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THESIS

TRUNCATION AND ACCEPTANCE RULES
 FOR SEQUENTIAL TESTS OF
 A BERNOULLI PARAMETER

by
 Jürgen Petersen

September 1980

Thesis Advisor: G. F. Lindsay

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Truncation and Acceptance Rules for Sequential
Tests of a Bernoulli Parameter

by

Jürgen Petersen
Lieutenant Commander, Federal German Navy

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the
requirement for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN OPERATIONS RESEARCH

from the

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ABSTRACT

In the paper, Wald's Sequential Probability Ratio test for a Bernoulli parameter is studied to assess the influence of truncation on the true probabilities of error of the first and second kind. It is shown that a natural truncation point exists for every SPR test such that the desired error probabilities are not exceeded. Extended acceptance rules were described whose use allows truncation comparatively early when certain sample sizes are picked. The true error probabilities achieved are either both smaller or equal to the desired ones or one is smaller or equal and the other is exceeded. In the latter case, that probability of error that shall not be exceeded can be chosen and the other will be as small as possible. A listing of 126 SPR plans useful in quality control applications has been included which gives all described truncation points with the applicable acceptance rules and the values for the true probabilities of error.

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I. INTRODUCTION

In the field of statistical quality control, a possible way to assure quality is acceptance sampling by attributes. One objective is to keep inspection costs low and still assure the defined level of quality. Lowering inspection costs often goes hand in hand with reducing the sample size of the test. Several types of sampling plans have been developed, one of which is A. Wald's Sequential Probability Ratio plan. Whereas other sampling plans have fixed sample sizes, the maximum number of samples that have to be drawn in a sequential sampling plan is unbounded. This problem does not occur only in quality control, but also in other fields, and various approaches have been undertaken to overcome this disadvantage.

Although Wald suggested a way of truncating and redefining the acceptance criterion, he warned that this will change the envisioned protection against errors [Ref. 1]. Some more recent papers describe methods of how to determine useful properties of sample size in sequential tests, as do Aroian [Ref. 2] for truncated and Corneliussen and Ladd [Ref. 3] for untruncated sequential tests for the binomial distribution. Aroian suggested and Corneliussen and Ladd actually used numerical methods on a computer to obtain the information needed.

In this paper, we shall investigate two ways of truncating Wald's Sequential Probability Ratio test for a Bernoulli parameter. The first way fixes both probabilities of error in advance of desired levels and assures that they are met. This conforms with Wald's approach to sequential sampling. The second way fixes and assures only the probability of one error, either α or β , and allows the other to be adjusted. The objective is in either case to cut down on maximum necessary sample size. Simple and later on more generated extended acceptance rules at the truncation point are considered. The results of this paper will be presented as a display of usable truncation values for members of a broad class of sequential sampling plans which could occur in quality control.

We will proceed through the study in the following steps: The next chapter is an outline of Wald's Sequential Probability Ratio test for a Bernoulli parameter. It includes the general procedure of the test, compares planned error probabilities with truly obtained ones, describes the test by a sequential-sampling chart, and gives an analysis of how the probabilities of acceptance accumulate.

The third chapter deals with truncating Wald's sequential test where both error probabilities are fixed in advance. The acceptance rule applied throughout the chapter is that at the truncation point all continue-sampling outcomes are

added to the rejection region. The chapter's result is the finding of a natural truncation point.

In Chapter IV, we truncate and use an extended acceptance region by including the closest continue-sampling outcome at the truncation point. All other outcomes are again added to the rejection region. We will define this simple extended (h_1-1) acceptance rule and then analyze the now relevant accumulation of acceptance probabilities. From this, a necessary condition is described to get true error probabilities that do not exceed the planned ones. The definition of optimal truncation where only one error probability is fixed in advance will be brought up. At the end of the chapter, formulae to calculate optimal truncation points for use with the simple extended acceptance rule are derived.

Chapter V generalizes the concept of extended acceptance rules at truncation points, and provides an outline of problems that arise when optimal truncation is to be achieved. A way to overcome these problems is discussed.

The last chapter is a comprehensive outline of the study and gives all obtained results together with an example. The reader whose main interest is application of the results may directly turn to Chapter VI.

Appendix A tabulates values for optimal and natural truncation points for some sequential plans useful in quality control.

II. WALD'S SEQUENTIAL PROBABILITY RATIO TEST

Consider a test for a Bernoulli parameter p where the null hypothesis is $p = p_0$ and the alternative is $p = p_1$. The probabilities of errors of the first and second kind are α and β , respectively. Wald [Ref. 1] developed a sequential procedure for this kind of test. It will be described in the following sections.

A. THE GENERAL METHOD

In a Wald sequential plan, samples of size 1 are drawn sequentially and after the n th sample has been inspected, a probability ratio of value r_n is calculated. Then a decision about the outcome of the test is made by comparing the probability ratio value r_n against two test-plan specific values A and B as follows:

* If $r_n \geq A$ then stop sampling and accept the null hypothesis,

* if $r_n \leq B$ then stop sampling and reject the null hypothesis, and

* if $B < r_n < A$ then continue sampling.

Wald proposed to assign in practice A the value $(1-\beta)/\alpha$ and B the value $\beta/(1-\alpha)$. At the same time, he pointed out that with those values, the planned error probabilities α and β are not exactly met.

B. PLANNED AND TRUE ERROR PROBABILITIES

Some truncation rules that we bring up in this paper make use of appreciable differences between planned and truly achieved error probabilities. In these truncated plans, the differences as they occur in Wald's untruncated sequential tests are reduced as much as possible while still satisfying the stated risks.

Wald has shown that, with his test procedure, one needs only worry about three combinations of all possible ways true error probabilities (α', β') can differ from the planned α and β [Ref. 1, p. 44-46]:

Either (1) $\alpha' \leq \alpha$ and $\beta' \leq \beta$,

or (2) $\alpha' \leq \alpha$ and $\beta' > \beta$,

or (3) $\alpha' \geq \alpha$ and $\beta' \leq \beta$.

For use in a test plan, the true risk combination (1) is satisfactory in that the planned error probabilities will never be exceeded. In combinations (2) and (3), however, one of the true error probabilities will exceed its planned value while the other will not.

Wald pointed out that although the planned error probabilities are exceeded, the difference is insignificant for practical purposes. Accordingly, as we deal with the application of sequential plans, this assurance is used to include

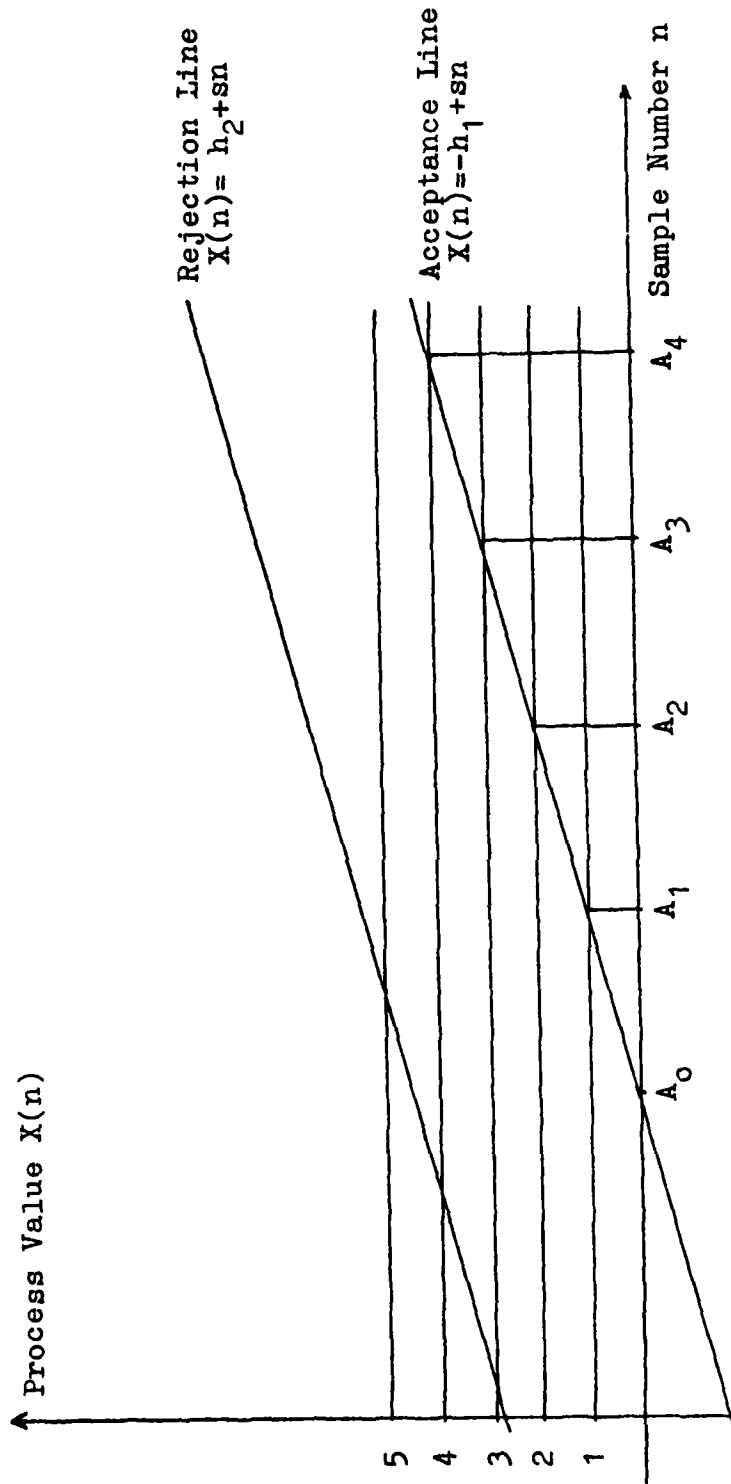
combinations (2) and (3) into combination (1) and say: although one of the true error probabilities may be greater than planned, since the difference is insignificant, we may treat it as if they were equal.

Besides the general description of Wald plans, a graphical representation of sequential sampling plans will prove helpful. This representation will be given in the following section.

C. DESCRIPTION BY SEQUENTIAL-SAMPLING CHART

In the field of quality control, the sequential-sampling chart is used as a tool to implement Wald's Sequential Probability Ratio test. It describes sequential sampling as a special random walk in two dimensions. In this study, the chart is used to clarify concepts and notation. The chart shown in Figure 1 does not represent a specific plan but rather an illustrative example.

In the notion of a sequential sampling plan as a random walk, each possible outcome of the test process is defined by the sample number n together with the value of the process at n , denoted by $X(n)$. (The value of the process can be illustrated for the case when the outcome of each single inspection is classified as good or bad: $X(n)$ represents the number of bad items that were found among the total of n items inspected.) The two limit lines which, as absorbing boundaries, separate the continue-sampling



The letters h_1, h_2 , and s are test parameters. The letters A_0, A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 , denote sample numbers at which an acceptance decision is possible.

Figure 1 - A SEQUENTIAL-SAMPLING CHART

region from the rejection and acceptance region, respectively, are described by

$$X(n) = h_2 + sn$$

and

$$X(n) = -h_1 + sn$$

where h_1 , h_2 and s are plan parameters.

Once the process crosses the upper limit line, rejection of the null hypothesis will follow. The value of the process at the sample number n , $X(n)$, can take on integer values such that $X(n) = i$, $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$. As the test proceeds, it is possible that a decision to accept the null hypothesis takes place. For that, it is necessary that the process crosses the acceptance limit line while having a certain process value $X(n) = i$. Depending on the value of the slope s , not all values of n represent possible points where acceptance can occur. Let us denote the sample number n at which acceptance can occur for $X(n) = i$ by A_i and call these sample number values acceptance points. This means that we have acceptance points at $n = A_0, A_1, A_2, \dots$ and, starting from A_0 , these points partition the sample number axis in disjoint intervals $[A_i, A_{i+1}-1]$, which we shall denote as $[A_i, A_{i+1})$. The intervals will be of nearly equal size.

D. ANALYSIS OF ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITIES

The objective of this study is to find truncation points for sequential test plans for Bernoulli parameters, and to assess their compliance with the desired specifications. Judgment will be made on the ground of how close the true error probabilities α' and β' are to the desired ones α and β . Subsequently we will calculate β' directly as the probability of accepting the null hypothesis when the alternative hypothesis is true. The value for α' will be obtained by assessing $(1-\alpha')$, the probability of accepting the null hypothesis when it is in fact true. We will analyze in this section how these two probabilities of acceptance accumulate over the course of the test.

In the last section, we saw that the sample number axis may be divided into intervals $[0, A_0)$, $[A_0, A_1)$, $[A_1, A_2)$, ... where the A_i are the acceptance points of the plan. Now we associate with each of the acceptance points A_i an unconditional termination probability that the test will terminate at A_i with an acceptance decision. The sum of the termination probabilities associated with all A_i 's is the probability to accept the null hypothesis as it represents all possible ways to achieve acceptance in an untruncated Wald sequential sampling plan.

Analogous to the above, the sum of termination probabilities associated with acceptance points that have values

less than or equal to n is the probability of accepting the null hypothesis when at most n samples are drawn. We will denote this acceptance probability by $P_a(n)$. To indicate under which assumption the probability was calculated, we will write $P_a(n|H_0)$ if the null hypothesis is true, or $P_a(n|H_1)$ if the alternative is true.

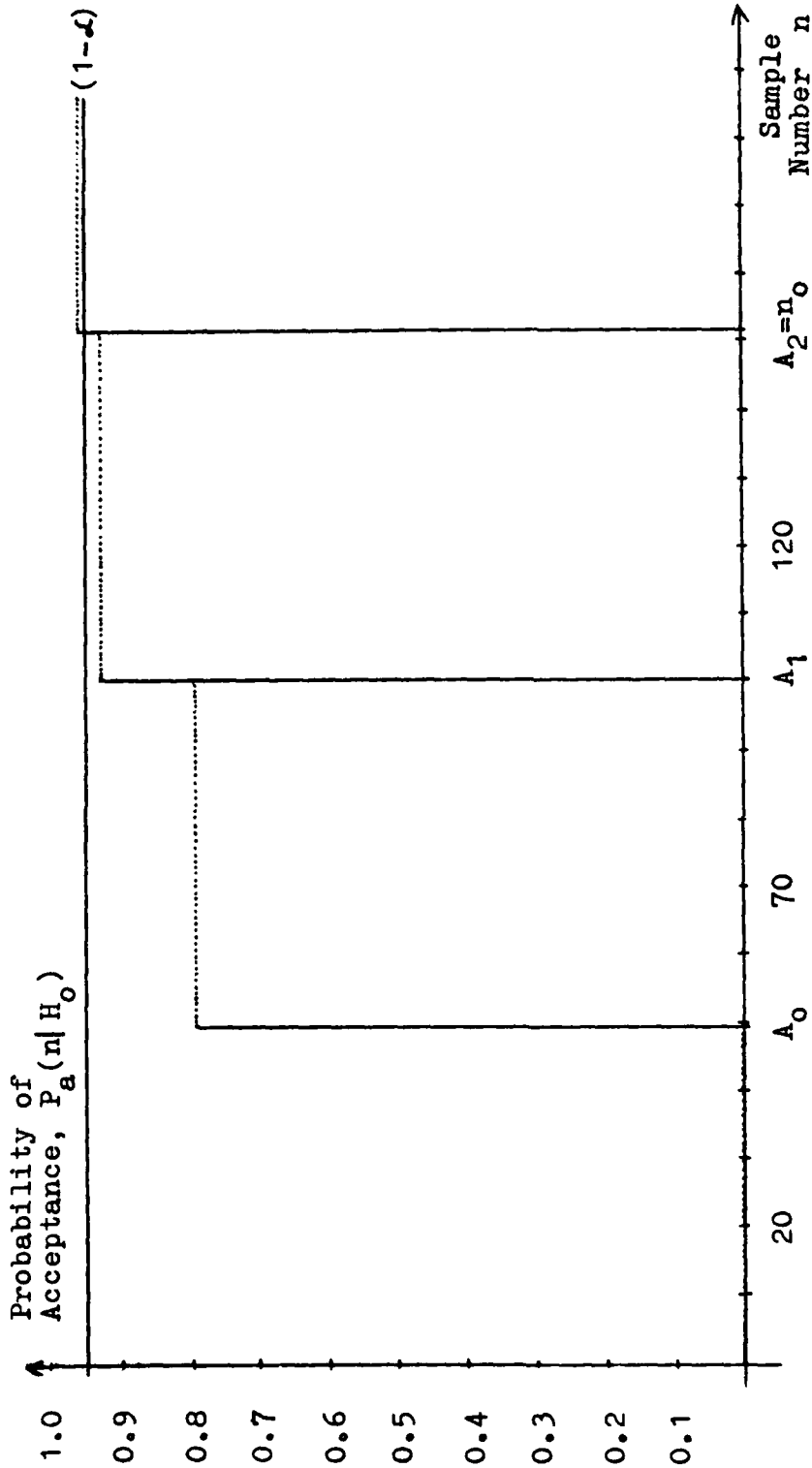
The following statements about the probability of acceptance when at most n samples can be drawn are true:

- (i) Since $h_1 > 0$, $P_a(0) = 0$.
- (ii) As n is enlarged, $P_a(n)$ never decreases but increases at the acceptance points A_0, A_1, A_2, \dots .
- (iii) For all n in the interval $[A_i, A_{i+1})$, $P_a(n) = P_a(A_i)$.

With truncation at n , and rejecting there if we have not accepted at an acceptance point,

- (iv) $P_a(n|H_0) = (1-\alpha')$ and
- (v) $P_a(n|H_1) = \beta'$, where the primes refer to true error probabilities.

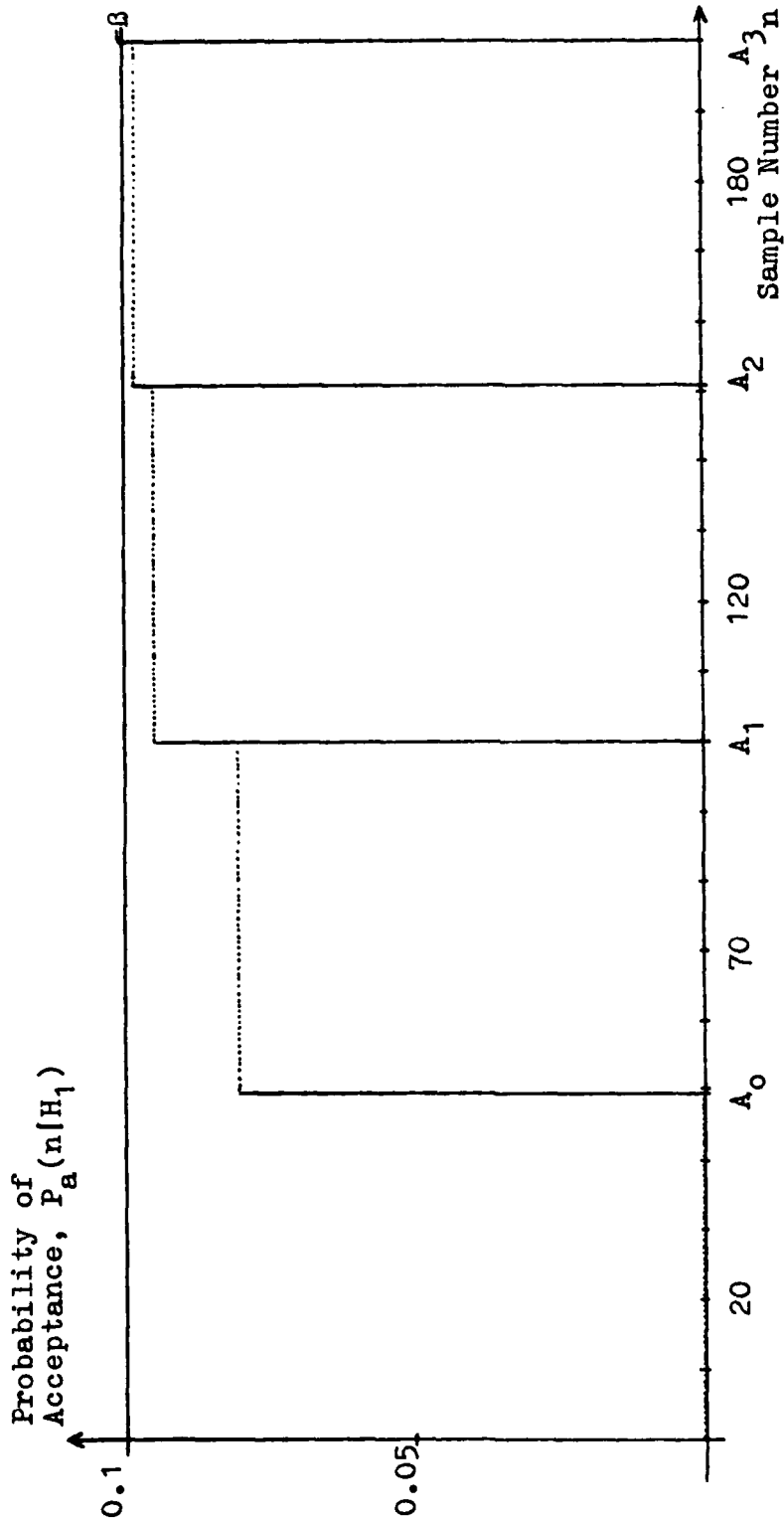
Figures 2 and 3 depict the accumulation of the two probabilities $P_a(n|H_0)$ and $P_a(n|H_1)$, respectively, for an arbitrary sequential probability ratio plan. The ordinate values were calculated by means of a computer algorithm. The algorithm accounts for rejection as well as acceptance, i.e., only sampling developments are considered that lie between



The graph shows the accumulated acceptance probability with H_0 true when at most n samples are drawn. If no acceptance occurs at an acceptance point, then reject. The underlying plan is $H_0: p=0.005$, $H_1: p=0.05$, $\alpha=0.05$, $\beta=0.1$. Here, A_0, A_1, A_2 , denote the first three acceptance points. Also, A_2 is identical with the point n_0 .

Figure 2 - ACCUMULATED ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITY WHEN AT MOST N

SAMPLES ARE DRAWN (NULL HYPOTHESIS TRUE)



The graph shows the accumulated probability of acceptance with H_1 true when at most n samples are drawn. If no acceptance occurs at an acceptance point, then reject. The underlying test plan is the same as in Figure 2. Here, A_0, A_1, A_2, A_3 , denote the first four acceptance points.

Figure 3 - ACCUMULATED ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITY WHEN AT MOST N SAMPLES ARE DRAWN (ALTERNATIVE TRUE)

the acceptance and rejection limit lines until absorption in the acceptance region occurs.

In Section B of this chapter, we investigated combinations of differences between planned and true error probabilities. There we said that for our application purposes only the combination $\alpha' \leq \alpha$ and $\beta' \leq \beta$ will be relevant as an outcome of an untruncated sequential sampling plan. The combination can equivalently be stated as

$$(1 - \alpha') \geq (1 - \alpha)$$

and

$$\beta' \leq \beta .$$

For any test plan that we truncate at the sample number n , we have by definition

$$P_a(n|H_0) = 1 - \alpha'$$

and

$$P_a(n|H_1) = \beta' .$$

Suppose that we let n approach infinity, i.e., we do not restrict the plan at all. Then we can write symbolically

$$P_a(\infty|H_0) \geq (1 - \alpha) ,$$

and

$$P_a(\infty|H_1) \leq \beta .$$

From $P_a(\infty|H_0) \geq (1 - \alpha)$ follows that there must be one or more values for n for which $P_a(n|H_0) \geq (1 - \alpha)$. We will denote the smallest of those sample number values by n_0 , i.e.,

$$P_a(n_0|H_0) \geq (1 - \alpha) ,$$

such that $P_a(n|H_0) < (1 - \alpha)$ whenever $n < n_0$. The accumulation of $P_a(n|H_0)$ as the value of n is increased can be observed in Figure 2.

Consider in turn the probability of accepting the null hypothesis when in fact it is false and the alternative is true. Here, as n increases, the true error probability is smaller than or equal to the planned one ($\beta' \leq \beta$), and thus possible values for $P_a(n|H_1)$ are such that $0 \leq P_a(n|H_1) \leq \beta$. Hence for control of type II error, it is not necessary to specify a certain sample number in the sense that we defined n_0 when the null hypothesis was true. Rather the planned error probability β will not be exceeded regardless of the value that n assumes.

Figure 3 shows an example of the case where the acceptance probability $P_a(n|H_1)$ approaches in magnitude the neighborhood of the number $\beta = 0.1$ as the sample number increases.

We have seen now how the probabilities of acceptance for our two special cases behave in general. This yields a remarkable but simple result that will be explained in the course of the next chapter.

III. TRUNCATING THE SEQUENTIAL PROBABILITY RATIO TEST

Wald spent some effort on the problem of truncating his test procedure. He warns that [Ref. 1, p. 61]:

By truncating the sequential process at the n th trial we shall, however, change the probability of error of the first and second kind.

We will see in this chapter that for all sequential sampling plans there exists a truncation point at which neither of the two specified error probabilities will be exceeded. In the chapter that follows, we will look for a way to truncate even earlier than that. There, however, we will have to allow most of the time some decrease in protection against the one or the other error.

A. EXISTENCE OF A NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT

We claim that for every sequential probability ratio sampling plan for a Bernoulli parameter, a sample number n_0 can be found at which the plan can be truncated and yet the specified error probabilities α and β are met. We will call this sample number n_0 the natural truncation point of the plan, since there is no reason to continue sampling beyond that point. The decision at the truncation point will be: If no acceptance has taken place up to and at the sample number n_0 , then reject the null hypothesis.

The support for the claim follows the outline of the last section where we analyzed the acceptance probabilities.

During the test process the probability of acceptance increases only at acceptance points A_0, A_1, A_2, \dots . With the null hypothesis true, the probability of acceptance $P_a(n|H_0)$ will equal or exceed the level $(1 - \alpha)$ at higher sample numbers. The smallest value of n for which this is true will be the natural truncation point n_0 .

We do not really need to consider here the probability of acceptance with the alternative hypothesis true because this probability $P_a(n|H_1)$ will at most insignificantly be greater than β . There remains to say that a still better result than the one given by natural truncation can be obtained when one alters the acceptance rule. Our goal is to cut down on necessary sample size even below the natural truncation point and still achieve as good a protection against errors as before. In cases where this is still not enough, we may allow one or the other error probability to increase but then always the true error probabilities shall be assessed.

IV. A SIMPLE EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE

Up to now, the way by which we decided in a truncated sequential sampling plan whether to accept or to reject was that if no decision was made after the last sample was examined we rejected the null hypothesis. From here on, slightly more complicated acceptance rules will be allowed. They will be applied for decisions when the outcome of the final inspection would again lead to "continue sampling." A rule to include one or more of continue-sampling outcomes into the acceptance region will be called an extended acceptance rule.

A. DEFINITION OF THE ACCEPTANCE RULE

Reaching back to the graphical representation of the sequential-sampling chart as well as to our analysis of acceptance probabilities gives the basis for the following development. Let the natural truncation point n_0 be identical to the acceptance point A_k . Consider any sample number interval $[A_i, A_{i+1})$, $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, (k-2)$, i.e., an interval where the acceptance point A_i is greater or equal to A_0 , and A_{i+1} is strictly smaller than the natural truncation point A_k . In such intervals, the acceptance decision can take place only at the acceptance number A_i , as was shown previously, and the decision to accept can be made

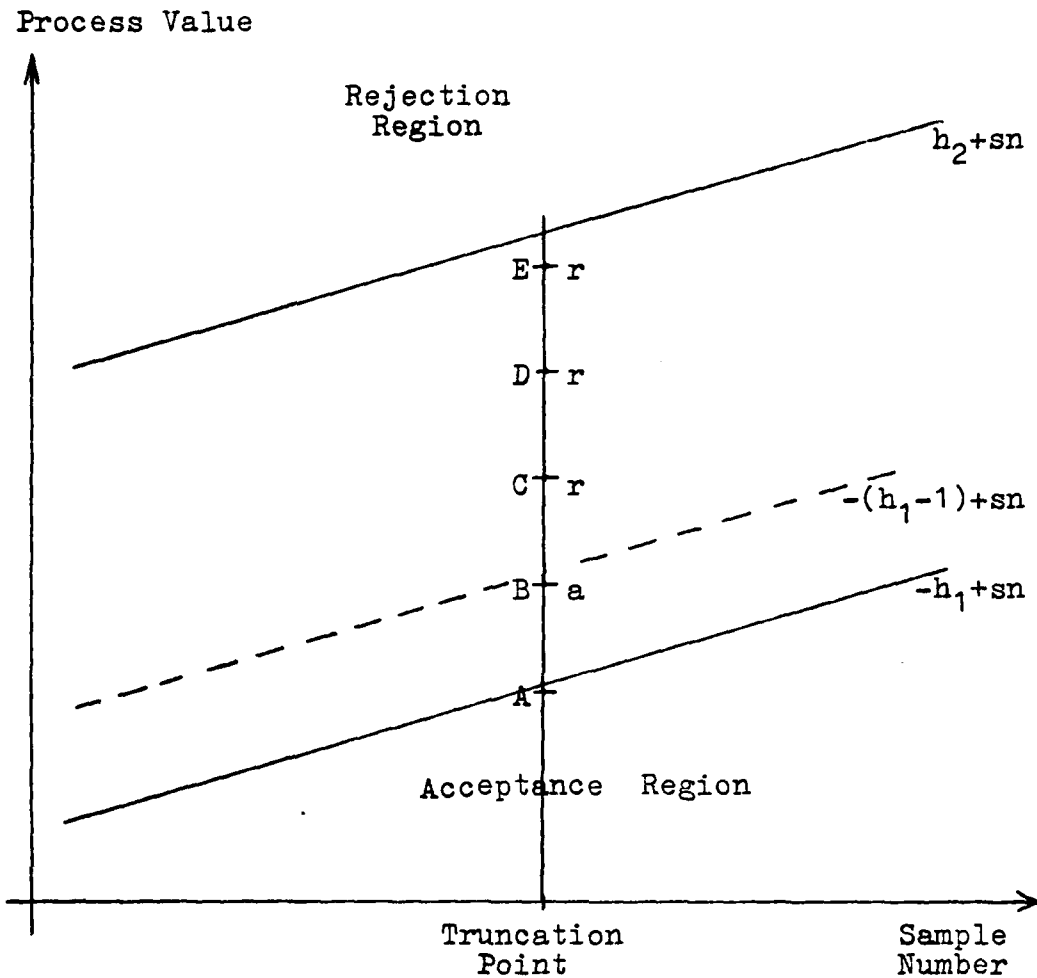
only if the value of the sampling process $X(n)$ at A_i is $X(A_i) = i$.

Suppose that the result of the A_i th sample tells us to continue sampling but the test is to be truncated at that sample number. If the outcome in the continue-sampling region is such that the process value is $X(A_i) = i + 1$ (the outcome closest to the acceptance region), then we will accept the null hypothesis. Otherwise, we will reject it. This acceptance rule will be called the $(h_1 - 1)$ rule since the final decision under this rule for a plan with plan parameter h_1 is the same as the final decision made with the non-extended acceptance rule but for a plan whose acceptance line intercept with the ordinate is $(h_1 - 1)$. (This is shown in Figure 4 by the dashed line.) We demonstrated the rule for a value of n equal to the acceptance point A_i but the rule can be applied for all sample numbers in the interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$. Figure 4 shows schematically the assignment of sampling outcomes to the acceptance and rejection regions.

B. ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITIES INSIDE INTERVALS

In Chapter II, we worked with the overall picture of the sequential-sampling chart. Now we must have a close-up look at it.

The intervals $[A_i, A_i + 1)$, $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, defined by pairs of adjacent acceptance points, partition the sample



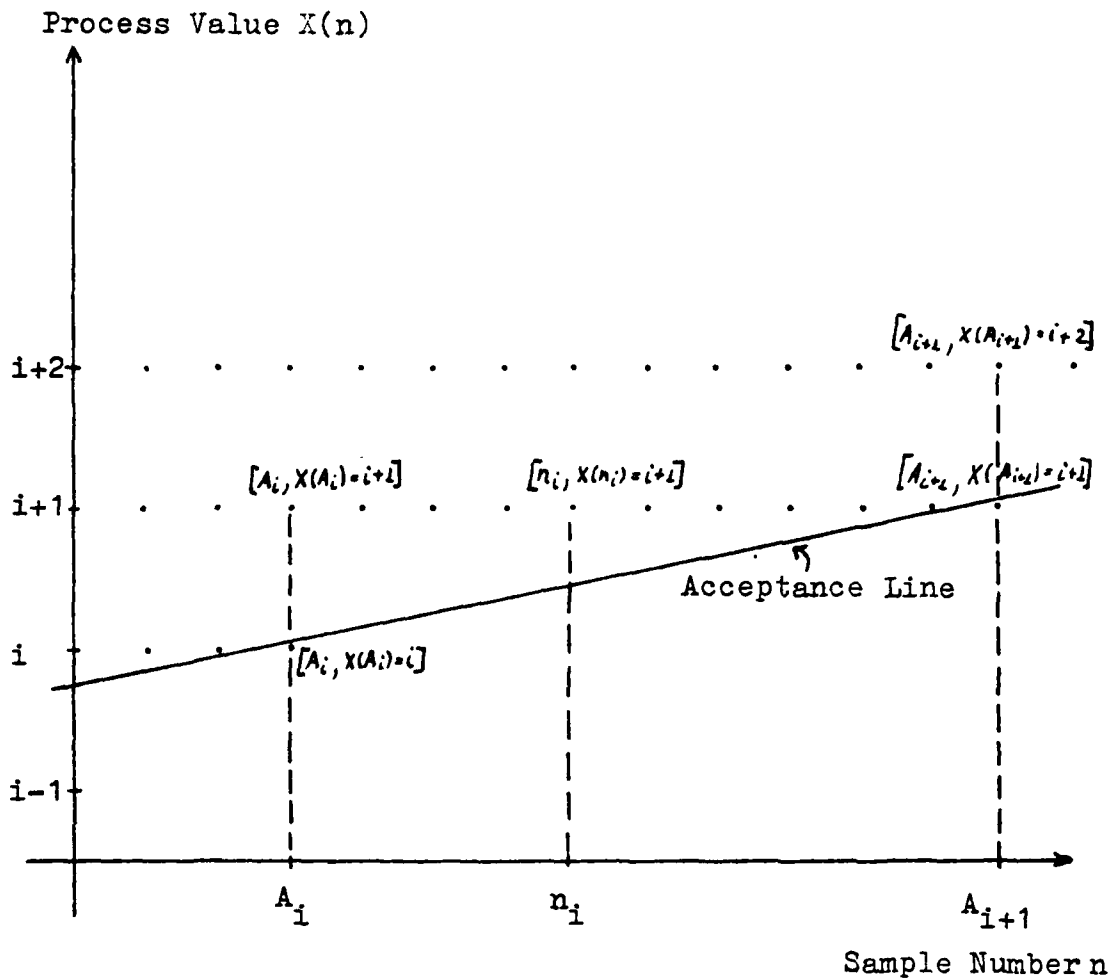
The points B, C, D and E represent the sampling outcomes of the continue-sampling region at the truncation point. Outcome B is described as the closest, outcome E as the farthest from the acceptance region. The (h_1-1) acceptance rule assigns B to the acceptance region (shown by "a") and C, D and E to the rejection region (shown by "r").

Figure 4 - SCHEME FOR ASSIGNING SAMPLING OUTCOMES AT THE TRUNCATION POINT (SIMPLE EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE)

number axis. We are going to study the development of the probabilities of acceptance to get a picture of the effects that extending the acceptance rule will have on the probabilities and hence on the probabilities of errors. The intervals under consideration are only those that contain sample numbers smaller than the natural truncation point.

Figure 5 is an enlarged portion from a sequential-sampling chart. It will be needed for the derivation that follows. (It is a characteristic of charts used in quality control that the intervals $[A_i, A_{i+1})$ are quite large. Plans where the acceptance points are very close together or even adjacent may not give the results that will be derived in the following part of the paper.)

Earlier in the text, we defined $P_a(n)$ to be the probability of accepting the null hypothesis when at most n samples can be drawn. There a non-extended acceptance rule was in use. Now we denote with $P_a'(n)$ the acceptance probability that refers to the truncation under the simple extended $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule. When we define a third probability, namely the probability that the sampling process reaches the lattice point $(n, X(n) = j)$, to be $P[X(n) = j]$, then the extended probability of acceptance for truncating at the acceptance point A_i , $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$, will be



The lattice points that the test process is able to reach are represented by black dots. The sample number n_i shows the chosen truncation point. The acceptance points are A_i and A_{i+1} .

Figure 5 - DESCRIPTION OF THE LATTICE FIELD ON AN INTERVAL

$$P_a'(A_i) = P_a(A_i) + P[X(A_i) = i + 1], \quad i = 0, 1, 2, \dots \quad (1)$$

Consider now that instead of A_i we truncate the sampling process at a sample number n_i inside the interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$ and stay with the extended acceptance rule. There the probability of acceptance becomes

$$P_a'(n_i) = P_a(A_i) + P[X(n_i) = i + 1] \quad (2)$$

The probability that appears as the second part of the sum can be written as

$$P[X(n_i) = i + 1] = P[X(A_i) = i + 1](1 - p)^{n_i - A_i}, \quad (3)$$

since in order for the process to have the value $i + 1$ at the sample number $n = n_i$ it must be that the process already had this value at $n = A_i$. Here, p represents the true Bernoulli parameter. The second factor $(1 - p)^{n_i - A_i}$ follows from the fact that it takes the process $(n_i - A_i)$ failures to move from A_i to n_i .

The obtained probability (3) is a decreasing function in n_i , and thus as we choose truncation points further out in the $[A_i, A_i + 1)$ interval, the total probability of acceptance $P_a'(n_i)$ will decrease. Using (3), (2) becomes

$$P_a'(n_i) = P_a(A_i) + P[X(A_i) = i + 1](1 - p)^{n_i - A_i}.$$

We notice that if we allow $n_i = A_{i+1}$, then $P_a'(n_i) = P_a(A_{i+1})$.

Now we are ready to work toward a conclusion. Since A_{i+1} is strictly smaller than the natural truncation point, applying the non-extended acceptance rule with the null hypothesis H_0 true all acceptance probabilities obtainable up to A_{i+1} will be smaller than $(1 - \alpha)$. Equivalently with the alternative hypothesis H_1 true the probability of acceptance will be smaller or equal to the planned error probability β .

Once again we look at the case where the null hypothesis is true. Suppose that truncating at the acceptance point A_i under the simple extended $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule yields a total probability of acceptance that exceeds the value $(1 - \alpha)$, i.e.,

$$P_a'(A_i | H_0) > 1 - \alpha .$$

However, for a truncation point n_i inside the interval $[A_i, A_{i+1})$ the total acceptance probability

$$P_a'(n_i) \text{ approaches } P_a(A_{i+1})$$

as

$$n_i \text{ approaches } A_{i+1} .$$

Together with the fact that

$$P_a(A_i + 1 | H_0) < 1 - \alpha$$

it must be that for rational values of n we are able to find a sample number n_i that will give us a probability of acceptance such that

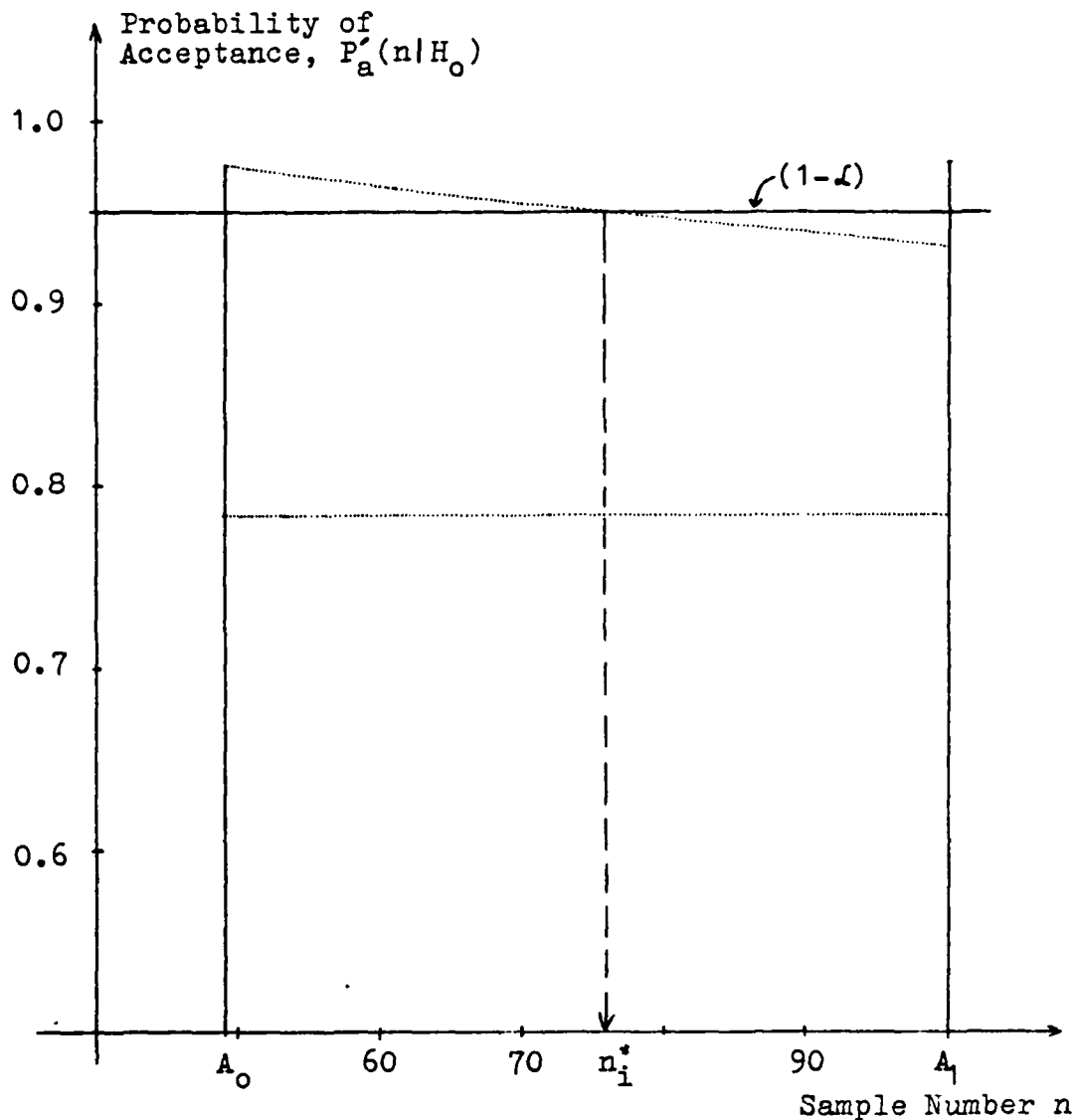
$$P_a'(n_i | H_0) = 1 - \alpha .$$

Let us integerize by cutting off decimal values and call the result n_i^* . This number will be a truncation point in the interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$ that yields the closest value α' to the planned error probability α while not exceeding α . Figure 6 explains the derivation graphically.

In a similar manner the closest value to the desired probability of error of the second kind, β , can be found. Using the simple extended acceptance rule $(h_1 - 1)$ and truncating at the sample number n_i will yield the total acceptance probability $P_a'(n_i | H_1)$. As n_i increases through the interval the value of $P_a'(n_i | H_1)$ will decrease. So, when $P_a(A_i + 1 | H_1)$ is strictly smaller than β , we are able to find a smallest sample number n_i^{**} for which it is still true that

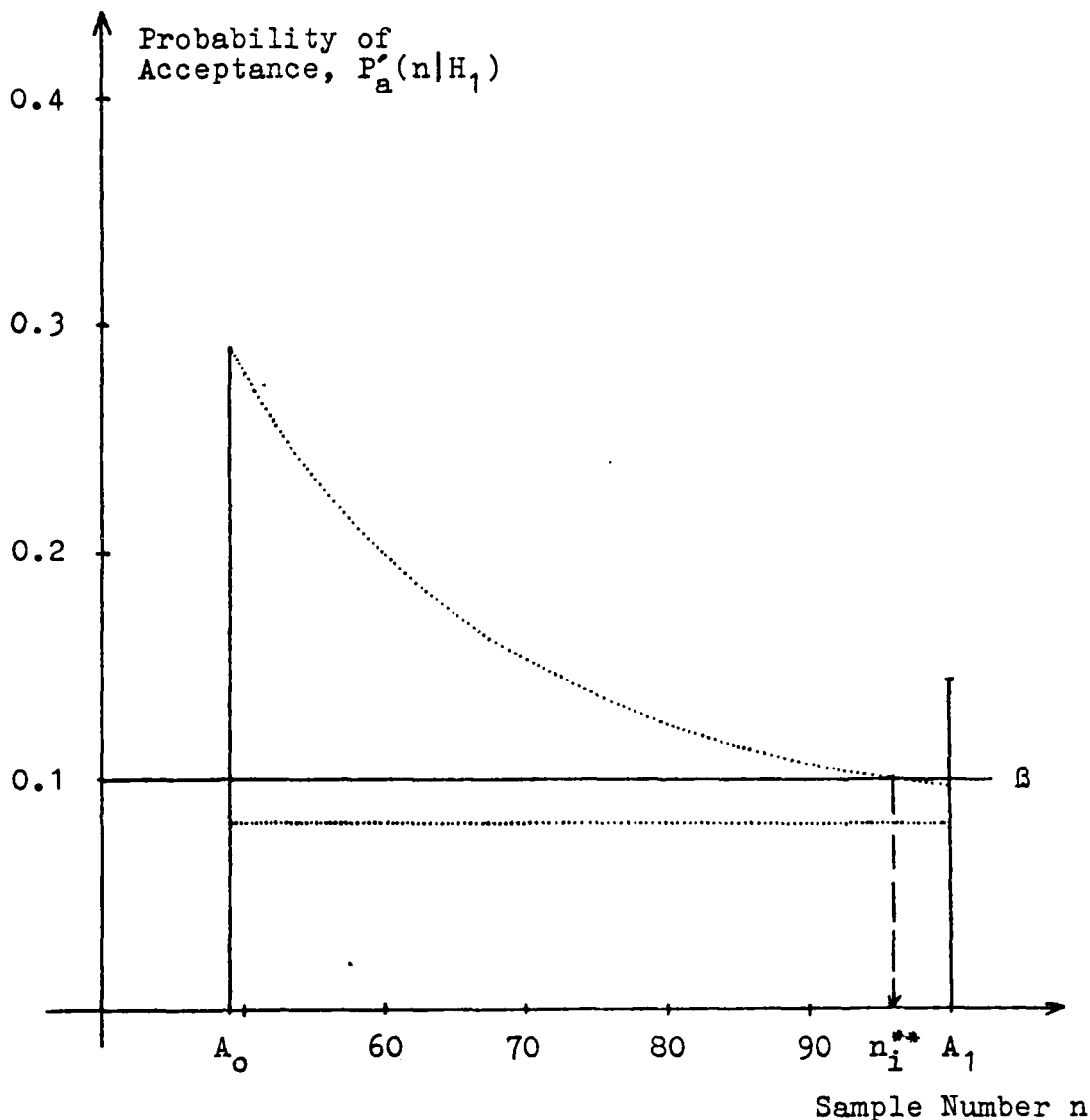
$$P_a'(n_i^{**}) \leq \beta .$$

The sample number n_i^{**} represents the earliest possible truncation point in the interval that will still assure the planned error probability β . Refer to Figure 7 for an example.



The graph shows the accumulated acceptance probability over the interval $[A_0, A_1)$ when H_0 is true and the simple extended acceptance rule is applied (upper curve). Values shown are for the test $H_0: p=0.005$, $H_1: p=0.05$, $\alpha=0.05$, $\beta=0.1$. For comparison the acceptance probability when the simple extended acceptance rule is not applied is shown (lower curve). Using the upper curve and choosing n_i^* as a truncation point yields a true error probability α' which is closest to α without exceeding it.

Figure 6 - ACCUMULATED ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITY WITH THE SIMPLE EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE (NULL HYPOTHESIS TRUE)



The graph shows the accumulated acceptance probability over the interval $[A_0, A_1)$ for the test in Figure 6 when H_2 is true and the simple extended acceptance rule is applied (upper curve). For comparison the probability when the rule is not applied is shown (lower curve). Using the upper curve and choosing n_i^{**} as a truncation point yields a true error probability β' which is closest to β without exceeding it.

Figure 7 - ACCUMULATED ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITY WITH THE
SIMPLE EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE (ALTERNATIVE TRUE)

Note that it need not be that the extended probability of acceptance for the left side interval limit point, $P_a'(A_i | H_1)$, is greater than or equal to β . If it is not greater than β then it is clear that $n_i^{**} = A_i$.

Also note that with H_0 true we have not talked about the smallest sample number that allows us to hold the error probability α but rather we talked about the largest sample size n_i^* that would do that. Obviously the smallest sample number for that purpose would likewise be equal to A_i but this definition would not be useful. Under an extended acceptance rule the true error probability β' will be much smaller and hence more favorable when we move further out in the interval.

Up to here we looked at the truncation points n_i^* and n_i^{**} separately. What happens to the true error probability β' when we truncate at the sample number n_i^* ? Conversely, what happens to α' when we truncate at n_i^{**} ? One can think of two possibilities:

- (i) Both of the planned error probabilities are satisfied or
- (ii) only one is satisfied and the other is exceeded.

In the following two sections we will investigate both possibilities.

C. HOLDING BOTH PLANNED ERROR PROBABILITIES

We showed in the last section that when the necessary assumptions to use the simple extended acceptance rule are satisfied the two special sample numbers n_i^* and n_i^{**} can be found for each interval leftward of the natural truncation point. At sample number n_i^* we are assured that when we truncate there the allowed error probability α will not be exceeded. This is the largest sample number that has this property in the interval. Similarly, n_i^{**} is the smallest sample number for which β is not exceeded. Thus, if $n_i^{**} \leq n_i^*$ for the interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$, then we will have both planned error probabilities not exceeded when we truncate at a sample number n such that $n_i^{**} \leq n \leq n_i^*$.

For the experimenter the sample number n_i^{**} is the most favorable as it gives him the smallest required maximum sample size in the range of the considered interval while both planned error probabilities are met. When one looks at the computed results of truncation points in Appendix A, one can see that a great number of sequential sampling plans have at least one interval where n_i^{**} is smaller or equal to n_i^* . Those intervals are listed under "Hold Alpha and Beta." However, sometimes no such truncation points exist. For intervals closest to the natural truncation point this may be the case when at the natural truncation point the true error probability β' is not strictly smaller than β .

D. OPTIMAL TRUNCATION WITH ONE ERROR FIXED

We will now consider the case where the values of the two sample numbers n_i^* and n_i^{**} will be such that n_i^* is smaller than n_i^{**} . This implies that when one error probability is met the other is likely to be exceeded. An example was given back in Figures 6 and 7 where $n_1^* = 76$ and $n_1^{**} = 95$.

This gives rise to the following definition for an optimal way to truncate a sequential sampling process inside one of its intervals $[A_i, A_i + 1)$:

(i) If holding the α -requirement is desired and flexibility with the β -requirement is allowed when using the sample number n_i^* as truncation point will be optimal in the sense that it gives the smallest actual error probability β' that can be obtained in the interval.

(ii) Likewise, if the β -requirement must be met and the α -requirement can be handled more loosely, then truncating the process at the sample number n_i^{**} will yield optimality in the sense that the true error probability α' achieved will be the lowest possible for that interval.

This constrained optimality concept is rather powerful as it tells us that for sequential sampling plans, when the sample number axis is partitioned into sufficiently large intervals by the acceptance points, there exist within most

intervals "best" truncation points (depending on whether α or β is fixed).

The concept holds not only for the extended $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule case but also for the higher order $(h_1 - m)$ cases, as will be shown later. The reason that we treated the $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule separately and extensively is that first, it is the easiest to analyze and second, it is the easiest to calculate numerically: Once a basic computer program has been set up that describes the sampling process numerically at the acceptance points, a simple formula can be employed to calculate the sample numbers n_i^* and n_i^{**} exactly for each interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$. The explicit formulae to calculate the two numbers will be developed in the section that follows.

E. FORMULAE FOR OPTIMAL TRUNCATION

Earlier we suggested that optimal truncation points can be found for sequential sampling plans where the simple extended $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule is applicable. The formulae that we will derive in the following paragraphs will yield numerical values for the optimal truncation points n_i^* and n_i^{**} . At the end of the section special situations employing these formulae are discussed.

Suppose numerical values for the following expressions are given:

(i) $[A_i, A_i + 1)$, $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, (k - 2)$, which represents an interval on the sample number axis and where A_k refers to the acceptance point that is the natural truncation point.

(ii) $P_a(A_i | H_0)$ and $P_a(A_i | H_1)$, the unextended probabilities of accepting the null hypothesis accumulated during the sampling process up to and including the A_i 'th sample.

(iii) $P[X(A_i) = i + 1 | H_0]$ and $P[X(A_i) = i + 1 | H_1]$ denote the probabilities that at the sample number A_i the sampling process has the value $(i + 1)$ for the respective hypothesis.

Let us first consider the case where the null hypothesis H_0 is true. Under the $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule we wish to find n_i^* , the optimal truncation point to hold the error probability α . We restrict ourselves to test plans where the total acceptance probability P_a' is such that

$$P_a'(A_i | H_0) = P_a(A_i | H_0) + P[X(A_i) = i + 1 | H_0] > (1 - \alpha) .$$

Thus it must be for the optimal truncation point on the interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$ that

$$P_a(A_i | H_0) + P[X(A_i) = i + 1 | H_0](1 - P_0)^{n_i - A_i} \geq (1 - \alpha) .$$

where P_0 is the Bernoulli parameter under the null hypothesis.

Solving this for the optimal truncation point n_i^* leads to

$$(1 - P_0)^{n_i - A_i} \leq \frac{1 - \alpha - P_a(A_i | H_0)}{P[X(A_i) = i+1 | H_0]},$$

and after taking logarithms to

$$n_i^* = \text{int} \left[\frac{\log(1 - \alpha - P_a(A_i)) + A_i \log(1 - P_0) - \log(P[X(A_i) = i+1])}{\log(1 - P_0)} \right]$$

$$= \text{int} \left[A_i + \frac{\log(1 - \alpha - P_a(A_i)) - \log(P[X(A_i) = i+1])}{\log(1 - P_0)} \right].$$

where $\text{int}[]$ denotes the integer function and all values are obtained for the case where the null hypothesis H_0 is true.

When the alternative hypothesis H_1 is true, we wish to find n_i^{**} , the optimal truncation point to hold the error probability β . If

$$P_a'(A_i | H_1) = P_a(A_i | H_1) + P[X(A_i) = i+1 | H_1] (1 - P_1)^{n_i - A_i} \geq \beta,$$

then, in a manner similar to the previous derivation, we obtain

$$n_i^{**} = \text{int} \left[A_i + \frac{\log(\beta - P_a(A_i)) - \log(P[X(A_i) = i+1])}{\log(1 - P_1)} + 1 \right],$$

where again $\text{int}[\]$ represents the integer function and all values are calculated with the alternative hypothesis true. The parameter P_1 is the one hypothesized under H_1 .

Implementing these formulae on a computer involves little difficulty and thus the numbers n_i^* and n_i^{**} can easily be obtained. (We will see later that when more extended acceptance rules are used, the values cannot be explicitly calculated and we will have to search for them along the interval.)

Up to now we have not touched the interval $[A_{k-1}, A_k)$ which lies directly before the natural truncation point A_k . The use of the derived formulae is restricted in this interval. The formula for n_i^* , the optimal truncation point to hold α , is never valid in this interval because from the definition of the natural truncation point n_0 and the $(h_i - 1)$ acceptance rule, $P_a'(n_i | H_0)$ approaches $P_a(n_0 | H_0)$ from above as n_i approaches n_0 from the left. This implies, however, that the true error probability α' will always be smaller than or equal to α regardless of where we truncate in the interval. The formula for n_i^{**} , the optimal truncation point to hold β , is not valid, when at the natural truncation point the true error probability β' is not strictly less than the planned β . No optimal truncation point exists in this case because β' will exceed β regardless where we truncate in the interval with the $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule.

In the following chapter we will, different from the approach in this chapter, include more outcomes of the continue-sampling region at the truncation point into the acceptance region and look for implications that arise.

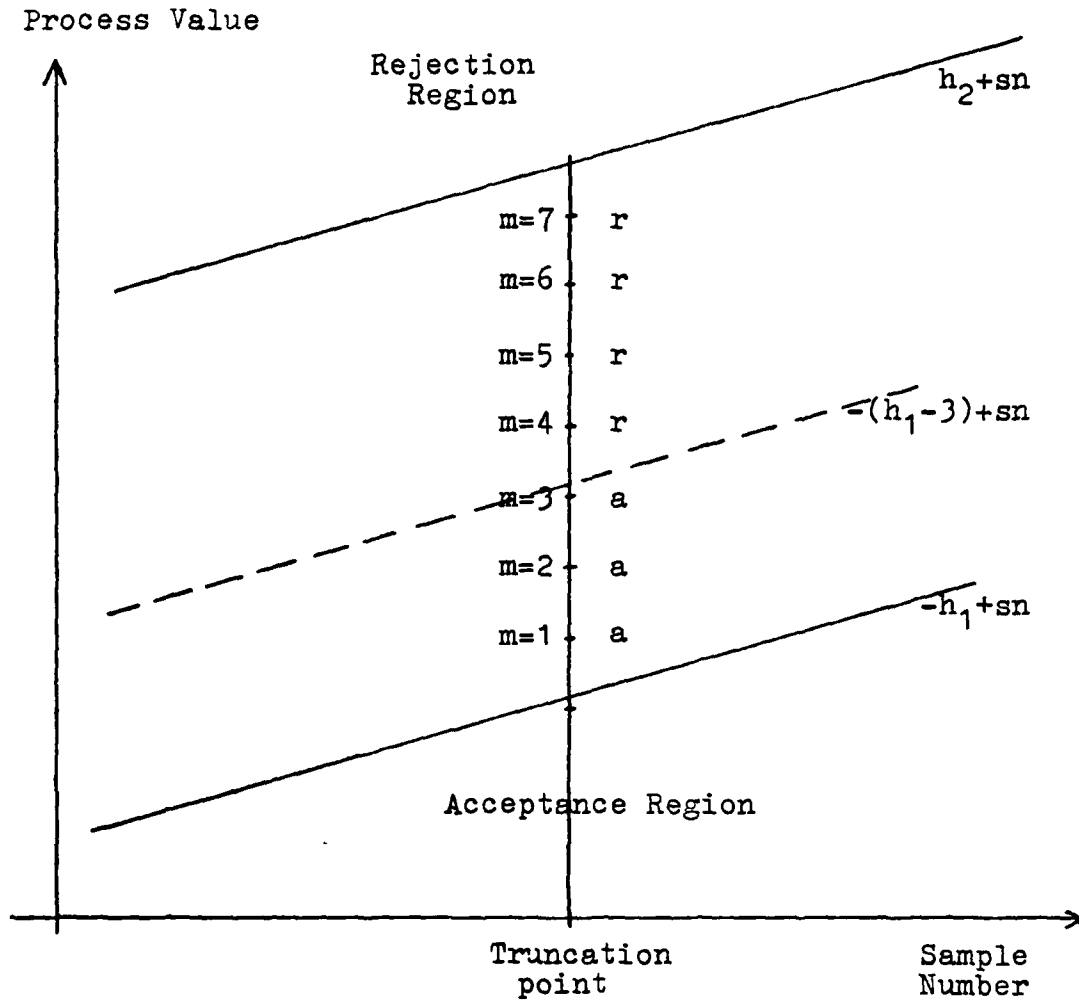
V. GENERAL EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULES

When one wants to use natural truncation one will recognize that this rule will still yield relatively large maximum sample sizes. In practical tests an experimenter might be forced to cut sampling somewhere far below that range of sample sizes that allow for natural truncation. Also, one might encounter sequential sampling plans that are not suitable for the simple extended acceptance rule because there is not enough probability mass that is added to the acceptance probability when only the closest continue-sampling outcome is included into the acceptance region. Do we have to give up the search for useful truncation points then? The answer is "no" but before we work on that answer let us describe what we mean by a general extended acceptance rule.

A. DESCRIPTION

Suppose that the sequential test is to be truncated at the sample number n_i where n_i is contained in the acceptance point interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$. Furthermore, suppose that the outcome of the n_i th sample is "continue sampling." If this outcome is such that the process value $X(n_i)$ satisfies

$$i < X(n_i) \leq i + m ,$$



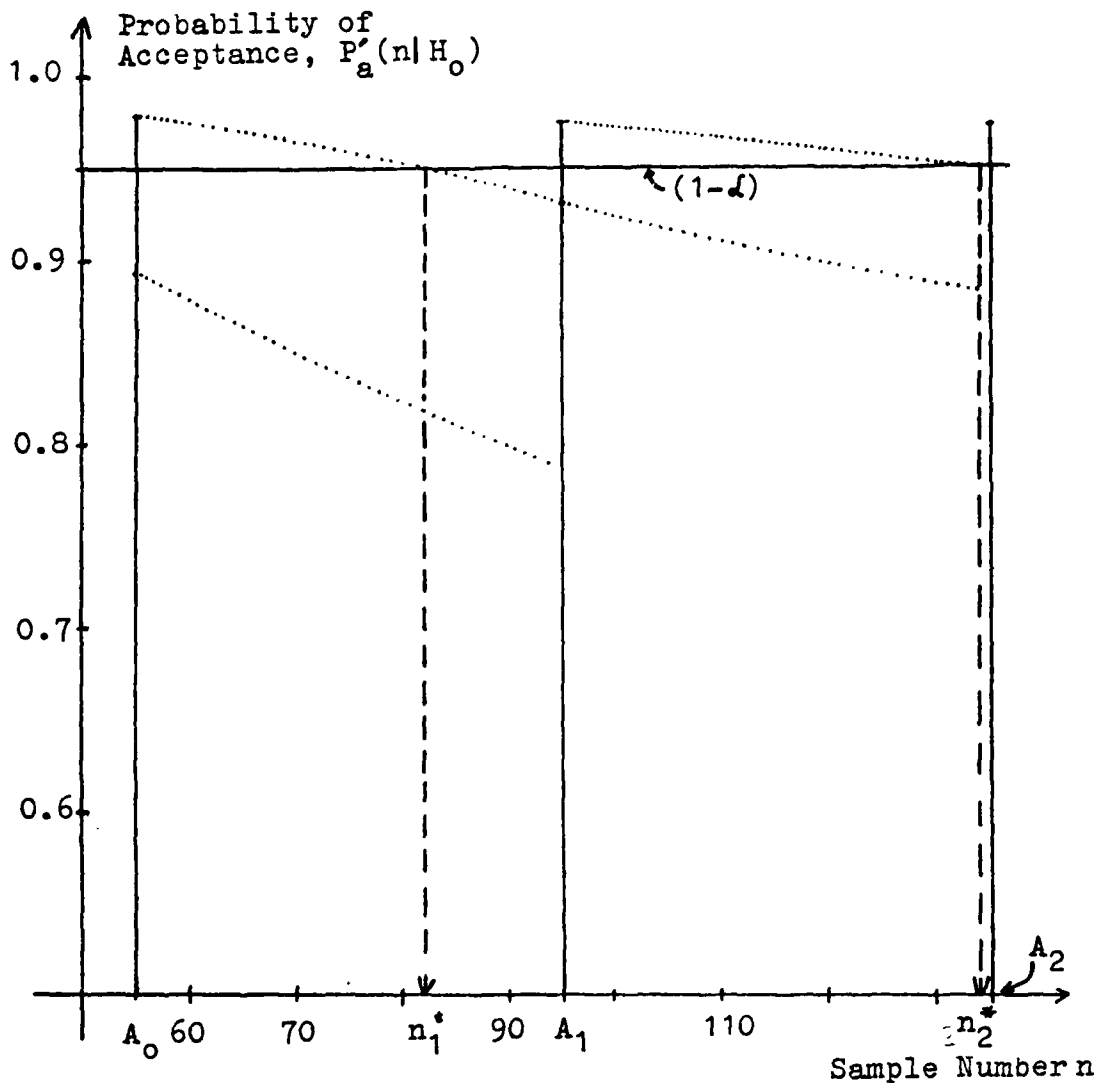
The points $m=1,2,\dots,7$ represent sampling outcomes in the continue-sampling region at the truncation point. The general extended acceptance rule (h_1-m) with $m=3$ assigns the outcomes $m=1,2$ and 3 to the acceptance region (shown by "a") and the outcomes $m=4,5,6$ and 7 to the rejection region (shown by "r").

Figure 8 - SCHEME FOR ASSIGNING SAMPLING OUTCOMES AT THE TRUNCATION POINT (GENERAL EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE)

where m is an integer greater than i , then we include this outcome into the acceptance region and accept the null hypothesis. Otherwise we reject the null hypothesis. We could denote this acceptance rule by $(h_1 - m)$ in general and, substituting integer values for m , $m = 1, 2, 3, \dots$; $(h_1 - 1)$, $(h_1 - 2)$, $(h_1 - 3)$, ... in particular. Figure 8 shows the scheme of assigning sampling outcomes to the acceptance and rejection regions for the $(h_1 - 3)$ acceptance rule.

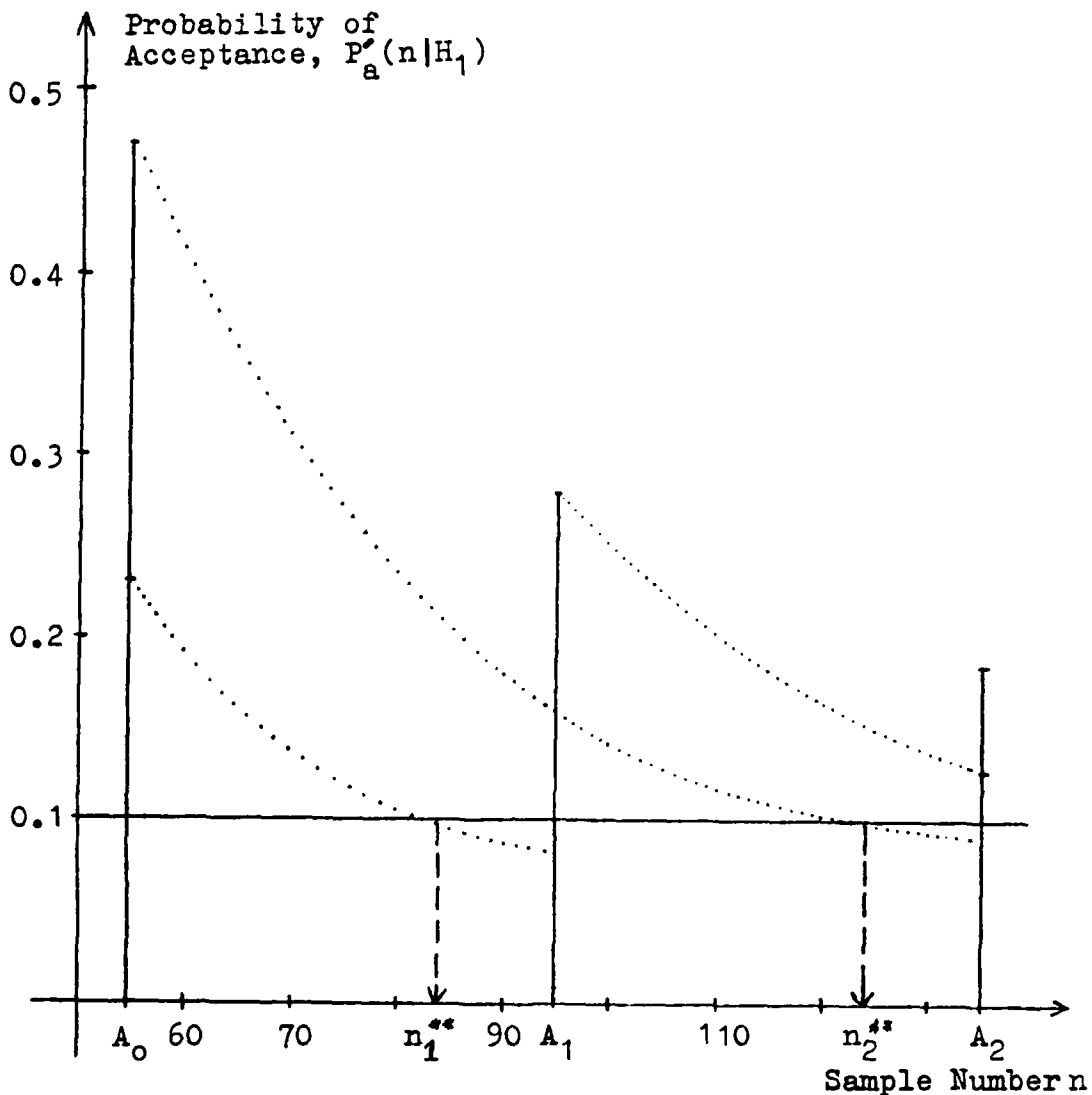
B. EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE OPTIMAL TRUNCATION

Now we will look closer at the actual probabilities of acceptance as they are implied by general extended acceptance rules. The basic approach to the analysis resembles the one in Section C in Chapter II and Section B of Chapter IV. In the former chapter the general picture was given and in the latter the simple extended acceptance rule was derived. From Figure 9 where the null hypothesis is true, it can be seen that on the interval $[A_0, A_1)$ as well as on the interval $[A_1, A_2)$, the necessary acceptance rule must be the $(h_1 - 2)$ rule in order to hold the α -requirement somewhere in each interval. Figure 10, however, with the alternative hypothesis true, shows that the $(h_1 - 2)$ acceptance rule overshoots the β -requirement at all sample numbers contained in the intervals. This pattern will become worse when an even higher order acceptance rule is applied.



The graph shows the accumulated acceptance probability for the test $H_0:p=0.01$, $H_1:p=0.05$, $\alpha=0.05$, $\beta=0.1$ when H_0 is true and the acceptance rule (h_1-2) is applied (upper curve). For comparison the respective probability with the (h_1-1) rule is shown (lower curve). Optimal truncation points are $n_1^*=82$ and $n_2^*=134$ when the upper curve is used. True error probabilities β are 0.22 and 0.13 respectively.

Figure 9 - ACCUMULATED ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITY WITH A
GENERAL EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE (NULL HYPOTHESIS TRUE)



The graph shows the accumulated acceptance probability for the test in Figure 9 when H_1 is true and the acceptance rule (h_1-2) is applied (upper curve). For comparison the respective probability with the (h_1-1) rule is shown (lower curve). Optimal truncation to hold β requires use of the lower curve. Truncation points are then $n_1^{**}=84$, $n_2^{**}=124$ and the true error probabilities α' are 0.19 and 0.10 respectively.

Figure 10 - ACCUMULATED ACCEPTANCE PROBABILITY WITH A
GENERAL EXTENDED ACCEPTANCE RULE (ALTERNATIVE TRUE)

What implications do the results have for the concept of optimal truncation? We will work it out for the case that we are not allowed to exceed the planned error probability α .

Suppose we have the acceptance point interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$, and let truncation occur at the sample number n_i inside the interval. We seek an extended acceptance rule $(h_1 - m)$ that will satisfy the α -requirement. Associated with this rule will be a true error probability β' . An optimal result (the smallest achievable true error probability β') will be obtained when the parameter m is as small an integer as possible. Note that this will automatically result in the single extended acceptance rule $(h_1 - 1)$ if it is applicable. It follows then that it is generally consistent to denote the found optimal truncation point for the interval $[A_i, A_i + 1)$ by n_i^* as we did it earlier.

When we have to hold the β -requirement then we work along nearly the same path: Instead of selecting the smallest possible parameter m for the general extended acceptance rule $(h_1 - m)$ we will search for the largest value. This in turn gives the smallest true error probability α' at the truncation point n_i^{**} .

We see that the optimal truncation concept is not lost with general extended acceptance rules. The simple extended $(h_1 - 1)$ acceptance rule is merely a special case of the general rule.

The next chapter provides a comprehensive review of the results of this paper. Appendix A gives numerical values of natural and optimal truncation points for a wide range of sequential sampling plans that are useful in quality control.

VI. RESULTS

The starting point is Wald's Sequential Probability Ratio test procedure to test for a Bernoulli parameter P_0 . The objective of this study was to investigate the influence of test truncation on the true probabilities of error of the first and second kind compared to the desired errors, and to recommend truncation rules and acceptance rules when limiting the sample size is necessary.

It was shown that a natural truncation point exists for every sampling plan, and it may be found by numerical methods on a computer. Stopping the test at the plan's natural truncation point n_0 and rejecting the null hypothesis when an acceptance decision has not yet occurred gives the assurance that both planned error probabilities are satisfied. Sampling beyond the natural truncation point is not necessary. (In Appendix A the natural truncation points are given for each considered sequential sampling plan.)

During the sampling process decisions about accepting the null hypothesis are possible at acceptance points. These points partition the sample number axis into intervals. Extended acceptance rules, which are applied at a truncation point, allow to meet the planned probability of error of the first kind at any desired truncation point. Under an extended acceptance rule, m of the most adjacent sampling

outcomes of the continue-sampling region at the final sample are included into the acceptance region. The decision rule then is that if no acceptance decision can be made the null hypothesis should be rejected.

This rule increases the true probability of error of the second kind. Using a suitable extended acceptance rule will for most intervals result in truncation points that give the following protection against errors:

- (1) The planned probability of error of the first kind are met, but the one of the second kind is exceeded.
- (2) The planned probability of error of the second kind is met, but the one of the first kind is exceeded.
- (3) Both planned probabilities of error are met.

In Case (1) an optimal truncation point exists when the smallest value for m is used that still results in the planned probability of error of the first kind when the null hypothesis is true. The truncation point is optimal in the sense that the planned probability of error of the first kind is satisfied while the smallest obtainable true probability of error of the second kind is achieved. (In Appendix A those truncation points are listed under "Hold Alpha.")

In Case (2) an optimal truncation point exists when the value for m is used that, when the alternative hypothesis is true, will make the true probability of error of the second

kind smaller or equal to the planned one. Optimality means that here the true probability of error of the first kind is as small as possible for any truncation point on that interval while the planned probability of error of the second kind is satisfied. (In Appendix A those truncation points are listed under "Hold Beta.")

The protection as described in Case (3) occurs when Case (1) and Case (2) use the same m -value for the extended acceptance rule and the optimal truncation point from Case (2) is smaller or equal to the optimal truncation point in Case (1). (The smallest sample number that results is listed in Appendix A under "Hold Alpha and Beta.") When the value of m can be set equal to 1.0 then the numerical calculations are simplified and the analysis is quite easy.

A limitation on the methods described may come up in connection with test plans outside quality control whenever acceptance points of the plan are very close together or even next to each other. However, the natural truncation concept will always be valid.

This study did not assess the average amount of inspection necessary to obtain a decision when the recommended truncation rules are applied. One reason is that the used computer algorithm is not applicable for the necessary calculations. We suggest the investigation of this topic using some algorithm like the one described by Corneliusen

and Ladd in Ref. 3. It is hoped that this work will not only be useful to those working with quality control problems, but will also generate interest in further studies in this area.

APPENDIX A

TABULATED VALUES FOR NATURAL AND OPTIMAL TRUNCATION POINTS

On the following pages 126 sequential plans are listed.
Sets of α - and β - values considered are:

$$\alpha = 0.05, \quad \beta = 0.05,$$

$$\alpha = 0.05, \quad \beta = 0.1,$$

$$\alpha = 0.1, \quad \beta = 0.1.$$

Values of the parameters P_0 and P_1 are for each set:

$$P_0 = 0.005, P_1 = 0.01 \text{ through } 0.1 \text{ (increments of } 0.01),$$

$$P_0 = 0.010, P_1 = 0.02 \text{ through } 0.1 \text{ (increments of } 0.01),$$

$$P_0 = 0.015, P_1 = 0.03 \text{ through } 0.1 \text{ (increments of } 0.01),$$

$$P_0 = 0.020, P_1 = 0.03 \text{ through } 0.1 \text{ (increments of } 0.01),$$

$$P_0 = 0.025, P_1 = 0.04 \text{ through } 0.1 \text{ (increments of } 0.01).$$

For the meaning of "natural truncation point" and the column headings "Hold Alpha and Beta," "Hold Alpha" and "Hold Beta" refer to Chapter VI. All acceptance point intervals are listed for each test starting from the natural truncation point downwards to A_0 . The abbreviation "undef." in the column "Hold Alpha and Beta" means that no truncation point that satisfies at least one of the planned error probabilities can be found.

PC=0.0050 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0100 BETA=C.050

H1= 4.217 S=0.007216
 H2= 4.217 ASD=2492

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 5712 TRUE ALFA=C.0493
 TRUE BETA=C.0499

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT		H O L D TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
5574	5712	1		0.0493	0.0499	0.0486	0.0500	0.0486	0.0500
5436	5573	1		0.0493	0.0499	0.0494	0.0500	0.0494	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT		H O L D TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
5297	5435	1		0.0493	0.0500	1	5302	0.0500	0.0500
5158	5296	1		0.0500	0.0500	1	5151	0.0500	0.0500
5020	5157	1		0.0500	0.0500	1	5150	0.0520	0.0500
4881	5019	2		0.0493	0.0501	2	5001	0.0533	0.0500
4743	4880	2		0.0500	0.0501	2	4853	0.0555	0.0500
4604	4742	2		0.0500	0.0502	2	4707	0.0556	0.0500
4465	4603	2		0.0500	0.0503	2	4552	0.0588	0.0500
4327	4464	2		0.0500	0.0504	2	4416	0.0600	0.0500
4188	4326	2		0.0500	0.0504	2	4275	0.0633	0.0500
4050	4187	2		0.0500	0.0506	2	4133	0.0666	0.0500
3911	4049	2		0.0500	0.0508	2	3991	0.0699	0.0500
3773	3910	2		0.0500	0.0601	2	3849	0.0733	0.0500
3634	3772	2		0.0500	0.0604	2	3708	0.0777	0.0500
3495	3633	2		0.0500	0.0606	2	3567	0.0822	0.0500
3357	3494	2		0.0500	0.0608	2	3427	0.0877	0.0500
3218	3356	2		0.0500	0.0703	2	3237	0.0944	0.0500
3080	3217	2		0.0500	0.0709	2	3147	0.1011	0.0500
2941	3079	2		0.0500	0.0805	2	3007	0.1088	0.0500
2802	2940	2		0.0500	0.0809	2	2867	0.1177	0.0500
2664	2801	2		0.0500	0.1003	2	2727	0.1277	0.0500
2525	2663	2		0.0500	0.1103	2	2588	0.1399	0.0500
2387	2524	2		0.0500	0.1206	2	2449	0.1522	0.0500
2248	2386	2		0.0500	0.1401	2	2310	0.1677	0.0500
2109	2247	2		0.0500	0.1401	2	2171	0.1844	0.0500
1971	2108	2		0.0500	0.1507	2	2032	0.2022	0.0500
1832	1970	2		0.0500	0.1706	2	1893	0.2224	0.0500
1694	1831	2		0.0500	0.1908	2	1754	0.2488	0.0500
1555	1693	2		0.0500	0.2203	2	1615	0.2766	0.0500
1417	1554	2		0.0500	0.2501	2	1476	0.3077	0.0500
1278	1416	2		0.0500	0.2803	2	1337	0.3433	0.0500
1139	1277	2		0.0500	0.3200	2	1198	0.3833	0.0500
1001	1138	2		0.0500	0.3601	2	1058	0.4299	0.0500
862	1000	2		0.0500	0.4007	2	917	0.4811	0.0500
724	861	2		0.0500	0.4508	2	775	0.5411	0.0500
585	723	2		0.0500	0.5105	2	628	0.6008	0.0500

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | HI= 2.101 | S=0.010839
 PI=0.0200 | BETA=C.050 | F2= 2.101 | ASN= 411

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 932 | TRUE ALFA= C.0238
 TRUE BETA= C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
840	931	1	932	0.0437	0.0500	0.0437	0.0500	0.0437	0.0500
748	839	1	816	0.0498	0.0500	0.0498	0.0500	0.0498	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
650	747	2	747	0.044	0.053	1	713	0.060	0.050
563	655	2	643	0.050	0.056	1	616	0.076	0.050
471	562	2	504	0.050	0.077	1	521	0.103	0.050
379	470	2	381	0.050	0.124	1	427	0.146	0.050
287	378	2	378	0.049	0.128	1	334	0.217	0.050
194	286	2	269	0.050	0.211	1	242	0.232	0.050

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | HI= 1.620 | S=0.014003
 PI=0.0300 | BETA=C.050 | F2= 1.620 | ASN= 190

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 402 | TRUE ALFA= C.0480
 TRUE BETA= C.0496

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
330	401	1	392	0.0451	0.0500	0.0451	0.0500	0.0451	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
259	329	1	267	0.050	0.063	1	315	0.063	0.050
183	258	2	258	0.047	0.068	1	242	0.104	0.050
116	187	2	159	0.050	0.143	1	170	0.192	0.049

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | HI= 1.392 | S=0.016929
 PI=0.0400 | BETA=C.050 | F2= 1.392 | ASN= 116

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 260 | TRUE ALFA= C.0336
 TRUE BETA= C.0492

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
201	259	1	249	0.0391	0.0500	0.0391	0.0500	0.0391	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
142	200	1	163	0.050	0.062	1	190	0.061	0.050
83	141	2	141	0.040	0.067	1	132	0.125	0.050

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.254	S=C.019703
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.254	ASN= 51

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 166	TRUE ALFA= 0.0430
	TRUE BETA= 0.0493

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	PCINT	ALFA
112	165	M	162	0.0420

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	RULE	TRUNC
TO	M	PCINT	M	POINT
		TRUE		TRUE
		ALFA		BETA
64	114	1	71	0.039
				0.126
			1	110
				0.049

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.158	S=0.022371
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.158	ASN= 61

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 142	TRUE ALFA= 0.0316
	TRUE BETA= 0.0501

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	PCINT	ALFA
97	141	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	RULE	TRUNC
TO	M	PCINT	M	POINT
		TRUE		TRUE
		ALFA		BETA
52	96	1	74	0.049
				0.074
			1	94
				0.066
				0.050

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.088	S=0.024960
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.088	ASN= 48

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 124	TRUE ALFA= 0.0246
	TRUE BETA= 0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	PCINT	ALFA
84	123	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	RULE	TRUNC
TO	M	PCINT	M	POINT
		TRUE		TRUE
		ALFA		BETA
44	83	1	80	0.050
				0.051
			1	82
				0.051
				0.050

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	HI=1.033	S=C.027485
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.050	H2=1.033	ASN=32

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT=	74	TRUE ALFA=	C.0417
		TRUE BETA=	C.0490

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPIANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	POINT	ALFA	BETA
38	73	73	0.0410	0.0496

PC=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	HI=0.988	S=0.029969
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.050	H2=0.988	ASN=33

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT=	67	TRUE ALFA=	C.0339
		TRUE BETA=	C.0504

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPIANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	POINT	ALFA	BETA
33	66	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PC=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	HI=0.951	S=0.032411
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.050	H2=0.951	ASN=29

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT=	61	TRUE ALFA=	C.0323
		TRUE BETA=	C.0476

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPIANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	POINT	ALFA	BETA
30	60	58	0.0307	0.0495

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 4.187	S=0.014435
PI=0.0200	BETA=C.050	H2= 4.187	ASN=1232

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 2654	TRUE ALFA= C.0485
	TRUE BETA= C.0498

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		H O L D		A L F A		B E T A	
FROM	TO	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	TRUF ALFA	TRUF BETA
2784	2853	1	2784	0.0477	C.0500	C.0477	C.0500
2715	2783	1	2772	0.0500	0.0497	0.0500	0.0497
2646	2714	1	2646	0.0500	0.0499	0.0500	0.0499
2577	2645	2	2634	0.0496	C.0500	0.0496	C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L C	A L F A		H O L D	B E T A	
FROM	TO	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	TRUF ALFA	TRUF BETA
2507	2576	2	2541	C.0500	C.0500	C.0511	C.0500
2438	2506	2	2443	0.0500	0.0501	C.0522	C.0500
2369	2437	2	2437	0.0500	0.0501	0.0543	C.0500
2299	2368	2	2349	0.0500	0.0501	0.0554	C.0500
2230	2298	2	2259	C.0500	0.0502	0.0575	C.0500
2161	2229	2	2170	C.0500	0.0504	0.0607	C.0500
2092	2160	2	2160	0.0499	0.0505	0.0628	C.0500
2022	2091	4	2083	0.0500	0.0505	0.0659	C.0500
1953	2021	4	1998	0.0500	0.0507	0.0680	C.0500
1884	1952	4	1914	0.0500	0.0509	0.0722	C.0500
1815	1883	4	1831	0.0500	0.0503	0.0764	C.0500
1745	1814	4	1749	0.0500	0.0507	0.0816	C.0500
1676	1744	4	1744	0.0499	0.0508	0.0868	C.0500
1607	1675	4	1669	C.0500	0.0512	0.0920	C.0500
1537	1606	4	1589	C.0500	0.0517	0.0999	C.0500
1468	1536	4	1510	0.0500	0.0504	0.1077	C.0500
1399	1467	4	1431	0.0500	0.0502	0.1116	C.0500
1330	1398	5	1354	0.0500	0.1001	0.1266	C.0500
1260	1329	5	1277	C.0500	0.1112	0.1377	C.0500
1191	1259	5	1201	C.0500	0.1224	0.1500	C.0500
1122	1190	5	1125	0.0500	0.1339	0.1655	C.0500
1053	1121	6	1121	0.0499	0.1422	0.1820	C.0500
983	1052	6	1050	0.0500	0.1555	0.2000	C.0500
914	982	6	976	0.0500	0.1744	0.2222	C.0500
845	913	6	902	0.0500	0.1955	0.2466	C.0500
775	844	6	828	0.0500	0.2221	0.2744	C.0500
706	774	6	755	0.0500	0.2499	0.3055	C.0500
637	705	6	683	C.0500	0.2800	0.3400	C.0500
568	636	6	610	0.0500	0.3118	0.3822	C.0500
498	567	6	539	0.0500	0.3558	0.4288	C.0500
429	497	6	468	0.0500	0.4005	0.4800	C.0500
360	428	6	398	0.0500	0.4456	0.5399	C.0500
291	359	6	329	C.0500	0.4913	0.6006	C.0500

PC=0.0100 | ALFA=C.050 | F1= 2.631 | S=C.018233
 PI=0.0300 | BETA=C.050 | H2= 2.631 | ASN= 335

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 853 | TRUE ALFA= C.0476
 TRUE BETA= C.0496

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
803	857	1		825	0.0458	C.0500			
748	802	1		767	0.0495	C.0500			

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT		TRUE		ACPT		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT
695	747	2		747	0.048	0.051	1		710
638	692	2		678	0.050	0.052	1		654
583	637	2		596	0.050	0.058	1		598
529	582	2		582	0.047	0.062	1		542
474	528	2		522	0.050	0.068	1		437
419	473	2		451	0.050	0.066	1		432
364	418	2		383	0.050	0.114	1		377
309	363	2		318	0.050	0.156	1		322
254	308	2		256	0.050	0.214	1		267
200	253	4		253	0.048	0.223	1		212
145	199	4		165	0.045	0.259	1		157

PC=0.0100 | ALFA=C.050 | H1= 2.078 | S=0.021715
 PI=0.0400 | BETA=C.050 | H2= 2.078 | ASN= 203

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 485 | TRUE ALFA= C.0432
 TRUE BETA= C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
419	484	1		483	0.0431	C.0500			
372	418	1		407	0.0490	C.0500			

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT		TRUE		ACPT		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT
326	371	2		371	0.043	0.053	1		335
280	325	2		322	0.050	0.056	1		307
234	279	2		253	0.050	0.075	1		259
188	233	2		191	0.050	0.121	1		213
142	187	2		187	0.047	0.130	1		166
96	141	2		134	0.045	0.210	1		120

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.784	S=C.024535
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.784	ASN= 130

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 272	TRUE ALFA= C.0476
	TRUE BETA= C.0489

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
232	271			257			0.0449	0.0499	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		H O L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE			
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA
192	231	1		194	0.050	0.058	1		217	0.059	0.050
152	191	2		191	0.048	0.060	1		178	0.088	0.050
112	151	2		133	0.049	0.103	1		138	0.141	0.050
72	111	2		81	0.045	0.222	1		98	0.243	0.050

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.597	S=0.028111
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.597	ASN= 93

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 200	TRUE ALFA= C.0451
	TRUE BETA= C.0455

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
164	199			194			0.0439	0.0499	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		H O L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE			
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA
128	163	1		134	0.050	0.061	1		156	0.061	0.050
93	127	2		127	0.045	0.069	1		120	0.101	0.050
57	92	2		80	0.050	0.126	1		94	0.185	0.050

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.466	S=0.031129
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.466	ASN= 71

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 144	TRUE ALFA= C.0457
	TRUE BETA= C.0475

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
112	143			132			0.0450	0.0498	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		H O L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE			
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA
80	111	2		111	0.036	0.064	1		103	0.074	0.050
43	79	2		79	0.045	0.068	1		73	0.150	0.049

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	HI= 1.363	S=0.034064
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.368	ASN= 56

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 129	TRUE ALFA= C.0383
	TRUE BETA= C.0480

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	PCINT	ALFA
99	128	1	118	0.0359

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	TO	RULE	RULE	PCINT
		TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC
		TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
		ALFA	BETA	ALFA
		BETA	BETA	BETA
70	98	1	92	C.058
41	69	2	64	C.050

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	HI= 1.291	S=0.036932
PI=0.0900	BETA=0.050	H2= 1.291	ASN= 46

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 117	TRUE ALFA= C.0329
	TRUE BETA= 0.0497

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	PCINT	ALFA
90	116	1	114	0.0324
63	89	1	87	0.0491

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	F C L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	TO	RULE	RULE	PCINT
		TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC
		TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
		ALFA	BETA	ALFA
		BETA	BETA	BETA
32	62	1	60	0.0497

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	HI= 1.228	S=0.039747
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.228	ASN= 39

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 82	TRUE ALFA= C.0419
	TRUE BETA= C.0490

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	PCINT	ALFA
57	81	1	79	0.0404

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	TO	RULE	RULE	PCINT
		TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC
		TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
		ALFA	BETA	ALFA
		BETA	BETA	BETA
31	56	1	54	0.0490

PO=0.0150 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0300 BETA=C.050

H1= 4.156 S=0.021559
 H2= 4.156 ASS= 315

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 1854 TRUE ALFA= 0.0493
 TRUE BETA= 0.0495

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC	A M D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	FILE M	POINT		
1808	1853	2	1839	0.0468	0.0500
1762	1807	1	1770	0.0500	0.0497
1716	1761	2	1744	0.0487	0.0500
1670	1715	2	1697	0.0499	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT FILE	A L F A BEST TRUNC	H C L D ACPT BEST	B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	FILE M	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
1624	1669	2	0.0500	0.0500	0.051	0.050
1577	1623	2	0.049	0.051	0.053	0.050
1531	1576	2	0.050	0.051	0.054	0.050
1485	1530	2	0.050	0.052	0.056	0.050
1439	1484	2	0.050	0.053	0.059	0.050
1393	1438	2	0.049	0.054	0.061	0.050
1347	1392	2	0.050	0.055	0.064	0.050
1300	1346	2	0.050	0.057	0.067	0.050
1254	1299	2	0.050	0.059	0.071	0.050
1208	1253	2	0.050	0.062	0.075	0.050
1162	1207	2	0.050	0.066	0.080	0.050
1116	1161	2	0.049	0.068	0.085	0.050
1070	1115	2	0.050	0.071	0.091	0.050
1023	1069	2	0.050	0.076	0.098	0.050
977	1022	2	0.050	0.083	0.106	0.050
931	976	2	0.050	0.090	0.114	0.050
885	930	2	0.050	0.100	0.124	0.050
839	884	2	0.050	0.110	0.136	0.050
793	838	2	0.050	0.123	0.149	0.050
746	792	2	0.050	0.136	0.163	0.050
700	745	2	0.050	0.153	0.179	0.050
654	699	2	0.049	0.155	0.198	0.050
608	653	2	0.050	0.172	0.220	0.050
562	607	2	0.050	0.193	0.244	0.050
516	561	2	0.050	0.219	0.271	0.050
469	515	2	0.050	0.246	0.303	0.050
423	468	2	0.050	0.280	0.339	0.050
377	422	2	0.049	0.316	0.380	0.049
331	376	2	0.049	0.355	0.429	0.050
285	330	2	0.049	0.404	0.477	0.050
239	284	2	0.050	0.452	0.538	0.050
192	238	2	0.050	0.509	0.605	0.050

PG=0.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1=2.925	S=0.025541
PI=0.0400	BETA=C.050	H2=2.925	ASN=343

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 781	TRUE ALFA= 0.0473
	TRUE BETA= C.0455

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
741	780	1		753			0.0456		C.0500
702	740	1		711			0.0481		C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
663	701	2		701	C.047	C.050	1	671	C.051	C.050
624	662	2		660	O.050	O.051	1	630	C.055	C.050
585	623	2		600	O.050	O.053	1	590	O.061	C.050
546	584	2		584	C.047	C.055	1	551	C.068	C.050
507	545	2		545	O.050	O.057	1	511	C.076	C.050
467	506	2		493	O.050	O.064	1	471	O.087	C.050
428	466	2		443	O.050	O.074	1	432	C.102	C.050
389	427	2		395	C.050	C.090	1	373	O.121	C.050
350	388	4		388	C.047	C.097	1	353	C.144	C.050
311	349	4		348	O.050	O.112	1	314	C.175	C.050
272	310	4		303	C.050	O.141	1	275	O.214	C.050
232	271	4		258	C.049	C.183	1	236	C.265	C.049
193	231	4		215	C.050	C.235	1	197	C.332	C.049
154	192	4		173	C.050	C.302	1	157	C.415	C.050
115	153	4		131	O.049	C.384	1	117	O.525	C.050

PG=0.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1=2.374	S=0.029174
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.050	H2=2.374	ASN=199

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 425	TRUE ALFA= C.0456
	TRUE BETA= C.0452

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
390	424	1		403			0.0468		C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
356	389	1		357	C.050	O.051	1	368	O.053	C.050
322	355	1		355	O.049	C.052	1	334	O.061	C.050
288	321	1		303	O.050	C.058	1	300	O.074	C.050
253	287	1		255	C.050	O.073	1	265	O.091	O.050
219	252	1		252	O.049	C.076	1	231	C.117	C.050
185	218	3		211	O.050	O.100	1	197	C.155	C.050
150	184	3		169	O.050	O.146	1	163	O.211	C.049
115	149	3		129	O.049	C.219	1	128	C.289	C.050
82	115	3		91	O.050	O.326	1	94	O.405	C.050

PO=0.0150 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0600 BETA=C.050

H1= 2.055 S=0.032631
 H2= 2.055 ASN= 123

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 278 TRUE ALFA= C.0495
 TRUE BETA= C.0494

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
247	277		0.0474	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	F C L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC
FROM	M	PCINT	M	PCINT
		TRUE ALFA		TRUE BETA
217	246	2	235	0.057
186	216	2	203	0.073
155	185	2	172	0.099
125	154	2	141	0.142
94	124	3	110	0.211
63	93	3	80	0.328

PO=0.0150 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0700 BETA=C.050

H1= 1.843 S=0.035958
 H2= 1.843 ASN= 97

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 219 TRUE ALFA= C.0492
 TRUE BETA= C.0484

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
191	218	1	0.0397	0.0499
163	190	1	0.0492	0.0499

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	F C L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC
FROM	M	PCINT	M	PCINT
		TRUE ALFA		TRUE BETA
135	162	2	150	0.067
107	134	2	123	0.098
80	106	2	96	0.157
52	79	2	69	0.265

PO=J.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.690	S=0.037134
PJ=0.0300	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.690	ASN= 75

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 171	TRUE ALFA= C.0415
	TRUE BETA= C.0481

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
146	170	1		156			0.0381	0.0499	
129	145	1		134			0.0499	0.0497	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE		BEST TRUNC PCINT		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	M		PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
95	119	2		119	0.042	0.059	0.073	0.050	
69	94	2		89	0.050	0.080	0.122	0.049	
44	68	2		54	0.050	0.182	0.219	0.049	

PO=J.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.574	S=0.042330
PJ=0.0900	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.574	ASN= 61

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 132	TRUE ALFA= C.0443
	TRUE BETA= C.0478

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
109	131	1		120			0.0409	0.0499	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE		BEST TRUNC PCINT		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	M		PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
85	108	1		89	0.049	0.059	0.058	0.050	
61	84	2		84	0.045	0.067	0.097	0.049	
33	60	2		53	0.049	0.134	0.185	0.049	

PO=J.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.482	S=0.045410
PJ=0.1000	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.482	ASN= 50

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 121	TRUE ALFA= C.0375
	TRUE BETA= C.0450

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
99	120	1		113			0.0358	0.0500	
77	98	1		93			0.0486	0.0499	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE		BEST TRUNC PCINT		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	M		PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
55	76	2		76	0.037	0.067	0.080	0.050	
33	54	2		53	0.049	0.097	0.157	0.050	

PC=0.0200 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0300 BETA=C.050

H1=7.083 S=0.02472
 H2=7.083 ASN=2004

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 5111 TRUE ALFA= C.0493
 TRUE BETA= C.0493

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F O L D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PC	TRUNC	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA
5073	5110			5084		0.0479		C.0500	
5030	5069			5043		0.0481		C.0500	
4989	5029			4992		0.0500		C.0498	
4948	4988			4960		0.0485		C.0500	
4908	4948			4919		0.0487		C.0500	
4868	4907			4877		0.0500		C.0493	
4827	4867			4837		0.0491		C.0500	
4787	4826			4795		0.0493		C.0500	
4746	4786			4754		0.0496		C.0500	
4706	4745			4713		0.0498		C.0500	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A				F O L D ACPT		B E T A			
FROM	TO	RULE	M	BEST TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC	RULE	M	BEST TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC
4665	4705	3		4688	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4672	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4625	4664	4		4664	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4631	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4584	4624	4		4618	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4590	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4543	4583	4		4569	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4549	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4503	4542	4		4520	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4508	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4462	4502	4		4471	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4468	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4422	4461	4		4422	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4427	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4381	4421	5		4421	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4396	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4341	4380	5		4374	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4345	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4300	4340	5		4327	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4304	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4260	4299	5		4279	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4253	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4219	4258	5		4232	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4222	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4179	4218	5		4185	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4192	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4138	4178	5		4138	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4141	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4098	4137	6		4137	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4100	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4057	4097	6		4091	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4059	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
4017	4056	6		4045	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		4019	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3976	4016	6		3999	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3978	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3935	3975	6		3952	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3937	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3895	3935	6		3906	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3896	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3854	3894	6		3861	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3856	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3814	3853	6		3815	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3815	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3773	3813	7		3813	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3774	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3733	3772	7		3769	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3734	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3692	3732	7		3724	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3693	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3652	3691	7		3679	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	3		3652	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3611	3651	7		3634	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3651	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3571	3610	7		3589	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3610	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3530	3570	7		3544	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3570	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3490	3530	7		3499	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3499	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3449	3489	7		3454	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3489	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3409	3448	7		3410	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3448	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3368	3408	8		3360	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3408	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3328	3367	8		3369	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3367	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3287	3327	8		3321	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3327	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3246	3286	8		3276	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3286	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3206	3245	8		3232	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3245	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3165	3205	8		3188	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3205	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3125	3164	8		3144	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3164	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3084	3124	8		3100	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3124	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500
3044	3083	8		3057	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500	4		3083	C.0500	C.0500	C.0500

3003	3003	10	3003	0000	3043	0000
2963	2963	10	2963	0000	2921	0000
2922	2922	10	2922	0000	2880	0000
2882	2882	10	2882	0000	2840	0000
2841	2841	10	2841	0000	2799	0000
2801	2801	10	2801	0000	2758	0000
2760	2760	10	2760	0000	2718	0000
2720	2720	10	2720	0000	2677	0000
2679	2679	10	2679	0000	2637	0000
2633	2633	10	2633	0000	2596	0000
2593	2593	10	2593	0000	2556	0000
2557	2557	10	2557	0000	2515	0000
2517	2517	10	2517	0000	2474	0000
2476	2476	10	2476	0000	2434	0000
2436	2436	10	2436	0000	2393	0000
2395	2395	10	2395	0000	2353	0000
2355	2355	10	2355	0000	2312	0000
2314	2314	10	2314	0000	2272	0000
2274	2274	10	2274	0000	2231	0000
2233	2233	10	2233	0000	2190	0000
2193	2193	10	2193	0000	2150	0000
2152	2152	10	2152	0000	2109	0000
2112	2112	10	2112	0000	2069	0000
2071	2071	10	2071	0000	2028	0000
2030	2030	10	2030	0000	1988	0000
1990	1990	10	1990	0000	1947	0000
1949	1949	10	1949	0000	1907	0000
1909	1909	10	1909	0000	1866	0000
1868	1868	10	1868	0000	1826	0000
1828	1828	10	1828	0000	1785	0000
1787	1787	10	1787	0000	1744	0000
1747	1747	10	1747	0000	1704	0000
1706	1706	10	1706	0000	1663	0000
1666	1666	10	1666	0000	1623	0000
1625	1625	10	1625	0000	1582	0000
1585	1585	10	1585	0000	1542	0000
1544	1544	10	1544	0000	1501	0000
1504	1504	10	1504	0000	1461	0000
1463	1463	10	1463	0000	1420	0000
1422	1422	10	1422	0000	1380	0000
1382	1382	10	1382	0000	1339	0000
1341	1341	10	1341	0000	1298	0000
1301	1301	10	1301	0000	1258	0000
1260	1260	10	1260	0000	1217	0000
1220	1220	10	1220	0000	1177	0000
1179	1179	10	1179	0000	1136	0000
1139	1139	10	1139	0000	1096	0000
1098	1098	10	1098	0000	1055	0000
1053	1053	10	1053	0000	1014	0000
1017	1017	10	1017	0000	974	0000
977	977	10	977	0000	933	0000
936	936	10	936	0000	892	0000
896	896	10	896	0000	851	0000
855	855	10	855	0000	811	0000
815	815	10	815	0000	770	0000
774	774	10	774	0000	729	0000
733	733	10	733	0000	687	0000
693	693	10	693	0000	646	0000
652	652	10	652	0000	605	0000
612	612	10	612	0000	563	0000
571	571	10	571	0000	521	0000
531	531	10	531	0000	479	0000
490	490	10	490	0000	438	0000
450	450	10	450	0000	397	0000
409	409	10	409	0000		
368	368	10	368	0000		

323	368	10	348	0.050	0.647	4	348	0.697	0.050
288	327	10	310	0.050	0.671	4	303	0.726	0.050

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	F1=4.125	S=0.027383
PI=0.0400	BETA=C.050	F2=4.125	ASN=600

NATURAL TRUNCATION FCINT= 1389	TRUE ALFA= C.0495
	TRUE BETA= C.0495

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
ERCM	IC	FULL	M	FCINT					
1355	1389	2		1372		0.0462		C.0500	
1320	1354	1		1333		0.0500		C.0495	
1286	1319	2		1302		0.0481		C.0500	
1251	1285	2		1268		0.0493		C.0500	

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
ERCM	IC	M	FCINT	ALFA	BETA	M	FCINT	ALFA	BETA
1216	1250	2	1227	0.0500	0.0500	2	1233	0.0511	0.0500
1182	1215	2	1215	0.0495	0.0511	2	1198	0.0522	0.0500
1147	1181	2	1179	0.0500	0.0500	2	1164	0.0533	0.0500
1113	1146	2	1133	0.0500	0.0500	2	1129	0.0544	0.0500
1078	1112	2	1088	0.0500	0.0500	2	1094	0.0555	0.0500
1043	1077	2	1044	0.0500	0.0500	2	1059	0.0566	0.0500
1009	1042	4	1042	0.0500	0.0500	2	1025	0.0577	0.0500
974	1008	4	1001	0.0500	0.0500	2	990	0.0588	0.0500
939	973	4	959	0.0500	0.0500	2	956	0.0599	0.0500
905	938	4	917	0.0500	0.0500	2	921	0.0610	0.0500
870	904	4	876	0.0500	0.0500	2	886	0.0621	0.0500
836	869	4	836	0.0500	0.0500	2	852	0.0632	0.0500
801	835	5	835	0.0500	0.0500	2	817	0.0643	0.0500
766	800	5	756	0.0500	0.0500	2	782	0.0654	0.0500
732	765	5	756	0.0500	0.0500	2	748	0.0665	0.0500
697	731	5	717	0.0500	0.0500	2	713	0.0676	0.0500
663	696	5	678	0.0500	0.0500	2	676	0.0687	0.0500
628	662	5	639	0.0500	0.1009	2	644	0.0698	0.0500
593	627	5	601	0.0500	0.1211	2	609	0.0709	0.0500
559	592	5	563	0.0500	0.1415	2	575	0.0720	0.0500
524	558	5	526	0.0500	0.1619	2	540	0.0731	0.0500
489	523	5	484	0.0500	0.1823	2	505	0.0742	0.0500
455	488	5	488	0.0495	0.1711	2	471	0.0753	0.0500
420	454	6	451	0.0495	0.1503	2	436	0.0764	0.0500
385	419	6	415	0.0500	0.2115	2	402	0.0775	0.0500
351	385	6	378	0.0500	0.2445	2	367	0.0786	0.0500
316	350	6	342	0.0500	0.2776	2	332	0.0797	0.0500
282	315	6	306	0.0500	0.3122	2	298	0.0808	0.0495
247	281	6	270	0.0500	0.3493	2	263	0.0819	0.0495
213	246	6	234	0.0495	0.3883	2	228	0.0830	0.0495
178	212	6	199	0.0495	0.4294	2	192	0.0841	0.0495
143	177	6	165	0.0495	0.4728	2	156	0.0852	0.0495

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 3.108	S=0.037817
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.050	F2= 3.108	ASN= 304

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 674 TRUE ALFA= C.0494
 TRUE BETA= C.0492

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FRCM	IC	FILE	M	PCINT		ALFA		BETA	
644	673	2		668		0.0443		C.0500	
613	643	1		619		0.0500		C.0495	
583	612	2		605		0.0486		C.0500	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D BEST		B E T A TRUE		
FRCM	IC	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA
552	582	2		570	C.0500	C.0501	2	579	C.0522	C.0500
522	551	2		526	C.0500	C.0503	2	549	C.0555	C.0500
491	521	2		521	C.0495	C.0504	2	519	C.0600	C.0500
461	490	3		485	C.0500	C.0507	2	489	C.0600	C.0500
430	460	3		445	C.0500	C.0502	2	459	C.0733	C.0500
400	429	3		406	C.0500	C.0507	2	429	C.0822	C.0500
369	399	3		369	C.0500	C.0503	2	398	C.0933	C.0500
339	368	4		368	C.0495	C.0504	2	368	C.1077	C.0500
309	338	4		333	C.0500	C.0503	2	338	C.1255	C.0500
278	308	4		297	C.0495	C.1221	2	308	C.1477	C.0500
248	277	4		283	C.0500	C.1477	2	277	C.1744	C.0500
217	247	4		229	C.0500	C.1833	2	247	C.2088	C.0500
187	216	4		195	C.0495	C.2331	2	216	C.2499	C.0500
156	186	4		163	C.0500	C.2884	2	186	C.3033	C.0500
126	155	4		130	C.0495	C.3361	2	155	C.3688	C.0500
95	125	4		99	C.0495	C.4444	2	125	C.4554	C.0495

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 2.582	S=0.036543
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.050	F2= 2.582	ASN= 189

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 427 TRUE ALFA= C.0486
 TRUE BETA= C.0490

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FRCM	IC	FILE	M	PCINT		ALFA		BETA	
400	426	2		426		0.0408		C.0500	
372	399	1		391		0.0492		C.0490	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D BEST		B E T A TRUE		
FRCM	IC	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA
345	371	2		371	C.0486	C.0500	1	348	C.0522	C.0500
317	344	2		341	C.0500	C.0501	1	321	C.0588	C.0500
290	316	2		300	C.0500	C.0506	1	295	C.0688	C.0500
263	289	3		289	C.0466	C.0611	1	268	C.0800	C.0500
235	262	3		262	C.0500	C.0665	1	241	C.0988	C.0500
208	234	3		226	C.0500	C.0822	1	214	C.1211	C.0500
181	207	3		192	C.0500	C.1009	1	187	C.1544	C.0500
153	180	3		160	C.0500	C.1488	1	160	C.1999	C.0499
126	152	4		128	C.0495	C.2210	1	132	C.2588	C.0500
99	125	4		125	C.0495	C.2227	1	105	C.3422	C.0500
71	98	4		98	C.0495	C.2500	1	78	C.4662	C.0495

PG=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 2.256	S=0.040135
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.050	H2= 2.256	ASN= 132

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 281	TRUE ALFA= C.0494
	TRUE BETA= C.0484

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	FLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
256	280			260			0.0491		0.0499

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
FROM	TO	FLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	ALFA	BETA
231	255	1		232	0.050	0.051	1	237	0.052	0.050
200	230	1		230	0.049	0.051	1	213	0.062	0.050
181	205	2		193	0.050	0.060	1	189	0.077	0.050
156	180	2		158	0.049	0.061	1	165	0.100	0.050
131	155	2		155	0.047	0.067	1	141	0.135	0.049
107	130	2		126	0.049	0.120	1	116	0.186	0.050
82	106	2		96	0.049	0.167	1	92	0.266	0.049
57	81	2		68	0.049	0.288	1	67	0.383	0.049

PG=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 2.031	S=0.043587
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.050	H2= 2.031	ASN= 33

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 208	TRUE ALFA= C.0496
	TRUE BETA= 0.0485

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	FLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
185	207			193			0.0496		0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
FROM	TO	FLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	ALFA	BETA
162	184	1		162	0.050	0.053	1	172	0.055	0.050
139	161	2		161	0.049	0.054	1	150	0.071	0.050
116	138	2		126	0.049	0.073	1	127	0.096	0.050
93	115	2		95	0.049	0.118	1	105	0.139	0.049
70	92	2		92	0.049	0.132	1	92	0.208	0.049
47	69	2		67	0.049	0.204	1	59	0.322	0.050

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.866	S=0.046953
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.866	ASN= 77

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 168	TRUE ALFA= C.0453
	TRUE BETA= C.0484

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	BEST	TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	TRUNC	POINT	POINT	ALFA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
147	167	1	131	168	168	0.0419	0.0419	0.0484	0.0484

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	BEST	TRUNC	TRUNC	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	TRUNC	POINT	POINT	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
125	145	1	131	C.050	0.052	1	136	0.053	C.050
104	124	2	124	0.045	C.056	1	115	C.071	C.050
83	103	2	96	0.045	0.075	1	95	C.106	C.049
62	82	2	67	0.045	C.128	1	74	C.166	C.050
40	61	2	41	0.045	C.273	1	53	C.275	C.050

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.738	S=0.050253
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.050	H2= 1.738	ASN= 63

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 133	TRUE ALFA= C.0471
	TRUE BETA= C.0480

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	BEST	TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	TRUNC	POINT	POINT	ALFA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
115	134	1	123	133	133	0.0427	0.0427	0.0500	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	BEST	TRUNC	TRUNC	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	TRUNC	POINT	POINT	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
95	114	1	97	C.050	0.056	1	106	0.057	C.050
75	94	2	94	0.047	C.060	1	97	C.084	C.050
55	74	2	56	0.045	0.100	1	58	C.136	C.049
35	54	2	40	0.047	C.221	1	48	0.236	0.050

PC=0.0250 | ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0400 | BETA=C.050

HI= 6.065 | TS=0.031934
 F2= 6.065 | ASD=1182

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 2852 | TRUE ALFA= C.0499
 TRUE BETA= C.0496

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A M D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA
2821	2651	2833	0.0472	0.0500
2790	2820	2802	0.0500	0.0495
2753	2789	2771	0.0478	0.0500
2727	2757	2740	0.0481	0.0500
2696	2726	2708	0.0500	0.0497
2664	2695	2665	0.0500	0.0499
2633	2663	2646	0.0491	0.0500
2602	2632	2615	0.0496	0.0500
2570	2601	2584	0.0500	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER	H C L D	A L F A	H C L D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	
FROM	TO	POINT	POINT	POINT	
		ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
2539	2569	3	2544	0.0500	0.0500
2508	2538	4	2521	0.0500	0.0500
2476	2507	4	2490	0.0500	0.0500
2445	2475	4	2458	0.0500	0.0500
2414	2444	4	2427	0.0500	0.0500
2382	2413	4	2396	0.0500	0.0500
2351	2381	4	2365	0.0500	0.0500
2320	2350	5	2333	0.0500	0.0500
2288	2319	5	2302	0.0500	0.0500
2257	2287	5	2271	0.0500	0.0500
2226	2256	5	2240	0.0500	0.0500
2195	2225	5	2208	0.0500	0.0500
2163	2194	5	2177	0.0500	0.0500
2132	2162	6	2146	0.0500	0.0500
2101	2131	6	2114	0.0500	0.0500
2069	2100	6	2083	0.0500	0.0500
2038	2068	6	2052	0.0500	0.0500
2007	2037	6	2021	0.0500	0.0500
1975	2006	6	1989	0.0500	0.0500
1944	1974	6	1958	0.0500	0.0500
1913	1943	6	1927	0.0500	0.0500
1881	1912	6	1895	0.0500	0.0500
1850	1880	6	1864	0.0500	0.0500
1819	1849	7	1833	0.0500	0.0500
1787	1818	7	1801	0.0500	0.0500
1756	1786	7	1770	0.0500	0.0500
1725	1755	7	1739	0.0500	0.0500
1694	1724	7	1708	0.0500	0.0500
1662	1693	7	1676	0.0500	0.0500
1631	1661	7	1645	0.0500	0.0500
1600	1630	7	1614	0.0500	0.0500
1568	1599	7	1582	0.0500	0.0500
1537	1567	7	1551	0.0500	0.0500
1506	1536	7	1520	0.0500	0.0500
1474	1505	7	1489	0.0500	0.0500
1443	1473	8	1457	0.0500	0.0500
1412	1442	8	1426	0.0500	0.0500
1380	1411	8	1395	0.0500	0.0500
1349	1379	8	1363	0.0500	0.0500
1318	1348	8	1332	0.0500	0.0500
1286	1317	8	1301	0.0500	0.0500
1255	1285	8	1269	0.0500	0.0500

1224	1254	E	1240	0	116	3	1238	0	137	C	50
1192	1223	E	12C7	0	112	3	1207	0	143	C	50
1161	1191	E	1174	0	1127	3	1175	0	148	C	50
1130	1160	E	1142	0	1135	3	1144	0	155	C	50
1099	1129	8	1109	0	1140	3	1113	0	162	C	50
1067	1098	E	1107	0	1147	3	1082	0	170	C	50
1036	1066	E	1104	0	1155	3	1050	0	177	C	50
1005	1035	E	1103	0	1162	3	1019	0	185	C	50
973	1004	E	1099	0	1171	3	988	0	194	C	50
942	972	E	1096	0	1179	3	956	0	203	C	50
911	941	E	1093	0	1190	3	925	0	213	C	50
879	910	E	1088	0	1200	3	894	0	224	C	50
843	873	E	1081	0	1211	3	862	0	234	C	50
817	847	E	1074	0	1222	3	831	0	245	C	50
783	816	E	1066	0	1233	3	800	0	255	C	50
754	784	E	1058	0	1244	3	769	0	266	C	50
723	753	E	1051	0	1255	3	737	0	277	C	50
691	722	E	1042	0	1266	3	706	0	288	C	50
660	690	E	1034	0	1277	3	675	0	299	C	50
629	659	E	1026	0	1288	3	643	0	310	C	50
593	628	E	1018	0	1299	3	612	0	321	C	50
565	597	E	1010	0	1310	3	580	0	332	C	50
535	565	E	1002	0	1321	3	549	0	343	C	50
504	534	E	994	0	1332	3	518	0	354	C	50
472	503	E	986	0	1343	3	486	0	365	C	50
441	471	E	978	0	1354	3	454	0	376	C	50
410	440	E	970	0	1365	3	423	0	387	C	50
373	409	E	962	0	1376	3	391	0	398	C	50
347	377	E	954	0	1387	3	359	0	409	C	50
316	346	E	946	0	1398	3	328	0	420	C	50
284	315	E	938	0	1409	3	296	0	431	C	50
253	283	E	930	0	1420	3	265	0	442	C	50
222	252	E	922	0	1431	3	234	0	453	C	50
191	221	E	914	0	1442	3	203	0	464	C	50

PC=J.0250 ALFA=C.050
 PI=J.0500 BETA=C.050

HI= 4.094 S=0.036121
 H2= 4.094 ASN= 481

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= IIII TRUE ALFA= C.0493
 TRUE BETA= C.0493

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L C ACCEPTANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT	A N J TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	RULE	M		
1083	1110	2	2	IC89	0.0454
1055	1082	2	2	IC62	0.0463
1027	1054	2	2	IC35	0.0473
1000	1026	2	2	IC08	0.0484
972	999	2	2	S81	0.0497

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L C ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA	F O L C ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	M				M			
944	971	2	2	945	0.0500	2	954	0.0511	0.0500
917	943	2	2	943	0.0500	2	927	0.0533	0.0500
889	916	2	2	908	0.0500	2	899	0.0555	0.0500
861	888	2	2	872	0.0500	2	872	0.0557	0.0500
834	860	2	2	836	0.0500	2	845	0.0559	0.0500
806	833	4	4	833	0.0499	2	817	0.0622	0.0500
778	805	4	4	802	0.0500	2	790	0.0655	0.0500
751	777	4	4	768	0.0500	2	762	0.0668	0.0500
723	750	4	4	735	0.0500	2	735	0.0673	0.0500
695	722	4	4	702	0.0500	2	707	0.0677	0.0500
668	694	4	4	669	0.0500	2	680	0.0682	0.0500
640	667	4	4	667	0.0499	2	652	0.0688	0.0500
612	639	4	4	637	0.0500	2	624	0.0695	0.0500
584	611	4	4	605	0.0500	2	597	0.0703	0.0500
557	583	4	4	574	0.0500	2	569	0.0711	0.0500
529	556	4	4	543	0.0500	2	542	0.0711	0.0500
501	528	4	4	512	0.0500	2	514	0.0732	0.0500
474	500	4	4	481	0.0500	2	486	0.0744	0.0500
446	473	4	4	451	0.0500	2	459	0.0755	0.0500
418	445	4	4	421	0.0500	2	431	0.0775	0.0500
391	417	4	4	391	0.0500	2	404	0.0795	0.0500
363	390	6	6	390	0.0499	2	376	0.0816	0.0500
335	362	6	6	361	0.0499	2	348	0.0839	0.0500
308	334	6	6	332	0.0500	2	321	0.0868	0.0499
280	307	6	6	303	0.0500	2	293	0.0898	0.0500
252	279	6	6	274	0.0500	2	265	0.0933	0.0500
225	251	6	6	245	0.0500	2	238	0.0976	0.0499
197	224	6	6	216	0.0499	2	210	0.1022	0.0499
169	196	6	6	188	0.0500	2	182	0.1075	0.0499
142	168	6	6	160	0.0500	2	153	0.1133	0.0500
114	141	6	6	132	0.0499	2	124	0.1202	0.0500

PC=0.0250 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0600 BETA=C.050

H1= 3.228 S=0.040034
 F2= 3.228 ASN= 270

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 605 TRUE ALFA=C.0493
 TRUE BETA=0.0490

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		H C L D ACCEPIANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC PC INT	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	ELLE M	PC INT	ALFA	BETA
580	604	2	554	0.0440	0.0500
555	579	1	561	0.0499	0.0492
530	554	2	546	0.0476	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		H C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PC INT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	H C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PC INT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	M	PC INT	ALFA	BETA	M	PC INT	ALFA	BETA
505	529	2	521	0.0500	0.0500	2	523	0.0500	0.0500
480	504	2	485	0.0500	0.0502	2	499	0.0503	0.0500
455	479	2	479	0.0488	0.0503	2	474	0.0507	0.0500
430	454	2	451	0.0500	0.0504	2	450	0.0620	0.0500
405	429	2	418	0.0500	0.0505	2	426	0.0680	0.0500
380	404	2	386	0.0500	0.0605	2	401	0.0750	0.0500
355	379	2	355	0.0500	0.0703	2	376	0.0830	0.0500
331	354	4	354	0.0490	0.0704	2	352	0.0904	0.0500
306	330	4	325	0.0490	0.0805	2	327	0.1007	0.0500
281	305	4	296	0.0500	0.0809	2	303	0.1203	0.0500
256	280	4	267	0.0490	0.1109	2	278	0.1402	0.0500
231	255	4	239	0.0500	0.1404	2	253	0.1606	0.0500
206	230	4	211	0.0490	0.1706	2	228	0.1904	0.0500
181	205	4	184	0.0490	0.2104	2	204	0.2302	0.0490
156	180	4	157	0.0490	0.2603	2	179	0.2706	0.0490
131	155	4	131	0.0500	0.3109	2	154	0.3300	0.0490
106	130	5	130	0.0490	0.3207	2	129	0.3907	0.0490
81	105	5	105	0.0500	0.3500	2	104	0.4801	0.0480

$P_0 = 0.0250$ | $\alpha = 0.050$ |
 $P_1 = 0.0700$ | $\beta = 0.050$

$H_1 = 2.734$ | $S = 0.043430$ |
 $H_2 = 2.734$ | $ASN = 178$

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT = 405 | TRUE $\alpha = 0.0468$ |
 TRUE $\beta = 0.0469$

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE B E T A	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	FCINT	FCINT	ALFA	BETA
382	404		2		399	0.0411	0.0500
359	381		1		378	0.0499	0.0488
336	358		2		357	0.0462	0.0495
313	335		2		335	0.0499	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		F C L D B E T A	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC FCINT	ALFA BETA	TRUNC FCINT	ALFA BETA
291	312	1	2	300	0.0500 0.0500	292	0.0622 0.0500
268	290	1	2	268	0.0500 0.0500	270	0.0711 0.0500
245	267	1	2	267	0.0499 0.0600	247	0.0833 0.0500
222	244	1	2	238	0.0500 0.0609	225	0.0999 0.0500
200	221	1	2	209	0.0500 0.0666	202	0.1199 0.0500
177	199	1	2	181	0.0499 0.1111	180	0.1477 0.0500
154	176	1	2	155	0.0500 0.1433	157	0.1822 0.0500
131	153	1	2	153	0.0488 0.1511	135	0.2322 0.0499
108	130	1	2	129	0.0500 0.1900	112	0.2955 0.0499
85	107	1	2	103	0.0488 0.2611	89	0.3799 0.0500
63	85	1	2	79	0.0499 0.3422	66	0.4933 0.0500

$P_0 = 0.0250$ | $\alpha = 0.050$ |
 $P_1 = 0.0800$ | $\beta = 0.050$

$H_1 = 2.411$ | $S = 0.047546$ |
 $H_2 = 2.411$ | $ASN = 123$

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT = 283 | TRUE $\alpha = 0.0477$ |
 TRUE $\beta = 0.0494$

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE B E T A	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	FCINT	FCINT	ALFA	BETA
262	282		1		270	0.0454	0.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		F C L D B E T A	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC FCINT	ALFA BETA	TRUNC FCINT	ALFA BETA
241	261	1	2	248	0.0500 0.0500	249	0.0500 0.0500
219	240	1	2	240	0.0477 0.0511	227	0.0577 0.0500
198	213	1	2	212	0.0500 0.0544	206	0.0677 0.0500
177	197	1	2	182	0.0500 0.0633	185	0.0800 0.0500
156	176	1	2	176	0.0488 0.0711	163	0.0999 0.0500
135	155	1	2	154	0.0500 0.0811	142	0.1277 0.0500
114	134	1	2	127	0.0499 0.1144	121	0.1677 0.0500
93	113	1	2	102	0.0499 0.1644	100	0.2233 0.0500
72	92	1	2	78	0.0499 0.2399	79	0.3055 0.0500
51	71	1	2	55	0.0500 0.3488	58	0.4244 0.0499

PO=0.0250	ALFA=C.050	HI= 2.181	S=0.051109
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.050	LI= 2.181	ASN= 93

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 219	TRUE ALFA= C.0250
	TRUE BETA= C.0487

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
200	218	1		203			0.0425		C.0500
180	199	1		185			0.0492		C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC			
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
161	179	2		179	C.0487	C.052	1		167	C.057	C.050
141	160	2		155	C.049	0.055	1		148	0.071	C.050
121	140	2		127	C.050	C.071	1		129	0.091	C.050
102	120	2		120	C.042	0.087	1		110	C.124	C.050
82	101	2		101	C.049	0.105	1		91	0.174	C.049
63	81	2		77	C.049	C.165	1		71	C.248	C.050
43	62	2		54	C.048	C.269	1		52	C.368	C.049

PO=0.0250	ALFA=C.050	HI= 2.008	S=0.054587
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.050	LI= 2.008	ASN= 76

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 165	TRUE ALFA= C.0487
	TRUE BETA= C.0481

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
147	165	1		152			0.0440		0.0499

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC			
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
129	146	1		130	0.050	C.052	1		136	0.054	C.050
111	128	1		128	0.048	0.054	1		118	C.068	C.050
92	110	2		101	0.049	0.071	1		101	0.094	C.050
74	91	2		77	C.050	C.110	1		83	C.136	C.050
56	73	2		73	0.044	0.124	1		65	C.205	C.049
37	55	2		54	0.049	C.156	1		47	0.319	C.049

PG=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 |
 PJ=C.0100 | BETA=C.100

F1= 3.224 | S=C.007216
 H2= 4.140 | ASA=1863

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 4605 | TRUE ALFA= C.0499
 TRUE BETA= C.0997

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F L L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FRCM	IC	RULE	M	POINT		ALFA		BETA	
4466	4604	1		4513		C.0499		C.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F L L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE			
FRCM	IC	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA
4328	4465	1		4346	C.0500	C.1000	1		4352	C.0500	C.1000
4189	4327	1		4327	C.0500	C.1000	1		4197	C.0511	C.1000
4051	4186	1		4134	C.0500	C.1001	1		4047	C.0588	C.0999
3912	4050	2		3939	C.0500	C.1002	2		4046	C.0553	C.1000
3774	3911	2		3911	C.0499	C.1002	2		3397	C.0553	C.1000
3635	3773	2		3753	C.0500	C.1003	2		3751	C.0557	C.1000
3496	3634	2		3573	C.0500	C.1005	2		3605	C.0599	C.1000
3358	3495	2		3399	C.0500	C.1008	2		3461	C.0622	C.1000
3219	3357	2		3228	C.0500	C.1111	2		3318	C.0665	C.1000
3081	3218	4		3218	C.0499	C.1112	2		3176	C.0699	C.1000
2942	3080	4		3061	C.0500	C.1116	2		3034	C.0733	C.1000
2803	2941	4		2896	C.0500	C.1211	2		2893	C.0788	C.1000
2665	2802	4		2735	C.0500	C.1288	2		2752	C.0833	C.1000
2526	2664	4		2575	C.0500	C.1336	2		2611	C.0900	C.1000
2388	2525	4		2418	C.0500	C.1466	2		2471	C.0998	C.1000
2249	2387	4		2262	C.0500	C.1588	2		2331	C.1066	C.1000
2110	2248	4		2248	C.0499	C.1633	2		2191	C.1116	C.1000
1972	2109	4		2109	C.0500	C.1722	2		2052	C.1228	C.1000
1833	1971	4		1957	C.0500	C.1899	2		1913	C.1422	C.1000
1695	1832	4		1807	C.0500	C.2008	2		1774	C.1577	C.1000
1556	1694	4		1658	C.0500	C.2351	2		1635	C.1776	C.1000
1418	1555	4		1510	C.0500	C.2593	2		1497	C.1997	C.1000
1279	1417	4		1364	C.0500	C.2888	2		1359	C.2222	C.1000
1140	1278	4		1219	C.0500	C.3223	2		1221	C.2511	C.1000
1002	1139	4		1076	C.0500	C.3663	2		1084	C.2855	C.1000
863	1001	4		934	C.0500	C.4008	2		946	C.3224	C.1000
725	862	4		754	C.0500	C.4559	2		809	C.3722	C.1000
586	724	4		657	C.0500	C.5114	2		671	C.4228	C.1000
447	585	4		523	C.0500	C.5775	2		532	C.4996	C.1000

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | F1= 1.606 | S=C.010839
 P1=0.0200 | BETA=C.100 | F2= 2.062 | ASN= 309

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 702 TRUE ALFA= C.0482
 TRUE BETA= C.0993

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FRCM	IC	FILE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
610	701		1	681	0.0463		0.0463		C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		F C L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
FRCM	IC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
513	609	1	530	C.050	C.100	1	519	C.057	C.100
425	517	2	517	C.048	C.110	1	482	C.075	C.100
333	424	2	391	C.050	C.140	1	387	C.105	C.100
241	332	2	271	C.050	C.216	1	294	0.159	C.100
149	240	2	164	C.050	0.361	1	203	0.255	C.100

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | H1= 1.239 | S=C.014003
 P1=0.0300 | BETA=C.100 | F2= 1.591 | ASN= 142

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 375 TRUE ALFA= C.0375
 TRUE BETA= C.1002

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FRCM	IC	FILE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
303	374	-UNDEF.	-	-UNDEF.	-	-	-UNDEF.	-	-UNDEF.
232	302		1	294	0.0483		0.0483		C.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		F C L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
FRCM	IC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
160	231	1	163	0.050	0.153	1	218	C.076	C.100
89	159	2	159	C.047	C.162	1	145	0.144	C.100

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | F1= 1.064 | S=0.016929
 P1=0.0400 | BETA=C.100 | F2= 1.366 | ASN= 37

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 182 TRUE ALFA= C.0483
 TRUE BETA= C.0995

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FRCM	IC	FILE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
122	181		1	181	0.0480		0.0480		C.0998

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		F C L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
FRCM	IC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
63	121	1	71	C.039	C.221	1	116	C.094	C.099

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | H1= 0.958 | S=0.015753
 PI=0.0500 | BETA=C.100 | H2= 1.231 | ASN= 61

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 151 TRUE ALFA= 0.0333
 TRUE BETA= 0.0998

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
100	150			150	0.0337	0.1000			

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F O L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
49	59	1	16	0.0500	0.1000	1	96	0.0661	0.1000

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | H1= 0.846 | S=0.022371
 PI=0.0600 | BETA=C.100 | H2= 1.137 | ASN= 49

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 129 TRUE ALFA= 0.0256
 TRUE BETA= 0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
85	128	-UNDEF.-		-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-			
42	84	1	1	82	0.0491	0.0992			

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | H1= 0.832 | S=0.024950
 PI=0.0700 | BETA=C.100 | H2= 1.068 | ASN= 36

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 74 TRUE ALFA= 0.0383
 TRUE BETA= 0.0967

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
34	73	1		71	0.0370	0.0995			

PO=0.0050 | ALFA=C.050 | H1= 0.790 | S=0.027433
 PI=0.0800 | BETA=C.100 | H2= 1.014 | ASN= 29

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 66 TRUE ALFA= 0.0306
 TRUE BETA= 0.0994

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
29	65	-UNDEF.-		-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-			

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	H1= 0.756	S=0.029967
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.970	ASN= 25

NATURAL TRUNCATION FCINT= 59	TRUE ALFA= C.0250
	TRUE BETA= C.0560

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	FILE	M	FCINT
26	58	1	56	0.0235
				C.0592

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.050	H1= 0.727	S=0.032411
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.924	ASN= 21

NATURAL TRUNCATION FCINT= 54	TRUE ALFA= C.0284
	TRUE BETA= C.0565

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	FILE	M	FCINT
23	53	1	51	0.0272
				C.0595

PO=J.0100	ALFA=C.050	HI=3.201	S=0.C14435
F1=J.0200	BETA=C.100	F2=4.110	ASN=924

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 2300	TRUE ALFA= C.0480
	TRUE BETA= C.0550

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEFTANCE	REST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
F C M	BLLE	FCINI	FCINI	ALFA	BETA
2231	2259	1	2231	C.0480	C.1000
2162	2230	1	2161	C.0500	C.0557
2093	2161	2	2157	C.0492	C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D	A L F A	F C L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE
FCM	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	FCINI	BETA
2023	2052	2	C.0500	2083	C.0500
1954	2022	2	C.0500	2010	C.0520
1885	1953	2	C.0499	1938	C.0540
1816	1884	2	C.0500	1867	C.0560
1746	1815	2	C.0500	1795	C.0580
1677	1745	2	C.0500	1724	C.0610
1608	1676	2	C.0500	1654	C.0640
1533	1607	2	C.0499	1583	C.0680
1469	1537	4	C.0500	1513	C.0720
1400	1468	4	C.0500	1443	C.0770
1331	1399	4	C.0500	1373	C.0820
1261	1320	4	C.0500	1303	C.0890
1192	1260	4	C.0500	1233	C.0960
1123	1191	4	C.0500	1163	C.1050
1054	1122	4	C.0500	1094	C.1115
984	1053	4	C.0499	1024	C.1270
915	983	4	C.0500	955	C.1400
846	914	4	C.0500	886	C.1560
776	845	4	C.0500	816	C.1740
707	775	4	C.0500	747	C.1950
638	706	4	C.0500	678	C.2200
569	637	4	C.0500	610	C.2490
499	568	4	C.0500	541	C.2830
430	498	4	C.0500	472	C.3230
361	429	4	C.0500	404	C.3710
292	360	4	C.0500	335	C.4270
222	291	4	C.0500	265	C.4940

PC=0.0100 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0300 BETA=C.100

H1= 2.012 S=0.019238
 H2= 2.583 ASN= 250

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 714 TRUE ALFA= C.0482
 TRUE BETA= C.0993

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
659	713	1	686	0.0446	C.1000
604	658	1	627	C.0484	C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA TRLE BETA		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
549	603	2	543	0.046	C.102	1	570	C.054	C.100
495	548	2	545	0.050	C.103	1	514	C.062	C.100
440	494	2	464	0.050	0.114	1	458	0.073	C.100
385	439	2	390	0.050	C.124	1	402	C.089	C.100
330	384	2	384	0.048	C.140	1	347	C.112	C.100
275	329	2	222	C.050	C.168	1	292	0.146	C.100
220	274	2	257	C.050	C.222	1	238	C.194	C.099
166	219	2	195	0.049	C.302	1	184	C.265	C.099
111	165	2	127	C.050	C.409	1	130	C.369	C.099

PC=0.0100 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0400 BETA=C.100

H1= 1.589 S=0.021715
 H2= 2.040 ASN= 152

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 350 TRUE ALFA= C.0478
 TRUE BETA= C.0978

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
304	349	1	326	0.0445	C.0993

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA TRLE BETA		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
258	303	1	285	C.050	C.105	1	281	C.054	C.100
212	257	2	257	C.047	C.109	1	236	0.072	C.100
166	211	2	195	C.050	C.138	1	191	C.103	C.100
120	165	2	135	0.049	0.215	1	146	C.157	C.099
74	119	2	82	C.049	0.358	1	101	0.254	0.099

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.364	S=C.024585
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	F2= 1.751	ASN= 93

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 215 TRUE ALFA= C.0284
 TRUE BETA= C.0985

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	PT	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
175	214	1	206	0.0463	0.0998				

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
135	174	1	138	0.049	0.123	1	164	0.065	0.100
95	134	2	134	0.047	0.130	1	124	0.104	0.095
55	54	2	82	0.050	0.224	1	34	0.186	0.093

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.221	S=C.028111
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.100	F2= 1.568	ASN= 70

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 151 TRUE ALFA= 0.0496
 TRUE BETA= C.0963

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	PT	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
115	150	1	140	0.0460	0.0958				

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
80	114	1	82	0.050	0.147	1	106	0.073	0.100
44	79	2	79	0.047	0.160	1	72	0.142	0.098

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.121	S=0.031129
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.100	F2= 1.439	ASN= 53

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 133 TRUE ALFA= C.0335
 TRUE BETA= C.0953

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	PT	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
101	132	1	118	0.0360	0.0956				

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
69	100	1	84	0.045	0.108	1	91	0.054	0.100
37	68	2	68	0.036	0.156	1	62	0.110	0.095

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.746	S=C.034064
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.343	ASN= 42

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 90	TRUE ALFA= C.0475
	TRUE BETA= C.0972

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RLLE	M	PCINT		ALFA		BETA	
61	89			85		0.0449		C.0998	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC	
FROM	TO	RLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RLLE	M	PCINT
31	60			36	C.050	C.209			57
									C.0998

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 0.937	S=0.036932
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.267	ASN= 35

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 81	TRUE ALFA= C.0391
	TRUE BETA= C.0990

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RLLE	M	PCINT		ALFA		BETA	
54	80			79		0.0372		C.0990	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC	
FROM	TO	RLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RLLE	M	PCINT
27	53			37	0.050	C.160			52
									C.0990

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.050	H1= 0.939	S=C.039747
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.205	ASN= 29

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 74	TRUE ALFA= C.0320
	TRUE BETA= C.0986

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RLLE	M	PCINT		ALFA		BETA	
49	73			71		0.0309		C.0986	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC	
FROM	TO	RLLE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RLLE	M	PCINT
24	48			38	C.045	C.128			47
									C.0986

PC=0.0150 | ALFA=C.050 |
 PI=0.0300 | BETA=C.100 |

H1= 3.178 | S=C.021659 |
 h2= 4.080 | ASN= 611 |

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 1532 | TRUE ALFA= C.0493 |
 TRUE BETA= C.0993 |

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		FIELD ACCEPTANCE		ALFA BEST TRUNC		AND TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	FILE	M	FCINT	ALFA	TRUE	BETA
1486	1531	2		1525	0.0464	C.1000	
1440	1485	1		1459	0.0500	C.0994	
1394	1439	2		1429	0.0495	C.1000	
1348	1393	2		1381	0.0497	C.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		FIELD ACPT		ALFA TRUE		FIELD BETA			
FROM	TO	RULE	BEST TRUNC FCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	ALFA	BETA
1301	1347	2	1318	C.050	C.101	2	1334	C.051	C.100
1255	1300	2	1255	C.050	C.102	2	1287	0.053	C.100
1209	1254	2	1254	C.050	C.102	2	1240	0.055	C.100
1163	1208	2	1194	0.050	C.104	2	1193	C.057	C.100
1117	1162	2	1136	0.050	C.106	2	1146	0.060	C.100
1071	1116	2	1078	C.050	C.110	2	1099	C.063	C.100
1024	1070	4	1070	C.049	C.112	2	1053	C.067	C.100
978	1023	4	1022	C.050	C.114	2	1006	0.071	C.100
932	977	4	967	C.050	C.119	2	960	0.076	C.100
886	931	4	913	C.050	C.126	2	913	0.081	C.100
840	885	4	860	0.050	C.134	2	867	0.088	C.100
794	839	4	807	0.050	0.144	2	821	C.095	C.100
747	793	4	755	C.050	0.155	2	774	C.104	C.100
701	746	4	704	C.050	C.169	2	728	C.114	C.100
655	700	5	700	0.049	C.173	2	682	C.125	C.100
609	654	5	653	0.050	C.186	2	636	C.139	C.100
563	608	5	603	0.050	C.205	2	590	C.155	C.100
517	562	5	553	C.050	C.228	2	544	0.173	C.099
470	516	5	504	0.050	C.254	2	498	C.194	C.099
424	469	5	455	0.049	C.285	2	452	C.219	C.099
378	423	5	407	0.050	0.319	2	406	0.248	C.099
332	377	5	359	0.049	C.360	2	360	0.281	C.100
286	331	5	312	0.050	C.404	2	314	C.321	C.100
240	285	5	265	0.049	C.456	2	269	0.370	C.099
193	239	5	220	0.050	C.509	2	223	C.426	C.099
147	192	5	175	0.050	C.571	2	177	C.495	C.099

PO=0.0150 | ALFA=C.050 | HI= 2.237 | S=C.025541
 PI=0.0400 | BETA=C.100 | H2= 2.872 | ASD= 258

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 635 TRUE ALFA= C.0472
 TRUE BETA= C.0991

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
ERCM	IC	RLIE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
597	635	1		635	0.0453		0.0453		C.1000
558	596	1		567	0.0481		0.0481		C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
ERCM	IC	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT	
519	557	1		557	0.0477	0.1011	1	527	0.0522	C.1000
480	518	1		515	0.0500	0.1022	1	437	0.0577	C.1000
440	479	1		457	0.0500	0.1077	1	448	0.0644	C.1000
401	439	1		404	0.0500	0.1117	1	408	0.0733	C.1000
362	400	1		400	0.0499	0.1119	1	369	0.0836	C.1000
323	361	1		354	0.0500	0.1133	1	329	0.1022	C.1000
284	322	1		306	0.0500	0.1157	1	290	0.1244	C.1000
245	283	1		260	0.0500	0.1192	1	251	0.1533	C.1000
206	244	1		216	0.0500	0.1240	1	212	0.1922	C.1000
166	205	1		173	0.0500	0.1305	1	174	0.2477	C.0999
127	165	1		131	0.0499	0.1354	1	135	0.3200	C.0999
88	126	1		91	0.0499	0.1504	1	97	0.4226	C.0997

PO=0.0150 | ALFA=C.050 | HI= 1.815 | S=0.029174
 PI=0.0500 | BETA=C.100 | H2= 2.331 | ASN= 149

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 371 TRUE ALFA= C.0448
 TRUE BETA= C.0984

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
ERCM	IC	RLIE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
337	370	1		346	0.0421		0.0421		C.1000
303	336	1		314	0.0470		0.0470		C.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
ERCM	IC	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT	
263	302	1		302	0.0444	0.1033	1	280	0.0554	C.1000
234	267	1		267	0.0500	0.1044	1	247	0.0666	C.1000
200	233	1		216	0.0500	0.1233	1	213	0.0833	C.1000
166	199	1		171	0.0499	0.1160	1	179	0.1100	C.1000
131	165	1		165	0.0455	0.1177	1	146	0.1533	C.0999
97	130	1		130	0.0500	0.1223	1	112	0.2188	C.0999
63	96	1		91	0.0500	0.1267	1	79	0.3223	C.0997

PC=0.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.571	S=0.032631
P1=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2= 2.017	ASN= 100

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 233	TRUE ALFA= C.0472
	TRUE BETA= C.0973

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
202	232	1		214	0.0433		0.0433	C.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D BEST		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
171	201	1	178	0.0500	0.1000	1	186	0.0530	C.1000
141	170	2	170	0.0460	0.1000	1	156	0.0700	C.1000
110	140	2	131	0.0500	0.1340	1	127	0.1010	C.0990
79	109	2	90	0.0490	0.2120	1	97	0.1550	C.0990
49	78	2	55	0.0500	0.3320	1	67	0.2520	C.0990

PC=0.0150	ALFA=C.050	F1= 1.409	S=0.035953
P1=0.0700	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.809	ASN= 73

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 179	TRUE ALFA= C.0425
	TRUE BETA= C.0973

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
151	178	1		165	0.0396		0.0396	C.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D BEST		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
123	150	1	138	0.0500	0.1000	1	140	0.0510	C.1000
95	122	2	122	0.0410	0.1150	1	113	0.0720	C.0990
67	94	2	91	0.0490	0.1410	1	86	0.1150	C.0990
40	66	2	54	0.0480	0.2640	1	58	0.2000	C.1000

PC=0.0150	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.292	S=0.039194
P1=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.659	ASN= 56

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 136	TRUE ALFA= C.0291
	TRUE BETA= C.0991

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
110	135	1		121	0.0417		0.0417	C.0990	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D BEST		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
85	109	1	94	0.0500	0.1000	1	104	0.0570	C.1000
59	84	2	94	0.0410	0.1280	1	79	0.0910	C.0990
33	53	2	54	0.0480	0.1960	1	53	0.1670	C.0990

PO=J.0150	ALFA=C.050	HI=1.203	S=0.042330
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2=1.545	ASN=45

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT=	100	TRUE ALFA=	0.0486
		TRUE BETA=	0.0952

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE M	ALFA	BETA
76	99	1	0.0437	0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER	H O L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A				
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST				
FROM	TO	RULE	RULE	RULE				
		TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC				
		PCINT	PCINT	PCINT				
		ALFA	BETA	ALFA				
				BETA				
53	75	1	1	1	0.050	0.142	0.070	0.100
29	52	2	1	1	0.045	0.161	0.138	0.099

PG=J.0150	ALFA=C.050	F1=1.133	S=0.045410
PI=J.1000	BETA=C.100	H2=1.454	ASN=38

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT=	52	TRUE ALFA=	0.0413
		TRUE BETA=	0.1003

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE M	ALFA	BETA
69	91	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

SAMPLE NUMBER	H O L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A				
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST				
FROM	TO	RULE	RULE	RULE				
		TRUNC	TRUNC	TRUNC				
		PCINT	PCINT	PCINT				
		ALFA	BETA	ALFA				
				BETA				
47	63	1	1	1	0.050	0.118	0.062	0.100
25	46	2	1	1	0.037	0.167	0.119	0.099

PO=0.0200 | ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0200 | BETA=C.100

H1= 5.415 | S=0.022672
 H2= 6.953 | ASN=1564

NATURAL TRUNCATION FCINT= 419 TRUE ALFA= C.0498
 TRUE BETA= C.0995

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEP RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO		FCINT			
4152	4191		4170	0.0478		C.1000
4111	4151		4129	C.0480		C.1000
4071	4110		4067	0.0482		C.1000
4030	4070		4046	0.0484		C.1000
3990	4029		4005	C.0486		C.1000
3949	3989		3955	0.0500		C.0997
3903	3948		3923	0.0491		C.1000
3868	3907		3882	0.0494		C.1000
3827	3867		3841	C.0497		C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FROM	TO		FCINT				FCINT		
3787	3826		3799	C.0500	C.1000		3800	C.0500	C.1000
3746	3786		3749	C.0500	C.1000		3759	C.0500	C.1000
3706	3745		3745	C.0500	C.1000		3718	C.0510	C.1000
3665	3705		3700	C.0500	C.1000		3677	C.0510	C.1000
3625	3664		3651	C.0500	C.1001		3636	C.0510	C.1000
3584	3623		3602	C.0500	C.1001		3595	C.0520	C.1000
3544	3583		3554	C.0500	C.1001		3555	C.0520	C.1000
3503	3543		3506	C.0500	C.1001		3514	C.0530	C.1000
3463	3502		3502	C.0500	C.1002		3473	C.0530	C.1000
3422	3462		3458	C.0500	C.1002		3432	C.0540	C.1000
3382	3421		3411	C.0500	C.1002		3391	C.0540	C.1000
3341	3381		3364	C.0500	C.1003		3351	C.0550	C.1000
3300	3340		3318	C.0500	C.1003		3310	C.0550	C.1000
3260	3299		3271	C.0500	C.1004		3269	C.0560	C.1000
3219	3259		3225	C.0500	C.1004		3228	C.0560	C.1000
3179	3218		3179	C.0500	C.1005		3188	C.0570	C.1000
3138	3178		3178	C.0500	C.1005		3147	C.0580	C.1000
3098	3137		3133	C.0500	C.1005		3106	C.0580	C.1000
3057	3097		3087	C.0500	C.1006		3065	C.0590	C.1000
3017	3056		3042	C.0500	C.1007		3025	C.0600	C.1000
2976	3016		2997	C.0500	C.1008		2984	C.0610	C.1000
2936	2975		2952	C.0500	C.1009		2943	C.0620	C.1000
2895	2935		2907	C.0500	C.1100		2903	C.0630	C.1000
2855	2894		2862	C.0500	C.1101		2862	C.0640	C.1000
2814	2854		2817	C.0500	C.1102		2821	C.0650	C.1000
2774	2813		2813	C.0500	C.1103		2781	C.0660	C.1000
2733	2773		2773	C.0500	C.1103		2740	C.0670	C.1000
2692	2732		2728	C.0500	C.1105		2700	C.0680	C.1000
2652	2691		2684	C.0500	C.1106		2659	C.0690	C.1000
2611	2651		2640	C.0500	C.1107		2618	C.0700	C.1000
2571	2610		2596	C.0500	C.1109		2578	C.0720	C.1000
2530	2570		2552	C.0500	C.1201		2537	C.0740	C.1000
2490	2530		2508	C.0500	C.1203		2496	C.0750	C.1000
2449	2489		2464	C.0500	C.1205		2456	C.0770	C.1000
2409	2448		2421	C.0500	C.1207		2415	C.0780	C.1000
2368	2408		2377	C.0500	C.1209		2375	C.0800	C.1000
2323	2367		2334	C.0500	C.1202		2334	C.0820	C.1000
2287	2327		2291	C.0500	C.1204		2293	C.0840	C.1000
2247	2286		2248	C.0500	C.1207		2253	C.0860	C.1000
2206	2246		2246	C.0500	C.1207		2212	C.0890	C.1000
2166	2205		2205	C.0500	C.1400		2172	C.0910	C.1000
2125	2165		2162	C.0500	C.1403		2131	C.0930	C.1000

2084	2124	B	2119	0.050	C.146	3	2091	C.096	C.100
2044	2083		2076	C.050	C.149		2050	C.099	C.100
2003	2043	B	2033	C.050	C.153	3	2010	C.102	C.100
1963	2002	B	1991	C.050	C.157	3	1969	C.105	C.100
1922	1962	B	1948	C.050	C.161	3	1928	C.108	C.100
1882	1921	B	1906	C.050	C.165	3	1888	C.111	C.100
1841	1881	B	1863	C.050	C.170	3	1847	C.115	C.100
1801	1840	B	1821	C.050	C.175	3	1807	C.118	C.100
1760	1800	B	1779	C.050	C.179	3	1766	C.122	C.100
1720	1759	B	1736	C.050	C.185	3	1726	C.127	C.100
1679	1719	B	1694	C.050	C.191	3	1685	C.131	C.100
1639	1678	B	1652	C.050	C.197	3	1645	C.136	C.100
1598	1638	B	1610	C.050	C.203	3	1604	C.140	C.100
1558	1597	B	1569	C.050	C.209	3	1564	C.145	C.100
1517	1557	B	1527	C.050	C.216	3	1523	C.151	C.100
1477	1516	B	1485	C.050	C.224	3	1483	C.156	C.100
1436	1476	B	1443	C.050	C.232	3	1442	C.162	C.100
1395	1435	B	1402	C.050	C.239	3	1402	C.169	C.100
1355	1394	B	1360	C.050	C.248	3	1361	C.175	C.100
1314	1354	B	1319	C.050	C.257	3	1321	C.182	C.100
1274	1313	B	1277	C.050	C.267	3	1281	C.190	C.100
1233	1273	B	1236	C.050	C.276	3	1240	C.197	C.100
1193	1232	B	1194	C.050	C.287	3	1200	C.206	C.100
1152	1192	B	1153	C.050	C.298	3	1159	C.214	C.100
1112	1151	B	1112	C.050	C.309	3	1119	C.223	C.100
1071	1111	B	1071	C.050	C.321	3	1079	C.234	C.100
1031	1070	B	1030	C.050	C.332	3	1038	C.243	C.100
990	1030	B	989	C.050	C.343	3	998	C.254	C.100
950	989	B	948	C.050	C.354	3	958	C.266	C.099
909	949	B	907	C.050	C.366	3	917	C.277	C.100
869	908	B	866	C.050	C.375	3	877	C.291	C.100
828	868	B	825	C.050	C.390	3	837	C.305	C.099
787	827	B	784	C.050	C.406	3	796	C.318	C.100
747	786	B	744	C.050	C.424	3	756	C.334	C.100
706	746	B	703	C.050	C.439	3	716	C.350	C.099
666	705	B	663	C.049	C.459	3	675	C.366	C.100
625	665	B	623	C.050	C.476	3	635	C.385	C.099
585	624	B	583	C.050	C.495	3	594	C.403	C.100
544	584	B	543	C.050	C.515	3	554	C.425	C.099
504	543	B	464	C.050	C.536	3	513	C.446	C.100
463	503	B	425	C.050	C.557	3	473	C.471	C.099
423	462	B	386	C.050	C.581	3	432	C.495	C.099
382	422	B	348	C.050	C.604	3	391	C.522	C.099
342	381	B	310	C.050	C.624	3	349	C.548	C.100
301	341	B	273	C.050	C.647	3	308	C.581	C.099
261	300	B	236	C.050	C.671	3	265	C.613	C.099
220	260	B		C.050	C.694	3	221	C.647	C.100
				C.050	C.720	3			

PC=0.0200 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0400 BETA=C.100

H1= 3.154 S=0.028883
 F2= 4.045 ASN= 455

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 1148 TRUE ALFA= C.0490
 TRUE BETA= C.0550

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D	A L F A	A M D	B E T A
FROM	TO	ACPT RLE	BEST TRUNC POINT	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
1114	1147	2	1133	0.0456	0.1000
1079	1113	2	1058	0.0465	0.1000
1044	1078	2	1064	0.0476	0.1000
1010	1043	2	1025	0.0489	0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D	A L F A	F C L D	B E T A
FROM	TO	ACPT RLE	TRUE ALFA	BEST TRUNC POINT	TRUE ALFA
975	1009	2	0.0500	995	0.0500
940	974	2	0.0500	960	0.0520
906	939	2	0.0495	925	0.0540
871	905	2	0.0500	891	0.0560
837	870	2	0.0500	856	0.0590
802	836	2	0.0500	822	0.0620
767	801	2	0.0500	797	0.0660
733	766	2	0.0500	752	0.0700
698	732	2	0.0500	718	0.0740
664	697	2	0.0500	683	0.0800
629	663	2	0.0500	649	0.0860
594	628	2	0.0500	614	0.0940
560	593	2	0.0500	579	0.1020
525	559	2	0.0500	545	0.1120
490	524	2	0.0500	510	0.1230
456	489	2	0.0490	476	0.1370
421	455	2	0.0500	441	0.1520
387	420	2	0.0495	407	0.1710
352	386	2	0.0500	372	0.1910
317	351	2	0.0500	338	0.2160
283	316	2	0.0500	304	0.2460
248	282	2	0.0500	270	0.2810
214	247	2	0.0490	235	0.3190
179	213	2	0.0490	201	0.3670
144	178	2	0.0490	167	0.4250
110	143	2	0.0490	132	0.4950

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1=2.376	S=0.032317
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2=3.051	ASN=223

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 560	TRUE ALFA= C.0481
	TRUE BETA= C.0998

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	A N D TRUE BETA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FRGM	IC	M	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
530	559	1		532	0.0455	0.0999
500	529	1		501	0.0480	0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FRGM	IC	M	M	ALFA	BETA	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA
469	499	2	459	0.048	0.100	1	471	0.051	0.100
439	468	2	464	0.050	0.101	1	440	0.055	0.100
403	438	2	419	0.050	0.105	1	410	0.061	0.100
378	407	2	378	0.050	0.112	1	379	0.068	0.100
347	377	2	377	0.049	0.113	1	349	0.077	0.100
317	346	2	339	0.050	0.123	1	319	0.089	0.100
286	316	2	302	0.050	0.139	1	288	0.103	0.100
256	285	2	265	0.049	0.163	1	258	0.123	0.099
225	255	2	230	0.049	0.194	1	227	0.147	0.100
195	224	2	196	0.049	0.236	1	197	0.180	0.100
164	194	2	194	0.048	0.244	1	167	0.223	0.099
134	163	2	163	0.050	0.289	1	137	0.279	0.099
103	133	2	130	0.049	0.362	1	107	0.354	0.099
73	102	2	99	0.050	0.444	1	77	0.457	0.099

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1=1.974	S=0.036546
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2=2.535	ASN=142

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 358	TRUE ALFA= C.0455
	TRUE BETA= C.0977

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	A N D TRUE BETA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FRGM	IC	M	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
323	355	2		322	0.0394	0.0999
301	327	1		326	0.0499	0.0973

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FRGM	IC	M	M	ALFA	BETA	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA
273	300	1	273	0.050	0.101	1	277	0.051	0.100
246	272	1	272	0.049	0.101	1	251	0.059	0.100
219	245	1	232	0.050	0.111	1	225	0.070	0.100
191	218	1	196	0.050	0.129	1	198	0.086	0.100
164	190	1	190	0.046	0.140	1	171	0.108	0.100
137	163	1	161	0.049	0.164	1	145	0.142	0.099
109	136	1	129	0.050	0.214	1	118	0.190	0.099
82	108	1	98	0.049	0.299	1	91	0.260	0.099
52	81	1	68	0.048	0.411	1	55	0.369	0.099

PO=0.0200 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0700 BETA=C.100

H1=1.725 S=0.040125
 H2=2.215 ASD=99

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 242 TRUE ALFA=0.0451
 TRUE BETA=C.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
213	242	1		242			0.0449	0.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT
193	217	1		209	0.0500	0.1000	1		211
168	192	1		192	0.0440	0.1000	1		184
143	167	2		165	0.0500	0.1100	1		157
118	142	2		129	0.0490	0.1380	1		131
93	117	2		97	0.0490	0.1950	1		106
68	92	2		68	0.0490	0.2920	1		91
43	67	3		67	0.0470	0.3020	1		56

PO=0.0200 ALFA=C.050
 PI=0.0800 BETA=C.100

H1=1.553 S=0.043587
 H2=1.994 ASD=74

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 174 TRUE ALFA=C.0467
 TRUE BETA=C.0977

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
151	173	1		161			0.0432	0.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		F C L D ACPT		B E T A BEST TRUNC	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	PCINT
128	150	1		134	0.0500	0.1000	1		140
105	127	2		127	0.0460	0.1100	1		117
82	104	2		98	0.0500	0.1330	1		95
59	81	2		68	0.0490	0.2060	1		72
36	58	2		41	0.0460	0.2930	1		50

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.427	S=0.746953
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.831	ASN= 58

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 137	TRUE ALFA= C.0442
	TRUE BETA= 0.0971

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FRM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
116	136	1	1	126	C.0407		C.0407		0.0998

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FRM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
		M	PCINT			M	POINT		
95	115	1	102	0.049	0.103	1	106	0.052	0.100
73	94	2	94	0.042	0.115	1	86	0.075	0.100
52	72	2	69	0.050	0.147	1	66	0.122	0.093
31	51	2	41	0.049	0.276	1	45	0.211	0.093

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.329	S=0.350253
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.706	ASN= 47

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 107	TRUE ALFA= 0.0474
	TRUE BETA= 0.0951

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FRM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
87	106	1	1	96	0.0422		0.0422		0.0995

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F C L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FRM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
		M	PCINT			M	POINT		
67	86	1	69	0.049	0.118	1	78	0.059	0.100
47	66	2	66	0.045	0.128	1	60	0.098	0.099
27	46	2	41	0.049	0.216	1	41	0.180	0.098

AD-A094 613

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CA
TRUNCATION AND ACCEPTANCE RULES FOR SEQUENTIAL TESTS FOR A BERN--ETC(U)
SEP 80 J PETERSEN

F/G 12/1

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AD-A094 613



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PC=0.0250 ALFA=C.050
 PJ=0.0400 BETA=C.100

F1= 4.637 S=0.031934
 h2= 5.953 ASD= 852

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 2338 TRUE ALFA= 0.0499
 TRUE BETA= C.0552

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D	A L F A	A N D	E E T A
FROM	TO	ACCEPTANCE RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
2306	2337	3	2335	0.0470	0.1000
2275	2305	3	2285	0.0500	0.0993
2244	2274	3	2262	0.0477	0.1000
2212	2243	3	2231	0.0480	0.1000
2181	2211	3	2193	0.0500	0.0995
2150	2180	3	2151	0.0500	0.0996
2119	2149	3	2137	0.0493	0.1000
2087	2118	3	2106	0.0498	0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D	A L F A	F O L D	B E T A
FROM	TO	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
2056	2086	3	2070	0.0500	0.1000
2025	2055	3	2031	0.0500	0.1000
1993	2024	4	2024	0.0500	0.1000
1962	1992	4	1992	0.0500	0.1000
1931	1961	4	1954	0.0500	0.1000
1899	1930	4	1916	0.0500	0.1000
1868	1898	4	1879	0.0500	0.1000
1837	1867	4	1842	0.0500	0.1000
1805	1836	4	1805	0.0500	0.1000
1774	1804	4	1804	0.0500	0.1000
1743	1773	5	1769	0.0500	0.1000
1711	1742	5	1733	0.0500	0.1000
1680	1710	5	1697	0.0500	0.1000
1649	1679	5	1661	0.0500	0.1000
1617	1648	5	1626	0.0500	0.1000
1586	1616	5	1590	0.0500	0.1000
1555	1585	5	1555	0.0500	0.1000
1524	1554	6	1554	0.0500	0.1000
1492	1523	6	1520	0.0500	0.1000
1461	1491	6	1485	0.0500	0.1000
1430	1460	6	1451	0.0500	0.1000
1398	1429	6	1416	0.0500	0.1000
1367	1397	6	1382	0.0500	0.1000
1336	1366	6	1348	0.0500	0.1000
1304	1335	6	1314	0.0500	0.1000
1273	1303	6	1280	0.0500	0.1000
1242	1272	6	1246	0.0500	0.1000
1210	1241	6	1213	0.0500	0.1000
1179	1209	6	1179	0.0500	0.1000
1148	1178	7	1178	0.0500	0.1000
1116	1147	7	1146	0.0500	0.1000
1085	1115	7	1112	0.0500	0.1000
1054	1084	7	1079	0.0500	0.1000
1023	1053	7	1046	0.0500	0.1000
991	1022	7	1013	0.0500	0.1000
960	990	7	980	0.0500	0.1000
929	959	7	947	0.0500	0.1000
897	928	7	914	0.0500	0.1000
866	896	7	882	0.0500	0.1000
835	865	7	849	0.0500	0.1000
803	834	7	817	0.0500	0.1000
772	802	7	784	0.0500	0.1000
741	771	7	752	0.0500	0.1000

709	740	7	720	C	C	550	0	267	3	730	0	191	C	100
678	708	7	688	C	C	550	0	281	3	694	0	202	C	099
647	677	7	655	C	C	550	0	298	3	667	0	212	C	100
615	646	7	623	0	0	49	C	313	3	636	0	225	C	100
584	614	7	591	0	0	49	C	337	3	605	0	238	C	100
553	583	7	560	0	0	50	C	346	3	574	0	253	C	100
521	552	7	528	0	0	50	C	366	3	543	0	269	C	099
490	520	7	496	0	0	50	C	387	3	512	0	286	C	099
459	489	7	465	0	0	49	C	407	3	481	0	304	C	099
428	458	7	433	0	0	49	C	431	3	450	0	324	C	099
396	427	7	402	0	0	50	C	454	3	418	0	343	C	100
365	395	7	371	0	0	50	C	478	3	387	0	366	C	100
334	364	7	340	0	0	50	C	504	3	356	0	392	C	099
302	333	7	309	0	0	50	C	533	3	325	0	420	C	099
271	301	7	278	0	0	49	C	564	3	294	0	450	C	098
240	270	7	248	0	0	49	C	599	3	262	0	480	C	099
208	239	7	218	0	0	49	C	625	3	231	0	518	C	093
177	207	7	189	0	0	49	C	655	3	198	0	553	C	100
146	176	7	160	0	0	49	C	689	3	166	0	598	C	093

$P_0=0.0250$ | $\alpha=0.050$ | $H_1=3.131$ | $S=C.736121$
 $P_1=0.0500$ | $\beta=C.100$ | $F_2=4.019$ | $ASN=361$

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT = 919 TRUE ALPHA = C.0487
 TRUE BETA = C.C987

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F G L D ACCEPTANCE RULE		A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT		A N D TRUE ALPHA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
890	917	2			899	0.0448	C.1000		
862	889	2			873	0.0458	C.C999		
835	861	1			836	0.0499	C.C990		
807	834	2			819	0.0481	C.C995		
779	806	2			752	0.0496	C.C999		

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F G L D ACPT RULE		A L F A TRUE ALPHA TRUE BETA		H O L D ACPT RULE		B E T A TRUE ALPHA TRUE BETA	
752	778	2		C.C500	C.1001	2	764	C.0511	C.1000
724	751	2		C.C499	C.1002	2	737	C.C553	C.1000
696	723	2		C.C500	C.1003	2	710	C.C555	C.1000
669	695	2		C.C500	C.1005	2	682	C.C558	C.1000
641	668	2		C.C500	C.1008	2	655	C.C611	C.1000
613	640	2		C.C500	C.1112	2	628	C.C665	C.1000
585	612	4		C.C499	C.1113	2	600	C.C688	C.1000
558	584	4		C.C500	C.1117	2	573	C.C733	C.1000
530	557	4		C.C500	C.1223	2	545	C.C799	C.1000
502	529	4		C.C500	C.1331	2	518	C.C855	C.1000
475	501	4		C.C500	C.1441	2	490	C.C922	C.1000
447	474	4		C.C500	C.1552	2	463	C.1011	C.1000
419	446	4		C.C500	C.1666	2	435	C.1111	C.1000
392	418	4		C.C500	C.1811	2	408	C.1233	C.C999
364	391	2		C.C499	C.1855	2	380	C.1355	C.1000
336	363	2		C.C500	C.1999	2	352	C.1500	C.1000
309	335	2		C.C500	C.2222	2	325	C.1699	C.C999
281	308	2		C.C500	C.2449	2	297	C.1899	C.1000
253	280	2		C.C500	C.2778	2	270	C.2155	C.C999
226	252	2		C.C500	C.3113	2	243	C.2455	C.C999
198	225	2		C.C499	C.3554	2	215	C.2777	C.1000
170	197	2		C.C500	C.3997	2	188	C.3118	C.C999
143	169	2		C.C500	C.4448	2	161	C.3677	C.0998
115	142	2		C.C499	C.5008	2	133	C.4222	C.C999
87	114	2		C.C499	C.5571	2	105	C.4889	C.1000

PO=0.0250 | ALFA=C.050
 P1=0.0600 | BETA=C.100

H1= 2.468 | S=0.040034
 H2= 3.169 | ASN= 203

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 486 TRUE ALFA= C.0250
 TRUE BETA= C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEP	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
461	485	2	475	0.0441	C.1000	0.0441	C.1000
436	460	1	438	0.0499	0.0991	0.0499	0.0991
411	435	2	432	0.0487	0.0999	0.0487	0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
366	410	2	400	0.0500	0.1020	0.0521	C.1000
361	385	2	365	0.0500	0.1060	0.0560	C.1000
337	360	2	360	0.0480	0.1090	0.0610	C.1000
312	336	2	333	0.0500	0.1130	0.0680	C.1000
287	311	2	301	0.0500	0.1240	0.0760	C.1000
262	286	2	271	0.0500	0.1380	0.0870	C.1000
237	261	2	241	0.0490	0.1600	0.1000	C.1000
212	236	2	213	0.0500	0.1850	0.1160	C.1000
187	211	4	211	0.0480	0.1910	0.1370	C.1000
162	186	4	185	0.0500	0.2200	0.1630	C.1001
137	161	4	158	0.0500	0.2640	0.1960	C.1001
112	136	4	131	0.0500	0.3220	0.3000	C.0999
87	111	4	105	0.0500	0.3910	0.3790	C.0997
62	86	4	79	0.0480	0.4820	0.4770	C.0997

PO=0.0250 | ALFA=C.050
 P1=0.0700 | BETA=C.100

H1= 2.091 | S=0.043880
 H2= 2.684 | ASN= 133

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 322 TRUE ALFA= C.0250
 TRUE BETA= C.0500

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEP	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
299	321	2	320	0.0414	C.0990	0.0414	C.0990
276	298	1	284	0.0493	0.0986	0.0493	0.0986

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
253	275	1	275	0.0470	C.1000	0.0530	C.1000
230	252	1	247	0.0500	0.1030	0.0600	C.1000
208	229	1	215	0.0500	0.1130	0.0700	C.1000
185	207	1	185	0.0500	0.1300	0.0840	C.1000
162	184	1	184	0.0490	0.1320	0.1040	0.0990
139	161	1	157	0.0500	0.1560	0.1300	C.1000
117	138	1	130	0.0500	0.1980	0.1630	C.0999
94	116	3	104	0.0500	0.2590	0.2170	C.1000
71	93	1	79	0.0490	0.3430	0.2910	C.0990
48	70	1	55	0.0490	0.4570	0.3980	C.0997

PC=0.0250	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.343	S=0.047546
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 2.367	ASN= 96

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 225 TRUE ALFA= 0.0475
 TRUE BETA= C.0591

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FRCM	FILE M	PC INT	ALFA	BETA
208	228	1	0.0459	0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H C L D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST	
FRCM	FILE	TRUNC	FILE	TRUNC	
	M	PC INT	M	PC INT	
		TRUE		TRUE	
		ALFA		BETA	
186	207	1	197	0.052	C.100
165	185	1	175	C.060	C.100
144	164	1	154	C.073	C.099
123	143	1	132	0.091	C.100
102	122	1	111	0.120	C.099
81	101	1	90	0.164	C.099
60	80	1	69	0.230	C.099
39	59	1	49	0.338	C.099

PC=0.0250	ALFA=C.050	H1= 1.668	S=0.051109
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 2.141	ASN= 73

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 170 TRUE ALFA= 0.0483
 TRUE BETA= 0.0569

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FRCM	FILE M	PC INT	ALFA	BETA
151	169	1	0.0440	0.0598

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H C L D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST	
FRCM	FILE	TRUNC	FILE	TRUNC	
	M	PC INT	M	PC INT	
		TRUE		TRUE	
		ALFA		BETA	
131	150	1	138	0.052	C.100
111	130	1	119	0.065	C.100
92	110	1	101	0.089	C.099
72	91	1	82	0.125	C.098
53	71	1	63	0.187	C.097
33	52	1	44	0.289	C.096

PC=0.0250	ALFA=C.050
P1=0.1000	BETA=C.100

H1= 1.535	S=0.054587
H2= 1.971	ASN= 53

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 139	TRUE ALFA= C.0458
	TRUE BETA= C.0950

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		H L L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
ERCM	TL	M	FCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
120	138	2				0.0354		0.0598	
102	119	1				0.0493		0.0992	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		F C L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
ERCM	TL	M	FCINT	ALFA	BETA	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA
34	101	2	101	0.044	0.107	1	91	0.066	0.100
65	83	2	79	0.050	0.127	1	74	0.095	0.100
47	64	2	54	0.048	0.206	1	57	0.150	0.099
29	46	2	33	0.049	0.346	1	40	0.250	0.095

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 3.147	S=C.007213
PI=0.0100	BETA=C.100	H2= 3.147	ASN=1382

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 3486	TRUE ALFA= C.0971
	TRUE BETA= C.1001

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEFTANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
3347	3485	1	3486	0.100	0.100	0.0992	0.1000		
3208	3346	1	3296	0.100	0.100	0.0992	0.1000		

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H O L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
3070	1	3077	0.100	0.100	1	3121	0.100	0.100	
2931	2	3069	0.100	0.100	1	2960	0.105	0.100	
2793	2	2920	0.100	0.100	1	2806	0.109	0.100	
2654	2	2792	0.100	0.100	1	2656	0.114	0.100	
2515	2	2653	0.100	0.100	1	2509	0.139	0.095	
2377	2	2514	0.100	0.100	2	2508	0.119	0.100	
2238	2	2376	0.100	0.100	2	2362	0.126	0.100	
2100	2	2237	0.100	0.100	2	2218	0.134	0.100	
1961	2	2099	0.100	0.100	2	2075	0.144	0.100	
1823	2	1960	0.100	0.100	2	1933	0.155	0.100	
1684	2	1822	0.100	0.100	2	1791	0.169	0.100	
1545	2	1683	0.100	0.100	2	1650	0.185	0.100	
1407	2	1544	0.100	0.100	2	1509	0.204	0.100	
1268	2	1406	0.100	0.100	2	1369	0.227	0.100	
1130	2	1267	0.100	0.100	2	1230	0.255	0.100	
991	2	1129	0.100	0.100	2	1090	0.287	0.100	
852	2	990	0.100	0.100	2	951	0.326	0.100	
714	2	851	0.100	0.100	2	812	0.373	0.100	
575	2	713	0.100	0.100	2	673	0.429	0.099	
437	2	574	0.100	0.100	2	532	0.496	0.100	

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.568	S=0.010839
PI=0.0200	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.568	ASN= 229

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 514	TRUE ALFA= C.0960
	TRUE BETA= C.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEFTANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA
422	513	1	514	0.100	0.100	0.0999	0.1000		

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H O L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
330	1	421	0.100	0.100	1	401	0.119	0.100	
237	1	329	0.092	0.100	1	302	0.166	0.100	
145	2	217	0.100	0.100	1	206	0.257	0.100	

PC=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.209	S=0.014003
PI=0.0300	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.209	ASN= 105

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 230	TRUE ALFA= C.0006
	TRUE BETA= 0.0553

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
158	229	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	POINT	
	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	
87	157	1	103	0.099	0.171
			1	149	0.146
					0.399

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.039	S=C.016923
PI=0.0400	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.039	ASN= 64

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 121	TRUE ALFA= C.0072
	TRUE BETA= 0.0581

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
62	120	1	119	0.0955	0.0596

PC=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.935	S=C.019703
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.935	ASN= 45

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 95	TRUE ALFA= C.0782
	TRUE BETA= 0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
48	98	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PC=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.864	S=C.022371
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.864	ASN= 34

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 84	TRUE ALFA= C.0687
	TRUE BETA= 0.1012

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
39	83	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.812	S=0.024963
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.812	ASN= 27

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 73	TRUE ALFA= 0.0018
	TRUE BETA= 0.1010

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
33	72	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.771	S=0.027489
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.771	ASN= 22

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 65	TRUE ALFA= 0.0091
	TRUE BETA= 0.0972

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
29	64	1	0.0580	0.0995

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.737	S=0.029969
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.737	ASN= 18

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 59	TRUE ALFA= 0.0036
	TRUE BETA= 0.1017

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
25	57	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PO=0.0050	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.710	S=0.032411
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.710	ASN= 16

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 53	TRUE ALFA= 0.0005
	TRUE BETA= 0.1043

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
22	52	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	H1= 3.124	S=0.014435
PI=0.0200	BETA=C.100	H2= 3.124	ASN= 686

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 1672 TRUE ALFA= C.0999
 TRUE BETA= C.0996

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	FILE	M	PCINT		ALFA	BETA		BETA
1602	1671	1	1	1672		C.0983		C.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA
1533	1601	1	1	1543	C.100	C.100	1	1554	C.101	C.100
1464	1532	1	1	1532	O.C99	C.101	1	1475	C.104	C.100
1395	1463	2	1	1439	O.100	O.102	1	1399	O.108	C.100
1325	1394	2	1	1343	O.100	O.105	1	1325	C.113	C.100
1256	1324	2	2	1324	O.097	O.107	2	1324	O.113	O.100
1187	1255	2	2	1253	O.100	C.108	2	1252	C.118	C.100
1117	1186	2	2	1165	O.100	O.114	2	1179	C.125	C.100
1048	1116	2	2	1081	C.100	C.121	2	1107	O.133	C.100
979	1047	2	2	998	C.100	C.130	2	1036	O.143	C.100
910	978	2	2	917	O.100	O.142	2	965	O.154	C.100
840	909	2	2	909	O.C97	C.147	2	894	O.167	C.100
771	839	4	2	838	O.100	C.157	2	824	C.184	C.100
702	770	4	2	760	O.100	C.175	2	754	O.203	C.100
633	701	4	2	683	O.100	C.197	2	684	C.226	C.100
563	632	4	2	608	O.100	O.223	2	614	O.253	C.100
494	562	4	2	533	O.100	C.246	2	544	O.285	O.100
425	493	4	2	459	O.100	C.276	2	475	C.325	C.099
355	424	4	2	386	O.C99	C.342	2	405	O.371	C.100
286	354	4	2	314	O.C99	C.398	2	336	O.428	C.099
217	285	4	2	243	O.C99	O.443	2	266	C.496	C.099

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.964	S=0.018233
PI=0.0300	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.964	ASN= 215

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 492 TRUE ALFA= C.0978
 TRUE BETA= C.0993

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	FILE	M	PCINT		ALFA	BETA		BETA
437	491	1	1	491		O.C960		C.1000	

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A BEST TRUNC		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE		
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	POINT	ALFA	BETA
382	436	1	1	392	O.100	O.109	1	416	O.108	C.100
327	381	2	1	381	O.C99	C.109	1	356	C.126	C.100
273	326	2	1	311	O.100	C.125	1	298	O.155	C.100
218	272	2	1	239	O.100	C.166	1	242	O.199	C.099
163	217	2	1	172	O.C99	C.239	1	186	C.266	C.099
108	162	2	1	110	O.C99	C.355	1	131	C.370	C.099

PC=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	HI=1.551	S=0.021715
PI=0.0400	BETA=C.100	H2=1.551	ASN=113

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 258	TRUE ALFA= 0.0949
	TRUE BETA= 0.0982

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
210	255	1		259			0.0928		0.0995

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		H O L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
164	209	1	174	0.099	0.117	1	198	0.117	0.100
118	163	2	163	0.090	0.132	1	149	0.163	0.100
72	117	2	108	0.099	0.154	1	102	0.254	0.100

PO=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	HI=1.331	S=0.024985
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2=1.331	ASN=72

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 174	TRUE ALFA= 0.0922
	TRUE BETA= 0.0998

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
134	173	1		169			0.0824		0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		H O L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
94	133	1	113	0.100	0.113	1	126	0.113	0.100
54	93	2	93	0.076	0.162	1	85	0.167	0.099

PC=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	HI=1.192	S=0.028111
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2=1.192	ASN=51

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 114	TRUE ALFA= 0.0967
	TRUE BETA= 0.0991

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
78	113	1		112			0.0854		0.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT BEST		A L F A TRUE TRUE		H O L D ACPT BEST		B E T A TRUE TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
43	77	1	54	0.0981	0.167	1	73	0.132	0.100

PC=C.0100	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.094	S=0.031129
P1=0.0700	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.094	ASN= 39

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 100	TRUE ALFA= C.0286
	TRUE BETA= C.0583

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA
68	59	1	57	0.0670

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST
FROM	TO	RULE	TRUNC	TRUNC
	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
36	67	1	57	0.0990
				0.117
				64
				0.112
				0.092

PC=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.021	S=0.034064
P1=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.221	ASN= 31

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 60	TRUE ALFA= C.0045
	TRUE BETA= C.0995

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA
30	59	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-	-UNDEF.-

PC=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.963	S=0.036977
P1=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.263	ASN= 25

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 54	TRUE ALFA= C.0050
	TRUE BETA= C.0942

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA
27	53	1	51	0.0804

PC=0.0100	ALFA=C.100	H1= 0.916	S=0.035747
P1=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 0.916	ASN= 21

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 49	TRUE ALFA= C.0785
	TRUE BETA= C.0938

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT	ALFA
24	48	1	46	0.0743

PO=0.0150 ALFA=C.100
 PI=0.0200 BETA=C.100

H1= 3.101 S=0.021659
 H2= 3.101 ASN= 423

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 1113 TRUE ALFA= C.0994
 TRUE BETA= C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE RULE M	A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
1067	1112	1	1079	0.0963	C.1000
1021	1066	1	1027	0.0994	C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE M	A L F A TRUE ALFA	A L F A TRUE BETA	H O L D ACPT RULE M	H O L D BEST TRUNC POINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA	
575	1020	2	1020	0.0998	C.1000	1	977	C.1003	C.1000
929	974	2	961	0.1000	C.1001	1	929	C.1007	C.1000
882	928	2	897	0.1000	C.1004	2	928	C.1007	C.1000
836	881	2	836	0.1000	C.1008	2	879	C.1111	C.1000
790	835	2	835	0.1000	C.1008	2	831	C.1117	C.1000
744	789	2	777	0.1000	C.1113	2	743	C.1223	C.1000
698	743	2	21	0.1000	C.1200	2	736	C.1322	C.1000
652	697	2	66	0.1000	C.1290	2	689	C.1411	C.1000
605	651	2	612	0.1000	C.1400	2	642	C.1520	C.1000
559	604	2	559	0.1000	C.1550	2	595	C.1666	C.1000
513	558	4	558	0.0999	C.1560	2	548	C.1822	C.1000
467	512	4	507	0.1000	C.1730	2	501	C.2010	C.1000
421	466	4	456	0.1000	C.1950	2	455	C.2224	C.1000
375	420	4	405	0.0999	C.2223	2	408	C.2500	C.1000
328	374	4	355	0.0999	C.2566	2	362	C.2840	C.1000
282	327	4	306	0.0999	C.2994	2	316	C.3223	C.0999
236	281	4	258	0.1000	C.3399	2	270	C.3710	C.0999
190	235	4	209	0.0999	C.3580	2	223	C.4225	C.1000
144	189	4	162	0.0999	C.4620	2	177	C.4995	C.0999

PO=0.0150 ALFA=C.100
 PI=0.0400 BETA=C.100

H1= 2.183 S=0.025541
 H2= 2.183 ASN= 191

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 477 TRUE ALFA= C.0923
 TRUE BETA= C.0997

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE RULE M	A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
438	476	1	471	0.0915	C.1000
399	437	1	423	0.0976	C.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE M	A L F A TRUE ALFA	A L F A TRUE BETA	H O L D ACPT RULE M	H O L D BEST TRUNC POINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA	
360	398	1	362	0.1000	C.1004	1	378	C.1006	C.1000
321	359	1	359	0.0999	C.1005	1	336	C.1119	C.1000
282	320	2	305	0.1000	C.1116	1	295	C.1370	C.1000
243	281	2	253	0.0999	C.1390	1	255	C.1620	C.1000
203	242	2	205	0.1000	C.1760	1	215	C.1980	C.1000
164	202	2	202	0.0999	C.1840	1	175	C.2480	C.1000
125	163	2	159	0.0999	C.2330	1	136	C.3210	C.0999
86	124	2	115	0.0998	C.2718	1	97	C.4225	C.0999

PO=0.0150	ALFA=C.1CC	H1= 1.772	S=C.029174
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.772	ASN= 110

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 267 TRUE ALFA= C.0910
 TRUE BETA= C.0991

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCE	ANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
233	266	1	1	259	0.0889		0.0889		C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F O L D		B E T A		
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUNC	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	
TO	M	POINT	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	M	POINT	ALFA	
198	232	1	1	221	0.0999	0.1011	1	221	0.102	C.100
164	197	2	1	184	0.088	0.113	1	184	0.124	C.100
130	163	2	1	148	0.099	0.125	1	148	0.159	C.100
96	129	2	1	114	0.099	0.121	1	114	0.221	C.099
61	95	2	1	79	0.099	0.226	1	79	0.221	C.100

PO=0.0150	ALFA=C.1CC	H1= 1.533	S=C.032631
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.533	ASN= 73

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 170 TRUE ALFA= C.0939
 TRUE BETA= C.0997

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCE	ANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
139	169	1	1	169	0.0934		0.0934		0.0997

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F O L D		B E T A		
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUNC	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	
TO	M	POINT	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	M	POINT	ALFA	
109	138	1	1	133	0.099	0.116	1	133	0.117	C.099
78	108	2	1	100	0.099	0.133	1	100	0.163	C.099
47	77	2	1	68	0.099	0.152	1	68	0.252	C.099

PO=0.0150	ALFA=C.1CC	H1= 1.375	S=0.035558
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.375	ASN= 54

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 122 TRUE ALFA= C.0936
 TRUE BETA= C.0966

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL	ACCE	ANCE	BEST	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE	TRUNC	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
94	121	1	1	115	0.099		0.099		0.0966

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		F O L D		B E T A		
INTERVAL	ACPT	BEST	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUNC	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	
FROM	RULE	TRUNC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	
TO	M	POINT	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	M	POINT	ALFA	
67	93	1	1	87	0.099	0.130	1	87	0.124	C.099
39	66	2	1	59	0.099	0.162	1	59	0.202	C.100

PC=0.0150	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.261	S=0.035184
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.261	ASN= 42

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 109	TRUE ALFA= 0.0751
	TRUE BETA= 0.0982

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT
84	108	1		104
58	83	1		79

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT BEST	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	POINT
33	57	1	35	0.05710.219
				1 53 0.16710.098

PO=0.0150	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.174	S=0.042330
PI=0.0900	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.174	ASN= 34

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 75	TRUE ALFA= 0.0751
	TRUE BETA= 0.0981

SAMPLE NUMBER	F O L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT
52	74	1		74
				0.0841 0.098

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	F O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT BEST	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	POINT
23	51	1	36	0.05810.164
				1 49 0.14210.098

PO=0.0150	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.106	S=0.045410
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.106	ASN= 29

NATURAL TRUNCATION PCINT= 69	TRUE ALFA= 0.0721
	TRUE BETA= 0.0973

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT
47	68	1		66
				0.0695 0.0973

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	H O L D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT BEST	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
FROM	RULE TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	POINT
25	46	1	37	0.05710.128
				1 44 0.11510.098

PC=0.0200 | ALFA=C.100
 PI=0.0300 | BETA=C.100

F1= 5.285 | S=0.024672
 H2= 5.285 | ASS=1100

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 3093 | TRUE ALFA= C.0096
 TRUE BETA= C.0095

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L C	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEP TANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FROM TO	RULE M	PC INT		
3052 3052	2 2	3076	C.0973	C.1000
3011 3051	2 2	3031	O.0977	C.1000
2971 3010	2 2	2987	O.0982	C.1000
2930 2970	2 2	2943	O.0987	C.1000
2890 2929	2 2	2899	O.0993	C.1000
2849 2889	2 2	2855	O.0999	C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L C	A L F A	H C L C	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC
FROM TO		TRUE ALFA	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
2809 2848	2	C.0999	2	C.1001
2768 2808	2	C.1000	2	C.1001
2728 2767	2	O.1000	2	C.1002
2687 2727	3	C.1000	3	O.1002
2647 2686	3	C.1000	3	C.1003
2606 2646	3	O.0999	3	C.1004
2566 2605	4	O.1000	3	O.1005
2525 2565	4	O.1000	3	C.1005
2485 2524	4	O.1000	3	C.1006
2444 2484	4	C.1000	3	O.1008
2403 2443	4	O.1000	3	C.1009
2363 2402	4	C.1000	3	C.1010
2322 2362	4	O.1000	3	C.1011
2282 2321	4	O.1000	3	C.1013
2241 2281	4	C.1000	3	O.1014
2201 2240	4	O.1000	3	O.1016
2160 2200	4	O.1000	3	O.1018
2120 2159	4	C.1000	3	O.1019
2079 2119	4	C.1000	3	O.1021
2039 2078	4	O.1000	3	O.1023
1998 2038	4	C.1000	3	O.1025
1958 1997	6	O.0999	3	C.1028
1917 1957	6	C.1000	3	O.1030
1877 1916	6	O.1000	3	O.1033
1836 1876	6	O.1000	3	O.1036
1795 1835	6	O.1000	3	O.1039
1755 1794	6	C.1000	3	O.1042
1714 1754	6	C.1000	3	O.1045
1674 1713	6	O.1000	3	O.1049
1633 1673	6	C.1000	3	C.1053
1593 1632	6	C.1000	3	O.1056
1552 1592	6	O.1000	3	C.1061
1512 1551	6	O.1000	3	O.1065
1471 1511	6	C.1000	3	C.1070
1431 1470	6	O.1000	3	O.1075
1390 1430	6	C.1000	3	C.1081
1350 1389	7	C.0999	3	O.1086
1309 1349	7	C.1000	3	O.1093
1269 1308	7	C.1000	3	O.1099
1228 1268	7	C.1000	3	O.2006
1188 1227	7	O.1000	3	C.2014
1147 1187	7	C.1000	3	C.2022
1106 1146	7	C.1000	3	O.2030
1066 1105	7	O.1000	3	O.2040
1025 1065	7	C.1000	3	C.2049

985	1024	7	1011	0.100	0.226	3	1002	0.260	0.099
944	984	7	969	0.100	0.247	3	961	0.270	0.100
904	943	7	927	0.099	0.259	3	920	0.281	0.100
863	903	7	886	0.100	0.269	3	830	0.294	0.100
823	862	7	844	0.100	0.283	3	839	0.307	0.100
782	822	7	802	0.099	0.297	3	799	0.322	0.099
742	781	7	761	0.100	0.311	3	758	0.336	0.100
701	741	7	720	0.100	0.325	3	717	0.351	0.100
661	700	7	678	0.099	0.343	3	677	0.369	0.099
620	660	7	637	0.099	0.359	3	636	0.386	0.100
580	619	7	596	0.100	0.377	3	596	0.406	0.099
539	579	7	555	0.100	0.397	3	555	0.426	0.099
493	538	7	514	0.100	0.417	3	514	0.447	0.100
458	497	7	473	0.099	0.440	3	473	0.470	0.100
417	457	7	432	0.099	0.464	3	432	0.494	0.100
377	416	7	392	0.099	0.487	3	391	0.521	0.099
336	376	7	352	0.100	0.511	3	350	0.551	0.099
296	335	7	312	0.100	0.539	3	308	0.581	0.099
255	295	7	272	0.099	0.570	3	265	0.613	0.099
215	254	7	232	0.099	0.606	3	221	0.647	0.100

PC=J.0200	ALFA=C.100	H1=3.073	S=0.028883
PI=0.0400	BETA=C.100	H2=3.078	ASN=337

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 834	TRUE ALFA= C.0997
	TRUE BETA= C.0990

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
INTERVAL	ACCEPTANCE	BEST TRUNC	TRUE	TRUE
FRCM	RLLE M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA
799	833	1	0.0957	C.1000
765	798	1	0.0984	C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER	F C L D	A L F A	F C L D	B E T A		
INTERVAL	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC	ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC		
FRCM	M	PCINT	M	PCINT		
		TRUE ALFA		TRUE BETA		
730	2	764	1	730	0.102	C.1000
696	2	722	2	729	0.101	C.1000
661	2	674	2	694	0.106	C.1000
626	2	628	2	658	0.110	C.1000
592	2	625	2	622	0.116	C.1000
557	2	584	2	596	0.122	C.1000
522	2	541	2	551	0.130	C.1000
483	2	500	2	516	0.140	C.1000
453	2	459	2	480	0.151	C.1000
419	3	420	2	445	0.164	C.1000
384	4	418	2	410	0.180	C.1000
349	4	380	2	375	0.199	C.1000
315	4	342	2	341	0.223	C.0999
280	4	304	2	306	0.250	C.0999
246	4	267	2	271	0.282	C.1000
211	4	230	2	237	0.323	C.0998
176	4	193	2	202	0.369	C.0999
142	4	157	2	167	0.424	C.0999
107	4	122	2	132	0.482	C.0999

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.100	H1= 2.319	S=0.032817
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2= 2.319	ASN= 169

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 406	TRUE ALFA= C.0973
	TRUE BETA= C.0986

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
375	405	1		385	0.0938	0.0999			

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H O L D		B E T A		
INTERVAL		ACPT		BEST		ACPT		BEST		
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
345	375	1		355	0.1000	0.1000	1	350	0.1000	0.1000
315	344	1		344	0.0966	0.1033	1	324	0.1000	0.1000
284	314	1		307	0.0999	0.1077	1	292	0.1200	0.1000
254	283	1		265	0.0999	0.1119	1	261	0.1366	0.1000
224	253	1		227	0.1000	0.1137	1	230	0.1588	0.1000
193	223	1		223	0.0966	0.1455	1	199	0.1877	0.1000
163	192	1		150	0.1000	0.1677	1	168	0.2266	0.1000
132	162	1		154	0.0999	0.2144	1	138	0.2811	0.0999
102	131	1		120	0.0999	0.2755	1	107	0.3522	0.1000
71	101	1		87	0.0999	0.3260	1	77	0.4556	0.0988

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.927	S=0.036545
PI=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.927	ASN= 105

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 245	TRUE ALFA= C.0965
	TRUE BETA= C.0983

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	POINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
217	244	1		234	0.0923	0.0999			

SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H O L D		B E T A		
INTERVAL		ACPT		BEST		ACPT		BEST		
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
190	216	1		197	0.1000	0.1033	1	204	0.1044	0.1000
163	189	1		189	0.0964	0.1099	1	176	0.1233	0.1000
135	162	1		155	0.0999	0.1223	1	148	0.1522	0.0999
103	134	1		119	0.0999	0.1644	1	120	0.1955	0.0999
81	107	1		86	0.0999	0.2355	1	92	0.2611	0.0999
53	80	1		55	0.0988	0.3511	1	65	0.3666	0.0988

PC=0.0200	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.684	S=0.040125
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.684	ASN= 73

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 167	TRUE ALFA= 0.0954
	TRUE BETA= 0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
142	166	-UNDEF.	-	-UNDEF.	-	-UNDEF.	-	-UNDEF.	-

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC POINT
117	141	1		123	0.100	0.110	1		136
92	116	2		116	0.091	0.122	1		109
67	91	2		86	0.099	0.156	1		32
42	66	2		55	0.100	0.251	1		57

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.516	S=0.043587
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.516	ASN= 55

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 127	TRUE ALFA= 0.0938
	TRUE BETA= 0.0990

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
104	126	1		124	0.0921		0.0921		0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC POINT
81	103	1		87	0.099	0.115	1		98
58	80	2		80	0.088	0.134	1		74
35	57	2		54	0.098	0.189	1		51

PO=0.0200	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.392	S=0.046959
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.392	ASN= 43

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 94	TRUE ALFA= 0.0971
	TRUE BETA= 0.0979

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	BETA
73	93	1		91	0.0943		0.0943		0.0995

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		H O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC PCINT	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC POINT
51	72	1		55	0.099	0.128	1		68
30	50	2		50	0.085	0.171	1		46

PC=0.0200		ALFA=C.100		HI= 1.297		S=0.050253			
PI=0.1000		BETA=C.100		E2= 1.297		ASS= 35			
NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= E2				TRUE ALFA= C.0806					
				TRUE BETA= C.1000					
SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		A N D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACCEPTANCE		BEST TRUNC		TRUE		TRUE	
FRGM	IC	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
66	E5	=UNDEF.=		=UNDEF.=			=UNDEF.=		
SAMPLE NUMBER		F C L D		A L F A		H O L D		B E T A	
INTERVAL		ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE	ACPT	BEST	TRUE	TRUE
FRGM	IC	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA
		M	PCINT			M	POINT		
46	65	1	57	C.058	C.111	1	53	C.110	C.100
26	45	1	26	C.055	C.251	1	42	C.181	C.099

PO=0.025C ALFA=C.100 H1= 4.526 S=0.031934
 P1=0.0400 BETA=C.100 E2= 4.526 ASS= 662

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 1739 TRUE ALFA= C.0990
 TRUE BETA= C.0994

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L C	A L F A	A N D	B E T A
FROM	TO	ACCF RULE	BEST TRUNC FC INT	TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
1703	1738	2	1730	0.0980	C.1000
1677	1707	2	1695	0.0966	C.1000
1645	1676	1	1648	0.1000	C.0994
1517	1644	2	1625	0.0983	C.1000
1583	1613	2	1595	0.0992	C.1000

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L C	A L F A	F C L C	B E T A
FROM	TO	ACCF RULE	BEST TRUNC FC INT	ACCF RULE	BEST TRUNC POINT
1551	1582	2	1569	2	1562
1520	1550	2	1550	2	1529
1499	1519	2	1518	2	1496
1457	1488	2	1478	2	1464
1426	1456	2	1439	2	1432
1395	1425	2	1401	2	1399
1363	1394	2	1363	2	1367
1332	1362	4	1362	2	1335
1301	1331	4	1326	2	1303
1270	1300	4	1289	2	1271
1233	1269	4	1252	2	1239
1207	1237	4	1216	2	1207
1176	1206	4	1180	3	1206
1144	1175	4	1145	3	1175
1113	1143	5	1143	3	1143
1082	1112	5	1110	3	1112
1050	1081	5	1075	3	1080
1019	1049	5	1040	3	1049
988	1018	5	1005	3	1017
955	987	5	971	3	986
925	955	5	937	3	954
894	924	5	902	3	922
862	893	5	869	3	891
831	861	5	835	3	859
800	830	5	801	3	828
769	799	6	799	3	796
737	768	6	768	3	765
705	736	6	735	3	734
675	705	6	702	3	702
643	674	6	669	3	671
612	642	6	636	3	639
581	611	6	603	3	608
549	580	6	570	3	577
518	548	6	538	3	545
487	517	6	505	3	514
455	486	6	473	3	482
424	454	6	441	3	451
393	423	6	408	3	420
361	392	6	376	3	388
330	360	6	344	3	357
299	329	6	312	3	326
267	298	6	281	3	294
236	266	6	249	3	262
205	235	6	218	3	231
174	204	6	187	3	198
142	173	6	156	3	166

PG=0.0250	ALFA=C.100	H1= 3.055	S=0.038121
P1=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2= 3.055	ASN= 263

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 666	TRUE ALFA= C.0982
	TRUE BETA= C.0989

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT		
639	665	1	642	0.0950	0.0999
611	638	1	612	0.0976	0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	M				M			
583	610	2	610	0.0957	0.1000	1	583	0.1011	0.1000
556	582	2	579	0.1000	0.1000	2	582	0.1011	0.1000
528	555	2	540	0.1000	0.1003	2	554	0.1050	0.1000
500	527	2	503	0.1000	0.1006	2	525	0.1090	0.1000
473	499	2	499	0.0998	0.1008	2	496	0.1114	0.1000
445	472	2	468	0.1000	0.1111	2	468	0.1211	0.1000
417	444	2	433	0.0999	0.1118	2	440	0.1290	0.1000
390	416	2	400	0.0999	0.1127	2	412	0.1390	0.1000
362	389	2	368	0.1000	0.1138	2	384	0.1500	0.1000
334	361	2	336	0.1000	0.1152	2	356	0.1630	0.1000
307	333	2	333	0.0997	0.1157	2	328	0.1790	0.0999
279	306	2	305	0.1000	0.1169	2	300	0.1980	0.1000
251	278	2	274	0.1000	0.1191	2	272	0.2200	0.1000
224	250	2	243	0.0999	0.1220	2	244	0.2470	0.1000
196	223	2	213	0.0998	0.1253	2	217	0.2820	0.0999
168	195	2	184	0.0999	0.1289	2	189	0.3200	0.0999
140	167	2	155	0.1000	0.1335	2	161	0.3660	0.0999
113	139	2	126	0.0999	0.1391	2	133	0.4210	0.1000
85	112	2	97	0.0997	0.1462	2	106	0.4940	0.0997

P0=0.0250	ALFA=C.100	H1= 2.409	S=0.040084
P1=0.0600	BETA=C.100	H2= 2.409	ASN= 150

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 360	TRUE ALFA= C.0981
	TRUE BETA= C.0985

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE	A L F A BEST TRUNC	A N D TRUE ALFA	B E T A TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	RULE M	PCINT		
335	359	1	344	0.0942	0.0999
310	334	1	317	0.0999	0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	A L F A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA	F C L D ACPT RULE	BEST TRUNC PCINT	B E T A TRUE ALFA	TRUE BETA
FROM	TO	M				M			
285	309	1	309	0.0996	0.1002	1	291	0.1008	0.1000
260	284	1	278	0.1000	0.1005	1	265	0.1118	0.1000
235	259	1	244	0.1000	0.1115	1	240	0.1320	0.0999
210	234	1	212	0.1000	0.1151	1	214	0.1490	0.1000
185	209	1	209	0.0996	0.1137	1	189	0.1730	0.0999
160	184	1	181	0.0999	0.1167	1	164	0.2005	0.0999
135	159	1	152	0.0999	0.1191	1	139	0.2400	0.0999
110	134	1	124	0.0999	0.1238	1	114	0.3040	0.0999
86	109	1	96	0.0997	0.1307	1	89	0.3780	0.0997
61	85	1	70	0.0999	0.1387	1	64	0.4770	0.0997

PO=0.0250	ALFA=C.100	H1= 2.040	S=0.043333
PI=0.0700	BETA=C.100	H2= 2.040	ASD= 99

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 229	TRUE ALFA= C.0985
	TRUE BETA= C.0975

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE RULE		A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT		A N D TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO		M						
207	228		1		216		0.0932		0.0998

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA		F C L D ACPT RULE		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO		M										
184	206		1		187	0.099	0.103		1		193	0.104	0.100
161	183		2		183	0.096	0.106		1		169	0.118	0.100
138	160		2		154	0.100	0.117		1		146	0.140	0.100
115	137		2		123	0.098	0.148		1		123	0.173	0.100
93	114		2		95	0.097	0.200		1		100	0.220	0.100
70	92		3		92	0.090	0.220		1		78	0.294	0.098
47	69		3		69	0.098	0.278		1		55	0.396	0.098

PO=0.0250	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.799	S=0.047546
PI=0.0800	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.799	ASD= 71

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 165	TRUE ALFA= C.0966
	TRUE BETA= C.0954

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE RULE		A L F A BEST TRUNC POINT		A N D TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO		M						
144	164		1		162		0.0952		0.0999

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT RULE		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA		F C L D ACPT RULE		A L F A TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO		M										
122	143		1		127	0.095	0.107		1		137	0.109	0.100
101	121		2		121	0.092	0.115		1		114	0.132	0.100
80	100		2		96	0.095	0.134		1		92	0.171	0.099
59	79		2		69	0.100	0.193		1		70	0.232	0.099
38	58		2		44	0.099	0.305		1		49	0.336	0.099

PC=0.0250	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.628	S=0.051109
PI=0.0500	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.628	ASN= 54

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 130	TRUE ALFA= C.0510
	TRUE BETA= C.0590

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
111	129	1		127	C.0894				0.0597

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		F O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC
91	110	1		99	0.055	C.105	1		105
71	90	2		90	C.086	C.120	1		84
52	70	2		69	0.099	C.142	1		64
32	51	2		43	0.056	C.244	1		44

PC=0.0250	ALFA=C.100	H1= 1.498	S=0.054587
PI=0.1000	BETA=C.100	H2= 1.498	ASN= 43

NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT= 101	TRUE ALFA= C.0530
	TRUE BETA= C.0568

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACCEPTANCE		A L F A BEST TRUNC		A N D TRUE ALFA		B E T A TRUE BETA	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	PCINT	ALFA	BETA	ALFA	BETA	
83	100	1		95	0.0883				0.0595

SAMPLE NUMBER INTERVAL		F C L D ACPT		A L F A TRUE		F O L D ACPT		B E T A TRUE	
FROM	TO	RULE	M	TRUNC	ALFA	BETA	RULE	M	TRUNC
65	82	1		70	C.100	0.111	1		77
46	64	2		64	0.087	C.121	1		58
28	45	2		43	0.057	C.187	1		40

COMPUTER PROGRAM

MAIN

DATE = 80233

17/04/10

```

IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
INTEGER*2 NREJCT(200)
EXTERNAL BINCM1
DIMENSION MACCPT(200),MREJCT(200)
COMMON/A/PRCE(200,2),P,C,LAST,NEW,MAGIC,IP,INCALL /B/PMATRIX(2,200,
115),IX
ZERC = 0.000000000000000100
NATURL=-1
WRITE(6,600)
10  REAL(5,20) ALFA, BETA, PCNE, PTWC, P
20  FORMAT(5F10.4)
    IF(ALFA.LT.C) STOP
    IF(IP.EQ.PCNE) IF=1
    C=1.000-F
    INCACC=0
    IF(IP.EQ.PTWC) GO TO 135
    PSTOP = 1.000-ALFA
100  DENCM = DLGCGIC(PTWC*(1.000-PCNE)/(PCNE*(1.000-PTWC)))
    H1 = (DLGCGIC((1.000-ALFA)/BETA))/DENCM
    F2 = (DLGCGIC((1.000-BETA)/ALFA))/DENCM
    S = DLGCGIC((1.000-PCNE)/(1.000-PTWC))/DENCM
    IASN = (H1+F2)/(S*(1.000-S))
110  WRITE(6,110)
    FORMAT('C',/)
    WRITE(6,112)
112  FORMAT(' ',15X,' ----- ',13X,' -----
114  WRITE(6,114) PCNE, ALFA, H1, S
    FORMAT(' ',14X,' | PO=',F6.4,1X,' | ALFA=',F5.3,1X,' | ',11X,' | H1=',F
16.3,1X,' | S=',F8.6,' | ')
    WRITE(6,116) PTWC, BETA, F2, IASN
116  FORMAT(' ',14X,' | PTWC=',F6.4,1X,' | BETA=',F5.3,1X,' | ',11X,' | F2=',F
16.3,1X,' | IASN=',F4.1X,' | ')
    WRITE(6,118)
118  FORMAT(' +',15X,' ----- ',13X,' -----
119  )
HCCPS=F1+F2
IF(HCCPS.LT.15.000) GO TO 140
130  WRITE(6,130)
    FORMAT('C', 'THE SIZE OF MATRIX PMATRIX IS NOT SUFFICIENT. CASE OMIT
131  TEC.')
    REAL(5,20) ALFA, BETA, PCNE, PTWC, P
    READ(5,655) ISKIP
    GO TO 10
135  IP=2
140  MACCPT = 0.000
    LAST = 1
    NEW = 2
    MAGIC = 1
    DO 170 J = 1,2
    DO 160 I = 1,200
    PRCB(I,J) = -1.000
160  CONTINUE
170  CONTINUE
C
C
C
C
200  BUILT ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION ARRAYS
    N = 0
    LIMIT = 3 * IASN
    DO 210 I = 1,200
    X = (N+H1)/S
    MACCPT(I) = X
    CIFF = X-MACCPT(I)
    IF(CIFF.GT.ZERC) MACCPT(I) = MACCPT(I) + 1
    MA = MACCPT(I)
    IF(MA.LT.LIMIT) GO TO 250
    N = N + 1
    CONTINUE
210  WRITE(6,215)
215  FORMAT('C', 'ARRAY LENGTH OF MACCPT EXCEEDED. CASE OMITTED.')
    REAL(5,20) ALFA, BETA, PCNE, PTWC, P
    GO TO 10
250  N = H2 + 1.0
    
```

```

DIFF = H2 - N + 1.0
IF(DIFF.GT.ZERO) N = N+1
LC 260 I = 1,200
MREJCT(1) = N
X = (N - 1.000 - H2)/S
MREJCT(1) = X + 1.0
MR = MREJCT(1)
IF(MR.GT.LIMIT) GC TO 295
N = N+1
260 CONTINUE
295 IC = 0
IX = 0
IA = MREJCT(1)
IE = MREJCT(1)
IF(IA.GT.IE) GC TO 314
C
C
C FROM ZERO TO H2
300 IC = IC + 1
NSTOP = MREJCT(1) - 1
MNEW = MREJCT(1) - 1
CC 310 I = 1, NSTOP
MNEW = I - 1
PRCB(I,1) = EINCMI(MNEW,MNEW,P,G)
310 CONTINUE
GC TO 320
C
C
C FROM ZERO TO AC
314 IX = IX + 1
NSTOP = MREJCT(1) - 1
MNEW = MREJCT(1)
CC 318 I = 2, NSTOP
MNEW = I - 1
PRCB(I,1) = EINCMI(MNEW,MNEW,P,G)
PMATRX(IP,IX,MNEW)=PRCB(I,1)
318 CONTINUE
PACCP = BINCM(MNEW,C,P,G)
PMATRX(IP,IX,15)=PACCP
GC TO 375
C
C
C FROM R TO R
320 MLCMP = MACCP(1)
IC = IC + 1
M = MREJCT(IC)
IF(M.GT.MLCMP) GC TO 350
NSTART = 0
NSTOP = MREJCT(IC) - 2
MIN = 0
MAX = 0
MARK = 1
MLD = MNEW
MNEW = MREJCT(IC) - 1
CALL GC (NSTART,NSTOP,MIN,MAX,MARK,MNEW,MLD)
GC TO 320
C
C
C FROM R TO A
350 IC = IC - 1
351 IX = IX + 1
NSTART=IX
NSTOP = MREJCT(IC) - 1
MIN=IX-1
MAX = NSTART
MARK = 1
INEACC=1
MLD = MNEW
MNEW = PACCP(IX)
CALL GC (NSTART,NSTOP,MIN,MAX,MARK,MNEW,MLD)
ACCP = PRCE(MIN,NEW) + BINCM(MNEW-MLD,C,P,G)
PACCP = PACCP + ACCP
PMATRX(IP,IX,15)=PACCP

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```

IF (PACPT.L1.PSTOP) GO TO 35E
NATURL=MACCPT(IX)
GC TO 10
350 IF (MACCPT(IX).EQ.NATURL) GO TO 400
INACC=0
C
C
C
375 ID = ID + 1
NSTART=IX
NSTCP = NREJCT(ID) - 2
MIN = NSTART
MAX = NSTART
MARK = (-1)
MNEW = MNEW
MNEW = NREJCT(ID) - 1
CALL GC (NSTART,NSTCP,MIN,MAX,MARK,MNEW,MCLD)
GC TO 351
C
C
C
NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT
400 WRITE(6,405)
405 FORMAT(' ',15X,'-----')
1
PTRLEA=1.000-PMATRIX(1,IX,15)
WRITE(6,406) NATURL, PTRLEA
406 FORMAT(' ',14X,'NATURAL TRUNCATION POINT=',15,5X,'TRUE ALFA=',F7.
14,3X,'|')
PTRLEB=PMATRIX(2,IX,15)
WRITE(6,407) PTRLEB
407 FORMAT(' ',14X,'|',39X,'TRUE BETA=',F7.4,3X,'|')
408 WRITE(6,408)
408 FORMAT(' ',15X,'-----')
1
410 IX=IX-1
IIII=0
TRLEAA=1.0
TRLEAB=1.0
IWATCH=C
IF (IX.EQ.C) GO TO 650
GC TO 570
418 WRITE(6,408)
WRITE(6,405)
WRITE(6,420)
420 FORMAT(' ',14X,'|SAMPLE NUMBER| HOLD ALFA | HOLD
1BETA|')
422 WRITE(6,422)
422 FORMAT(' ',14X,'| INTERVAL |ACPT|BEST | |ACPT|BEST |
1|')
424 WRITE(6,424)
424 FORMAT(' ',14X,'| |RLE|TRUNC| TRLE| TRCE|KULE|TRUNC|
1TRLE|TRCE|')
426 WRITE(6,426)
426 FORMAT(' ',14X,'| FROM | TO | M |POINT| ALFA| BETA| M |POINT|
1ALFA| BETA|')
WRITE(6,408)
GC TO 598
C
C
C
HOLD ALFA
500 IX=IX-1
IIII=IIII+1
IF (IX.EQ.C) GO TO 650
TCIALP=PMATRIX(1,IX,15)
GC 510 I=1,14
MALFA=1
TCIALP=TCIALP+PMATRIX(1,IX,I)
IF (TCIALP.EQ.PSTOP) GO TO 520
CONTINUE
510 IF (MALFA.GT.1) GO TO 550
520 INCREM=(DLOG(DLOG(PSTOP-PMATRIX(1,IX,15))-DLOG(PMATRIX(1,IX,1))))/DLOG
1(1.000-PLNE)
NCPTS=MACCPT(IX)+INCREM

```

```

TRUEAA=1.0CC-TRUE(1,1,PCNE,INCREM)
TRUEAB=TRUE(2,1,PTWC,INCFEM)
GC TC 57C
550 MLEFT=MACCFT(IX)
MRIGHT=MACCFT(IX+1)
553 MIDDLE=(MLEFT+MRIGHT)*C.5
TOTAL=TRUE(1,MALFA,PCNE,MIDDLE-MACCFT(IX))
IF(MIDDLE.EC.MLEFT) GC TC 56C
IF(TOTAL.EC.FSTOP) MLEFT=MIDDLE
IF(TOTAL.LT.FSTOP) MRIGHT=MIDDLE
GC TC 553
560 TRUEAA=1.0CC-TOTAL
NCPTS=MIDDLE
TRUEAB=TRUE(2,MALFA,PTWC,MIDDLE-MACCFT(IX))
C
C
C
C
570 TOTALP=FMATRIX(2,IX+1,15)
IHCLCA=0
IFCLCB=2
IF(TOTALP.LT.BETA) GO TO 577
571 WRITE(6,405)
WRITE(6,572)
WRITE(6,573)
WRITE(6,574)
WRITE(6,408)
IRIGHT=MACCFT(IX+1)-1
WRITE(6,575) MACCFT(IX), IRIGHT
575 FORMAT(' ',14X,' ',15,1X,' | ',15,1X,' | -UNDEF.- | -UNDEF.- | -UNDE
IF.- | -UNDEF.- | ')
IWATCH=1
GC TC 50C
577 CC 580 I=1,14
MBETA=1
TOTALP=TOTALP+FMATRIX(2,IX+1,1)
IF(TOTALP.GT.BETA) GC TC 585
580 CONTINUE
585 IF(MBETA.GT.1) GC TO 59C
INCREM=1.C+((DLOG10(BETA-FMATRIX(2,IX,15))-DLOG10(PMATRIX(2,IX,1)))
1/DLOG10(1.CCC-PTWC))
NCPTSS=MACCFT(IX)+INCREM
IF(NOPTSS.EC.NATURL) GC TO 571
TRUEEA=1.0CC-TRUE(1,1,PCNE,INCREM)
TRUEEB=TRUE(2,1,PTWC,INCFEM)
GC TO 556
590 MLEFT=MACCFT(IX)-1
MRIGHT=MACCFT(IX+1)-1
593 MIDDLE=(MLEFT+MRIGHT+1)*C.5
TOTAL=TRUE(2,MEETA,PTWC,MIDDLE-MACCFT(IX))
IF(MIDDLE.EC.MRIGHT) GC TO 555
IF(TOTAL.GT.BETA) MLEFT=MIDDLE
IF(TOTAL.LE.BETA) MRIGHT=MIDDLE
GC TC 593
595 TRUEBB=TOTAL
NOPTSS=MIDDLE
TRUEEA=1.0CC-TRUE(1,MEETA,PCNE,MIDDLE-MACCFT(IX))
596 IF(TRUEAA.LE.ALFA.AND.TRUEAB.LE.BETA) IHCLCA=1
IF(TRUEEA.LE.ALFA.AND.TRUEEB.LE.BETA) IHCLCB=1
IF(IHCLCA.EC.1.CR.IHCLCB.EC.1) GC TO 700
IF(IWATCH.EC.1) GC TO 418
598 IWATCH=0
C
C
C
C
OUTPUT AND RETURN
600 IRIGHT=MACCFT(IX+1)-1
WRITE(6,605) MACCFT(IX), IRIGHT, MALFA, NCPTS, TRUEAA, TRUE
605 LAE, MBETA, NCPTSS, TRUEEA, TRUEEB
FORMAT(' ',14X,' ',15,1X,' | ',15,1X,' | ',13,1X,' | ',14,1X,' | ',F5.3,' |
1, F5.3,' | ',13,1X,' | ',14,1X,' | ',F5.3,' | ',F5.3,' | ')
IF(IIII.LE.50) GC TO 500
WRITE(6,600)
WRITE(6,110)
IIII=-20

```

```

650  GO TO 500
      WRITE(6,40E)
      READ(5,255) ISKIP
655  FORMAT(11)
      IF(ISKIP.EQ.1) WRITE(6,66C)
660  FORMAT('1')
      GO TO 10
C
C      HOLD ALFA AND BETA
C
700  IF(IWATCH.EQ.1) GO TO 710
      WRITE(6,40E)
      WRITE(6,572)
      WRITE(6,573)
      WRITE(6,574)
      WRITE(6,574)
      WRITE(6,40E)
572  FORMAT(' ',14X,'|SAMPLE NUMEER|   H O L D   A L F A   A N D
1 B E T A   |')
573  FORMAT(' ',14X,'|   INTERVAL |ACCEPTANCE|BEST TRUNC|   TRUE |
1   TRUE   |')
574  FORMAT(' ',14X,'| FROM | TO | RULE M | FCINT |   ALFA |
1   BETA   |')
710  WATCH=1
      IRIGHT=MACCPT(IX+1)-1
      IF(1.FCLLA.NE.1.FCLER) GO TO 720
      IF(NCPTSS.GE.NCPTS) WRITE(6,740) MACCPT(IX), IRIGHT, MALFA , NCPTS
1, TRUEAA, TRUEAB
      IF(NCPTSS.LT.NCPTS) WRITE(6,740) MACCPT(IX), IRIGHT, MBETA, NCPTSS
1, TRUEBA, TRUEBB
740  FORMAT(' ',14X,'|',I5,1X,'|',I5,1X,'|',I6,4X,'|',I8,2X,'|',F9.4,2X
1, ' ',F9.4,2X,'|')
      GO TO 500
720  IF(1.FCLLA.EQ.C) GO TO 730
      WRITE(6,740) MACCPT(IX), IRIGHT, MALFA, NCPTS, TRUEAA, TRUEAB
      GO TO 500
730  WRITE(6,740) MACCPT(IX), IRIGHT, MBETA, NCPTSS, TRUEBA, TRUEBB
      GO TO 500
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE CC (NSTART,NSTCP,MIN,MAX,MARK,MNEW,NCLD)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,C-Z)
EXTERNAL BINOMI
COMMON/A/PRCB(200,2),P,C,LAST,NEW,MAGIC,IP,INDACC /3/PMATRIX(2,200,
15),IX
NSTART = NSTART + 1
NSTCP = NSTCP + 1
MIN = MIN + 1
MAX = MAX + 1
MDIFF = MNEW - NCLD
CC 820 NNEW = NSTART,NSTCP
SUM = C.CCC
IF(MARK.EC.1.AND.MAX.EC.NSTCP) MAX = MAX - 1
CC 810 NCLD = MIN,MAX
SUM = SUM + PRCB(NCLD, LAST) * BINOMI(MDIFF, NNEW-NCLD, P, C)
810 CONTINUE
PRCB(NNEW, NEW) = SUM
MAX = MAX + 1
820 CONTINUE
IF(INDACC.NE.1) GO TO 850
IFCINT=0
CC 830 NNEW=NSTART,NSTCP
IFCINT=IFCINT+1
PMATRIX(IP, IX, IFCINT)=PRCB(NNEW, NEW)
830 CONTINUE
850 NEW=NEW-MAGIC
LAST = LAST + MAGIC
MAGIC = MAGIC * (-1)
RETURN
END

```


BINOMI

DATE = 8023

17/04/19

```
900 DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION BINOMI (N,K,P,C)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
      RATIO = P/L
      IF(N.LT.K) GO TO 920
      BINOMI = C**N
      IF(K.LE.C) GO TO 930
      DO 910 L = 1,K
      BINOMI = BINOMI * RATIO * (N-L+1) / L
910 CONTINUE
      GO TO 930
920 BINOMI = C.CDC
930 RETURN
      END
```

TRCE

DATE = 8023

17/04/19

```
DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION TRCE(IP,INCLUDE,P,INCRM)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
      COMMON/D/FMATEX(2,200,15),IX
      TRCE=FMATEX(1F,IX,15)
      DO 560 I=1,INCLUDE
      ALL=C.O
      DO 950 J=1,I
      ALL=ALL+FMATEX(IP,IX,J)*BINOMI(INCRM,I-J,P,1.OLO-P)
950 CONTINUE
      TRCE=TRCE+ALL
960 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

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