



Precision Crystal Oscillators for Industry & Defense

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Serving Defense, Aerospace, Communications  
& Instrumentation markets since 1961.

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## Our Company



In 1961 a young engineer named Ray Green, armed with a knowledge of quartz crystal oscillator design and a fresh order for 100 R-C oscillators he'd built in his basement, founded Greenray Industries.

Early catalogs reflect the company's focus on state-of-the-art oscillator design – and a legacy of innovation and commitment to partnership with our customers.

Today Greenray Industries, Inc. is a leading U.S. manufacturer of precision quartz crystal oscillators. Our oscillators function as stable reference sources for defense, aerospace, communications and a variety of commercial applications.

Our high performance frequency control devices are designed for demanding applications from 1 Hz to 1 GHz. Greenray oscillators serve the needs of the communications industry with frequency control products designed for applications including Stratum III and IIIIE for telecommunications, as well as for wireless, SATCOM, and today's emerging technologies. We provide components for use in industrial, instrumentation and GNSS/GPS applications.

For the defense market, we provide high performance oscillators, reference sources for smart munitions, missile guidance, mobile receivers and radar systems.

Greenray Industries is committed to providing high precision quartz crystal oscillators that incorporate cutting edge solutions for next generation programs and that meet or exceed the requirements of our worldwide industrial and defense customers, including RoHS compliancy. In fact, Greenray has manufactured and delivered RoHS compliant products on virtually every product platform we offer.



We are a preferred provider to customers that require reference sources that deliver mission critical performance and reliability. We bring design innovation and engineering expertise in low phase noise, tight temperature stability, high shock and vibration and low g-sensitivity performance to every project.

All product design, assembly, electrical and performance testing is done at our facility in Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania.

Greenray Industries utilizes the unique expertise of its two sister companies to enhance our capabilities and to help us produce some of the highest performance frequency control components available today.

To learn more about the exceptional capabilities of AdTech Ceramics and Statek Corporation, visit them online at [www.adtechceramics.com](http://www.adtechceramics.com) and [www.statek.com](http://www.statek.com).



## Our Products

Greenray designs and manufactures high performance frequency control devices including OCXOs, TCXOs VCXOs and clock oscillators. We manufacture SMT, through-hole, hybrid and custom products.

Our TCXO (temperature compensated) crystal oscillators are designed for communications, instrumentation and defense applications and feature temperature stabilities of 1 ppm or less and are available from 20 kHz to 1 GHz in a variety of packages including SMT.

We offer OCXO (oven controlled) oscillators in a wide range of frequencies, from 1 MHz to 200 MHz, and a variety of packages including DIP, SMT and larger, industry-standard sizes to satisfy specific customer requirements. Greenray also offers VCXO and XO products, available in a variety of packages.

Tight stability, low phase noise and vibration, shock and acceleration sensitivity performance are essential considerations for every product we manufacture.

Key product features include:

- Sine Wave, CMOS, ECL, PECL & TTL outputs
- Operating Temp Range of -55 to +125°C
- OCXO Frequency Stability to  $\pm 0.05$  ppm
- TCXO Frequency Stability to  $\pm 0.04$  ppm
- Up to 100,000g Shock
- g-Sensitivity to <0.05 ppb



## Quality Assurance & Testing

Greenray Industries' Quality Management System is certified to the AS9100 standard which incorporates the requirements of ISO 9001:2015 and over 100 additional industry specific requirements for Aerospace. The more stringent AS9100 standard is necessary for the defense and aerospace industries and offers a higher degree of confidence in the quality of the products we design and manufacture.

Greenray in-house electrical and environmental test capabilities include:

- Aging
- Sine Vibration
- Mechanical Shock
- Acceleration
- Temperature Cycle
- Stabilization Bake
- Thermal Shock
- Fine/Gross Leak
- Random Vibration
- Temperature Test
- Resistance to Solvents
- Solderability



## Markets We Serve

Greenray Industries has supported **Defense & Aerospace** markets with high performance, precision oscillators for over a half century. Our engineering experience and manufacturing expertise have helped established Greenray as a key component supplier for a variety of programs, providing innovative, cost-efficient, solutions and a long-term service commitment.

Today, Greenray oscillators feature various combinations of rugged packaging, ultra-low g-sensitivity and enhanced phase noise performance; many have been engineered to perform reliably in adverse environments, including those of extreme shock, temperature and vibration.

For the **Military** market, Greenray supports critical applications including smart munitions, missile guidance, airborne communications, airborne instrumentation, radar, telemetry, portable communications and equipment, satellite communications, GPS, jammers, detection and identification.

Our rugged TCXO and OCXO products withstand the most severe environmental requirements of military applications including MIL-PRF- 55310, MIL-STD-202, MIL-STD-883, MIL-E-5400, and MIL-M-38510.

Greenray Specialized MIL Capabilities include:

- Testing and processing to MIL-PRF-55310
- Screening to MIL-PRF-55310
- Established reliability construction
- IPC-A-610 & J-STD-001 trained operators
- In-house qualification testing
- Reliability calculations per MIL-HBK-217
- Phase Noise vs. Vibration Testing for Random and Sine Vibration
- High Shock test to 50,000g
- Vibration test to >50g RMS

**Communications & Instrumentation:** We offer specialized products for commercial applications including Stratum3 compliant TCXOs suitable for wireline and wireless comms, small cell, Ethernet and 1588 synchronization requirements.

Our TCXOs feature superior temperature and long-term stability in compact, RoHS compliant packages. We offer ruggedized TCXOs for GNSS/GPS applications that require tight stability, excellent low micro-jump performance and the best performance under shock available today.

Greenray VCXOs feature very low noise for PLL applications to support instrumentation and SATCOM market needs, with phase noise of -170 dBc/Hz and compact, cost-efficient SMD packages.



## ACCELERATION SENSITIVITY OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS

### INTRODUCTION

Crystal oscillators provide system designers with frequency sources that give exceptional frequency stability, spectral purity and phase noise performance. One aspect that is sometimes not considered initially is the degradation in the output spectrum that can occur when the oscillator is exposed to vibration in the application environment. Even moderate levels of vibration can significantly affect a low noise signal.

The acceleration sensitivity (also commonly referred to as "g-sensitivity") of a well designed crystal oscillator is primarily due to the crystal resonator itself. All quartz crystals have an intrinsic characteristic that causes small changes in the series resonant frequency when experiencing a change in acceleration. The resultant effect on the frequency of a given crystal is determined by the instantaneous magnitude of the acceleration as well as the direction in which it is applied since the acceleration sensitivity of a quartz crystal is a vector quantity. Therefore, any force that is applied in the plane normal to the vector will have minimal effect on the crystal. The frequency during acceleration can then be written as the product of 2 vectors:  $f(\vec{a}) = f_0(1 + \vec{\Gamma} \cdot \vec{a})$  where  $f_0$  is the carrier frequency with no acceleration,  $\vec{\Gamma}$  is the acceleration sensitivity vector and  $\vec{a}$  is the acceleration force vector. (The acceleration sensitivity of a crystal or oscillator is typically denoted by the Greek letter gamma,  $\Gamma$ .)

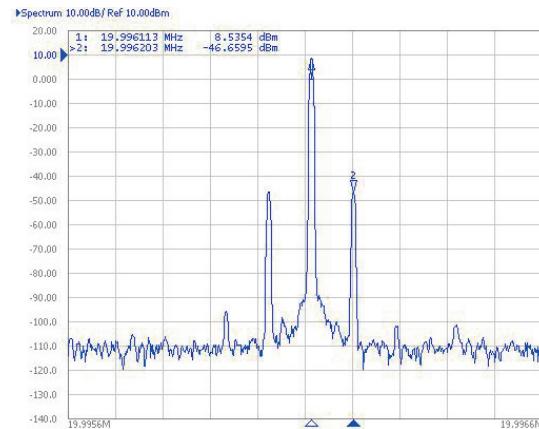
The magnitude of  $\Gamma$  is usually linear vs. the applied force to greater than 50g. The frequency response of  $\Gamma$  is also relatively flat up through vibration frequencies of several kHz although mechanical resonances in the crystal blank and mounting structures may cause peaking in some areas depending on the type of crystal.

### CHARACTERIZING YOUR OSCILLATOR

The acceleration sensitivity of an oscillator that will be used in a vibratory environment would typically be measured by applying a known vibration level



and then observing the effect on the output spectrum. When the applied vibration is a single frequency sine wave, a discrete spur will be produced offset from the carrier by the vibration frequency. By measuring the level of this spur relative to the power of the carrier, the amount of frequency devi-



ation may be determined from FM modulation theory. For a crystal oscillator where the fractional frequency shift is very small,  $\Gamma$  is usually expressed in parts per billion per g. ( $1 \text{ ppb/g} = 1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ per g}$ ) The level of the sideband that will be produced when the excitation is a single frequency sine wave is closely approximated by:  $\text{SB Level (dBc)} = 20 \log \left( \frac{\vec{a} \times \vec{\Gamma} \times f_{\text{nom}}}{2f_v} \right)$

Solving for  $\vec{\Gamma}$  gives  $\vec{\Gamma} = \left( \frac{2f_v}{\vec{a} \times f_{\text{nom}}} \right) \times 10 \frac{\text{dBc}}{20}$  where  $\vec{a}$  is the peak magnitude of the vibration force in the direction of  $\vec{\Gamma}$  being measured,  $f_v$  is the frequency of the

## ACCELERATION SENSITIVITY OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS

sine vibration and  $f_{nom}$  is the nominal carrier frequency at rest. This figure shows the spectrum of a 20 MHz crystal being vibrated with a peak acceleration of g at 90Hz.

In most real world applications however, the vibration energy will be spread across a frequency band producing a random vibration profile. This noise-like random energy is expressed as a power spectral density with units of  $\text{g}^2/\text{Hz}$ . Rather than producing a discrete spur in the spectrum as with sine vibration, random vibration will cause the phase noise floor of the oscillator to rise across the frequency band of vibration as shown in the figure above. The following formula can be used to calculate the single-sideband phase noise of the oscillator under vibration at a specific offset frequency  $f_v$ :

$\mathcal{L}(f_v) = 20\log\left(\frac{\Gamma}{2}\frac{f_{nom}}{f_v}\sqrt{2 \cdot \text{PSD}}\right)$  where PSD is the power spectral density of the vibration. The acceleration sensitivity

could then be determined by measuring the phase noise of the oscillator while vibrating.

Although the frequency stability of a typical TCXO is more than an order of magnitude worse than a precision OCXO, their acceleration sensitivities may be similar. This means that the dynamic stability and phase noise under vibration will also be similar since the performance under vibration is determined by the  $\Gamma$  characteristic and the applied acceleration level and is largely independent of the static phase noise and frequency stability. Greenray currently produces TCXOs and OCXOs that provide acceleration sensitivity specifications as low as  $5 \times 10^{-11}$  per g.

The graphs below illustrate the comparison of a Greenray g-comp'ed TCXOs vs. a standard TCXO under the same vibration profile.



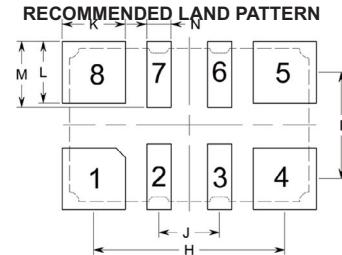
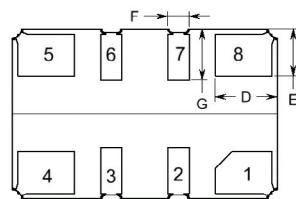
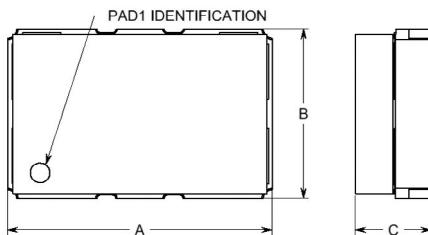
# T52

► **TIGHT TEMPERATURE STABILITY  
LOW G-SENSITIVITY OPTION  
30,000g SHOCK OPTION**



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 52.0 MHz												
<b>Output</b>	CMOS (C option) or Clipped Sine Wave (S option)												
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10% (CMOS)												
<b>Output Level</b>	Clipped Sine Wave: +0.8 V <sub>pp</sub> min CMOS (3.3 V): +0.2 V max to +2.8 V min CMOS (5.0 V): +0.2 V max to +4.2 V min CMOS: 15 pF typ; Clipped Sine: 10 kΩ, 10 pF typ												
<b>Output Load</b>	< 1.0 ppm/yr. typ												
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><b>Temp Range</b></th> <th><b>Tolerance</b></th> <th><b>Option</b></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-20°C to +70°C</td> <td>± 0.1 ppm</td> <td>N17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 0.5 ppm</td> <td>T57</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 1.0 ppm</td> <td>T16</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>	-20°C to +70°C	± 0.1 ppm	N17	-40°C to +85°C	± 0.5 ppm	T57	-40°C to +85°C	± 1.0 ppm	T16
<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>											
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.1 ppm	N17											
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.5 ppm	T57											
-40°C to +85°C	± 1.0 ppm	T16											
<b>Aging</b>	< 1.0 ppm after 24 hr recovery												
<b>Frequency v. Reflow</b>	± 8 ppm typ; 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> applied to EFC pin, positive slope												
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	≤ 2 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> /g (Standard "SD"); ≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (Low G-Sense "LG")												
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	+3.0 VDC, +3.3 VDC, or +5.0 VDC ± 5%												
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	< 6 mA for CMOS; < 3 mA for Clipped Sine Wave												
<b>Supply Current</b>	Vibration per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 214, Cond I-F												
<b>Environmentals</b>	Shock per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 213, Cond D												
	<b>Note:</b> Shock available to 30,000g (specify Model T57)												

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Output - Supply Voltage - G-Sens - Frequency  
Example: **T52 - N17 - C - 3.3 - LG - 20.0 MHz**



#### PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. EFC
- 2. CS (INTERNAL USE ONLY)
- 3. ADIO (INTERNAL USE ONLY)
- 4. GND
- 5. OUTPUT
- 6. TRISTATE OR N/C, SEE TABLE 1
- 7. VC (INTERNAL USE ONLY)
- 8. SUPPLY

#### TABLE 1: TRISTATE FUNCTION

PAD 6	Enable/Disable Function
HIGH (Supply)	Output Enabled
OPEN (N/C)	Output Enabled
LOW (GND)	High Impedance Disabled

#### DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.197	5.00	0.207	5.25
B	0.126	3.20	0.136	3.45
C	NA	NA	0.079	2.00
D	0.046	1.17	NA	NA
E	0.035	0.89	NA	NA
F	0.016	0.41	NA	NA
G	0.038	0.97	NA	NA

#### LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
H	0.147	3.73	0.157	3.39
I	0.126	3.20	0.136	3.45
J	0.047	1.19	NA	NA
K	0.049	1.25	NA	NA
L	0.047	1.19	NA	NA
M	0.051	1.30	NA	NA
N	0.019	0.48	NA	NA



# T70

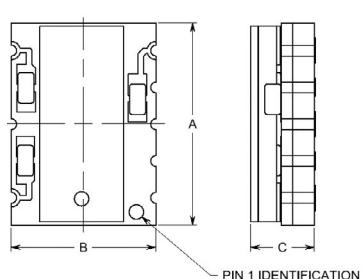
► TIGHT TEMPERATURE STABILITY  
RUGGED PACKAGE



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz															
<b>Output</b>	CMOS (C option) or Clipped Sine Wave (S option)															
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10% (CMOS)															
<b>Output Level</b>	SINE: +0.8 V <sub>pp</sub> min CMOS: T70: +0.2 V max to +2.8 V min T71: +0.2 V max to +4.2 V min															
<b>Output Load</b>	CMOS: 15 pF typ; Clipped Sine: 10 kΩ, 10 pF typ															
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><b>Temp Range</b></th> <th><b>Tolerance</b></th> <th><b>Option</b></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-10°C to +60°C</td> <td>± 0.1 ppm</td> <td>G17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-20°C to +70°C</td> <td>± 0.1 ppm</td> <td>N17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 0.3 ppm</td> <td>T37</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-55°C to +95°C</td> <td>± 1.0 ppm</td> <td>V16</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>	-10°C to +60°C	± 0.1 ppm	G17	-20°C to +70°C	± 0.1 ppm	N17	-40°C to +85°C	± 0.3 ppm	T37	-55°C to +95°C	± 1.0 ppm	V16
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-20°C to +70°C	± 0.1 ppm	N17														
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.3 ppm	T37														
-55°C to +95°C	± 1.0 ppm	V16														
<b>Aging</b>	< 0.5 ppm/yr (10 MHz typ)															
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7 ppm typ; 0 V to V <sub>cc</sub> applied to EFC pin, positive slope															
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 2.5 × 10 <sup>-9</sup> /g (Standard "SD"); ≤ 7 × 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (Low G-Sense "LG")															
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+3.3 VDC ± 5% or +5.0 VDC															
<b>Supply Current</b>	< 6 mA for HCMOS; < 3 mA for Clipped Sine Wave															
<b>Environtamentals</b>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td><b>Vibration</b></td> <td>per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 214, Cond I-F</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Shock</b></td> <td>per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 213, Cond F (Shock level to 50,000 g available)</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Vibration</b>	per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 214, Cond I-F	<b>Shock</b>	per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 213, Cond F (Shock level to 50,000 g available)											
<b>Vibration</b>	per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 214, Cond I-F															
<b>Shock</b>	per MIL-STD-202G, Meth 213, Cond F (Shock level to 50,000 g available)															

MODEL	INPUT V	OUTPUT
T70	+3.3 V	CMOS
T71	+5.0 V	CMOS
T72	+3.3 V	Clipped Sine Wave
T73	+5.0 V	Clipped Sine Wave

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - G-Sens - Frequency  
Example: **T72 - T37 - LG - 20.0 MHz**

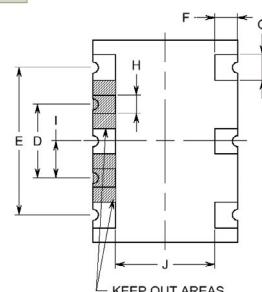


#### PAD CONNECTIONS

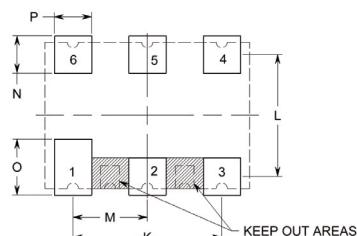
1. EFC or N/C
2. SCLK (INTERNAL USE ONLY)
3. 0V & CASE GND
4. OUTPUT
5. TRISTATE/VREF/UTIL (SEE TABLE 1)
6. SUPPLY
- A. DIA (INTERNAL USE ONLY)
- B. CS (INTERNAL USE ONLY)

**TABLE 1: TRISTATE FUNCTION**

PAD 5	Enable/Disable Function
HIGH (Supply)	Output Enabled
OPEN (N/C)	Output Enabled
LOW (GND)	High Impedance Disabled



#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



#### DIMENSIONS

	TYP	MAX
DIM	in.	mm
A	0.275	7.00
B	0.197	5.00
C	NA	NA
D	0.100	2.54
E	0.200	5.08
F	0.025	0.64
G	0.033	0.84
H	0.035	0.89
I	0.050	1.27
J	0.135	3.43
	in.	mm
A	0.280	7.11
B	0.202	5.13
C	0.100	2.54
D	0.105	2.67
E	0.205	5.21
F	NA	NA
G	NA	NA
H	NA	NA
I	0.055	1.40
J	1.40	3.56

#### LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

	TYP	MAX
DIM	in.	mm
K	0.200	5.08
L	0.164	4.17
M	0.100	2.54
N	0.050	1.27
O	0.050	1.27
P	0.075	1.91
	in.	mm
K	0.205	5.21
L	0.169	4.29
M	0.105	2.68
N	NA	NA
O	NA	NA
P	NA	NA



# T90

► TIGHT TEMPERATURE STABILITY  
VERY RUGGED, SMT PACKAGE



**Frequency**  
**Output**  
**Symmetry**  
**Output Level**  
**Output Load**  
**Temp Stability**  
(other stabilities available)

10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz  
CMOS Square Wave  
50% ± 10%

T90: +0.2 V max to +4.1 V min; T91: +0.2 V max to +2.4 V min  
15 pF typ

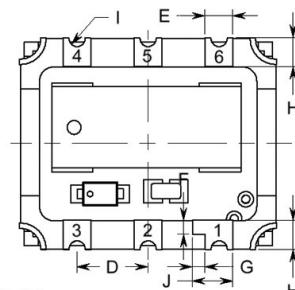
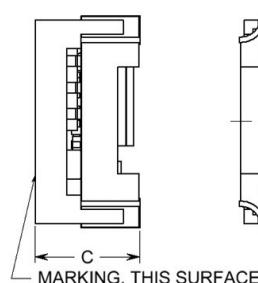
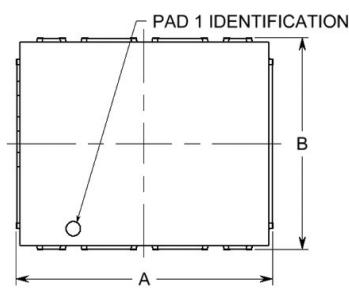
Temp Range	Tolerance	Option
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.5 ppm	N57
-40°C to +85°C	± 1.0 ppm	T16
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.5 ppm	T57
-55°C to +95°C	± 2.0 ppm	V26

**Aging**  
**Frequency Adjust**  
**Supply Voltage**  
**Supply Current**  
**Environtamentals**  
< 1 ppm/yr @ 10 MHz typ  
± 5 ppm typ; 0 V to 5 V or 0 V to +3.3 V applied to EFC pin, positive slope  
+5.0 VDC ± 5% or +3.3 VDC  
< 20 mA for CMOS  
Vibration per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 204, Cond A  
Shock per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 213, Cond C

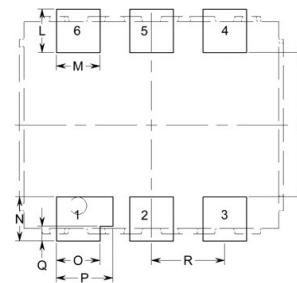


MODEL	INPUT V	OUTPUT
T90	+5.0 V	CMOS
T91	+3.3 V	CMOS

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Frequency  
Example: **T90- N57 - 20.0 MHz**



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC
2. VREF
3. 0V & CASE GND
4. OUTPUT
5. N/C
6. SUPPLY

DIMENSIONS

**TYP**      **MAX**

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.360	9.14	0.375	9.53
B	0.295	7.49	0.310	7.87
C	NA	NA	0.153	3.90
D	0.100	2.54	0.0115	2.92
E	0.040	1.02	NA	NA
F	0.020	0.51	NA	NA
G	0.018	0.46	NA	NA
H	0.040	1.02	NA	NA
I	R0.014	R0.36	NA	NA
J	0.057	1.45	NA	NA

LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

**TYP**      **MAX**

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
R	0.100	2.54	NA	NA
K	0.196	4.98	NA	NA
L	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
M	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
N	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
O	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
P	0.077	1.52	NA	NA
Q	0.020	1.52	NA	NA



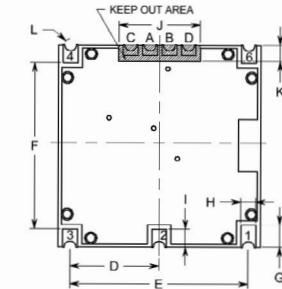
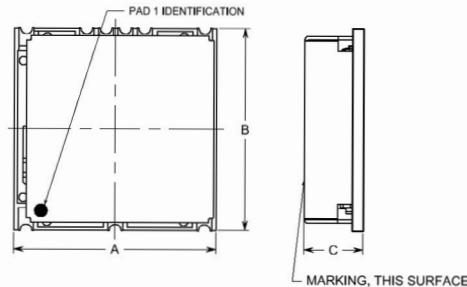
# T121

► LOW G-SENSITIVITY, TIGHT STABILITY  
RUGGED PACKAGE

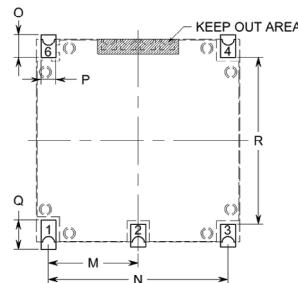


<b>Frequency Output</b>	50.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz	
<b>Output Level</b>	Sine Wave	
<b>Harmonic &amp; Subs</b>	+3 dBm ± 2 dBm into 50 Ω load	
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	-40 dBc max	
<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.5 ppm	T57
-40°C to +85°C	± 1.0 ppm	T16
-55°C to +95°C	± 3.0 ppm	V36
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 0.1 ppm for a ± 5% change	
<b>Load Stability</b>	± 0.1 ppm for a ± 5% change	
<b>Aging</b>	< 1.0 ppm/yr @ 50 MHz typ	
<b>Total Stability</b>	± 5 ppm max from nominal over 10 years (incl. temp, V, load & aging)	
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 100 MHz)	<b>Offset Static dBc/Hz</b>	
10 Hz	-75	
100 Hz	-102	
1 kHz	-125	
10 kHz	-140	
100 kHz	-145	
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7 ppm typ; 0 V to +5.0 V applied to EFC pin, positive slope	
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g	
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	± 5.0 VDC	
<b>Supply Current</b>	< 25 mA	
<b>Environments</b>	<b>Vibration</b> per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 214, Cond II H, 3 min/axis <b>Shock</b> per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 213, 90 g peak, 1/2 sine, 5ms <b>Storage Temp</b> -55°C to +105°C	

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Frequency  
Example: **T121 - T57 -70.0 MHz**



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



**PAD CONNECTIONS**

- 1. OUTPUT
- 2. N/C
- 3. SUPPLY
- 4. N/C
- 6. 0V & CASE GND
- A. DIO (Internal Use Only)
- B. CS (Internal Use Only)
- C. SCLK (Internal Use Only)
- D. ENABLE (Internal Use Only)

**DIMENSIONS**

**TYP**      **MAX**

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.680	17.27	0.690	17.53
B	0.680	17.27	0.690	17.53
C	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
D	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
E	0.050	1.27	0.610	15.49
F	0.350	14.22	0.570	14.48
G	0.075	1.91	0.085	2.16
H	0.050	1.27	0.060	1.52
I	0.060	1.52	0.070	1.78
J	0.275	6.99	0.285	7.24
K	0.060	1.52	0.070	1.78
L	R0.020	R0.51	NA	NA

**LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS**

**TYP**      **MAX**

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
M	0.300	7.62	NA	NA
N	0.600	15.24	NA	NA
O	0.075	1.91	NA	NA
P	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
Q	0.100	2.54	NA	NA
R	0.560	14.22	NA	NA



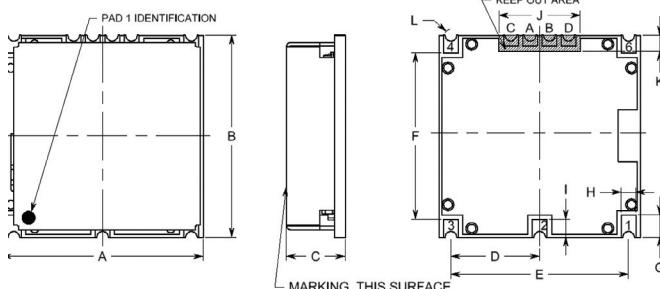
# T124

► **LOW FREQUENCY TCXO**  
**TIGHT TEMPERATURE STABILITY**

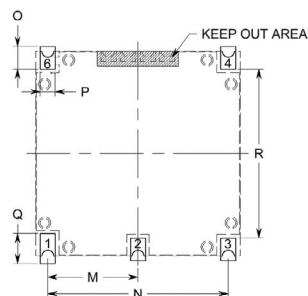


<b>Frequency</b>	650.0 Hz to 5.0 MHz	 GR1 T124 1.0 MHz S/A 1010 D/O 2021
<b>Output</b>	CMOS Square Wave	
<b>Symmetry</b>	50/50 ± 5%	
<b>Output Level</b>	+0.2 V max	
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 0.3 ppm ± 0.5 ppm ± 1.0 ppm
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 0.3 ppm for a 5% change	<b>Option</b> N37
<b>Load Stability</b>	± 0.3 ppm for a 5% change	T57
<b>Total Stability</b>	± 5 ppm max from nominal over 10 years (incl. temp, V, load & aging)	T16
<b>Phase Noise</b>	<b>Offset</b> 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz	<b>Static dBc/Hz</b> -75 -102 -125 -140 -145
<b>Aging</b>	< 0.5 ppm/yr	
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7 ppm typ; 0 V to +3.0 VDC applied to EFC pin, positive slope	
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	± 3.3 VDC ± 5% or +5.0 VDC	
<b>Supply Current</b>	< 20 mA	
<b>Environtamentals</b>	<b>Vibration</b> <b>Shock</b> <b>Storage Temp</b>	per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 214, Cond II F per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 213, 90 g peak, 1/2 sine, 5ms -54°C to +105°C

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: **T124 - T16 - 3.3 - 5.0 MHz**



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



**PAD CONNECTIONS**

- 1. OUTPUT
- 2. N/C
- 3. SUPPLY
- 4. EFC
- 6. 0V & CASE GND
- A. N/C (Internal Use Only)
- B. N/C (Internal Use Only)
- C. N/C (Internal Use Only)
- D. N/C (Internal Use Only)

**DIMENSIONS**

**TYP**      **MAX**

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.680	17.27	0.690	17.53
B	0.680	17.27	0.690	17.53
C	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
D	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
E	0.050	15.24	0.610	15.49
F	0.350	14.22	0.570	14.48
G	0.075	1.91	0.085	2.16
H	0.050	1.27	0.060	1.52
I	0.060	1.52	0.070	1.78
J	0.275	6.99	0.285	7.24
K	0.060	1.52	0.070	1.78
L	R0.020	R0.51	NA	NA

**LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS**

**TYP**      **MAX**

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
M	0.300	7.62	NA	NA
N	0.600	15.24	NA	NA
O	0.075	1.91	NA	NA
P	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
Q	0.100	2.54	NA	NA
R	0.560	14.22	NA	NA



# T1215

► HERMETIC TCXO  
TIGHT TEMPERATURE STABILITY



## Frequency Output

750.0 KHz to 800.0 MHz  
CMOS (Option C); available 750 kHz to 150 MHz  
Clipped Sine Wave (Option S); available 10 MHz to 50 MHz  
LVPECL (Option PE); available 20 MHz to 800 MHz  
LVDS (Option DS); available 20 MHz to 800 MHz



## Symmetry Temp Stability (other stabilities available)

Temp Range	Tolerance	Option
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.5 ppm	T57
-40°C to +85°C	± 1.0 ppm	T16
-55°C to +85°C	± 2.0 ppm	U26
-55°C to +95°C	± 3.0 ppm	V36

## Aging

## Frequency Adjust

## Acceleration Sensitivity

## Supply Voltage

## Supply Current

## Environtamentals

(Other vibration & shock levels available. Please contact factory.)

< 1 ppm/yr; < 10 ppm for 20 years  
± 7 ppm typ; 0 V to V<sub>CC</sub> applied to EFC pin, positive slope  
 $\leq 2.5 \times 10^{-9}/g$  (SD option) or  $\leq 7 \times 10^{-10}/g$  (LG option)

+2.7 VDC to +5.0 VDC, ± 5%

< 80 mA max (some options are lower)

Vibration per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 214, Cond A

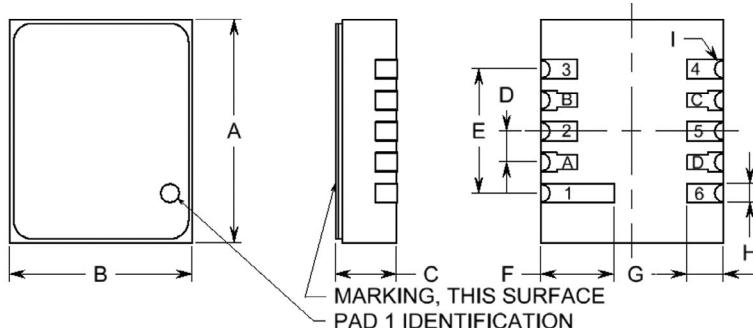
Storage Temp -55°C to +95°C

Shock per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 213, Cond C

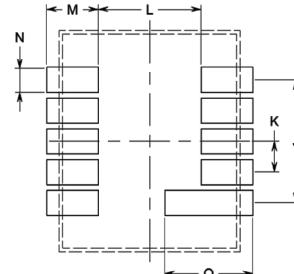
Fine Leak MIL-STD-202, Meth 112, Cond C

Screening to MIL-PRF-55310, Class 3 Product Level B: Option B  
No screening: Option X

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Output - Supply Voltage - Screening - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1215 - T57 - PE - 5.0 - B - LG - 300.0 MHz**



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



## PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC/N/C
2. Vref/N/C
3. 0V & CASE GND
4. OUTPUT
5. SCLK/N/C (Internal Use Only)
6. SUPPLY
- A. CS (Internal Use Only)
- B. TRI-STATE/N/C (Internal Use Only)
- C. COMP. OUTPUT/N/C (Internal Use Only)
- D. DIO (Internal Use Only)

## DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.360	9.14	0.370	9.40
B	0.295	7.49	0.305	7.75
C	NA	NA	0.115	2.92
D	0.050	1.27	0.060	1.52
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
F	0.118	3.00	NA	NA
G	0.059	1.50	NA	NA
H	0.031	0.79	NA	NA
I	R0.015	R0.38	NA	NA

## LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
J	0.200	5.08	NA	NA
K	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
L	0.167	4.24	NA	NA
M	0.084	2.13	NA	NA
N	0.041	1.04	NA	NA
O	0.143	3.63	NA	NA



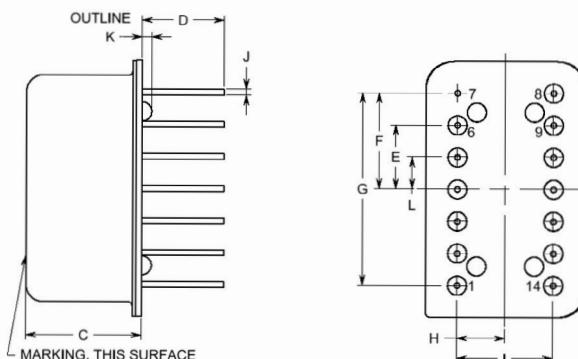
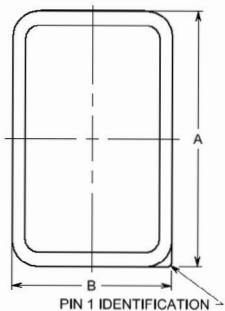
# T1220

► DUAL COMPENSATION  
TIGHT TEMP STABILITY



<b>Frequency Output</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz T1220: CMOS Square Wave T1221: Clipped Sine Wave 50% ± 10% (Square Wave)												
<b>Symmetry Output Load</b>	CMOS: 15 pF typ; Clipped Sine: 10 kΩ, 10 pF typ												
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>Temp Range</th> <th>Tolerance</th> <th>Option</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-20°C to +70°C</td> <td>± 0.05 ppm</td> <td>N58</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 0.1 ppm</td> <td>T17</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $(f_{max} - f_{min}) / (2 \times f_{min})$ ; EFC at center of range Trim effect ≤ ± 0.1 ppm over 0 to V <sub>supply</sub> EFC and temp. Hysteresis not included.	Temp Range	Tolerance	Option	-20°C to +70°C	± 0.05 ppm	N58	-40°C to +85°C	± 0.1 ppm	T17			
Temp Range	Tolerance	Option											
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.05 ppm	N58											
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.1 ppm	T17											
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 1 × 10 <sup>-7</sup> for a 5% change												
<b>Phase Noise</b> (10 MHz CMOS typ)	<table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>Offset</th> <th>Static dBc/Hz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10 Hz</td> <td>-90</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 Hz</td> <td>-120</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 kHz</td> <td>-140</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 kHz</td> <td>-150</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 kHz</td> <td>-155</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Offset	Static dBc/Hz	10 Hz	-90	100 Hz	-120	1 kHz	-140	10 kHz	-150	100 kHz	-155
Offset	Static dBc/Hz												
10 Hz	-90												
100 Hz	-120												
1 kHz	-140												
10 kHz	-150												
100 kHz	-155												
<b>Aging</b>	< 0.3 ppm/yr. typ, 0.5 ppm/yr max												
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 6.0 ppm typ; positive slope, 0 V to V <sub>supply</sub> EFC												
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 2.5 × 10 <sup>-9</sup> /g (SD option) or ≤ 7 × 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (LG option)												
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+3.3 VDC or +5.0 VDC ± 5%												
<b>Supply Current</b>	25 mA max												
<b>Envirionmentals</b>	<i>Random Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 214, Cond I-J <i>Sine Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond D <i>Shock</i> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond F <i>Storage Temp</i> -55°C to +95°C												

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: T1220 - N58 - 3.3 - LG - 10.0 MHz



DIM	DIMENSIONS		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.80	20.32	0.82	20.83
B	0.50	12.70	0.52	13.21
C	NA	NA	0.400	10.16
D	NA	NA	0.27	6.86
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
F	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
G	0.600	15.24	0.610	15.49
H	0.150	3.81	0.160	4.06
I	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
J	ø0.018	ø0.46	ø0.021	ø0.53
K	NA	NA	0.030	0.76
L	0.100	2.54	0.110	2.79



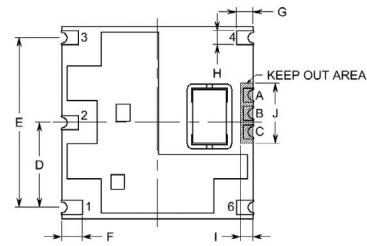
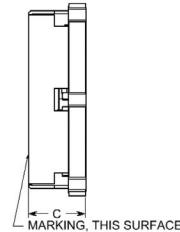
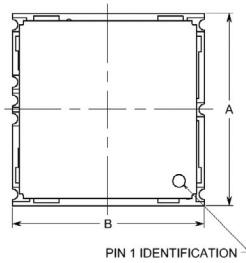
# T1241

► LOW PHASE NOISE  
VIBRATION COMPENSATED

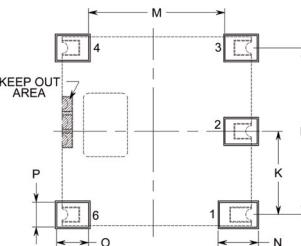


<b>Frequency Output Symmetry</b>	50.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz CMOS Square Wave $50\% \pm 10\%$	
<b>Output Load</b>	CMOS: 15 pF typ	
<b>Rise/Fall Time</b>	$\leq 10$ ns	
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> $\pm 3.0$ ppm $\pm 5.0$ ppm
		<b>Option</b> N36 T56
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	$\pm 3 \times 10^{-7}$ for a 5% change	
<b>Phase Noise</b> (100 MHz typ)	<b>Offset</b> dBc/Hz 10 Hz -80 100 Hz -110 1 kHz -135 10 kHz -150 100 kHz -160	
<b>Aging</b>	< 1.0 ppm/yr @ 50 MHz typ	
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	$\pm 5.0$ ppm typ; positive slope, 0 V to $V_{\text{supply}}$ EFC	
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	$\leq 8 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$ (SD option); $\leq 3 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$ , worst axis (LG option); $\leq 7 \times 10^{-11}/\text{g}$ , worst axis (ULG option)	
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+3.3 VDC or +5.0 VDC $\pm 5\%$	
<b>Supply Current</b>	30 mA max	
<b>Envirionmentals</b>	<b>Vibration</b> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 214, Meth I-F <b>Shock</b> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond K <b>Storage Temp</b> -55°C to +95°C	

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: T1241 - T56 - 3.3 - LG - 100.0 MHz



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. OUTPUT
- 2. N/C
- 3. SUPPLY
- 4. OUTPUT
- 6. 0V & CASE GND
- A. SCLK (Internal Use Only)
- B. DIO (Internal Use Only)
- C. CS (Internal Use Only)

DIMENSIONS

TYP

MAX

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.680	17.27	0.695	17.63
B	0.680	17.27	0.695	17.63
C	0.200	5.08	0.215	5.46
D	0.300	7.62	0.315	8.00
E	0.600	15.24	0.615	15.62
F	0.075	1.91	NA	NA
G	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
H	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
I	0.045	1.14	NA	NA
J	0.212	5.38	0.227	5.77

LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

TYP

MAX

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
K	0.300	5.62	NA	NA
L	0.600	15.24	NA	NA
M	0.490	12.45	NA	NA
N	0.145	3.68	NA	NA
O	0.115	2.92	NA	NA
P	0.090	2.29	NA	NA



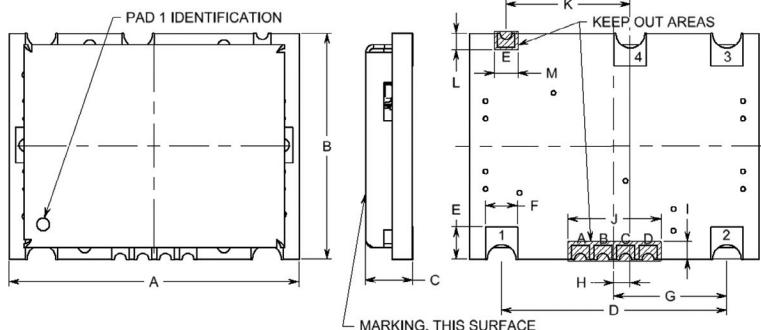
# T1243

► ULTRA-LOW ACCELERATION SENSITIVITY  
LOW PHASE NOISE



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	CMOS Square Wave		
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10%		
<b>Output Load</b>	CMOS: 15 pF typ		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 1.0 ppm ± 2.0 ppm	<b>Option</b> N16 T26
<b>Aging</b>	< 1.0 ppm/yr @ 10 MHz typ		
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> for a 5% change		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (10 MHz typ)	<b>Offset</b> dBc/Hz 10 Hz -100 100 Hz -127 1 kHz -150 10 kHz -160 100 kHz -165 Floor -168		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7.0 ppm typ via 0 V to 3.3 VDC		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g, worst axis (SD option) or ≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> /g, worst axis (LG option)		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+3.3 VDC or +5.0 VDC ± 5%		

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1243 - N16 - 3.3 - LG - 50.0 MHz**



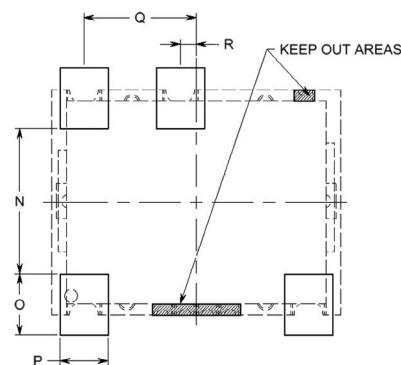
#### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. OUTPUT
2. EFC
3. 0V & CASE GND
4. SUPPLY
- A. OE (Internal Use Only)
- B. SCLK (Internal Use Only)
- C. DIO (Internal Use Only)
- D. CS (Internal Use Only)
- E. PNF (Internal Use Only)

#### DIMENSIONS

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm	MAX
A	0.900	22.86	0.915	23.24	
B	0.700	17.78	0.715	18.16	
C	NA	NA	0.250	6.35	
D	0.700	17.78	0.715	18.16	
E	0.100	2.54	NA	NA	
F	0.100	2.54	NA	NA	
G	0.350	8.89	0.365	9.27	
H	0.050	1.27	NA	NA	
I	0.054	1.37	NA	NA	
J	0.290	7.38	0.305	7.75	
K	0.385	9.78	0.400	10.16	
L	0.051	1.30	NA	NA	
M	0.074	1.87	NA	NA	

#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



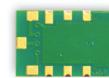
#### LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm	MAX
N	0.452	11.48	0.467	11.86	
O	0.200	5.08	0.215	5.46	
P	0.150	3.81	0.165	4.19	
Q	0.350	8.89	0.365	9.27	
R	0.050	1.27	0.065	1.65	



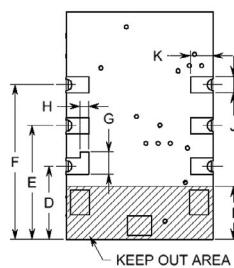
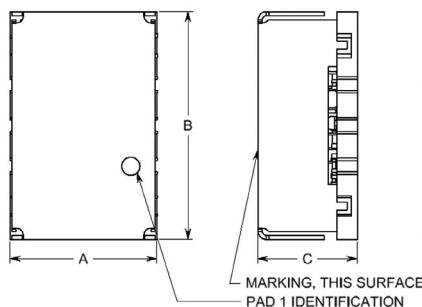
# T1244

► LOW PHASE NOISE



<b>Frequency Output</b>	50.0 MHz to 150.0 MHz	
<b>Symmetry</b>	LVPECL	
<b>Output Load</b>	50% ± 10%	
<b>Rise/Fall Time</b>	50 Ω to V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0 V	
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	≤ 1 ns (20% to 80%)	
	<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>
	-40°C to +85°C	± 1.0 ppm
	-40°C to +85°C	± 2.0 ppm
	-55°C to +85°C	± 2.0 ppm
	-55°C to +95°C	± 3.0 ppm
<b>Reflow Shift</b>	< 1.0 ppm typ after 24 hr settling time	
<b>Aging</b>	≤ ± 1 ppm 1st year; ≤ 5 ppm for 10 years	
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	≤ 0.3 ppm for a 5% change	
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 5 ppm min via 0 V to +3.0 VDC	
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 100 MHz)	<b>Offset</b> <b>dBc/Hz</b>	
	10 Hz            -75	
	100 Hz          -112	
	1 kHz           -140	
	10 kHz          -154	
	100 kHz       -157	
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 2.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> /g	
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+3.3 VDC ± 5%	
<b>Supply Current</b>	65 mA max	
<b>Environamentals</b>	<b>Vibration</b>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 201 & 204 10g from 10 to 2000 Hz
	<b>Shock</b>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C
	<b>Storage Temp</b>	-55°C to +95°C

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Frequency  
Example: **T1244 - T16 - 100.0 MHz**



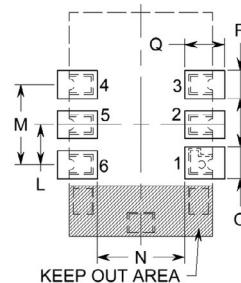
#### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC
2. N/C
3. 0V CASE GND
4. OUTPUT
5. OUTPUT (-)
6. V SUPPLY

#### DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP	MAX
A	0.360	9.14
B	0.560	14.22
C	0.255	6.48
D	0.180	4.57
E	0.280	7.11
F	0.380	9.65
G	0.055	1.40
H	0.020	0.508
I	0.130	3.30
J	0.040	1.02
K	0.055	1.40
	NA	NA
	NA	NA

#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



#### LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP	MAX
L	0.300	5.08
M	0.100	2.54
N	0.220	5.59
O	0.080	2.03
P	0.070	1.78
Q	0.100	2.54



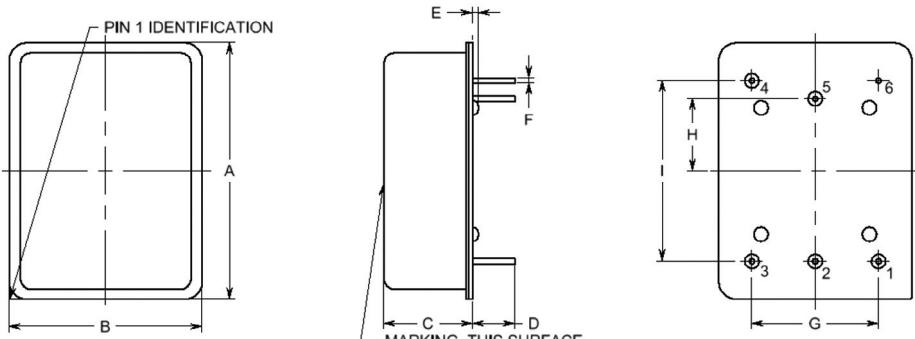
# T1247

► DUAL COMPENSATION  
TIGHT STABILITY



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	CMOS Square Wave		
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10% (Square Wave)		
<b>Output Load</b>	15 pF typ		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 0.03 ppm ± 0.05 ppm	<b>Option</b> N38 T58
<b>Aging</b>	±1 ppm 1st year		
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	≤ 0.3 ppm for a 5% change		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 5 ppm min via 0 to +3.0 VDC		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (10 MHz CMOS typ)	<b>Offset</b> <b>dBc/Hz</b> 10 Hz           -90 100 Hz          -120 1 kHz           -140 10 kHz          -150 100 kHz        -155		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7.0 ppm typ via 0 V to V <sub>supply</sub> EFC; positive slope		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 2.5 × 10 <sup>-9</sup> /g (SD Option) or ≤ 7 × 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (LG Option)		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+3.3 VDC or +5.0 VDC ± 5%		
<b>Supply Current</b>	35 mA max		
<b>Envirionmentals</b>	<i>Random Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 214, Cond I, J <i>Sine Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond D <i>Shock</i> per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond F <i>Storage Temp</i> -55°C to +95°C		

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1247 - T58 - 3.3 - LG - 10.0 MHz**



#### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC (GND thru 10 kΩ resistor when EFC is disabled)
2. EFC ENABLED (See Pin 2 Function, below)
3. SUPPLY
4. OUTPUT
5. N/C 0V (Internal Use Only)
6. 0V & CASE GND

Pin 2 Function: 3 to 4.5V Input - External EFC Enabled;  
(Stability will depend on external Ref. or Voltage)

0V/GND Input: Compensated/Free Run Mode  
Note: Internal Pull Down

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	1.420	36.10	1.430	36.32
B	1.060	26.92	1.070	27.18
C	0.490	12.45	0.500	12.70
D	0.230	5.84	0.240	6.10
E	0.026	0.66	0.032	0.81
F	ø0.032	ø0.81	ø0.034	ø0.86
G	0.700	17.78	0.710	18.03
H	0.400	10.16	0.410	10.41
I	1.000	25.40	1.010	25.65



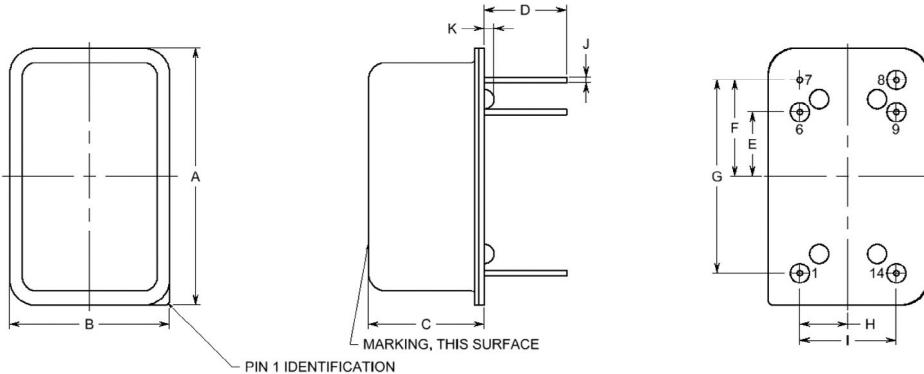
# T1254

► RADIATION TOLERANT  
ULTRA-LOW G-SENSITIVITY



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	CMOS		
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10%		
<b>Output Level</b>	+0.2 V max to +4.5 V min		
<b>Output Load</b>	CMOS: 15 pF typ		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C -55°C to +125°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 1.0 ppm ± 5.0 ppm ± 7.0 ppm	<b>Option</b> N16 T56 X76
<b>Short Term</b> <b>Aging</b>	≤ 1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> for a 1 sec tau < 1 ppm/yr @ 10 MHz typ		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 10 MHz)	<b>Offset</b> <b>dBc/Hz</b> 10 Hz           -90 100 Hz          -120 1 kHz           -145 10 kHz          -150 100 kHz        -155		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7 ppm typ via 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> control V, negative slope		
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> max for a 2% change		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (SD option) or ≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> /g (LG option)		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC ± 5% (+3.3 VDC option available)		
<b>Supply Current</b>	< 35 mA max		
<b>Environments</b>	<i>Vibration</i> <i>Shock</i> <i>Operating Temp</i> <i>Storage Temp</i> <i>Radiation</i> <i>Package Finish</i> <i>Package Weight</i>	per MIL-STD-883, Meth 2007, Cond A per MIL-STD-883, Meth 2002, Cond B -55°C to +125°C -65°C to +125°C Designed to operate during 30kRad (Si) TID Stainless Steel & Nickel-plated Kovar approx. 3 grams	

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1254 - T56 - 3.3 - LG - 10.0 MHz**



DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.80	20.32	0.82	20.83
B	0.50	12.70	0.52	13.21
C	NA	NA	0.370	9.40
D	0.220	5.59	0.240	6.10
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.53
F	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
G	0.600	15.24	0.610	15.49
H	0.150	3.81	0.160	4.06
I	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
J	Ø0.018	Ø0.46	Ø0.021	Ø0.53
K	0.031	0.79	0.041	1.04

#### PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. EFC
  - 6. N/C
  - 7. 0V & CASE GND
  - 8. OUTPUT
  - 9. N/C
  - 14. V SUPPLY
- PINS 6 & 9: Internal use only & must be isolated



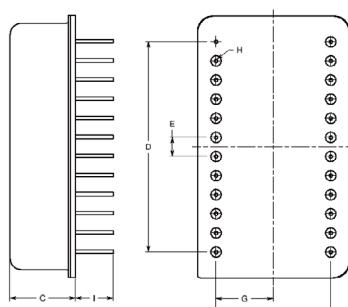
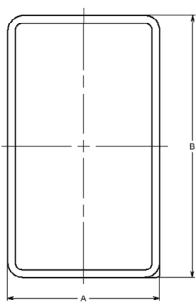
# T1276

► RADIATION TOLERANT  
ULTRA-LOW G-SENSITIVITY



<b>Frequency Output</b>	2.5 MHz to 120.0 MHz CMOS Square Wave (C Option) Sine Wave (S Option)		
<b>Symmetry Output Level</b>	$50\% \pm 10\%$ (CMOS) $+3 \text{ dBm} \pm 2 \text{ dBm}$ into $50 \Omega$ load (Sinewave) CMOS (@3.3V +0.2 V max to +2.8V min)		
<b>Harmonic &amp; Subs Output Load</b>	$-26 \text{ dBc}$ max CMOS: 15 pF typ; Sinewave: 50 $\Omega$		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>
	-20°C to +70°C	$\pm 1.0 \text{ ppm}$	N16
	-40°C to +85°C	$\pm 3.0 \text{ ppm}$	T36
	-55°C to +125°C	$\pm 7.0 \text{ ppm}$	X76
<b>Short Term Aging Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 20 MHz)	$\leq 1 \times 10^{-9}$ for a 1 sec tau $< \pm 1 \text{ ppm/yr}$ @ 10 MHz typ		
	<b>Offset</b>	<b>dBc/Hz</b>	
	10 Hz	-90	
	100 Hz	-120	
	1 kHz	-140	
	10 kHz	-150	
	100 kHz	-155	
	1 M	-160	
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	$\pm 7 \text{ ppm}$ typ via 0 V to $V_{CC}$ control V, negative slope		
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	$\pm 3 \times 10^{-7}$ max for a 2% change		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	$\leq 7 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$ (SD option); $\leq 7 \times 10^{-11}/\text{g}$ (ULG option)		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	$+5.0 \text{ VDC} \pm 5\%$ (+3.3 VDC option available)		
<b>Supply Current</b>	< 35 mA max		
<b>Environamentals</b>	<p><i>Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-883, Meth 2007, Cond A  <i>Shock</i> per MIL-STD-883, Meth 2002, Cond B  <i>Operating Temp</i> -55°C to +125°C  <i>Storage Temp</i> -65°C to +130°C  <i>Radiation</i> Designed to operate during 200kRad (Si) TID  <i>Package Finish</i> Stainless Steel &amp; Nickel-plated Kovar  <i>Package Weight</i> approx. 4 grams         </p>		

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1276 - T36 - 5.0 - SD - 100.0 MHz**



#### PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. EFC
- 12. GND
- 13. OUTPUT
- 24. V SUPPLY
- ALL OTHER PINS N/C

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.795	20.19	0.799	20.30
B	1.370	34.80	1.374	34.90
C	0.343	8.71	0.345	8.76
D	1.100	27.94	1.104	28.04
E	0.100	2.54	NA	NA
F	0.600	15.24	NA	NA
G	0.300	7.62	NA	NA
H	0.018	0.46	0.020	0.50
I	0.197	5.00	0.217	5.50



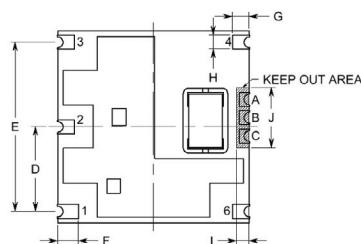
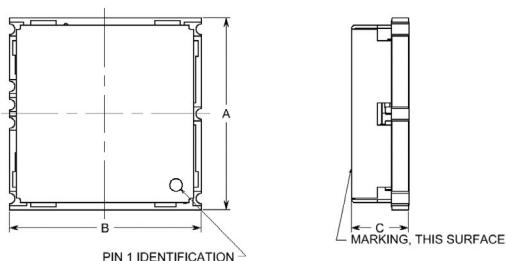
# T1282

► RADIATION TOLERANT  
ULTRA-LOW G-SENSITIVITY

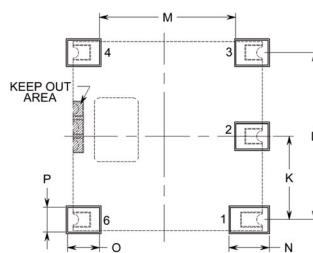


<b>Frequency</b>	40.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	CMOS		
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10%		
<b>Output Level</b>	+0.2 V max to +4.5 V min		
<b>Output Load</b>	CMOS: 15 pF typ		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 3.0 ppm ± 5.0 ppm	<b>Option</b> N36 T56
<b>Short Term Aging Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 10 MHz)	≤ 1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> for a 1 sec tau < ±1 ppm/yr @ 40 MHz typ		
	<b>Offset</b> dBc/Hz (10 M)		
	10 Hz -80		
	100 Hz -110		
	1 kHz -135		
	10 kHz -150		
	100 kHz -160		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 7 ppm typ via 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> control V, negative slope		
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> max for a 2% change		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 8 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (SD option); ≤ 3 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (LG option) or ≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> /g (ULG option)		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC ± 5% (+3.3 VDC option available)		
<b>Supply Current</b>	< 30 mA max		
<b>Environmentals</b>	<i>Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 214, Cond I.F. <i>Shock</i> per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 213, Cond K <i>Operating Temp</i> -40°C to +85°C <i>Storage Temp</i> -55°C to +105°C <i>Radiation</i> Designed to operate during 50kRad (Si) TID <i>Package Finish</i> Stainless Steel & Nickel-plated Kovar <i>Package Weight</i> approx. 3 grams		

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1282 - T56 - 3.3 - LG - 40.0 MHz**



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



**DIMENSIONS**

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.680	17.27	0.695	17.63
B	0.680	17.27	0.695	17.63
C	0.200	5.08	0.215	5.46
D	0.300	7.62	0.315	8.00
E	0.600	15.24	0.615	15.62
F	0.075	1.91	NA	NA
G	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
H	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
I	0.045	1.14	NA	NA
J	0.212	5.38	0.227	5.77

**PAD CONNECTIONS**

1. OUTPUT
2. N/C
3. SUPPLY
4. OUTPUT
6. 0V & CASE GND
- A. SCLK (Internal Use Only)
- B. DIO (Internal Use Only)
- C. CS (Internal Use Only)

**LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS**

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
K	0.300	5.62	NA	NA
L	0.600	15.24	NA	NA
M	0.490	12.45	NA	NA
N	0.145	3.68	NA	NA
O	0.115	2.92	NA	NA
P	0.090	2.29	NA	NA



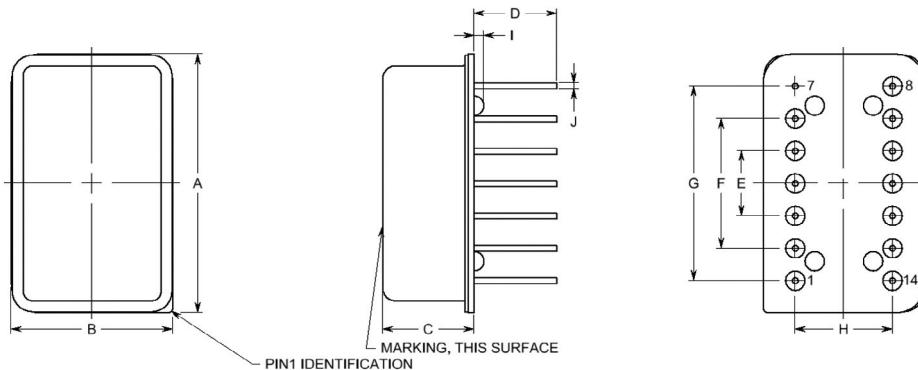
# T1300

► ULTRA-LOW ACCELERATION SENSITIVITY  
LOW PHASE NOISE



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz												
<b>Output</b>	CMOS Square Wave												
<b>Symmetry</b>	50% ± 10%												
<b>Output Load</b>	15 pF typ												
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Temp Range</th> <th>Tolerance</th> <th>Option</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-20°C to +70°C</td> <td>± 1.0 ppm</td> <td>N16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 2.0 ppm</td> <td>T26</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Temp Range	Tolerance	Option	-20°C to +70°C	± 1.0 ppm	N16	-40°C to +85°C	± 2.0 ppm	T26			
Temp Range	Tolerance	Option											
-20°C to +70°C	± 1.0 ppm	N16											
-40°C to +85°C	± 2.0 ppm	T26											
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	± 1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> max for a 5% change												
<b>Frequency vs. Load</b>	< ± 1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> typ for a 10% change												
<b>Short Term</b>	8 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> for a 1 sec tau (10 MHz)												
<b>Aging</b>	± 0.5 ppm/yr @ 10 MHz typ after 14 days operation												
<b>Warm Up Time</b>	to within ± 1 ppm in 10 msec												
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 10 MHz, +5 V)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Offset</th> <th>dBc/Hz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10 Hz</td> <td>-100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 Hz</td> <td>-130</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 kHz</td> <td>-155</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 kHz</td> <td>-162</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 kHz</td> <td>-162</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Offset	dBc/Hz	10 Hz	-100	100 Hz	-130	1 kHz	-155	10 kHz	-162	100 kHz	-162
Offset	dBc/Hz												
10 Hz	-100												
100 Hz	-130												
1 kHz	-155												
10 kHz	-162												
100 kHz	-162												
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 6.0 ppm typ, positive slope 0 to V <sub>cc</sub> EFC, 50k Ω input Z												
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (SD option); ≤ 1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g, worst axis (LG option); ≤ 7 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> /g, worst axis (ULG option)												
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC or +3.3 VDC ± 5%												
<b>Supply Current</b>	20 mA max												

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: T1300 - T26 - 5.0 - LG - 10.0 MHz



DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.800	20.32	0.815	20.70
B	0.500	12.70	0.515	13.08
C	NA	NA	0.370	9.34
D	0.215	5.46	0.230	5.84
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
F	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
G	0.600	15.24	0.610	15.49
H	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
I	0.018	0.46	0.024	0.61
J	ø0.018	ø0.46	ø0.021	ø0.53

#### PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. EFC
- 7. 0V CASE GND
- 8. OUTPUT
- 12. EFC FILTER ENABLE (See Note 1)
- 14. V SUPPLY

#### NOTES

1. EFC Input is through a Low Pass Filter for phase noise reduction. Filter may be disabled for faster response by grounding Pin 12. Filter is enabled if Pin 12 is floating or at Logic "1" (+5 V).
2. Remaining pins are not connected



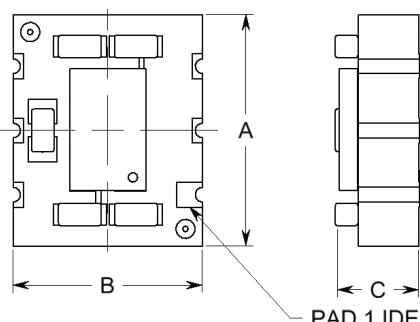
# T1307

► ULTRA-LOW ACCELERATION SENSITIVITY  
MINIATURE SMT PACKAGE

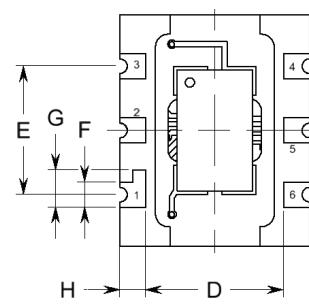


<b>Frequency Output</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz CMOS Square Wave (Option C) Clipped Sine Wave (Option S)		
<b>Symmetry Output Load</b>	$50\% \pm 10\%$ (CMOS) CMOS: 15 pF typ; Clipped Sine: 10 kΩ, 10 pF typ		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> $\pm 0.5$ ppm $\pm 1.0$ ppm	<b>Option</b> N57 T16
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ max for a 5% change		
<b>Frequency vs. Load Aging</b>	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ for a 10% change		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 10 MHz)	$\leq \pm 0.5$ ppm/yr @ 10 MHz typ after 14 days operation		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>dBc/Hz</b>	
	10 Hz	-95	
	100 Hz	-123	
	1 kHz	-145	
	10 kHz	-155	
	100 kHz	-157	
	$\leq 7 \times 10^{-10}/g$ (SD option); $\leq 1 \times 10^{-10}/g$ , worst axis (LG option);		
	$\leq 7 \times 10^{-11}/g$ , worst axis (ULG option)		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	$\pm 7.0$ ppm typ, positive slope		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	0 to $V_{cc}$ EFC, 50 kΩ input Z		
<b>Supply Current</b>	+5.0 VDC or +3.3 VDC $\pm 5\%$		
<b>Warm Up Time</b>	6 mA max to within $\pm 1$ ppm in 10 msec		

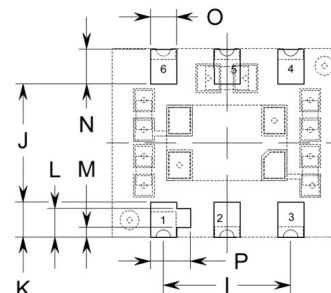
For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Output - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: T1307 - N57 - C - 3.3 - SD - 10.0 MHz



PAD CONNECTIONS		DIMENSIONS			
		TYP		MAX	
DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm	
A	0.360	9.14	0.370	9.40	
B	0.295	7.49	0.305	7.75	
C	0.146	3.71	0.157	4.00	
D	0.215	5.46	0.225	5.72	
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33	
F	0.039	1.00	NA	NA	
G	0.058	1.46	NA	NA	
H	0.040	1.02	NA	NA	



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
I	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
J	0.185	4.70	0.195	4.95
K	0.055	1.40	NA	NA
L	0.045	1.14	NA	NA
M	0.015	0.38	NA	NA
N	0.055	1.40	NA	NA
O	0.041	1.04	NA	NA
P	0.063	1.60	NA	NA



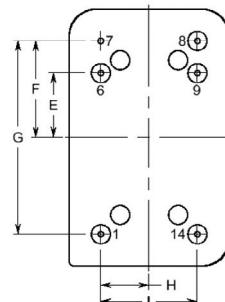
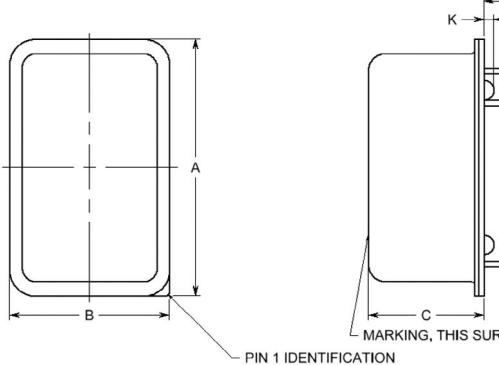
# T1354

► RADIATION TOLERANT 100kRad (Si) TID  
ULTRA-LOW ACCELERATION SENSITIVITY



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	Clipped Sine Wave		
<b>Output Level</b>	$+1.5 \text{ V}_{\text{p-p}}$ min typ, $+1.0 \text{ V}_{\text{p-p}}$ min		
<b>Output Load</b>	10 k $\Omega$ , 10 pF typ		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>
	-20°C to +70°C	$\pm 1.0 \text{ ppm}$	N16
	-40°C to +85°C	$\pm 5.0 \text{ ppm}$	T56
	-55°C to +125°C	$\pm 7.0 \text{ ppm}$	X76
<b>Voltage Stability</b>	$\pm 3 \times 10^{-7}$ max for a 2% change		
<b>Frequency vs. Load</b>	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ for a 10% change		
<b>Aging</b>	< 1.0 ppm/yr @10 MHz typ		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 10 MHz)	<b>Offset</b>	<b>dBc/Hz</b>	
	10 Hz	-90	
	100 Hz	-120	
	1 kHz	-145	
	10 kHz	-150	
	100 kHz	-155	
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	$\leq 7 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$ (SD option); $\leq 7 \times 10^{-11}/\text{g}$ (LG option)		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	$\pm 7.0 \text{ ppm}$ typ, negative slope $V_{\text{dd}}$ to 0 V		
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	0 to $V_{\text{cc}}$ EFC, 50 k $\Omega$ input Z		
<b>Supply Current</b>	+5.0 VDC or +3.3 VDC $\pm 5\%$		
<b>Environamentals</b>	35 mA		
<i>Vibration</i>	per MIL-STD-883, Meth 2007, Cond A		
<i>Shock</i>	per MIL-STD-883, Meth 2002, Cond B		
<i>Operating Temp</i>	-55°C to +125°C		
<i>Storage Temp</i>	-65°C to +125°C		
<i>Radiation</i>	Designed to operate during 100kRad (Si) TID		
<i>Package Finish</i>	Stainless Steel & Nickel-plated Kovar		
<i>Package Weight</i>	approx. 3 grams		

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
Example: **T1354 - T56 - 3.3 - SD - 100.0 MHz**



DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.80	20.32	0.82	20.83
B	0.50	12.70	0.52	13.21
C	NA	NA	0.370	9.40
D	0.220	5.59	0.240	6.10
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.53
F	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
G	0.600	15.24	0.610	15.49
H	0.150	3.81	0.160	4.06
I	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
J	0.018	0.46	0.021	0.53
K	0.031	0.79	0.041	1.04

#### PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. EFC
  - 6. N/C
  - 7. 0V & CASE GND
  - 8. OUTPUT
  - 9. N/C
  - 14. V SUPPLY
- PINS 6 & 9: Internal use only & must be isolated



# ZT600

► SMT PACKAGE  
TIGHT TEMPERATURE STABILITY



## Frequency Output

10.0 MHz to 500.0 MHz  
ZT600: Square Wave, CMOS (10 to 125 MHz only)

## Harmonics Symmetry Output Level

-20 dBc (Sine Wave)  
 $50\% \pm 10\%$  (Square Wave)  
+0.2 V max to +4.5 V min

## Output Load Temp Stability

(other stabilities available)

Temp Range	Tolerance	Option
-10°C to +60°C	$\pm 0.2$ ppm	G27
-20°C to +70°C	$\pm 0.5$ ppm	N57
-40°C to +85°C	$\pm 0.5$ ppm	T57
-40°C to +85°C	$\pm 1.0$ ppm	T16

## Aging Phase Noise

(typ @ 10 MHz)

<  $\pm 0.5$  ppm/yr @ 10 MHz typ

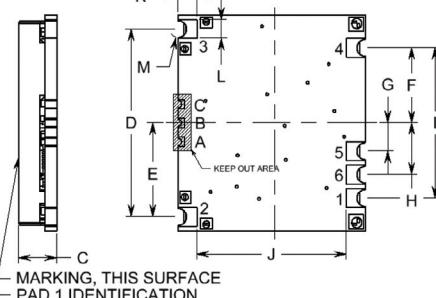
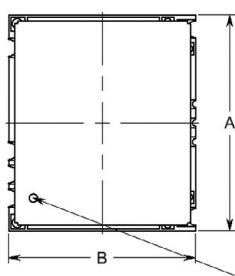
Offset	dBc/Hz
10 Hz	-95
100 Hz	-125
1 kHz	-140
10 kHz	-150
100 kHz	-155

## Voltage Stability Frequency Adjust Supply Voltage Supply Current

< 0.5 ppm typ for 5% change  
 $\pm 7$  ppm typ via 0 to  $V_{CC}$  control V, positive slope  
+5.0 VDC  $\pm 5\%$  (+3.3 VDC option available)  
< 35 mA max

MODEL	OUTPUT
ZT600	CMOS
ZT601	Sine Wave

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: ZT600 - T16 - 5.0 - 10.0 MHz



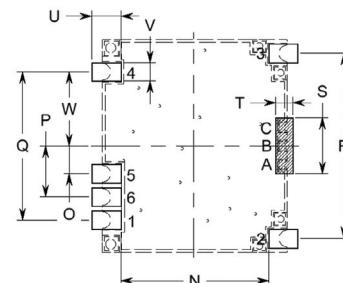
### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. OUTPUT
2. V SUPPLY
3. 0V & CASE GND
4. EFC
5. 0V & CASE GND
6. 0V & CASE GND
- A. SCLK (Internal Use Only)
- B. DIO (Internal Use Only)
- C. CS (Internal Use Only)

### DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	1.150	29.21	1.170	29.72
B	1.000	25.40	1.020	25.91
C	0.200	5.08	0.220	5.59
D	1.000	25.40	1.020	25.91
E	0.500	12.70	0.520	13.21
F	0.400	10.16	0.420	10.67
G	0.150	3.81	0.170	4.32
H	0.275	6.99	0.295	7.49
I	0.800	20.32	0.820	20.83
J	0.800	20.32	0.820	20.83
K	0.100	2.54	NA	NA
L	0.100	2.54	NA	NA
M	0.090	0.229	NA	NA

### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



### LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
N	0.800	20.32	0.820	20.83
O	0.150	3.81	0.170	4.32
P	0.275	6.99	0.295	7.49
Q	0.050	20.32	0.080	20.83
R	1.000	25.40	1.020	25.91
S	0.303	7.70	0.323	8.20
T	0.091	2.31	0.111	2.82
U	0.158	4.01	0.178	4.52
V	0.100	2.54	0.120	3.05

#### NOTE:

1. Area which is shaded around Pads A, B and C are N/C and should not have any metalization in this area.
2. Landing Pads should not extend any further underneath PCB than shown.



# ZT610

► LOW PHASE NOISE  
VERY RUGGED PACKAGE



**Frequency**  
**Output**  
**Load**  
**Symmetry**  
**Rise/Fall Time**  
**Temp Stability**  
(other stabilities available)

10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz  
CMOS Square Wave; capable of sink/source to 15 mA

10 to 15 pF

50% ± 10%

≤ 3 ns

Temp Range	Tolerance	Option
0°C to +50°C	± 0.5 ppm	B57
-20°C to +70°C	± 1.0 ppm	N16
-40°C to +85°C	± 3.0 ppm	T36

**Aging**  
**Phase Noise**  
(typ @ 10 MHz)

< 1 ppm/yr; < ± 5.0 ppm for 10 years

**Offset**      **dBc/Hz (10 MHz)**

10 Hz	-105
100 Hz	-135
1 kHz	-155
10 kHz	-160
100 kHz	-163

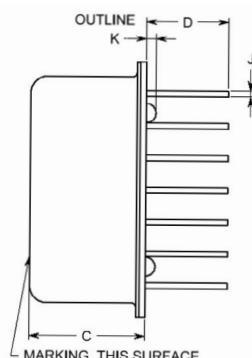
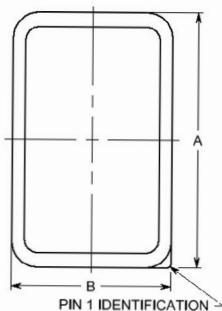
**Voltage Stability**  
**Frequency Adjust**  
**EFC Characteristics**  
**Supply Voltage**  
**Supply Current**  
**Environmentals**

< 1 ppm for a 5% change  
± 5 ppm typ; positive slope; settable to nominal for 10 years

+0.5 V to +4.5 V EFC; Input Z: 100 kΩ; Input I: < 50 uA  
+5.0 VDC ± 5%

< 15 mA + output sink/source current (15 pF load)  
*Random Vibration*      per MIL-STD-202, Meth 214, Cond IA  
*Shock*      per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C  
*Storage Temp*      -55°C to +85°C

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Frequency  
Example:      ZT610 - N16 - 10.0 MHz



#### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC
7. 0V & CASE GND
8. OUTPUT
14. SUPPLY V

All other pins are N/C and should be isolated.

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.80	20.32	0.82	20.83
B	0.50	12.70	0.52	13.21
C	NA	NA	0.37	9.34
D	0.215	5.46	0.230	5.84
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
F	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
G	0.600	15.24	0.610	15.49
H	0.150	3.81	0.160	4.06
I	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
J	ø0.018	ø0.46	ø0.021	ø0.53
K	0.018	0.46	0.024	0.61
L	0.100	2.54	0.110	2.79



## OSCILLATOR PHASE NOISE



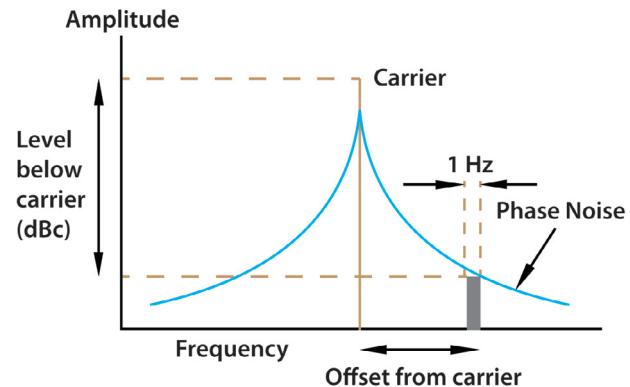
### INTRODUCTION

Phase noise is a phenomenon which is present on every oscillator output spectrum. Phase noise can often be the limiting factor that defines the specifications that are achievable in a given system. High phase noise in the local oscillator of a receiver will limit the sensitivity to detect very low power signals. Such as a very weak radio station or a radar return from a distant target. In a phase modulated digital transmission system it will directly affect the achievable Bit Error Rate. If the signal is to be multiplied to a higher frequency it is important to start with phase noise as low as possible since the noise will degrade as 20 times the log of the multiplication factor. It is, therefore, necessary to understand and to quantify phase noise so that its effects on the higher level product are minimized.

An ideal oscillator would generate a pure noise-free sine wave. In the frequency domain, this would be represented as a single bright line on a spectrum analyzer with all of the carrier signal's power at a single precise frequency. But all real oscillators produce noise due to active devices in the circuit. This noise arises from rapid short term random phase fluctuations that cause time domain instabilities. These instabilities modulate the carrier which then translates them to the frequency domain.

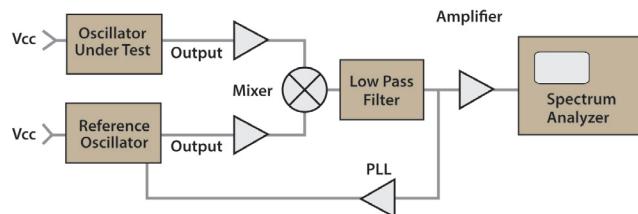
These phase noise components spread the power of the carrier signal to adjacent frequencies resulting in noise sidebands.

Phase noise is typically noted as  $\xi(f)$ . It is usually given in units of dBc/Hz which represents the noise power relative to the carrier contained in a 1Hz bandwidth centered at certain offsets from the carrier. The phase noise spreads out equally on either side of the carrier but according to IEEE definition, only one side is measured - hence the designation SSB or single sideband phase noise.



### MEASURING PHASE NOISE

In some cases, it may be possible to measure phase noise directly with a spectrum analyzer as long as adjustments are made for the measurement bandwidth. But this is only possible if the oscillator under test exhibits a relatively high level of phase noise. With most crystal oscillators and other high stability sources, the phase noise of the unit being measured will be much lower than the noise of the wideband local oscillator in the spectrum analyzer. The noise of the unit under test therefore can't be determined. Special test sets or phase noise analyzers are required.



The classical method for phase noise measurement employs two oscillators of the same frequency which are phase locked in quadrature with a very low bandwidth loop. This nulls out the carrier leaving just the residual phase noise which can be

## OSCILLATOR PHASE NOISE

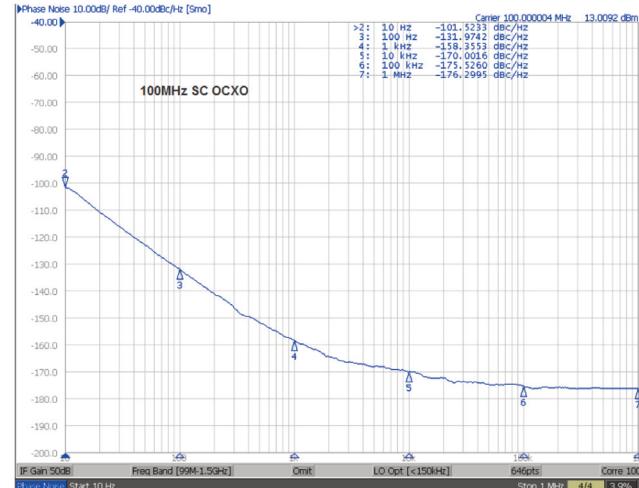
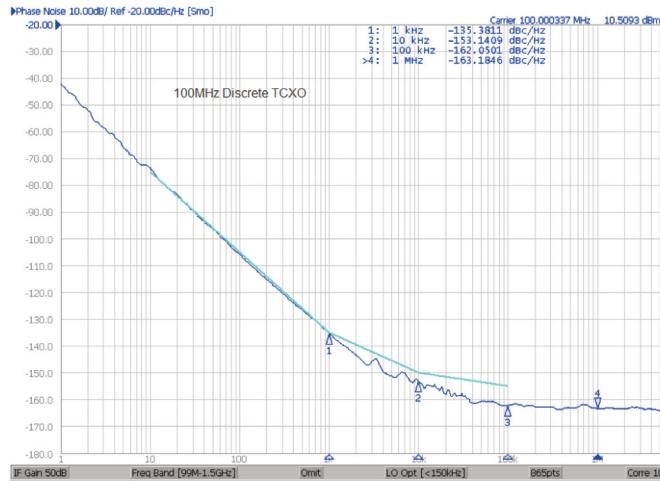
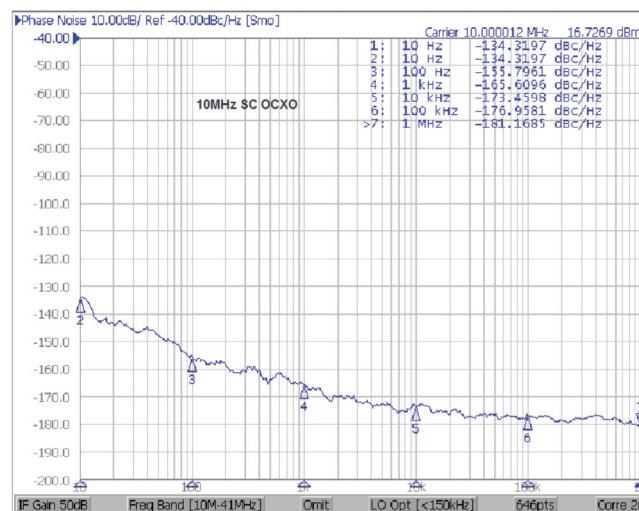
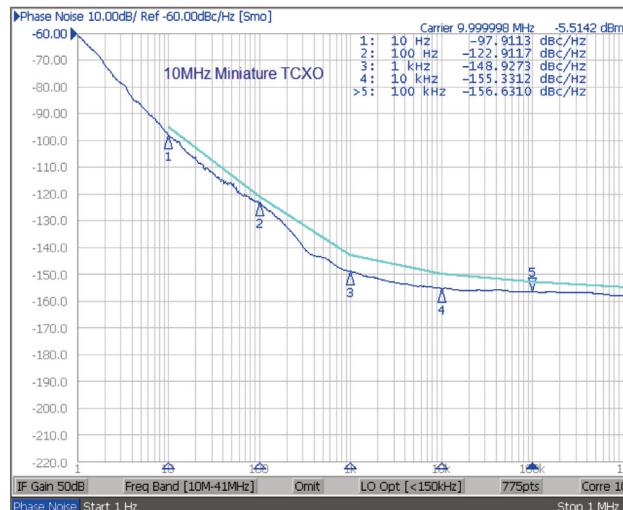


measured with a low frequency analyzer. If two identical units are used, it is assumed that 3dB can be subtracted from the measurement. Or if a reference is used which is known to have much lower noise than the UUT, then the measured noise is primarily just due to the UUT. But very sensitive phase noise analyzers are now available which can take the input directly from a single UUT and with the push of a button accurately characterize the phase noise over a wide frequency range with noise floors lower than -170dBc/Hz.

### TYPICAL CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR PHASE NOISE

The graphs here show the typical phase noise performance of some common crystal oscillators. The first graph is from a miniature 10 MHz TCXO. This performance is typical for small low-cost units, measuring about -100dBc/Hz at 10 Hz offset from the carrier with a noise floor of -156dBc/Hz. When much lower phase noise is needed, an OCXO is often specified. The second graph shows the noise of a 10 MHz OCXO. These units employ a very high-Q SC cut crystal for much lower noise close to the carrier, achieving -100dBc/Hz only 1 Hz from the carrier. Low noise discrete circuitry then lowers the noise floor to -170dBc/Hz.

As the oscillator frequency increases, the phase noise at a given offset increases proportionally. The graphs at the bottom illustrate the difference between a typical TCXO and OCXO at 100 MHz.



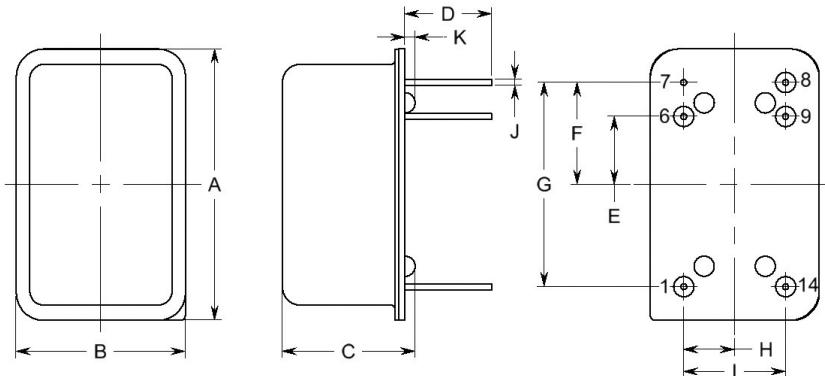
# YH1300

► LOW PHASE NOISE  
ULTRA-LOW G-SENSITIVITY



<b>Frequency Output</b>	10.0 MHz to 50.0 MHz CMOS Square Wave (C option) Sine Wave (S option)		
<b>Symmetry Output Load</b>	50% ± 10% (Square Wave) CMOS: 15 pF typ		
<b>Harmonics</b>	-20 dBc (Sine Wave)		
<b>Temp Stability</b> (other stabilities available)	<b>Temp Range</b> -10°C to +60°C -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 0.2 ppm ± 0.3 ppm ± 0.4 ppm ± 0.5 ppm	<b>Option</b> G27 N37 S47 T57
<b>Aging</b>	< 0.5 ppm/yr		
<b>Frequency vs. Supply</b>	± 3 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> for a 5% change		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 5.0 ppm typ, positive slope; 0 to V <sub>supply</sub> EFC		
<b>Input Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC or +3.3 VDC (at turn-on voltage must rise to > 3 V within 15 msec)		
<b>Input Power</b>	Warmup: < 3 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 1.0 W @ +25°C		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 50 MHz, 5 V)	10 Hz            -97 dBc/Hz 100 Hz          -125 dBc/Hz 1 kHz            -149 dBc/Hz 10 kHz          -155 dBc/Hz 100 kHz        -158 dBc/Hz 1M               -165 dBc/Hz		
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	< 7 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> /g, worst axis, DC to 2 kHz		

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Output - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: **YH1300 - N37 - S - 5.0 - 10.0 MHz**



DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.800	20.32	0.820	20.83
B	0.50	12.70	0.520	13.21
C	NA	NA	0.358	9.09
D	0.220	5.59	0.240	6.10
E	0.200	5.08	0.210	5.33
F	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
G	0.600	15.24	0.610	15.49
H	0.150	3.81	0.160	4.06
I	0.300	7.62	0.310	7.87
J	Ø0.018	Ø0.46	Ø0.021	Ø0.53
K	R0.020	R0.51	R0.030	R0.76

## PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. EFC
- 7. 0V & CASE GND
- 8. OUTPUT
- 14. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



# YH1310

► LOW PHASE NOISE  
COMPACT EURO PACKAGE



**Frequency Output Symmetry Output Load Harmonics Temp Stability**  
(other stabilities available)

10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz  
Sine Wave (YH1310); CMOS (YH1311)  
 $50\% \pm 10\%$   
CMOS: 15 pF typ  
-20 dBc (Sine Wave)



**Aging Frequency vs. Supply Frequency Adjust Input Voltage Input Power Warm-up Time Phase Noise**

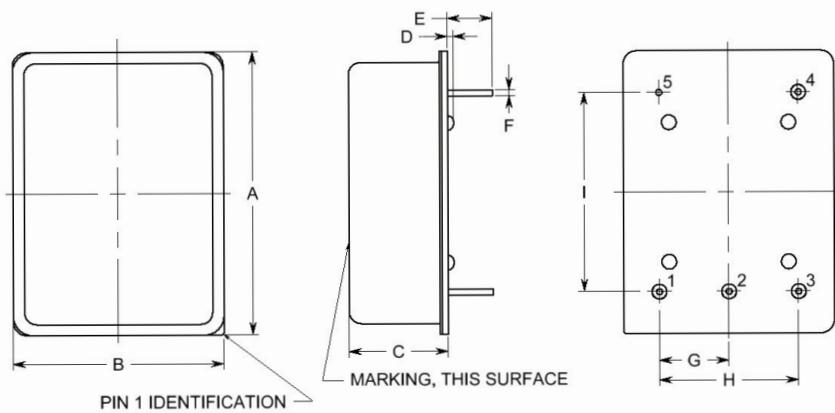
$\pm 0.1 \text{ ppm/yr}$  (10 MHz)  
 $\pm 5 \times 10^{-9}$  for a 5% change  
 $\pm 1.0 \text{ ppm}$  typ, positive slope; +0.5 to +4.5 V EFC  
+5.0 VDC or +12 VDC  $\pm 5\%$   
Warmup: < 6 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 2.0 W @ +25°C  
within  $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$  in 5 minutes, ref to 60 minute frequency @ +25°C

### 10 MHz

10 Hz	-118 dBc/Hz
100 Hz	-140 dBc/Hz
1 kHz	-150 dBc/Hz
10 kHz	-157 dBc/Hz
100 kHz	-158 dBc/Hz
1M kHz	-160 dBc/Hz

MODEL	OUTPUT
YH1310	Sine Wave
YH1311	Square Wave, CMOS

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: **YH1310 - N38 - 5.0 - 10.0 MHz**



### DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	1.420	36.07	1.620	41.15
B	1.060	26.92	1.260	32.00
C	0.516	13.11	0.542	13.77
D	0.026	0.66	0.032	0.81
E	0.230	5.84	0.260	6.60
F	0.032	0.81	0.034	0.86
G	0.350	8.89	0.360	9.14
H	0.700	17.78	0.710	18.03
I	1.000	25.40	1.010	25.65

### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC
2. Vref
3. SUPPLY VOLTAGE
4. OUTPUT
5. 0V & CASE GND



# YH1320

► LOW PHASE NOISE  
HCMOS OR SINE WAVE OUTPUT



**Frequency Output**

10.0 MHz to 120.0 MHz

YH1320: Square Wave, CMOS

YH1321: Sine Wave; +10 dBm min into 50Ω

-20 dBc

**Temp Range**

0°C to +50°C

-10°C to +60°C

-20°C to +70°C

-40°C to +85°C

**10 MHz Tol / Option**

± 0.01 ppm / B18

± 0.015 ppm / G158

± 0.02 ppm / N28

± 0.05 ppm / T58

**100 MHz Tol / Option**

± 0.05 ppm / B58

± 0.07 ppm / G78

± 0.1 ppm / N17

± 0.3 ppm / T37

**Aging**

**Frequency vs. Supply**

**Frequency Adjust**

**Input Voltage**

**Input Power**

**Warm-up Time**

**Phase Noise**

(Sine max)

± 1x10<sup>-7</sup> per year (10 MHz); ± 5x10<sup>-7</sup> per year (100 MHz)

± 5 x 10<sup>-9</sup> for a 5% change

± 1.0 ppm typ, positive slope; +0.5 to +5.0 V EFC

+15.0 VDC ± 5%, Option C; +12.0 VDC ± 5%, Option D

Warmup: < 6 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 2.5 W @ +25°C

within ± 5x10<sup>-8</sup> in 5 minutes, ref to 60 minute frequency @ +25°C

**10 MHz Std**

-125 dBc/Hz

**10 MHz Ultra-Low**

-128 dBc/Hz

**100 MHz Std**

-85 dBc/Hz

**100 MHz Ultra-Low**

-90 dBc/Hz

**10 Hz**

-100

-150

-160

-165

-165

**100 Hz**

-125

-155

-163

-168

-168

**1 kHz**

-125

-155

-163

-168

-168

**10 kHz**

-125

-155

-163

-168

-168

**100 kHz**

-125

-155

-163

-168

-168

**Environmental**

**Shock**

per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C

**Vibration**

per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond A

**MODEL**

**OUTPUT**

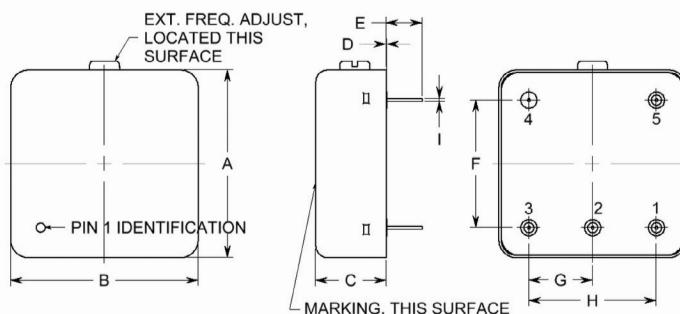
**YH1320**

Square Wave, CMOS

**YH1321**

Sine Wave (+10 dBm min into 50 ohms)

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Phase Noise - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: **YH1321 - N28 - UL - D - 10.0 MHz**



**PAD CONNECTIONS**

1. EFC
2. N/C
3. OUTPUT
4. 0V & CASE GND
5. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

**DIMENSIONS**

	TYP	MAX
DIM	in.	mm
A	2.000	50.80
B	2.000	50.80
C	0.750	19.05
D	NA	0.030
E	0.240	6.10
F	1.360	34.54
G	0.680	17.27
H	1.360	34.54
I	0.030	0.033
		0.84



# YH1322

► LOW PHASE NOISE OPTION  
SMA CONNECTOR



**Frequency Output Harmonics**  
**Temp Stability**  
(other stabilities available)

10.0 MHz to 120.0 MHz  
Sine Wave; +10 dBm min into 50Ω  
-20 dBc (Sine Wave)

Temp Range	10 MHz Tol / Option	100 MHz Tol / Option
0°C to +50°C	± 0.01 ppm / B18	± 0.05 ppm / B58
-10°C to +60°C	± 0.015 ppm / G158	± 0.07 ppm / G78
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.02 ppm / N28	± 0.1 ppm / N17
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.05 ppm / T58	± 0.3 ppm / T37

**Aging**  
**Frequency vs. Supply**  
**Frequency Adjust**  
**Input Voltage**  
**Input Power**  
**Warm-up Time**  
**Phase Noise**  
(Sine max)

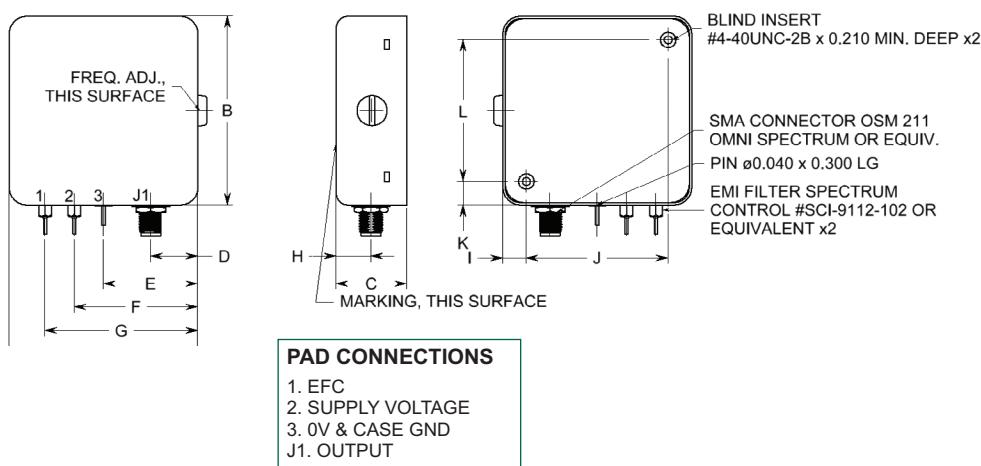
	10 MHz Std	10 MHz Ultra-Low	100 MHz Std	100 MHz Ultra-Low
10 Hz	-125 dBc/Hz	-128 dBc/Hz	-85 dBc/Hz	-90 dBc/Hz
100 Hz	-150 dBc/Hz	-155 dBc/Hz	-115 dBc/Hz	-120 dBc/Hz
1 kHz	-160 dBc/Hz	-163 dBc/Hz	-145 dBc/Hz	-150 dBc/Hz
10 kHz	-165 dBc/Hz	-168 dBc/Hz	-160 dBc/Hz	-165 dBc/Hz
100 kHz	-165 dBc/Hz	-168 dBc/Hz	-165 dBc/Hz	-165 dBc/Hz

## Envirionmentals

**Shock (optional)**  
**Vibration (optional)**

per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C  
per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond A

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Phase Noise - Frequency  
Example:  
**YH1322 - N17 - UL - 100.0 MHz**



## DIMENSIONS

	TYP	MAX
--	-----	-----

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	2.000	50.80	2.040	51.82
B	2.000	50.80	2.040	51.82
C	0.750	19.05	0.790	20.07
D	0.500	12.70	0.515	13.08
E	1.000	25.40	1.015	25.78
F	1.310	33.27	1.325	33.66
G	1.620	41.15	1.635	41.53
H	0.370	9.40	0.385	9.78
I	0.250	6.35	0.265	6.73
J	1.500	38.10	1.515	38.48
K	0.250	6.35	0.265	6.73
L	1.500	38.10	1.515	38.48



# YH1420

► MINIATURE DIP PACKAGE  
GOOD TEMP STABILITY



**Frequency**  
**Output**  
**Symmetry**  
**Harmonics**  
**Temp Stability**  
(other stabilities available)

10.0 MHz to 120.0 MHz  
Square Wave, CMOS  
 $50\% \pm 10\%$  (Square Wave)  
-20 dBc (Sine Wave)  
**Temp Range**      **SC Tolerance / Option**  
0°C to +60°C       $\pm 0.1$  ppm / G17  
-20°C to +70°C       $\pm 0.2$  ppm / N27  
-40°C to +85°C       $\pm 0.3$  ppm / T37



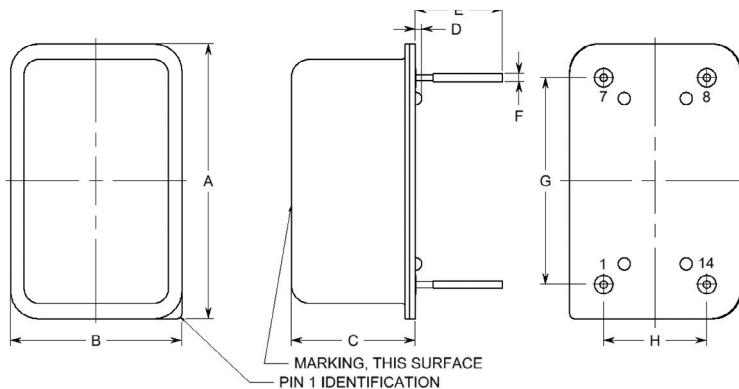
**Aging**  
**Frequency vs. Supply**  
**Frequency Adjust**  
**Input Voltage**  
**Input Power**  
**Phase Noise**

(typ @ 10 MHz)  
10 Hz      -110 dBc/Hz  
100 Hz      -135 dBc/Hz  
1 kHz      -155 dBc/Hz  
10 kHz      -158 dBc/Hz  
100 kHz      -158 dBc/Hz

< 0.5 ppm/yr  
 $\pm 3 \times 10^{-9}$  for a 5% change  
 $\pm 5.0$  ppm typ, positive slope; 0 to  $V_{\text{supply}}$  EFC  
+5.0 VDC or +3.3 VDC  
Warmup: < 3 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 1.0 W @ +25°C

MODEL	OUTPUT
YH1420	Square Wave, CMOS
YH1421	Sine Wave (0 dBm min into $50\ \Omega$ )

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: **YH1420 - N27 - 5.0 - 100.0 MHz**



## DIMENSIONS

	TYP	MAX
DIM	in.	mm
A	0.800	20.32
B	0.500	12.70
C	NA	NA
D	0.031	0.79
E	0.220	5.59
F	$\phi 0.018$	$\phi 0.46$
G	0.600	15.24
H	0.300	7.62
		0.305
		7.75

**PAD CONNECTIONS**  
1. EFC  
7. 0V & CASE GND  
8. OUTPUT  
14. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



# YH1440

► MINIATURE SMT PACKAGE  
STRATUM 3 COMPLIANT



**Frequency**  
**Output**  
**Harmonics**  
**Temp Stability**  
(other stabilities available)

10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz  
Square Wave, CMOS  
-20 dBc (Sine Wave)

**Temp Range**  
0°C to +50°C  
-10°C to +60°C  
-20°C to +70°C  
-40°C to +70°C

**SC Tolerance / Option**  
± 0.1 ppm / B17  
± 0.15 ppm / G157  
± 0.2 ppm / N27  
± 0.5 ppm / S57



**Aging**  
**Frequency vs. Supply**  
**Frequency Adjust**  
**Input Voltage**  
**Input Power**  
**Phase Noise**

(typ @ 100 MHz)

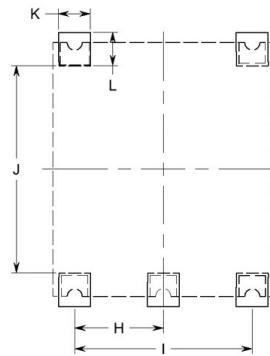
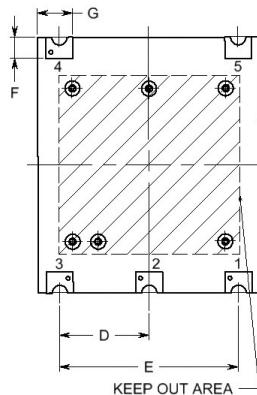
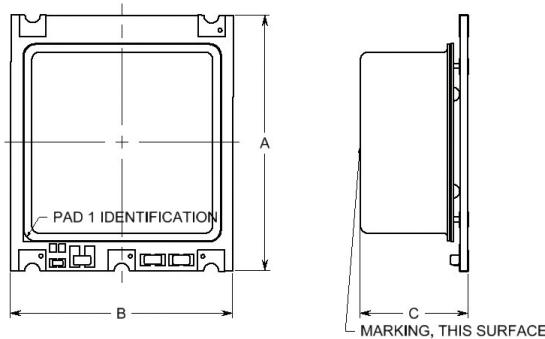
± 2 x 10<sup>-9</sup> per day after 30 days (10 MHz typ)  
± 3 x 10<sup>-9</sup> for a 5% change  
± 5.0 ppm typ, positive slope; 0 to +3.3 V or +5.0 V EFC  
+5.0 VDC, +3.3 VDC, +12.0 VDC and +15.0 VDC

Warmup: < 5 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 2.0 W max @ +25°C

10 Hz -80 dBc/Hz  
100 Hz -110 dBc/Hz  
1 kHz -140 dBc/Hz  
10 kHz -155 dBc/Hz  
100 kHz -160 dBc/Hz

MODEL	OUTPUT
YH1440	Square Wave, CMOS
YH1441	Sine Wave (0 dBm min into 50 Ω)

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: **YH1440 - N27 - 5.0 - 100.0 MHz**



**PAD CONNECTIONS**  
1. EFC  
2. N/C  
3. SUPPLY VOLTAGE  
4. OUTPUT  
5. 0V & CASE GND

## DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	1.000	25.40	1.020	25.91
B	0.870	22.10	0.890	22.61
C	NA	NA	0.450	11.40
D	0.350	8.90	0.360	9.14
E	0.700	17.78	0.710	18.03
F	0.082	2.08	NA	NA
G	0.105	2.67	NA	NA

## RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

## LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
H	0.350	8.90	NA	NA
I	0.700	17.78	NA	NA
J	0.817	20.75	NA	NA
K	0.126	3.20	NA	NA
L	0.132	3.35	NA	NA



# YH1460

► EXCELLENT TEMP STABILITY  
MINIATURE PACKAGE



## Frequency Output

10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz  
Sine Wave; +7 dBm ±2 dBm into 50 Ω;  
+4 dBm for a 3.3 V supply

## Harmonics Temp Stability

Temp Range	10 MHz Tol / Option	100 MHz Tol / Option
0°C to +50°C	± 0.01 ppm / B18	± 0.05 ppm / B58
-10°C to +60°C	± 0.01 ppm / G18	± 0.07 ppm / G78
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.02 ppm / N28	± 0.1 ppm / N17
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.02 ppm / T28	± 0.3 ppm / T37

## Aging Frequency vs. Supply Frequency Adjust Input Voltage

± 0.1 ppm/yr (10 MHz); ± 0.5 ppm/yr (100 MHz)  
 $\pm 1 \times 10^{-9}$  for a 5% change  
 ± 1.0 ppm typ, positive slope; +0.5 to +4.5 V EFC  
 +5.0 VDC, +3.3 VDC, +12.0 VDC and +15.0 VDC

## Input Power Warm-up Time Phase Noise

Note: specs are degraded for 3.3 V supply; available temp to -20 to +70°C  
 Warmup: < 5 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 1.5 W typ @ +25°C  
 within  $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$  in 5 minutes, ref to 60 minute frequency @ +25°C

### 10 MHz      100 MHz

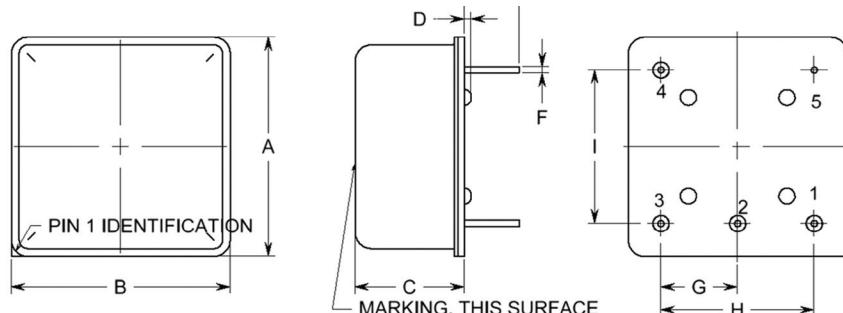
10 Hz	-125 dBc/Hz	-90 dBc/Hz
100 Hz	-145 dBc/Hz	-120 dBc/Hz
1 kHz	-155 dBc/Hz	-145 dBc/Hz
10 kHz	-160 dBc/Hz	-155 dBc/Hz
100 kHz	-160 dBc/Hz	-160 dBc/Hz

## Acceleration Sensitivity

$\leq 2 \times 10^{-9}/\text{g}$  worst axis (SD);  
 $\leq 5 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$  available with 0.6" high package (LG)

MODEL	OUTPUT
YH1460	Sine Wave
YH1461	Square Wave, CMOS

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sensitivity - Frequency  
 Example: YH1460 - N28 - 5.0 - LG - 10.0 MHz



### PAD CONNECTIONS

1. EFC
2. N/C
3. SUPPLY VOLTAGE
4. OUTPUT
5. OV & CASE GND

### DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	NA	NA	1.030	26.16
B	NA	NA	1.030	26.16
C	NA	NA	0.500	12.70
D	0.026	0.66	NA	NA
E	0.250	6.35	0.270	6.86
F	0.030	0.76	0.032	0.81
G	0.350	8.89	0.360	9.14
H	0.700	17.78	0.710	18.03
I	0.700	17.78	0.710	18.03



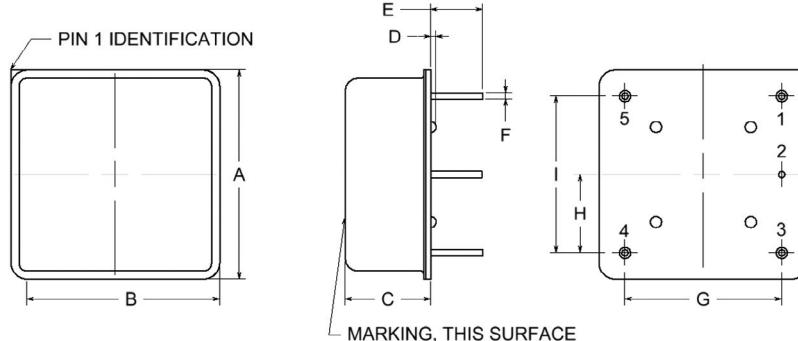
# YH1485

► ULTRA-LOW PHASE NOISE  
LOW G-SENSITIVITY OPTION



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz												
<b>Output</b>	Sine Wave; +10 dBm ± 2 dBm into 50 Ω												
<b>Harmonics</b>	-30 dBc												
<b>Spurious</b>	-80 dBc												
<b>Initial Accuracy</b>	within ± 0.25 ppm @ +25°C and +2.5 VDC EFC												
<b>Temp Stability</b>	<table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>Temp Range</th> <th>Tolerance / Option</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-20°C to +70°C</td> <td>± 0.05 ppm / N58</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-20°C to +70°C</td> <td>± 0.1 ppm / N17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 0.1 ppm / T17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40°C to +85°C</td> <td>± 0.3 ppm / T37</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Temp Range	Tolerance / Option	-20°C to +70°C	± 0.05 ppm / N58	-20°C to +70°C	± 0.1 ppm / N17	-40°C to +85°C	± 0.1 ppm / T17	-40°C to +85°C	± 0.3 ppm / T37		
Temp Range	Tolerance / Option												
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.05 ppm / N58												
-20°C to +70°C	± 0.1 ppm / N17												
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.1 ppm / T17												
-40°C to +85°C	± 0.3 ppm / T37												
<b>Aging</b>	< 0.1 ppm/yr; 0.5 ppm for 10 yrs (10 MHz); < 0.5 ppm/yr (100 MHz)												
<b>Frequency vs. Supply</b>	± 5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> for a 5% change												
<b>Frequency vs. Load</b>	± 5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> for a 10% change												
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	± 0.75 ppm typ, positive slope; 0 to +5 V, center @ +2.5 VDC												
<b>Input Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC, +3.3 VDC, +12.0 VDC and +15.0 VDC												
<b>Input Power</b>	Warmup: < 5 W for 5 minutes; Idle: < 2.0 W typ @ +25°C												
<b>Warm-up Time</b>	within ± 1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> in 5 minutes												
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ +25°C, static)	<table border="0"> <tbody> <tr> <td>10 Hz</td> <td>-128 dBc/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 Hz</td> <td>-152 dBc/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 kHz</td> <td>-165 dBc/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 kHz</td> <td>-173 dBc/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100 kHz</td> <td>-176 dBc/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 MHz</td> <td>-180 dBc/Hz</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	10 Hz	-128 dBc/Hz	100 Hz	-152 dBc/Hz	1 kHz	-165 dBc/Hz	10 kHz	-173 dBc/Hz	100 kHz	-176 dBc/Hz	1 MHz	-180 dBc/Hz
10 Hz	-128 dBc/Hz												
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1 kHz	-165 dBc/Hz												
10 kHz	-173 dBc/Hz												
100 kHz	-176 dBc/Hz												
1 MHz	-180 dBc/Hz												
<b>Acceleration Sensitivity</b>	< 1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> /g worst axis (SD), < 5 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> /g (LG)												
<b>Environmentals</b>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td><b>Shock</b></td> <td>per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Vibration</b></td> <td>per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond A</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>&amp; per MIL-STD-810, Meth 514, Cond A</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Shock</b>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C	<b>Vibration</b>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond A		& per MIL-STD-810, Meth 514, Cond A						
<b>Shock</b>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C												
<b>Vibration</b>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 204, Cond A												
	& per MIL-STD-810, Meth 514, Cond A												

For RFQ specify: Model - Stability - Supply Voltage - g-Sens - Frequency  
Example: YH1485 - T17 - 12.0 - LG - 100.0 MHz



DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.996	25.30	1.000	25.4
B	0.996	25.30	1.000	25.4
C	NA	NA	0.530	13.46
D	0.026	0.65	0.032	0.80
E	0.244	6.20	0.264	6.70
F	NA	NA	ø0.032	ø0.80
G	0.750	19.05	0.758	9.25
H	0.375	9.53	0.382	9.70
I	0.750	19.05	0.758	19.25

# N623

► ULTRA-LOW PHASE NOISE

# VCXO

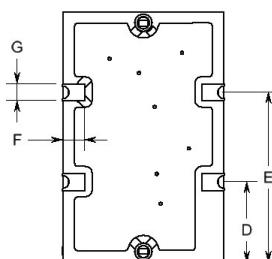
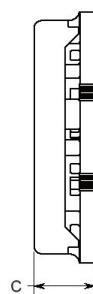
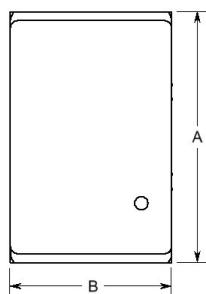


<b>Frequency</b>	100 MHz (25°C set point)	
<b>Absolute Pull Range</b>	$\pm 10 \text{ ppM}$ min for all conditions for 10 years	
<b>Frequency vs. Temp</b>	-40°C to +85° $\pm 15 \text{ ppM}$ typ	
<b>Frequency vs. Supply</b>	$\pm 0.25 \text{ V}$ ( $\pm 1 \text{ ppM}$ typ)	
<b>Aging</b>	<1 ppM/yr typ	
<b>EFC/Frequency Pull</b>	0 V to 5 V @25°C/ $\pm 30 \text{ ppM}$ typ	
<b>EFC Linearity</b>	EFC: 0.5 to 4.5 V; <10% typ	
<b>Output</b>	Sine Wave (50 Ω load typ)	
<b>Power Level</b>	+12 dBm typ; +9.5 dBm min, +14.5 dBm max	
<b>Harmonics</b>	-30 dBc	
<b>Input Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC typ, $\pm 5\%$	
<b>Supply Current</b>	30 mA	
<b>Phase Noise</b>		

	<b>TYP</b>	<b>MAX</b>
10 Hz	-85 dBc/Hz	-80 dBc/Hz
100 Hz	-115 dBc/Hz	-110 dBc/Hz
1 kHz	-140 dBc/Hz	-135 dBc/Hz
10 kHz	-162 dBc/Hz	-158 dBc/Hz
100 kHz	-173 dBc/Hz	-170 dBc/Hz
1 M	-175 dBc/Hz	-173 dBc/Hz

<b>Envirormentals</b>	Operating Temp Range	-40 to +85 °C
	Storage Temp Range	-45 to +95 °C
	Random Vibration:	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 214, Cond A
	Mechanical Shock:	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C

For RFQ specify: Model - Frequency  
Example: **N623 - 100.0 MHz**



**PAD CONNECTIONS**

1. EFC
2. GND
3. OUTPUT
4. VDD

<b>DIMENSIONS</b>		<b>TYP</b>	<b>MAX</b>	
DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.560	14.22	0.570	14.47
B	0.360	9.14	0.370	9.39
C	0.136	3.45	0.146	3.70
D	0.180	4.57	0.190	4.82
E	0.380	9.65	0.390	9.90
F	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
G	0.038	0.97	NA	NA



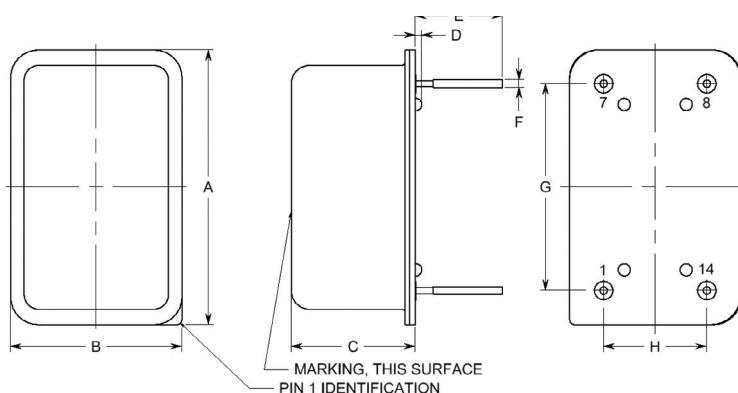
# Y1600

► GOOD PHASE NOISE PERFORMANCE  
RUGGED, COMPACT PACKAGE



<b>Frequency</b>	10.0 MHz to 100.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	HCMOS		
<b>Load</b>	10 to 15 pF		
<b>Symmetry</b>	$50\% \pm 5\%$		
<b>Temp Stability</b>	<b>Temp Range</b>	<b>Tolerance</b>	<b>Option</b>
	0°C to +50°C	$\pm 5.0$ ppm	B56
	-20°C to +70°C	$\pm 10.0$ ppm	N106
	-40°C to +85°C	$\pm 15.0$ ppm	T156
<b>Initial Accuracy</b>	within $\pm 3$ ppM of nominal @ +2.5 V EFC		
<b>Aging</b>	$<\pm 1$ ppM 1st year; $<3$ ppM for 10 yrs (10 MHz)		
<b>Input Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC $\pm 5\%$		
<b>Input Current</b>	< 15 mA (10 MHz)		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 10 MHz)	10 Hz	-105 dBc/Hz	
	100 Hz	-135 dBc/Hz	
	1 kHz	-155 dBc/Hz	
	10 kHz	-160 dBc/Hz	
	100 kHz	-162 dBc/Hz	
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	$\pm 10$ ppM typ; positive slope 0.5 V to +4.5 V EFC		
<b>Environmentals</b>	<i>Random Vibration</i>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 214, Cond IA	
	<i>Shock</i>	per MIL-STD-202, Meth 213, Cond C	
	<i>Storage Temp</i>	-55°C to +85°C	

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Supply Voltage - Frequency  
Example: Y1600 - N106 - 5.0 - 10.0 MHz



## DIMENSIONS

### TYP MAX

DIM	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.800	20.32	0.820	20.83
B	0.500	12.70	0.520	13.21
C	NA	NA	0.370	9.40
D	0.031	0.79	0.036	0.91
E	0.220	5.59	0.240	6.10
F	$\varnothing 0.018$	$\varnothing 0.46$	$\varnothing 0.023$	$\varnothing 0.58$
G	0.600	15.24	0.605	15.37
H	0.300	7.62	0.305	7.75

**PAD CONNECTIONS**

- 1. EFC
- 7. 0V & CASE GND
- 8. OUTPUT
- 14. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



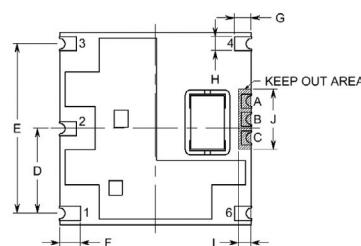
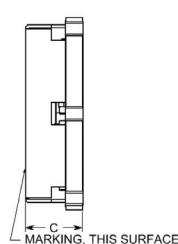
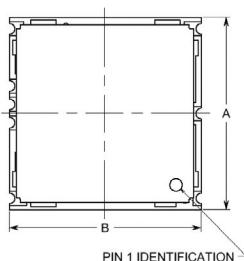
# Y1631

► EXCELLENT PHASE NOISE PERFORMANCE  
ULTRA-LOW G-SENSITIVITY

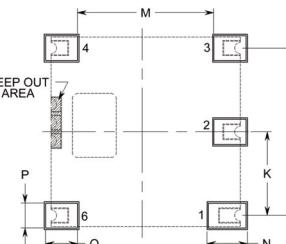


<b>Frequency</b>	60.0 MHz to 130.0 MHz		
<b>Output</b>	Sinewave		
<b>Load</b>	50 Ω typ		
<b>Output Level</b>	+10 dBm min into 50 Ω load		
<b>Harmonic &amp; Subs</b>	-45 dBc max		
<b>Spurious</b>	-90 dBc max		
<b>Temp Stability</b>	<b>Temp Range</b> -20°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	<b>Tolerance</b> ± 15.0 ppm ± 20.0 ppm	<b>Option</b> N T
<b>Initial Accuracy</b>	within ±3 ppM of nominal @ +2.5 V EFC		
<b>Aging</b>	<±2 ppM 1st year; <10 ppM for 10 yrs		
<b>Input Voltage</b>	+5.0 VDC ± 5%		
<b>Input Current</b>	30 mA max		
<b>Phase Noise</b> (typ @ 60 MHz)	10 Hz -83 dBc/Hz 100 Hz -120 dBc/Hz 1 kHz -149 dBc/Hz 10 kHz -160 dBc/Hz 100 kHz -167 dBc/Hz 1 kHz -170 dBc/Hz		
<b>Frequency Adjust</b>	±10 ppM typ; positive slope 0.5 V to +4.5 V EFC		
<b>Environmental</b>	<i>Random Vibration</i> per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 214, Cond IA (0.3 PSD, 20.7G RMS) <i>Shock</i> per MIL-STD-202F, Meth 213K, Cond C (30 g peak sawtooth, 11 mS) <i>Storage Temp</i> -55°C to +105°C		

For RFQ specify: Model - Temp Stability - Frequency  
Example: Y1631 - N - 60.0 MHz



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
A	0.680	17.27	0.695	17.63
B	0.680	17.27	0.695	17.63
C	0.200	5.08	0.215	5.46
D	0.300	7.62	0.315	8.00
E	0.600	15.24	0.615	15.62
F	0.075	1.91	NA	NA
G	0.060	1.52	NA	NA
H	0.050	1.27	NA	NA
I	0.045	1.14	NA	NA
J	0.212	5.38	0.227	5.77

PAD CONNECTIONS

- 1. OUTPUT
- 2. N/C
- 3. SUPPLY
- 4. OUTPUT
- 6. 0V & CASE GND
- A. SCLK (Internal Use Only)
- B. DIO (Internal Use Only)
- C. CS (Internal Use Only)

LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

DIM	TYP		MAX	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
K	0.300	5.62	NA	NA
L	0.600	15.24	NA	NA
M	0.490	12.45	NA	NA
N	0.145	3.68	NA	NA
O	0.115	2.92	NA	NA
P	0.090	2.29	NA	NA



frequency control solutions

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