions, but such as are still extant on the original materials, or such as were known to be extant at the time of their pretended discovery. Let the argument be bounded by these limits, and the number of forgeries will be very much reduced. We are not in possession of Cyriacus Anconitanus's book; but if we were governed by authority, we should think that the testimony of Reinesius in his favour greatly overbalances all that Augustinus has said to his prejudice. The opinion of Reinesius is of the more weight, because he suspects Ursinus of publishing counterfeit monuments. We likewise find the most eminent critics of the present age quoting Cyriacus without suspicion. (v. Ruhnken. in Timæi Lex. Plat. p. 10.=15. ed. nov. apud

apud Koen, ad Gregor. p. 140.) The doctrine advanced in the citation from Hardouin is exactly conformable to *that writer's usual paradoxes*. He wanted to destroy the credit of all the Greek and Latin writers. But inscriptions hung like a millstone about the neck of his project. He therefore resolved to make sure work, and to deny the *genuineness* of as many as he saw convenient; to effect which purpose, he intrenches himself in a general accusation. If the author of the Dissertation had quoted a few more paragraphs from Hardouin, in which he endeavours, after his manner, to shew the forgery of some inscriptions, he would at once have administered the poison and the antidote. But to the reveries of that learned madman, respecting Greek supposititious compositions of this nature, we shall content ourselves with opposing the sentiments of a modern critic, whose judgement on the subject of spurious inscriptions will not be disputed. MAFFEI, in the introduction to the third book, c. 1. p. 51. of his admirable, though unfinished, work, *De Arte Criticâ Lapidariâ*, uses these

words : *Inscriptionum Græce loquentium commentitias, si cum Latinis comparemus, deprehendi paucas : neque enim ullum omnino est, in tanta debacchantium falsariorum libidine, monumenti genus, in quod ii sibi minus licere putaverint. Argumento est, paucissimas usque in hanc diem ab eruditissimis viris, et in hoc literarum genere plurimum versatis rejectas esse, falsique damnatas.*

We here finish our exceptions. Much praise is due to the Author of the Dissertation for the learning and candour so conspicuous throughout his work. Even those, who are most prejudiced against his hypothesis, will read his book with pleasure, as well for the taste and erudition displayed in treating the main question, as for the entertaining discussion of incidental matters. If we seem to have assumed more of the style and tone of controversy than suits the impartiality of judges, we plead in excuse, that we intended only to animate, in some degree, a subject, which, to the generality of readers, must appear dry and tedious. If the author should pay any attention to the hints which we have

thrown



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ART. III. *Plutarchi de Educatione Liberorum Liber, Græce et Latine. Variorum Notas adjecit, suasque Animadversiones immiscuit, THOMAS EDWARDS, LL.D. in usum studiosæ Juventutis. 8vo. pp. 190, of which 60 are Text. 3s. 6d. sewed. Cadell, &c.*

THIS tract on education, attributed to Plutarch, has been several times published by itself, for the use of learners, as we conjecture, rather than for the purpose of displaying the editor's critical talents. The style, though not very elegant, is commonly easy; the maxims are plain and obvious; and the text seems to labour with few signal corruptions*. Whether it be the genuine work of Plutarch,

* When we say this, we rather speak of the state, to which the text might be brought, by a proper use of the helps, which MSS. and criticism would afford, than of the state in which Dr. Edwards has suffered it to remain.

may admit of a doubt. To us, we must own, notwithstanding the praises that have been given to it by respectable writers, it appears much inferior to Plutarch in force of reasoning, in spirit of language, and in the learning of the allusions. Muretus* therefore has suspected it, and M. Wyttenbach † has not scrupled to pronounce it spurious; which we think Dr. Edwards would have done right to mention. The sentiments of such men, whether they can be refuted or not, should never be suppressed.

Dr. Edwards acquaints us, in his preface, that he had meditated an edition of the whole second folio volume, which contains what are commonly called the Moral Works of Plutarch: but being disappointed in his hope of MS. collations, without which nothing worthy of the approbation of the learned could be expected, he desisted from his undertaking. Not to be wholly inactive, however, he published this treatise separately; to which he

* Var. lect. xiv. 1.

† Biblioth. Crit. part iii. p. 89. where he promises to make good his assertion in his edition of Plutarch.

has added Xylander's version, and such observations of other editors, as he thought most conducive to the illustration of the author. In his own notes, he professes to have had two objects in view: first, to supply the defects of his predecessors; and secondly, to explain and defend the late M. Lennep's system of the tenses.

The first thing that strikes us in the notes, is, that some are in English and some in Latin. This is a practice which we shall never fail to reprehend. When an editor produces any observations, which merit the notice of the learned, (and every editor ought to believe at least as much,) let him converse in the common language of the learned:—but when an author writes on a subject of learning chiefly for the benefit of his countrymen, let him compose wholly in his mother-tongue. Perhaps Dr. Edwards was induced to write his notes in this piebald and patchwork manner, by the example of his father's *Theocritus**:—but it is a fault which we neither can

* See our Review of Dr. Edwards's *Theocritus*, vol. lxi. p. 321.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

tain, with the discarded reading in the margin; and, if a probable, but not absolutely certain, reading be proposed, to set it in the margin with some mark denoting the degree of authority or credibility to be allowed to it. Thus the reader would have before him, as it were, a history of the text, and could seldom fall into error but through his own negligence.

It will naturally be asked, Who shall decide what reading is indubitably certain? This decision must be in a great measure left to the discretion of the editor. What! are we to give every man, who sets up for a critic, an unlimited right of correcting ancient books at his pleasure? Not at his pleasure, but in conformity to certain laws well known and established by the general consent of the learned. He may transgress or misapply these laws, but without disowning their authority. No critic in his senses ever yet declared his resolution to put into the text what he at the time thought a wrong reading; and if a man, after perusing the works of his author perhaps ten times as often as the generality of readers,—after diligently comparing

MSS.

MSS. and editions,—after examining what others have written relative to him professedly or accidentally,—after a constant perusal of other authors, with a special view to the elucidation of his own,—if, after all this, he must not be trusted with a discretionary power over the text, he never could be qualified to be an editor at all. Whatever editor (one, we mean, who aspires to that title,) republishes a book from an old edition, when the text might be improved from subsequent discoveries, while he hopes to shew his modesty and religion, only exposes his indolence, his ignorance, or his superstition. Dr. Edwards, after having, in his note on p. 3, approved an emendation by Casaubon, (*ὑπειπόντες* for *ἐπειπόντες*,) rejects it in his Addenda with this grave remark: ‘I grow daily more sensible of the great caution which is requisite in adopting emendations.’ This emendation has at least the warrant of a MS. Now, if *ἐπειπόντες* had been the common reading, which makes very good sense, and a MS. gave *ὑπειπόντες*, the same remark, inverted, would be equally just. The truth is, some-

times

times two readings have such equal claims, that it is very difficult to give a decisive preference to either. In this case, what blame can an editor deservedly incur, who inserts one in the text, if he faithfully informs us of the other?

We shall give a specimen or two where, as we think, Dr. Edwards might safely have been bolder, without incurring the censure of rashness. In p. 8. *καὶ γὰρ τὸ ἦθος ἐστὶ πολυχρόνιον*. Here all the editors, from Xylander inclusively, saw that the addition of *ἔθος* was necessary. Dr. Edwards thus ratifies their opinion: ‘Other copies have *ἦθος*: both (so far) right, for I would recommend *καὶ γὰρ τὸ ἦθος ἔθος ἐστὶ πολυχρόνιον*.’ If it were too much to give the additional word a settled habitation in the text, it might have been allowed to creep in between brackets.

In p. 11. the words *εὐνοῦς καὶ* still keep their place, to the utter extinction of the sense; while Dr. E. is contented with approving the emendation of Schneider and Westhusius *εὐνούστεραι*.

P. 15. Speaking of the injudicious conduct
of



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ought to have justified him better than by quoting Schneider's note, with one example from the stupid play of *Christus Patiens*: for that example belongs of right to Euripides, with whom the writer of that drama has made very free.

P. 20. Φρονεῖ manifestly signifies the same as μέγα φρονεῖ. Dr. E. quotes a passage from Henry Stephens's Thesaurus, in which that learned man entertains some doubt of the integrity of the text. It would have been more useful to tyros, if he had referred them to Sylburgius, who, in his Appendix to Pausanias, p. 927. produces some passages from his author, where the same ellipsis is observable*. We shall quote the first as a specimen. Φρονήσας δὲ ἐφ' αὐτῶν, Καρχηδονίων—ἐναντία ἐπήρθη ναυμαχῆσαι. I. 12. p. 30.

In a book intended for the use of young men, though we by no means recommend an injudicious and undigested mass of commonplace, yet we think it useful and amusing to mark the similar passages that occur in other authors, whether such similarity were the ef-

* Bos in his Ellipses has quoted two of them.

fect of chance or design. Schneider thinks that he sees the vestige of an allusion to the poets in p. 21. "Ὁ γε μὴν πόλεμος χειμάρρου δίκην κ. τ. λ. He might have seen something more like one in the preceding sentence: ὁ χρόνος τ' ἄλλα πάντ' ἀφαιρῶν τῷ γῆρα προστίθησι τὴν ἐπιστήμην. Not unlike Menander (Fragm. ed. Cleric. p. 254.) Εἰ τ' ἄλλ' ἀφαιρεῖν ὁ πολὺς εἴωθεν χρόνος Ἡμῶν, τό γε* φρονεῖν ἀσφαλέστερον ποιεῖ. Passages to the same purpose might be quoted, but they are too well known, from Euripides, Ovid, and others. P. 36. Ἡδὴ δέ τινας ἐγὼ εἶδον πατέρας, οἷς τὸ λίαν φιλεῖν τοῦ μὴ φιλεῖν αἴτιον κατέστη. This was a saying of Theophrastus† in his book *De Amicitia*, as we learn from Plutarch Cat. Minor. p. 777. B. It might have been mentioned, on occasion of the saying attributed to Theocritus the Chian Sophist, p. 45. that the same verse of Homer was applied by the Emperor Julian, when he was invested with the purple.

We have said that we thought Dr. E. some-

* [See Supplem. ad Præf. in Hecub. xvi. = xvii.]

† See M. Ruhnken's note on Rutilius Lupus, p. 23.

times redundant. We shall reduce our censure to two parts. He frequently quotes Stephens, Hoogeveen, and Viger, to explain the most obvious words and phrases. Who would have thought that a note translated by Girard, from the Scholiast on Aristophanes, was necessary to explain the meaning of the word *sycophant*? We are sensible, however, that a great latitude must be allowed in this respect; since that which is clear to one, may be obscure to another. Some may therefore, perhaps, be so far from thinking this minuteness superfluous, that they may even commend it as necessary.

We must, however, confess that we are totally unable to find out the necessity or propriety of illustrating Lennep's system of tenses in a book designed to teach Greek to the learners of that language. Mere learners cannot be edified by being told what a prodigious number of Greek roots formerly grew in the land, when they are informed at the same time that none are now remaining. Some of the grossest of the mistakes, which prevail concerning the tenses in our common grammars,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

be true, curious, and useful? Let us then examine some of the principles which he has laid down on the subject. The only genuine tenses are said to be six in each voice, *i. e.*

The { present, future, perfect, }
 { imperfect, aorist, pluperfect. }

In the active voice, therefore, these tenses are thus supposed to be formed:

τυπέω, τυπέσω, τύπεα,
 ἐτύπεον, ἐτύπεσα, ἐτύπεαν.

In the passive, thus:

τυπέομαι, τυπέσομαι, τυπέαμαι,
 ἐτυπέομην, ἐτυπεσάμην, ἐτυπεάμην.

As for the rest of the tenses, the aorist and second future active, the aorists and futures commonly called passive, he disposes of them in this manner. The future second active is a non-existence; the second aorist active is an imperfect from an obsolete radix; the aorists commonly called passives are imperfects from verbs in μι, whose present tenses have absconded, and the future passives are futures from the same antiquated roots. The paulo-post-futurum is only the future passive with a reduplication.

We

We shall take the liberty to add our sentiments on this ingenious hypothesis, as far as we agree with it.

First, we allow that the second future active has no existence, which was also the assertion of Mr. Dawes. Secondly, we allow that the middle voice (if by the middle voice be meant a set of inflections differing by a native and inherent force from the active and passive voices) never did nor can exist, and that *ἐτυψάμην* is truly and properly an aorist passive. Without making, however, any particular objections to the foregoing scheme of tenses, we shall content ourselves with raising our doubts on some incidental points either implied in this statement, or connected with it and produced in other parts of the notes.

We are told, p. 64, that every circumflex indicates a contraction; and p. 107, that THE CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT *is a most important key to the original Greek language.*

FLAVIA the least and slightest toy

Can with resistless art employ*.

Therefore, 'as every verb first ended in $\epsilon\omega$,

* [Atterbury.]

thus we must derive *εμείνα* :—*μενεω*, *μενεσω*, *εμενεσα*, *εμενεα*, *εμεενα*, *εμείνα* ; ‘and therefore comes it, that *μείναι* in the infinitive is circumflexed :’—but then, it seems to us that *ἐμείνα* in the indicative should be circumflexed, for *ἐμέενα* would, as far as we can see, have its accent on the antepenultima, and consequently its contraction would make it *ἐμείνα*. In virtue of this persuasion, the Doctor will not allow *ἔδωκα* and *εἶπα** to be aorists, but makes them perfects by dint of his own authority. If this be the case, he must exterminate *εἶπας*, or issue a mandate that it may be every where altered to *εἶπῶς*, or *εἶπῶν*.

Why must *ἐλείφθην* come from *λείφθημι*? Because it cannot come from any thing else. We have looked through the notes, and we really cannot find any other reason. *Λείφθημι* too, we are told, comes from *λειφθέω*. Why? *Caret responsio*. Similar to this is another fancy, that *ἰσθήκω* and other present tenses of the same form are not derived from the

* [The aorist *εἶπα* is never used by *Homer*, nor, I believe, till the time of the *Ptolemies*. R. P.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



Dr. Edwards is a little less sanguine here than in general ; for, after allowing that in this very tract a passage occurs where the second aorist is manifestly contradistinguished from the present, he supposes that at first (*i. e.* before we can tell what they did) they used this form in a present sense, but afterward applied it as an aorist, for the sake of convenience.

If we suppose the accents to be infallible guides, (and infallible we must suppose them, unless we mean to find fault with the editor's circumflex,) the participle λαβῶν cannot be a present, because it has an acute tone. It is to no purpose to answer, that at first it was a paroxytone, but was altered *for convenience*; because a circumflex might be placed *for convenience* over a syllable where it could claim no right from a contraction.

Dr. Edwards has now and then given us an observation on other authors. Callimachus, says he, has a passage in his Hymn on Jupiter, 55, which has in vain exercised the wits of the critics ;

Καλὰ μὲν ἤέξευ, καλὰ δ' ἔτραφες, οὐράνιε Ζεῦ.

This

This difficulty he solves by his panacea, of an old verb in *μι, τράφειμι*, which makes *ἔτραφες*, and which verb he proves to have existed from *τράφεν, nutriti sunt*. For our part, we shall be contented, in company with Messrs. Lennep and Ruhnken, to believe that the verse is spurious. In Homer's Hymn to Ceres, 211,

Δεξαμένη δ' ὀσίης ἔνεκεν πολυπότνια Δηώ,

Dr. Edwards would read, instead of *ὀσίης ἔνεκεν, ὀσίης ἔπιεν. ὀσίης, i. e. puris manibus*:—but where does he find such an ellipsis of the word *χείρ*? Vossius in Ruhnken's note proposes *ὀσίης ἐπέθη*, which seems too learned. We believe that Mr. Tyrwhitt's conjecture, as it is the most easy, is most likely to be true,

Δεξαμένη δ' ὀσίης ἔνεκεν πίε πότνια Δηώ,

In the foregoing remarks, we have given our opinion without reserve, but, we hope, without incivility. If any apology, for the degree of freedom which we have used, be thought necessary, we shall quote the following passage from Dr. Edwards's note, p. 162.

‘ I shall close this note with an excellent passage from Lennep; in which he justly cautions

cautions us against paying an implicit deference to the decisions of the ancient or the modern grammarians.—*Id nimirum semper tenendum est in hoc studiorum genere, parum, aut nihil fere, vidisse grammaticos ; tam veteres, quam recentiores : adeoque nullo modo eorum placitis esse standum ; nisi tum, quando ex ipsa linguæ natura petita esse ea appareat. Neque enim ad grammaticorum regulas linguæ fuerunt conditæ ; sed ex linguis, multo usu populorum jam tritis, et excultis, regulæ tandem sunt formatæ. In quo opere, difficili admodum, qui ingenium suum exercuerunt, eorum unusquisque, pro sua sapientia, successum habuit ; alius meliorem, alius deteriorem : cumque nemo rectam viam, qua procedendum esset, videret, sed singuli leges sancirent, quas conjectando præsertim, putarent probabiles ; inde natæ fuerunt tot anomalie, quas si linguarum naturam penitius inspexissent, facile animadvertissent procul a linguis removendas esse.'*



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

quas mihi visus est Heynius ideo præteriisse, quia nesciret. Mirum fortasse nonnullis accidet, Addenda ad Indicem seorsum collo-

I have long entertained, and shall always resolutely defend, THAT ALL MEN ARE LIABLE TO ERROR.”

PREF. to Letters to Archdeacon Travis, p. xxxiii.]

Æn. II. 196. lacrimisque *coactis*] *coactis* Heinsio acceptum ferendum.—Probat quoque [Tyrwhittus apud] Dawes. Misc. crit. cum Burgess. V. C. p. 386.

V. 35. At procul *excelso*] *e celso* Wall. [quod mavult Bentleius ad Lucan. III. 88.]

VII. 26. Aurora in *roseis*] in *croseis* conj. Schraderus ad Musæum p. 289. [et Bentleius ad Lucan. IV. 125.] Conf. IV. 583. Stat. Sylv. l. ii. 45. Te potius *prensa* veheret Tithonia biga. *crosea* corrigit R.B.

Æn. VIII. 246. *trepidentque*] vulgo *trepidant*, quod Rom. quoque exhibet: recte, si quid video, modo *que* absit. Abest etiam a Rom. et aliis *que*. [Et sic citat Menagius ad Malherb. p. 330.]

IX. 467. Euryali et Nisi.] An hoc hemistichium ex interpretamento in margine adscripto subnatum? [Sic censet auctor libri, cui titulus, *Lettres de quelques Juifs à M. Voltaire.*]

773. Unguere] [*Tingere* Bentleius ad Lucan. III. 266.] Conf. R. B. ad Hor. Carm. II. i. 5.

XI. 309. Ponite ;]—Melius Burgess. V. C. ad Dawes. p. 6. [imo Dawesius ipse in curis secundis] divinavit, male suppletum esse versum, cum poëta tantum apposuisset *Ponite*.

cari, non suo singula loco intexi. Sic igitur res se habet. Typographi initium laboris sui ab Indice fecerunt, qui proinde totus excusus erat, diu antequam Addenda in manus eorum pervenirent*. Quod ad operam meam attinet, quamvis omni studio enixus sim, ut quam paucissima menda relinquerentur, vereor tamen, ne plura supersint, quam aut ego ipse aut lectores velint. Nullum tamen, ut spero, mendum tanti momenti invenietur, ut lectorem mediocriter doctum morari possit.

Miserat Heynius una cum Additamentis et Correctionibus brevem Præfationem, quam Typographi seposuerant, toti scilicet operi jam absoluto præponendam. Sed cum cæteris omnibus excusis, præfationem quærerent, nusquam invenire potuerunt. Si tamen bene memini, hæc fuit ejus summa: Editorem, quodcunque ipse ex propria lectione aut ex virorum doctorum monitis observasset, id omne huic editioni annectendum curasse. Hanc igitur iis sive negligentiam, sive infelicitatem, doctissimus Heynius, qua est æqui-

* Video etiam post secundas curas quædam verba omitti, e. g. *janitor*, quod occurrit *Æn.* VI. 400. VIII. 296.

tate, condonabit; et mihi ignoscet, si manum suam paulo intricatiorem me non ubique assecutum esse viderit.

[Operarum correctiones, quas inter legendum chartula, exemplari suo reperta, R. P. manu propria enotaverat, humanitatis studiosis denegare nolui.]

Errata, quæ in textu occurrunt, lector benevolus sic corriget:

ECLOG.

<i>Buc. ver.</i>	<i>Buc. ver.</i>
IV. 61. <i>fastidia</i>	VIII. 81. <i>eodemque</i>
V. 7. <i>Silvestris</i>	IX. 41. <i>populus</i>
VII. 24. <i>pinu.</i>	51. <i>ego</i>
41. 49. 57. 64. <i>in titulo</i> THYRSIS.	X. 17. <i>poëta</i>

GEORG.

<i>Lib. ver.</i>	<i>Lib. ver.</i>
I. 61. <i>Inposuit</i>	390. <i>Hinc</i>
222. <i>stella</i>	405. <i>annum</i>
305. <i>glandes</i>	III. 147. <i>quoi</i>
307. <i>gruibus</i>	250. <i>pertentet</i>
397. <i>ferri</i>	414. <i>odoratam</i>
II. 267. <i>quo mox</i>	IV. 255. <i>corpora</i>
287. <i>Terra</i>	261. <i>quondam</i>
328. <i>resonant</i>	



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ART. II. *An Analytical Essay on the Greek Alphabet.* By RICH. PAYNE KNIGHT. 4to. pp. 136. 15s. Boards. Elmsley. 1791.

FOR the seeming minuteness of this and similar investigations, the author of the present work makes the following apology, which we recommend to the attentive consideration of all whom it may concern:

‘ I cannot indeed but think, that the judgement of the Public, upon the respective merits of the different classes of Criticks, is peculiarly partial and unjust.

‘ Those among them who assume the office of pointing out the beauties, and detecting the faults, of literary composition, are placed with the orator and historian in the highest ranks ; whilst those, who undertake the more laborious task of washing away the rust and canker of time, and bringing back those forms and colours, which are the subject of criticism, to their original purity and brightness, are degraded with the index-maker and antiquary,

antiquary, among the pioneers of literature, whose business it is to clear the way for those who are capable of more splendid and honourable enterprises.

‘ But, nevertheless, if we examine the effects produced by these two classes of Criticks, we shall find that the first have been of no use whatever, and that the last have rendered the most important services to mankind. All persons of taste and understanding know, from their own feelings, when to approve, and disapprove, and therefore stand in no need of instructions from the Critick; and as for those who are destitute of such faculties, they can never be taught to use them; for no one can be taught to exert faculties which he does not possess. Every dunce may, indeed, be taught to repeat the jargon of criticism, which of all jargons is the worst, as it joins the tedious formality of methodical reasoning to the trite frivolity of common-place observation. But, whatever may be the taste and discernment of a reader, or the genius and ability of a writer, neither the one nor the other can appear

pear

pear while the text remains deformed by the corruptions of blundering transcribers, and obscured by the glosses of ignorant grammarians. It is then that the aid of the verbal Critick is required; and though his minute labour, in dissecting syllables and analysing letters, may appear contemptible in its operation, it will be found important in its effect.

‘ The office, indeed, of analysing letters has been thought the lowest of all literary occupations; but nevertheless as sound, though only the vehicle of sense, is that which principally distinguishes the most brilliant poetry from the flattest prose; and as, in the dead languages, all sound is to be known only from the powers originally given to the characters representing the elements of it; to analyse these characters, and to shew what their Powers really were, is the only way to acquire a knowledge of those sounds in which the antient poets conveyed their sense. A successful endeavour to obtain this end will not, I flatter myself, be deemed either

trifling



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

gives an account of the five Greek vowels ; one of which, the A, he derives from the Phœnicians ; and the other four he supposes to be of Greek invention.

Sect. II. contains a system of metrical quantity, partly deduced from the foregoing observations, and partly from the practice of Homer, on whom Mr. K. bestows the following encomium :

‘ As the Greek Alphabet was adapted to the language, and not the language to the alphabet, we shall find the practice perfectly accord with the theory, unless where local or vicious habits corrupted it. Even there we have the peculiar advantage in this language of possessing the Works of a poet (the most elegant, correct, and perfect of all poets), who lived before many such habits had been formed, and whose writings, therefore, though defaced by the varnishes of criticks, grammarians, and transcribers, are composed of materials so pure and simple, and executed with such precision and regularity, that we can still trace the minutest touches of the master’s hand, and

and ascertain, with almost mathematical certainty, the principles* upon which he wrought.
For

* ‘ This character of Homer’s poems may, perhaps, startle those who are accustomed to receive their opinions, ready formed, from the futile, but pompous, assertions of certain self-created judges of literature ; whose decisions, to the disgrace of the age, are not unpopular.’

With all due fear of this fulmination before our eyes, we cannot but think this character of Homer a little over-rated. Homer’s poetry, however exalted and embellished by learning and genius, must partake of that rudeness and simplicity which are always incident to the infancy of language and of society. The champions for Homer, who attribute to him all possible perfection, who find in him not only all other arts and sciences, but also a philosophical grammar, and a philosophical system of metre, ought to be able to give a satisfactory answer to the following questions :

1. Who was Homer ?
2. Of what country was Homer ?
3. When did Homer live ?
4. Was the art of writing known in Homer’s time, or not in use till after his death ?
5. Are the Iliad and Odyssey, as we have them at present, wholly written by the same person ?
6. Were the several parts of them arranged by the author in the same order in which they now appear ?

We feel no pleasure in scepticism : but, (as Dr. Johnson

For this reason I shall admit no general rule or principle of metrical quantity that is not justified by the practice of Homer; having found that his practice is always founded upon reason and analogy, whereas that of later poets was often regulated by local and temporary habit.'

On this ground Mr. K. builds three general conclusions:

' 1. A single vowel, representing a single act of vocal utterance or expiration, must necessarily be short, unless lengthened by a succeeding pause or obstruction of utterance; for the proper definition of a short syllable is, one that occupies only the time usually allowed to a single act of vocal utterance; whereas a long one is that which occupies the time usually appropriated to two; either

observes on Shakspeare,) no question can be so innocently discussed as a dead poet's pretensions to fame; and the queries, which we have proposed, at least might serve to repress the triumph of those sanguine projectors, who, on the sole foundation of Homer's works, would erect a system of language:—a task which they themselves own to be a matter of extreme nicety and difficulty.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



joined to a mute consonant, this constrained expiration will naturally be lengthened or obstructed, either of which will prolong the syllable.'

The reader will easily observe that, in copying these passages, we have only endeavoured to state Mr. Knight's opinions in his own words, omitting the arguments by which they are supported, the corollaries that he deduces from them, the collateral illustrations, answers to objections, etc. If we have room and leisure, we may perhaps hereafter briefly touch on some of these subjects.

The remainder of this section is chiefly occupied in examining the nature of the digamma; that instrument, by whose aid Dr. Bentley, Mr. Dawes, and other critics have proposed to work such miracles on Homer's poetry; to make those verses, which, for several thousand years, had been cripples, and had wanted their due complement of feet, move as nimbly as if nothing ailed them; nay, to restore to life and vigour even those which wanted a head.

There arises a doubt on the subject, to which, as far as we can find, Mr. K. has not attended.

attended. Dr. Bentley would restore the figure of the Æolic digamma in the Iliad and Odyssey. Dawes thinks that a sign of the same nature ought to be inserted for the instruction of modern readers: but he apprehends that, in Homer's time and country, though the power of the digamma existed, the use of the character was unknown. Now, if Homer *wrote* his own poems, (a point which Mr. K. does not venture to decide,) this question would certainly furnish ample matter for speculation. It will not be amiss to shew how fifty or sixty thousand digammas should desert all at once, and escape detection for so long a time.

Mr. Knight, with Mr. Dawes, supposes the true orthography of nouns now ending in *εως* to be $EF\Sigma$ or $EW\Sigma$, and the cases to be $EWOC\Sigma$, EWI , EWA , etc. In the genitives of the patronymics, the poets had the privilege, it seems, of using indifferently the Ionic and Æolic;

*“ And if folks ask the reason for't,
Say one was long, and t'other short*.”*

Thus, if they wanted to begin a line, $A\tau\rho\epsilon\omega\iota-$

[* Hudibras.]

δεω and Πηλεωιδεω presented themselves ; if to end a verse, Ατρεωιδαωο, and Πηλεωιδαωο. Their prerogatives did not stop here. They had another resource in the method of spelling their words. For instance, if they divided their genitive cases in this manner, Ατρε-ωος, then the second syllable is short, and the patronymic must be formed in ιδης : but, if the digamma were added to the former syllable, that syllable became a quasi-diphthong ; and, being long, required the patronymic to be formed in ιαδης. It appears, therefore, that the same word in Homer's verse has four several metres : 1. $\bar{a}\tau \mid \rho\check{\epsilon} \mid w\check{i}$
 $\delta\bar{a}w \mid \check{o}$. 2. $\bar{a}\tau \mid \rho\check{\epsilon} \mid w\check{i} \mid \delta\bar{e}\omega$. 3. $\bar{a}\tau \mid \rho\bar{e}w \mid \check{i}$
 $\check{\alpha} \mid \delta\bar{a}w \mid \check{o}$. 4. $\bar{a}\tau \mid \rho\bar{e}w \mid \check{i} \mid \check{\alpha} \mid \delta\bar{e}\omega$. Such are the liberties which poets enjoy ; *Sed Græci, quibus est nihil negatum, et quos Agres "Agres decet sonare"*.*

Mr. K., however, has some scruples concerning the latter termination, and thinks it not improbable that the genitive αωο might, by apocope, be reduced to αω. Mr. K. ought to prove that the Greeks ever ended a word

[* Martial. Epigr. IX. xii.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

gamma possesses of lengthening either of the syllables, to which it is joined, proceeds that inversion of prosody, which is observable in some words, as in *νεφος**, *Κρονίφονος*, which, in modern orthography, may indifferently be resolved into *νηος*, *νεῶς*, and *Κρονῑονος*, *Κρονῑωνος*.

Mr. K. examines the declinations of many other words, with a view to his system of Homeric prosody. It would be too tedious to give all his instances in detail. The participles he supposes to have originally ended in *αυς*, *ευσ*, and *ους*. He dissents therefore from Dawes, (and, as it should seem, from Markland,) who believed that all these words once had *τ* in the nominative.

Sect. III. The author endeavours to rectify the orthography of Homer's words, by restoring the aspirates according to the directions of the metre. Mr. K. would replace the passage in the ninth Iliad which Aristarchus

* This cannot be denied to be a most convenient privilege for a poet, who, by the aid of such a licence, could of the same word make a pyrrichius, an iambus, and a trochee. By a similar process, Mr. K. solves the phenomena of *μεμάοτος* and *μεμαῶτος*.

expunged, thinking, perhaps, that Phœnix's intention of murdering his father was too horrid an idea to be presented to the reader's mind. To introduce this discarded passage, however, Mr. Knight would himself expunge the 457th verse, and, in its place, immediately insert the four banished verses. In this section, also, Mr. K. tries his hand on many Homeric words, which have been reckoned the *cruces Grammaticorum*. "Ατη, ἀασάμην, ἄσαπο. ἄᾰᾰτος, ἄᾰᾰτος. ἀνήνοθεν, ἐπενήνοθε. δία, δέος. Ζεὺς, δείδω, δειδίσσω, δεινος, are a few words, out of a much greater number, which Mr. K. attempts to analyse, to reduce to their antient etymology, and to restore to their primitive orthography. We shall insert one specimen of his skill in this way :

‘ Έως— † ΕΦΟΣ : wherefore the first syllable is frequently long and the second short. Barnes, indeed, supposed that ἔως ἐγὼ, at the beginning of a line, was an amphibrachys, equal to a dactyl; and Clarke, still more absurdly, that it ought to be pronounced as a spondee, by a sort of metathesis, ὦσε ἐγώ*.

‘ * Odyss. Δ. 90.’

The learned author of the book upon Rhythm would, in one place, divide the intermediate long syllable in a manner which I avow myself incapable of exactly comprehending* ; and, in another, elide the first syllable †, as the Dorians frequently did ; but, nevertheless, without extending the third in consequence of it, as he must do to fill the metre. All these refined conjectures are, however, superfluous, if we read the word in its original form and antient letters. In some passages, indeed, we find it in one syllable, as,

Τὼ δ' ἕως μὲν ῥ' ἐπέτοντο——‡

Εἶχε βίη· ὁ δὲ τέως μὲν ἐνὶ μεγάροις Φυλάκοιο §.

Ἔως μιν (al. μὲν) ἐν Ὀρτυγίῃ——||

Ἔως μὲν γάρ τε θεούσι——¶

‘ But in each of these there is something redundant. In the two first the particle *μὲν* encumbers the sense as well as the metre ; and, in the third, the pronoun should be changed from *μιν* to the old regular form *ἰ*—

‘ * Lib. Sing. de Rythm. Græcor. p. 37.’

‘ † Ibid. p. 142.’

‘ ‡ Odyss. B. 148.’

‘ § Odyss. O. 231.’

‘ || Odyss. E. 123.’

‘ ¶ Iliad. P. 727.’



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



considered the later Attic as the universal dialect, and standard for purity, were not likely to form very accurate notions of the style of Homer; for instead of considering their own grammatical flexions as corruptions of his, they considered his as licentious or poetical deviations from their own; wherefore they began their researches at the wrong end, and consequently, the farther they pursued them, the farther they were from the truth.'

Mr. K. then produces a passage, of which he pronounces the general sense injured:

‘ This is in the 22d Iliad, where Hector, certain of his death, on finding himself opposed, unassisted and alone, to Achilles, says, (v. 300.)

Νῦν δὲ δὴ ἐγγύθι μοι θάνατος κακὸς, οὐδέ τ' ἀνευθεν·
 Οὐδ' ἀλέη· ἧ γάρ ῥα πάλαι τό γε φίλτερον ἦεν
 Ζηνί τε καὶ Διὸς υἱεῖ ἐκηθόλω, οἷ με πάρος γε
 Πρόφρονες εἰρύαται· νῦν αὖτέ με μοῖρα κιχάνει.

‘ Which, in its present form, literally signifies—*Evil death is near me—not even separate—nor refuge—for it was indeed formerly agreeable to Jupiter and Apollo, who*
before

before cordially defended me; but now Fate overtakes me. Instead of which, by only dropping the conjunction from the negative, and transposing a particle, we have

*Nūn δὲ δὴ ἐγγύθι μοι θάνατος κακός, οὐ δέ τ' ἀνευθεν·
Οὐκ ἀλέη γάρ.—ἦ ρα πάλαι τόγε φίλτερον ἦεν, etc.*

'Evil death is near me—not even separate; for no refuge.—It was, indeed, formerly agreeable to Jupiter and Apollo, etc. etc.'

We here take the liberty of stating a trifling difficulty that occurs to us. Is the particle ἦ aspirated? Or ought it to have the digamma prefixed? Or is the delay, which may be supposed to take place in consequence of the pause, sufficient to make the short syllable γὰρ long? For unless one of these three suppositions be allowed, we frankly confess that, to our eyes and ears, the second foot of the verse seems very like a trochee.

Now that his hand is engaged in this business, Mr. K. very liberally dispenses the digamma to all the words which want it; inso-much that he prefixes it even to ἀρίστον, and will not suffer the first syllable to be long,
because

because all the MSS. and editions read ἐντύ-
νοντο ἄριστον without elision!

It is impossible to follow the learned author through this section, unless we nearly transcribe the whole. It consists of twenty-four examples, each of which contains two or more words, alike in their modern appearance: but, by the help of declensions, conjugations, and (above all,) the insertion of aspirates and digammas, Mr. K. discriminates their meaning and pronunciation. We cannot say, for our part, that we feel any lively approbation of Mr. K.'s exertions on this subject; we shall therefore copy two of his examples without any animadversions of our own:

‘ IX.	1.	δέω	<i>ligo</i>	ΔΕΩ
	2.	δήω	<i>invenio</i>	ΔΗΩ
	3.	δέω	<i>egeo</i>	ΔΕΦΩ
	4.	δέύω	<i>rigo</i>	ΔΕΥΩ
	5.	δύω	<i>subeo</i>	ΔΥΦΩ

‘ The forms and flexions of these verbs are obviously pointed out by the sense and metre. From the first came ΔΗΜΟΣ, or ΔΕΦΜΟΣ,
a people;



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

out of many words, which in antient Inscriptions are formed with it.'

In Example XXII. Mr. Knight quarrels with the word ἔρυμα, (which occurs in the editions of Homer* for *defence*,) because ἐρύω does not signify to *defend*, but to *draw*. He therefore would substitute ῥῦμα; or, as he would write it, ΡΥΦΜΑ. To this emendation we beg leave to make two objections:—first, Mr. K. cannot prove that ῥύω and ἐρύω have not originally the same meaning:—secondly, he is bound to produce an instance of the word ῥῦμα in Homer himself:—but what need of alteration? Mr. K. confesses that the word ἔρυμα is used by later writers to signify *defence*; and is not Sophocles one of these *later writers*? Yes: but luckily the verse from Ajax, Πρὸς ἔρυμα Τρώων, will equally admit ῥῦμα. Let Mr. K., then, amend the following passages:

Æschyl. Eumenid. 704. (704.)

"Ερυμά τε χώρας καὶ πόλεως σωτήριον.

Euripid. Med. 602. (597.)

Φῦναι † τυράννους παῖδας, ἔρυμα δώμασι.

Bacch. 55.

"Αλλ', ᾧ λιποῦσαι Τρωῶλον, ἔρυμα Λυδίας.

* Il. Δ. 137.

[† Φῦσαι. R. P.]

From ἔρυμα is formed the adjective ἔρυμνός, which occurs in Euripides Helen. 68, and three times in Lycophron. Homer also employs the epithet ἔρυσίπτολις, but that Mr. K. alters to ῥυωσίπτολις: for it is probable, he thinks, that some copiers or stonecutters first changed ΠΥΦΜΑ to ΠΥΕΜΑ, and that the next transcribers, or readers, not knowing what to make of ΠΥΕΜΑ, changed it to ἔρυμα. Thus the Greeks corrupted their language by the addition of a word of nought.

In the last example, Mr. K. commits two small mistakes. He makes σῶσιν in Herodotus to be a contraction of ΣΟΦΟΥΣΙΝ, and accuses Valckenäer of making it an abbreviation of σήθουσι:—but Valckenäer says nothing of this sort; he only observes that it is put for σήθουσιν. The truth is, σῶ is the primitive of σήθω, as ἄλῶ of ἀλήθω, κνῶ of κνήθω, νῶ of νήθω: but the Ionians could never contract σόνουσιν into σῶσιν. If such a contraction existed in any dialect, it would be in the Doric.

Sect. V. contains Mr. K.'s system of the
 K flexions

flexions of the verbs, with some remarks on Dr. Clarke and Lord Monboddo.

‘ Those who wish to know the progress and detail of these great discoveries, will consult the printed works of these learned persons, (Hemsterhuis, Valckenäer, Damm, etc.) ‘ particularly the *Analogia Græca* of Lennep. I shall here only give the result of them, in a short table, showing how the middle voice and the second futures and aorists have been formed out of different themes of the same verbs, only fragments of which have continued in use. These fragments I shall place under their proper heads, and with the proper explanations, leaving the spaces of all the obsolete forms, except the first, which is the theme itself, void.’

Mr. K. then gives us a paradigm of the indicative and infinitive modes in the active and passive voice. We shall be contented with representing the indicative mode; at the same time begging pardon of Mr. K. for spoiling the look of his scheme, and assuring him that we shall faithfully adhere to his system.

ACTIVE



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ἐτύφθην (root τύφθημι) vulgarly the first Aorist.

Future Imperf. τύψομαι.—τυποῦμαι, the Attic future contracted from τυπέσομαι to τυπέομαι, and thence to the present form, which is called the second future middle.—τυφθήσομαι (from the root τυφθέομαι).

Aorist, ἐτυψάμην, adopted for the middle voice.

Present Perf. τέτυμμαι, contracted from τετύπαμαι, which seems originally to have been τετυπέκαμαι.

Past Perf. ἐτετύμην, which has been contracted in the same manner.

Past Future, τετύψομαι.

The reader, who has leisure and inclination, may compare this system with that of Dr. Edwards, of which we gave an account in our 11th volume, New Series, p. 257. We think, as we then said, that Dr. Edwards rightly discards the second futures: but this does not materially injure Mr. Knight's hypothesis, as they may be spared as a superfluity. He justly censures Lord Monboddo for

for his extravagant idea that *βεβήκει, τετρήχει,* etc. are present imperfects of new themes, *βεβήκω, τετρήχω,* etc. and for his still more extravagant notion that *ἐλήλατο* and *ἤρῃριστο* are Aorists. On the first of these heads, Mr. Knight candidly defends Dr. Clarke* against the learned judge; who seems to lose both his good sense and his temper, whenever he finds the editor of Homer in his way.

[* “ Amongst Dr. Clarke’s papers was found a letter of that great Greek scholar Dr. Bentley to him, expressive of his concurrence of opinion with him upon the formation of the tenses of the Greek verbs, which he has so fully illustrated in a note on the first book of his edition of Homer.” *Anecd. of distinguished Persons*, vol. ii. p. 314. That Dr. BENTLEY did accede to Dr. C.’s philosophical distribution of time, as well founded, I mean not to dispute: but that HE sanctioned the theory as applicable to the Greek tenses, I am not prepared to believe.]

*Review of Mr. KNIGHT'S Analytical Essay
on the Greek Alphabet concluded.*

WE have already given an abridged account of the first five sections of this work. The sixth and seventh are devoted to the examination of some (supposed) ancient monuments produced by M. Fourmont in the French Academy of Belles Lettres and Inscriptions*, and of the Lacedæmonian decree against Timotheus, which has been lately republished separately at Oxford by a learned and respectable prelate.

Mr. Knight's examination of the first of these subjects tends to prove that the lists of Spartan priestesses, etc. which M. Barthelemy has endeavoured to illustrate, are forgeries of M. Fourmont. He informs us, that many of the objections, which he here states, were

* Tom. XXIII. p. 394—421. At the end of the volume, are added *fac-similes* of the inscriptions, which are also copied at the end of Mr. K.'s Essay,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

in the *Traité Diplomatique*, by the Benedictines, and in the *Mémoires* of the Academy, by Abbé Barthelemy. A large volume of MSS is shewn in the library: but that, Mr. K. thinks, is not the collection which Count Caylus excuses the Academy for not publishing, on account of the enormous expense which it would require. This reason Mr. K. treats as frivolous; and he thinks that a free examination of what is published will betray the concealed reason for withholding the rest. He says that the laws of Solon, and the 2000 men employed at Amyclæ, are now given up; it being discovered that all Peloponnesus would scarcely have afforded so many labourers; and he was informed by the late Mr. Stuart, who followed Fourmont, that Fourmont employed as many men as he could collect,—not to discover inscriptions, but to break in pieces those which were already brought to light*.

* If these facts be authentic, we, for our part, should scarcely desire more evidence to persuade us that the inscriptions in question are forgeries; since, of these three circumstances, the first two shew the most deliberate falsification, and the third manifests a violent dread of detection.

The

The inscriptions published contain specimens of writing, from King Eurotas, seven generations* prior to the Trojan war, down to Philip of Macedon. We might therefore expect to find great variety in the form and use of the letters, but they appear to be the same person's writing and composition. M. Fourmont's Sigma, which is taken from the Gortynian medals, is really an Iota, and the title is to be read, Mr. K. says, ΓΟΡΤΥΝΙ (for Γορτυνίων) not ΓΟΡΤΥΝΣ. This conformity is badly explained by the permanence of the Lacedæmonian manners and customs, which were twice changed during the above-mentioned period; first by the invasion of the Dorians, and afterward by the institutions of Lycurgus. The forms of the bucklers, on which two of the inscriptions are engraven, are totally unlike the simple round shields of the antient Greeks; they are in absurd and fanciful shapes, and are unfit for purposes of defence.

Fourmont discovered a temple dedicated to the Goddess ONGA or OGA, which no other traveller has been able to find. Want-

* Pausan. Lacon. sive Lib. III. p. 204, 205.

ing an antient name for the Lacedæmonians, he gave them, in his inscription, the title of **ΙΚΤΕΡΚΕΡΑΤΕΕΣ**, because Meursius produces a short article from Hesychius, *Ἰκτευκρατεῖς. Λάκωνες*. and concludes that the Lacedæmonians were once called *Ἰκτευκρατεῖς*. Fourmont alters the orthography a little: (perhaps he intended to read **ΙΚΕΤΟΚΕΡΑΤΕΕΣ**.) but the learned men, who have lately edited Hesychius, agree in supposing that a Laconic word has been joined to its explication; and that they ought to be separated into *Ἰκτεῦ. κράτει**. Numberless instances are found in Hesychius, in which the name of a people is thus subjoined to a word, in order to denote that the word was chiefly used by that people. Indeed, Hesychius is so corrupt an author that, when he is a solitary witness, his evidence ought to be received with great caution. Mr. K. in a different part of this chapter, objects (and, we think, justly,) to another of Fourmont's inscriptions: in which the word **ΒΑΓΟΣ** is used for *στρατηγός*, and defended by the authority of the same Hesy-

[* See Heringæ Observat. p. 219.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



such as *Αρισετανδερη, Αρισετομακο, Καλικερατο,* &c. which, according to Fourmont, are the genitive cases of the words which we now write, *Αριστανδρος, Αριστομαχος, Καλλικρατης,* etc. The termination of other nouns, which ought to be in *εος*, is also, in these inscriptions, made *εο* without the Sigma. The interpolation of the vowels Mr. K. attributes to Fourmont's study of Hebraisms, after he had learned, from Josephus, that the Jews and Lacedæmonians derived themselves from a common stock. We think with Mr. K. that this interpolation seems utterly to subvert the analogy of the Greek language.

To mark the period of the Dorian invasion, the terminations of the names of the priestesses are changed from what Fourmont thought Æolic or Ionic to Doric. Hence *ΑΜΥΜΟΝΕΕ*, in the beginning of the inscription, afterward becomes *ΑΜΥΜΟΝΑ*: but the two Epsilons for an Eta are unautho- rized by antient monuments, and are expressly contradicted by a passage of Plato*.

[* Οὐ γὰρ Η ἐχρώμεθα, ἀλλ' Ε τὸ παλαιόν. Cratyl. p. 63. edd. Bas.=274. F. Laemar.=II. 426. H. St.]

The dialect, too, of the antient Laconians was the Æolic; for Strabo tells us that the fugitives, who were driven out of the Peloponnesus by the Dorians, founded the first Æolian colonies in Asia.

This monument would have fixed so many events to their proper dates, that it must have escaped all travellers and antiquaries, though it existed in one of the most celebrated temples and most frequented provinces. Mr. K. answers an argument of a similar nature, brought against the Parian Chronicle, (a monument which he declares to be undoubtedly antient;) adding that M. d'Hancarville has shewn that Fourmont's inscription fixes the reigns of the fabulous kings of Lacedæmon to the period in which Lydiat and Marsham would place them; which, says Mr. K. it would naturally do, having been fabricated from their writings, and from those of Cragius and Meursius.

Mr. K. then reasons on two suppositions; the first, that the Cadmean was the primitive alphabet of Greece; the second, that the Pelasgian preceded it; and he concludes that
the

the inscriptions appear to be false on either hypothesis.

The shield containing the pedigree of Teleclus might be found in Meursius, from which it only differs in a K for a X; and in the barbarous genitive ΛΑΒΟΤΑΣ. (*Εαγός* we have already mentioned.)

In two other inscriptions, containing lists of the kings, senators, and magistrates of Sparta, during the Messenian war, Mr. K. finds many causes of suspicion; some furnished by Hesychius, some relating to the orthography and inflexions of the words employed. He observes that the form of these inscriptions is not less extraordinary than the substance; they being both signed by the public secretary, and authenticated by the public seal.

In a votive shield inscribed with the name of Anaxidamus, the son of Zeuxidamus, the pedigree is thus continued: Anaxidamus, the son of Zeuxidamus, the son of Anaxander, the son of Eurycrates. This pedigree, differing entirely from that given by Meursius from Pausanias, has afforded matter of much triumph



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

Spartan dialect, has been frequently the subject of learned observations. Joseph Scaliger attempted to give a complete copy of it in his notes to Manilius* ; as did also, about the same time, Isaac Casaubon, in his animadversions upon Athenæus†. James Gronovius gave the readings of a different copy in the preface to the fifth volume of Greek Antiquities. Chishull‡, assisted by this collation, then endeavoured to restore it ; and in the year 1777 the learned Dr. Cleaver, bishop of Chester, republished it at Oxford with a new commentary and collations.

Mr. K. first represents this famous decree as it stands in the edition of Glareanus, with the marginal variations ; next as it is given by Gronovius ; thirdly, as the bishop of Chester has published it, with the various readings of the Oxford MSS. ; and lastly, as the learned prelate himself would read it. Mr. Knight decides, however, that most of the bishop's emendations are either unneces-

* Astronom. V. 324. p. 426.

† Deipnosoph. VIII. 11. p. 613.

‡ Antiquit. Asiat. p. 128.

sary, or tend to eject every curious provincial peculiarity that is not readily understood, and to fill its place with a word from the known dialects.

The Bishop would write *Τιμόσιορ* for *Τιμόθεος*, *κισάριξιν** (as we suppose) for *κισάριον*, and *μῦσος* for *μῦθος*: but Mr. K. thinks that this difference was confined to the pronunciation alone, and did not affect their orthography. Are we then to suppose that, in all the places in which Aristophanes employs the *σ* for the *θ*, he only means to accommodate the Lacedæmonian pronunciation to the Attic orthography? If we be certain of any thing, we are certain that they at least wrote *σιὸς* † for *θεὸς*, though we are willing to grant Mr. K., but for another reason, that the Lacedæmonians did not write *Τιμόσιορ* in this decree. Mr. K. objects to *μῦσος*, because it would confound *μῦθος* with a different word, but his own *μίτω* is liable to the same objection. We think that no doubt can be entertained of *καινότατορ*,

* [Salmasius de Hellen. p. 82. solus restituerat τὰν κισάριξιν. Valck. ad Röver. LXXVII.]

† [VALCKENAER. ad Röver. LXXIII. et ad Adoniaz. pp. 277. 287.]

which is also approved by Mr. K.: but we cannot agree with his ἀτιμάσδε for ἀτιμάσδει*, as the present time seems necessary. Out of ποιτὰν others have made ποιῶν, with which Mr. K. is not contented, preferring ποῖταν, which is put for ποῖσαν, which is put for ποίσασαν. We are almost tempted to suspect some grievous mistake of the press in this passage.

After δέδοχθαι follows φὰ or φὰρ, which the editor of the decree rejects: but Mr. K. thinks that it related either to the senate which enacted, or to the senator who moved, the decree; probably to the latter. Allowing this, what part of speech is φὰ or φὰρ?—That our readers may judge what clear, pleasant, and consistent things various readings sometimes are, we will give them a very short passage of this famous decree, accompanied with the *needful* collations. The first we take from Glareanus:

—οὐκ ἐνδέκατος Νέος διδαχὴν ἐδίδαξε. Εἶτα περὶ τούτων τὸν βασιλέαν⁸ καὶ τοῦ ῥήτορος⁹ μέμψαται Τιμόθεον.

This is plain, correct, and elegant; and,

* [ἀτιμάδδε Valck. ad Röver. XXVII.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



come down to us in a tolerable state of correctness:—but, when we consider how miserably the Latin scribes mangled or murdered the Greek passages which their authors quoted; many of which are left in a desperate condition, unless we shall light on MSS. of greater age and worth than we have hitherto had the good fortune to find: in this labyrinth of various readings, or rather of varieties of blunders, it would be rash to promise ourselves a clue to direct us always to the genuine reading. In cases of dialect, particularly, these MSS. of Boëthius ought to be discarded as incompetent witnesses. We shall only add that the late Mr. Toup, having occasion to speak of this decree, on which he would probably have tried his skill, if he had not found the errors too numerous and obstinate, dismissed it, only calling it *corrupto corruptius*. (*In Suidam*, v. Χιάζειν^* .)

Lest it should be said of us that we are apt enough to object to the opinions of others, without giving them an opportunity of making reprisals, we will present Mr. K. with the

* [Vol. ii. p. 377. ed. Ox.]

latter part of the decree, as we think it probably ought to be read :

Δέδοχθαι περὶ τούτων τῶν βασιλέων καὶ τῶν Ἐφόρων* μεμψάσθαι Τιμόθεον, ἐπαναγκάζει δὲ καὶ τῶν ἑνδεκα χορδῶν ἑκταμόντα τὰς περιτὰς ὑπολίπην μόνον τὰς ἑπτα· ὅπως ἕκαστος τὸ τῶν πόλιος βάρος ὄρων εὐλάβηται ἑπτὰν Σπαρτᾶν ἐπιφέρειν τι τῶν μὴ καλῶν, ἢ τῶν μὴ ποττὸ τὰς ἀρετῶν κλέος ἀγόντων.

If we be right in our conjectures, several emendations of other critics are wrong; if we be wrong, we are not likely to be more unfortunate than they have been:—but we are at a loss to understand Mr. K's meaning, when he calls *ταράρεται* the Laconian form of the second aorist subjunctive middle.

We could make several other remarks on this Essay, and might propose several other objections: but we must now dismiss it with a general, but short, character.

The author is a man of reading, learning, and inquiry. His taste and knowledge seem to predominate rather in the antiquarian's province, as it is generally called:—but,

* [BENTLEY seems to have admitted τῶν ῥήτορας, ad Hor. Serm. l. iii. 47.]

when he traces the history of language, and the etymology of words, he gives too much scope to conjecture and imagination. In the execution of his plan, he unnecessarily contracts his foundation, by building only on the ground-work of Homer; and, while he denies that particular changes of sounds and words can take place except in one certain prescribed mode, he allows too little to the changes, caprices, conveniences, etc. which produce the fluctuations. We have, however, perused his Essay generally with entertainment, sometimes with instruction and approbation; and Mr. K. may deserve, at least, this praise, that the errors in his research are sometimes more to the purpose than the successful inquiries of others.

P. S. We forgot, when we treated of the word "ΕΡΥΜΑ in our last number, to observe that a kindred form, 'ΕΡΥΣΜΟ'Σ, occurs in the newly-discovered Hymn to Ceres, attributed to Homer, 230.

Οἶδα δ' ἐπηλυσίης πολυπήμονος ἔσθλόν ἐρυσμόν.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

v. 792, where Mr. Porson proposes a conjecture to remedy the same fault in a comic poet.

While I am on this subject of the *hiatus*, it may not be improper to rescue another passage from the attacks of critics. Machon (Athenæus xiii. p. 580. D.) tells us, that Gnathæna, seeing a young butcher, said to him, Μειράκιον ὁ καλὸς, φησὶ, πῶς ἴστης, φράσον; “My pretty lad, tell me how you sell (your meat).” Your readers, sir, who recollect Shallow’s questions, “How a good yoke of bullocks at Stamford fair?” “How a score of ewes now*?” will readily agree, that πῶς ἴστης is at least good English. But Lennep, in a note upon Phalaris, p. 95. 1. will not allow it to be good Greek; so corrects it to πόσου ἴστης, and falls into the error I have just exposed. Mr. Jacobs, in a note upon the Anthology, approves of Lennep’s correction. Let us try to defend the vulgar reading by a quotation from Aristophanes, Eq. 478. Πῶς οὖν ὁ τυρὸς ἐν Βοιωτοῖς ὄνιος; but, see what a general prejudice has taken place in behalf

* [Shaksp. 2 Hen. IV. 2.]

of *πόσου* against poor *πῶς*! Gerard Horreus would read *πόσου δ' ὁ τυρὸς*. This conjecture Pierson (on Mæris, p. 424.) refutes by producing Acharn. 768. *Τί δ' ἄλλο, Μεγαροῖ πῶς ὁ σῖτος ὄνιος*; to which when your readers have added a fragment of Strattis (apud Polluc. iv. 169.) *Τὰ δ' ἄλφιθ' ὑμῖν πῶς ἐπώλουν; τεττάρων Δραχμῶν μάλιστα τὸν κόφινον*, they will consent to let Machon and Aristophanes enjoy their old reading.

Oct. 11. 1802.

I am, Sir, etc.

JOHN NIC. DAWES*.

* [See R. P. ad Hec. 782. p. 51. ed. 3.]

[This correspondent was very handsomely invited to continue his communications. The epistle, turned into Latin, would have found a place in the *Addenda ad Hec.*; which was appropriated to high matter seasoned with a little wholesome chastisement.]

To the Editor of the Morning Chronicle.

SIR,

As a learned friend of mine was rummaging an old trunk the other day, he discovered a false bottom, which, on examination, proved to be full of old parchments. But what was his joy and surprise when he discovered that the contents were neither more nor less than some of the lost tragedies of Sophocles! As the writing is difficult, and the traces of the letters somewhat faded, he proceeds slowly in the task of decyphering. When he has finished, the entire tragedies will be given to the public. In the mean time I send you the following fragment, which my friend communicated to me, and which all critics will concur with me, I doubt not, in determining to be the genuine production of that ancient dramatist. His characteristics are simplicity and sententiousness. For instance



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ΚΡΥΣΤΑΛΛΟΠΗΚΤΟΥΣ τρίπτυχοι κόροι ῥοὰς

"Ὡρα δέρουσ φαίροντες εὐτάρσοις ποσὶ,

Διναῖς ἐπιπτον οἶα δὴ πίπτειν φιλεῖ,

"Ἀπαντες· εἴτ' ἔφευγον οἱ λελειμμένοι.

"Ἀλλ' εἶπερ ἦσαν ἐγκεκλεισμένοι μοχλοῖς,

"Ἡ ποσὶν ὀλισθάνοντες ἐν ξηρῷ πέδῳ,

Χρυσῶν ἂν ἠθέλησα περιδόσθαι* σταθμῶν,

Εἰ μὴ μέρος τι τῶν νέων ἐσώζετο.

"Ἀλλ', ὦ τοκεῖς, ὅσοις μὲν ὄντα τυγχάνει,

"Ὅσοις δὲ μὴ, βλαστήματ' εὐτέκνου σπορᾶς,

"Ἦν εὐτυχεῖς εὐχῆσθε τὰς θυράζ' ὁδοῦς

Τοῖς παισὶν, εὖ σφᾶς ἐν δόμοις φυλάσσετε.

* [παραθέσθαι in quibusdam exemplaribus. Alterut probum est.]

GLACIE-DURATA triplices pueri fluenta
Tempestate æstatis radentes pulchras-plantas
habentibus pedibus,
In vortices ceciderunt, ut sane accidere solet,
Omnes: deinde effugerunt reliqui.

Sin autem inclusi essent vectibus,
Aut pedibus labantes in arido campo,
Auri ponderis sponsione libenter contenderem
Partem aliquam juvenum servari potuisse.

At, O parentes, tum vos, quibus esse contigit,
Tum vos, quibus non contigit, germina pul-
chros-filios-procreantis segetis,
Si felices optatis extra-domos itiones
Pueris vestris, bene eos intra domos servate.

A D D E N D A.

[*Supplementum ad præclaram Sophoclis Editionem, cura R. F. P. BRUNCK.*]

LECTOR meminerit, in priori* Scriptorum Indice me quædam correxisse, quædam addidisse; alterum non tanti putabam.—Verba, quæ addidi in minore editione omissa, folium integrum majoris conficiunt.

SCRIPTORES IN SCHOLIIS AD SOPHOCLEM ALLEGATI.

ACESODORUS, C. 1051.

ÆSCHYLUS, T. 733. C. 1047. 1049. Aj. 722. 784. 833. E. 137. 286. Ἀγαμέμνονι, C. 929. Ἐπτὰ ἐπὶ θήβας, C. 1375. Ἡλιάσιν, C. 1248. Θρήσσαις, Aj. 134. 815. Ἱερείαις, C. 791. Ἴφιγενεία, Aj. 722. Λυκούργω, C. 668. Ὀπλων κρίσει, Aj. 190. [Προμηθεΐ] A. 966. Φιλοκτήτη, Arg. Philoct.

* [Scriptorum Indici et Additamento has notulas adjunxerat PORSONUS.]

AGATHON,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

COMICI, C. 17.

COMÆDIA, Aj. 257.

CRATES ATHENIENSIS, C. 100.

CRATINUS, A. 404. *Πυτίνη*, Aj. 105. *Χείρωνι*, C. 477.

CREOPHYLUS (*Οἰχαλαίας ἀλώσει*) Tr. 265.

CYPRIORUM auctor, E. 157.

DEMOSTHENES, T. 56. (et sine nomine de Cor. p. 269, 19. ed. Reisk.) A. 320.

DICÆARCHUS, T. Arg. Aj. Arg.

DIDYMUS, C. 155. 237. 761. A. 4. 45. Aj. 405.

DINIAS, ἐν ζ' *Ἀργολικῶν*, E. 278.

DIONYSIUS THRAX, Aj. 1052.

EPICHARMUS, Aj. 1074. *Ἀμύκω*, Aj. 722.

EPIMENIDES, C. 42.

EUPHORION, C. 681.

EUPOLIS, *Μαρικᾶ*, C. 1600.

EURIPIDES, T. 264. (fragm. inc. Musgr. 164.) A. 781.

Tr. 169. Aj. 833. *Ἀντιγόνη*, A. 1348. *Βάκχαις*,

A. 1146. *Δίκτυϊ*, Aj. 787. *Ἐκάβη*, (sine nomine fa-

bulæ) T. 842. Aj. 520. 953. *Ἰκετίσιν*, C. 220. *Ἰπ-*

πολύτῳ, Tr. 29. (sine n. f.) C. 228. A. 61. Aj. 265.

Κύκλωπι, Aj. 190. *Κρήσσαις*, Aj. 1295. *Μηδεΐα* (sine

nom. fab.) Aj. 554. (sine nom. fab. et poëtæ) C. 171.

Tr. 29. *Πρωτεσιλάω*, C. 9. *Φιλοκτήτη*, Ph. 1. *Φοι-*

νίσσαις (sine n. f.) A. 100.

HECATÆUS MILESIUS, C. 1320.

HELLANICUS, Ph. 201.

HERODIANUS, ἐν τῷ ε' τῆς *Καθόλου*, C. 195.

HERODORUS (vide Wesseling. Dissert. Herod. p. 22.)

Tr. 253.

HERODOTUS, Aj. 508. Ph. 201. (vide V. 77. II. 171.)

ἐν τῇ β', Tr. 169.

HESIODUS,

HESIODUS, T. Arg. C. 1211. 1670. A. 418. 718. 1180.
Tr. 39. 56. 112. 265. 517. 1090. Ph. 137. 456. E. 86.
539. ἐν ῾Ηολίαις, Tr. 1164.

HIERONYMUS, vit. Soph.

HIPPIAS SOPHISTA, T. Arg.

HIPPOCRATES, Aj. 51.

HOMERUS, T. Arg. 16. 27. 151. 159. 166. 194. 370. 656.
733. 749. 913. 930. 1244. 1271. C. 71. 131. 195.
281. 378. 380. 619. 630. 668. 1541. 1584. 1670.
A. 15. 117. 304. 336. 338. 521. 582. 672. 677. 970.
985. 1030. 1034. 1139. 1348. Tr. 7. 13. 19. 50. 94.
122. 169. 205. 281. 327. 508. 550. 556. 633. 680.
708. 779. 788. 888. 931. 1010. 1071. 1159. 1259.
Aj. Arg. 1. 7. 19. 26. 118. 125. 161. 176. 190. 253.
292. 299. 308. 447. 478. 491. 499. 501. 514. 545. 550.
574. 602. 615. 651. 731. 801. 832. 866. 1063. 1079.
1113. 1269. 1358. Ph. 94. 212. 391. 456. 489. 561.
695. 784. 859. 959. 1025. 1048. E. 4. 9. 19. 45. 54.
94. 129. 137. 147. 157. 176. 197. 204. 267. 300. 320.
418. 434. 445. 645. 706. 708. 881. 977. 1005. 1056.
1075. 1128. 1137. 1294.

Incerti Poetæ (Hymn. in Apoll. Anthol. Steph. p. 58.)
T. 151. Orphei frag. 1.) C. 9. 155. 171. 1375. A. 615.
Tr. 296. Aj. 157.

Incertus Scriptor, Aj. 235.

Interpretes antiqui Sophoclis, C. 388. 390. 681. 944.
E. 488.

ISOCRATES (ἐν Παραινέσει πρὸς Δημόνικον, p. 3.) Tr. 112.

ISTER, vit. Soph. C. 42. 57. 681. 698. περὶ τῶν ῾Ατάκτων,
C. 1051. ἐν τῇ ᾠ τῶν ῾Ατάκτων, C. 1059.

LIBANIUS, Aj. 235. E. 520.

LUCIANUS, E. 708. (sine nomine) E. 1146.

LYCOPHRON, A. 1199.

- SIMACHIDES,
- LYSIMACHUS ALEXANDRINUS, ἐν τῷ β' τῶν Θηβαϊκῶν,
C. 91.
- MENANDER, A. 134. (sine nomine, vide Frag. Cler. p. 34.)
T. 1191. ἐν Ναυκλήρῳ, C. 1375.
- MENECRATES, Tr. 352.
- NEANTHES, vit. Soph.
- NICANDER, (Θηριακ. 448.) A. 117.
- NYMPHODORUS, ἐν τῷ γ' τῶν Βαρβαρικῶν, C. 337.
- PHERECRATES, E. 86.
- PHERECYDES, T. 775. C. 472. Tr. 352. E. 504.
- PHILEAS, Aj. 879.
- PHILEMON Comicus, C. 42.
- PHILOCHORUS, T. 21. C. 698. ἐν τῇ β' τῶν Ἀτθίδων,
C. 100. ἐν τῇ Τετραπόλει, C. 1047.
- PHILOCLES, C. 1320.
- PHYLARCHUS, C. 39.
- PINDARUS, T. 899. Aj. Arg. (ἐν Νεμ.) Aj. 154. E. 1026.
(Ὀλ.) Tr. 742. Παιᾶσιν, Tr. 169. (Πυθ.) T. 1187.
E. 696.
- PIUS, Aj. 405.
- PLATO, E. 801.
- POLEMO, C. 39. ἐν τῷ πρὸς Τιμαῖον, C. 100. ἐν τοῖς πρὸς
'Ερατοσθένην, C. 489.
- PRAXIPHANES, Sophoclis interpres, C. 899.
- SAPPHO, Aj. 627. E. 147.
- SATYRUS, vit. Soph.
- SIMONIDES, Aj. 377. 740.
- SOLON, A. 711. Tr. 1.
- SOPHOCLES (vide Fragm. inc. 92. ed. Brunck.) E. 184.
'Αμφιτρύωνι, C. 390. ('Αντιγόνη, 803. E. 893.) Δανάη,
Aj. 1. 'Επιγόνους, C. 378. 'Ερασταῖς, C. 481. Θαμύ-
ριδι, vit. Soph. Θαμύρα, C. 378. 'Ιφικλεία, C. 791.
Καμι-



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



SUPPLEMENTUM AD INDICEM SOPH.

- ἀμφίπυρος, Tr. 214. Aj. 1405. Ph. 538. 922. 1025. 1340.
 ἀμφίρυτος, Aj. 134. E. 309. κατ' ἀνάγκην, *ægre*,
 ἀμφίστημι, C. 1312. 1478. Ph. 206.
 Aj. 724. ἀνάγειν, Tr. 211. Aj. 131.
 ἀμφίστομος, C. 473. Ph. 866.
 ἀμφιτρῆς, Ph. 19. ἀναγιγνώσκειν, T. 1348.
 ἀμφιχαίνειν, A. 118. ἀναγνος, T. 823. 1383. C.
 ἀν geminatur, T. 139. 339. 945.
 1053. C. 780. 977. E. 697. ἀναδείκνυμι, E. 1458.
 ἀν per *fere*, *fortassean*, aut ἀναδοχή, Tr. 825.
 per verbum *soleo* reddendum, Ph. 290. ἀναζέω, Tr. 702.
 ἀν cum verbis aut participiis ἀνάθημα, A. 286.
 præsentis temporis, C. 761. Ph. 1058. ἀναΐδεια, E. 607.
 ἀν potentiale a librariis omis- ἀναιδῆς, C. 516. 863. Ph. 83.
 sum, C. 42. 205. 565. E. 622.
 1172. 1418. Aj. 921. ἀναιδῶς, T. 354.
 Ph. 895. E. 914. 1022. ἀναιρεῖν, T. 1035. Tr. 558.
 ἀν ᾧ pro ἀ ἀν, Aj. 1085. Ph. Aj. 237. E. 1140.
 574. ἀνακαλεῖν, C. 1376. Tr. 910.
 E. 693.
 αν accusativi nominum pri- ἀνακηρύσσειν, T. 450.
 mæ declinationis corripitur in melicis, E. 1239. ἀνακινεῖν, Tr. 1259.
 ἀναγκάζειν, E. 221. 256. ἀνακίνησις, T. 727.
 ἀναγκαῖος, Aj. 485. 803. E. ἀνακλαίειν, Ph. 939.
 48. ἀνακούειν, E. 81.
 ἀναγκαίως, Tr. 723. ἀνακουφίζειν, T. 23.
 ἀνάγκη, T. 877. C. 293. ἀνακούφισις, T. 218.
 T. 911. C. 831. A. 988. ἀνακτες, *primores civitatis*,
 T. 911. C. 831. A. 988.

- ἀνακυκλεῖσθαι, Ph. 800. ἀνάριθμος, T. 167. 179. E.
 ἀνακωκύειν, A. 423. 1227. 232.
 ἀνακωχεύειν, E. 732. ἀναρήγνυμι, ἀναρήσσω, T.
 ἀναλαμβάνειν, Ph. 1249. 1075. Aj. 236.
 ἀνάλγητος, Tr. 126. Aj. 946. ἀναρπάζειν, Aj. 987. E. 848.
 ἀναλγήτως, Aj. 1333. ἀνάρσιος, Tr. 641. 853. Syn-
 ἀναλκίς, E. 301. dipnis, l.
 ἀναλόω, secunda longa, T. ἀναρχία, A. 672.
 1174. Aj. 1049. ἀνασπᾶν, Aj. 302.
 ἀνάλυσις, E. 142. ἀνάσπαστος, A. 1186.
 ἀνάμιγδα, Tr. 519. ἀνάσσειν, Aj. 1101. Ph. 140.
 ἀναμιγνύειν, E. 715. E. 841.
 ἀναμιμνήσκειν, T. 1133. ἀνάστασις, Ph. 276.
 ἄνανδρος, T. 1506. C. 939. ἀνάστατος, C. 429. A. 673.
 Tr. 308. Tr. 39. 240.
 ἀνάνδρωτος, Tr. 109. ἀναστενάζειν, Aj. 931.
 ἀνανεώσασθαι, Tr. 396. ἀναστένειν, Tr. 939. Ph. 737.
 ἀνάξιος, C. 1446. A. 694. ἀναστρέφειν, Ph. 449.
 Ph. 439. 1009. E. 189. ἀναττροφή, A. 226.
 ἀναξίως, Aj. 1392. Ph. 686. ἀνασχετός, C. 1652. Tr. 721.
 ἀναπαύειν, C. 1113. Tr. 1262. Ph. 987.
 ἀνάπαυλα, Ph. 638. 878. E. ἀνασώζειν, T. 1352. E. 1133.
 873. ἀναταράσσειν, Tr. 218.
 ἀναπίπτειν, E. 729. ἀνατεῖ, A. 485.
 ἀναπνεῖν, T. 1221. Aj. 274. ἀνατέλλειν, C. 1246. Ph.
 ἀναπολεῖν, Ph. 1238. 1138.
 ἀνάπτημι, A. 1307. ἀνάτλημι, C. 239.
 ἀναπτύειν, A. 1009. ἄνατος, C. 786.
 ἀναπτύσσειν, E. 639. Hip- ἀνατρέπειν, A. 1275. ἀντέ-
 ροπος, l. τροφα, Tr. 1008.
 ἀναρθρος, Tr. 1103. ἀναύδητος, Aj. 715.
 ἀναρίθμητος, Aj. 646. ἄναυδος, C. 1274. 1404.
 Tr.

- Tr. 861. 968. Aj. 947. E. 1283.
- ἀναφαίνειν, C. 1223.
- ἀνδρεία, E. 983.
- ἀνδρηλατεῖν, T. 100.
- ἀνδρόφθορος, A. 1022. Ph. 266.
- ἀνέδην, Ph. 1153.
- ἄνειμι, Tr. 767.
- ἀνεκτέα, C. 883.
- ἀνεκτὸς, T. 429. A. 282.
- ἀνέλπιστος, Tr. 673. E. 186.
- ἀνεμόεις, Tr. 953.
- ἀνεπίφθορος, Tr. 1033.
- ἀνέρεσθαι, Tr. 1304. C. 209. Aj. 314.
- ἀνέρχεσθαι, Ph. 625.
- ἀνευφημεῖν, Tr. 783.
- ἀνέχειν, pro ἔχειν, C. 674. pro ἀνατέλλειν, Tr. 204. pro τιμᾶν, Aj. 212. ἀνέχει λόγος, C. 1573.
- ἀνέχεσθαι, A. 467. Tr. 276. Aj. 75. Ph. 411. E. 1028.
- ἀνεφελος, E. 1246.
- ἀνήκειν, Tr. 1018.
- ἀνήκεστος, T. 98. Aj. 52. Ph. 186. E. 888.
- ἀνήκουστος, E. 1407.
- ἀνήλιος, C. 676.
- ἀνημερόω, Theseo.
- ἀνήνεμος, C. 677.
- ἀνήνυτος, E. 167.
- ἀνήρ præterquam in melicis primam semper corripit, C. 630. 1486. Tr. 391. Ph. 212. ἀνήρ ὄδε, ego, T. 534. 815. 829. 1018. 1136. 1464. C. 649. 1329. 1472. 1618. A. 1034. Tr. 1175. 1201. Aj. 78. 446. 822. Ph. 1036. 1375. et passim.
- ἀνήριθμος, Tr. 247. Aj. 603.
- ἀνθάπτομαι, Tr. 778.
- ἀνθεῖν, Tr. 1089.
- ἀνθηρὸς, A. 960.
- ἀνθίζεσθαι, E. 43.
- ἀνθίστημι, C. 645. A. 518, 1096. Aj. 1231.
- ἀνθ' ὧν, quia, quapropter, T. 264. C. 275. 953. A. 1068.
- ἀνία, media longa, Aj. 973. 1005. 1134.
- ἀνιᾶν, A. 319. 550. Aj. 266. 273. 994. Ph. 906.
- ἀνιαρῶς, A. 316.
- ἀνίημι, T. 270. 1277. 1405. C. 1608. A. 579. 1101. Aj. 476. 1214. Ph. 639. 764. E. 516. 721.
- ἀνίκητος, C. 1515. 1568. A. 781. Ph. 78.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

168 SUPPLEMENTUM AD INDICEM SOPH:

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ἀντίπετρος, C. 192. | ἀντιτίω, Aj. 1086. |
| ἀντίπλευρος, Ægeo, 1. | ἀντίτυπος, A. 134. Ph. 693. |
| ἀντιπλήξ, A. 592. | 1460. |
| ἀντίποινον, Ph. 316. E. 592. | ἀντίφονος, Ph. 1156. E. 248. |
| ἀντίπρωρος, Tr. 223. | ἀντιφωνεῖν, A. 271. Tr. 1114. |
| ἀντίρροπος, E. 120. | Aj. 773. Ph. 1065. E. |
| ἀντίσπαστος, Tr. 770. | 1501. |
| ἀντίσταθμος, E. 571. | ἀντιχαίρειν, A. 149. |
| ἀντιτείνειν, A. 714. | ἀντλεῖν, E. 1291. |

[*Notæ ad Euripidem a Beckio male omisæ.*]

BACCH. 1330.

INTERCIDISSE orationem Agaves, quod suspicatus erat Tyrwhittus, certissime ostendit Apsines Rhetor qui eam duobus locis commemorat; sc. p. 723. Ed. Ald. παρὰ τῷ Εὐριπίδῃ τοῦ Πενθέως ἢ μήτηρ Ἀγαυὴ ἀπαλλαγεῖσα τῆς μανίας καὶ γνωρίσασα τὸν παῖδα διεσπαρμένον κατηγορεῖ μὲν ἑαυτῆς, ἔλεον δὲ κινεῖ. Iterumque, p. 724. τοῦτον τὸν τρόπον κεκίνηκεν Εὐριπίδης οἶκτον ἐπὶ τῷ Πενθεῖ κινῆσαι βουλόμενος. ἕκαστον γὰρ αὐτοῦ τῶν μελῶν ἢ μήτηρ ἐν ταῖς χερσὶ κρατοῦσα καθ' ἕκαστον αὐτῶν οἰκτίζειται. Habet et Lucianus in *Piscatore* versum quem hinc desumptum suspiceris: sc.

Λακιστὸν ἐν πέτραισιν εὐρέσθαι μόρον.

MUSGRAVIUS.

Hanc orationem integram habuisse videtur Pseudo-Gregorius, ex eaque sumsisse duo Christi Patientis tragœdiæ versus 1309, 1310.

Πῶς καὶ νιν ἢ δύστηνος εὐλαβουμένη

Πρὸς στέρνα θῶμαι; τίνα (δὲ) θρηνήσω τρόπον;

ION.

ION. 1016.

Legendum, auctore Cl. SNAPPIO Collegii Regalis apud Cantabrigienses olim Præposito:

Εἰς ἔν δὲ κερθέντ' αὐτὸν, ἢ χωρὶς, φορεῖς ;

Cujus perelegantis sane emendationis notitiam Viro Eruditissimo Thomæ Morell S. T. P. debeo.

MUSGRAVIUS.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



Ἐπίκτητος, τῆς Δομετιανοῦ τυραννίδος καταγνοῦς, ἀπὸ τῆς Ῥώμης ἐξέστη πρὸς τὴν Νικόπολιν. εἰ δὲ ἀδύνατος, ὡς ὑπὸ τειχίον τι κρυβήσεται, τὸν κονιορτὸν ἐκκλίνων· ἑαυτοῦ²⁵ τε καὶ τῶν ἄλλων, ὧν ἂν δύναίτο, τῆς εὐαγωγίας ἐπιμελούμενος· καὶ πανταχοῦ νύκτωρ καὶ μεθ' ἡμέραν σκοπῶν, ἐν συγγενείᾳ, καὶ φίλοις, καὶ πᾶσι τοῖς πολίταις, εἴ που τις³⁰ παραπέσοι πράξις ἀγαθὴ, τῆς αὐτοῦ δεομένη συνεργείας. πολλαὶ δὲ κατ' αὐτὰς [τὰς τοιαύτας] εὕρισκονται πολιτείας ἢ συμβουλῆς δεόμεναί τις³⁵ καὶ συνεργείας πιστῆς, ἢ συμπαθείας καὶ παραμυθίας, ἢ μέχρι τοῦ συγκινδυνεῦσαι· ὅτι καὶ τοῦτό ποτε τὸ καθῆκον ὑπαγορεύει. Καὶ μὲν κατὰ ῥοῦν αὐτῶ προχωρῆ τὰ πράγματα, τῶ Θεῶ χάριν ὁμο⁴⁰λογεῖν, ὡς ἐν τρικυμία γαληνιῶντα. Εἰ δὲ διὰ τὸν ἀκήρυκτον πόλεμον τοῦ παρὰ φύσιν βίου πρὸς τὸν κατὰ φύσιν, καὶ τῶν μεθυόντων πρὸς τοὺς νηφοντας, καὶ δυσ⁴⁵χερῆ προσπίπτει τινά· οἱ μὲν ἀποδειλιῶντες, καὶ τὴν ἐνστασιν διαλύ-

Epictetus, damnata Domitiani tyrannide, Româ Nicopolin migravit. Id si non potest, velut post murum aliquem se occultabit, pulverem evitans: suamque et aliorum, quoad potuerit, rectam institutionem curabit; et ubique noctu dieque observabit, apud suos consanguineos, apud cognatos, apud alios cives, si quod incidat negotium, quod suo adiumento indigeat. Incidunt autem etiam in huiusmodi rebus publicis multa talia, quæ aut consilio et adiumento fidei indigeant, aut commiseratione et consolatione, aut periculorum etiam participatione; nam et hoc interdum postulat officii ratio. Et quod si quidem ex voto succedunt ei negotia, Deo gratias habebit, ut qui medios inter æstuan-tes fluctus tranquillitate utatur. Quod si vero propter implacabile bellum vitæ contra naturam institutæ cum vitæ secundum naturam, et hominum temulentorum adversus sobrios, incidant gravia nonnulla; tunc quidem, si qui periculi formidine deserunt institutum,

27. ἐπιμελούμενος

30. omittit που

32. καὶ κατὰ τὰς τοιαύτας

37. ὅταν

38. ὑπαγορεύει.

46. προσπίπτει

46. ὑποδειλιῶντες,

ΟΝΤΕΣ,

οντες, ἀξίους ἑαυτοῦς τῆς μοχθηρᾶς
 πολιτείας ἀποδεικνύοντες, μάτην αὐ-
 τὴν ὑπεροῶντες ἐλέγχονται· οἱ δὲ 50
 ὡς γυμνασίῳ χρώμενοι, καὶ τοῖς
 σκληροτέροις συγγυμνασταῖς προ-
 θυμότερον συμπλεκόμενοι, ὡς καὶ
 τῷ γυμνασιάρχῃ χάριν ὑπὲρ τούτου
 ὁμολογεῖν, οὗτοι ὡς ἐν Ὀλυμπίοις 55
 στεφανωθήσονται, οὐ θαλλῶ κο-
 τίνου, ἀλλ' εὐζωΐας καὶ ἀληθείας
 πληρώματι. ΚΑΛΟΝ δὲ καὶ ἐν
 ταῖς τοιαύταις πολιτείαις, ἐν αἷς
 πολλοὶ φθονοῦσι τῷ κατὰ φύσιν βου- 60
 λομένῳ ζῆν, μέτριον παρέχειν ἑαυτόν·
 καὶ τὸ ἔλαττον ἐν τιμῇ μὲν μάλιστα,
 καὶ ἐν τοῖς ἄλλοις δὲ τοῖς ἑκτός,
 ἀγαπᾶντα ὅπως ἂν ὁ φθόνος κατὰ
 τὸ δυνατόν μετριάζοιτο. καίτοι 65
 οὐκ ἀγνοῶ, ὅτι καὶ μετριοφροσύνη
 πολλάκις φθόνον δριμῦν ἐπεσπά-
 σατο. καλὸν δὲ καὶ τὰ πρὸς τοὺς
 δυνάστας προσκρούματα, καὶ τὰς
 ἀπειροκάλους παρρησίας, ἐν τοῖς 70
 τοιούτοις καιροῖς φυλάττεσθαι πόρ-
 ρωθεν· ἵνα, καὶν συμβαίῃ τι δυσ-
 χερεῖς, μὴ τὴν αἰτίαν ὁ ἐπιεκῆς

ostendunt illi dignos se esse priavâ repub-
 licâ, et vanum fuisse, quem præ se tulerant, illius contem-
 tum: qui vero gravius casibus pro
 exercitatione utuntur, ut cum illis, tam-
 quam in gymnasio cum ferocioribus ad-
 versariis, alacriori animo congradiantur,
 atque etiam moderatori certaminis gra-
 tias eo nomine habeant; hi velut in O-
 lympicis certaminibus coronabuntur,
 non oleagineo serito, sed rectæ beatæque
 vitæ et veritatis complemento. CONVE-
 NIET vero etiam in talibus rebus publicis,
 in quibus multi invident ei qui secundum naturam vivere
 studet, moderate te gerere; et in honore
 quidem maxime, sed et in omnibus rebus
 externis, parvo esse contentum; quo in-
 vidia etiam, quatenus fieri possit, temperetur. Quamquam
 non ignoro, moderationem etiam interdum acerrimam sibi
 invidiam contraxisse. Oportebit porro in huiusmodi tempo-
 ribus offensiones potentum, et iusticam in dicendo libertatem,
 etiam atque

etiam cavere; ne, si quid incidat grave, id merito accidisse viro bono

49. ἀποδεικνύουσιν καὶ 54. γυμνασιάρχῳ χ. ὑ. τούτων

62. τὸ om. 67. δριμῦν ἐπεσπάσατο φθόνον

69. προσκρούματα πρὸς τοὺς δυνάστας,

ἔχη, ὡς ἡρεμοῦντα θηρία παρε-
 ρεθίσας, ἀλλ' αὐτῶν ἢ τῶν θή-⁷⁵
 ρίων τὸ μανιῶδες τε καὶ ἀλόγι-
 στον. δῆλον δὲ, ὅτι προῦνεν αὐ-
 τὰ χρεῖ, μῆτε ταπεινούμενον, μῆτε
 τὴν ἐλευθερίαν ἑαυτοῦ προδι-
 δόντα, μῆτε τοῖς κόλαξιν ἑαυτὸν⁸⁰
 συντάττοντα, μῆτε ἐν λόγῳ τινι,
 μῆτε ἐν ἔργῳ ὃ γὰρ ὀτιοῦν τού-
 των παθῶν, ἀπώλεσε τὴν ἐνστάσιν*,
 καὶ τῶν Ὀλυμπίων ἐξεκηρύχθη.

videatur, qui belluas, cum quiescerent, iri-
 tasset; sed ut id omne
 non nisi ab ipsarum bel-
 luum rabie et furore
 proficiscatur. Illud au-
 tem intelligitur, non
 oportere easdem bellu-
 as mitigari humiliter
 te gerendo, aut tuam
 ipsius libertatem pro-
 dendo, aut adulatorum
 gregi te adiungendo,
 sive verbis, sive factis.
 Qui enim horum ali-
 quid, quodcumque fu-
 erit, admittit, is pei-
 didit institutum suum,
 et indignum se reddi-

dit qui in certatorum Olympicorum numero censeatur.

75. ἢ om.

76. ἀλόγιστόν τε καὶ μανιῶδες.

79. ἁ τὴν

NOTÆ IN EPICTETUM.

Huic exemplari* *Simpliciani Commentarii* insertum est supplementum stellis inclusum et στιχηδὸν numeratum, quo lacunam p. 153 † ex MS. Parisino Bibliothecæ olim Regiæ 1959 explevit *Schweighæuser* in sua editione Argent. 1800. Idem supplementum cum ex aliis et melioribus libris postea inter collationes ab *Hieronimo Mæo* et *Luca Holstenio* factas inventum sit (vide catalogum Codicum Dorvilliano-
 rum, nunc Bodleianorum, p. 52, 53.), visum est eas collationum istarum varias lectiones in margine adnotare, quæ

* [In Bibliotheca *Institutionis Litterariæ* apud Londi-
 nienses adservatur.]

† [Edit. *D. Heinsii*; L. Bat. CLCLCXL.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

Cum e plerisque MSS. folium excidisset, et in editis omnibus legeretur, ἀλλὰ καὶ Ξενοφῶν τοὺς μυρίους ἐκείνους διέσωσε, καὶ τῶν Ὀλυμπίων ἐξεκήρυχθη, conjecit Wolfius, καὶ ἐν Ὀλυμπίοις ἀνεκηρύχθη, et ita vertit, *Quin et Xenophon, decem illis Græcorum millibus conservatis, Olympico præconio est ornatus.* Unde vero hanc historiam rescivit Wolfius? Wolfi tamen conjecturam secutus est Dacerius in Gallica versione. Quin et nuper in appendice ad Gallicam suam Herodoti versionem Vol. VII. p. 680. hæc habet Larcherus: “Olympiade XCVI. 1. Xénophon proclamé aux jeux Olympiques pour avoir sauvé les dix-mille. *Simplicius in Epictetum, pag. 153.*” *Istam lacunam, ait Schweighæuser, p. 350. ex optimo codice nostro Pa. qui continuo tenore ea omnia, quæ hîc adposuimus, persequitur, explere nobis contigit: quod et nobis eo jucundius accidit, et lectoribus hujus libelli eo gratius futurum confido, quod cum per se pulcerrimum est argumentum hoc ipso loco a Simplicio tractatum, tum vero mino quodam respectu ad tempora simillima eis, quæ haud ita pridem ipsam nostram rempublicam oppressam tenuerant, memorabile.*

Sed, dum chartæ aliquid superest, duo vel tria alia Simplicii loca breviter illustremus.

P. 223. Tragici cujusdam versus, Τολμῶ κατειπεῖν, μήποτ' οὐκ εἰσὶν θεοί. Κακοὶ γὰρ εὐτυχοῦντες ἐπιπλήττουσί με, propter impietatem, ciedo, Euripidi tribuit Barnesius. Sed scribendi color longe ab Euripideo distat. Legendum vero, ἐκπλήττουσι, non ἐπιπλήττουσι. Hi tamen, si minus Euripidei, sunt certe versus. Idem enim alibi Barnesius dupliciter peccavit; cum proverbium, a Simplicio p. 267. usurpatum, διὸ καλῶς εἴρηται, ὅτι ἡ χωρὶς λόγων τράπεζα, φάτνης οὐδὲν διαφέρει, primo senarium, deinde

deinde Euripideum, facit. Et senarium quidem fecit, sed Comicum vocat Salmasius de Usuris, p. 353. Similem Barnesii errorem, utcunque a re præsentī alienum, non injucundum erit notare. Inter fragmenta Euripidei Alexandri citat et hoc e Galeni Vitæ scriptore: δεῖ δὲ οὐ ταῖς φήμαις τῶν ὀνομάτων ἐξελέγχεσθαι τοὺς τρόπους. Hunc scriptorem se invenire non posse queritur Musgravius. Is est Renatus Charterius, qui splendidam Hippocratis et Galeni editionem procuravit. Locum scilicet hunc, e Caii oratione pro Lucilla apud Stobæum LXVII. p. 424, 27. depromptum, Charterius ad Euripidis Alexandrum retulit, quod ejus fabulæ versus a Stobæo jam antea laudatus esset, Ἐκ τῶν ὁμοίων οἱ κακοὶ γαμοῦσ ἀεὶ*.

P. 269. οὐδὲ γὰρ πρὸς Θεωρίωνας καὶ Παξάμονας ἡμᾶς ἡ φύσις ἀκείωσε, καὶ τὴν μαγειρικὴν κακοτεχνίαν, ἀλλὰ πρὸς τροφήν τὸ ἀπορρέον ἀνυφαίνουσιν. Multum molestiæ doctissimo Schweighæusero facessiverunt isti Theoriones et Paxamones; et in his quidem verum quasi per transennam vidit; in illis prorsus a scopo aberravit †. Lege Θεωρίωνας καὶ Παξάμους ‡. Paxamus, ut recte conjicit vir doctus, est Ὀψαρτυτικῶν et aliorum librorum scriptor idem, qui ab Athenæo, Geoponicis et Suida laudatur. Theorion pistor fuit Socratis et Aristophanis tempore celeberrimus, a Platone in Gorgia memoratus, a Themistio et sæpius ab Aristide. Athenæus III. p. 112. tum Platonis, tum Aristophanis et Antiphanis loca protulit. Anti-

* Advers. pp. 277, 8.

† Et sic correxit Holstenius cum relatione ad Athenæum.

‡ Advers. p. 66.

phanis versus, cum nondum a criticis persanati sint, emendatos apponam : * * * πῶς γὰρ ἂν τις εὐγενὴς γεγῶς Δύναιτ' ἂν ἐξελθεῖν ποτ' ἐκ τῆσδε στέγης ; Ὁρῶν μὲν ἄρτους λευκοσωμάτους, ἵπνον Καταμπέχοντας ἐν πυκναῖς διεξόδοις· Ὁρῶν δὲ μορφὴν κριθάνοις ἠλλαγμένους Μίμημα χειρὸς Ἀττικῆς, οὓς δημόταις Θεαρίων ἔδειξεν.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ὅσα τούτοις παραπλήσια, οὐδὲν κωλύει ὑπάρχειν τινὶ ἅμα μετὰ κακίας πολλῆς. ὥστε οὐκ ἂν ἦ ταῦτα ἀγαθὰ, οὔτε κακά· ἀλλὰ τὸ φρονεῖν μόνον ἀγαθόν, τὸ δὲ ἀφρονεῖν κακόν:

multa cum pravitate cuiquam contingere nihil prohibet. Quapropter hæc neque bona neque mala censeantur. Cæterum Sapientia duntaxat bonum: Insipientia vero malum.

Ἰκανῶς μοι δοκεῖς λέγειν, ἔφη.
sufficienter mihi dicere videris.

Recte, inquam, et

ΤΕΛΟΣ.

NOTÆ IN CEBETIS TABULAM.

QUOMODO in gratiam eorum, qui Heinsianam Simplicii editionem possident, ea quæ deerant, recudenda curavimus, idem quoque in Cebetis Tabulæ e melioribus editionibus sine explendo faciendum duximus. Restat, ut duo vel tria ex præcipuis loca indicemus, ubi ex MSS. Parisiensibus, unde hoc supplementum provenit, vel ex aliis melior lectio restitui possit.

P. 3. l. 12, 13. Lege cum omnibus MSS. et plurimis edd. τίνες καὶ ποτ' ἦσαν. De isto usu particulæ καὶ vide Phœniss. 1373.

7. 19. πικροὶ MSS. et edd.

11. 23. ἦθει MSS. et edd. meliores.

15. 3. τούτους duo optimi MSS.

19. 6. Ex duobus optimis codicibus καὶ αὖθις ἐκποιήσῃ διαλέγεσθαι legendum cum Gronovio et Johnsono.

21. 21. Post σκοτεινὸν ex conjectura addidit Sch. Καὶ μάλα.

23. 15, et seqq. In MS. Parisini scriptura repræsentanda erravit Gronovius et solœce edidit Schweighæuser *ἀν μὴ ἢ Μετάνοια αὐτῷ ἀπὸ τύχης ἔσεται συναντήσασα*. Verum idem Sch. in Addendis monuit MS. Par. sic habere: *αὐτῷ ἀπὸ τύχῃ ἐκ προαιρέσεως συναντήσασα*. Unde ipse legit *ἐπιτύχῃ ἐκ π. σ.* Verum perspicue legendum, *ἀν μὴ ἢ Μετάνοια αὐτῷ τύχῃ ἐκ προαιρέσεως συναντήσασα* et delendum *ἀπὸ*; utpote ex altera præpositione ortum. Nempe ita scriptum erat; *ἀν μὴ ἢ μετάνοια αὐτῷ ἀπὸ τύχῃ ἐκ προαιρέσεως συναντήσασα*, alter scriba lectionem superscriptam bona fide in verborum ordinem recepit. Sæpissime confunduntur cognatæ præpositiones, ut *εἰς* et *πρὸς*, *ἀπὸ* et *ἐκ*. Aristoph. Nub. 1299. *Οὐκ ἀποδιώξει σαυτὸν ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας*. Sic edd. et MS. quem *suum* Brunckius vocat. At codex Dorvillianus, quem ad Plutum contulit Hemsterhusius, *ἀπὸ* pro *ἐκ* habet. Utrumque codicem hoc ipso tempore ante oculos et in manibus habeo.
27. 9. Tres optimi MSS. *Περιπατικοὶ*, ut lege et verte, *Philosophi discursivi*.
29. 1. *τὰς τούτων καθαρτικὰς δυνάμεις* MS. Par. recte.
33. 25. *καὶ καλλωπισμὸν* edidit Schw. ex MSS.
37. 18. *αἱ* pro *ὡς* est Typographi error.
41. 21. Post *Ὀδυρμὸν* addidit Schw. ex MS. Meibomii, *καὶ τὴν Ὑπερηφάνειαν*.
49. 1. *οἱ μὲν ἀπεγνωσμένοι* omittit ed. Paris. 1557. et pro iis recte substituit MS. Meibom. *λύπης καὶ ταραχῆς*, post quæ frustra *μεστοὶ* intrusit Schw. ut ipse postea in Notis ad Athenæum agnovit.
53. pen. *τὰς παρ' αὐτῆς* e MS. Meib. edidit Schw. et deinde *ἀηττήτους* e Wolfii conjectura.

59. 27. Post *ἀνδρας* addit *Οὐδέν*, ex Meibom. MS. Schw.
61. 24. Lege cum aliis edd. *ἔφη*. Deinde lege *ὅτε*, nam *ὅταν ἐστίν*, quicquid dicat Schweighæuser, solœcum est : ut et *ἐπίστανται* pro *ἐπίστωνται* p. 69. 14.
63. 1. Videtur legendum ; ὅτι οἱ μὲν ἐν τῷ πρώτῳ περιβόλῳ, εἰ μηδὲν ἄλλο, τοῦτο προέχουσιν, ὅτι οὐ προσποιοῦνταί γε ἐπίστασθαι ἀ οὐκ οἶδασιν, οἱ δὲ ἐν τῷ δευτέρῳ περιβόλῳ, ἀ καὶ προσποιοῦνταί γε ἐπίστασθαι, οὐκ οἶδασιν.
- ib. 18. *ἐὰν μὴ οὕτω ποιῆτε καὶ ἐνδιατρίβητε* ex edd. et MSS. revocavit Schw. et mox 65, 13. τὸ ζῆν post *ἐκείνω*.
65. ult. Lege ex MS. Paris. cum Gronovio et aliis, τὸ κακῶς τοίνυν ζῆν κακόν ἐστι· τὸ δὲ ζῆν οὐ κακόν ἐστιν. Deinde pro *δὴ* lege *ἂν*. Quod ne tironibus mirum accidat, sciant has particulas in MSS. facillime et sæpissime confundi. Nempe si scriba properans Δ pro Λ in ΛΝ legit, consequens est ut errare pergat, et pro Ν legat Η. Ran. 547. Οὐ γὰρ δὴ γελοῖον ἦν, et metrum et sensus postulat *ἂν* quod ex MSS. Brunckius restituit.
69. pen. *τιμῶνταί τε* ex MSS. Schw. Mox post *μόνων* addidit Idem *εἶναι τὸ* ex edd. et MSS. optimis.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

ADDENDA ad Appendicem in Tourium
SUIDÆ KUSTERIANI emendatorem.

Ad Partem primam.

[P. 436. l. 11. ARISTOPHANIS locus sic distinguendus,

Καὶ διαστίλθονθ' ὀρῶμεν

"Ὡσπερ ἐν καίνῳ λυχνούχῳ

Πάντα τῆς ἐξωμίδος.

R. B. in Epist. ad T. H. quam D. R. laudationi suæ hujus Belgii *Varronis* subjecit, p. 103=306. Burney.] Conf. Advers. p. 284.

Toup. p. 64. l. penult. Lege, "Ὁδ' ἔστ' ἐφ' οὗ ποτ' ἦν ὁ πυρὸς ἀξίος. This is the man in whose * corn was so cheap,

[P. 439. l. 10. ΣΟΦΟΣ quoque MS. Harl.

P. 440. l. 7. Conf. R. P. p. 450. l. 20. et ad Orest. 1623.

Ibid. l. 21. ἀφαγνίσαι vide p. 236. (i. e. v. 545.) R. B. " *Andreas Downes*, qui Græcas in Cantabrigia literas jamdiu summa cum dignitate docet, e cathedra legendum hic monuit ἀφαγνίσαι, non ἀφανίσαι, metri id ratione postulante." *E mar-*

* [Anglice suppleas, Mayoralty, 1813.]

gine exemplaris Soph. ed. H. St. quem confer ad l. p. 36.

P. 443. l. 18. Ant. 645. *φιτύει* p. 71. (i. e. Aj. 1296.) *φιτύσας* R. B.]

Toup. p. 96. l. 14. *πορνείοισιν ᾗς*, quomodo conjecerat Toupius, dant ambo Schw. MSS. *μάλ'* ex versu superiore in hunc defluxit. P.P.D.

P. 444. l. 12.—“but what Baudius said of Erasmus seems applicable to him: *magis habuit quod fugeret, quam quod sequeretur.*” Cent. ii. Epist. 27. p. 198. ed. Hack. L. Bat. 1650. borrowed from Cicero ad Att. VIII. 7. quoted by Domitius Marsius apud Quinctilian. VI. 3. 108. Macrob. Saturn. II. 3. Ego vero quem fugiam habeo, quem sequar non habeo. *E pagina pura vol. IX. p. 146. Opp. S. Johnson*, in Bibliotheca Institutionis litterariæ apud Londinienses.

[Toup. p. 166. l. ult. Conjectura ad Aristoph. Thesm. 170., quam denuo inculcavit P. II. p. 611., PORSONUM non valde repugnantem habuit, præsertim propter Hor. Carm. III. vi. 22. Motus doceri gaudet

gaudet Ionicos Matura virgo et *frangitur artubus*: hanc enim lectionem maluit Aristarchus alter Cantabrigiensis. Bentleius autem ad l., “*frangitur artus, non artubus, oportuit;*” at, Vir præstantissime, discesseris facile sententia, si meminisses Virg. Geo. III. 84. micat auribus,—et ad Manil. V. 152. pro *ficti* ipse reposuisti, FRACTIQUE placent in mollia gressus.]

Ad Partem secundam.

[P. 449. l. 11. εἰς τὸ φῶς R. P. ad l.

P. 457. l. 24, 5. Il. T. 302. Soph. Œd. Tyr. 1296.

P. 460. l. ult. Heathius etiam ad Eur. p. 172. ἀμικτον interceperat.]

P. 462. l. 16. οὐκέτ' ἐστ', ἐπεὶ Δῖνος—R. P. Advers. p. 225.

Ad Partem tertiam.

[P. 472. l. 9. Equit. 674. 1255. τῆ' γοργᾶ R. B.

P. 474. l. 12. Zenobius 475, l. 8, 9. Barrovius in Prælect. ad Euclid. p. 297.

P. 476. l. 19. Vide omnino Advers. p. 245.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



pridem typis exhibenda curaverat *Giovenazzius*. *Enixo* et studio subdubitanter proposuit Vir eruditissimus; ad *Civitiū* quod attinet, Editores acerrimi, alter ambove, nulli dubitabant, “*quin ad hunc plane modum antiquitus scriptum legeretur.*” Cicero, iudice Charisio, p. 111., rationis memor *parentium* sæpe dicit. Sallustius *Jugurtha* lxxiv. 1. ed. Cortii, neque-quisquam *hominium* satis placebat—e membranis protulit, et in Pandecte Digestorum *civitiū, hæreditatiū* subinde occurrere testatur *Scaliger* App. ad Virg. 357, 8=96.]

Operæ pretium est paulisper immorari, ut emendationes palmarias, a duobus criticis recte indagandi vi erutas, amice conspirantes suspiciamus. Nimirum Viri primores signiferique enixe secum cogitando, et de textus veritate singulari solertia argumentando crebro eandem rem inscientes ipsi, ut aiunt, acu tetigerunt; etenim quid investigent, et qua via insistant, pedetentim quasi et sedato nisu adcurant, et rectam nacti, pro se quisque, ὡσπερ δεινὸς ἀκοντιστῆς, scopum petunt, et ad eum certa sagitta pertingunt. Omnibus innotescit TYRWHIT-

TUM,

TUM, qui litteras honesta quadam et ingenuo homine digna voluptate excoluit, et TE, sancta anima, ἀδολον γνησίαν τε φύσιν habentem, quinquies* utrumque in eadem cogitandi vestigia incurrisse. Verum enim vero vulnera scriptis impressa acutissime tam videbant quam explicabant; et sanas lectiones, non eas nudas et sine ullis adminiculis expositas, sed inconcussa firmitate munitas subjiciebant, ut suo nomismate, ὡς μόνοις ὀρθῶς κοπέϊσι, καὶ κεκωδωνισμένοις, statim agnoscerentur.

ADDENDA ad Comicorum Græcorum Fragmenta, cura R. Walpole.

P. 7. *Plato*, 16. ὡσπερ πράγματος. [P.P.D.]

P. 34. Bentleii emendationem sæpe laudare solebat R. P. [P.P.D.]

P. 46. i. e. *Philemon Stobæi* XXX. p. 133.

Grot. Transponenti mihi tres versus 6, 7,

8. ἀλλὰ χρήματ' ἔστιν—ἔς τὴν αὐρίον, post οὐκ ἔχει σωτηρίαν v. 12. pene assentiebatur

Porsonus. [P.P.D.]

* Conf. T. T. et R. P. ad P. I. 38. l. 11. ii. 312. iii. 107. l. 21. et 298. iv. 528.

ADDENDA AD PRÆFATIONEM IN
EURIPIDEM ET SUPPLEMENTUM.

[IV. l. 6.=IV. 8. Inter quos *Wintertonus* ad Hesiodi Opp. l. 293. Actum quoque egerat R. P. in notis ad Xenoph. Anab., Appendice ad Toup., Epp. ad Travis., et censuris hoc fasciculo repertis.]

V. l. 4.=V. 7. Bacch. 765, 6. κρήναις τ' ἐπ' αὐταῖς—Αἵματος ἐνίψαν στάγωνα, καὶ παρηΐδων Γλώσση δρᾶκοντες ἐξεφαίδρυνον χροῖα. Claudianus in Rufin. I. 95. linguisque trisculcis Mollia lambentes finxerunt ora cerastæ.

[P.P.D.]

[1082. Transpositione leni repone, Αἰθῆς δ' ἐσίγα,]

1132. Quam emendationem bene inchoatam reliquerat Parisinus Professor ad Soph. Ph. 374., tacite perfecit R. P. ad Hec. 1050=1042.

Ibid. not. l. 3.=VI. senarū sede P. VII. l. 26.

“283.” recte, posito duos esse versus 270.

P. vi. l. 5. Eur. Electr. 882. Lege, Δέξαι κόμης σῆς τόδ' ἀνάδημα βοστρύχων. [P.P.D.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

“versus mendosus est.” Lege, καὶ χρόνον ἠνεσχόμεθ' ὑμῶν [Soph. Ph. 411. corrige, ἠνέσχετ' ἄν.]

[P. XIX. l. 5. = XX. l. 10. “De Metro Iambico apud Lyricos, Iambographos, Hipponactemque, et illius imitatores, plura ad explendam omnem omnium expectationem, Editio, quam parat (R. P.), nova supeditabit.” C. Burnei Lectori, lxxx.

P. XXIII. l. 13. Vide ad Orest. 1338. Ælian. H. N. VII. xxxix. Ὁ δὲ Εὐριπίδης ἐν τῇ Ἰφιγενείᾳ·

Ἐλαφον δ' Ἀχαιῶν χερσὶν ἐνθήσω φίλαις
Κερούσσαν, ἣν σφάζοντες αὐχέσουσι σὴν
Σφάζειν θυγατέρα.

“Cum enim Ælianus” [hos] tres versus ex Iph. A. citaverit, qui in dramate nostro, prout nunc habetur, non comparent; cumque hi tres versus Dianæ totam tragœdiæ constitutionem exponenti aptissime congruant; quis dubitet totam eam scenam abusque versu 1541 spuriam esse, et a recentiori quodam, nescio quando, certe post Æliani tempora suppositam?” Aliis et æque validis tormentis totam istam scenam impugnaverit, et veritatem

ritatem ex dramatis personis, ut vocant, vel invitis expresserit PORSONUS, nisi consilium sua mors peremisset.

xxiv. 17, 18. Lege, Τιμᾶ σφε Φοῖβος, ἀστραπαί τε Πύθιαι. Τιμᾶ τιν', ὧν γε μήποτ' ὄφελ' εἰσιδεῖν. [P.P.D.]

— l. ult. Aj. 1008. [ἤπου γε Τελαμών, R. B. Conf. App. ad Toup. in Suid. p. 447.]

xxviii. l. ult. κἀπεμορξάμην Scaliger. Lege, κἀπεμορξάμην ἀπὸ τοῦ μόργνυμι. alioqui desset hic incrementum aoristi. Hesychius, ἀπεμορξάμην, ἐδάκρυσα ex hoc loco. R. B.

xxx. l. 26. “Soph. Aj. 969. Πῶς δῆτα—” [ex MSS. Harl. et V. et duobus Brunckii; ad Hec. 1214=1206. Τί δῆτα—ex edd.]

xxxii, iii. R. P. Epistola (to *Dalzel*, Mus. Crit. III. pp. 330—336.): ibid. p. 337. fragmentum *Sophoclis* apud Plutarch. II. 463. F. 468. B. 923. quo amicorum ingenia pertentare solebat R. P., recte disposuit *Brunckius*; Πικρὰν πικροῖς* κλύζουσι φαρμά-

* Quanto in tædio vivendum erat, si ut ceteræ ægritudines, quæ nos infestant rarius, ita hi quoque quotidiani famis et sitis morbi, venenis ac *pharmacis amaris* essent abigendi. *Utopiæ* lib. ii.

κοις χολήν. Prius enim *morbum* quam *remedium* afferre necesse haberet poeta tragicus.

xxxvii. l. 15. [870. οὐδὲ ἐν Scaliger.] Ibid. l. 24. Schol. MS. Cantab. ad Aristoph. Plut. 268. proxime vero, ἐν Σοφοκλεῖ εἴρηται περὶ τοῦ ἡμῖν ὅτι καὶ βραχὺ ἐστι. διὸ καὶ βαρύνεται. Hujus notitiam debeo P.P.D.

xl. l. 5, 6, 7. Aj. 1101. Legendum, "Ἐξεστ' ἀνάσσειν ὧν ὄδ' ἤγεν οἴκοθεν; Il. B. 557. Αἴας δ' ἐκ Σαλαμῖνος ἄγεν δυοκαίδεκα νῆας,—Ed. C. 664. Θαρσεῖν μὲν οὖν κἄνευγε τῆς ἐμῆς ἐγώ. [Conf. Hermann. apud Erfudt ad Soph. El. 350.] Philoct. 22. "Α μοι προσελθὼν σῖγα, σημαίνειν ἔχει—εἴτε subaudita, ut me monuit R. P.

—l. 11, 12, 13. Hec. 717. Ἡμεῖς μὲν οὖν εἴωμεν, οὐδ' ἐψαύσαμεν. Androm. 347. Φεύγει τὸ ταύτης σῶφρον· ἀλλ' ἐψεύσεται. Iph. A. 531. Κἄμ' ὡς ὑπέστην θυμα, κατ' ἐψεύσομαι.

xliii. l. 4. κεδνῆ μητρὶ. Advers. p. 275.

xliv. l. 23. Menandri fragm. incert. 143. p. 238. Cler. ἠδύ γε. Vide Philemonis fragm. incert. 36.—Infra 147. p. 240. lege, ἠδύ γ' ἐν ἀδ. delete ὡς, quod cum γε stare non potest,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



ἔπειτα κολοκύντας ὁμοῦ ταῖς γογγυλίσιν ἀροῦσιν·
ὥστ' οὐκέτ' οὐδείς οἷδ' ὀπηνίκ' ἐστι τοῦ ἑνιαυτοῦ.

B. μέγιστον ἀγαθὸν [εἶπες], εἴπερ ἐστι τοῦ ἑνιαυτοῦ,
ὅτου τις ἐπιθυμεῖ λαβεῖν. A. κακὸν [μὲν] οὖν μέ-
γιστον.

10. εἰ μὴ γὰρ ἦν, οὐκ ἂν ἐπεθύμουν, οὐδ' ἂν ἐδαπα-
νῶντο.

ἐγὼ δὲ τὸν ὀλίγον χρόνον χρήσας ἀφειλόμην ἄν·

B. κἀγωγε ταῖς ἄλλαις πόλεσι δρῶν ταῦτα πλὴν
'Αθηνῶν.

A. τούτοις ὑπάρχει ταῦτ', ἐπειδὴ τοὺς θεοὺς σέ-
βουσιν,

B. ἀπέλαυσαν ἄρα σέβοντες ὑμᾶς ὡς σὺ φῆς. A. τιῆ τί;

15. B. Αἴγυπτον αὐτῶν τὴν πόλιν πεποίηκας ἀντ'
'Αθηνῶν.

4. Χελιδόνας Schweighæuser e conjectura.

S. de hoc non liquet, sed vix fieri potest quin
vulgatam, δι' ἑνιαυτοῦ, servandam duxerit

Porsonus, vel ex ipso Athenæo xiv. p. 653.

F. quem locum confert Brunckius:—ὅτι δὲ
ἐν ταῖς Ἀθήναις ΔΙΗΝΕΚΕΙΣ ἦσαν αἱ ὀπῶ-
ραι πᾶσαι, μαρτυρεῖ Ἀριστοφάνης ἐν Ὠραῖς.

9. κακὸν [μὲν] οὖν MSS. 11. τὸν ὀλίγον. Sic
notavi. Sed forsitan legebat τοῦτ' cum

Brunckio. 12. κἀγωγε—'Αθηνῶν Brunck.

14. ἀπέλαυσαν—A. τιῆ τί; Br. [Hæc P.P.D. sed quod ad personarum distributionem spectat, dubitanter.]

xlvi. l. 8. Καὶ δὴ κέκραται· τὸ λιβανωτὸν ἐπιτίθει σιωπῇ. Τὸ μὲν δὴ λιβανωτὸν τοῦτο apud Herodoti III. 110. ed. Ald.* Λιβανωτὸν καὶ λιβανωτός· Suidas.

Ibid. Si prima dipodia tragici tetrametri integris vocibus continetur, secundus pes est trochæus: Iph. A. 1340. διχαλαῖτέ μοι μέλαθρα—ubi si legeris διχαλάσθω νῦν μέλαθρα—metrum pessundabis. Hinc cadit emendatio Marklandi 1341. τίνα δὲ φεύγεις; lege, τί δὲ, τέκνον, φεύγεις; Ἀχιλλέα τόνδ' ἰδεῖν αἰσχύνομαι.

xlvii. l. 12. Lege, στείχωμεν, ᾧ γενναῖον εἰρηκῶς ἔπος. et retrahere fugitivum illud εἰ δοκεῖ ad 1407. et sic dispone, τῆς πάτρας· ἀλλ' εἰ δοκεῖ Ταῦτα δρᾶν, ὅπωςπερ αὐδᾶς, στεῖχε προσκύσας χθόνα. Voce ὅπωςπερ solus utitur Sophocles; Œd. Tyr. 1336. Aj. 1179.

* Quamvis det eadem paulo ante 107. τὸν μὲν γε λιβανωτόν.

xlviii. l. 22. [dissyllabon ad Xen. et Toup.
disyllabon ad *Eur.*, maluit R. P. Vide
Bast. Ep. Cr. 40. *Schæff.* ad Julian.
XXII,

xlix. l. 11. Scribe, *Κὰμὲ, νὴ Δία, τοῦτ' ἔδρασε—*
vel, *Κὰμὲ τοῦτ' ἔδρασε ταυτὸ, νὴ Δί', ὦ.* R. B.
[Illud in primis notandum PORSONUM,
primo cretico quasi absciso, hujusmodi ver-
sus λεπτικῆ ἁρμονία effundere solitum.]

l. Aj. 205. *Νῦν γὰρ ὁ δεινὸς, μέγας, ὦμοκρατῆς*
R. B. Vide R. P. (to Dalzel, l. c. p. 333, 4.)

li. l. 10. *Thesm.* 890. *Ὅστις γ'* R. B.

lii. l. 26. *Εἶτα διδάξας Πέρσας, μετὰ τοῦτ' ἐπι-
θυμεῖν ἐδίδαξα* MS. Barocc. recte, si legas
ἐξεδίδαξα R. B.

— l. 29. R. B. in margine editionis Bas. 2.
et in *Ep. ad Mill.* p. 19.

liv. l. 6. *Πρότερον δ' ὑμᾶς ἀπὸ τῶν πολέων οἱ πρέ-
σβεις ἐξαπατῶντες* R. B.

— l. 12. “ad Toupium,” p. 436.

[lvi. Hunc locum e vetustatis ruderibus effos-
sum et affabre elaboratum, si fas esset,
reposuisset PORSONUS: sed *pendent opera*
interrupta.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

que usus est R. P.) p. 50. col. 2. l. 31. corr. 35. 958. [*Seneca* Herc. Cætæo 261. Immane, dirum, horribile, quo viso Hercules *Avertat oculos*; R. B.] 1269=1261. col. 1. l. 16. cor. quod ad Orest. 614.

AD ORESTEM.

[207. col. 2. l. 10. Κρούσας lectio vulgata; sed πλήξας auctoritate niti, quæ tunc temporis non erat in promptu, inter colloquendum se suspicari mihi innuit.]

[229. l. 1. ὑγίειαν *Jortinus*.]

339. 340. ἄλλον ἕτερον. Suidas v. ἄλλο ἕτερον. Ubi in Menandro lege, οὐκ ἄλλ' ὀτιοῦν ἕτερον, et in Cratete, πᾶσιν λόγος ἄλλος ὃδ' ἐστίν— (versus Aristophaneus.) *Aristophan.* apud Athen. III. 117. C. *Demosth.* pro Rhodiis p. 117. n. 42. ed. Par.=198, 20. Reisk. sed c. Spud. p. 591. antep. ubi ἕτερ' ἄλλα πολλὰ MS. August. recte ἕτερ' ἄττα Reisk. p. 1031, 23. Plato *Cratyl.* I. p. 438. D. H. St.=92, 56. Fischer [P.P.D.].

402. Hesychius : Προσφερεῖς κόρρας. ὁμοίως ἀλλήλων κοάρων ροάς. Προσφερησκορράς. MS. Lege προσφερεῖς κόρας. ὁμοίως ἀ. κόρας. ex Euripidis l. c. [Recte ; desumta est glossa e Lexico Tragico. Intelligit Grammaticus in Euripide non construi προσφερεῖς cum νυκτὶ, sed absolute capi pro, *invicem similes*. Error natus est e varia lectione. R. P.]
Fortasse κ. ῥ. ex κορ^{ρας}ων, sic : præterea legendum videtur ἀλλήλαις. P.P.D.

[412. *Soph. Aj.* 1028. τὴν τύχην e conjectura reposuerat R. B.]

[499. De Baccharum versu vide *Plutarch.* in Vita Solonis non longe ab initio.]

663. col. 2. l. 23. “Scoti quidam”—inter quos Vir loco illustris, sed in his rebus paulo ὀψιμαθεστέρως, *J. Monboddo*, nomen suum profitetur (Or. and Prog. of Lang. vol. ii. p. 158.)

813. ἀσέβεια μαινολις R.P. teste P.P.D.; post Hermannum ad Hymn. Orph. XLV., qui conjectando subinde ἔφην ἄφαντον φῶς.

998. Photius Lex. ἔσπερον κέλευθον. ἔσπεριον ἐπὶ δυσμὰς ὀδόν.

- [1001.—“*Gronovii*”—ed. Lips. 1807. E
margine exemplaris ad virum perdoctum,
Fr. Jacobum, missæ.]
- [1259. *πάλιν σκοπιὰν* (sic) duo MSS. apud
Matthiæ Præf. Eurip. p. x.]
- [1279. col. 2. l. 19. post verba “ab initio;”
insere “quod tamen”—ad calcem notæ
male posita. Erratum ad finem *Medeæ*
typis repetitæ correxerat Editor.]
- [1623. Conf. Addenda ad App. Toup. p. 450.]

AD PHŒNISSAS.

- [534. *εἰ χρεὶ γὰρ ἀδικεῖν, τῆς τ.* R. B. ad Lucan.
l. 146.]
657. Valck.=Conjectura quam innuit *Valck-*
enaerius, est ἘΛΩΨΙΣΕΝ. [P.P.D.]
739. P. R. xxxvii. οὐδ' ἐν.
1371. Nempe scriptum fuisse videtur in Flor.
περμονι' ὀκάστη. [P.P.D.]
1521. Quem celato nomine perstringit R. P.,
G. Wakefieldius est, qui in sua *Alcestidis*
editione *Hesychii* lectionem sequitur.
- [1622, 3. col. 2. l. 19. *ἀχρήμων* Scaliger.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



τορθώματα, sicubi occasio feret, candide laudabo: si forte generosam animam placare mihi possim. “Ex consuetudine scriptorum, hanc rem tractantium, rescribendum dico ἀριστεων, pro ἀριστων et ægre negites, si consulas Iph. Aul. 28. Hom. Od. Ξ. 218. Ap. Rhod. II. 460. 960. Theocr. XIII. 17. XXII. 99. cum Orph. Arg. III. 563.” Gilb. Wakefield ad calc. Lucretii, *E margine exemplaris quod a Porsono acceptum* cum editore Lipsiensi benigne communicavit *Fr. Jacobus*.

Pag. 19. col. 2.=p. 21. col. 1. “Melancholy is it to reflect, that the arrow which has stuck in the eagle’s wing, is tipped with the eagle’s feather.” *Morad Bey*, apud *Captain Wilson’s Campaign in Egypt*, p. 65.

22. 1.=23, 2. τὰς κεφαλὰς τῶν πλειόνων. *Ion Chius Athenæi* III. 91. E. et aliorum, de quo loco *Valck.* ad Ph. 1185 (1194) κρεισσόνων recte pro θηρίων. [P.P.D.]

[300 et 1314. Euripidis prima tentamina in quibusdam exemplaribus ed. nov. e suo loco exciderunt.]

385, 6. R. P. to *Dalzel*, l. c. p. 334, 5.

675. Oppido, quam opportune, licet obiter, de impotente *Hermanni* ambitione edisserit **PORSONUS**, et Comici textum emaculis mutilandi libidine inspersis semel atque iterum vendicat; deinde Attico lepore verba tribuit Germaniæ Prisciano rei metricæ peritissimos spoliandi, mutilandi, lacerandi, qualia eum secum loqui fingeremus. Auctoritatibus porro errabundum et sine diploide a recta grassantem via, tanquam fuste, verberat. Veruntamen quam illæ *Hermanni* metris ab uno et altero mirifice commendatis sint utiles, sua verba commonent: “nostra numerorum doctrina quum non sit e poetarum exemplis hausta, ne refelli quidem exemplis poterit.” 152. At tandem *Hermannum* quantum hic operis fiat, pœnitet; et, re perspecta, “quæ tum feci piacula, data opportunitate expiabo, sed sic ut neminem domi suæ secum loquentem introducam, **DOMUM REVERTAR MIMUS***?” Præclara vero vox, et magno

* De productionibus ob cæsuram p. 698. Versu primo prologi Laberiani apud Macrobiani Saturn. II. vii. Bentleius corrigit, *Necessitas*, cujus *currus* transversus impetum.

viro digna; quæ maximam lætitiā nec opinanti lectori objicit, et quam summa cum voluptate recitare solebat Vir præstantissimus.]

58. col. 2.=57. col. 1. οἱ μὲν γὰρ clare habet *Codex Clarkianus*, anno 896 exaratus; sed τῶν cum vulgatis omittit.

[822. Æschyl. Pers. 348. Ἔστ' ἄρ' Ἀθηνῶν ἔστ' ἀπόρθητος πόλις. 830. Callim. Fr. CIV.—παρὰ Ξανθῆς Ἀρμονίης.]

101.=48. adde 593. εὔ νῦν L. Ald.

AD IΛIADA.

In Il. A. 193. ἕως est trochæus, qua analogia λεῶς et λαὸς, et multa alia. [P.P.D.]

Schol. Venet. ad Il. A. 137. Prior locus est Aristoph. Plut. 468. Βρ. ubi ἀποφαίμω· et ὄ, τι ἂν ὑμῖν δοκεῖ (em. ab eadem manu, δοκῆ) *Cod. Townl.*—Posterior est Thesm. 536. Idem *Codex* recte λαβοῦσαι.

[P.P.D.]

Schol. B. 353. οἷόν γε που ἔστι γλῶσσα, κἀνθρώπου λόγος, κατὰ Εὐπόλιον optime *Cod. Townl.*



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

AD ÆSCHYLUM.

P. V. 2. ἄβροτον P.P.D. R. P., ni animi fallor, λαμπρὰ μαρτύρια lectionis sanitati consulentia hoc modo digessit: "Αβροτον· ἀπάνθρωπον. Hesychius. "Αβροτος ἐρημία Eustath. ad Il. Ξ. 953, 42. Ἄβροτῆ νύξ· Αἰσχύλος, ἄβροτον εἰς ἐρημίαν Phavorinus [ex Philemone procul dubio, qui ex eodem fonte ac Schol. *Townl.* ad l. c. 78. hortulos suos irrigavit]. ἐν ἀρχῇ τοῦ Προμηθέως — ἄβροτον εἰς ἐρημίαν — Suidæ MS. in Bibliotheca C. C. C. Oxon. [et MS. Harl.]

354. Τυφῶνα θούρον, ὅστις ἀντέστη θεοῖς. Contra *Junius* nostras, "Your zeal in the cause of an unfortunate prince was expressed with the sincerity of wine, and some of the solemnities of religion." Vocabulum ALL omnibus editionibus excidisse videtur; deest saltem ad explendam oppositionem quam — "some of the solemnities" — diserte postulat [De hac emendatione certiore me fecit R. P. anno 1793.].

AD SEPTEM IN THEBAS.

488. Μέγ' Ἰππομέδοντος. (μέγ' etiam Burnei-
us.)
[P.P.D.]

AD PERSAS.

420. ΠΛΗΣΘΕΙΣΑ volebat R. P. Adverss.
p. 156., ut putat P.P.D.

AD SUPPLICES.

54. ἀνόμια Ald.; dele ατ male repetita, et
lege, ἄτ' ἀνόμενα, et pro οἶδ', οἶμαι [Eum. 168.
αἰρούμιον. 263. κεχυμίον. 361. σπευδόμια.
949. τεταγμία. Suppl. 117. θρεβομία. Hæc
omnia Aldus. Contra in Hesychio V. Ὀμω-
χέται, recte emendatum est ὀμοβώμιοι pro
-μενοί. Denique οἶμαι similiter extritum est
Aristoph. Pac. 1285.] P.P.D.

592. Κράτη Agam. 259. Soph. Ant. 166.
Eur. Hipp. 5. [E.M.]

947. "Ἡ"σται τάδ', ἢ δεῖ πόλεμον αἰρεσθαι νέον*.

[E.M. et P.P.D.]

984. δορυκανεῖ* μόρω. [E.M. et P.P.D.]

AD AGAMEMNONA.

55. Lege ΓΟΨΝΟΝ. Sophocles (vid. Lex.

Soph. v. ψάκαλα)—ψακαλοῦχοι Μήτερες, αἰγές τ' ἐπιμαστίδιον Γόνον ὀρταλίχων ἀναφαίνοιεν. Musgr. in notis MSS. apud R.P.

[P.P.D.]

147. Dele στρουθῶν, quod interpolatum est ex

Homero, Il. B. 311. et seqq.† [P.P.D.]

1393. διοσδότῳ γάνει σπ. Semper διόσδοτος, et

θεόσδοτος Attici, nunquam sine σ. In similibus structuris, Attici ad nominativum

quam citissime revertuntur; dicunt scil.

ἔξεστι δ' ὥσπερ Ἡγέλοχος ἡμῖν λέγειν. (Aris-

toph. Ran. 305) non -χω. Iones obliquam

constructionem continuant. [P.P.D.]

1553. πρὸς ἡμῶν i. e. ἐστι. dele κάπ. κάτ.‡

[P.P.D.]

* [Edin. Rev. xxx. 320.]

† [Adverss. p. 157.]

‡ [Adverss. p. 158.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



AD FRAGMENTA.

Æschylus Prometh. soluto Strabonis iv. 133
 =252. Οχ. νεφέλην δ' ὑπερσχών, νιφάδι *γογγύλων πέτρων—ἔπειτα σὺ Βαλῶν.—Quum enim Tragicus nunquam vocem, quæ tribrachyn efficiat, in quinto loco posuerint, non potes legere, στρογγ. νιφ. πέ. In Sophocle Athenæi ii. 51. D. (Fr. xl.) pro γογγύλον, Eustathius ad Il. Λ. p. 835, 9=769, 3. στρογγύλον. γογγύλων (sic) Lexicon Sangerm. (Bekker, Anecd. p. 361.) Plato Cratylo 275. B. Laem. pro στρογγύλον MS. olim Clark. γογγύλον. Versus postremos emendaverat Leopard. Emendat. V. xvii. 136.
 [P.P.D.]

Æschyl. Plutarchi de Exil. p. 603. A. (Valck. Hippol. 744.) 'Ο'ΥΜΟ'Σ ΔΕ' ΠΟ'ΤΜΟΣ. Conf. Sophocl. Plutarch. Demetr. p. 911. C. (Brunck. Fragm. lvi.) [P.P.D.]

* [γογγύλων MSS. Strabonis.]

SUPPLEMENTUM AD INDICEM
ABRESCHII IN SCHOLIA R. P.
CONCESSU DESCRIPTUM.

ÆSCHYLUS	Φρυξὶ καὶ Νιόβῃ, Pr. 435. Ag. 831. Ξαντρίαις Eum. 26. Prometh. πυρφ. Pr. 94. Prom. λυομένω Pr. 510.
ALCÆUS	T. 404. P. 349.
ANACREON	P. 41. Pr. 128.
ANDRŌN. HALICARN.	P. 185.
Anonymi Poetæ	Pr. 400. 625. P. 41. E. 599.
ANTIMACHUS	T. 169. 553.
APOLLONIUS	P. 2. 836. Ag. 67.
ARCHILOCHUS	Pr. 224. 617.
ARISTOPHANES	Pr. 365. T. 103.
CALLIMACHUS	Pr. 367. Ch. 436. E. 21. 30.
CALLISTRATUS	P. 941.
DION	P. 409.
DIONYS. PERIEGETA	Pr. 788.
DRACO	T. 303.
EPAPHRODITUS AD CALLI- MACHI Αἴτια	E. 2.
EPICHARMUS	Pr. 438. E. 629.
EPICURUS	Pr. 625.
EUPHORION	P. 659.
EUPOLIS	Pr. 450. P. 65.

EURIPIDES	Th. 103. 275. 365. 708. 775. 781. 984. P. 181. 716. Ag. 171. 545. Ch. 73. 149. Eum. 47. 276. S. 322. Eurip. Hecub. Pr. 852.
HELLANICUS	P. 719. 778.
HERODIANUS	E. 189.
HERODOTUS	P. 150. 466. 719.
HESIODUS	Pr. 134. 792. T. 806. Ag. 185. 947. Ch. 276. S. 80. (male pro Pindaro Pr. 351.) Pseudo-Hesiodus E. 431.
HIPPOCRATES	Pr. 379.
HOMERUS	Pr. 7. 35. 86. 100. 110. 139. 171. 185. 261. 284. 309. 365. 378. 580. 592. 653. 684. 725. 753. 939. 966. T. 2. 101. 116. 158. 169. 176. 177. 181. 225. 257. 274. 307. 332. 353. 383. 387. 417. 430. 548. 645. 726. 828. 920. 1019. P. 8. 95. 114. 309. 346. 569. 604. 996. Ag. 145. 196. 202. 734. 1126. Ch. 20. 58. 230. 276. 643. E. 45. 117. 234. 589. 595. 786, S. 32. 90. 140. 839.
ISOCRATES	Pr. 578.
LUCIANUS	T. 102.
LYCOPHRON	T. 170.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

SOPHOCLES *ad* ÆSCHYLI *Imitationem totum se contulit, quo alludere videtur* ARISTOPHANES *Ran.* 803, *etc. ed. Kust. longe secus* EURIPIDES (*Adverss.* p. 224.).

AD ŒDIPUM TYRANNUM.

74. ed. Br. *περᾶ* et dele 75. quod ex Suida v. τοῦ καθήκοντος, glossema esse liquet. [P.P.D. Quicum mire consentit R. B.]

719. Musgravio legenti ἄβατον εἰς ὄρος non repugnat. [P.P.D.]

959. *σάφ' ἴσθ'*. Similis varietas in fragmento Promethei Soluti Æschyli, ubi Strabo IV. p. 183. ed. Cas. dat *σάφ' οἶδα*, Dion. Hal. I. p. 34. ed. Sylburg. *εὔ οἶδα*. Vide Leopard. Em. v. 17. [P.P.D.]

1136. *τρεις ὅλους* "Εξ ἧρος εἰς ἀρκτοῦρον ἐμμήνους χρόνους.—Demus ἐμμήνον χρόνον in tragico sermone *mensem* significare posse: *sex* menses sunt a vere ad Arcturum, non tres. Lege ex MS. Trin. *ἐκμήνους*.

[P.P.D.]

Musgr. 1310. *Χάλαζά δ' αἵματοῦσ'*.

AD ŒDIPUM COLONEUM.

300. ἀπόνως τ'. Ald. l. αὐτὸν ὅστ' infra 385, 6.
ὅστε præcedente futuro construitur cum
infinitivo præsentis vel aoristi, non item
futuri. [P.P.D.] Conf. *Valck.* ad *Hero-*
dot. III. 155.

547. ἄνους

702. οὐ νεαρός .

704. ὁ γὰρ αἶες ὄρων

743, 4. μάλιστ' ἐγὼ, μάλιστα δ' (pro ὄσωπερ)
[P.P.D.]

1266. ΛΛ et M, ΛΙ et N a librariis perpetuo
confunduntur: τᾶλλα μὴ ᾽ξ ἄλλων π. omnes
editiones et MSS.; hinc ΤΑ'ΜΑ' dextre
Reiskius.* *Eupolis* apud *Stobæum* IV. p. 53.
Gesn. 31. *Grot.* ἀλλ' ἀκούετ', ὦ θεαταί, πολ-
λὰ καὶ ξυνίετε Χρήματ'—τᾶλλα lectionis va-
rietas; unde ὦ θεαταί, ΤΑ'ΜΑ' δὲ ξυνίετε
'Ρήματ' *Porsonus*. Vide *R. Walpole Fragm.*
Com. pp. 5, 85.—Conf. *Aristoph. Nub.* 575.
Pac. 603. *Æschyl. Suppl.* 915. Corrige,

* [Adverss. p. 168.]

Πῶς δ' οὐχὶ τὰ μὲν ὀλωλόθ' εὐρίσκων ἄγω; vide
 Œd. Col. 831. Æschyl. P. V. 197, 8.
 Aristoph. Lys. 713. Eur. Heracl. 176.
 Hesychius v. Γλυκύφρουροι· τὰ ἐν οἴκῳ φρου-
 ροῦντες, καὶ ἔνδον μέλιτος ὄντες—μελιόντες MS.
 lege, ΜΕ'ΝΟΝΤΕΣ, et insere οἱ ante τὰ ἐν
 οἴκῳ. Vide *Valck.* ad Röver. XLV.

[E.M. P.P.D.]

AD ANTIGONAM.

4. ἄτης ἔχον (ἄτης" pro glossa suprascriptum,
 et in ἄτερ depravatum, locum vocis ἔχον
 occupavit.)

40. εἶθ' ἄπτουσα—vid. Aj. 1334. (ed. Musgr.)
 Œd. Tyr. 525. Æschyl. Agam. 1405.

[P.P.D.]

AD TRACHINIAS.

85. Dele versum ex interpretatione vocis
 οἰχόμεσθα natum. [P.P.D.] “Dele hunc
 versum” R.B.

292. τὰ δὲ π.* [E.M.]

* [Adverss. p. 174.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



AD AJACEM.

Aj. 119. Musgr. ἢ recte Br. ex 5 MSS.

122. ed. Musgr. ἔμπα. Schol. ἀττικοὶ δὲ ἔμπας
καὶ ἘΜΠΙΑ*. Infra 564 lege cum Reiskio,
ἔμπα κεί, collato Suida v. τηλωπός. [P.P.D.]

516. Br. Lege, Καὶ κητέρ' ἄλλη μοῖρα τὸν φύ-
σαντά τε [E.M.]

678. Lege, Ἐγῶδ', [E.M.]

921. ἀκμαῖ ἂν [P.P.D.]

1252. Οἱ γὰρ φρονοῦντες εὔκρατοῦσι πανταχοῦ
Eustath. II. 831, 2. ed. Bas. pro Archie-
piscopi ipsius verbis cepit Abb. Bartholemi
Dissert. in Inscript. antiquam 1792. p. 24.

AD PHILOCTETEM.

1093, 4. Br. πλωάδες (cum Br.) ἔστ' ἀρκῶ El. 186.

1329. καὶ παῦλαν ἴσθι τῆσδε μήποτ' ἌΝ τυχεῖν

Conf. Append. ad Toup. p. 445.

1421. Musgr. pro ΚΑΛ' ὄρῶ lege ΚΟΙ'Ν' ὄρῶ.

[P.P.D.]

* [Adverss. p. 183.]

AD ELECTRAM.

16. Musgr. βουλεύετον. 21. recte se habet
 ζυνάπτετον [κόπτετον pro κοπτέον MSS. in
 Chionid. Athen. III. p. 119. F. P.P.D.]
- Ib. ὡς ἐνταῦθ' ἵνα Οὐ καιρὸς ὀκνεῖν, ἐσμὲν
45. Φωκέως [quam sancivit R.B.]
87. ἰσόμοιρ' air, *coextended* with the earth.
- 113 etc. ὄρᾱτ', "Ἐλθετ' deleto 114. Neque
 enim verum est Erinnyas adulteriis et
 ejusmodi leviculis puniendis immorari;
 quippe quæ cædium et incestuum ulciscen-
 dorum satagerent. [Nil ad rem infra 276.
 ed. Br.] [P.P.D.]
123. ἀθεώτατα—δεινῶς, δεινότερον, δεινότατα di-
 cunt Attici.
145. ὅς τῶν οἰκρῶς (ἀϊκῶς τ') conf. 103.
242. I. E. If I possess any good, may I en-
 joy it. [P.P.D.] 244. πτέρυγας γονέων, my
fostering parents. [P.P.D.]
693. ἄθλ' ἄπερ νομ. περ scilicet in πεν, hoc in
 πέντε migravit.
772. Male Valck. ad Phœn. 358. Sensus
 enim postulat γὰρ, neque unquam jungun-
 tur οὐδὲ καί. [P.P.D.]

820. Recte Dawes. ἔσομαι ξύνοικος [P.P.D.]

909. recte ὄμμα. Angl. *idea* [P.P.D.]

1107. recte Schol. μαστεύω [P.P.D.]

1137. ὄφελος paulo melius [P.P.D.]

1319. recte Heathius ex Scholiastis λεξαίμην
facit δεξαίμην. Vide p. 49.

AD FRAGMENTA.

Sophocles Galeni (Bentl. Ep. ad Mill. p. 59=
52. ed. Cant.)

κεραυνία

πέμφιξ σε βροντῆς— [P.P.D.]

Apostol. Prov. vii. 95. Ἐκκάρτατα βοῶν, γνω-
τὸς ἂν γένοιτ' ἀνὴρ. Restitue ex Sophoclis
Inacho apud Stob. xlv. p. 179. Grot.—
ὥσπερ ἡ παροιμία, ἐκ κάρτα βαῖων γνωτὸς ἂν
γένοιτ' ἀνὴρ.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

ΚΛΥ. ἀλλ', ὦ τέκνον, χρῶ· [P.P.D.]

Ibid. 970. ὄν πρὶν ἐς Φρύγας

ἔλθειν φόνον, κηλῖσιν αἵματος χρανῶ.

[P.P.D.]

Ibid. 994. ἔξεισιν, αἰδοῦς ὄμμ' ἔχ. ἐλ.* prodibit,

misso pudore. [P.P.D.]

AD IPH., TAUR.

Iph. Taur. 48. seqq. πᾶν δ'—σταθμῶν, Μόνος

λελειφθαι στύλος εἷς—sic lege et interpunge,

ut βεβλημένον sit nom. [vel acc.] absolutus;

στύλος εἷς legebat R. P., quod me monuit

Cleaver Banks. [P.P.D.]

AD BACCHAS.

Euripides ed. Beck.—Bacch. 8. τυφόμεν' ἀδρου

legisse videtur Plutarch. Solon. init. sed

hac voce nunquam utuntur Tragici. [P.P.D.]

Bacch. 184. ed. Br. Palmariam emendatio-

nem ἠδέως Miltono surripuit Barnesius;

(vide *R. P. Jodrell. Illustrat. of Euripides,*

* [Adverss. p. 254.]

vol. ii. p. 335. ed. 2.) Barnesio Brunckius. [P.P.D.]

192. ed. Beck. ὁ θεὸς ἄν

263. τῆς δυσσεβείας

310. Br. Διονῦς Stob. MS.A. apud Grot. ad

LXXIV. ἀφρονεῖν Salmas. apud eundem ad v.

Idem ὡς φρονεῖν—ἀλλ' εἰ—ἀεὶ, τοῦτο—collato

Menandro Stobæi CVIII. p. 455. Grot.

(Cleric. p. 30.) [P.P.D.]

458. ed. Br. recte Abresch. εἰσέβησ'

[P.P.D.]

490. Beck. σὲ δ' ἄμ. γε, τὸν ἄσ. [vid. Barnes.]

[P.P.D.]

623. Beck. Euripidis ætate non utebantur v.

Βάκχος hoc sensu ; forsan Βακχεύς.

[P.P.D.]

631. Beck. φαεννὸν (ἀέρ') [P.P.D.]

633. δάματ' [P.P.D.]

636. Dele ἥσυχος ex -ησε natum, et lege ἐτόλ-

μησ'. ἐκ δ' ἄγων β. ἐγὰ Δωμάτων (vel ἐγὰ β.

ἄγων. de vocum positione non decernit

R. P.) [P.P.D.]

1049. Citat Schol. Hephæst. p. 87. 32. ed.

Pauw. ἄγκος ὑψίκερηνον, ὄρεσι περιδρομον.

In ὄρ. π. propendet R. P. ob Æschyl. Theb.

495. Apoll. Rhod. III. 1085. Eurip. Cresphont. Fragm. 12. [Adverss. p. 267.] [P.P.D.]
1058. Fortassis ὍΣΣΟΙΝ ἈΘΡΩΝ. Sed bona satis lectio ὅποι [sic] μόθων. [P.P.D.]
1059. Recte Heath. ἐς [P.P.D.]
- 1251. σύνθηρος. [P.P.D.]

AD HELENAM.

757. οὐδ' Ἑλενος· ἀλλὰ—
 εἰσορῶν φίλους, λε
 οὐδέν γε Aldus; i. e. οὐδ' ενο

AD ION.

793. Beck. παῖς δὲ ποῦ νιν—πῶς et παῖς sæpe confunduntur; vide p. [P.P.D.]
1443. Δράκοντε μαρμαίροντε conf. 22. φύλακε—
 et 23. [E.M.] Præterea audivi legere Porsonum πάγχρυσον γένυν. [P.P.D.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



DION. CHRYSOSTOM. ORAT. LXIV. p. 334,
335 ed. Reisk. 596. Morell.

ΔΕΨΠΟΙΝΑ κ. τ. λ. Primum videamus quid
habeat editio Veneta, p. 401. a.

σποινα δ' ἀπασῶν πότοι ἀθηναίων πόλι, μὴ λέγε
ἀνθρωπε. οὐκέτ' εἰσὶν ἐκεῖνοι δεσπότες. ὡς καὶ κα
λόν σου φαίνεται τὸ νεώριον. ἀλλὰ ^{δέ} ἐλλήσπον-
τον. καὶ λύσανδρον αἰσχρὸν. καλὸς δὲ ὁ πειραιεὺς.
ἔτι δὲ μετὰ τῶν τειχῶν αὐτὸν βλέπεις, ἄλση δὲ
τίς πω τοίαδ' ἔσχ' ἄλλη γυνή. εἶχε μὲν δὴ. σωθεῖ-
σα δὲ ὡς ἐπὶ συμφοραῖς, ἀπεκείρατο καὶ τοῦρανοῦ
πῶς φασὶν εἶσθιν ἐν καλῶ. καὶ πῶς οἶγε λιμώττουςι
καὶ νοσοῦσι· καὶ τὸ πλεον. αὐτῶν ἀπόλλυται μέρος
ὑπὸ τῶν ἀέρων, ἢ τῶν πολεμίων.

Versus sunt veteris cujusdam Comici, ex fa-
bula ante Lysandri victoriam scripta, quos
citat *Dion*, ut fortunæ mutationes osten-
dat. In primo delenda particula et legen-
dum aut δέσποιν' ἀπασῶν, aut, quod paullo
melius videtur, δέσποινα πόλεων, πότνι' Ἀθη-
ναίων πόλις. In secundo recte, opinor,
Valc-

Valckenærius*, ὡς δὴ καλόν σου φ. τ. ν. In tertio supplendo, utpote quem ipse *Dion* imperfectum reliquerit, nemo adhuc vires suas expertus est. In quarto γέη conjecit Valesius, γύη Valckenærius†, neuter recte. Sed egregie mox Valckenærius, εἶχε μὲν, δηιωθεῖσα δὲ, ὡς ἐ. σ. ἀ. bene etiam, καὶ τοῦρανοῦ γ', ὡς φασίν, ἐ. ἐ. κ. Sciendum est enim non raro ita curvari in scribendo literam ι, ut prope ad figuram τοῦ c accedat. Ne longe abeam. Supra Orat. xxxiii. p. 397. pro eo quod edidit Morellus, ὥσθ' ὄλος λοιδορεῖν ἱκανός, recte Viri docti, ὥσθ' ὁ λοιδορεῖν ι. sed errat Reiskius, cum Venetam et Morellianam consentire ait. Veneta enim habet, ὥσθ' ὄλος δορεῖν. Sed quid, inquires, isto γυνή faciemus? In locum suum reponemus, et fugitivam vocem, quæ hinc excidit, retrahemus ἄλση δὲ τίς πω τοιάδ' ἔσχ' ἄλλη πόλις; εἶχε μὲν δηιωθεῖσα δὲ, ὡς ἐπὶ συμφοραῖς*, ἀπε- *γ κείρατο. καὶ τοῦρανοῦ γ' ὡς φασιν κ. τ. λ.

Exciderat vox, γυνή, quod librarius cum animadvertet, margini notam adscripsit, qua

* [Ad Callimachea, p. 24.]

† [Ad Hippol. 210.]

monere voluit, in textu reponendam post συμφοραῖς; sed signis fortasse parum distincte positus deceptus alter, non pro additamento, sed pro emendatione accepit. Delevit igitur πόλις et γυνή inseruit.

Jam videamus, quomodo sese ex emendationibus, cum nostris, tum alienis, totus locus habeat.

Δέσποινα πόλεων, πότνι' ἀθηναίων πόλις·

μη λέγε, ἄνθρωπε, οὐκέτι εἰσὶν ἐκεῖνοι δεσπότες·

ὡς δὴ καλόν σου φαίνεται τὸ νεώριον·

ἀλλὰ μέθ' ἐλλήσποντον καὶ λύσανδρον αἰσχροῦ·

καλός γ' ὁ παρθενών· καλὸς δ' ὁ πειραιεύς·

ἔτι δὲ μετὰ τῶν τειχῶν αὐτὸν βλέπεις.

ἄλση δὲ τίς πω τοιάδ' ἔσχ' ἄλλη πόλις;

ἔιχε μὲν, δηιωθεῖσα δὲ, ὡς ἐπὶ συμφοραῖς γυνή, ἀπεκείρατο.

καὶ τοῦρανοῦ γ', ὡς φασὶν, ἐστὶν ἐν καλῶι·

καὶ πῶς, οἶγε λιμώττουσι καὶ νοσοῦσι, καὶ τὸ πλεόν αὐτῶν

πολεμίων,

ἀπόλλυται μέρος ὑπὸ τῶν ἀέρων ἢ τῶν τόπων;

Quæ rubrica* exarata vides, e *Diogene Laertio* VII. 67. desumsi. Ista quidem omisit *Dion*, ut proposito suo prorsus con-

* [i. e. 5. καλός γ' ὁ Παρθενών· insigne lacunæ explementum litteris rubris enotatur. Vide Gaisford. ad *Hephæst.* p. 216.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

Plato Comicus apud Aspasium, sive quem alium, ad Eth. Nichomach. IV. 7. p. 58. a . . .
 οἶον ἢ τῶν Λακώνων ἐσθῆς εὐτελῆς ἄγαν ἱστορεῖται
 Ξενοφῶντι. διὰ ταῦτα καὶ σκώπτουσι αὐτοὺς οἱ
 κωμωδοποιοί. ὡς Πλάτων ἐν Πρέσβευσι·

Χαίροις*, οἶμαι, μεταπεττεύσας αὐτὸν, διακλι-
 μακίσας τε,

Τὸν ὑπηνόβιον, σπαρτιοχαίτην, ῥυποκόνδυλον,
 ἐλκετρίβωνα.

τοῦτο γὰρ Λάκωνες ἐποίουν, ἐγκρατείαν τινὰ καὶ
 καρτερίαν ἐπαγγελλόμενοι. Conf. Lex. Sangerm. p. 474. " Ἀχθομοσι αὐτοῦ τῷ ῥύπῳ.

AD ATHENÆUM, ed. Casaubon. 1612.

[P.P.D.]

MS. A, sive codex Veneto-Parisinus, quantum
 ex Schweighæusero iudicare poterat R.P.
 est sæculi undecimi.

lib. pag.

I. 7. E. 4. ἠδεῖ

8. ἀποζέσας. Suid. ἐπιζέσας

8. A. 9. ἐφ' ἡμᾶς [ἐς Adverss. p. 45.]

* [Χαίρεις, ni animi fallor, recitavit R.P.]

lib. pag.

I. 17. E. Eupolis πολλήν γε λακκοπρωκτίαν ἴστω
βρᾶτοῖσιν εὐράν.—*mox recte Schw. ex MSS.*
καὶ σοφόν σου.

20. B. 9. Versus anapaesticus Aristopha-
neus [Vide Adverss. p. 48.]. Conferebat
R.P. Eupolin Prisciani p. 1330 Putsch.
=285. b. Ald. ibi legens,
πῶς οὖν οὐκ ἂν τις ὀμιλῶν χαίροι τοιαῦδε πόλει ;

I. 28. D. Antiphanes—

Καὶ νάπυ Κύπριον, καὶ σκαμωνίας [sic MSS.
Poll.] ὀπὸν,

Καὶ κάρδ. M. καὶ κρόμμυον

Σαμοθρ. καὶ καυλὸν ἐκ K.

Καὶ σ. Δύμον τε τῶν Ὑμηττίων. sic totidem
literis Pollux vi. 67. deinde lege, ὄρ. τε
Τενέδιον

II. 36. C. Legendum e MS. et Suida v.
Οἶνος, Ὀν ΕΚπιόντες. [vide de K et IC infra
ad xi. p. 500. B.] Vox nihili est εἰσπιόντες.

43. F. 7. EUBULUS—τὸ [μέν γ'] ὕδωρ
τοὺς αὐτὸ μόνον πίνοντας εὐρετικούς ποιεῖν,
τόνδ' οἶνον—

Pro ὀφιλητᾶς MS. ὀφελιᾶ [i. e. Ophelion, Co-
micus.]

lib. pag.

II. 47. E. 4. Quæ de Nicostrati fragmento queritur Casaubonus, ita Kustero arriserunt, ut totidem pene verbis sententiam neque honestam neque veram repetitive-rit ad Suidam v. Κλεισθένους ἀκρατέστερος, ubi Cratini fragmentum utpote neque sanabilem neque explicabilem dimittit. Sed salva res est, modo legatur *κατάγεις*. Versus sic disponendi: *μειράκιον δὲ κατὰ τύχην ὑποσκαφιοκάρτον τι, πεχλαμυδωμένον, κατάγεις· ἀναγκόσιτον. Domum ducis.* In Cratino lege cum Piersono ad Mærin p. 391. *ληρεῖς ἔχων. γελοῖος ἔσται κλεισθένης κυβεύων.* [Quomodo in notis ad Aristophanem ineditis correxerat BENTLEIUS. T.K.]

64. A. 1. *βρόχων*

III. 74. A. 1. forsan,

*Ἀντιφάνης ἐν Κιθαρωδῶι,
στειλίαν*

ράφανῖδα, σικ.

Hesychius. *στειλίαν. τὴν μακρὰν ράφανον.***αντιφάνης ἐν Κιθαρωδῶι. frustra Musurus*

* Sic MS.

Ἄρι-



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



lib. pag.

tur tandem acquievit, cum fluctuasset
Adverss. p. 61. P.P.D.]

III. 105. A. 8. Epicharmus: Adverss. p. 64.

117. C. 2. CRATES

ἐν Κέῳ τίς ἡμέρα; vid. Hésy-
chium v. Ἐν Κέῳ τ. ἡ.

C. 5. Aristophanes

ἦ μέγα τι βρῶμ' ἐνι τρυγωδοποιουσικῆ,
ἠνίκα Κράτητί τε τάριχος ἐλεφάντινον
λαμπρὸν ἐκόμιζεν ἀπόνως παραβεβλημένον,
ἄλλα τε τοιαῦθ' ἕτερα μύρι' ἐπιχλίζετο.

v. 1. ἐστὶν ἡ Athen. edd. MSS. i. e. ἐστι. ^{νι}

v. 2. ην ed. Cas. ἠνὶ MS. τε addit MS.

[v. 3. de ἐκόμιζεν non liquet P.P.D.]

III. 117. E. 5. Ἄρ' ἦν μετὰ ταῦθ' ἡ ράφανος, ἦν
ἐβόα χρη-στήν, οὐ γὰρ ἦν. Edd.

ἦν ἐβοᾶτ' εἶναι χρηστή γὰρ ἦν. MS. A.

Hinc repone.

A. Ἄρ' ἦν μετὰ ταῦθ' ἡ ράφανος, ἦν ἐβοᾶτε.

B. ναί· χρηστή γὰρ ἦν. T. K.

IV. 132. F. 7. Menander Trophonio. Con-
jecturam Bentleii, verba εἰ δέ τις ἔρχε-
ται ejicientis plane confirmat MS. A.

in

lib. pag.

in quo legitur μάλλον προσεδέξατ' χεται
ἀρκαδικὸς (sic). -χεται est scholion interli-
neare, quo notabatur, προσεδέξατο valere
προσδέχεται, præferre solet [προσεδέξατο]
ut recte Schweighæuserus.

IV. 172, et XIV. 644. Menander [No. 156.
Bentl.] v. 13. recte MS. A. καὶ κίχλας
τραγήματα. V. ult. l. δειπνεῖ μελίπηκτα τὰς
κίχλας.

[VI. 224. D. 10. Amphis; corrige, λαβεῖν τ
ἀπόκρισιν ὧν ἂν ἐπερωτᾷ—]

VI. 225. C. D. Xenarchus,
I. οἱ μὲν recte MS. A.

13. νεκρὸς οἶα omittunt, δέ ante τις addunt,
ambo Schweighæuseri MSS.

lege,

ἔπειτο μέτα τῶν ἰχθύων, βοᾷ δέ τις

ὔδωρ, ὔδωρ· ὁδ'—confer Aristoph. Acharn.

1175. Thesm. 248. ed. Br.

16. κατὰ τῶν δ' ἰχθύων ἀπαξάπαν. hoc ex
Casauboni, illud ex Grotii conjectura.

VI. 242. E. 7. Ὀλολυς οὔτος (εὐθύς) ἐστίν
ὄλολυς MS. A. [Vide Phot. v. Ὀλόλους.]

F.4. Καινεὺς Casaub.—ἄρνα (ποιμένος)

MS.

lib. pag.

MS. uterque : Epitome Hæscheliana ;
Eustathius.

[VI. 243. F. 6. ὀψάνει, si memini, R.P. Vide
Adverss. p. 82.]

VI. 248. E. 2. ἔφησεν, ἐπιλανθάνομαι. ἔφη MS.
Ep. MS. A.:—εἶναι φημὶ ἐπ. lege, ἴν', ἔφη,
μὴ ἐπιλανθάνομαι. Infra x. 427. F. 4. ἴν',
ἔφη, μὴ γνωσθῆς [Vide Adverss. p. 87.]

VI. 262. E. 1. Epicrates δυσπράτω,
ὁ δὲ χοαπίη sic Aldus p. 91. 45. unde fe-
cerat Porsonus, ὁ δὲ χολήν ποιεῖ. quam
conjecturam vero proximam esse evincit
MS. Mus. Brit. lectio χοα -αῖν ποιεῖ i. e.
χολᾶν. [Vide Adverss. p. 89.] Gramma-
ticus Sangermanensis apud Montfaucon.
Bibl. Coislin. p. 484. Koppiers. Obs.
Phil. p. 23. citante R. P. χολᾶν, τὸ ὀργί-
ζεσθαι. Ἀντιφάνης. [χολᾶς Strato Athen.
IX. 382. C. P.P.D.] Nempe comœdiam
Δύσπρατον alii Epicrati, alii Antiphani
tribuebant.

Mox *forsan* legendum judicat R.P.

καὶ λάμυρον ἡμῶν ὅς ἂν

φάγη τι τούτων*

* [Vide Gaisford. ad Eur. Suppl. p. 208.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

lib. pag.

inveniam. Certe damnabat Valckenærii conjecturam Κόρμου, in Epist. ad Rov. p. 65. P.P.D.]

IX. 384. F. 6. Philippides

γελάσασ' (ἡδέως) forsā leg. R.P. [vide Adverss. p. 112. ἡδέως conjectura est Dorvillii ad Charit. p. 145. P.P.D.]

IX. 392. E. ult. Eupolis μικράττ'

ὀλίγα γ' pro ὀλίγ' ἄττ' in Aristoph. Vesp. 55. μέτριά τοι pro μέτρί' ἄττα Nub. 1137. R.P. [Vide ad Etymol. M. p. 262, 4.]

IX. 396. C. 7. Alcæus ; vide p. 187.

IX. 396. D. 4. Heniochus

ὁ βούς ὁ χαλκούς ἦν ἂν ἐφθός δεκαπάλαι. Supra 1. 23. E. 6. Philonides. Aristoph. Equit. 1151.

IX. 404. F. Dionysius. [Vide Adverss. p. 114.]

τὸ δεῖπνον¹ (εἶτα δ' εἰδότη') ἐγγχειρεῖν ποιεῖν ἂν μὲν γὰρ ἔν τις τοῦτ' ἐπιβλέψη μόνον τοῦψον ποιῆσαι κατὰ τρόπον, πῶς δεῖ τίνα τρόπον παραθεῖναι², δέσποτ'—

¹ Pro his ἢ τὸ δεῖπνον MS. A.

² Hic subdubitabat R.P.—mox ἂν μὴ προῖδη, ni fallor, legebat.

lib. pag.

IX. 409. F. 1. ἤρισθηκΟ΄ΤΕΣ [‘Ο ΠΑΓ΄Σ] περιεῖλε
 [Vide Adverss. p. 229.] 1. 3. forsan ὀπάρι-
 νους. Hesychius, ἀνδρόπαις· ἀνδρούμενος ἤδη
 παῖς, ἢ ἀνδρὸς φρόνησιν ἔχων παῖς. ut recte
 VV. DD. pro ἤδη πῶς——”ΕΧΟΝΤΕΣ

x. 416. D. 4. Alcman.

ῶρας δ' ἔσει κε τρεῖς, θέρους,
 καὶ χειῖμα, ¹κῶπῶραν τρίταν,
 καὶ τέτρατον τὸ ²Γῆρ ὄκα
 σάλλει μὲν, ἐσθίεν δ' ἄδαν
 οὐκ ἔστι.

¹ χειμάχῳ παρ ἄν MS. A.

² τὸ ἠρόκας ἄλλ' εἰ μὲν MS. A. [Vide Gais-
 ford. ad Hephæst. p. 243.]

x. 421. E. 9.

τονδὶ δὲ ναστὸν, Ἀστίωνος μείζονα
 τονδὶ δὲ ναστὸν Heringa Obs. Crit. p. 279.
 (ἴδεν MS. A.)

x. 446. D. 8. Menander

A. Ἐλλέβορον ἤδη πῶποτ' ἔπιες, Σωσία;
 C. Ἄπασι. A. Πάλιν οὖν πῖθι· μαίνει γὰρ
 κακῶς

Primi versus emendatio Heringæ debetur,
 p. 241, Bentleii vestigia prementi. MS.
 Athenæi, teste *Jacobo Gronovio*, Infam.

lib. pag.

Emend. Menandr. p. 82. habet, πᾶσιν
 πάλινυν πῖθι μένει γὰρ κακῶς. βάλλ' ἐς κόρον

fluxit ex αλλεκορον, ε i. e. αλλεκορον
 sic in Porsoni nota ad Orest. 418. pro

κακῶς εἰπῶν tyrothetæ dederant καβκῶς
 εἰπαῶν P.P.D.

XI. 466. F. 8. Achæus.

τὸ γράμμα φαίνων¹.

² οὔ, ν, τό, ϑ' ὕ πάρεστιν, οὔ κἀπουσίαν cuius
 etiam absentiam indicant.

¹ φαίνων Toupus ad Suid. CI. 552.

² ω, ν, ΤΟΥ ὕ (i. e. τό, τ' ὕ) MS. A.—

MS. A, in loco, οὔ, non ὀ, scribit, 466.

F. 10, 12. 467. A. 2, sed 467. A. 6,

habet ὀ cum editis.

XI. 471. E. 5. MS. A. γαῖα κεραμιτιος ε θηρι-
 κλῆς

lege ὦ γαῖα ΚΕΡΑΜΙ', ΤΙ' Σ ΣΕ Θηρι-
 κλῆς

ib. F. 2. ἐπίτηκτον (et sic Corayus)

x. 482. D. Ephippus

v. 2. recte Casaub. Κότυν

v. 3. κατὰ δεῖπνον

v. 4. λητι τοι κησαιμι MS. Supple

ΛΑΧητι



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



lib. pag.

ἢ—Parodia est Euripidis Iph. A. 371.
de *Cydia* v. Ruhnken. Hist. Orat. LXXIV.
XIII. 569. C. ult. ἔχονθ',

ἄς πῶς ποτ'—

ἄς MS. A. Conceditur illa elisio.

XIII. E. 4. πρῶτον (βροτῶν) recte Casaubon.

XIII. 570. F. Laudabat enim, si memini,
Porsonus egregiam illam emendationem
Fr. Jacobsii pro Θεῶν restituentis "ΟΣΟΝ.
Θεὸν τὸ μ. Ald. et MS. A. unde recte Schw.

ὄσον τὸ μ. [P.P.D.]

XIII. 579. A. 1. πληγὴν (ἐκατέρου)—Hanc vo-
cem e conjectura addit R. P. [M.D.]

XIII. 580. D. 6. ἐρίφια

E. 2. ὑπολειπόμεν' ἂν εἰς

δ' omittit MS. A.

XIII. 581. C. 5. χαλκοτύπος τις σφόδρ' ἀφυῆς

E. 2. καθιππάσθαι

F. 2. ἔπειτεν, εἰπεῖν. Ionice: ita

Macho.

F. 3. ἐδοκίμαζον.

XIII. 582. E. 4. ταρτημ. aphæresi pro τεταρ-
τημόρ. ut τράπεζα i. e. τετράπεζα.

E. 6. ἢ δ' ὡς ἀπηγγ. (ὡς MS. A.)

lib. pag.

XIII. 582. F. 3. ὅτι τὸν μέγαν ποτ' ἐραστὴν κα-
τέφαγε i. e. ποτ', ὄντ' ^{ὄτ'}

F. 4. μέλι om. MS. A. totum ver-
sum Epit. lege, ὠνησόμενος, χελι-
δονείας τ' ἰ.

XIII. 583. D. 3. [MS. A. pro ἐπὶ τὴν αἰγ' οἶος,
dat ἐπειδὴ γιαιοἶος—] I. οἶος ἐπὶ τὴν αἰγ' ἐστίν
vel ἐστίν ἐπὶ τὴν αἰγ' οἶος. Prius melius.

XIII. 587. F. 1. [Ισθμιάς δὲ καὶ Νέαιρα κατα-
σέσηπε καὶ φίλα·

Κοσσύφας δὲ] καὶ—sic suppletur hiatus ex
MS. A.

XIII. 598. A. 2. Κνίζετο.

Supra XIII. 577. E, F.

ἡ Λαμία δ' ἦν αὐλητρὶς, ἧς σφοδρ' ἠδέως
σχεῖν φησὶ, κνισθῆναί τε τὸν Δημητρίον, sic
lege, collato Lennepio ad Phalarin p. 332.

XIII. 598. E. 3. Hermesianax

Lege Εὐριπίδῃ in vocativo.

XIII. 598. antep. πυκνά.

XIII. 598. ult. MS. A. οιδενον. R. P. ad Weston.
p. 40.

XIII. 599. A. 7. Οἶω δ' ἐχλειημένον ἔξοχον ἐχρῆν
πολλῶν δ' ἀνθρώπων εἶναι Σωκράτη ἐν σοφίῃ.

MS.

lib. pag.

MS. A. (et Ven. apud Ruhnck.) etc.
vide p. 41.

XIII. 599. C. 2. ἐξ Ἐφύρης ἐβίω

XIV. 640. B. 4.

1. Μόσχων τε σὰρξ ^θτέρεινα, —

2. Μόσχων τε ^ατέρεινα σὰρξ —

3. Μόσχων ^θτέρεινα σὰρξ,

4. Μόσχων ^ατέρειναι σάρκες.

Eurip. Bacch. 1125. ed. Brunck.

σάρκας Πενθέως. lege ob metrum
σάρκα.

XIV. 641. (male not. 637). C. 1.

καίπερ πέδ' ἄφ.

XIV. 642. E. [vide II. p. 58. A. et R. P. Ad-
verss. p. 55.] 8. φοινικικοῦ [Casaubon.]

XIV. E. 9. ἴτρια τραγήμαθ' ἦκε

[Nempe MS. εἴτ' ἴτρια τραγήματά θ'. i. e.

ἴτρια, ^θτραγήματα ἦκε. ἦκε Corayus, non

Valck. ad Phœn. p. 66.

XIV. 644. F. 6. MS. A. χαιρίππου κει ἐς πέττιν
τινά.—lege, τὸν ἄμητα, χαιρίππ', οὐκ εἴς
πέττειν τινά.

Nempe



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

lib. pag.

[Vide Suppl. Præf. ad Eurip. Hec. p. 44
=40]xv. 668. A. 2. κνημῖς δὲ περὶ σφυρὸν ἀρθροῦται,
(—————ἔτ' ἔρωσ—————recte Corayus et Ja-
cobsius. R.P.)C. 4. fortasse, καὶ Ἰππαρχος—vid.
infra p. 691. C. 9.xv. 677. B. 1. στεφανοῦς θ' ὑπογλωττίσιν, ὅταν
 πίνητέ που,
 κὰν καλλιερῆτε,
στεφανοῦσθ' Schw. post R. P. ad Weston.
p. 44.xv. 684. B. 6. ὅσα τε κ' οἶα οἷς Schweighæu-
seri membranæ. Lege, ΚΟΙΛΟΙΣ—xv. 693. C. 1. ὡς ὑπό τι
 2. ἢ τοῦ μὲν ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος πρῶ-
 τιστα γὰρ
 4. ἢ τοῦ δὲ
 5. ἀπώλεσε* ναύτην—κατεπόντωσέν μ'
 ὑπό τι supra iv. 157. A. 3.
xiii. 578. C. 6. D. 8.

* Canterus.

xv. 700.

lib. pag.

xv. 700. B. 1. Ὑβρει, “a Racket” [τῆς μὲν νυκ-
τὸς ὑβρίζουσα Xen. Memorab. II. i. 30.
Vide Adverss. p. 148. et de ην et κν con-
fuis vide R. P. ad Odys. Ξ. 206.]
xv. F. 7. R. P. ad Hec. 2. ed. 3.

AD ANAXANDRIDEN.

Anaxandrides Stobæi xxxix. 237. 41.
(xli. 159. Grot.)

Ὅστις λόγους γὰρ παρακαταθήκην λαβῶν.
Sic Trincav. Gesn. Grot.

ὡς ante λαβῶν pessime infercit Brunckius
Gnomic. p. 184. Porsonus, ὁ λ. παρ. γὰρ
λαβῶν. vocula transposita, in qua collo-
canda multum licentiæ sumere observa-
bat recentiores comicos. (Adverss. 292.)
[P.P.D.]

AD MENANDRUM ET PHILEMONEM.

[P.P.D.]

Bentl. No. 31. Cantab. 1713. Ed. Gesneri 2,
ubi locus primum est vulgatûs, habet
σμικρὸν ἦ—recte igitur Bentleius.

No. 34.

No. 34. εὐροις ἂν ἐν τοῖς πᾶσιν [ut MS. apud Brunck. ad Eccles. 82.]

Bentl. No. 39. Θυγατέρ' ἂν ᾗ. repetita particula [ut legit Pauwius Philargyr. p. 22.]

P. 56. Cler. Schol. ad Plato. (*Phædo*. p. 382. A.) p. 10. lege, καὶ Μένανδρος ἐν τῷ ἑαυτὸν τιμωρουμένῳ. Πρὸς τῆς Ἀθηναῖς ΔΑΙΜΟΝΑΙΩΣ, γεγῶς ἔτη Τοσαῦτ' ; ὁμοῦ γάρ ἐστιν ἐξήκοντά σοι. Ter. *Heautontim.* i. i. 10. *Nam pro deum atque hominum fidem, quid vis tibi? Quid quæris? annos sexaginta natus es, aut plus, ut con-jicio.*

ibid. Pugione p. 56. Cler. οὐχ ὅθεν ἂν ᾗμην ἠτύχηκα. πάντα δὲ

P. 41. l. 5. Bentl. "Non est proceleusmaticus." *Adverss.* p. 292. Lege, ὁ λογισμῶ διαφ. [T.K.]

No. 91. Bentleii conatum inter felicissimos numerare solebat R. P.

98. καὶ περιθεωσάτωσαν. *Anti-Atticista* Sangerm. p. 99. θεώσειν καὶ θεῶσαι, κατ' ἐνδείαν τοῦ ἰ. τὸ περιενεγκεῖν θεῖον καὶ καθῆραι. Ἀραγῶς Καμπυλίῳ.

101. A. ᾧ χαῖρε Γλυκέρα. Γ. καὶ σύ. A. πολλοστῶ



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



Tragicos vel Comicos reperitur. *κουφίσματα* Schol. Venet. ad Il. O. 393. sed recte *δελκτήρια* Schol. Æsch. P. V. 373. Hinc emendandus locus Æschyli apud Plutarch. de Consol. p. 106. C. ὅσπερ μέγιστον φάρμακον θνητοῖς κακῶν. (Vide Præf. ad Eur. Hec. p. x. not. ed. 1811.) [Scriptores recentiores, et ipse Plutarchus, voci φάρμακον, quæ sua ætate in malam partem fere accipiebatur, ἴαμα adjungebant, ad tollendum dubium*.]

238. Recte Bentl. ὁ δέ μ' ἤκολ.

239. Totus locus spurius est.

264. p. 278. Cler. Plauti Cistellaria est versio Fabulæ, unde desumtum est hoc fragmentum; vid. Act. I. Sc. i. 91. et Lambinum.

Ammonius p. 42. ed. Valck.

καὶ περιβόητον πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις (ποιεῖ) ὁ Κρατής. Verba videntur esse Menandri

P.P.D. [ΠΟΙΩΝ *J. Pierson.*]

Idem p. 67. l. 5. dele ΕΐΣ ΤΗΝ ex var. lect. orta, et ἘΚΤΗΝ servato, assume duas

* Hæc, quæ uncinis inclusi, non nisi diu post audita descripsi.

voces ex MS. Mus. Brit. et lege, ἀμεμπτος, ἕκτην ἐπὶ δέκα—Polyænus III. p. 218. ed. Casaub. 289. Masvic. *Chabrias die Boëdromionis XVI. pugnare decrevit, ὅτι ἦν μία τῶν λθ' μυστηρίων.* Porsonus, τῶν Αθ. i. e. Αθήνησι.

Photius v. σκυθρὸς· ἐγὰρ δ' ἀγροῖκος, ἐργάτης, σκυθρὸς, πικρὸς, Φειδωλός. [MS. Galeanus, φειδῶλό i. e. φειδωλός. Ridiculam lectionem, φειδώλογος, quam exhibet Hermannus, idcirco memoravi, ut simul monerem ambo Hermannii apographa descripta esse ab hominibus palæographiæ prorsus ignaris, et Dresdense (quod signatur D.) passim interpolatum e Suida. Porsoni apographum nunc penes Coll. Trin. subinde emendationes exhibet: v. c. in Σταθμοῖς, quam infra vide suo loco. P.P.D.] Vertit Terentius Adelph. V. iv. 12. *Ego ille agrestis, sævus, tristicus, parcus, truculentus, tenax—*

Adversaria, p. 294. v. 4. ἐν ᾧ Photius v. στροβῆσαι de voce στρόβιλος conferas Phrynichi Σ. Π. p. 63. Lex. Rhet. p. 302. 5. “Forsan προσέβαλεν” inter lineas hisce
oculis

oculis egomet vidi, et fragmentum emendatum coram exscripsi. Paucis abhinc annis (1800) Vir summus hanc conjecturam manifesto reponendam judicavit. 7. Nuperrime consilium mutavit, et ἀντέχεσθαι Normanni solertia erutum maluit R.P. ; quod per ellipsin defendas. Hujus formæ antiquissima exempla præbent Homerus Il. A, 582. B, 10, 15, 75, etc. Marmoris Sigæi primaria inscriptio l. 8. Monumentum hoc, detritum licet atque corrosum, eruditis Græcæ antiquitatis scrutatoribus in Musæo ELGENIANO reservatum esse gratulamur. Sed mutatione non opus est; ἔσται τὰδ' ἀλλ' ἴστω τε, καὶ αὐτὸς ἀντέχου. Soph. Ph. 893. Ἄντέχου θυγατρός. Iph. A. 1367. Μήτ' ἀντέχου τοῦ γ' Troad. 722. καὶ σὺ, παῖ, τοῦδ' ἀντέχου. Aristoph. Acharn. 1121. Vide quoque Lex. Sangerm. p. 408.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

AD THEOCRITUM.

l. 66. Lege, Πα̃ ΤΟ'Κ' ἄρ' ἦσθ', ὄκα Δάφνις
ἐτάκετο,—Hanc correctionem condiscipulo
sibi carissimo anno 1779 memoravit
R. P.

XXIII. 46. Γράψον καὶ τόδε γράμμα, τό σοι στί-
χοισι χαράξω Lege, τὸ ΣΟΙΓΣ ΤΟΙΓΧΟΙ-
ΣΙχ. [E.M. et P.P.D.]

AD TOUPII *curas posteriores in*
THEOCRITUM.

P. 15. l. 22. adde, et *Eustath.* in *Iliad.* B.
235. p. 211. l. ult. Pherecrates ἐν Ἀγρίοις
apud Suid. v. Ἄπια. Schol. in *Aristoph.*
Eccl. 355.

P. 17. l. 18. Sed vulgatam lectionem *Calli-*
machi recte defendit *Valckenærius* ad
Theocrit. Adoniazus. 40. p. 347.

P. 18. l. 2. adde *Homer.* Il. P, 57. *Plutarch.*
II. p. 112. D. ap. 739. *F. Alexin* apud
Athen. IV. 4. p. 134. A.

P. 31. l. 25. Κάρκινός θ' ἴκοντ' ἐχῖνος θ'.—*Valckenærius* ad *Euripid.* Phœniss. 196. ut sit σχῆμα Ἀλκμανικόν, de quo vide *Toupium* supra vi. i. p. 13.

l. penult. sed ita prius *Valckenærius* ad *Euripid.* Phœniss. 277. p. 100. a.

Alexander Ætolus Parthenii (Galei *Scriptores Mytholog.* p. 372, 3) p. 372. ult. Πειρήνης—p. 373, 7. pro θαλάσσης lege τραπέζης. ib. 5. b. ἤρικεν οὔσον *Pierson.* ad *Mœrin* p. 194. [P.P.D.]

AD ANTHOLOGIAM *H. St.*

I. 47.=III, 5. An. Gr. *Brunck.*

Οὐχ ἄλις—] *Malim,* Η οὐχ ἄλις—

—p. 83=I, 417. ὕδωρ δὲ πῖνε, κούδεν ἂν τέκοις σοφόν.

—p. 115=II, 433. Ὁ φθόνος—] *Lege,* Εἰ φθόνος—

II. p. 130.=III, 164. Εἰρήνη πάντεσσιν, ἐπίσκοπος—*Episcopus* ille est *Dioscorus* *Alexandriæ* Patriarcha, sicut observavit *Lacrozius* *Hist. au Christian. d'Ethiop. et d'Arm.*

d'Arm. IV. p. 361. laudatus a *Wesselingio*
ad *Diodor. Sicul.* T. II. p. 595. non lau-
datus a *Gibbono* *Histor. Rom.* T. IV. p. 568
—9. eandem observationem proferente.

—p. 160 = II, 22. LIX. διὰ καῦμα—δροσερᾶν—
λιβάδων *Suid.* v. ἀβρόμιος.

III. p. 205 = I, 200. XV. Μνᾶμα* τὸδε —*Σᾶμα
ex *Suida* v. δαφρινὸν et v. μενεδάϊος legen-
dum, quod fere perspexit *Kusterus* ad
locum posteriorem.

—p. 217 = III, 63. LXXIX. *Ἦν ἄρα—*Χρῆν
ex *Herodoto* I. 8. *Opsoraus*.

—p. 236. = II, 139. XXIX. Ἠνίκα σεῦ δα-
κρυτὰ κατὰ χθονὸς ἡρία τεῦχον, δυσδακρυτὰ
—τεύχω *Suid.* v. ἡρία.

—p. 276. = I, 136. Μολπῆς δ' οὐ *λήθη—
*λήγεν *Suid.* v. μολπή. vide *Tour.* *Cur.*
Nov. p. 98. λήθει solæce ex 3 MSS. *Brun-*
ckius I. p. 136. Sed legendum λήγει.

IV. p. 353. = III, 222. CCCXXVII. *ἔσμὸν
ἐραστῶν—*Ex *Platone* infra p. 421. = I,
170. VII.

VI. p. 419 = III, 54. LIX. *ἀμεργόμενον—*ἀ-
μελγόμενον· *Suid.* v. πτώξ.

—p. 436



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



AD HERODOTUM.

Lib.

[I. 56]. ταῦτα γὰρ ἦν τὰ προκεκριμένα Ἑόντα τὸ ἀρχαῖον, τὸ μὲν Πελασγικόν, τὸ δὲ Ἑλληνικὸν ἔθνος—Conjecturam meam, ΕΘΝΕΑ probare videbatur R.P. Istæ repetitiones solennes sunt Herodoto: vid. I. 75, et 84. P.P.D.]

I. 182. οὔτοι post οἱ αὐτοὶ habent non solum *Ask. Pass.*, sed et Aldus et omnes editiones ante Gronovium, credo etiam, omnes MSS.; certe habet *Arch.*; corrige igitur in textu, οἱ αὐτοὶ οὔτοι, ἐμοὶ—

IV. 148. lege, τούτους δ' ἐξελάσαντες ἐκ τῆς χώρας, σφέας ἐαυτοὺς ἐξ μοίρας διῆλον. Vide *Adverss.* p. 44.

[Quædam de indole Codicis Herodotei “*Arch.*” ab editoribus designati, et in Bibliotheca Collegii Emmanuelis Cantabrigiæ adservati, in pura pagina præfatus est R.P.]

Hic liber olim *Gulielmi Sancroft*, Archiepiscopi Cantuariensis, a *Thoma Galeo*, sed valde negligenter, longe diligentius
in

in usum editionis Wesselingianæ ab *Antonio Askew* collatus est, ut tamen non pauca omiserit, quædam etiam minus recte notaverit. Quod in omni fere collatione fit, præsertim in ea, ubi magna variarum lectionum pars ad dialecti rationem vel servatam vel neglectam pertinet. Quid mirum igitur, si dativum Ionicum μήνεσιν ex *Arch.*, ut vocatur, nostro IV. 43. (hujus MS. pag. marg. 238.) enotavit, eundem VIII. 51. (p. m. 478.) non enotavit? Aliam leviculam *Askewii* omissionem exempli gratia notabo. In Herodoto IV. 94. ita notantur variæ lectiones in ed. Wess., cum antea Ζάμολξιν legeretur: “ Ζάλμοξιν. *Arch.* V. Vall. ora Steph. Pass. Ζάλμοξιν Med. Ask.” Sed hæc nota sibi contradicit. Lege Σάλμοξιν Med. Ask. Hoc vitium, in erratis sublatum, retinuit *Borheckius*. Quod de ora Steph. ait *Wesselingius*, verum est de Græco-Latina Stephani editione, non de Græca; ubi est Σάλμοξιν, quod etiam habet *Arch.* in margine (p. m. 254.)

254.) Totam igitur notam sic refinge :

“ Σάλμοξιν Arch. V. Vall. Pass. Σάλμοξιν Arch. in marg. Med. Ask. ora Steph.”

Dignus certe hic codex, qui, si iterum edetur Herodotus, paullo accuratius iterum examinetur. Numerus marginalis paginam indicat editionis Genevensis 1618.

AD THUCYDIDEM.

Lib.

I. 1. ἀδύνατα—two MSS. in our Public Library read so: though, as one of them is Hudson's *Clar.*, it may be already noted in his edition, which at present I have not by me. [Conf. R.P. ad Xen. Anab. p. 237. l. 5. ed. Cantab. Valck. ad Herodot. III. 61. ad Hipp. 370. Ἀδύνατα εἶναι ἀντὶ τοῦ ἀδύνατον· πολλάκις γὰρ κέχρηται Θουκυδίδης τοῖς πληθυντικοῖς ἀντὶ ἐνίκων, μάλιστα δὲ ἐπὶ ταύτης τῆς λέξεως. Lex. Seguerian. p. 342].

In



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

ἦν πρεσβύτατος καὶ σοφώτατος. Restituo τοῦ ἐκ φιλαϊδῶν Ἰππάρχου, *Meursius* in *Pisistrato*, p. 4., *Simson* *Chronic.* 3425. ed. *Wesseling*. Conf. *Spon.* de *Pag. Atticis* p. 38, 9. *Steph.* v. *Φιλαΐδαι*, et *Heringa* *Obs.* 236. Quod reduxerat *Meursius*, confirmat *Scholiastes Platonis* nuper editus *L. Bat.* p. 85. *Φιλαΐδων*] *Φιλαΐδαι*, δῆμος *Αἰγινήδος*. Sed quid ultra operam et oleum perdimus? Insurrexit *Taylorus**, nostratibus *Platonis* ὁσίων καὶ ἱερῶν ἐξηγητῆς εὐηθέστατος, qui vertendo enarrat, “My fellow citizen, and likewise yours, Hipparchus the son of the *Philaedonic* Pisistratus, and the eldest and wisest of the sons of Pisistratus. [“Quis autem *Oedipus* hæc versionis ænigmata interpretabitur? Aut quid tanto molimine libri in linguam magis familiarem transferuntur, si Græca intellectu sint facilia, Anglica intelligi non possint?” οὕτως ἀταλαίπωρος τοῖς πολλοῖς ἡ ζήτησις τῆς ἀληθείας, καὶ ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτοιμα μᾶλλον τρέπονται.]

* [“Self-created Polytheist of Great Britain.” R.P.]

Timæus in *Lex. Plat.* v. Ἐχέγγυον. τὸ διὰ πίστεως ἄξιον οὕτως καλεῖ. “In καλεῖ intellige Πλάτων. Quo magis suspicor, hanc glossam non aliunde migrasse, sed in *Platone* corruptam latere.” D.R. Optime: integram enim vocem sub glossa delitescentem Vir eruditissimus, nuper Oxonii decus, eruit: *Alcib.* l. 33. A. Læmar. Ἀσφαλὴς γὰρ εἶ ἐγγυητής. Repone, ἐχέγγυος. Hoc quidem sane luculenter. *Suidas*, Ἐχέγγυος. ὁ ἀσφαλὴς ἐγγυητής, ὁ διὰ πίστεως ἄξιος. MS. *Clarkianus* vulgatam exhibet. [*Eur. Med.* 388.] Hanc certissimam emendationem mecum communicavit, et suo calculo comprobavit R.P. *Euthyph.* p. 48. B. In Schol. initio pro Πιτθῆις et Πιτθεὺς lege Πιτθεῖς. *Phileb.* p. 160, 12. Bas. = 78. E. Laem. καὶ σὺ μὲν ἀποκνᾶν ἔφης αὐτήν, ἐγὼ δὲ τούναντίον ἀποσῶσαι λέγω. ἀποκνᾶς p. 217, 10. Aldus, ἀποκνᾶις Ἐφης MS. *Clark.*, unde legendum minima mutatione ἀποκναῖσαι φής—nusquam voce ἀποκνᾶν utitur *Plato*. Vide D.R. ad *Tim.* p. 42. [P.P.D.]

De Repub. III. p. 440. B. πάσας δὲ διεξόδους διεξελθὼν ἀποστραφῆναι λογιζόμενος, restitue, λυγιζόμενος (*writhing himself into all postures*) e Schol. p. 156. Phot. et Suid. Conf. H. St. Thes. T. III. 1078. G. et Ind. v. Λυγίζομαι. In Themistio XXII. p. 278. A. apud Piers. ad Moer. 197. repone, λυγιζομένην. (Conf. Bastii ep. cr. p. 46). [E.M. et P.P.D.]

VII. p. 486. D. ἡγεῖσθαι ἂν αὐτὸν νοήσῃν, ἀλλ' οὐκ ὄμμασιν θεωρεῖν, νοήσῃ MS. C. C. C. Oxon.; conf. si tanti sit, *Port Royal* p. 401. [E.M.]

Legg. v. p. 605. D. (D.R. ad Tim. 192) γενεθλίους dudum emendaverat *Lambinus* ad Horat. Carm. Sæc. 12. [P.P.D.]

Legg. XII. p. 687. B. ζωὴν αἰσχρὰν ἀρνύμενος μετὰ τάχους, μᾶλλον ἢ μετ' ἀνδρείας καλὸν καὶ εὐδαίμονα θάνατον. Lege, ἀρνύμενος μετὰ κάκης—Photius, κάκη. βαρέως ἢ κακία. ἐν νόμοις Πλάτων, μετὰ κάκης μ. ἢ μ. ἀ. Conf. D.R. ad Tim. p. 50. [P.P.D.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



Scholion aureum ad PLATONIS Apolog. MS.

p. 9. a. 7. ed. Ald. 10. 13. Bas. 7. 48.

Læmar. 359. E. H. St. i. 19. C. Forster.

p. 63. 11. Fischer. 76. l. penult.

Ἄριστοφάνης ὁ κωμωιδιοποιὸς φαλακρὸς ἦν, ὡς καὶ αὐτὸς φησὶν εἰρήνη· ἐκωμωιδεῖτο δ' ἐπὶ τῷ σκώπτειν μὲν Εὐριπίδην, μιμεῖσθαι δ' αὐτόν. | Κρατῖνος εἰς δὲ σὺ κομψός; (πᾶς ἂν¹) τίς ἔροιτο θεατῆς·

⁵ Ὑπολεπτολόγος· γνωμιδιώτης· Εὐριπιδ᾽ Ἀριστοφανίζων· καὶ αὐτὸς δ' ἐξομολογεῖται σκηναῖς² καταλαμ|βανούσαις· χρῶμαι γὰρ αὐτοῦ, φησὶ, τοῦ στόματος τῷ στρογγύλῳ. Τοὺς νοῦς δ' ἀγοραίους ἤττον ἢ κείνος ποιῶ. Ἄριστάνυμος δ'

¹⁰ ἐν Ἡλίῳ ριγοῦντι³ καὶ Σαννυρίων|ἐν Γέλῳ τετράδι φασὶν αὐτὸν γενέσθαι· διὸ τὸν βίον κατέτριψεν ἑτέροις πονῶν· οἱ γὰρ τετράδι γεννώμενοι πονοῦντες, ἑτέροις καρποῦσθαι παρέ|χουσιν· ὡς Φιλόχορος⁴ ἐν τῇ πρώτῃ περὶ ἡμερῶν ἱστορεῖ· ταύτῃ

¹⁵ δὲ καὶ Ἡρακλῆ φησὶ γεννηθῆναι· τρεῖς δὲ εἶχεν υἱοὺς· Φίλιππον τὸν τοῖς Εὐβούλου δράμασιν|ἀγωνισάμενον· καὶ Ἀραρότα ἰδίοις τε καὶ τοῦ πατρὸς δράμασιν διηγωνισμένον· καὶ τρίτον ὃν Ἀπολλόδωρος μὲν Νικόστρατον καλεῖ· οἱ δὲ περὶ Δικαί-

²⁰ αρχον Φιλέταιρον· κατε|κλήρωσε δὲ καὶ τὴν Αἰ-

γειναν

γειναν ὡς Θεογένης φησὶν ἐν τῷ περὶ Αἰγείνης·
 κωμωιδεῖται δὲ ὅτι καὶ τὸ τῆς Εἰρήνης κολοσσικὸν
 ἐξηῖρεν|ἀγαλμα. Εὐπολις Αὐτολύκωι· Πλάτων
 Νίκαις :—

¹ πᾶς ἂν omittit MS.

² σκηναῖς. MS.

³ ῥηγοῦντι

⁴ Φιλόχωρος

In margine ejusdem Codicis p. 306. b.
 29. scriptum est manu valde ineleganti,
 quinque tamen fortasse sæculorum ;
 [Lach. 255. B. Conf. Charmid. 238. F.
 Odys. P. 347.] Ἡσιόδου τὸ ῥητόν [Ἡμ.
 315.] πῶς δὴ ὁ σοφὸς Ὀμήρου εἴρηκεν, ἀγνοῶ :—
 Notam hanc mecum humanissime com-
 municavit, sed communicatam agnoscere
 me remoratus est. (*Crit. Rev.* April, 1804,
 p. 464.).

COLOPHON

ΡΑΦΗΧΕΙΡΙ'ΙΩΚΑΛΛΙΓΡΑΦΟΥ
 ΤΥΧΩΣ'ΑΡΕΘΑΪΔΙΑΚΟ'ΝΚΩΙΤΤ
 ΕΓ'ΝΟΜΙΣΜΑΤΩΝΒΥΖΑΝΤΙ
 ΝΔΕΚΑΚΑΙΤΡΙΩΝΜΗΝΙΝΟΕΜ
 ΙΩΙ'ΙΝΔΙΚΤΙΩΝΙΔΕΤΕΙΚΟΣΜΟ
 Δ'ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑΣΛΕΟΝΤΟΣΤΟΥΦΙ
 ΧΥ'ΥΙΟΥΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΥΤΟΥ'ΑΕΙΜΝΗ

Vid. *Dorvillii* Animadv. ad Charit. pp. 49, 50. Arethas presbyter, non mortuus est, sed Euthymium Cæsareæ Archiepiscopum anno Christi 911 mortuum funebri oratione laudavit, eique successit. Hujus Arethæ notarius Baanes quidam librum scripsit anno 914, a Montefalconio Palæogr. Græc. p. 43. memoratum. Ibi enim pro Ἀρέτα legendum Ἀρέθα. Videtur enim Arethas anno 889 privatus fuisse, postea inter 889 et 896, diaconus, inter 896 et 911, presbyter, tandem 911 archiepiscopus factus. [P.P.D.]

SCRIPTORES

IN SCHOLIIS AD PLATONEM LAUDATI*

[nuper editis Lugd. Bat. 1800].

* ΑΙΣΧΙΝΗΣ ὁ Σωκρατικὸς Καλλιᾶι p. 139.

* ΑΙΣΧΥΛΟΣ 149. Γλαύκωι Ποτυιεῖ 14. ἐξ Ἀμφιαράου
(Sept. adv. Theb. 592—) 149.

* ΑΙΣΩΠΟΣ 78.

* [Vide Diarium Erudit. (Class. Journal, III. pp. 619—623.)].



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

παραπρεσβείας 10. 35. 86. Φιλιππικῶι 84. Κατὰ
Τιμοκράτους 148.

ΔΙΔΥΜΟΣ 6. 14. 220.

ΔΙΚΑΙ'ΑΡΧΟΣ περὶ μουσικῶν ἀγώνων 103.

ΔΙΟΓΕΝΙΑΝΟΣ 135. 138. 226. (sine nom. 191.)

ΔΙΟ'ΔΩΡΟΣ περὶ Μιλήτου 139.

ΔΙΟΝΥ'ΣΙΟΣ ὁ Ἀλικαρνασσεὺς 166.

ΔΟΥΡΙΣ 11. 134.

ἘΛΛΑ'ΝΙΚΟΣ 11. 48.

ἘΜΠΕΔΟΚΛΗΣ 124.

ἘΠ'ΓΡΑΜΜΑ 101.

ἘΠ'ΧΑΡΜΟΣ 14. 103. 127.

ἘΡΑΤΟΣΘΕ'ΝΗΣ 35. 61. 250.

ἘΡΜΙΠΠΟΣ Ἀθηναῖς γοναῖς 123.

ἘΥ'ΚΛΟΣ 135.

ἘΥΠΟΛΙΣ Αὐτολύκωι 211. Δήμοις 139. Μαγικαῖ 7.
Προσπαλτίοις 139. Φίλοις 139.

ἘΥΡΙΠ'ΔΗΣ 142. 167. (sed is locus est Sophoclis) 190.
sine nom. (Phœn. 479.) Ἀνδρομέδαῖ 43. Ἀντιό-
πηι 114. 115. 127. 211. Ἰππολύτῳ 70. Κύ-
κλωπι 94. Λαμίας προλόγῳ 61. Μελανίππηι 68.
Μηδείαῖ 135. Πελιάσιν 137. Τηλέφῳ 50. Τημένῳ
137. Φρίξῳ 119.

ἘΧΕΦΤΑΛΙ'ΔΑΣ 11.

ἘΦΟΡΟΣ ἄ ιστοριῶν 94. 97.

ΖΗ'ΝΩΝ 77.

ΖΩΓ'ΛΟΣ 85.

ἩΡΑΚΛΕΙ'ΔΗΣ ὁ Ποντικὸς 61.

ἩΡΑ'-

ἙΡΑΚΛΕΙΤΟΣ 27. 171.

ἙΡΟΔΟΤΟΣ 13. 87. 136. 149. 185.

ἙΡΟΔΩΡΟΣ 11.

ἙΣΙΟΔΟΣ 53. 191. 237.

ΘΕΟΚΡΙΤΟΣ 51.

ΘΕΟΦΡΑΣΤΟΣ 222. ἐν ἐπτανόμῳ 242. περὶ βασιλείας Κυ

πρίων 185. π^{ει} φυτῶν 169.

ΘΟΥΚΥΔΙΔΗΣ 42. 48. 101. 161. 172. β̄. 89. η̄. 89.

ἸΑΜΒΛΙΧΟΣ 34. 176.

ἸΒΥΚΟΣ 40.

ἸΠΠΟΚΡΑΤΗΣ 135.

ἸΠΠΩΝΑΞ 121.

ἸΣΤΡΟΣ Ἑλιακοῖς 11. ἸΩΝ Φρουροῖς

ἸΩΝ φρουροῖς 185.

ΚΑΛΛΙΜΑΧΟΣ 134.

ΚΛΕΑΡΧΟΣ 68. 137. 167. Ἀρχεσίλαϊ 227.

ΚΛΕΪΤΑΡΧΟΣ 145.

ΚΡΑΤΗΣ Λαμίαι 40.

ΚΤΗΣΙΦΩΝ 6.

ΚΡΑΤΓΝΟΣ 139. Βουκόλοις 94. Δραπέτισι 40. Ὀμ
φάλῃ 139. Πυλαίᾳ 133. Χείρουσι 5. Ὠραῖς 88

ΚΡΑΤΓΝΟΣ ὁ νεώτερος 91.

ΚΩΜΑΡΧΟΣ 11.

ΚΩΜΩΙΔΙΑ 54.

ΛΑΚΩΝΩΝ ἄσματα 223.

ΛΥΚΟΥΡΓΟΣ 158.

ΛΥΚΟΦΡΩΝ 99.

ΜΑΓΝΗΣ Προαστριάι 33.

ΜΑΝΕΘΩ Αἰγυπτιακοῖς 202.

ΜΑΡΚΕΛΛΟΣ 206. Αἰθιοπικοῖς 207.

ΜΕΝΑΝΔΡΟΣ 14. Ἀδελφοῖς β. 69. Ἀνδρογύνωι 33. Δεισιδαίμονι 36. Ἐαυτὸν τιμωρουμένωι 10. Θεοφορουμένηι 12. 142. Ἐγχειριδίωι 18. Καταψευδομένωι 29. Κεκρυφάλωι 12. 142. Πλοκίωι 12. Συνερώσηι 27. Ἰδριάι 10. Χήρᾳι 18.

ΝΙΚΟΚΛΗΣ (Τιμοκλῆς MS. Clark.) ἐν τῶι π^ε θεωρίας 13.

(ΝΙΚΑΝΔΡΟΣ) ὁ θυατειρηνὸς 90.

ΝΙΚΑΝΩΡ Ἀλεξάνδρου βίωι 61.

ΞΕΝΟΦΑΝΗΣ ὁ Κολοφώνιος 172.

ΞΕΝΟΦΩΝ 59. (79.) 156. 168. Ἀναβάσει 79.

ῬΟΛΤΜΠΙΟΔΩΡΟΣ 53.

ῬΟΜΗΡΟΣ 10. 24 bis. 26 bis. 32. 35. 47. 59. 66. 69 bis. 71. 74. 78. 182 bis. 191. 240. 251. 82. 88. 89 bis. 93. 132. 134. 146. 149. 161. 163. 165 bis. 173. 175.

ΠΑΡΟΪΜΙΑΙ 66.

ΠΙΝΔΑΡΟΣ 97.

ΠΛΑΤΩΝ Γοργιάι 94. Θεαιτήτωι 133. 190. Λύσιδι 47. Νόμοις 129. Νόμων 5̄ 60. Η̄. 28. Ια 11. Παρμενίδηι 73. 128. Πολιτείαι 14. 35. 81. 93. 128. Τιμαίωι 13.

ΠΛΑΤΩΝ (ὁ κωμικὸς) 77. Πεδηταῖς 139.

ΠΛΟΥΤΑΡΧΟΣ 78. 106. 122.

ΠΛΩΤΙΝΟΣ 172.

ΠΟΛΥΔΕΥΚΗΣ Ὀνομαστικοῖς 70.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



AD XENOPHONTEM.

Xenoph. *Hierone* p. 908. E. ed. Par. 1625,
Athen. IV, 171. F. =47. 33 Ald., Stob.
XLVII. 349. 21. consentit ed. Trincav. ;

’ΟΥ ΔΕ̄ CΙΤΙΟΙC ΚΑΙ ΠΟΤΟΙC
ΚΑΙΤΙCΤΟΙC
ΚΑΡΤΙCΤΟΙC
ΚΡΑΤΙCΤΟΙC

[Vide Adverss. p. 73.]

[M.D.]

AD THEOPHRASTUM.

Theophrastus *Charact.* XIV. p. 68 ed. *Needham*. Lege ex emendatione *Corayi* et *Schweighæuseri* junioris (vide patris notas ad Athenæum, XIV. p. 661. E. Tom. VII. p. 682.) ‘Ἡδύ γε τῶν ἄστρον ὄζει, ὅτε δὴ καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι λέγουσι τῆς γῆς (πισσησ). Sic in *Machone* Athenæi XIII. p. 577. F. τοῦτ’ ἔφη, τὰ λαν νομίζεῖν δοκεῖ μοι σαπρότατον πάντων πολύ. Sic MS. Venet. cum antea esset δοκεῖ νομίζειν.

Quod

Quod sensus et metrum postulat, reposuit *Lennepius*, τοῦτ', ἔφη, ΤΑ΄ΛΑΝ, "OZEIN δοκεῖμοι.—(Hæc inscripserat Porsonus exemplari edit. *Needham* in *Bibl. Trin. Coll. Cant.*)

AD FRAGMENTA QUÆDAM PYTHAGOREORUM.

Apud *Diog. Laërt.* III, 107. l. 6, 7. H. St. πεπαίδευται γὰρ αὖ ταύτας ὑπο. Lege, ὑφ' ἔν, ἌΥΤΑΥΤΑΣ, quod *Doriensibus idem est, quod ceteris Græcis αὐτὴ αὐτῆς.* [Conf. *Valck. ad Röver.* LXXIV. *Koën. ad Greg.* 167. *Valck. ad Adoniaz.* p. 206.] [E.M.]

Hipparchus Pythag. apud *Gal.* p. 12. ed. *Cantab.* τί δὲ ἀπὸ τῶν ἐκτὸς ἐπηρητημένα κατὰ τὰς ἐπομβρίας—Corrige, τί λέγω τὰπὸ τ. ἐ. ἐπ, κακά;—*Ibid.* l. 19. σὺν θεῶν τρόπῳ—re-
pone, ἀνθέων quod cum σὺνθέων facile permutatur. *T. H.* ad *Lucian.* l. 513. *Ibid.* l. 25. εὔρε τὸν τρόπον,—*Εὐρίπου τρ.*, *Idem.* [E.M.] [Ἄνθρωπος *Εὐρίπος*, τύχη *Εὐρίπος*, ὄνομα *Εὐρίπος*: ἐπὶ τῶν ῥάστα μεταβαλλομένων καὶ ἀσταθμῆτων ἀνθρώπων. *Lex. Sangerm.* p. 404.]

AD ARISTIDEM.

Aristides pro Quatuor viris III. 474, 475. Canter. (II. 286. Jebb) *A Lachete septimus archon Ebulides; ab Ebulide octavus Theodotus; ὁμοῦ τε γὰρ ἕξ καὶ δέκα οἱ σύμπαντες ἄρχοντες.* Imo, quum bis numeretur Ebulides, sunt XIV, non XVI. Quoties enim apud veteres legitur \bar{m} annos fuisse inter A et B, et \bar{n} inter B et C, colligendi sunt inter A et C non $\bar{m} + \bar{n}$ sed $\bar{m} + \bar{n} - 1$; unus enim annus bis numeratur. Lege ergo ex MS. *Trin. Coll. Cant.* ὁμοῦ τέτταρες καὶ δέκα. qui tamen vulgatam in margine habet pro v. I. Et sic proculdubio habebant Jebbii MSS. quamvis ille ediderit, ὁμοῦ ἕξ καὶ τέσσαρες δέκα. cum hac nota. “Ita Palmer, et MSS. Coll. Nov. Bar. 7. Vulgo ὁμοῦ τε καὶ ἕξ καὶ δέκα.” $\tau\gamma$ (i. e. $\tau\tau$) et γ sæpe confunduntur. [Vide supra p. 239. ad Athen. VII, 310. E. 2. et p. 240. ad IX, 392. E. ult.] *Callim.* Ep. XLIX. citat Ernestus ἀτγάραγον ex MS.—MS. scilicet habet ἀτγάραγον ut emendaverat Bentleius.

[P.P.D.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

Lib.

[cum Valck. ad Herodot. III. 115)

καὶ ἄλλων καὶ λόγου μάλιστα ἄξιων

v. 7. 389. ποταμῶν ἔτι τε ἐς αὐτὸν ῥεόντων. Repone,

‘ΕΠΤΑ’ Conf. Herodot. v II, 129. [E M.]

v. 11. prop. fin. p. 400. τῇ δὲ ἀριστερᾷ τοῦ θεοῦ

χειρὶ ἔνεστι

x. 17. p. 836. [Dicere posses, εἴκοσι καὶ τετρακοσίους, vel τετρ. καὶ εἴκ. sed nemo unquam vel dixit vel scripsit, εἴκοσι καὶ τετρακοσίους πεντήκοντα*.] Duplex scilicet erat

lectio, εὔρος δὲ ἐς $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{εἴκοσι} \\ \text{πεντήκοντα} \end{array} \right\}$ τε καὶ τετρακ.

x. 29. p. 870. Lege [cum V. D. † apud Valckenaer. ad Herodot. IV, 78. p. 317, 52]

καὶ αὐτὴν ἠγμένος—[E.M. P.P.D.] [Præterita enim passiva vel activam, vel passivam, vel utramque significationem habent, prout habet præsens.—Jam cum ἄγομαι active usurpetur, eadem res est de ἤγμαι.— Hæc ex recordatione P.P.D.]

* [Hæc ex recordatione. P.P.D.]

† [T. H. Addenda et emend. ad Lucian. I. 237.]

AD HEPHÆSTIONEM.

P. 31, 9. ed. Gaisford. Lege, Ψήχων. P.P.D.
 Probabat R.P. [Vide Pierson. Verisim.
 p. 132.]

AD HARPOCRATIONEM.

Harpocratio ex Suida interpolatus vv. ἐπιτρο-
 πή· φασκάλιον· προπεπωκότες· πρυτάνεις—In
 v. ζύστις Harpocracionem transcripsit
 Photius, non Suidas.

Archippus Harpocracionis p. 226.

ἀποδοκιμάζειν, (εἶτα δοκιμάζειν) πάλιν.

[P.P.D.]

AD POLLUCEM, ed. Hemsterhus. [P.P.D.]

Lib.

VI. 58, 59. Pherecrates ;—Piersonus in mar-
 gine exeinplaris, παρὰ τοῖσι ποταμοῖσιν
 ἐπέχυντ' ἀντ' ὀστράκων.] Male, ob *ictum*
 sive *accentum* metricum. R.P.

Ibid. τεύτλοισί τ' ἐγγέλεια Piersonus] recte ;
 quanquam nonnihil dubito an vera scrip-
 tura

Lib.

tura sit ἐγγέλυια vel -λυα, penult. producta. R.P.

v I. 62. p. 601. 4. ἀλλ' εἴσιθ' εἴσω. ut trochaeum efficiat, delet ἀλλ' vel εἶσ—Pierseus.] Nil opus; duo dimetri esse possunt. R.P.

v II. 24. p. 703, 2. Σοφοκλῆς δὲ, ἕως ὅτου κριθῶσης οἴνου—ἕως ὄνου Aldus; lege ἐπὶ ὄνου R.P. σειρασφόρον Κριθῶντα πῶλον. Æschyl. Agam. 1644.

v II. 72. 739, 3. περιτυχοῦσ' Piersonus; quomodo multos abhinc annos emendaverat R.P.

v II. 96. 755. ult. κεκρυφάλιον Piersonus.] Male; secundam in κεκρύφαλον producunt Attici. R.P.

ix. 13. p. 983. ἀγροιάτης Pierson.] Tragica vox; Aristoph. Thesm. 58. ed. Br.

ix. 28. 995. ult. τὸν παῖδ' ἄγω Piers.] De sensu fragmenti non liquet. R.P.

ix. 65. p. 1035. 10. σὺ δέ (γε) μοι Pierson.; recte proculdubio. R.P.

ix. 72. p. 1042. penult. τοῦτ' αὐτὸ πρᾶττω διόλω. Piers. δύ' ὀβολῶν—] legendum δύ' ὀβολῶ.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



852. V. Πάνικτον. Hermippi verba lege ;

A. "Ωρα τοίνυν μετ' ἐμοῦ χωρεῖν τὸν κωπητῆρα
λαβόντα

καὶ προσκεφάλαιον, ἵν' ἐς τὴν ναῦν ἐμπεδήσας
ῥοθιάζης.

B. ἀλλ' οὐ δέομαι, πάνικτὸν ἔχων τὸν πρωκτόν.

1068. 10. Πρωτογυναῖκες.—MS. μυῖαν ἠγμένοι
γυναῖκες. L. μίαν—γυναῖκα (de ἠγμένος
conf. R. P. p. 280.)

1103. v. ῥαφανιδωθῆναι. L. τίς γὰρ ἀν' Ἀντὶ ῥα-
φανίδος ὀξυθύμι' εἰσορῶν "Ἐλθοι πρὸς ἡμᾶς ;

1181, 14. v. Σιδαρέοι.—Βυζάντιοι post ἐχρῶντο
omissum, post εἰσὶ collocat MS.—Lege,
ἐπεὶ οἱ Βυζάντιοι λεπτῶ νομισματίῳ σιδ. καὶ
ἐλ. ἐχρῶντο.—ἐν τῶ est. v. l. eaque men-
dosa pro λεπτῶ.

1254. l. 8. Glossam, quæ in MSto sequitur,
sic lege ;—στερπενδικιλοῦμ, qui est scrip-
toris error pro περπ. i. e. Lat. *perpendi-*
culum.

1437. 4. Σοῦ ἴοι. MS. l. ἴθι.

AD PHOTIUM.

In Codice Galeano *Photii* legimus,

σταθμοῖς. ἐξέβαλε τοὺς σιαγόνας. ὡσεὶ τοῖς
φλείοις.

σταθμοὺς. Ἀριστοφάνης ἐν δράμασιν αὐτοῖς
quæ sic digere,

σταθμοὺς. Ἀριστοφάνης ἐν Δράμασιν.

“ αὐτοῖς σταθμοῖς ἐξέβαλε τοὺς σιαγόνας”
ὡσεὶ τοῖς φλείοις. [E.M.]

In eodem codice ὑπὸ explicatur per ὀλίγον.

Vide Comicum incertum apud Athen.
xv. 693. B. emendatum Adverss. 147.

[E.M.]

AD SUIDAM [P.P.D.]

Suidas I. p. 97. Ἀλλὰ γάρ. ἀντὶ τοῦ δέ. Εὐπολις
Βάπταις. ἀναρίστητος ὦν καὶ οὐδὲν βεβρωκῶς
ἀλλὰ γὰρ στέφανον ἔχων Hactenus supple
ex Lexico Sangerm. apud *Ruhnken*. ad
H. in Cer. 200. Deinde adde [Πλάτων
Κριτιά] ἀλλὰ γὰρ ἀθυμοῦντες ἄνδρες—Lo-
cus est p. 502, 14. ed. Bas. prope init.
dialogi.

- I. p. 132. Kust. v. Ἀμαθείας κέρας. Hexameter sumtus est e Fabula de muribus rustico et urbano. Fabulator MS. Bodleianus apud *Tyrwhittum* Babr. p. 11. ΤΟ΄ ΚΕ΄ΡΑΣ Ο΄ΙΚΩ̃ ΤΗ̃Σ ἈΜΑΛΘΕΪΑΣ ὡς πρὸς σέ. εἰάν ἔλθῃς μετ' ἐμοῦ, ὡς θέλεις ἀσωτεύσῃ. Initium fabulæ, hexametro versu scriptæ, exhibet Suid. v. ἐταιρείῃ.—Recte igitur MS. C.C.C. nostro hexametro præponit ἐν μύθοις.
- II. p. 193. v. θειάσομαι ὄλη. χαρῶ̃ μανικῶ̃ς. i. e. θιάσω̃ μαινόλη. χορῶ̃ μανικῶ̃. ex Cod. Galeano Photii, qui habet θιάσωμαιοληῖ χορῶ̃ι μανικῶ̃ι. [E.M.] [Et in Photio θιάσω̃ μαινόλη corrigit Lobeckius apud Schleusner. Cur. Noviss. p. 57.]
- II. 66. v. ἡπηννημένων. Lege proxime ad Kusteri mentem, παρὰ τῶν ἡπηννημένων. ἐκέλευε, sc. Simonidem Scopas. Cic. de Orat. II. 86. fabulam narrans, *reliquum a suis Tyndaridis, quos æque laudasset, peteret.*
- 483, 768. v.v. μακάρων νῆσοι et ὡς λίαν. Citatur Parmenides mendose utrobique. In priore loco lege e Photio, Ἀρμένδας. Is erat



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

AD AUCTOREM ETYMOLOG. MAGN. [P.P.D.]

Etymol. M. 31. 15. MS. D' O. πλατ i. e. Πλάτων. Mutatis igitur distinctionibus lege, πτωχίστερον, Ἀριστοφάνης. Πλάτων, Ἴν'—Versum ex Platonis Cleophonte citat Eustathius ad Odysseam. B. p. 1441, 26. —p. 137. 44. pro ἔνθα, l. ἐν^θ i. e. ἐν θηριακοῖς ex MS. Dorvill. Locus est v. 401. Vid. Sylburg.

—262, 4. pro πύθ' lege παρ' Ἀπολλωνιά sc. Arg. IV. 777, ut quam proxime Dorvillianus. Si enim θ superne acutior, inferne rotundior scribatur, fit signum quod notat vel ἥλιος, vel Ἀπόλλων, vel Ἀπολλώνιος. [Omni- nino vide Schæferum in nova editione Pluti Hemsterhusiani, pp. XLII—XLIV. cui ad- jungit T. K. Montefalcon. Bibl. Coisl. pp. 765. 767.] Hinc permutatio νν. ἥλιος et Ἀπολλώνιος, quæ *Ruhnkeium* torsit Ep. Cr. II. p. 203. Hinc etiam infra p. 797, 33, pro ὅτι φονοδακεῖ, legen- dum Ἀπολλώνιος· φοινὰ δάκη. (MS. Dorv. Ἀπολλώνιος, compendio scriptum, et φο- νοδακή.)



νοδακή.) “Οτι scilicet ita fere scribitur,” 6, unde natus error. Ceterum fallitur lexicographus; non enim apud Apollonium, sed apud Nicandrum *Theriac.* 146. leguntur ista.

712, 42. Hæc verba non leguntur in *Alexipharmacis*. Lege ex MS. D’Orvilliano, ἐν τῷ λέγειν, (ἐν^τ λ^ε) pro ἐν τοῖς ἀλεξιφαρμάκοις (ἐν^τ αλ^ε).

AD NOVUM TESTAMENTUM GRÆCUM
quod ex CODICE ALEXANDRINO suis
characteribus expresso in lucem protulit
Carolus Godofredus Woide, 1786.

Act. D. Apost. xxviii. 26. male impressum
βλήποντες pro βλέποντες, quod recte habet
Codex.

[D. Petri Epist. l. i. 2. πληθυνθείη Hæc a manu
recenti. R.B.]

[1 Tim. iii. 16. .—Circulo  digitis detrito admodum et exolescente biduum sese maceravit R. P. Pro virgula supra, ut solet, elegantissime deducta, linea

crassa profecto ac rudis com̄paret, et vice diametri tenuis intra circulum venustissime depicti punctum pinguius et hodie flavescens exit; acie vero intentissima illud curiose perlustranti lucida tela diei adeo aberrare et omnia prorsus confundere cœperunt, ut oculis dolentibus sese quicquam, quod vellet, vigilantem vidisse somniaret. Longe aliter R.P. evenit; *παν̄ ἐπ̄* ἌΛΛΑΘΕΙ'ΑῙ πεπλασμένον̄ ἐκ Διὸς ἔργον̄. ille textum Ο̄CΕΦΛΑΝΕΡΩΘΗ a manu prima fuisse diserte scriptum certo pronunciavit. Cum $\overline{\Theta\zeta}$ sæpius desit quam abundet, mihi in mentem venit $\overline{\Theta\zeta}$ OC præ oculis librarium habuisse, et priorem incuria omisisse: de hoc ne verbum quidem R.P.; sed inter loca, quæ *vivida* quadam memoriæ *vi* confestim et quasi sponte deprompta, ad Eur. Ph. 5.* non multo post enotabat, Suidam v. *ισχύων* citavit; et deleto *ισ*. hunc articulum sequenti subjungendum mo-

* Aristoph. Pac. 938. ὅσ' ἂν Θεὸς θέλη Victorii codex; vide Acta Philol. Monac. T. I. Fasc. III. p. 403.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



thagine habuerunt Africani Episcopi, haud indiligenter retexere voluerit, et in hunc textum dissertationem pro appendice adjungendam curaverit Vir summus. Meminisse libet in Museo Britannico asservatum esse foliorum syntagma a diversis Codicibus MSS. abscissorum; in antiquissimis I. *D. Joan.* v. 7. nec vola nec vestigium; in recentioribus margini adscriptus apparet; in novissimis de margine in orationem ipsam irrepit.]

CODEX CANTABRIGIENSIS* *qui olim*
T. BEZÆ *fuit.*

R. P.'s opinion of this MS. may not be unacceptable to certain readers: * * * *

* [Ita officio nobiscum (Benedictinis) certavit (Richardus Bentleyus), ut petentibus duntaxat copiam nobis codicis fieri, totum suis descriptum impensis ad nos miserit. *Sabatier* præf. ad *Bibl. sacr. Lat. versiones*, T. III. p. xxxv.]

“ It

“It abounds, says Academicus, with absurdities. So does almost every ancient MS. A MS. may be, upon the whole, of great authority, and yet have many absurd readings. The greatest fault of our MS. is, that it is also full of interpolations. Yet even these are often curious, as they are supposed to be taken from apocryphal gospels. Another mistake your correspondent has copied from Wetstein (who though an excellent collator of Greek, knew little of Latin MSS.) that Beza’s MS. follows a strange and uncouth system of orthography. But his examples will scarcely make good his assertion. The words *temptatio**, *quotiens*, *thensaurus*, *intellego*, are

SO

* Hoc in omne genus MSS. animadverti, tam veterrimis mille et ducentorum annorum, quam recentioribus, vel *temptare* scribi, vel rarius *temptare*; nunquam, quod hodie obtinet, *tentare*. BENTLEY ON TERENT. Phorm. III. 3. 19. [See also Brit. Crit. for April, 1794, p. 362. At certain periods scribes pretended great veneration for forms well stricken in years, and affected to lisp the jargon of Evander’s nursery. One sect had an undue predilection for P; another for B; and a third for the aspirate. This

bad

so written in many, if not in most, old MSS.; *tempto* and *intellego* you may find

bad taste, however, tends not to impair the value of Latin MSS. In the celebrated fragment of Livy occur *emPtus*, *sumPtus**. A mutilated copy of Cicero's Orations against Anthony, which is supposed by *Muretus* to have been written about the middle of the ninth century, and greatly resembles in the form of the characters the Florence Pandects, Bembo's MS. of Terence, and the MS.† of Cicero's Epistles collated by *P. Victorius*, furnishes instances of extravagant attachment to antiquated and even rude forms in *temPtare*, *solemPnia*, *somPnum*; *aPsum*, *oPtineo*, *scriBtura*, *oBtare*; *aecum*, *relicuim*, which Dr. Bentley has restored to *Lucret. III. 648.*; *locuntur*, *cottidie*; and, through some unaccountable fantasy, *latHrones*, *latHrocinia*. (*Hammonius* occurs in the *Dresden* rescript of Cicero's Epistles.) Still that sagacious scholar asserts, non facile crederit quisquam, quam multa temere addita, quam multa corrupta ac depravata legerentur in omnibus aliis libris, quæ hujus ope expleta, resecta, sanata et integritati suæ restituta sunt ‡. *Mercennarium* is, I suspect, in Faerni's

* Giovenazz. XLIX.

† quibus tamen ego codicibus,—non tantum tribuo, quantum uni illi, omnium, quotquot ubique terrarum, idem epistolarum corpus continent, exstant, vetustissimo (et ex quo cæteros omnes, qui usquam sunt, tamquam e fonte ac capite manasse, et Angelus Politianus et Petrus Victorius memoriæ prodiderunt), qui Florentiæ in Mediceo-laurentianæ bibliothecæ pluteo XLIX adservatur, numero IX. extra notatus: *Lagomarsini* ad Poggiani Epist. i. 189.

‡ Opp. V. ii. p. 976, 7. See also *Lagomarsini* ad Poggiani Epist. i. 203 et inter errata Vol. iv. p. 80.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

scriptions: *thensaurus* is in Faernus's edition of Terence, without doubt from the Codex Bembinus, the oldest MS. extant. I am persuaded that the other peculiarities mentioned by Wetstein would be found, upon examination, to stand upon equal authority. The truth is, Wetstein was rather prejudiced against this MS. Mr. Griesbach, who is more candid, says (Symbol. Crit. p. cxvii.) that it has a great quantity of very ancient and good readings. [Doctor Kipling's edition of the *text* of this noble fragment exceeds Doctor Woide's impression of that part of the Alexandrian MS. containing the N. T. in *splendor* and in *accuracy*.]

^{κηρη} nepe pro ^{κηρης} nepes, i. e. *νηρη* pro *νηρης* vel *νηρης*. The transcribers of Latin MSS., whenever stopped by a Greek quotation, seldom performed their task like good workmen.]

CODEX RESCRIPTUS, No. 1905.

[The CODEX RESCRIPTUS, of which Dr. Bentley speaks so highly in his letter to Archbp. Wake, p. 230,* was greatly esteemed by R. P. If his wishes to revisit Paris during the hollow truce in 1802 had been gratified; on that joyful occasion, he assured me, it would be the first MS. that he should inspect, and that the *Anti-Atticista* (which has lately been printed by the laudable zeal of *Emanuel Bekker*) would be the next. It may be collected from internal evidence that the former was written before the fourth century. On the demise of a venerable character in the Church, the event was sometimes registered in the margin of those august monuments of the Christian faith. The departure of a Patriarch of Alexandria, the *Blessed Thomas* or *Timothy* (I speak from memory), towards the close of the third century, is recorded in the margin of this MS.

* See also *Blanchini* Evang. Quadr. CDXCIX—DI.

“The old brown capitals,” over which the book of Ephrem Syrus has been transcribed, “the rasures and ancient lections lying under them,” might have induced the Professor to collate, at least, the most remarkable or difficult passages, and to appreciate critically the value of the whole. His faithful eye, his keen penetration, and undaunted probity would have placed the internal merits of this Codex beyond the reach of heedless infidelity and unsparing bigotry,—habits of mind more destructive of sacred learning than the ravages of time or sudden conflagration. Scis multa in veteribus membranis a manu secunda esse, multa sub litura delitescere; ut plane multum intersit an tuis oculis usurpes librum, an alienis fidem habeas. It may be observed here that *Blanchini* in his fac-simile of the Vatican MS. omitted the breathings and accentual marks, injudiciously I think, merely for the sake of exhibiting more distinctly the form of the characters.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



gent proofs of sameness. —It is equally true that R. P. did not approve the application of Dr. Marsh's theorem to determine the identity of MSS. by a coincidence in their readings : and Dr. Milner, in his *Strictures*, p. 252. has expressed in substance R. P.'s sentiments on this point ; “ the mathematical theorem, he signified, was totally inapplicable to the purpose. A multitude of considerations, he said, were necessary to form a correct judgment on MSS. which could not possibly be reduced to any theoretical computation of that kind.” —I have repeatedly attempted to elicit his opinion concerning Dr. Marsh's general Hypothesis touching the origin of the three Gospels. He was uniformly an unbeliever in it. R. P. accounted for the verbal coincidences very differently.—

I consulted R. P. three or four different times, about that principle of scriptural interpretation, as an universal property of the Greek language, which the late
pious

pious and humane Granville Sharp *first* steadily applied to certain texts as additional testimonies to that fundamental doctrine—*the Divinity of our Saviour*: R. P. was silent. I can, however, state from very good authority that in conversation with certain friends R. P. intimated his distrust of the canon, and assigned reasons for his apprehensions, which appeared decisive to competent judges. At this time a pamphlet appeared, which was entitled *Six more Letters to Granville Sharp*, and written in the spirit of certain tracts which had been published about the close of the seventeenth century. The author of it makes irreverent sport truly, but is exceedingly shy of the main question. This effusion was attributed to R. P., who did not feel disposed to thank his friends for the compliment.]

DETACHED OBSERVATIONS. [E.M.]

The original of γλυκὺς was δευκυς, whence δλευκυς, γλευκυς, γλυκὺς—γλεῦκος *sweet wine*.

ὁ, ἡ, το was τὸς, τῆ, τό· whence τις, etc. [Conf.

H. St. tract. de Orthographia, p. 2.]

ἐγὼ Ionice ἐγὼν, i. e. λέγων, *the speaker**.

Ἴνα i. e. ἐν αἰ—ἐν the old preposition, which probably was ἐνς—εἰς, ἐς, ἐν· *in* Lat. *on* Gallice.

Πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, and πρὸς θεῶν are both good Greek, but the former is the more fami-

* [“ In the infancy of speech there might have been no occasion for the first person, or any such word: the verb was always used in the third person, as we call it—for the nominative case was always expressed although the speaker was talking of himself.” Capt. G. Brown, 32, 3.—“ This is the case in the language of New Holland. One of the natives, when he was in England, was asked, *Do you eat fish?* The answer in his own language was *Banneelong eats fish.*” Dr. Vincent, p. 19. T.K.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

AD TERENCEM *Fr. Lindenbruchii*;
Paris. 1602.

P. 13. l. 29. Ambigue extulerat *Menander*.

Ἐγὼ σ' ἔθηκα δοῦλον ὄντ' ἐλεύθερον. *testibus Aristotele Elench. Soph. 1. 3. Theone Progymasm. c. 3. p. 36.*

P. 14. l. 8. “hunc” Lege *huc*, ex *Adelph. v. i. 13.*

P. 20. l. 49—51. *Cicero Div. in Cæcil. 7.*

P. 27. l. 33. “ad illud spectat,” I, 2, 21.

ibid. 42. “ut Cicero” in Verr. IV. 12.

Minus clarum putavit fore *quod de—*

P. 55. l. 46. “Plautus in *Aulularia*” III. 6. 23.

P. 104. l. 12. *Phorm. I. i. 7. l. 14. “in Andria” III. iii. 26.*

P. 105. l. 29. “in *Aulularia*” III. vi. 23.

P. 246. l. 5, 6.

Poeta apud Donatum ad Terent. *Adelph. l. 1. 1.*

18. εἶτα ΦΙΛ[ΟΪΣ*] ΕΧΕΙΣ ΓΥΝΑΪΚΑ] ΣΧΟΙΝΙΩΝ ΠΩΛΟΥΜΕΝΩΝ; Ferre potes domi-

[* Hæc an recte descripserim nescio. P.P.D.]

nam, salvis tot restibus, ullam? (Juv-
nal. VI. 30.)—Stobæus LVII. p. 376.
48. πλείς τὴν θάλατταν, σχοινίων πωλου-
μένων;—

Poeta ibid. Πάμφιλος γαρμῆ. γαρμῆτω. καὶ γὰρ
ἠδίκησέ με. [P.P.D.]

P. 307. l. 32. “ut Plautus” Amph. l. 2. 28.

P. 345. l. 36. *Paucos* ad Andr. III. 26. 6.

[Insignem *Bentleii* emendationem, qua
Apollodorum restituerat, vehementer com-
probabat R. P.—BAIΩE ed. 2. pro
BAIΩΣ]

P. 447. l. 25. MS. LINDENBR. tu es corsali
saxa peresa. [*Lucretius*: Nec mare

quæ impenden]t vesco sale saxa peresa.

l. 326. *Lucilius* apud *Festum*: Nunc ad
te redeo, ut quæ res me impendet, agatur.

P. 520. l. 17, 18. Cic. Divinat. in Q. Cæcil.

9. ibid. l. 28. “Martialis” I. 41.

P. 564. Apud Eugraphium ad Heaut. v. 1.

occurrit ΙΤΑΡΑΙΤΡΟΣΔΟΥΕΤΑ le-
viter corruptum ab

ΙΤΑΡΑΙΤΡΟΣΔΟΥΕΤᾹ lege,

ΠΑΡΑΤΤΡΟΣΔΟΚΕΙΑΝ

AD TERENCEM, *ex ed. R. B. Cantab.*

Andr. l. v, 7. “Mutavit” absolute sumit et
Acidalius ad *Patercul.* l. 8. explicans
 “id,” *eo, ob id.*

Eun. IV, vi, ad v. 7.—Academicus*. * ut
 sagaciter divinarat. *V. Acidalius* ad
Vell. Paterc. l. 18. Quare actum egit
 malignus ille plagiorum *Bentleianorum*
 insectator, *F. Harius*, quum hanc emen-
 dationem pro sua venditarit.

Heautontim. l. i, 38. Hunc versum ad *Li-
 vium* II. 40. ita citat Vir maximus,
J. F. Gronovius. Sine, sine vacuum
 tempus etc. Pro DEM habet DUIM
Mureti editio.

II, iii, 50. “Ovid. Trist. IV, ii, 34.” adscri-
 psit R. P. Liv. II. 23. III, i, 83.
 “Quæso” MS. Parisiensis teste *Bucretio*
 apud *Acidal.* ad *Patercul.* II. 38.

IV, i, ad v. 15. “Acidalius ad Patercu-
 lum*” * l. 18.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



pessimo, de inscitiae et malevolentiae palma certare poterit. Lege, transpositis vocibus; “*Sororem*—quia natura; *matrem*, quia et ætate”—Sic habet prima editio; et sic recuderunt Oxonienses 1806.

Alium obiter notabo hac occasione errorem, ab Oxoniensibus prætervisum. In Epistola ad Davisium, p. 1. l. 4. a fine, male impressum est *perfecta* pro *perspecta*, quod recte habet editio prima.

AD LIVIUM.

Liv. Hist. ed. Gronov. 1679. II. 22. not. 2. adde *Cælium* ad Ciceron. VIII. 2. Ciceronem pro P. Sext. 68. Gellium tit. l. 14, x. 43. forte temere II. 31.

AD VIRGILIUM.

Geo. I, 17.

—tua seu tibi Mænala curæ,
Adsis o Tegeee, favens. *Schraderus Obs.*
p. 24.

p. 24. [P.P.D.] Hanc emendationem firmat et valde probat *Brunckius*.

Æn. III, 702. Lege,
Immanisque Gela FLUVIO cognomine
dicta. R. P. 1779.

IX, 711. Lege,
——magnis quam molibus arte
Constructam ponto jaciunt SUPER: illa
ruinam
apud *Maty* (Rev. June 1785, p. 434.).
De emendatione nullus dubito; utrum
PORSONI sit, non liquet.

AD HORATIUM.

Carm. I. i, 5. *Si vitata rotis—Withofius.*
[P.P.D.]
Serm. II. iv, 32. *Murex Baianus melior, Lu-*
crina peloris; Snapius, vide p. 170.

AD JUVENALEM.

Sat. I, 157. Et latum media sulcum *q̄ ducit**
arena—i. e. quæ ducit [P.P.D.]

[* qui ducit—*Ruperti*; conf. *Class. Journal*, xv, 178.]

IV, 24. *patria* contra Marklandum tuetur
Schraderus Obs. l. 2. p. 19.

X, 20. *a limine* cum MSS. *Oudendorp.* ad Cæsar. B. G. II. 24.

XIII, 65. *miranti* recte defendit *Jortinus*
Eccles. Hist. I. p. 7.

XIII, 70. *miniis*, quomodo Scholiastes legisse
 videtur. *Jortin* *Eccles. Hist.* Vol. I. p. 8.

XIV, 74. *nidos* lege ex codice Perizoniano
 cum *Schradero* Obs. I, 6. p. 70. *nidos*
 quoque in Lucano IX, 903. pro *natos*
 reponendum ex Claudiano VI, 5. vidit
 BENTLEIUS.

XV, 124. *Bistones* MSS. teste Viro docto in
Act. Lips. a. 1729. p. 383. quod pro-
 bare videtur *Schraderus* Obs. I. i. p. 4.
 hanc lectionem ipse e MS. proferens.

125. *Sauromatæve* 4 MSS. ubi supra.

AD PRISCIANUM. [P.P.D.]

Didymus apud Priscianum de Ponderibus,
 p. 1350. Putsch. Ἴωνες καὶ Ἀττικοὶ τὰ δύο
 ἡμισυ ἡμισυ τρίτον φασί, καὶ τὰ ἕξ ἡμισυ
 τάλαντα



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

ON MODERN AUTHORS.

Ad M.A. Muret. V.L. Libros xv. Antverpiæ, ex offic. C. Plantini 1580. adscripterat R. P.

l. 12. Adde *Cnemonis* historiam apud *Heliodorum* Æthiopico primo. *Tennis* historiam narrat *Scholiastes* ad *Homer. Iliad. A. 38.* *Tzetzes* ad *Lycophr. 232.*

BP. PEARSON [E.M.]

Upon Bishop *Pearson's* exposition of the Creed ; ed. 6, fol. Lond. 1692. P. 128, line 6. from the bottom of the note, the word NOT spoils the sense, and contradicts the fact. It is rightly omitted in the four first editions. See the preface to *Berriman's* dissertation on 1 Tim. iii. 16.*

[* See Crit. Rev. for Dec. 1804, p. 411. I am answerable for all the blunders in that account of the **GRENVILLE HOMER.**]

BENTLEII EPISTOLA AD MILLIUM

P. 15. Ox. 13. Cant. In Bentleium ferocissime invehitur Barnesius ad Euripid. Fragm. p. 442. [In eodem opere Bentleii librum impudenter compilat Barnesius, notatus a Valckenærio Diatrib. p. 3. C.] Confer nunc Bentleii Dissertationem de Epistolis Pseud-Euripideis, præcipue pp. 120, 121. ed. 1697. et Viri Summi lenitatem mirare. [*Epistola privatim ad Barnesium scripta*, (Bentl. p. 121.) erat ipsius Bentleii, et hodie exstat apud Virum laudatissimum *Car. Burneium*. P.P.D.]

BOYLE'S EXAMINATION OF DR. BENTLEY;
*ed. 1699.**

P. 164. The readers of this book would be
much

[* On the fly-leaf of a copy, which I have seen, is the following notice: “—in laying the design of the book, in writing above half of it, in reviewing a good part of the
rest,

much obliged to any person, who could give them any information concerning this *CHLONTHACHONTHLUS*. [L.I.]

BENTLEY'S ANSWER TO BOYLE; ed. 1699.

P. 20=15 ed. Dr. *Salter*, 1777. Mr. Boyle and his assistants are so often in the wrong, that it is barely doing justice to defend them when they are in the right. Boyle used the Franckfort edition of *Stobæus* fol. 1581, in which the collections of *Stobæus*, *Antonius* and *Maximus* are blend-

rest, in transcribing the whole, and attending the press, half a year of my life went away." See Vol. I. p. 46. II, 21. V. p. xv. of Mr. Nichols' ed. of Atterbury's Works. By Francis Atterbury, D.D.,

from title-page to p. 60.

pp. 90—112.

133—184.

217—230.

and from pp. 231—266.

The examination, however, of R. B.'s dissertation upon the fables of *Æsop* has been generally attributed to Dr. *Freind*. The very ingenious Dr. *Aldrich* also smoked and punned plentifully on the occasion.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



P. 303, 20=219,8. For *Sannyrion* read
Susarion, and see above, pp. 202, 211
 =144, 151. [P.P.D.]

P. 330, 23=237. l. antepen. Compassion.
 [P.P.D.]

P. 355=256. [*An. Gr.* i. 196.] ἐναυσομένος
 MSti Vaticani servabat R. P. cetera ut
 apud Gaisford. ad Hephæst. p. 10.

[P.P.D.]

P. 425=306. Hesiod. Opp. et D. 649. σσο-
 φισμένος [P.P.D.]

S W I F T.

Introduction to the *Tale of a Tub*, p. 51. first
 ed. “Fourscore and eleven Pamphlets
 have I writ under three Reigns, and
 for the Service of six and thirty Fac-
 tions.” *Gulliver’s Travels*, vol. i. p. 22.
 first ed. “On each side of the Gate was
 a small Window not above six Inches
 from the Ground: into that on the left
 Side, the King’s Smiths conveyed four-
 score and eleven Chains, like those that
 hang

hang to a Lady's Watch in *Europe*, and almost as large, which were lock'd to my left Leg with six and thirty Padlocks."

From the curious coincidence of the numbers in these two passages, Professor Porson inferred that both were written by the same person, that is, that *Swift* was the author of the "*Tale of a Tub.*"

[P.P.D.]

LEWIS.

Lewis' Historical Essay on the Consecration of Churches, p. 41. "For he alone who is the only and best Son of the best and greatest Father, in compliance with his Father's love to Mankind, most willingly cloathed himself with our nature, who were bury'd in Corruption, and like a careful Physician (who for the Health's sake of his Patients looks into the wounds, lightly stroketh the Sores, and from other many Calamities attracteth Grievances upon

upon himself) he himself hath saved us"
 ——*Hippocrates* de flatibus T. I. p. 295.
 ed. Foes. p. 339. ed. Mack. Vienn. 1743.
 (Euseb. p. 373. C.) Gregor. Nazianz.
 Or. i. p. 12. D. x. p. 173. A. Plutarch.
 Quæst. Rom. in fine p. 291. C. Lucian.
 bis Accus. non longe ab initio p. 283.
 Ald. [II, 793.] Tzetz. Chil. vii. 990.
 Simplic. in Epictet. 37. p. 212.

MR. POPE.

“As hog to hog in courts of Westphaly.”

Epilogue to the Satires, II. 171. p. 336.
 Vol. IV. ed. *Warton*.] One would hardly suspect that the property of “This filthy simile, this beastly line,” may be contested. This, however, has been the case, as appears by the following faithful extract from *Mist's Journal*, Saturday, Feb. 18, 1721. p. 694. “On Tuesday-Night last at the Theatre in Drury-Lane, | was acted a Comedy, called
 called



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

folio edition, Proleg. p. 75, printed in or about 1735. [L.I.]

[“Our modern authors write Plays as they feed Hogs in *Westphalia*; where but one eats Pease or Acorns, and all the rest feed upon his and one another’s Excrements.—So the *Spaniard* first invents and designs Plays; the *French* borrow from them, and the *English* from the *French*.” *Butler’s Remains*, Vol. II. pp. 496, 7. The Editor suspects that Mr. Pope had seen either Butler’s “manuscripts, or had taken a Hint from some Conversation with Bishop *Atterbury*, who had been favoured by Mr. *Longueville* with an inspection of them.” And Warburton seems to have countenanced this suspicion; see W.’s Lett. to Hurd, p. 288.]

Written on the fly-leaf of a Copy of the “Tracts by Warburton and a Warburtonian.”

N.B. These two Tracts by Warburton, Miscellaneous Translations and Critical Enquiry,

quiry, complete the edition of Bp. W.'s Works published by Bp. Hurd. [L.I.]

[Warburton's Specimen* of a new edition of Velleius Paterculus appeared in *Bibl. Britannique*, T. VII. 264.—“which,” adds his late biographer, “was then communicated to his friend Dr. Middleton; who advised him *very properly* to drop the design, ‘as not worthy of his talents and industry,’ “which,” he says, “instead of trifling on words, seems calculated rather to correct the opinions and manners of the world.” If it be allowed that words, “to all *moral* purposes,” are equivalent to deeds, it will hardly be contested that they have considerable influence on the sentiments and habits of mankind. If verbal criticism “embrace the whole circle of human knowledge,” it cannot be contemptible;—and if it be calculated to give a proper bias to cultivated understand-

* This specimen has been referred to with approbation by *Ruhnkenius* in his valuable edition of *V. Paterculus*, l. xvi. p. 65.

ings, it might have conduced to tutor W.'s "voracious appetite for knowledge," and to produce a better "digestion*." The unworthy antagonist of Bentley, however, had no predilection for an exercise, by which the native vigour of W.'s genius would have been trained and disciplined, and from which his friend and director might have profited greatly †. In his two pamphlets, from which Dr. Bentley's Proposals for printing a new Edition of the Greek Testament and St. Hierom's Latin Version "received a great shock in the eye of the world ‡," Dr. Middleton was assisted by the learned Dr. Ashton, then Master of Jesus-College, Cambridge. Indeed, our matchless Critic might, with justice, have retorted

* Memoirs of Cumberland, p. 28. 1st ed.

† "I ought to caution you against trusting to the translations of Middleton: they are all vile, and many of them unfaithful." Mr. Fox to Trotter, vol. ii. p. 492. Perhaps the memory of Dr. M.'s friend alone is concerned in this well-founded assertion.

‡ Dr. Wilkins's Letter to Bp. Nicholson dated "Lambeth-House, Dec. 24, 1720."



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



“ used to tell” Warburton, “ that when he had any thing better than ordinary to say, and yet too bold, he always reserved it for a second or third edition, and then *nobody took any notice of it.*” Accordingly in the first edition of the Dunciad, P. tried the public taste for slander; and succeeding beyond his most sanguine hopes, he, diffident creature, added a fourth book*, in which he gratified the ignorant and malicious by assailing men of real learning and worth, amongst whom he very properly ranked Dr. Bentley. The Doctor being informed that Mr. P. had abused him, replied, “ Ay, like enough : I spoke against his Homer ; and the PORTENTOUS CUB never forgives†.”]

AD MUSGRAVII DISSERTATIONES DUAS
[P.P.D.].

Pausan. Eliac. 13. p. 484. recte Musgravius

* [See Mr. Pope to Warburton, ix. 351.]

† [“ Mr. Pope’s verses are pretty ; they are not the translation of Homer, but of Spondanus.”]

in opusculo, quod valde commendare solebat R. P., p. 127. *πρὸ ταύτης* pro *περὶ*

Herodot. vi. 127. recte Gronovius judicat, vocem *ἀπογόνου* excidisse (vid. Musgr. pp. 178—184.).

Pausan. Corinth. 19. p. 152. (Musgr. pp. 185, 6.) Lenius est, *ὡς Μήδωνι τῷ Κείσου καὶ τοῖς ἀπογόνοισι τὸ ὄνομα λειφθῆναι τῆς β. μ.* ut Ionica paragoge utatur Pausanias, quod semel atque iterum fecit Plato.

Idem Eliac. 18. 424. (Musgr. pp. 193, 4.) MS. Facii, *ἐκ τῶνδε ἦν γένος ἐξαρχῆς γονούσης τῆς ὑπὲρ C.* Lege, K. *καὶ τοῖς π. ἦν γένος ἐξαρχῆς ἐκ Γονούσης τῆς ὑπὲρ Cικ.* Nempe cum *ἐκ* ante *Γονούσης* omissum esset, librarius A, errorem corrigens, notam hujusmodi *·/·* ante vocem *Γονούσης* posuit, et aliam, ei similem, in margine, cum *ἐκ Γον.*, quibus hoc volebat, “*ἐκ* inserte ante *γον.*” (sc. ante *γονούσης*). Librarius autem B, quum *ἐκ γον. ἔκτον* legisset, et notam textui appictam vel prætervidisset, vel neglexisset, effecit quod hodie vulgatur. Neque mirum *ἐκ* omitti ante *Γονούσης*,
cum

cum mox ex parte MSSorum evanuerit ὑπὲρ ἀντὶ Κυυῶνος. Præcipuam emendationis partem fecit et egregie defendit Musgr. p. 194. [Legendum autem Γονούσσα duplici litera, quippe contractum e Γονόεσσα Il. B. 573.]

[*Written on a blank-leaf prefixed to the sixth Volume of Dr. Anderson's Edition of the English Poets. L.I.*]

The Editor has with singular good faith suppressed above seven hundred of *Dryden's* verses, to wit, the twenty-seventh idyllium of Theocritus with the translations from the third and fourth books of Lucretius. If the indecency of some passages was the cause of their suppression, why were not the verses against the love of life and the fear of death retained? Dr. Anderson has also omitted near two octavo pages of preface; but to be consistent, he should have cancelled the paragraph, in which mention

is



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

bant, veneri operam dedisse videtur, unde calorem et debilitatem consequi nihil mirum. Medici (pluralem enim Vasari numerum adhibet, alii unum modo memorant) existimationi suæ et quæstui fortasse metuentes, si tanto viro mortem accelerasse crederentur, hanc excusationem prætexebant, se a Raphaële, quâ erat verecundiâ, veram febris causam celatos esse, caloremque ex alia et ordinaria causa ortum putantes, sanguinem misisse, et ἐξ ἀφαιρέσεως curasse, aliter facturos, si sibi rem candide, ut erat,

dissolution. Our deeply regretted Professor, though personally unknown to Mr. Duppa, complied with his request in the most handsome, that is, in his usual manner: he immediately cleared his table of a learned load, and, in Mr. D.'s presence, clothed in a Roman dress the verbal communication. R. P. requested leave to correct the proof, which contained this notice, as he "cared not to be answerable for any nonsense but his own." For the notice of this piece of good service I am indebted to that profound and acute scholar, the Rev. *P. Elmsley*, and for the insertion of it here to Mr. Duppa, who very generously intrusted me with R. P.'s autograph. The accentual marks were, no doubt, adapted either to disguise the favour, or to harmonise it with other extracts cited from modern Latin-writers.]

narrâset.

narrâset. Quicquid est hujus, ex ambiguo sermonis usu, gravis error prognatus est et vulgares libros pervagatus; Raphaëlem scilicet non, quod verum esse jam vidimus, ex nimia veneris indulgentia, sed ex turpis morbi contagione mortem obiisse. *Life of Raffaello*, p. 24.

[*Congratulatory Letter to the Rev. and learned MARTIN DAVY*, D.D.: on being elected Master of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.*]

Dear Doctor,

I heartily congratulate you, and your friends, and the College, and the University, on your well deserved promotion, Ζηλῶ τε σοῦ μὲν Ἑλλάδ', Ἑλλάδος δὲ σέ†. I shall not trespass upon your time with a long letter, occupied as I take it for granted you must be with the circumstances attendant on your elevation, and with the swarm of addresses that invade you from all quarters. Neither shall I amuse myself with foretelling the future glories of your reign. I never but once ventured on a similar prediction, and then my success was such as completely dis-

* [See Tracts, pp. 231. 247. bis. 276.]

† [Iph. Aul. 1407. Ζηλῶ δὲ Edd., Ζηλῶ γε—is quoted by *Matthew Bust* of Eton in his dedication to Abp. Abbot of quasi-Iambic verses written by John Metropolitan of Euchania or Euchaïta; 4to. 1610.]

couraged



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



wars, and murders, and bloodshed, and quarrels, and cruelties, that are incident to sickly mortals (*mortalibus ægris**) arise from their follies, and vices, and crimes; and if the doctors would undertake to purge and correct the humours which feed those follies, pamper those vices, and engender those crimes, the fee must be large indeed, that I should grudge them;

Εἰ δ' Ἀσκληπιάδαις τοῦτό γ' † ἔδωκε θεὸς
 Ἰᾶσθαι κακότητα καὶ ἀτηρᾶς φρένας ἀνδρῶν,
 Πολλοὺς ἂν μισθοὺς καὶ μεγάλους ἔφερον.

But I am committing the very fault I promised to avoid. I wish you long life and health to wear your new dignity to the mutual satisfaction of yourself and the public, and I remain,

Dear Doctor,

Your faithful friend,

and humble servant,

Essex Court, No. 5.

June 3, 1803.

R. PORSON.

* [Lucret. vi, 1. Virg. Geo. i, 237, etc.]

† [Theognis apud Brunck. Gnom. poët. Gr. 424.—Conf. R. P. ad Tourp. p. 463, Adverss. 313.]

A P P E N D I X.

[*From the Gentleman's Magazine for August, 1787,*
pp. 652, 653.]

“To attemper our admiration, he has however thought fit to note the slumber's even of this great genius—and this not in a style of perfunctory disquisition, but with such a degree of asperity as critics discover when they are criticising the works of a rival.”

HAWKINS V. JOHNSON. 442.

Mr. URBAN,

Aug. 3.

HAVE you read that divine book, the “Life of Samuel Johnson, LL.D. by Sir John Hawkins, Knt.?” Have you done any thing but read it since it was first published? For my own part, I scruple not to declare, that I could not rest till I had read it quite through, notes, digressions, index, and all;—then I could not rest till I had gone over it a second time. I begin to think that increase of appetite grows by what it feeds on*; for I have been reading it ever since. I am now in the midst of the sixteenth perusal; and still I discover new beauties. I can think of

[* Shaksp.'s Hamlet, p. 154. Ed. PR.]

nothing

nothing else ; I can talk of nothing else. In short, *my mind is become tumid, and longs to be delivered of those many and great conceptions** with which it has laboured since I have been through a course of this most perfect *exemplar* of biography. The compass of learning, the extent and accuracy of information, the judicious criticisms, the moral reflections, the various opinions, legal and political, to say nothing of that excess of candour and charity that breathe throughout the work, make together such a collection of sweets, that the sense aches † at them. To crown all, *the language is refined to a degree of immaculate purity, and displays the whole force of turgid eloquence ‡.* Johnson, to be sure, was thought for a while to have a knack at life-writing ; but who, in his senses, would compare him to our Knight ? Sir Thomas Urquhart, in the account of Crichton, (which the Knight has given us, 304. because it is so intimately connected with Johnson's life,) *hondersponders* it pretty well ; but even he must yield the palm.

Read Hawkins once, and you can read no more,
 For all books else appear so mean, so poor ;
 Johnson's a dunce ; but still persist to read,
 And Hawkins will be all the books you need §.

* Hawkins v. Johnson, 259.

† [The traces of this are, I suspect, in our national bard ; the passage, however, is not at hand :

“ When I have thought on what would charm the sense,
 Till it would almost ache with tenderness.”

Mountaineers, III, i]

‡ Ibid. 367.

§ [Altered from a passage in the Duke of Buckingham's Essay on Poetry.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

govern my imagination, whenever I think or speak of that great man. However, as I disapprove of general criticism, I will try to check my enthusiasm, and point out some few of the numberless beauties that shine through this inimitable performance. Of the Knight's learning, which some prophane critics have been hardy enough to question, no Zoilus will dare to doubt in future, when he learns, from the Life of Johnson, 4. that *struma* signifies *the king's evil*; and, from a long Latin note, that other people have been afflicted with it besides the Doctor. But the passages quoted from Latin authors are numerous, though, it must be owned, very happily applied, 19. from Erasmus's Colloquies, to prove that dutiful children wait upon their parents: 312. from Archbp. Peccham; 347. a new quotation from Ovid.; 470. we are informed to our unspeakable comfort, that to *oppose* means to *put questions*; and this is cleared up beyond a doubt by seven lines from Ingulphus*. 505. 581. Next come Magna Charta and Justinian's Institutes. Of Magna Charta Sir John has the same opinion with that loyal subject Oliver Cromwell, whose poetry on the occasion is well known. But the Knight, as his manner is, has greatly improved upon Old Noll's language. Besides these damning proofs, the work abounds in such flowers as these: *Temp. Car. I. Temp. Car. II. Dictamen. Verbatim et literatim. Sui generis. Notanda. Vide supra in not. Ex relatione PETER Flood. Exemplars. Quoad the person. Evidentia rei. Ex cathe-*

* Some people may enviously suggest, that for this citation the Knight is indebted to his most dutiful son and squire, in whose Life of Ruggle, p. lviii. it occurs; but I cannot see what they would get by it, if the fact were allowed. Is it not all in the family? and with whom can a man make free, if not with his relations?

dra:

dra. Testamentary dispositions in extremis. Inops consilii.
I should be glad, after this, to see the wretch that will dispute Sir John's Latin. As for his Greek, the proofs are not indeed so many, but equally strong.

And when one's proofs are aptly chosen,
Three are as valid as three dozen*.

318. 562. *myops or near-sighted persons. Seized with a paralysis.* 461. *Νυξ γὰρ ἐρχεται.* The meaning is (says Sir John) *For the night cometh.* And so it is, Mr. Urban. I should now go on to the other beauties of this book, but I am distracted with the variety of subjects that call for notice, and consequently for admiration. One particular I must mention. Whoever buys this Life, buys the pith and marrow of Johnson at the same time; for the Knight has, with great art, inserted in his work the substance of the ten volumes. I cannot but laugh when I think what simpletons the booksellers are to sell the Life separately from the Works. Do they expect that any body will buy, at a great price, in ten volumes, what he may have so much cheaper in one? Never was a king in Christendom better bit than they are. I shall take my leave at present; but next month, if you have room to spare, I shall resume the pleasing task of criticising this delightful book. I shall display its beauties; I shall vindicate it from the objections of the envious and ignorant; for such there are; and you, Mr. Urban, I fear, have not done justice to the Knight's merit. Lastly, with all due deference, I shall beg leave to propose a few corrections and amendments. It is doubtless of the utmost importance to know what al-

* [

]

z

terations

terations have been made in the second edition; I shall therefore give the reader a collation of the principal passages where I have noted any variation. No apology needs surely to be made for descending to such seemingly minute particulars.—The different editions of so valuable a book have full as good a right to be collated as the MSS. of a musty old classic, the editions of Shakespeare, or even of Ignoramus itself. In a statue from the hand of Phidias, I would not, if I could help it, have a single toe-nail amiss*. And, since the smallest speck is seen on snow†, I am persuaded that the Knight himself will not be displeased with a freedom which proceeds solely from esteem.

SUNDRY WHEREOF.

[*From the same useful Miscellany for September 1787, pp. 751—753.*]

It is my wish, my plan,
To lose no drop of that immortal man.

Garrick ex relatione SIR JOHN HAWKINS, 195.

MR. URBAN,

Sept. 17.

THERE was an ancient sage Philosopher, by name Aristotle, whose soul has since transmigrated into Lord Monboddoo. An admirer of this same Aristotle said, that “he was the scribe of Nature, dipping his pen into the mind.”

* [See Foote’s “Taste.”]

† [Gay, fab. xi.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



censure of Addison's *middling style*, and even sneered at the story of the Quaker, which I hold to be as good a thing as any in the volume. But what can you expect, as Lord Kaimes justly observes, from a school where boys are taught to rob on the highway? In my last, I promised you a collation of the two editions of Sir John's work; but this I shall at present defer, and only give you my remarks on a variation of which you have already taken notice in your Magazine for June, p. 522.

In this age, which is so sharp-sighted in detecting forgery, I may perhaps be carried away by the prevailing rage; but I cannot help thinking, that the whole addition in pages 585-6 is spurious, and did not proceed from the pen of Sir John Hawkins. The Knight's style is clear and elegant; this account, cloudy, inconsistent, and embarrassed. But I shall content myself with asking a few queries upon this important paragraph.

Qu. I. Would a writer, confessedly so exact in his choice of words as the Knight, talk in this manner: While he was preparing—an accident happened—? As if one should say of that unfortunate divine*, Dr. Dodd, an *accident* proved fatal to him; he *happened* to write another man's name, &c.

Qu. II. Would not Sir John have told us the name of the person who is so darkly described in this narration? He is not usually backward in mentioning people's names at full length, where any thing is to be said to their credit.

Qu. III. Would he not have told us something more about the important paper of a public nature, which he missed after receiving a visit from Mr. Anonymous; or
would

would he not rather have inserted it in the Life, as it probably would have filled a page or two?

Qu. IV. Where was this parchment-covered book, which Sir John *happened* to lay his fingers upon? was it lying carelessly about in the room, or *concealed in a desk*? In short, was it in such a place that a common acquaintance, as I suppose Mr. Anonymous is represented, could have easily carried it off?

Qu. V. How did Johnson learn (not surely from his eyesight), before the Knight could convey his prize away (CONVEY *the Wise it call**), that his friend was taking such kind care of his property? You see, Mr. Urban, how miserably this story hangs together.

Qu. VI. If the fact was exactly as it is here stated, how came Johnson to be so exceedingly provoked, that, as we are left to collect from the sequel, the Knight durst not approach him till he was appeased by a penitential letter?

Qu. VII. What is become of this penitential letter? and how happens it to be omitted, if such a letter was ever written? Sir John would certainly have *fed us with so nourishing a morsel* (46) in a genuine account of this *accident*, partly to swell the volume, and partly to furnish the world with a *perfect model of precatory eloquence*, 270.

Qu. VIII. Would not the Knight also have favoured us with Johnson's answer in detail, without apologizing for the omission, by saying, that it would render him suspected of inexcusable vanity? If the answer was, as the defenders of the authenticity of this paragraph, I am told, affirm it was, *melius est pœnituisse quam nunquam peccásset*†, it must be owned that it is enough to make any body vain. I shall

* [

]

† [

]

attempt

attempt a translation for the benefit of your mere English readers : *There is more joy over a sinner that repenteth than over a just person that needeth no repentance**. And we know, from an authority not to be disputed, that *Johnson was a great lover of penitents*. Life, p. 406.

God put it in thy mind to take it hence,
That thou might'st win the more thy [Johnson's] love,
Pleading so wisely in excuse of it.

2 Hen. IV. [p. 95. ed. pr. repr.]

Having, I flatter myself, fairly got rid of this interpolation, I shall venture to hint my sentiments upon a contrary fault, an omission. In the Life, p. 460, 461, we have an ample description of a watch that Johnson bought for seventeen guineas ; but, just as we expect some important consequence from this solemn introduction, the history breaks off, and suddenly opens another subject. Now, Mr. Urban, some days ago I picked up a printed octavo leaf, seemingly cancelled and rejected. It was so covered with mud and dirt, that I could only make out part of it, which I here send you, submitting it to better judgement, whether this did not originally fill the chasm that every reader of taste and feeling must at once perceive in the history of the watch. It is more difficult to find a reason why it was omitted. But I am persuaded that the person, who is the object of Sir John's satire, was so hurt at the home truths contained in it, that he tampered with the printers to have it suppressed.

FRAGMENT.

* * * * * “ And here, touching this watch already by me mentioned, I insert a notable instance of

* [St. Luke, xv, 7.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

though perhaps I should not have been amenable to any known judicature by keeping the watch, I consented, being compelled thereto, to let this worthless fellow retain that testimony of his master's ill-directed benevolence *in extremis.*" * * * *

You perceive, Mr. Urban, that in these remarks I have been content humbly to imitate the Knight. He has, to the eternal honour of true criticism, thrown out some interpolations, and recovered some additional passages in his edition of Johnson's Works. Of the first sort is the concluding sentence of the Preface to Shakespeare, which Sir John, purely by his own judgement and sagacity, saw was spurious, and had been inserted, without Dr. Johnson's consent or knowledge, in order to pay one Steevens a compliment. This being, as doubtless it was, Sir John's opinion, I cannot see why his enemies should cry out so loudly upon this falsification, as they call it. They say that Sir John, in order to give some colour to this fraudulent omission, pretends to print from the first edition, which wants this paragraph; though at the same time he follows the last editions throughout the rest of the Preface. They say, besides, that personal quarrel and private spleen—but what signifies it what such fellows say? In the other part of criticism Sir John is equally eminent. He has restored to Johnson what a less acute critic never would have restored; the Apotheosis of Milton and the Review of Burke. And here again come those impudent wits, and tell us, with a sneer, that these were not written by Johnson, but one by Guthrie and the other by Mr. Murphy. I am told, indeed, that Mr. Murphy has owned the Review of Burke

to

to be his. But I must beg his pardon for acquiescing in the decision of the Knight, rather than in Mr. Murphy's assertion.

Dares he think his bare word so proper to decide as
The delicate taste of JUSTICE MIDAS*?

A few more instances of Sir John's critical discernment I shall reserve for next month.

SUNDRY WHEREOF.

[*From the same for October, 1787, pp. 847—849.*]

“My character cannot be completely ruined, till myself step forward in its defence †.” *Ex ore* SIR JOHN HAWKINS.

Mr. UREAN,

Oct. 26.

‡ **T**wo canons of criticism are undisputed; that an author cannot fail to use the best possible word on every occasion, and that a critic cannot chuse but know what that word is. And if these rules hold good in words, why not in sen-

* [] You have read about Justice Midas. Mr. Urban. He was an excellent judge of music; and gold-headed canes as well as gold watches stuck to his fingers wherever he went.

† [“A learned Prelate accidentally met Bentley in the days of Phalaris; and after having complimented him on that noble piece of criticism (the *Answer* to the Oxford Writers) he bad him not be discouraged at this run upon him: for tho' they had got the laughs on their side, yet mere wit and rallery could not long hold out against a work of so much merit. To which the other replied, “Indeed, Dr. S. [Sprat], I am in no pain about the matter. *For I hold it as certain, that no man was ever written out of reputation, but by himself.*” Warburton on Pope, iv, 159.]

‡ Note on the *Duuciad*, II. 1.

tences?

tences? These points being granted, it follows, that whenever Sir John Hawkins, in quoting any part of Johnson's Works, adopts a reading different from the editions, it is to be replaced in the text, and the other discarded. Now to apply. We read in the vulgar editions of London, vol. xi. p. 319. "And fix'd *on* Cambria's solitary shore." But how much better is Sir John's reading (56)! "And fix'd *in* Cambria's solitary shore." I would not believe that Johnson wrote otherwise, though Johnson himself should affirm it. Again, in the last number of The Rambler, vol. vii. p. 395. Johnson says, or is made to say, "I have endeavoured to refine our language to *grammatical purity*." How tame, dull, flat, lifeless, insipid, prosaic, &c. is this, compared to what the Knight has substituted (291)—*grammar and purity*! A fine instance of the figure *Hen dia duoin!* like Virgil's *paieris et auro**; or like—but I will not overpower you with my learning; or, more properly speaking, with my *lettered ignorance*; for that is the statutable phrase, and so it ought to have been printed in the verses on Levett, vol. xi. p. 366. upon the authority of the Knight (555), instead of *lettered arrogance*: *Lettered ignorance* is a beautiful *oxymoron*, and hints that people who affect to be men of learning, may be very ignorant notwithstanding. Examples, I suppose, will occur to every reader. Here I cannot help hazarding, though somewhat out of its place, a conjecture of my own upon a passage in Sir John's work (311), "Among men of real learning there is but one opinion—" Ought it not to be, "Among *us** men of real learning"—? In the same Rambler, Johnson says, "On this part of my work I look back with pleasure, which

* [Virg Geo. II, 192]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



See, Sir, how grievously you were mistaken. Johnson, in the sentence we have retrieved, boasts of the perfection to which he has brought his work, in the modest style of *Exegi monumentum*—: and it was not the word SEA un-exemplified that made the single fault, but the *appellative* OCEAN omitted.

The next part of my task I would gladly decline, of proposing some corrections in Sir John's work. I shudder at my own rashness; but, since I have begun, it is too late to retreat. P. 384, "I once travelled with Richardson in the Fulham stage-coach." Tell me the truth, Mr. Urban, is there not something in this sentence that grates upon your round and religious ears? If the date of the fact were settled, I should pronounce at once, that Sir John wrote, "*My own coach being out of order, I once travelled*"—A like omission has happened (419), "I retired and staid in the outer room to take him home." Read boldly, "to take him home *in my own coach.*" Whoever is well acquainted with the Knight's writings, knows that he never misses an opportunity of using the pronoun of the first person. It was on this ground I offered my first conjecture. Thus we find, from the beginning of the volume to the end, not only MY *own coach*, but also, MY *servants*. MY *servant*. MY *lands*. MY *country-house*. MY *gate in the country*. MY *gardener*. *While I was chairman*. *Intelligence in MY judicial capacity*. *Kelly practised under ME*. *A bill found before ME*. *I have discharged debtors* [i. e. as judge, not as creditor]. MY *discourse with Lord Rochford*. MY *conversation with a nobleman*. *Bishop Hoadley himself told ME* [what he had told all the world before]. Sir John (386) has given a list of the books in

in *ana*, but has forgotten one of the most famous, called *Jomilleriana*. This is the more extraordinary, because he is indebted to it for two of his best stories in pages 192 and 348; and the Knight is a man of such nice honour, that he never borrows from an author without acknowledging the obligation. Witness Mr. Boswell, Mrs. Piozzi, the Gentleman's and European Magazines, &c.

Did I tell you, Mr. Urban, that Sir John has a delicate hand at a compliment? If I told you so, I told you nothing but the truth. Out of fifty proofs I shall produce two. P. 211, Dr. Hill obtained from one of those universities (St. Andrew's), which would scarce refuse a degree to an apothecary's horse, a diploma*. The civil things that Johnson said of Scotland were highly grateful and honourable to the natives, or Mr. Boswell would not have recorded them. But, in my mind, the Knight is far superior to his model both in sentiment and language. By the way, I marvel* that Sir John, upon mentioning Dr. Hill's knight- S hood, did not add some remarks upon the prostitution of this honour †, and lament that it is so often conferred on the most worthless of mankind. Our present excellent Laureat informed His Majesty, that there was no true glory in the American war ‡ (which I fully believe). The lines

* See p. 311. "Among men (read, Among US men) of real learning, there is but one opinion concerning Lambeth degrees, &c.—As they imply nothing more than favour, they convey little or no honour."

+ Compare the account of a lawyer's progress, pages 14, 15. Note.

‡ "Amid the thunders of the war
True glory guides no echoing car."

[T. Warton's Birth-day Ode, 1795.]

were

were loyal and poetical; but they show no better than a gilt two-pence when placed by the side of our Knight's compliment. Speaking of Dr. Dodd (521), he says, that he was not an object of THAT CLEMENCY WHICH HIS MAJESTY IS EVER READY TO EXERT IN FAVOUR OF THOSE WHO HAVE THE LEAST CLAIM TO IT.

I was luckily within hearing when Sir John, upon reading my second letter, employed that forcible and just expression which I have chosen for my motto. Every word that issues from those lips is as precious to me as if it proceeded from Dodona's oak, or any other oracular timber; I therefore bade Jackey set it down; my son, Mr. Urban, a dutiful and ingenious lad. He is scarcely turned of five-and-twenty, and has already published Tom Thumb with copious Prolegomena, notes, and a glossary, *accurante Johanne Sundreio Whereof Arm.* The saying, however, is not quite true, unless it be taken *cum grano salis* (*the meaning whereof is, with a grain of salt*). For it seems at first sight to signify, that whoever defends his own character, completely ruins it; which is contrary to fact and experience. Indeed, if we allowed the additions in the second impression of Johnson's Life (particularly in p. 585-6) to be Sir John's own, two awkward consequences would follow. That however dead to shame, or callous to reproof, some men pretend to be, they have feeling enough to be hurt at whispers against their moral character*, and imprudence enough to make matters worse by attempting to vindicate themselves. *A base action is a disorder of*

* "My reason for mentioning these particulars is, that the transaction which so disturbed him may possibly be better known than the motives that actuated me at the time." Ed. 2d. p. 585. Note.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

brother to a brother, I do hereby assure his Worship, that when any other friends of his die, whether he be disposed *to carve them as a dish fit for the gods, or hew them like a carcass for the hounds**, I shall be ready to exert my utmost powers in his behalf, against all his enemies open or secret.

SUNDRY WHEREOF.

* [Shaksp.'s Julius Cæsar, II, i.]

[*The eighth Letter to Mr. TRAVIS inserted in the Gentleman's Magazine for February, 1790, pp. 128—133, which makes no part of the collection reprinted by R. P. in the same year.*]

8 “I confess my suspicions did not carry me so far, as to conjecture that this venerable champion would be in such a mighty haste to come into the field, armed only with a pocket-pistol, before his great blunderbuss could be got ready, his old rusty breast-plate scoured, and his cracked head-piece mended.” SWIFT.

To the Rev. Mr. TRAVIS.

SIR,

I AM not ill-satisfied with the opinion of my letters which you have adopted from your friend Kuster. I expected no better sentence from such ignorant and corrupt judges. It was likewise a brilliant thought of Kuster, to urge me with the authority of a book, for which I have always entertained

tained

tained and avowed the profoundest contempt. He quotes a passage from your work, which, he says, he cannot help believing. I cannot help his belief, nor my own disbelief. For I am infidel enough to think, notwithstanding what he says, that he has not read my letters either with great attention, or with any attention at all. Else he must have seen, that, far from making Stephens a cheat, I expressly disclaim the supposition. I accuse him of nothing but inaccuracy and typographical error. I say that he restored the MSS., which he had borrowed from the King's library, as became an honest man and a grateful subject. While you maintain, that he never restored them, but carried them off to Geneva, and lent them to Beza; and this in spite of Stephens's own evidence to the contrary; in spite of his advertisement at the end of Beza's first edition. "The MSS. cited in the notes are all those which are extant in the King of France's library." This advertisement you, indeed, p. 130, interpret with your usual knowledge and dexterity. You make it signify, that Stephens lent those very MSS. to Beza. In that case, Stephens ought to have said: "The MSS. cited in the notes are those which *were* extant in the King of France's library, till I *stole* them for the service of my pious friend Beza." Which brings the worse charge against Stephens; I, who

* [he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, hee was in the minde it was: this is called the retort courteous. If I sent him word againe, it was not well cut, he would send me word he cut it to please himself: this is called the quip modest. If againe, it was not well cut, he disabled my judgment: this is called the *reply churlish*. If againe, it was not well cut, he would answer I spake not true: this is called the *reprooffe valiant*. Shakspeare. As you like it, p. 206.]

only suppose him to have misplaced a semicircle by chance; or you, who suppose him to be first a thief, next a liar, and lastly impudent enough to publish his theft to the world? It is you, Sir, not I, that make Stephens a cheat. But you were determined to load me with the severest reproach you could invent; and, to insure success, you imputed your own principles to me. Or perhaps you defend Stephens's reputation from the attacks of others, merely to have the pleasure of murdering it yourself.

I come now to the immediate purpose of your letter. And here let me bestow praise where it is due. I congratulate you upon the more moderate style you have assumed. To me it is indifferent whether this be owing to my reproof, or to your own reflection. Whatever be the cause, I am equally well pleased with the effect. *The flaming theologian, who so lately scorched us in the meridian, now sinks temperately to the West, and is hardly felt as he descends**.

The proof of the inaccuracy of Stephens's edition in this place consists of two parts. 1. That it is morally impossible for the same editor to find seven MSS. of the N. T. all agreeing in a reading which is supported by no MS. whatever, Greek or Latin, that any other critic or editor has collated. 2. That †four of the very MSS. used by Stephens have since been found in the French King's library; that these omit not only the words ἐν τῶι οὐρανῶι, 1 John v. 7, but also to the words ἐν τῆι γῆι in the next verse, inclusive; and therefore that the semicircle in R. Stephens's edition ought to be transposed.

* []

† [See Addenda, Corrigenda to p. 72. of R.P.'s Letters to Mr. Travis.]



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



text, is, that, of the eight MSS. which Stephens borrowed from the royal library, only four contained the Catholic Epistles. *Therefore, says Le Long, by what I found in the King's MSS. [used by Stephens], I determined what must have been in the copies that Stephens procured elsewhere.*

3. "Wetstein," you proceed, "makes the whole number to be no less than *eight*; and says that *five* of them were formerly used by R. Stephens." If Wetstein made the number eight hundred, he would not contradict Le Long. Neither does he profess to have collated all the MSS. in the King's library. He only asserts that there are eight MSS. of the Catholic Epistles in the King's library; which, though I have no great opinion of your modesty, I hope you will not venture to deny.

4. "Mr. Griesbach contradicts both the former testimonies, and makes the number of MSS. *nine*, *five* of which he assigns to Stephens." To ripen these assertions into contradictions, you ought to produce an expression of this sort from Le Long, Wetstein, and Mr. Griesbach, severally:

"I have seen $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{four} \\ \text{eight} \\ \text{nine} \end{array} \right\}$ MSS. of the Catholic Epistles,

and the library contains no more." The only place of Le Long which seems to say any thing like this, I have explained; and I defy you to point out any place in the others, that has the least tendency to such an assertion. You seem to have forgotten (if indeed you ever knew) two of the most common rules of criticism: *Qui pauciora memorat, plura non negat; qui plura memorat, pauciora non negat.* You might have given the lie to Wetstein and

Mr. Gries-

Mr. Griesbach, from their own words; for, on 1 John v: 7, they both quote two King's MSS. from Simon's authority, which are not included in their general list. But since you seem so tickled with this *palmarian* argument, I will improve it for you. "Le Long," you say, "makes the whole number of MSS. to be *four*, Wetstein *eight*, and Mr. Griesbach *nine*. Now, it is certain that the whole number of the French King's MSS. containing the Catholic Epistles is not less than *twenty*: therefore Le Long, Wetstein, and Mr. Griesbach, are liars, &c.; R. Stephens infallible; and 1 John v. 7. genuine.

5. You wisely suggest a doubt whether the *Codex Hafniensis* ought to be comprehended in Wetstein and Mr. Griesbach's number. *At vel DUBITASSE, mi homo, tam insigne ἀκρισίας et imperitiæ specimen est, ut præterquam in tuo libro par nusquam viderim**. You doubt whether the *Codex Hafniensis Regius*, a MS. in the royal library at Copenhagen, be a MS. in the royal library at Paris! *Hoc serio quenquam dixisse, summa hominum contemptio est†*.

6. "Le Long says, that No. 2878 is one of the MSS. used by Stephens, and contains the Catholic Epistles; which Wetstein and Mr. Griesbach both deny." For 2878, read 2870, and then see what you can make of your contradiction. If you had consulted the *Journal des Savans*, instead of Emlyn's Reply, you would have set Le Long at variance with himself, as well as with others. For he there makes Stephens's No. 10 the King's MS. 2870 in the body of his letter, but 2878 in the table subjoined. I wonder too, while your hand was in, that you did not find other

* BENTLEY in Menand. p. 62 or 73.

† PLINY N. II. xxxvii. 2.

contradictions in Le Long's account, partly to himself, as when he calls the same MS. 3445 in the body of his letter, and 3425 in the table; partly to Wetstein and Mr. Griesbach, as when he makes Stephens's No. 8 the King's MS. 2361, which they both make 2861. Have you sworn, Sir, to wage immortal war with slips of the pen and press? Or is it your resolution to exempt not only R. Stephens, but every other person, from the possibility of typographical error?

7. Flushed with this victory over the printer, you *sink deeper by floundering in the mud**. "Le Long asserts, that the MS. in the royal library marked $\iota\epsilon$ neither was used by Stephens, nor contained the Catholic Epistles, which they (Wetstein and Mr. Griesbach) both affirm." I am tired of confuting such ridiculous objections. There is no MS., Sir, in the royal library at Paris, marked $\iota\epsilon$, nor indeed with any of the Greek numerals by which R. Stephens distinguished his copies. All that Le Long asserts is, that he looked in the King's library for such of the MSS. as had been there from the time of Henry II.; that of these he found eleven, eight † of which eleven appeared upon examination to be the same that Stephens used in his edition. The table at the end of Le Long's letter is made by Le Long himself, partly from fact, and partly from conjecture. I had freely allowed that Le Long had committed some trifling errors; but I maintained, and still maintain,

* [Dryden's *Cymon and Iphigenia*.]

† But perhaps *eight* is a slip of the pen or press for *six*. Unaccountable blunders often happen in printing. Thus Mill. Prol. 1321, says *novem* instead of *tres*; as Bengelius rightly observes on Romans xii. 11.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

the Acts. For Wetstein observes, that Stephens did not collate this MS. to the Acts. You affirm the contrary. I did expect, that a critick, so hot upon the scent for contradictions, would have found a fresh disagreement between Wetstein and Mr. Griesbach, who says of this same ζ, *semel a Stephano citatur in Actis* (xvii. 5.). Wetstein knew that it was once cited upon Acts, but he knew that it was a mistake for No. 1, (the Comp. ed.). The objection that Wetstein's ζ contains less than Le Long's ζ, is too frivolous.—What three Epistles are these? Even those long voluminous compositions 2 and 3 John, and Jude. Wetstein's words are, *continet Acta, Epistolas Canonicas, et Paulinas*. If he had said, *septem Epistolas Canonicas*, it would have looked more like a contradiction. Yet even this might be forgiven, and charitably imputed to haste or forgetfulness, except by that mirror of accuracy Mr. Travis, who in critical morality is a perfect Stoic. *He knows not how to wink at human frailty, or pardon weakness that he never felt**. But is this, Sir, the hard task imposed upon editors and collators, that their eye-sight, their memory, or their pen, must never mislead them? that no error of the press must escape them? Are they fools, liars, or cheats, whenever they fail? Your beloved Stephens then, and even another person whom you love better than Stephens, must take their share of the same reproaches. For Stephens often *positively affirms* (to use your favourite expression), that such a reading is found in his No. 1, when the Complutensian reading is quite different. So that, if Stephens had not told us that his No. 1 was the Complutensian edition, you could have proved, *beyond con-*

* [Addison's Cato, v.]

tradiction, that it was a different copy. At present I see no remedy to save Stephens from the imputation of lying. The other person, at whom I just now hinted, is the Author of some letters to Mr. Gibbon in defence of 1 John v. 7. In that matchless treatise, p. 295, *it is positively affirmed*, that Stephens's No. 16 contained the Acts. I *positively affirm* the contrary. If I had your candour, I should treat that author as he has treated Le Long, Wetstein, and Mr. Griesbach. But my candour is content with supposing it a misprint for No. 14.

If you had the candour in your heart, which you have so often in your mouth, that you have made the very word *odious* (*which was an excellent word before it was ill-sorted**), she would teach you to charge no man with absurdity or falsehood, till you had tried every probable supposition to make his words rational and consistent; she would teach you not to wring a contradiction out of two testimonies, because one says less or more than the other; she would teach you not to be severe upon pardonable and unimportant mistakes; she would teach you (and illustrate the doctrine by your own example) not to be unmerciful upon authors, because their printers happen to be dull or lazy rogues, and put one letter, figure, or word, for another.

Let us return to Wetstein's ζ. Mr. Griesbach, finding this MS. marked No. 2242 upon the Gospels, and 2241 upon the Epistles, seems to have suspected some mistake, and therefore says doubtfully on the former *Reg. 2242, nunc 49, ut videtur, aut etiam 47*; on the latter, *Reg. 2241, nunc ut videtur 47*. But if he had compared Wetstein's note on 1 John v. 7, he would have seen that 2241 was a false print for 2242.

* [

]

10. With respect to Stephens's No. 15, if Le Long had added, that it contained the Apocalypse, there would have been no real difference between him and Wetstein. Le Long, presuming that Stephens collated the MS. throughout, says, from the evidence of the margin, that it only contained such and such Epistles. Wetstein, finding the MS. itself, says that it contained more, but was not collated to the other parts of the N. T. And then poor Le Long, forsooth, must suffer for having a better opinion of Stephens's accuracy, than fact and experience will justify.

11. What you say of Stephens's No. 14, is true, but nothing to the purpose. I take for granted that Wetstein is in the wrong, and that his errors are properly corrected by Mr. Griesbach, *Symbol. Crit.* p. cxliv—cxlviii. But because Wetstein judged wrongly concerning a collation that he received from others of a MS. that he never saw, how does it follow that he could not judge rightly of the MSS. that came under his own inspection? Except this single instance, all the examples you bring of Mr. Griesbach's dissent from Wetstein are lighter than air, and to mention is to refute them. 1. He contradicts Wetstein, because he has collated a MS. which Wetstein either did not see, or did not examine. 2. He contradicts Wetstein, because, the MSS. being lately arranged in a new order, he cannot positively tell what the present number of one of them is. 3. He *seems inclined* to differ from Wetstein concerning the identity of Stephens's No. 9 and Coislin. 200. A short observation will clear up these matters. Mr. Griesbach collated none of these MSS. which Le Long and Wetstein affirm to have been used by Stephens (except No. 8).



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



harm, Sir, to your admirers, than that they may approve of this anonymous gentleman's arguments. If you had been then alive, you would have added, in aid of this critic's reasoning, that Stephens's No. 2 contained the Epistle to the Romans, and therefore, *beyond contradiction*, must be different from Beza's MS. which contains only the Gospels and Acts.

All this trumpery about Stephens's margin rests upon a modest assumption, that Stephens could not commit a typographical error. I produced, out of a great number of examples, and shall now briefly recapitulate, as many as I thought sufficient to confute so extravagant a position. Matth. xxiv. 20, *θ* marked in the margin. 1 Pet. iii. 11, ἀγαθὸν ζητήσάτω omitted in the text. Apocalyps. p. 176—177, eighteen various readings of the Complutensian edition omitted, and, of the nineteen marked, two inaccurate, and two false. The semicircle three times omitted; in one place twice printed, and the figure of reference once misplaced (correct my former collation.) Apocalyps. xv. 2, 'καὶ ἐκ τοῦ χαράγματος αὐτοῦ, for καὶ ἐκ τοῦ χ. αὐτοῦ.' When you have shewn that Stephens's margin is correct in all these particulars, I will endeavour to exercise your sagacity with a few more of the same kind.

You might have spared yourself all this letter-hunting, if you had applied your assumption at first, and reasoned thus: The MSS. produced by Le Long and Wetstein are not the MSS. used by Stephens; for those omit from *in cælo* to *in terra*, inclusive; but these only omit *in cælo*. You have, indeed, repeated a part of this argument in your last letter, where you say, that all Stephens's MSS. retained *in terra*. The only witnesses you can bring to this

assertion

assertion are Stephens's margin and Beza's note. The appeal to Stephens's edition, when the question is, whether that edition be erroneous or not, is too gross a banter upon common sense. Nor can Beza's testimony be of any weight, till you can prove that he had the actual use of Stephens's MSS. But this you cannot prove, without making Stephens a thief and a liar. And when you have ruined his character, we will consider how much credit is due to his evidence.

You play your old game, when you say, "that the charge against Stephens is, that he collated his MSS. *unfaithfully*;" and afterwards, "that we accuse R. Stephens and T. Beza of a deliberate falsification of Scripture." I have told you over and over, that I only suppose R. Stephens to have committed an easy, and to appearance a small mistake. And I suppose, with Wetstein, that Beza adopted the mistake. *Ista typoshetæ aberratio fraudi fuit T. Bezæ.* If it be a deliberate falsification of Scripture to err in noting the various readings, God help the wicked*! For there never was a more abandoned set of men than the greatest part of editors and collators. The word *unfaithfully* is capable of two senses. If it means *negligently, imperfectly, erroneously*, I agree that Stephens collated his manuscripts *unfaithfully*; but, if it means *fraudulently*, I have acquitted him of that imputation.

Supposing that I surrendered Stephens's No. 7, what would you gain by it? Nothing, unless you could shew that Nos. 4, 5, and 10, are different from the numbers

* [If Sacke and Sugar bee a fault, Heaven helpe the Wicked: Shakspeare's 1st P. of K. Henry IV. p. 59. cd. pr. repr.]

marked by Le Long as corresponding. But this you have not attempted to shew of No. 4; nor can you shew it of No. 5, and 10, without retreating to your strong-hold, the infallibility of Stephens and his compositors. And if you call this arguing, you may argue till doomsday. You are indeed in a distressing situation; for, if one only of the MSS. quoted by Le Long be one of the MSS. quoted by Stephens, your cause will be as effectually ruined, as if the whole seven were found. If you can confute the single proposition, that the King's MS. formerly 2871, now 106, is Stephens's No. 4, you will perform more service to your darling verse, than you have performed in your whole book and your last incomparable letter. For Le Long, Wetstein, Mr. Griesbach, and the compilers of the catalogue of the King's MSS.* are in a provoking agreement concerning this MS. and, what is more provoking, are not contradicted by Stephens's infallible margin. *Attempt then this confutation without delay. Silence will be a proof of conscious impotence. And attempt it with candour and seriousness. Tinselled phrases and empty sarcasms will have no effect but to double the load that now lies heavy upon you†.* In the mean time I abide by my first position, that the MSS. numbered 4, 5, 7, 10, by R. Stephens, are the same with the French King's MSS. which, in the time of Le Long, were marked 2871, 3425, 2242, 2870. You have said nothing in answer to these affirmations of Le Long and Wetstein, that has not furnished fresh proofs of

* Quartus ex eorum numero quos Robertus Stephanus adhibuit, T. II. p. 19.

† This fustian, with much more to the same purpose, may be found in Mr. Travis's peroration, p. 125, 369.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

clause, reads *tres in unum sunt*, but all simply *tres unum sunt*; 2. that a very great number (as far as I can guess*, a considerable majority,) omits the clause. 3. That no Greek MS., which omits the seventh verse, retains ἐν τῆι γῆι in the eighth; and 4. that Wetstein affirms four of the six MSS., to which you appeal, to omit the disputed verse; and professes to believe the same of a fifth. Besides these particular charges, I scattered a general accusation through my letters; that you had borrowed the greater part of your book from Martin, taking upon trust his facts and quotations. That this blind adherence to Martin had led you into many errors, some owing to the original, and some to the English translation. Unless you make haste to defend or confess, the publick will not fail to condemn your obstinacy, and take your silence for the certain token of a rotten cause and a guilty conscience.

CANTABRIGIENSIS.

P.S. In Vol. LIX. p. 515, [=p. 77. Lett. to T.] for 4, 5, 7, 10, 15, *read* 4, 5, 7, 9, 10.

* Five to three in the Louvain editions, and about three to two in above fifty copies that I have collated.



N.B. It would be advisable to intermix the additions, alterations, and corrections of my own mistakes, as well as those of the press, in their proper places, before this volume is looked over, otherwise the *second* Index will be of little use.



P. 2. v. 12. Would yet he had lived. Shakspeare, Meas. for Meas. iv. iv.

P. 3. v. 3. Soph. Ant. 650. 10. οἰκουῖσι χωρὶς ἀρεταῖ τῶν ἡδονῶν. Phrynichus Σ. Π. 72. v. 17. read, Τεθνηχ' ὁ δη' τ.—ὄν οἱ θεοὶ φιλοῦσιν, ἀποθνήσκει νέος.—or, as it is somewhere cited, ὄν γὰρ φιλεῖ τὸ θεῖον, ἀποθνήσκει νέος. So wise, so young, they say, do never live long. Shakspeare's Rich^d. III. iii, i. Short summers lightly have a forward spring. Ibid.

P. 10 l. 4. * * *

P. 13. l. 14. Lucian. ii. 680. ἐγὼ γὰρ, ὡς ὁ Κωμικὸς ἔφη, ἄγροικος εἶμι, τὴν σκάφην σκάφην λέγων. vide supra, p. 54. We call a nettle, but a nettle; Shakspeare's Coriolanus, A. ii. Sc. i. Mundungus, having occasion for a spade, called out, “Slave, bring me *my upheaver of the earth*.”

P. 15. l. 15. “That bawl”—Milton's sonnet xii, 9. ed. T. Warton—as in R. P.'s Letters to Travis, p. 379. “Who would be w.”—“That”—edd.

P. 18. l. 2. Ter. Andr. i. v, 18. ibid. l. 7. Shakspeare's King John, A. iii. Sc. iii.

P. 19. l. 5. Apud Demosth. in Neæram, et Athen. xiii, 612. F. [P. P. D.] Ὡς οὐχ ὕ. Grotii Excerpt. pp. 737. 845. R. B. Millio, p. 77. ed. Cantab. Τάδ' οὐχ ὕ. Gataker. Opp. posth. c. xii. Grot. Excerpt. 441. ibid. l. 14. Shakspeare. Much ado about nothing, iii. 3. give Heaven thanks, and make no boast of them—As you like it, iii, 5. ibid. l. 18. In Feby 1806

I was lamenting to R. P. the loss of a great statesman in the hour of his country's danger; R. P. interrupted me by reciting,

——— πᾶυε, παῦ', ὧ δέσποθ' Εριμῆ, μὴ λέγε
 ἀλλ' ἔα τὸν ἄνδρ' ἐκεῖνον, οὔπερ ἔστ', εἶναι κάτω.
 οὐ γὰρ ἡμέτερος ἔτ' ἔστ' ἐκεῖνος ἀνὴρ, ἀλλὰ σός.
 ἄττ' ἄν οὔν λέγῃς ἐκεῖνον,
 κεί πανοῦργος ἦν, ὄτ' ἔζη,
 καὶ λάλος, καὶ συκοφάντης,
 καὶ κύκηθρον, καὶ τάρακτρον,
 ταῦθ' ἀπαξάπαντα νυνὶ
 τοῦς σεαυτοῦ λαιδορεῖς.

I was thankful for this sally, though made to my cost, as I gained from it a line which Aristophanes would have owned.

P. 20. Plutarch. II. 144. A. ὑπὸ πόλιν ed. Bas. which Hemsterhusius in his copy of that writer has rendered, sub ipsam arcem; see Wyttenbach ad l. VI, II, p. 897.

P. 25. l. 11. * * * * ibid. l. 18. Dunciad, IV, 251, 2.

P. 26. l. 5. δοκεῖ R. B. and πλεούσας was restored by that promising critic, *D'Arnaud de jure servorum*, p. 57. which appeared Leovardiæ, 1744: "mihi consultum fore videtur ad Thesei fanum navigare, ibique supplices sedere."

P. 34. κολάσομε γ' ἔσω Lex. Sangerm. p 461. v. Ἄττην. (-ιν). Conf. R. P. apud J. H. Monk. ad Hipp 505. The trifling aberration of this MS. may serve to illustrate R. P.'s notion of the origin of what is become, by accident, the middle verb, κολάσομαι = κολάσω ME'.

P. 36. l. 2. γ. φάρμακόν σου—. καὶ εἰμί τις γελοῖος ἰατρός· ἰώμενος μεῖζον τὸ νόσημα ποιῶ. Plato Protag. p. 294. edd. Bas. = 205. G. Læmar. = l. 340. D. H. St. et apud Muret. V. L. XII. i. A passage (Soph. Fr. inc. x.) conveying the same sentiment is used by R. P. ad Med. p. 20 = 22 = Adverss. III. P. 195. l. 8. γ. Οὐχ †—.

‡ N.B. The only typographical error, which I have been able to detect in the *Grenville Homer*, is II. B, 279. χλαυκῶπις—: in other places a letter has now and then slipped out of the text of the small copies, which appears in its place in the presentation-volumes: e. g. II. P, 558. ταχίς ed. min. ταχίεις ed. splendida. φ, 212. κρατίεις ed. m. κρατίεις ed. sp.; it is less faultless than the faultless Glasgow.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



- P. 71. l. penult.; see R. P. ad Musgrav. p. 325.
- P. 76. l. 12. Dr. *Clarke* states the marbles to have been found at CEOS. Travels, III. 651.
- P. 89. l. 17. read “ ἔπειπόντες for ὑπειπόντες ”
- P. 95. l. 11. Shaksp. Hamlet, A 1. Sc. v.
- P. 97. l. ult. R. P. ad Or. 141.
- P. 98. n. to R. P. subjoin “ apud E. M.”
- P. 106. l. 5. r. enotare inchoaverat,
- P. 114 n. l. 2. Johnson’s PREF. to Shaksp. P. xix.
- P. 117. n. *dele* ‘ Hudibras.’
- P. 121. l. 12, δεινός
- P. 144. n.† Deipnosoph. viii. 352. A.
- P. 145. l. ult. Aristoph. Lys. 987. *πάλαιός γα* Laconice, pro *πάλαιός γε*, *stultus est*. Kuster. et Schol. *παλεός*, *πλεονάζει τὸ π̄. ἡλεός*, *ἀλεός*, *παλεός*, *τουτέστι λῆρος καὶ μάταιος*. Sed lege propius ad receptam lectionem *πάλαιός γα*. Hesychius *παλαιῶρ*, *μωρός*. lege vel ex ipsa serie *παλαιόρ* ρ pro σ terminatio Laconum. R. B. Οἴσθα οὖν ὅτι ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτὸ ἡμεῖς μὲν φημὲν *σκληρότης*, Ἐρετριεῖς δὲ *σκληρότηρ*; Plato Cratylo, p. 66. edd. Bas. = 278. A. Læmar. = 1, 434. C. H. St. Ἐποίκους ὁ ἔσχον ἀπ’ Ἡλιδος ἀφ’ οὗ καὶ τῷ γράμματι τῷ Ρ πολλῶ χρησάμενοι οὐκ ἐπὶ τέλει μόνον τῶν ῥημάτων, ἀλλὰ καὶ ἐν μέσῳ κεκωμώδηνται. Strabo, X. 448. Casaub. = 653. Oxon.
- Pp. 146, l. 9. 147, l. 7. 149, l. 3. δεδόχθαι
- P. 154. Nursery-song should have been placed before the letter to M. Mag.; to “ Chronicle ” add, [13 Apr. 1796.]
- P. 155. l. 4. R. P. ad Orest. 308.
- P. 156. *dele* n. *
- P. 172. l. 39 Βίου εὐροια: ἡ εὐδαιμονία καὶ εὐτυχία, παρὰ τὸ καλῶς ρεῖν τὸν βίον. Phrynichus Σ. Π. 29.
- P. 184. l. 18. ἀφαγνίσαι Phrynichus Σ. Π. 26. Lex. Sangerm. 468.
- P. 187. l. 15. after “ l. 8.” insert, *προσόδοις τε μεγά—λαις ἰδία πάντες, ὧ πότνι’ ἀγαλουμέν ἡμεῖς αἰεί*. ex Suida R. B. *ibid.*
- l. 17. after R. B. add, *π. τε μεγάλαισι διαπαντὸς ὧ πότνι’ ἀγαλουμέν ἡμεῖς αἰεί*. Lex. Sangerm. v. Ἀγῆλαι p. 328.

P. 190. After l. ult. insert, vii. l. 25. ἔλεινοὶ R. B.

P. 191. l. penult. insert, xviii. 24. See Brit. Crit. April, 1794, p. 363.

P. 193. l. 1. ex ipsis dramatis—After l. 3. insert xxiv. l. 2. “λίαν priore correpta” (lege, producta)—Br. Ind. ad Soph.

P. 194 after l. 4. insert, οὐδὲ ἔν : οὕτω χρῆ λέγειν, οὐ δυσυλλάξως. Phrynichus Σ. Π. 53.

Ibid. l. 8. xxxviii, 1. Phrynichus apud Eustath p. 1112. 38. Ἐβουλόμην ἂν ἡμῖν ὡσπερ καὶ προτοῦ. P. *Elmsley*: the reference has escaped me. Afterwards add, xxxix, l. 20, 1. Ἀπτικὸν βλέπος] ἡγουν βλέμμα καὶ ἦθος, οἷον οἱ Ἀθηναῖσι ἔχουσι, δριμύ καὶ τιτανῶδες. διαβάλλει δὲ αὐτοὺς ὡς θρασεῖς καὶ ἐτοίμους προδήλως εἰς τὸ ἀδικεῖν. Schol. Cod. Leid.

P. 195. l. 8. De hoc versu subdubito.

Ibid. n. l. 1. lege “τὸν Δία subaudito;” adde Aristoph. Nub. 371. καίτοι χρῆν αἰθρίας οὕσης ὕειν, ταύτας δ’ ἀποδημεῖν. οὕσης e MSS. et Suida. v. ἀποδημεῖν. R. P. apud virum doctissimum et mihi amicissimum, *E. Mallby* ad v. Αἰθρία, Morell.—l. penult. tune of

Post “Suidas”. insere, *Menander* ex emend. R. B. p. 68. Φέρε τὴν λιβανωτόν· σὺ δ’ ἐπιθές τὸ πῦρ, τροφέ. λ. trium generum commune fecisse videntur Attici, quanquam rarissime in neutro usurparunt.

P. 198. I. l. 20. Aj.—ibid. after l. 20. insert, liv, 17. Διπρωλιώδη φησὶν Ἀριστοφάνης. Anti-Att. p. 91.

P. 199. l. 16. 613. ἀγγεῖον=607. τεῦχος edd. 1, 3. 20. insert, 41. l. ult. “MSS.” [Codd. Vindobb. Chiggian. et Casanat. Schow. de charta papyr. p. 143 (2).] Ibid. ad v. 284=280. *In Notis*, 169. ed. 3. ὁ Εὐριπίδης ἐν τῷ τῆς Ἐκάβης δράματι δι’ αὐτῆς φησιν.—ῶ παῖ, παῖ, Πολυξένη δηλονότι, ἔξελθ’, ἔξελθ’ οἴκων. Cod. Leid. Scholion. ibid. ad v. 280. Alexis, vel potius Sotion ad Athen. viii, 336 F. ibid. add, 624=618. “Œd. C.” 744.—788=782. p. 50 ed. 3. “Theæteto p. 151.” E. paulo infra Plut. 35. 876=870. Adverss. pp. 108, 132.

P. 200. l. 4. after R. B. insert, Ἀσκαρδαμυκτὶ ὄραῖν : Lex. Sangerm. 452. Ibid. l. 7. [217.—after l. 10. insert 224. Adverss. p. 303.]

P. 201. l. 15. read "in quibus"

P. 202. after l. 11. insert 463. Ἀνύειν (l. Ἀνύτειν): δασύ-
νουςιν οἱ Ἀπτικοὶ καὶ δῆλον ἐκ τῆς συναλοιφῆς καθήνυσαν γάρ.
Phrynichus p. 14. Ἀνύτειν οἱ Ἀπτικοὶ Lex. Sangerm. 411. Ἀνύ-
σαι: δασέως, τὸ σπεῦσαι καὶ συτελέσαι. Ibid. Ἀρύτεσθαι: σὺν
τῷ τ λέγουσι καὶ οὐκ ἀρύεσθαι. Πλάτων Νόμοις (l. c. in n.):
ὧν ὁ μὲν ἀρυτόμενος ὄθεν τε δὴ καὶ ὀπόσον καὶ ὀπότε. Idem,
p. 448. Ibid. l. 16 r. 759. PR.—ἐν

P. 204. after l. 12. insert 6. ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ—ἐν τῇ γῆι uni-
formly in R. P.'s Letters to Travis. l. 10. Lucretii. l. 18. to "p.
65." add,—“And hence it is that Christian, or rather Papal
Rome, has borrowed her Rites, Notions, and Ceremonies, in
the most luxuriant abundance from Ancient and Heathen Rome,
and that much the greater number of those flaunting External,
which Infallibility has adopted by way of Feathers to adorn
the triple Cap, have been stolen out of the wings of *the dying
Eagle*.”—Brand's pref to *Popular Antiquities*, 2 voll. 4^o. 2d ed.
1813; pp. xi, xii. Then insert, p. 21. col. 1 l. 33 = 22, 2, 26.
Ἄκατος: φιάλη, διὰ τὸ εἰκέναι στρογγύλῳ πλοίῳ οὕτω Θεό-
πομπος. Lex. Sangerm. p. 371. Those are mentioned by Me-
nander Μεσσηνία: οἱ δ' ἀρπάσαντες τοὺς κάρους τοὺς στρογγύ-
λους. Ibid. p. 411.

Pp. 206, 7, 8. dele, ADDENDA. et 206. l. 13. arrange
thus, 2 In Il. A.

l. 15. 1 Schol. Ven.

P. 208. l. 2. R. P'. informed me that a venerable Dean, “who
lately shone a bright example” at Oxford, “as the warm friend
of merit of every kind,” was highly pleased with this restora-
tion; the common reading, this great man observed, had al-
ways appeared “deleterious” to him. And the late Dr. Raine
anxiously wished to cancel the leaf in the Glasgow folio, in
order that it might be complimented with a place in the text.
Ibid. l. ult. corr. 1794. and add, For πᾶσιν Pierson has replaced
παῖσιν, ad Mær. p. 194. col. 2.; and in Eur Suppl. 916. for
τις Valckenaer has suggested παῖς, ad Phœn. 1553. which
Markland expressed in his version. Πᾶς has occasionally usurp-
ed a place in the text without rhyme or reason; Gataker Adv.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

P. 210. Αἴρεται πόλεμον ἢ ἔχθραν ἢ στάσιν: ἀντὶ τοῦ ἀναδέχεται. Phrynichus Π. C. p. 3 l. 2. μόρω

P. 204. P. 23. col. 1. l. 25. “Ran. 1234.” Lege, ὡστ’ ἐναρμόττειν ἐνὶ Ἡ κωδάριον, ἢ ληκύθιον, ἀπανταχοῦ, R. P.

P. 209. after l. ult. insert, 917. Ὁξὺ ἀκούων: ἀντὶ τοῦ ὀξέως Anti-Atticista, p. 111. Edinb. Rev. xxx, 320. Adverss. 161.

P. 216. l. 3. *Kust.*; l. 11. Ant. 2. ἄρ’ ἴσθ’ correxit R. B.
P. 120 l. 6. Κρονῖονος

P. 217. n.* adde, et Musgr. adl.

P. 219. l. 14. adde, ΓΕΝΗΜΑΤΑ Gen. xli. 34. Cod. Wotton.

P. 226. l. penult. “et 23.” ad Ph. 1419. P. 227. l. 8. ΧΡΙΣΤΟΣ

P. 232. l. 20. place “8” under “4” in the preceding line.

P. 233. l. 19. “P. 500. B.” et ad Hesych. p. 283.

P. 236. l. 16. read, “iii. 117. F. 5.”

P. 239 l. 10. Inscr. Sardanap. apud Athen. xii. 530. C. ἔσθιε, πῖνε, παῖζε, ὡς τᾶλλα τούτου οὐκ ἄξια. ibid. l. 20. subjoin T. K.

P. 252 l. 13 249. Falso ait Burmannus præf. ad Phileleuth. p. penult. locum Athenæi vi, 248. D. 2. omisisse Clericum. [P. P. D]

P. 253. l. 7. σκυθρός l. 22. and P. seq. [Adverss.—Sangerm. p 408. T. K.].

P. 254. l. ult. subjoin T. K.

P. 257. after l. 6. insert, AD ALEXANDRUM ÆTOLUM.

P. 263. l. 13. [Ced Col. 284.—]

P. 265. after l. 15. insert, Idem v. Παλιναίρετα. φευκτὰ, ἐκβλητὰ, τὸ ἐναντίον πρὸς αὐτῇ τῇ αἵρέσει πάθος ἐμποιοῦντα σημαίνει δὲ καὶ τὰ πάλιν αὐτὰ ἐν Τιμαίῳ. παλιναίρετα γὰρ φησι γεγονότα πάντα καὶ διεφθαρμένα. Deleo ἐναντίον et lego, τὸ προσαντὲς τῇ etc. Mox pro τὰ πάλιν αὐτὰ ἐν Τιμαίῳ, legendum, τὰ παλαιὰ ἐν Τιμαίῳ. Quod cum διεφθαρμένα pulchre convenit. Toup in Tim. iv, 413, 4. Hanc emendationem magna cum laude cumulavit. R. P.

P. 270. RI. BENTLEY in his Answer to Middleton mentions

tions “the Commentator Arethas about the IV or V century.” p. 42. This mistake is owing to the great haste, with which the Reply was penned. See Montfaucon’s *Palæogr.* pp. 35, 45. 275.

P. 280. l. 3. read V. 7. 389. ποταμῶν καὶ ἄλλων καὶ λόγου μάλιστα ἄξιων ἔτι τε ἐς αὐτὸν ῥεόντων.

P. 284. l. ult. r. “1237. 4—”

P. 285. l. 9. at the end annex, *Initium Balbi Ep. ad Cic. lib. ix. ad Attic. ep. viii. “*Sub* postea quam litteras communes cum Oppio ad te dedi—” Sic in omnibus, quos plurimos vidi, MSS. codicibus, itemque in omnibus primi post artis typographicæ exortum sæculi editionibus.—Quidam pro eo [*sub*] admodum fidenter *Subito* subdiderunt, atque ita in Aldinis annorum 1540. 1548. 1554. 1559. etc. Verum jampridem animadversum ab eruditis grammaticis est, illo Manuscriptorum *Sub* totidem vocabula, quot litteris constat, significari; neque in eo scribendo aliud peccatum a librariis fuisse, nisi quod singulis litteris punctulum adscribere prætermiserint, ita *S u b*. hoc est *Si vales, bene sive benest*:—*Lagomarsini* ad *Pogiani* Epist. iv, 49. Ibid. l. 16. “Sangerm.” (p. 377. *Bekker.*)

P. 287. l. 12. read, 179. v. Πρόδικον—after l. 14. insert, 250. v. ῥάζειν—Cratinus in *Deliasin*: Ἐρῥάζει πρὸς τὴν γῆν ὁ δὲ σκαρίζει καὶ πέπορδε. “Sed longe rectius, meo quidem iudicio, legetur; ὁ δ’ ἠσκάριζε καὶ πέπορδε.” *Piers.* ad *Mæc.* p. 36.—Metro consulit hæc correctio; sensui minus satisfacit: *Photii Cod. Galean.* κατέπαρδε. Lege igitur, κάπεπάρδε. R. P.

P. 288. l. 19. Ruhnkenium

P. 295. l. 9. *dele*, and

P. 296. l. 12—readings”. *Gent. Mag.* Oct. 1788, pp. 875, 6.

P. 302. l. ult. add, This is the language of children and idiots; “Who gives any thing to poor Tom? Do poor Tom some charity.” etc. *King Lear*, p. 297. In a dispute on this analysed method of speech, our unshaken friend to truth was irreconcilably disgusted with the perverse ingenuity of the wily grammarian of *Wimbledon*, who, he perceived, was arguing merely for victory.—However, in the second volume of

his work *Horne Tooke* has not failed to avail himself of this leading hint in tracing upwards the primary meaning of the participle IT—HIT—HET—HÆC—HÆCAN—HAITAN—*nomina-tum, it is said*. For this hint, as well as for the anecdote upon *Milton*, I am indebted to a conversation with the Rev. *Cleaver Banks*. See Pref. to a short account of the late R. P. p. x.

P. 303. l. 5. add, If ἵα signifying ONE could drop the μ, why might not the masculine and neuter forms divest themselves of it?

P. 306. l. 6. divinarat

P. 309. In conversing one day in the Strand about emendations, which cannot be easily traced to their rightful authors, R. P. began to instance two restorations of Horace, which, he observed, were well known at Eton; one by *Snape*, which is inserted here: our Professor was proceeding to specify the other by *Dr. George*, when a friend passing by suddenly interrupted him!—

P. 312. l. 2. to “Muret. †” affix this note; † After long and patient investigation R. P. was firmly persuaded that the execrable imputation, under which this genuine critic laboured, was unfounded. Ibid. l. 6. “primo*.” *Eroticorum princeps est Heliodorus; sequitur longo intervallo Achilles Tatius [P. P. D.].

P. 312. after l. 8. insert,

H. STEPHENS.

R. P. strenuously vindicated that great scholar, *H. Stephens*, from the charge of plagiarism brought against him by *J. F. Fischer* in his preface to the republication of *Cornarii Eclogæ*; Lips. 1772. “Fuit hic vir [H. St.] omnium idem et laboriosissimus et efficacissimus et eruditissimus, qui plures auctores antiquos tractavit et edidit, quam isti reprehensores legerunt, plura scripsit quam isti fando audiverunt, majorem doctrinam animo perceptam tenuit quam isti suspicione attingere potuerunt.”

P. 313. insert before BENTLEI—

MILTON.

Milton was acquitted by R. P. of imitating *Don Belianis* in

P. L.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



pies a place in his note on that passage without due acknowledgement: this must be attributed to mere forgetfulness.

P. 315. n.*. R. P. had corrected a mistake of *Toup* arising from the same cause:—*Quomodo locutus est Gregor. Nazianz. apud Stobæum*—*Cur. Nov. p. 11. l. 14. Imo apud Antonium et Maximum cum Stobæo simul editos Franckf. 1581. App. p. 496.*

P. 316. after l. 7. insert [P. 384=278. See Supplement to No. XVIII. of the Classical Journal, pp. 520—522.]

P. 328 n. penult. adopted

P. 331. l. 4—7. “What I *despaired* of finding, chance at last threw *in my way*.” Lett. to Travis, p. 14.

P. 334. to note † subjoin, “Let it be my humble office to collect the scattered sweets, till their united virtue tortures the sense.” Junius’ Let. xli.

P. 335. l. 3. He wrote and flounder’d on, *Dunciad*, I. 120.

P. 337. l. 6. * * * * *

P. 345. l. 5. Farce of *J. Midas*.

P. 351. l. 2. Lucius’ Let. * pp. 70, 71.

P. 354. l. 18. Junius’ Let. liv.

P. 355. l. 24. words,

P. 391. l. 13. *ill*- Shakspeare. Henry IV. P. II. A. II. Sc. iv.

ADDENDIS ET CORRIGENDIS

HÆC ADDIT P. P. D.*

xxvi, 12. *Lynceus*

xxxviii. l. 9. ἔχρηγ

xxxix. l. 9. exultation

xlviii, 11. xxxv.

Ibid. 11. Bouffon Français. Paris 1812, p. 83.

xlix, 25-6.

— l. 2. Macbeth iv. i.

— l. 9, 10. Swift, Legion-club, 101.

L. 1. read, Cicero. Tusc. Disp. i. 17.

P. 21, l. 6. And what would he have said, had he known, that in his copy of Portus's edition, Kuster himself had noted from both his MSS. the true reading of the whole passage? The book afterwards belonged to Hemsterhusius (see præf. ad Plut. p. xxi. Corrigenda p. 482), and now forms part of the Hemsterhusian collection in the public library at Leyden. I take this opportunity of thanking those two very learned men Professors WYTTENBACH and TYDEMAN, for the kindness and liberality with which they have assisted my researches in that noble repository.

P. 54, l. 5. Moschus ii. 105. ubi ταύροις.

P. 169. Schol. ad Androm. 397 et 405. Τί δῆτ' ἐμοὶ ζῆν.) τὰ κατὰ τὴν πατρίδα καὶ τὴν ἐκ πολέμου παιδοποιῖαν. τί οὐδύρομαι λόγῳ ἧτις τούτων τὸ δεινὸν αὐταῖς ὄψεσι προεθεύρησα σφαγὰς ἔκτορος. ἴλιον πυρπολούμενον τὴν πεῖραν τῆς αἰχμαλωσίας. τὰ δὲ πλησίον ὄντα κακὰ οὐ δακρύω καὶ ἀναζητῶ, λέγει δὲ τὴν ἐπιβουλήν μενελάου. ἀρχὴν δὲ ποιεῖται τοῦ θρηνεῖν. Τί δῆτ' ἐμοὶ

* Commodum recordor loci Propert ii. 24 35. Tu mea compones, et dices, Ossa, Properti, Hæc tua sunt; eheu tu mihi certus eras. Ut de constructione impedita nihil dicam, nunquam Latini componere alicujus ossa, sed componere aliquem. Tibullus iii. 2. 26. Sic ego componi versus in ossa velim. Unde legendum, Tu me compones. R. P. Nunc ex Viri summi notis ineditis disco ita laudare Torrentium ad Horat. Serm. i. 9. 28. . .

ζῆν.)

ζῆν.) τὰ ἐν ποσὶν οὐκ ἐξικμάζω. τὰ πλησίον. τὰ νῦν με περιέχοντα κακὰ οὐ δακρύω παρὰ τὴν ἰκμάδα τὴν περὶ τὸ θρηνεῖν. βέλτιον γὰρ τὸ ἀποθανεῖν ἢ ζῆν τοιαῦτα πεπονθυῖαν. Ita Juntina princeps fol. 289 a. Lege, ΤΙ ΤΑΥΤ' ὈΔΥΡΟΜΑΙ. τὰ κατὰ τὴν π. (scil. vers. 394.) κ τ. ε. π. παιδοποιίαν (v. 395) τί ὁδ. Oppositionem quaerit scholiastes inter ὀδύρομαι 397. et κατεῖδον 400. et τὰ δ' ἐν ποσὶν—κακὰ parenthesi includit. Mox τούτων τὸ δεινότερον inepte interpolat Barnesius, et scholia ita dividit; ποιεῖται τοῦ θρηνεῖν. Τί δῆτ' ἐμοὶ ζῆν. Τὰ ἐν ποσὶν οὐκ ἐξικμάζω) τὰ πλ. (plene distinguens post ζῆν). Ab eo deceptus Musgravius intelligit quasi esset τούτων δεινότερα et θρηνεῖν τὸ, τί δῆτ' ἐμοὶ ζῆν, et probatum it ope Scholiastæ, versus Euripidis alio ordine ac vulgo disponendos esse. Et quod ad rem ipsam attinet, optime quidem ille. Sed in scholiis perspicue corrigendum, ποιεῖται τοῦ θρηνεῖν. ΤΑ ἘΝ ΠΟΣΙΝ ΟΥΚ ἘΞΙΚΜΑΖΩ. τὰ πλ.—περὶ τὸ θρηνεῖν. ΤΙ ΔῆΤ' ἘΜΟΙ ΖῆΝ. βέλτιον—Nempe ista τί δῆτ' ἐμοὶ ζῆν alieno scholio præfixa sunt ob præcedens θρηνεῖν. Ecce vero S. F. N. Morus, qui editionem a Beckio perfectam instituit, scholia ad 397. et 405, lectore non monito transponit. Idem Morus, “cui mutare quidquam aut omittere in Barnesii animadversionibus profecto non licuit,” utpote “qui quæ mortuis et vivis debentur, unus omnium optime nosset,” &c. &c. (vide Beckii præf. ad Tom. III.) scholia mutavit ad 101. 365. 549. 728. 778. partim recte, partim secus, sed tacite semper.

P. 170, l. 4. Egregiam illam emendationem Wakefieldio tribuit V. D. (Elmsleius, ni fallor) in Censur. Edinburg. xxxvii. p. 78. sed Wakefieldius etsi parum diligens in emendationum auctoribus designandis, Snapium recte citat.

P. 185, 20. 439, 13. In Helena, 1019. legendum vel ob sensum; ἀδικοίην νιν ἄν. *impia essem in patrem, ni* ———. In Menandro,

Οὐχ ὄθεν ἀπολλύμεσθα, καὶ σωθεῖμεν ἄν.

Non, unde perimus, INDIDEM servabimur. Nil pervulgatius quam hic usus particulæ; ut in Platonici Georgiæ initio;

ΣΩ.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

Elmsleio. Homerium in animo habuisse videtur Hippias Athenæi vi. p. 259. D. εἶχον δὲ (οἱ τύραννοι) καὶ κόσμον ὀλόχρυσον, ὁμοίως ταῖς γυναιξίν.

323. Porson. ad Phœn. 1703. Adverss. p. 42. Eupolis Plutarch. ii. p. 662. E. sive Macrob. Sat. vii. 4. sed aliter constituit Gaisford. ad Heph. p. 276.

578. θέλων pro θέλω Ald. MSS. in Bacch. 475.

748 In Ennio Wakefieldius (Crit. Rev. Nov. 1800. p. 249) Viden — cadunt ?

870. Theophilus Comicus apud Schol. inedit. Dionys. Thracis (Bast. Ep. Crit. p. 149. ed. Schæf.)

—— τὸν ἀγαπητὸν δεσπότην,
τὸν τροφέα, τὸν σωτήρα, δι' ὃν εἶδον νόμους

*Ἕλληνας—— Citat [Elmsleius] in *Quarterly Rev.* xiv. p. 447. φονεᾶς ex Eurip. El. 276. et τροφέ' pro τροφόν legit ibid. 409. γονεᾶς Antiphan. Stob. 79. Grot. p. 337. R. P. not. mss.

1141. p. 69, c. 2, l. 20. γίνονται contra metrum MS. Dorv. in Aristoph. Plut. 144.

1141. p. 69, c. 2, l. 7. Myrtilus (sive Eupolis. vide schol. Aristoph. Vesp. 57) apud Aspas. ad Aristot. Eth. sive Gaisf. ad Hephæst. p. 98. Τὸ σκῶμμ' ἀσελγές καὶ Μεγαρικὸν καὶ σφόδρα Ψυχρὸν γελαῖς, ὄραῖς τὰ παιδία. Malim γελῶσιν, ὡς ὄραῖς, τὰ παιδία. Aristoph. Nub. 539. τοῖς παιδίοις ἴν' ἧ γέλως. Ὡς ὄραῖς ibid. 211. Sophocles apud Schol. ad Vesp. 1021.

1161. p. 77, col. 2, l. 17. Nub. 1230. ἐξηπίστατο. ἦν μαθὼν gl in MS. Harl. 5725.

1164. *sycophanta*. Scil. Gilb. Wakefield, Diatrib. p. 36. Vide *Monthly Rev.* April, 1799. p. 442.

1169. Suspectus Valckenærio Diatr p. 259. B.

P. 200, l. 2. 800. *neminem offendet nisi qui in Atticis poëtis hospes sit.* Offendit Wakefieldium Diatr. p. 30.

P. 200, l. 6. 37. Ridet Eubulus Athen. vii. p. 300. C.

45. Idem apud eundem iii. p. 108. B. πηδᾶ, χορεύει, πῶλος ὡς ἀπὸ ζυγοῦ. (vulgo ὑπό)

54. Iph. T. 324. φυγῆ λεπαίας ἐξεπίπλαμεν νάπας.

206. γε servat Plutarch. II. 165. E.

P. 200, l. 10. 228. Hippocr. in Ὁρκῶ. α μὴ χρὴ ποτε ἐκλα-
λέεσθαι ἔξω σιγήσομαι.

250. κόρας servat etiam Plutarch. de Placit. Philos. p. 900. F.

P. 200, l. 11. 262. Ovid. Amor. I. 7. 9, 10.

Et vindex in matre patris malus ultor Orestes

Ausus in arcanas poscere tela Deas.

P. 200, l. 11. 288. ἐκπτήσσειν Hec. 177. insani esset solici-
tare. Solicitat Wakefieldius Diatr. p. 16.

P. 200. ult. Adde Markland. ad Suppl. 872 (882).

P. 201, l. 1. 346. In the Crit. Rev. Jan^y 1801. p. 9. Mr.
Wakefield quotes ᾧ χιλιόναυν στόλον ὀρμήσας from Eustathius
on the Iliad. If from *Il. B*, p. 338, 35, et ult. (256, 21, et 29.)
they are Eustathius' own words in allusion to Lycophron, 210.
Or he may have somewhere cited στόλον χιλιοναύταν from the
Agamemnon of Æschylus, v. 45. Nor is it at all impossible,
that Mr. Wakefield appeals to a passage which does not exist.
In the same review he asserts that v. 1013-4. "is so quoted
by that elegant writer Heraclides Ponticus,"

ἰθύνων νοσερὸν πόδ' Ὀρέστου.

He was asked by a friend for a reference to this quotation,
which no one had been able to find He answered, that he
thought he recollected it at the time of writing the review!

P. 201, l. 16. 508. ὀσίουν (sic) Grot. Exc. p. 169. et ad
Matth. v. 40. ὀσιῶν Valck. ad Hipp. 1043.

545. Potius ab Anaxagora. Vide Valck. Diatr. p. 29.

P. 201, l. 20. 725. Cratinus Athen. I. p. 8. A.

P. 201, l. 20. 792. Demosthenes c. Pantæn. p. 569, n. 57.
=978, 14. R. ποῦ γὰρ ἐστὶ δίκαιον —; Sophocl. El. 593 οὐ
γὰρ καλόν. Malim ποῦ γὰρ —;

P. 201, antep. 891. Hinc Platonis textum defendit Hein-
dorf. Protag. p. 343. fin. ed. Steph.

P. 202, l. 3. 1163. ἀνταναλώσω μὲν est Canteri emendatio.

P. 202, l. 9. 1279. ἐκκεκωφημένος Damascius Photii p. 1070,
10=570, 24. ed. pr.

P. 202, l. 11. 372. τάρβος verum videtur, ut constructio sit

εἰς τάρβος φόβον τε. Bentleius Ep. II. ad Hemsterhus. p. 108, ed. 1789. *Eleganter illud πλευρὰ καὶ κατὰ ῥάχιν, hoc est, κατὰ πλευρὰ καὶ ῥάχιν, quale illud Anacreontis, Ἡ Νεῖλον ἢ Ἐπι Μέρφιν.* Vide Hecub. 146. Phœn. 291. Helen. 348—350. 869. Sophocl. Œd. T. 637. Æsch. Suppl. 317. ed. Stanl. Musgraviūm ad Heraclid. 227. et Wakefield. ad Bion. I. 81. qui Bentleium citat.

P. 202, l. 11. 466. Euripidis fragmentum recte capit F. Jacobs. Exercit. Crit. Lips. 1796. T. I. p. 214. optime comparans Ovidii locum inde ductum, Metam. IV. 671—673. Adde Achill. Tat. Erotic. III. p. 169. ed. Salmas. ubi describitur Euanthis tabula Andromedam et Persea exhibens. ὀρώρυκται μὲν οὖν εἰς τὸ μέτρον τῆς κόρης ἢ πέτρα, θέλει δὲ τὸ ὄφυγμα λέγειν, ὅτι μή τις αὐτὸ πεποίηκε χεῖρ, ἀλλ' ἔστιν αὐτόχθων ἢ γραφή. ἐτράχυνε γὰρ τοῦ λίθου τὸν κόλπον ὁ γραφεὺς, ὡς ἔτεκεν αὐτὸν ἢ γῆ. ἢ δὲ ἐνίδρυται τῇ σκέπῃ, καὶ ἔοικε τὸ θεάμα, εἰ μὲν εἰς τὸ κάλλος ἀπίδοις, ἀγάλατι καινῶ, εἰ δὲ εἰς τὰ δεσμὰ καὶ τὸ κῆτος, αὐτοσχεδίῳ τάφῳ. *Mendosa est vox γραφή, et a sequenti γραφεὺς orta videtur.* Vide an legendum sit ὀροφή, vel, ut monet amicus, μορφή. Ceterum e sophistæ imitatione interpretare αὐτομόρφων λαίνων τειχισμάτων apud Euripidem, *specu e NATIVO lapide.*

P. 202, l. 13. 540. Sed in Luciani loco (Amor. II. p. 426, 22) longe meliorem sensum dat δεῖξαι. Interpretem agat Ovidius A. A. II. 675. Adde quod est illis OPERUM PRUDENTIA major; Solus et artifices qui facit, usus adest.

P. 202, l. 13, add, 560. Malim cum Gilberto Wakefield, in censura Euripidis Porsoniani, *Crit. Rev.* April, 1801. p. 385.

. καὶ μέγ' ἤγησαι τόδε,
περιβλέπεσθαι;

Androm. 371. ————— μεγάλα γὰρ κρίνω τάδε,
λέχους στέρεσθαι. Vide Hemsterhus. ad Aristoph. Plut. 1151.

P. 202, l. 16. 849. ναυβάταισιν Ald. Grot.

1277. Schol. Demosth. Phil. I. p. 31. n. 8. ed. Par. fol. cc,
verso,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



dina (exceptis primo et eo quod incipit ἡ κατασκευὴ τοῦ προοιμίου κατὰ ἀποσιώπ.) usque ad finem ejus quod incipit μετῆλθεν ἐφ' ἑτέραν ἔννοιαν, (fol. 5. b 20. Ald.) Nempe sola Prolegomena sunt Ulpiani. Utrum ea cum Libanii Argumentis assumserit Zosimus, an præfixerit recentior quidam, vel ipse Aldus, equidem nescio; sed postremum crediderim. Interea in schol. prope init. (p. 2, l. 24. ed. Par. fol. AA. 6. vers. l. 16. Ald.) lege, ὡς ἤδη ἐν τοῖς Ἰσοκρατικοῖς εἴρηται vel εἰρήκαμεν. (σωκρατικοῖς εἴρη MS. 2935). Confer Zosimi Vitam Demosth. prop. init.

P. 202, l. ult. 1622. Antholog. i. 4. 1. p. 4. H. St.=II. p. 231. Br. πάντα δὲ ταῦτ' ἐδίδαξε πικρὴ πάντολμος ἀνάγκη.

P. 203, l. 12. l. ad 1192.

P. 204, l. 18. Gataker. A. M. P. XII. Ipse addo Heliodor. Æthiop. II. p. 123, 30=102. Coray. τοῖς ἐμοῖς, τὸ τοῦ λόγου, κατ' ἐμοῦ κέχρηται πτεροῖς.

139 δ x. p. 22, c. 1. l. 25. ed. 1812. Sophocles Stobæi IV. p. 33. Grot.

P. 204, l. ult. 300. Sophocles Athenæi x. p. 433. E. Fr. Inc. XLIV. Διψῶντι γάρ τοι πάντα προσφέρων σοφὰ Οὐκ ἂν πλέον τέρψειας ἢ πιεῖν διδούς.

345. Schol. Eurip. Androm. 529. διὰ τοὺς παῖδας εἰς ὑπόμνησιν φιλοστοργίας ἄγει τὸν Μενέλαον, μονονουχὶ βοῶσα καὶ σὺ παίδων πατήρ πέφυκας.

P. 205, l. 2. 634. "ΜΕΝΤΙΤΟΣ ΣΥΜ."—"Id plane in falsissimis est habendum; nam nos disertissime edidimus in Herc. Fur. 194. ad hunc ipsum modum:

————— μυριους οιστους ἀφεις.

Pene inducor, ut V. D. Homereis verbis alloquar, te, lector! ut putem, non improbante:

Ἀτρείδῃ, μη ψευδέ', ἐπισταμενος σαφὰ εἰπεῖν."

Wakefield. Diatr. p. 7.

Casu nempe οιστους ediderat, nisi id Barnesio surripuit. Vide Burneium in præclara Hecubæ censura, M. Rev. Jan. 1799. p. 84.

Ibid. 461. τὸ σόν γε X. Π. 1982. apud Valck. ad Ph. 476.

476. prop. f. apud Platonem, Theæt. p. 203. A. C. ut in schedis notaverat R. P.

P. 206,

P. 206, l. 10. 1008. Eur. Ion. 275=286. Lege τί δ' αὖ τὸδ' ; ob sensum.

1314. Opus ineditum, *Timarion* inscriptum, apud Bast. Ep. Crit. p. 184. αἰ αἰ τί ταῦτα κινεῖς κἀναμοχλεύεις, καὶ φέρεις. ἡμᾶς Ἰλιόθεν (Odys. I. 39.) κατὰ τὴν παροιμίαν ;

1343. De Æoli fragmento omnino vide Gataker. A. M. P. x. p. 522. sive Wyttenbach. ad Plutarch. de aud. poetis p. 33. C.

1379. προσάψομαι X. Π. 967. apud Valck.

P. 207, fin. Hesychius. Ἐρκος.—περίφραγμα, ὡς τῶν ὀδόντων τὰ χεῖλη Vide scholiastas ad Iliad. Δ. 350. Eustath. ad Ξ. p. 968, 61=954, 10. Pollux II. 89. Ὅμηρος δὲ τὰ χεῖλη ΕΡΚΟΣ ΟΔΟΝΤΩΝ καλεῖ. Sed non dissimulandum est, Callimachum de ipsis dentibus intellexisse, ut ex ejus imitatione patet ; Fragn. 136. ἔκλυε, τῶν μηδὲν ἐμοῦς δι' ὀδόντας ὀλισθη. Pro genuinis habet Solonis versus Valckenær. de Aristobulo pp. 103, 108.

P. 209, l. 4. Imo Porsoni nota (Adverss. p. 156) non ad πλήθουσα 420 referenda erat, sed ad ΠΑΙΟΝΤ' (ΠΑΙ.ΘΕΝΤ') 416. ut ad Persas Blomfieldius. In Suida v. Μυδῶντες ΒΡΕΧΘΕΝΤΕΣ pro ΒΡΕΧΟΝΤΕΣ R. P. ad Toup. p. 460.

P. 217, l. 7. 670, l. ἔνθ'

ἀ λ. et, si memini, τόνδ' ἀργῆτα R. P.

P. 218, 3. Plato Gorg. p. 492. D. H. St.=210, 11. Routh. τὰς μὲν ἐπιθυμίας φῆς οὐ κολαστέον, — ἑῶντα δὲ αὐτὰς ὡς μεγίστας, πλήρωσιν αὐταῖς ἄλλοθεν γε ποθεν ἐτοιμάζειν ; Lego ΑΜΟΘΕΝ e Timæi lexico. Antiphan. Athen. VI. p. 257. Ε. πῶς ; ἔασας τὰμὰ γὰρ Ἐρήσομαι σε τοῦτο. Manifesto reponendum ΤΑΛΛΑ. Quod Fr. Jacobs. fugisse miror ad Athen. p. 156.

P. 226, l. 14. l. vide p. 241, l. 4. et addenda.

P. 230, l. 19. Legendum, ἡ τῶν πολεμίων ; ut habent Dionis editiones et ut ipse Porsonus descripsit in Adversariis ineditis penes Trin. Coll. Cantab. sine isto τόπων quod meræ incogitantiae est tribuendum.

P. 233, l. 16. I. 28. E. 3. Post ἡθημένος ed. Schw. addit e Schotti MSto, καὶ ἀντίδοτον. καὶ ἔγχει Θάσιον, &c. Codex Sedanensis,

danensis, καὶ ἀντίδοτον δὲ Θάσιον ἔγχει. Lege, καὶ Ἀντίδοτος δὲ, scil. φησί. Antidoti comici nomen leviter corruptum latere apud Athenæum aiebat Porsonus, si recte memini; forsā hunc ipsum locum volebat.

P. 234, 14. Nunc video iis ipsis Kusteri verbis usum esse Ernestum Præf. ad Callimach. fol. ** 4 b; ut scilicet *facultatem, quam sibi deesse sentiebat, argutando elevaret*; quod verissimum est iudicium viri unius doctissimi, Dan. Wyttenbachii, Vit. Ruhnk. p. 82.

P. 239, l. 7—8. l. vide infra p. 278.

P. 240, l. 9. ὀλίγα γ' in Aristoph. Vesp. 55. Ald. et Junt. 1515. ὀλίγ' ἄττα (sic) Junt. 1525. Nub. 992. εἰσάγειν pro εἰσάπτειν i. e. εἰσαίπτειν MSS. pars. R. P. [Ran. 967. ποῖ' ἄττ' (sic) tres primæ edd. ποῖα γ' Barocc. 127. et Cantab. Nn. 3. 15 (1). In Herodot. i. 54 confunduntur ἀτελείη et ἀγγελίη. Ibid. vi. 60. ἄτη, ἄτγη, ἄγη. Vide infra p. 278. In Aristoph. Nub. 1135. pro μέτριά τε MSS. Barocc. 43. Harlei. 5725. præbent μέτρι' ἄττα (sic). Gl. in Harl. ὀλίγα τινὰ. Lege igitur μέτρι' ἄττα. An. 1389. ἀέρια καὶ σκότια γε καὶ κυαναυγέα. Ita edd. (tres primæ certe) γε om. Rav. Lege σκότι' ἄττα. P. P. D.]

P. 241. Eupolis Athenæi i. p. 17. E. εἶεν· τίς εἶπεν ἀμίδα πᾶμπρωτος μεταξὺ πίνων; Legendum, ἀμίδα παῖ, πρῶτος— Vide Epicraten vi. 262. D. Hanc emendationem occupavit aliquis, ni fallor; fieri potest ut a Porsono acceperim.

P. 241, 5. In Antiphane Athenæi iii. p. 108. E. 8. παῖς pro πῶς recte MS. A.

P. 253, l. 22. l. ἐν ᾧ et στροβηλος Photius MS.

P. 267, 1. Xenophon Memorab. iv. 3. 4.

ὁ μὲν ἥλιος φωτεινὸς ᾧν —————

Φῶς per φωτὸς et φωτὶ non flectebant Græci ante Macedonum imperium; ut neque φωτεινὸς, φωτίζειν &c. dicebant. In Xenophonte [hoc scil. loco] φωτεινὸς invexerunt librarii. R. P. [T. K.]

P. 285, l. 4. Imo τὰς σ. οἶον τοῖς recte MS. et ἐν ante δράμασιν om.

P. 286. l. 10. ἐν μύθῳ, non μύθοις, MS. Porro fabulator Florentinus,



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

office to collect the scattered sweets, till their united virtue tortures the sense.

P. 339, 1. Auctor incertus apud Suid. in *Ἀριστοτέλης* I. 328. ed. Kust.

P. 341. note (*) Shakesp. *Wives of Windsor*, I. 3.

P. 350, 16. In allusion to Hawkins Junior's title page. *Ignoramus, Comœdia; ——— cum notis historicis et criticis: quibus insuper præponitur vita auctoris, et subjicitur glossarium vocabula forensia dilucide exponens: accurante Johanne Sidneio Hawkins, Arm. Lond. 1787.*

P. 361. note (*) Shakesp. *Henry IV. Part 2. II. 4.*

Coronidis loco apponatur Euripidis splendidum melos, quo in primis delectabatur Porsonus. Exhibetur prout typis exscripserat vir summus, occasione certaminis nescio cujus Academici. (*HERCULES FURENS*, 637—679. ed. Beck.)

Ἄ νεότας μοι φίλον † ἄχ-
 θος· τὸ δὲ γῆρας αἰεὶ
 βαρύτερον Αἴτνας σκοπέλων
 ἐπὶ κρατὶ κεῖται, 640
 βλεφάρων σκοτεινὸν
 φάρος ἐπικαλύψαν.
 μή μοι μήτ' Ἀσιήτιδος
 τυραννίδος ὄλβος εἶη,
 μή χρυσοῦ δώματα πλήρη, 645
 τᾶς ἡβας ἀντιλαβεῖν·
 ἂ καλλίστα μὲν ἐν ὄλβῳ,
 καλλίστα δ' ἐν πενίᾳ·
 τὸ δὲ λυγρὸν φόνιόν τε γῆ-
 ρας μισῶ· κατὰ κυμάτων δ' 650
 ἔρροι, μηδέ ποτ' ὄφελεν

† Ne ἄχθος cum νεότας jungatur, legit Muretus, αἰ νεότας μοι φίλον· τὸ δὲ γῆρας ἄχθος αἰεὶ, quod metro nocet. Metro quidem convenienter et levi sane mutatione Musgravius, ἄχθος δὲ τὸ γῆρας αἰεὶ. Sed rationem redde, quare vulgata lectio potius servanda videatur. [Rationem reddit ipse vir summus *Adverss. p. 271*].

θνατῶν δώματα καὶ πόλεις
ἐλθεῖν, ἀλλὰ κατ' αἰθέρ' ἀ-
εὶ πτεροῖσι φορεῖσθω.

Εἰ δὲ θεοῖς ἦν ζύνεσις, 655
καὶ σοφία κατ' ἄνδρας,
δίδυμον ἂν ἦσαν ἔφερον,
φανερὸν χαρακτῆρ'
ἀρετῆς ὅσοισι

μέτα· καὶ θανόντες 660
εἰς αὐγὰς πάλιν ἀλίου
δισσοὺς ἂν ἔσαν διαύλους·
ἀ δυσγένεια δ' ἀπλοῦν ἂν
εἶχε ζωᾶς στάδιον·

καὶ τῶδ' ἦν τοὺς τε κακοὺς ἂν 665
γνωῖναι, καὶ τοὺς ἀγαθοὺς·

ἴσον ἄτ' ἐν νεφέλαισιν ἄσ-
τρων ναύταις ἀριθμὸς πέλει.
νῦν δ' οὐδεὶς ὄρος ἐκ θεῶν
χρηστοῖς οὐδὲ κακοῖς σαφῆς, 670
ἀλλ' εἰλισσόμενός τις αἰ-
ῶν πλοῦτον μόνον αὔξει.

Οὐ παύσομαν τὰς Χάριτας
Μούσαις ξυγκαταμιγνύς,
ἀδίσταν ξυζυγίαν· 675
μὴ ζῶην μετ' ἀμουσίας,
ἀεὶ δ' ἐν στεφάνοισιν εἶην.
ἔτι τοι γέρων ἀοιδὸς
κελαδεῖ μναμοσύναν.

[640. κείσαι Aldus. 660. καὶ θνατοὶ ἐς τὰς αὐ. Ald. Emen-
davit Reiskius. 664. βιοτάν Ald. στάδιον Reisk. cujus nomen bis
omittit Beckius. 665. τῶδ' τοὺς—Ald. Eimendavit Porsonus ad
Med. 157. 676. ἦ et εὐμουσίας Ald. μὴ—ἀμ. Stobæus.]

INDICES*.

PASSAGES FROM THE N. T.

ΑΚΤΑ D. Apost. xxviii, 26. p. 289.
1. John (St.) v, 7. 354. 367, 8.
Paul (St.) 1. Ep. Tim. iii, 16. 289—291.
1. Peter (St.) i, 2. 289.

INDEX AUCTORUM

QUOS EMENDAVIT· VINDICAVIT· ILLUSTRAVIT R. P.

- ACHÆUS 242
Ægyptiacus lapis p. 183.
Ælian 72, 3, 4, 5, 6.
ÆSCHYLUS, Vol. 1. P. ii. ed.
Schutz. 4—10.
Prom. Vinct. et Sol. 7, 8.
V.9. 208. Sol. 212. 216.
Septheb. 8, 9, 10. 209.
Persæ 191. 209.
Supplices 209, 10. 218.
Agamemn. 210, 11.
Choëphoræ 211.
Fragmenta 212, 13.
Agathias 259.
Agathias Hist. 287.
Agatho 219.
Alcæus 240. 283. [*μεθύσθη* in
Cod. Ven., teste Butmanno
in Mus. Ant. V. I. fasc. 1.
p. 145.] 295, 6.
Alcman 241.
Alexander Ætolus 257.
Alexis 236. 242. 256. 282.
Ammonius 252.
Amphis 235, 6, 7. 239.
Anaxandrides 237. 249.
Anthologia H. St. 51, 257—
259.
Anti-Atticista, 198, 9. 250.
297.
Antiphanes 177, 8 (Walpole
Fr. Com. 178.). 233, 234.
238. 247.
Apollodorus 239. 305.
Apollonius Rhodius 44. 288.
Apsines [immo Longinus *de*
Arte Rhet.] 169.
Araros 250, sive Eubulus 242.
Archestratus 239.
Archilochus 232.
Archippus 281.
Arethas 270.
Aristides 177. 278.
ARISTOPHANES 268, 9.
ARISTOPHANES ed. Brunck,
pp. 11—37.
Epulones 37.
Acharnenses 29. 32.

* References to "the Outline" and "the Preface" have been omitted.



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



- EURIPIDES**
 Hecuba 194.; addenda ad
 Hecubam 199, 200.
 Orestes 33 —ad Orestem
 200, 1, 2.
 Phœnissæ 36.—ad Phœnis-
 sas 202.
 —ad Medeam 203, 4, 5, 6.
 Hippolytus 223. 315.
 Andromache 194.
 Iphigenia Aul. 192, 3, 4.
 197. 223, 4. 330.
 Iph. Taur. 224.
 Bacchæ 190. 201. 224, 5, 6.
 246. 303.
 Helena 226.
 Ion. 193. 207. 226.
 Electra 190.
 Fragmenta 37. 177. 194.
 200. 227.
 Supplementa ad Beckium in
 Eur. 169, 170.
 Eustathius 9. 26. 212. 220.
 238. 256. 288.
 Euthymius 270.

 Fabulator incertus 286.

 Galen 222.
 Geoponici 177.
 Gregorius Nazianz. 318.

 Harpocratio 281.
 Hedylus 42, 3.
 Heliodorus 312.
 Heniochus 240.
 Hephæstio 259. 281.
 Hermesianax 40—42. 245.
 Hermippus 248. 284.
 Herodotus 260. 325.
 Hesiod. 316.
 Hesychius 133. 142. 201. 208, 9.
 218. 234—236. 241. 283, 4.
 Hipparchus 248.
 Hipparchus Pythag. 277.
 Hippocrates 318.
 HOMERUS 112—114. 117. 206.
 210. 256.
 Horatius, 309.

 Inscriptiones 44, 5. 59, 60. 62,
 3—83. emend. 83. 183.
 Ion Chius 204.
 Josephus 140.
 Julianus 93.
 Juvenalis 305. 309, 10.

 Laberius 205.
 Livius 294. 308.
 Lucian 169. 318.
 Lucilius 305.
 Lucretius 239. 305.
 Lynceus 238.

 Macho 152. 238. 243, 4. 276.
 MSS.
 Alexandrinus 289—292.
 [Cyrillus qui hodie Constan-
 tinopoli patriarchatum obti-
 net, vir pietate et eruditione
 insignis, ex Ægypto, cum
 sedem Alexandrinam relin-
 queret, magnam librorum su-
 pellectilem secum advexit,
 inter quos codicem omnium
 vetustissimum, et longe pre-
 tiosissimum (in quo veteris
 et novi fœderis libri literis
 grandioribus, manu Theclæ
 nobilis fœminæ Egyptiæ,
 circa primi concilii Nicæni
 tempora, bellissime exarati
 sunt) per Ornatissimum et
 Cl virum Dominum Tho-
 mam Roe Equitem auratum,
 et apud Turcarum Imp.
Sere m^r Regis nostri Orato-
 rem, cum ex oriente rediret,
 dono

dono ad *Serenum Regem* nostrum transmisit," *Patricius Junius* benevolo lectori D. Clementis Ep. prioris ad Cor.; Oxonii pridie Cal. Nov. 1632. Qui credat viro justo et propositi tenaci—*Patrick Young*—in mentem unquam venisse, ut fugitivas litteras in illis membranis subdole refingat, ne iste mecum haud sentit. Animum, queso, advertite quam religiose fragmentum situ corrosum et lacunis, quod maxime dolendum, passim intercisum ipse expresserit: —“*Legisque Pythagoricæ non immemores (quæ, ut Syne- sius in Dione author est, οὐκ ἔα τοῖς βιβλίοις ἐπιποιεῖν, ἀλλὰ βούλεται μένειν αὐτὰ ἐπὶ τῆς πρώτης χειρὸς, ὅπως ποτε ἔσχε τύχης, ἢ τέχνης)* nihil dementes, nihil de nostro addentes, non syllabam, non literam, non apicem aut iota unum, fidelissimè, quantum fieri potuit, expressimus. Voces autem deperditas, et literas vetustate exesas, spatij et interstitijs accuratissimè dimensis, pro ingenioli nostri tenuitatesupplevimus, et minio rubro (novo hoc et inusitato imprimendi genere) notavimus;” —Hoc sine credibile, ut suspicione nulla virtute redempta codicem illum vir optimus contaminaret? Non dubium est quin manus male sedula in exteris oris delitescentem hac macula fædaverit.

—olim *Bezæ*, hodie *Cantabrigiensis* 292—296.
Ephrem 297.
Vat. 298.
 17 R. Stephani = Cantab. Kk. 6. 4.
 in Bibl. olim Regia Paris. 353—366
Ammonii MS. Mus. Brit. 253.
Aristidis 278.
Aristophanis 16. 21. Rav. 251.
Cebetis 179, 180.
Ciceronis 294, 5.
Etymologi M. 288.
Herodoti 260—262.
Hesychii 201. 234—237, 8 242. 244. 283.
Juvenalis 309, 10.
Pausaniæ 279. 325.
Photii 253. 285. 287.
Platonis 206 212. 265. 267 —270.
Prisciani 295, 6.
Simplicii 171—174.
Sophoclis 203. 216.
Stobæi 225. 250.
Suidæ 184. 203. 208. 286, 7.
Terentii 296.
Thucydidis 262, 3.
Athenæi 41. 185. 187 232. 237, 8. 242. 244, 5, 6, 7. 276 283.
 Folia in Mus. Brit. 292.
Martialis 118. 305.
Medals 61. 137.
MENANDER 93. 194, 5. 200. 236, 7. 241. 246 249—254. 304
Moschion 231.
Nicander 288, 9.
Nicophon 195.

- Ophelion 233.
 Orpheus [Pseud-] 45.
 Paterculus 74.
 Pausanias 69. 74. 137. 279, 80.
 287. 325, 6.
 Phavorinus 26. 206.
 Pherecrates 184. 256. 281.
 PHILEMO 244. 253. 282.
 Philetærus 245.
 Philippides 240.
 Philostratus 73.
 Phœnix 243.
 Photius 63. 201. 211. 253. 281.
 285, 6, 7.
 Phrynichus 194.
 Phrynichus Σ. Π. 184. 194.
 204. 210. 212.
 Pindarus 246.
 PLATO 12. 140. 145. 177. 212.
 232. 258. 263—266. 283.
 285. 287.
 Plato comicus, 43, 4. (conf.
 248.) 197. 232. 247.
 Plautus 252. 304, 305.
 Plutarch 33. 37. 93. 212. 224.
 252. 256.
 Plutarch (Pseudo-) 84, 5. 90,
 1, 2.
 Poëta incertus 304, 5.
 Pollux 28. 153. 281—283.
 Polyænus 253.
 Posidippus 235. 282.
 Priscianus 233. 251. 295. 310,
 11.
 Pythagoreorum fragm. quædam
 277.
 Rhesus 32.
 ROSETANA inscriptio 183.
 Schol. ad Aristoph. 194. 256.
 Schol. TOWNL. ad Hom. 206,
 7, 8.
 Schol. ad Hom. 252. 312.
 Schol. MS. ad Pind. 211.
 Schol. ad Plato. 250, 1.
 Scriptores in scholiis ad Sopho-
 clem allegati 158—163.
 — ad Platonem 270—275.
 Servius 295.
 Simonides 18. 42.
 Simplicius 171—174. 176. 318.
 Solo (Pseudo-) 207.
 SOPHOCLES
 Œdipus Tyrannus 191. 216.
 Œdipus Coloneus 194. 217,
 8.
 Antigone 218.
 Trachiniæ 155. 218, 9.
 Ajax 193, 194. 198. 220.
 Philoctetes 50. 192. 194.
 197. 220.
 Electra 221, 2. 315.
 Iphigenia 243.
 Fragmenta 193, 4. 212. 222.
 Supplementa ad Indicem
 Soph. Br. 8°. 164—168.
 Stobæus 211. 217. 222. 227.
 231. 251. 255. 305. 314, 5.
 Strabo 141. 145. 231.
 Strato 238.
 Strattis 153.
 Suetonius 68.
 Suidas 29. 30. 32. 34, 35. 139.
 177. 220. 232. 256. 258, 9.
 281. 285—287. 290.
 Susarion 316.
 Synesius 203.
 Tattius (Achilles) 303.
 Teleclides 287.
 Terentius ed. Lindenbr. 304, 5.
 Terentius 250. 253. ed. R. B.
 306, 7.
 Themistius 177.
 Theocritus 45. 256, 7. 9.
 Theocritus (Sophista) 93.
 Theo-



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

- Bp. of Norwich. The late Doctor *Glynn*, the *dilectus Iapis* of Cambridge, informed me that he was present when this *Laudatio* was delivered.
- Bergler 19.
- Berriman (John) 312.
- Beza (see MSS.) 353. 2 12 14 16
- Blanchini 297, 8.
- Blomfield (Rev. C. J.); see Preface.
- Bos (L.) 33.
- Boyle (Honble. C.) 313, 4.
- Brand 204.
- Brown (Capt. G.) 302.
- Brunck *l.* 8, 9. 12. 16. 19—26. 91. 164—168. 193. *n.* 28—37. 224. 250.
- Brunck (Master) 17, 8.
- Bucretius 306.
- Butler (Hudibras-) 320.
- Burman 252.
- Burney (Dr. C.) 209. 231. 313.
- Bust (Matth.) 330.
- CASAUBON 39 89. 144. 242, 3. J. C. born Feb'y 1559; died July 1614.
- Caylus (Count) 136.
- Chandler (Dr.) 60
- Charterius (Renatus) 177.
- Chishull 144.
- Clarke (Dr. S) 130 133.
- Clarke (Dr. E. D.) 76
- Cleaver (Bp.) 144, 5, 6. see PR.
- Clericus 56. 255.
- Cole (Mr.) 314.
- Congreve 13.
- Corayus 242. 246. 248. 276.
- Cragius 141.
- Dacerius 176.
- Dalzel (A.) letter to, 191. 193. 198. 205.
- Damin 130.
- Davies 23, 4. 295. 307.
- DAVY (Dr.); see PORSON.
- DAWES 20. 24, 5. 28. 31. 50, 1. 97. 104. 116, 7. 120. 151. 222. R. D. was born in 1708, died 21 March 1766. R. D.'s critical reputation has survived the faint praise of *Markland*, and the unrelenting rancour of *Toup*.
- Dawes (John Nic.), 151—153.
- Dennis (John) 319, 20.
- Dobree* (P. P. D.) lvii. 189 260. 281. 316; see PORSON.
- D'Orville 35. 61.
- Downes (Andreas) 184.
- DRYDEN 326, 7.
- Duker 25.
- Duppa (Mr. H.); see PORSON.
- Dupuy 18, 9.
- Edwards (Dr. T.) 84—102.
- Eichstadt 291.
- ELGEN (Ld.) 254.
- Elmsley (Rev. P.) 194. 311. 328.
- Facius 279.
- Faërne 296.
- Fogginius (P. F) 68. 295.
- Fourmont 134, 5, 6, 7. 140, 1.
- Fox (Honble. C. J) 322.
- Freind (Dr.) 314.
- Gaisford* (Prof.) 230. 311. 316.
- Gibbon 258.
- Giovenazzius 188.
- Glareanus 144. 146, 7.
- Goodall* (Dr. J.); see PORSON.
- Griesbach 296. 356, 7, 8. 360, 1, 2, 3.
- Gronovius (J. F.) 78. 306 308.
- Grono-

- Gronovius (James) 144. 147. 241.
 Grotius 47. 239.
 Hancarville 135. 139. 141.
 Hardouin 81. 264.
 Hare (Bp.) 306.
 Hawkins v. Johnson 333—352.
 Hayley 307.
 Heath 226.
 Heinsius (D.) 295.
 HEMSTERHUSIUS 20. 130. 277. 280. The authority of T. H. with R. P. in prose-writers was nearly oracular. R. P. used to lament that T. H. had not, at an early period, taken up *Plato* or *Thucydides* instead of wasting his time on Lucian and Xenopho Ephesius. T. H. was born 1 Feb'y 1685, died 7 April, 1766.
 Heringa 39. 41. 138. 241.
 Hermannus Venema 291.
 Hermannus (Godofr.) 201. 205.
 Heyne 6. 103—106.
 Holstenius (*Luke* of) 174, 5.
 Horreus 153.
 Huntingford (Bp.) 48—53.
 Hurd 321.
 Hymnus ad Cererem 49. 101. 150.
 Jacobs 152. 202. 204. 244. 248.
 Jodrell 224.
 Johnson 114. 185.
 JONES (Rev. T.) 299.
 Jortin 46. 200. 310
 Junius (Patricius) 289. et Index, vv. MS. Alexandr.
 Junius 208.
 King 151. 314.
 Kipling 296.
 Knight (Mr. R. P.) 108—150.
 KÖEN 63. 81. K. and his schoolfellow and rival, *J. Pierson*, were highly valued by R. P.: their illustrious trainer seems to have preferred the latter: R. P. pronounced them *Arcades am- lo*; had Pierson lived, he might have done any thing. If an edition of the fragments of the school of Pythagoras, or a dissertation on the Æolism of Greece had been achieved by *Köen*; and an edition of Euripides by *Pierson*, we should have seen brighter days. K. died April, 1767, aged 30 years.
 Koppiers 238.
 Kuhnus 279.
 Kuster xl. 19. 21. 23. 26. 31. 36. 258. 283.
 Lacrozius 257.
 LAGOMARSINI 285. 294.
 Lambinus 239 266. 307.
 Larcher 139. 176.
 Le Long 355, 7, 8, 9. 362. 364. 366.
 Lennep 40. 86. 94. 96. 101, 2. 130. 152. 277.
 Leopardus 29. 212.
 Lewis 317, 8.
 Lindenbruchius (Fr.) 304, 5. [*Statii opera*;—4°. Fr. *Filibroga*, i. e. *Lindenbruchius*.]; Paris. 1600.
 Lydiat 141.
 Mæus (Hieronymus) 174.
 MAFFEI 81, 2.

Mainwaring (Arthur) 327.
Maltby (Dr. E.); see PORSON.
 Markland 103. 120. M. was born in Aug. 1692., died 7 July, 1776.
Marsh (Prof.) 299, 300.
 Marsham 141.
 Martinus (Bern.) 10.
 Matthiæ 202.
 Menagius 104. Died 23 July, 1692.
 Meursius 138. 141, 2. 264.
 Middleton (Dr. C.) 321, 2, 3.
 Milner (Dean) 300.
 MILTON 224. 313. addend.
 Mist 318, 9.
 Monboddo 130. 133.
 Monk (Prof.); see Preface.
 Montefalcon 288.
 Morad Bey 204.
 Morell 170.
 MURETUS 85. 239. 294. 306. 312. M.A.M born April, 1526; died June, 1585.
 MUSGRAVE 169. 210 216. 324—326 S.M. died 5 July, 1780, aged 47 years!
 Noris (Card.) 295.
 Opsopæus 258.
 Oudendorp 310.
 PARR (Dr. S.) lxvi, vii. 323.
 What would be our gratitude to this Patriarch in literature and Religion, if he would favour us with a life of Dr. *Conyers Middleton!* See Dr. P.'s character of *Barrow* in Crit. Rev. June 1808, pp. 118, 9.
 Pauw 7. 51. 250.
 PEARSON 208. 219. 312. Add.

J. P. was born at Snoring in Norfolk, 1613; died at Chester, 16 July, 1686.
 Petit 25.
 PIERSON (J) 28. 42, 6. 153. 257. 266. 281, 2, 3. P. was born 1731; died of the small pox 29 Oct^r 1759!
 Pope 314. 318, 9. 323, 4.
 PORSONUS apud
Aston (Rev. and Hon^{ble} Dr. G. H.) 257—59.
Banks (Rev. C.) 224.
 DAVY (Rev. Dr. M.) 228—231. 247 bis. 276. 330—332.
Dobree (Rev. P. P.) 185. 187. 189, 90. 193. 195. 196, 7. 200, 201, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. 216, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32—53, 55, 57, 59, 60, 65, 66, 70, 78, 79, 80, 81—84, 85—89. 303, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 24—26. And every atom of the AUCTARIUM, pp. 381—393.
Duppa (Mr. H.) 327—9.
 GOODALL (Rev. Dr. J.) 256. 309. see Pref.
London Institution 171—175. 185. 307, 8. 314, 15. 318—21. 326, 7. [I beg leave to return my best thanks to the worthy librarian and friend of R.P., Mr. *Maltby*, for the facilities afforded me in consulting that valuable Collection. I am also under obligations to the *Royal Institution* and its excellent



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS

Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page

HISTORY

Tens of thousands of important historical sources, many previously unobtainable, are now available for the first time with a Forgotten Books Full Membership.

Unlimited Access
\$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies



- Snape (Dr.) 170. 309.
 Spanheim 23, 4.
 Spon 264.
 Sprat (Bp.) 314.
 Stephens (Rob.) 353—366.
 ——— (Henry) 9. 26. 92.
 Stuart (Athenian-) 136.
 SWIFT 316, 7.
 Sylburgius 92. 251. 279.

 Taylor 63. I. T. was born
 1703; died 4 Apr. 1766.
 Toup 148. 184—188. 242.
 256, 7, 8. J. T. was born
 1713; died 19 Jan^y, 1785.
 Travis (Archdⁿ) 352—368.
 TYRWHITT 101. 104. 169
 187, 8, 9. 286. T. T. was
 born 29 March, 1730; died
 15 Aug. 1786.
 Tzetzes 312. 318.

 VALCKENAER 22 51. 91. 130.
 135. 145, 6. 202. 212. 217,
 8. 229 231. 251. 256, 7.
 262. 280 313. L. C. V. died
 in March, 1785.
 Valesius 34, 5. 229.

 Vanbrugh 13.
 Vauvilliers 18, 9.
 Victorius (P.) 290. 294.
 Vincent (Dean) 302.
 Voltaire 104.
 Vossius 74.

 Ursinus 80.

 Wakefield 202, 3, 4. see PREF.
 Walpole (The Rev. Rob.) 189.
 217.
 Warburton (Bp.) 320, 1, 2.
 Wesseling 258. 261.
 Westhusius 90
 Weston (St] 38—47.
 Wetstein 293. 355, 6, 7. 360,
 1, 2, 3, 4. 366, 7, 8.
 Wheeler 44.
 Wintertonus (R.) 190.
 WITHOFIUS 309.
 Woide (Dr.) 289. 296.
 Wolfius 176.
 Wyttenbach 41. 85. see PREF.

 Xylander 90. [His name was
Holzmann = *Ξύλανδρος*].

INDEX

RERUM MEMORABILIUM.

- ἀγένητον* 219.
ἀγών 29.
 **Ἀκατος* 204.
 **Ἄλλα*. sometimes omitted at
 the beginning of a verse,
 36.
ἄλλ' ἀποδεκτέα—ἄλλ' ἀπο-
κτέα—ἄλλα ποιητέα 21.
ἄλω—ἄλήθω 129.

 **Ἄν* et δὴ MSS. sæpissime con-
 funduntur 182.
ἀναγεγράμμεθα 247.
 **Ἄνῆρ*, when joined with a sub-
 stantive, is not capable of
 the article, 34.
 **Ἀποκνᾶν* nusquam utitur Plato
 265.
Αὐτάυτας=αὐτὴ αὐτῆς 277.

Alexiades (Anna Comnena's)
78.

Alexis (epitaph on) 2, 3.

Aristarchus II. Θ. passage expunged by 120, 1.

Aristophanes not instrumental to Socrates' death, 12. see Brunck in Nubes, pp. 63—66. An. Gr. I. 171. xi. Aristophanes' Knights 15. It was R. P.'s favourite. Lysistrata 19, 20. Thesmophoriazusæ 23.

Articulus ictum habet in Trag. et Comic. Iambicis, Trochaicis, et fortasse Anapæsticis, nisi ubi versum inchoat 303.

γὰρ in qua collocanda multum licentiæ sumebant recentiores Comici 249.

Γε 26, 7, 8, 9, 30.

γλυκὺς 302.

γράφομαι ἔγω· 10. 1. 10. πειράσομαι γὼ Med. 722. Αἰρήσομαι ἔγω Helen. 961. εἴθισμαι ἔγω Iph. Aul. 726. γενήσομαι ἔγω 1396. κάθημαι ἔγω Br. addend. ad Vesp. 825. διατίθεμαι ἔγω Av. 444. Herm. de metris p. 153.

δαινύμενοι feasting 235.

Δέ 303.

Δείκω 49.

Δύο 303.

Δύσπρατον alii Epicrati, alii Antiphani tribuebant 238.

ἐγγέλυια vel -λυια penultima producta 282.

ἐγὼν 302.

ει and ι perpetually confound-

ed 45. as well as ει and αι 40.

εἶπα not used by Homer 98.

εἶπε gloss, δεῖξε text 49. as λεξαίμην—δεξαίμην 222.

εἰς τὸ πρόσθε—ὡς τὸ πρόσθε 26.

ἔλιπον—ἔλειπον 10.

EONTA—EΘNEA 260.

ἐπηύρω—ἀπηύρω 9.

ἔρυμα 128. ἔρυμνος,

ἔρυσίπτολις 129. ἔρυσμός 150.

ἐστήκω 99.

ἘΤΙ—ἘΠΤΑ 280.

ἐτυψάμην aorist middle by accident, p. 97.

Ἐχέγγυος 265.

Editor (duties of) 87—90.

Epigrammatists, the authority of, 50.

Erinnyes not addicted to *swindling* 221.

Ξ 58.

ἡμῖν 194.

ἦν ἄλις ἔσθ'—ἦν ἄλισθ'—ἦ μάλισθ' 23, 4.

ἦναντιώμεθα—ἐναντιώμεθα—ἐνηντιώμεθα 35.

Φῆρ 241.

Wilson (Captⁿ) 204.

Writers who succeeded the Macedonian conquest 123, 4.

Hiatus 151—153.

θεάσασθαι—θεᾶσθαι 35.

Θ̄C—OC 289—291. ΘΕΩ̄N, OCON 244.

Thomas Scholasticus, his authority 50.

Ἰαμα 251, 2.

Ἰκτεῦ 133.

Ἰνα 302.

ἴοι—ἴθι 284.

IC K 233. 248. 283.

ισόμοιρος *coextensive with* 221.

Κάκη 266.

κακὸν εἶ—κακὸν οἶ—κακόνοι 24.

Καλλέου 63.

κεκράγω 99.

κεκρύφαλον *secundam* produ-
cunt Attici 282.

κνῶ—κνήθω 129.

Κολάσσομαι the Attics only
use the middle future of this
verb. 33.

κονίας 29.

Κῦδος and its derivatives have
the *υ* invariably long 50.

Circumflex accent 97, 8.

Cyriacus Anconitanus 80.

ΛΘ, ΑΘ, 253.

ΛΛ et M, ΛΙ et N perpetuo
confunduntur, p. 217.

λυγιζόμενος 266.

Lacedæmonian decree 134.143
—148. emended 149.

Lysander 228.

Μέν 303.

Μιαρὲ—βδελυρὲ 35.

νῶ—νήθω 129.

ὀ, ἦ, τὸ 302.

οἶος nusquam corripitur prima
243.

ὄμμα *idea* 222.

οὐδὲ καὶ nunquam junguntur
221.

Π 58.

Περιπατικοὶ 181.

ΠΟΗΣΙΝ 63.

ποῖον 32.

Πρὸς τῶν Θεῶν 302, 3.

πράττειν dicitur, qui vectigal
exigit; πράττεσθαι qui pecu-
niam suam repetit 283.

πρὸς τῶν θεῶν 302.

πρόσκειμαι—εἴ τω πρόσκειμαι
χρηστῶ, if I possess any
good,—221.

πτέρυγας γονέων, my *fostering*
parents, 221.

Parian Marble not engraved by
public authority 65.

Parthenon 231.

Peiresc 78, 9.

Phidon 71. 325.

Pig (the learned) 54, 5.

Præpositiones cognatæ sæpe
confunduntur 28, 9. 181.

Professio Fidei Africana 291, 2.

Ptolemy Philadelphus—the *com-*
mon method of writing in
his reign was *not* on stones,
65.

Roe (Sir Thomas) 77. see In-
dex, MS. *Alexandr.*

ΣΚΥΦΟΣ—ΣΙΣΥΦΟΣ 243

Hesychius v. Ἰππειος CI-

CYΦ': e MS. lectione

CKYΦI' extudit Schow;

conf. Xenoph.: Hellen. III.

282, 13. H. St. = III. i. 6.

Mori, cujus examen vide

P. XLIII.

στρογγύλος—γογγύλος 212.

A late eminent architect,
whose loss will be deeply felt,

“imagined them to be the

covering-tiles placed over the

meeting-joints of the flat

tiles at the eaves or gutters of

the



THIS PAGE IS LOCKED TO FREE MEMBERS
Purchase full membership to immediately unlock this page



Never be without a book!

Forgotten Books Full Membership gives universal access to 797,885 books from our apps and website, across all your devices: tablet, phone, e-reader, laptop and desktop computer

A library in your pocket for \$8.99/month

Continue

*Fair usage policy applies

LONDON:
PRINTED BY RICHARD AND ARTHUR TAYLOR,
MDCCCXV.

