CORPORATION OF A Halliburin Company

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PROJECT FOR
PERFORMANCE OF
REMEDIAL RESPONSE ACTIVITIES AT
UNCONTROLLED HAZARDOUS
SUBSTANCE FACILITIES—ZONE 1

NUS CORPORATION SUPERFUND DIVISION

R-585-10-4-26 SITE INSPECTION OF NCR CORPORATION PREPARED UNDER

TDD No. F3-8409-14 EPA NO. DE-042 CONTRACT NO. 68-01-6699

FOR THE

HAZARDOUS SITE CONTROL DIVISION U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

JANUARY 15, 1984

NUS CORPORATION SUPERFUND DIVISION

SUBMITTED BY

STEPHEN MCMAHON GEOLOGIST

REVIEWED BY

RICHARD CROMER ASST. MANAGER

GARTH GLENN MANAGER, FIT III

APPROVED BY

# Site Name: NCR Corporation TDD No.: F3-8409-14

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1.0 LIST OF REFERENCES

ORIGINAL (F-a)

SECTION 1

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### I-1" Authorization

NUS Corporation performed this work under Environmental Protection Agency Contract No. 68-01-6699. This specific report was prepared in accordance with Technical Directive Document No. F3-8409-14 for the NCR Site located in Millsboro, Delaware.

#### 1.2 Scope of Work

NUS FIT III was requested to perform a desk-top site inspection using available information of the site. Pursuant to this task, information from "A Preliminary Assessment of NCR," conducted by the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC), Solid Waste Branch, dated April 1984, and "Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report for NCR Corporation," by Richard E. Sacks, Geologist, detz, Converse, Murdock (3CM) Eastern, Inc. (One Plymouth Meeting Mall, Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania 19462), dated March 1984, was reviewed, as were state and EPA records and files regarding the site.

## 1.3 Summary

NCR, or National Cash Register, operated a manufacturing plant southeast of Millsboro, Delaware until its closure in November 1981. The company had an electroplating facility which used heavy metals (including chromium and lead), as well as degreasing material such as Trichloroethylene (TCE). The operation was started in October 1967. It changed from manufacturing to assembly only from 1974 until 1979. The electroplating operation was subsequently discontinued.<sup>5</sup>

The plating process, which was part of the NCR operation, produced a chromium-bearing wastewater, which was treated onsite near the northeast corner of the plant. The wastes were diluted and caustic soda was added to them. The waste then settled in the 3 cement-lined 30,000 gallon lagoons. The supernatant was discharged into a drainage ditch, which emptied into the Iron Branch Creek. AR 100349

The electroplating sludge lagoons were cleaned out in 1974 and the contents were disposed of in an on-site 10 x 20 foot benonite and polyeutrethane lined pit (based on conversations with NCR, not field confirmed). Only 1 lagoon has been used for collection and discharge of cooling water since 1978. The other lagoons have been idle since 1978. At the end of July 1978, the lagoons were decontaminated and cleaned out by Clean America. The wastes were hauled by AT&T to the daltimore facility of American Recovery.

In November 1981, the property was sold to First National Bank of Maryland. The building and property are presently referred to as First Freedom. NCR agreed to be responsible for groundwater monitoring and testing, and for any existing contaminants produced by their manufacturing facility. DCM was retained by NCR to perform the quarterly groundwater monitoring associated with the closure of the plant.

The initial causes for concern were the results of the groundwater monitoring, which showed high chromium levels in 1 of the monitoring wells in February and March 1981.

After April 1983, the main concern at the site became the presence of elevated TCE concentrations in the groundwater at the northeast corner of the property. BCM continued an investigation of the possible sources and of the extent of TCE contamination in the groundwater. They have currently (April 1984) issued detailed reports on the TCE and chromium contamination in the groundwater at the site. The latest known sampling was done between January 3 and 5, 1984. The monitoring wells contain significant amounts of 2 chlorinated ethylenes, trans 1, 2-di-chloroethylene TDE and tri-chloroethylene TCE.

ACM has collected much of their data for the reports from the 22 monitoring wells presently on the site. (See appendix A, figure 1 and table 3 for dimension and contruction details.) From these they have been able to track the location, and to some degree, the extent of the TCE plume. The plume is presently moving northeast from the northeast corner of the building, where concentrations have been found to been highest. TCE contaminated groundwater has reached, and is flowing into, Iron Branch, as revealed by stream sampling there. AR 100350

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SECTION 2

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#### 2.0 THE SITE

#### 2.1 Location

The site is located approximately 1/2 mile southeast of the town of Milisboro, Sussex County, in south central Delaware. The site is bordered on the west and south by Route 113. To the northwest is Iron branch, and to the east are agricultural areas and Wharton's branch.

#### 2.2 Site Layout

The plating process, which was part of the NCR operation, produced a chromium-bearing wastewater. This wastewater was treated onsite near the northeast corner of the plant. Sludge produced by this treatment was disposed of in an unlined pit near the center of the northeastern property line. There were 3 cement-lined storage lagoons on site.

After April 1983, the main concern at the site shifted to the presence of elevated TCE concentrations in the groundwater at the northeast corner of the property. At present, there are 22 monitoring wells on the site (refer to appendix 6, figure 1.4, for location of building and monitoring wells).

#### 2.3 Ownership History

NCR owned the property until November 1981, when it was sold to the First National pank of Maryland. The address of the current owner is First National pank of Maryland, P.O. Box 1596, Baltimore, Maryland 21203. The phone number is (301) 244-4480.

## 2.4 Site Use History

## Chronology

October 1967	The plant opened, using the electroplating process.
1967-1974	flectroplating wastes were buried onsite in bentonite-
	lined pits.
1974-1979	Electroplating was discontinued.
January 26, 1981	The DNREC received notification of nazardous waste activities.
February & March 1981	Well monitoring showed high levels of chromium.
July 1981	The lagoons were cleaned and decontaminated.
August 10, 1981	A site inspection was conducted under the Uncontrolled Site Program and RCRA.
August 12, 1981	The DNREC received "Closure Plan" from NCR.
September 2, 1981	The drums were removed.
September 21, 1981	The old disposal pit was excavated.
September 25, 1981	The storage area was cleaned and decontaininated.
October 21, 1981	The DNREC received "Professional Engineer's
	Certification of Closure" and "Hazardous Waste Site
	Investigation Report".
November 12, 1951	Four new groundwater monitoring wells were installed.
November 30, 1981	The groundwater monitoring program was initiated.
December 9, 1981	The plant was closed.
March 1952	Four new groundwater monitoring wells were installed (total of 13 wells).
April 1983	TCE concentrations became a concern.
November 1983	Soil sampling was conducted by BCM.
December 1983	Seven new monitoring wells were installed to study TCE plume.
January 1984	Stream sampling was conducted in Iron branch by BCM. TCE contamination was found.
April 1984	BCM issued reports on TCE. Chromium contamination
•	testing continues.
July 3, 1984	The DNREC visits the NCR facility, 2 AR 100353

## 2.5 Permit and Regulatory Action History

Permits:

theif

1980 NPDES Perinit No. 0000353 renewal, Process changed.
1981 NPDES Perinit No. 0000353 Void - Plant Closure. RCRA Perinit Closed October 1981.

Well Permit No. 30081/1973 Industrial.

## 2.6 Remedial Action To Date

The sludge produced by the treatment of the chromium-bearing wastewater was excavated and removed in October 1981. The toxic (chromium) material in 2 of the 3 concrete lagoons was drained and snipped to American Recovery. 2

Since the depth of the TCE plume and its precise source have yet to be determined, the potential environmental impact of the TCE cannot be fully assessed. Due to this uncertainty, an additional investigatory phase will be implemented by pCM to determine the following:

- o The contaminant source
- o The vertical extent of TCE migration
- The concentration profile of the TCE plume, in order to verify the observed data, and to estimate the temporal characteristics of the plume
- o The migration and discharge pattern of the TCE plume

NCR has agreed to be responsible for groundwater monitoring and testing for any existing contaminants produced by their facility. 5 BCM has been retained by NCR to perform the quarterly groundwater monitoring associated with the closure points.

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SECTION 3

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#### 3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

#### 3.1 Water Supply

NCR utilized 3 production wells. One was not used afer 1969. Well no. 3 was inoperative after 1978. Presently, First Freedom Corporation is  $\underset{h \in \mathcal{P}}{\text{Well no. 3}}$  whillsboro's municipal water for their drinking water. Water is being drawn from 1 of the operating production wells to be used in the cooling unit. It does not come into contact with the drinking water. Areas adjacent to the site receive Millsboro municipal water. Millsboro's supply wells are located 1 mile northwest of the NCR site, near the center of town.

The inunicipal water supply is drawn from 3 wells. The depth of the wells are 35 feet, 85 feet, and 180 feet. The population served is approximately 1,300.6 Pumping capacity for the 2, 85 feet deep wells is 250 (gpm) and 350 (gpm).

The inunicipal water supply lines extend approximately 1 inile from source; therefore, many private wells are used in the area. One private drinking water well is located 100 feet south of the NCR property line and is 65 feet deep. No further information is available on local private wells.

#### 3.2 Surface Waters

Iron branch, the closest source of fresh surface water, flows on the northwest, north, and northeast edges of the NCR site. Iron branch has a watershed that is 8 square miles. Iron branch joins Wharton's Branch and flows to Indian River, a tidal estuary. The section of Iron branch near the plant site receives groundwater discharge from the direction of the plant. Recent stream sampling by bCM (January 4, 1984) revealed high concentrations of TCE in Iron Branch northeast of the facility (see appendix b, table no. 1). Historical, water quality problems exist in Indian River with severe fecal coliform exceedences and minor D.O. depressions.

Site Name: NOR Consonation TDD Note (3-64-9-1)

Surface where samples taken at 11 locations on Iron branch were also analyzed for the 601 perios of purgeable halocarbons (see appendix 5, figure 2 for sampling locations). Concentrations of TCE ranged from a highest concentration of 1,450 ug/1 to less than 190 ug/1. Three samples had concentrations between 100 to 1,000 ug/1. Trans-1,2-dichloroethene was present in all but one of the stream samples.

Six other purgeable halocarbons were present at concentrations between the detection limit and 30 mg/l (see appendix  $\delta$ , table no. 1). <sup>1</sup>

#### 3.3 Geology and Soils

The site, located in the Atlantic Coastal Plain Province, is undertain by unconsolidated sediments of Quaternary, Tertiary, Cretaceous, and possibly Triassic age. These sediments rest on a basement complex of igneous and metamorphic rock composed of gneiss, schist, and gabbro, which occurs at a depth of between 4,200 and 7,800 feet.

The 2 uppermost series of sedimentary deposits, the Pleistocene Columbia Group and the Miocene Chesapeake Group, are of primary interest to this investigation. In the Millsporo area, the Columbia and the Chesapeake Groups are approximately 100 and 1,000 feet thick, respectively.

The Colombia Group, which is exposed at the site, unconformably overlies the Chesapeake Group, and is generally composed of fine-to-coarse, moderately sorted quartz sand, with considerable amounts of gravel. Thin interbeds of silt are present in some areas. Sediments of the Columbia Group are usually yellow to reddish-brown.

Miocene sediments from the Chesapeake group consist of predominantly gray and bluish-gray silt, containing beds of gray, fine-to-medium sand, and some shell beds. I

Site Name: <u>NCR Corporation</u> TDD No.: <u>#3-3469-14</u>

borings in contoring vell installation and soil sampling at the site indicate that the property is underlain by fine-to-coarse sand and gravel of the Columbia Group. (Boring logs are included in Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan, which are included in appendix C.) Clay layers of up to several feet in thickness were present in some borings. None of these borings were deep enough to encounter Chesapeake Group sediments. <sup>1</sup>

Selected soil samples from borings in the northern section of the former NCR facility were analyzed for TCE, perchloroethylene, and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The results from these analyses indicate that TCE and perchloroethylene are present in most of the samples at concentrations between 0.01 and 5.8 mg/kg (ppm). <sup>1</sup>

#### 3.4 Groundwaters

Shallow groundwater beneath the site is contained in interconnected pores within the sand and gravel of the Columbia Group, and is under water table conditions. The water table does not remain at a fixed elevation, but fluctuates in response to seasonal changes in groundwater recharge. There is an annual variation of approximately 2 to 4 feet. The average depth of the water table is 12-13 feet below grade. Groundwater flows slowly downward and laterally toward areas of lower elevation or lower hydraulic potential.

The shallow groundwater flowing beneath the site is apparently discharged to Iron Branch, a tributary of the Indian River, along a zone northeast of the former NCR facility. The confluence of Iron Branch and Wharton's Branch is approximately 1/4 to 1/2 mile downstream from this area. Beyond this point they flow northeasterly to the Indian River. A deeper component of the groundwater may flow beneath the Iron Branch, directly to the Indian River.

Data from a pump test conducted on well no. 12 was used to calculate the transmissivity and storativity of the water table aquifer. These values were determined to be 3,820 gallons/day/foot, and 0.184 (dimensionless), respectively. With this information, the hydraulic conductivity was estimated from:

wherei

T = transmissivity, gal/day/ft (3,820 gal/day/ft)
b = saturated thickness of the aquifer, ft (30 ft)
K = hydraulic conductivity, cu ft/sq ft/day

The hydraulic conductivity, which was determined to be 127 ft/day, was then used to calculate the linear (seepage) velocity of groundwater flow from:

V≈ Ki/n

where:

V = velocity, ft/day

K = hydraulic conductivity, cu ft/sq ft/day (127 ft/day)
i = hydraulic gradient, ft/ft

n = effective porosity, au ft/au ft

Assuming that an effective porosity of 35 percent and a hydraulic gradient of 3.2 x  $10^{-3}$ , linear velocity was estimated at 1.2 ft/day. <sup>1</sup>

The main aquifer in the study area is the Columbia Group which, based on well logs in references no. 3, appendix A, consists of fine-coarse sand with gravel and discontinous 3 to 9 foot thick clay layers, 4 to 10 feet below grade.<sup>3</sup>

While maximum thickness of the Columbia Group is not known, a structure contour map of the base of the Columbia (Pleistocene) deposits in Delaware, indicates the base of the Columbia in the Millsboro area is approximately 80 to 90 feet below grade. The presence and nature of a hydrologic connection between the Columbia Group and underlying units cannot be determined with available data. Differentiation between the Columbia deposits and underlying Miocene sands is difficult. Hydrologically, the 2 units act as a single water table aquifer. 7

Site Name: <u>NGR Corpora</u>
TDD Not: (3-5459-1)

(6)
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Groundwater samples taken on January 3 and 5, 1984, from 16 monitoring wells at the former NCR facility, were analyzed for the 691 series of purgeable halocarbons (see appendix 5, table no. 2). Samples from well nos. 20, 3, and 12 were found to have TCE concentrations greater than 1,000 ug/l (ppb). Those from well nos. 9, 13, and 21 had concentrations between 100 and 1,000 ug/l. All other monitoring wells sampled had TCE concentrations less than 100 ug/l. Trans-1,2-dichloroethene was present in lesser amounts, with the highest concentrations occurring in well nos. 8, 20, and 21. Low concentrations of several other organic compounds were also found in some of the wells. 1

## 3.5 Climate Meteorology

Sussex County has a temperate, rather humid, climate. Precipitation exceeds evapotranspiration in the county. Temperatures range from a high of 86°F in July, to a low of 25°F in January and February. The average precipitation is 88.5 inches per year.

#### 3.6 Land Use

To the north of the NCR site are the Conrail tracks, Iron branch, agricultural areas, woodlands, and 1/2 mile away, low density housing. Northwest, 1/2 to 1 mile, is the town of Millsboro, Delaware. To the west is Route 113, Iron Branch, and low density housing. To the south is Route 113 and a roadside business district. To the east are the Conrail tracks, agricultural areas, and Wharton's Branch.

#### 3.7 Population Distribution

The site lies just south and east of Millsporo, Delaware, which had a population of 1,233 in  $1780, \frac{2}{}$ 

#### 3.8 Critical Environments

The site borders the Iron Branch. Since groundwater flow is in a northeastern 360 direction, TCE contaminated groundwater could potentially reach this area. Iron branch is recognized by the federal government as a wetlands area.

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SECTION 4

Site Name: <u>NCR Corporation</u> TDD Not: <u>63-8499-1+</u>

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#### 4.0 WASTE TYPES AND QUANTITIES

Through monitoring and sampling procedures, evidence has been found of chromium (total), chromium (hexavalent), trans-1,2-dichloroethylene and trichloroethylene (TCE) contamination in the soil and water around the NCR site.

The TCE contamination and its extent is of primary concern. To date, the exact depth of the TCE plurne and extent, if any, of the deeper aquifer contamination is not known.

The volume of waste sludge treated in lagoons and later disposed of in an on-site pit is unknown. It is known, however, that the 60 drums of waste flux, freon, and solvents have been removed. Also, the lagoons have been cleaned and decontaminated. The extent and quality of decontamination is not available at this time. The cleaning and decontamination of the lagoons was done by Clean America. The drums and remaining waste were hauled away by AT&T, and disposed of at the baltimore facility of American Recovery.

ORIGINAL

SECTION 5

<b>⊕EPA</b>	CITE IN	IAZARDOUS WASTE SITE BPECTION REPORT AZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDEN	I IDENTIFIE OF A	
II. HAZARDOUS COND	ITIONS AND INCIDENTS	(hed)		
01 D. A. GROUNDWATE 03 POPULATION POTE	ER CONTAMINATION	02 CKOBSERVED (CIATE 2/81/3/81) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	D POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
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01 DB SURFACE WAT 03 POPULATION POTEN		02 C OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	C POTENTIAL	X ALLEGED
Workers observe	ed TCE spills occassional	lly.		
01 C C CONTAMINATI		02 C OBSERVEDIDATE	C POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
N/A				
01 C D FIRE-EXPLOSION POTEN		02 C OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	C POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
N/A				
01 C E DIRECT CONTI 03 POPULATION POTER		02 C OBSERVED (DATE	C POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
N/A				
01 C F CONTAMINATE		02 I OBSERVED (DATE	C POTENTIAL	X ALLEGED
High levels of c		ted in soil. Workers observed	spilling of TCI	E periodically
01 C.G. DRINKING WAT	TIALLY AFFECTED	02 C OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	X POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED
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D POTENTIAL

D POTENTIAL

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N/A

01 DH. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED.

01 DI POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED.

#### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

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DE 42

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1 C L CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 7 OBSERVED (DATE)	" POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
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1 C M UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES 1840 Aunt Suppression Learne (Unit) 3 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 C OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	C POTENTIAL	X ALLEGED
Chromium contained in unlined pit	s. Workers' observation of TCE spi	lled on groun	d. ,
1 I N DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY	02 T OBSERVED (DATE)	<b>☼</b> POTENTIAL	I ALLEGED
1 C O CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS STORM DRAINS 4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	WWTPs 02 COBSERVED (DATE	I POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
N/A			
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N/A  DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, O		C POTENTIAL	Z ALLEGED
N/A  DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, O  N/A  TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	A ALLEGED HAZARDS	© POTENTIAL	Z ALLEGED
I C P ILLEGALIUNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 4 MARRATIVE DESCRIPTION  N/A 5 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, O  N/A  TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: , COMMENTS	A ALLEGED HAZARDS	POTENTIAL	- ALLEGED
N/A  DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, O  N/A  TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	A ALLEGED HAZARDS	POTENTIAL	E ALLEGED

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XD.G. STATE (Souther						
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		İ			l	
XII OTHER NOW! Well permit	30081/1973	197	3		industria	1
DJ NONE						
III. SITE DESCRIPTION					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
☐ B PILES ☐ C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND ☐ D TANK, ABOVE GROUND ☐ E TANK, BELOW GROUND ☐ F. LANDFILL ☐ G LANDFARM ☐ H. OPEN DUMP ☐ I OTHER ☐ (\$60674)			DC DD. DE. DF.	UNDERGROUND INJI CHEMICAL PHYSICA BIOLOGICAL WASTE OIL PROCES SOLVENT RECOVER OTHER RECYCLING  (HA	al Sing Y	X A. BUILDINGS ON SITE FORMER NCR facilly on AREA OF SITE 58 (ALPRA)
Y, CONTAINMENT 1) CONTAMMENT OF WASTES/CONCE COM,  D A ADEQUATE, SECURE CO	S B MODERATE		ADEQL	IATE, POOR	D D MSECUI	RE, UNSOUND. DANGEROUS

V. ACCESSIBILITY

GI WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE X YES NO 02 COMMENTS

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Can apositic references, any pieto flora parties amongs amongs.

Preliminary Assessment of NCR by Delaware DNREC, Solid Waste Branch, Andrew Leitzinger and Robert Pickert

•	
W	EPA.

#### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION
01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER
DE 42

PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA M. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY O1 TYPE OF DIMINUNG BUPPLY DZ STATUS DO DISTANCE TO SITE BURFACE WELL ENDANGERED AFFECTED MONITORED COMMUNITY A. 🗆 вX A. 🛣 8. 🛛 C. 🗅 lim). NON-COMMUNITY C. 🗅 **D**. 🗀 €. 🗆 F. O 0.0 В .(mı) بالمئيد M. GROUNDWATER OI ORCHIMINATER LISE IN VICINITY (Creek pro) C: 1,000 D C COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, INPROATION DD NOTUSED, UNUSEABLE E B DRINKING III A DILLY BOLIFICE FOR DRINKING. COMMERCIAL MOUSTRIAL, PRINGATION 02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WATER ADDIOX. 1,300 OS DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER WELL 100 feet (mi) 04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER 05 DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW OF CONCERN OF AQUEER DR SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER CYES XNO 12-13 12-13 3,820 gdf (god) northeast OB DESCRIPTION OF WELLS including viewing yours, and sociation returns to propulation and budgings; There are currently 3 municipal wells serving Millsboro and its surrounding area. The wells are approximately 85 feet, 85 feet, and 180 feet deep. Population served is approximately 1,300. The area served is approximately 2 miles from the wells. As a result, many local private wells. are in the area. 10 RECHARGE AREA 11 DISCHARGE AREA Yes counties DNO Water flows generally to the northeast. Discharges into Iron Branch then Indian C YES C NO IV. SURFACE WATER DI SURFACE WATER USE (Checa one) X A. RESERVOIR, RECREATION DRINKING WATER SOURCE E B IRRIGATION, ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT RESOURCES C COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL C D NOT CURRENTLY USED OZ AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BODIES OF WATER NAME AFFECTED DISTANCE TO SITE Iron Branch 200 feet (mil Wharton's Branch 500 feet (ma Indian River approx. V. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERTY INFORMATION D1 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN 02 DISTANCE TO MEAREST POPULATION ONE (1) MILE OF SITE TWO (2) MILES OF SITE THREE (3) MILES OF SITE A 361 MO OF PERSONS from border of facility B 2736 C. 4.780 O3 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2) MILES OF SITE 04 DISTANCE TO NEAREST OFF-SITE BUILDING

OS POPULATION WITHIN VICENTY OF SITE (Provide namerie description of neture of population within receip of size, e.g., next, relative demonstrative area.

933

Area within 1 mile of the site is a sparsely populated rural area. The town of Milisboro is approximately 1.5 miles northwest of the site, with a population of 1,233 (in 1980). The town of Dagsboro is approximately 2 miles southeast of the site, with a population of 1,040 (in 1980 census).

AR100367

< 100 feet

<b>&amp;EPA</b>		LIDENTIFICATION					
VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMA	TION		<del></del>			(////	<del>'}</del>
OI PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED 2							
□ A. 10 <sup>-8</sup> - 10 <sup>-</sup>	a cm/sec	□ 8. 10*4 = 10*6 cm/sec □	) C. 10~4 ~ 10~3 om	/sec ⊠ D.GRE/	ATER THAN 1	10-3 cm/sec	
D2 PERMÉABILITY OF BEDROCK (CASE)  [] A. RAPERM (Less plan)		N/A - too de	BED C. RELATIVE	Y PERMEABLE	D VERY	PERMEABLE Pon 10" 4 cm (44)	
93 DEPTH TO SEDROCK	H DEPTH C	of contaminated soil zone	05 80% pt	T			
4,200-7,800 (n)	•	unknown (h)	_N//	<u> </u>			
OB NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEA	AR 24 HOUR RAINFALL	OB SLOPE SITE SLOPE	DIRECTION OF 5	UTF SI ORF	TERRAIN AVER	AGE SI ODI
44,5 (m)		3.0 (n)	< 3	northwe		N/A	
09 FLOOD POTENTIAL	·	10	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
SITE IS IN 100 YEAR FLO	ODPLAIN	C SITE IS ON BARR	IER ISLAND, COASTA	IL HIGH HAZARD A	VREA, RIVER	INE FLOODWAY	
11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS IS ATTRIBUTE	<b>V</b> 0,	<del> </del>	12 DISTANCE TO CAN	ICAL HABITAT IN M	tenga ras passas	,	
ESTUARINE		OTHER				. (mi)	
A _ < 1/2 (m)	8.	(mi)	ENDANGER	D SPECIES			
13 LAND LISE IN VICINITY							
DISTANCE TO		RESIDENTIAL AREAS NATIO	NAL/STATE PARKS		AGRICULTU	IRAL LANDS	
COMMERCIALINDUSTR	IIAL	FORESTS, OR WILDLI	E RESERVES	PRIME A	GLAND	AGLAN	ID
A <u>&lt; 1</u> (m)		в < 1/2	(mi)	c	(mı)	p < 1	(mi)
14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION	TO SURROUN	DING TOPOGRAPHY					
Flat costal plain							
*							

VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cresponde interiores) of a state their particular industrial

Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report for NCR Corp. by Richard E. Sacks of Betz, Converse, and Murdoch Eastern, Inc., dated 3/22/84

A Preliminary Assessment of NCR Corp, prepared by Delaware DNREC, Solid Waste Branch, dated  $6/84\,$ 

EPA FORM 2070-13(1-81)

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#### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 6 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

I IDENTIFICATION
OI STATE OF MITE NUMBER
DE 42

N. SAMPLES TAX	EN			
BAMPLE TYPE		01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO	03 ESTIMATED DATE PESSATS AVALABLE
GROUNDWATER			Continuing investigation by Betz, Converse, and	
BURFACE WATE	R		Murdoch Eastern, Inc.	
WASTE				
AFI			ORIGINAL	
RUNOFF			(1:64)	
SPILL				
SOIL				
VEGETATION		<u> </u>		
OTHER			* Sampling done by Betz, Converse, and Murdoch	
III. PIELD MEASU	REMENTS TA	KEN	und PARSE	
O1 TYPE		02 COMMENTS		•
<u> </u>				
		NO ON-	SITE WORK	
		<u> </u>		
				,
IV. PHOTOGRAPH	S AND MAPS			
OI TYPE GROUP	ND D AERIAL		02 IN CUSTODY OF	
O) MAPS  D YES  D NO	04 LOCATION	OF MAPS	Name in hither time is an order	
	ATA COLLE	CTED Provide necessive per	Hrapion,	
N/A				

IN/A

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CONSOCIAL INTOINCES IN A SHIP FOR SAMPLE AMOUNT PROPERTY.)

Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report by Richard E. Sacks of Betz, Converse, and Murdoch Eastern, Inc.

Excavated Sludge Disposal Site and Post Closure Monitoring and Groundwater Quantity 3 55 gsment (author same as above)

EPA Preliminary Assessment

<b>&amp;EPA</b>	P	SITE INSP	ZARDOUS WASTE SITE ECTION REPORT INER INFORMATION	DEATE O	CATION 2 STE NUMBER 4 2
H, CURRENT OWNER(S)		<del></del> ,	PARENT COMPANY (Paperant)	turis Ar	
First Freedom Center/ First National Bank of Maryl	and	2 D+B NUMBER	N/A		OPD+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BAL PED P. HC)		04 SIC CODE	TO STREET ADDRESS PO SH MD P. MS	1	11 SIC CODE
P.O. Box 1596		60025			
		7 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
Baltimore	MD	21203 22 D+8 NUMBER	OB NAME		OB D+B NUMBER
	ľ	2 PTE NUMBER	-		OB DYB NUMBER
N/A Destreet addressif o box rede en i	1	04 SIC CODE	N/A 10 STREET ADDRESS (P.D. BOL RED P. HO	.,	11 SIC CODE
ов спту	STATE	D7 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
D) NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER	OB NAME		OB D+B NUMBER
N/A	1	~ · = 110mH\$()	N/A		
DI STREET ADDRESS (F O Box RED # 41)		D4 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (FO Box RFD # etc	. ,	1 I SIC CODE
DS CITY O	STATE	O7 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 51ATE	14 ZIP (TODE
DI NAME		D2 D+B NUMBER	OR NAME		DDD+B NUMBER
			1		
N/A O3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BO) AFD PHE (			N/A 10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BO) RFD # 410	1	1 I SIC CODE
05 CITY 0	STATE	D7 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
HI. PREVIOUS OWNER(S) Just must recent fres			IV. REALTY OWNER(S) - R ADDRESS DO	MI POLI OCENI (CI)	l
O1 NAME	1	2 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME		D2 D+8 NUMBER
NCR Corporation	]		N/A		
DO STREET ADDRESS IF O BOX RED # 814 1		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS # 0 Box AFD # 01	<b>t</b> ,	04 SIC CODE
P.O. Box 607 Mitchell Road		3471		7	
		OF ZIP CODE	O5 CITY	OG STATE	07 ZIP CODE
Millsboro	DE [	19966 2018 NUMBER	O NAME		02 0 + B NUMBER
N/A	ľ	e er rærræmin			
DO BTREET ADDRESS IP D POL MED P. MILL	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	04 SIC CODE	N/A 03 STREET ADDRESS IF 0 BOX MOP PI		D4 SIC CODE
DE CITY O	STATE	O7 ZIP CODE	OS CITY	DO STATE	07 ZIP CODE
DI NAME		D2 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
N/A			N/A		
DE STREET ADDRESS (P.O. dot. AFD P. ort.)		04 SIC CODE	O3 STREET ADDRESS (P O SOL AFD F. MI	i	D4 SIC CODE
DECITY OF	STATE	07 ZIP CODE.	05 CITY	OG STATE	D7 ZIP CODE
V. BOURCES OF INFORMATION (Can species in	Arances s	g state May particulations	sa reports		L
A Preliminary Assessment of Branch, June 1984	NCR	by E. Skern	olis prepared by Delawar	e DNARCIS	9643A346

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

POTENTIAL				ARDOUS WASTE SITE I. IDENTIFICATION		
<b>&amp;EPA</b>			SITE INSPE	ECTION REPORT		2 BITE HUMBER /
V			PART 8 - OPER/	ATOR INFORMATION	17E 1 -	*4
II. CURRENT OPERAT	OR (house saturates	m saner)		OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPAN	/Y (8 paper 2010)	
OI NAME		7	02 D+B NAMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER
See Owner		- 1	I	N/A	}	i
OS STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Son., MO.P., orc.) D4 SIC CODE				12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box MOP, HC)	***********	13 SIC CODE
OS CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE
DE YEARS OF OPERATION	DB NAME OF OWNER	l		Ar is a s	<u>.</u>	
M. PREVIOUS OPERAT	TOR(S) (Latt most recent it	131 (1314)	s & Afferient Rom Ammer)	PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PAREN	IT COMPANIES :	Apper Nove.
DI NAME			D2 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER
NCR Corporati	ion	- 1		N/A	}	i
03 STREET ADDRESS IP 0 &			04 BIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Bos, AFD F. BIC)		13 SIC CODE
P.O. Box 607 M	Mitchell Road	•	3471			ļ
05 CITY			O7 ZIP CODE	14 СПҮ	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE
Millsboro	Į.	DE	19966			i
DE YEARS OF OPERATION	DE NAME OF OWNER D			<del></del>		
1967-1974	NCR Corpo	oration	1			•
DI NAME	1		02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER
N/A		1		N/A	ļ	i .
DS STREET ADDRESS (P O Bo	II, MOS SIC		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS IP O BOI AFD # HE		13 SIC CODE
09 CUA		DE STATE C	of ZIP COCC	14 0117	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE
DE YEARS OF OPERATION	OR NAME OF OWNER	DURING THIS	PFRIOD			<u> </u>
A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	VO INTER OF CHARLES	Alberta II	FEIWA	İ		
01 NAMÉ			02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+8 NUMBER
			78 W 1 W 11 W 11		1	1
N/A 03 STREET ADDRESS (F D Sec	- AFD4 arr j		04 BIC CODE	N/A		13 SIC CODE
Add (1966) restriction of the	1, heur mo;			TE STREET PROTIENCE IN CO		19
05 CITY	T	DO STATE C	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE
06 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF DWINER D	DURING THIS	PERIOD			·
1			/ Bires-	ļ		
IV. SOURCES OF INFO	DMATION (Cre mach					
IV. SUNNUMBER CO. IIII C.	AMAIRSII (Say area-	(Breffer, Sq. 11 gr	j. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	A. (MACE)		
					ADI	በበንን፣

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

<b>\$EPA</b>	POTENTIAL MAZARDOUS WASTE S BITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 9 - GENERATOR/TRANSPORTER INFO			ECTION REPORT	DI STATE	FICATION 12 BITE HUMBER 42
H. ON-SITE GENERATOR				<del></del>		<del></del>
O1 NAME		05 0+	BNUMBER	Chistor	1	
NCR Corporation		l		(hiz)	14	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P O Box MFD F, MC )		1	H SIC CODE			
P.O. Box. 607 Mitchell F	Road		3471			
DS CITY	CO STATE	E 07 210	CODE	7		
Millsboro	DE	19	966			
III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)	<del></del>	·		<del> </del>		
O1 NAME		02 D+	B NUMBER	OI NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
N/A				N/A		ľ
3 STREET ADDRESS IF O BOX RFD +. HIL )		ī	A SIC CODE	DO STREET ADDRESS (P.D. BOS RFD P. ME)		D4 SK CODE
		- 1				
DS CITY	DE STATE	07 ZIP	CODE	OS CITY	06 5 TAT	E O7 ZIP CODE
	L_					<u> </u>
DI NAME		03 D+	D NUMBER	DI NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
N/A		1		N/A		1
STREET ADDRESS PO MI APP # 414		į.	4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS IP O BOL RED P. BIE I		04 SIC CODE
						1.
OS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIF	CODE	05 CITY	06 STA1	E O7 ZIP CODE
	ľ	i			ŀ	
IV, TRANSPORTER(S)		-		<del></del>		
DI NAME		02.0+	8 NUMBER	OI NAME		02 D+BNUMBER
N/A		1		N/A		
DE STREET ADDRESS IF O BOX AFD F. BIC !		1	4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS IP D BOL MID P ME I		04 SHC CODE
DS CITY	DO STATE	E O7 ZIF	CODE	OS CITY	06 STAT	E O7 ZIP CODE
		1			1	
DI NAME		02.0+	8 NUMBER	OI NAME		DZ D+ DNUMBER
N/A		1		N/A		
D3 STREET ADDRESS (P O BO) AID P. HE !		1	4 SIC CODE	D3 STREET ADDRESS (F D DOL RID F. BIC )		DA SIC CODE
		- 1		1		1
DS CITY	OG STATE	E 07 Zi	CODE	OS CITY	Do STAT	E O7 ZIP CODE
		1			l	
W BOURDER OF HISOBALTION		1		L		
V. BOURCES OF INFORMATION (C.	ia abacyć lajatave at		e Met earrore energ	H1 (900/1).		
			•			

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EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-61)

## **⊕EPA**

#### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

L IDENTIFICATION
01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER
DE 42

IL PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		
01 D A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	O3 AGENCY
H/A		
01 EI B. TEMPORARY WATER BUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	O3 AGENCY
N/A		
01 C PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 0ATE	CO AGENCY
N/A		<u> </u>
01 D 8PILLED MATERIAL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	O3 AGENCY
N/A		world.
01 X) E. CONTAMPATED SOIL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE _9/21/8	(RC2) 03 AGENCY
Old disposal pit excavated		
01 C) F, WASTE MEPACKAGED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY
N/A		
01 25 G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE 7/81 &	9/81 03 AGENCY
During July 1981, lagoons were cleaned and removed.	i decontaminated	
01 & n on site Burial 04 Description	02 DATE	-74 03 AGENCY
Bentonite-lined pits contained electroplating	ng waste/sludge	disposed in unlined pits.
01 D I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT	02 DATE	D3 AGENCY
D/A		·
01 D J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	O3 AGENCY
N/A		
0132 K IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT	O2 DATE	O3 AGENCY
04 DESCRIPTION Setting Lagoons		
01 XO L. ENCAPSULATION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY
O4 DESCRIPTION Waste material stored in drums and above a		
01 D M, EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT	O2 DATE	O3 AGENCY
04 DESCRIPTION N/A		
01 D H. CUTOFF WALLS 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	O3 AGENCY
N/A		
01 D. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER DIVERSION 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	D3 AGENCY
N/A		
01 ☐ P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	O3 AGENCY
N/A		
01 D Q BUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL	O2 DATE	O3 AGENCY A D 1000
04 DESCRIPTION		03 AGENCY AR 100373

<b>⊕EPA</b>	POTENTIAL MAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		LIDENTIFICATION DI STATE DE STE NAMBER DE 42
PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Commund)			
01 G R BANNER WALLS CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	Chec;	
01 D S CAPPING/COVERING 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE		
0) D.T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED 04 DESCRIPTION	D2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
/A 01 C: U GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	D3 AGENCY	,
O1 D V. BOTTOM SEALED O4 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	<u>/</u>
01 C W GAS CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION  /A	02 DATE	D3 AGENCY	
O1 D X FIRE CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 C Y LEACHATE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	OS DATE	03 AGENCY	/
01 C 2 AREA EVACUATED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	/
01 C 1 ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	D3 AGENC	Y
01 © 2 POPULATION RELOCATED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
I/A			
01 D 3 OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES 04 DESCRIPTION	G2 DATE	03 AGENCY	Y
Storage area cleaned and decor Converse, and Murdoch retaine evaluate the extent of the cont	ntaminated. Twenty wells installed d to oversee past "clean-up" action amination.	to monit ns and to d	or groundwater, B letermine and

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Ces assert references a g. seus fins semple analyse reports)

Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report for NCR Corp. by Richard E. Sacks of Betz, Converse, Murdoch Eastern, Inc., dated 3/22/84 A Preliminary Assessment of NCR by the Delaware DNREC, dated 6/84

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EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

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#### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NAMES

DE 42

N. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

OI PART REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION (I) YES X110

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

They,

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cas specific informaces e.g. state free, battors snaybe incorta)

AR100375

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

ORIGINA (Red)

APPENDIX A

	OST CENTER:				
CCOUNT NO.:	REM TECHINCAL	0)	F3-8409-14		
PAIOAITY:	Later transfer for formatter for a fact and a fact		6. COMPLETION DATE	: 7. REFERENCE INFO	
🖪 нівн	105	DE-042		X YES □NO	
MEDIUM	4A. ESTIMATE OF	SA, EPA SITE NAME:	7	ATTACHED	
□ row	SUBCONTRACT COST:	N.C.R.	1	[X] PICK UP	
		Millaboro, DE	10/31/84	_	
GENERAL TASK DESCR	RIPTION: Perform site		f subject site using	existing	
	information a	nd data.			
SPECIFIC ELEMENTS:				10, INTERIM	
	background information.			DEADLINES:	
	state and local agencies				
	te offices and review file				
	visit is required.				
5.) Prenare	and submit site inspection	on report and HRS un	der the same		
5.) Prepare	and submit site inspection	on report and HRS un	der the same		
•	and submit site 'nspection	on report and HRS un	der the same		
•	and submit site 'nspection	on report and HRS un	der the same		
•				AL BRIEFING T	
cover				AL BRIEFING [	
cover	RM: FORMAL REPOR			IAL BRIEFING [	
COVET.	RM: FORMAL REPOR			AL BRIEFING [	
COVET.	RM: FORMAL REPOR			AL BRIEFING [	
COVET.  DESIRED REPORT FO	RM: FORMAL REPOR	T X LETTER REPO	DRT FORM	DATE:	
COVET.  DESIRED REPORT FO  OTHER ISPECIFY):  2. COMMENTS:	AM FORMAL REPOR	T X LETTER REPO	ORT FORM		

	F3-8409-14							
<b>≎EPA</b>	PART 1 - SIT	TENTIAL HAZAR SITE INSPECT E LOCATION AND	TION RI	PORT	DE	DENTIFICA STATE 02 51 42	IE NUMBER	
II. SITE NAME AND LOCA								
DI SITÉ NAMÉ ILOGO COMMON OF OF					PECIFIC LOCATION IDEN	TIFIEA		
NCR Corporation	<u> </u>				itchell Road			
				05 ZIP CODE	00 COUNTY		CODE	SECTION DE
Millsboro		Lance of the Control	DE	19966	Sussex		<u></u>	L
350 357 20"	75048944	A PRIVATE	B FE	SERAL	C. STATE C D C	OUNTY I I	MUNICIP	AL
III, INSPECTION INFORMA	ATION	03 YEARS OF OPERA						
U) DAIS OF MORECIAM		19		1 1974	unk	NOWN		
MONTH DAY YEAR	C ACTIVE CHINACTIVE		INNING YEA	R ENDING YEA	<del></del>			
DA AGENCY PERFORMING INSPE DA EPA MAB EPA CO DE STATE DE STATE C	NTRACTOR NUS CO	TD. Name of time	□ C MI		NUNICIPAL CONTRACT	TOR	.hama (illin	<del></del> ,
05 CHIEF INSPECTOR		DO THE			D7 DRGANIZATION	00	TELEPHO"	1 40
N/A						(	)	
OP OTHER INSPECTORS		10 Title			1) ORGANIZATION	12	TELEPHON	I NS
DESK-TOP - NO	O ON-SITE INSPE	CTION MAD	E				1	
<del></del>						<u>'</u>	1	
		-		<del></del>		1	1	
13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTE	Bulturo	14 TITLE	<del></del>	\$ADDRESS	<u></u>	1	) TELEPHON	E NC
N/A						1	)	
						1	1	
SEE ABOVE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						)	
						(	1	
					···	1	1	
						1	)	
17 ACCESS GAMED BY (CARES ONS)  D PERMISSION D WARRANT	N/A	19 WEATHER COND						
IV. INFORMATION AVAILA	ABLE FROM							
01 CONTACT		02 Of IApensy Organ	teron;			03 7	ELEPHONE	NO
Robert Pickertt	SITE INSPECTION FORM	State file		REC	07 TELEPHONE NO.	B02	736-	4761
Stephen G. McMa		FIT III		Corp.	(215) 687-95	ARLE	933	81

Ω	DΛ
V	ᄶ

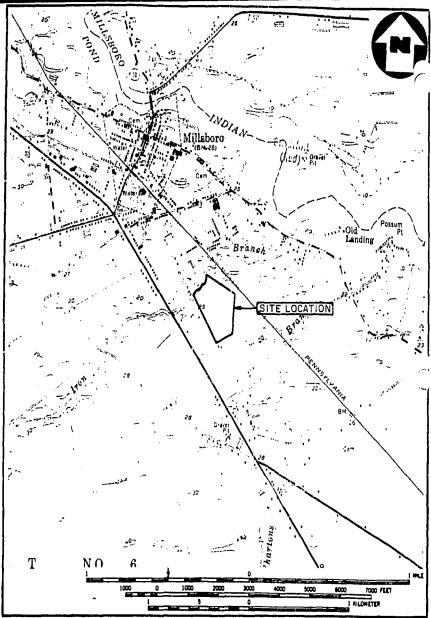
#### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION					
OI STATE	OZ SITE NUMBER				
71 <u>2</u>	42				

	TAREC GUANTIFIES AL	O CHARACTER	105:00				
	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	OZ WASTE QUANT		Toom tore a state of			
OI PHIDKIAL	iMesmeso		mospendeuri I, matte émpuluiet 11.1. W.J. Ø11.II.	03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Chest a- Ing. MP)			
B POWDER FINES XF LIQUID TON				A TORIC E SOLUBLE HIGHLY VOLATILE			
			unknown	C RADIO	SCTIVE X G FLAM	MABLE R REACTI	vl
, D OTHER		CUBIC YARDS .		, prensa	itani ata Manin	M NOT AF	PLICAB.
	Scotte	NO OF DRUMS	60				
III, WASTE	TYPE						
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	DI GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE			
SLU	SLUDGE		55	gallons* waste flux from solder mach			chine
OLW	OILY WASTE		5	55 gals*	freon and cleaning solvents		
SOL	SOLVENTS				undetermined amount of TCE		
PSD	PESTICIDES			CEL	Utildiyy.		
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CH	EMICALS		1	(C)		
юс	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS					
ACD	ACIDS				* Note: Dru	ims of waste h	ave been
BAS	BASES				removed.		
MES	HEAVY METALS						•
IV. HAZARD	OUS SUBSTANCES SIFE	Cerou la mct Heques	1 C460 C45 A. + peri				•
C1 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	ME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE DIS	POSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	CONCESTED TO
SOL	trichloroethylene (TCE)		79-01-6	above & below ground unkno		unknown	
l				tanks			
SLU	hexavalent - chromium		<del></del>	lagoons, pits unkno		unknown	
			1	THE STATE OF THE S		unknown	
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V. FEEDSTO	CKS -See Appendix for CAS from the	4					
CATEGORY	O1 FEEDSTOCK	NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORT	O1 FEEDS10	OCH NAME	CE CAS NUMBER
FDS	DS .			FDS			
FDS				FDS			
FDS			1	FDS	·		
FDS				FDS			
VI. SOURCE	S OF INFORMATION (44)	Detinic references & C	Bidle hear samore and as 5	ietoni			
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<b>EPA</b> Pot	ential Hazardous	Waste Site	, Identificat	ion and Preli	minary Asses	sment	
					•		
						ARIO	0379

EPA FORM 2070-13(7-81)

APPENDIX B

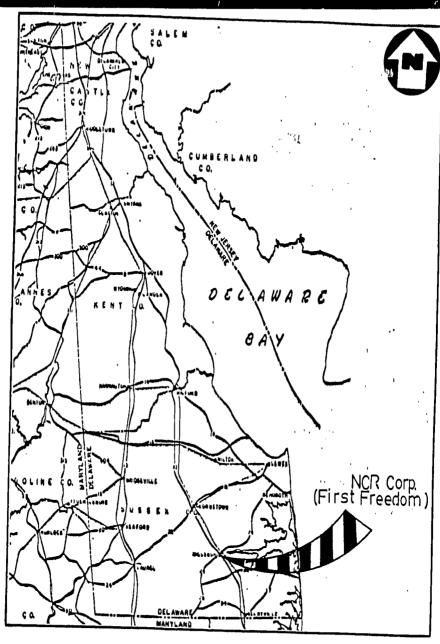


SOURCE: USGS MILLSBORO, DEL. QUAD. (7.5 MINUTE SERIES)

NCR CORP. SITE, MILLSBORO, DELAR 1 0038

8 PIGURE 1

A Halliburton Company



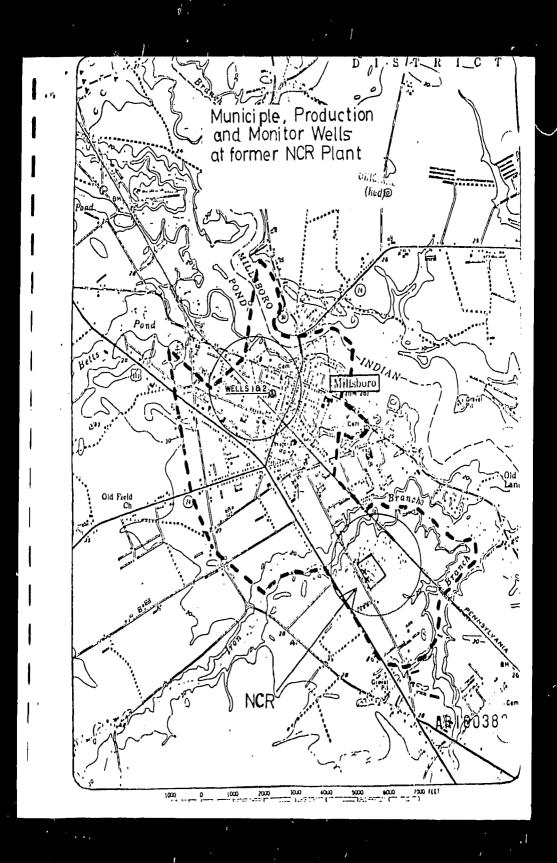
SITE LOCATION MAP

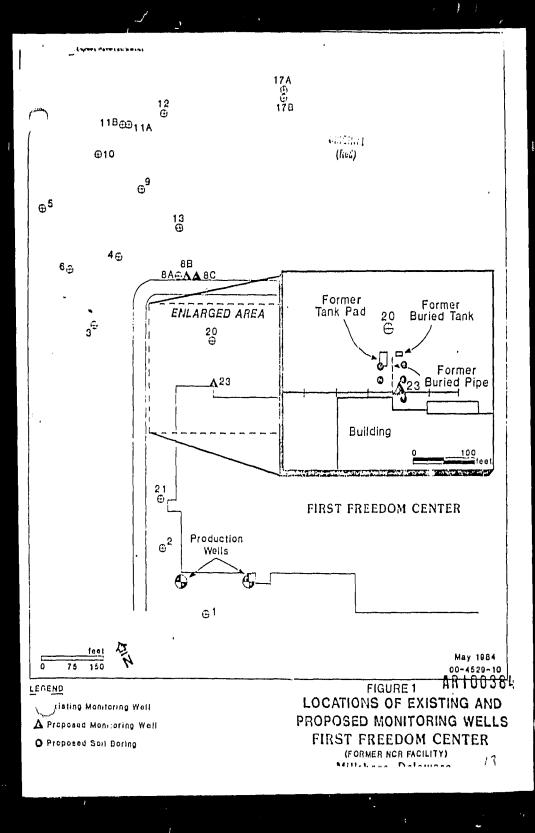
NCR CORP. SITE, MILLSBORO, DEL. AR 100

(SCALE UNKNOWN)

FIGURE 2

A Halliburton Company





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FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILITY)
HILLSBORD, DELAWARE
IRON BRANCH ANALYTICAL RESULTS

	Sampler Sample No.: H	Stream 1 N400249	Stream 2 M400250	Stream 3 N400251	Stream 4 N400252	Stream 5 N400253	Stream 5A M400254	Stream 6 N400255	Stream 7 N400256	Stream 8 M400257	Stream 9 2400258	Stream 10 M400259	Trip Blank N400260
	Nethylene Chloride	8.8	<0.1	28.9	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.8	2.8	3.6	4.2	6.2	13.6
	Viny' Chloride	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.3	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	Trans 1,2-Dichloroethene	<0.1	5.3	4.5	31.2	1.0	103.	8-92	16.8	5.6	2.0	1.9	40.1
	Chloroform	0.2	<0.1	1.2	<0.1	0.1	1.8	0.5	<0.1	<b>c</b> 0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<b>40.1</b>
	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.0	1.1
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<0.1	<0.1	18.0	0.5	<0.1	0.4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.5	<0.1	0.5	<0.1
	Trichluroelhene	3.6	3.3	2.8	482	25.3	386.	1400.	61.5	101	78.4	74.4	0.8
	<b>Tetrachloroethene</b>	<0.1	0.7	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	40.1	<0.1	2.3	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
•	Sampled 1/4/B4 * All results shown in ug/1 Source: BCM Eastern Inc.	ν.	4										

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Variately. (has)

FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILITY)
HILLSBORD, DELAMARE
GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample No.:	: N400231	M400232	Well #5	Well #6 Well #8 N4002341 N400235	Well #8 N400235	Well #9 N400236	Well #10 N400237	Well #11 N40023B	Well #11B #400239	
Methylene Chloride ug/l 1,1 Dichloroethane ug/l Trans 1 2-histocast	21.9		23.1 <0.1		17.8	17.4	10.1	9.3	134	
Chloroform ug/)	3.2		1.5 2.0		125 8.1	54	1.1	3.7	60.1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane ug/1	2.2	;	1.3		0.9	1.6	1.2	7 0	2.0	
Trichloroethene ug/1 Dibromochloroethane and/or	11.6		¢0.1 2.7	Ä	<0.1 1400	<0.1	<0.1 30.5	<0.1 87.9	6.1	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane and/or CIS-1,3-Dichloropropene ug/1 1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane	<0.1		(0.1	•	(0.1	<b>40.1</b>	0.1	<0.1		
and/or Jetrachloroethene ug/l	. 0.1		<0.1		0.5	<0.1	<0.1	18.9	<0.1	
Cyanide mg/l Chemical Oxygen Demand mg/l Chromium as Cr mg/l Heravalent Chroimium as Cr mg/l Chloride mg/l Dissolved Solids mg/l Specific Conductance (umhos) pH [standard units] mg/l	(0.005 48 (0.03 0.01 5.86 125 117 117 5.4	<ol> <li>&lt;0.005</li> <li>40</li> <li>0.043</li> <li>0.043</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>115</li> <li>115</li> <li>6.0</li> </ol>	112	<ul> <li>(0.005)</li> <li>(0.03)</li> <li>(0.01)</li> <li>(0.24)</li> <li>(2.6)</li> </ul>	. # #	<ol> <li>&lt;0.005</li> <li>16</li> <li>0.34</li> <li>0.34</li> <li>117</li> <li>160</li> <li>5.2</li> </ol>	(0.005) 16 0.043 0.043 4.57 55 55 56	<pre>&lt;0.005 40 0.14 0.14 5.46 47 5.2</pre>		in a large

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# TABLE NO. 2 (CON'T)

	Parameter	Sample No.:	NETT #12 N400240	Well #13 N400241	HED 112 WELL BLA WELL BLOA HADDZ4D HADDZ41 NADDZ42	Well, 1178 R400243	Well #18 N400244	Well #19 N400245	Well #18 Well #19 Well #20 Well #21 N400244 N400245 N400246 N460247		Well #22 N40024B
	Methylene Chloride ug/l	e ug/1	8.0	<0.1	1.1	5.3	49.0	14.0	5.7	5.8	40.1
	1,1-Dichloroethane ug/1	f/gu a	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	₹0°	<b>60.1</b>	¢0.1	<b>c0.1</b>	1.6	<b>c0.1</b>
	Trans 1,2-Dichloroethene ug/3	oethene ug/3	69.6	1.5	3.3	(0.1	<b>60.1</b>	<b>&lt;0.1</b>	006	111	40.1
	Chloroform ug/1		1.7	ć0.1	4.0	10.6	<0.1	<0.1	34.9	. <0.1	<b>c</b> 0.1
	1,2-Dichloroethane ug/1	e ug/3	2.3	<0.1	0.1	77	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.8	1.1
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane ug/1	hane ug/1	0.3	<b>c</b> 0.1	1.3	<0.1	c0.1	<0.1	9.0	<0.1	0.3
	Carbon Tetrachloride ug/1	ide ug/l	. 1.0>	<0.1	<0.1	<0. i	<0.1	<0.1	4.3	<b>60.1</b>	¢0.1
	Trichloroethene ug/l	f/gi	1400	125	1.0	17.3	12.6	38.8	115,000 · 222	. 222	10.3
	Dibromochloroethane and/or 1,1,2-Trichloroethane and/or CIS-1,3-Dichloropropene ug/1	ne and/or hane and/or ropene ug/l	0.4	<b>&lt;0.1</b>	40.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	40.1	<0.1
00	1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1	oroethane oethene ug/1	. 8.9	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	90.9	25.5	40.1
	Cyanide mg/1		0.076		<0.005	<0.03			<0.005		
	Chemical Oxygen Demand mg/7	emand mg/1			16	ug.			56		
	Chromium as Cr		<0.03		<0.03	<0.03			<0.03		
	Nexavalent Chroimium as Cr mg/1	ilum as Cr mg/l	0.03								

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Sampled 1/3 - 1/5/84 Source: BCM Eastern, Inc.

102 5.5

Specific Conductance (unhos)

Chloride mg/l

pH (standard units) mg/1 Dissolved Solids mg/l

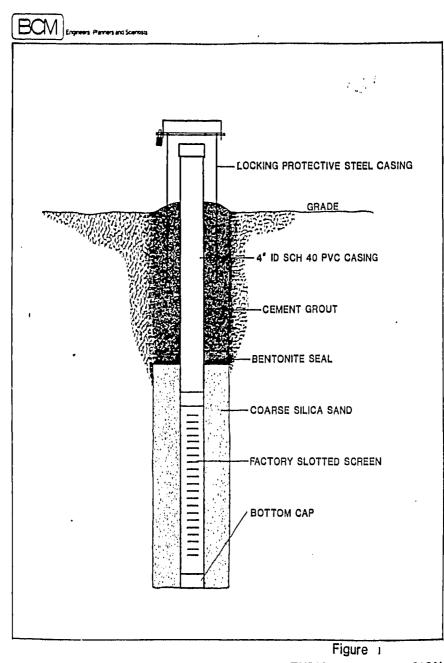


Figure 1

AR | 003 TYPICAL WELL DESIGN

FIRST FREEDOM CENTER

(FORMER NCR FACILITY)

Millsboro, Delaware

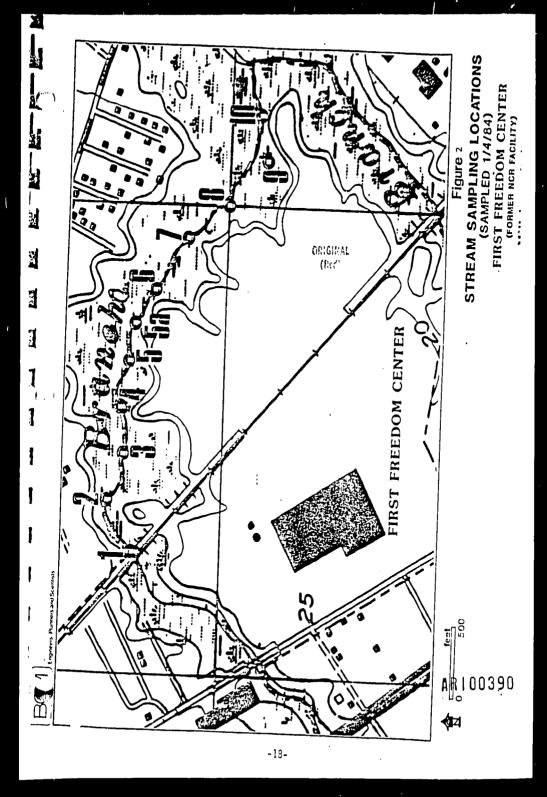
TABLE 3

FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILITY)
MONITORING WELL DIMENSIONS

Well	Completion Date	Well Diameter (inches)	Total Depth (feet)	Screened Interval (feet)	Cased Interval (feet)	Packed Interval (feet)	Grouted Interval (feet)
1 2 *3	NA NA NA	2 2 2 2 2 2	50 25 25	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
4	NA	1.25	25	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	NA		25	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	11/25/81		22	12-22	0-12	10.5-22	0-10.5
**7	11/24/81		24.5	14.5-24.5	0-14.5	13.5-24.5	0-13.5
8 , 9 10	11/25/81 11/25/81 3/09/82	3 3 3 3	25 22.5 24.5	15-25 12.5-22.5 14.5-24.5	0-15 0-12.5 0-14.5	14-25 10-22.5 12-24.5	0-14 0-10 0-12
11	3/09/82	3	24.5	14.5-24.5	0-14.5	12.5-24.5	0-12.5
11B	9/01/83	4	60	50-60	0-50	45-60	0-45
12	3/09/82	3	25	15-25	0-15	12.5-25	0-12.5
13	3/08/82	3	24	14-24	0-14	11.5-24	0-11.5
17A	12/05/83	4	60	50-60	0-50	45-60	0-45
17B	12/07/83	4	25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
18	12/07/83	4	25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
19	12/08/83	4	25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
20	12/08/83	4	25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
21	12/08/83	4	,25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
22	12/09/83	2	25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
Piezometer A	8/30/83		25	15-25	0-15	14-25	0-14
Piezometer B Piezometer C	8/31/83 8/31/83	2 2 2	20 20	10-20 10-20	0-10 0-10	7-20 7-20	0-7 0-7

\* Well 3 is damaged \*\* Well 7 has been abandoned NA Not available

Source: BCM Eastern, Inc.



ORIGINAL (Red)

APPENDIX C

# Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report

for

NCR Corporation former facility - Millsboro Delaware (First Freedom Center)



GROUNDWATER QUALITY INVESTIGATION AND : GROUNDWATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN INTERIM REPORT

FOR .

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NCR CORPORATION

MARCH 22, 1984

PREPARED BY

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BCM EASTERN INC. ONE PLYMOUTH MEETING MALL PLYMOUTH MEETING, PENNSYLVANIA 19462



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#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The NCR Corporation (NCR) operated a manufacturing plant in Millsboro, Delaware until November 1981, at which time the property was sold to the First National Bank of Maryland. BCM Eastern Inc. (BCM) was retained by NCR in 1982 to conduct routine quarterly groundwater monitoring as part of a plating waste disposal site closure. Samples collected in April 1983 as part of this program revealed the presence of trichloroethene (TCE) in the groundwater.

To determine the source and extent of the TCE, BCM installed additional monitoring wells, conducted soil borings at the facility, and sampled a segment of a stream (Iron Branch) northeast of the facility which is believed to be a discharge zone for groundwater flowing beneath the site. Although the precise location of the TCE source has not yet been determined, a high concentration was detected in the area of a former above ground TCE storage tank. The TCE-bearing groundwater is flowing northeast from this area and is the probable source of the TCE concentrations measured in Iron Branch.

The TCE concentrations in the groundwater are significant enough to warrant precise determination of the TCE source and the potential offsite impacts.



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#### 2.0 INTRODUCTION

The First Freedom Center, Millsboro, Delaware, previously an NCR manufacturing plant, was sold to the First National Bank of Maryland in November 1981. BCM was retained by NCR to perform routine quarterly groundwater monitoring associated with the closure of a plating waste disposal site.

Samples collected as part of the quarterly monitoring program in April 1983 revealed the presence of elevated TCE concentrations in the ground-water at the northeast corner of the property. An investigation was begun to locate the source and determine the extent of the TCE in the groundwater. The NCR Corporation provided information regarding possible sources of the TCE. Based upon this information and data from the existing monitoring wells, a program involving installation of additional monitoring wells, soil sampling, and surface water sampling was initiated.

This report presents the investigation procedures and results.



#### 3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

# 3.1 FACILITY DESCRIPTION AND ADJACENT LAND USE

The First Freedom Center (former NCR facility) is a large (approximately 300,000 sq ft) semi-rectangular, concrete block structure, situated near the approximate center of a 63-acre lot on the northeast side of Mitchell Street in Millsboro, Delaware.

The Freedom Center property is bordered by a small stream (Iron Branch) on the northwest, beyond which there is an area of low-density housing and the town of Millsboro (Figure 1). The area northeast of the site is occupied by a field used for agricultural purposes, Iron Branch, and an adjacent swamp. Conrail railroad tracks separate the former NCR facility from the field. Further from the site in this direction is a low density residential area located on a slight topographic rise and the Indian River. The area to the southeast is very similar to the northeast, with cultivated fields and a small stream (Wharton's Branch). The confluence of Iron Branch and Wharton's Branch is due east of the site, beyond which they flow northeast to the Indian River. Southeast of the site, there are a few scattered houses and a mobile home dealership between Mitchell Street and Route 113. Beyond Route 113, there are mostly open fields and wooded areas.

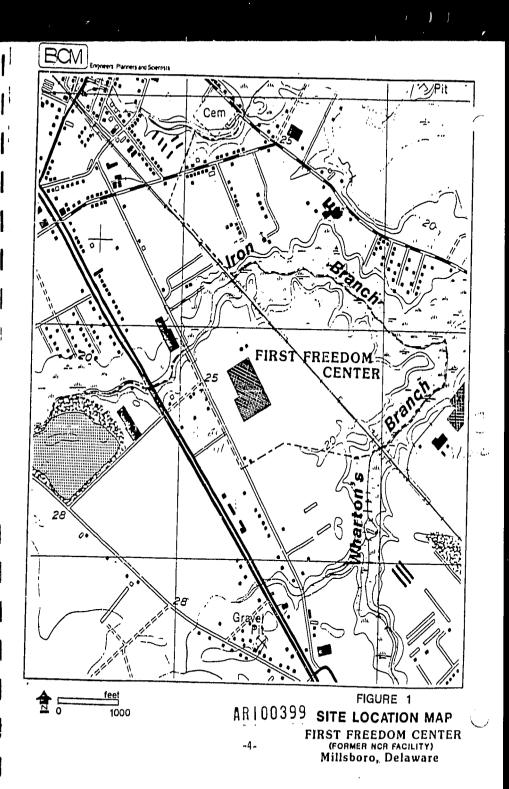
# 3.2 GEOLOGY

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The site, located in the Atlantic Coastal Plain Province, is underlain by unconsolidated sediments of Quaternary, Tertiary, Cretaceous, and possibly Triassic age. These sediments rest on a basement complex of igneous and metamorphic rock composed of gneiss, schist, and gabbro, which occurs at a depth of between 4,200 and 7,800 feet (Sundstrom and Pickett, 1969).

The two uppermost series of sedimentary deposits, the Pleistocene Columbia Group and the Miocene Chesapeake Group, are of primary interest to this investigation. In the Millsboro area, the Columbia and the Chesapeake Groups are approximately 100 and 1,000 feet thick, respectively (Sundstrom and Pickett, 1969).

The Columbia Group, which is exposed at the site, unconformably overlies the Chesapeake Group, and is generally composed of fine-to-coarse, moderately sorted quartz sand, with considerable amounts of gravel. Thin interbeds of silt are present in some areas. Sediments of the Columbia Group are usually yellow to reddish-brown (Sundstrom and Pickett, 1969).





Miocene sediments from the Chesapeake group consist of predominantly gray and bluish-gray silt, containing beds of gray, fine-to-medium sand and some shell beds (Jordan 1962).

Borings for monitoring well installation and soil sampling at the site indicate that the property is underlain by fine-to-coarse sand and gravel of the Columbia Group. Detailed lithologic logs for the well borings are included in Appendix A. Clay layers of up to several feet in thickness were present in some borings. None of these borings were deep enough to encounter Chesapeake Group sediments.

# 3.3 HYDROGEOLOGY

Shallow groundwater beneath the site is contained in interconnected pores within the sand and gravel of the Columbia Group, and is under water table conditions. The water table does not remain at a fixed elevation, but fluctuates in response to seasonal changes in groundwater recharge. From the groundwater elevations shown in Table 1, it can be seen that there is an annual variation of approximately 2 to 4 feet. These elevations indicate an average depth of the water table at approximately 12 to 13 feet below grade.

Groundwater flows slowly downward and laterally toward areas of lower elevation or lower hydraulic potential. Groundwater elevations from the site monitoring wells were used to construct the groundwater contour map shown as Figure 2. Anomalous groundwater elevations in wells 4, 12, and 20 were not included in this map. The reason for these anomalies is not clear at this time. The map indicates that the shallow groundwater is generally flowing to the northeast. The shallow groundwater flowing beneath the site is apparently discharged to Iron Branch, a tributary of the Indian River, along a zone northeast of the former NCR facility. The confluence of Iron Branch and Wharton's Branch is approximately 1/4- to 1/2-mile downstream from this area, beyond which they flow northeasterly to the Indian River. A deeper component of the groundwater may flow beneath Iron Branch, directly to the Indian River.

Data from a pump test conducted on well 12 was used to calculate the transmissivity and storativity of the water table aquifer. These values were determined to be 3,820 gallons/day/foot, and 0.184 (dimensionless), respectively. With this information, the hydraulic conductivity was estimated from:

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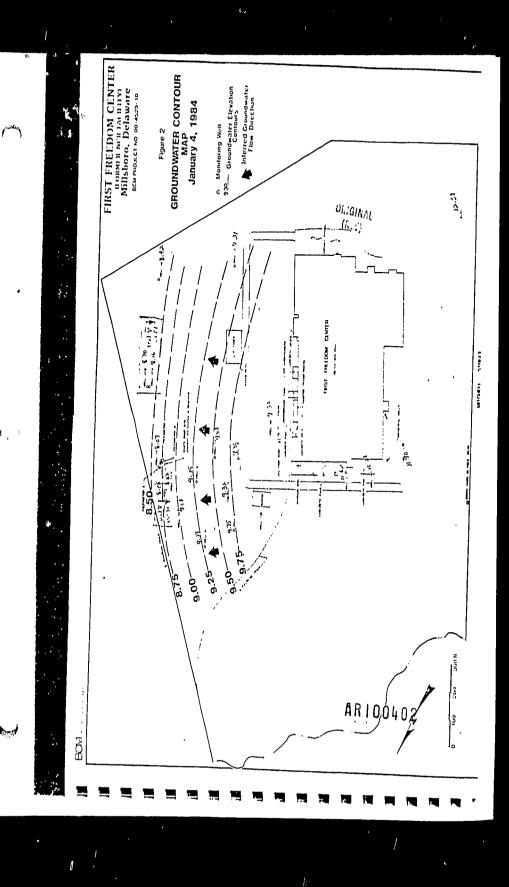
FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILITY)
STATIC WATER ELEVATIONS
(Feet Above Sea Level) TABLE 1

Dat										
Well (PV	Datum (PVC)	11/28/81	6/30/82	9/21/82	9/21/82 12/15/82	3/23/83	3/23/83 5/12/83	8/30/83	9/1/83	1/4/84
	73	9.61	10.69	9,93	10.36	12.88	13.50	11.06	11.19	11.90
2 25.24	-24	9.59	10.20	9.32	9.65	12.16	13.07	10.49	10.61	10.24
	.92	7.94	8.75	7.92	8.32	11.05	!	1	!	1
	.78	7.57	8.45	7.68	8.18	10.74	11.57	9.20	9.28	9.32
	.85	7.23	7,39	69.9	7.29	10.31	10.64	9.10	9.14	9.27
	.50	5.00	8.63	98-9	8.33	11.86	11.33	9.58	9.46	9.75
	73	7.77	8.86	8.17	8.56	†	;	;	;	;
	.78	6.66	8.64	7.78	8.20	10.78	11.74	8.24	9.20	98.6
	.45	7.20	7.74	7.10	7.53	10.03	11.08	8.58	8.49	9.28
	79	!	7.79	7.06	7.62	10.00	10.67	8.46	8.54	9.04
	85	!	7.74	7.05	7.55	9.82	10.57	8.28	8.30	8.82
	59.	:	;	;	!	!	1	1	7.51	8.05
	.15	;	6.90	6.19	6.65	8.99	9.86	7.40	7.40	8.07
	-25	!	8.48	7.73	8.13	10.54	11.50	8.81	8.83	9.54
	.58	1	1	:	;	!	ł	!	!	8.16
	.63	ł	;	!	1	;	1	1	1	8.30
	60.	ł	;	;		;	1	;	1	8.42
	.10	;	!	!	;	!	-	1	1	9.31
	80.	;	ł	!	;	!	!	1	!	9.33
	.73	;	;	;	;	;	;	1	1	11.62
	.97	!	;	!	!	1	:	;	:	12.64
Piezometer A		;	;	!	ł	ł	;	1	7.46	1
Piezometer B		;	;	1	!	}	1	1	7.45	}
Piezometer C		;	1	!	1	;	:	!	7.39	;

\* Well 3 is damaged \*\* Well 7 has been abandoned

Souk ... BCM Eastern, Inc.

<sup>-6-</sup>





where:

T = transmissivity, gal/day/ft (3,820 gal/day/ft) b = saturated thickness of the aquifer, ft (30 ft)

K = hydraulic conductivity, cu ft/sq ft/day

The hydraulic conductivity which was determined to be 127 ft/day was then used to calculate the linear (seepage) velocity of groundwater flow from:

where:

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V ≈ velocity, ft/day

K = hydraulic conductivity, cu ft/sq ft/day (127 ft/day)
i = hydraulic gradient, ft/ft
n = effective porosity, cu ft/cu ft

Assuming an effective porosity of 35 percent and a hydraulic gradient of .3.2 x  $10^{-3}$ , linear velocity was estimated at 1.2 ft/day.

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#### 4.0 INVESTIGATION PROGRAM

#### 4.1 INTRODUCTION

The two primary objectives of this phase of the investigation were to locate the source of the TCE in the groundwater and more clearly define the area of elevated TCE concentrations (plume).

Several possible sources of TCE were considered:

- Leakage from an underground TCE tank near the northeast corner of the building. (The presence of an underground TCE tank has not yet been confirmed and is considered doubtful.)
- Past spillage at the filling valve, or leakage from a subsurface connector pipe for an above ground TCE tank that was located near the building's northeast corner.
- 3. Leakage from the above-mentioned TCE tank
- 4. Cutting oil tanks at the northwestern corner of the building
- 5. Area where suspected spillage from a parked tank truck occurred (near well No. 8)
- 6. Unknown source within or beneath building
- 7. Offsite source

Based upon information supplied by NCR that an underground TCE tank might be present in the vicinity of the TCE filling valve, the area was probed thoroughly, using a metal rod driven to a depth of approximately 5 feet. No underground TCE tank was found.

To determine the TCE source, soil borings and monitoring wells were located either in, or immediately downgradient of suspected areas. Most of the borings penetrated to a depth of approximately 12 feet, and most of the wells to a depth of 25 feet.

To more clearly define the lateral and vertical extent of the TCE plume present in the groundwater beneath the northeast section of the facility, monitoring wells and soil borings were placed at several locations around the property.



Iron Branch was sampled at several locations in order to identify the lateral extent of the plume at a distance from the site and/or the amount of downstream transport of TCE.

# 4.2 SOIL SAMPLING

groundwater.

## 4.2.1 Soil Boring Location Rationale

Sixteen soil borings were completed at several locations at the Freedom Center facility on November 16 and 17, 1983. Locations of these borings are shown on Figure 3.

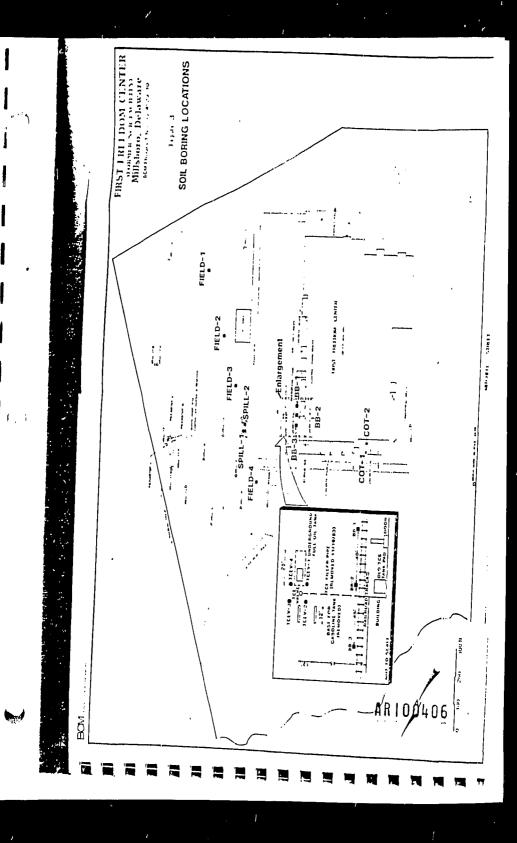
Four borings identified as TCEV-1 through TCEV-4 were placed around the site of the TCE filling valve. This valve, which was connected to the above ground TCE tank by an underground pipe, was considered a possible spillage source. Both the connecting pipe and the valve were removed on November 16, 1983 by employees of the first Freedom Center. At the time of removal, the pipe still contained TCE, indicating that there were no

Boring BB-2 was located several feet east of the railroad tracks at the rear of the building, directly in front of the site of the old above ground TCE tank. Borings BB-1 and BB-3 are located 40 to 45 feet southeast and northwest of BB-2, respectively, forming a line parallel to the railroad tracks. These borings which are located upgradient from the TCE filling valve were intended to determine if the above ground TCE tank or some other source inside the building was responsible for the TCE in the

Used cutting oil was stored in two tanks buried beneath a concrete pad at the northwestern corner of the building. Due to the possibility of TCE having been present with the oil, two borings were placed downgradient from these tanks. These borings are identified as COT-1 and COT-2.

Information was provided by a former NCR employee that a tank truck containing waste material leaked an undetermined amount of liquid while parked southeast of well 8. Two soil borings identified as Spill-1 and Spill-2 were conducted in the approximate area where this spill occurred. It is not known whether TCE was present in the liquid which was spilled,

Four soil borings identified as Field 1 through Field 4 were conducted in a linear pattern across the eastern section of the former NCR facility to aid in determining the width of the TCE plume. The trend of this line runs approximately perpendicular to the general groundwater flow direction.





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One boring was conducted near the edge of Iron Branch, in the area where the highest TCE concentration had been found in the surface water. This boring identified as SWAMP, served as a verification of the surface water analyses.

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# 4.2.2 Soil Sampling Procedure

All soil borings were conducted with a 3-inch diameter, stainless steel hand auger. Samples were taken continuously to a depth of 12 feet in all of the borings, except TCEV-2 and SWAMP. Refusal occurred at 10 feet in boring TCEV-2 and a shallow water table restricted sampling to a depth of 6 feet in the boring identified as SWAMP. The samples were immediately placed in laboratory prepared jars with Teflon-lined lids. Between each of the samples, the auger was washed with a 50 percent methanol solution and maned with distilled, deionized water. Upon completion of sampling, the soil samples were returned to the BCM laboratory in Norristown, Pennsylvania, where selected samples were analyzed for TCE, perchloroethylene (PCE), and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The results of the analyses are presented in Table 2.

# 4.3 MONITORING WELLS

# 4.3.1 Monitoring Well Placement

Seven new monitoring wells were installed at the former NCR facility between December 5 and December 9, 1983. These wells are numbered 17 to 22, with a couplet at 17 differentiated by an A and B designation. The locations of these wells are shown on Figure 4. These well locations were selected to provide information on the source and extent of the TCE in the groundwater. All of the wells are 25 feet deep, with the exception of 17A.

Well 17A is screened at a deeper aquifer interval to provide information, along with previously existing well 11B, on the vertical component of the TCE plume.

Monitoring wells 17B, 18, and 19 are located so as to further define the eastern edge of the TCE plume. Monitoring wells 20 and 21 were installed downgradient of the TCE filling valve area and cutting oil tanks, respectively, to determine if they were TCE sources. Considering the possibility of the TCE migrating from an offsite source, a background well, No. 22, was placed upgradient from the plant. The monitoring wells were sampled according to the protocol provided in Appendix B.

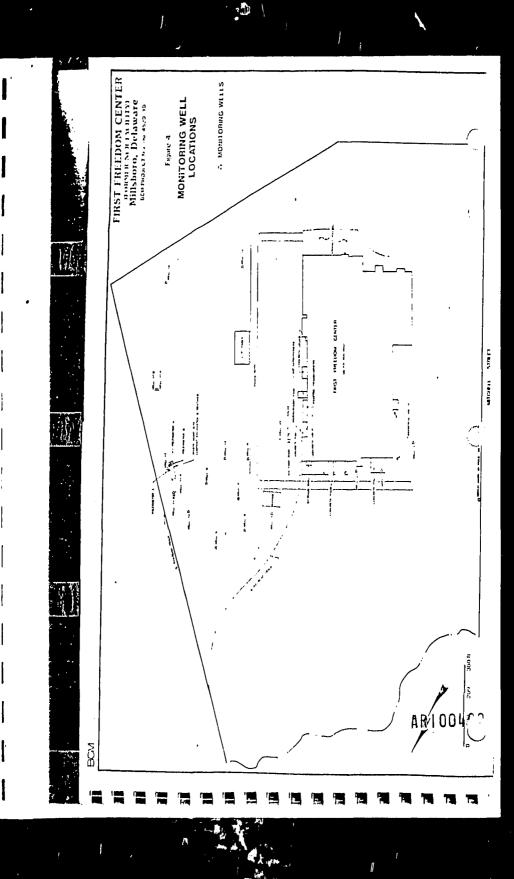
TABLE 2
FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILITY)
MILLSBORO, DELAWARE
SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample	Sample	Trichloroethene	Perchloroethylene	1,1,1-Trichloroetham
Location*	Number	MG/KG	MG/KG	MG/KG
TCEV 1-2-4	N314782	0.06	0.5	<0.01
TCEV 1-6-8	N314783	0.05	0.4	<0.01
TCEV 1-10-12	N314784	0.04	0.3	<0.01
TCEV 3-2-4	N314785	<0.01	0.3	<0.01
TCEV 3-6-8	N314786	0.03	0.6	<0.01
TCEV 3-10-12	N314787	<0.01	0.2	<0.01
BB 1-7-9	N314788	<0.01	0,1	<0.01
BB 1-10-12	N314789	<0.01	0,2	<0.01
BB 2-4-6	N314790	0.45	2,5	<0.01
BB 2-10-12	N314791	1.1	5,8	0.11
SPILL 1-4-6	N314792	0.4	2.4	<0.01
SPILL 1-10-12	N314793	0.3	1.8	<0.01
SWAMP 2-4	N314794	0.3	1.7	<0.01
SWAMP 4-6	N314795		0.7	<0.01
FIELD 1-10-12	N314796	0.06	0,6	<0.01
FIELD 2-10-12	N314797	<0.01	0,3	<0.01
FIELD 3-10-12	N314798	<0.01	0,4	<0.01
FIELD 4-10-12	N314799	0.05	0,5	<0.01
COT 2-1-3	N314800	<0.01	0.06	<0.01
COT 2-4-6	N314801	0.01	0.1	<0.01
COT 2-10-12	N314802	<0.01	0.1	<0.01

Sampled 11/17/83

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<sup>\*</sup> Last two numbers represent depth in the boring (feet)





## 4.3.2 Monitoring Well Construction

A typical well design is illustrated in Figure 5. The monitoring wells were installed in 8-3/4-inch-diameter borings, which were drilled using the mud rotary method. Split spoon samples were taken at 5-foot intervals during the drilling process. All of the wells were constructed with 4-inch (inside diameter) schedule 40 PVC casing and screen. The screen was factory slotted with 0.016-inch slots. The casing and screen were attached with couplings held in place with stainless steel screws. No glues or other adhesives were used. The bottom plug also was attached with screws.

The shallow wells were installed to a depth of 25 feet and had 15 feet of screen placed in the bottom. Solid casing extended from the screen top to approximately 2 feet above grade. The annular space was packed with coarse silica sand to 5 feet below grade. This was followed by a 1-foot-thick bentonite pellet seal, above which cement grout extended up to grade. A steel protective casing with a locking cap was placed over the PVC casing and inserted 3 feet into the cement grout.

'The deep well, Well 17A, was installed to a depth of 60 feet, with 10 feet of screen in the bottom of the hole. As in the other wells, solid casing was placed from the top of the screen to approximately 2 feet above grade. The annular space was packed with coarse silica sand to 5 feet above the top of the screen. A bentonite seal was placed on the top of the sand pack, above which the annular space was tremie grouted up to grade. A steel protective casing was emplaced in the same manner as in the shallow wells. Upon completion, each of the wells were air developed until clear water was obtained. Table 3 shows a summary of the construction for all of the monitoring wells.

# 4.4 STREAM SAMPLING

# 4.4.1 Stream Sampling Locations

On January 4, 1984, surface water samples were taken at 11 locations, extending from the railroad crossing behind the Freedom Center facility to approximately one-half mile downstream on Iron Branch. Stream sampling locations are shown on Figure 6. This area was chosen because it includes the discharge zone for groundwater flowing beneath the facility. It also includes several locations which were found to have elevated TCE concentrations in previous samplings.

# 4.4.2 Stream Sampling Methodology

Surface water samples were taken at approximately 100-yard intervals, except between samples 5 and 6, where the interval was 50 yards. These sampling sites were marked for future reference. AR100410

Engrees Parses and Sciencists LOCKING PROTECTIVE STEEL CASING GRADE 4" ID SCH 40 PVC CASING CEMENT GROUT BENTONITE SEAL COARSE SILICA SAND -FACTORY SLOTTED SCREEN BOTTOM CAP AR100411 Figure 5 TYPICAL WELL DESIGN FIRST FREEDOM CENT (FORMER NCR FACILITY) -16-Millsboro, Delaware

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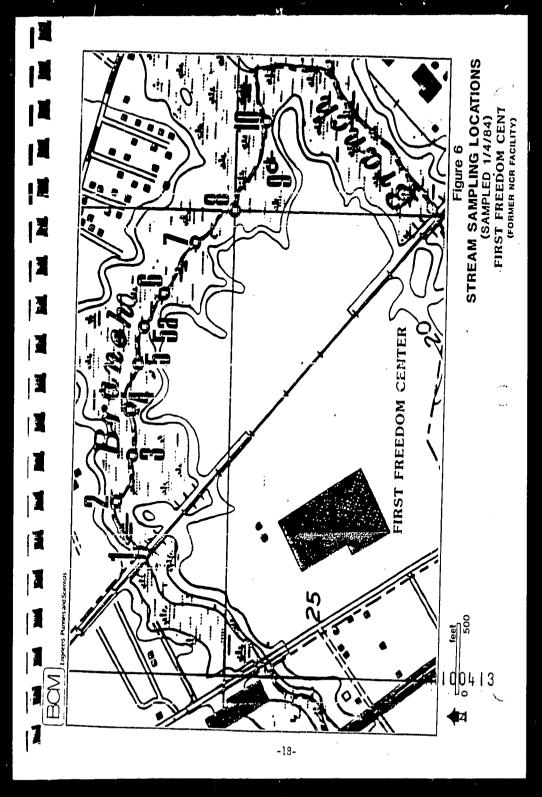
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TABLE 3 FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILITY)
MONITORING WELL DIMENSIONS

Well	Completion Date	Well Diameter (inches)	Total Depth (feet)	Screened Interval (feet)	Cased Interval (feet)	Packed Interval (feet)	Grouted Interva (feet)
1 2 *3	NA	2 2 2 2 2	50	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	NA	2	25	NA	NA	NA	NΑ
*3	NA NA	, 2	25	NA	NA	NA	MA
4	NA NA	2	25 25	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
4 5 6	11/25/81	1.25	22	12-22	NA 0-12	10.5-22	0-10.5
**7	11/24/81	3	24.5	14.5-24.5	0-14.5	13.5-24.5	0-13.5
8 ,	11/25/81	3	25	15-25	0-15	14-25	0-14
8 ·	11/25/81	3 3 3 3	22.5	12.5-22.5	0-12.5	10-22.5	0-10
10	3/09/82	3	24.5	14.5-24.5	0-14.5	12-24.5	0-12
11	3/09/82		24.5	14.5-24.5	0-14.5	12.5-24.5	0-12.5
113	9/01/93	4	60	50-60	0-50	45-60	0-45
12	3/09/82	3 3	25	15-25	0-15	12.5-25	0-12.5
13	3/08/82		24 60	14-24	0-14	11.5-24	0-11.5
17A	12/05/83	4	60	50-60	0-50	45-60	0-45
178	12/07/83	<u> </u>	25 25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
18 19	12/07/83 12/08/83	4	25	10-25 10-25	0-10 0-10	5-25 5-25	0-5 0-5
20	12/08/83	4	25	10-25	0-10	5-25 5-25	0-5
21	12/08/83		,25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
22	12/09/83	4 4	:25	10-25	0-10	5-25	0-5
Piezcmeter	A 8/30/83	2	25	15-25	0-15	14-25	0-14
Piezcmeter	B 8/31/83	2 2 2	20	10-20	0-10	7-20	0-7
Piezcmeter	C 8/31/83	2	20	10-20	0-10	7-20	0~7

<sup>\*</sup> Well 3 is damaged \*\* Well 7 has been abandoned NA Not available

Source: BCM Eastern, Inc.





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All samples were obtained from a flowing area of the stream and were placed in laboratory-prepared bottles. The samples were returned to the BCM laboratory where they were analyzed for the 601 series of purgeable halocarbons.

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## 5.0 GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, AND SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

# 5.1 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Groundwater samples taken on January 3 and 5, 1984, from 16 monitoring wells at the former NCR facility were analyzed for the 601 series of purgeable halocarbons. Results are shown in Table 4. Samples from wells 20, 8, and 12 were found to have TCE concentrations greater than 1,000 ug/l (ppb), with those from wells 9, 13, and 21 having concentrations between 100 and 1,000 ug/l. All other monitoring wells sampled had TCE concentrations less than 100 ug/l. Trans-1,2-dichloroethene was present in lesser amounts, with the highest concentrations occurring in wells 8, 20, and 21. Low concentrations of several other organic compounds also were found in some of the wells.

#### 5.2 SURFACE WATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Surface water samples taken at 11 locations on Iron Branch also were analyzed for the 601 series of purgeable halocarbons (see Figure 6 for sampling locations). As shown in Table 5, sample 6 had the highest concentration of TCE with 1,400 ug/l. Samples 4, 5A, and 8 had concentrations between 100 and 1,000 ug/l, and all other samples had concentrations less than 100 ug/l. Trans-1,2-dichloroethene was present in all but one of the stream samples, but was greater than 100 ug/l in sample 5A only. Six other purgeable halocarbons were present at concentrations between the detection limit and 30 mg/l.

# 5.3 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESIJLTS

Selected soil samples from borings in the northern section of the former NCR facility were analyzed for TCE, perchloroethylene, and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The results from these analyses, which are shown in Table 2, indicate that TCE and perchloroethylene are present in most of the samples at concentrations between 0.01 and 5.8 mg/kg (ppm). Borings BB-2, SPILL-1 and SWAMP had concentrations significantly higher than the other borings, with a range from 0.3 to 5.8 mg/kg. The perchloroethylene occurred at higher concentrations than the trichloroethene in all of the samples. The 10 to 12 foot sample in boring BB-2, which had a concentration of 0.11 mg/kg of 1,1,1-trichloroethane, was the only sample that contained this compound.

A map showing the distribution of TCE concentrations is presented as Figure 7 and a summary of the findings occurs in Section 6.0.

FIRST FREEDOM CENTER (FORMER NCR FACILLITY)
MILLSBORD, DELANARE
GROUMDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS TABLE 4

1.1   Ditchloreethane ug/1	1.1   Dichloroethane ug/1   21.9   23.1   1.5	Parameter	Sample No.:	Well #2 N400231	Well #4 N400232	He11 #5 N400233	Well #6 Well #8 N4002341 N400235	We'll #8 N400235	Well #9 H400236	Well #10 N400237	Well #11 N4DD238	Well #118 N400239
1.1 Dichloroethane ug/1	1.1 Dichloroethane wg/1	Methylene C	hloride ug/1	21.9		23.1		17.8	17.4	10.1	9.3	134
1.5   1.5	1.5   1.5	1,1 Dichlor	oethane ug/1	<0.1		<0.1		<0.1	<0.1	ć0.3	<0.1	<0.1
1.2-Ditchloroethane ug/1	1.0   2.0   1.3   1.1   1.1   1.2   1.3   1.3   1.1   1.2   1.3	Trans 1,2-D	iichloroethene ug/l	3.2		1.5		125	3	1.1	8.8	¢0.1
1,2-Dichloroethane ug/1   2.2   1.3   0.9   1.6   1.2   1.4     1,1,1-Trithloroethane ug/1   0.7   (0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1     1,1,1-Trithloroethane ug/1   0.1   (0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1     1,1,1-Trithloroethane and/or   1.6   2.2   1400   481   30.5   81.9     1,1,2,2-Trithloroethane and/or   1.2   2.7   1400   481   30.5   81.9     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   1.2   2.1   (0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1   0.1     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0.0     1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or   0.0   0	1,2-Dithloroethane ug/1   2.2   1.3     1,1,1-Trithloroethane ug/1   0.7   0.0     1,1,1-Trithloroethane ug/1   0.1   0.0     1,1,1-Trithloroethane ug/1   10.6   2.7   140     1,1,2-Trithloroethane and/or   1.1,2-Trithloroethane and/or     1,1,2-Trithloroethane and/or   1,1,2-Trithloroethane and/or     1,1,2-Trithloroethane and/or   0.1   0.0     1,1,2,2-Tetrathloroethane ug/1   0.0   0.0     1,1	Chloroform	uq/]	1.0		2.0		8.1	4.7	2.1	3.7	0.8
1.1.1-Trithloroethane ug/l       6.1       <	1,1,1-Trithloroethane ug/1	1,2-Dichlor	1/lin avertao.	2.2		1,3		6.0	1.6	1.2	1.4	2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride ug/1       (0.1       (0.1       (0.1       (0.1       (0.1       (0.1         Trichloroethane and/or Cliff-1,3-Dichloroethane and/or Ill,2-Trichloroethane and/or Ill,2-Trichloroethane and/or Interachloroethane and/or Ietrachloroethane and/or Ietrachloroethane and/or Ietrachloroethane ug/1       (0.1 <td>Carbon Tetrachloride ug/1  Trichloroethene ug/1  11.7-Trichloroethane and/or  C15-1,3-Dichloropropene ug/1  11.1,2.2-Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1  Cyanide mg/1  Coanide /td> <td>1,1,1-Irich</td> <td>Noroethane ug/1</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>;</td> <td>&lt;0.1</td> <td></td> <td>1.1</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>&lt;0.1</td>	Carbon Tetrachloride ug/1  Trichloroethene ug/1  11.7-Trichloroethane and/or  C15-1,3-Dichloropropene ug/1  11.1,2.2-Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1  Cyanide mg/1  Coanide	1,1,1-Irich	Noroethane ug/1	0.7	;	<0.1		1.1	0.8	0.7	1.0	<0.1
11.6   2.7   1400   481   30.5   87.9     12.7   1400   481   30.5   87.9     13.7   1400   481   30.5   87.9     13.1.2   17   16   10   10   10     13.1.2   17   16   10   10   10     13.1.2   18   10   10   10     13.1.2   18   10   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   10   10     13.1.3   18   18   10     13.1.3   18   18   18     13.1.3   18   18   18     13.1.3   18   18   18     13.1.3   18   18   18     13.1.3   18   18   18     13.1.3   18   18   18     14.1.3   18   18     15.1.3   18   18     15.1.3   18   18     15.1.3   18   18     15.1.3   18   18     15.1.3   18   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3   18     15.1.3	11.6   2.7   140	Carbon Tetr	achloride ug/1	<0.1		<0,1		¢0.3	(0.1	<b>c</b> 0.1	40.1	<b>c</b> 0.1
Dibromochloroethane and/or 11,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or 11,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or 11,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or 11,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or 1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethane and/	Dibrimothloroethane and/or (15.2.7 Trithloroethane and/or (15.2.3 Dithloroethane and/or (15.2.3 Dithloroethane and/or letrachloroethane and/or letrachloroethane and/or letrachloroethane ug/l (0.1) (0.005 (0.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.005 Co.003 C	Trichloroet	hene ug/1	11.6		2.7		1400	481	30.5	87.9	¢0.1
1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethane ug/1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 18.9 and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1 <0.1 <0.1 18.9 and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1 <0.05 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.00	1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1	Dibramochlo 1,1,2-Trich CIS-1,3-Dic	roethane and/or loroethane and/or hloropropene ug/l	<0.1		<0.1	•	40.1	. 40.1	. 40.1	<0.1	¢0.1
Administration of the result o	and/or Tetrachloroethene ug/1	1,1,2,2,-Te	trachloroethane									
Chamical Daygen Demand mg/l 48 40 8 16 16 16 Chromium as Cr mg/l 60.03 0.043 60.03 60.005 (0.005 Chromium as Cr mg/l 60.01 0.043 60.03 0.043 60.03 0.043 60.	Cyanide mg/l  Chemical Daygen Demand mg/l  Chronium as Cr mg/l  Chronium as Cr mg/l  Chronium as Cr mg/l  Chronium as Cr mg/l  Chronium as Cr mg/l  Choride mg/l  She She She  She  She  She  She  She	and/or Telr	achloroethene ug/1	<0.1		<0.1		0.5	<0.3	¢0.1	18.9	<b>c</b> 0.1
Chromium as Cr mg/l     40     8     16     16       Chromium as Cr mg/l     (0.03     0.043     (0.03     0.34     0.043       Ilexavalent Chroimium as Cr mg/l     0.01     0.043     0.01     0.03     0.043       Chloride mg/l     5.86     5.46     8.24     18.33     4.57       Dissolved Solids mg/l     125     115     55     45       Specific Conductance (umbos)     117     141     117     54     6.0       pHI (standard units) mg/l     5.4     6.0     5.7     5.6     5.2     5.6	Chronium as Cr mg/l 48 40  Chronium as Cr mg/l (0.03 0.043)  Hexavalent Chroimium as Cr mg/l 0.01 0.043  Filoride mg/l 5.946  Dissolved 5.0145 mg/l 125 115  Specific Consuct ance (wahos) 117 141 112  pH {standard units} mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7	Cyanide mg/	-	<0.005	<0.00>		<0.005		<0.00	<0.005	<0.005	
Chromium as Cr mg/1 (0.03 0.043 (0.03 0.34 0.043 16 avalent Chromium as Cr mg/1 0.01 0.043 0.01 0.01 0.34 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)14 0.043 (c.)15 0.04 0.043 (c.)15 0.04 0.043 (c.)15 0.04 0.043 (c.)15 0.04 0.043 (c.)15 0.04 0.043 (c.)15 0.04 0.043 (c.)15	Chromium as Cr mg/l c0.03 0.043  Hocavalent Chroimium as Cr mg/l 0.01 0.043  Chloride mg/l 5.86 5.46  Hissolved Solids mg/l 125 115  Specific Conduct ance (wahos) 117 141 142  pH (Standard units) mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7	Chemical Ox	ygen Demand mg/1	48	40		83		16	16	0	
		Chromium as	Cr mg/l	¢0.03	0.043		<0.03		0.34	0.043	0.14	
Chloride mg/l 5.86 5.46 8.24 8.83 4.57  Dissolved Solids mg/l 125 115 55 4  Specific Conductance (umbos) 117 141 112 94 160 95 9  pH (standard units) mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7 5.6 5.6	Chloride mg/l 5.86 5.46  11s.solved Solids mg/l 125 115  Specific Conductance (umbos) 117 141 112 5  pH [standard units] mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7	Hexavalent	Chroimium as Cr mg/1	0.01	0.043		0.01		0.34	0.043	0.14	
Dissolved Solids mg/l 125 115 55 4 Specific Conductance (wahus) 117 141 112 94 160 95 5 pil [Standard units] mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7 5.6 5.2 5.6	Specific Conductance (umbos) 117 141 112 5 pH {Standard units} mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7	Chloride mg	7	5.86	5.46		8.24		. 8.83	4.57	5,46	
Specific Conductance (unhos) 117 141 117 94 160 95 5 pH (Standard units) mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7 5.6 5.6	Specific Conductance (umbos) 117 141 112 5 pH {standard units} mg/l 5.4 6.0 5.7	Dissolved S	olids mg/l	125	315		25		117	55	<b>(*</b>	
pH (standard units) mg/] 5.4 6.0 5.7 5.6 5.6	pil (Standard units) mg/] 5.4 6.0 5.7		nductance (umhos)	117	141	112	88		160	33	55	
100416	100416		d units) mg/l	5.4	6.0	5.7	9.6		5.2	5.6	5.2	
	00416	1 (										
416	416	00							•			
16	16	4 1										
		6										

Santa Carlo

TABLE 4 (Cont'd)

r or aneter	Sample No.:	N400240	N400241	N400242	H400242 H400243		Nell #18 Well #19 N400244 N400245	N400246	Weli #21 N4(-0247	Well #22 N400248
Methylene Chloride ug/1	le ug/1	8.0	(0.1	1.1	5.3	49.0	14.0	5.7	5.8	60.1
1,1-Dichloroethane ug/l	ne ug/J	¢0,1	¢0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.6	¢0.1
Trans 1,2-Dichloroethene ug/1	oethene ug/7	9.69	1.5	3.3	<0.1	6.1	40.1	900	111	<0.1
Chloroform ug/l		1.7	<0.1	4.0	10.5	¢0.1	· 1.0>	34.9	. <6.1	<0.1
1,2-Dichloroethane ug/1	ie ug/l	2.3	<b>c</b> 0.1	0.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.8	1.1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane ug/1	thane ug/1	0.3	<b>c</b> 0.1	1.3	<b>40.</b> 4	<0.1	<0.1	9.0	<0.1	0.3
Carbon Tetrachloride ug/1	-tde cg/l	<0.1	¢0.1	(0.1	<0.1	۵.1	<b>c0.1</b>	4.3	<0.1	<0.1
Trichloroethene ug/1	1/br	1400	125	1.0	17.7	12.6	38.8	115,000	. 222	10.3
Dibromochloroethane and/or 1,1,2-Trichloroethane and/or CIS-1,3-Dichloropropene ug/l	ane and/or thane and/or propene ug/1	0,4	40.1	40.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	40.1
1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane and/or letrachloroethene ug/1	loroethane oethene ug/1	. 8.	<b>c0.1</b>	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	90.9	25.5	40.1
Cyanide mg/l		0.076		<0.005	<0.005			<0.005		
Chemical Oxygen Demand mg/1	emand mg/l			16	8			56		
Chromium as Cr		<0.03		<0.03	<0.03			<0.03		
Nexavalent Chroimium as Cr mg/l	ium as Cr mg/l	0.03			•					
Chloride mg/1										
Dissolved Solids mg/1	1/6m									
Specific Conductance (umbos)	nce (umbos)	102								

5.5

pll (standard units) mg/l

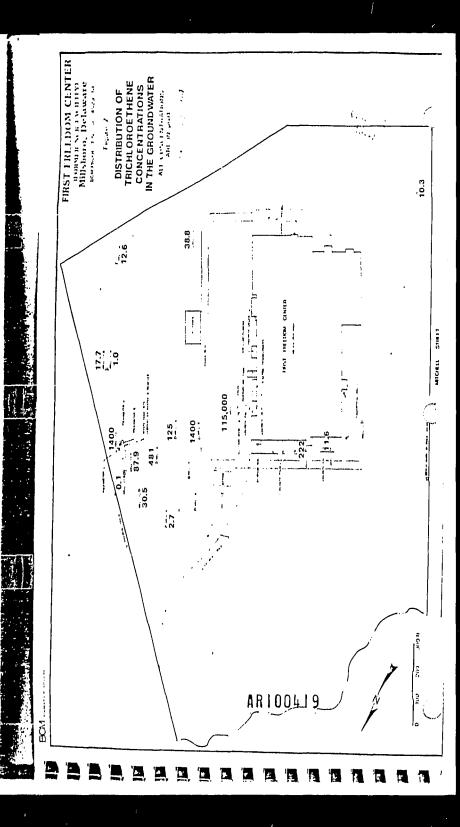
Source: 6th Eastern, Inc.

-22-

TABLE 5

FIRST FREEDON CENTER (FOÖNER NER FACILITY) HILSBORO, DILAMARE IRON BRANCH ANALYTICAR RESULTS

1	_											
Parameter* Sample No.: N400249	. ]	Stream 2 N400250	Stream 3 N400251	Stream 4 N400252	Stream 5 N400253	Stream 5A N400254	Stream 6 N400255	Stream 7 N400256	Stream 8 N400257	Stream 9 N400258	Stream 10 N400259	Trip Blank
Hethylene Chloride  Vinyl Chloride  (0.)  Trans 1,2-Dichloroethene (0.)  Chloroform  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,1,1-Trichloroethane  Trichloroethene  3.6  Tetrachloroethene  3.6	m	(0.1) (0.1) (0.1) (0.1) (0.1) (0.2)	28.9 4.5 1.2 1.3 18.0 - 2.8 <0.1	1.6 <0.1 31.2 <0.1 1.2 0.5 402	1.4 <0.1 1.0 0.1 1.1 <0.1 25.3 <0.1	1.4 1.3 103. 1.8 1.4 0.4 886. 1	1.8 <0.1 26.8 0.5 1.2 <0.1 1400.	2.8 (0.1 16.8 (0.1 1.1 (0.1 61.5 2.3	3.6 <0.1 2.6 <0.1 1.1 (0.5 101	4.2 0.1 2.0 (0.1 1.1 78.4 (0.1	6.2 <0.1 1.9 <0.1 0.8 0.5 74.4 <0.1	13.6 (0.1 (0.1 (0.1 1.1 (0.1 (0.1
Sampled 1/4/84 * All results shown in ug/1 Source: BCM fastern Inc.		**										•





#### 6.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- J 1. Elevated TCE concentrations have been detected in the groundwater beneath the northwest corner of the former NCR (now Freedom Center) Millsboro property. The highest concentrations occur along a linear zone which trends approximately northeast-southwest and appears to originate at the northeast corner of the building.
  - 2. Elevated TCE concentrations have also been detected in Iron Branch, a tributary to Indian River, northeast of the property.
  - 3. The groundwater flow direction at the site is to the northeast towards Iron Branch.
  - Several homes, which use private wells as a source of drinking water, are located on the opposite side of Iron Branch from the property.
  - 5. The pattern of TCE concentrations in Iron Branch indicates that the stream is a linear discharge zone for TCE-bearing groundwater. Data from the existing menitoring wells do not enable a determination whether any TCE-bearing groundwater flows under Iron Branch for eventual discharge into the Indian River.
  - 6. The precise source of the TCE has not yet been located, but the highest groundwater TCE concentration (115,000 ug/l) was detected in monitoring well 20, located 100 feet downgradient from the former site of an above-ground TCE storage tank.
  - 7. Soil probing and a review of plant records could not locate any subsurface TCE storage tanks at the northeast corner of the building. A subsurface tank at the northwest corner of the building was used to store waste cutting oil which also contained TCE. Monitoring immediately downgradient from this tank revealed TCE, but not at levels associated with the plume to the northeast.
  - 8. The elevated TCE concentrations are not related to the elevated chromium concentrations detected in some of the onsite monitoring wells.



#### 7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The investigations completed to date have defined the plume's sides and have located the general area of its source. The data also indicate that:

- There is most likely one discontinued contamination source.
- A portion of the shallow (recharge) aquifer is contaminated with TCE but the extent, if any, of deeper aquifer contamination is not known.
- The contaminated plume is moving in a Northeasterly direction at a rate of approximately 1.2 ft/day and appears to be discharging into Iron Branch Creek.

Since the depth of the plume and its precise source have yet to be determined, the potential environmental impact of the TCE cannot be fully assessed. Due to this uncertainty, an additional investigatory phase will be implemented to determine the following:

- 1. The contaminant source.
- 2. The vertical extent of TCE migration.
- The concentration profile of the TCE plume in order to verify the observed data and to estimate the temporal characteristics of the plume.
- 4. The migration and discharge pattern of the TCE plume.
- Once this investigation phase has been completed, the data will be analyzed to determine appropriate management actions.



## 8.0 REFERENCES

Jordan, R.R. 1962. Stratigraphy of the Sedimentary Rocks of Delaware: Delaware Geological Survey, Bulletin 9, p.51.

Sundstrom, R.W., and Pickett, T.E. 1969. The Availability of Groundwater in Eastern Sussex County, Delaware: Water Resources Center, University of Delaware.

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APPENDIX A

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Betz-Converse-Murdoch-Inc.

ORIGINAL (Red) Drilling Log Well Humber \_ 17A Project No. 00-4529-10 NCR Millsboro, Delaware Well Location North corner of baseball field

Priller/Company Ed Kelley & Calvin Wallace/Delmarva Drilling Co.

Prilling Nethod Mud rotary Note Diameter 8 3/4 Date(s) Drilled 12/5/83

Sample Type split spoons Sample Interval 5 No. Samples Retained 11

Surface Elevation 22.96 Casing Top Elevation 24.48steel total Well Depth Casing Naterial and Size 4" ID Sch 40 PVC Cased Interval(s) 0 80 Grouting Type Portland Cement Grouted Interval 0 - 44 Screening Naterial and Size 4" ID Sch 40 .016".slotted PV6creened Interval(s) 50 - 60 Packing Naterial and SizeCoarse grained, silica sand Packed Interval 45 - 60 Nepth to Static Water 16.42' PVC Date 1/5/84 Approx Well Yield 30 apm Development Time Development Hethod Compressed air 2 hours Logged by: Richard E. Sacks PROPERTY ROUNDARY Comments The water used in WELL DETAIL STEEL the drilling process was PROTECTOR chlorinated. NOTTO SCALE) 3' PIPS 100 FT Quik-gel was used after 17A FODET LP TANKS GROUT AL 50 CASIN PAVED ROAD BENTONITE IL WOT TO SCALE IC ZCREE! Pepth Spoon Sample Description of Materials Scale **Blows** 0' - 4.5' 50/6" 50/6" Tan, fine to medium grained SAND 48/6" 50/6 Tan-grey sandy CLAY; sand is fine - medium grained 4.5 - 8' 10' 95/6" 44/6 Tan, fine - medium grained SAND with some coarse sand 8'- 19' 15' and fine gravel 201 50/12" 70/ 19' - 25' Tan, slightly clayey, fine \_ coarse SAND and fine 50/5" 50/6 grave 48/12" 25' - 35' 30' Tan, medium to coarse grained SAND and fine gravel 80/10" 35'- 49' Orange-tan, medium - coarse grained, slightly silty SAND and fine gravel 35' 40/6" 49' - 50' Orange-tan, medium grained, slightly silty SAND 401 78/6"

Orange-tan, medium - coarse grained, slightly silty Sa

AR100424

Orange, fine grained GRAVEL with some orange-tan,

medium - coarse grained sand

End of hole

Orange-tan, coarse grained SAND

551 - 991

59' - 65'

65' - 70'

501

60

NS

80/3"

NS

83/6"

Betz·Converse·Murdoch·Inc.

Drilling Log

ORIGINAL (Red)

Well Humber 17B		
Client NCR Millsboro, Delaware Proje	ect Ho.	00-4529-10
Well Location North corner of baseball field	•	<del></del>
Oriller/Company Ed Kelley & Calvin Wallace/Delmarva Drilling C	.0.	<del></del>
Prilling Nethod Mud rotary Noie Diameter 8 3/4" Date	s) Dril	lea 12///83
Gample Type <u>Cuttings</u> Sample Interval <u>Continuous</u> No. S Gurface Elevation <u>22.81</u> Casing Top Elevation <u>24.85</u> steel T	Samples	Retained None
Surface Elevation 22.81 Casing Top Elevation 24.85 steel T	otal We	11 Depth 25'
asing Naterial and Size 4" ID Sch 40 .016"slotted PVC Cased	Interv	al(s) <u>0 - 10'</u>
Grouting Type <u>Portland Cement</u> Grout Screening Naterial and Size 4" ID Sch 40 .0165 lotted PVC Scree	ted Inte	
	ened inter	
	x Well	
	lopment '	
Logged by: P.A. Coppock	Opinicité	T Hour
	WELL DET	AIL
used		PROTEC
Quik-gel used only for OROPERAN		/ e)
bentonite seal	ROUT 4	
Bullion 1 to 1	ROUT 4	X X IO'CAS
	<del></del>	<del>^</del>
500 FT	SANO 20	15'54A
TANKS	PACKINE.	
PAULD ROAD.		<del></del>
	<del></del>	<del></del>
	7 7. 2	
NOT TO SCALEX	LNOT TO	SCALE)
Pepth Sample Spoon Description of	lia tomi al	•
Scale Slows Description of	na ratita i	3
0 - 5' Tan, fine-medium grained SAND,	2000 5:	o., alau
0 - 5' Tan, fine-medium grained SAND, 5 - 10' Tan-yellow, medium-coarse grain	ned SAUD	EA CIGA
10 - 20' Tan, medium-coarse grained SANI	D with f	ine oravel
20 - 25' Tan-orange, medium-coarse SA:0	with fi	ne gravel
25   End of hole	<u> </u>	ne gruver
	AR	1001.25
	AR	00425
	AR	00425
	AR	00425
	AR	100425
	AR	100425

long &

Drilling Log

le11 Humbe	r <u>18</u>		
Client NCR	Millsboro	o, Delaware	e Project No. 00-4529-10
iell Locat	inn East	corner of	NCR property, south of baseball field
Priller/Co	mpany Fd I	Celley & Ca	alvin Wallace/Delmarva Drilling Co.
rilling H	ethod <u>Mud</u>	rotary	Note Diameter B-3/4" Date(s) Drilled 12/7/83 Sample Interval 5' No. Samples Retained 4
ample Typ	e split	spoon S	Sample Interval 5' No. Samples Retained 4 Casing Top Elevation 24.55' steelTotal Well Depth 25' D Sch 40 PVC Cased Interval(s) 0 - 10'
urrace El	evation 4	2.32 (J	D Sch 40 PVC Cased Interval(s) 0 - 10
		land cement	
creening	Naterial a	ind Size 4	" 1D Sch 40 .016slotted PVC Screened Interval(s) 10 - 25
acking Ha	terial and	1 Size Char	rse grained, silica sand Packed Interval 5 - 25
epth to S	tatic Wate	r 15.67	PVC Nate 1/5/84 Approx Well Yield 20 gpm
evelopmen	t Method (	Compressed	air Development Time I nour
oaged by:	P.A. Co	pock	
Comments D	rilling mu	id was Co	CETCH MAD 111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
not neces			CELLITER STREET
			PROTESTOA
			PROPERTY 2
			A LO . CEMENTA!
			GROUT 10'CASTON
		=	BASERAII
		<i>#</i>	FIELD SAND 30' 15'SLASE
		<u> </u>	SAND 24 15 SERBE
			PACKING
····		<u> </u>	50
			PANED ROAD
		ZN	VOT TO SCALE)
			RULDING (NOT TO SCALE)
Donth		Spoon	
Pepth Scale	Sample	Rlows	; Description of Naterials
			1
0 - 5'	5'	40/6"	Tan, fine to medium grained, slightly silty SAYD
<u> </u>	10'	48/8"	Disch and grave CLAV view a second of five and all
5 - 9'	15'	60/6"	Black and grey <u>CLAY</u> with a trace of fine gravel
9 - 11'	20'	NS	Tan, fine to medium grained, slightly silty SAND
7 - 11	25'	80/3"	runs time to medium grained, strightly stity sand
11 - 201		100/3	Orange-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with a trace
11 - 40		<del> </del> -	of grey, fine grained gravel
20 - 25'	<del></del>	<del> </del>	Tan, medium to coarse grained SAND
25'		1	End of hole
	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	
		<b></b>	AR100426
<del></del>	ļ	<del> </del>	MITOUTE
}	<b> </b>	<del> </del>	
<b></b>	<b></b>		
	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>

Betz-Converse-Murdoch-In	nc. BOM
Drilling Log	(Red.

No.11 Numbe	ne 10		brilling Log
Well Humbe			-
Client		boro, Dela	
Well Local	tion South	east corne	er of building across road
urilier/ud Deilling 1	inpany to	Kelley & C	Calvin Wallace/Delmarva Drilling Co. Hole Diameter 8 3/4" Date(s) Drilleg 12/7-8/83
Samole Tvr	ne Colit co	rotary	Hole Diameter 8 3/4" Date(s) Drilleo 12/7-8/83
Surface El	evation 2	2 30'	Sample Interval 5' No. Samples Retained 5 Casing Top Elevation 24.35'steel Total Well Depth 25' ID Sch 40 PVC Cased Interval(s) 0 - 10
Casing Hat	erial and	Size 4"	ID Sch 40 PVC Cased Interval(s) 0 - 10
Grouting 1	ype Port	land cemer	nt Grouted Interval 0 - 5
Screening	ilateriai	nd Size 4'	nt Grouted Interval 0 - 5 " ID Sch 40 .016" slotted PVC Screened Interval (s) 10
			arse grained, Silica Sand Packed Interval 5
Developmen	static Hall	Compresse	PVC Nate 1/4/84 Approx Well Yield 20 gr
nevelolimen	P. A.	Loppock	ed air Development Time <u>Thou</u> r
• • •			,
	<u>Drilling m</u>	nd Mas S	KETCH MAP
not neces	sary	<u> </u>	
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			PAVCO ROAD
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		—  Z	NOT TO SCALE)
		\	/ BUILDING / / /
	1	1	
Pepth	Sample	Spoon	Description of Naterials
Scale		Blows	1
0 - 3'	51	20/12"	Yellowish tan, fine to medium grained, silty SAND
	10'	53/9"	
3 - 9'	ļ	40.70"	Grey CLAY
9 - 12'	15'	63/9"	Grey UCAY with a trace of fine sand
<del> </del>	20'	55/5"	Total devi usus a crace of Title Salia
12 - 15		133/3	Yellowish tan, fine to medium grained silty
<u> </u>	251	43/6"	SAMD interbedded with gray sandy CLAY (one at 15' of
			at the top and sand at the bottom)
15 - 20'			Yellowish tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with
			gravei
20 - 22'		ļ	White, medium to coarse grained SAND; matrix is mi
22 - 25'	ļ		lian, medium to coarse grained SAND with a trace of
25'			[graye]
<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	End of hole
<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	AR100427
	t	<del> </del>	

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			/:
			Drilling Log
Well Humbe	r <u>20</u>		
Client NC	R Millshor	יה הו	Project No. 00-4529-10
ieli Locat	tion 60+ <sub>6</sub>	ast of b	uilding near maintenance entrance
Oriller/Co	impany Ed k	Kellev & 🛚	Calvin Wallace/Delmarva Drilling Co.
rilling l	lethod Muc	rotary	Hole Diameter 0.3/4" Date(s) Drilled 12/8/83
Sampie Typ Surface El	e Spilt sp	000ns	Sample Interval 5' No. Samples Retained 5 Casing Top Elevation 25.70'steelTotal Well Depth 25'
Casino Mat	erial and	Size 4"	ID Sch 40 PVC Cased Interval(s) 0 - 10
Grouting T	ype Portl	and cemen	nt Grouted Interval U - 5
Screening	Haterial	and Size	4" ID Sch 40.016 slotted PVC Screened Interval(s) 10 - 25'
acking Ha	terial an	d Size <u>C</u>	oarse grained, silica sand Packed Interval 5 - 25
Develonmen	itatic Wate	Compress	5' PVC Nate 1/5/84 Approx Well Yield 5 apm
reverabilien Louged by:			ed air Development Time 1.5 nr.
Comments _ not nece		iud was	SKETCH MAP SOUNDARD WELL DETAIL STEEL
HOL HECE	52201.A	—— <u> </u>	PRO TECT
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			STATEMENT TO CHS
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			SAND 20 15' SCRE
		<del></del>	SAVO 20 / 5 / 5CRS
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			100 27 1
		<u> </u>	GORT (NOTTOSCALE)
		Ş	
		<u>_</u>	
Pepth	Sample	Spoon	
Scale		Plows	
0 - 5	51	61/12"	Tan, brown, grey, fine to medium grained, silty SAND
	10'	34/6"	
5 - 12'		1	Tan, brown, white, medium - coarse grained silty SAND
12 - 18'	·15'	30/6"	Colors are interbedded.
17 - 19,	40.	24/6"	White-gray, fine grained SAND with black grains. Tan fine to medium SAND interbedded with the grey to
	25'	21/12"	white sand
18 - 23'			White to gray, fine to medium grained SAND
23 - 25'			White to gray, fine grained, clayey SAND with a trace
001		ļ	fine to medium grained GRAVEL
25'		<del> </del>	End of hole
		<del>                                     </del>	
			AR100428
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		<del> </del>	
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Betz-Converse-Murdoch-Inc.

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Prilling Log Well Humber \_\_\_21 Client NCR Millsboro, Delaware Project No. 00-4529-10 Well Location North side of building Driller/Company Ed Kelley & Calvin Wallace/Delmarva Drilling Co.
Drilling Nethod Mud rotary | Note | Diameter | 8 3/4" | Date(s)
Sample Type Split spoons | Sample Interval | 5 | No. Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sample Type | Sa Date(s) Drilleg 12/8/33 Sample Type Split spoons Sample Inter-Surface Elevation 21.01 Casing Top E Casing Material and Size 4" ID Sch 40 PVC Sample Interval 5 No. Samples Retained 5 Casing Top Elevation 82.95 Steel Total Hell Depth 7 Cased Interval(s) 0 - 10 Grouted Interval 0 - 5 Grouting Type Portland cement Grouted Interval 0 - 5'
Screening Naterial and Size4" ID Sch 40 .016" slotted PVC Screened Interval (s) 10 - 25
Packing Naterial and Size Coarse grained, silica sand Packed Interval 7 - 25
Depth to Static Hater 11.11' PVC Date 1/5/84 Approx Well Yield 30 gpm Development Method Compressed air Logged by: P.A. Coppock Development Time Comments \_\_ SKETCH MAP WELL DETAIL -STEEL PROTECTOR PAVED ROAD 5 AND 20 PASHIND. FROMBLD (NOT TO SCALE المنطأ المناطية Pepth Spoon Sample Description of Haterials **Blows** Scale 0 - 5' 31/6" Tan-brown, fine grained, silty SAND and grey, meaium grained, clayey SAND 25/12" Tan-grey, fine-medium-coarse grained, silty SAND 5 - 25 and fine grained GRAVEL 21/3 31/6" 36/6" 23 - 25' Tan-grey, fine-medium-coarse grained SAND interbedded 201 251 35/8" with tan-gray, sandy CLAY End of hole 25 AR100429

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Betz-Converse-Murdoch-Inc.	B(

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Well Humber

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Packing Hat Depth to St Development Logged by: Comments	P.A. C	Compressed Coppock	PYC Nate 1/5/84 Approx Hell Yield 20 Development Time 1 no SETCH MAP WELL DETAIL ST ARCA SARCA S
Pepth Scale	Samp le	Spoon	Description of Haterials
Scale	<u></u> 5'	21/6"	Grey-tan, fine to medium grained SAND
0 - 2.5'		<del></del>	
0 - 2.5'	101	1207511	Grovetan sandy Clay
2.5 - 8'	10'	30/6"	Grey-tan, sandy CLAY  Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND
2.5 - 8'	15'	49/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel
2.5 - 8'			Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with f
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	15'	49/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with finedium grained gravel
2.5 - 8'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with finedium grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with finedium grained gravel
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with f medium grained gravel  Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with f medium grained gravel  Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with redium grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel End of hole
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with redium grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel End of hole
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with f medium grained gravel  Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with finedium grained gravel  Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel End of hole
2.5 - 8' 8 - 23' 23 - 24'	20'	61/9"	Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained, silty SAND traces of fine grained gravel Grey-tan, medium to coarse grained SAND with i medium grained gravel  Grey-tan, medium to coarse SAND with a trace of grained gravel End of hole

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APPENDIX B

SAMPLING PROTOCOL

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Samples were obtained from the monitoring wells using the following protocol:

- Static water level in the well was measured using an electric well probe and tape measure.
- The volume of standing water contained in the well was calculated.
- If well yield permitted, five times the volume of water contained in the well was pumped with a gasoline-powered suction pump. Otherwise, the well was pumped dry three times.
- 4. The bailer used for obtaining the sample was cleaned using the following procedures:
  - Washed with soap and water and rinsed with distilled, deionized water.
  - b. Washed with a 50 percent methanol and 50 percent distilled, deionized water solution.
  - c. Washed with distilled, deionized water.
- 5. The first bail of sample retrieved from the well was discarded.
- 6. The sample was placed in an appropriate laboratory prepared sample container.
- The sample containers were then rinsed, labelled and placed in a chilled environment for shipment to the BCM laboratory.

This process was repeated for each well sampled.

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APPENDIX D

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# Excavated Sludge Disposal Site Post Closure Monitoring & Groundwater Quality Assessment

for

NCR Corporation former facility - Millsboro Delaware (First Freedom Center)



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AR1-00434

## EXCAVATED SLUDGE DISPOSAL SITE POSTCLOSURE MONITORING AND GROUNDWATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT

FOR

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NCR CORPORATION

APRIL 1984

PREPARED BY:

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REVIEWED BY:

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DELAWARE REGISTRATION NO. 306

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2.0	INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND	2
3.0	DISCUSSION OF GROUNDWATER MONITORING ANALYTICAL DATA	4
4.0	SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	8
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Figu	re 1 Monitoring Well Locations	3
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Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data Table 2 Static Water Elevations



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#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The NCR Corporation (NCR) operated a manufacturing plant in Millsboro, Delaware until November 1981, at which time the property was sold to the First National Bank of Maryland. BCM Eastern Inc. (BCM) was retained by NCR to conduct routine quarterly groundwater monitoring as part of a plating waste disposal site closure. The quarterly groundwater monitoring was initiated by BCM in November 1981 and has continued to the present.

During early monitoring, hexavalent and total chromium levels were found to exceed the Delaware State drinking water standard of 0.05 mg/l in four wells (4, 9, 10, 11A). More recent data indicates that the chromium concentrations have either stabilized or decreased in all of the wells and that the drinking water standard is now exceeded in only two of the wells (9, 11A).

Based upon this information it is recommended that quarterly monitoring continue in four (4, 9, 10, 11A) of the eight wells currently monitored and that the parameter list be reduced to total chromium, chloride, pH, and specific conductance.



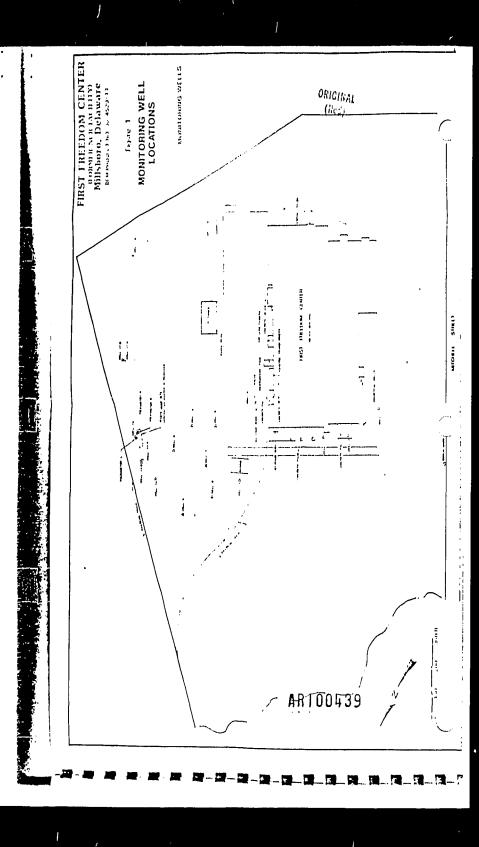
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## 2.0 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

The NCR Corporation (NCR) operated a manufacturing plant in Millsboro, Delaware until November 1981, at which time the property was sold to the First National Bank of Maryland and converted to its present use (First Freedom Center).

A plating process which was part of the NCR operation produced a chromium-bearing wastewater which was treated onsite near the northeast corner of the plant. Sludge produced by this treatment was disposed of in an unlined pit near the center of the northeastern property line (Figure 1). This material was subsequently excavated and removed under BCM's direction as documented in the October 1981 Engineer's Certification of RCRA Closure Plan and the October 1981 Hazardous Waste Investigation Report both prepared by BCM.

In order to comply with post-closure requirements, groundwater monitoring wells were installed to assess the groundwater quality near the waste-water treatment and sludge disposal areas. On behalf of NCR, BCM initiated a quarterly groundwater monitoring program in November 1981 which has continued to the present (analytical data is presented in Table 1). This report provides a summary of the results of that monitoring program.





#### 3.0 DISCUSSION OF GROUNDWATER MONITORING ANALYTICAL DATA

The groundwater monitoring data indicates that, aside from chromium concentrations slightly above the drinking water standard of 0.05 mg/l in wells 4, 9, 10 and 11A, the site groundwater has not been impacted by the excavated sludge disposal site. Trichloroethylene (TCE) detected in the groundwater is unrelated to the sludge disposal site and is addressed in a separate report by BCM entitled "Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report," dated April 1984.

A summary of the analytical data collected by BCM during the groundwater monitoring program from November 1981 through March 1984 is presented in Table 1. The data is discussed by parameter in the following paragraphs.

#### Chromium, Total

The total chromium levels slightly exceeded the Delaware State primary drinking water standard of 0.05 mg/l in wells 4, 9, 10 and 11A during much of the completed phase of groundwater monitoring (Figure 4). The maximum concentrations detected in these wells were 0.26, 0.49, 0.19 and 0.78 mg/l respectively. However, concentrations in wells 4 and 10 have been below the drinking water standard in the more recent samplings and all of the wells show a generally stable or decreasing trend with time. The decreases in the chromium concentrations from the maximum levels to the most recent levels were 0.24, 0.15, 0.15, and 0.66 mg/l for wells 4, 9, 10 and 11A respectively. Very low concentrations of total chromium were detected in wells 2, 5, 6, 7, 12 and 13 (maximum levels 0.02, 0.01, 0.02, 0.01, 0.028, and 0.002 mg/l, respectively), and none was detected in wells 1, 3, 8, 11B, 17A, 17B, and 20, illustrating the limited areal extent of the elevated chromium concentrations.

#### Chromium, Hexavalent

Hexavalent chromium concentrations slightly exceeded the Delaware State primary drinking water standard in four of the monitoring wells for at least a portion of the time since monitoring began. These wells, 4, 9, 10 and 11A, had maximum concentrations of 0.149, 0.43, 0.123, and 0.658 mg/l respectively. Hexavalent chromium concentrations generally exhibited the same patterns and trends as the total chromium.

#### Lead

The highest lead concentration detected in the groundwater was 0.034 mg/l in well 10. This level, which is below the Delaware State primary drinking water standard of 0.05 mg/l, occurred in the June 30, 1932 sampling. Since that time, the lead concentration has not exceeded 0.004 mg/l in well 10. Lead concentrations were less than 0.01 mg/l in all of the other wells.



#### Cadmium

Groundwater samples were analyzed once for cadmium in May 1983. No cadmium was detected in any of the samples (detection limit 0.005 mg/l).

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#### Mercury

Groundwater samples were analyzed once for mercury in May 1983. Mercury was either not detected or was below the Delaware State primary drinking water standard of 0.002 my/l in all of the wells. The maximum concentration detected was 0.0012 mg/l in well 11A, with concentrations of either 0.0009 mg/l or below in the other wells.

#### Chloride

Chloride levels were all below the Delaware State secondary drinking water standard of 250 mg/l. The highest concentration detected, 64.7 mg/l, occurred in well 2 in the May 12, 1983 sampling. Since that time the chloride concentration has not exceeded 7.4 mg/l in that well. Chloride levels were below 20 mg/l in the other wells.

#### Nitrate as N

Groundwater samples were analyzed twice for nitrate, in March 1982 and May 1983. Nitrate levels did not exceed the Delaware State secondary drinking water standard of 10 mg/l in any of the wells. The highest concentration detected, 7.35 mg/l, occurred in well 12. The average nitrate concentration for all of the wells tested was 3.91 mg/l.

#### Ammon i a

Groundwater samples were analyzed once for ammonia in May 1983. The sample from well 2, which had a concentration of 0.139~mg/l, was the only one in which ammonia was detected (detection limit 0.05~mg/l).

#### Cvanide

Groundwater samples were analyzed once for cyanide in January 1984. None was detected in any of the wells except well 12, which contained 0.076 mg/l (detection limit 0.005 mg/l).

#### Nickel

Groundwater samples were analyzed for nickel once in May 1983. No nickel was detected in any of the wells tested (detection limit 0.1 mg/l).

#### Iron

Groundwater samples were analyzed for iron once in March 1982. Well 7, which had an iron concentration of 2.63 mg/l was the only well which exceeded the Delaware State secondary drinking water standard of 0.3 mg/l. Concentrations in the other wells were all below 0.08 mg/l.

### Manganese

Groundwater samples were analyzed for manganese once in March 1982. Manganese concentrations exceeded the Delaware State secondary drinking water standard of 0.05 mg/l in wells 2 and 13 with 0.110 and 0.126 mg/l respectively. All of the other wells had concentrations at or below 0.032 mg/l.

#### Zinc

Groundwater samples were analyzed for zinc once in May 1983. All of the wells were below the Delaware State secondary drinking water standard of 5.0 mg/l for zinc. The maximum concentration detected, 0.151 mg/l, occurred in well 4. Wells 2, 10, 11A and 12 also had low levels of zinc, with 0.030, 0.120, 0.007 and 0.120 mg/l respectively. No zinc was detected in wells 1 and 9.

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The pH in the wells tested ranges from 4.5 to 6.9 indicating slightly acidic to neutral conditions. There is no discernible trend to the pH values, which are relatively constant, with only a slight, apparently random variation.

#### Specific Conductance

The specific conductance was consistently highest in well 9 with a maximum value of 260 umhos. Six of the eight monitoring wells tested (4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) show decreases in specific conductance with the other two wells (2, 6) remaining fairly constant. The values from all of the wells are within the normal range for groundwater. Trends in specific conductance values show a general correlation with the chromium concentrations.

#### Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

The COD has typically been highest in wells 2 and 6, reaching maximum values of 350 mg/l and 540 mg/l respectively. All of the other wells have COD concentrations less than or equal to 100 mg/l. All of the wells exhibit either decreasing or stable COD levels, with the lowest values occurring in the March 7, 1984 sampling where none exceeded 12 mg/l. There does not appear to be a relationship between the COD levels and the chromium concentrations.



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## Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)

TDS levels were highest in well 6 with a maximum value of 688 mg/l. The majority of the TDS levels in the other wells were below 200 mg/l. Several of the wells (4, 6, 10, 11A) exhibit a generally decreasing pattern of TDS levels, while others (2, 9) show an apparently random variation. There is apparently a slight, if any, relationship between the TDS and chromium concentrations.



#### 4.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Post-closure groundwater monitoring analytical results indicate that chromium concentrations at the former NCR facility are decreasing and that the other parameters currently included in the monitoring program, occur either at low levels or not at all.

Based on these results, BCM proposes that quarterly groundwater quality monitoring continue for four of the eight wells currently monitored (4, 9, 10, and 11A). Additionally, we recommend that the parameter list be reduced to total chromium, chloride, pH, and specific conductance. We believe that this program will satisfactorily monitor the gradual decline of chromium in the groundwater beneath the facility.



TABLES

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Indie 18 - Summay of Countries Bentier matter Analytical Data (Continued)

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H11rste/N	547176	5.71	3,32	0.67	8.15 2.67	1.78		30	1
fallerades	3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82 3/23/83 5/12/83 8/30/83 1/4/83	<b>்</b>	ង្គាំង់ក្រាស់ ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី ស្វី	31111111	C Q B B Q Q Q B S X	3::::2::::	្នុងឈ្មុំ ក្នុងស្គី ឯកប្រជាធិន្និ ក្រុម		
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Lead	6/30/22 9/21/12/ 1/15/11/ 3/73/13 6/3/12/13 8/3/13 1/4/14	<del> </del> 0	0 010 0 696 0 037 0 10 0 10 0 032 0 15 0 033	111111111	0 003 0 007 0 007 0 000 0 007 0 000 0 003	7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 004 0 007 0 007 0 007 1 0 07 2 0 007 2 0 0	સ .	
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. I.v.v.	5/1//83	out tro	ent o-	:	o Jun	:	;		

Table 1A - Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data (Continued)

Parameter	Date	Well 1	He11 2	Well 3	Hell 4	ร (เจเ	We]] 6	Interim National Primary Drinking Water Standards
2 1 n c	5/12/83	<0.004	0.030		0.151			
Cyanide	1/4/84	1	<0,005	1	<b>&lt;0</b> , 005			
• Well damayed	• Well damaged by construction vehicle	vehicle						
** Lab/field analysis	slysis							
Not analyzed	D.							
ha ÷ Data rejeci	NA + Data rejected due to equipment malfunction	ent malfunction						
Note: Results in mg/l unless of	in mg/l unless ott	Note: Results in mg/l unless otherwise specified. Hetals analyzed for dissolved metals.	. Metals anal	yzed for disso	lived metals.			
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FIRST FREEDOM (FORMER WAR) ACTILITY WILLSBURG, RICHARM!
SURMURY OF GENOMERIES PARTICULES AND 2311-01 INIA
(UPLIS 7 PROCESS) 131

Constraint   11780A	Paraneter	Sample	¥:11.7 •	Len B	Ve) 1 9	ve)) 10	Well 11A	ne11 118	Well 12	Well 13	Interna Mattonal Primary Drinting Meter Standards
1,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10	Groundwater Freations (feet shore sea level)	11.78.481 3.71.78 3.71.78 9.71.78 9.71.78 9.77.78 9.77.78 9.77.78 9.77.78 9.77.78 9.77.78	7.77 19.86 19.86 19.56 19.56	6.66 8.64 9.78 9.78 9.70 10.78 11.74 9.86	7.20 7.74 7.10 7.51 10.03 11.08 8.58 8.58 9.28	2.7.2 2.7.2 2.7.2 2.0.0	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	8 8 8 6 V 9 V 9 V 9 V 9 V 9 V 9 V 9 V 9 V 9 V	1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2, 23 10, 54 11, 55 11, 55 11, 55 11, 55 12, 55 13, 55 14, 55 16,	
1717   172	pile   Stonderd   Stonderd	3/11/02 6/10/12 9/21/02 12/15/72 3/23/03 8/30/03 1/4/04 3/7/03	6.1 6.8/6.5	ammili	7.44.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	યાય મ જિલ્લો સંસ્થા કે આ ૧૧૧ સંસ્થા કે આ ૧૧૧૧ સંસ્થા સ	6 : :	4.7. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	3111111111	
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Jobbe 18 - Samany of Groundwater Munitoring Analytical Data (Continued)

Table 18 - Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data (Continued)

Parameter	Semple Date	Hell 7 * Hell 8		Hell 9 Hell 10 Hell 11A	Hell 10	Well 11A	Well 118 Well 12 Well 13	Well 12	Well 13	Interim National Primary Drinking Nater Standards
Nickel	05/12/83	i	1	<0.100	<0.100	<0.100		<0.100		
21115	05/12/83	į	ļ	<0.004	0.120	0.007		0.120	ł	
Cyanide	1/4/84	<b>!</b>	;	<0.005	<0.00>	<0.00×	i	0.076	0.076 ' <0.005	

. Well No. 7 grouted closed March 23, 1983

\*\* 1 ab/field analysis

\*\*\* Evacuated 4/7/15 well volumes before sampling

--- Not analyzed

Note: Results in mg/1 unless otherwise specified. Metals analyzed for dissolved metals. Source: BI'M Eastern Inc. (BCH) oretic : (kež;

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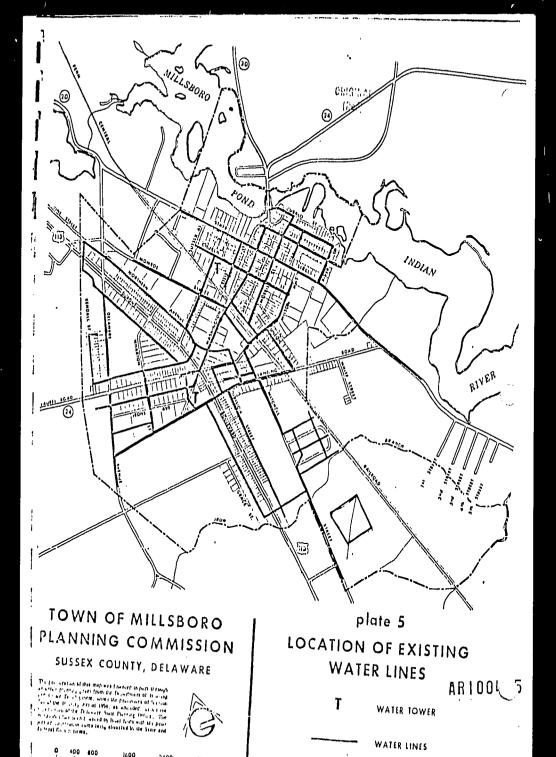
TABLE 10

# FIRST FREEDOM (FORMERLY NCR) FACILITY MILLSBORO, DELAWARE

SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER MONITORING ANALYTICAL DATA (Wells 17A, 17B, and 20)

Parameter	Sample Date	Well 17A	Well 17B	Well 20
Total Chromium	1/4/84	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1/4/84	16	8	56
Cyanide	1/4/84	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005

Sussex Tounty mum on economic plans, p. 6/18/61 (NCR) Sussex may have found backup for NCR plant, p 7/15/81 (NCF) Maryland Bank will buy NCR facility, p. 1 7/ 1 " (N.C.R.) Noung date while A tenant for NCR plant? Bank may use site for credit card operation p 1 (\*NCR\*) 1/28/61 NCR plant sale still up in air 4/16/81 F9 (\*NCR\*)
NCR family happy with decision Enjoying the 1: in South Caroline after company move Fate of mimillsboro NCR plant should be known p 11 (\*NCR\*) 6225 6/14/81 National Cash Rengister NCR definite about plans to move 2x13/21/80 p (\*NCR 1) p.111 4/1 " Boston firm eyes NCR engineers (\*National cahs register\*) NCR move means relocation for couple 5/4/80 p (\*NCR\*) 1/79 p 1 q 67/1/7 applicants 1/7/76 State hopes ad campaign will draw new industry p.11 6/18/80 (\*NCR\*) NCR mash register marketed 7/14/76 p Japan may focus on Millsboro site p.1 6/18/80 1deas 7/1/79 by NCR move 3/16/80 (NCR) # NCR search bill quickly enacted p.13 6/19/80 (\*NCR\*) officials are condfident NCR replacement p.13 to make NCR 6/19/80 (\*NCR\*)
Du Pont signs bill launching NCR ad campaign p 14 7/3/80 (\*NCR\*) to new plant National Cash Register Co. 18 ce Dennia. Mitchell 8/2/4 officials ex-NCR Workers" ¥8y Evans 'burned' Le begin enterview for plant 3 3 16 cuts applicants for fals 9 19 10-19-6 article about it growth 9 2d. D. 9 This employee paving (\*NCR\*) UAW knocking on MCR: ABJ DD453 State Millsbow - Worken Title Yeday on Union p9 6/ plant rejects UAW offer pro 4 whire p9 millobore plant to make i Rade Signatur 8 30. 73p 3,



## MILLSBORO

, LOCATION: Southeastern Sussex County

POPULATION: 1300

NUMBER MAJOR INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS: ---

WATER USE:

Average day ------.5 mgd Estimated Average day in peak month ---

Peak day -----

DISTRIBUTION MAIN SIZES: 4" - 10"

STORAGE: 1 - 100,000 Gallon Elevated Tank 1 - 25,000 Gallon Elevated Tank

WATER QUALITY: ---

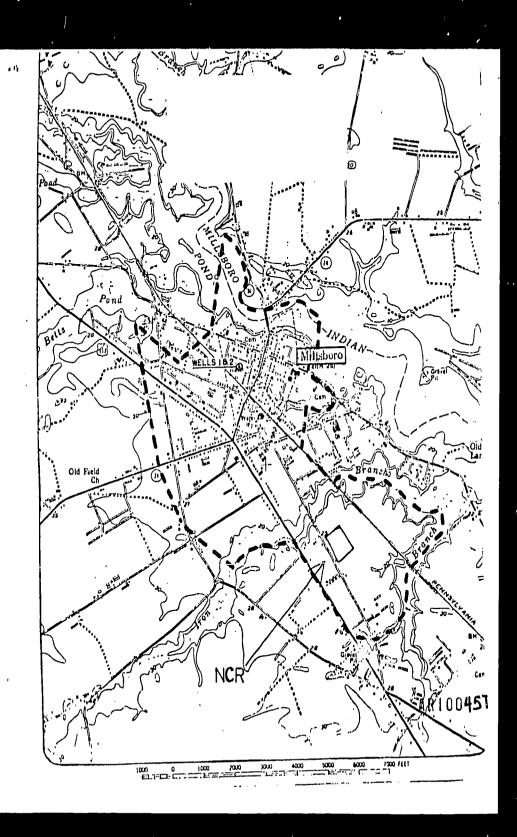
WATER TREATMENT: ---

SUSTAINABLE PUMPING CAPACITY: --- 300 gpm

COMMENTS: Nitrate Nitrogen concentrations at both wells about 10 mg/l.

WATER SOURCES:

Well #	Date Drilled	Depth (feet)	Diameter (inch)	Screen Interval (feet)	Aquifer	Pumping Capacity (gpm)
1	1953	90	8	75-85	Columbia	250
	,					Unused
2	1973	94	8	74-94	Columbia	350



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	KISVE		3.18	33.8	3.18	378	338	3.18	378	3.38	3.38	3:3	308	318	378	3,5	3,6	1,10	3,3	338	338	5.73	313	355	3.78	ω  
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## M Fastern Inc.

**O**RIGINAL (ked)

Engineers, Planners and Scientists

One Plymouth Meeting • Plymouth Meeting, PA 19462 • Phone: (215) 825-3800

February 21, 1984

First National Bank of Maryland P.O. BOX 1596 Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Attention:

Mr. D. Richardson

Subject:

Transmittal of Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report First Freedom (Former NCR) Facility, Millsboro, DE

Post-Closure Monitoring

BCM Project No. 00-4529-09

Gentlemen:

Enclosed please find two (2) copies of the laboratory analytical results ' and groundwater elevation information for the above-referenced facility. Please forward one copy of this report to the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control.

The Tables, entitled "Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data", contain data from the final 1983 quarterly sampling along with all past BCM monitoring data. The final 1983 quarterly sampling which had been postponed due to inclement weather was performed on January 3-5, 1984. Should you have any questions, please call.

Very truly yours,

Richard E. Sachs

Richard E. Sacks Geologist

/jmk

Enclosure

cc: D. Thomas, NCR J. Wirth, RK&K A. M. Robinson, BCM

R. Buller



A Member Firm of Betz • Converse • Murdoch • Inc. -

				(We)]	(We)ls   through 6)			
Parameter	Sample Date	Well 1	. Well 2	¥e]] 3 *	¥e]] 4	Well 5	Well 6	Interim National Primary Drinking Water Standards
Groundwater Elevations (feet above sea level)	11,728/81 3,11,92 3,11,92 9,21,62 12,15/82 12,15/82 5,12/83 8,30/83 1,4,64	9.61 10.69 9.93 10.36 12.58 13.5 11.06	9.59 10.20 9.62 13.16 11.07 10.49	7. 94 8.75 7. 92 8. 32 11. 05	7.57 8.45 7.68 8.18 110.74 11.57 9.32	7. 23 7. 39 6. 69 7. 29 10. 31 10. 64 9. 27	5.00 8.63 8.88 8.38 11.86 11.33 9.58	Fred to
pitt (standard units)	3/11/82 6/30/92 9/21/82 12/15/82 3/23/83 5/12/83 8/30/83 1/4/84	21111211	5.4 5.2/5.4 5.2/5.4 5.2/4.5 5.5 5.3	21111111	5.9 6.9/6.33 6.7/6.1 5.7 6.2/5 5.9 5.9	5.9 6.7/6.34 6.7/6.3 5.9/5 5.8 5.8 5.7	5.7/6.07 6.9/6.4 6.9/6.4 5.5/4.9 5.7 5.7	el a ma
Specific** Conductance (uS/cm)	3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82 3/23/83 6/31/83 1/4/84	,         <sub>g</sub>	93 107/80 98/93 95, 107/120 133 NA	<i>8</i> 6	169 177/200 180/161 180 162/176 130 NA	150 /150 123/108 121/130 108 NA	84/80 180/130 122 64/68	
9	3/11/82 6/30/32 9/21/82 12/15/82 3/23/83 5/12/83 . 8/30/83	2	160 44 8 8 350 125 48	ж	4 4 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	20 11   45 60 11   1	133 133 8 8 540 68 71	
AR1004	3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82 3/22/83 8/30/83 1/4/84	99	110 122 100 113 113 153 125	<u>8</u>	140 230 130 177 178 . 85 93	123	66 460 208 688 688	Osiginot (Sed)
63				-				

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1

ameter	Sample Date	Well 1 We	Well 2	Well 3	Well 4	Well 5	Hell 6	Interim National Primary Drinking Water Standards
ū	5/12/83	<0.004	0.030		0.151			
ınide	1/4/84	÷	. <0.005	1	<0.005	;	<0.005	
Well damaged by	Well damaged by construction vehicle.	hicle,						
Lab/field analysis	sis			•				
Not analyzed	•						•	
≖ Data rèjected	<ul> <li>Data rejected due to equipment malfunction</li> </ul>	e malfunction						
e: Results in	e: Results in mg/1 unless otherwise specified. Metals analyzed for dissolved metals.	rwise specified.	Metals analy	zed for dissol	ved metals.			
rce: BCM Eastern Inc. (BCM)	orn Inc. (BCM)							,
		•						

..able 1A - Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data (Continued)

	Interim National Frimary Orinking Water Standards			ı	DRIGINAL (Red)	
	Well 13	2.73 8.48 7.73 8.13 10.54 11.50 8.81 9.54	31111111	ğ	,	<b>8</b> .
	Well 12	6.19 6.19 6.19 8.99 7.40 8.07	5.4 75.75 5.7/5.5 4.8 5.2/4.75 5.9 5.9	97 /100 93/81 107 132/147 166 NA	32 32	97  116 62
TY CAL DATA	Well 118	8.05	6.9	. 1		1
FIRST FREEDOW (FORMERLY NCR) FACILITY MILLSBORD, DELAWARE IY OF GROUNDWATER MONITORING ANALYTICAL DATA (Wells 7 through 13)	Mell llA	7.74 7.74 7.55 7.55 9.82 10.57 8.82	5.5/6.0 5.8/5.5 5.2/4.8 5.2.2 5.2	158 177/200 194/170 154 141/136 131 NA 95	12 4 11 100 100 95	125 134 129 129 120 148 • 87 47
EDOM (FORMERI MILLSBORD, DI INDWATER MONII (Wells 7 thro	Well 10	7.79 7.06 7.62 10.00 10.67 8.46	5.47 6.0/5.7 5.9/5.7 5.5 5.5 5.6	109 149/140 123/107 120 121/115 114 NA	12 12 13 14 15 15 15	90 122 89 107 216 73 70 55
FIRST FRE SUMMARY OF GROU	Well 9	7.20 7.74 7.10 7.53 10.03 11.08 8.58	5.3/5.6 5.3/5.6 5.9/5.6 5.4/4.9 5.4 5.2	229 213/260 189/174 195 213/221 139 14	20 20 28 28 28 26 36 31 31 31	169 136 176 208 293 90 88
ns	Hell 3	6.56  8.64 7.78 8.20 10.78 11.74 8.24 9.86	21111111	22	\$	8t
	Well 7 ★	7.77 8.86 8.17 8.56	6.3/6.5	149/147	·**	259
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g <b>a</b>	Parameter	Groundwater Elevations (feet above sea level)	pH** (Standard units)	Specific** Conductance (uS/cm)	go o	AR100466

. TABLE 18

Table 18 - Summ	Table 18 - Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data (Continued)	Monitoring A	Analytical Da	ta (Continue	<del>а</del> )					
Parameter	Sample	Well 7 *	Hell 8	Well 9	Well 10	We]] ]]A	Well 118	Well 12	Well 13	Interim National Primary Orinking Water Standards
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(hlorides	3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82 5/12/83 1/30/83 1/4/84	10.0	2	15.0 12.2 11.1 11.0 11.9 8.5 7.0	7.0 8.5 6.6 8.6 6.1 4.9	10.1 11.0 10.6 7.2 7.2 7.2 5.46	!	4.11117.	8.8	
Amonia	5/12/83	;	-	<0.05	<0.65	<0.05		<0.05	ŀ	
cacmium Caromium, hexavalent	11/28/81 3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82	<0.002 <0.002 <0.005 <0.005	<0.0002 	0.054 0.329 0.331 0.107	0.048 0.054 0.123 0.075	0.133 0.585 0.64 0.482/0.414/		\$00.05 \$00.00 \$00.00 \$00.00 \$00.00	(0.002	0.05
	3/23/83 5/12/83 8/30/83 1/4/84	1111		0.43 0.19 0.23 0.34	0.12 0.02 0.07 0.013	0.658 0.35 0.44 0.23 0.14	<0°0°		1 11	
Chromium, total	11/28/81 3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82	0.003	<0.0002	0.113 0.372 0.49 0.125	0.094 0.117 0.19 0.075	0.130 0.535 0.64 0.582/0.452/		0.003 0.001 0.019 0.028	0.002	0.05
	3/23/83 5/12/83 8/30/83 1/4/84	1111	1111	0.43 0.192 0.24 0.34	0.12 0.62 0.07 0.043	0.766 0.35 0.37 0.37 0.14	<0.02 	60.02 60.02 60.03	1111	ORIGINA (Red)
Iron	11/28/81 3/11/82	2.63	0.006	0.009	0.017	0.003		0.006	0.079	<b>\L</b>
AR 10046	3/11/82 6/30/82 9/21/82 12/15/82 3/23/83 5/12/83 8/30/83 1/4/84	iiiiiii		0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002 (0.002 (0.002 (0.002	<ul> <li>40.002</li> <li>0.034</li> <li>60.002</li> <li>60.003</li> <li>60.003</li> <li>60.003</li> <li>60.003</li> <li>60.003</li> </ul>	(0.002 0.003 0.002 (0.002 (0.10 (0.002 (0.15	1	<pre>&lt;0.002</pre>	40.002 10.002 10.002 10.002 10.002 10.002 10.002 10.002 10.003 <p< th=""><th>0.05</th></p<>	0.05
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(Continut	
Data	
Analytical	
Monitoring	
- Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Analytical Data (Continue	
of	
- Summary	

ie]] 7 *	Well 8	Well 9
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+	ļ	200

05/12/83 05/12/83

Nickel 2 inc

Sample Date

Parameter

<0.005

Note: Results in mg/1 unless otherwise specified. Metals analyzed for dissolved metals.

Source: BCM Eastern Inc. (BCM)

\*\*\* Evacuated 4/7/15 well volumes before sampling

--- Not analyzed

\* Well No. 7 grouted closed March 23, 1983

\*\* Lab/field analysis

1/4/84

Cyanide

(1.65) (1.65) Ġ,

AR100468

0.120 <0.100 <0,005

0.007 <0.005

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<0.005

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Well 11A

Well 10

Well 118

Well 12

Well 13

Interim National Primary Drinking Water Standards

APPENDIX E

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A Preliminary Assessment

of

N.C.R.

EPA No. DE-42

Emergency and Remedial Response Information System

Grant No. X-003282-01-0

June, 1984

Presented to: Mr. E. Skernolis, Acting Chief, Site Investigation and Support Section, U. S. EPA, Region III

Prepared by: Delaware Department of Matural Resources and Environmental Control, Solid Waste Branch

Andrew Leitzinger, ERRIS Investigator

Robert Pickert, ERRIS Coordinator

## Table of Contents

- ı. Introduction
- II. Site History
- III. Environmental Setting
- IV. Preliminary Assessment Form
- ٧. Field Trip Summary Report
- VI. Maps and Drawings
- VII. Photographs
- VIII. References

ORIGINAL

(Red)

I. Introduction

#### Inquiry Source

The site was identified through a RCRA State Notification on July 27, 1981.

#### General Summary

N.C.R., National Cash Register, operated a manufacturing plant southeast of Millsboro, Delaware until closure in November, 1981. The company had an electroplating facility which used heavy metals, (including chromium and lead), as well as degreasing material such as Trichloroethylene (T.C.E.). The operation started up in October, 1967. It changed from manufacturing to assembly only, starting in 1974 and lasting until 1979. The electroplating operation was subsequently discontinued.

The plating process which was part of the NCR operation produced a chromium bearing wastewater, which was treated on-site near the northeast corner of the plant. Sludge produced by this treatment was disposed of in an unlined pit near the center of the northeastern property line. This material was subsequently excavated and removed under the direction of BCM (Betz, Converse and Murdoch) as documented in the October, 1981 "Engineers Certification of RCRA Closure Plan and the October, 1981 Hazardous Wastwinvestigation Report, both prepared by BCM".1

There existed three cement lined storage lagoons on site. Two contained roxic materials, presumably chromium, and a third did not. The toxic material was drained and shipped to American Recovery.<sup>2</sup> Only one lagoon had been used for the collection and discharge of cooling water since 1978.<sup>3</sup>

In November 1981, the property was sold to First National Rank of Maryland. The building and property are presently referred to as First Freedom. NCR agreed to be responsible for groundwater monitoring, testing and for any existing contaminants produced by their manufacturing facility. The was retained by NCR to perform the quarterly groundwater monitoring associated with a closure of the plant.

The initial causes for concern were the results of the groundwater monitoring which showed high chromium levels in one of the monitoring wells in February part of Boan,

#### **ORIGINAL**

After April 1983 the main concern at the site shifted the presence of elevated TCE concentrations in the groundwater at the northeast corner of the property. A RCM continued an investigation of the possible sources and extent of TCE contamination in the groundwater. They have currently (April 1984) issued detailed reports on the TCF and chromium contamination in the groundwater at the site. The monitoring wells contain significant amounts of two chlorinated ethylenes, trans 1, 2,-di-chloroethylene TDF and tri chloroethylene TCE.

At present there are 22 monitoring wells on the site, from which RCM has collected much of their data for the reports. From these they have been able to track the location, and to some degree the extent of the TCE Plume. The plume is presently moving northeast from the northeast corner of the building where concentrations have been found to been highest. W. Richard Calhoun, Facilities Manager at First Freedom and a former NCR employee believes the TCE contamination is a result of careless actions by TCE transport truck operators, who periodically allowed the chemical to spill on the ground while refilling an above ground TCE storage tank. TCE contaminated groundwater has reached to and is flowing into Iron Branch, as revealed by stream sampling there. RCM's next move is to try to pinpoint the exact source of the TCE contamination, the vertical extent of TCE migration, the migration and discharge pattern of the TCE plume, and to make a concentration profile of the TCE plume in order to verify the observed data. A

### Recommendations

Due to NCR's cooperation and Betz, Converse and Murdochs' detailed groundwater monitoring investigation it is recommended that this action continue until the full scope of the problem is revealed, i.e. (possible deep water contamination and movement of the plume toward Indian River under Tron Branch). DNREC also recommends a "desk top" site investigation possibly followed by a draft Hazardous Ranking Score developed by DNREC through a state cooperation agreement.

II. Site History

AR 1 00475

## Permits

1980 NPDES Permit #0000353 renewal, Process changed.

1981 NPDES Permit #0000353 Void - Plant Closure. RCRA Permit closed October

1981.7

Well Permit #30081/1973 Industrial.6

Site Owner - Site is presently owned by First National Bank of Maryland, P. O. Box 1506,

Baltimore, Maryland 21203. (301) 244-4480.

Local Population - No one could be contacted.

Media Coverage - Delaware State News

3/21/80 NCR definite about plans to move

7/24/81 Maryland Bank will buy NCR facility.

Other Background - See BCM Summary of Findings - see chronology.

Enforcement Status - None

#### 6.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- Elevated TCE concentrations have been detected in the groundwater beneath the northwest corner of the former NCR (now Freedom Center) Millsboro property. The highest concentrations occur along a linear zone which trends approximately northeast-southwest and appears to originate at the northeast corner of the building.
- 2. Elevated TCE concentrations have also been detected in Iron Branch, a tributary to Indian River, northeast of the property.
- 3. The groundwater flow direction at the site is to the northeast towards Iron Branch.
- 4. Several homes, which use private wells as a source of drinking water, are located on the opposite side of Iron Branch from the property.
- 5. The pattern of TCE concentrations in Iron Branch indicates that thestream is a linear discharge zone for TCE-bearing groundwater. Data from the existing monitoring wells do not enable a determination whether any TCE-bearing groundwater flows under Iron Branch for eventual discharge into the Indian River.
- The precise source of the ICE has not yet been located, but the highest groundwater TCE concentration (115,000 ug/l) was detected in monitoring well 20, located 100 feet downgradient from the former site of an above-ground TCE storage tank.
- 7. Soil probing and a review of plant records could not locate any subsurface TCE storage tanks at the northeast corner of the building. A subsurface tank at the northwest corner of the building was used to store waste cutting oil which also contained TCE. Monitoring immediately downgradient from this tank revealed TCE, but not at levels associated with the plume to the northeast.
- The elevated TCE concentrations are not related to the elevated chromium concentrations detected in some of the onsite monitoring wells.

Committee .

## 7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The investigations completed to date have defined the plume's sides and have located the general area of its source. The data also indicate that:

- There is most likely one discontinued contamination source.
- A portion of the shallow (recharge) aquifer is contaminated with TCE but the extent, if any, of deeper aquifer contamination is not known.
- The contaminated plume is moving in a Northeasterly direction at a rate of approximately 1.2 ft/day and appears to be discharging into Iron Branch Creek.

Since the depth of the plume and its precise source have yet to be determined, the potential environmental impact of the TCE cannot be fully assessed. Due to this uncertainty, an additional investigatory phase will be implemented to determine the following:

- 1. The contaminant source.
- 2. The vertical extent of TCE migration.
- The concentration profile of the TCE plume in order to verify the observed data and to estimate the temporal characteristics of the plume.
- The migration and discharge pattern of the TCE plume.
- Once this investigation phase has been completed, the data will be analyzed to determine appropriate management actions.

## Chronology

October,	1967	Plant	opened	using	electroplating	process.

1967 - 1974 Electroplating wastes buried on-site in bentonite-lined pits.

Electroplating discontinued.

Received notification of hazardous waste activities. January 26, 1981

February & March, Well monitoring shows high levels of chromium.

July, 1981 Lagoons cleaned and decontaminated.

1974 - 1979

November 12, 1981

December 9, 1981

1981

August 10, 1981 Site inspection under the Uncontrolled Site Program and RCPA.

August 12, 1981 Received "Closure Plan" from NCR.

September 2, 1981 Drums removed.

September 21, 1981 Old disposal pit excavated.

September 25, 1981 Storage area cleaned and decontaminated.

Received "Professional Engineer's Certification of Closure" and October 21, 1981 "Hazardous Waste Site Investigation Report".

Four new groundwater monitoring wells installed.

November 30, 1981 Initiation of groundwater monitoring program.

Four new groundwater monitoring wells installed (total of 13 wells). March, 1982

April, 1983 TCE concentrations become a concern.

Plant Closed.

November, 1983 Soil sampling conducted by BCM.

7 new monitoring wells installed to study TCE Plume. December, 1983

Stream sampling conducted in Fron Branch by BCM. TCE contamination January, 1984

BCM issues reports on TCE and chromium contamination testing to con-April, 1984 tinue.

DNREC site visit to NCR facility. July 3, 1984

III. Environmental Setting

## Geology and Soils

The Columbia Formation is exposed at the site and is approximately 100 feet thick. It is composed of fine to coarse, moderately sorted quartz sands, and gravels. The Pleistocene Columbia Formation lies unconformably on top of the Miocene Chesapeake Group. 10

#### Chesapeake Group

The Chesapeake Group is 1,000 feet thick and consists of predominantly gray to bluish gray silts containing beds of gray, fine to medium sand and some shell beds. $^{10}$ 

The soil underlying the NGR site is classified as Evesboro loamy sand, EVa 0.2 percent slope. It is very deep excessively drained and sandy.  $^{11}$ 

#### Groundwater

The shallow groundwater beneath the site exists in the Columbia Formation and is subject to fluctuations between 2 and 4 feet. The water table has an average depth outlend to fluctuations between 2 and 4 feet. The water table has an average depth outlend to flow grade. The shallow groundwater flows generally northeast. There is also a vertical component which flows downward and laterally towards areas of lower hydrologic potential. The shallow groundwater is apparently discharging into Iron Branch. A deeper component of the groundwater may flow beneath Iron Branch directly to the Indian River. 4

#### Surface Water

Iron Branch, the closest source of fresh surface water flows on the northwest, north and northeast edges of the NCR site. Iron Branch has an 8 square mile watershed. Tron Branch joins Wharton's Branch and flows to Indian River, a tidal estuary. The section of Iron Branch near the plant site receives groundwater discharge from the direction of the plant. Recent stream sampling by BCM, (January 4, 1984) revealed high concentrations of TCE in Iron Branch northeast of the facility. Higher (A) 1884 respectively.

quality problems exist in Indian River with severe fecal coliform exceedences and minor D.O. depressions.

## Land Use

To the north of the NCR site are the Conrail tracks, Iron Branch, agricultural areas, woodlands, and 1/2 mile away, low density housing. Northwest 1/2 to 1 mile is the town of Millsboro, Delaware. To the west is Route 113, Iron Branch and low density housing. To the south is Route 113 and roadside business district. To the east are the Contrail tracks, agricultural areas and Whartons Branch.

#### Population Distribution

The site lies just south and east of Millshoro, Delaware which had a population of 1,233 in  $1980.^{12}$ 

## Water Supply

NCR utilized 3 production wells. One was not used afer 1969. Well-#3 was inoperative after 1978. Presently, First Freedom Corporation is using Millshoro municipal water for their drinking water. Water is being drawn from one of the operating productions wells to be used in the cooling unit. It comes in no contact with the drinking water. DNREC currently has no information available concerning domestic wells in the immediate area. Areas adjacent to the site receive Millshoro Municipal water. Millsboro's supply wells are located 2 miles northeast of the MCR site near the center of town.

#### Critical Environments

Indian River located 1/2 mile north of the MCR site is considered a state wetland.

TCE contaminated groundwater could potentially reach this area. Tron Branch is recognized by the federal government as a wetlands area. 14

IV. Preliminary Assessment Form

£.	E	A
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## POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

SITE NUMBER (ID BO AS -DE-42 III

IDENTIFICATION AND PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT NOTE: This form is completed for each potential hazardous waste site to help set priorities for site inspection. The inform, submitted on this form is based on available records and may be updated on subsequent forms as a result of additional inquire and on-site inspections.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Complete Sections I and III through X as completely as possible before Section II (Preliminary Assessment). File this form in the Regional Hazardous Waste Log File and submit a copy to: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Site Tracking System; Hazardous Waste Enforcement Task Force (EN-335); 401 M SL, SW; Washington, DC 20400.

A, SITE NAME	ENTIFICATION B. STREET (*	rottier (dentifier)	
		607 Mitchel	1 Rd.
NCR CORPORATION	D. STATE	E. ZIP CODE	F. COUNTY NAME
	DE	19966	SUSSEX
M111shoro G. OWNER/OPERATOR (II ADDAM)	L	1-1-1-	L
I, NAME			2. TELEPHONE NUMBER
FIRST FREEDOM, FIRST NATIONAL BANK O	F MARYLAND	•	301-244-4488
H. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP			<del>                                     </del>
1. FEDERAL 2. STATE 3. COUNTY 4. MUP	HCIPAL 🔼 5.	PRIVATE6.	пикиоми
I, SITE DESCRIPTION	<del></del>		
. Past electroplating facility with 3 set		ons, past dis	
J. HOW IDENTIFIED (I.e., citizen's complaints, OSHA citations, etc.)			K. DATE IDENTIFIED
RCRA STATE NOTIFICATION		•	7/27/81
L, PRINCIPAL STATE CONTACT			
I NAME			1 302-736-4781
DNREC SOLID WASTE BRANCH			
II. PRELIMINARY ASSESSM	ENT (complete	this section last)	
A. APPARENT SERIOUSNESS OF PROBLEM			
☐1. HIGH	d 🔲 5	RHKHOMM	
B, RECOMMENDATION		<del></del>	
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3. SITE INSPECTION HEEDED	, <del></del>	L BE PERFORMED	Av
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DNREC			•
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C. PREPARER INFORMATION	13.78.	ЕРпонк помисп	13, DATE (mai, day, & ye
Andrew H.Leitzinger	302	-736-4781	8/1/84 (max, day, & yr
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A. WASTE TYPE					<u>V.</u>	. WASTE RELAT	, ED	INCURMATION					
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B. WASTE CHARACTE	RIST	*1C5						-					
B. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS  1. UNKNOWN 2. CORROSIVE X3. IGNITABLE 4. RADIOACTIVE 5. HIGHLY VOLATILE													
1. UNKNOWN 12. CORROSIVE 13. IGNITABLE 14. RADIOACTIVE 15. HIGHLY VOLATILE .  15. TOXIC 17. REACTIVE 16. INERT 19. FLAMMABLE													
THE COME OF THE PROPERTY OF TH													
Dio, other (specify): Presently not active													
[] IO. OTHER (specify): Presently not active  C. WASTE CATEGORIES													
1. Are records of was	Life A	1vailable	ež i	Specify iten	m# ek	uch as manifesta, i	inven	ntones, etc. below.					i
1		,				- "							,
2. Estimate the amount(specify unit of measure) of waste by category; mark 'X' to indicate which wastes are present.													
	aunt						icko.		ule w			100	
H, SLUDGE	4-		011			e, SOLVENTS	+	4, CHEMICALS	<del> </del>	e, 50	LIDS	<del> -</del>	1. OTHER
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141 ALUMINUM SLUDGE	1			Ì	1	GROUND WATE	'R	(4) PESTICIDES	1 1/4	41 FER	HOUS TG, WASTES	1	MUNICIPAL
nek	4			1	-	TIME UNION.	" -					+-	<del></del>
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EPA Faim 12070-2 (1	0.74	1			-	197	AGE	( 2 OF 4	_		C	200	itinuo On Pago )

## V. WASTE RELATED INFORMATION (continued)

3. LIST SUBSTANCES OF CHEATEST CONCERN WHICH MAY BE ON THE SITE (place in descending order of hegard).

TCE TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Cr<sup>+6</sup>Hexavalent Chromium

· lig

4. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS OR NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF SITUATION, KNOWN OR REPORTED TO EXIST AT THE SITE.

TCE plume has been documented by BCM. It extends from the //...

northeast corner of the building, moving northeast and discharging into Iron Branch.

		VI. HAZ	ARD DESCRIPT	ION
A. TYPE OF HAZARD	B. POTEN- TIAL HAZARO (maik 'X')	C. ALLEGED INCIDENT (mark 'X')	D. DATE OF INCIDENT (moi,day, yei)	E, REMARKS
I. NO HAZARD				
Z, HUMAN HEALTH				
S. NON-WORKER				
4, WORKER INJURY		}		
OF MATER SUPPLY	х			TCE IS IN THE GROUNDWATER, IT MAY AFFECT LOCAL DRINKING WATER SUPPLY
CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN	х			TCE FOUND IN FISH IN IRON BRANCH.
7. CONTAMINATION OF GROUND WATER		х		TCE PLUME DOCUMENTED BY BCM
CONTAMINATION		х		GROUND WATER DISCHARGE INTO IRON BRANCH.
DAMAGE TO FLORA/FAUNA			,	
to, FISH KILL				·
11. CONTAMINATION				
12, NOTICEABLE ODORS				
18, CONTAMINATION OF SOIL				
14, PROPERTY DAMAGE				11
IS, FIRE OR EXPLOSION			1	
IO, SPILLS/LEAKING CONTAINERS/		х		TCE SPILLED PERIODICALLY .
17. SEWER, STORM PROBLEMS				
18, EROSION PROBLEMS				
19, INADEQUATE SECURITY				
20. INCOMPATIBLE WASTES			1	AR100486
21. MIDNIGHT PUMPING				,
ZZ, OTHER (specify):				
			Ì	

M

VII. PERMIT INFORMATION										
A. INDICATE ALL APPLIE	CAULE PERA	UTS HELD BY	THE	ITE.						
1. NPDES PERMIT   2. SPCC PLAN   3. STATE PERMIT (**pecury): WPCC3118 A/74 discharge permit   4. AIR PERMITS   5. LOCAL PERMIT   6. RCRA TRANSPORTER   7. RCRA STORER   6. RCRA TREATER   9. RCRA DISPOSER   10. OTHER (**pecury): All permits are void.   10. OTHER (**pecury): All permits are void.   11. YES   2. NO   2. UNKNOWN   2. UNKNOWN   4. WITH RESPECT TO (!!**equisitan name & number):   PAST   VIII. PAST REGULATORY ACTIONS     3. YES (**summaris** Qsfow)										
	····									
IX.INSPECTION ACTIVITY (past of on-going)										
A. NONE B. YES (complete (reace £,2,3, & ¢ below)										
1, TYPE OF ACTIV	TY	2 DATE O PAST ACTI (MO., JRY, &	ON	PERFORMED BY: (EPA/SIMIN)	(Rest)					
preliminary as	sessment	8/81		E&E						
site investiga	tion	5/82		DNREC	•					
		Y	REME	DIAL ACTIVIT	( (past or an-Hoink)					
					1 (Street or Strikettil)					
A. NOHE	X B. YE			3. & 6 below)	7					
I, TYPE OF ACTI	VITY	PAST ACTI (MO., day, &	ON I	BY: (EPA/State)	4. DESCRIPTION					
GROUNDWATER TI	ESTING	1981-7/8		всм	A continuing invustigation following NCR's closure.					
					`					
NOTE: Based on the information in Sections III through X, fill out the Preliminary Assessment (Section II) information on the first page of this form.  EPA Form 72070-2 (10-79).  PAGE 4 OF 4										

V. Field Trip Summary Report

#### FIELD TRIP SUMMARY REPORT

This summary should be prepared in conjunction with the Preliminary Assessment Form. (EPA Form T2070-2), so that a proper site rating can be assigned.

Name of Site NCR( PRESENTLY FIRST FREEDOM CENTER)

TDD Number

EPA Case Number DE-42

Yes\_\_\_

I. If site is active, has owner/operator notified EPA in accordance with Section 3010 of RCRA. No\_\_\_

If Yes: a) Note EPA I.D. No. b) Is the site a generator, storer, treater or disposer of hazardous waste? (CIRCLE ONE),

- II. If the answers submitted in Part VI (Mazard Description) of EPA Form T2070-2 or observations warrant a more thorough site investigation/sampling, please attach a sketch map showing those areas of concern. (i.e.: lagoons, leachate seeps, drum storage, monitoring wells, etc.).
- III. Please list site contacts and accompanying inspectors; include name, title and phone numbers: W. Richard Calhoun, Facilities Manager, First Delaware Land Holdi

Corporation(302)-934-2390 Andrew Leitzinger, Brad Smith, Nancy Camp, ERRIS investigat (302)-736-4781

- IV. Site observations: (attach a topo map).
  - A. Population within 1000 ft. of the site is (CIRCLE ONE)
    - 0-10 people 10-100 people
    - 3. greater than 100 people

B. List surrounding land use: (wood lot, agricultural, playground, industrial, etc.).

North: IRON BRANCH CONRAIL TRACKS, MEDIUM DENSITY HOUSING, AGRICULTURAL AREAS, WOO:

South: Route 113, business district

East: FIELD, CONRAIL TRACKS, WHARTON'S BRANCH.

West: ROUTE 113, IRON BRANCH, LOW DENSITY HOUSING.

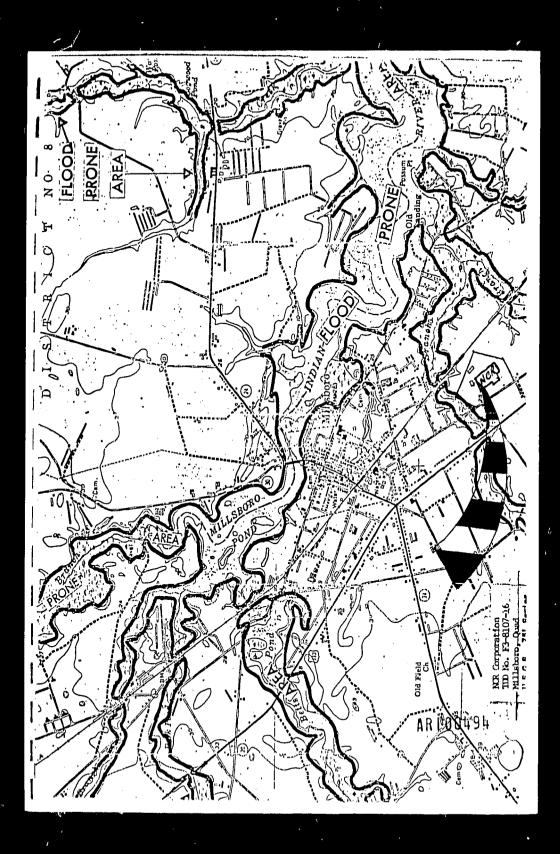
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•		c.							rted ple	ase elat	orate:	_
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E.	Are If	str yes,	eams lis ensi	t obser ty/dive	elvio vatio	ig wate ons: ( vchar	ers adj (i.e me in	acent ( change	siltatio	YESX hic com	munity, J.	change in
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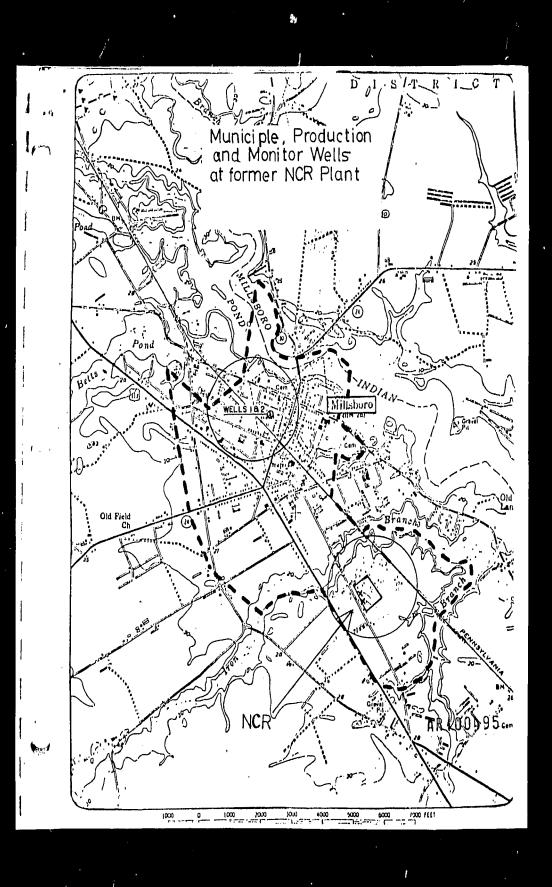
FIELD TRIP SUMMARY REPORT TO	DD Number P.
V. Were photographs taken? YESX NO If yes: Who has custody of photog	ı rapha?
Name: ANDREW H. LEITZINGER	
Agency:DNREC	ONIGIHAL (Red)
Phone No.: (302)-736-4781	
Is a hydrogeological survey for this If no, Section III D of EPA Form T20 Please attach pertinent copies of refine State monitoring data, consumant of Inspector: ANDREW H. LEITZI	eports or data reviewed by inspector;
Agency: DNREC	
Phone No.: (302)-736-4781	
Time on Site: 9:30 AM July 3, 1984	

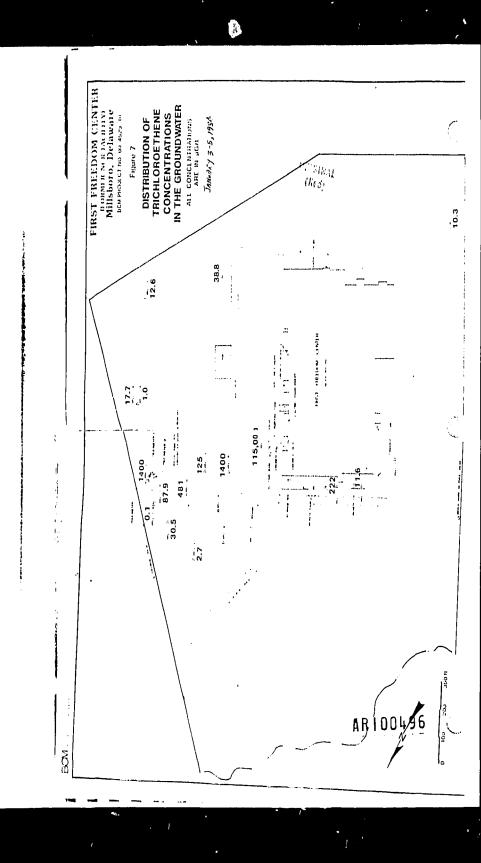
ORIGINAL (Red)

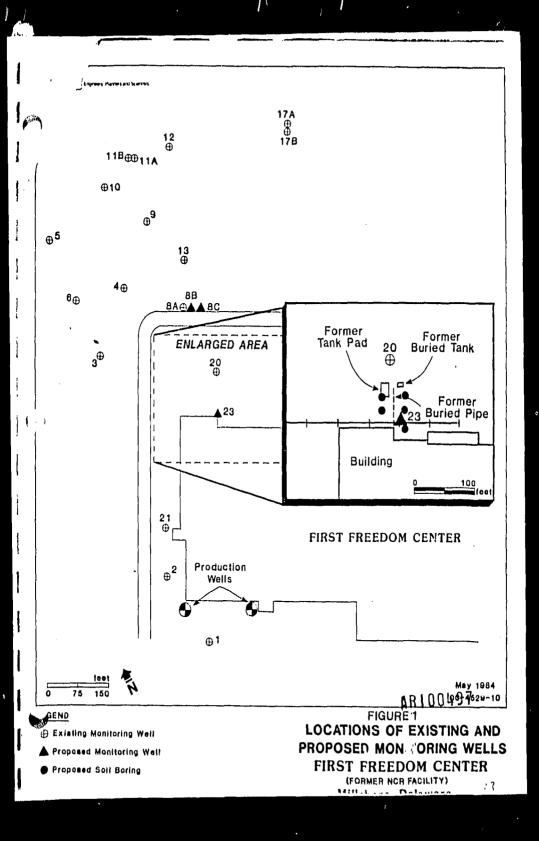
VI. Maps and Drawings

CUMBERLAND CO. 8 A NCR Corp. (First Freedom) AR100493



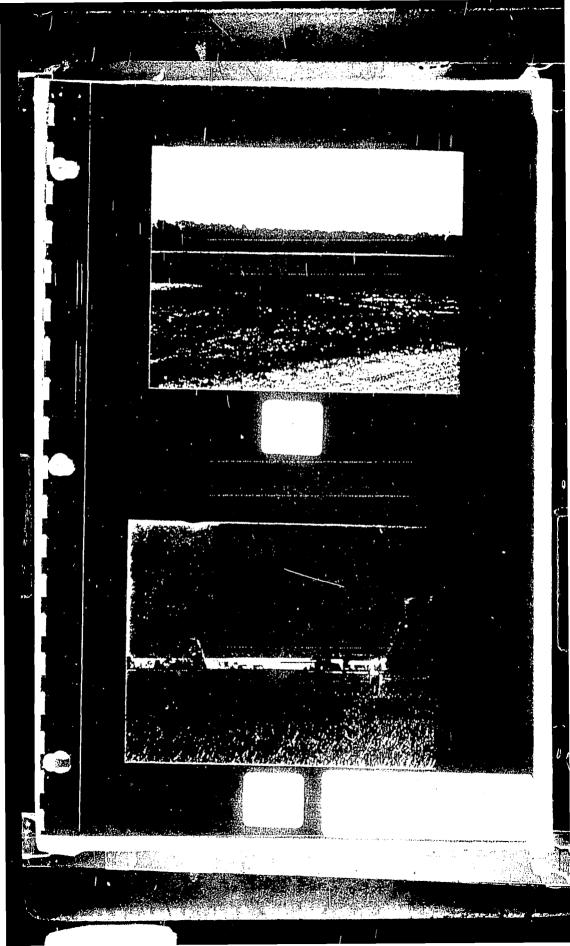






ORIGINAL (Red)

VII. Photographs



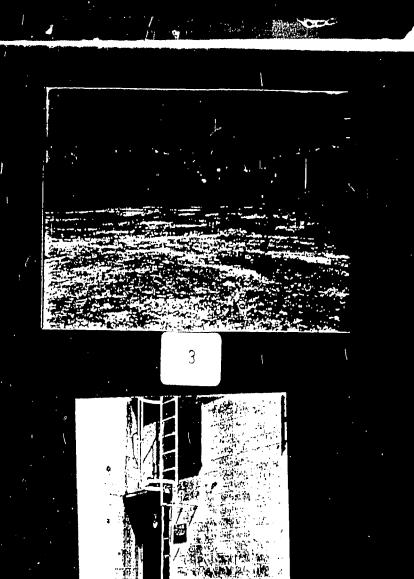
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VIEW FROM NEAR THE SOURCE OF THE TCE CONTAMINATION

PLUME TOWARDS THE NORTHEAST.

7

VIEW FROM BEHIND THE RAILROAD TRACKS TOWARD NCR(FIRST FREEDOM). THE CONTAMINATION PLUME EXTENDS FROM THE BUILDING SHOWN, PAST THE PHOTOGRAPHER AND TOWARD IRON BRANCH.



AN100501

3

VIEW TOWARD THE NORTHEAST. SHOWS MONITOR WELLS #11,12. THIS IS THE APPROXIMATE AREA OF THE OLD WASTE LANDFILL.

Contrat Con

4

NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE BUILDING.

POSITION WHERE TCE TANK STOOD NEAR THE

ORIGINAL (Red)

VIII. References

- Excavated Sludge Disposal Site Post Closure Monitoring and Groundwater Quality
   Assessment for NCR Corporation former facility Millsboro, Delaware (First Freed Center) BCM, April, 1984.
- 2. EPA Bulletin, Landfill files August 20, 1981.
- Field Investigations of Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Sites F.T.T. Project. Preliminary Assessment of NCR Corporation. Ecology and Environment Inc.
- 4. Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan Interim Report for NCR Corporation former facility Millsboro, Delaware (First Freedom Center), April, 1984.
- Conversation with W. Richard Calhoun, Facilities Manager, First Delaware Land Holdings Corporation, July 3, 1984.
- 6. Well permit files DNREC.
- 7. NPDES Files Void, DNREC.
- 8. Delaware State News Library.
- 9. Delaware Stream Water Quality Update Report #4, March, 1984, DMREC.
- The Availability of Groundwater in Eastern Sussex County, Delaware. R. W Sundstrom and T. E. Pickett, June, 1969.
- 11. Soil Survey, Sussex County Delaware, May, 1974.
- 12. Census figure 1980.
- 13. TCE Investigation Expanded Groundwater Assessment Program First Freedom Center Former NCR Corporation Plant, Millsboro, Delaware.
- 14. Conversation with Bill Moyer, Wetlands Section, DNREC, July 11, 1984.

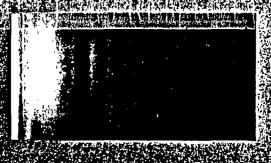
ORIGINAL (Red)

APPENDIX F

# FIELD INVESTIGATIONS OF UNCONTROLLED HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

### FIT PROJECT

TASK REPORT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY CONTRACT NO. 68-01-6056



# FIELD INVESTIGATIONS OF UNCONTROLLED HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

#### FIT PROJECT

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TASK REPORT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY CONTRACT NO. 68-01-6056

Preliminary Assessment of

NCR Corporation Millsboro, DE TDD No. F3-8107-16 EPA No. DE-42

Presented to: Bruce Smith EPA Region III

Prepared by: Elizabeth Gross
FIT Region III

ecology and environment, inc. AR100507

International Specialists in the Environmental Sciences

NCR Corporation
Millaboro, DE Millsboro, DE TDD No. F3-8107-16 EPA No. DE-42

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Preliminary Assessment Form

Section 2
Section 3 Section 3 Field Trip Summary Report

Section 4 Fact Sheet
Section 5 Photographi Photographic Log

Section 6 Maps:

egal (1946) paragit (1964) atau (1967) Angal (1964) atau (1967) Angal (1964) atau (1967)

Section 7 Attachments

- o Monitoring Well Results (4/30/74 and 8/10/81)
- o Chronology (State Files)
- Correspondence

ORIGINAL (Red)

SECTION 1

NCR Corporation TDD No. F3-8107-16 EPA No. DE-42

#### Summary and Recommendations

Onic (kt.

#### Summary

The National Cash Register (NCR) Corporation started up their Millsboro, DE facility in October 1967 and are closing down the facility in September, 1981. The plant originally was a manufacturing facility of point of sale terminals using electroplating operations. Between the years of 1974 and 1979, the operations changed from manufacturing to assembly only and consequently shut down the electroplating operations. Prior to 1973-74 the electroplating wastes were diluted, treated with caustic soda and passed through a series of settling lagoons before discharge to a drainage ditch. The ditch emptied into Iron Branch Creek, then into Indian River.

The sludge produced was buried on NCR property in bentonite-lined pits with the approval of Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC). A violation in 1973 of the NPDES permit resulted in the addition of monitoring wells on-site in the vicinity of the disposal pits. With the change of operations and the reduction of sludge production the pits were sealed and covered. Only one lagoon has been used for the collection and discharge of cooling water since 1978. The two lagoons used for settling, as of July, 1981, were cleaned and decontaminated by Clean America. The remaining wastes were hauled away by AT and T and disposed of at the Baltimore facilityu of American Recovery. Other wastes that were on-site at the time of the plant visit consisted of sixty drums of waste flux from the wave solder machine, some freon and other solvents used for cleaning.

The results of the sampling done on August 10, 1981 show Cr contamination of monitoring well #1 of 180 ppb. (See Map Section 6 of the report for locations of Well #1).

NCR Corporation TDD No. F3-8107-16 EPA No. DE-42 Summary and Recommendations Page Two

#### Summary (continued)

A RCRA inspection was performed by Jay Mortwani of the Delaware DNREC on August 10, 1981 in conjunction with the FIT Preliminary Assessment. Although there were RCRA violations noted during the inspection, the state would prefer not to issue a Notice of Violation but monitor the plant's closure plans instead.

#### Recommendations

Due to the state's cooperation with NCR in the closing of the plant,
Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) should
keep the lead on this site. The state agency, DNREC, has expressed their intent
to follow the closure procedures of the facility and to ensure that
responsibility for sampling and analysis of the groundwater monitoring wells is
assumed. Remedial action with respect to the bentonite-lined pits will depend on
the groundwater monitoring. The responsibility for this action should also be
designated before the sale of the property.

SECTION 2

\$	E	PA
V	너	A

## POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE IDENTIFICATION AND PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

REGION SITE NUMBER (10 80 00-

NOTE: This form is com	pleted for as	ch potential haza	dous was	te site to h	elo set priorities	for alle inspect	lor. The information
submitted on this form is	based on av	allabie records an	d may be	updated on	subsequent forms	as a result of	dilitional loguidae
and on-site inspections.			,				,

GEMERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Complete Sections I and III through X as completely as possible before Section II (Preliminary Assessment). Pile this form in the Regional Hazardous Waste Log File and submit a copy to: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Site Tracking System; Hazardous Waste Enforcement Task Force (EN-135); 401 M St., SW; Washington, DC 20460. I. SITE IDENTIFICATION NCR Corporation P.O. Box 607, Mitchell Road D. STATE E. ZIP CODE F, COUNTY HAME 19966 Sussex Millaboro OWNER/OPERATOR (II Amount) R (II known) Z. TELEPHONE NUMBER NCR Corporation (302) 934-8111 H. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP □1. FEDERAL □2. STATE : □3. COUNTY . □4. MUNICIPAL ☑5. PRIVATE □6. UNKNOWN past disposal pit for electroplating waste J. HOW IDENTIFIED (1.0., citizen's completete, OSHA citations, etc.) K. DATE IDENTIFIED (mo., der, & 71.) 7/27/81 RCRA; state notification L. PRINCIPAL STATE CONTACT The Control of Control of Spanish to the control I. NAME الله الله والمراجع الله الله الله المراجع المواجع المواجع الله المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع الله الله المراجع الله المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع Ken Weiss (302) 736-5061 ... IL PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT (complete this section last) A. APPARENT SERIOUSNESS OF PROBLEM . □4. NONE □2. MEDIUM ☑3. LOW □4. NONE □5. UNKNOWN B. RECOMMENDATION

1. NO ACTION HEEDED (no heered)

2. IMMEDIATE SITE INSPECTION HEEDED

3. SITE INSPECTION NEEDED

3. TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED FORI

Let DE DATES keep the lead.

3. WILL BE PERFORMED BY

4. SITE INSPECTION HEEDED (for priority) B. RECOMMENDATION . ..... ..... The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se The transfer of the same of th المرمان والمتاهين والمتاريين C. PREPARER INFORMATION ... 1. TELEPHONE NUMBER B. DATE (MOI, day, & Ft). Elizabeth Gross (609) 665-1515 8/10/81 III. SITE INFORMATION 22: INACTIVE (Those sites which no longer receive (Those sites that include such incidents like "midnight dumping" where the wastes), wastes), and regular or continuing use of the site for waste disposal has occurred.) A. SITE STATUS A. SITE STATUS

1. ACTIVE (Those industrial or municipal sites which are being used for waste treatment, storage, or dispose on a continuing besia, even if intro-To close Aug 28, 1981 B. IS GENERATOR ON SITE! ☐ 1. NO 2. YES (apacity generator's low-digit StC Code); 3574 C. AREA OF SITE (In acres) D. IF APPARENT SERIOUSNESS OF SITE IS HIGH, SPECIFY COORDINATES 1. LATITUDE (deg.-min-sec.). | 2. LONGITUDE (deg.-min. 58 38° 35' 20" 75° 16' 44'AR | 005 | 3 E. ARE THERE BUILDINGS ON THE SITE! i. NO 🔀 2. YES (specify): Plant building

(10) METALS
((1) OTHER(specify)

V, WASTE RELATED INFORMATION (continued)

S. LIST SUBSTANCES OF GREATEST CONCERN WHICH MAY BE ON THE SITE (place in descending order of heserd). TANCES OF GREATEST CONCERN WHICH MAY BE ON THE SITE (A 4

41611.74

Hg (Ned)

4. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS OR HARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF SITUATION KNOWN OR REPORTED TO EXIST AT THE SITE.
In monitoring well #4 - Cr levels found in Feb & March 1981

		VI. HAZ	ARD DESCRIPTI	МО
A TYPE OF HAZARD	POTEN- TIAL HAZARD (mark 'X')	Ć. ALLEGED INCIDENT (mark 'X')	D. DATE OF INCIDENT (MO., day, yr.)	E. REMARKS
I. NO HAZARD		de Habitario	まる一十十十十十	
E. HUMAN HEALTH		· · ·		For the same of the same of the Second American Control of the
NON-WORKER		4	:	
4. WORKER INJURY				
CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLY	Tayler	12290 (S	2.27.27	
CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN				
CONTAMINATION OF GROUND WATER		x	2/81 - 3/81	<u> </u>
CONTAMINATION		3.11.2.	<u> Braka</u>	A service A seminar and a service of the service and a service of the service of
DAMAGE TO	h , n=5 + 1 *	A A		A section of the sect
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S. CONTAMINATION		Brigary	1	i
IZ. NOTICEABLE ODORS	ingeres			
8. CONTAMINATION OF BOIL (2011)			1	the state of the court of a last constraint of demonstrating of the most court
4. PROPERTY DAMAGE	a i diam	કરને કુણ .	1 6 1,	The control of National Action of the con-
S. FIRK OR EXPLOSION	T. 34			And the second s
. SPILLS/LEAKING CONTAINERS/ RUNOFF/STANDING LIQUIDS	,			
7. SEWER, STORM PROBLEMS	<del></del>			
S. EROSION PROBLEMS	· ·	10.30		
S. INADEQUATE SECURITY	•.			'
IC, INCOMPATIBLE WASTES			1 ·	AR100515
II. MIDNIGHT DUMPING		er that there		,
2. OTHER (specify):	<del></del>			

Continued From Front	•		F3-8107-16
		VII. PERMIT INFO	DRMATION
A. INDICATE ALL APPLICABLE PE		E SITE.	
	CC PLAN 🔀	3. STATE PERMIT	(specify): DE-52
A AIR PERMITS S. LO	CAL PERMIT	6. ACRA TRANSPO	PATER
7. ACRA STORER . B. RC	RA TREATER 🔲	P. MCRA DISPOSE	<b>.</b>
10. OTHER (specify): WPC	C 3118 A/74	State Permi	t - Discharge to Surface Water
B. IN COMPLIANCET		14 A 14 A 14 A	and the control of th
2. HO	one y and the fact of the second	J. UNKNOWN	
4. WITH RESPECT TO (Hat regu	lation name & numbe	01	
		PAST RESULATO	RY ACTIONS
The substitution of the su	ES (summerize below the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control o		Osibikak (Red)
			(past or on-Roing)
A. NONE B. YE	S (complete items 1,:	1.5. & 4 below)	
1. TYPE OF ACTIVITY	2. DATE OF PAST ACTION (moi, day, & yri)	3. PERFORMED BYI (EPA/Sists)	4. DESCRIPTION
Sampling	8/81	State	Compliance monitoring
	in end to the contract of the		
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PA Form T2070-2 (10-79)	<del></del>	· . PAGE 4 OF	
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SECTION 3

#### FIELD TRIP SUMMARY REPORT

This summary should be prepared in conjunction with the Preliminary Assessment Form, (EPA Form T2070-2), so that a proper site rating can be assigned. 

Name of Site M	ck corporat	1.ON		٠.
EPA Case Number_	DE-42		:	

If site is active, has owner/operator notified EPA in accordance with Section 3010 of RCRA. Yes X No If Yes: a) Note EPA I.D. No. DED 043958388

b) Is the site a <u>Generator</u>) storer, treater or disposer of hazardous waste? (CIRCLE ONE).

If the answers submitted in Part VI (Hazard Description) of EPA Form T2070-2 or observations warrant a more thorough site investigation/sampling, please attach a sketch map showing those areas of concern. (i.e.: lagoons, leachate seeps, drum storage, monitoring wells, etc.).

Please list site contacts and accompanying inspectors; include name, title and III. phone numbers. Maria of Maria of the

in Hamilton: DUREC 302/736-5061 alhoun, Manager-Facilities Management; Larry Industrial Engineer III: NCR 302/934-8111

Beth Gross, Stan Bumble : EXE FIT III : 609/665-1515

Site observations: (attach a topo map).

A. Population within 1000 ft. of the site is (CHECK ONE) 0-10 people

3. 10-100 people greater than 10 greater than 100 people (woodlot, agricultrual, playground, industrial, etc.)

List surrounding land use:

North: residential

South: agricultura

East: agricultur

West: <u>29ricultural</u>

Were photographs taken? YES X NO If yes: Who has custody of photos? Name: File F3-8107-16

Agency: Ecology and Environment, Inc. Phone No.: 609/665 - 1515

Is a hydrogeological survey for this site attached? YES NO X

If no, Section III D of EPA Form T2070-2 must be completed.

Contamination Potential has been requested.

Please attach pertinent copies of reports or data reviewed by inspector:

(i.e.-State monitoring data, consultant reports, etc.). Elizabeth Gross

Stanley Bumble Name of Inspector: and Environment

465-1515 Time on Site:

Weather Conditions:

FIELD TRIP SUMMARY REPORT	Page 2
And the second of the second o	untailiat (nea)
C. Water supply for area. (CHECK ONE)	
Surface intakes (locate on attached map)	
(2) Municipal wells (locate on attached map)	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
3 Domestic wells:	all and a second decision of the property of t
a. Approximate number within k mile. b. Locate a minimum of 3 wells on attac	one well located 100 ched map and list below: 3004
Property owner	NCR property li
	. owner's name - un'
Address	well located on n
Phone No.	to the state of th
Well records YES NO YES	NO YES NO
Odor problems YES NO YES NO YES	NO YES NO YES NO
c. If odor or taste problems are report	ed please elaborate:
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D. Are surface or subsurface, (leachate), drain YES NO X : If yes:	age areas from site apparent?
1. Were unusual odors or stains noted? YE	S NO
2. Was stressed vegetation noted?	S NO
a. If yes please note area on map.	on the second of
E. Are streams or receiving waters adjacent to If yes, list observations: (i.echange in bo	site? YES X NO
density/diversity, change in color, siltation	n, etc.). <u>we lands to the</u>
north and east of site Vegetati	on was lush and
overgrown - no signs of stress	
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F. Site topography: (i.eplateau, strip mine )	ravines, etc.)
+lat coastal plain	Maria de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de l
G. Other observations: (i.eerosion, located in	n flood plain, epcp)  0705分
one area where solid wastes (in	-on tailings, cinder by
construction debris) were dispos	ed of then removed.

SECTION 4

### Fact Sheet

 NCR facility started up in Millsboro in October, 1967.

2. Electroplating wastes prior to 1973 were diluted and had caustic soda added to the waste stream then settled in the three 30,000 gallon lagoons (physical/chemical treatment). The supernatant was discharged to a drainage ditch which emptied into Iron Branch Creek. Electroplating operations shut down and changed over to new operations (the plant became an assembly plant rather than a

manufacturing plant) between 1974 and

1979.

3. The electroplating sludge lagoons were cleaned out in 1974 and contents disposed of in a 10' x 20' bentonite and polyutethane lined pit on-site. The lining is 1 foot thick on the bottom. There were a total of five monitoring wells installed on-site. A typical analysis of the sludge consisted of:

PH - 8.5

solids - 2.17

H<sub>2</sub>0 - 97.97

Cu - 900 ppm

M1 - 40 ppm

Cr - 30 ppm

Fe - 20 ppm

Zn - 800 ppm Pb - 15 ppm Hg - 5.5 ppm

As - 0.02 ppm Se - <1 ppm P04 - 1500 ppm Free Cyanide - none

Free Cyanide - none metals are present as hydroxides.

Source

 Conversation with Dick Calhoun and Larry Shaffer, NCR August 10, 1981.

RCRA notification.

3. DNREC file chronology. Conversation with Richard Calhoun August 31, 1981.

NCR Corporation
TDD No. F3-8107-16

EPA No. DE-42 Fact Sheet

Fact

Page Two

Source

4. The electroplating lagoons have been idle since 1978. The end of July, 1981 the lagoons were decontaminated and cleaned by Clean America the wastes hauled by AT

& T to the Baltimore facility of American Recovery. The manifests were in order for these transactions. Since 1978, only one lagoon has been used to discharge 7-8,000 gpd of cooling water generated by

the air conditioning units.

5. In February and March, 1981, monitoring well #4 sampled by Goel Associates for

NCR showed chromium levels of 0.21 ppm and 0.17 ppm respectively.

6. Other waste on-site consists of sixty drums of waste flux from the wave solder machine, some liquid freon and other solvents used for cleaning. These wastes

have since been removed.

RCRA violations included: flammable
wastes stored inside with inadequate space
for emergency equipment movement; and
records for waste analysis, contingency

· plans and closure plans incomplete or not

up-to-date.

8. No leachate was evident from the area where the bentonite pit was located. There was no depression of the land to indicated subsidence. Some demolition debris and iron tailings were noted in one area partially covered over. (The bulk of the wastes had been removed and these were left as fill). Due to high electromagnetic interference — no HNU readings could be obtained at the cleaned lagoons. No HNU readings noted in the area of the old disposal site or in the plant itself.

Conversation with Larry Schaffer; August 10, 1981.

. DNREC files.

6. Conversation with Larry Schaffer.

 Jay Motwani - Delaware DNREC.

8. FIT observations on August 10, 1981.

SECTION 5

Photographic Log

## No. Description Photo No. Description .

and server at the server

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Only lagoon still in use for cooling water discharge only. Drainage ditch in background by row of trees.

Middle lagoon - cleaned and capped off. Monitoring well #3 in background.

Eastern most lagoon - cleaned and capped off. (Water residual from rain). Looking west over the lagoon system. Vehicle

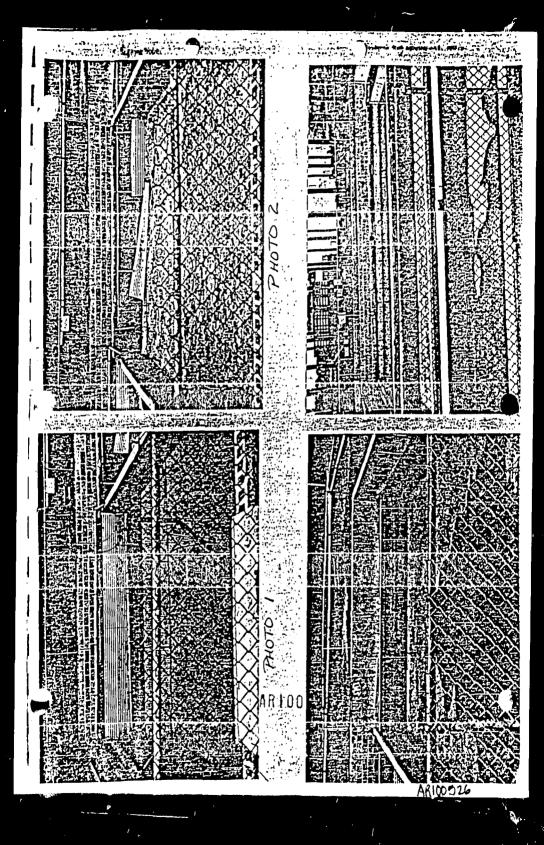
storage area in background. Northwest view over lagoons - includes oil skimmer

(clean), drainage ditch and monitoring well #3. Monitoring well #5.

View of past disposal site approximate location. Looking northeast from past disposal area towards direction of Iron Branch Creek.

Looking east of the past disposal area primarily agricultural.

Looking northwest of the property - wetlands in background, construction debris removed and area leveled; monitoring well #4 in foreground (water from rain).



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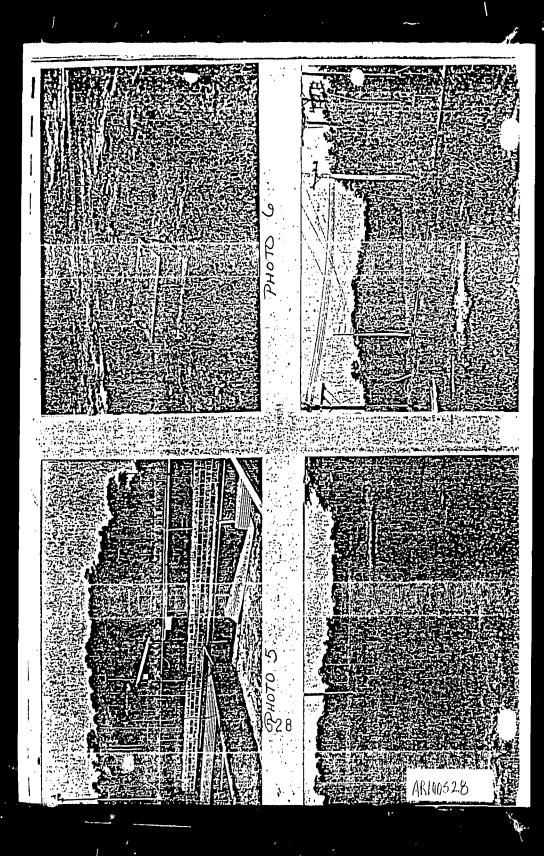
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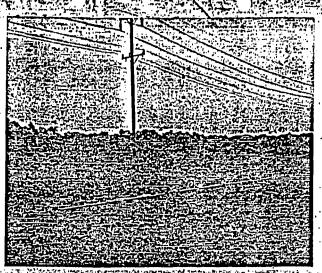
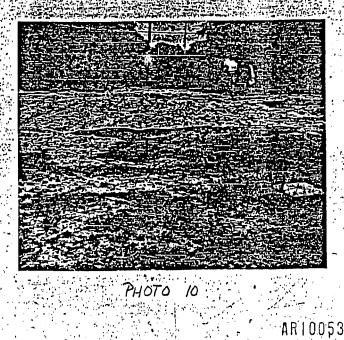


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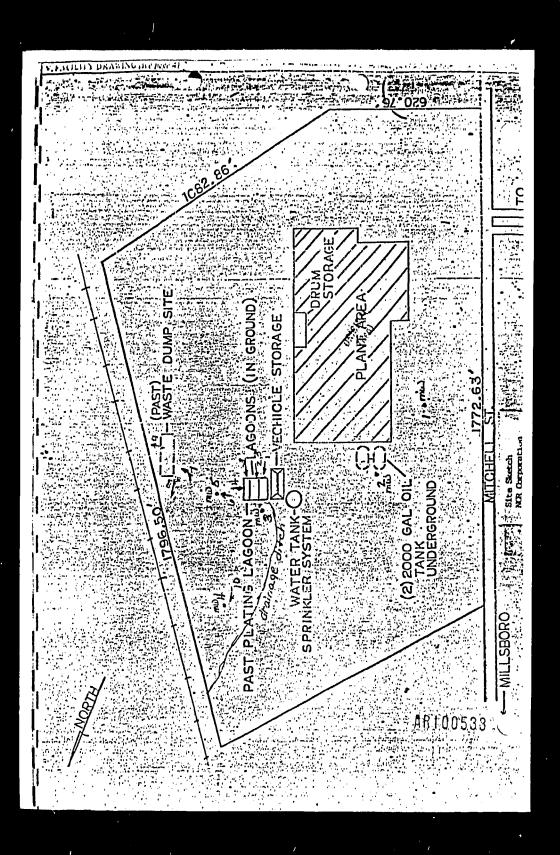
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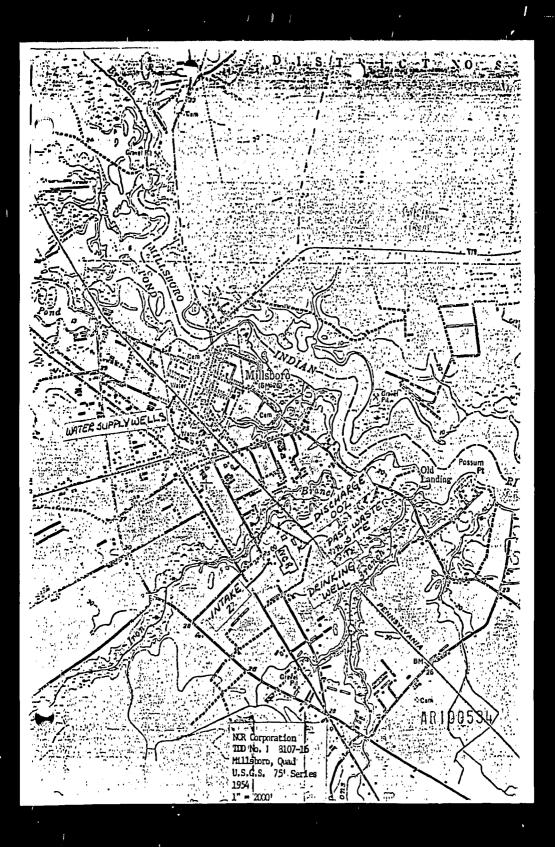
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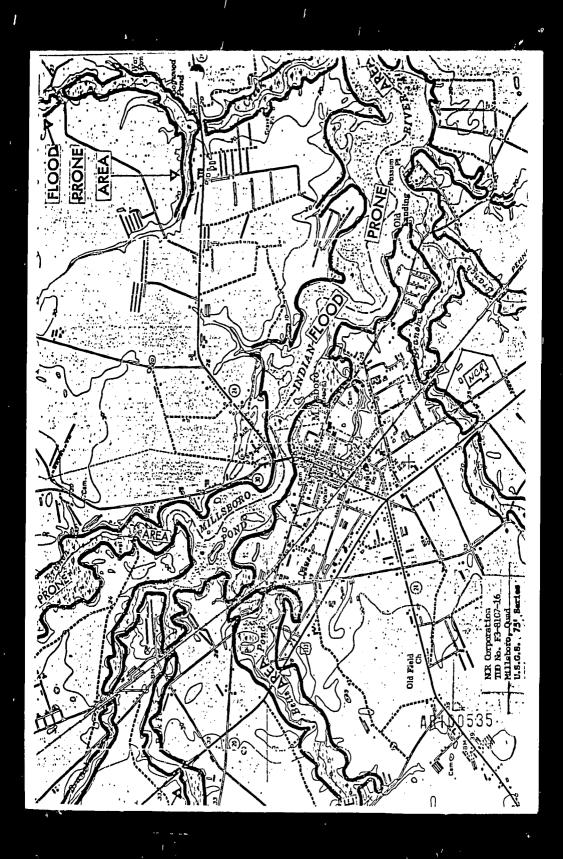
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SECTION 6







SECTION 7

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NOV 2 3 1973

### Chronology

2-13-73

1973 Required to improve wastewater treatment process to meet

-NPDES standards ---> sludge produced. والمرورية فيرتبط والمراجع 1-23-73

Letter from R.L. Harris (NCR) to Pat Canzano Typical chem. comp. of sludge.

8.5 March 1966 2.14

H2O 97.9%; - metals are present as
Cu 900 ppm hydroxides
Ni 40 ppm
Cr 30 ppm ONGNAFe 20 ppm (Red): -

800 ppm .... 1500 ppm PO4

Free Cyanide none 通用作品的 200.50

buried this material on our property in bentonite lined pits". 的复数拉雷尼斯特特的特别 计分子中间 Letter from Pat Canzano to R.L. Harris

· requesting analyses of As, Pb, Hg & Se in sludge

also states that lined pits (synthetic liner) will be

required and leachate collection system

"In previous years, with the approval of the DNR, we have

Letter from R.L. Harris to Pat Canzano

Additional Metals in Sludge Pb 15 ppm

Hg 5.5 ppm As 0.02 ppm Se ∠ ppm

Letter from Pat Canzano to R.L. Harris proposes sludge drying beds with liner, due to water

content of sludge - if concentrations in leachate do not exceed concentrations

in letters dated 1-23-73 and 5-8-73, may consider taking sludge to conventional landfill.

Letter from Frank Moorshead to J.N. Holmes (NCR)

requiring installation of monitoring wells Charles Volt V.

医乳气管 化阿米纳 经收益帐 医水溶液 Memo from Frank Moorshead to Pat Canzano ARID0542

NCR site hydrogeologically unsuitable for disposal without liner.

1-15-74 Letter from Frank Moorshead to F: Browne (BETZ)

Monitor wells installed.

additional monitor well required

Letter from Pat Canzano to J.N. Holmes
- approval to dispose of sludge

1-24-74 Letter from Pat Canzano to J.N. Holmes
- approval to dispose of sludge

7-24-74 Change in process - result in reduction of metals discharge (NPDES)

1980 MPDES permit renewal: process changed; no longer use watewater treatment plans for electroplating wastes.

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MEMORANDUM Robert J. Touhey June 16, 1981 . . . . Ohi ···

Challenge State of the THRU: Michael A. Apgar

FROM: Lisa A. Hamilton

Addition of National Cash Register, Co. (NCR) to EPA's Uncontrolled Dumpsite List

NCR disposed of its wastewater treatment sludges on-site in bentonite lined pits. This waste could now be considered hazardous since it had a chromium concentration of 30 ppm, a lead concentration of 15 ppm and a . mercury concentration of 5.5 ppm. The Bentonite liners may not have been

sufficient to hold the waste, without leakage, over long periods of time.

As far as I can judge from a review of the files, the pits are still there, probably overgrown. Recently, someone from Richardson Associates spoke with Bill Osburn and implied that he had found high chromium concentration in the ground water at the site.

I feel that this site should be added to the Uncontrolled Dumpsite List due to the nature of the waste, the lack of recent information and the consultant's implication.

RECEIVED

JUN 16 1981 WATER SUPPLY

RECEIVED JUN 2 9 1981

THE OF DELAWARE THEOURCES SECTION hindraguis Cilie

UNITED TES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTON AGENCY...

ON JED TES ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT OF Region III — 6th & Walnut Str.

Update on the NCR Pacility Route 113 Millsboro, Delaware

रिक्रिक के के अपने कि का है है अपने के अपने के कि कि कि कि कि कि कि कि कि Chris Hladchuk, Environmental Scientist Environmental Emergency Branch

المراجعية في المستقليب الله المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة ا المراجعة المراجعة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة المستمرة ال Stanley L. Laskowski, Acting Director ... Surveillance & Analysis Division ... TURU: Druce F. Smith, Chief

THRU: Bruce F. Smith, Chief
Environmental Emergency Branch

I. Background ...

SUBJECT:

FROM:

The second secon The National Cash Register Inc. (NCR) has announced the September closing of their facility in Millsboro, Delaware. This facility has notified under RCRA as a handler of Hazardous Waste. At this time a Maryland Bank is negotiating the purchase of the plant and properties. Delaware is very interested in this pur-chase and perspective job opportunities that may be offered to Sussex County.

A Preliminary Assessment and RCRA Inspection were conducted by PPA-FIT and Delaware DNREC on August 10, 1981 to insure compliance with the RCRA regulations, and to evaluate any potential

A TOP AT MARCH Groundwater monitoring samples were taken and these analytical results are due in September A Part of the last

Attendance:

😕 stan Bumble Beth Gross

DNREC "Lisa Hamilton "

Jay Motwani Hr. Calhoun

Larry Shaffer ... रेक्षा के द्वार का का किस्सी कर का किस के किस है। जिस के किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस की किस क

Delaware Economics Board 

.Topics Addressed केलील विश्वासन होतु हुन्तु करान

a) There are three cement lined storage lagoons on-site. contained toxic materials which were drained and shipped to American Recovery (all manifests were in order). The third lagoon contains a non-toxic cooling water.

AR 100545

DATE: August 20, 19

Deferen

b) Sixty drums containing flammable waste are stored inside the plant. Adequate aisle space was not available, wand, the movement of any emergency equipment would be obstructed.

- The NCR records for waste analysis, contingency plans, and closure plans are not updated or complete.
- 5) Prior to 1978 an old pit was used for the disposal of varia) Prior to 1978 an old pit was used rot the case, but these cors industrial wastes. Records were not available, but these materials may have included degreasing solvents and plating! wastes. There is a 1 foot clay lining along the bottom, and 3 monitoring wells installed around the area. Recent samples from these wells showed evidence of contamination (.21 ppm chromium, marcury and lead)
  - Recommended Actions
- a) Both the FIT and DNREC agreed that proper procedures were followed to clean and close the storage lagoons on site.
- b) FCR has agreed to contract a firm to remove the waste drums from the plant as soon as possible.
- c) Jay Motwani of DNREC has stated that the NCR facility has been very cooperative about getting the necessary records and plans in order. In addition, DNREC does not wish to bring efforcement action against NCR if this will delay the purchase transactions. For these reasons the State does not wish to issue a Notice of Violation to the facility. However, the State is reviewing the closure plans and they will insure that these actions are completed.
- a) The old pit that was closed in 1978 requires periodic gronmwater monitoring to record the contamination levels. Possible remedial action may also be required for this disposal pit, i.e. excavation and removal." These measures may not be

emforced under RCRA because of the closure date of the pit.

Amforcement action to control this site may be taken under 7003 if it is deemed necessary. Before the NCR facility vacates the responsible a document should be signed which designates a responsible party, and the availability of funds for monitoring and perhaps remedial action.

Paul Ambrose (31R40) Palph Siskind (3EN32) A Ruthanne Gordon (3EN33) Wayne Naylor (3AH31) Ken Weiss, Delaware DNREC

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CE:lav.

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APPENDIX G

AR 1 00547

# STATE OF DELAWARE UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE

DELAWARE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Robert R. Jordan, State Geologist (Red)

BULLETIN No. 14

HYDROLOGY OF THE COLUMBIA (PLEISTOCENE) DEPOSITS
OF DELAWARE: AN APPRAISAL OF A REGIONAL
WATER-TABLE AQUIFER

BY

RICHARD H. JOHNSTON HYDROLOGIST, U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Prepared by the United States Geological Survey
IN COOPERATION WITH THE
Delaware Geological Survey

AR100548

NEWARK, DELAWARE JUNE, 1973

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¥ H	SALI	SERIES		PLEISTOCENE)								
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PLEISTOCENE DEPOSITS OF DELAVICE AND ADJACENT MARYLAND. TABLE

The Columbia deposits are composed principally of sands which occur in channel fillings in northern Delaware and as a broad sheet across central and southern Delaware. In addition to sand, the Columbia sediments contain subordinate amounts of gravel, clay, and silt. In central and southern Delaware, where the Columbia deposits constitute a major regional aquifer, the deposits are composed mostly of fine to coarse moderately well sorted quartz sand. As noted by Jordan (1964), the mass of the Pleistocene sediment may be "accurately described as a medium sand." Evidence presented later in the report will show that, hydrologically, the Columbia deposits are effectively acting as a medium to coarse sand aquifer.

In the areas of highest transmissivity (for example at Smyrna and near Houston, as shown in Figure 9), the Columbia deposits consist of well sorted coarse sand with or without bands of gravel. Locally gravel may constitute a sizable fraction of the sediments. Spoljaric and Woodruff (1970) determined that gravel constitutes 30 percent of the sediments in the Middletown-Odessa area. However, the presence of gravel does not necessarily indicate maximum transmissivity. For example, a 110-foot thick section of gravel, with interbedded fine to coarse sand (apparently poorly sorted), near Milton has lower transmissivity than 90-foot sections of predominantly coarse sand at Smyrna and Houston (see Table 2).

The Columbia deposits differ widely in color, ranging from reddish brown and purplish black through shades of brown to tan, yellow, or light gray. The color of the sediments is related to the amount of iron present, as shown by Spoljaric (1971). According to Spoljaric, dark brown sand contains greater than 4 percent ferric iron, whereas the yellow and light gray sand contains less than 1 percent ferric iron. The purplish black color occasionally seen in ironstone beds is probably due to manganese oxides.

The differentiation of the Columbia deposits from underlying units can be made on a lithologic basis in much of northern and central Delaware. However, in southern Delaware, where Miocene sands may directly underlie Pleistocene sands, the differentiation is often difficult. This is particularly true in the case of the Miocene Manckin acuifer, which underlies the Pleistocene throughout a 7-mile-wide belt extending southwest across Delaware from Milton to Laurel (see Figure 2, Sundstrom and Pickett, 1970). The difficulty arises because of the similarity of the white fine to coarse sand of the Beaverdam Sand (Pleistocene) and the gray medium-coarse sand of the underlying Miocene age Manckin aquifer. As pointed out by

Sundstram and Pickett (1970), the Manokin sands are generally grayer and better sorted than the Pleistocene sands. This rather subjective criterion was used by the writer in identifying the base of the Columbia deposits from well logs in southern Delaware. In central Delaware, the subcropping Miocene beds often consist of gray silty clay or sand with abundant shell material, and the base of the Pleistocene can be identified with more confirence. However, drillers' logs occasionally report thick sections of "white or tannish gray sand." In such cases, the base of the Pleistocene was artitrarily placed at the uppermost occurrence of a thick gray or "blue" clay bed. Thus, some of the upper Miccene sands, particularly in the Manokin aquifer, may have been included with the Columbia deposits. However, hydrologically the sands are acting as an aquifer unit. Microfossils are often useful in identifying the Miocene-Pleistocene contact; however, geologists of the Delaware Geological Survey report that good index fossils are difficult to obtain from cores and drill cuttings.

### Areal Extent and Saturated Thickness

The Columbia (Pleistocene) deposits occur as channel fillings and thin isolated patches in New Castle County and as a broad sheet across most of Kent and Sussex Counties (Figure 3). The Pleistocene sediments are generally considered to be fluvial in origin and, according to Jordan (1964), were deposited by streams entering Delaware from the northeast and spreading south and southeast across Delaware. The narrow channels of northern New Castle County coalesce into a system of braided channels in the southern part of the county (Spoljaric, 1967). From the Kent-New Castle County line south, the Columbia deposits are basically a sheet of sand, which thickens southward across Kent and Sussex Counties. In extreme southern Delaware, these deposits were probably reworked by transgressing-regressing seas (Jordan, 1964). Jordan describes beach, dune, estuarine, offshore bar, and lagoonal facies within the area of marine transgression. These facies of the Columbia sediments, as well as the configuration of the channels, are related to the aquifer transmissivity as will be discussed later.

Figure 2 shows a structure contour map of the base of the Columbia deposits in Delaware (except for northern New Castle County). The map is intended to show the basal configuration of the Pleistocene sediments where the ARCH 055 | stitute an important regional aquifer - namely central and southern Delaware. For a description of the Pleistocene channels of northern Delaware, see Spoljaric (1967).

ORIGINA (Red)

APPENDIX H

### REFERENCES

- Groundwater Quality Investigation and Groundwater Quality Management Plan
  Interim Report for NCR Corporation's former facility in Millsboro,
  Delaware (presently First Freedom Center) by Richard E. Sacks,
  Geologist for Betz, Converse, Murdock Eastern, Inc. (One Plymouth
  Meeting Mall, Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania 19462).
- 2. A Preliminary Assessment of NCR, EPA No. DE.42, Emergency and Remedial Response Information System Prepared by the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Solid Waste Branch; Andrew Leitzinger, ERRIS Investigator and Robert Pickert, ERRIS Coordinator, 1984.
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- 4. Soil Survey, Sussex County, Delaware, dated May 1974.
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- 6. Telephone Conversation with Official (name unknown) of Millsboro Municipal Water Company, dated October 15, 1984.
- 7. Map and Partial Text from Hydrology of the Columbia (Pleistocene) Deposits of Delaware: An Appraisal of a Regional Water Table Aquifer, by Richard Johnston Hydrologist, U.S. Geological Survey. Negation 1553