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## THESIS

A PROTOTYPE MODEL FOR AUTOMATING NURSING DIAGNOSIS, NURSE CARE PLANNING AND PATIENT CLASSIFICATION

by

Gary R. Harmeyer

March 1986

Thesis Advisor: Co-Advisor: N. R. Lyons Tung Bui

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A Prototype Model for Automating Nursing Diagnosis, Nurse Care Planning and Patient Classification

by

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Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN INFORMATION SYSTEMS

from the

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL

#### ABSTRACT

This project serves as a prototype of an automated nursing care system. The project contains three main components: nursing diagnosis, nursing care plans, and patient classification. The objective of this project is to marry the above three nursing elements into a single integrated system.

The program requires validation for access and patient admission capability. Doctor's orders and nurse's orders comprise major inputs for determining the elements of patient care. Patient care functions carry weighted qualifiers which input to calculate the patient classification.

The project uses dBase III to manage the database functions and Exsys to calculate patient classification.

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

The appropriate time to assess the nurse's automation needs is when a hospital-wide system is being proposed. The Navy Nurse Corps is currently in this unique position. A Mission Element Needs Statement proposed the creation of the Composite Health Care System in 1979. A formal Request For Proposal allowed vendors to bid for the implementation of the system in 1985. The Composite Health Care System calls for a phased implementation process with phase one scheduled to begin in 1986. Inpatient activities, including the areas addressed in this project, occur in phase two. The Navy Nurse Corps faces a system implementation imminently. Timing dictates that the Nurse Corps seek prototypes of automated systems that best serve its needs.

This project serves as a prototype of an automated nursing care system. The project contains three main components: nursing diagnosis, nursing care plans, and patient classification. The objective of this project is to marry the above three nursing elements into a single integrated system. Meeting the objective necessitates the inclusion of the doctor's orders. The doctor's orders, in combination with the nurses's orders, reflect the independent, dependent and interdependent activities of

nursing. The combined orders serve as the foundation for the nursing care plan and the patient classification system. Departmental interfaces demand inclusion in the design of any nursing care software package.

To provide a realistic setting, the program requires validation for access and patient admission capability. The validation for entry is a necessity to safeguard patient information from unauthorized access and invasion of privacy. Patient admission capability allows for identifying and testing different patient scenarios.

This prototype project gives a partial operational solution to the planning model proposed by Rieder and Norton in "An Integrated Nursing Information System - A Planning Model." Reider and Norton state,

the processing step of classifying patients could be fully automated. The computer could process patient information and determine each patient's acuity category from the Critical Indicator parameters stored within the system. As orders and plans of care change, the computer also will update each patient's acuity category and display the results on demand. [1:78]

This program plans to show one way of automating the patient classification system using nursing diagnosis and patient care plans.

#### II. PROJECT INITIATION ACTIVITIES AND BACKGROUND

This software project follows the outline presented by Pressman [2] and found in the GSA Office of Software Development publication "Establishing A Software Engineering Technology (SET)." In this publication, the Federal Software Testing Center describes SET as:

Software engineering is sometimes referred to as the discipline that brings order to the software development process. [3:3]

This software development effort concentrates on the first three of six software life cycle stages outlined by SET. These steps are requirement definition and analysis, design, and programming. The final three stages of validation, operation and review remain for a follow-on project.

#### A. SCOPE

This software product limits its application to an inhospital medical-surgical environment. The emphasis is on automating the nursing care plan activities driven by nursing diagnosis. The patient classification system uses an expert system for automation. Automating the nursing care plan activity holds potential for improving documentation, resulting in better patient care. Automating the patient classification system provides for consistency and accuracy in assigning points for all

patient care parameters. This provides for easy, rapid classification of patients giving the decision makers necessary and timely information to make effective staffing assignments.

#### B. COMPUTER/COMPUTING CONSTRAINTS

#### 1. Hardware

The computer hardware chosen for this project is the IBM-PC or IBM-compatible machine. Nurse Corps Officers testing the prototype model operate available Zenith-150 microcomputers located within the nursing service departments. These microcomputers are configured with two floppy disk drives. The capacity of floppy disks to hold data delineates the maximum size of the project.

#### 2. Software

This project uses off-the-shelf software. However, no current product on the market provides for both the automation of a nursing care plan and for patient classification. A versatile, multipurpose programming software package adaptable to the project design provides the means to integrate the nursing activities.

#### 3. Intended User

Navy Nurse Corps functions are currently not highly automated. It is a goal of the software product development to make the system user-friendly and understandable even to the novice nurse. The system designed is for use as a tool for the professional nurse.

Stringent programming measures reduce the understanding required of the inner workings of a computer.

#### C. DEFINITIONS

#### 1. The Nursing Care Plan

The nurse is a manager of time, energy and resources. Conscientious planning occurs throughout the many levels of a nurse's job. The nursing care plan is at the heart of what a nurse should get accomplished for a patient. The nursing care plan allows the nurse to approach each patient with a documented plan of action. The care plan needs to contain sufficient information on the patient to make it pertinent without making it lengthy and unwieldy.

Currently, the writing of nursing care plans is not a popular activity. [4-6] Nurses agree that patient care planning is necessary. They disagree on how best to implement the documentation of nursing care plans. Education and practice direct nurses to prioritize energies on administering patient care. This is an admirable goal to strive toward, but one often infringed upon by non-patient care requirements. Animosity exists between the need to provide the necessary nursing care and the time spent documenting the care. Manual documentation currently eats up 40 per cent of a nurse's time. [7:26]

Various approaches to encourage, enable and persuade nurses to complete nursing care plans have been

The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals tried. (JCAH) requires a documented plan of care for every patient. [8:98] Texts have been published to inform nurses about suggested care planning methods. [9-10] Manu hospitals establish nursing committees to provide standardized care plans. Standardized care plans attempt to save nurses the time and energy necessary to develop original care plans. They still allow individualization of plans, These attempts to simplify care plan writing activities have not succeeded. What often results is a nursing care plan written precursory to assessing the true needs of the patient. The plan rapidly outdates itself. Plans frequently need updating. The care plans lack consistency from one practitioner to another. Patient care plans written to meet JCAH requirements, fall short of matching the spirit behind them.

A possible solution to the above care planning dilemma is beginning to appear in nursing literature. In many instances that solution is a successfully implemented automated nursing system. [11-12] Where a successful automated system exists, more nurses actively develop care plans for their patients. Nurses perceive the automated plans as helpful and pertinent to the care delivered. The speed and ease of entering care plans pays dividends of better nursing care documentation. Their timely output encourages active use of the plans.

#### 2. The Nursing Diagnosis

One accepted method for formulating a nursing care plan commences with a nursing diagnosis. A nursing diagnosis, as stated by Carpenito, is:

a statement that describes a health state or an actual or potential alteration in one's life processes (physiological, psychological, sociocultural, developmental, and spiritual). The nurse uses the nursing process to identify and synthesize clinical data and to order nursing interventions to reduce, eliminate, or prevent (health promotion) health alterations which are in the legal and educational domain of nursing. [13:4]

Automation was one of the catalysts behind the First National Conference on Classification of Nursing Diagnoses. Since the first conference, 52 of the most pertinent nursing diagnoses (through the Sixth National Conference of the North America Nursing Diagnosis Association], have been identified. Nursing diagnoses, along with delineating the etiology and interventions appropriate to each, has produced a national effort aimed at unifying activities in nursing. [14:xi] The nursing diagnosis approach has received broad support from the nursing community. The nursing diagnosis drives this computer project.

Numerous texts provide sample or generic statements initiated by nursing diagnosis. Many hospitals interested in implementing automated nursing care planning use standard texted plans. This program extracts examples from Doenges [15] and Crosley [16].

A nursing diagnosis is multileveled. A nursing diagnosis can be any one of the 52 approved nursing diagnoses. Each diagnosis has an assessment level. Assessment levels are defining characteristics observed by the nurse or subjectively stated by the patient. The nurse's observation or the patient's statement is relational to some etiology or underlying cause. The underlying cause statement helps the nurse evaluate realistic goals for the patient to achieve. Goal setting is the fourth level of nursing diagnosis. The final level is selecting nursing actions or nurse's orders directed toward achieving the stated goal.

#### 3. Patient Classification

Patient classification is:

the grouping of patients according to an assessment of their nursing care requirements over a specified period of time. [17:8]

A valid patient classification tool enables proper staffing evaluation. This program will adopt the Navy Nurse Corps' Workload Management System for Nursing. This method of classifying patients exists in all inpatient Navy facilities. The Nurse Corps has established solid criteria-based critical indicators which this program will exploit for deriving a classification level. The classification level equates an amount of nursing time required to give patient care.

The Navy Nurse Corps is ahead of its civilian counterparts in its use of a sophisticated tool to measure patient classification level. The use of the Workload Management System worldwide has given the Nurse Corps excellent data to improve its system. The continual drawback that many manual tools have, including this one, is subjectivity and inconsistency across users. With inservice training and auditing, the Nurse Corps attempts to keep the reliability of its model high. Automating such an activity would enhance consistency and accuracy.

#### 4. Expert System

This program will introduce an expert system limited to the patient classification documentation. Ryan defines an expert system as a system capable of operating with a large knowledge database, processing information on expert level. She continues with

benefits of expert systems are that they can capture, replicate, and distribute expertise. [18:77] As a large standardized nursing knowledge database accumulates, the application of expert systems will increase in importance.

For this project, patient classification adapts well to an expert system approach. The critical indicators and their associated value can easily fit the if-then format of most expert systems. The expert system will extract from a patient's orders the applicable critical indicator values and calculate a classification level.

#### III. REQUIREMENTS DEFINITION AND ANALYSIS STAGE

The first stage of software development is the requirements definition and analysis stage. This stage defines the purpose of the system and examines the different components that ultimately make the whole. The prototype system provides the nurse with a tool to assist in the documentation of the nursing care plan and calculation of a patient classification level.

#### A. PATIENT ADMISSIONS

Nurses cannot exercise their skills without patients. The ability to bring patients into the system (admission), and have them exit the system (discharge) provides a realistic situation. The varying population number necessitates an expandable capacity for holding patient information.

#### B. NURSING CARE PLAN AND PATIENT ORDERS

A patient occupies a specific bed in a numbered room located on one of several nursing wards. After the patient arrives on the ward, doctors write orders. The nurse interviews the patient and develops a nursing care plan. The care plan consists of one or more nursing diagnoses. Each nursing diagnosis has one or more assessments, related factors, patient goals and nursing orders. The initial

doctor's and nurse's orders comprise the patient care requirements. The patient care requirements determine the patient classification level.

The orders determine the patient care requirements. Both doctor's and nurse's orders dictate nursing care activities. The calculation of a patient classification hinges on the analysis of the patient orders for relevant critical indicators.

A patient order consists of the date, the time, the order, the frequency of the order, and the practitioner initiating the order. Date and time dependency is critical for patient orders. An order's date and time determines whether the order is current or due for deletion. The order date is also important for patient classification determination. Patient orders prescribed for a specific number or repetitions (i.e. x 3 or x 12) are nonrecurring orders. Nonrecurring orders input to patient classification calculation only on the date they were issued.

The purpose of the critical indicators is to easily translate patient orders to a patient classification level in a manual system. Only those orders that closely parallel the critical indicators in the Nurse Corps' Workload Management System for Nursing need consideration.

A need exists for the user to identify a patient then move on to select patient orders. The indexing of orders to allow for logical progression aids the process.

Individual orders will need to be linked to a relevant critical indicator. Many critical indicators are time or frequency dependent. The program should tie these factors together. Patients frequently require several doctor's orders from the same section. The program would need to accommodate for some type of looping to handle multiple order entry for a single subcategory.

The practitioner is a doctor or a nurse qualified to enter patient orders. The program should have an internal check to assure that a practitioner has limited ordering access pertinent to their qualifications.

The patient's condition is dynamic. The program will need to provide an easy method to modify changes. Nursing care plans vary in length and content. Some patients have multiple nursing diagnoses, while others have only one. The program would have to accommodate for these variations.

Some method would need to be available for communicating modifications to staff members. This communication process is best if the output is in a printed format. Printed output allows for the information transmittal to staff members even when away from the computer location.

A number of nursing diagnoses in the system is desirable. Patient needs cannot be anticipated. A variety of diagnoses allows for specific selection. Because a nursing diagnosis requires documentation of assessments, related factors, goals and nurses' orders, these functions require inclusion.

#### C. TRACKING USERS AND PROGRAM SAFEGUARDS

Some input information should distinguish for the system that the current user is either a doctor or a nurse. A doctor will want to choose a ward for patient admission, identify the patient and select orders. A nurse will want to select a ward and patient but then either select a nursing diagnosis or calculate a patient classification. The doctor/nurse functions, although related by patient selection are different in nature. When users enter the system the program should identify whether they are doctors or nurses, and direct their attention to the appropriate branch of the program.

The program selectively allows access to program information to eliminate unauthorized access. The program contains hypothetical patient information. Nevertheless, addressing the privacy of sensitive patient information is relevant even in a prototype setting. Safeguards built into the system reduce the chance of successful unauthorized entry.

### D. USING AN EXPERT SYSTEM FOR DETERMINING PATIENT CLASSIFICATION LEVEL

A self-imposed requirement of the system is to use an expert system to determine the patient classification level. This expert system should interpret the patient order as to which critical indicator applies and the frequency of its performance. The expert system then translates that information into patient care points which then calculates a patient classification level.

The use of an expert system would allow a user the option of reviewing rules used in calculating the patient classification. The patient classification tool is continually evolving. By monitoring rules and their underlying critical indicators, the user gets a visual output of the points and how they were derived.

#### IV. DESIGN STAGE

The design stage attempts to answer how the system will accomplish the requirements outlined in the requirements definition and analysis stage.

#### A. PATIENT ADMISSION CRITERIA

The need analysis pointed out the requirement for handling varying numbers of patients with set criteria on each patient. Two options to meet this requirement are an automated file system or a database system. Generalized patient data that would need to be included are: patient's first, middle and last names; their rate or rank; their family member prefix concatenated with their social security number giving a unique identifier; birthdate; age; sex; admission date; hospital registration number; medical diagnosis; physician; prognosis; allergies; as well as their nursing ward, room and bed assignments. [See Appendix A, Data Dictionary; Appendix B, Structure Chart; and Appendix C, User's Manual for additional information.]

#### B. NURSING CARE PLAN

A representative four of the 52 approved nursing diagnoses were selected due to the floppy disk capacity constraint. To some degree, every patient experiences selfcare deficit when admitted to the hospital. Other diagnoses

are more applicable to some specific area in nursing. The three other nursing diagnoses reflect diagnoses frequently seen in a military hospital setting. These diagnoses are: comfort, alteration in: pain; communication, impaired: verbal; and impaired physical mobility.

Critical indicators that fall under the independent and interdependent roles of nursing need to be identified. After identification, these indicators require incorporation into the nursing order screens for selection. These critical indicators need to be back-chained to one of the four nursing diagnoses, to provide for their selection.

The critical indicators on the Patient Classification Critical Indicators [19:10] list that were identified as independent or interdependent nursing functions were: all activities of daily living except turning frame; spoon feeding adult and children patients; accompany patient off ward, other activities requiring nurse's time and special procedures; range of motion exercises; and all items listed under teaching and emotional support. This is an initial grouping, conservatively chosen.

Multiple nursing diagnoses, with their corresponding assessments, related factors, goals and nursing orders, can be handled with either a file system or a database system.

#### C. DOCTOR ORDER CRITERIA

The criteria to include doctor order categories will be to meet critical indicator requirements and provide a

representative model of patient orders. An admission section monitors the patient flow. This satisfies the critical indicators of admitting and transferring patients. An activity section captures the mobility level of a patient. A diet section captures the dietary requirements of a patient. A section provides selections of intravenous and blood products that a patient might require. Laboratory and pharmacy sections allow orders for lab tests and medications. A monitoring section allows options for monitor orders. A radiology section captures radiology test orders. A respiratory therapy and vital sign section allows orders that relate to those areas. Finally, a ward routine section captures the nursing care activities normally restricted to the ward setting.

These categories would allow for the dependent and interdependent functions of nursing, which the critical indicator list includes. Either a file or a database implementation would satisfy these requirements.

#### D. PATIENT ORDERS

Microcomputers have the ability to maintain an internal clock upon entry of the current date and time. The program would need to pick up this data from the system's clock to attach it to patient orders. The actual order length would need limitation to a number that would best suit a screen presentation format. The number of options for

time/frequency would need to include those commonly found in a medical environment.

The design should accomplish the looping for multiple orders in a single subcategory. Once selected, an order is activated and placed in an order file or database. The program returns for another order or to have the user select to move on.

#### E. USER INFORMATION

The use of a user chosen password to access the program would accommodate all of the identified requirements. Utilizing a user information database would provide for users to be added or deleted from the program. The database carries their status within the organization and provides an access level for legal entry into the program. A doctor or nurse, by signing on to the system and entering their valid password, would dictate which branch the program should route them through. The password would also limit those not authorized to use the system from entering the program.

To provide for a degree of user specialization, the design proposes four areas of access. The first is for admissions personnel. In a hospital, the admissions department is physically separate from the ward. Admissions personnel are responsible for the input of patient information. The second group is the nurses who develop the nursing care plan and determine the patient classification. The

third group is the physicians who select doctor's orders. The fourth group is the information systems personnel. Their role would be to add new users and delete obsolete ones. Access level assignments occur during routine check-in procedures of personnel. The actual assigned level would depend upon the employing department and the job position. Additionally a fifth group exists for the prototype model. This is a group of users, with passwords allowing access to all areas to aid in the testing and integration of the software model.

#### F. EXPERT SYSTEM

The expert system calls for special input consideration. A patient order consists of the order and the frequency. Major order headings (i.e. vital signs) can be categorized as a qualifier. Listed under each qualifier is its potential values (i.e. QID or less, q4h or x 6, q2h or x 12, q1h or x 24). From this system of qualifier and value, rules can be derived (i.e. vital signs QID or less receives a value of 1 patient point). By splitting the critical indicators into qualifiers and values, thus setting up conditions, the formulated rules allow the system to derive a patient classification level. (See Appendix D.)

#### G. SCREEN FORMAT

User friendliness is a goal many programs strive to This program will follow many of the suggestions achieve. of Monk's text on Fundamentals of Human-Computer Interaction, [20] The program will rely on consistent screen formats which locate user instructions in the same place on each screen. After patient identification, the patient information is put on every screen so the user has no question which patient he has selected. The program will provide the user with consistent input locations, Screens are uncluttered and easy to follow. The screen color is white lettering on blue background. Although speed is not a prime consideration for this model, it influences the selection of the method of screen projection. A software utility called Flashcode creates the screen projections. Where possible, the user returns to a previous screen, or to a home base to reorient themselves. A rudimentary help facility allows on-line assistance. The help facility demonstrates its function rather than providing indepth assistance with this prototype model. [See Appendix E and Appendix F.]

#### H. SOFTWARE SELECTION

With hardware choice set by the constraints of the user, software compatibility is the remaining issue. Numerous software packages exist for IBM-compatible microcomputers. Information in a database format provides

increased data flexibility and maneuverability. Some advanced programming tools provided by database software producers simplify the task of programming. These are major incentives to choose a database orientation. The database language, dBase III, has user friendly features and the capability for meeting most of the identified requirements. An area for which dBase III can only provide a partial solution is the expert system. The dBase III program has the ability to calculate patient point totals and derive a patient classification level. It lacks the option of allowing the user to see why it calculated its results in a specific way.

The expert system chosen is Exsys. Exsys is an offthe-shelf expert system that can accommodate the number of critical indicators outlined in the Navy's Nurse Corps' Workload Management System for Nursing. This software product can also do the necessary calculations required to arrive at a patient classification level.

The information format coming into Exsys requires the statement of qualifiers and values. The dBase III language accommodates for this by including the qualifier and value with each order selected. A salient feature of Exsys, that makes it especially appropriate for this design, is its ability to import data from an output file. Exsys operates as an interactive independent program using the same conditions and rules. This option is useful because of the

iterative nature of both the critical indicator development and that envisioned for this system. In addition, Exsys does allow the user to view rules used to derived a classification. A visual check of the applied rules against the individual patient order allows the achievement of greater reliability. [See Appendix D.]

#### V. PROGRAMMING STAGE

The programming stage constructs a product for the user. The software product incorporates details identified in the analysis and design stages to produce a workable solution. The product's overview is presented in Figure 1.

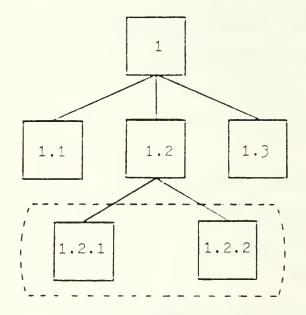


Figure 1 Nursing Prototype Product Overview

1	Coordinating Module
1.1	Patient Admissions
1.2	Select Ward and Patient
1.2.1	Select Doctor Orders
1.2.2	Select Nursing Diagnosis, Nursing Orders and
	Patient Classification
1.3	Patient Classification
)	Expert System (Exsys)
	1.1 1.2 1.2.1 1.2.2 1.3

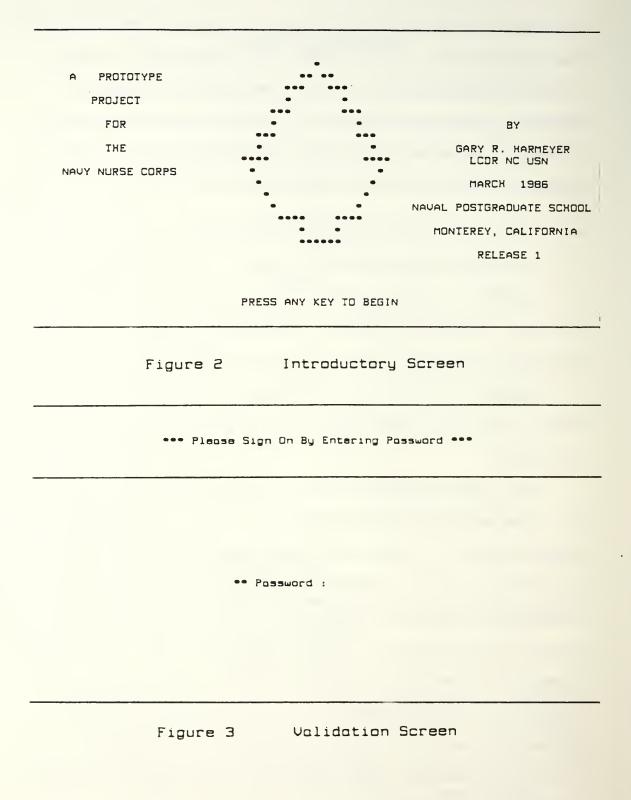
A modular approach was used for programming. Appendix B displays the design modular structure of the prototype system--a detailed version of Figure 1. This structure was used as a guide in program development. Programming modularity allows the programmer to work with smaller more manageable units. This enables the programmer to easily test and debug a module before integrating it into the system. The use of comments throughout the programming effort attempts to improve the maintainability of the program. [See Appendix E for program listings.]

#### A. TRACKING USERS AND PROGRAM SAFEGUARDS

In programming modules the author has tried to minimize the number of steps required for the user to move between modules. Whenever possible, the system automatically advances the program to the next screen.

Screens are used in this chapter to demonstrate the method used to convert design details to workable solutions.

The program opens with an introductory screen (Figure 2). The screen gives information on the organizations supporting the program and identifies the author. Depressing any key advances the program to a screen requesting a password (Figure 3). Advancing beyond the second screen requires a valid password. The program compares the entered password against a database of user's passwords. If the password is a match, the user moves forward to the main branching module of the program. Incorrect passwords deny access with the opportunity to re-enter a password.



As a result of entering a valid password, the system now recognizes the user by name and access level (See Figure 4).

•• Prototype Mas	ter Screen ••	Date	Time
	••• Select the Desired Op	tion •••	
	1) Admission's Depa	rtment	
	2) Doctor's Moster		
	3) Nursing Master		
	4) System Administr	ation	
	0) Sign-Off		
Current User:	Select ope p	umber (0-43 eeee)	

Select one number (0-4) ----> .

Figure 4

Prototype Master Screen

The four user access levels available in this program are admissions personnel, nurses, doctors, and administrative personnel. The current user's name appears in the bottom left corner of each screen. Since the system now recognizes a user by name and access level, the main branching module restricts the user's entry to a branch corresponding to that access level.

The main branching module provides five options for selection. The first option, which appears on essentially every screen, is to sign-off from the system. This ends the current user's session, and returns the program to the introductory module. The other four options relate to the main sections of the program.

## B. PATIENT ADMISSIONS

The selection of admission's department advances the program to an admit/discharge option module. The admit option moves the user to a patient data input screen (Figures 5,6). Admitting a patient requires the user to input patient data to a patient information database. (See Appendix C for the User's Manual.) From this database, the program uses the patient's name, family member prefixsocial security number (fmp-ssn), ward, room and bed. After entering the patient data, the user returns to the admit/discharge module.

The selection of discharge a patient moves the user to the discharge module. The user reviews and selects patients for discharge. Upon leaving the discharge module,

••• SELECT ADMIT / DISCHARGE OPTION •••

1) Admit A Putient

2) Discharge A Patient

0) Sign-Off

Current User:	Select one number (0-2)> •

Figure 5 Admit/Discharge Screen

Patient Admission Form					
Last Name:	Registration No:				
First Name:	Medical Diagnosis:				
Mid Initial:	Physician:				
Rate/Rank:	Prognosis:				
FMP-SSN: -	Allergies:				
Birthdate: / /	Nursing Word:				
Aga:	Room Number:				
Sex:	Bed:				
Admit Date: / /					

Figure 6 Patient Admission Screen the program purges all patient records flagged for discharge. The program also purges any patient data in other databases with identical fmp-ssn identifiers. [See Appendix G.]

This module limits itself to handling primitive admit/discharge situations. Although limited, this module allows the nurse user to test a number of patient scenarios while working with the prototype system.

C. DOCTOR ORDER SECTION

The doctor option of the main branching module advances the physician to the nursing word selection module. The doctor chooses between one of two nursing words (Figure 7). A surgical and medical word option reflects the major divisions of patients in a hospital. Options to return to

the main branching module or to sign-off the system are also provided.

A ward selection moves the program to one of two nursing wards containing six beds [Figure 8].

•• Nurse's Stati	on S	election (	••	Date	Time			
••• Sa	lact	Nursing L	Unit to Display	Patients •••				
		1) ZE	Surgical Ward					
		2) 3E	Medical Word					
0) Sign-Of	£			3) Master Scr	neen			
Eurrent User:			Select one nu	mber (0-3)	·> •			
Figure 7	Figure 7 Nurse's Station Selection Screen							
•• Patient Selection	n ••	Ward	25 Surgical	Date	Time			
		••• Sel	ect Patient	•				
	RM	BED	PATIEN	r				
	1) 1 2) 1							
	1) 2 1) 2							
	5) 3 5) 3							
0) Sign-Off				7) Naster Scre	en			
Current User:			Select one num	nber (0-7)	> •			

Figure 8 Patient Selection Screen

Patients' names, listed in the patient information database, appear in their ward, room and bed assignments. Valid options include: sign-off, return to main branching module, and selection of a patient assigned to an occupied bed.

A patient selection advances the physician to the doctor's branching module (Figure 9).

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
	DOCTOR'	S MASTER SCREEN ••	•	
	1) Order	Entry		
	2) Admit	/ Transfer / Disch	arge Patien	t
	3) Review	Medical Orders		
	4) Print	Medical Orders		
	5) Discon	tinue An Order		
0) Sign-	Off	6)	Master Scr	een

Current User:							
	Select	one	number	(0-6)	>	•	

Figure 9 Doctor's Master Screen

The doctor's menu provides options for deciding on the next activity. With the exception of output forms (i.e. review of the doctor orders on screen or printed), any selection results in menu modules for doctor's orders (Figure 10). Many orders request additional order information moving the program to a time/frequency module. The doctor's order with the frequency determines a qualifier and value listing in the patient's order

Ward Roam Bed Pa	tient	Reg #		Date	Time
	••• SELE	CT WARD ROUTINE	•••		
<ol> <li>Ace Wrap Lower Ex</li> <li>Chest Tube Insert</li> <li>Circumcision Care</li> <li>Camplex Drsg Cham</li> <li>EKG Rhythm Strip</li> <li>Faley Cath Care</li> <li>Foley Cath Insert</li> <li>Guiac Staals</li> <li>Isolation Respira</li> <li># Reverse</li> <li>Strict</li> <li>OOJ Sign-Off</li> </ol>	ian 13) N 14) P 38 15) P 15] R 16] R 10 16] R 13] Y 13] P	umbar Puncture -G Insertian arencentesis hototherapy ange of Motion xercises (Passiv traints -Paint -Paint osey r's Order Screet	21) 22) 23) 24) 24) 25) 26) 27) 28) 29)	Spec Grav Spin HCI Straight Surgical Shave I SS Enema Iap Water Ihoracent Iube Care Urine fat	Cath Prep r Enema tesis s (not trac)
11) * Strict	19) P	osey	n (65	Urine for 31) Most	586

Figure 10 Ward Routine Screen database. Qualifier and value information transfers to the expert system. In addition, a patient point value appears in the patient order database. This number provides the option of dBase III calculating its own internal patient classification level. [See Appendix G.]

D. NURSING CARE PLAN AND PATIENT CLASSIFICATION FUNCTION

At the main branching module, the nursing option advances the program to the nursing ward selection module (Figure 6,7). This module, and the patient selection modules are identical to those presented to the physician. The program sets an internal flag to indicate the access level of the user. After patient selection, the nurse automatically tracks to the nursing branching module (Figure 11).

Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg #	Date	Time	
	••• NURSING MAS	TER SCREEN	•		
1) Enter/Inactivate	Nursing Care Plan	5) Review P	atient Care	Requirements	
2) Review Nursing Co	re Plan	6] Print Pa	tient Care	Requirements	
3) Print Nursing Car	a Plan	7) Internal	Patient Cl	assification	
4) External Patient (	Classification				
0) Sign-Qf	F	8)	Master Scre	en	
Current User: Select one number (0-8)> •					

Figure 11 Nursing Master Screen

The nurse branching module provides a menu for

direction for the user to proceed. Options include the selection of a new nursing care plan, modifying an existing care plan, reviewing or printing patient care requirements (consisting of all active patient orders), reviewing or printing the nursing care plan information, and determining the patient classification system.

After the nursing care plan option selection, the program advances to a module allowing for a new care plan entry or a modification of an existing care plan. The choice of a new nursing care plan provides the option of the four selected care plans (Figure 12).

All patients require a minimum of one care plan [selfcare deficit]. All diagnoses, assessments, goals and

nursing generated orders enter into a nursing care database [Figure 13]. In addition to the nursing care database, nurse generated orders are also placed in the patient order database for inclusion in the calculation of the patient classification. [See Appendix F for additional screens.]

word foom Bed	Potient	Reg #	Dote	Time				
	SELECT NURSI	NG DIAGNOSIS ••	•					
1) Comfort, Alteration In: Pain								
2) Communication, Impoired: Verbol								
	3) Impaired Phy	sical Mobility						
	4) Self-Care De	ficit						
0) Sign-Off	5) Nurse's Maste	er Screen	6) Maste	er Screen				
Current User:	Current User: Select one number (0-5)> .							
Figure 12 Nursing Diagnosis Screen								
ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time				
	A NURSING ORDER FOR AIN FREE, EXPERIENCES			THER GOAL ••				
1) Assess Pain Fa	octors	6) Offer PH	N Medicati	ons				
2) Assess & Evalu	2) Assess & Evaluate Poin 7) Provide Emotional Support							
3) Encour Pt to Use Coping Strategy BJ Schedule "Quiet Times"								
4) Give Info & Explain Proc & Tests 9) Teach Alt Coping Strategies								
5) Other Nursing Orders: 10) Utilize Diversional Activities								
Current User: Select one number (01-10)>								

Figure 13

Nursing Order Screen

If the option selected inactivates a portion of the nursing care plan, the user moves to a module for review of existing care plan entries. If an entry is inactivated, the program purges all portions related to that specific entry including the order in the patient order database.

The selection to review or print the patient care requirements consists of all active patient orders. Active orders consist of previously selected orders, and those orders selected for a specific frequency (i.e. x 2) on the date of their selection. The same criteria applies when determining patient classification (Figure 14).

Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys To Pause The Scrolling If Nacessary Page No. 1 01/12/86 Date Order Frequency Time Practitioner 01/11/86 10:06:20 Teach Alt Coping Strategies G. Harmeyer RN 01/11/86 12:08:07 Assist Bed To Wheelchair TID N. Lyons MD 01/11/86 13:10:15 Self/Minimum Care G. Harmeyer RN 01/11/86 13:10:53 Keep Commode @ Bedside TID G. Harmeyer RN 01/11/86 14:13:47 Up in Chair w/ Assist TID N. Lyons MD 01/11/86 14:14:23 Diobetic Diet N. Lyons MD Daily @ 0600 T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:17:14 Cloride T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:17:40 Sodium 01/12/85 10:18:00 Amylase T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:18:26 Potassium Daily @ 0600 T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:18:56 CO2 Daily @ 0600 T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:19:26 CBC Daily @ 0600 T. Bui MD Daily @ 0600 T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:19:54 Platlets 01/12/86 10:20:18 Glucose Daily @ 0600 T. Bui MD 01/12/86 10:22:02 Intake & Output TID T. Bui MD

Figure 14 Patient Requirement Screen The nurse can also select to review only the nursing care plan portion of the patient record. This enables review of the nursing care plan to determine if modifications or updating is necessary.

Two options for determining patient classification exist. The first option keeps the user in the current program, and generates a number with a corresponding patient classification level (Figure 15).

> Patient: Mary Miser Is In: Category II Point Value Is: 27

Figure 15 Patient Classification Screen Each order receives a point value based upon the order selected and the frequency for that order. Then dBase III sums these points and assigns a patient classification level. The program does not explain how this number was calculated. A less user-friendly method results when selecting the second option--that of external calculation of the patient classification. The user exits the dBase program, changes floppy disks, and runs Exsys. The patient point value and level would not change, but the expert system program displays rules used to derive the classification level.

#### E. INFORMATION SYSTEM

The information system section of the program is a parallel development of the admission's department. User's of the program must have the appropriate access level to advance beyond the main branching module (Figure 3). The program limits transactions to adding another user to the system or deleting a current user (Figures 16, 17).

--- SELECT ADD / DELETE A USER ---

1) Add A User

2) Delete A User

0) Sign-Off

Current User:	Select	-	number	(0-2)	>	
	201955	0118				•

Figure 16 Add / Delete A User Screen

F. PROGRAM TESTING

Testing is an aspect of the programming stage. Testing criteria are three-fold. First, procedural testing of separate modules (white-box testing) takes place as modules are completed. Next, integration testing assures modular interfaces are smooth from one program to another (blackbox testing). Finally, independent use by a third party tests the program in a simulation performance. Where

testing uncovered mistakes, program modifications correct

the errors.

.

USER INFORMATION

... THIS INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL ...

First Initial: .

Last Name:

Category of Requestor:

Password:

Access Level:

Figure 17 User Information Screen

#### VI. IMPLICATIONS FOR FUTURE STUDIES

Creating a hospital information system model is a timeconsuming methodical process. A program using nursing diagnosis to drive nursing care plans produces a logical product. The major implications of this program center on the automation of the patient classification system.

Tying critical indicators to patient orders is an arduous task that required many iterations. The program makes assumptions about orders. This program assumes the physician knows the difference between a simple and complex dressing change (see Figure 10). The distinction between a 15 minute dressing change and 30 minute dressing change can be very subjective. Frequency of patient orders relates to almost all the critical indicators. This program separates the time/frequency options into prn (as necessary), once a day, twice a day, 3, 4, 6, 12 and 24 times a day. The latter seven options divide further into recurring orders (i.e. twice a day) verses nonrecurring orders (x 12). Recurring orders continually count toward the patient classification level until discontinued. The nonrecurring orders count only on the day ordered. Nurses calculate classification levels daily at 1400. Many nonrecurring orders are completed by that time and should not be calculated. The program counts these orders.

Duplicate orders result in duplicate point calculations. For example, if a doctor and a nurse each order passive range of motion exercises for a patient TID, the patient point total would be 8 vice the correct total of 4. The program tallies 2 points for isolation precautions regardless of the number of gown and glove changes. The correct assignment gives 2 points for every eight gown and glove changes.

In the current manual system, doctors and nurses assume that new orders supersede previous orders. If doctors and nurses hold to that assumption, this program produces inaccurate results. For example, if a patient's condition improves, the doctor writes an order for vital signs Q4h (with a patient point value of 2) without deleting the original order of vital signs Q2h (patient point value of 4). The program totals vital signs points as 6 instead of 2.

Some critical indicators do not readily convert to a patient point value. The program accommodates for three of these critical indicator exceptions. The critical indicator for apnea monitor, temperature monitor, etc. is not additive and as such translates indirectly from patient orders. The critical indicator for specific gravity, Guiac, etc. is additive across orders resulting in a point total assignment. The classification listing limits emotional support to a maximum total point value of 10.

Assigning a patient point value to these patient orders requires an intermediate variable. The calculation occurs first for the intermediate variable. This amount then feeds into the sum of other patient point values.

Medication and laboratory critical indicators presented difficulty in program translation. The program assigns points for medication and laboratory samples on a per order basis rather than on a per trip basis. The intended critical indicator for both factors assesses points on a per trip basis. The nurse actually delivers all the medications for a specific time in one trip. The nurse draws numerous lab tests with one venipuncture. The program calculates point values based on individual medication or laboratory test order. Aggregating nonintravenous medications and laboratory tests into time groups would provide accurate results. However, the effort required to program in time groups was counterproductive for this project.

The program overlooks patient situations requiring more than one staff member. Currently, all critical indicators except turning frame, which explicitly includes two staff members, calculate on a one staff member per patient basis.

To accommodate for patient orders not currently listed on the nursing order screen, an "other orders" option exists (see Figure 13). The option allows any nursing order entry. Entries in this category result in no patient points awarded to those orders. Despite their critical

indicator value, the program lacks the refinement necessary to assign a value to this order.

Many of the areas addressed can be corrected by going into the expert system's interactive mode. In this mode the program calculates entries in a more thorough manner. The trade-off for accuracy is user subjectivity in selecting applicable critical indicators. Another trade-off is the time required to traverse 85 qualifiers in a real time setting.

#### VII. CONCLUSION

Automated systems exists that combine nursing diagnoses with the nursing care planning function. No automated system on the market integrates nursing diagnoses, nursing care plans and patient classification. The Navy Nurse Corps has a sophisticated patient classification tool. The tool lists critical indicators which adapt readily to automation to produce a classification level.

This thesis project is a programming effort producing a prototype software product marrying three nursing activities--nursing diagnosis, nursing care plans, and patient classification. This project demonstrates and possibility for integrating the nursing care plan using nursing diagnosis and the Navy Nurse Corps' patient classification system. The program extracts points for critical indicators from patient orders.

The greatest incentive for marrying nursing diagnosis, nursing care planning and patient classification is to improve patient care. Improved patient care results from precise documentation and uniform staffing. Nurses acknowledge the need to document plans of care to serve as a guide for all staff members. Nursing is a seven day a week, 24 hour a day profession. Care plans provide a consistent, comprehensive method for delivery of patient

care. Without this plan of care, valuable nursing time disappears while continually redefining basic patient care requirements. Successfully implemented automated systems have improved documentation by making it easier, less time-consuming, and more user gratifying.

Patient care is also enhanced through better staffing of nursing units. Staffing levels relate directly to patient care requirements determined by patient classification. The program automates the patient classification process to calculate an accurate and objective measure of patient care requirements. Staffing to a level that can be objectively quantified is a goal. Such a level assures nursing administrators their scarce nursing resources are properly utilized while at the same time providing staffing levels in keeping with safe standards of care.

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#### APPENDIX A

## DATA DICTIONARY

#### [Local looping variables omitted]

Intro.Pro Module: Flash Variable Name: None Aliases: Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Chr(145) Files Variable Used: All modules Comment: Flash Code specified variable, use in conjunction to displaying screens. Module: Valid.Prg Variable Name: Xusepass Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: String of 5 characters Files Variable Used: Valid.Prg Comments: A concatenation of Xusepas1 through Xusepas5 (single characters) to form the individual's password entry. Xusepass is compared with those in the Useinfo.Dbf to deterif the entry received is a valid password. Valid.Prg Module: Variable Name: Curuser None Aliases: Format Of Data: Characters Allowable Value: String of up to 23 characters Files Variable Used: All modules except Intro, Pt\_Info and Useinfo Comments: A concatenation of Ufinitial and trim Ulname. Is displayed on the screen based on password entered and name associated with that password in the Useinfo.Dbf. Curuser is also entered as the practitioner or nurse in the Orders.Dbf or Ncaredb.Dbf. Module: Valid.Prg Variable Name: Useacc Aliases: None

Format Of Data: Numeric Allowable Value: 0 - 4Files Variable Used: Master.Prg When a new user is entered into the Comments: system an access level is assign. This access level allows for privacy and security in the program. Module: Master.Prg Variable Name: Omodule Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: D or N Files Variable Used: Ward2 and Ward3.Prg Serves as a flag when exiting the Comments: Ward2 or Ward3.Prg indicating which module called, those pertaining to the physician staff or the nursing staff. Pt\_Info.Prg Module: Variable Name: Xplname Aliases: Xdclname, Plname Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: 20 characters for patient's last name Files Variable Used: All files except Intro, Valid, Master, Ward and Useinfo.Prg. Used in the Pt\_Info.Dbf and .Prg. Comments: Called by Ward2 and Ward3.Prg. Module: Pt\_Info.Prg Variable Name: Xpfname Aliases: Xdcfname, Pfname Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: 12 characters for patient's first name Files Variable Used: See discription above for Xplname. Comments: See discription above for Xplname. Module: Pt\_Info.Prg Variable Name: Xpmname Aliases: Xdcmname, Pmname Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Up to 3 character string. Files Variable Used: Pt\_Info and Discharg.Prg. Comments: Represents the patient's middle initials. Module: Pt\_Info.Prg Variable Name: Xfmpssan Aliases: Xdcfssn, Fmpssan, Ptfmpssn, Mptfmpssn

and Xpt1fmpsss...Xp12fmpssn [Ward2/Ward3.Pra] Format Of Data: Character 2 digit numeric code, a "-", then Allowable Value: social security number. Files Variable Used: See discription above for Xplname. See discription above for Xplname. Comments: The unique identifier for each Variables with an "Xpt" patient. prefix indicate they are ward, room and bed dependent. Module: Pt\_Info.Prg Variable Name: Xpregno Aliases: Pregno, Ptregno and Xpt1regno... Xpt12regno (Ward2/Ward3.Prg) Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Numeric 8 digit number Files Variable Used: See discription above for Xplname. Comments: See discription above for Xplname. Represents the hospital registration number. Variables with an "X" prefix indicates they are ward, room and bed dependent. Pt\_Info.Prg Module: Variable Name: Xpphu Aliases: Xdepphy, Pphy and Xdeprae Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Up to 24 characters Files Variable Used: Pt\_Info and Discharg.Prg Represents the patient's physician. Comments: Module: Pt\_Info.Prg Variable Name: Xpward Aliases: Pward Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: "2E" or "3E" Files Variable Used: See discription above for Xplname. See discription above for Xplname. Comments: Represents a word assignment. Module: Pt\_Info.Pra Variable Name: Xprm Aliases: Prm Format OF Data: Character Allowable Value: "1","2" or "3" Files Variable Used: See discription above for Xplname. Comments: See discription above for Xplname. Represents rooms on the ward.

Module: Pt\_Info Variable Name: Xpbed Aliases: Pbed Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: "A" or "B" Files Variable Used: See discription above for Xplname. See discription above for Xplname. Comments: Represents beds in a room. Module: Discharg.Prg Variable Name: Xppack Aliases: None Format Of Data: Logical Allowable Value: .T. or .F. Files Variable Used: Discharg.Prg Comments: Flag to indicate if a patient had been discharged. If .T. Pt\_Info.Dbf has discharged patient's database purged. Module:. Ward.Prg Variable Name: Ourpt Xpt1...Xpt12 (Ward2/Ward3.Prg) Aliases: Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Xpfname + Xplname Files Variable Used: All modules except Intro, Valid, Pt\_Info, Useinfo, Master and Ward. Signifies which patient from the Comments: Pt\_Info.Dbf has been selected by the user. The variables with an "X" prefix indicates they are ward, room and bed dependent. Module: Ward.Prg Variable Name: Ofreq Aliases: Xdcfreq, Nfreq Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Blank, options in Time.Prg or options in IVC.Prg. Files Variable Used: All order modules (Transfer, Activity, IVA, Lab, Monitor, Pham1, Pham2, Xray, Xray, Diet, Lung, Routine, VS and all Norder\*.Prg] Indicates frequency of any ordered Comments: action. Module: Ward.Prg Variable Name: Passdata Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character

"Q" number space number Allowable Value: All order modules [see Ofreg] Files Variable Used: Used to pass data to the external Comments: expert system. Indicates qualifier and value to be used. Ward.Pra Module: Ptpoint Variable Name: Xpoints Aliases: Numeric Format Of Data: Allowable Value: Positive integers >= 0 Files Variable Used: All order modules (see Ofreq) Comments: Assigns points to orders selected by user to be used in determining the patient classification system. Module: Ward.Prg Variable Name: Todayonly Aliases: None Format Of Data: Logical Allowable Value: .T. or .F. Files Variable Used: All order modules (see Ofreg) Assigns a .I. for orders of one day Comments: frequency for the patient classification system. Ward.Prg Module: Variable Name: Monpoint Aliases: Xmonpt Format Of Data: Numeric Allowable Value: Integers 0 or 6 Files Variable Used: All order modules (see Ofreq) Comments: Used to evaluate orders in the Monitor .Prg but included in the Orders.Dbf to determine patient classification. Module: Ward.Prg Variable Name: Emopoint Aliases: Xemopt Format Of Data: Numeric Allowable Value: Positive integers >= 0 Files Variable Used: All order modules (see Ofreq) Comments: Used to evaluate orders in the Emosup .Prg but included in the Orders.Dbf to determine patient classification. Module: Ward.Prg Variable Name: Roupoint Aliases: Xroupt Format Of Data: Numeric

Positive integers >= 0 Allowable Value: Files Variable Used: All order modules (see Ofreq) Comments: Used to evaluate orders in the Routine .Prg but included in the Orders.Dbf to determine patient classification. Module: Ward.Prg Variable Name: Ptselect Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Prm + Pbed + [Xpt1 or Xpt2 ... Xpt12] Files Variable Used: All modules except Intro, Valid, Pt\_Info, Useinfo and Master. Comments: Signifies which patient, the room and bed for screen headers. Module: Ward.Pra Variable Name: Morder Aliases: Order, Xdcorder, Nord Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string up to 27 Files Variable Used: All order modules [see Ofreq] Comments: Patient orders requiring action on the part of the hospital staff. Doctor.Prg Module: Variable Name: Dmenu Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character "1" or " " Allowable Value: Files Variable Used: Doctor, Doc\_Menu and all order modules (exc. Norder\*.Prg). Flag to indicate if a return is to the Comments: Master.Prg module or to a doctor level module. Module: Time.Prg Variable Name: Timeopt Aliases: None Format Of Data: Numeric Allowable Value: 1 - 41 Files Variable Used: All order modules (see Ofreq) except Transfer.Prg Comments: Used to determine frequency of order. Module: Time.Prg Variable Name: Xtimetime Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string of 4 Files Variable Used: Time.Prg

None Aliases: Format Of Data: Character Character string of 19 Allowable Value: Emosup and Teach.Prg Files Variable Used: Recieves input for Ncaredb.Dbf related Comments: to the teaching and emotional requirements of the patient. Module: N\_Diag.Prg Nrelate Unriable Name: Aliases: None Format OF Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string of 25 Files Variable Used: Relate\_1...Relate\_4.Prg Recieves input for Ncaredb.Dbf related Comments: to why the patient has the nursing diagnosis chosen. Module: N\_Diag.Prg Variable Name: Ngoal Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string 38 Files Variable Used: Goal\_1...Goal\_4.Prg Recieves input for Ncaredb.Dbf related Comments: to goal achieveable by the patient. Module: N\_Diag.Prg Variable Name: Nassess Alioses: None Character Format OF Data: Allowable Value: Character string of 27 Files Variable Used: Assess 1... Assess 4.Pra Recieves input for Ncaredb.Dbf Comments: relating objective observations and subjective information to the nursing diagnosis selected. Module: N\_Diag.Prg Variable Name: Assoth Alinses: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string of 27 Files Variable Used: Assess\_1...Assess\_4.Prg Comments: Allows an assessment of the patient not currently provided on the screen to be entered. Module: N\_Diag.Prg Variable Name: Reloth

Provides an option for a time of day Comments: that is not provided on the screen. Module: IVA.Prg Variable Name: Morder1 None Aliases: Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: "Start IV of" "Alternate IV w/" "Follow IV w/" "Interrupt IV for" "Start 2nd IV of" Files Variable Used: IVA and IVB.Prg Initial portion of the patient order Comments: for IV therapy. IVB.Prg Module: Blood Variable Name: Alioses: None Format Of Data: Logical .T. or .F. Allowable Value: Files Variable Used: IVB and IVC.Prg Comments: Flag to indicate whether blood was ordered or not. Significant in the determining of patient classification points. Module: Lung.Prg Variable Name: Xliter Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character "@ 1-2 l/m" Allowable Value: "@ 3-4 1/m" "@ 5-6 1/m" "@ 7-8 l/m" "@ 9-10 1/m" Files Variable Used: Lung.Prg Comments: Xliter is concatenated with the screen selection to indicate oxygen flow rate for the patient. Module: Discont.Prg Variable Name: Xdcdate Odate Aliases: Format Of Data: Date Allowable Value: Date of the medical order Files Variable Used: Discont.Prg Allows user to review date of an order Comments: to determine if medical order should be discontinued.

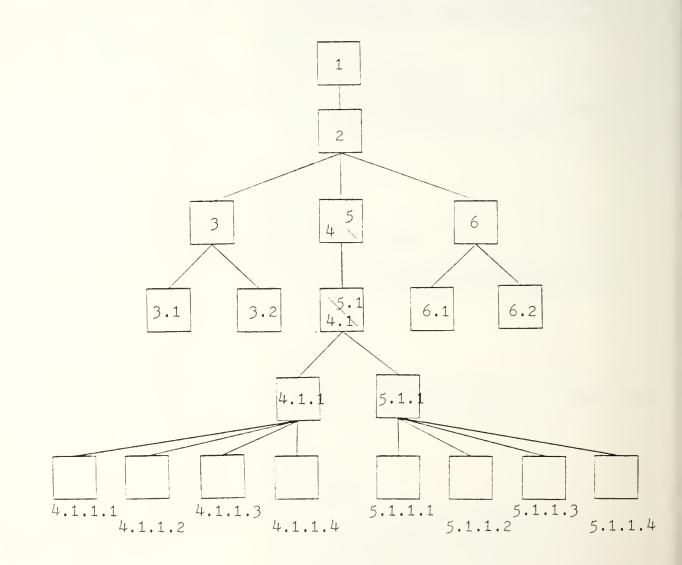
Module: Discont.Prg Unriable Name: Xordpack Aliases: None Format Of Data: Logical Allowable Value: .T. or .F. Files Variable Used: Discont.Prg Flag to indicate if medical orders are Comments: to be discontinued. IF .T., deleted orders are purged from the Orders.Dbf. Module: Nurse.Prg Variable Name: Nmenu Alioses: None Format Of Data: Character "l" or " " Allowable Value: Files Variable Used: Nurse, Nursel, and N\_Diag.Prg Flag to indicate if a return is to the Comments: Master.Prg module or to Nurse.Prg module. Module: Nurse.Pra Variable Name: Xlevel Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: "Category I" "Category II" "Category III" "Category IV" "Category V" "Category VI" Files Variable Used: Nurse.Prg Comments: Indicates patient classification level. Module: N\_Diag.Prg Variable Name: Nursdiag Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character "Comfort, Alteration In: Pain" Allowable Value: "Communication, Impaired: Verbal" "Impaired Physical Mobility" "Self-Care Deficit" Files Variable Used: N\_Diag.Prg Comments: Nursdiag is of the four values indicated, and directs which branch the program will follow. Module: N\_Diag Variable Name: Emoteach

Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string of 25 Files Variable Used: Relate\_1...Relate\_4.Prg Allows a related factor not currently Comments: provided on the screen to be entered. Module: N\_Dicg.Prg Variable Name: Goaoth Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string 38 Files Variable Used: Goal\_1...Goal\_4.Prg Comments: Allows a patient's goal not currently provided on the screen to be entered. N\_Diag.Prg Module: Variable Name: Ordoth Aliases: None Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string 27 Files Variable Used: Norder\*.Prg Comments: Allows for a nursing order not currently provided on the screen to be entered. Module: Useinfo Variable Name: Xufinitial Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Any first initial of user Files Variable Used: All modules (except Intro and Valid) as a concatenation with Xulname. Module: Useinfo.Prg Variable Name: Xulname Xdlulname Aliases: Format Of Data: Character Allowable Value: Character string of length 20 Files Variable Used: All modules [except Intro and Valid] as a concatenation with Xufinitial. Comment: Character string representing the user's last name. Used as a concattenation with Xufinitial to form Curuser. Module: Useinfo Variable Name: Xcodeword Format Of Data: Character

Allowable Value: Any 5 characters representing a user's password Files Variable Used: Valid.Prg Module: Useinfo Variable Name: Xaccess Format Of Data: Numeric Allowable Value: 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 Files Variable Used: Master.Prg

# APPENDIX B

## STRUCTURE CHART



\* -- Box labelled 1 Box Description: Do Introduction/Validate User \* -- Box labelled 2 Box Description: Choose Path \* -- Box labelled 3 Box Description: Do Admission Department \* -- Box labelled 3.1 Box Description: Admit Patient \* -- Box labelled 3.2 Box Description: Discharge Patient \* -- Box labelled 4/5 Box Description: Select Ward \* -- Box labelled 4.1/5.1 Box Description: Select Patient \* -- Box labelled 4.1.1 Box Description: Select Doctor Option \* -- Box lobelled 4.1.1.1 Box Description: Select Medical Orders \* -- Box labelled 4.1.1.2 Box Description: Discontinue Order \* -- Box labelled 4.1.1.3 Box Description: Admit/Transfer/Discharge Patient \* -- Box labelled 4.1.1.4 Box Description: Print/Review Orders \* -- Box labelled 5.1.1 Box Description: Select Nursing Option \* -- Box labelled 5.1.1.1 Box Description: Select Nursing Care Plan \* -- Box lobelled 5.1.1.2 Box Description: Review/Print Nursing Care Plan

Legend for Structure Chart

\* -- Box labelled 5.1.1.3
Box Description: Review/Print Patient Care Requirements
\* -- Box labelled 5.1.1.4
Box Description: Determine Patient Classification Level
\* -- Box labelled 6
Box Description: Do Data Processing Department
\* -- Box labelled 6.1
Box Description: Add New User

\* -- Box labelled 6.2 Box Description: Delete User

#### APPENDIX C

#### USER'S MANUAL

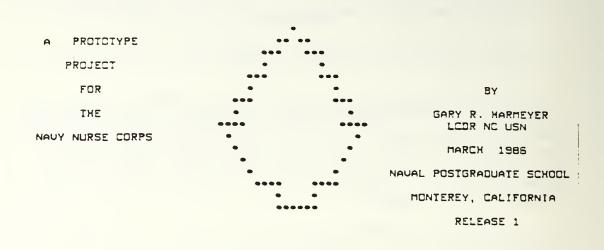
This software product is a prototype model for the Navy Nurse Corps. The user's manual, as well as the software product, presupposes a working knowledge of medicine and the normal functioning of a hospital. The user's manual and the software product require a working knowledge of the nursing process using the nursing diagnosis and the patient classification system.

This manual contains four subdivisions: the admission's department section, the physician section, the nursing section and the system's administration section. The admission's department section allows patients to be admitted or discharged. Admission of a patient allows the selection of doctor's and nursing orders. Admission of a patient also initiates the determination of the patient classification. The system administration section allows users access to all or only one of the program sections.

### I. Beginning the Program

To begin the program insert disk A:1 into drive A [normally the left sided drive, or the top drive] of your IBM, or compatible, personal computer. The computer should have 640K of internal memory. Next insert disk B:1 into drive B. Turn on the power for the monitor, disk drives (the computer), and printer (for written reports). The first prompt is for the date. The date format of 4-1-86 is acceptable. The computer also accepts a date format of 4-1-1986. Follow this with <enter>. The next prompt is for time. The format of 14:45 is the least number of keystrokes, however the computer accepts seconds as well [ie, 14:45:30] <enter>. An A> prompt then appears. To begin the program, type b:proto (capital, mixed or small letters] <enter>.

A manufacturer's introductory screen appears with a prompt of: "Insert System Disk 2 and press ENTER or type CIL-C to abort". Remove disk A:1 and insert disk A:2 into drive A and press <enter>. Another manufacturer's introductory screen temporarily flashs on the monitor. A screen with a Nurse Corps oakleaf and background information, Figure 1, replaces this screen.



PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN

Figure 1

#### Program Passwords

To begin the program press any key to move to Figure 1a which requires the input of a five letter password. Sample passwords for this program are: level 0 -- mouse, level 1 -- lyons, level 2 -- flyup, level 3 -- littl, and level 4 -- getgo. The password allows access further into the program, and level indicates which area a user may enter. Regardless of password used (provided it is an acceptable password, see System's Administration section) the next screen is Figure 2. Prototype Moster Screen \*\*
 Date Time

 Prototype Moster Screen \*\*
 Date Time

 Prototype Moster Sclect the Desired Dotion \*\*\*

 1) Admission's Deportment

 2) Doctor's Moster

 3) Nursing Moster

 3) Nursing Moster

 0) Sign-Off

Current User:
 Select one number (0-4) -----> \*

## Figure 2

This screen, the Prototype Master Screen provides a branching point to the four major areas. Depending upon the password used and option chosen, the program moves to Figure 3, 4, 5 or 6. Sign-Off is an option given on most screens to return to Figure 1.

II. Admission's Department Personnel

Access level 0 or 1 will allow access to the Admit/Discharge screen (Figure 3).

••• SELECT ADMIT / DISCHARGE OPTION •••

1) Admit A Patient

2) Discharge A Patient

0) Sign-Off

Current User:	Select	one number	(0-2)>	•
---------------	--------	------------	--------	---

## Figure 3

A patient can be admitted or discharged, depending on the option selected. Selecting option 1, moves the user to Figure 3.1. This information creates a patient database file.

The Patient Admission Form

The Patient Admission Form (Figure 3.1) consists of 17 input areas.

Patient Admission Form				
Lost Name:	Registration No:			
First Name:	Medical Diagnosis:			
Mid Initial:	Physician:			
Rote/Rank:	Prognosis:			
FMP-SSN: -	Allergies:			
Birthdate: / /	Nursing Word:			
Age:	Room Number:			
Sex:	Bed:			
Admit Date: / /				

#### Figure 3.1

After typing each category, press (enter) to move to the next category. The amount of information and the acceptable inputs are as follows.

Last Name:	Allows up to 20 letters in the patient's last	2
	name and automatically capitalizes the first	
	letter.	

First Name: Allows up to 12 letters in the patient's first name and automatically capitalizes the first letter.

Mid Initial: Allows up to 3 letters in the patient's middle name to accomodate for No Middle Name (NMN). Capitalizes all letters entered.

Rank/Rate: Accepts up to 11 letters and capitalizes all letters entered. Typical formats would include MS3/N/AD, COL/AF/RET or CIVHUM.

FMP-SSN:Family Member Prefix (FMP) Code includes the<br/>sponsor's Social Security Number (SSN).Valid FMP<br/>code numbers and relationships are:<br/>0101Sponsor's oldest child (includes<br/>stepchildren)02Sponsor's next oldest child

03,04, etc. Sponsor's third oldest, etc. 20 Sponsor [active duty, reserve and retired uniformed services personnel: Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Public Health Service

and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) 30 Sponsor's spouse 40 Sponsor's dependent mother 45 Sponsor's dependent father Sponsor's dependent mother-in-law 50 Sponsor's dependent father-in-law 55 Other authorized sponsor's dependents 60,61, etc. 00 All other authorized personnel (foreign nationals, including foreign military, civilian humanitarians, etc.] Birthdate: Use the format 08/25/50. Age: Allows up to 3 letters or numbers. Mixing numbers and letters is possible to accommodate for 11M [11 months old) or 15D (15 days old). Age denotes years unless M or D are filling the third input space. Allows one letter input. Valid letters are: Sex: M - Mole F = Female U = Unknown Admit Date: Use the format 12/13/85. The local hospital sequential number of Registration No: in-patients admitted during a specified period of time. Medical Diagnosis: Diagnosis listed by the admitting physician and listed on the admission authorization form. Enter up to 24 letters. Patient's assigned physician, not Physician: necessarily the admitting practitioner. Enter up to 24 letters. Allows entry of up to 3 letters. Allow-Prognosis: able prognosis codes and descriptions are: E Excellent F Fair G Good U. Unknown GRD Guarded Ρ Poor Patient's allergies as stated in the Allergies: health record, or by the patient. Enter up to 24 letters. Nursing Word: Two words are possible: 2E (a surgical word) or 3E (a medical ward). Room Number: Room number is tentatively assigned by the admission department, pending confirmation by the ward personnel. Room number options are 1, 2. or 3.

Bed: Actual bed assignment combines a room number and a bed letter. Bed letter is tenatively assigned by the admission department, pending confirmation by the ward personnel. Bed letter options vary between A and B. Once the patient file is complete, the program returns to Figure 3 for another selection.

## Discharging a Patient

Selection 2 (Figure 3) moves the user to Figure 3.2 (Discharge A Patient Screen). A patient is uniquely identified by listing of FMP-SSN. The screen displays one patient's FMP-SSN, name and practitioner at a time so the user can decide which patient to discharge. The user can discharge more than one patient before returning to the Admit/Discharge Screen (Figure 3).

## III. Physician Personnel

Figure 2 (Prototype Master Screen) has two valid choices for the physician, O (Sign-Off) and 2 (Doctor's Master). Option O returns the physician to the Introductory Screen (Figure 1). This selection implies intent to leave the computer session.

#### Selecting a Patient

Selection 2 (Doctor's Master) advances the physician to Figure 4 (Nurse's Station Selection). The physician is able to choose patient ward or return to the previous screen [Figure 2].

•• Nurse's Station S	election **	Date Time
••• Salact	Nursing Unit to Display Po	ltients •••
	1) 2E Surgical word	
	2) 3E Medical Word	
0] Sign-Off		3) Master Screen
Current User:	Select one numbe	r (0-3)> .
	Figure 4	
•• Patient Selection ••	ward 25 Surgical	Date Time
	••• Select Patient •••	
RH	BED PATIENT	
1) 1 2) 1		
5 (F 5 (E		
5) 3 6) 3	e B	
0) Sign-Off	7)	Master Screen
Current User:	Salect one number	r (0-7)> •

## Figure 4.1a

Selection 1 (Figure 4) follows with Figure 4.1a (Patient Selection for Ward 2E). Patients assigned to Ward 2E by the admissions department appear in their room and bed assignments. Choosing any one of the six patients advances the user to Figure 4.1.1, the Doctor's Master Screen.

ward Room Bed	Patient	keg M	Date	lime
	••• DOCIDI	R'S MASTER SCREEN .	••	
	1) Order	r Entry		
	2) Admit	: / Iransfer / Disc	harge Patient	
	3) Revie	w Medical Drders		
	4) Print	Nedical Orders		
	5) Disco	ntinue An Order		
0) Sigr	-Dff	6.	Master Scree	n
Current User:		Select one number	(0-6)>	•
	1			

#### Figure 4.1.1

Word, room, bed, patient and registration number appears on the second line of each of the screens to assure proper patient identification is present. The identical sequence follows for selection 2 (Patient Selection for Ward 3E). Master Screen is an option on most screens and differs slightly from the Sign-Off option. Sign-Off is the appropriate selection if the computer session is over. Master Screen allows the user to select a different patient to enter orders on without requiring the physician to redo the user identification process.

#### Doctor Selection Categories

Figure 4.1.1 (Doctor's Master Screen) is a branching screen. Selection 1 advances the user to Figure 4.1.1.1 (Doctor's Order Menu). This option allows the physician to enter patient orders associated with medical treatment. Selection 2 moves the user to Figure 4.1.1.2 (Admit/ Transfer/Discharge Screen). These orders impact the admission's department as well as the patient care areas. The admissions department must enter the patient into the computer system prior to their selection by the physician for order entry. The selection of ADMIT officially enters the patient admission status in the doctor's orders.

ward Room Bed	Patient	kej "	Date Time	
		R'S ORDER MENU		
1) ACTIVITY		6) Pharma	cy	
2) Dist		71 Rodiol	<b>0</b> 50	
3) IV's / Blood		8) Respir	atary Therapy	
4) Loboratory let	15	9) Vital	Signs	
5) Manitoring		10) word R	Dutines	
CO) Sign-Off	11) Doctor's	naster Screen	12) Master Scre	en
Current User		alect one number (	00-12;>	

Figure 4.1.1.1

Reviewing Patient Orders

Selection 3 and 4, of the Doctor's Master Screen vary only in the location of their output. Selection 3 displays patient medical orders on the monitor screen. Figure 4.1.1.3, is a screen output to review medical orders.

#### Patient Orders For: Mary Miser

Press -- Etrl and 5 -- Keys to Pause The Scrolling If Necessary Page No. 1 01/12/85

Date	Time	Order	requancy	Proctitioner
		Up in Chair w/ Assist Diabetic Diet	TID	N. Lyon MD N. Lyon MD
01/11/85	14:15:41	Start IV of .45 NaCl	Infuse o 8Hr	N. Lyon MD
01/12/85	10:17:14	Cloride	Daily @ 0500	N. Lyon MD
01/12/86	10:17:40	Sodium		N. Lyon MD
01/12/85	10:18:00	Amylase		N. Lyon MD
01/12/86	10:18:25	Potassium	Daily @ 0500	N. Lyon MD
01/12/85	10:18:56	C02	Daily @ 0500	N. Lyon MD
01/12/85	10:19:26	CBC	Daily @ 0500	N. Lyon MD
01/12/85	10:19:54	Platlets	Daily @ 0500	N. Lyon MD
01/12/85	10:20:18	Glucose	Daily @ 0500	N. Lyon MD

## Figure 4.1.1.3

Selection 4 provides the same medical order output on the printer. Selection 5 [Discontinue An Order] advances the physician to Figure 4.1.1.4. The screen displays each medical order on the selected patient with the option to discontinue any obsolete orders.

#### Selecting Doctor's Orders

The Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides a menu to select a medical treatment category. A rudimentary selection list of medical orders follows each of the ten major headings. Selection 1 (Figure 4.1.1.1) moves the program to Figure 4.1.1.1a.

lard Room I	Bed Potient	Reg #	Date lim	•
	+++ SELECT ACT	JUITY LEVEL	•	
1) Ar	npulate ad lib	7.) Dan	gle Legs	
2) Ar	mbulate w/ Assistance	8: Kee	p on Back	
3) St	trict Bedrest	9) may	Shower	
4) Be	adrest w/ BRP	10) Iur	n Patient	
50 Be	asiae Commode	11) Iur	ning Frame	
6) 00	18 to Strecher w/ Assist	12) Up	in Choir W/ Assis	E
0) 51gr	-Off 13) Dector's Gr	der Screen	14) Master Sci	caen
urrent Use	9 <b>F</b> :			

#### Figure 4.1.1.1a

Twelve selection criteria follow. When entering a number less than 10, enter either 03 or 3 <enter> to advance the program. Some selections request a time or frequency. These selections are 2, 6, 7, 10, 11, and 12, which move the program to Figure 4.1.1.1b [Select Time/Frequency Option]. A list of 35 options follow. Selection 40 is a brief on-line help facility [Figure 4.1.1.1c]. A selection of 41 returns the program to the previous screen with no frequency indicated for that order. Options 5, 8, 9, 24, 29, 33, 35, 37 and 39 are one time selections. All other options are ongoing until discontinued.

		/FREQUENCY OPTION •	
1) PRN	• Daily C	1 203 2200	30) 0 Shift
2) 0 1-2 Hr PR	N 103 0200	213 2400	31) 310
3) 3 2-3 Hr PR	N 113 0400		32) 0 6 Hr
4) 0 3-4 Hr PR	N 123 0600	22) BID	33) × 4
	133 0800	23) Q 12 H	г ЗЧЈ ОЧ Нг
5) On Call	143 1000	24) × 2	35) x 6
6) 00	15) 1200	25) TID	
7) HS	163 1400	25) AC	36) 9 2 Hr
8) x 1	173 1600	27) PC	37) × 12
9) Today C	18) 1800	-1H 8 C (85	38) Q 1 Hr
	19) 2000	29) x 3	39) x 23

#### Figure 4.1.1.1b

Selection 2 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides possible diet options for the selected patient. Options 17 and 18 move the program to Figure 4.1.1.1b (Select Time/Frequency Option). Selection 17 requires the number of bags per 24 hours for continuous tube feedings. Selection 18 requires a frequency for bolus tube feedings.

Selection 3 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides possible intravenous/blood options. The screen design varies from other medical treatment order screens, to accommodate for the unique characteristics of this order line. Select IV Order (Figure 4.1.1.1e) is the first screen of a series of three. Select IV Order has up to 10 selections. Selections 6 through 8 are one time orders which then returns to the program for another selection. Selection 1 through 5 moves the program to Select IV Solution (Figure 4.1.1.1f). This requires a selection from options 1 through 8. The program moves to Select Infusion Rate (Figure 4.1.1.1g) for the user to select the desired fluid infusion rate. Following the selection of infusion rate, the program returns to Select IV Order (Figure 4.1.1.1e).

Selection 4 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) displays laboratory test options. For each selection on the Select Laboratory Test (Figure 4.1.1.1h), the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option [Figure 4.1.1.1b]. Selections are for additional information regarding the order.

Selection 5 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides possible monitoring options. For some selections on the Select Monitoring Requirements screen (Figure 4.1.1.1i), the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option (Figure 4.1.1.1b) for addition information. The selections requiring time or frequency information include 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 12, and 15. Other selections are continuous.

Selection 6 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides pharmacy options. For all selections on the Select Desired Medication / Dosage screens (Figure 4.1.1.1) and Figure 4.1.1.1k), the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option (Figure 4.1.1.1b) for frequency of dosage. Each screen contains divisions of major drug categories, of individual drugs, and dosage. A help facility follows (Figure 4.1.1.11) clarifing route abbreviations used on the screen.

Selection 7 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides radiology options. For all selections on the Select Xray screen (Figure 4.1.1.1m), the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option (Figure 4.1.1.1b) for additional scheduling information.

Selection 8 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides possible respiratory therapy options. For each selection on the Select Respiratory Therapy Options screen (Figure 4.1.1.1n), except 7 (Ventilator is continuous), the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option (Figure 4.1.1.1b). After selecting a route (option 9 through 13), a flow rate (letter A-E) selection follows.

Selection 9 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides possible vital signs options. For some selections on the Select Vital Sign Option screen (Figure 4.1.1.10], the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option (Figure 4.1.1.1b). Time/Frequency Option screen provides selections for additional information with options 1 and 5 through 11. Departmental policy defines selections 2 through 4.

Selection 10 from the Doctor's Order Menu (Figure 4.1.1.1) provides ward routine selection. For many selections on the Select Ward Routine screen (Figure 4.1.1.1p), the program moves to the Select Time/Frequency Option (Figure 4.1.1.1b) for added information. Selections advancing the program to the Time/Frequency screen are: 3, 4, 6, 8, 16, 20-23, 28 and 29. Selections regarded as one time only orders are: 2, 5, 7, 12-14 and 24-27. All other selections are ongoing until discontinued (selection 1, 9-11, 15 and 17-19). In the context of this software project, option 4 (Complex Drsg Change) is a dressing change requiring 30 minutes or more to complete. A dressing change requiring less time is a simple dressing change (option 20).

#### IV. Nursing Personnel

Figure 2 (Prototype Master Screen) has two valid choices for nurses, O (Sign-Off) and 3 (Nursing Master). Option O returns the nurse to the introductory screen (Figure 1). Option O implies intent to leave the computer session.

## Patient Selection

Selection 3 (Nursing Master) advances the nurse to Figure 5 (Nurse's Station Selection). The nurse selects the desired ward or returns to the previous screen (Figure 2).

Selection 1 (Figure 5) follows with Figure 5.1a (Patient Selection for Ward 2E). Patients assigned to Ward 2E by the admission's department appear in their room and bed assignments.

•• Nurse's Stat	ion Selection ••	Date Time
••• 5	elect Nursing Unit to Display Pat	lents •••
	1) 2E Surgical Ward	
	2) 3E Medical word	
0) Sign-D!	ff3)	Master Screen
Current user	Select one number	(0-3)> .
	Figure 5	
•• Patient Selecti	on •• Word 2E Surgical	Date Time
	••• Select Patient •••	
	RM BED PATIENT	
	1) 1 A 2) 1 B	
	3) 2 A 4) 2 B	
	5) 3 A 6) 3 B	
0) Sign-Of	ד (7 7 ד	aster Screen
Current Veer:	Select one number (	

## Figure 5.1a

Choosing any one of the six patients advances the user to Figure 5.1.1, the Nursing Master Screen. Ward, room, bed, patient and registration number appear on the second line of each of the screens to assure proper patient identification. The identical sequence follows for selection 2, Patient Selection for Ward 3E (Figure 5.1b). Master Screen is an option on some screens and differs slightly from the Sign-Off option. Sign-Off is the appropriate selection if the computer session is over, Master Screen allows the user to select a different patient to enter a care plan on without requiring the nurse to redo the user identification process.

Nursing's	Category	Options
-----------	----------	---------

Figure 5.1.1 [Nursing Master Screen] is a branching screen.

word Room Be	ed Patient	keg #	Date	lime		
	NURSING	MASTER SCREEN	•			
1) Enter/Ind	activate Nursing Care Pl	an (5) Review P	Patient Care	Requirements		
23 Review Nu	rsing Core Plan	6) Print Po	itient Care	Requirements		
3) Print Nur	sing Care Pion	T interna.	Potient Ci	ossification		
H) External Patient Classification						
00	Sign-Off	8:	haster Scre	<u>e</u> r		
Current user	Current user. Select one number (0-8)> .					

#### Figure 5.1.1

Selection 1 advances the program to Figure 5.1.1.1 [Select The Desired Nursing Care Plan Function]. This option allows the nurse to enter or inactivate a patient's care plan.

Selection 2 and 3, on the Nursing Master Screen vary only in the location of their output. Selection 2 displays the nursing care plan on the screen. Figure 5.1.1.2, is a screen output for Review Nursing Care Plan. Selection 3 provides the same nursing care plan information on the printer. Selection 4 (External Patient Classification) requires the nurse to leave this portion of the prototype project [see Expert System Supplement]. Selection 5, of the Nursing Master Screen (Figure 5.1.1), Review Patient Care Requirements, displays all active orders on the patient. Patient Care Requirements are the total active medical and nursing care orders for a particular patient. Figure 5.1.1.3 is a screen output for Review Patient Care Requirements.

Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys To Pause The Scrolling If Necessary Page No. 1 01/12/86

Date	Time	Order	Frequency	Proctitioner
		Teach Alt Coping Strategies		G. Harmeyer RN
		Assist Bed To Wheelchair	TID	N. Lyons MD
		Self/Minimum Care		G. Harmeyer RN
01/11/85	13:10:53	Keep Commode @ Bedside	TID	G. Harmeyer RN
01/11/85	14:13:47	Up in Chair w/ Assist	TID	N. Lyons MD
01/11/85	14:14:23	Diabetic Diet		N. Lyons MD
01/12/86	10:17:14	Eloride	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/85	10:17:40	Sadium		T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:18:00	Amylase		T. Bui MD
01/12/85	10:18:25	Potossium	Daily @ 0500	T. Bui MD
01/12/85	10:18:55	C02	Daily @ 0500	T. Bui MD
01/12/85	10:19:26	CBC	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/85	10:19:54	Platlets	Daily @ 0500	T. Bui MD
01/12/85	10:20:18	Glucase	Daily @ 0600	T. Bu: MD
01/12/85	10:22:02	Intake & Output	TID	T. Bui MD

Figure 5.1.1.3

Selection 6 provides the same information on the printer. Selection 7 [Internal Patient Classification], gives the patient classification level and point value --Figure 5.1.1.6 [Appendix F] Patient: Mary Miser Is In: Category II Point Value Is: 27

Figure 5.1.1.6

Nursing Diagnosis

Selection 1 on the Nursing Master Screen, advances the program to Figure 5.1.1.1 [Select The Desired Nursing Care Plan Function]. The nurse has two major choices: selection 1 -- Enter New Care Plan and selection 2 -- Inactivate Portions of Care Plans. Selection 1 advances the program to Figure 5.1.1.1a [Select Nursing Diagnosis].

ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
	••• SELECT NU	RSING DIAGNOSIS	•••	
	1) Comfort,	Alteration In: Po	חוב	
	2) Communica	tion, Impaired: V	Verbal	
	3) Impaired	Physical Mobility	4	
	4) Self-Care	Deficit		
0) Sign-Off	5) Nurse's No	aster Screen	6) Mast	er Screen
Current User.	2	Select one number	(0-5)	> •

## Figure 5.1.1.1a

Of the 52 nursing diagnoses approved through the 5th and 5th National Conferences of the North American Nursing Diagnosis Association a representative four were chosen.

Patient Assessment

Following the selection of one of the diagnoses, the nurse advances to one of the four assessment screens (Figure 5.1.1.1b, 5.1.1.1k, 5.1.1.1q, 5.1.1.1y).

word Room Bed Patient Rea # Date Time SELECT NURSING ASSESSMENTS FOR A PATIENT WITH •• NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF COMFORT ALTERATION IN: PAIN •• 12) Self-Focusing 1] Altered Time 7) Guarding Benavior Perception 8) Impoired Thought 13) Talkative 2) Alteration Muscle Tone Process 14) Verbal Camplaint 3) Autonomic Response 9) Narrowing Focus 15) Vocal Complaints 4) Distraction Behavior 10) Pacing (Moans, Cruing) 51 Facial Mask 11) Patient Report 16) Withdrawal From Social Contact 5) Other Assessment: [.....]

Current User:

Select one number [01-16] --->

## Figure 5.1.1.1b

Assessments, related factors, goals and nursing orders used are not an inclusive list, but rather generic options to build on. Any assessment, related factor, goal or order can be changed to better reflect the individual nature of their hospital setting. To select any number less than 10, enter either OB or B <enter> to advance the program.

Related Factors and Patient Goals

Following the assessment selection, the program moves to the related factor associated with the diagnosis (Figure 5.1.1.1c, 5.1.1.11, 5.1.1.1r, 5.1.1.1z). The patient goal screen follows (Figure 5.1.1.1d, 5.1.1.1m, 5.1.1.1s, 5.1.1.1aa).

Ward Room Bed Patient	Reg # Date Time				
	OR FOR A PATIENT WITH				
1) Altered Sensation	5) Surgical Procedure				
2) Disease / Condition	5) Irauma				
3) Emotional State	7) Treatment Regime				
4) Other: []					
Eurrent User: Sel	ect one number [1-7]>				
Figure 5.1.1.1c					
word Room Bed Potient	Reg # Date Time				
•• SELECT A PATIENT GDAL FOR A PATIENT WITH •• •• NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF COMFORT ALTERATION IN PAIN ••					
1) Communicates Pain Fre	se.				
2) Communicates Experien	nces Less Pain				
3) Communicates Experien	nce of Pain Nore Iolerable				
	age to Achieve Pt Goals				
5) Other Goals: [					
Current User. Sala	ot one number (1-5)>				

Figure 5.1.1.1d

## Nursing Orders

The patient goal selected, triggers the appropriate patient order screen. If patient diagnosis selection is

comfort alteration in: pain, and the goal selected from Figure 5.1.1.1d is 1, 2, 3, or 5, Figure 5.1.1.1.e appears. To obtain additional information on some of the nursing orders, the program may advance the nurse to Select Time / Frequency Option (Figure 5.1.1.1g) with its help facility (Figure 5.1.1.1h); a teaching module (Figure 5.1.1.1i) to illicit the type of teaching necessary; or an emotional support screen to determine the type of emotional support required (Figure 5.1.1.1j). With the selection of goal 4, the program displays Figure (5.1.1.1f).

Ward Room Bed Patient	Reg # Date Time
•• SELECT A NURSING ORDER FOR •• COMMUNICATES: PAIN FREE, EXPERIENCE:	
1) Assess Pain Factors	6) Offer PRN Medications
2) Assess & Evaluate Pain	73 Provide Emotional Support
3) Encour Pt to Use Coping Strategy	8] Schedule "Quiet Times"
4) Give Info & Explain Proc & Tests	9] Teach Alt Coping Strategies
53 Other Nursing Orders:	10) Utilize Diversional Activities

Cur	rent	User:	

Select one number (01-10) --->

Figure 5.1.1.1e

Ward Room	Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
			RDER FOR A PATIENT W LS & KNOWLEDGE TO AC		
		• Ieach Str	ress Reduction lachn	niques	
		1) Dee;	o Breathing		
		2) Prop	gressive Relaxation		
		3) Reid	ixation Response		
		4) Dive	ersional Activity		
		5) Othe	ar: [		
Current Us	ser:		Select one numbe	er (1-5) <b></b>	>

Figure 5.1.1.1f

Each of the four nursing diagnoses follows the same sequence: assessment, related factor, goal and nursing order with generic type responses. The only variation lies in the goal section of the Self-Care Deficit diagnosis (Figure 5.1.1.1aa). Levels C through 4 are self care levels as defined in COMPUTERIZED NURSING CARE PLANNING UTILIZING NURSING DIAGNOSIS and referenced in the main text of the thesis. Current level of care required is also asked for. Current level of care enters into the patient classification determination.

A caveat exists regarding the use of the "other order" option provided by each of the nursing order screens. Many nursing orders are directly linked to the internal processing of the patient classification system. The use of the "other order" may give a more accurate order, but will not enter points into the patient's classification level. If orders are identified that need to be added, and affect the patient classification, they should be incorporated into the program, rather than being typed in.

Inactivate Portion of Care Plan

In addition to selection 1 on the Select Desired Nursing Care Plan Function screen [Figure 5.1.1.1], the nurse can choose to inactivate a portion of the care plan by selecting option 2. Figure 5.1.1.lag displays nursing care plan information for review and inactivation as needed.

V. System Administration Personnel

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Access level 0 or 2 will allow the user access to the System Administration section of the program. The target user group for this section is the department responsible for issuing access levels and recording user's information. Figure 6.1 provides the format used to enter user's information.

••• SELECT ADD / DELETE A USER •••

13 Add A User

21 Delete A User

01 Sign-Off

Current User:

Select one number (0-2) ---->

.

Figure 6

#### USER INFORMATION

••• THIS INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL •••

.

First Initial:

Middle Initial:

Last Name:

Category of Requestor:

Password:

.

Access Level.

## Figure 6.1

The User Information screen consists of 6 input areas. After inputting the information, press enter to move to the next category. The amount of information and the acceptable inputs are as follows:

First Initial:	Allows only one character to be enter- ed, automatically capitalizes it, places a period after the letter and advances the user to the next field.
Middle Initial:	Parameters are identical to First Initial.
Last Name:	Allows entry of up to 20 letters, capitalizes the first letter and advances the user to the next field.
Category of	A three letter field for a coded category.
Requestor:	Could include rate, rank or education- al background. Used for user infor- mation only and is not otherwise incorporated into the program.
Password:	A 5 letter or number code selected by the user to log into the system.
Access Level:	<ul> <li>Authorizes a person to enter different sections of the software project.</li> <li>Five levels of access are available:</li> <li>O Unlimited access to all sections of the software project.</li> <li>1 Restricted to the admission's sec- tion of the software project.</li> </ul>

- 2 Restricted to the data base section of the software project.
- 3 Restricted to the doctor section of the software project.
- 4 Restricted to the nursing section of the software project.

Expert System Supplement

There are two ways for the nurse to obtain a patient classification, externally or internally (selection 4 and 7 respectively on Figure 5.1.1 -- Nurse's Master Screen). Selection 4 loads a qualifier and value number for each patient order that corresponds to a critical indicator. This is the expert system information to calculate the patient classification level.

To calculate the external patient classification system choose selection 4, Figure 5.1.1. A manufacturer's sign-off message appears at the bottom of the screen indicating that you are leaving dBase III. Remove disk A:2 and insert disk A:3. Type b:expert <enter>. The expert program loads into memory the necessary information to calculate the patient classification. The program asks some preliminary questions [three] which require no response except <enter>. The expert system program gives the user an opportunity to see the rules used to arrive at the classification level.

Selection 7 of Figure 5.1.1 works in a similar manner to selection 4, without leaving the main program. Selection 7 provides a much quicker patient classification level, but is not able to provide the user with the information on how the classification was derived.

During the programming phase of this project, medical orders that corresponded to critical indicators were tied to their corresponding medical order, ie. vital signs QD receives a patient point value of 1, apnea monitor receives a monitor point value of 6. The reason vital signs has a patient point value and apnea monitor has a monitor point value is because the vital sign's critical indicator relates directly to critical indicator points. This is not true of an order for an apnea, cardiac or pressure monitor. In the latter case the patient point total would remain at 6 even if three monitors were ordered. Where point totals are not additive or do not directly translate to patient points -- the cardiac, apnea, temp and pressure monitors; S&A, SpGr, Guiac and spin HCT; and emotional support -special point totals are calculated prior to their translation to a patient point totals.

Listed in Appendix F are qualifiers and their values used to derive the expert system's rules. Through the use of 382 rules, the patient classification level is derived.

# APPENDIX D

•

# PATIENT CLASSIFICATION CRITICAL INDICATORS

(4)     Vital signs q2b or x 12     (2)     Tilt tests q4b or mana       (8)     Vital signs q1b or x 24     (6)     Post-op. post-partum or post-newborn       (2)     MONITORING		VITAL SIGNS IMA	NUAL	TP9. 8P)
21       Visi a josa 40 or 16       22       Femoral or pesial pulsar or FMT 64 hor more         31       Visi a josa 40 or 13       51       Tits are upt 64 or nore         32       Visi a josa 41 or 13       60       Transactaneous memore         33       Heur checks 44 or 12       60       Criticitos comparison maintery four at difficue         34       Heur checks 44 or 13       60       Transactaneous memore       12         34       Heur checks 44 or 13       60       Transactaneous memore       12         35       Heur checks 44 or 13       60       Transactaneous memore       12         36       Heur checks 44 or 13       20       70	(1)		(2)	Rectal or axillary temps or apical polse QID or more
101       Yina upina q1b wr 124       (6)       Partoe, postgarutus er portaewebors         101       Intaka and extrut q2b wr 12       (6)       Cartiscapasertampyressure manitery unt dditive)         101       Intaka and extrut q2b wr 12       (6)       Cartiscapasertampyressure manitery unt dditive)         101       March and extrut q2b wr 12       (6)       Alles of ICP Insurant and and q2b wr 12         101       March and q2b wr 12       (6)       Alles of ICP Insurant and and q2b wr 12         102       Cartiscapasertampyressure manitery unt dditive)         103       Cartiscapasertampyressure manitery unt dditive)         104       Cartiscapasertampyressure manitery unt dditive)         105       Intartotodder care (15 years)       (4)       Extru lines charge and partial kert 2 parts)         102       Cartiscapasertampyressure and yeartai kert 2 parts)       (4)       Extru lines charge and partial kert 2 parts)         103       Carepies care (15 years) assist writ pesitowess       (2)       United feeding locationeani as 0 parts (and the top	12)	Vital signs q4h or x 6		
MONITORING         MONITORING           10         Track and strupt (B) or 12         (B)           10         Track and strupt (B) or 12         (B)           11         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)           12         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)           13         Rew thesis (A) or 12         (B)         (C)	(4)	Vital signs q2h or x 12		
12         Unclass and exptort (2) or 1/2         60         Cardinexpearing memory ::	(8)			Post-op, post-partum or post-newborn
<ul> <li>a prize and server (22 or x 12</li> <li>a final and server (22 or x 102)</li> <li>a final and server (22 or x 102)</li> <li>a final and server (22 or x 102)</li> <li>b final and server (22 or x 102)</li> <li>c final and server (23 or x 102)</li> <li>c final and server (25 or x 102)</li> <li>c final and server (25</li></ul>				a here the second second second
21       Circulations or funds thereas 2,0 or 12       (4)       Allies or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         31       Hear chacts 2,0 or 12       (2)       Allies or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         31       Hear chacts 2,0 or 12       (2)       Allies or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         32       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12       (2)       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         32       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12       (2)       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         33       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12       (2)       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         34       FEE ONCO       (3)       CIP or ICP (insention reading 2,0 or 12         35       Saffmain and (insent or insent on reading 2,0 or 12       (3)       (4)         36       Addit meaks > 5 years (insent on reading 2,0 or 15       (1)       Intervinesson borts 1       Heading 2,0 or 15         36       Addit meaks > 5 years (insent on reading 2,0 or 15       (2)       Intervinesson borts 1       Heading 2,0 or 15         37       Teb reading (instructionsents or reading 2,0 or 15       (2)       Intervinesson borts 1       Heading 2,0 or 12         38       The reading (instructionsents or reading 2,0 or 15       (2)       Intervinesson borts 1       Heading 2,0 or 12         3	(2)	intake and output q8h or x 3		
31       Farer checks gAb ar i 12       20       Alles or LP (monitor) reading gAb or i 12         32       Even checks gAb ar i 12       20       PAPPA wedge making gAb or i 12         32       CUP or LP (monitor) reading gAb or i 12       20       Catheor events (gAb or i 12         33       Alles or LP (monitor) reading gAb or i 12       20       Catheor events (gAb or i 12         34       Total feedback events (10 or i 12)       20       Catheor events (gAb or i 12)         34       Total feedback (10 or i 12)       121       Total feedback (10 or i 12)         34       Total feedback (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         34       Total feedback (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         35       Alles or (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         36       Alles or (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         37       Tota feedback (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         37       Tota feedback (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         38       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)         38       Farance (10 or i 12)       Farance (10 or i 12)				
<ul> <li>The more checks give at 22</li> <li>CFP of ICP increases give at 23</li> <li>CFT of ICP increases give at 25</li> <li>CFT of ICP increases give at 26</li> <li>CFT of ICP in</li></ul>				
20       CVP or ICP (meaned) 22h or 112       94       PAP/PA werge reading 22h or 12         21       Contains ertper ID or 13       Contains ertper ID or 13         22       Safet and set of 5 years)       121       Cost cars ( 5 years)         23       Safet and set of 5 years)       121       Cost cars ( 5 years)         24       Latron frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       121       Cost cars ( 5 years)         25       Late frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       121       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)         25       Tube frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       121       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)         26       Tube frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)         26       Tube frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)         27       Tube frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)         28       Tube frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)         29       Tube frame frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost cars ( 5 years)       Intermine frame Cost ( 5 years)         20       Stat S of Folaic or siz ( 5 years)				
C2 Cardies entrops TDD of 2     Cardies entrops				
ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING       121 Control (> 5 year) - position and skin care q2h         121 Selfmaniad cars (25 year) - position and skin care q2h       142 Erron (See change and partial barb 22 provide and skin care q2h         123 Askindt car (> 5 year) - position and skin care q2h       144 Erron (See change and partial barb 22 provide and skin care q2h         124 Erron (See change and partial barb 22 provide and skin care q2h       144 Erron (See change and partial barb 22 provide and skin care q2h         125 Table feed footel additivitile/desease q4 do r 5       121 Infractmease bottle q2h or x 12         125 Table feed footel additivitile/desease q4 do r 5       121 Infractmease bottle q2h or x 12         126 Child mease 3 5 years (space feed x 3)       124 Infractmease bottle q2h or x 12         127 Start IV of K6 inservate and r KK6       140 Evercattesis of parts (resume a car wrapskitter to thole or x 1 (sclude trach), folly         128 Sargial part of the care a 1 (sclude trach), folly       140 Evercattesia of a partscreatus         128 Sargial part of the care a 1 (sclude trach), folly       141 Evercattesia of partscreatus       141 Evercattesia of a partscreatus         129 Medications q2h q2h add rates a 1       141 Evercattesia of a partscreatus       141 Evercattesia of a partscreatus         120 Medications q2h q2h add rates a 1 (sclude trach), folly       141 Evercattesia of a partscreatus       131 Evercattesia of a partscreatus         121 Evercattesia of partscreatus       141 Evercattesia of a partscrea	(2)	CVP or ICP (manual) q2n or x 12		
61       Infrartundeller care (±5 year)       (42       foat care (±5 year)       (43       foat care (±5 year)       (44       foat care (±5 year)       (45       foat care (±5 year)       (46       foat care (±5 year)       (47       foat care (±5 year)       (48       foat care (±5 year)       (48 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
<ul> <li>21 Safethesiand care (&gt; 5 years) excitors safe (&gt; 1 Exreming framework (&gt; 5 years) excitors safe (&gt; 1 Farming framework (&gt; 5 years) excitors safe (&gt; 1 Farming framework (&gt; 5 years) excitors (&gt; 5 years) excitors</li></ul>	101			
131       Assisted care (> 5 year) - pactions said       (14) Taring Trans (2 art for torm Q2)         140       Complete care (> 5 year) assist with pactituming       (15) Pets recreationablementations         151       Tube feed (doical additional parts of the parts of the parts of the parts of the part of the parts				
<ul> <li>[14] Campion care (&gt; 5 years) assist with pesitioning [0] Pesis merantionablaarvation - 0-12 yrs (acclude NBN)</li> <li>[25] Tube freeding (continenes) - per bag change [26] Infractioneness bettle 42h er 1 §</li> <li>[26] Tube freeding (continenes) - per bag change [27] Infractioneness bettle 42h er 1 §</li> <li>[27] Tube freeding (continenes) - per bag change [28] Infractioneness bettle 42h er 1 §</li> <li>[28] Tube freeding (continenes) - per bag change [27] Infractioneness bettle 42h er 1 §</li> <li>[29] Child meaks 5 years (spose freed z 3)</li> <li>[20] Child meaks 5 years (spose freed z 3)</li> <li>[21] Child meaks 5 years (spose freed z 3)</li> <li>[22] Signig (and - 10) Minute Total (10) Contines and &lt;1 hour Total (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27)</li></ul>				
21 Tube feed for (cantioner) - per bag change       Infractionerate bottle 2.1 Infractionerate bottle 2.4 for 1.5         22 Tube feed for (cantionerate) - per bag change       If if at the change about the data is 1.5         23 Tube feed for (cantionerate) - per bag change       If if at the change about the data is 1.5         24 Tube feed for (cantionerate) - per bag change       If if at the change about the data is 1.5         25 Start (v of K0 inservation of form)       If if at the change about the data is 1.5         25 Start (v of K0 inservation of form)       If if at the data is 1.5         25 Start (v of K0 inservation of form)       If if at the data is 1.5         25 Start (v of K0 inservation of form)       If if if at the data is 1.5         25 Start (v of K0 inservation of form)       If				
21       Tube finaling (continence): per bag change       [2]       Infrastrumenans borts qAB or x 6         31       Tube final bolasi additivibilizeness to da or x 6       [2]       Infrastrumenans borts qAB or x 6         10       Child mesia 5 years (spoor fired x 3)       [24]       Infrastrumenans borts qAB or x 6         10       Child mesia 5 years (spoor fired x 3)       [24]       Infrastrumenans borts qAB or x 6         11       Complex 2 Jander 11       Complex 2 Jander 11       [26]       Complex 2 Jander 11         12       Straight and rescing (change ) + 5 Jander 2 J	10			
[5] Tube head tobelasis bottle bild/researce for a 6       (12) Intractivenesses bottle q2b or x 15         [6] Adatt meaks > 5 years (spone fived x 3)       (24) Intractivenesses bottle q2b or x 12         [10] Child meaks > 5 years (spone fived x 3)       (24) Intractivenesses bottle q2b or x 12         [10] Child meaks > 5 years (spone fived x 3)       (24) Intractivenesses bottle q2b or x 12         [11] Child meaks > 5 years (spone fived x 3)       (24) Intractivenesses bottle q2b or x 12         [12] Start / V MG (sectione or Foliop inservice or KG (14)       (25) Child meaks a 5 for G will be care x 2 (sective tracht foliop (14)         [12] Start / V MG (sectione or ypin HGT x 6)       (4) Daracteressis q2h or means (sectione resulting (14) (14) (12) (12) (15)         [13] Medications q2h - q3h (sectione (17) (14) (15) (12) (15)       (4) Meaksactives q2h or means (sectione (14) (14) (14) (15) (15) (15)         [14] Medications q2h - q3h (sectione (17) (15) (15) (15) (15) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16	(2)			Infantineonate bottle z 1 feeding
(i)       Addit mesia > 5 years (spoor fired 1)       (24) Infecturesaus butts q2b or x 12         (ii)       Child mesia > 5 years (spoor fired 1)       (24) Infecturesaus butts q2b or x 12         (iii)       Child mesia > 5 years (spoor fired 1)       (24) Infecturesaus butts q2b or x 12         (iii)       Child mesia > 5 years (spoor fired 1)       (24) Infectures/ICATIONS         (iii)       Start IV or MG means or a complex 10       (26) Infectures         (iii)       Start IV or MG means or a complex 10       (26) Infectures         (iii)       Start IV or MG means or a complex 10       (26) Infectures         (iii)       Start IV or MG means or a complex 10       (26) Infectures         (iii)       Start IV or MG means or a complex 10       (26) Infectures         (iii)       Start IV or MG means or a complex 10       (27) Infectures quarter qu			(12)	
110) Child meaks a 5 years lapose freed x 31 The ATMENTS/PROCEDURES/MEDICATIONS Complex > 10 minuts and <1 floor Total Complex > 10 minuts and <1 floor Total (a) Check the insertion of Kis (b) Check the insertion of kis (c) Check the inserin (c) kis (c) Check the insertion of k			(24)	
TREATMENTS/PROCEDURES/MEDICATIONS         Compare 3 10 Mington form       Compare 3 10 mington of 1 four Total         10       Surriv or KG insertion of Foury insertion of KG       Compare 3 20 minutes and 4 1 four Total         11       Stande dimension of a 1 four total compare 3 20 minutes and 4 1 four total       Compare 3 20 minutes and 4 1 four total         12       Stande of SpG or Guine or spin HCT x 6       Compare 3 20 minutes and 4 1 four total         12       Lab standies x 6 x ABG stick or blood calture x 1       40         13       Medicationes quint quint (up to 1 2 trips)       41         14       Medicationes quint quint (up to 1 2 trips)       43         15       Medicationes quint quint (up to 1 2 trips)       44         16       Assist to chair or stream       100 minutes         17       Retraining 1 2 or fourtes x 1       112         18       Accompary patient of wards - 1 four - 4 Moors       112         19       Accompary patient of wards - 1 four - 4 Moors       112         10       Accompary patient of wards - 1 four - 4 Moors       112         11       Retraining - 15 minutes & - 30 minutes       110 minutes         12       Other schwinder schwinder schwinder schwinder schwinder       110 minutes         13       Medicatione schwinder schwinder       1 four				
21       Surr IV or MG maserba or fore insertos or KG       (4)       Chest these nearbooks or Lonnar punctures         23       Sargia prog or senses or acc arrowing velence totkictory       (4)       Chest these nearbooks or punctures         23       Sargia fraziones or Lastro to the care x 2 (axclude trach), foley       (4)       Chest these nearbooks or punctures         23       Sargia fraziones (N) = 12 tripsi       (4)       Chest these nearbooks or punctures         23       Sargia fraziones (N) = 12 tripsi       (4)       Chest these nearbooks or punctures         23       Sargia fraziones (N) = 12 tripsi       (4)       Medicationes q2h or gbi frazentiones q1 (1) = 12 tripsi         24       Assist to chair or structures and return x 3       (4)       Tractive Gh-konsel - stasses & oriest         25       Assist to chair or structures and return x 3       (1)       Tractive Gh-konsel - stasses & oriest         25       Assist to chair or structures and return x 3       (1)       How admission - stasses & oriest         26       Assist to ensure or stating + 15 minutes & 4 30 minutes       (2)       Chest paimosary therapy 810 or x 2         26       Interstive structures and or the stating + 15 minutes & 4 30 minutes       (2)       Chest paimosary therapy 810 or x 2         27       Interstive structure or C2DB q4h       (4)       Chest paimosary therapy 810 or x 2			URES/	MEDICATIONS
21       Sangical preg or sneeks or activerspreident static stations of the sneek of snee	Sima		Coma	iex > 30 minutes and < 1 Hour Total
<ul> <li>2) Slample dressing i z 2, or tube care i 2 (axclude tracht, foley care i z ?</li> <li>2) SAA or SpGr or Guine or spin HCT x 6</li> <li>2) SAA or SpGr or Guine or spin HCT x 6</li> <li>3) Medications q 2h or more (axclude to a large or spin HCT x 6)</li> <li>4) Medications q 2h or more (axclude x 6 or more (axclude to a large or spin HCT x 7 )</li> <li>4) Medications q 2h or more (axclude x 6 or less (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Medications q 2h or more (axclude x 6 or less (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Medications q 2h or more (axclude x 6 or less (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Accompasy patient of the word &gt; 10 minutes q 2h or more (axclude x 6 or less (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Accompasy patient of the word &gt; 10 minutes q 2h or more (axclude to a large or leaver (axclude x 6 or less (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Accompasy patient of the word &gt; 10 minutes 4 or 10 minutes q 2h or to 10 minutes (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Accompasy patient of the word &gt; 10 minutes 4 or 10 minutes (1) or to 12 trips)</li> <li>4) Accompasy patient of the word &gt; 15 minutes 4 or 10 minutes 4 or</li></ul>	(2)	Start IV or NG inservos or Foley inservos or EKG	(4)	
card x 2       (4)       Straight carditar x 4 or more         (2)       SAA or SpGr of Guine or spin HCT x 6       (4)       Medications q.4 or more       (4)         (2)       Lab stadies x 6 and Strick or biode culture x 3       (4)       Range of more inservices watches x 3       (4)         (2)       Lab stadies or instillations x 4 or less       (4)       Accompany patient off ward > 10 minutes a 3 = 1 hour         (2)       Restraints (2 or 4 point or possity)       (4)       Transfer Charlessie - cases & orient         (2)       Restraints (2 or 4 point or possity)       (4)       Transfer Charlessie - cases & orient         (2)       Restraints (2 or 4 point or possity)       (4)       Transfer Charlessie - cases & orient         (2)       Restraints (2 or 4 point or possity)       (4)       Transfer Charlessie - cases & orient         (2)       Restraints (2 or 4 point or possity)       (6)       Each compute one unspin (2 on the orient or and				
12) SAA or SpGr or Guine or spin HCT r 6       (4) Medications gAB or meric leastured (V) (> 12 tripal         12) Lab studies x 8: ABG stick or blood calture x 3       (4) Range of mexices gAB or meric leastured (V) (> 12 tripal         12) Medications qAB acclude (V) - (ap to 12 tripal       (4) Range of mexices are acclude (V) (> 12 tripal         12) Image of mexices and - qAB leastured (V) - (ap to 12 tripal       (4) Range of mexices are acclude (V) (> 12 tripal         12) Image of mexices are acclude (V) - (ap to 12 tripal       (4) Range of mexices are acclude (V) (> 12 tripal         12) Restances (12 or Against or particles and return x 3       (1) Rever admission - assess & oriest         12) Assist to chain or stored are and return x 3       (1) Rever admission - assess & oriest         12) Instantion (Intermediation or photocharrayy       Special Procedeness > 1 Hour < 4 Hours	(2)			Complex drassing change ( > 30 minutes to complete)
[2] Lab straider x 1: ABG strick or blood culture x 3       (4) Range of neuroice startings x 3         [2] Medications q3b - q3b institutions x 4 or less       (4) Other activities measures x 3         [2] Restraints [2] or 4 point or possy)       (4) Other activities measures x 3         [2] Assist to chair or structure as a function       (4) Other activities measures x 3         [2] Assist to welk and return x 1       (4) Other activities measures 4 or inst         [2] Assist to welk and return x 1       (5) Each compute Bauer measures 4 or inst         [2] Accompany patient of word > 15 minutes 5 < 30 minutes				
(2) Medications of iscillations x 4 or lass       (4) Accompany patient of ward > 10 minutes         (2) Imparison of iscillations x 4 or lass       (4) Other activities requiring > 30 minutes & an instance and insta				
[2] Impartiess or instillations x 4 or less       (4) Other schridter meguing > 30 minutes ad. < ) hour				
(2)       Restruits is a for a point or possivity       (4)       Transform (Dahoessi) - essess & orient         (2)       Assist to welk and return x 1       (12)       New admission - essess & orient         (2)       Assist to welk and return x 1       (12)       New admission - essess & orient         (2)       Istatics (grow & 6) grows 1 3)       (12)       New admission - essess & orient         (2)       Istatics (grows & 6) grows 1 3)       (12)       Company patient off word > 15 minutes & < 30 minutes				
(2)       Assist to evaluation and return x 3       (12)       New admission - assess & origet         (2)       Assist to evaluation of photodierapy       Special Procederes > 1 Nor < 4 Norg				
12       Assist to welk and reture 1 1         12       Infant circumention or phototherapy       Special Procedenes > 1 Mour < 4 Mours				
21       Isolatics (grown & glown & 2)       Special Procedures > 1 Nowr < 4 Nours			1121	New admission - assess & origat
21       Isolation (grown & given & given & 15       insutes & 4 30 minutes         22       Accompany patient off ward > 15 minutes & 4 30 minutes       (B)       Eace complete down requiring continuous staff attendance         23       Otryges therapy or aryhood       (2)       Chest paimonary therapy 810 or x 2         24       Incentive spirameter or C20B q4h       (2)       Chest paimonary therapy 90h or x 5         25       Incentive spirameter or C20B q4h       (2)       Chest paimonary therapy 90h or x 5         26       Incentive spirameter or C20B q4h       (2)       Chest paimonary therapy 90h or x 5         26       Incentive spirameter or C20B q4h       (2)       Sectioning q4h or x 5         27       (3)       Fractecostomy care x 3       (3)         28       Croup tant or mist tent       (4)       Suctioning q4h or x 5         29       (4)       Fractecostomy care x 3       (10)         20       UP for maximist q4h or x 5       (2)       Medication q6h or x 3         31       Medication q6h or x 4       (3)       Medication q6h or x 4         32       IPP for ormars sites or change bottle q4h or       (2)       Blood products (each unit)         33       Medication q6h or x 6       (3)       Medication q6h or x 6         34       Heparin				
(2)       Accompany patient off ward > 15 minutes & = 30 minutes       (a)       Each compary nature requiring continuous staff attandance         (2)       Other activities requiring > 15 minutes & = 30 minutes       (b)       Each compary network requiring continuous staff attandance         (2)       Other activities requiring > 15 minutes & = 30 minutes       (c)       Chest paimoary therapy 810 or x 2         (2)       Output containing off or x 4       (c)       Chest paimoary therapy 810 or x 2         (3)       IPP8 or maximist g6h or x 4       (c)       Suctioning q6h or x 5         (4)       IPP8 or maximist q6h or x 6       (d)       Suctioning q6h or x 12         (3)       Croup tent or mist tent       (d)       Youtilator         (4)       Medication q6h or x 3       (d)       (d)         (3)       Medication q6h or x 3       (d)       (d)         (4)       Medication q6h or x 3       (d)       (d)         (5)       Group teaching       (d)       Medication q6h or x 3         (6)       Simpli (change bottle B1D or (D)       (d)       Medication q6h or x 4         (3)       Medication q6h or x 4       (d)       Simpli (change bottle g4h or         (3)       Medication q6h or x 4       (d)       Simpli (change bottle g4h or         (3)			Spec	ial Procedures > 1 Hour < 4 Hours
(2) Other activities requiring > 15 minutes & < 30 minutes			(8)	Each complete hour requiring continuous staff attendance
RESPIRATORY THERAPY         [2]       Chest paimeary or axyhood       [2]       Chest paimeary therapy 810 or x 2         [2]       Incentive spirameter of CADB q4h       [4]       Chest paimeary therapy q6h or x 4         [2]       IPP8 or maximist 810 or x 2       [6]       Chest paimeary therapy q6h or x 5         [4]       IPP8 or maximist q4h or x 6       [2]       Sectioning q4h or x 6         [6]       IPP8 or maximist q4h or x 6       [4]       Suctioning q4h or x 7         [6]       IPP8 or maximist q4h or x 6       [4]       Suctioning q4h or x 1         [6]       Croup tent or mist tent       [4]       Tracheostomy care x 3         [6]       Croup tent or mist tent       [4]       Medication q8h or x 3         [6]       Croup tent or mist tent       [1]       Medication q8h or x 3         [6]       Croup tent or mist tent       [2]       Medication q8h or x 3         [6]       Suction g8h orts 810 or (00)       [3]       Medication q8h or x 3         [6]       Suction g8h orts 810 or (00)       [4]       Medication q8h or x 4         [6]       Complex (two or more sites or change bortle q4h or molification g8h or x 4       [6]       Medication [6] exacess of 30 minutes q 24 haurs.]         [7]       Indue teaching       [4]				
12       Gxygee therapy or gxyhood       12       Chest paimonary therapy 810 or x 2         12       Incentive spirameter or C208 q4h       44       Chest paimonary therapy q6h or x 4         12       IPP8 or maximist 810 or x 2       65       Chest paimonary therapy q6h or x 5         14       IPP8 or maximist q6h or x 4       12       Sectioning q2h or x 12         16       IPP8 or maximist q4h or x 5       14       Suctaoning q2h or x 12         17       IPP8 or maximist q4h or x 5       14       Suctaoning q2h or x 12         18       Croup tent or mist tent       10       Yantibater         10       Vanisher       10       Vanisher         10       Vanisher       10       Vanisher         10       Vanisher       10       Vanisher         110       Vanisher       11       Vanisher         12       Blood products (sech unit)       10         13       Medication q6h or x 3       10         14       Heparin lock ar Broviac       13       Medication q6h or x 6         13       Complex (tive or mare sites or change bottle q4h or c       12       8lood products (sech unit)         16       Simple (tine account on the site of the	146.2		V THE	
1       Incentive spirameter or C208 q4h       (4)       Chest pulmonary therapy q6h or x 4         12       IPPB or maximist Q6h or x 2       (5)       Chest pulmonary therapy q6h or x 5         (4)       IPPB or maximist q6h or x 4       (2)       Sectioning q2h or x 12         (6)       IPPB or maximist q6h or x 6       (4)       Sectioning q2h or x 12         (7)       Vanilator       (1)       Vanilator         (8)       Croup tant or mist tant       (2)       Medication q6h or x 3         (10)       Vanilator       (2)       Medication q6h or x 3         (3)       Medication g6h or x 4       (3)       Medication q6h or x 4         (6)       Simple (change bottle B1D or less)       (2)       Medication q6h or x 3         (8)       Comolex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or meltilumea line)       (2)       Blood products (each unit)         (8)       Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or meltilumea line)       (2)       Blood products (each unit)         (12)       Group taaching       (4)       Patientfamity support (in excess of 30 minutes q 24 heurs.)         (13)       Texperative taaching       (4)       Patientfamity support (is. anxiety. denisi, loneiness. etc.)         (14)       Properative taaching       (4)       Medification (iferstyle (is. n	(2)			
21       IPPB or maximist BID or x 2       (6)       Chest palmonary therapy q4h or x 5         (4)       IPPB or maximist q4h or x 5       (2)       Sectioning q4h or x 5         (6)       IPPB or maximist q4h or x 5       (4)       Suctioning q4h or x 5         (6)       IPPB or maximist q4h or x 5       (4)       Suctioning q2h or x 12         (7)       Fachestioning q2h or x 5       (4)       Suctioning q2h or x 12         (8)       Croup tent or mist tent       (4)       Trachestioning q2h or x 3         (10)       Vantilator       (10)       Vantilator         (11)       Vantilator       (11)       Vantilator         (12)       Medication q8h or x 3       (10)       Vantilator         (13)       Medication q8h or x 4       (11)       (11)         (14)       Medication q8h or x 6       (12)       (13)         (15)       Compt maching       (12)       Medication q8h or x 6       (13)         (16)       Compt maching       (12)       Medication q8h or x 6       (14)         (16)       Compt maching       (12)       Medication q8h or x 6       (14)         (17)       Medication q8h or x 6       (12)       (10)       (14)         (18)       Compt maching </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
14       IPPB or maximist q6h or x 4       (2)       Suctioning q2h or x 12         16       IPPB or maximist q4h or x 6       (4)       Suctioning q2h or x 12         18       Croup tent or mist tent       (4)       Tracheostromy care x 3         19       Croup tent or mist tent       (2)       Medication q8h or x 3         10       Vantilator         14       Heparin lock or Broviac       (3)         14       Heparin lock or Broviac       (3)         15       Simple (change battle BID or less)       (2)         16       Simple (change battle TID or QID)       (4)         16       Simple (change battle TID or QID)       (4)         16       Simple (change battle TID or QID)       (4)         17       TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT         18       Complexity apport fin excess of 30 minutes q 24 heurs.)         19       Group teaching       (4)         10       TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT       (14)         11       Medication (Ifeatyle (La. new prosthesis, bady image.         12)       Group teaching       (4)         14)       Preoperative teaching (La. disbetic, cardiac, colostomy care.       behavior madification, etc.)         13       Preoperatis teaching       (5)       <				
<ul> <li>(6) IPP8 or maximist q4h or x 6</li> <li>(4) Suctaining q2h or x 12</li> <li>(4) Trachesstomy care x 3</li> <li>(10) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(12) Medication q6h or x 3</li> <li>(13) Medication q6h or x 4</li> <li>(14) Heparin lock or Broviac</li> <li>(15) Medication q6h or x 4</li> <li>(16) Simple (change bottle BID or (ess)</li> <li>(17) Medication q6h or x 3</li> <li>(18) Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or class of class of change bottle q4h or class of class</li></ul>				
<ul> <li>(8) Croup tent or mist tent         <ul> <li>(4) Tracheostomy care x 3</li> <li>(10) Ventilator</li> <li>(10) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(11) Ventilator</li> <li>(12) Medication q8h or x 3</li> <li>(13) Medication q8h or x 4</li> <li>(14) Simple (change bottle BID or (BS)</li> <li>(15) Medication q8h or x 4</li> <li>(16) Simple (change bottle BID or (BD)</li> <li>(17) Medication q8h or x 5</li> <li>(18) Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottlex (two or more sites (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or complex (two or more sites or change bottlex (two or more sites (two or more si</li></ul></li></ul>				
<ul> <li>(10) Vantilator</li> <li>(11) Vantilator</li> <li>(12) Medication q8h or x 3</li> <li>(13) Medication q8h or x 3</li> <li>(14) Heparin lock or Broviac</li> <li>(15) Simple (change bottle BID or (00)</li> <li>(14) Medication q8h or x 4</li> <li>(15) Simple (change bottle BID or 000)</li> <li>(14) Medication q8h or x 5</li> <li>(15) Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or clip)</li> <li>(16) Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or clip)</li> <li>(17) TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT</li> <li>(18) Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or clip)</li> <li>(10) Must be documented)</li> <li>(11) Properative teaching</li> <li>(11) Properative teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care. behavior modification, etc.)</li> <li>(18) Structured teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care. behavior modification, etc.)</li> <li>(10) Maximum points for emotional support (in emotion), dental, ioneliness, etc.)</li> <li>(19) Properative teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care. behavior modification, etc.)</li> <li>(10) Maximum points for emotional support (in emotion)))</li> <li>(16) Patient requiring the overage all shifts (i.e. pertoneal diavysis, compative, etc.)</li> <li>(146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts ti.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.)</li> </ul>				
:41       KVO (change bottle BID or less)       (21       Medication q8h or x 3         :43       Heparin lock or Broviac       (31       Medication q8h or x 3         :44       Heparin lock or Broviac       (31       Medication q8h or x 3         :45       Simple (change bottle TID or QID)       (4)       Medication q8h or x 3         :46       Simple (change bottle TID or QID)       (4)       Medication q8h or x 6         :47       Medication of the x 6       (4)       Medication q8h or x 6         :48       Simple (change bottle TID or QID)       (4)       Medication q8h or x 6         :49       Product X (word or more sites or change bottle q4h or (2)       Blood products (each unit)         moltilumes line)       TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT         (Must be docurrented)         :21       Group teaching       (4)         :22       Group teaching       (5)         :23       Structured teaching (i.a. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care.         :24       post partum first 24 hrs. newborn care, discharge)       (5)			(10)	
141       Heparin lock or Broviac       [31       Medication q6h or x 4         161       Simple (change bottle TID or QID)       141       Medication q4h or x 6         161       Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or maltilumes line)       121       Blood products (sech unit)         TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT         (Must be documented)         Teaching         (Must be documented)         (Must be documented)         (A) Preoperative teaching         121       Group teaching       [41       Patientfamily support lile, anxiety, denial, loneuness, etc.)         131       Preoperative teaching       [42       Modification, etc.)         132       Group teaching (i.e. disbetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       [43       Modification, etc.)         141       Preoperative teaching (i.e. disbetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       [61]       Sonsary deprivation (i.e. retarded, deat, blind, language barrier, bliaterial eve patches, confused, combative, etc.)         152       Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. pertoneal diavysis, compative, etc.)       [10]         1446       Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multidle vasopressors, IABP, etc.)       [24		. IV THE	RAPY	•
14) Heparin lock or Broviec       (3) Medication q6h or x 4         (8) Simple (change bottle TID or QID)       (4) Medication q4h or x 6         (8) Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or maltilumes line)       (2) Blood products (sech unit)         TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT         (Must be documented)         Teaching         (Must be documented)         Teaching         (Must be documented)         (A) Properative teaching         (2) Group teaching       (4) Patientfamily support (i.e. anxiety, denial, loneiness, etc.)         (4) Structured teaching (i.e. disbetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       (6) Sensary deprivation (i.e. retarded, deat, blind, language barrier, bliaterial eve pathes, confused, combative, etc.)         (10) Maximam points for emotional support       (10) Maximam points for emotional support         (145) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multide vasopressors, IABP, etc.)	:41			Medication g8h or x 3
<ul> <li>(8) Complex (twe or more sites or change bottle q4h or maltilumes line)</li> <li>(2) Blood products (each unit)</li> <li>TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT         <ul> <li>(Must be documerited)</li> <li>(Must be documerited)</li> <li>(4) Patentifamuy support (in excess of 30 minutes q 24 hours.)</li> <li>(4) Patentifamuy support (i.e. anxiety, denial, longuiness, etc.)</li> <li>(4) Structured teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care. post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)</li> <li>(5) Sensory deprivation (i.e. retarded, deaf, blind, language barrier, bilateral eve patches, confused, combative, etc.)</li> <li>(10) Maximam points for emotional support</li> <li>(145) Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. pertoneed idelysis, compative, etc.)</li> <li>(145) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiale vasogressors, IABP, etc.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			(3)	
maitilumes lines <u>TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT</u> <u>(Must be documented)</u> <u>(Must be documented)</u> <u>(</u>			(4)	Medication q4h or x 6
TEACHING AND EMOTIONAL SUPPORT         (Must be documented)         (Must be documented)         (2)       Group teaching       (A)       Preoperative support (in excess of 30 minutes q 24 hours.)         (4)       Preoperative teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       (A)       Modification, etc.)         (4)       Structured teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       (B)       Sensary deprovation (i.e. retarded, deat, blind, language barrier, bilaterial eve pathes, confused, combative, etc.)         (10)       Maximum points for emotional support         (145)       Patient requiring greater then 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. pertoneal diavysis, compative, etc.)         (146)       Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multidle vasogressors, IABP, etc.)	(8)	Complex (two or more sites or change bottle q4h or	(2)	Blood products (each unit)
(Must be documented)         Teaching         [2] Group teaching       (4) Patientramity support (in excess of 30 minutes q 24 hours.)         (4) Presperative teaching       (4) Modification (i.e. anxiety, denial, ionemess, etc.)         (4) Structured teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       (5) Sensary deprivation (i.e. retarded, deat, blind, language barrier, bilateral eye patches, canfused, combative, etc.)         (10) Maximum points 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. peritoneal diavisis, compative, etc.)       (10) Maximum points (or emotional support         (146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.)       Dec 1986		maltilumes lines		
Tesching       Emotional Support (in excess of 30 minutes q 24 haurs.)         [2] Group teaching       [4] Preoperative teaching       [4] Patient/family support (i.e. anxiety, denial, loneliness, etc.)         [4] Preoperative teaching       [4] Modification (lifestyle (i.e. new prosthesis, bady image, behavior modification, etc.)         [4] post perturn first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       [5] Sensary deprivation (i.e. retarded, deaf, blind, language barrier, bilaterel eye patches, confused, combative, etc.)         [10] Maximum points for emotional support       [10] Maximum points for emotional support         [146] Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. perioneal disiysis, compative, etc.)       [10] Maximum points for emotional support         [146] Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multicle vasopressors, IABP, etc.)       Dec 1986				
<ul> <li>(2) Group teaching</li> <li>(4) Properative teaching</li> <li>(4) Properative teaching</li> <li>(4) Protectored teaching</li> <li>(4) Structored teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)</li> <li>(4) Modification (ifestyle (i.e. new prosthesis, bady image, behavior modification, stc.)</li> <li>(5) Sensory deprivation (i.e. retarded, deaf, blind, language barrier, bilateral eye patches, canfused, combative, stc.)</li> <li>(10) Maximum points for emotional support</li> <li>(146) Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. performed dialysis, compative, etc.)</li> <li>(146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts time, ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.)</li> </ul>		(Must be do	ocumen	rted)
(4)       Preoperative teaching       (4)       Modification (ifestyie (i.e. new prosthesis, bedy image, behavior modification, etc.)         (4)       Structured teaching (i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)       (4)       Modification (ifestyie (i.e. new prosthesis, bedy image, behavior modification, etc.)         (4)       Modification (ifestyie (i.e. new prosthesis, bedy image, behavior modification, etc.)       Sansary deprivation (i.e. retarded, deaf, blind, language bearrier, bilateral eye patches, confused, combative, etc.)         (10)       Maximum points for emotional support         (14)       Modification (i.e. new prosthesis, bedy image, bearrier, bilateral eye patches, confused, combative, etc.)         (10)       Maximum points for emotional support         (14)       Modification (i.e. retarded, deaf, blind, language bearrier, bilateral eye patches, confused, combative, etc.)         (15)       Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. performed diaysis, compative, etc.)         (146)       Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts ti.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.)         Dec 1980			Emo	vonal Support (in excess of 30 minutes q 24 hours.)
<ul> <li>Structured tasching (i.e. disbetic, cardisc, calostomy care. bahavior modification, etc.) post partum first 24 hrs, newborn care, discharge)</li> <li>(5) Sensory deprivation (i.e. retarded, deaf, blind, language barmer, bilaterial eye patches, candused, combative, etc.)</li> <li>(10) Maximum points for emotional support</li> <li>(146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. performed dialysis, compative, etc.)</li> <li>(146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. performed dialysis, compative, etc.)</li> </ul>				Patientifamily support lile, anxiety, deniai, loneliness, etc.)
post partum first 24 hrs. newborn care, discharge) [5] Sensory deprivation (i.a. retarded, deaf, blind, language barrier, bilaterel eye patches, confused, combative, etc.) [10] Maximum points for emotional support [146] Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.) [198] Dec 1984			(4)	Modification litestyle (Le. new prosthesis, body image.
barrier, bilateral eye patches, confused, combative, etc.) [10] Maximum points for emotional support <u>CONTINUOUS</u> [145] Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.) Dec 1984	1-41		(61	
(10) Maximum points for emotional support <u>CONTINUOUS</u> (96) Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. peritoneal dialysis, compative, etc.) (146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.) Dec 1984		post pertoin inst 24 nrs, newborn care, discharge	(0)	Sensory deprivation (i.e. retarded, deat, blind, language
(96) Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. peritoneal dialysis, compative, etc.) (146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.) Dec 1984			(10)	Mariner, dilateral eye patches, confused, combative, etc.)
(96) Patient requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. peritoneal dialysis, compative, etc.) (146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, etc.) Dec 198-		CONT.		
(146) Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverage all shifts (i.e. ventilator with multiple vasopressors, IABP, stc.) Dec 1984	(96)	Patiant requiring 1:1 coverage all shifts file performant distance	comos/2	a etc.)
Dec 1984	(148	Patient requiring greater than 1:1 coverane all shifts ti - unnit	ator with	multinie vesonressory JARD and L
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		THE NAVY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT	L'S	WORKLOAD MANAGEMENT

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#### QUALIFIERS

1. Vital signs order is: QID or less a4h or x 6 q2h or  $\times$  12 q1h or  $\times 24$ Not ordered Used in rules: 1-5 2. Rectal or axillary temp order is: Rectal temps less than QID Axillary temps less than QID Rectal temps QID or more Axillary temps QID or more Not ordered Used in rules: 5-10 3. Patient order for apical pulse is: Apical pulse less than QID Apical pulse QID or more Not ordered Used in rules: 11-13 4. Patient order for femoral pulse is: Femoral pulses are less than q4h Femoral pulses q4h or more Not ordered Used in rules: 14-16 5. Patient order for pedal pulse is: Pedal pulses less than q4h Pedal pulses q4h or more Not ordered Used in rules: 17-19

5. Potient order for FHT is: FHT less than q4h FHT gth or more Not ordered Used in rules: 20-22 7. Potient order for tilt test is: Tilt test less than q4h Tilt test q4h or more Not ordered Used in rules: 23-25 8. Patient order for postop/post partum/post-newborn vital signs is: Post op vital signs Post-partum vital signs Post-newborn vital signs Not ordered Used in rules: 26-29 9. Patient order for intake & output is: Intake & output less than q8h or x 3 Intake & output at least q8h (x 3) but less than q4h [x6] Intake & output ath or x 6 Intake & output g2h or x 12 Intake & output q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 30-35 10. Patient order for circulation checks is: Circulation checks less than q2h or x 12 Circulation checks q2h or x 12 Circulation checks glh or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 36-39

11. Patient orders for neuro checks is: Neuro checks less than q4h or x 6 Neuro checks qth or x 6 Neuro checks g2h or x 12 Neuro checks q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 40-44 12. Patient order for CVP manual readings is: CVP manual readings less than q2h or x 12 CVP manual readings q2h or x 12 CVP manual readings glh or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 45-48 13. Patient order for ICP manual readings is: ICP manual readings less than q2h or x 12 ICP manual readings q2h or x 12 ICP manual readings q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 49-52 14. Patient order for fundus checks is Fundus checks less than q2h or x 12 Fundus checks q2h or x 12 Fundus checks g1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 53-56 15. Patient order for transcutaneous monitor is: Transcutaneous monitor Not ordered Used in rules: 57, 58 16. Patient order for an A-line set-up is A-line set-up Not ordered Used in rules: 59, 60

17. Patient order for an ICP monitor set-up is: ICP monitor set-up Not ordered Used in rules: 61, 62 18. Patient order for Swan-Gantz set-up is: Swan Ganz set-up Not ordered Used in rules: 63, 64 19. Patient order for A-line reading is: A-line reading less than g2h or x 12 A-line reading q2h or x 12 A-line reading q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 65-68 20. Patient order for ICP monitor reading is: ICP monitor reading less than q2h or x 12 ICP monitor reading q2h or x 12 ICP monitor reading q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 69-72 21. Patient order for PAP/PA wedge reading is: PAP/PA wedge reading of less than q4h or x 6 PAP/PA wedge reading q4h or x 6 PAP/PA wedge reading q2h or x 12 PAP/PA wedge reading g1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 73-77 22. Patient order for cardiac output is: Cardiac output less than TID or x 3 Cardiac output less than TID (x 3) but less than q4h (× 6) Cardiac output q4h or x 6 Cardiac output g2h or x 12

Cardiac output q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 78-83 23. Patient order for ADL is: Infant/toddler care [ =< 5 years] Self/minimal care (adult or child > 5 years) Assisted care (> 5 years) positions self Complete care (> 5 years) assist with positioning Total care (> 5 years) position and skin care q2h Used in rules: 84-88 24. Patient order for extra linen change and partial bath is: Extra linen change and partial bath less than 2x per shift Extra linen change and partial bath 2x per shift [or 6x per day] Extra linen change and partial bath 4x per shift [or 12x per day) Extra linen change and partial bath 8x per shift [or 24x per day] Not ordered Used in rules: 89-93 25. Patient order for turning frame is: Turning frame less than q2h Turning frame q2h or x 12 Turning frame q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 94-97 26. Patient order for peds recreation/observation is: Peds recreation/observation - 0-12 yrs (exc NBN) Not ordered Used in rules: 98, 99 27. Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- less than 1 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings continuous -- 1 bag per 24 hours

Tube feedings continuous -- 2 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings continuous -- 3 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings continuous -- 4 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings continuous -- 6 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings continuous -- 12 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings continuous -- 24 bag per 24 hours Tube feedings (bolus) less than q4h or x 6 Tube feedings (bolus) q4h or x 6 Tube feedings (bolus) q2h or x 12 Tube feedings (bolus) q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 100-112 28. Patient order for spoon feeding is: Adult meals > 5 (spoon feed x 3) Child meals =< 5 years (spoon feed x 3) Not ordered Used in rules: 113-115 29. Patient order for infant/neonate bottled feeding is: Infant/neonate bottle x 1 feeding Infant/neonate bottle q4h or x 6 Infant/neonate bottle q2h or x 12 Not ordered Used in rules: 116-119 30. Patient order for IV insertion is: IV insertion Not ordered Used in rules: 120, 121 31. Patient order for NG insertion is: NG insertion Not ordered Used in rules: 122, 123 32. Patient order for foley insertion / straight catheterization is: Foley insertion Straight catheterization of less than 4

Straight catheterization of 4 or more Not ordered Used in rules: 124-127 33. Patient order for EKG strip is: EKG rhythm strip Not ordered Used in rules: 128, 129 34. Patient order for surgical prep is: Surgical prep Not ordered Used in rules: 130, 131 35. Patient order for enemas is: Enemas Not ordered Used in rules: 132, 133 36. Patient order for ace wrap/elastic stockings is: Ace wrap Elastic stockings Not ordered Used in rules: 134-136 37. Patient order for dressings change is: Simple dressing change less than x 2 or BID Simple dressing change x 2 or BID Simple dressing change x 3 or TID Simple dressing change x 4 or QID Simple dressing change x 6 or q4h Simple dressing change x 12 or q2h Simple dressing change x 24 or q1h Complex dressing change x 1 or QD Complex dressing change x 2 or BID Complex dressing change x 3 or TID Complex dressing change x 4 or QID Complex dressing change x 6 or q4h Complex dressing change x 12 or q2h

Complex dressing change x 24 or glh Not ordered Used in rules: 137-151 38. Patient order for tube care (excluding trach) is: Tube care less than x 2 or BID Tube core x 2 or BID Tube care x 3 or TID Tube care x 4 or QID Tube care x 6 or gth Tube core x 12 or q2h Tube care x 24 or alh Not ordered Used in rules: 152-159 39. Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care less than x 2 or BID Foley core x 2 or BID Foley care x 3 or TID Foley care x 4 or QID Foley care x 6 or g4h Foley care x 12 or q2h Foley care x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 160-167 40. Patient order for 5 & 5 is: S&Ax1 or QD S & A × 2 or BID S & A x 3 or TID S & A × 4 or QID S&A×6 or q4h 5 & A x 12 or g2h 5 & A x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 168-175 41. Patient order for SpGr is: SpGr x 1 or QD SpGr x 2 or BID SpGr × 3 or TID SpGr x 4 or QID

SpGr × 6 or q4h SpGr x 12 or q2h SpGr x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 176-183 42. Patient order for Guiac is: Guiac stools x 1 or QD Guiac stools x 2 or BID Guiac stools x 3 or TID Guiac stools x 4 or QID Guiac stools x 6 or q4h Guiac stools x 12 or q2h Guiac stools x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 184-191 43. Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 1 or QD Spin HCT x 2 or BID Spin HCT x 3 or TID Spin HCT x 4 or QID Spin HCT x 6 or q4h Spin HCT x 12 or q2h Spin HCT x 24 or g1h Not ordered Used in rules: 192-199 44. Patient order for lab studies is: Lab studies less than x 6 Lab studies x 6 or g4h Lab studies x 12 or q2h Lab studies x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 200-204 45. Patient order for ABG stick is: ABG sticks, less than 3 ABG sticks, at least 3 but less than 6 ABG sticks x 6 ABG sticks x 12

ABG sticks x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 205-210 46. Patient order for blood cultures is: Blood cultures less than x 3 Blood cultures at least x 3 but less than x 6 Blood cultures x 6 Blood cultures x 12 Blood cultures x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 211-216 47. Patient order for medications is: Medications less than q8h (excluding IV) Medications q3h - q8h (excluding IV) - up to 12 trips Medications q2h or more (excluding IV) - > 12 trips Not ordered Used in rules: 217-220 **48.** Patient order for irrigations is: Irrigation x 4 (QID) or less Irrigation x 6 or q4h Irrigation x 12 or q2h Irrigation x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 221-225 49. Patient order for instillations is: Instillations x 4 (QID) or less Instillations x 6 or a4h Instillations x 12 or g2h Instillations x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 226-230 50. Patient order for restraints is: 2-point 4-point

Poseu Not ordered Used in rules: 231-234 51. Patient order of assist to chair / stretcher is: Assist to chair and return less than x 3 or TID Assist to stretcher and return less than x 3 or TID Assist to stretcher at least x 3 but less than x 6 Assist to stretcher x 6 or q4h Assist to stretcher x 12 or q2h Assist to stretcher x 24 or q1h Assist to chair at least x 3 but less than x 6 Assist to chair x 6 or q4h Assist to chair x 12 or g2h Assist to chair x 24 or g1h Ambulate with assistance x 1 Ambulate with assistance  $\times 2$ Ambulate with assistance x 3 Ambulate with assistance x 4 Ambulate with assistance x 6 Ambulate with assistance x 12 Ambulate with assistance x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 236-252 52. Patient order for infant circumcision care is: Infant circumcision care Not ordered Used in rules: 253, 254 53. Patient order for phototherapy is: Phototherapy Not ordered Used in rules: 255, 256 54. Patient order for isolation is: Isolation (change gown and gloves < x 8) Isolation (change gown and gloves x 8 or more) Not ordered Used in rules: 257-259

55. Patient order for accompany patient off ward is: Accompany patient off ward for less than 15 min Accompany patient off ward for 15 to 30 min Accompany patient off ward for greater than 30 min Not ordered Used in rules: 260-263 56. Patient order for other activities is: Other activities requiring less than 15 minutes Other activities requiring 15 to 30 minutes Other activities requiring 30 min to 1 hr Special procedures > 1hr < 2 hr (requiring continuous staff attendance) Not ordered Used in rules: 264-268 57. Patient order for chest tube insertion is: Chest tube insertion Not ordered Used in rules: 269, 270 58. Patient order for lumbar puncture is: Lumbar puncture Not ordered Used in rules: 271, 272 59. Potient order for thoracentesis is: Thoracentesis Not ordered Used in rules: 273, 274 60. Patient order for paracentesis is: Paracentesis Not ordered Used in rules: 275, 276

61. Patient order for range of motion is: Range of motion exercises less than x 3 or TID Range of motion exercises at least x 3 but less than x 6 Range of motion exercises x 6 or q4h Range of motion exercises x 12 or q2h Range of motion exercises x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 277-282 62. Patient order to transfer in-house or new admission is: Transfer in-house [assess and orient] New admission (assess and orient) Not ordered Used in rules: 283-285 63. Patient order for 02 therapy or oxyhood is: Oxygen therapy Oxyhood Not ordered Used in rules: 286-288 64. Patient order for incentive spirometer is: Incentive spirometer less than q4h Incentive spirometer q4h Incentive spirometer q2h Incentive spirometer q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 289-293 65. Patient order for C&DB is: C & DB less than g4h C & DB q4h C & DB q2h C & DB q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 294-298 66. Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist less than BID or x 2

IPPB or maximist BID or x 2 IPPB or maximist TID or x 3 IPPB or maximist q6h, x 4 or QID IPPB or maximist q4h, x 6 IPPB or maximist g2h, x 12 IPPB or maximist q1h, x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 299-306 67. Patient order for croup tent or mist tent is: Croup tent Mist tent Not ordered Used in rules: 307-309 68. Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy less than BID or x 2 Chest pulmonary therapy BID or x 2 Chest pulmonary therapy TID or x 3 Chest pulmonary therapy QID or x 4 Chest pulmonary therapy q4h or x 6 Chest pulmonary therapy q2h or x 12 Chest pulmonary therapy g1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 310-317 69. Patient order for suctioning is: Suctioning less than q4h or x 6 Suctioning q4h or x 6 Suctioning q2h or x 12 Suctioning q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used in rules: 318-322 70. Patient order for trach care is: Trach care < x 3 or less than TID Trach care at least TID (x 3) but less than gth (x 6) Trach care x 6 or g4h Trach care x 12 or g2h Trach care x 24 or q1h Not ordered Used in rules: 323-328

71. Patient order for ventilator is: Ventilator Not ordered Used in rules: 329, 330 72. Patient order for hanging IV bottles is: KVO (change bottle BID or less) Simple (change bottle TID or QID) Complex (change bottle q4h or more, two or more sites, or multilumen tube] Not ordered Used in rules: 331-334 73. Patient order for heparin lock or Broviac catheter is: Heparin lock Broviac catheter Not ordered Used in rules: 335-337 74. Patient order for IV medication is: IV medication of less than q8h or x 3 IV medication q8h or x 3 IV medication q6h or x 4 IV medication q4h or x 6 IV medication q2h or x 12 IV medication q1h or x 24 Not ordered Used for rules: 338-344 75. Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 1 unit Blood products x 2 unit Blood products x 3 unit Blood products x 4 unit Blood products x 6 unit Blood products x 12 unit Blood products x 24 unit Not ordered Used in rules: 345-352

76. Patient order for group teaching is:

Group teaching Not ordered

Used in rules: 353, 354

77. Patient order for preoperative teaching is:

Preoperative teaching Not ordered

Used in rules: 355, 356

78. Patient order for structured teaching is:

Used in rules: 357, 358

79. Patient order for emotional support is:

Patient/family support (i.e. anxiety, denial, lonliness) Not ordered

Used in rules: 359, 360

80. Patient order for modification of lifestyle is:

Emotional support for modification of lifestyle (i.e. new prothesis, body image, behavior modification) Not ordered

Used in rules: 361, 362

81. Patient order for sensory deprivation is:

Emotional support for sensory deprivation [i.e.
 retarded, blind, deaf, language barrier, bilateral
 eye patches, confused, combative, etc.]
Not ordered

Used in rules: 363, 364

82. Patient order for cardiac monitor is:

Cardiac monitor Not ordered

Used in rules: 365, 366

83. Patient order for apnea monitor is:

Apnea monitor Not ordered

Used in rules: 367, 368

84. Patient order for temp monitor is:

Temp monitor Not ordered

Used in rules: 369, 370

85. Patient order for pressure monitor is:

Pressure monitor Not ordered

Used in rules: 371, 372

86. Patient category is:

I Self Care/Minimal Care
II Moderate Care
III Acute Care [1 staff to 3 patients]
IV Intensive Care [1 staff to 2 patients]
V Continuous Care [1 staff to 1 patient]
VI Critical Care [1 staff to 1 patient]

Used in rules: 377-382

## RULES

Rule Number: 1 IF: Vital signs order is: QID or less THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 1 Rule Number: 2 IF: Vital signs order is: gth or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 3 IF: Vital signs order is: q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 4 IF: Vital signs order is: qlh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 5 IF: Vital signs order is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 6 IF: Rectal or axillary temp order is: Rectal temps less than QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 7 IF: Rectal or axillary temp order is: Axillary temps less than QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 8 IF: Rectal or axillary temp order is: Rectal temps QID or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 9 IF: Rectal or axillary temp order is: Axillary temps QID or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 10 IF: Rectal or axillary temp order is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded

Rule Number: 11 IF: Patient order for apical pulse is: Apical pulse less than QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 12 IF: Patient order for apical pulse is: Apical pulse QID or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 13 IF: Patient order for apical pulse is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 14 IF: Patient order for femoral pulse is: Femoral pulses less than a4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 15 IF: Patient order for femoral pulse is: Femoral pulses gth or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 16 IF: Patient order for femoral pulse is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 17 IF: Patient order for pedal pulses is: Pedal pulses less than a4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 18 IF: Patient order for pedal pulses is: Pedal pulses q4h or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 19 IF: Patient order for pedal pulses is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 20 IF: Patient order for FHT is: FHT less than q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 21 IF: Patient order for FHT is: FHT g4h or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2

Rule Number: 22 IF: Patient order for FHT is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 23 IF: Patient order for tilt test is: Tilt test less than a4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 24 IF: Patient order for tilt test is: Tilt test q4h or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 25 IF: Patient order for tilt test is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 26 IF: Patient order for post-op/post-partum/post-newborn vital signs is: Post-op THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 27 IF: Patient order for post-op/post-partum/post-newborn vital signs is: Post-partum THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 28 IF: Patient order for post-op/post-partum/post-newborn vital signs is: Post-newborn THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 29 IF: Patient order for post-op/post-partum/post-newborn vital signs is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 30 IF: Patient order for intake & output is: Intake & output less than a8h or x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 31 IF: Patient order for intake & output is: Intake & output at least q8h (x 3), but less than q4h (x 6) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2

Rule Number: 32 IF: Patient order for intake & output is: Intake & output q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 33 IF: Patient order for intake & output is: Intake & output q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 34 IF: Patient order for intake & output is: Intake & output q1h or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 35 IF: Patient order for intake & output is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 36 IF: Patient order for circulation checks is: Circulation checks less than g2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 37 IF: Patient order for circulation checks is: Circulation checks a2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 38 IF: Patient order for circulation checks is: Circulation checks all or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 39 IF: Patient order for circulation checks is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 40 IF: Patient order for neuro checks is: Neuro checks less than q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 41 IF: Patient order for neuro checks is: Neuro checks ath or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3

Rule Number: 42 IF: Patient order for neuro checks is: Neuro checks a2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 43 IF: Patient order for neuro checks is: Neuro checks  $a1h \text{ or } \times 24$ THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 44 IF: Patient order for neuro checks is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 45 IF: Patient order for CVP manual readings is: CVP manual readings less than a2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 46 IF: Patient order for CVP manual readings is: CVP manual readings g2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 47 IF: Patient order for CVP manual readings is: CVP manual readings all or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 48 IF: Patient order for CVP manual readings is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 49 IF: Patient order for ICP manual readings is: ICP manual readings less than g2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 50 IF: Patient order for ICP manual readings is: ICP manual readings q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 51 IF: Patient order for ICP manual readings is: ICP manual readings q1h or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4

Rule Number: 52 IF: Patient order for ICP manual readings is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 53 IF: Patient order for fundus checks is: Fundus checks less than q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 54 IF: Patient order for fundus checks is: Fundus checks o2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 55 IF: Patient order for fundus checks is: Fundus checks alh or  $\times 24$ THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 56 IF: Patient order for fundus checks is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 57 IF: Patient order for transcutaneous monitor is: transcutaneous monitor THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 58 IF: Patient order for transcutaneous monitor is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 59 IF: Patient order for an A-line set-up is: A-line set-up THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 60 IF: Patient order for an A-line set-up is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 61 IF: Patient order for an ICP monitor set-up is: ICP monitor set-up THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4

Rule Number: 62 IF: Patient order for an ICP monitor set-up is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 63 IF: Patient order for Swan Ganz set-up is: Swan Ganz set-up THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 64 IF: Patient order for Swan Ganz set-up is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 65 IF: Patient order for A-line reading is: A-line reading less than g2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 66 IF: Patient order for A-line reading is: A-line reading a2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 67 IF: Patient order for A-line reading is: A-line reading  $q1h \text{ or } \times 24$ THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 68 IF: Patient order for A-line reading is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 69 IF: Patient order for ICP monitor reading is: ICP monitor reading less than q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 70 IF: Patient order for ICP monitor reading is: ICP monitor reading q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 71 IF: Patient order for ICP monitor reading is: ICP monitor reading qlh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4

Rule Number: 72 IF: Patient order for ICP monitor reading is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 73 IF: Patient order for PAP/PA wedge reading is: PAP/PA wedge reading of less than q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 74 IF: Patient order for PAP/PA wedge reading is: PAP/PA wedge reading of q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 75 IF: Patient order for PAP/PA wedge reading is: PAP/PA wedge reading of q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 76 IF: Patient order for PAP/PA wedge reading is: PAP/PA wedge reading of glh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 77 IF: Patient order for PAP/PA wedge reading is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 78 IF: Patient order for cardiac output is: Cardiac output less than TID or x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 79 IF: Patient order for cardiac output is: Cardiac output at least TID (x 3) but less than q4h (x 6) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 80 IF: Patient order for cardiac output is: Cardiac output q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 81 IF: Patient order for cardiac output is: Cardiac output q2h or  $\times$  12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8

Rule Number: 82 IF: Patient order for cardiac output is: Cardiac output alh or  $\times 24$ THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 83 IF: Patient order for cardiac output is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 84 IF: Patient order for ADL is: Infant/toddler care (=< 5 years) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 85 IF: Patient order for ADL is: Self/minimal care [adult or child > 5 years) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 86 IF: Patient order for ADL is: Assisted care (> 5 years) positions self THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 87 IF: Patient order for ADL is: Complete care (> 5 years) assists with positioning THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 14 Rule Number: 88 IF: Patient order for ADL is: Total care (> 5 years) position and skin care g2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 32 Rule Number: 89 IF: Patient order for extra linen change and partial bath is: Extra linen and partial bath less than 2x per shift THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 90 IF: Patient order for extra linen change and partial bath is: Extra linen and partial bath 2x per shift THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 91 IF: Patient order for extra linen change and partial bath is: Extra linen and partial bath 4x per shift THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8

Rule Number: 92 IF: Patient order for extra linen change and partial bath is: Extra linen and partial bath 8x per shift THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 93 IF: Patient order for extra linen change and partial bath is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 94 IF: Patient order for turning frame is: Turning frame less than q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 95 IF: Patient order for turning frame is: Turning frame g2h or  $\times$  12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 14 Rule Number: 96 IF: Patient order for turning frame is: Turning frame q1h or  $\times 24$ THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 28 Rule Number: 97 IF: Patient order for turning frame is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 98 IF: Patient order for peds recreation/observation is: Peds recreation/observation - 0-12 yrs (exc NBN) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 99 IF: Patient order for peds recreation/observation is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 100 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- less than 1 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 101 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 1 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2

Rule Number: 102 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 2 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 103 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 3 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 104 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 4 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 105 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 6 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 106 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 12 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 107 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings continuous -- 24 bag per 24 hours THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 48 Rule Number: 108 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings (bolus) less than q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 109 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings (bolus) q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 5 Rule Number: 110 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings (bolus) q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 10 Rule Number: 111 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Tube feedings (bolus) alh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 20

Rule Number: 112 IF: Patient order for tube feedings is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 113 IF: Patient order for spoon feedings is: Adult meals > 5 years (spoon feed x 3) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 114 IF: Patient order for spoon feedings is: Child meals =< 5 years (spoon feed x 3)</pre> THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 10 Rule Number: 115 IF: Patient order for spoon feedings is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 116 IF: Patient order for infant/neonate bottle feeding is: Infant/neonate bottle x 1 feeding THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 117 IF: Patient order for infant/neonate bottle feeding is: Infant/neonate bottle g4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 118 IF: Patient order for infant/neonate bottle feeding is: Infant/neonate bottle q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 119 IF: Patient order for infant/neonate bottle feeding is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 120 IF: Patient order for IV insertion is: IV insertion THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 121 IF: Patient order for IV insertion is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 122 IF: Patient order for NG insertion is: NG insertion THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2

Rule Number: 123 IF: Patient order for NG insertion is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 124 IF: Patient order for foley insertion/straight catheterization is: Foley insertion THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 125 IF: Patient order for foley insertion/straight catheterization is: straight catheterizat of less than 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 126 IF: Patient order for foley insertion/straight catheterization is: straight catheterizat of 4 or more THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 127 IF: Patient order for foley insertion/straight catheterization is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 128 IF: Patient order for EKG rhythm strip is: EKG rhythm strip THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 129 IF: Patient order for EKG rhythm strip is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 130 IF: Patient order for surgical prep is: Surgical prep THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 131 IF: Patient order for surgical prep is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 132 IF: Patient order for enemas is: Enemas THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 133 IF: Patient order for enemas is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded

Rule Number: 134 IF: Patient order for ace wrap/elastic stockings is: Ace wrap THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 135 IF: Patient order for ace wrap/elastic stockings is: Elastic stockings THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 136 IF: Patient order for ace wrap/elastic stockings is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 137 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change less than x 2 or BID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 138 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change x 2 or BID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 139 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change x 3 or TID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 140 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change x 4 or QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 141 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 142 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 143 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Simple dressing change x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24

Rule Number: 144 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 1 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 145 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 2 or q12h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 146 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 3 or TID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 147 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 4 or QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 148 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 149 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 48 Rule Number: 150 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Complex dressing change x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 96 Rule Number: 151 IF: Patient order for dressing change is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 152 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Tube care less than x 2 or BID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 153 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Tube care x 2 or BID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2

Rule Number: 154 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Tube care x 3 or TID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 155 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Tube care x 4 or QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 156 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Tube care x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 157 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Tube care x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 158 IF: Patient order for tube care [not trach] is: Tube care x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 159 IF: Patient order for tube care (not trach) is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 160 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care less than x 2 or BID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 161 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care x 2 or BID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 162 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care x 3 or TID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 163 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care x 4 or QID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4

Rule Number: 164 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care x 6 or a4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 165 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care x 12 or a2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 166 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Foley care x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 167 IF: Patient order for Foley care is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 168 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A x 1 or QD THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 1 Rule Number: 169 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A x 2 or BID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 2 Rule Number: 170 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A x 3 or TID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 3 Rule Number: 171 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A x 4 or QID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 4 Rule Number: 172 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A × 6 or q4h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 6 Rule Number: 173 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A x 12 or q2h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 12 Rule Number: 174 IF: Patient order for S & A is: S & A x 24 or q1h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 24 Rule Number: 175 IF: Patient order for S & A is: Not ordered THEN: [roupoint] is given the value: no points awarded

Rule Number: 176 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 1 or QD THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 1 Rule Number: 177 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 2 or BID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 2 Rule Number: 178 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 3 or TID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 3 Rule Number: 179 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 4 or QID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 4 Rule Number: 180 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 6 or q4h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 6 Rule Number: 181 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 12 or q2h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 12 Rule Number: 182 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Sp Gr x 24 or q1h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 24 Rule Number: 183 IF: Patient order for Sp Gr is: Not ordered THEN: [roupoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 184 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools x 1 or QD THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 1 Rule Number: 185 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools x 2 or BID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 2 Rule Number: 186 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools x 3 or TID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 3 Rule Number: 187 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools × 4

or QID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 4 Rule Number: 188 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools × 6 or ath THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 6 Rule Number: 189 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools x 12 or q2h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 12 Rule Number: 190 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Guiac stools × 24 or q1h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 24 Rule Number: 191 IF: Patient order for Guiac stools is: Not ordered THEN: [roupoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 192 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 1 or QD THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 1 Rule Number: 193 IF: Potient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 2 or BID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 2 Rule Number: 194 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT × 3 or TID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 3 Rule Number: 195 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 4 or QID THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 4 Rule Number: 196 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 6 or q4h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 6 Rule Number: 197 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 12 or q2h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 12 Rule Number: 198 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Spin HCT x 24 or q1h THEN: [roupoint] is given the value [roupoint] + 24

Rule Number: 199 IF: Patient order for spin HCT is: Not ordered THEN: [roupoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 200 IF: Patient order for lab studies is: Lab studies less than x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 201 IF: Patient order for lab studies is: Lab studies x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 202 IF: Patient order for lab studies is: Lab studies x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 203 IF: Patient order for lab studies is: Lab studies x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 204 IF: Patient order for lab studies is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 205 IF: Patient order for ABG sticks is: ABG sticks, less than  $\times 3$ THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 206 IF: Patient order for ABG sticks is: ABG sticks, at least x 3, but less than x 6THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 207 IF: Patient order for ABG sticks is: ABG sticks x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 208 IF: Patient order for ABG sticks is: ABG sticks x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 209 IF: Patient order for ABG sticks is: ABG sticks x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16

Rule Number: 210 IF: Patient order for ABG sticks is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 211 IF: Patient order for blood culttures is: Blood cultures less than x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 212 IF: Patient order for blood culttures is: Blood cultures at least x 3 but less than x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 213 IF: Patient order for blood culttures is: Blood cultures × 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 214 IF: Patient order for blood culttures is: Blood cultures x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 215 IF: Patient order for blood culttures is: Blood cultures x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 216 IF: Patient order for blood culttures is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 217 IF: Patient order for medications is: Medications less than q8h (exclude IV) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 218 IF: Patient order for medications is: Medications q3h q8h (exclude IV) - up to 12 trips THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 219 IF: Patient order for medications is: Medications g2h or more (exclude IV) - > 12 trips THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4

Rule Number: 220 IF: Patient order for medications is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 221 IF: Patient order for irrigations is: Irrigations x 4 (QID) or less THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 222 IF: Patient order for irrigations is: Irrigations x 6 or gyh THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 223 IF: Patient order for irrigations is: Irrigations x 12 or g2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 224 IF: Patient order for irrigations is: Irrigations x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 225 IF: Patient order for irrigations is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 226 IF: Patient order for instillations is: Instillations x 4 (QID) or less THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 227 IF: Patient order for instillations is: Instillations x 6 or gyh THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 228 IF: Patient order for instillations is: Instillations x 12 or a2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 229 IF: Patient order for instillations is: Instillations x 24 or alh THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12

Rule Number: 230 IF: Patient order for instillations is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 231 IF: Patient order for restraints is: 2 point THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [p point] + 2 Rule Number: 232 IF: Patient order for restraints is: 4 point THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 233 IF: Patient order for restraints is: Posey THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 234 IF: Patient order for restraints is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 235 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to chair less than x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 236 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to stretcher less than x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 237 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to stretcher by at least 3 but less than 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 238 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to stretcher x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 239 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to stretcher x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 240 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to stretcher x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16

Rule Number: 241 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to chair at least x 3 but less than x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 242 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to chair x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 243 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to chair x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 244 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Assist to chair x 24 or g1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 245 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 1 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 246 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 2 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 247 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 248 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 4 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 249 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 250 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24

Rule Number: 251 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Ambulate with assistance x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 48 Rule Number: 252 IF: Patient order for assist to chair/stretcher is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 253 IF: Patient order for infant circumcision care is: Infant circumcision care THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 254 IF: Patient order for infant circumcision care is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 255 IF: Patient order for phototherapy is: Phototherapy THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 256 IF: Patient order for phototherapy is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 257 IF: Patient order for isolation is: Isolation (change gown and gloves less than x 8) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 258 IF: Patient order for isolation is: Isolation (change gown and gloves x 8 or more) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 259 IF: Patient order for isolation is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 260 IF: Patient order for accompany patient off ward is: Accompany patient off ward for less than 15 min THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 261 IF: Patient order for accompany patient off ward is:

Accompany patient off ward for 15 to 30 min THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 262 IF: Patient order for accompany patient off ward is: Accompany patient off ward for greater than 30 min THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 263 IF: Patient order for accompany patient off ward is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 264 IF: Patient order for other activities is: Other activities requiring less than 15 minutes THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 265 IF: Patient order for other activities is: Other activities requiring 15 to 30 minutes THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 266 IF: Patient order for other activities is: Other activities requiring 30 min to 1 hour THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 267 IF: Patient order for other activities is: Special procedures > 1 hr < 2 hr (requiring continuous staff attendance] THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 268 IF: Patient order for other activities is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 269 IF: Patient order for chest tube insertion is: Chest tube insertion THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 270 IF: Patient order for chest tube insertion is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 271 IF: Patient order for lumbar puncture is: Lumbar

puncture THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 272 IF: Patient order for lumbar puncture is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 273 IF: Patient order for thoracentesis is: Thoracentesis ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 274 IF: Patient order for thoracentesis is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 275 IF: Patient order for paracentesis is: Paracentesis THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 276 IF: Patient order for paracentesis is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 277 IF: Patient order for range of motion is: Range of motion exercises less than x 3 or TID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 278 IF: Patient order for range of motion is: Range of motion exercises at least x 3 but less than x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 279 IF: Patient order for range of motion is: Range of motion exercises x 6 or q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 280 IF: Patient order for range of motion is: Range of motion exercises x 12 or q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 281 IF: Patient order for range of motion is: Range of motion exercises x 24 or q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 32

Rule Number: 282 IF: Patient order for range of motion is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 283 IF: Patient order to transfer in-house or new admission is: Transfer in-house [assess and orient] THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 284 IF: Patient order to transfer in-house or new admission is: New admission [assess and orient] THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 285 IF: Patient order to transfer in-house or new admission is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 286 IF: Patient order for O2 therapy or oxyhood is: Oxygen therapy THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 287 IF: Patient order for O2 therapy or oxyhood is: Oxyhood THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 288 IF: Patient order for O2 therapy or oxyhood is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 289 IF: Patient order for incentive spirometer is: Incentive spirometer less than g4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 290 IF: Patient order for incentive spirometer is: Incentive spirometer a4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 291 IF: Patient order for incentive spirometer is: Incentive spirometer q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 292 IF: Patient order for incentive spirometer is: Incentive

spirometer q1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 293 IF: Patient order for incentive spirometer is: Not - ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 294 IF: Patient order for C&DB is: C&DB less than q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 295 IF: Patient order for C&DB is: C&DB q4h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 296 IF: Patient order for C&DB is: C&DB q2h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 297 IF: Patient order for C&DB is: C&DB g1h THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 298 IF: Patient order for C&DB is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 299 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist less than BID or x 2 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 300 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist BID or x 2 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 301 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist TID or x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 302 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist QID or x 4 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 303 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or

maximist q4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 304 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 305 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: IPPB or maximist alh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 306 IF: Patient order for IPPB or maximist is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 307 IF: Patient order for croup tent or mist tent is: Croup tent THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 308 IF: Patient order for croup tent or mist tent is: Mist tent THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 309 IF: Patient order for croup tent or mist tent is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 310 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy less than BID or x 2 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 311 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy BID or x 2 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 312 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy TID or x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 313 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest

pulmonary therapy QID or x 4 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 314 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy g4h or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 315 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy a2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 316 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Chest pulmonary therapy glh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 317 IF: Patient order for chest pulmonary therapy is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 318 IF: Patient order for suctioning is: Suctioning less than gth or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 319 IF: Patient order for suctioning is: Suctioning q4h or × 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 320 IF: Patient order for suctioning is: Suctioning q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 321 IF: Patient order for suctioning is: Suctioning alh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 322 IF: Patient order for suctioning is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 323 IF: Patient order for trach care is: Trach care less

than x 3 or TID THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 324 IF: Patient order for trach care is: Trach care at least TID (or x 3) but less than q4h (x 6) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 325 IF: Patient order for trach care is: Trach care gth or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 326 IF: Patient order for trach care is: Irach care g2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16 Rule Number: 327 IF: Patient order for trach care is: Trach care qlh or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 32 Rule Number: 328 IF: Patient order for trach care is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 329 IF: Patient order for ventilator is: Ventilator THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 10 Rule Number: 330 IF: Patient order for ventilator is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 331 IF: Patient order for hanging IV bottles is: KVO [change bottle BID or less] THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 332 IF: Patient order for hanging IV bottles is: Simple [change bottle TID or QID] THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 333 IF: Patient order for hanging IV bottles is: Complex [change bottle gth or more, two or more sites, or multilumen tubel THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8

Rule Number: 334 IF: Patient order for hanging IV bottles is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 335 IF: Patient order for heparin lock or Broviac cathether is: Heparin lock THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 336 IF: Patient order for heparin lock or Broviac cathether is: Broviac catheter THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 337 IF: Patient order for heparin lock or Broviac cathether is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 338 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: IV medications of less than a8h or x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 339 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: IV medications of a8h or x 3 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 340 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: IV medications of q6h or x 4 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 3 Rule Number: 341 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: IV medications of ath or x 6 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 342 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: IV medications of q2h or x 12 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 343 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: IV medications of q1h or x 24 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 16

Rule Number: 344 IF: Patient order for IV medications is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 345 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 1 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 346 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 2 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 347 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 3 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 348 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 4 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 8 Rule Number: 349 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 6 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 12 Rule Number: 350 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 12 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 24 Rule Number: 351 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Blood products x 24 unit THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 48 Rule Number: 352 IF: Patient order for blood products is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 353 IF: Patient order for group teaching is: Group teaching THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 2 Rule Number: 354 IF: Patient order for group teaching is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded

Rule Number: 355 IF: Patient order for preoperative teaching is: Preoperative teaching THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 356 IF: Patient order for preoperative teaching is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 357 IF: Patient order for structured teaching is: Structured teaching [i.e. diabetic, cardiac, colostomy care, post partum first 24 hr, newborn care, discharge) THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 4 Rule Number: 358 IF: Patient order for structured teaching is: Not ordered THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 359 IF: Patient order for emotional support is: Patient/ family support (i.e. anxiety, denial, lonliness, etc.] THEN: [emopoint] is given the value [emopoint] + 4 Rule Number: 360 IF: Patient order for emotional support is: Not ordered THEN: [emopoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 361 IF: Patient order for modification of lifestyle is: Emotional support for modification of lifestyle (i.e. new prothesis, body image, behavior modification, etc.] THEN: [emopoint] is given the value [emopoint] + 4 Rule Number: 362 IF: Patient order for modification of lifestyle is: Not ordered THEN: [emopoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 363 IF: Patient order for sensory deprivation is: Emotional support for sensory deprivation (i.e. retarded, blind, deaf, language barrier, bilateral eye patches, confused, combative, etc.] THEN: [emopoint] is given the value [emopoint] + 6

Rule Number: 364 IF: Patient order for sensory deprivation is: Not ordered THEN: [emopoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 365 IF: Patient order for cardiac monitor is: Cardiac monitor THEN: [monpoint] is given the value [monpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 366 IF: Patient order for cardiac monitor is: Not ordered THEN: [monpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 367 IF: Patient order for apnea monitor is: Apnea monitor THEN: [monpoint] is given the value [monpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 368 IF: Patient order for apnea monitor is: Not ordered THEN: [monpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 369 IF: Patient order for temp monitor is: Temp monitor THEN: [monpoint] is given the value [monpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 370 IF: Patient order for temp monitor is: Not ordered THEN: [monpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 371 IF: Patient order for pressure monitor is: Pressure monitor THEN: [monpoint] is given the value [monpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 372 IF: Patient order for pressure monitor is: Not ordered THEN: [monpoint] is given the value: no points awarded Rule Number: 373 IF: [monpoint] > 0 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 6 Rule Number: 374 IF: [roupoint] > 5 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + [roupoint] Rule Number: 375 IF: [emopoint] > 0 and [emopoint] < 11

THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + [emopoint] Rule Number: 376 IF: [emopoint] > 10 THEN: [ptpoint] is given the value [ptpoint] + 10 Rule Number: 377 IF: [ptpoint] >= 0 and [ptpoint] < 13 THEN: Patient category is: I Self Care/Minimal Care Rule Number: 378 IF: [ptpoint] > 12 and [ptpoint] < 32 THEN: Patient category is: II Moderate Care Rule Number: 379 IF: [ptpoint] > 31 and [ptpoint] < 64 THEN: Patient category is: III Acute Care (1 staff to 3 patients] Rule Number: 380 IF: [ptpoint] > 63 and [ptpoint] < 96 THEN: Patient category is: IV Intensive Care (1 staff to 2 patients) Rule Number: 381 IF: [ptpoint] > 95 and [ptpoint] < 146 THEN: Patient category is: V Continuous Care [1 staff to 1 patients] Rule Number: 382 IF: [ptpoint] > 145 THEN: Patient category is: VI Critical Care (1 staff to 1 patients)

## APPENDIX E

## PROGRAM LISTINGS

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 26 November 1985 Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Introductory screen for the prototype model. Intro.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Input Files Used: \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: Nane \* Routine Called: Valid.Prg \* Modification Date: 18 February 1986 -- Screen Input Program For Intro --\* Set Procedure To B: Procfile Do Setup Public Flash Flash = Chr(145)Do While .T. \* -- Screen display B: Intro.Scr --Set Procedure To B: Procfile Set Color To W+/B, / Clear ?? Flash+"S.B: Intro.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, /W @ 24,0 Set Console Off Wait Set Console On Do B:Valid Enddo

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 1 December 1985 \* Purpose: See comments above each procedure. \* Input Files Used: None \* Output Files Used: Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf All modules \* Calling Routine: \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 18 February 1986 \* -- Screen headers after patient selection --Procedure Headings @ 2,3 Say Ptselect @ 2,42 Say Ptregno @ 2,56 Say Date() @ 2,65 Say Time() @ 22,3 Say Curuser Return \* -- Used to reset pointer and put data from variable names into Orders.Dbf --Procedure Replaord Store DIOC(Date()) To Now Use B:Orders Do While .Not. EOF() Skip Enddo Append Blank Replace Order With Morder Replace Fmpssn With Ptfmpssn Replace Freq With Ofreq Replace Otime With Time() Replace Odate With Now Replace Prac With Curuser Replace Expertsus With Passdata Replace Onlytoday With Todayonly Replace Critical With Ptpoint Replace Module With Omodule Replace Monpt With Monpoint Replace Emopt With Emopoint Replace Roupt With Roupoint Return

```
* -- Used to reset pointer and put data from variable
```

```
* -- names into Ncaredb.Dbf --
```

```
Procedure Repnrord
  Use B:Ncaredb
  Do While .Not. EOF()
    Skip
  Enddo
  Append Blank
  Replace Nfmpssn With Ptfmpssn
  Replace Nord With Morder
 Replace Ntime With Time()
  Replace Ndate With Date()
  Replace Nurse With Curuser
  Replace Ndiag With Nursdiag
  Replace Assess With Nassess
  Replace Relate With Nrelate
 Replace Goal With Ngoal
 Replace Nfreq With Ofreq
  Replace Emotea With Emoteach
Return
* -- Determine the current nursing care level --
Procedure Current
 Xgoa4cur = "B"
 @ 23,67 Get Xgoa4cur Pict "!"
 Read
 Do While .Not. (Xgoa4cur = "A" .Or. Xgoa4cur = "B" .Or.;
   Xgoa4cur = "C".Or. Xgoa4cur = "D" .Or. Xgoa4cur = "E")
   @ 23,67 Clear
   Store " " To Xgoa4cur
   @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Letter A, B, C, D or E"
    @ 23,67 Get Xgoo4cur Pict "!"
   Read
 Enddo
  * -- Assign value to letter selected --
  Do Case
   Case Xgoa4cur = "A"
      Morder = "Infant/Toddler Care"
      Passdata = "Q23 1"
      Ptpoint = 6
   Case Xgoa4cur = "B"
      Morder = "Self/Minimum Care"
```

```
Passdata = "Q23 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case Xgoa4cur = "C"
      Morder = "Assisted Care"
      Passdata = "Q23 3"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case Xgoa4cur = "D"
      Morder = "Complete Care"
      Passdata = "Q23 4"
      Ptpoint = 14
    Case Xgoa4cur = "E"
      Morde: = "Total Care"
      Passdata = "Q23 5"
      Ptpoint = 32
  Endcase
Return
* -- Used to evaluate the proper value to pass to the
       expert system for oral, IM or subq medication
 --
       category options --
Procedure Regmeds
  Do Case
    Case [Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41]
      * -- Less than x 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q47 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 36)
      * -- X 3 or TID up to x 12 trips
      Passdata = "Q47 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 35 .And. Timeopt < 40)
      * -- More than 12 trips
      Passdata = "Q47 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
Return
* -- Used to evaluate the proper value to pass to the
* ___
       expert system for laboratory category options --
Procedure Labcount
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      Passdata = "Q44 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
```

```
Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      Passdata = "Q44 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
   Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      Passdata = "Q44 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39]
      Passdata = "Q44 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
  Endcase
Return
* -- Determine the liter flow rate of oxygen --
Procedure Liter
  Xliteropt = "A"
  @ 23,66 Get Xliteropt Pict "!"
 Read
 Do While .Not. (Xliteropt = "A" .Or. Xliteropt = "B".Or.;
   Xliteropt= "C".Or. Xliteropt= "D".Or. Xliteropt= "E")
   @ 23,66 Clear
   Store " " To Xliteropt
   @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Letter A, B, C, D or E"
    @ 23,66 Get Xliteropt Pict "!"
   Read
  Enddo
  * -- Assign value to letter selected --
  Do Case
   Case Xliteropt = "A"
      Xliter = "@ 1-2 1/m"
   Case Xliteropt = "B"
      Xliter = "@ 3-4 1/m"
   Case Xliteropt = "C"
      Xliter = "@ 5-6 1/m"
   Case Xliteropt = "B"
      Xliter = "@ 7-8 1/m"
   Case Xliteropt = "B"
      Xliter = "@ 9-10 1/m"
  Endcase
Return
```

\* -- Used to evaluate the proper value to pass to the ex\* -- pert system for IV medication category options --

```
Procedure IVmeds
  Do Case
    Case [Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41]
      * -- Less than QBh or TID
      Passdata = "Q74 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31]
      * -- Q8h or TID
      Passdata = "Q74 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- Q6h or x 4
      Passdata = "Q74 3"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q74 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q74 5"
      Ptpoint = B
    Case [Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39]
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q74 6"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
Return
* -- Initialize variables in the order modules --
```

Procedure Startup

Ofreq = " " Ptpoint = 0 Passdata = " " Todayonly = "F" Emopoint = 0 Monpoint = 0 Roupoint = 0 Return

\* -- Used to evaluate the proper value to pass to the

\* -- expert system for range of motion category --

Procedure Range

```
Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than x 3
      Passdata = "Q61 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 3 or less than x 6
      Passdata = "Q61 2"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q61 3"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q61 4"
      Ptpoint = 16
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q61 5"
      Ptpoint = 32
  Endcase
Return
* -- Used to evaluate the proper value to pass to the
       expert system for cough and deep breathe category
* __
* __
       option --
Procedure Cough
 Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q65 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q65 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
```

Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)

Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)

\* -- Q2h or x 12 Passdata = "Q65 3"

\* -- 01h or x 24

Ptpoint = 4

```
Passdata = "Q65 4"
Ptpoint = 8
  Endcase
Return
* -- Sets up the initial environment for each module --
Procedure Setup
  Clear
  Set Escape On
  Set Talk Off
  Set Echo Off
Return
* -- Used to evaluate the proper value to pass to the
 ---
       expert system for S&A, specific gravity, Guiac
       and spin Hct category option --
 ---
Procedure Routine
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 5 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- No specific frequency ordered
      Roupoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 4 .And. Timeopt < 22)
      * -- X 1 or QD
      Roupoint = 1
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- X 2 or BID
      Roupoint = 2
    Case [Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31]
      * --- X 3 or TID
      Roupoint = 3
    Case [Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34]
      * -- X 4 or QID
      Roupoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Roupoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Roupoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Roupoint = 24
  Endcase
Return
```

```
***********************
**** VALID.PRG *********
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                       2 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                       Evaluate the validity of the
                          password used.
* Input Files Used:
                       Valid.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       Useinfo.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                       Intro.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       Master.Prg
* Modification Date: 18 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Valid --
*
Do Setup
Public Xusepass, Curuser, Useacc
Use B:Useinfo
Xusepass = Space(5)
Xusepas1 = Space(1)
Xusepas2 = Space[1]
Xusepas3 = Space[1]
Xusepas4 = Space(1)
Xusepas5 = Space(1)
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Valid.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Valid.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  0 13,43
  * -- Places an "X" on the screen to mask the password
  * -- entered --
  Set Console Off
  Wait To Xusepas1
  @ 13,43 Say 'X'
  Wait To Xusepas2
  @ 13,45 Say 'X'
  Wait To Xusepas3
  @ 13,47 Say 'X'
  Wait To Xusepas4
  @ 13,49 Say 'X'
  Wait To Xusepas5
  @ 13,51 Say 'X'
```

```
Xusepass =;
  Upper(Xusepas1+Xusepas2+Xusepas3+Xusepas4+Xusepas5)
Set Console On
* -- Evaluates the password entered --
Locate For Xusepass = Codeword
If (Xusepass <> Codeword) .And. EOF()
  @ 24,15 Say "INVALID PASSWORD -- HIT ANY KEY"
@ 24,51 Say " AND RE-ENTER"
  Set Console Off
  Wait
  Set Console On
  Loop
Endif
Store Ufinitial + ' ' + Trim(Ulname) To Curuser
Store Access To Useacc
@ 24,0
@ 23,80 Clear
@ 24,7 Say "Your Password Has Been Accepted -- "
@ 24,42 Say "Please Press A Key To Continue"
Set Console Off
Wait
Set Console On
Do B:Master
```

\*\*\*\* MASTER.PRG \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN # Author: 26 November 1985 \* Date: Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 Menu program to branch between the \* Purpose: admission's department, the database administration and the patient care personnel. \* Input Files Used: Master.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None Valid.Prg \* Calling Routine: \* Routine Called: Admit, Ward or Addelete.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Imput Program For Master --Do Setup Public Xmasopt, Omodule Omodule = Space(1) Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display B:Master.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B:Master.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xmasopt = 0 @ 2,56 Say Date() @ 2,65 Say Time() @ 22,3 Say Curuser @ 22,67 Get Xmasopt Pict "9" Range 0,4 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --\* -- Validate user's access to area selected --Do Case Case Xmasopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master

.............

```
Case Xmasopt = 1
  * -- Admission's Department
  Do Case
    Case Useacc = 2 .Or. Useacc = 3 .Or. Useacc = 4
      @ 24,16 Say "Access Not Allowed -- Press "
@ 24,44 Say "Any Key To Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      Loop
    Case Useacc = 0 .Or. Useacc = 1
      Do B:Admit
  Endcase
Case Xmasopt = 2
  * -- Doctor Master
  Do Case
    Case Useacc = 1 .Or. Useacc = 2 .Or. Useacc = 3
      @ 24,16 Say "Access Not Allowed -- Press "
      @ 24,44 Say "Any Key To Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      Loop
    Case Useacc = 0 .Or. Useacc = 4
      Omodule = "D"
      Do B:Ward
  Endcase
Case Xmasopt = 3
  * -- Nursing Master
  Do Case
    Case Useacc = 1 .Or. Useacc = 2 .Or. Useacc = 4
      @ 24,16 Say "Access Not Allowed -- Press "
      @ 24,44 Say "Any Key To Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      Loop
    Case Useacc = 0 .Or. Useacc = 3
      Omodule = "N"
      Do B:Ward
  Endcase
Case Xmasopt = 4
  * -- System Administration
  Do Case
    Case Useacc = 1 .Or. Useacc = 3 .Or. Useacc = 4
      @ 24,16 Say "Access Not Allowed -- Press "
      @ 24,44 Say "Any Key To Continue"
                        159
```

Set Console Off Wait Set Console On Loop Case Useacc = 0 .Or. Useacc = 2 Do B:Addelete Endcase Endcase Release Xmasopt

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                      9 January 1986
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                       Of New York, c1985
                      Allows the admitting personnel to
* Purpose:
                        choose to admit or discharge a
                        patient.
* Input Files Used:
                      Admit.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      Master.Prg
* Routine Calls:
                     Pt_Info or Discharg.Prg
* Modification Date: 25 January 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Admit --
Do Setup
Public Xadmitopt
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display B:Admit.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.B:Admit.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xadmitopt = 0
 @ 22,3 Say Curuser
 @ 22,67 Get Xadmitopt Pict "9" Range 0,2
 Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
 Do Case
   Case Xadmitopt = 0
     * -- Sign-Off
     Close Databases
     Release All
     Close Procedure
     Return To Master
   Case Xadmitopt = 1
     * -- Admit A Patient
     Do B:Pt_Info
     Loop
```

```
Case Xadmitopt = 2
* -- Discharge A Patient
Do B:Discharg
Loop
```

Endcase Release Xadmitopt

\*\*\*\* PT INFO.PRG \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN 29 November 1985 \* Date: Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Add a patient to the patient database file. \* Input Files Used: Pt\_Info.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Pt\_Info.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Admit.Prg \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 26 January 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program for Pt\_Info --\* Do Setup Public Xplname, Xpfname, Xpmname, Xraterank, Xfmpssan Public Xpbdate, Xpage, Xpsex, Xpadmdate, Xpregno Public Xpmeddiag, Xpphy, Xpprog, Xpall, Xpward, Xprm, Xpbed Xplname = Space(20) Xpfname = Space(12) Xpmname = Space(3) Xraterank = Space(11) Xfmpssan = " -"+Space(9) Xpbdate = Date() Xpage = Space(3) Xpsex = Space(1) Xpadmdate = Date() Xpregno = Space(8) Xpmeddiag = Space(24) Xpphy = Space(24)Xpprog = Space(3) Xpall = Space(24) Xpward = Space(2) Xprm = Space(1) Xpbed = Space(1) Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display B:Pt\_Info.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B:Pt\_Info.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B @ 7,14 Get Xpfname Pict "!XXXXXXXXXXXXXX @ 9,14 Get Xpmname Pict "!XX" @ 11,14 Get Xraterank Pict "!!!!!!!!!!!

```
@ 13,14 Get Xfmpsson Pict "99-999999999"
@ 15,14 Get Xpbdate;
  Range CTOD("01/01/00"), CTOD("12/31/99")
@ 17,14 Get Xpage Pict "XXX"
@ 19,14 Get Xpsex Pict "!"
@ 21,14 Get Xpadmdate;
  Range CTOD("01/01/00"), CTOD("12/31/99")
@ 5,55 Get Xpregno Pict "99999999"
@ 11,55 Get Xpprog Pict "!!!"
* -- Validate input for ward, room and bed assignment --
@ 15,55 Get Xpward Pict "9!"
Read
Do While .Not. (Xpward = "2E" .Or. Xpward = "3E")
 Xpward = Space(2)
 @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Either 2E or 3E"
 @ 15,55 Get Xpward Pict "9!"
 Read
Enddo
@ 24,0 Clear
@ 17,55 Get Xprm Pict "9"
Read
Do While .Not. (Xprm = "1" .Or. Xprm = "2" .Or.;
 Xprm = "3")
 Xprm = Space(1)
 @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Either 1 or 2 or 3"
 @ 17,55 Get Xprm Pict "9"
 Read
Enddo
@ 24,0 Clear
@ 19,55 Get Xpbed PICT "!"
Read
Do While .Not. (Xpbed = "A" .Or. Xpbed = "B")
 Xpbed = Space[1]
 @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Either A or B"
 @ 19,55 Get Xpbed Pict "!"
 Read
Enddo
@ 24,0 Clear
* -- Put data from variable names into Dbf file --
Use B:Pt_Info
Do While .Not. EOF()
```

Skip Enddo Append Blank

Replace Plname With Xplname Replace Pfname With Xpfname Replace Pmname With Xpmname Replace Raterank With Xraterank Replace Fmpssan With Xfmpssan Replace Pbdate With Xpbdate Replace Page With Xpage Replace Psex With Xpsex Replace Padmdate With Xpadmdate Replace Pregno With Xpregno Replace Pmeddiag With Xpmeddiag Replace Pphy With Xpphy Replace Pprog With Xpprog Replace Pall With Xpall Replace Pward With Xpward Replace Prm With Xprm Replace Pbed With Xpbed

Return Release Xplname, Xpfname, Xpmname, Xraterank, Xfmpssan Release Xpbdate, Xpage, Xpsex, Xpadmdate, Xpregno Release Xpmeddiag, Xpphy, Xpprog, Xpall, Xpward, Xprm, Xpbed

Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 9 January 1986 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Discharge a patient. \* Input Files Used: Discharg.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Pt\_Info, Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Admit.Prg \* Routine Calls: None \* Modification Date: 18 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Discharg --Do Setup Public Xdischopt, Xdcfssn, Xdclname, Xdcfname Public Xdcmname, Xdcpphy, Xmdfmpssn, Xppack Xppack = .F.Select A Use B:Pt\_Info Select B Use B:Orders Select C Use B:Ncaredb Do While .T. \* -- Store data from Dbf file into variable names --Select A Xdcfssn = Fmpssan Xdclname = Plname Xdcfname = Pfname Xdcmname = Pmname Xdcpphy = Pphy \* -- Screen Display B:Discharg.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B:Discharg.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xdischopt = 1 @ 22,3 Say Curuser @ 13,2 Say Xdcfssn @ 13,17 Say Xdclname @ 13,38 Say Xdcfname @ 13,51 Say Xdcmname @ 13,55 Say Xdcpphy

@ 22,67 Get Xdischopt Pict "9" Range 0,3 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xdischopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off If Xppack = .T. Pack Endif Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xdischopt = 1 \* -- Next Patient Skip If EOF () @ 24,15 Say "No Additional Patients -- Press " @ 24,47 Say "Any Key To Continue" Set Console Off Wait Set Console On If Xppack = .T. Pack Endif Close Databases Return Else Loop Endif Case Xdischopt = 2 \* -- Discharge patient Xppack = .T. Store "'" + Xdcfssn + "'" To Xmdfmpssn \* -- Eliminate patient data from database files Select B Do While .Not. EOF() Locate For Fmpssn = &Xmdfmpssn If .Not. EOF() Delete Skip Endif Enddo Pack

```
Select C
      Do While .Not. EOF()
        Locate For Nfmpssn = &Xmdfmpssn
        If .Not. EOF()
          Delete
          Skip
        Endif
      Enddo
      Pack
    Select A
      Delete
      Skip
      IF EOF ()
        @ 24,15 Say "No Additional Patients -- Press "
        @ 24,47 Say "Any Key To Continue"
        Set Console Off
        Wait
        Set Console On
        Pack
        Close Databases
        Return
      Else
        Loop
      Endif
  Case Xdischopt = 3
    * -- Admit/Discharge Screen
    If Xppack = .T.
      Pack
    Endif
    Close Databases
    Return
Endcase
Release Xdischopt, Xdcfssn, Xdclname, Xdcfname
Release Xdcmname, Xdcpphy, Xmdfmpssn, Xppack
```

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: 26 November 1985 Bate: Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Determine word selection. \* Input Files Used: Ward.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: Master.Prg \* Routine Called: Ward2 or Ward3.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Ward --Do Setup Public Xwardopt, Ourpt, Ofreq, Passdata, Ptpoint, Todayonly Public Monpoint, Emopoint, Roupoint, Ptselect, Morder, Now Public Ptfmpssn, Ptregno Ofreq = Space(1) Passdata = Space(6) Ptpoint = 0Todayonly = "F" Monpoint = 0 Emopoint = 0 Roupoint = 0 Morder = Space(27) Now = Space(8) Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display B:Ward.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B:Ward.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xwardopt = 3 @ 2,56 Say Date() @ 2,65 Say Time() @ 22,3 Say Curuser @ 22,67 Get Xwardopt Pict "9" Range 0,3 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xwardopt = 0 # -- Sign-Off

```
Close Databases
  Close Procedure
  Release All
  Return To Master
Case Xwardopt = 1
  * -- 2E Surgical Ward
  Do B:Ward2
  Return
Case Xwardopt = 2
  * -- 3E Medical Ward
  Do B:Ward3
  Return
Case Xwardopt = 3
  * -- Master Screen
 Return
Endcase
Release Xwardopt
```

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: 26 November 1985 \* Date: Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 Displays patients assigned to ward \* Purpose: 2E, for patient selection. Ward2.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Input Files Used: \* Output Files Used: Pt\_Info.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Master.Prg \* Routine Called: Doctor or Nurse.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen input program for Ward2 --Do Setup Public Xwd2opt,Xpt1regno,Xpt2regno,Xpt3regno,Xpt4regno Public Xpt5regno, Xpt6regno, Xpt1, Xpt2, Xpt3, Xpt4, Xpt5 Public Xpt1fmpssn, Xpt2fmpssn, Xpt3fmpssn, Xpt6 Public Xpt4fmpssn, Xpt5fmpssn, Xpt6fmpssn \* -- Store specific data from Dbf file into variable \* --names --Use B:Pt\_Info Locate For Prm = '1' .And. Pbed = 'A' .And. Pward = '2' Xpt1 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt1regno = Pregno Xpt1fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '1' .And. Pbed = 'B' .And. Pward = '2' Xpt2 = Pfname - [' ' +Plname] Xpt2regno = Pregno Xpt2fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '2' .And. Pbed = 'A' .And. Pward = '2' Xpt3 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt3regno = Pregno Xpt3fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '2' .And. Pbed = 'B' .And. Pward = '2' Xpt4 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt4regno = Pregno Xpt4fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '3' .And. Pbed = 'A' .And. Pward = '2' Xpt5 = Pfname - [' ' +Plname] XptSregno = Pregno Xpt5fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '3' .And. Pbed = 'B' .And. Pward = '2' Xpt6 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt6regno = Pregno Xpt6fmpssn = Fmpssan

```
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display B:Ward2.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.B:Ward2.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xwd2opt = 7
  @ 2,56 Say Date()
  @ 2,65 Say Time()
  @ 9,39 Say Xpt1
  @ 10,39 Say Xpt2
  @ 12,39 Say Xpt3
  @ 13,39 Say Xpt4
  @ 15,39 Soy Xpt5
  @ 16,39 Say Xpt6
  @ 22,3 Say Curuser
  @ 22,67 Get Xwd2opt Pict "9" Range 0,7
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  * -- Store data from Dbf file into variable names --
 Do Case
    Case Xwd2opt = 0
      * -- Sign-Off
      Close Databases
      Close Procedure
      Release All
      Return To Master
    Case Xwd2opt = 1
      * -- Patient in room 1 bed A
      Locate For Prm ='1'.And. Pbed ='A'.And. Pward ='2'
        Ptregno = Xpt1regno
        Ptselect =:
                        '+Prm)-(' '+Pbed)-('
          Pward -C'
                                                      '+Xpt1]
        Ourpt = Xpt1
        Ptfmpssn = Xpt1fmpssn
      If Ourpt = "
                     33
        @ 24,9 Say "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -- "
@ 24,41 Say "Please Press Any Key To Continue"
        Set Console Off
        Wait
        Set Console On
        Loop
      Endif
```

```
If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd2opt = 2
  * -- Patient in room 1 bed B
  Locate For Prm ='1'.And. Pbed ='B'.And. Pward ='2'
    Ptregno = Xpt2regno
    Ptselect =;
                   '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
      Pward -['
                                                '+Xpt2)
    Ourpt = Xpt2
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt2fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
    @ 24,9 Say "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -- "
    @ 24,41 Say "Please Press Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd2opt = 3
  * -- Patient in room 2 bed A
  Locate For Prm= '2'.And. Pbed='A' .And. Pward= '2'
    Ptregno = Xpt3regno
    Ptselect =;
                   '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
      Pward -('
                                                '+Xpt3]
    Ourpt = Xpt3
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt3fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
    @ 24,9 Say "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -- "
    @ 24,41 Say "Please Press Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Loop
  Endif
```

```
If Omodule = "D"
      Do B:Doctor
      Return
    Else
      Do B:Nurse
      Return
    Endif
    Return
Case Xwd2opt = 4
  * -- Patient in room 2 bed B
  Locate For Prm= '2'.And. Pbed= 'B'.And. Pward= '2'
    Ptregno = Xpt4regno
    Ptselect =:
      Pward -['
                   '+Prm)-(' '+Pbed)-('
                                               '+Xpt4]
    Ourpt = Xpt4
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt4fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
                  33
    @ 24,9 Say "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -- "
    @ 24,41 Say "Please Press Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd2opt = 5
  * -- Patient in room 3 bed A
  Locate For Prm= '3'.And. Pbed= 'A'.And. Pward= '2'
    Ptregno = XptSregno
    Ptselect =:
                   '+Prm)-(' '+Pbed)-('
                                               '+Xpt5)
      Pward -('
    Ourpt = Xpt5
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt5fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
    @ 24,9 Say "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -- "
    @ 24,41 Say "Please Press Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Loop
  Endif
```

```
If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd2opt = 6
  * -- Patient in room 3 bed B
  Locate For Prm= '3'.And. Pbed= 'B'.And. Pward= '2'
    Ptregno = Xpt6regno
    Ptselect =;
      Pward -('
                    '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
                                                 '+Xpt6]
    Ourpt = Xpt6
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt6fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
                  @ 24,9 Say "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -- "
    @ 24,41 Say "Please Press Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd2opt = 7
  * -- Master Screen
  Return
Endcase
Release Xwd2opt, Xpt1regno, Xpt2regno, Xpt3regno
Release XptSregno, Xpt6regno, Xpt5fmpssn, Xpt6fmpssn
Release Xpt1fmpssn, Xpt2fmpssn, Xpt3fmpssn, Xpt4fmpssn
Release Xpt4regno, Xpt1, Xpt2, Xpt3, Xpt4, Xpt5, Xpt6
```

```
Enddo
```

\*\*\*\* WARD3.PRG \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 11 January 1986 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Displays patients assigned to ward 3E, for patient selection. \* Input Files Used: Ward3.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Pt Info.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Master.Prg \* Routine Called: Doctor or Nurse.Prg \* Modification Date: 3 March 1986 \* -- Screen input program for Ward3 --\* Do Setup Public Xwd3opt, Xpt7, Xpt8, Xpt9, Xpt10, Xpt11, Xpt12 Public Xpt7regno, Xpt8regno, Xpt9regno, Xpt10regno Public Xpt11regno, Xpt12regno, Xp11fmpssn, Xp12fmpssn Public Xpt7fmpssn, Xpt8fmpssn, Xpt9fmpssn, Xp10fmpssn \* -- Store specific data from Dbf file into variable \* \_\_\_ names --Use B:Pt\_Info Locate For Prm = '1' .And. Pbed = 'A' .And. Pward = '3' Xpt7 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt7regno = Pregno Xpt7fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '1' .And. Pbed = 'B' .And. Pward = '3' Xpt8 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt8regno = Pregno Xpt8fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '2' .And. Pbed = 'A' .And. Pward = '3' Xpt9 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt9regno = Pregno Xpt9fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '2' .And. Pbed = 'B' .And. Pward = '3'
Xpt10 = Pfname - [' ' +Plname] Xpt10regno = Pregno Xp10fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '3' .And. Pbed = 'A' .And. Pward = '3' Xpt11 = Pfname - [' ' +Plname] Xpt11regno = Pregno Xp11fmpssn = Fmpssan Locate For Prm = '3' .And. Pbed = 'B' .And. Pward = '3' Xpt12 = Pfname - (' ' +Plname) Xpt12regno = Pregno Xp12fmpssn = Fmpssan

```
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display B:Ward3.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.B:Ward3.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xud3opt = 7
 @ 2,56 Say Date()
 @ 2,65 Say Time()
 @ 9,39 Say Xpt7
 @ 10,39 Say Xpt8
 @ 12,39 Say Xpt9
 @ 13,39 Say Xpt10
 @ 15,39 Say Xpt11
 @ 16,39 Soy Xpt12
 @ 22,3 Say Curuser
 @ 22,67 Get Xwd3opt Pict "9" Range 0,7
 Read
 * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
 * -- Store data from Dbf file into variable names --
 Do Case
   Case Xwd3opt = 0
     * -- Sign-Off
     Close Databases
     Close Procedure
     Release All
     Return To Master
   Case Xwd3opt = 1
     * -- Patient in room 1 bed A
     Locate For Prm= '1'.And. Pbed= 'A'.And. Pward= '3'
        Ptregno = Xpt7regno
       Ptselect =;
                      '+Prm]-[' '+Pbed]-['
          Pward -('
                                                    '+Xpt7]
       Ourpt = Xpt7
       Ptfmpssn = Xpt7fmpssn
     If Ourpt = "
                     33
       Wait "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -;
          - Please Press A Key To Continue"
       Loop
     Endif
     If Omodule = "D"
        Do B:Doctor
       Return
```

```
Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd3opt = 2
  * -- Patient in room 1 bed B
  Locate For Prm= '1'.And. Pbed= 'B'.And. Pward= '3'
    Ptregno = Xpt8regno
    Ptselect;
      Pward -C'
                   '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
                                                 '+Xpt8]
    Ourpt = Xpt8
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt8fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
                  Wait "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -;
      - Please Press A Key To Continue"
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd3opt = 3
  * -- Patient in room 2 bed A
  Locate For Prm= '2'.And. Pbed= 'A'.And. Pward= '3'
    Ptregno = Xpt9regno
    Ptselect =;
      Pward -('
                   '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
                                                '+Xpt9]
    Ourpt = Xpt9
    Ptfmpssn = Xpt9fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
                  33
    Wait "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -;
      - Please Press A Key To Continue"
    Loop
  Endif
    If Omodule = "D"
      Do B:Doctor
      Return
    Else
      Do B:Nurse
      Return
    Endif
    Return
```

```
Case Xwd3opt = 4
  * -- Patient in room 2 bed B
  Locate For Prm= '2'.And. Pbed= 'B'.And. Pward= '3'
    Ptregno = Xpt10regno
    Ptselect =;
      Pward-('
                  '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
                                              '+Xpt10]
    Ourpt = Xpt10
    Ptfmpssn = Xp10fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
    Wait "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -;
      - Please Press A Key To Continue"
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd3opt = 5
  * -- Patient in room 3 bed A
  Locate For Prm= '3'.And. Pbed= 'A'.And. Pward= '3'
    Ptregno = Xpt11regno
    Ptselect =;
                  '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
                                              '+Xpt11)
      Pward-('
    Ourpt = Xpt11
    Ptfmpssn = Xp11fmpssn
  If Ourpt = "
                  ....
    Wait "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -;
      - Please Press A Key To Continue"
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd3opt = 6
  * -- Patient in room 3 bed B
  Locate For Prm= '3'.And. Pbed= 'B'.And. Pward= '3'
    Ptregno = Xpt12regno
    Ptselect =;
      Pward-('
                  '+Prm]-(' '+Pbed]-('
                                              '+Xpt12)
```

```
Ourpt = Xpt12
  Ptfmpssn = Xp12fmpssn
If Ourpt = ""
    Wait "Sorry No Patient In That Bed -;
      - Please Press A Key To Continue"
    Loop
  Endif
  If Omodule = "D"
    Do B:Doctor
    Return
  Else
    Do B:Nurse
    Return
  Endif
  Return
Case Xwd3opt = 7
  * -- Master Screen
  Return
Endcase
Release Xwd3opt, Xpt7, Xpt8, Xpt9, Xpt10, Xpt11, Xpt12
Release Xpt7regno, Xpt8regno, Xpt9regno, Xpt10regno
Release Xpt11regno, Xpt12regno, Xp11fmpssn, Xp12fmpssn
Release Xpt7fmpssn, Xpt8fmpssn, Xpt9fmpssn, Xp10fmpssn
```

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: 27 November 1985 \* Date: Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Menu for selecting, viewing or modifying the doctor's orders. \* Input Files Used: Doctor.Prg and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf Ward2 or Ward3.Prg \* Calling Routine: \* Routine Calls: Doc\_menu, Transfer or Discont.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Doctor --Do Setup Public Xdocopt, Xmptfmpssn, Dmenu Dmenu = Space(1) Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Doctor.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Doctor.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xdocopt = 6 Do Headings C 22,67 Get Xdocopt Pict "9" Range 0,6 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xdocopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xdocopt = 1 \* -- Order Entry Do B:Doc\_Menu If Dmenu = "1"Loop Else

```
Return
  Endif
Case Xdocopt = 2
  * -- Admit / Transfer / Discharge Patient
  Do B:Transfer
  If Dmenu = "1"
    Loop
  Else
    Return
  Endif
Case Xdocopt = 3
  * -- Review Medical Orders
  Clear
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  @ 1,22 Say "Patient Orders For:"
  @ 1,42 Say Ourpt
  @ 3,10 Say "Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys to Pause "
  @ 3,47 Say "The Scrolling If Necessary"
  Use B:Orders
  Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Xmptfmpssn
  Report Form B: Ord For Fmpssn = &Xmptfmpssn .And .;
    Module # 'N'
  Wait
  Loop
Case Xdocopt = 4
  * -- Print Medical Orders
  @ 24,0 Say "Turn On Your Printer, "
  @ 24,22 Say "Then Hit Any Key To Print"
  Set Console Off
 Wait
 Set Console On
  Clear
  @ 12,30 Say "Printing, Please Wait"
  Set Console Off
  Set Device To Print
  @ 1,22 Say "Patient Orders For:"
  @ 1,42 Say Ourpt
  Set Device To Screen
 Use B:Orders
  Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Xmptfmpssn
  Report Form B:Ord Noeject To Print For;
    Fmpssn = &Xmptfmpssn .And. Module # 'N'
  Set Console On
  @ 24,0 Say "Finished Printing, "
  @ 24,19 Say "Hit Any Key To Continue"
  Set Console Off
  Wait
```

```
Set Console On
Loop
Case Xdocopt = 5
* -- Discontinue An Order
Do B:Discont
If Dmenu = "1"
Loop
Else
Return
Endif
Case Xdocopt = 6
* -- Master Screen
Return
Endcase
Release Xdocopt,Xmptfmpssn
```

```
**** DOC_MENU.PRG *****
* Author:
                        Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                        27 November 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                          Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                        Menu of ten order categories for
                          doctor to choose from.
* Input Files Used:
                        Doc_Menu.Scr and Drproc.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                        None
* Calling Routine:
                        Doctor.Prg
* Routine Called:
                        Activity, Diet, IVA, Lab, Monitor, Pham1
                          Xray, Lung, VS or Routine. Prg
* Modification Date:
                        4 February 1986
 -- Screen Input Program For Doc_Menu --
Do Setup
Public Xdocmenopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Doc_Menu.Scr
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Doc_Menu.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xdocmenopt = 11
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xdocmenopt Pict "99" Range 0,12
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
    Case Xdocmenopt = 0
      * -- Sign-Off
      Close Databases
      Close Procedure
      Release All
      Return To Master
    Case Xdocmenopt = 1
      Do B:Activity
      If Dmenu = "1"
        Loop
      Else
```

Return Endif Case Xdocmenopt = 2 Do B:Diet If Dmenu = "1" Loop Else Return Endif Case Xdocmenopt = 3 Do B: IVA If Dmenu = "1" Loop Else Return Endif Case Xdocmenopt = 4 Do B:Lab If Dmenu = "1" Loop Else Return Endif Case Xdocmenopt = 5 Do B:Monitor If Dmenu = "1" Loop Else Return Endif Case Xdocmenopt = 6 Do B:Pham1 If Dmenu = "1" Loop Else Return Endif Case Xdocmenopt = 7 Do B:Xray If Dmenu = "1" Loop Else Return Endif

```
Case Xdocmenopt = 8
    Do B:Lung
    If Dmenu = "1"
      Loop
    Else
      Return
    Endif
  Case Xdocmenopt = 9
    Do B:VS
    If Dmenu = "1"
      Loop
    Else
      Return
    Endif
  Case Xdocmenopt = 10
    Do B:Routine
    If Dmenu = "1"
     Loop
    Else
      Return
    Endif
  Case Xdocmenopt = 11
    * -- Doctor's Master Screen
    Dmenu = "l"
    Return
  Case Xdocmenopt = 12
    * -- Master Screen
   Store ' ' To Dmenu
    Return
Endcase
Release Xdocmenopt
```

\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 29 November 1985 Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Determine activity orders of the patient. \* Input Files Used: Activity.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Doc\_Menu.Prg \* Routine Called: Time.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Activity --Do Setup Public Xactopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Activity.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Activity.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xactopt = 13 Do Headings Do Startup @ 22,66 Get Xactopt Pict "99" Range 0,14 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xactopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xactopt = 1 Morder = "Ambulate ad lib" Do Replaord Loop

```
Case Xactopt = 2
  Morder = "Ambulate w/ Assistance"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 5 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- No precise frequency given
      Passdata = "Q51 18"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 4 .And. Timeopt < 22)
      * -- X 1
      Passdata = "Q51 11"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- X 2 or BID
      Passdata = "Q51 12"
      Ptooint = 4
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- X 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q51 13"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 4 or QID
      Passdata = "Q51 14"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q51 15"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q51 16"
      Ptpoint = 24
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q51 17"
      Ptpoint = 48
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 3
  Morder = "Strict Bedrest"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 4
  Morder = "Bedrest w/ BRP"
```

```
Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 5
  Morder = "Bedside Commode"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 6
  Morder = "OOB to Stretcher w/ Assist"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than x 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q51 2"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 3 or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q51 3"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q51 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q51 5"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q51 6"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 7
  Morder = "Dangle Legs"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 8
  Morder = "Keep on Back"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xactopt = 9
  Morder = "May Shower"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 10
  Morder = "Turn Patient"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 11
  Morder = "Turning Frame"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q2h
      Passdata = "Q25 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q25 2"
      Ptpoint = 14
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q25 3"
      Ptpoint = 28
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xactopt = 12
  Morder = "Up in Chair w/ Assist"
  Do B: Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than x 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q51 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 3 or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q51 7"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q51 8"
      Ptpoint = 4
```

```
Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
        * -- X 12 or Q2h
        Passdata = "Q51 9"
        Ptpoint = 8
      Cose (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
        * -- X 24 or Q1h
        Passdata = "Q51 10"
        Ptpoint = 16
    Endcase
    Do Replaord
    Loop
  Case Xactopt = 13
    * -- Doctor's Order Screen
    Dmenu = 'l'
    Return
  Case Xactopt = 14
    * -- Master Screen
    Dmenu = ''
    Return
Endcase
Release Xactopt
```

\*\*\*\* TIME.PRG \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 29 November 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Determine the time of orders for the patient. \* Input Files Used: Time.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: All Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf modules. \* Routine Called: Timehelp.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Time --Do Setup Public Timeopt, Xtimetime Xtimetime = Space(4) Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Time.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A: Time.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Timeopt = 41 Do Headings @ 22,66 Get Timeopt Pict "99" Range 1,41 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Timeopt = 1 Ofreq = "PRN" Return Case Timeopt = 2 Ofreq = "Q 1-2 Hr PRN" Return Case Timeopt = 3 Ofreq = "Q 2-3 Hr PRN" Return

Case Timeopt = 4 Ofreg = "Q 3-4 Hr PRN" Return Case Timeopt = 5 Ofreq = "On Call" Todayonly = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 6 Ofreq = "QD" Return Case Timeopt = 7 Ofreg = "HS" Return Case Timeopt = 8 Ofreq = " $\times$  1" Todayonly = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 9 \* -- Today @ ----@ 17,8 Get Xtimetime Pict "9999" Read Ofreq = "Today @ " + Xtimetime Todauonlu = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 10 Ofreq = "Daily @ 0200" Return Case Timeopt = 11 Ofreq = "Daily @ 0400" Return Case Timeopt = 12 Ofreq = "Daily @ 0600" Return Case Timeopt = 13 Ofreg = "Daily @ 0800" Return Case Timeopt = 14 Ofreq = "Daily @ 1000" Return

Case Timeopt = 15 Ofreg = "Daily @ 1200" Return Case Timeopt = 16 Ofreq = "Daily @ 1400" Return Case Timeopt = 17 Ofreq = "Daily @ 1600" Return Case Timeopt = 18 Ofreq = "Daily @ 1800" Return Case Timeopt = 19 Ofreq = "Daily @ 2000" Return Case Timeopt = 20 Ofreq = "Daily @ 2200" Return Case Timeopt = 21 Ofreq = "Daily @ 2400" Return Case Timeopt = 22 Ofreq = "BID" Return Case Timeopt = 23 Ofreq = "Q 12 Hr" Return Case Timeopt = 24 Ofreq = "x 2" Todayonly = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 25 Ofreq = "TID" Return Case Timeopt = 26 Ofreq = "AC"Return

Case Timeopt = 27 Ofreq = "PC" Return Case Timeopt = 28 Ofreg = "Q 8 Hr" Return Case Timeopt = 29 Ofreq = "x 3" Todayonly = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 30 Ofreq = "Q Shift" Return Case Timeopt = 31 Ofreq = "QID" Return Case Timeopt = 32 Ofreq = "Q 6 Hr" Return Case Timeopt = 33 Ofreq = " $\times$  4" Todayonly = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 34 Ofreq = "Q 4 Hr" Return Case Timeopt = 35 Ofreq = " $\times$  6" Todayonly = "T" Return Case Timeopt = 36 Ofreq = "Q 2 Hr" Return Case Timeopt = 37 Ofreq = " $\times$  12" Todayonly = "T" Return

```
Case Timeopt = 38

Ofreq = "Q 1 Hr"

Return

Case Timeopt = 39

Ofreq = "x 24"

Todayonly = "T"

Return

Case Timeopt = 40

* -- Help

Do B:Timehelp

Loop

Case Timeopt = 41

* -- Return to Calling Screen

Return

Endcase

Release Xtimetime
```

```
* Author:
                     Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
                     1 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                       Of New York, c1985
                     Brief on-line help facility for
* Purpose:
                       Time.Prg.
* Input Files Used:
                     Timehelp.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                     None
* Calling Routine:
                     Time.Pro
* Routine Called:
                     None
* Modification Date: 26 January 1986
*
  -- Screen Input Program For Timehelp --
Do Setup
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display A:Timehelp.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Timehelp.Scr/"
 0 24.0
 @ 24,37 "Press Any Key To Continue"
 Set Console Off
 Whit
 Set Console On
 Return
```

```
Enddo
```

\*\*\*\* DIET.PRG \*\*\*\* \* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN 27 November 1985 \* Date: \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 Determine the diet orders of the \* Purpose: patient. \* Input Files Used: Diet.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf Doc\_Menu.Prg \* Calling Routine: \* Routine Called: Time.Pro \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Diet --Do Setup Public Xdietopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Diet.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Diet.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xdietopt = 19 Do Headings Do Startup @ 22,66 Get Xdietopt Pict "99" Range 0,20 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xdietopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xdietopt = 1 Morder = "Diet As Tolerated" Do Replaord Loop

Case Xdietopt = 2 Morder = "Clear Liquids Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 3 Morder = "Diabetic Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 4 Morder = "Fat-controlled Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 5 Morder = "Full Liquid Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 6 Morder = "Infant/Neonat Bottle x1" Passdata = "Q29 1" Ptpoint = 2 Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 7 Morder = "Infant/Neonat Bottle x6" Passdata = "Q29 2" Ptpoint = 12 Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 8 Morder = "Infant/Neonat Bottle x12" Passdata = "Q29 3" Ptpoint = 24 Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 9 Morder = "Mechanical Soft Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 10 Morder = "Na Controlled Diet" Do Replaord Loop

Case Xdietopt = 11 Morder = "NPO" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 12 Morder = "NPO p 2400" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 13 Morder = "NPO w/ Ice Chips" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 14 Morder = "Regular Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 15 Morder = "Renal/Liver Disease Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 16 Morder = "T & A Diet" Do Replaord Loop Case Xdietopt = 17 Morder = "Continuous Tube Feedings" Do B:Time Do Case Case (Timeopt < 6 .Or. Timeopt = 41) \* -- Less than 1 bag per 24 hours Passdata = "Q27 1" Ptpoint = 0 Case (Timeopt > 5 .And. Timeopt < 22) \* -- 1 bag per 24 hours Passdata = "Q27 2" Ptpoint = 2 Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25) \* -- 2 bags per 24 hours Passdata = "Q27 3" Ptpoint = 4 Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31) \* -- 3 bags per 24 hours

```
Passdata = "Q27 4"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- 4 bags per 24 hours
      Passdata = "Q27 5"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- 6 bags per 24 hours
      Passdata = "027 6"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- 12 bags per 24 hours
      Passdata = "027 7"
      Ptpoint = 24
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- 24 bags per 24 hours
      Passdata = "Q27 8"
      Ptpoint = 48
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Cose Xdietopt = 18
  Morder = "Bolus Tube Feedings"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q27 9"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q27 10"
      Ptpoint = 5
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- 02h or x 12
      Passdata = "027 11"
      Ptpoint = 10
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- 01h or x 24
      Possdoto = "027 12"
      Ptpoint = 20
  Endcase
  Do Replaard
  Loop
```

```
Case Xdietopt = 19

* -- Doctor's Order Screen

Dmenu = "1"

Return

Case Xdietopt = 20

* -- Master Screen

Dmenu = " "

Return

Endcase

Release Xdietopt
```

\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\* IVA.PRG \* Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 8 December 1985 Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 Determine first stage IV needs of \* Purpose: the patient. \* Input Files Used: IVA.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: Doc\_Menu.Prg \* Routine Called: IVB.Pra \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For IVA --Do Setup Public Xivaopt, Morder1 Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:IVA.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A: IVA.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xivaopt = 09 Do Headings Do Startup @ 22,66 Get Xivaopt Pict "99" Range 0,10 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xivaopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xivaopt = 1 Morder1 = "Start IV of" Passdata = "Q30 1" Ptpoint = 2 Todayonly = "T"

Do B:IVB Loop Case Xivaopt = 2 Morder1 = "Alternate IV w/" Do B:IVB Loop Case Xivaopt = 3 Morder1 = "Follow IV w/" Do B:IVB Loop Case Xivaopt = 4 Morder1 = "Interrupt IV for" Do B:IVB Loop Case Xivaopt = 5 Morder1 = "Start 2nd IV of" Passdata = "Q30 1" Ptpoint = 2 Todayonly = "T" Do B:IVB Loop Case Xivaopt = 6 Morder = "Discontinue IV" Do Replaard Loop Case Xivaopt = 7 Morder = "Heparin Lock" Passdata = "Q73 1" Ptpoint = 4 Do Replaord Loop Case Xivaopt = 8 Morder = "Multilumen Line" Passdata = "Q72 3" Ptpoint = 8 Do Replaord Loop Case Xivaopt = 9 \* -- Doctor's Order Screen Dmenu = "l" Return

```
Case Xivaopt = 10

* -- Master Screen

Dmenu = ""

Return
```

Endcase Release Xivaopt

```
**** IUB.PRG ***************
* Author:
                        Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                        8 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
                        The doctor selects an IV solution
* Purpose:
                          for the patient.
* Input Files Used:
                       IVB.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       IVA.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       None
* Modification Date: 19 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For IVB --
Do Setup
Public Xivbopt, Blood
Blood = .F.
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A: IVB.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A: IVB.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xivbopt = 1
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xivbopt Pict "9" Range 1,8
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
    Case Xivbopt = 1
      Morder = Morder1 + " D5/.45 NaCl"
      Do B: IVC
      Return
    Case Xivbopt = 2
      Morder = Morder1 + " RL"
      Do B: IVC
      Return
   Case Xivbopt = 3
      Morder = Morder1 + " DSRL"
```

Do B: IVC Return Case Xivbopt = 4 Morder = Morder1 + " D5W" Do B:IVC Return Case Xivbopt = 5 Morder = Morder1 + " NS" Do B: IVC Return Case Xivbopt = 6 Morder = Morder1 + " D5NS" Do B:IVC Return Case Xivbopt = 7 Morder = Morder1 + " Whole Bld" Blood = .T. Do B:IVC Return Case Xivbopt = 8 Morder = Morder1 + " Packed Cells" Blood = .T. Do B: IVC Return Endcase Release Xivbopt

\*\*\*\*\* IVC.PRG \*\*\*\*\* \* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Dote: 8 December 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Determine IV infusion rate for patient orders. \* Input Files Used: IVC.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: IVB.Prg \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For IVC --Do Setup Public Xivcopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A: IVC.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A: IVC.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xivcopt = 6 Do Headings @ 22,67 Get Xivcopt Pict "9" Range 1,8 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xivcopt = 1 Ofreg = "Infuse o 30M" If Blood = .T. Passdata = "Q75 1" Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 2 Else Passdata = "Q72 3" Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 8 Endif Do Replaard Return Case Xivcopt = 2 Ofreq = "Infuse o 1Hr"

```
If Blood = .T.
    Passdata = "Q75 1"
    Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 2
  Else
    Passdata = "Q72 3"
    Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 8
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Return
Case Xivcopt = 3
  Ofreq = "Infuse o 2Hr"
  If Blood = .T.
Passdata = "Q75 1"
    Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 2
  Else
    Passdata = "Q72 3"
    Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 8
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Return
Case Xivcopt = 4
  Ofreq = "Infuse o 4Hr"
  If Blood = .T.
    Passdata = "Q75 1"
    Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 2
  Else
    Passdata = "Q72 3"
    Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 8
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Return
Case Xivcopt = 5
  Ofreq = "Infuse o 6Hr"
  Passdata = "Q72 2"
  Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 6
  Do Replaord
  Return
Case Xivcopt = 6
  Ofreq = "Infuse o 8Hr"
  Passdata = "Q72 2"
  Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 6
  Do Replaord
  Return
Case Xivcopt = 7
  Ofreq = "Infuse o 12H"
```

Passdata = "Q72 1" Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 4 Do Replaord Return

Case Xivcopt = 8 Ofreq = "Infuse o 24H" Passdata = "Q72 1" Ptpoint = Ptpoint + 4 Do Replaord Return

Endcase Release Xivcopt,Blood

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 8 December 1985 Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Determine laboratory orders of the patient. \* Input Files Used: Lab.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Doc\_Menu.Prg \* Routine Called: Time.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Lab --Do Setup Public Xlabopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Lab.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Lab.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xlabopt = 32 Do Headings Do Startup @ 22,66 Get Xlabopt Pict "99" Range 0,33 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xlabopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xlabopt = 1 Morder = "Bilirubin" Do B:Time Do Labcount Do Replaord Loop

```
Case Xlabopt = 2
  Morder = "BUN"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 3
  Morder = "Calcium"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 4
  Morder = "Cloride"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 5
  Morder = "CO2"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 6
  Morder = "Creatinine"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 7
  Morder = "Glucose"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 8
  Morder = "Phosphate"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xlabopt = 9
  Morder = "Potassium"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 10
  Morder = "Sodium"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 11
  Morder = "Uric Acid"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 12
  Morder = "Amylase"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 13
  Morder = "CPK"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 14
  Morder = "LDH"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 15
  Morder = "SGOT"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xlabopt = 16
  Morder = "SGPT"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 17
  Morder = "CBC"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 18
  Morder = "Platlets"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 19
  Morder = "Protime"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 20
  Morder = "Sed Rate"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 21
  Morder = "ABO & Rh"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 22
  Morder = "ABG [from A-line]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xlabopt = 23
  Morder = "ABG [stick]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case [Xtimeopt < 25 .Or. Xtimeopt = 41]
      * -- Less than x 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q45 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Xtimeopt > 24 .And. Xtimeopt < 34)
      * -- X 3 (TID) or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q45 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Cose (Xtimeopt = 34 .Or. Xtimeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Possdoto = "Q45 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Xtimeopt = 36 .Or. Xtimeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q45 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case [Xtimeopt = 38 .Or. Xtimeopt = 39]
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q45 5"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 24
  Morder = "Bld Cultures"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Xtimeopt < 25 .Or. Xtimeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than x 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q46 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Xtimeopt > 24 .And. Xtimeopt < 34)
      * -- X 3 (TID) or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q46 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Xtimeopt = 34 .Or. Xtimeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q46 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Xtimeopt = 36 .Or. Xtimeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q46 4"
```

```
Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Xtimeopt = 38 .Or. Xtimeopt = 39)
      * -- 01h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q46 5"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 25
  Morder = "Culture & Sen"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 26
  Morder = "Cold Agglutins"
  Do B: Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 27
  Morder = "HCG"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 28
  Morder = "Occ Bld in Stools"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 29
  Morder = "RPR"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlabopt = 30
  Morder = "SMA 6"
  Do B:Time
  Do Labcount
```

```
Do Replaord
   Loop
 Case Xlabopt = 31
   Morder = "UA"
   Do B:Time
    Do Labcount
   Do Replaord
   Loop
 Case Xlabopt = 32
   * -- Doctor's Order Screen
   Dmenu = 'l'
   Return
 Case Xactopt = 33
   * -- Master Screen
   Dmenu = ' '
   Return
Endcase
Release Xlabopt
```

\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 29 November 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Menu providing respiratory therapy options. \* Input Files Used: Lung.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Doc\_Menu.Prg \* Routine Called: Time.Prg \* Modification Date: 28 January 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Lung --Do Setup Public Xlungopt, Xliteropt, Xliter Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Lung.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Lung.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xlungopt = 14Do Headings Do Startup @ 21,66 Get Xlungopt Pict "99" Range 0,15 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xlungopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xlungopt = 1 Morder = "Chest Pulmonary Therapy" Do B:Time Do Cose Case (Timeopt < 22 .Or. Timeopt = 41)

```
* -- Less than BID or x 2
      Passdata = "Q68 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- BID or x 2
      Passdata = "Q68 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case [Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31]
      * -- TID or x 3
      Passdata = "Q68 3"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case [Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34]
      * -- QID or x 4
      Passdata = "Q68 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q68 5"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q68 6"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q68 7"
      Ptpoint = 24
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 2
  Morder = "Cough & Deep Breath"
  Do B:Time
  Do Cough
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 3
  Morder = "Incentive Spirometer"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 31 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q4h or x 5
      Passdata = "Q64 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
```

```
Passdata = "Q64 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q64 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q64 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 4
  Morder = "IPPB"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 22 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than BID or x 2
      Passdata = "Q66 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- BID or x 2
      Passdata = "Q66 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- TID or x 3
      Passdata = "Q66 3"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- QID or x 4
      Passdata = "Q66 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q66 5"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q66 6"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q66 7"
      Ptpoint = 24
  Endcase
```

```
Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 5
  Morder = "Suctioning"
  Do B: Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q69 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q69 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q68 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- 01h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q68 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 6
  Morder = "Trach Care"
  Do B: Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than TID or x 3
      Passdata = "Q70 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- TID (x 3) or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q70 2"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q70 3"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q70 4"
      Ptpoint = 16
```

```
Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q70 5"
      Ptpoint = 32
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 7
  Morder = "Ventilator"
 Passdata = "Q71 1"
  Ptpoint = 10
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 8
  Morder = "Wean from Ventilator"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
 Loop
Case Xlungopt = 9
  Do Liter
 Morder = "Croup Tent " + Xliter
  Do B:Time
  Passdata = "Q67 1"
  Ptpoint = 8
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 10
  Do Liter
  Morder = "Mask " + Xliter
  Do B:Time
  Passdata = "Q63 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xlungopt = 11
  Do Liter
 Morder = "Mist Tent " + Xliter
  Do B:Time
  Passdata = "Q67 2"
  Ptpoint = 8
 Do Replaord
 Loop
```

Case Xlungopt = 12 Do Liter Morder = "Nasal Prongs " + Xliter Do B:Time Passdata = "Q63 1" Ptpoint = 2 Do Replaord Loop Case Xlungopt = 13 Do Liter Morder = "Oxyhood " + Xliter Do B:Time Passdata = "Q63 2" Ptpoint = 2 Do Replaord Loop Case Xlungopt = 14 \* -- Doctor's Order Screen Dmenu = 'l' Return Case Xlungopt = 15 \* -- Master Screen Dmenu = ' ' Return Endcase Release Xlungopt, Xliteropt, Xliter

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      8 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Determine monitoring orders of the
                        patient.
* Input Files Used: Monitor.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf
* Calling Routine: Doc_Menu.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     Time.Prg
* Modification Date: 4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Monitor --
Do Setup
Public Xmonopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A: Monitor.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Monitor.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xmonopt = 19
  Do Headings
 Do Startup
 @ 22,66 Get Xmonopt Pict "99" Range 0,20
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
    Case Xmonopt = 0
     * -- Sign-Off
     Close Databases
     Close Procedure
     Release All
     Return To Master
   Case Xmonopt = 1
     Morder = "Apnea Monitor"
     Passdata = "Q83 1"
     Monpoint = 6
     Do Replaord
     Loop
```

```
Case Xmonopt = 2
  Morder = "A-line Set-up"
  Passdata = "Q16 1"
  Ptpoint = 4
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
 Loop
Case Xmonopt = 3
 Morder = "A-line Readings"
  Do B:Time
 Do Case
   Case (Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q19 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q19 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
   Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q19 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
 Loop
Case Xmonopt = 4
  Morder = "Cardiac Monitor"
  Passdata = "Q82 1"
  Monpoint = 6
  Do Replaord
 Loop
Case Xmonopt = 5
  Morder = "Cardiac Output"
  Do B:Time
 Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than TID or x 3
      Passdata = "Q22 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- TID (x 3) and less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q22 2"
```

```
Ptpoint = 2
    Case [Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35]
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q22 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q22 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q22 5"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 6
  Morder = "Circulation Checks"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
   Case (Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q10 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q10 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q10 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 7
  Morder = "CVP Readings (Manually)"
  Do B: Time
  Do Case
   Case (Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q12 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
```

```
* -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q12 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q12 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 8
  Morder = "Fundus Checks"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case [Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41]
      * -- Less than Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q14 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q14 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q14 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 9
  Morder = "Intake & Output"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q8h or x 3
      Passdata = "Q9 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case [Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34]
      * -- Q8h (x 3) and less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q9 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q9 3"
```

```
Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q9 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q9 5"
      Ptpoint = 16
    Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 10
  Morder = "ICP (Monitor) Set-Up"
  Passdata = "Q2 9"
  Ptpoint = 4
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 11
  Morder = "Manual ICP Readings"
  Do B: Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q13 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q13 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q13 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
 Loop
Case Xmonopt = 12
  Morder = "Monitor ICP Readings"
  Do B: Time
  Do Case
   Case (Timeopt < 36 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
```

```
* -- Less than Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q20 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q20 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q20 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 13
  Morder = "Neuro Checks"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q11 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q11 2"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q11 3"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q11 4"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 14
  Morder = "Pressure Monitor"
  Passdata = "Q85 1"
  Monpoint = 6
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xmonopt = 15
  Morder = "PAP/PA Wedge (Readings)"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q21 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Q4h or x 6
      Passdata = "Q21 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Q2h or x 12
      Passdata = "Q21 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Q1h or x 24
      Passdata = "Q21 4"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Endcase
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 16
  Morder = "Swan-Ganz Set-up"
  Passdata = "Q18 1"
  Ptpoint = 4
 Todayonly = "T"
  Do Reploord
 Loop
Case Xmonopt = 17
  Morder = "Temperature Monitor"
  Passdata = "Q84 1"
  Monpoint = 6
 Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 18
  Morder = "Transcutaneous Monitor"
  Passdata = "Q15 1"
  Ptpoint = 6
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xmonopt = 19
  * -- Doctor's Order Screen
```

```
Dmenu = 'l'
Return
Case Xmonopt = 20
* -- Master Screen
Dmenu = ' '
Return
```

Endcase Release Xmonopt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      29 November 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      One of two program modules used to
                        determine phamacy orders of the
                        patient.
* Input Files Used:
                      Monitor.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                     Orders.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                     Doc_Menu.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     Time, Pham2 and Phamhelp.Prg
* Modification Date: 4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Pham1 --
Do Setup
Public Xphamlopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A: Pham1.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B,W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A: Pham1.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xphamlopt = 26
 Do Headings
 Do Startup
  @ 22,66 Get Xphamlopt Pict "99" Range 1,27
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
   Case Xphamlopt = 1
     Morder = "Benadryl 25mg (O)"
     Do B:Time
     Do Reameds
     Do Replaord
     Loop
   Case Xphamlopt = 2
     Morder = "Benadryl 50mg [IM]"
     Do B:Time
     Do Regmeds
```

Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 3 Morder = "Benadry1 50mg [IV]" Do B:Time Do IVmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 4 Morder = "Dimetapp 4mg (O)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 5 Morder = "Dimetapp Elix 5mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 6 Morder = "Phenergan 25mg (0)" Do B: Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 7 Morder = "Phenergan 25mg (IM)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 8 Morder = "Phenergan 25mg (SP)" Do B:Time Do Reameds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 9 Morder = "Ampicillin 250mg [0]" Do B:Time Do Regmeds

```
Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 10
  Morder = "Ampicillin 500mg [IM]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 11
  Morder = "Ampicillin 500mg [IV]"
  Do B:Time
  Do IVmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 12
  Morder = "Ancef .5Gm [IM]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 13
  Morder = "Ancef .5Gm (IV)"
  Do B:Time
  Do IVmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 14
  Morder = "Cefadyl 500mg (IM)"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 15
  Morder = "Cefadyl 1.0Gm [IM]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Reameds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xphamlopt = 16
  Morder = "Cefadyl 1.0Gm (IV)"
  Do B:Time
  Do IVmeds
```

Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 17 Morder = "Erythromycin 250mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Reameds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 18 Morder = "Erythromycin Susp 200mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 19 Morder = "Keflex 250mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Reameds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 20 Morder = "Keflex Susp 125mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Reameds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 21 Morder = "Sulfacetamine 10% Solt (Op)" Do B:Time Do Reameds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 22 Morder = "Tetracycline 250mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xphamlopt = 23 Morder = "Tetracycline 500mg (IV)" Do B:Time Do IVmeds

```
Do Replaord
    Loop
  Case Xphamlopt = 24
    * -- Help
   Do B: Phamhelp
    Loop
 Case Xphamlopt = 25
    * -- Next Screen [More Meds]
    Do B:Pham2
    Loop
  Case Xphamlopt = 26
    * -- Dr's Order Screen
   Dmenu = '1'
    Return
  Case Xphamlopt = 27
    * -- Master Screen
   Dmenu = ' '
    Return
Endcase
Release Xphamlopt
```

\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 29 Nov 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: One of two program modules to determine pharmacy orders of the patient. \* Input Files Used: Pham2.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Pham1.Prg \* Routine Called: Time.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Pham2 --\* Do Setup Public Xpham2opt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Pham2.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Pham2.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xpham2opt = 24 Do Headings Do Startup @ 22,66 Get Xpham2opt Pict "99" Range 1,24 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xpham2opt = 1 Morder = "Boric Acid 5% Solt []]" Do B:Time Do Case \* -- Expert system data Case (Timeopt < 6 .Or. Timeopt = 41) Passdata = "Q48 5" Ptpoint = 0Case (Timeopt > 5 .And. Timeopt < 34) Passdata = "Q48 1" Ptpoint = 2

```
Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      Passdata = "Q48 2"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      Passdata = "Q48 3"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      Passdata = "Q48 4"
      Ptpoint = 12
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 2
  Morder = "Atropine 0.4mg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 3
  Morder = "Atropine 0.4mg [IM]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Reameds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 4
  Morder = "Valium 5mg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Reameds
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 5
  Morder = "Valium Smg [IM]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 6
  Morder = "Valium Smg [IV]"
  Do B:Time
  Do IVmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

Case Xpham2opt = 7 Morder = "Digoxin .125mg [0]" Do B:Time Do Reameds Do Replaord Loop Case Xpham2opt = 8 Morder = "Digoxin .250mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xpham2opt = 9 Morder = "Inderal 10mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaard Loop Case Xpham2opt = 10 Morder = "Inderal 40mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xpham2opt = 11 Morder = "Inderal 1mg [IV]" Do B:Time Do IVmeds Do Reploord Loop Case Xpham2opt = 12 Morder = "Minipres 1mg (0)" Do D:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop Case Xpham2opt = 13 Morder = "Minipres 2mg (0)" Do B:Time Do Regmeds Do Replaord Loop

```
Case Xpham2opt = 14
  Morder = "Minipres 5mg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Reameds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 15
  Morder = "Dilantin 100mg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 16
  Morder = "Dilantin Supp 125mg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
 Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 17
  Morder = "Elavil 10mg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 18
  Morder = "Elavil 25mg (O)"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 19
  Morder = "Elavil SOmg [0]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xpham2opt = 20
  Morder = "Phenobarbital 15mg [O]"
  Do B:Time
  Do Regmeds
  Do Replaard
  Loop
```

```
Case Xpham2opt = 21
    Morder = "Phenobarbital 30mg (0)"
    Do B:Time
    Do Regmeds
    Do Replaord
    Loop
  Case Xpham2opt = 22
    Morder = "Phenobarbital 60mg [IM]"
    Do B:Time
    Do Regmeds
    Do Replaord
    Loop
  Case Xpham2opt = 23
    * -- Help
    Do B:Phamhelp
    Loop
  Case Xpham2opt = 24
    * -- Previous Screen
    Return
Endcase
Release Xpham2opt
```

```
**** PHAMHELP.PRG *****
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                       29 November 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
                       Brief on-line help facility for the
* Purpose:
                         Pham1 and Pham2.Prg.
* Input Files Used:
                       Phamhelp.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       Pham1 or Pham2.Prg
Routine Called:
                       None
* Modification Date:
                       26 January 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Phamhelp --
Do Setup
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A: Phamhelp.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Phamhelp.Scr/"
  @ 24.0
  @ 24,37 Say "Press Any Key To Continue"
  Set Console Off
  Wnit
  Set Console On
  Return
Enddo
```

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      29 November 1985
Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Determine the ward routine orders
                        of the patient.
* Input Files Used:
                      Routine.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      Orders.Dbf
                      Doc_Menu.Prg
* Calling Routine:
* Routine Called:
                      Time.Prg
* Modification Date:
                     19 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Routine --
Do Setup
Public Xrouopt
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display A:Routine.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Routine.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xrouopt = 30
 Do Headings
 Do Startup
 @ 22,66 Get Xrouopt Pict "99" Range 0,31
 Read
 * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
 Do Case
   Case Xrouopt = 0
     * -- Sign-Off
     Close Databases
     Close Procedure
     Release All
     Return To Master
   Case Xrouopt = 1
     Morder = "Ace Wrap Lower Ext"
     Passdata = "Q36 1"
     Ptpoint = 2
     Do Replaord
     Loop
```

```
Case Xrouopt = 2
  Morder = "Chest Tube Insertion"
  Passdata = "Q57 1"
  Ptpoint = 4
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 3
  Morder = "Circumcision Care"
  Do B:Time
  Passdata = "Q52 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 4
  Morder = "Complex Dressing Change"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 6 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than one dressing
      Passdata = "Q37 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 5 .And. Timeopt < 22)
      * -- One dressing change
      Passdata = "Q37 8"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25]
      * -- Two dressing changes
      Passdata = "Q37 9"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- Three dressing changes
      Passdata = "Q37 10"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- Four dressing changes
      Passdata = "Q37 11"
      Ptpoint = 16
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Six dressing changes
      Passdata = "037 12"
      Ptpoint = 24
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- Twelve dressing changes
      Passdata = "Q37 13"
      Ptpoint = 48
```

```
Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Twenty-four dressing changes
      Passdata = "Q37 14"
      Ptpoint = 96
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 5
  Morder = "EKG Rhythm Strip"
  Passdata = "Q33 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 6
  Morder = "Foley Cath Care"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 22 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Tube care less than x 2
      Passdata = "Q39 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- Tube care x 2
      Passdata = "Q39 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- Tube care x 3
      Passdata = "Q39 3"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- Tube care x 4
      Passdata = "Q39 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Tube care x 6
      Passdata = "Q39 5"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Tube care x 12
      Passdata = "Q39 6"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- Tube care x 24
      Passdata = "Q39 7"
```

```
Ptpoint = 24
  Endcase
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 7
  Morder = "Foley Cath Insertion"
  Passdata = "Q32 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 8
  Morder = "Guiac Stools"
  Do B:Time
  Do Routine
  Do Replaard
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 9
  Morder = "Respiratory Isolation"
  Passdata = "Q54 2"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 10
  Morder = "Reverse Isolation"
  Passdata = "Q54 2"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 11
  Morder = "Strict Isolation"
  Passdata = "Q54 2"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 12
  Morder = "Lumbar Puncture"
  Passdata = "Q58 1"
  Ptpoint = 4
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaard
  Loop
```

```
Case Xrouopt = 13
   Morder = "N-G Insertion"
   Passdata = "Q31 1"
   Ptpoint = 2
   Todayonly = "T"
   Do Replaord
   Loop
Case Xrouopt = 14
   Morder = "Parencentesis"
   Passdata = "Q60 1"
   Ptpoint = 4
   Todayonly = "T"
   Do Replaord
   Loop
Case Xrouopt = 15
  Morder = "Phototherapy"
   Passdata = "Q53 1"
   Ptpoint = 2
   Do Replaord
   Loop
Case Xrouopt = 16
   Morder = "ROM Exercises (Passive)"
   Do B:Time
   Do Range
   Do Replaord
   Loop
Case Xrouopt = 17
   Morder = "2-Point Restaints"
   Passdata = "Q50 1"
   Ptpoint = 2
   Do Replaord
   Loop
Case Xrouopt = 18
   Morder = "4-Point Restraints"
   Passdata = "Q50 2"
   Ptpoint = 2
   Do Replaord
   Loop
Case Xrouopt = 19
   Morder = "Posey Restraint"
   Passdata = "Q50 3"
   Ptpoint = 2
   Do Replaord
   Loop
```

```
Case Xrouopt = 20
  Morder = "Simple Dressing Change"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 22 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Less than x 2
      Passdata = "Q37 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- X 2 or BID
      Passdata = "Q37 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- X 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q37 3"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 4 or QID
      Passdata = "Q37 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q6h
      Passdata = "Q37 5"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q37 6"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q37 7"
      Ptpoint = 24
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 21
  Morder = "Spec Gravity"
  Do B:Time
  Do Routine
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 22
  Morder = "Spin HCT"
  Do B:Time
  Do Routine
```

```
Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 23
  Morder = "Straight Cath"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 31 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
* -- Less than x 4
      Passdata = "Q32 2"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 41)
      * -- X 4 or more
      Passdata = "Q32 3"
      Ptpoint = 4
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 24
  Morder = "Surgical Shave Prep"
  Passdata = "Q34 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 25
  Morder = "SS Enema"
  Passdata = "Q35 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 26
  Morder = "Tap Water Enema"
  Passdata = "Q35 1"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Todayonly = "T"
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 27
  Morder = "Thoracentesis"
  Passdata = "Q59 1"
  Ptpoint = 4
```

```
Todayonly = "T"
  Do Reploord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 28
  Morder = "Tube Care (not trach)"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case (Timeopt < 22 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
      * -- Tube care less than x 2
      Passdata = "Q38 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- Tube care x 2
      Passdata = "Q38 2"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- Tube care x 3
      Passdata = "Q38 3"
      Ptpoint = 3
    Case [Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34]
      * -- Tube care x 4
      Passdata = "Q38 4"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- Tube care x 6
      Passdata = "Q38 5"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- Tube care x 12
      Passdata = "Q38 6"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case [Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39]
      * -- Tube care x 24
      Passdata = "Q38 7"
      Ptpoint = 24
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xrouopt = 29
  Morder = "S & A of Urine"
  Do B:Time
  Do Routine
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xrouopt = 30
 * -- Doctor's Order Screen
Dmenu = '1'
Return
Case Xrouopt = 31
 * -- Master Screen
Dmenu = ' '
Return
Endcase
Release Xrouopt
```

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      29 November 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Determine the vital sign orders of
                        the patient.
* Input Files Used:
                      VS.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      Orders.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                     Doc Menu.Pra
* Routine Called:
                      Time.Prg
* Modification Date: 4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For VS --
Do Setup
Public Xvsopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:VS.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:VS.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xvsopt = 12
  Do Headings
  Do Startup
  @ 22,66 Get Xvsopt Pict "99" Range 0,13
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
   Case Xvsopt = 0
      * -- Sign-Off
     Close Database
     Close Procedure
     Release All
     Return To Master
   Case Xvsopt = 1
     Morder = "T-P-R, B/P"
     Do B:Time
     Do Case
       Case Timeopt < 34
```

\* -- QID or less Passdata = "Q1 1" Ptpoint = 1 Case [Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35] \* -- Q4h or × 6 Passdate = "Q1 2" Ptpoint = 2 Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37] \* -- Q2h or x 12 Passdate = "Q1 3" Ptpoint = 4 Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39) \* -- Q1h or x 24 Passdate = "Q1 4" Ptpoint = 8 Case Timeopt = 41 \* -- No frequency indicated Passdate = "Q1 5" Ptpoint = 0Endcase Do Replaord Loop Case Xvsopt = 2 Morder = "Post-op" Passdata = "Q8 1" Ptpoint = 6 Todayonly = "T" Do Replaord Loop Case Xvsopt = 3 Morder = "Post Partum" Passdata = "Q8 2" Ptpoint = 6 Todayonly = "T" Do Replaord Loop Case Xvsopt = 4 Morder = "Post Newborn" Passdata = "Q8 3" Ptpoint = 6 Todayonly = "T" Do Replaord Loop

```
Case Xvsopt = 5
  Morder = "FHT"
  Do B:Time
  If (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
    * -- Less than Q4h
    Passdata = "Q6 1"
    Ptpoint = 0
  Else
    * -- Q4h or more
    Passdata = "Q6 2"
    Ptpoint = 2
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xvsopt = 6
  Morder = "Apical Pulse"
  Do B:Time
  If (Timeopt < 31 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
    * -- Less than QID
    Passdata = "Q3 1"
    Ptpoint = 0
  Else
    * -- QID or more
    Passdata = "Q3 2"
    Ptpoint = 2
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xvsopt = 7
  Morder = "Femoral Pulse"
  Do B:Time
  If (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
    * -- Less than Q4h
    Passdata = "Q4 1"
    Ptpoint = 0
  Else
    * -- Q4h or more
    Passdata = "Q4 2"
    Ptpoint = 2
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Loop
```

```
Case Xvsopt = 8
  Morder = "Pedal Pulse"
  Do B:Time
  If (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
    * -- Less than Q4h
    Passdata = "QS 1"
    Ptpoint = 0
  Else
    * -- Q4h or more
    Passdata = "Q5 2"
    Ptpoint = 2
  Endif
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xvsopt = 9
  Morder = "Axillary Temps"
  Do B:Time
  If (Timeopt < 31 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
    * -- Less than QID
    Passdata = "Q2 2"
    Ptpoint = 0
  Else
    * -- QID or more
    Passdata = "Q2 4"
    Ptpoint = 2
  Endif
  Do Reploord
 Loop
Case Xvsopt = 10
  Morder = "Rectal Temps"
  Do B:Time
  If [Timeopt < 31 .Or. Timeopt = 41]
    * -- Less than QID
    Passdata = "Q2 1"
    Ptpoint = 0
  Else
    * -- QID or more
    Passdata = "Q2 3"
    Ptpoint = 2
  Endif
```

```
Do Replaord
    Loop
 Case Xvsopt = 11
    Morder = "Tilt Test"
    Do B:Time
    If (Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
     * -- Less than Q4h
     Passdate = "Q7 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Else
     * -- Q4h or more
      Passdate = "Q7 2"
     Ptpoint = 2
    Endif
   Do Replaord
   Loop
 Case Xvsopt = 12
   * -- Doctor's Order Screen
    Dmenu = 'l'
   Return
 Case Xvsopt = 13
   * -- Master Screen
   Dmenu = ' '
   Return
Endcase
Release Xvsopt
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
                      8 December 1985
* Date:
Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Determine xray orders for the
                        patient.
* Input Files Used:
                      Xray.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      Orders.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                      Doc_Menu.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Time.Prg
* Modification Date: 4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Xray --
Do Setup
Public Xxrayopt
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display B: Xray.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.B:Xray.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xxrayopt = 19
 Do Headings
 Do Startup
 @ 22,66 Get Xxrayopt Pict "99" Range 0,20
 Read
 * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
 Do Case
   Case Xxrayopt = 0
     * -- Sign-Off
     Close Databases
     Close Procedure
     Release All
     Return To Master
   Case Xxrayopt = 1
     Morder = "Abdomen Flat Plate Xray"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Loop
```

```
Case Xxrayopt = 2
  Morder = "Abdomen AP Xray"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 3
  Morder = "Abdomen 3-way Xray"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 4
  Morder = "Anglography"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 5
  Morder = "Arteriography"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 6
  Morder = "Barium Enema"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 7
  Morder = "Brain Scan"
  Do'B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 8
  Morder = "Chest PA Xray"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 9
  Morder = "Chest Lateral Xray"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 10
  Morder = "CT Scan"
```

Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 11 Morder = "Gallbladder Series" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 12 Morder = "IVP" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 13 Morder = "Sinus Series" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 14 Morder = "Skull Xray" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 15 Morder = "Spine Xray" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 16 Morder = "Tomography" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 17 Morder = "Upper GI Series" Do B:Time Do Replaord Loop Case Xxrayopt = 18 Morder = "Ultrasound" Do B:Time

```
Do Replaard
Loop
Case Xxrayopt = 19
* -- Doctor's Order Screen
Dmenu = '1'
Return
Case Xxrayopt = 20
* -- Master Screen
Dmenu = ''
Return
Endcase
Release Xxrayopt
```

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 18 December 1985 Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Display patient orders to determine if any are to be discontinued. \* Input Files Used: Discont.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Doctor.Prg \* Routine Calls: None \* Modification Date: 18 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Discont --Do Setup Public Xdisopt, Xdcdate, Xdcorder, Xdcprac Public Xdcfreq, Xmptfmpssn, Xordpack Xordpack = .F. \* -- Identify correct patient to display orders --Use B:Orders Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Xmptfmpssn Locate For Fmpssn = &Xmptfmpssn .And. Module # 'N' Do While .T. \* -- Store data from Dbf file into variable names --Xdcdate = Odate Xdctime = Otime Xdcorder = Order Xdcfreq = Freq Xdcprac = Prac \* -- Screen Display A: Discont.Scr --Set Color To W+/B,W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Discont.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xdisopt = 1 Do Headings @ 13,1 Say Xdcdate @ 13,10 Say Xdctime @ 13,19 Say Xdcorder @ 13,47 Say Xdcfreq @ 13,60 Say Xdcprac

```
@ 22,67 Get Xdisopt Pict "9" Range 0,4
Read
* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
Do Cose
  Case Xdisopt = 0
    * -- Sian-Off
    If Xordpack = .T.
      Pack
    Endif
    Close Databases
    Close Procedure
    Release All
    Return To Master
  Case Xdisopt = 1
    * -- Next Order
    Skip
    Do While ((Fmpssn # &Xmptfmpssn).Or.(Module = "N"))
      IF EOF()
        @ 24,4 Say "No Additional Medical Orders On "
        @ 24,36 Say "This Patient -- Press Any Key To "
        @ 24,69 Say "Continue"
        Set Console Off
        Wait
        Set Console On
          If Xordpack = .T.
            Pack
          Endif
          Return
       Else
         Skip
       Endif
    Enddo
    IF EOF ()
      @ 24,4 Say "No Additional Medical Orders On "
      @ 24,36 Say "This Patient -- Press Any Key To "
@ 24,69 Say "Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      If Xordpack = .T.
        Pack
      Endif
      Return
    Else
       Loop
    Endif
```

```
Case Xdisopt = 2
  * -- Discontinue The Order
  Xordpack = .T.
  Delete
  Skip
  Do While ((Fmpssn # &Xmptfmpssn).Or.(Module = "N"))
    IF EOF()
      @ 24,4 Say "No Additional Medical Orders On "
      @ 24,36 Say "This Patient -- Press Any Key To "
@ 24,69 Say "Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      Pack
      Return
    Else
      Skip
    Endif
  Enddo
  IF EOF ()
    @ 24,4 Say "No Additional Medical Orders On "
    @ 24,36 Say "This Patient -- Press Any Key To "
@ 24,69 Say "Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Pack
    Return
  Else
     Loop
  Endif
Case Xdisopt = 3
  * -- Dr's Master
  If Xordpack = .T.
    Pack
  Endif
  Dmenu ="l"
  Return
Case Xdisopt = 4
  * -- Master
  If Xordpack = .T.
    Pack
  Endif
  Dmenu =" "
  Return
```

Endcase Release Xdisopt,Xdcdate,Xdcorder,Xdcprac Release Xdcfreq,Xmptfmpssn,Xordpack

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                      9 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Menu to determine if patient will
*
                        be admitted, transferred or
                        discharged.
* Input Files Used:
                      Transfer.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                     Orders.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                     Doctor.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     None
* Modification Date: 4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Transfer --
Do Setup
Public Xtranopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Transfer.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A: Transfer.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xtranopt = 4
 Do Headings
 Do Startup
 @ 22,67 Get Xtranopt Pict "9" Range 0,5
 Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
   Case Xtranopt = 0
     * -- Sign-Off
     Close Databases
     Release All
     Close Procedure
   Case Xtranopt = 1
     Morder = "Admit"
     Passdata = "62 2"
     Ptpoint = 12
     Todayonly = "T"
```

```
Do Replaord
    Loop
  Case Xtranopt = 2
    Morder = "Transfer"
    Passdata = "62 1"
    Ptpoint = 4
    Todayonly = "T"
    Do Replaord
    Loop
  Case Xtranopt = 3
    Morder = "Discharge"
    Do Replaard
    Loop
  Case Xtranopt = 4
    * -- Doctor's Master Screen
    Dmenu = 'l'
    Return
  Case Xtranopt = 5
    * -- Master Screen
    Dmenu = ''
    Return
Endcase
Release Xtranopt
```

```
Enddo
```

\* \*\*\*\* NURSE.PRG \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 20 December 1985 Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Provide the nurse options of entering or reviewing nursing care \* plans. The module allows the \* nurse to determine the patient classification level either internally or externally. Nurse.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Input Files Used: Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf \* Output Files Used: \* Output File Created: Return.Txt \* Calling Routine: Ward2 or Ward3.Prg \* Routine Calls: Nursel.Prg \* Modification Date: 3 March 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Nurse --Do Setup Public Xnuropt, Nmenu, Xpoints, Xmonpt, Xemopt, Xroupt, Xlevel Public Xnow, Xtoday Nmenu = Space(1) Xpoints = 0 Xmonpt = 0 Xemopt = 0 Xroupt = 0 Xlevel = Space(12) Store DTOC(Date()) To Xnow Store "'" + Xnow + "'" To Xtoday Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Nurse.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Nurse.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xnuropt = 8 Do Headings @ 22,67 Get Xnuropt Pict "9" Range 0,8 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case

```
Case Xnuropt = 0
  * -- Sign-Off
  Close Databases
  Close Procedure
  Release All
  Return To Master
Case Xnuropt = 1
  * -- Enter/Inactivate Nursing Care Plan
  Do B:Nursel
  If Nmenu = "1"
    Loop
  Else
    Return
  Endif
Case Xnuropt = 2

    -- Review Nursing Care Plan

  Clear
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  @ 1,20 Say "Nursing Care Plan For:"
  @ 1,43 Soy Ourpt
  @ 3,10 Say "Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys "
  @ 3,38 Say "to Pause The Scrolling If Necessary"
  Use B:Ncaredb
  Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Mptfmpssn
  Report Form B:NC For Nfmpssn = &mptfmpssn
  Wait
  Loop
Case Xnuropt = 3
  * -- Print Nursing Care Plan
  @ 24,0 Say "Turn On Your Printer, "
  @ 24,22 Say "Then Hit Any Key To Print"
  Set Console Off
  Wait
  Set Console On
  Clear
  @ 12,30 Say "Printing, Please Wait"
  Set Console Off
  Set Device To Print
  @ 1,20 Say "Nursing Care Plan For:"
  @ 1,43 Say Ourpt
  Set Device To Screen
  Use B:Ncaredb
  Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Mptfmpssn
  Report Form B:NC Noeject;
    To Print For Nfmpssn = &mptfmpssn
  Set Console On
  @ 24,0 Say "Finished Printing, Hit "
```

@ 24,22 Say "Any Key To Continue" Set Console Off Wait Set Console On Loop Case Xnuropt = 4 \* -- Determine Patient Classification Level Use B:Orders Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Mptfmpssn Copy To B:Return Fields Expertsys Sdf; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. [Onlytoday = "F" .Or.; [Onlytoday = "T" .And. Odate = &Xtoday]] Close Procedure Close Databases Release All \* -- Exit this portion of prototype software Quit Case Xnuropt = 5 \* -- Review Patient Care Requirements Clear Set Color To W+/B, W+/B @ 1,17 Say "Patient Care Requirements For:" @ 1,48 Say Ourpt © 3,10 Say "Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys To Pause " @ 3,47 Say "The Scrolling If Necessary" Use B:Orders Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Mptfmpssn Report Form B:Ord For; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. [Onlutodau = "F" .Or .: [Onlutoday = "T" .And. Odate = &Xtoday]) Wait Loop Case Xnuropt = 6 \* -- Print Patient Care Requirements @ 24,0 Say "Turn On Your Printer, " @ 24,23 Say "Then Hit Any Key To Print" Set Console Off Wait Set Console On Clear @ 12,30 Say "Printing, Please Wait" Set Console Off Set Device To Print @ 1,17 Say "Patient Care Requirements For:" @ 1,47 Say Ourpt Set Device To Screen Use B:Orders

Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Mptfmpssn Report Form B: Ord Noeject To Print For; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. (Onlytoday = "F" .Or.: (Onlytoday = "T" .And. Odate = &Xtoday)) Set Console On @ 24,0 Say "Finished Printing, Hit " @ 24,23 Say "Any Key To Continue" Set Console Off Wait Set Console On Loop Case Xnuropt = 7 \* -- Internal Patient Classification Clear Set Color To W+/B, W+/B @ 7,25 Say "Please Wait While Calculating" Use B:Orders Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Mptfmpssn Sum Critical To Xpoints For; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. (Onlytoday = "F" .Or.; [Onlytoday = "I" .And. Odate = &Xtoday]] Sum Monpt To Xmonpt For; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. (Onlytoday = "F" .Or.; (Onlytoday = "T" .And. Odate = &Xtoday]) If Xmonpt > 0 Xpoints = Xpoints + 6 Endif Sum Emopt To Xemopt For; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. (Onlytoday = "F" .Or.; [Onlytoday = "T" .And. Odate = &Xtoday]] If Xemopt >= 10 Xpoints = Xpoints + 10 Else Xpoints = Xpoints + Xemopt Endif Sum Roupt To Xroupt For; Fmpssn = &mptfmpssn .And. (Onlytoday = "F" .Or.; (Onlytoday = "T" .And. Odate = &Xtoday)) Do Case Case Xroupt < 6 Xpoints = Xpoints + O Case (Xroupt > 5 .And. Xroupt < 12) Xpoints = Xpoints + 2 Case (Xroupt > 11 .And. Xroupt < 18) Xpoints = Xpoints + 4 Case (Xroupt > 17 .And. Xroupt < 24) Xpoints = Xpoints + 6

```
Case Xroupt > 23
        Xpoints = Xpoints + 8
    Endcase
    * -- Determine patient classification level based on
    * -- patient care points --
    Do Case
      Case Xpoints < 13
        Xlevel = "Category I"
      Case (Xpoints > 12 .And. Xpoints < 32)
        Xlevel = "Category II"
      Case (Xpoints > 31 .And. Xpoints < 64)
        Xlevel = "Category III"
      Case (Xpoints > 63 .And. Xpoints < 96)
        Xlevel = "Category IV"
      Case (Xpoints > 95 .And. Xpoints < 146)
        Xlevel = "Category V"
      Case Xpoints > 146
        Xlevel = "Category IV"
    Endcase
    Clear
    Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
    @ 7,30 Say "Patient: "
    @ 7,39 Say Ourpt
    @ 8,30 Say "Is In: "
    @ 8,37 Say Xlevel
    @ 10,30 Say "Point Value Is:"
    @ 10,46 Say Xpoints
    @ 24,0 Say "Calculation Complete -- "
    @ 24,24 Say "Press Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    Loop
  Case Xnuropt = 8
    * -- Master Screen
    Return
Endcase
Release Xnuropt, Xpoints, Xmonpt, Xemopt, Xroupt, Xlevel
Release Xnow, Xtoday
```

```
Enddo
```

\*\*\*\* NURSE1.PRG \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 20 December 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 Enables the nurse to enter or \* Purpose: modify a nursing care plan. \* Input Files Used: Nurse1.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: Nurse.Prg \* Routine Calls: N\_Diag or Inact.Prg \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Nurse1 --Do Setup Public Xnurslopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Nurse1.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Nurse1.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xnurslopt = 4 Do Headings @ 22,67 Get Xnurslopt Pict "9" Range 0,4 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --Do Case Case Xnurslopt = 0 \* -- Sign-Off Close Databases Close Procedure Release All Return To Master Case Xnurslopt = 1 \* -- Enter A New Care Plan Do B:N\_Diag Return Case Xnurslopt = 2 \* -- Inactivate A Nursing Care Plan

```
Do B: Inactive
Return
Case Xnurslopt = 3
* -- Nurse's Master Screen
Nmenu = "1"
Return
Case Xnurslopt = 4
* -- Master Screen
Store ' ' To Nmenu
Return
Endcase
Release Xnurslopt
```

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      20 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Allows the nurse to chose from a
                        menu of four nursing diagnoses.
* Input Files Used:
                      N_Diag.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      Nurse1.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Assess_1, Assess_2, Assess_3, or
                        Assess_4.Prg
* Modification Date:
                      4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For N_Diag --
Do Setup
Public Xndiagopt, Nursdiag, Emoteach, Nrelate, Ngoal, Nassess
Public Assoth, Reloth, Goaoth, Ordoth
Nursdiag = Space(30)
Emoteach = Space(19)
Nrelate = Space(25)
Ngoal = Space(38)
Nassess = Space(27)
Assoth - Space(27)
Reloth = Space(25)
Goaoth = Space(38)
Ordoth = Space(27)
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:N_Diag.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:N_Diag.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xndiagopt = 5
  Do Headings
  Do Startup
  @ 22,67 Get Xndiagopt Pict "9" Range 0,6
  Read
  * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
    Case Xndiagopt = 0
      * -- Sign-Off
```

```
Close Databases
    Close Procedure
    Release All
    Return To Master
  Case Xndiagopt = 1
    Nursdiag = "Comfort Alteration In: Pain"
    Do B:Assess_1
    Loop
 Case Xndiagopt = 2
    Nursdiag = "Communication Impaired: Verbal"
    Do B:Assess_2
    Loop
 Case Xndiagopt = 3
    Nursdiag = "Impaired Physical Mobility"
    Do B:Assess_3
    Loop
 Case Xndiagopt = 4
    Nursdiag = "Self-Care Deficit"
   Do B:Assess_4
    Loop
 Case Xndiagopt = 5
    * -- Nurse's Master Screen
    Nmenu = "1"
    Return
 Case Xndiagopt = 6
    * -- Master Screen
   Nmenu = " "
    Return
Endcase
Release Xndiagopt
```

```
.................
**** ASSESS_1.PRG *****
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                       20 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                         select nursing assessments for a
                         patient with a nursing diagnosis
                         of comfort alteration in: pain.
* Input Files Used:
                       Assess_1.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       N_Diag.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       Relate_1.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Assess_1 --
Do Setup
Public Xasslopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Assess_1.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Assess_1.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xasslopt = 11
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xasslopt Pict "99" Range 1,16
  Read
  * -- Allows the nurse to document assessment of the
  * __
        patient --
  Do Case
    Case Xasslopt = 1
      Nassess = "Altered Time Perception"
      Do B:Relate 1
      Return
    Case Xasslopt = 2
      Nassess = "Alteration In Muscle Tone"
      Do B:Relate_1
      Return
```

Case Xasslopt = 3 Nassess = "Autonomic Response" Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 4 Nassess = "Distraction Behavior" Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 5 Nassess = "Facial Mask" Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 6 @ 18,24 Get Assoth; Read Nassess = Assoth Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 7 Nassess = "Guarding Behavior" Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 8 Nassess = "Impaired Thought Process" Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 9 Nassess = "Narrowing Focus" Do B:Relate 1 Return Case Xasslopt = 10 Nassess = "Pacing" Do B:Relate 1 Return Case Xasslopt = 11 Nassess = "Patient Report" Do B:Relate\_1 Return Case Xasslopt = 12 Nassess = "Self\_Focusing"

```
Do B:Relate_1
    Return
  Case Xasslopt = 13
    Nassess = "Talkative"
    Do B:Relate_1
    Return
  Case Xasslopt = 14
    Nassess = "Verbal Complaint"
    Do B:Relate_1
    Return
  Case Xasslopt = 15
    Nassess = "Verbal Complaint"
    Do B:Relate_1
    Return
  Case Xasslopt = 16
    Nassess = "W/draw From Social Contact"
    Do B:Relate_1
    Return
Endcase
Release Xasslopt
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                      20 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select related factors for a
                        patient with a nursing diagnosis
                        of comfort alteration in: pain.
* Input Files Used:
                      Relate_1.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      Assess_1.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Goal_1.Prg
* Modification Date:
                     1 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Relate_1 --
Do Setup
Public Xrellopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Relate_1.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Relate_1.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xrellopt = 2
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xrellopt Pict "9" Range 1,7
  Read
  * -- Previous assessment is related to some cause --
  Do Case
    Case Xrel1opt = 1
     Nrelate = "Altered Sensation"
     Do B:Goal_1
     Return
    Case Xrellopt = 2
     Nrelate = "Disease / Condition"
     Do B:Goal_1
     Return
   Case Xrellopt = 3
     Nrelate = "Emotional State"
```

```
Do B:Goal_1
   Return
 Case Xrellopt = 4
   @ 17,14 Get Reloth;
     Read
   Nrelate = Reloth
   Do B:Goal_1
   Return
 Case Xrellopt = 5
   Nrelate = "Surgical Procedure"
   Do B:Gool_1
   Return
 Case Xrellopt = 6
   Nrelate = "Trauma"
   Do B:Goal_1
   Return
 Case Xrellopt = 7
   Nrelate = "Treatment Regime"
   Do B:Goal_1
   Return
Endcase
Release Xrellopt
```

```
**********************
**** GOAL 1.PRG *******
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                       20 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
*
                         Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
*
                         select a patient goal for a
*
                         patient with a nursing diagnosis
*
                         of comfort alteration in: pain.
* Input Files Used:
                       Goal_1.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       Relate_1.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       Norder1A or Norder1B.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Goal_1 --
Do Setup
Public Xgoalopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Goal_1.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Goal_1.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xgoalopt = 2
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xgoalopt Pict "9" Range 1,5
  Rend
  * -- Allows nurse to select specific goal attainable
  * __
        by this patient --
  Do Case
    Case Xgoalopt = 1
      Ngoal = "Communicates Pain Free"
      Do B:Norder1A
      Return
    Case Xgoalopt = 2
      Ngoal = "Communicates Experiences Less Pain"
      Do B:Norder1A
      Return
```

```
Case Xgoalopt = 3
   Ngoal = "Communicates Experience Tolerable Pain"
   Do B:Norder1A
   Return
 Case Xgoalopt = 4
   Ngoal = "Demos Skills/Knowledge To Achieve Goal"
   Do B:Norder1B
   Return
 Case Xgoalopt = 5
   @ 17,34 Get Goaoth;
     Read
   Ngoal = Goaoth
   Do B:Norder1A
   Return
Endcase
Release Xgoalopt
```

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
                      20 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select a nursing order for a pa-
                        tient whose goal is communicates
*
                        experiences less/tolerable pain
*
                        or is pain free.
* Input Files Used:
                      Norder1A.Scr, Time, Emosup, Teach
                        and Procfile.Prg
                      Orders.Dbf and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Output Files Used:
* Calling Routine:
                      Gool_1.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      None
* Modification Date:
                      3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder1A --
Do Setup
Public Xnord1aopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder1A.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder1A.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xnordlaopt = 10
 Do Headings
 @ 22,66 Get Xnord1aopt Pict "99" Range 1,10
 Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * ---
        case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * ---
       Orders.Obf files --
 Do Case
   Case Xnord1aopt = 1
     Morder = "Assess Pain Factors"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
```

```
Case Xnord1aopt = 2
  Morder = "Assess/Evaluate Pain"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord1aopt = 3
 Morder = "Encour To Use Coping Skills"
 Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord1aopt = 4
  Morder = "Explain Proc & Tests"
 Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord1aopt = 5
  @ 18,10 Get Ordoth;
   Read
 Morder = Ordoth
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnordlaopt = 6
 Morder = "Offer PRN Medications"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord1aopt = 7
  Morder = "Provide Emotional Support"
  Do B: Emosup
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord1aopt = 8
  Morder = "Schedule Quiet Times"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
```

```
Do Repnrord
    Return
  Case Xnord1aopt = 9
    Morder = "Teach Alt Coping Strategies"
    Do B:Teach
    Do Replaard
    Do Repnrord
    Return
 Case Xnordlaopt = 10
    Morder = "Util Diversional Activities"
    Do B:Time
    Do Replaard
    Do Repnrord
    Return
Endcase
Release Xnord1aopt
```

```
**** NORDER18.PRG ******
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                       20 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                         select a nursing order for a pa-
*
                         tient whose goal is demonstrates
-
                         skills and knowledge to achieve
                         doals.
                       Norder1B.Scr, Teach & Procfile.Prg
* Input Files Used
* Output Files Usea:
                       Orders.Dbf and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                       Gool_1.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       None
* Modification Date:
                      1 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder1B --
Do Setup
Public Xnord1bopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder1B.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder1B.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xnord1bopt = 1
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xnord1bopt Pict "9" Range 1,5
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * ----
         case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * _--
         Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
    Case Xnord1bopt = 1
      Morder = "Teach: Deep Breathing Exer"
      Do B:Teach
      Do Replaord
      Do Repnrord
      Return
    Case Xnord1bopt = 2
      Morder = "Teach: Prog/sive Relax Exer"
```

```
Morder = "Teach: Deep Breathing Exer"
    Do B: Teach
    Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
  Case Xnord1bopt = 2
    Morder = "Teach: Prog/sive Relax Exer"
    Do B:Teach
    Do Replaard
    Do Repnrord
   Return
  Case Xnord1bopt = 3
   Morder = "Teach: Relaxation Response"
   Do B:Teach
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
  Case Xnord1bopt = 4
   Morder = "Teach: Diversional Activity"
   Do B:Teach
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
  Case Xnord1bopt = 5
   @ 18,38 Get Ordoth;
     Read
   Morder = Ordoth
   Do B:Teach
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
Endcase
Release Xnord1bopt
```

```
Enddo
```

```
**** TEACH.PRG *****
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                       23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
                       Provides a menu to select teaching
* Purpose:
                         requirements of the patient.
* Input Files Used:
                       Teach.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       Norder1A, Norder1B, Norder2C, and
                         Norder3E.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       None
* Modification Date:
                       3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Teach --
Do Setup
Public Xteachopt
Xteachopt = Space(1)
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Teach.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A: Teach.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  @ 19,54 Get Xteachopt Pict "!"
  Read
  * -- Validate response --
  Do While .Not. (Xteachopt ="A" .Or. Xteachopt ="B" .Or.;
    Xteachopt = "C" .Or. Xteachopt="D")
    @ 19,53 Clear
    Store ' ' To Xteachopt
    @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Letter A, B, C, or D"
    @ 19,54 Get Xteachopt Pict "!"
    Read
  Enddo
  * -- Determine teaching requirements by evaluating
  * ---
        option selected --
  Do Case
    Case Xteachopt = "A"
      Emoteach = "Group Teaching"
```

```
Passdata = "Q76 1"
    Ptpoint = 2
    Return
  Case Xteachopt = "B"
    Emoteach = "Pre-op Teaching"
    Passdata = "Q77 1"
    Ptpoint = 4
    Todayonly = "T"
    Return
  Case Xteachopt = "C"
    * -- Return to previous screen
    Return
  Case Xteachopt = "D"
    Emoteach = "Structured Teaching"
    Passdata = "Q78 1"
    Ptpoint = 4
    Return
Endcase
Release Xteachopt
```

```
Gary R.Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
                      23 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu to select emotional
                        support requirements of the
                        patient.
* Input Files Used:
                      Emosup.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                     None
* Calling Routine:
                      Norder1A, Norder4C, Norder4D,
                        and Norder4E.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      None
* Modification Date: 25 January 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Emosup --
Do Setup
Public Xesupopt
Xesupopt = Space(1)
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display A: Emosup.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Emosup.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 @ 21,54 Get Xesupopt Pict "!"
 Read
 * -- Validate response --
 Do While .Not. (Xesupopt ="A" .Or. Xesupopt ="B" .Or.;
   Xesupopt = "C" .Or. Xesupopt="D"]
   @ 21,53 Clear
   Store ' ' To Xesupopt
   @ 24,0 Say "Re-Enter Letter A, B, C, or D"
   @ 21,54 Get Xesupopt Pict "!"
   Read
 Enddo
 * -- Determine emotional support requirements by eval-
        uating the option selected --
```

Do Case

```
Case Xesupopt = "A"
    Emoteach = "Pt/Family Support"
    Passdata = "Q79 1"
    Emopoint = 4
    Return
  Case Xesupopt = "B"
    Emoteach = "Modify Lifestyle"
    Passdata = "Q80 1"
    Emopoint - 4
    Return
  Case Xesupopt = "C"
    Emoteach = "Sensory Deprivation"
    Passdata = "Q81 1"
    Emopoint = 6
    Return
  Case Xesupopt = "D"
   * -- Return to previous screen
    Return
Endcase
Release Xesupopt
```

\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 23 December 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Provides a menu for the nurse to select nursing assessment for a patient with a nursing diagnosis \* \* of communication impairment: \* verbal. \* Input Files Used: Assess\_2.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: None \* Calling Routine: N\_Diag.Prg \* Routine Called: Relate\_2.Prg \* Modification Date: 3 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Assess\_2 --Do Setup Public Xass2opt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Assess\_2.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Assess\_2.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xass2opt = 01 Do Headings @ 22,67 Get Xass2opt Pict "99" Range 1,13 Read \* -- Allows nurse to document assessment of the \* \_\_\_ patient --Do Case Case Xass2opt = 1 Nassess = "Anxiety" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 2 Nassess = "Disorientation" Do B:Relate\_2 Return

Case Xass2opt = 3 Nassess = "Fear" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 4 Nassess = "Frustration" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 5 @ 17,24 Get Assoth; Read Nassess = Assoth Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 6 Nassess = "Inability to Hear" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 7 Nassess = "Inability to Speak" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 8 Nassess = "Incomprehensible Speech" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 9 Nassess = "Refusal to Speak" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 10 Nassess = "Slurring" Do B:Relate 2 Return Case Xass2opt = 11 Nassess = "Stuttering" Do B:Relate\_2 Return Case Xass2opt = 12 Nassess = "Tearfulness"

```
Do B:Relate_2
Return
Case Xass2opt = 13
Nassess = "Thought Disorder"
Do B:Relate_2
Return
```

Endcase Release Xass2opt

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
                      23 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select related factors for a pa-
                        tient with a nursing diagnosis of
                        communication, impaired: verbal.
                      Relate_2.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Input Files Used:
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      Assess_2.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Gool_2.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Relate_2 --
Do Setup
Public Xrel2opt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Relate_2.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Relate_2.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xrel2opt = 01
  Do Headings
 @ 22,67 Get Xrel2opt Pict "99" Range 1,10
  Read
  * -- Previous assessment is related to some cause --
  Do Case
   Case Xrel2opt = 1
      Nrelate = "Anatomical Impairment"
     Do B:Goal_2
     Return
   Case Xrel2opt = 2
     Nrelate = "Cultural Difference"
     Do B:Goal_2
     Return
   Case Xrel2opt = 3
     Nrelate = "Developmental Age"
```

```
Do B:Goal_2
   Return
  Case Xrel2opt = 4
   Nrelate = "Disease Process"
   Do B:Gool_2
   Return
  Case Xrel2opt = 5
   @ 17,14 Get Reloth;
     Read
   Nrelate = Reloth
   Do B:Goal_2
   Return
  Case Xrel2opt = 6
   Nrelate = "Foreign Language"
   Do B:Gool 2
   Return
 Case Xrel2opt = 7
   Nrelate = "Mental Capacity"
   Do B:Goal_2
   Return
 Case Xrel2opt = 8
   Nrelate = "Sedation"
   Do B:Goal_2
   Return
  Case Xrel2opt = 9
   Nrelate = "Surgical Procedure"
   Do B:Goal_2
   Return
  Case Xrel2opt = 10
   Nrelate = "Treatment Regime"
   Do B:Goal_2
   Return
Endcase
Release Xrel2opt
```

```
Enddo
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                       Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select a patient goal for a pa-
*
                        tient with a nursing diagnosis of
                        communication, impaired: verbal.
* Input Files Used:
                      Goal_2.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                     Relate_2.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Norder2A, Norder2B or Norder2C.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Goal_2 --
Do Setup
Public Xgoa2opt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Goal_2.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Goal_2.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xgoa2opt = 1
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xgoa2opt Pict "9" Range 1,7
  Read
  * -- Allows nurse to select specific goal attainable
  * -- by this patient --
 Do Case
   Case Xgoa2opt = 1
     Ngoal = "Communicates Needs Through Words"
     Do B:Norder2A
     Return
    Case Xgoa2opt = 2
     Ngoal = "Comm Needs Through Mechanical Tools"
     Do B:Norder2A
     Return
```

```
Case Xgoa2opt = 3
   Ngoal = "Demos Skills to Achieve Goals"
   Do B:Norder2C
   Return
 Case Xgoa2opt = 4
   @ 18,21 Get Goooth;
     Read
   Ngoal - Goaoth
   Do B:Norder2A
   Return
 Case Xgoa2opt = 5
   Ngoal = "Reports Less Anxiety"
   Do B:Norder2B
   Return
 Case Xgoa2opt = 6
   Ngoal = "Reports Less Fear"
   Do B:Norder2B
   Return
 Case Xgoa2opt = 7
   Ngoal = "Reports Less Stress"
   Do B:Norder2B
   Return
Endcase
Release Xgoo2opt
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select a nursing order for a pa-
*
                        tient whose goal is communicates
#
                        needs through use of words or
                        mechanical tools.
Input Files Used:
                      Norder2A.Scr, Time, Emosup and
                        Procfile.Prg
                      Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Output Files Used:
* Calling Routine:
                      Gool_2.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      None
Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder2A --
*
Do Setup
Public Xnord2aopt
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display A:Norder2A.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder2A.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xnord2aopt = 01
 Do Headings
 @ 22,67 Get Xnord2aopt Pict "99" Range 1,10
 Read
 • -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * __
        case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
 * ___
        Orders.Dbf files --
 Do Case
   Case Xnord2aopt = 1
     Morder = "Apprise Others of Comm Prob"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
```

```
Case Xnord2aopt = 2
  Morder = "Provide Emotional Support"
  Do B: Emosup
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2aopt = 3
  Morder - "Provide Paper and Pencil"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2aopt = 4
  Morder = "Provide Spelling Board"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2aopt = 5
  @ 18,11 Get Ordoth;
   Read
  Morder = Ordoth
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2aopt = 6
 Morder = "Prov Translated Phase Chart"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2aopt = 7
 Morder = "Provide Translator"
  Do B:Time
 Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord2aopt = 8
 Morder = "Simple Questions w/ Y/N Ans"
 Do B:Time
 Do Replaard
```

Do Rephrord Return Case Xnord2aopt = 9 Morder = "Use Sign Language" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Rephrord Return Case Xnord2aopt = 10 Morder = "Use Establishd Comm for ADL" Do Replaord Do Rephrord Return

Release Xnord2aopt

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: 23 December 1985 \* Date: \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Provides a menu for the nurse to select a nursing order for a patient whose goal is reports de-\* creased level of stress, anxiety \* or fear. \* Input Files Used: Norder28.Scr, Time and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
\* Calling Routine: Goal\_2.Prg \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 5 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Norder28 --Do Setup Public Xnord2bopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Norder2B.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder2B.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xnord2bopt = 01 Do Headings @ 22,66 Get Xnord2bopt Pict "99" Range 1,10 Read \* -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the \* -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and \* -- Orders.Dbf files --Do Case Case Xnord2bopt = 1 Morder = "Encour Pt To Speak Slowly" Do B: Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 2 Morder = "Encou To Util Cope Strategy"

Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 3 Morder = "Explain Proc & Elicit Ques" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Reparord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 4 Morder = "Provide Spelling Board" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 5 @ 18,10 Get Ordoth; Read Morder = Ordoth Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 6 Morder = "Prov Translated Phase Chart" Do B:Time Do Replaard Do Reparord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 7 Morder = "Provide Translator" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord2bopt = 8 Morder = "Simple Questions w/ Y/N Ans" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return

```
Case Xnord2bopt = 9

Morder = "Use Sign Language"

Do B:Time

Do Replaord

Do Repnrord

Return

Case Xnord2bopt = 10

Morder = "Use Establishd Comm for ADL"

Do Replaord

Do Repnrord

Return

Endcase

Release Xnord2bopt
```

```
**** NORDER2C.PRG *******
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
Author:
                       23 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
Purpose:
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
                         select a nursing order for a pa-
*
                         tient whose goal is demonstrates
*
                         skills to achieve goals.

    Input Files Used:

                       Norder2C.Scr, Teach & ProcFile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                       Gool_2.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       None
Modification Date: 1 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder2C --
Do Setup
Public Xnord2copt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder2C.Scr -- ____
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder2C.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xnord2copt = 1
 Do Headings
 @ 22,67 Get Xnord2copt Pict "9" Range 1,9
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Noaredb and
  * ___
        Orders.Dbf files --
 Do Case
   Case Xnord2copt = 1
      Morder = "Teach: Blink 1x No, 2x Yes"
     Do B:Teach
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
      Return
   Case Xnord2copt = 2
     Morder = "Teach To Squeeze Hand 4 Y/N"
     Do B:Teach
```

```
Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2copt = 3
  Morder = "Teach Use Of Mech Device"
  Do B:Teach
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2copt = 4
  Morder = "Apprise Others of Comm Prob"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord2copt = 5
  @ 18,30 Get Ordoth;
   Read
 Morder = Ordoth
  Do B:Teach
 Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord2copt = 6
 Morder = "Teach: Deep Breathing Exer"
 Do B:Teach
 Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord2copt = 7
 Morder = "Teach: Diversional Activity"
 Do B:Teach
 Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord2copt = 8
 Morder = "Teach: Prog/sive Relaxation"
 Do B:Teach
 Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
 Return
```

```
Case Xnord2copt = 9
Morder = "Teach: Relaxation Response"
Do B:Time
Do Replaord
Do Repnrord
Return
```

Endcase Release Xnord2copt

```
**** ASSESS 3.PRG ******
                            ********
* Author:
                        Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                        23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
۰
                         Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                        Provides a menu for the nurse to
                          select nursing assessment for a
                          patient with a nursing diagnosis
                         of impaired physical mobility.

    Input Files Used:

                       Assess_3.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       N_Diag.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       Relate_3.Prg

    Modification Date:

                       3 Februaru 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Assess_3 --
Do Setup
Public Xass3opt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Assess_3.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Assess_3.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xass3opt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xass3opt Pict "99" Range 1,11
  Read
  * -- Allows nurse to document assessment of the
  * ___
        patient --
  Do Case
    Case Xass3opt = 1
      Nassess = "Confinement Imposed"
      Do B:Relate 3
      Return
    Case Xass3opt = 2
      Nassess = "Fatiques Easily"
      Do B:Relate_3
      Return
```

Case Xass3opt = 3 Nassess = "Gait Impairement" Do B:Relate\_3 Return Case Xass3opt = 4 Nassess = "Impaired Coordination" Do B:Relate 3 Return Case Xass3opt = 5 Nassess = "Inability to Ambulate" Do B:Relate\_3 Return Case Xass3opt = 6 @ 18,13 Get Assoth; Read Nassess = Assoth Do B:Relate\_3 Return Case Xass3opt = 7 Nassess = "Inability to Transfer" Do B:Relate 3 Return Case Xass3opt = 8 Nassess = "Inability to Turn" Do B:Relate\_3 Return Case Xass3opt = 9 Nassess = "Limited Range Of Motion" Do B:Relate\_3 Return Case Xass3opt = 10 Nassess = "Reluctant To Move" Do B:Relate\_3 Return Case Xass3opt = 11 Nassess = "Use Of Assistive Devices" Do B:Relate\_3 Return Endcase Release Xass3opt

```
**** RELATE 3.PRG *****
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                       23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
                         select related factors for a
**
                          patient with a nursing diagnosis
                         of impaired physical mobility.
* Input Files Used:
                       Relate_3.Scr and Procfile.Prg
Dutput Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       Assess_3.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       Gool_3.Prg
* Modification Date:
                       3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Relate_3 --
Do Setup
Public Xrel3opt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Relate_3.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Relate_3.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xrel3opt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xrel3opt Pict "9" Range 1,6
 Read
  * -- Previous assessment is related to some cause --
  Do Case
    Case Xrel3opt = 1
      Nrelate = "Decrease Act Tolerance"
      Do B:Goal_3
      Return
    Case Xrel3opt = 2
      Nrelate = "Musculoskeletal Function"
      Do B:Goal_3
      Return
    Case Xrel3opt = 3
      Nrelate = "Neuromuscular Function"
```

Do B:Goal\_3 Return Case Xrel3opt = 4 Nrelate = "Pain / Discomfort" Do B:Goal\_3 Return Case Xrel3opt = 5 Nrelate = "Treatment Regime" Do B:Goal\_3 Return Case Xrel3opt = 6 @ 18,36 Get Reloth; Read Nrelate = Reloth Do B:Goal\_3 Return Endcase Release %rel3opt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select a patient goal for a
                        patient with a nursing diagnosis
                        of impaired physical mobility.
* Input Files Used:
                      Goal_3.Scr and Drproc.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      Relate_3.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Norder3A, Norder3B, Norder3C,
                        Norder3D or Norder3E.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Goal_3 --
Do Setup
Public Xgoa3opt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Goal_3.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Goal_3.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xgoa3opt = 01
 Do Headings
 @ 22,66 Get Xgoa3opt Pict "99" Range 1,11
 Read
  * -- Allows nurse to select specific goal attainable
  * __
       by this patient --
 Do Case
   Case Xgoa3opt = 1
     Ngoal = "Able To Transfer Independently"
     Do B:Norder3D
     Return
   Case Xgoa3opt = 2
     Ngoal = "Able To Transfer With Assistance"
     Do B:Norder3D
     Return
```

Case Xgoa3opt = 3 Ngoal = "Demos Skills to Achieve Goals" Do B:Norder3E Return Case Xgoa3opt = 4 Ngoal = "Increase Range Of Motion (ROM)" Do B:Norder3A Return Case Xgoa3opt = 5 Ngoal = "Maint Effective Breathing Pattern" Do B:Norder3A Return Case Xgoa3opt = 6 @ 18,21 Get Goaoth; Read Ngoal = Goaoth Do B:Norder3B Return Case Xgoa3opt = 7 Ngoal = "Maintains Full Range Of Motion (ROM)" Do B:Norder3A Return Case Xgoa3opt = 8 Ngoal = "Maintains Pattern Of Elimination" Do B:Norder3C Return Case Xgoa3opt = 9 Ngoal = "Maintains Skin Integrity" Do B:Norder3B Return Case Xgoa3opt = 10 Ngoal = "No Additional Contractures" Do B:Norder3A Return Case Xgoa3opt = 11 Ngoal = "Performs Activity Of Daily Living(ADL)" Do B:Norder3C Return Endcase Release Xgoa3opt

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 23 December 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Provides a menu for the nurse to select a nursing order for a patient whose goal is maintains maintains full range of motion (ROM), increases ROM or no added contractures. \* Input Files Used: Norder3A.Scr, Time and Drproc.Prg Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf \* Output Files Used: \* Calling Routine: Goal\_3.Prg \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 5 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Norder3A --Do Setup Public Xnord3aopt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Norder3A.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder3A.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xnord3aopt = 1 Do Headings @ 22,66 Get Xnord3copt Pict "9" Range 1,10 Read \* -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the \* --case statement, then place data into Noaredb and \* \_\_ Orders.Dbf files --Do Case Case Xnord3aopt = 1 Morder = "Active Range Of Motion" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return

Case Xnord3aopt = 2 Morder = "Cough & Deep Breath" Do B: Time Do Cough Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3aopt = 3 Morder - "Encourage Independent ADL" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3aopt = 4 Morder = "Gradual Increase ADL Actity" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3aopt = 5 @ 18,10 Get Ordoth; Rend Morder = Ordoth Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3aopt = 6 Morder = "Passive Range Of Motion" Do B:Time Do Range Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3aopt = 7 Morder = "Positioning" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3aopt = 8 Morder = "Turning" Do B:Time

```
Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
  Case Xnord3aopt = 9
    Morder = "Accom Pt Off Wd (>15 <30mn)"
Passdata = "Q55 2"
    Ptpoint = 2
    Do Replaord
    Do Reparord
    Return
  Case Xnord3aopt = 10
    Morder = "Accompy Pt Off Wd (>30 min)"
    Passdata = "Q55 3"
    Ptpoint = 4
    Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
Endcase
Release Xnord3aopt
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
                      23 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                       Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select a nursing order for a
*
                        patient whose goal is maintains
                        maintains skin integrity or
                        selects other for the goal.
                      Norder3B.Scr, Time and Procfile.Prg
* Input Files Used:
* Output Files Used:
                     Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                      Gool_3.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder3B --
Do Setup
Public Xnord3bopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder3B.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder3B.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xnord3bopt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xnord3bopt Pict "99" Range 1,11
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * ---
       Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
   Case Xnord3bopt = 1
     Morder = "Ambulate"
     Do B: Time
     Do Replaard
     Do Repnrord
     Return
   Case Xnord3bopt = 2
     Morder = "Assist To Select Diet"
```

```
Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord3bopt = 3
  Morder = "Encourage Independent ADL"
 Do B:Time
 Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord3bopt = 4
 Morder = "Massage-Promote Circulation"
 Do B:Time
  Do Replaard
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord3bopt = 5
 Morder = "Possessions w/in Reach"
 Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord3bopt = 6
 @ 18,30 Get Ordoth;
    Read
 Morder = Ordoth
 Do B:Time
 Do Replaord
 Do Rephrord
 Return
Case Xnord3bopt = 7
 Morder = "Position"
 Do B:Time
 Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord3bopt = 8
 Morder = "Protect Bony Prominences"
  Do B:Time
 Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
 Return
```

```
Case Xnord3bopt = 9
    Morder = "Protect Pressure Areas"
    Do B:Time
    Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
  Case Xnord3bopt = 10
    Morder = "Provide Safe Environment"
    Do B:Time
    Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
 Case Xnord3bopt = 11
   Morder = "Siderails"
    Do B:Time
    Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
Endcase
Release Xnord3bopt
```

\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 23 December 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Provides a menu for the nurse to select a nursing order for a \* patient whose goal is maintains pattern of elimination or per-\* forms activities of daily living (ADL). \* Input Files Used: Norder3C.Scr, Time and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Gool\_3.Prg \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Norder3C --Do Setup Public Xnord3copt Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display A:Norder3C.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder3C.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xnord3copt = 1 Do Headings @ 22,67 Get Xnord3copt Pict "9" Range 1,8 Read \* -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the \* \_\_ case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and \* ---Orders.Dbf files --Do Case Case Xnord3copt = 1 Morder = "Ambulate with Assistance" Do B:Time Do Case Case (Timeopt < 5 .Or. Timeopt = 41) \* -- No precise frequency given Passdata = "Q51 18"

```
Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 4 .And. Timeopt < 22)
      * -- X 1
      Passdata = "Q51 11"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt > 21 .And. Timeopt < 25)
      * -- X 2 or BID
      Passdata = "Q51 12"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 31)
      * -- X 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q51 13"
      Ptpoint = 6
    Case (Timeopt > 30 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 4 or QID
      Passdata = "Q51 14"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q51 15"
      Ptpoint = 12
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q51 16"
      Ptpoint = 24
    Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q51 17"
      Ptpoint = 48
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord3copt = 2
  Morder = "Increase Independ Doing ADL"
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord3copt = 3
  Morder = "Plan For Continuing Care"
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord3copt = 4
  Morder = "Position"
  Do B:Time
```

```
Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
 Case Xnord3copt = 5
   @ 18,29 Get Ordoth;
     Read
   Morder = Ordoth
   Do B:Time
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
 Case Xnord3copt = 6
   Morder = "Range Of Motion (ROM)"
   Do B:Time
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
 Case Xnord3copt = 7
   Morder = "Diet To Promote GI Function"
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
 Case Xnord3copt = 8
   Morder = "Turn"
   Do B:Time
   Do Replaord
   Do Repnrord
   Return
Endcase
Release Xnord3copt
```

```
*****
**** NORDER3D.PRG *******
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
                       23 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
                         select a nursing order for a
*
                         patient whose goal is able to
*
                         transfer independently or with
*
                         assistance.
* Input Files Used:
                       Norder3D.Scr, Time and Procfile.Prg
                       Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Output Files Used:
* Calling Routine:
                       Goal_3.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       None
* Modification Date: 4 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder3D --
Do Setup
Public Xnord3dopt
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display A:Norder3D.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder3D.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B.W+/B
 Xnord3dopt = 1
 Do Headings
 @ 22,67 Get Xnord3dopt Pict "9" Range 1,5
 Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
 * ---
        Orders.Dbf files --
 Do Case
   Case Xnord3dopt = 1
      Morder = "Assist Bed To Chair"
     Do B:Time
      Do Case
        Case (Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41)
          * -- Less than x 3 or TID
          Passdata = "Q51 1"
          Ptpoint = 0
```

```
Case [Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34]
      * -- X 3 or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q51 7"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case [Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35]
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q51 8"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case (Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37)
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q51 9"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case [Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39]
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q51 10"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord3dopt = 2
  Morder = "Assist Bed To Wheelchair"
  Do B:Time
  Do Case
    Case [Timeopt < 25 .Or. Timeopt = 41]
      * -- Less than x 3 or TID
      Passdata = "Q51 1"
      Ptpoint = 0
    Case (Timeopt > 24 .And. Timeopt < 34)
      * -- X 3 or less than Q4h (x 6)
      Passdata = "Q51 7"
      Ptpoint = 2
    Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
      * -- X 6 or Q4h
      Passdata = "Q51 8"
      Ptpoint = 4
    Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
      * -- X 12 or Q2h
      Passdata = "Q51 9"
      Ptpoint = 8
    Case [Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39]
      * -- X 24 or Q1h
      Passdata = "Q51 10"
      Ptpoint = 16
  Endcase
```

Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3dopt = 3 @ 18,29 Get Ordoth; Read Morder = Ordoth Do Replaard Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3dopt = 4 Morder = "Provide Helping Person" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3dopt = 5 Morder = "Provide Mechanical Aid" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Endcase

Release Xnord3dopt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select a nursing order for a pa-
                        tient whose goal is demonstrates
                        skills to achieve goals.
* Input Files Used:
                      Norder3E.Scr, Time, Teach and
                        Procfile.Prg
                      Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Output Files Used:
* Calling Routine:
                      Goal_3.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder3E --
Do Setup
Public Xnord3eopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder3E.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder3E.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xnord3eopt = 1
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xnord3eopt Pict "9" Range 1,6
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * -- Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
   Case Xnord3eopt = 1
     Morder = "Provide Opport To Prac Skil"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
   Case Xnord3eopt = 2
     Morder = "Teach Factor-Impair Moblity"
```

Do B:Teach Do Reploord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3eopt = 3 Morder = "Teach Rationale For Skills" Do B:Teach Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3eopt = 4 @ 18,29 Get Ordoth; Read Morder = Ordoth Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3eopt = 5 Morder = "Teach Required Exercise" Do B:Teach Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord3eopt = 6 Morder = "Teach Use Of Adjuncts/Aids" Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Endcase Release Xnord3eopt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select nursing assessment for a
                        patient with a nursing diagnosis
                        of self-care deficit.
* Input Files Used:
                      Assess_4.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      N_Diag.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Relate_4.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Assess_4 --
Do Setup
Public XassYopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Assess_4.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Assess_4.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 XassYopt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get XassYopt Pict "99" Range 1,14
  Read
  * -- Allows nurse to document assessment of the
  * .....
        patient --
  Do Case
   Case XassYopt = 1
     Nassess = "Unable To Cloth Self"
     Do B:Relate_4
     Return
   Case Xass4opt = 2
     Nassess = "Unable To Cut Food"
     Do B:Relate_4
     Return
```

Case Xass4opt = 3 Nassess = "Unable To Drink" Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case XassYopt = 4 Nassess = "Unable To Fasten Clothes" Do B:Relate 4 Return Case XassYopt = 5 Nassess = "Unable To Feed Self" Do B:Relate 4 Return Case Xass4opt = 6 @ 18,24 Get Assoth; Read Nassess = Assoth Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case XassYopt = 7 Nassess = "Unable To Get To Bathroom" Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case Xass4opt = 8 Nassess = "Unable To Maint Appearance" Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case XassYopt = 9 Nassess = "Unable To Select Clothes" Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case Xass4opt = 10 Nassess = "Unable To Sit On Toilet" Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case XassYopt = 11 Nassess = "Unable To Do Toilet Hygiene" Do B:Relate\_4 Return Case Xass4opt = 12 Nassess = "Unable To Rise Off Toilet"

```
Do B:Relate_4

Return

Case Xass4opt = 13

Nassess = "Unable To Do Flush Toilet"

Do B:Relate_4

Return

Case Xass4opt = 14

Nassess = "Unable To Wash Self"

Do B:Relate_4

Return

Endcase

Release Xass4opt
```

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
                      23 December 1985
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select related factors for a
*
                        patient with a nursing diagnosis
                        of self care: deficit.
* Input Files Used:
                     Relate_4.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                     Assess_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     Goal_4.Prg
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Relate_4 --
Do Setup
Public Xrel4opt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Relate_4.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Relate_4.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 XrelYopt = 01
 Do Headings
 @ 22,66 Get Xrel4opt Pict "99" Range 1,10
 Read
 * -- Previous assessment is related to some cause --
 Do Case
   Case Xrel4opt = 1
     Nrelate = "Activity Intolerance"
     Do B:Goal_4
     Return
   Case Xrel4opt = 2
     Nrelate = "Depression"
     Do B:Goal_4
     Return
   Case Xrel4opt = 3
     Nrelate = "Developmental Phase"
```

```
Do B:Goal_4
    Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 4
    Nrelate = "Musculoskeletal Function"
    Do B:Goal_4
    Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 5
    @ 17,14 Get Reloth;
     Read
   Nrelate = Relath
    Do B:Goal_4
    Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 6
   Nrelate = "Neuromuscular Impairment"
    Do B:Goal 4
   Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 7
   Nrelate = "Pain / Discomfort"
   Do B:Goal 4
   Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 8
   Nrelate = "Perceptual Impairment"
   Do B:Goal 4
   Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 9
   Nrelate = "Sensory Impairment"
    Do B:Goal_4
   Return
  Case Xrel4opt = 10
   Nrelate = "Severe Anxiety"
   Do B:Goal_4
   Return
Endcase
Release Xrel4opt
```

```
Enddo
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select a patient goal for a
                        patient with a nursing diagnosis
                        of self-care: deficit.
* Input Files Used:
                      Goal_4.Scr and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      None
* Calling Routine:
                      Relate_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      Norder4A, Norder4B, Norder4C,
                        Norder4D or Norder4E.Prg
* Modification Date:
                     25 January 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Goal_4 --
Do Setup
Public Xgoa4opt,Xgoa4cur
Xgoa4cur = Space(1)
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Goal_4.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Goal_4.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xgoa4opt = 1
 Do Headings
 @ 21,67 Get Xgoo4opt Pict "9" Range 1,5
  Read
  * -- Allows nurse to select specific goal attainable
  * -- by this patient and current level of care the
  * __
       the patient requires --
  Do Case
   Case Xgoa4opt = 1
     Ngoal = "Func @ Level O, Full Self Care"
     Do Current
     Do Replaord
     Do B:Norder4A
     Return
```

```
Case Xgoa4opt = 2
    Ngoal = "Func @ Level 1, Use Of Equip/Device"
    Do Current
    Do Replaard
    Do B:Norder48
    Return
  Case Xgoa4opt = 3
    Ngoal = "Func @ Level 2, Needs Assist/Supervis"
    Do Current
    Do Replaord
    Do B:Norder4C
    Return
  Case Xgoa4opt = 4
    Ngoal = "Func @ Level 3 Needs Assist/Use Device"
    Do Current
    Do Replaord
    Do B:Norder4D
    Return
  Case Xgoa4opt = 5
   Ngoal = "Func @ Level 4 Dependent/No Participtn"
    Do Current
    Do Replaord
    Do B:Norder4E
    Return
Endcase
Release Xgoa4opt, Xgoa4cur
```

```
Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Author:
* Date:
                       23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
                       Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                         select a nursing order for a
                         patient whose goal is functions
                         at level 0: full self care.

    Input Files Used: Norder4A.Scr, Time and
    Output Files Used: Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf

                       Norder4A.Scr, Time and Procfile.Prg
* Calling Routine:
                       Goal_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                       None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder4A --
Do Setup
Public Xnord4aopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder4A.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder4A.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xnord4aopt = 1
  Do Headings
  @ 22,67 Get Xnord4aopt Pict "9" Range 1,3
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * -----
         Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
    Case Xnord4aopt = 1
      Morder = "Supprt Increse Indep In ADL"
      Do Replaord
      Do Repnrord
      Return
    Case Xnord4aopt = 2
      Morder = "Peds Recreation/Observation"
      Passdata = "Q26 1"
      Ptpoint = 8
```

```
Do Replaord
Do Repnrord
Return
Case XnordHaopt = 3
@ 17,42 Get Ordoth;
Pict "!XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
Read
Morder = Ordoth
Do B:Time
Do Replaord
Do Replaord
Do Repnrord
Return
Endcase
Release XnordHaopt
```

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
* Purpose:
                        select a nursing order for a
                        patient whose goal is functions
                        at level 1: needs equipment or
                        device.
* Input Files Used:
                      Norder4B.Scr, Time and Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                      Goal_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                      None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder4B --
Do Setup
Public Xnord4bopt
Do While .T.
 * -- Screen Display A:Norder4B.Scr --
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Clear
 ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder4B.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xnord4bopt = 1
 Do Headings
 C 22,67 Get Xnord4bopt Pict "9" Range 1,8
 Read
 * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * ---
       Orders.Dbf files --
 Do Case
   Case Xnord4bopt = 1
     Morder = "Provide Equip For Bathing"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
   Case Xnord4bopt = 2
     Morder = "Provide Equip For Dressing"
```

```
Do B:Time
  Do Replaard
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4bopt = 3
  Morder = "Provide Equip For Feeding"
 Do B:Time
  Do Replaard
 Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4bopt = 4
  @ 18,11 Get Ordoth;
   Read
 Morder = Ordoth
 Do B:Time
 Do Replaard
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord4bopt = 5
 Morder = "Provide Equip For Toileting"
 Do B:Time
 Do Replaard
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord4bopt = 6
 Morder = "Peds Recreation/Observation"
 Passdata = "Q26 1"
 Ptpoint = 8
 Do Replaard
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord4bopt = 7
 Morder = "Spoon Feed Patient"
 Passdata = "Q28 1"
 Ptpoint = 6
 Do Replaard
 Do Repnrord
 Return
Case Xnord4bopt = 8
 Morder = "Spoon Feed Child"
 Passdata = "Q28 2"
  Ptpoint = 10
 Do Replaard
```

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Do Repnrord Return

Endcase Release Xnord4bopt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
-
                        select a nursing order for a
*
                        patient whose goal is functions
*
                        at level 2: needs assistance,
                        supervision or other.
* Input Files Used:
                      Norder4C.Scr, Time, Emosup and
                        Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                      Gool_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder4C --
Do Setup
Public Xnord4copt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder4C.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder4C.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xnord4copt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xnord4copt Pict "99" Range 1,16
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * __
        Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
   Case Xnord4copt = 1
     Morder = "Assist To Dress"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
```

Case Xnord4copt = 2 Morder = "Assist To/From Bathroom" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4copt = 3 Morder = "Assist With Partial Bath" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4copt = 4 Morder = "Assist To Comb/Brush Hair" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4copt = 5 Morder = "Dress Patient" Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4copt = 6 @ 18,12 Get Ordoth; Read Morder = Ordoth Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4copt = 7 Morder = "Feed Patient" Passdata = "Q28 1" Ptpoint = 6 Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4copt = 8 Morder = "Give Emotional Support" Do B: Emosup Do Replaord

```
Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 9
  Morder = "Give Complete Bath"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 10
  Morder = "Keep Commode @ Bedside"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 11
  Morder = "Keep Urinal/Bedpan Near"
 Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
 Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 12
  Morder = "Peds Recreation/Observation"
  Passdata = "Q26 1"
  Ptpoint = 8
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 13
  Morder = "Set Up Food Tray"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 14
 Morder = "Shave Patient"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4copt = 15
  Morder = "Socialize During Meals"
  Do Replaord
```

Do Repnrord Return

Case Xnord4copt = 16 Morder = "Spoon Feed Child" Passdata = "Q28 2" Ptpoint = 10 Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return

Endcase Release Xnord4copt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select a nursing order for a
*
                        patient whose goal is functions
*
                        at level 3: needs assistance and
*
                        uses equipment.
* Input Files Used:
                    Norder4C.Scr, Time, Emosup and
                        Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                      Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                     Gool_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder4D --
Do Setup
Public Xnord4dopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder4D.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder4D.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xnord4dopt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xnord4dopt Pict "99" Range 1,16
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * -- Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
   Case Xnord4dopt = 1
     Morder = "Assist To Dress"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
```

```
Case Xnord4dopt = 2
  Morder = "Assist To/From Bathroom"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 3
  Morder = "Assist With Partial Bath"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 4
  Morder = "Assist To Comb/Brush Hair"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 5
  Morder = "Dress Patient"
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 6
  @ 18,12 Get Ordoth;
    Read
  Morder = Ordoth
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 7
  Morder = "Feed Patient"
  Passdata = "Q28 1"
  Ptpoint = 6
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 8
  Morder = "Give Emotional Support"
  Do B: Emosup
  Do Replaord
```

```
Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 9
  Morder = "Give Complete Bath"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 10
  Morder = "Keep Commode @ Bedside"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 11
  Morder = "Keep Urinal/Bedpan Near"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 12
  Morder = "Provide Necessary Equipment"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 13
  Morder = "Provide For Hygiene"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaard
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 14
  Morder = "Set Up Food Tray"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaard
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4dopt = 15
  Morder = "Spoon Feed Child"
  Passdata = "Q28 2"
  Ptpoint = 10
  Do Replaord
```

```
Do Rephrord
Return
Case XnordHdopt = 16
Morder = "Peds Recreation/Observation"
Passdata = "Q26 1"
Ptpoint = 8
Do Replaord
Do Rephrord
Return
Endcase
```

Release Xnord4dopt

```
* Author:
                      Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
* Date:
                      23 December 1985
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                        Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                      Provides a menu for the nurse to
                        select a nursing order for a
*
                        patient whose goal is functions
*
                        at level 4: dependent and does
#
                        not participate in care.
* Input Files Used:
                      Norder4E.Scr, Time, Emosup and
                        Procfile.Prg
* Output Files Used:
                     Orders and Ncaredb.Dbf
* Calling Routine:
                     Goal_4.Prg
* Routine Called:
                     None
* Modification Date: 3 February 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Norder4E --
Do Setup
Public Xnord4eopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display A:Norder4E.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B,W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.A:Norder4E.Scr/"
 Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
 Xnord4eopt = 01
  Do Headings
  @ 22,66 Get Xnord4eopt Pict "99" Range 1,16
  Read
  * -- Nursing orders are determined by evaluating the
  * -- case statement, then place data into Ncaredb and
  * __
       Orders.Dbf files --
  Do Case
   Case Xnord4eopt = 1
     Morder = "Assist To/From Bathroom"
     Do B:Time
     Do Replaord
     Do Repnrord
     Return
```

Case Xnord4eopt = 2 Morder = "Assist To/From Commode" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4eopt = 3 Morder = "Assist To Comb/Brush Hair" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4eopt = 4 Morder = "Dress Patient" Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4eopt = 5 Morder = "Feed Patient" Passdata = "Q28 1" Ptpoint = 6 Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4eopt = 6 @ 18,12 Get Ordoth; Read Morder = Ordoth Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4eopt = 7 Morder = "Give Complete Bath" Do B:Time Do Replaord Do Repnrord Return Case Xnord4eopt = 8 Morder = "Give Emotional Support" Do B: Emosup Do Replaord

```
Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 9
  Morder = "Provide For Oral Hygiene"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 10
  Morder = "Provide For Personal Hygene"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 11
  Morder = "Provide Urinal/Bedpan"
  Do B:Time
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 12
  Morder = "Spoon Feed Child"
  Passdata = "Q28 2"
  Ptpoint = 10
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 13
  Morder = "Other Activity (>15 <30min]"
  Passdata = "056 2"
  Ptpoint = 2
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 14
  Morder = "Other Activity [>30min]"
  Passdata = "Q56 3"
  Ptpoint = 4
  Do Replaord
  Do Repnrord
  Return
Case Xnord4eopt = 15
  Morder = "Special Procedure (>1 <2hr)"
```

```
Passdata = "Q56 4"
    Ptpoint = 8
    Do Replaard
    Do Repnrord
    Return
  Case Xnord4eopt = 16
    Morder = "Xtra Linen Chge/Partal Bath"
    Do B:Time
    Do Case
      Case [Timeopt < 34 .Or. Timeopt = 41]
        * -- Less than x 6 per day
        Passdata = "Q24 1"
        Ptpoint = 0
      Case (Timeopt = 34 .Or. Timeopt = 35)
        * -- x 2 per shift or x 6 per day
        Passdata = "Q24 2"
        Ptpoint = 4
      Case [Timeopt = 36 .Or. Timeopt = 37]
        * -- x 4 per shift or x 12 per day
        Passdata = "Q24 3"
        Ptpoint = 8
      Case (Timeopt = 38 .Or. Timeopt = 39)
        * -- x 8 per shift or x 24 per day
        Passdata = "Q24 4"
        Ptpoint = 16
    Endcase
    Do Replaord
    Do Repnrord
    Return
Endcase
Release Xnord4eopt
```

```
Enddo
```

\* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 8 January 1986 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Displays the patient's nursing care plan and allows it to be modified by inactivating portions of it. \* Input Files Used: Inactive.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Ncaredb.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Nurse1.Prg \* Routine Calls: None \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Inactive --Do Setup Public Xinaopt, Xidate, Xitime, Xinurse, Xnpack Public Xiemo, Xifreq, Xmptfmpssn, Xidiag, Xmord Public Xigoal, Xiassess, Xirelate, Xiord Xnpack = .F.\* -- Identify correct patient and isolate the nursing \* -- care plan --Use B:Ncaredb Store "'" + Ptfmpssn + "'" To Xmptfmpssn Locate For Nfmpssn = &Xmptfmpssn Do While .T. \* -- Store data from Dbf file into variable names --Xidate = Ndate Xitime = Ntime Xinurse = Nurse Xiemo = Emotea Xifreq = Nfreq Xidiag = Ndiag Xigoal = Goal Xiassess = Assess Xirelate = Relate Xiord = Nord \* -- Screen Display B: Inactive.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B: Inactive.Scr/"

```
Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
Do Headings
Xincopt = 1
@ 13,1 Say Xitime
@ 13,9 Say Xidate
@ 13,18 Say Xidiag
@ 13,46 Say Xiassess
@ 14,1 Say Xirelate
@ 14,27 Say Xigoal
@ 15,1 Say Xiord
@ 15,28 Say Xifreq
@ 15,41 Say Xiemo
@ 15,61 Say Xinurse
@ 22,67 Get Xinaopt Pict "9" Range 0,4
Read
* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
Do Case
  Case Xinaopt = 0
    * -- Sign-Off
    If Xnpack = .T.
      Pack
    Endif
    Close Databases
    Close Procedure
    Release All
    Return To Master
  Case Xinaopt = 1
    * -- Next Plan
    Skip
    Do While (Nfmpssn # &Xmptfmpssn)
      IF EOF()
        Nmenu ="1"
        @ 24,5 Say "No Additional Care Plans On This "
        @ 24,38 Say "Patient -- Press Any Key To "
        @ 24,66 Say "Continue"
        Set Console Off
        Wait
        Set Console On
        If Xnpack = .T.
          Pack
        Endif
        Return
      Else
        Skip
      Endif
    Enddo
```

```
IF EOF ()
    Nmenu ="1"
    @ 24,5 Say "No Additional Care Plans On This "
    @ 24,38 Say "Patient -- Press Any Key To "
@ 24,66 Say "Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    If Xnpack = .T.
      Pack
    Endif
    Return
  Else
    Loop
  Endif
Case Xinaopt = 2
  * -- Inactivate Plan
  Xnpack = .T.
  Store "'" + Xiord + "'" To Xmord
  * -- Remove corresponding order from Orders.Dbf
  Use B:Orders
  Locate For (Fmpssn=&Xmptfmpssn .And. Order=&Xmord)
  Delete
  Pack
  * -- Remove nursing care plan data from Ncaredb.Dbf
  Use B:Ncaredb
  Delete
  Skip
  Do While (Nfmpssn # &Xmptfmpssn]
    IF EOF()
      Nmenu ="1"
      @ 24,5 Say "No Additional Care Plans On This "
      @ 24,38 Say "Patient -- Press Any Key To "
@ 24,66 Say "Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      Pack
      Return
    Else
      Skip
    Endif
  Enddo
  IF EOF []
    Nmenu ="1"
```

```
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```

```
@ 24,5 Say "No Additional Care Plans On This "
      @ 24,38 Say "Patient -- Press Any Key To "
@ 24,66 Say "Continue"
      Set Console Off
      Wait
      Set Console On
      Pack
      Return
    Else
      Loop
    Endif
  Case Xinaopt = 3
    * -- Nurse Master
    If Xnpack = .T.
      Pack
    Endif
    Nmenu ="l"
    Return
  Case Xinaopt = 4
    * -- Master
    If Xnpack = .T.
      Pack
    Endif
    Nmenu =" "
    Return
Endcase
Release Xinaopt, Xidate, Xitime, Xinurse, Xnpack
Release Xiemo, Xifreq, Xmptfmpssn, Xidiag, Xmord
Release Xigoal, Xiassess, Xirelate, Xiord
```

```
Enddo
```

```
**** ADDELETE.PRG ***********
* Author:
                       Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN
                       9 January 1986
* Date:
* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company
                         Of New York, c1985
* Purpose:
                       Allows the data processing person-
                         nel to choose to add or delete a
                         user.
* Input Files Used:
                       Addelete.Scr and Procfile.Prg
Output Files Used:
                       None
* Calling Routine:
                       Master.Prg
* Routine Calls:
                       Useinfo or Delete.Prg
* Modification Date: 25 January 1986
* -- Screen Input Program For Addelete --
Do Setup
Public Xaddelopt
Do While .T.
  * -- Screen Display B:Addelete.Scr --
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Clear
  ?? Flash+"S.B:Addelete.Scr/"
  Set Color To W+/B, W+/B
  Xaddelopt = 0
  @ 22,67 Get Xaddelopt Pict "9" Range 0,2
  Read
   * -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --
  Do Case
    Case Xaddelopt = 0
      * -- Sign-Off
      Close Databases
      Close Procedure
      Release All
      Return To Master
    Case Xaddelopt = 1
      * -- Add A User
      Do B:Useinfo
      Loop
    Case Xadmitopt = 2
      * -- Delete A User
```

Do B:Delete Loop

Endcase Release Xaddelopt

Enddo

Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Author: \* Date: 12 December 1985 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 Allow data processing personnel to \* Purpose: add new user. \* Input Files Used: Useinfo.Scr and Procfile.Prg
\* Output Files Used: Useinfo.Dbf
\* Calling Routine: Addelete.Prg \* Calling Routine: \* Routine Called: None \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 -- Screen Input Program For Useinfo --Do Setup Public Xufinitial, Xuminitial, Xulname Public Xrequestor, Xcodeword, Xaccess Xufinitial = " ."+Space(0) Xuminitial = Space(3) Xulname = Space(12) Xrequestor = Space(3) Xcodeword = Space(5) Xaccess = 3Do While .T. \* -- Screen Display B:Useinfo.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B:Useinfo.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B @ 9,43 Get Xufinitial Pict "!." @ 11,43 Get Xuminitial Pict "!!!" @ 13,43 Get Xulname Pict "!XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX @ 16,43 Get Xrequestor Pict "!!!" @ 18,43 Get Xcodeword Pict "!!!!!" @ 20,43 Get Xaccess Pict "9" Range 0,4 Read Use B:Useinfo Do While .Not. EOF() Skip Enddo Append Blank \* -- Put data from variable names into Dbf file --

Replace Ufinitial With Xufinitial Replace Uminitial With Xuminitial Replace Ulname With Xulname Replace Requestor With Xrequestor Replace Codeword With Xcodeword Replace Access With Xaccess Return Release Xufinitial, Xuminitial, Xulname Release Xrequestor, Xcodeword, Xaccess

Enddo

\*\*\*\*\*\* \* Author: Gary R. Harmeyer LCDR NC USN \* Date: 9 January 1986 \* Screen Generated By: The Software Bottling Company Of New York, c1985 \* Purpose: Delete a user. \* Input Files Used: Delete.Scr and Procfile.Prg \* Output Files Used: Useinfo.Dbf \* Calling Routine: Addelete.Pro \* Routine Calls: None \* Modification Date: 4 February 1986 \* -- Screen Input Program For Delete --Do Setup Public Xdelopt, Xdlulname, Xdlufinit, Xdluminit Public Xdlreq, Xdlacc, Xusepack Xusepack = .F.Do While .T. \* -- Store data from Dbf file into variable names --Use B:Useinfo Xdlulname = Ulname Xdlufinit = Ufinitial Xdluminit = Uminitial Xdlreq = Requestor Xdlacc = Access \* -- Screen Display B:Delete.Scr --Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Clear ?? Flash+"S.B:Delete.Scr/" Set Color To W+/B, W+/B Xdelopt = 1 @ 13,5 Say Xdlulname @ 13,19 Say Xdlufinit @ 13,22 Say Xdluminit @ 13,39 Say Xdlreg @ 13,66 Say Xdlacc @ 22,67 Get Xdelopt Pict "9" Range 0,3 Read \* -- Evaluate action based on the option selected --

Do Case

```
Case Xdischopt = 0
  * -- Sign-Off
  If Xusepack = .T.
    Pack
  Endif
  Close Databases
  Close Procedure
  Release All
  Return To Master
Case Xdischopt = 1
  * -- Next User
  Skip
  IF EOF ()
    @ 24,15 Say "No Additional Users -- Press "
    @ 24,44 Say "Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
    If Xusepack = .T.
     Pack
    Endif
    Return
  Else
   Loop
  Endif
Case Xdischopt = 2
  * -- Delete User
  Xusepack = .T.
  Delete
 Skip
  IF EOF ()
    @ 24,15 Say "No Additional Users -- Press "
    @ 24,44 Say "Any Key To Continue"
    Set Console Off
    Wait
    Set Console On
   Pack
   Return
  Else
    Loop
  Endif
Case Xdischopt = 3
  * -- Return To Add/Delete Screen
  If Xusepack = .T.
   Pack
  Endif
```

Close Databases Return

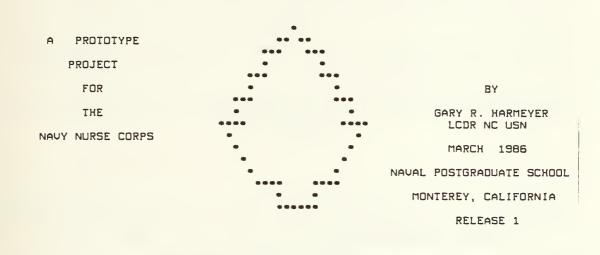
Endcase

Release Xdelopt,Xdlulname,Xdlufinit,Xdluminit Release Xdlreq,Xdlacc,Xusepack

Enddo

APPENDIX F

PROGRAM SCREENS



PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN

Figure 1

••• Please Sign On By Entering Password •••

•• Password :

Figure 1a

•• Prototype Mast	er Screen **	Date	Time
	••• Select the Desired Option	n •••	
	1) Admission's Departme	ent	
	2) Doctor's Master		
	3) Nursing Master		
	4) System Administratio	חם	
	0) Sign-Off		
Current User:	Select one numbe	er (0-4)	> •

Figure 2

\*\*\* SELECT ADMIT / DISCHARGE OPTION \*\*\*

- 1) Admit A Patient
- 2) Discharge A Patient

0) Sign-Off

Current User:	Select one number (0-2)> .	

Figure 3

	Patient Adm	nission Farm
Last Name:		Registration No:
First Name:		Medical Diagnosis:
Mid Initial:		Physician:
Rate/Rank:		Prognasis:
FMP-SSN: -		Allergies:
Birthdote: / /	,	Nursing Ward:
Age:		Room Number:
Sex:		Bed:
Admit Date: / /	,	

Figure 3.1

\*\*\* DISCHARGE A PATIENT \*\*\*

FMP-SSN Patient Name

Practitioner

3) Master Screen

0) Sign-off 1) Next Patient 2) Discharge Patient 3) Admit/Discharge Scr

Current User:	Select one numbe	er (0-3)>	8
	Figure 3.2		
•• Nurse's Statio	on Selection 🔹 Lect Nursing Unit to Display F	Date Patients ***	Time
	1) 2E Surgical Ward		
	2) 3E Medical Ward		

0) Sign-Off

	Current User:	Select one number (0-3)> •
--	---------------	----------------------------

Figure 4

** Patient Selectio	n **		Ward	3E	Surgical		Date	Time
		**	•• Sele	ect P	atient **	•		
	RM	BED			PATIEN	т		
	1) 1 2) 1	A B						
	3) 2 4) 2	A B						
	5) 3 6) 3	Â						
0) Sign-Of		5				71 Ма	ster Scre	
Current User:	- 					· · · · · ·	SCBP SCP	
				Sele	ct one nu	mber ((	)-7] ===-	*> =
		-	Figu	re 4	4.1a			
** Patient Selection	on **	•	Ward	ЗE	Medical		Date	Time
		**	* Sele	ect P	atient **	•		
	RM	BED			PATIEN	т		
	1) 1 2) 1	A B						
	s (f							
	5) 3 5) 3	Â						
		D						
0) Sign-Off						7) Mas	ster Scre	en
Current User:				Sele	ct one nur	nber (C	)-7] ====	•> •

Figure 4.1b

Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg #	Date	Time	
	*** DOCTOR'S MA	STER SCREEN ***			
	1] Order Entr	IJ			
	2) Admit / Tr	ansfer / Dischar	ge Patien	t	
	3) Review Med	ical Orders			
	4) Print Medi	cal Orders			
	5) Discontinu	e An Order			
0) Sign-Off	5	6) Ma	ister Scre	een	
Current User:	Sel	act one number ((	)-6] ====;	•	
	Figure 4.1	.1			
Ward Room Bed Po	itient	Reg #	Date	Time	
	*** DOCTOR'S O	RDER MENU +++		)	
1] Activity		6) Pharmacy			
2) Diet		7] Radiology	J		
3) IV's / Blood		8) Respirato	ory Therap	y.	
4) Laboratory Tests	4) Laboratory Tests 9) Vital Signs				
5) Monitoring 10) Ward Routines					
00] Sign-Off	11) Doctor's Mas	ter Screen	12) Mast	er Screen	
Current User:	Selec	t one number (00-	-12]>	••	

Figure 4.1.1.1

Ward Room Bed Patient	Reg # Date Time
*** SELECT ACT	IVITY LEVEL ***
1] Ambulate ad lib	7) Dangle Legs
2) Ambulate w/ Assistance	8) Keep on Back
3) Strict Bedrest	9) May Shower
4) Bedrest w/ BRP	10) Túrn Patient
5) Bedside Cammade	11) Turning Frame
6) OOB to Strecher w/ Assist	12) Up in Chair w/ Assist
0) Sign-Off 13) Doctor's Or	der Screen 14) Master Screen
Current User: Sele	ct one number (00-14) ===>

Figure 4.1.1.1a

Ward Room Bed I	Patient	Reg #	Date Time	
	*** SELECT TIME	FREQUENCY OPTION	***	
1) PRN 2) Q 1-2 Hr PRN 3) Q 2-3 Hr PRN 4) Q 3-4 Hr PRN 5) On Call 6) QD 7) HS 8) x 1 9) Today @	<pre>Daily @ 10) 0200 11) 0400 12) 0600 13) 0800 14) 1000 15) 1200 16) 1400 17) 1600 18) 1800 19) 2000</pre>	20) 2200 21) 2400 22) BID 23) Q 12 24) × 2 25) TID 26) AC 27) PC 28) Q 8 } 29) × 3	35) × 6 36) Q 2 Hr 37) × 12	
403 Xe	elp 41	) Return to Callin	ng Screen	
Current User:	Se	lect one number ((	)1-41]>	

Figure 4.1.1.1b

## HELP SCREEN FOR THE TIME MODULE

Hospital policy dictates the exact time for standardized abbreviations.

1-4) PRN	31-33) Four times a day frequency QID 0900, 1300, 1700, 2100
5-21) Single dosages QD 0900 HS 2200	Q 5 Hr 0500, 1200, 1800, 2400
	34-35) Six times a day frequency
22-24) Twice a day frequency BID 0900 & 2100 Q 12 Kr 1200 & 2400	0 4 Hr 0200, 0500, 1000, 1400, 1800, 2200
	36-37) Twelve times a day frequency
25-30) Three times a day frequency TID 0900, 1400, 2100	Q 2 Hr Even hours
AC 0700, 1100, 1700 PC 0900, 1300, 1900 Q 8 Hr 0500, 1400, 2200	38-39) 24 times a day frequency Q 1 Hr On the hour
Q Shift 0900, 1700, 0200	41) No frequency will be assigned

Figure 4.1.1.1c

Ward Room Bed Pr	ntient	Reg #	Date	Time
	*** SELEC	I DIET ***		
<ol> <li>As Tolerated</li> <li>Clear Liquids</li> <li>Diabetic</li> <li>Fat-controlled</li> <li>Full Liquids</li> <li>Infant / Neond</li> <li>Infant / Neond</li> <li>Infant / Neond</li> <li>Softenational Softenation</li> </ol>	ntal Bottle ×1 ntal Bottle ×6 ntal Bottle ×12	103 113 123 133 143 153 153 163 173 183	Na Controlled NPO NPO p 2400 NPO w/ ice ch Regular Renal & Liver I & A Tube Feedings Tube Feedings	Disease
00) Sign-Off	19) Doctor's O	rder Screen	20) Ma	ster Screen
Current User:	Selec	st one numb	er (00-20)	>

Figure 4.1.1.1d

Word Room Bed Patient	Reg #	Dote	Time
*** 5	SELECT IV ORDER ***		
• IV ORDERS •			
<ol> <li>Start IV of</li> <li>Alternote IV with</li> <li>Follow Present IV w/</li> <li>Interrupt IV for</li> <li>Stort Second IV of</li> <li>Discontinue IV</li> <li>Insert Heporin Lock</li> <li>Use Multilumen Line</li> </ol>	.45 NaCl Ringer's Loctote D5 Ringer's Loctote D5 Water Normal Saline D5 Normol Soline Whole Blood Pocked Cells		ar 30 Min ar 1 Hr ar 2 Hr ar 4 Hr ar 6 Hr ar 8 Hr ar 12 Hr ar 24 Hr
00) Sign-Off 09) Doct	tor's Order Screen	10) Mast	ter Screen
Current User:	Select one number (00-	10)>	

Figure 4.1.1.1e

ord Room Bed Patier	ht	Reg #	Dote	Time
	***	SELECT IV SOLUTION ***		
		* SOLUTION *		
Stort IV of	1)	D5 .45 NoC1	Over :	30 Min
Alternote IV with _	51	Ringer's Lactote	Over	1 Hr
Follow Present IV c	33	D5 Ringer's Loctote	Over i	2 Hr
Interrupt IV for	43		Over '	
Start Second IV of	53		Over	
	6)	D5 Normal Saline	Over	
Discontinue IV			Over	
Insert Heparin Lock	73		Over i	24 Hr
Use Multilumen Line	1 83	Packed Cells		

Current User:

Select one number (1-8) ====> .

Figure 4.1.1.1f

Ward Room Bed Po	itient Re	g #	Date Time
	*** SELECT INFUSION	RATE ***	
		• 1	INFUSION RATE •
Start IV of Alternate IV with Follow Present IV w/ Interrupt IV for Start Second IV of Discontinue IV Insert Heparin Lock Use Multilumen Line	.45 NaCl Ringer's Lactate DS Ringer's Lact DS Water Normal Saline DS Normal Saline Whole Blood Packed Cells		Over 1 Hr Over 2 Hr Over 4 Hr Over 6 Hr Over 8 Hr Over 12 Hr
Current User:	Select o	ne number (	1-8]> :
Ward Room Bed Pa	tient Re	g #	Date Time
	*** SELECT LABORATOR	Y TEST ***	
<ul> <li>CHEMISTRY</li> <li>1) Bilirubin</li> <li>2) BUN</li> <li>3) Calcium</li> <li>4) Cloride</li> <li>5) CO2</li> <li>6) Creatinine</li> <li>7) Glucose</li> <li>8) Phosphate</li> <li>9) Potassium</li> <li>10) Sodium</li> <li>11) Uric Acid</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ENZYMES</li> <li>12) Amylase</li> <li>13) CPK</li> <li>14) LDH</li> <li>15) SGOT</li> <li>16) SGPT</li> <li>HEMATOLOGY</li> <li>17) CBC</li> <li>18) Platlets</li> <li>19) Protime</li> <li>20) Sed Rate</li> </ul>	21 3 22 3 23 3 24 3 25 3 25 3 26 3 27 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 30 3	OTHER • ABO & Rh ABG (from A-line) ABG (stick) Blood Culture Culture & Sensitivity Cold Agglutins HCG Occ Blood in Stools RPR SMA 6 UA
00) Sign-Off	32) Doctor's Order Sc	reen	33) Master Screen
Current User:	Select one	number (00	(

Figure 4.1.1.1h

Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg #	Date	Time
••	SELECT MONITIO	ORING REQUIREMEN	TS ***	
<ol> <li>Apnea Monitar</li> <li>A-line Set-up</li> <li>A-line Reading</li> <li>Cardiac Monitar</li> <li>Cardiac Output</li> <li>Circulation C:</li> <li>CUP Readings (Manually)</li> <li>Fundus Checks</li> <li>Intake &amp; Output</li> </ol>	or hecks	11) Man 12) Mon 13) Neu 14) Pre 15) PAP 16) Swa 17) Tem 18) Tra	(Monitor) S ual ICP Read itor ICP Rea ro Checks ssure Monito /PA Wedge Re n-Ganz Set-u perature Mon nscutaneous onitoring 201 Mast	ings dings r adings p
Current User:	Se	lect one number	(00-19)>	
Ward Room Bed Pr	otient	Reg #	Date	Time
***	SELECT DESIRED	MEDICATION / DO	SAGE ***	
<ul> <li>ANTIHISTAMINE **</li> <li>Benadryl         <ol> <li>25 mg (O)</li> <li>20 SO mg (IM)</li> <li>30 SO mg (IV)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Dimetapp         <ol> <li>4 mg (O)</li> <li>5 mg Elxr (O)</li> <li>Phenergan                  <ol> <li>25 mg (IM)</li> <li>80 ZS mg (IM)</li> <li>81 ZS mg (IM)</li></ol></li></ol></li></ul>	10] 9 11] 9 • Ancef 12] 13] • Cefadu 14] 9 15] 1 16] 1	250 mg (D) 500 mg (IM) 500 mg (IV) .5 Gm (IM) .5 Gm (IV)	<ul> <li>Erythrom 17] 250 18] 200</li> <li>Keflex 19] 250 20] 125</li> <li>Sulfacet 21] 10%</li> <li>Tetracyc 22] 250 23] 500</li> </ul>	mg (O) mg Susp (O) mg (O) mg Susp (O) amine Na Solt (Op)
Current User:	Sel	lect one number	(01-27)	

Figure 4.1.1.1j

Ward Roam Bed F	atient	Reg #	Date	Time
•••	SELECT DESI	RED MEDICATION / D	OSAGE ***	
<ul> <li>ANTISEPTIC</li> <li>Baric Acid         <ol> <li>S% Solt (I)</li> </ol> </li> <li>AUTONOMIC</li> <li>AUTONOMIC</li> <li>Atrapine         <ol> <li>O.4 mg (D)</li> <li>O.4 mg (IM)</li> <li>Valium             <li>S mg (D)</li> <li>S mg (IM)</li> <li>S Gm (IV)</li> </li></ol> </li> </ul>	Di     7     8     In     9     10     11     Mi     12     13	RDIOVASCULAR ** goxin ) .125 mg (D) ) .250 mg (D) ) derol ) 10 mg (D) ) 10 mg (D) ) 10 mg (IV) nipress ) 1 mg (IV) nipress ) 2 mg (D) ) 5 mg (D)	<ul> <li>Dilar</li> <li>15)</li> <li>16)</li> <li>Elavi</li> <li>17)</li> <li>18)</li> <li>19)</li> <li>Pheno</li> </ul>	100 mg (0) 125 mg Susp (0) 11 10 mg (0) 25 mg (0) 50 mg (0) bbarbital
233	Help	24) Previa	us Screen	
Current User:		Select one number	(01-24)	»

Figure 4.1.1.1k

## HELP SCREEN FOR PHARMACY MODULES

This Help Facility explains abbreviations used in parenthesis. If the user requires additional information an medications or dosages, they should consult the PHYSICIAN'S DESK REFERENCE (PDR) or contact a Pharmacy Officer. The abbreviations indicate the route of administration:

(0)	Oral	[]]	Irrigation
נאוס	Intramuscular	(Op)	Opthalmic
נייז	Intravenous	ເຣດງ	Subcutaneous
(Sp)	Suppository		

Figure 4.1.1.11

	*** SEL	ECT X-RAY ***	
1) Abdomen Fla 2) Abdomen AP	it Plate	101	CI Scan Gallbladder Series
3) Abdomen 3-w	-	12)	IUP
4) Angiography 5) Arteriograp		13]	Sinus Series Skull
5) Barium Enem		15)	Spine
7) Brain Scan		16)	Tomograpy
8] Chest PA 9] Chest Later		173	Upper GI Series Ultrasound
00) Sign-Off	19) Doctor's	order Screen	20) Master Screen
Current User:	1		
	S	elect one numb	oer (00-20) ===>
		4.1.1.1m	
Ward Room Bed P	Patient	Reg #	Date Time
	atient	Reg #	
	atient	Reg #	Date Time FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE ***
••• SELECT RESPIR	atient	Reg # PTIONS * THEN	
*** SELECT RESPIR ** RES 1] Chest Pulmonary	'atient ATORY THERAPY O PIRATORY THERAP	Reg # PTIONS * THEN Y ** Wean from	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE ***
••• SELECT RESPIR •• RES 1] Chest Pulmonary Therapy 2] Cough & Deep Bro	ATORY THERAPY O	Reg # PTIONS * THEN YY ** Wean from Ventilator	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE ***
••• SELECT RESPIR •• RES 1) Chest Pulmonary Therapy 2) Cough & Deep Bro 3) Incentive Spirometer	Patient PATORY THERAPY O PIRATORY THERAP 83 eath 93	Reg # PTIONS * THEN YY ** Wean from Ventilator * Route * Group Tent	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE *** * Flow Rate *   AJ 1-2 liters/mi
<ul> <li>SELECT RESPIR</li> <li>RES</li> <li>Chest Pulmonary Therapy</li> <li>Cough &amp; Deep Browner</li> <li>Incentive Spirometer</li> <li>IPPB</li> <li>Suctioning</li> </ul>	Patient ATORY THERAPY O PIRATORY THERAP Both 91 103 103	Reg # PTIONS * THEN YY ** Wean from Ventilator * Route * Croup Tent Mask Mist Tent	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE *** * Flow Rate * AJ 1-2 liters/mi BJ 3-4 liters/mi
••• SELECT RESPIR •• RES 1) Chest Pulmonary Therapy 2) Cough & Deep Bro 3) Incentive Spirometer 4) IPPB	Patient PATORY THERAPY O PIRATORY THERAP BO eath 90 100 110 110 12	Reg # PTIONS * THEN PY ** Wean from Ventilator * Route * Croup Tent Mask	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE *** * Flow Rate * AJ 1-2 liters/mi BJ 3-4 liters/mi CJ 5-5 liters/mi
••• SELECT RESPIR •• RES 1) Chest Pulmonary Therapy 2) Cough & Deep Bro 3) Incentive Spirometer 4) IPPB 5) Suctioning 6) Tracheostomy Cas	Patient PATORY THERAPY O PIRATORY THERAP eath 90 100 110 110 120 130	Reg # PTIONS * THEN YY ** Wean from Ventilator * Route * Croup Tent Mask Mist Tent Nasal Prongs	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE *** Flow Rate * AJ 1-2 liters/mi BJ 3-4 liters/mi CJ 5-6 liters/mi DJ 7-8 liters/mi
•••• SELECI RESPIR ••• RES 1) Chest Pulmonary Therapy 2) Cough & Deep Brd 3) Incentive Spirometer 4) IPPB 5) Suctioning 6) Tracheostomy Cat 7) Ventilator	Patient PATORY THERAPY O PIRATORY THERAP eath SPIRATORY THERAP 01 101 101 111 121 131 131 141 Doctor's	Reg # PTIONS * THEN YY ** Wean from Ventilator * Route * Croup Tent Mask Mist Tent Nasal Prongs Oxyhood Order Screen	FLOW RATE FOR ROUTE *** Flow Rate * A) 1-2 liters/mi B) 3-4 liters/mi C) 5-6 liters/mi D) 7-8 liters/mi E) 9-10 liters/mi

Figure 4.1.1.1n

Ward Raom Bed	Patient		Reg #	Date	Time
	*** S	ELECT VITAL SI	GN OPTION	***	
• RC	DUTINE -	1		* SPECIAL	. •
1) T-F	P-R, B∕P			5) FHT	
2) Pas				5] Pulse Ap 7] Pulse Fe	
	t Partum	1		3) Pulse Pe 3) Temp Axi	
			10	)) Temp Rec	tol
	t Newborn		11	LJ IIIC IES	
00) Sign-Off	12) Do	ictor's Order	Screen	13) Mo	ster Screen
Current User:		Select o	ne number	(00-13)	->
	Fi	gure 4.1.3	1.10		
Ward Roam Bed	Fi		1.10 Reg #	Dote	Time
Ward Roam Bed	Patient		Reg #		Time
1) Ace Wrap Lawe 2) Chest Tube In 3) Circumcision 4) Camplex Drsg 5) EKG Rhythm St 6) Foley Coth Ca 7) Foley Coth Ca 7) Foley Coth In 8) Guioc Staals 9) Isolation Res	Patient  r Ext 1 sertian 1 Core 1 Chonge 1 rip 1 re sertion piratary 1 erse 1		Reg # OUTINE •••• cturs ian sis py otian	20) Simpl 21) Spec 22) Spin 23) Stroi 24) Surgi Sha 25] SS En 26] Tap W 27] Thara 28] Tube	e Drsg Change Gravity XCT ght Coth col ve Prep ema oter Enema
1) Ace Wrap Lawe 2) Chest Tube In 3) Circumcision 4) Camplex Drsg 5) EKG Rhythm St 6) Foley Coth Ca 7) Foley Coth Ca 7) Foley Coth In 8) Guioc Staals 9) Isolation Res 10) " Rev	Patient Patient  r Ext   1 sertian   1 Core   1 Chonge   1 re sertion   piratary   1 erse   1 ict   1	SELECT WARD R 2) Lumbar Pun 3) N-G Insert 4) Porencente 5) Phatothera 6) Ronge of M Exercises Restraints 7) 2-Paint 8) 4-Point	Reg # OUTINE •••• ian sis py otian (Possive)	20) Simpl 21) Spec 22) Spin 23) Stroi 24) Surgi Sha 25) SS En 26) Tap W 27) Thara 28) Tube 29) Urine	e Drsg Change Gravity XCT ght Coth col ve Prep ema oter Enema centesis Care (nat trac)

Figure 4.1.1.1p

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date Time
	*** ADMIT ** TRANSFER	** DISCHARGE **	•
	1) Admit	:	
	2) Trans	fer	
	3) Disc)	norge	
0) Sign-Off	4) Doctor's Orde	er Screen	5) Moster Screen
Current User:	Selec	t one number (0-	5)>
	Figure 4.	1.1.2	
	Potient Orders For:	Maru Miser	
Press C	Ctrl ond S Keys to F	-	ng If Necessary
Poge No. 1 01/12/86			
Dote Time Or	rder	Frequency	Practitioner
01/11/86 14:14:23 Di 01/11/86 14:15:41 St 01/12/86 10:17:14 CI 01/12/86 10:17:40 St 01/12/86 10:18:00 Am 01/12/86 10:18:26 Pc 01/12/86 10:18:56 CC 01/12/86 10:19:26 CE	tort IV of .45 NaCl loride nylase otassium D2 BC	Infuse o 8Kr Daily @ 0600 Doily @ 0600 Daily @ 0600 Daily @ 0600	N. Lyon MD N. Lyon MD N. Lyon MD N. Lyon MD N. Lyon MD N. Lyon MD
01/12/86 10:19:54 PI 01/12/86 10:20:18 GI		Doily @ 0600 Daily @ 0600	

Figure 4.1.1.3

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Rag #	Date	Time	
	••• DISCO	NTINUE AN ORDER ***			

Date Start Order

Frequency Practitioner

0) Sign-Off 1) Next Order 2) Discontinue Order 3) Dr's Scrn 4) Moster Scrn

Current User:	
	Select one number (0-4)> •

Figure 4.1.1.4

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Word Room Bed P	atient	Reg # Date Time
	*** NURSING MAS	STER SCREEN •••
1) Enter/Inactivate	Nursing Care Plan	S) Review Patient Care Requirement
2) Review Nursing Ca	re Plan	6) Print Patient Care Requirements
3) Print Nursing Car	e Plan	7) Internal Patient Classification
4) External Patient	Classification	t
0) Sign-Of	F	8) Master Screen
Current User:	Sela	ect one number (0-8)> .
	Figure 5.	1.1
Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg # Date Time
*** SELEC	T THE DESIRED NURS	ING CARE PLAN FUNCTION
	1) Enter a New Care	a Plan
	2) Inactivate Porti	ions of Care Plans
0) Sign-Off	3) Nurse's Master	- Screen 4) Moster Screen
Current User:	Sele	act one number (0-4) ====> .
	Figure 5.1	1.1

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
	*** SELECT N	URSING DIAGNOSIS	•••	
	1) Comfort,	Alteration In: Po	nin	
	2) Communic	ation, Impaired: 4	Jerbol	
	3) Impoired	Physical Mobility	d	
	4) Self-Core	a Deficit		
0) Sign-Off	5) Nurse's M	laster Screen	6) Maste	er Screen
Current User:		Select one number	(0-6)>	• •
	Figure	5.1.1.1a		
Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Dote	Time
	ECT NURSING ASSES			•
1) Altered Time Perception		ding Behavior	12) Self-	Focusing
rerception		ired Thought	13) Talka	tive

lJ Altered lime Perception	/J Guarding Behavior	12) Self-Focusing
2) Alteration Muscle Tone	8) Impoired Thought Process	13) Talkative
3) Autonomic Response		14) Verbal Complaint
	9) Narrowing Focus	15) Vocal Complaints
4) Distraction Behavior	10) Pacing	(Moons, Crying)
5) Facial Mask	11) Patient Report	16) Withdrawal From Social Contact
6) Other Assessment: (		

Current User:

Select one number (01-16) ===>

Figure 5.1.1.1b

Word Room Bed P	atient	Reg <sup>.</sup> #	Date	Time	
	ECT A RELATED FACTOR G DIAGNOSIS OF COMFC			•	
1) Altered Sensatio	n	5) Surgical	Procedure	3	
2) Disease / Condit	ion	6) Trauma			
3) Emotional State		7) Treatmen	t <mark>Regime</mark>		
4) Other: [					
Current User:	Selec	t one number (	1-7]>	•	
	Figure 5.1.1.1c				
Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg #	Date	Time	
SELECT A PATIENT GOAL FOR A PATIENT WITH     NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF COMFORT ALTERATION IN: PAIN					
1) Co	1) Communicates Pain Free				
2) Co	mmunicates Experienc	es Less Pain			
3) Co	mmunicates Experienc	e of Pain More	Tolerable	3	
	nos Skills & Knowled				
5) Ot)	her Gools: [				
	1				

Current User: Select one number (1-5) ---->

Figure 5.1.1.1d

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg	*	Dote	Time	
•• SELECT A •• COMMUNICATES: PAI	NURSING ORDER FOR N FREE, EXPERIENCE				OTHER GOAL	••
	te Pain e Coping Strotegy lain Proc & Tests rders:	6) 7) 8) 9) 10)	Provide E Schedule Teoch Alt	Emotional "Quiet T : Coping :	Support	
current user:	Selec	t one nu	mber (01-	-10]>		
Figure 5.1.1.1e Word Room Bed Potient Reg # Dote Time						
	A NURSING ORDER FO IRATES SKILLS & KN				**	
	• Teoch Stress Re	duction	Technique	19		
	1) Deep Breat	hing				
	2) Progressiv	e Relaxa	ition			
	3) Reloxation	Respons	8			
4) Diversionol Activity 5) Other: []						
Current User: Select one number (1-5)>						

Figure 5.1.1.1f

Ward Room Bed	*** SELECT TIME,	Reg #	Date Time
1) PRN 2) Q 1-2 Hr PRN 3) Q 2-3 Hr PRN 4) Q 3-4 Hr PRN 5) On Call 6) QD 7) HS 8) × 1 9) Today @ 	<ul> <li>Daily @</li> <li>103 0200</li> <li>113 0400</li> <li>123 0600</li> <li>133 0800</li> <li>143 1000</li> <li>153 1200</li> <li>163 1400</li> <li>173 1600</li> <li>183 1800</li> <li>193 2000</li> </ul>	20) 2200 21) 2400 22) BID 23) Q 12 24) x 2 25) TID 26) AC 27) PC 28) Q 8 F 29) x 3	35) × 6 36) 0 2 Hr 37) × 12
40)	Help 41	Return to Callir	ng Screen
Current User:	Sel	lect one number ((	)1-41)>

Figure 5.1.1.1g

## HELP SCREEN FOR THE TIME MODULE

Hospital policy dictates the exact time for standardized abbreviations.

1-4) PRN 5-21) Single dosages 00 0900 HS 2200	31-33) Four times a day frequency
22-24) Twice a day frequency BID 0900 & 2100 Q 12 Hr 1200 & 2400	34-35) Six times a day frequency @ 4 Hr 0200, 0600, 1000, 1400, 1800, 2200
25-30) Three times a day frequency TID 0900, 1400, 2100	36-37) Twelve times a day frequency Q 2 Kr Even hours
AC 0700, 1100, 1700 PC 0900, 1300, 1900 Q 8 Mr 0600, 1400, 2200	38-39) 24 times a day frequency Q 1 Hr On the hour
🛛 Shift 0900, 1700, 0200	41) No frequency will be assigned

Figure 5.1.1.1h

You have identified teaching as a nursing intervention. Please specify the type of teaching that will be required. Remember to document the teaching you give to your patient.

A) Group Teaching
 D) Structured Teaching

 (ie. diobetic, cordiac,
 B) Preaperative Teaching
 calostomy core, past
 partum first 24 hr, newborn
 C) Return to Previous Screen
 care, or discharge)

Select one letter (A-D) ---> :

Figure 5.1.1.1i

You have identified emotional support as a nursing intervention. Emotional support is expected for each potient, but augmented staffing may be required for the following:

- Answer A-C anly if ematianal support is in excess of 30 min q24h •
- A) Patient/family support (ie. anxiety, denial, laneliness, etc.)
- B) Modification of lifestyle (ie. new prasthesis, body image, behavior modification, etc.)
- C) Sensary deprivation (ie. retorded, deaf, blind, language barrier, bilateral eye potches, canfused, cambative)
- D) Return to previous screen

Select one letter (A-D) ===> =

Figure 5.1.1.1j

Word Room Bed Pot	ient	Reg #	Date Time
	NURSING ASSESSME AGNOSIS OF COMML		
1) Anxiety	6) Inobilit	y to Xeor	10) Slurring
2) Disorientotion	7] Inobilit	y to Speck	11) Stuttering
3) Fear	8) Incompre	hensible Speech	12) Teorfulness
4) Frustration	9) Refusal	to Speak	13) Thought Disorder
5) Other Assessment: [			
Current User:	Selec	t one number (0)	1-13] ===>
	58180		1-13)>
	Figure 5.1	1.1.1k	
	116410 ).		
	···· ····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ward Room Bed Pat	ient	Reg #	Date Time
	T A RELATED FACT AGNOSIS OF COMML		
1) Anatomical Impairm	ent	6) Foreign	Language
2) Cultural Differenc		7) Mental (	
3) Developmental Age		8) Sedation	
4) Disease Process		9) Surgical	

Current User:

Select one number (01-10) --->

Figure 5.1.1.11

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
SELECI A PATIENT GOAL FOR A PATIENT WITH     **     NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF COMMUNICATION, IMPAIRED: VERBAL **				
1) Communicates Needs Thru Words 5) Reports Less Anxiety				
2) Comm Needs Thr	u Mechanical Tools	6) R	eports Less Fear	
3) Demo Skills to	Achieve Goals	7) Re	eports Less Stres	S
4) Other Goals: C				
Current User:	Selec	t one r	number (1-7)	>
,,,,,,,,,	Figure 5.1.	1.1m		
Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
	A NURSING ORDER FOR S NEEDS THROUGH USE O			
	_	_		
	f Communication Prob		Provd Translated	
2) Provide Emotiona			Provide Translat	
3) Provide Paper & 3		1	Simple Ques w/ Y	
4) Provide Spelling	Board		Use Sign Languag	
5) Other Nursing Order: [] 10) Use Establish Comm for ADL				
Current User: Select one number (01-10)>				

Figure 5.1.1.1n

War	d Room Bed Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
	<ul> <li>SELECT A NURSING ORDER FO</li> <li>REPORTS DECREASED LEVEL OF</li> </ul>			**
1)	Encourage Patient to Speak Slowly	6) Provide Tr	ranslated	Phase Chart
ຂງ	Encour To Util Coping Strategy	7) Provide Ti	ranslator	
сE	Explain Proc and Elicit Question	8) Simple Qu	estions w/	Y/N Answers
40	Provide Spelling Board	9) Use Sign 1	Language	
50	Other Nursing Orders:	10) Use Estab	lish Comm	for ADL

Current User:

Select one number (01-10) --->

Figure 5.1.1.10

Ward	Room Bed P	atient	Reg	#	Date	Time
SELECT A NURSING ORDER FOR A PATIENT WHOSE GOAL IS     DEMONSTRATES SKILLS TO ACHIEVE GOALS						
Teach Method Preop for Postop Use         * Teach Stress Reduction Techniques						
1)	Blink 1x For No	, 2× For Yes	63	Deep Brea	thing	
23	Squeeze Hand For	r Y/N Response	73	Diversion	al Activi	ties
30	Teach Proper Use	e of Mech Device	63	Progressi	ve Relaxa	tion
40	Apprise Others o	of Comm Problem	се	Relaxation	n Respons	8
5) Other Nursing Orders: []						
Curr	Current User: Select one number (1-9)>					

Figure 5.1.1.1p

Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg_#	Date	Time	
•• SELECT NURSING ASSESSMENTS FOR A PATIENT WITH •• •• NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF IMPAIRED PHYSICAL MOBILITY ••					
1) Confinement Impos	ed	7) Inabili	ty to Trans	fer	
2) Fatiques Easily		8) Inobili	ty to Turn		
3) Goit Impairment		9) Limited	Ronge of M	lotion (ROM)	
4) Impaired Coordina	tion	10) Relucto	nt to Move		
5) Inobility to Ambu	late	11) Use of	Assistive [	levices	
6) Other: [	:	1			
Current User:	Salact	: one number (	01-11];	,	
	Figure 5.1	.1.1q			
Ward Room Bed P	atient	Reg #	Date	Time	
	ECT A RELATED FACTO G DIAGNOSIS OF IMPA			•	
	1] Decreosed Activity Toleronce				
	2) Musculoskelet	ol Function		4	
	3) Neuromuscular	Function			
	4) Poin / Discon	fort			
	5) Treatment Reg	jime			
	6) Other: [	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Current User:	Sele	ect one number	(1-5)	•>	

Figure 5.1.1.1r

Ward	Room Bed Patient	Reg	r #	Date	Time
	<ul> <li>SELECT A PATIENT GOAL</li> <li>NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF IMPA</li> </ul>			u i n	**
		1 71	Mointoins	Full 80	м
1 J	Able to Tronsfer Independently		normeorns	I GII KO	
23	Able to Transfer w/ Assistance	83	Maintoin P	ottern	of Eliminatian
ЭЭ	Demas Skills ta Achieve Gaols	93	Maintain S	ikin Int	egrity
40	Increose Ronge of Mation (ROM)	10)	Na Additio	nol Con	troctures
53	Moint Effective Breathing Pottern	11]	Performs A	DL	
63	Other Gools: [				

Current User:

Select one number (01-11) --->

Figure 5.1.1.1s

Ward	Room Bed Patient	Reg	# Date Time
	SELECT A NURSING ORDER FOR     MAINTAINS FULL ROM, INCREASE     OR MAINTAINS EFFECTION	S ROM,	NO ADDED CONTRACTURES **
1]	Active Range Of Motion (ROM)	( 6)	Passive Range Of Motion (ROM)
ເຣ	Cough & Deep Breath	73	Positioning
ΞJ	Encourage Independent ADL	CB	Turning
43	Groduol Increose ADL Activity	90	Accom Pt Off Word (>15 <30min)
53	Other Nursing Orders:	10)	Accom Pt Off Word (> 30 min)

Current User:	Select one number (01-10)>	

Figure 5.1.1.1t

Ward	Room Bed P	atient	Reg	#	Date	Time		
	•• SELECT ••	A NURSING ORDER I MAINTAINS SKIN						
1]	Ambulate		71	Position	1			
20	Assist to Selec	t Diet	83	Protect	Boney Prom:	inences		
31	Encourage Indep	endent ADL	ce (	Protect	Pressure A	reas		
40	Massage to Prom	ote Circulation	10)	Provide	Safe Enviro	onment		
5)	Personal Posses	sions w∕in Reach	11)	Siderail	.9			
60	Other Nursing O	rders: [·····			- 1			
Curre	Current User: Select one number [01-11]>							
						ł		
Ward	Room Bad P	atient	Reg	#	Date	Time		
	•• SELECT A NURSING ORDER FOR A PATIENT WHOSE GOAL IS •• •• MAINTAINS PATIERN OF ELIMINATION OR PERFORMS ADL •• •• AFTER SOME SELECTIONS YOU WILL BE ASKED FOR FREQUENCY ••							
1) f	Ambulate with As	sistance	6) Ra	nge Of Mo	tion (ROM)			
5) I	Increase Independ	dence Doing ADL	7) Se	lect Diet	to Promote	a GI Functior		
3) F	lan for Continu	ing Care	8) Tu	rn				
4) F	osition							
5) (								
Curre	Current User: Select one number (1-8)>							

Figure 5.1.1.1v

Ward Room Bed Patient Reg # Date	Time							
•• SELECT A NURSING ORDER FOR A PATIENT WHOSE GOAL IS •• ABLE TO TRANSFER INDEPENDENTLY OR WITH ASSISTANCE	**							
1) Assist: Bed to Chair 4) Provide Helping Perso	חנ							
2) Assist: Bed to Wheelchair 5) Provide Mechanical Aid								
3) Other Nursing Orders: []								
Current User: Select one number (1-5)>								
Figure 5.1.1.1w	Figure 5.1.1.1w							
Ward Room Bed Patient Reg # Date	Time							
SELECT A NURSING ORDER FOR A PATIENT WHOSE GOAL IS     DEMOS SKILLS TO ACHIEVE GOALS	**							
1) Provide Opport To Practice Skills 5) Teach Required Exercis	58							
2) Teach Factors for Impaired Moblty 6) Teach Use of Adjuncts.	2) Teach Factors for Impaired Moblty 6) Teach Use of Adjuncts/Aids							
3) Teach Rationale for Skills								
1) Other Nursing Orders: []								
Current User: Select one number (1-6)>								

Figure 5.1.1.1x

Ward Room Bed Patient	Reg #	Date Time					
•• SELECT NURSING ASSESSMENTS FOR A PATIENT WITH •• •• NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF SELF-CARE DEFICIT ••							
1] Unable to Cloth Self	7] Unable to Get to BR	11) Unable to do Toile Hygiene					
2) Unable to Cut Food 3) Unable to Drink	<ul><li>B) Unable to Maint Appear</li><li>B) Unable to Select Cloth</li></ul>	12) Unable to Rise Off Toilet					
4) Unable to Fasten Cloth	10] Unable to Sit on Toilet/Commode	13) Unable to Flush Toilet					
5) Unable to Feed Self 6) Other Assessment: [		14) Unable to Wash Sel					

Current User:

Select one number (01-14) ===>

Figure 5.1.1.1y

Ward Room Bed	Patient	Reg #	Date	Time
	•• SELECT A RELATED FA •• NURSING DIAGNOSIS			

1]	Activity Intolerance	6)	Neuromuscular Impairment
ຊງ	Depression	71	Pain/Discomfort
зı	Developmental Phase	8)	Perceptual Impairment
4)	Musculoskeletal Function	9)	Sensory Impairment
5)	Other: []	10]	Severe Anxiety

Current User:						
		Select c	one num	nber	(01-10)	>
	1					

Figure 5.1.1.1z

۵W	ard Room Bed P	atient	Reg #	Date	Time			
<ul> <li>SELECT A PATIENT GOAL FOR A PATIENT WITH A **</li> <li>NURSING DIAGNOSIS OF SELF-CARE: DEFICIT **</li> <li>THEN SELECT CURRENT LEVEL OF CARE REQUIRED **</li> </ul>								
	• Patient	Goal *		• Curren	t Level *			
1]	Functions @ Level	0: Full Self Care	A:	] Infant/	Toddler Care			
20	Functions @ Level	1: Use of Equip or	Device B:	) Self/Mi	nimum Care			
33	Functions @ Level	2: Needs Assist/Su	pervisn C:	) Assiste	i Care			
40	Functions @ Level	3: Needs Assist &	Use Device D:	Complet	e Care			
5)	Functions @ Level Participate	4: Dependent & Doe	s Not E	] Total Co	1re			
Cu	rrent User:	Sele	ct one number (1	5]>	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
	Select one letter (A-E)>							

Figure 5.1.1.1aa

Ward Roc	m Bed Patier	nt Reg #	Date Time
		RSING ORDER FOR A PATIENT WH NIONS AT LEVEL O: FULL SELF-	
		Increasing Independence in a seding, bathing, toileting,	
	2) Peds Rec	creation/Observation	
	3) Other Nu	ursing Orders: [	ı

Current User:	Select one number [1-3]>

Figure 5.1.1.1ab

Word	Room Bec	1	Patier	ht		1	Reg	#	I	lote	Ti	me	
	**							IENT WHO			5 ••		
1]	Provide	Equip	For Bo	ithing	3		5)	Provide	a Equ	ip Fo	r Toi	lleting	r
23	Provide	Equip 3	For Dr	essi	g		63	Peds Re	ecred	tion/	Obser	rvation	1
33	Provide	Equip	For Fe	eding	J		73	Spoon A	Feed	Adult	. Poti	lent	
40	Other Nu [	rsing (				- J	8)	Spoon I	-eed	Child	(<6)	3	
Curre	ent User:					Select	one	number	(1-8	3)	->		
			F	'igu:	re 5	.1.1.	1ac						
													-
Word	Room Bed	L :	Potier	ht		1	Reg	*	I	)ote	Т	Lme	
	** ** FUNCI							IENT WHO E/SUPER					i
1) Ass	sist to D	ress		73	Feed	Adult B	Potie	ent	12)	Peds	Recre	ation/	Obs
2) Ass	sist To/F	rom Bat	throom	1 BJ	Give	Emation	nol S	Support	13)	Set u	p Foc	d Troy	
3] Ass	sist w∕ P	artiol	Both	ce	Give	Complet	te Bo	sth	14)	Shove	Poti	lent	
4) Ass	sist: Com	b/Brus)	n Hoir	103	Кеер	Commode		Bedside	15)	Sacia	lize	During	Mec
5) Dre	ss Potie	nt		11)	Kp Ur	inol/Be	edpor	Neor	16)	Spoon	Feed	Child	
6) Oth	ner: [	••••				· · J							
Curre	nt User:				Se	lect or	ופ הנ	umber (C	01-18		>		

Figure 5.1.1.1ad

394

Ward Room Bed Pati	ent	Reg #	Date	Time
		R FOR A PATIENT WH NEEDS ASSISTANCE A		
1) Assist to Dress	7] Feed	Adult Patient	12] Provide	Necesary Eqr
2) Assist To/From Bathro	om 8) Give	Emotional Support	13) Provide	For Hygiene
3) Assist w/ Partial Bat	h   9) Give	Complete Bath	14) Set Up	Food Tray
4] Assist: Comb/Brush Ha	ir 10) Keep	Commode @ Bedside	15) Spoon F	eed Child [<8
5) Dress Patient	11) Kp U	rinal/Bedpan Near	16) Ped's R	screation/Obs
6) Other: [				
Current User:	S	elect one number ()	01-16]>	
		5.1.1.1ae		
Ward Room Bed Patis	ent	Reg #	Date	Time
		R FOR A PATIENT WHO PENDENT AND DOES NO		
1) Assist To/From Bathroo	om  7) Give	Complete Bath	12] Spoon Fe	eed Child [<6
2) Assist To/From Commode	8) Give	Emotional Support	13) Other Ad	t [>15 <30mm
3) Assist: Comb/Brush Hai	Ir 9) Provi	ide for Oral Hygen	14) Other Ad	t [>30 <1 hr
4) Dress Patient	10) Prov	ide Personal Hygen	1S) Special	Proc (>1 <2h
5) Feed Adult Patient	11) Prove	ide Urina1/Bedpan		
6] Other: [			Partic	il Bath
Current User:	Se	elect one number (0	01-16) <b></b> >	

Figure 5.1.1.1af

Ward Room Bed	Patient		Reg #	Date	Time
	*** INACI	IVATE A NU	RSING CARE PLAN	•••	·
	lursing Diag		Assess	nent	
Reloted To Factor Nursing Order		lent Goal requency	Emotion/Teoch	Nurse	

0) Sign-Off 1) Next Plon 2) Inactivote Plan 3) Return 4) Master Screen

Current User:		
	Select one number (0-4) ====> *	

Figure 5.1.1.1ag

Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys to Pouse The Scrolling If Necessary Page No. 1 03/04/86 Time Nursing Diagnosis Assessment Dote Patient Gool Related To Emotional/Teach Nursing Order Frequency Nurse 01/01/86 10:06:24 Comfort Alteration In: Poin Alterotion In Muscle Tone Disease / Condition Communicates Experience Tolerable Poin Structured Teoching G. Hormeyer Teach Alt Coping Strotegies 01/01/86 10:08:12 Impaired Physical Mobility Reluctant To Move Musculoskeletal Function Able To Transfer With Assistance TID Structured Teaching G. Harmeyer Assist Bed To Wheelchair 01/01/86 10:10:58 Self-Care Deficit Unable To Do Toilet Hygiene Neuromuscular Impoirment Func @ Level 2, Needs Assist/Supervis Keep Commode @ Bedside Structured Teaching G. Harmeyer TID

Figure 5.1.1.2

Press -- Ctrl and S -- Keys To Pause The Scrolling If Necessary Page No. 1 01/12/86

Date	Time	Order	Frequency	Practitioner
	10.05.30	Tarah Alt Castas Chasterias		
		Teach Alt Coping Strategies		G. Harmeyer RN
01/11/86	12:08:07	Assist Bed To Wheelchair	TID	N. Lyons MD
01/11/86	13:10:15	Self/Minimum Care		G. Harmeyer RN
01/11/86	13:10:53	Keep Commode @ Bedside	TID	G. Harmeyer RN
01/11/86	14:13:47	Up in Chair w/ Assist	TID	N. Lyons MD
01/11/86	10:14:23	Digbetic Diet		N. Lyons MD
01/12/86	10:17:14	Cloride	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:17:40	Sodium		T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:18:00	Amylase		T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:18:26	Potassium	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:18:56	C02	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:19:26	CBC	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:19:54	Platlets	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:20:18	Glucose	Daily @ 0600	T. Bui MD
01/12/86	10:22:02	Intake & Output	TID	T. Bui MD

Figure 5.1.1.3

Patient: Mary Miser Is In: Category II Point Value Is: 27

Figure 5.1.1.4

#### \*\*\* SELECT ADD / DELETE A USER \*\*\*

- 11 Add A User
- 2) Delete A User

0) Sign-Off

Current User:	Select one number (0-2)> •

Figure 6

#### USER INFORMATION

\*\*\* THIS INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL \*\*\*

.

```
First Initial:
Middle Initial:
Last Name:
Category of
Requestor:
Password:
Access Level:
```

Figure 6.1

#### \*\*\* DELETE A USER \*\*\*

User's Name

Category Access Level

0) Sign-Off	1) Next User	2) Delete User	3) Add/Delete Scr
Current User:		Select one number	(0-3)> •
		·····	

Figure 6.2

### APPENDIX G

#### DATABASE STRUCTURE

Structure of the four databases used in the prototype project. Names have been elongated to provide more meaning for the reader.

Patient database

Field name LAST NAME FIRST NAME MIDDLE NAME RATE/RANK FMPSSN BIRTH DATE AGE SEX ADMISSION DATE REGISTRATION NUMBER MEDICAL DIAGNOSIS PHYSICIAN PROGNOSIS ALLERGIES WARD ROOM BED	Type Character Character Character Character Date Character Date Character Character Character Character Character Character Character Character Character Character	Width 20 12 3 11 12 8 3 1 8 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 1 1
Order database Field name FMPSSN ORDER FREQUENCY TIME DATE PRACTITIONER QUALIFIER TODAYONLY PATIENT POINTS MODULE MONITOR POINTS EMOTION POINTS ROUTINE POINTS	Type Character Character Character Character Character Character Character Numeric Numeric Numeric Numeric	Width 12 27 12 8 20 6 1 3 1 2 2 2 2

# Nursing care database

Field name	Туре	Width
FMPSSN	Character	12
NURSING DIAGNOSIS	Character	30
NURSING ASSESSMENT	Character	27
RELATED FACTORS	Character	25
PATIENT GOAL	Character	38
NURSE'S ORDER	Character	27
DATE	Date	8
TIME	Character	8
NURSE	Character	20
FREQUENCY	Character	12
EMOTIONAL/TEACHING	Character	19
REQUIREMENTS		

User's information database

Field name	Type	Width
USER'S FIRST INITIAL	Character	2
USER'S MIDDLE INTIAL	Character	Э
USER'S LAST NAME	Character	12
REQUESTOR	Character	Э
PASSWORD	Character	5
ACCESS LEVEL	Numeric	1

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# 217452

Thesis H26 c.1

Harmeyer Prototype model for automating nursing diagnosis, nurse care planning and patient classification.

26 FE. .7

32302

# 217452

Thesis	
Н26	Harmeyer
c.1	Prototype model for
	automating nursing
	diagnosis, nurse care
	planning and patient
	classification.



