

# **Tema 10: CUADRIPOLOS**

# Cuadripolos

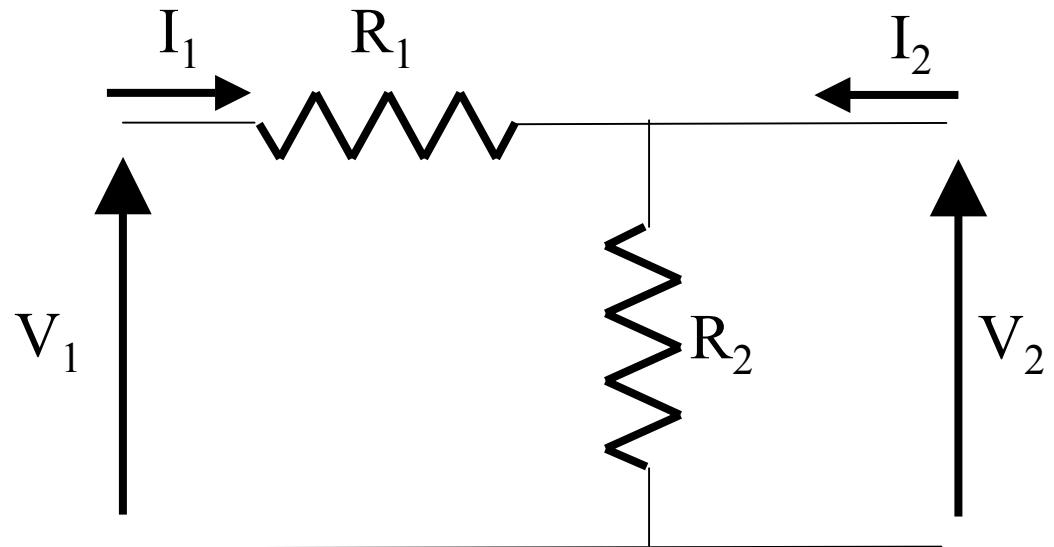
- Descripción general
- Parámetros de cuadripolos
- Asociación de cuadripolos

# Cuadripolos

- Relación de una red con los circuitos exteriores
- Red = caja negra con puertas de acceso
- Aplicaciones:
  - Modelo de componentes electrónicos
  - Circuitos equivalentes de la red inicial

# Cuadripolos

- Puertas de acceso con V e I asociados
- Sistemas de ecuaciones relacionan las V e I de las puertas

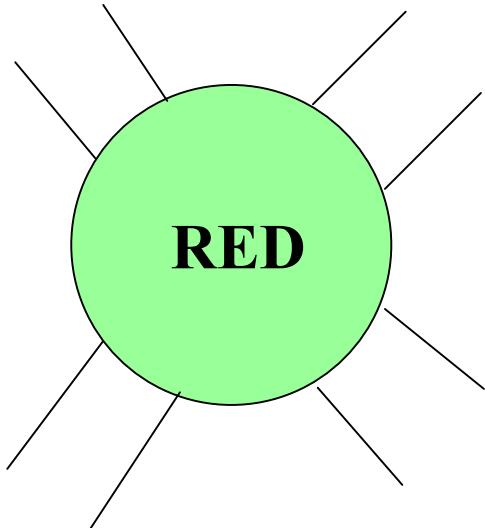


$$\left. \begin{aligned} V_1 &= (R_1 + R_2)I_1 + R_2 I_2 \\ V_2 &= R_2 I_1 + R_2 I_2 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

# Cuadripolos

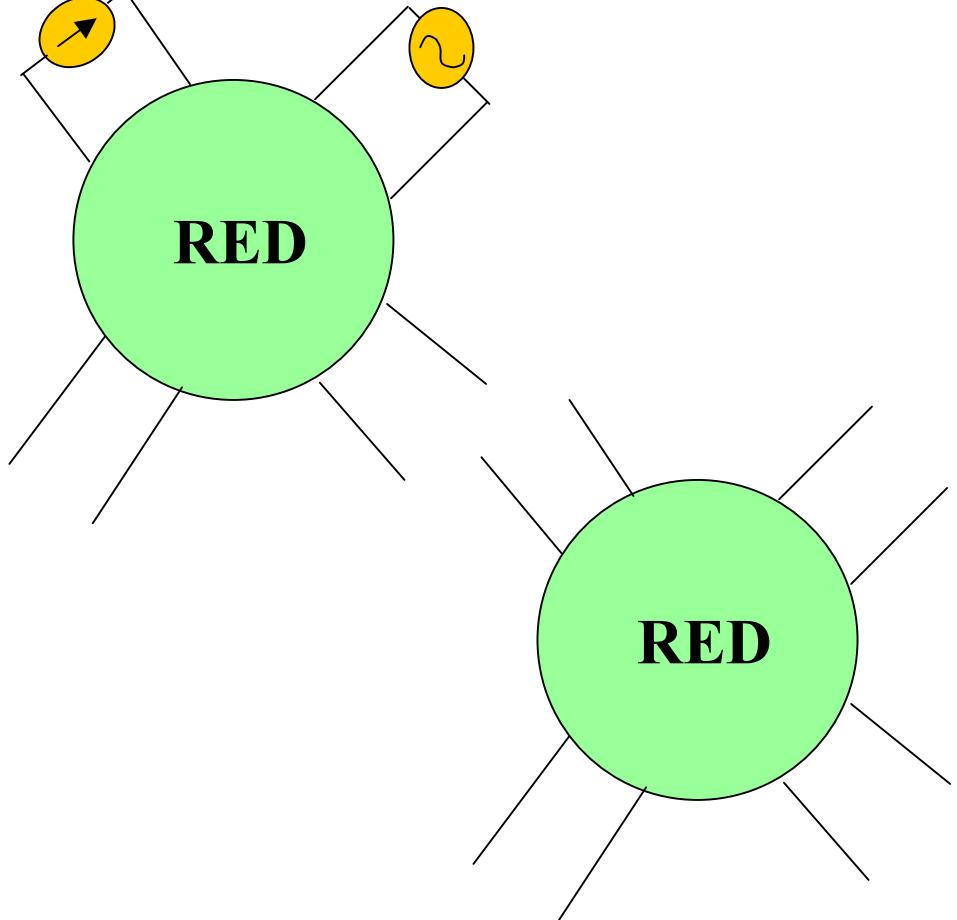
- Se describe el circuito a partir de las relaciones entre las V e I de las puertas
- Circuitos lineales => ecuaciones lineales
  - Coeficientes= parámetros de la red
  - Permiten conocer V e I cualquier puerta conocidas las otras
  - Red sin generadores independientes

# Cuadripolos



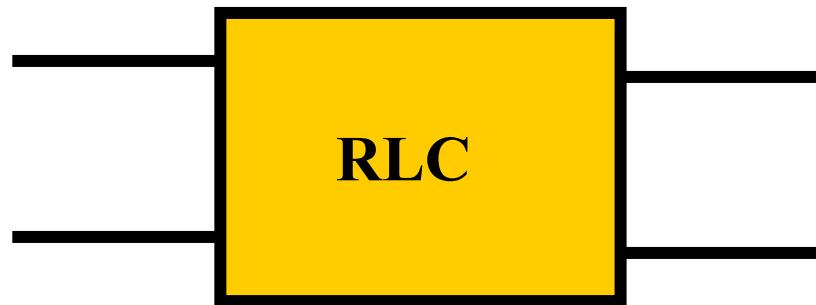
$$\begin{aligned} Y_1 &= P_{11} X_1 + \dots + P_{1N} X_N \\ Y_2 &= P_{21} X_1 + \dots + P_{2N} X_N \\ \dots \\ Y_N &= P_{N1} X_1 + \dots + P_{NN} X_N \end{aligned} \quad \left. \right\}$$

Red Multipuerta



Extracción de fuentes

# Cuadripolos



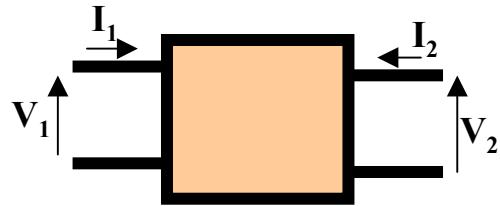
**Red bipuerta o cuadripolo**

- Definido por dos ecuaciones
- Parámetros dependen de variables controladas y controladoras

$$\begin{pmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} P_{11} & P_{12} \\ P_{21} & P_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Y: variables controladas**  
**X: variables controladoras**

# Parámetros de Impedancia Z



- Variables controladas V
- Variables controladoras I

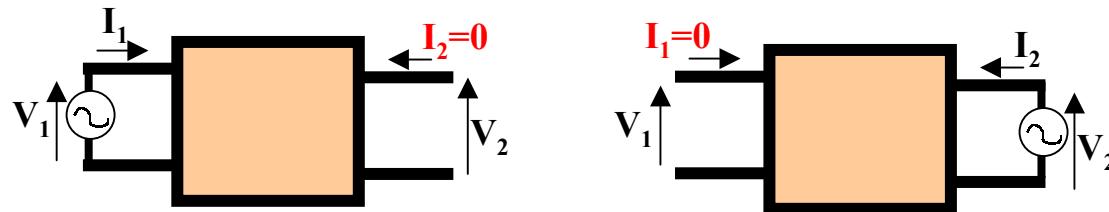
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = Z_{11}I_1 + Z_{12}I_2 \\ V_2 = Z_{21}I_1 + Z_{22}I_2 \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} Z_{11} & Z_{12} \\ Z_{21} & Z_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$Z_{11} = V_1 / I_1 | I_2 = 0$  Z entrada circ. abierto a la salida

$Z_{21} = V_2 / I_1 | I_2 = 0$  Z transf. sal.-entr. circ. abierto a la salida

$Z_{12} = V_1 / I_2 | I_1 = 0$  Z transf. entr.-sal. circ. abierto a la entrada

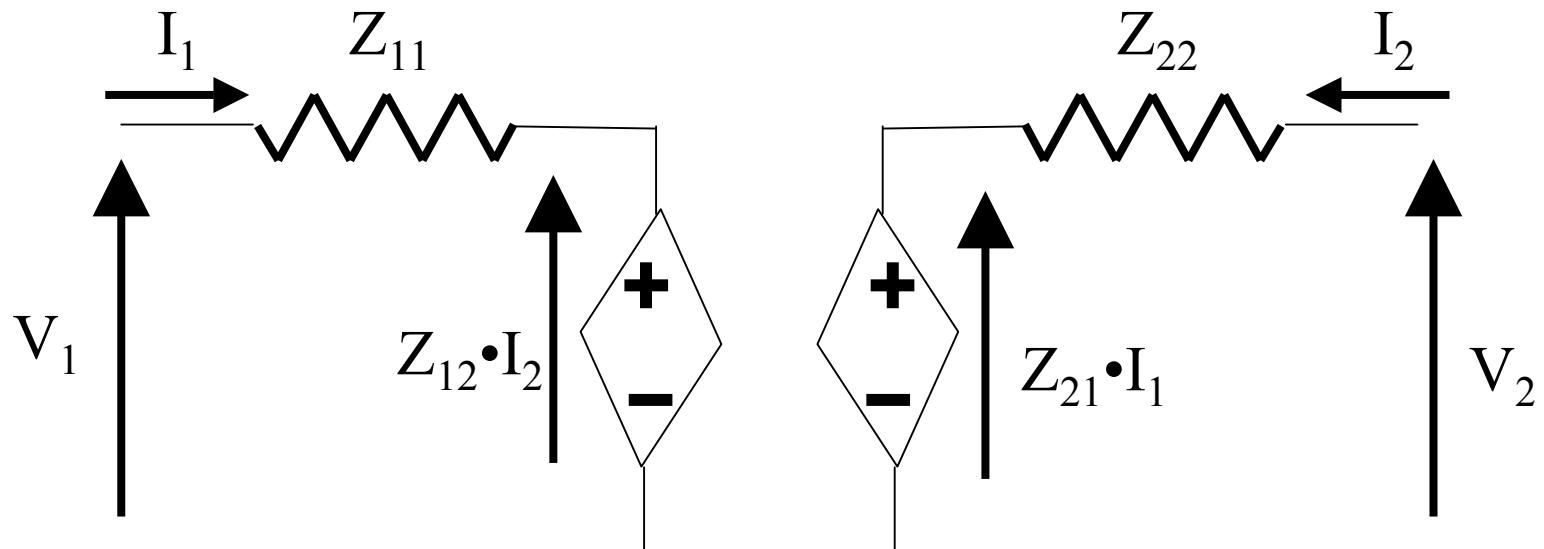
$Z_{22} = V_2 / I_2 | I_1 = 0$  Z salida circ. abierto a la entrada



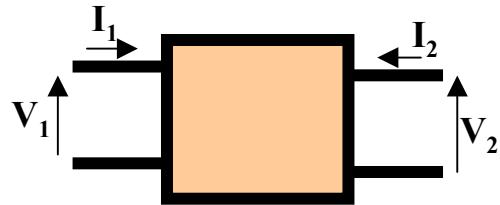
PARAMETROS DE IMPEDANCIA EN CIRC. ABIERTO

# Parámetros de Impedancia Z

## Circuito equivalente



# Parámetros de admitancia Y



- Variables controladas I
- Variables controladoras V

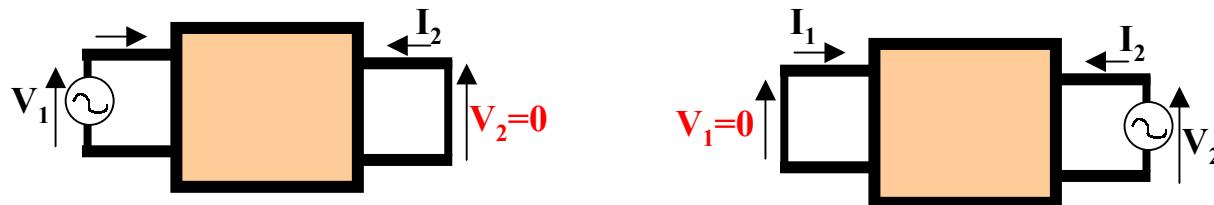
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} I_1 = Y_{11}V_1 + Y_{12}V_2 \\ I_2 = Y_{21}V_1 + Y_{22}V_2 \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{pmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} Y_{11} & Y_{12} \\ Y_{21} & Y_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$Y_{11} = I_1 / V_1 \mid V_2 = 0$  Y entrada cortocirc. a la salida

$Y_{21} = I_2 / V_1 \mid V_2 = 0$  Y transf. sal.-entr. cortocirc. a la salida

$Y_{12} = I_1 / V_2 \mid V_1 = 0$  Y transf. entr.-sal. cortocirc. a la entrada

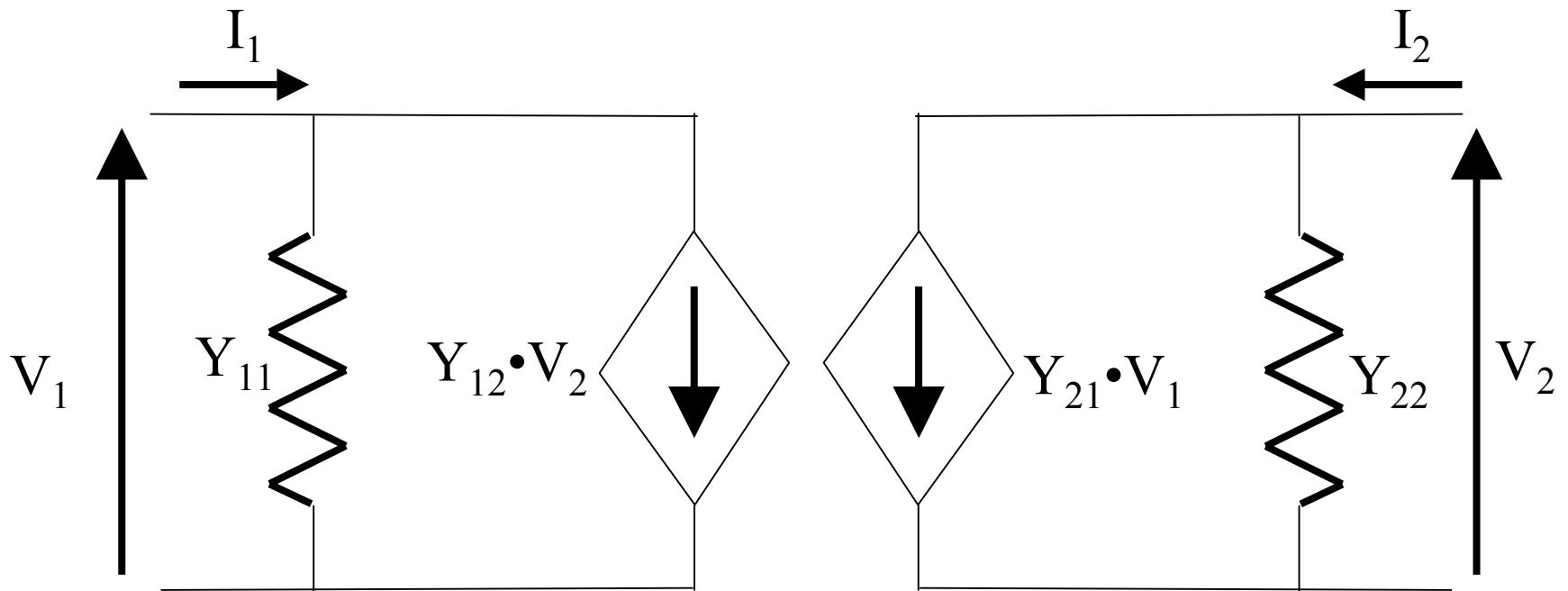
$Y_{22} = I_2 / V_2 \mid V_1 = 0$  Y salida cortocirc. a la entrada



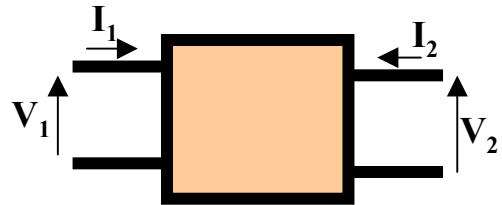
**PARAMETROS DE ADMITANCIA EN CORTOCIRC.**

# Parámetros de admitancia Y

## Circuito equivalente



# Parámetros Híbridos h



- Variables controladas  $V_1 \ I_2$
- Variables controladoras  $V_2 \ I_1$

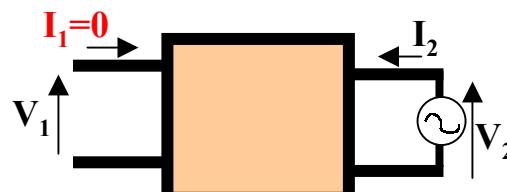
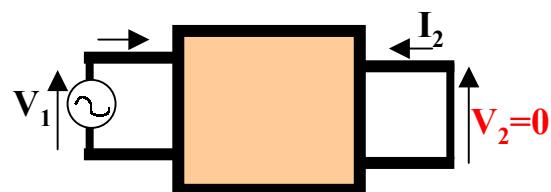
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = h_{11}I_1 + h_{12}V_2 \\ I_2 = h_{21}I_1 + h_{22}V_2 \end{array} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ I_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} I_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$h_{11} = V_1 / I_1 | V_2 = 0$  Z entrada cortocirc. a la salida

$h_{21} = I_2 / I_1 | V_2 = 0$  G corriente cortocirc. a la salida

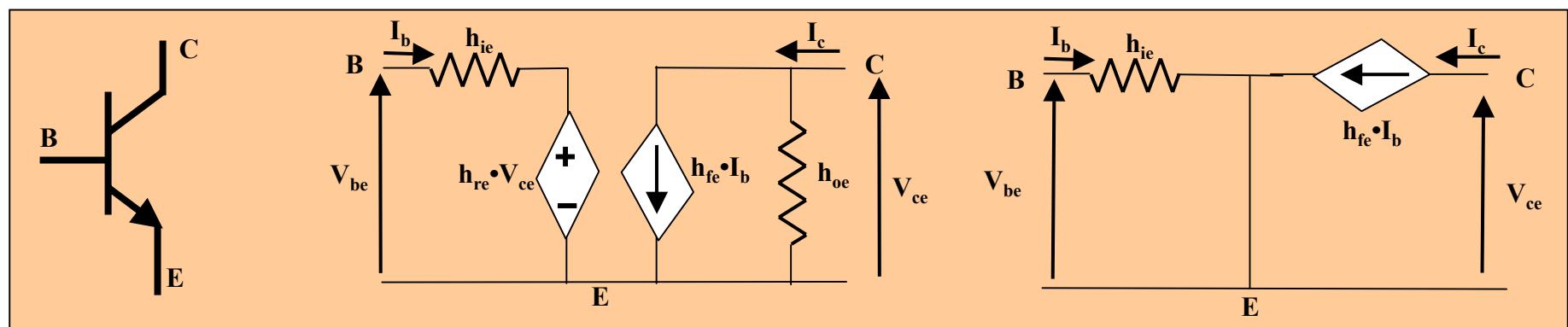
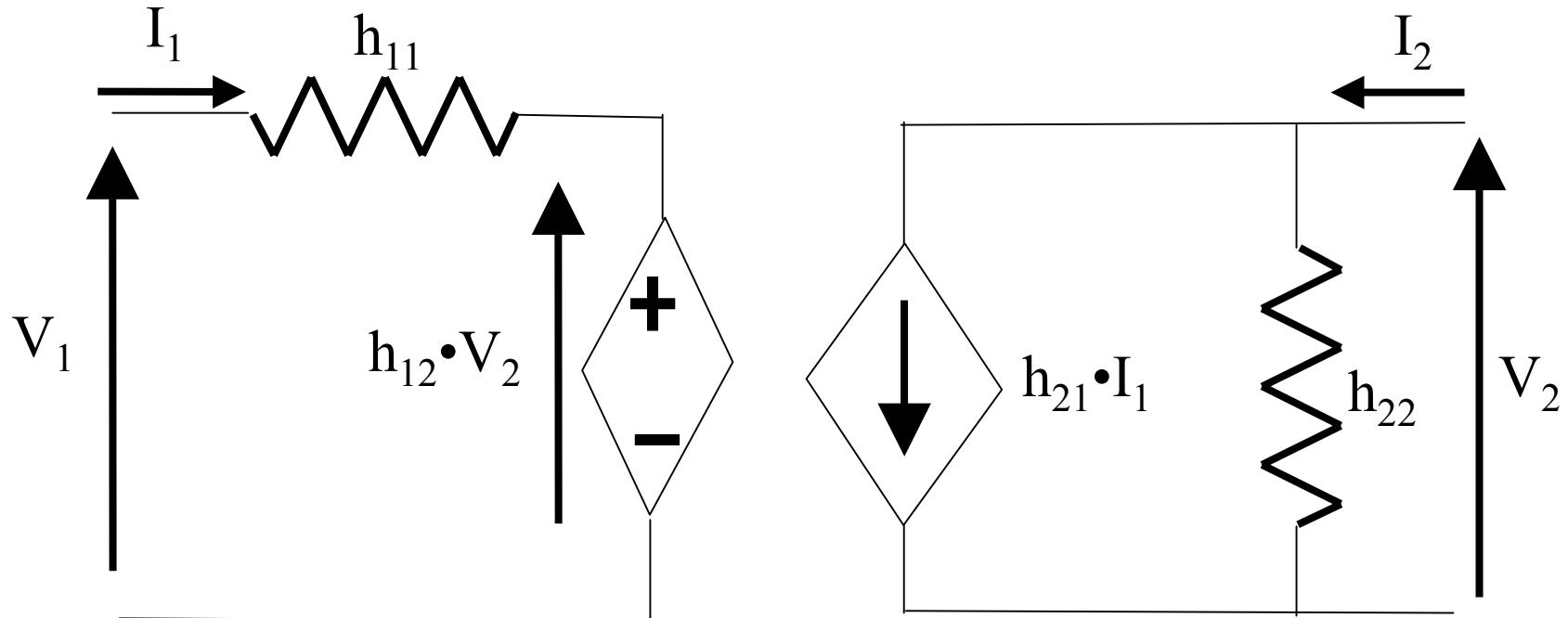
$h_{12} = V_1 / V_2 | I_1 = 0$  G tensión circ. abierto a la entrada

$h_{22} = I_2 / V_2 | I_1 = 0$  Y salida circ. abierto a la entrada

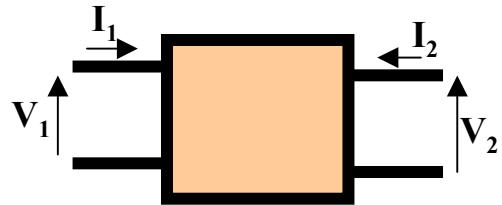


# Parámetros Híbridos $h$

## Circuito equivalente



# Parámetros Híbridos g



- Variables controladas  $I_1 \ V_2$
- Variables controladoras  $I_2 \ V_1$

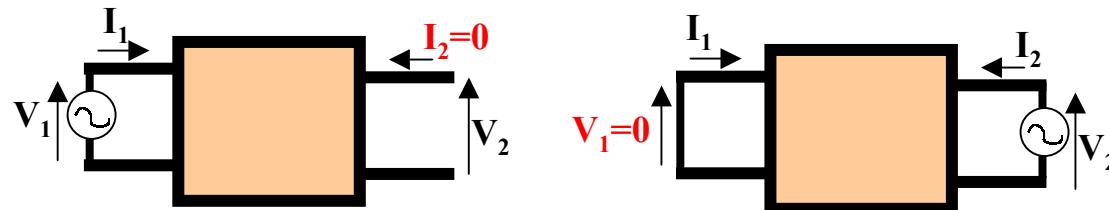
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} I_1 = g_{11}V_1 + g_{12}I_2 \\ V_2 = g_{21}V_1 + g_{22}I_2 \end{array} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} I_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} g_{11} & g_{12} \\ g_{21} & g_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ I_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$g_{11} = I_1 / V_1 | I_2 = 0$  Y entrada circ. abierto a la salida

$g_{21} = V_2 / V_1 | I_2 = 0$  G tensión circ. abierto a la salida

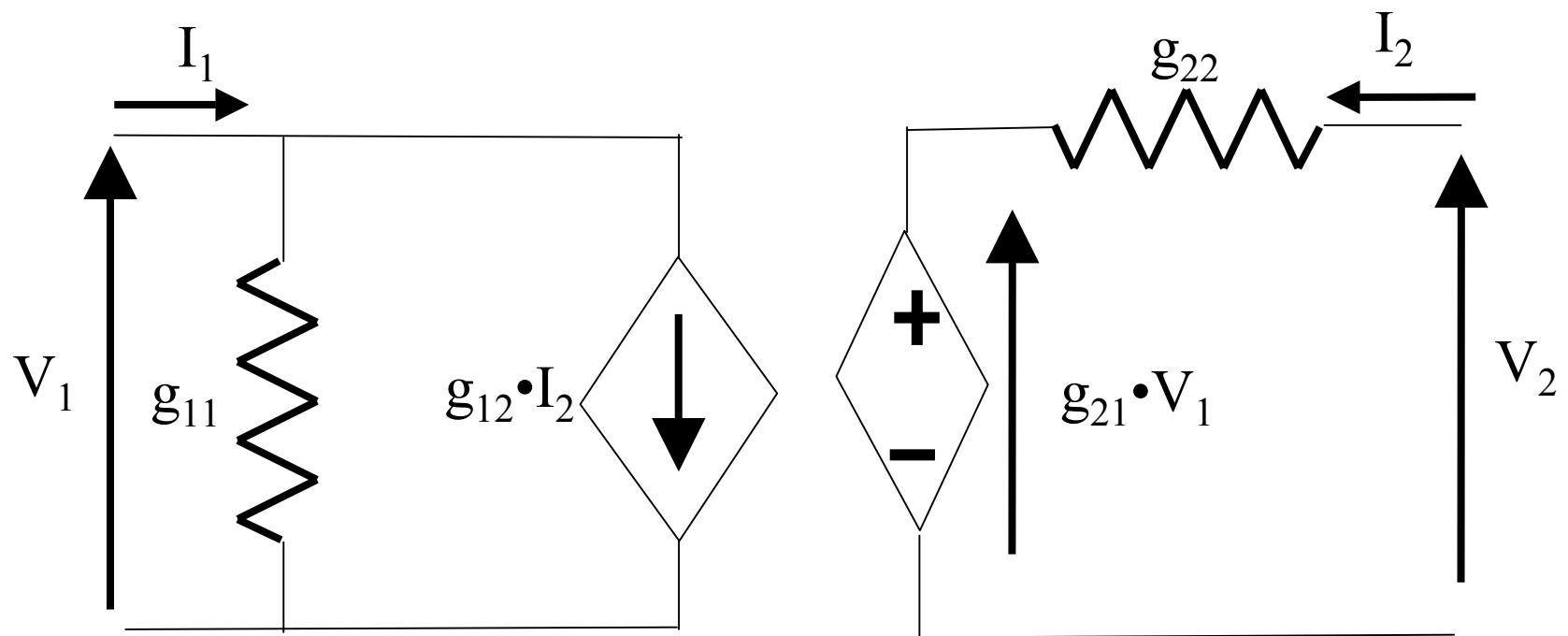
$g_{12} = I_1 / I_2 | V_1 = 0$  G corriente cortocirc. a la entrada

$g_{22} = V_2 / I_2 | V_1 = 0$  Z salida cortocirc. a la entrada

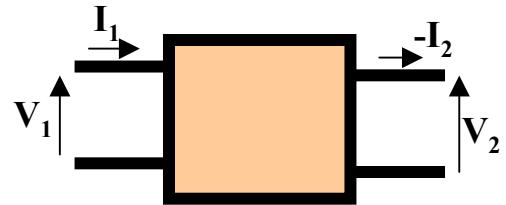


# Parámetros Híbridos g

## Circuito equivalente



# Parámetros Transmisión ABCD



- Variables controladas  $I_1 V_1$  (entrada)
- Variables controladoras  $I_2 V_2$  (salida)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = AV_2 + BI_2 \\ I_1 = CV_2 + DI_2 \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ I_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_2 \\ -I_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

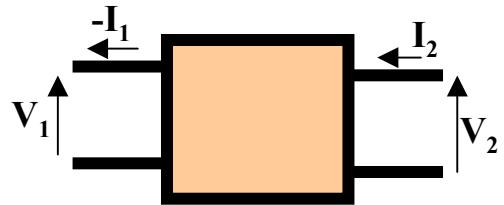
$A = V_1 / V_2 | I_2 = 0$  G inversa tensión circ. abierto a la salida

$C = I_1 / V_2 | I_2 = 0$  Y transf. entr.-salida circ. abierto a la salida

$B = V_1 / -I_2 | V_2 = 0$  Z transf. entr.-salida cortocirc. a la salida

$D = I_1 / -I_2 | V_2 = 0$  G inversa corriente cortocirc. a la salida

# Parámetros Transmisión Inversa A'B'C'D'



- Variables controladas  $I_2$   $V_2$  (salida)
- Variables controladoras  $I_1$   $V_1$  (entrada)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_2 = A'V_1 + B'I_1 \\ I_2 = C'V_1 + D'I_1 \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{pmatrix} V_2 \\ I_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A' & B' \\ C' & D' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ -I_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$A' = V_2 / V_1 | I_1 = 0$  G inversa tensión circ. abierto a la entrada

$C' = I_2 / V_1 | I_1 = 0$  Y transf. salida-entr. circ. abierto a la entrada

$B' = V_2 / -I_1 | V_1 = 0$  Z transf. salida-entr. cortocirc. a la entrada

$D' = I_2 / -I_1 | V_2 = 0$  G inversa corriente cortocirc. a la entrada

# **Relación entre parámetros**

- Distintos parámetros => distintas combinaciones mismas variables
- Relaciones entre las matrices de parámetros
- Simplificaciones:
  - Pasivo (RLC):  
 $Z_{12}=Z_{21}$ ;  $Y_{12}=Y_{21}$ ;  $AD-BC=1$ ;  $h_{12}=-h_{21}$ ;  $g_{12}=-g_{21}$
  - Pasivo y eléctricamente simétrico:  
 $Z_{11}=Z_{22}$ ;  $Y_{11}=Y_{22}$ ;  $A=D$ ;  $|h|=1$ ;  $|g|=1$

# Relación entre parámetros

	Y	H	G	F
$Z = \begin{bmatrix} z_{11} & z_{12} \\ z_{21} & z_{22} \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{z_{22}}{ z } - \frac{z_{12}}{ z }$ $-\frac{z_{21}}{ z } \frac{z_{11}}{ z }$	$\frac{ z }{z_{22}}$ $-\frac{z_{21}}{z_{22}} \frac{1}{z_{22}}$	$\frac{1}{z_{11}} - \frac{z_{12}}{z_{11}}$ $\frac{z_{21}}{z_{11}} \frac{ z }{z_{11}}$	$\frac{z_{11}}{z_{21}} \frac{ z }{z_{21}}$ $\frac{1}{z_{21}} \frac{z_{22}}{z_{21}}$
$Y = \begin{bmatrix} y_{11} & y_{12} \\ y_{21} & y_{22} \end{bmatrix}$	Z	H	G	F
	$\frac{y_{22}}{ y } - \frac{y_{12}}{ y }$ $-\frac{y_{21}}{ y } \frac{y_{11}}{ y }$	$\frac{1}{y_{11}} - \frac{y_{12}}{y_{11}}$ $\frac{y_{21}}{y_{11}} \frac{ y }{y_{11}}$	$\frac{ y }{y_{22}} \frac{y_{12}}{y_{22}}$ $-\frac{y_{21}}{y_{22}} \frac{1}{y_{22}}$	$-\frac{y_{22}}{y_{21}} - \frac{1}{y_{21}}$ $-\frac{ y }{y_{21}} - \frac{y_{11}}{y_{21}}$
$H = \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{bmatrix}$	Z	Y	G	F
	$\frac{ h }{h_{22}} \frac{h_{12}}{h_{22}}$ $-\frac{h_{21}}{h_{22}} \frac{1}{h_{22}}$	$\frac{1}{h_{11}} - \frac{h_{12}}{h_{11}}$ $\frac{h_{21}}{h_{11}} \frac{ h }{h_{11}}$	$\frac{h_{22}}{ h } - \frac{h_{12}}{ h }$ $-\frac{h_{21}}{ h } \frac{h_{11}}{ h }$	$-\frac{ h }{h_{21}} - \frac{h_{11}}{h_{21}}$ $-\frac{h_{22}}{h_{21}} - \frac{1}{h_{21}}$
$G = \begin{bmatrix} g_{11} & g_{12} \\ g_{21} & g_{22} \end{bmatrix}$	Z	Y	H	F
	$\frac{1}{g_{11}} - \frac{g_{12}}{g_{11}}$ $\frac{g_{21}}{g_{11}} \frac{ g }{g_{11}}$	$\frac{ g }{g_{22}} - \frac{g_{12}}{g_{22}}$ $-\frac{g_{21}}{g_{22}} \frac{1}{g_{22}}$	$\frac{g_{22}}{ g } - \frac{g_{12}}{ g }$ $-\frac{g_{21}}{ g } \frac{g_{11}}{ g }$	$\frac{1}{g_{21}} \frac{g_{22}}{g_{21}}$ $\frac{g_{11}}{g_{21}} \frac{ g }{g_{21}}$
$F = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}$	Z	Y	H	G
	$\frac{A}{C} \frac{ F }{C}$ $\frac{1}{C} \frac{D}{C}$	$\frac{D}{B} - \frac{ F }{B}$ $-\frac{1}{B} \frac{A}{B}$	$\frac{B}{D} \frac{ F }{D}$ $-\frac{1}{D} \frac{C}{D}$	$\frac{C}{A} - \frac{ F }{A}$ $\frac{1}{A} \frac{B}{A}$

# **Asociación de Cuadripolos**

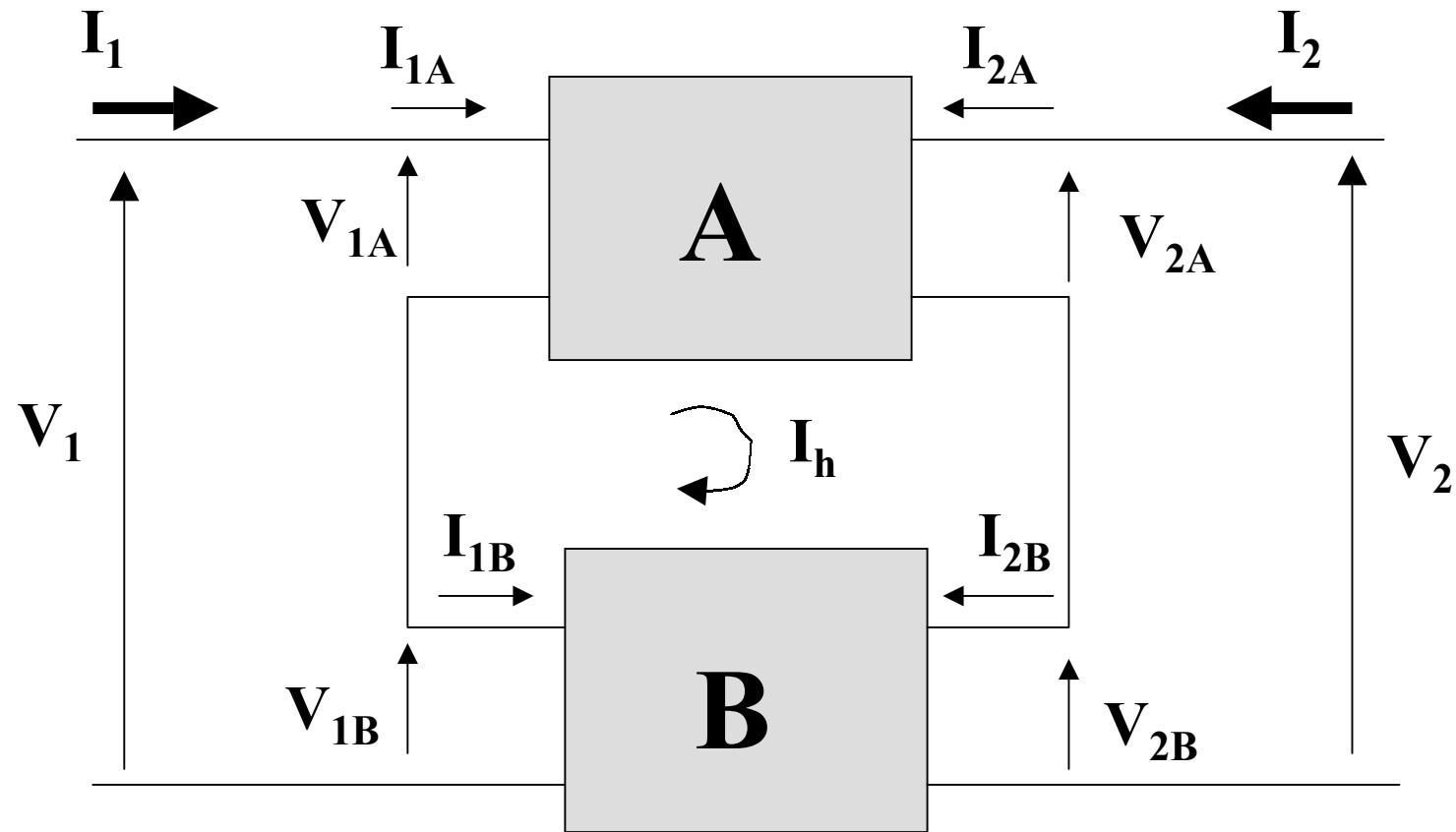
- Asociando cuadripolos se obtiene un nuevo cuadripolo
- Los parámetros del nuevo cuadripolo se pueden obtener de los parámetros de los cuadripolos componentes
- Cuadripolos complejos se descomponen en otros sencillos asociados para obtener los parámetros globales

# **Asociación de Cuadripolos**

- Asociaciones y parámetros que facilitan el cálculo de los parámetros totales:
  - Serie-serie => Z
  - Paralelo-paralelo => Y
  - Serie-paralelo => h
  - Paralelo-serie => g
  - Cascada => Transmisión
- Serie
  - Variable controlada V
  - Variable controladora I
- Paralelo
  - Variable controlada V
  - Variable controladora I

# Asociación Serie-Serie

Entradas y salidas en serie



# Asociación Serie-Serie

$$V_1 = V_{1A} + V_{1B}$$

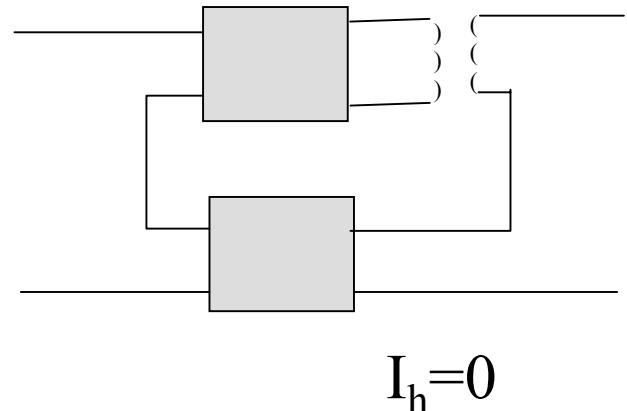
$$V_2 = V_{2A} + V_{2B}$$

$$I_1 = I_{1A} = I_{1B}$$

$$I_2 = I_{2A} = I_{2B}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_{1A} = I_{1A} Z_{11A} + I_{2A} Z_{12A} \\ V_{2A} = I_{1A} Z_{21A} + I_{2A} Z_{22A} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_{1B} = I_{1B} Z_{11B} + I_{2B} Z_{12B} \\ V_{2B} = I_{1B} Z_{21B} + I_{2B} Z_{22B} \end{array} \right\}$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = V_{1A} + V_{1B} = I_1 (Z_{11A} + Z_{11B}) + I_2 (Z_{12A} + Z_{12B}) \\ V_2 = V_{2A} + V_{2B} = I_1 (Z_{21A} + Z_{21B}) + I_2 (Z_{22A} + Z_{22B}) \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = I_1 Z_{11} + I_2 Z_{12} \\ V_2 = I_1 Z_{21} + I_2 Z_{22} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$Z_{11} = Z_{11A} + Z_{11B}$$

$$Z_{21} = Z_{21A} + Z_{21B}$$

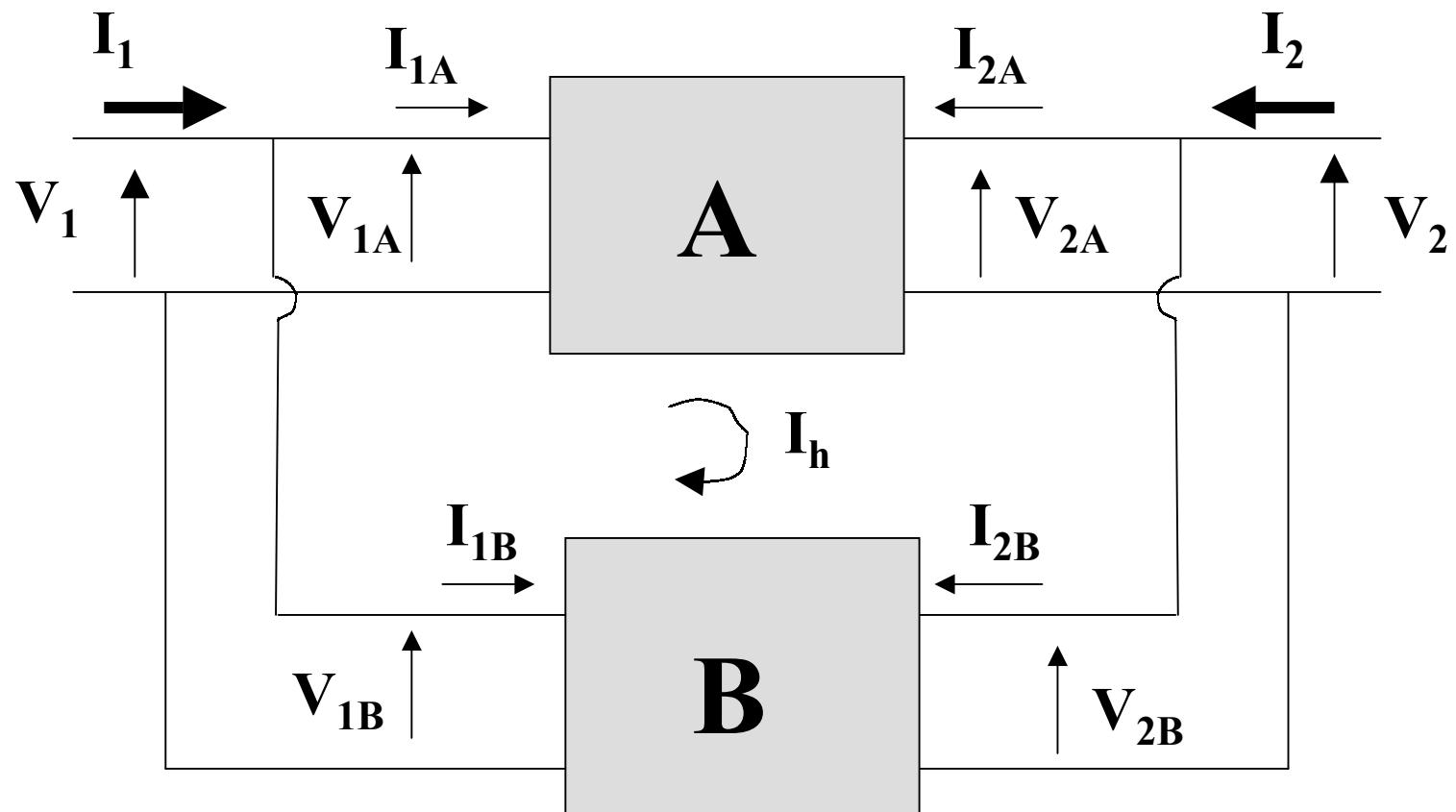
$$Z_{12} = Z_{12A} + Z_{12B}$$

$$Z_{22} = Z_{22A} + Z_{22B}$$

$$(Z) = (Z_A) + (Z_B)$$

# Asociación Paralelo-Paralelo

Entradas y salidas en paralelo



# Asociación Paralelo-Paralelo

$$V_1 = V_{1A} = V_{1B}$$

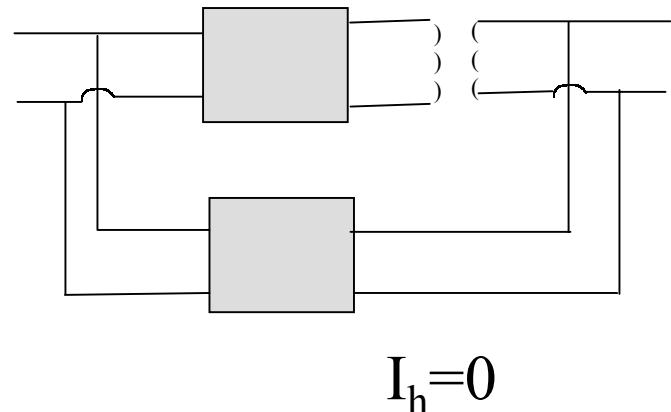
$$V_2 = V_{2A} = V_{2B}$$

$$I_1 = I_{1A} + I_{1B}$$

$$I_2 = I_{2A} + I_{2B}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} I_{1A} = V_{1A} Y_{11A} + V_{2A} Y_{12A} \\ I_{2A} = V_{1A} Z_{21A} + V_{2A} Y_{22A} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} I_{1B} = V_{1B} Y_{11B} + V_{2B} Y_{12B} \\ I_{2B} = V_{1B} Y_{21B} + V_{2B} Y_{22B} \end{array} \right\}$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} I_1 = I_{1A} + I_{1B} = V_1 (Y_{11A} + Y_{11B}) + V_2 (Y_{12A} + Y_{12B}) \\ I_2 = I_{2A} + I_{2B} = V_1 (Y_{21A} + Y_{21B}) + V_2 (Y_{22A} + Y_{22B}) \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} I_1 = V_1 Y_{11} + V_2 Y_{12} \\ I_2 = V_1 Y_{21} + V_2 Y_{22} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$Y_{11} = Y_{11A} + Y_{11B}$$

$$Y_{21} = Y_{21A} + Y_{21B}$$

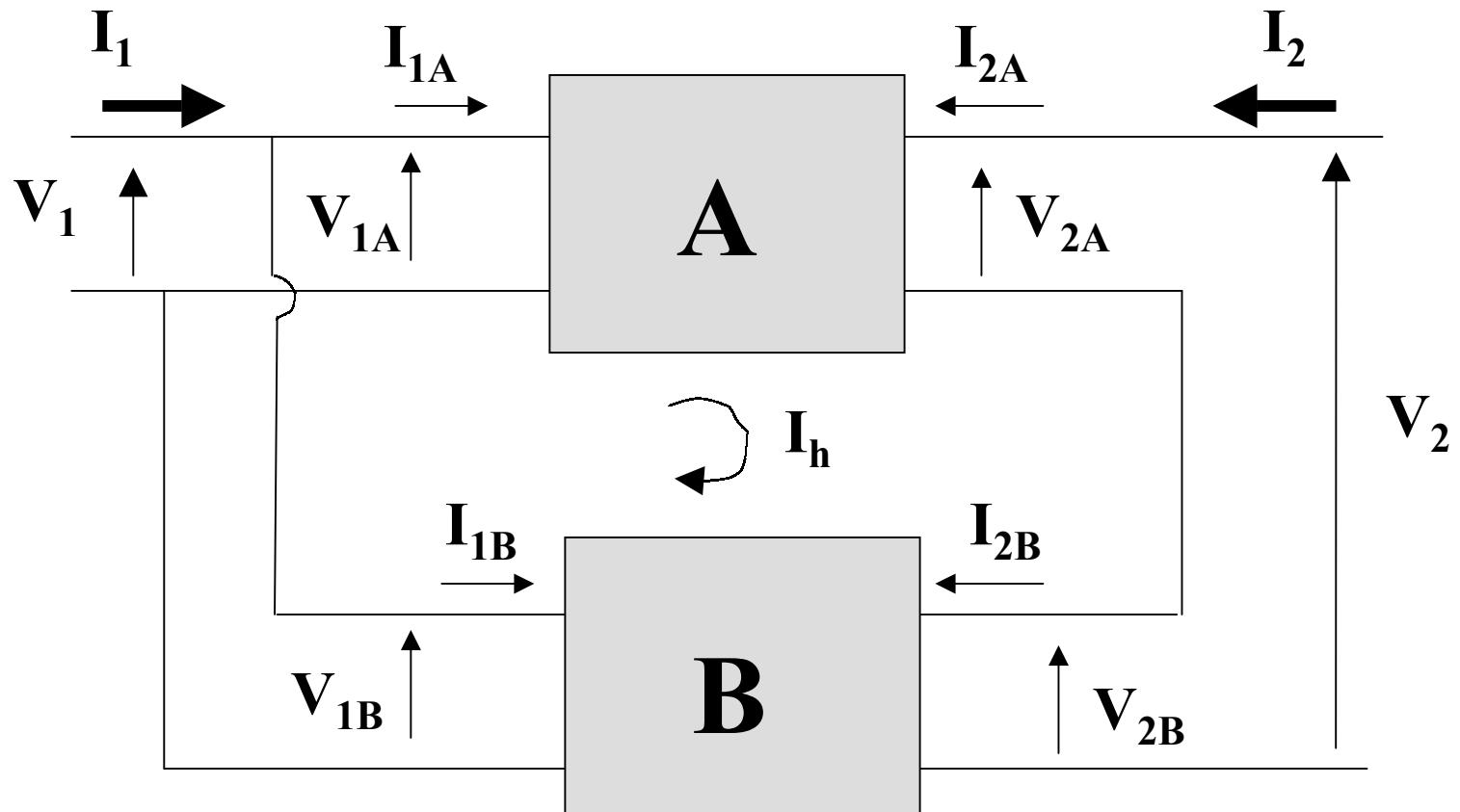
$$(Y) = (Y_A) + (Y_B)$$

$$Y_{12} = Y_{12A} + Y_{12B}$$

$$Y_{22} = Y_{22A} + Y_{22B}$$

# Asociación Paralelo-Serie

Entradas paralelo y salida en serie



# Asociación Paralelo-Serie

$$V_1 = V_{1A} = V_{1B}$$

$$V_2 = V_{2A} + V_{2B}$$

$$I_1 = I_{1A} + I_{1B}$$

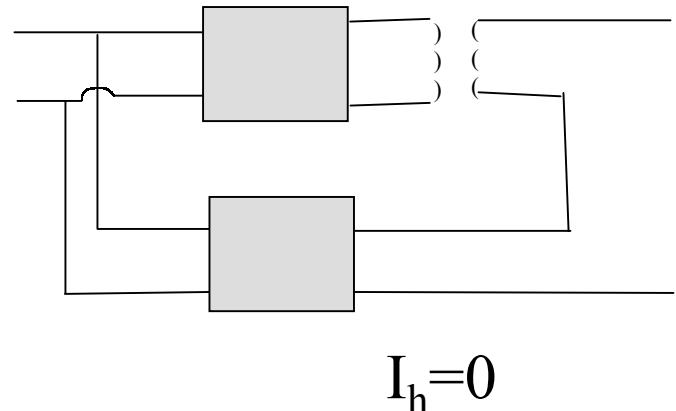
$$I_2 = I_{2A} = I_{2B}$$

$$I_{1A} = V_{1A} g_{11A} + I_{2A} g_{12A}$$

$$V_{2A} = V_{1A} g_{21A} + I_{2A} g_{22A}$$

$$I_{1B} = V_{1B} g_{11B} + I_{2B} g_{12B}$$

$$V_{2B} = V_{1B} g_{21B} + I_{2B} g_{22B}$$



$$I_1 = I_{1A} + I_{1B} = V_1 (g_{11A} + g_{11B}) + I_2 (g_{12A} + g_{12B})$$

$$V_2 = V_{2A} + V_{2B} = V_1 (g_{21A} + g_{21B}) + I_2 (g_{22A} + g_{22B})$$

$$I_1 = V_1 g_{11} + I_2 g_{12}$$

$$V_2 = V_1 g_{21} + I_2 g_{22}$$

$$g_{11} = g_{11A} + g_{11B}$$

$$g_{21} = g_{21A} + g_{21B}$$

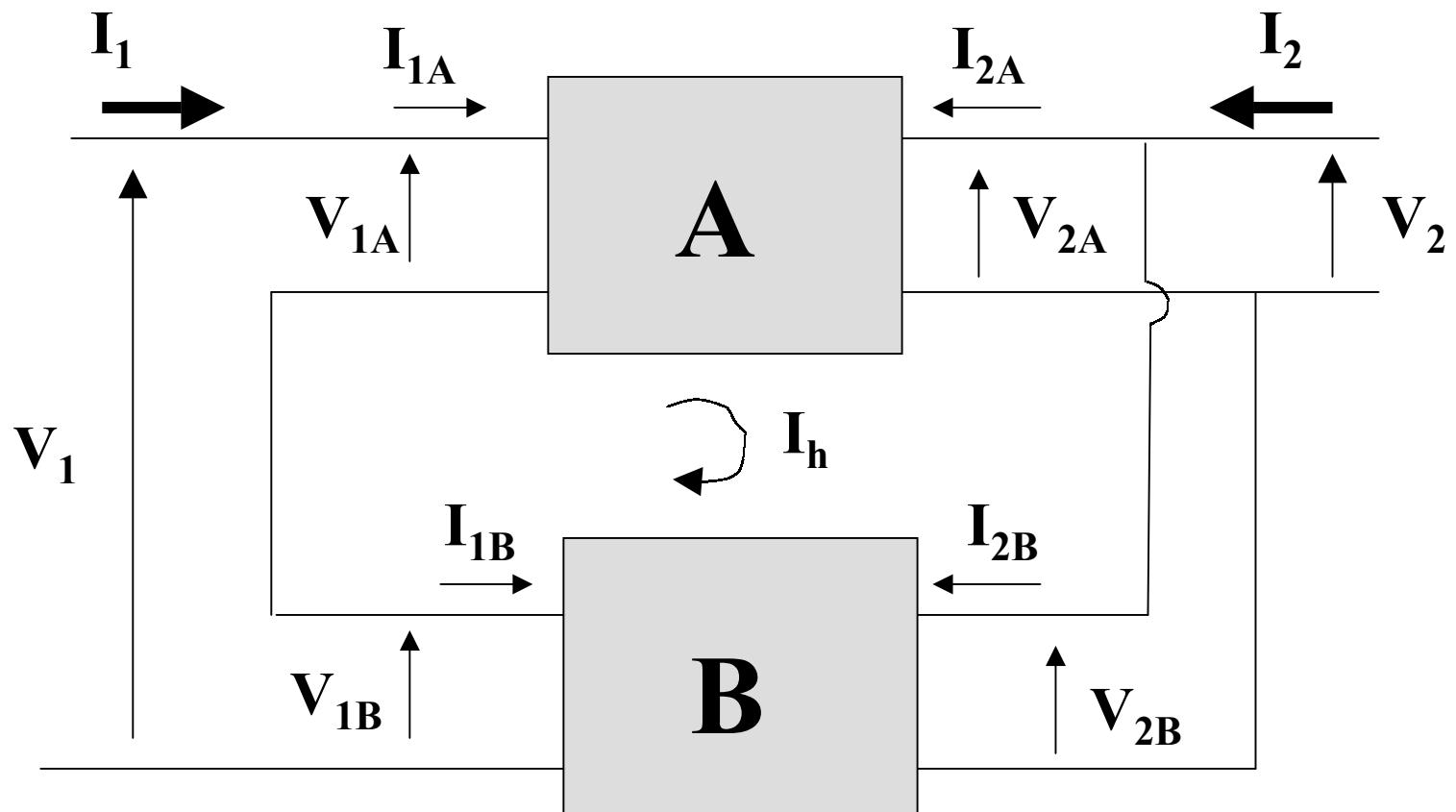
$$g_{12} = g_{12A} + g_{12B}$$

$$g_{22} = g_{22A} + g_{22B}$$

$$(g) = (g_A) + (g_B)$$

# Asociación Serie-Paralelo

Entradas serie y salida en paralelo



# Asociación Serie- Paralelo

$$V_1 = V_{1A} + V_{1B}$$

$$V_2 = V_{2A} = V_{2B}$$

$$I_1 = I_{1A} = I_{1B}$$

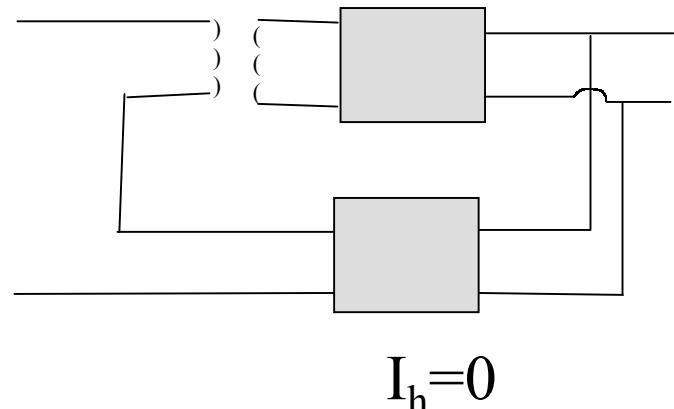
$$I_2 = I_{2A} + I_{2B}$$

$$V_{1A} = I_{1A} h_{11A} + V_{2A} h_{12A}$$

$$I_{2A} = I_{1A} h_{21A} + V_{2A} h_{22A}$$

$$V_{1B} = I_{1B} h_{11B} + V_{2B} h_{12B}$$

$$I_{2B} = I_{1B} h_{21B} + V_{2B} h_{22B}$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = V_{1A} + V_{1B} = I_1 (h_{11A} + h_{11B}) + V_2 (h_{12A} + h_{12B}) \\ I_2 = I_{2A} + I_{2B} = I_1 (h_{21A} + h_{21B}) + V_2 (h_{22A} + h_{22B}) \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} V_1 = I_1 h_{11} + V_2 h_{12} \\ I_2 = I_1 h_{21} + V_2 h_{22} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$h_{11} = h_{11A} + h_{11B}$$

$$h_{21} = h_{21A} + h_{21B}$$

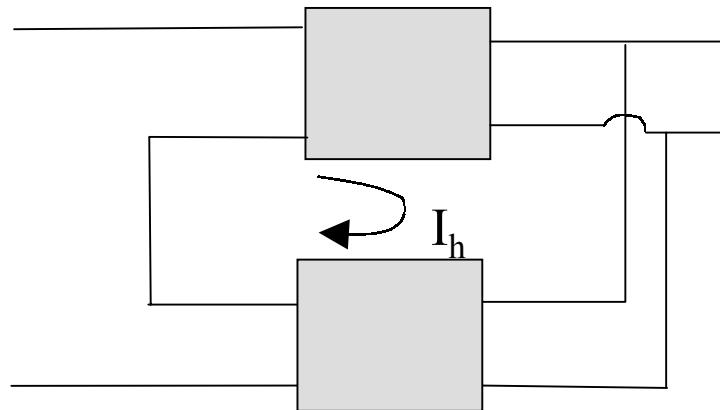
$$h_{12} = h_{12A} + h_{12B}$$

$$h_{22} = h_{22A} + h_{22B}$$

$$(h) = (h_A) + (h_B)$$

# Test de Brune

- Permite comprobar si  $I_h = 0$
- Calcula la contribución de las variables independientes a  $I_h$  por superposición si ambas dan 0  $I_h = 0$
- $I_h = 0 \Rightarrow$  los cuadripolos no interaccionan entre si y no hace falta poner un transformador



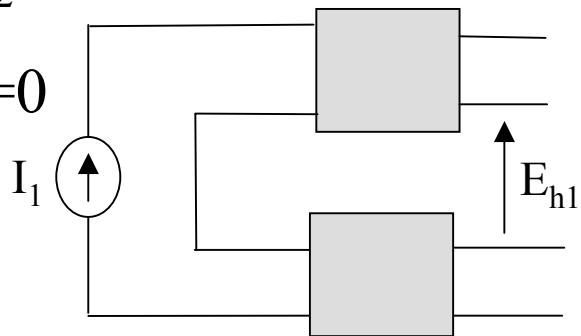
# Test de Brune

## Serie-Serie

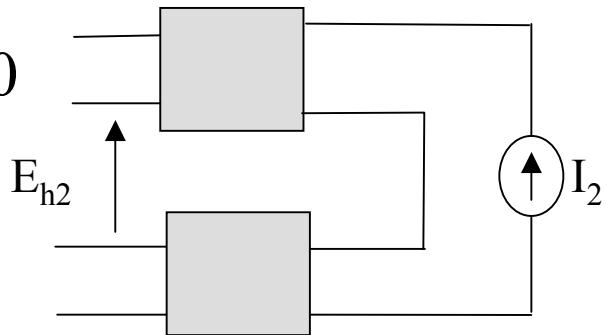
Variables independientes

$I_1$  e  $I_2$

a)  $I_2=0$



b)  $I_1=0$



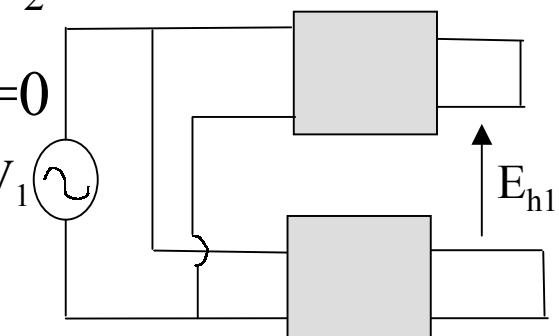
$$E_{h1}=0 \text{ y } E_{h2}=0 \Rightarrow I_h=0$$

## Paralelo-Paralelo

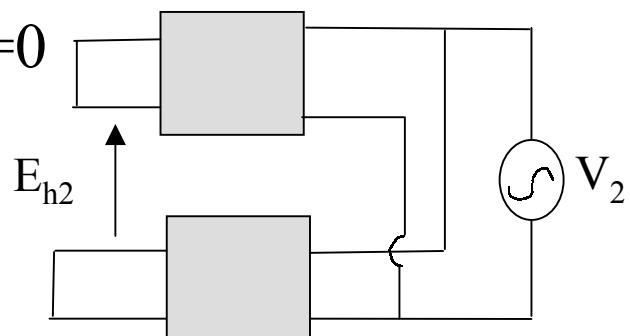
Variables independientes

$V_1$  y  $V_2$

a)  $V_2=0$



b)  $V_1=0$



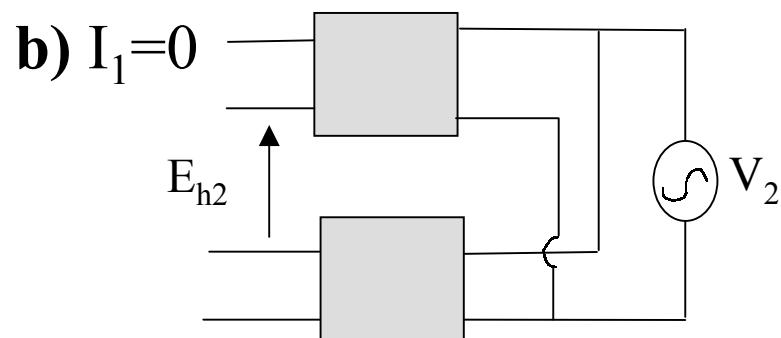
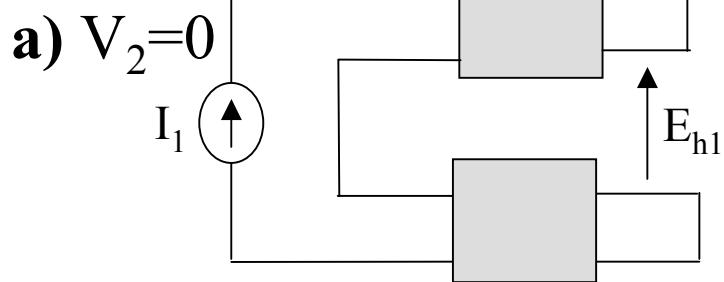
$$E_{h1}=0 \text{ y } E_{h2}=0 \Rightarrow I_h=0$$

# Test de Brune

## Serie-Paralelo

Variables independientes

$I_1$  y  $V_2$

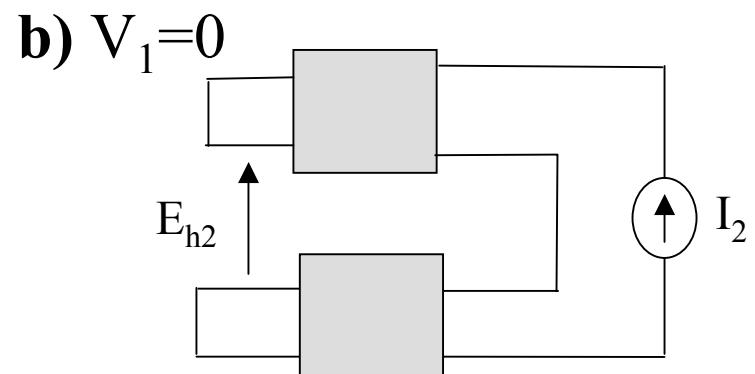
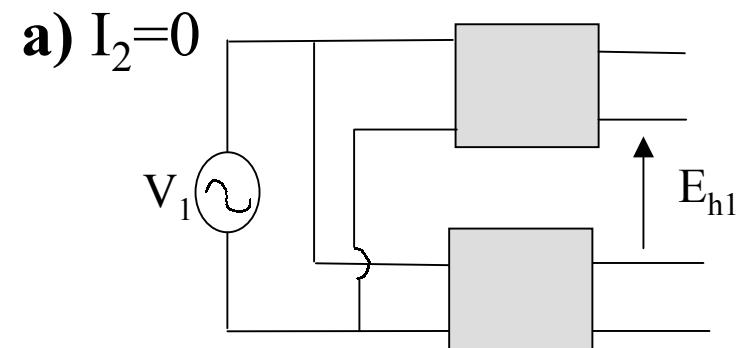


$$E_{h1}=0 \text{ y } E_{h2}=0 \Rightarrow I_h=0$$

## Paralelo-Serie

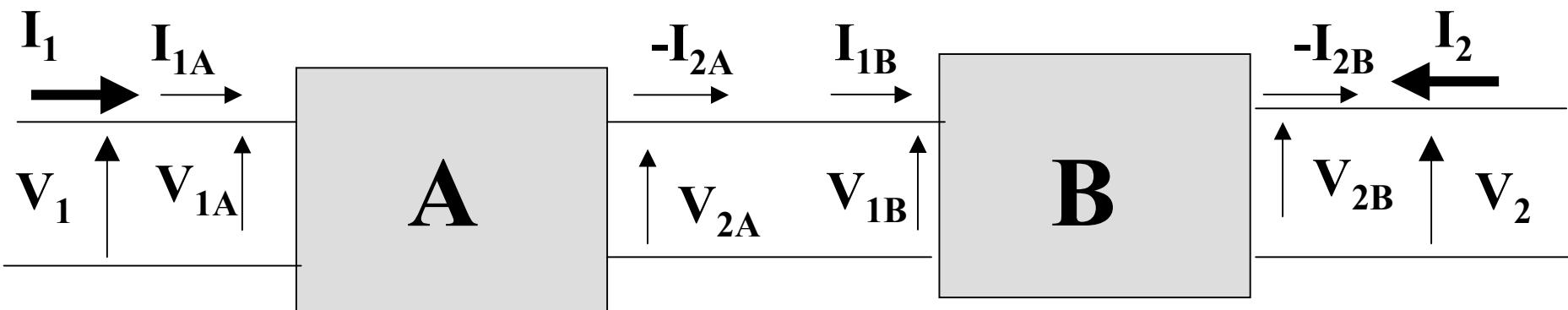
Variables independientes

$V_1$  e  $I_2$



$$E_{h1}=0 \text{ y } E_{h2}=0 \Rightarrow I_h=0$$

# Asociación en Cascada



# Asociación en Cascada

$$\mathbf{V}_1 = \mathbf{V}_{1A}$$

$$\mathbf{V}_2 = \mathbf{V}_{2B}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_1 = \mathbf{I}_{1A}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_2 = \mathbf{I}_{2B}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_{1B} = -\mathbf{I}_{2A}$$

$$\mathbf{V}_{1B} = \mathbf{V}_{2A}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{V}_{1A} = \mathbf{V}_{2A} \mathbf{A}_A - \mathbf{I}_{2A} \mathbf{B}_A \\ \mathbf{I}_{1A} = \mathbf{V}_{2A} \mathbf{C}_A - \mathbf{I}_{2A} \mathbf{D}_A \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{V}_{1B} = \mathbf{V}_{2B} \mathbf{A}_B - \mathbf{I}_{2B} \mathbf{B}_B \\ \mathbf{I}_{1B} = \mathbf{V}_{2B} \mathbf{C}_B - \mathbf{I}_{2B} \mathbf{D}_B \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_1 \\ \mathbf{I}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_{1A} \\ \mathbf{I}_{1A} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_A & \mathbf{B}_A \\ \mathbf{C}_A & \mathbf{D}_A \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_{2A} \\ -\mathbf{I}_{2A} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_{1B} \\ \mathbf{I}_{1B} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_{1B} \\ \mathbf{I}_{1B} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_B & \mathbf{B}_B \\ \mathbf{C}_B & \mathbf{D}_B \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_{2B} \\ -\mathbf{I}_{2B} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_2 \\ -\mathbf{I}_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_1 \\ \mathbf{I}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_A & \mathbf{B}_A \\ \mathbf{C}_A & \mathbf{D}_A \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_B & \mathbf{B}_B \\ \mathbf{C}_B & \mathbf{D}_B \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_2 \\ -\mathbf{I}_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (\mathbf{F}) = (\mathbf{F}_A)^* (\mathbf{F}_B)}$$