

भूवैज्ञानिक प्रतिवेदन : कोयला गवेषण  
बेगुनिया प्रखण्ड, रानीगंज कोयला-क्षेत्र  
जिला बर्द्धमान (प० बंगाल)

GEOLOGICAL REPORT ON EXPLORATION FOR COAL  
Begunia Block, Raniganj Coalfield  
District : Bardhaman (W. Bengal)

खंड - १ क  
( विषय वस्तु )

VOLUME - I A  
(TEXT)



खनिज गवेषण निगम लिमिटेड  
( भारत सरकार का उद्यम )  
मार्च १९८४

MINERAL EXPLORATION CORPORATION LTD.  
( A Government of India Enterprise )  
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GEOLOGICAL REPORT ON EXPLORATION  
FOR COAL, BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ  
COALFIELD, DISTRICT: BANDHUPUR (W.B.)

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BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DIST.  
RICT: BARDHAMAN, WEST BENGAL

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GEOLOGICAL REPORT ON EXPLORATION FOR COAL

BIGUNTA BLOCK, RAMGANG COALFIELD

DISTT : BARDHAMAN (WEST BENGAL)

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GEOLICAL REPORT & ALGORITHM FOR COAL,  
BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTRICT:  
CT: PARHAMAN, WEST BENGAL.

SALIENT FEATURES

1. NAME OF THE BLOCK : Begunia Block.
2. LOCATION : Western part of Raniganj coalfield, east of Barakar river bound approximately by co-ordinates. North latitude  $23^{\circ}43'8''$  &  $23^{\circ}44'4''$  East longitude  $86^{\circ}47'46''$  -  $86^{\circ}49'46''$  on toposheet no 73 I/4 of survey of India.
3. AREA : 4.1 Sq. Km.
4. QUANTUM OF WORK :
  - i) Survey including triangulation with the help of theodolite and topographic mapping on 1:4000 scale with 2m. contour interval in an area of 4.1 Sq.Km.
  - ii) Geological mapping of 4:1 Sq.Km.
  - iii) Drilling
    - a) By M.E.C.L : 11,373.05 in 23 boreholes
    - b) By G.S.I. : 2,824.40 in 5 boreholes.

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14,197.45 in 28 boreholes.
5. DURATION OF FIELD OPERATION : Jan '80 to Nov., '82
6. OBJECTIVE :
  - a) To evaluate the lay and disposition of all persistent coal horizons of more than 0.50 thickness down to the Laikdih seam and to assess their quantity and quality.
  - b) to have an idea about the degree of pyrolytisation of coal seams.
  - c) also to have an idea of the occurrence of seams below Laikdih.
7. GEOLOGY :
  - The Begunia Block is covered by the rocks of Barakar and Barren Measure formations of western Raniganj coalfield. The generalised sequence is given in table II-2. Barakar formation

: ii :

their intermediate facies and coal seams is exposed in the northern boundary of the block.

The exposures Barron measures occupy a major portion of the block.

8. STRUCTURE

: The strike of the formations in Begumia block varies from WNW-ESE in western part to almost East-West in central part. The dips are southerly from  $4^{\circ}$  -  $5^{\circ}$  in the north to upto  $10^{\circ}$  in south.

Altogether 12 faults have been identified in the block on the basis of exploration. The details of which are given in table No. II-4.

9. COAL SEAMS

: Based on exploration, 13 coal horizons with thickness more than 0.50 m. have **been identified. Out of 13 coal seams** 7 have been discussed in detail and other remaining seam are described in a broad way due to paucity of exploration data for the horizons below Laikdih (Bottom).

10. QUALITY:

: Based on overall analysis (band by band and overall) the quality of the seam is assessed. The coal seams are graded as per Government of India Notification of 13th February 1981. The summarised quality of coal seams in Begumia block is given in table A.

11. RESERVES:

: The reserves (inland) upto Laikdih (D) seams have been calculated by Isochores method. The reserves for the seams occurring below Laikdih (Bottom), are calculated on average thickness basis and kept under inferred category. Both the category of the reserves are confined to the main block. and the summary of which is given below:

: iii :

: Summary of coal reserve  
(In million tonnes)

In-band coking	Proved - 34.298
	Inferred - 2.022
Non-coking	Inferred 110.110
	<hr/>
	TOTAL 146.43

summary of the reserves is given in  
Table - B

12. PYRROLITISATION

: 11 Coal seams out of 13 are partly or completely pyrolysed due to intrusion of Micaperidotite. Total reserves of Jhama up to Laikdih (bottom) seam are 49.35 m. tonnes.

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TABLE -A  
SUMMARISED QUALITY OF CO.L SEAMS OF  
SEGUNIA BLOCK ANG. AND COALFIELD,  
DISTRICT: JRDH. MUN, (WEST BENG.L)

S E A M	IN-BAND EX-BAND	COKING Thickness (m)	Grade	N C N - COKING				Grade	
				Thickness(m)		Thickness(m)			
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper		
1 (above ch-Segunia)	In-Band	0.00	1.05	17.00	32.20	Steel	12	13	
						Gr.II	11	14	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	1.04	17.00	3.20	-do-	-	-	
ch-Segunia I)	In-band	0.00	3.53	13.5	24.2	Steel	-	-	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	3.53	13.5	24.2	Gr.I	-	-	
ch-Segunia I)	In-band	0.00	1.20	19.5	36.6	-do-	-	-	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	1.20	16.8	33.6	W.Gr.I	V.G.	-	
						Steel	W.Gr.IV	-	
						Gr.II	-	-	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	1.15	23.4	33.1	-	-	-	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	1.15	23.4	33.1	W.Gr.II	W.Gr.IV	-	
ch (Top)	In-band	0.72	2.19	13.95	26.9	W.Gr.III	Steel	Gr.IV	
I)	Ex-band	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	23.65	15.00	22.6	Steel	W.Gr.II	-	
Ex-band	In-band	0.00	23.57	15.00	22.6	Gr.I	-do-	-	
Lih E&T/ om combined	In-band	4.10	7.80	15.55	24.4	Steel	W.Gr.III	-	
beam	Ex-band	4.10	7.30	15.55	24.4	Gr.II	-do-	-	
						-do-	-	-	

: v :

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Local (above Gopinathpur)	In-band	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	3.06	32.20	37.07	-	-
Gopinathpur (Top) (B-III)	Ex-band	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.58	2.71	26.2	34.43	E	C
Gopinathpur (Bot)	In-band	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.57	0.52	26.1	33.65	-	-
Local (above Salanpur)	In-band	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.57	2.25	26.1	32.2	E	C
Salanpur Group	Ex-band	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.12	2.40	29.11	45.7	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.12	2.22	29.11	49.1	E	D
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.62	6.15	32.6	44.0	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.62	4.23	31.55	40.8	E	D

\* SEMI BUREOUE TOP AND BOTTOM PORTIONS

W.G.R. = WASHERY INDEX.

: vi :

TABLE : I

SUMMARY OF OIL RESERVES IN BIRBALA BLOCK  
RATIGAN GULFFIELD, DISTRICT : JARDHALA, WEST BENGAL

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

C A T E G O R Y	S	E	C	T	O	R	T	U	P	L
	SECTOR - 01	SECTOR - 02	SECTOR - 03	SECTOR - 04						
C PROVED	1680	11039	18901	1399			33019			
O IN-BND										
K VIRGIN										
I PROVED	-	1102	777	-			1279			
N IN-BND										
G VIRGIN										
SUB TOTAL;	1680	12141	19078	1399			34298			
GOKING										
I PROVED										
VIRGIN										
SUB TOTAL :							2022			
MUNOCING										
I PROVED										
VIRGIN										
SUB TOTAL;							110110			
GRAND TOTAL:							110110			
							146430			
								0 R SIX : 14643 MILLION TONNES.		

GEOLOGICAL REPORT ON EXPLORATION FOR COAL, BEGUNIA  
BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTRICT:BARDHAMAN (W.B.)

CHAPTER - I

1.00.00 INTRODUCTION:

1.01.00 GENERAL:

1.01.01 The Raniganj Coalfield located in parts of Bardhaman District of West Bengal and Dhanbad District of Bihar is the most extensively developed coalfield in the country and also the predominant producer of medium coking coal.

1.01.02 The Begunia Block located in the western part of Raniganj coalfield contains several good quality medium coking coal seams as the present workings of Begunia and Laikdih seams in Begunia colliery are stopped against a major fault ( $F_1-F_1'$ ) in the south, it needed immediate detailed exploration for the continuance of mines towards south of the fault.

1.01.03 The Mineral Exploration Corporation Limited (MECL) was entrusted with the task of detailed exploration and assessment of coal resources in Begunia block by the Central Mine Planning Design Institute (CMPDI).

1.01.04 The exploration by drilling in the area was commenced on 11.1.1980 and completed on 20.11.1982. The Programme included detailed geological interpretation of sub-surface data obtained from boreholes and mines and surface geological mapping.

1.01.05 The present report is based on the results of detailed exploration comprising large scale surveying, geological mapping, drilling logging and analysis etc. carried out by MECL in Begunia and adjoining Chanch Block. It also incorporates the drilling and analytical data of boreholes, drilled by the Geological Survey of India. falling within the area and colliery data.

1.02.00 LOCATION:

1.02.01 The Begunia Block, covering an area of 4.1 sq.km lies in the western part of Raniganj Coalfield and located in District: ~~Murdhwar~~ . West Bengal and District: Dhanbad, Bihar. It falls between Latitudes  $23^{\circ}43'8''$  &  $23^{\circ}44'4''$  and Longitudes  $86^{\circ}47'46''$  &  $86^{\circ}49'46''$  and is included in Survey of India Topo Sheet No. 73<sup>I</sup><sub>T4</sub>. It is also covered in sheet No.4 of Geological Map of Raniganj Coalfield published by the Geological Survey of India (DRS Mehta 51-53).

1.03.00 BLOCK BOUNDARY:

1.03.01 The Exploration Block of Begunia ~~is~~ b.t.l as detailed in Table I-1.

BLOCK BOUNDARY

Table I - 1.

Direction	Limit
North	Northern boundary of Begunia Colliery.
West	Western boundary of Begunia Colliery.
East	Eastern boundary of Begunia Colliery.
South	Southern limit of the project as fixed by B.C.C.L. in Project report

1.04.00 COMMUNICATION:

1.04.01 The Begunia Block, which is about 45 Km from Dhanbad town, is well connected by rail ~~and road~~. The National Highway No.-2 (Grand Trunk Road) is passing through the northern boundary of the block whereas the Grand Chord Line of Eastern Railway is located about 2Km to the north of the Area. Barakar Railway Station, the nearest Railway Station on Grand Chord Line, is located about 2 Km towards the north. The Barakar town of Burdwan Distt., West Bengal and Chirkunda Town of Dhanbad District, Bihar are located towards northern boundary of the block.

1.05.01 TOPOGRAPHY:

1.05.01 The area is marked by general undulating topography with gentle southerly and south westerly slope. The maximum ground elevation is observed at Triangulation Station BT-9 (RL 125.55m) whereas the minimum ground elevation varies from 120 m. to 100m above the mean sea level.

1.06.00 DRAINAGE:

1.06.01 DRAINAGE: Barakar River flowing from north to south through the western part of the block forms the main drainage of the area. In addition to the Barakar river, there is one more small nala flowing through eastern and southern part of the block and finally drainage into Barakar river.

1.07.00 CLIMATE:

1.07.01 The coalfield lies in the sub-humid region of West Bengal and Bihar. The maximum temperature during summer (April-mid-June) rises upto 42°C. During winter months (Late November to February) the temperature goes down to 15°C. The average annual rainfall in the area is about 142cm.

1.08.00 PREVIOUS WORK.

1.08.01 Raniganj Coalfield has distinction of having the first mining venture for coal in the country. Mining of coal in this coalfield dates back to 1774 A.D.

1.08.02 D.H. William, the Geological Surveyor of East India Company, carried out the first Geological Mapping of the field during 1845-46. Blandford and Wilson (Mem. G.S.I. Vol-III pt. 1, 1861) surveyed this Coalfield in 1858-60, Subsequently, Walker and Simpson (1915) used 1:15340 Maps (enlarged from 1:63,360 Maps) to revise the Geological Map. E.R. Gear-surveyed the field during 1925-28 and his findings are published in Mem. G.S.I. Vol. LXI (1932).

1.08.03 During 1951-53, a revision Survey of Raniganj Coalfield was carried out by Mehta and others (Mem. G.S.I. Vol -84 pt. I-1956).

1.08.04 Since 1956, many areas of Raniganj Coal-field have been explored by regional drilling by the Geological Survey of India, and in detail by various agencies viz: Indian Bureau of Mines, National Coal Development Corporation, MECL and CMPDIL.

1.08.05 As a part of the systematic exploration programme for coal by the Geological Survey of India exploratory drilling was undertaken by G.S.I. in 1973 in Chanch-Begunia area, which includes Begunia exploration block of MECL. The findings of this exploration is recorded in an unpublished report of G.S.I.

1.08.06 Based on available data, B.C.C.L. and CMPDIL prepared geological reports on Begunia Project in November 1974 and March 1981, respectively.

1.08.07 STATUS OF MINING: Out of 6 seams under detailed description in this report, only two seams, viz, Chanch-Begunia and Laikdih (Bottom and Top/Bottom combined) have been mined, that too, only in the northern part of the block, north of major fault F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>1</sub>. In order to mine seam Chanch-Begunia south of fault F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>1</sub> a drift has been driven through the fault which has not seam Chanch-Begunia in its down throw side.

#### 1.09.00 OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE OF PRESENT WORK:

1.09.01 OBJECTIVES: The detailed exploration in Begunia Block was undertaken to prove lay and disposition of all the persistent seams of more than 0.50m. thickness down to Seam Laikdih and to assess their quantity and quality. As igneous activity is very much evident in the area, the degree of Pyrolytisation of Coal seams due to igneous intrusion was also to be determined in a broad way to arrive at the quality of mineable Coal from the heat affected seams. In the process of exploration, a few borehole were drilled

below seam Laikdih to have an idea of occurrence of lower seams.

1.09.02 SURVEYING:

The triangulation net work already laid in the MECL's Chanch Block, which is just West of Begunia Block, was extended to cover the Begunia Block. A total of 4.10 sq.km. area of Begunia Block has been triangulated and surveyed which includes mapping of surface feature on 1:4000 scale and contouring at 2m. interval. The reduced levels of the survey stations, bore-hole locations and pits are with respect to the Bench Mark at a Railway culvert on Kudhia river on Grand Chord line about 18 km west of the area and was connected to pits of Chanch & Begunia Collieries. The accuracy of levelling was found to be within 0.05 M/ft (where 'M' stands for Miles and 'ft' for feet). Magnetic bearing of the base line in Chanch Block was observed by prismatic compass and all the coordinates have been calculated on the basis of this bearing. The co-ordinates and reduced levels of Triangulation Stations, boreholes and mine pits are given in Appendices I-A & I-B (Survey plan: Plate-II).

1.09.03 GEOLOGICAL MAPPING:

The Geological Mapping was carried out on 1:4000 scale over an area of about 4.10 sq.km. by plane table and telescopic alidade. Various litho-units and structural details were recorded. For this purpose the survey plan of 1:4000 was taken as the base map (Geological Map:Plate-II)

1.09.04 DRILLING:

In this block, in all 14,197.45 m. of drilling has been carried out in 28 boreholes out of which MECL drilled 11,373.05 m. in 23 boreholes (RBG-1 to RBG-20 and RCB-7,13 & 33) and rest of 2824.40 m. has been drilled by GSI in five boreholes (RKB-1A,2,4,5 & 6). The deepest borehole drilled in the area is RBG-12(807.10m).

The data of all these boreholes as well as those drilled in adjoining blocks e.g. Chanch, have been considered for preparation of this Report.

1.09.05 LOGGING:

The entire drill cores recovered from the MECL boreholes were logged in detail for lithology, visible mineral assemblage and structural features. The detailed run-wise lithologs are included in Appendix-II. The Lithology and structural features recorded in all the boreholes are plotted in the graphic lithologs on 1:1000 R.F. (Plates IIIA to IIIC). A further precision in defining the floor and roof of the seam was introduced in the lithology after receipt of the analytical results of coal seams.

1.09.06 SAMPLING: The coal seams of thicknesses more than 0.50m., intersected in boreholes drilled by MECL were logged in detail, demarcating visible dirt bands and coal etc. The entire coal seam including dirt bands, wrapped in alkathene foils and packed in wooden boxes, were delivered to the analytical laboratories.

1.09.07 Out of 23 boreholes drilled by MECL, the coal seams of 13 boreholes (RBG-1 to 11 & RCB-7 and 13) were sent to Raniganj Coal Survey Laboratory (CFRI), for band-by-band and overall analysis. The coal seams from rest of the boreholes were sent to private analysts M/s ESCAPS (India) Pvt. Ltd. & SUPCO Pvt. Ltd. for band-by-band and overall analysis on the advice prepared by MECL in consultation with CMFDI.

1.09.08 ANALYTICAL DATA: The analytical data in respect of coal seams received from CSL and private analysts have been utilised in this Report. Till 30th April 1983, band-by-band analysis for all the boreholes were received from CSL and private analyst. Out of 13 boreholes Coal cores (RBG-1 to 11 and RCB-7, 13&35) sent to CSL, Raniganj, the overall analysis has been received only for 5 boreholes (RBG-3,5,9,10 and RCB-7). For rest of

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boreholes (RBG-1,2,4,6,7,8,11 and RCB-13) the overall quality has been determined from band-by-band analysis by weighted average. Out of 10 boreholes coal cores (RBG-12 to 20 and RCB-33), sent to private analysts the band by band and overall analysis of all the boreholes have been received except one (RBG-20). The analytical data and quality of coal seams is included in Appendices IV, V & VI. The seam structure of coal seams were prepared from band-by-band analysis (Plates VII-1 to VII-12).

- 1.09.09 WASHABILITY TESTS: M/S ESCPS (INDIA) PVT. LTD. carried out washability tests on coal cores of RBG-18 for Chanch-Begunia seam only. The results of these tests are given in detailed description of Chanch-Begunia Seam.
- 1.09.10 PHYSICO MECHANICAL TEST: Test to determine physico mechanical Properties of rocks from roof and floor of the Chanch-Begunia seam was carried out by Mining Laboratory of CMPDI (HQ) on cores of bore-hole RBG-18. The compressive strength, tensile strength, shear strength, protodyakonov strength index and bulk density of the rocks were determined and results of these are given in Chapter-VII.
- 1.10.00 LIMITATIONS:
- 1.10.01 The spacing of boreholes were generally attempted at 400 m. grid pattern. This however could not be strictly followed due to mine workings and topographical limitations.
- 1.10.02 The lay and disposition of the seams depict the structural geometry interpreted from boreholes and surface geological data.
- 1.10.03 Due to large spacing of boreholes it was not possible to correlate minor faults and slips between boreholes. As such the floor contours of the seams are drawn taking into account correlatable faults only. The faults with less than 10m. throw have not been normally considered unless there is positive proof from borehole or mine working data.

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- 1.10.04      Incrop position of seams have been extrapolated on the basis of geological cross-sections floor and surface contour plans.
- 1.10.05      In the absence of any positive evidence, the dip of the faults have been assumed to be 60° in most of the cases.
- 1.10.06      The extent of pyrolitisation of coal seams is based on borehole data and is highly interpretative. As such, the extent of pyrolitisation as indicated in various seam folio plans should not be considered as firm.
- 1.10.07      Although the objectives of the exploration in Begunia Block was limited to the assessment of coal potentiality and quality of seams Laikdih and above, an attempt has been made to correlate and assess the quality and quantity of lower seams (below Seam Laikdih) also on the basis of limited available data. As such the reserves of these seams may be considered as tentative.

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## CHAPTER - II

2.00.00 GEOLOGY:

2.01.00 REGIONAL GEOLOGY:

2.01.01 Raniganj Coalfield occupies an area of 1550 sq.km. out of which a small portion in the west separated by river Barakar lies within Dhanbad district of Bihar, while the rest of the coalfield lies in West Bengal. It is bounded in the north, west and south by Archeogens. Its extension towards east is not precisely known as it is covered by laterite and alluvium.

2. .02 The general stratigraphic sequence of the Raniganj coalfield is given in Table No. : II-1.

TABLE: II-1.

### GEOLOGICAL SUCCESSION OF RANIGANJ COALFIELD ( After Geological Survey of India )

Recent		Alluvium and sandy soil
quaternary		Laterite, Lateritic gravel, clay and sand.
Upper Gondwana Group	Supra-panchet Formation	Red sandstone and clays mica-peridotite and dolerite intrusives.

#### Un-conformity

Lower Gondwana Group	Damuda Sub-Group	Panchet Formation	Green, grey and brownish and sandstones
		Raniganj Formation	Coarse to fine grained mica-ceous and cal-careous, sandstones, grey, sand and carbonaceous shale CO/L SE/M
		Barren Measure Formation (Ironstone Shale Formation).	Dark grey arenaceous ferruginous and mica-ceous shale with clay, iron-stone bands at places

Lower Gondwana Group	Demuda Sub-group	Barakar Formation	Coarse-to fine-grained feldspathic sandstone grey sandy and carb. shale and COAL SEAMS.
		Talchir Formation	Fine-to coarse-grained greenish sandstone, olive green shale and boulder bed.
<u>Un-conformity</u>			
	Archeans		Granite-gneiss, amphi- bolites and schists.

- 2.01.03      The oldest Gondwana member, the Talchir Formation is well developed in the north-western part of the area and passes under the Barakar Formation. It thins out towards southwest.
- 2.01.04      Barakar Formation, which overlies Talchir Formation is more than 600m. thick in places and contains mainly coarse-to fine-grained feldspathic sandstone, grey sandy and carb. shales and numerous coal seams, which are irregular in nature as far as their thickness and intervening partings are concerned.
- 2.01.05      The Barren Measure Formation, known as ironstone-shale Formation in Raniganj coalfield, overlies Barakar Formation and occupies well marked topography. These are devoid of coal seams and are overlapped by Raniganj Formation in the southwest.
- 2.01.06      The coal seam of Raniganj Formation is consistent in thickness and quality over large areas and is rarely affected by basic or ultra-basic intrusives. The proportion of coal to total thickness of strata is less in case of Raniganj Formation than Barakar Formation. The sandstones of Raniganj Formation are calcareous in nature.
- 2.01.07      The Panchet Formation occupies the basin in the middle of the field and extends to the southern margin.
- 2.01.08      The Supra-Panchet Formation, which belongs to Upper Gondwana Group unconformably overlies the

Panchet Formation and consists of very coarse to coarse-grained, red, yellow and grey quartzitic and quartz-feldspathic sandstones, conglomeratic at places.

2.01.09 Ultrabasic intrusive bodies are mainly occurring in Barakar Formation where it has affected almost all the coal seams to a greater or lesser degree.

2.02.00 GEOLOGY OF BEGUNIA BLOCK:

2.02.01 The block under consideration occurs in the western part of Raniganj Coalfield and is completely covered with alluvium except at a few places where rocks of Barren Measures Formation are exposed. The general stratigraphic sequence in this part of the coalfield is given in Table-II-2.

TABLE : II-2.  
GENERAL STRATIGRAPHIC SEQUENCE IN BEGUNIA BLOCK,  
RANIGANJ COALFIELD.

Lower Gondwana Group	Damuda Sub-Group	Barron Measure Formation	Thick, dark grey to black ferruginous laminated shale with clay and ironstone bands at places.
		Barakar Formation.	Very coarse-grained, conglomeratic sandstones to finegrained feldspat sandstones, grey sandy and carb. shales and coal seams
		Talcher Formation	Fine-grained greenish sandstones.
		Un-conformity	
		Archaean	Granito-greiss, Amphibolities and schists.

2.02.02 The Barren Measure Formation, which was earlier called Iron-Stone Formation by Gee and which occupies major portion of the block on surface is identified by the typical lithology of monotonous black, micaceous shale weathering to brown with numerous thin bands of hard clayey Iron-Stone projecting out and breaking into fragments. It is devoid of any coal seams.

2.02.03

The Barakar Formation, which underlies Barron Measure Formation with its sandstones, shales and coal seams, is exposed towards the northern boundary of the block. The passage from the Barron Measure Formation to the Barakar Formation is gradational everywhere and the transition is characterised by 5-m. to 10-m. thick laminated shale and sandstone. The Barakars are predominantly arenaceous with thick beds of different types of sandstones shales and coal seams. This is the only formation in this part of coal-field which contains coal seams. A generalised sequence of coal seam and their intervening parting is given in Table :II-3.

TABLE:II-3.

Generalised sequence of coal seams and their intervening parting occurring in Barakar Formation of Begunia Block, Raniganj Coalfield.

(Based on Borehole data)

Coal seam/ Parting	No. of full in- ter sec- tion in boreholes	Range of thi- ckness		Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
Local above Chanch-Bo- gunia	20	0.30	1.05	Mainly Coal ex- cept around boreholo RBG-10 where it is Jh. & M.P.
Parting	15	56.72	78.85	
Chanch-Bo- gunia (B-VII).	22	2.25	4.15	Mainly coal ex- cept at a few places where it is Jh. & M.P.
Parting	16	56.15	75.99	
Chanch-Bogu- nia Special (B-VIIA)	21	0.64	2.01	Coal, Jhama, M.P.
Parting	14	78.55	97.32	

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1	2	3	4	5
Jograd (B-VII.)	18	0.05	1.15	Coal, Jhama, M.P.
Parting	17	44.00	81.11	
Laikdih(Top) (B-VI)	8	3.50	6.55	Jh.+M.P. Except in RBG-20 where it is Coal+Jh. M.P.
Parting	6	-	39.86	
Laikdih Bot- tom and Top/ Bottom (B-V)	19	18.50	32.03	Coal, Jhama, M.P.
Parting	3	48.45	65.50	
New Seam (B-VA) (Ramakrishna Seam)	6	11.55	18.20	Jh, M.P., Coal
Parting	2	65.88	91.55	
Local	4	1.00	3.06	Coal
Parting	4	4.12	16.65	
Gopinathpur (Top)(B-IV)	8	1.17	2.93	Coal, Jhama, M.P.
Parting	8	2.12	20.14	
Gopinathpur (Bottom)(B-IV)	8	1.12	3.03	Coal, Jhama, M.P.
Parting	8	5.90	68.72	
Brindawanpur Group(B-III)	5	14.95	19.46	Contains 4 to 7 horizons of coal bands. The range of thi- ckness given in the total thi- ckness of all the bands.
Parting	4	14.80	39.62	
Local	4	0.62	6.15	Coal
Parting	4	11.84	50.01	
Kalimati/Salanpur group(B-II)	5	21.87	33.02	C, Jh, M.P. in borehole RCB-7, it is found to split into three.

- 2.02.04 Talchirs which occurs below Barakar Formation is not exposed anywhere within the block. Only in one borehole (RBG-10) it has been intersected at a depth of 674.85m. where it is light green, fine-grained sandstone.
- 2.03.00 GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE:
- 2.04.00 REGIONAL GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE:
- 2.04.01 The structure of Raniganj Coalfield is comparatively simple, with dip $\exists$  in the greater part of the area towards the south. The dips in the north are usually  $5^{\circ}$  rarely exceeding  $10^{\circ}$  towards south. There are several large faults in the field along the northern boundary with the general NW-SE trend and generally having down throw towards north-east. Located towards south of the basin, the main boundary fault, consisting of a series of large en-echelon faults, limits the preservation of Gondwanas. It has a throw of about 2,700m. in the vicinity of Panchet hills. The northern limit of the basin is of natural deposition and represents the undulating Archean surface during deposition. There are many crossfaults, some of them of considerable throw, which disturb the northern boundary and continue southwards for great distance within Gondwanas.
- 2.05.00 GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE OF BEGUNIA BLOCK:
- 2.05.01 STRIKE AND DIP:
- The strike of the formation in Begunia Block varies from WNW-ESE in the western part to almost East-West in central part. The dip, which is always southerly, is observed to be comparatively higher in the southern area where it is  $10^{\circ}$  than in the northern part of the Block where it is  $4^{\circ}$ - $5^{\circ}$  only.
- 2.05.02 FAULTS:
- Based on the borehole data, geological mapping and study of mine working plans, all together twelve faults has been identified within the block, all of which are more or less curvilinear and oblique fault. These twelve faults are

grouped in eight, because two faults  $F_1$ - $F_1$  and  $F_2$ - $F_2$  splits into three faults each which again merges within the block. These splits of the fault have been numbered as  $F_{-1a}$ ,  $F_{-1b}$ ,  $F_{-1c}$ , and  $F_{-2a}$ ,  $F_{-2b}$ , and  $F_{-2c}$ , just to indicate that these are splitted faults from faults  $F_1$  and  $F_2$ . Most of these faults are dipping towards south or south-east except three,  $F_3$ ,  $F_7$  and  $F_8$  which dips towards north and north-west. The detailed description of faults is given in the Table : II-3.

2.05.03 STRATUM CONTOURS AND GEOLOGICAL CROSS-SECTIONS:

2.05.04 Stratum Contour Plans of five seams, viz. Local above Chanch - Begunia, Chanch - Begunia, Chanch - Begunia Special, Jograd and Laikdih (Bottom and Top/Bottom) have been prepared on 1:4000 scale, based on sub-surface data of the MECL and GSI boreholes and also available mine data of the worked seams. The floor contours have been drawn at 10m. intervals. The plans are given in Plates VI-1 to VI-5.

2.05.05 A series of Geological Gross Sections have been prepared on 1:4000 scale and these have been incorporated in plates-V.

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TABLE : II - 4

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF FAULTS IN BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD

LTS	LOCATION AND LINEAR EXTENSION	STRIKE & DIP	THROW	INTERSECTION IN BOREHOLES		EVIDENCE
				NO. OF B.H.	APPROX DEPTH	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F <sub>1</sub>	400 m. west of RCB-13, passes south of RCB-7 and splits into two F <sub>1a</sub> & F <sub>1b</sub> at about 200 m. west of RBG-14 and again merges together at about 120m. north of RBG-20 and also merge with Fault F-2 and continue eastward.	ENE-WSW 60° towards south.	60m. in the RCB-13 west to 130m towards the RBG-20 east.	RCB-13	560m	Seam Laikdih & New Seam faulted.
F <sub>1a</sub>	Splits from fault F-1 at about 200m west of RBG-14 passes 220m. north of RKB-4 and merges with fault F-1 <sup>at</sup> about 120m north of RBG-20 to form fault F-1.	ENE-WSW 60° due South.	20m near RBG-14 and increase to 70m near RBG-2(320m north of borehole)	RBG-14 RKB-4 RK3-2	245 m. 362.95m 410 m	Parting between Seams Chanch-Begunia special and Jograhad faulted. Floor of Laikdih Seam faulted. Seam Laikdih and New Seam faulted due to combined effect of F-1a and F-1b.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F <sub>-1b</sub> -F <sub>-1b</sub>	Splits from F-F <sub>-1b</sub> about 200m west of RBG-14, passes north of RK3-4 and runs more or less parallel to Fault F <sub>-1b</sub> , it at about 120m north of RBG-20. This fault itself splits into two, F <sub>-1b</sub> and F <sub>-1b</sub> with depth near RKB-4.	ENE-WSW 60° due south. depth near RKB-4, due south and again merges with it north of RK3-2. It is not outcropping on surface.	90m near RBG-14 and decrease to 30m towards east.	RKB-2	220m 410m	Seam Chanch-Beguni a Faulted. Seam Laikdih and New Seam faulted to combined effect of Fault F <sub>-1b</sub> .
F <sub>-4c</sub> -F <sub>-1c</sub>	This fault splits ENE-WSW from fault F <sub>-1b</sub> at 60° - 45° depth near RKB-4, due south and again merges with it north of RK3-2. It is not outcropping on surface.	25 m	RBG-1	320 m	Parting between Chanch-Beguni a at Jograd faulted.	
			RBG-2	316m	Seam Jograd faulted.	
			RKB-4	240m	Chanch-Beguni a special faulted combined effect of fault 1b to 1c	
F <sub>-2</sub> -F <sub>-2</sub>	130m south east of NE-SW to NNE-WSW to - 240m. South east of RK3-14, wards and splits into three east 60° faults, F <sub>-2</sub> F <sub>-2</sub> F <sub>-2</sub> at 52°t 72°t 56°t of RBG-19, which passes North of RK3-2 and again merges together as walls "with" Fault F <sub>-1</sub> at about 120m.	165m to RBG-7	285m	Local above Chanch-Beguni a and Beguni a seems faulted.		
		RBG-9	317m	Seam Local above Chanch-Beguni a faulted.		
		RBG-20	175m	Seams above Laikdih (Top) faulted to combined effect of faults F <sub>-1</sub>		
		RBG-12	547m	Seam Jograd to Laikdih and part New Seam faulted.		

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F <sub>-2a</sub> -F <sub>-2a</sub>	Splits from fault NE-SW to ENE-WSW to -	100 m. to 110 m.	RK3-2	365m	Jogrard seam is faulted.		
F <sub>-2</sub>	fault about 120m south of RG-19, passes 260m north-60° due south west of RKB-5, 220m east. north of RKB-2 and merges with fault F <sub>-2b</sub> , F <sub>-2c</sub> and F <sub>-1</sub> at about 120m north of RG-20.	wards east	RKB-5	385m	Seam Chanch-Begunia Jogrard fault due to combined effect of F <sub>-2a</sub> , F <sub>-2b</sub> and F <sub>-c</sub> .		
F <sub>-2b</sub> -F <sub>-2b</sub>	Splits from fault NE-SW to ENE-WSW to -	100 m. to 110m.	RKB-2	385m	Chanch-Begunia seam faulted		
F <sub>-2</sub>	fault about 120m. south of RG-19, passes 240m north 60° due south west of RKB-5, 190m east. north RKB-2 and merges with fault F <sub>-1</sub> and F <sub>-1</sub> at about 120m north of RG-20.	wards east	RKB-5	380m	Scan Chanch-Begunia to Jogrard fault due to combined effect of F <sub>-2a</sub> , F <sub>-2b</sub> and F <sub>-c</sub> .		
F <sub>-2c</sub> -F <sub>-2c</sub>	Splits from fault NE-SW to ENE-WSW to -	115m.	RKB-2	219 m.			
F <sub>-2</sub>	at about 120m south of RG-19, passes 250m west 60° due south of RKB-5, 160m east. north of RKB-2 and merges with fault F <sub>-1</sub> at about 120m north of RG-20.	wards east.	RKB-5	375m	Scans from Chanch-Begunia to Jogrard faulted due to combined effect of fault F <sub>-2a</sub> , F <sub>-2b</sub> and F <sub>-2c</sub> .		

1 ..... 2 ..... : 19 : ..... 5 ..... 6 ..... 7 .....

F<sub>-3</sub>-F<sub>-3</sub> Originates 360m north-west of RBG-14, passes 300m north-west of RBG-8 and 16m north west of RBG-13.

NNE-SSW to NE-SW, 60° due north- west cases towards north-south

0.30m. incr- RBG-10 24m.

1) Parting Laikdih and New seam faulted in between RBG-10.

2) Encountered in the working of Chanch-Begunia Seam in Begunia Colliery (Begunia Seam working).

F<sub>-4</sub>-F<sub>-4</sub> Located in the Western part of the block, passes 100m west of RCB-7, 75m west of RBG-11, 120m west of RBG-10 and 10m west of RCB-33.

NNE-SSW to NE-SW, 60° due east. to 60m towards south. RBG-11

40m in north RCB-7 178m

100m west of RBG-11, 120m west of RBG-10 and 10m west of RCB-33.

Local above Chanch-Begunia faulted alongwith part of Barron Measure Seams from Chanch-Begunia to Jograd faulted due to combined effect of F<sub>-5</sub> and F<sub>-6</sub>.

F<sub>-5</sub>-F<sub>-5</sub>

parallel to F<sub>-4</sub>-F<sub>-4</sub> NNE-SSW to NE-SW 60° towards west, passes due east.

115m, west of RCB-7, 90m west of RBG-11, 130m west of RBG-10 and 85m west of RCB-33.

RBG-10  
RCB-7

222m  
220m

RBG-11

120m

Jograd Seam faulted. Seam Chanch-Begunia Special fault due to combined effect of F<sub>-4</sub>, F<sub>-5</sub> and F<sub>-6</sub>.

RBG-10  
RCB-33

222.35m  
149m

Roof of Laikdih seam faulted. Jograd Seam faulted due to combined effect of F<sub>-5</sub> and F<sub>-6</sub>.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F <sub>-6</sub> -F <sub>-6</sub>	Located almost parallel to fault NE-SW. 60° due increases towards F <sub>-4</sub> and F <sub>-5</sub> , passes east.	NNE-SSW to 50m to 70m, RC3-33	155m	Jograd seam faulted due to combined effect of F <sub>-5</sub> and F <sub>-6</sub>			
F <sub>-4</sub>	120m west of RBG-11, 200m west of RBG-10 and 100m west of RC3-33.	south.	RBG-11	155m	Chanch-Begunia to Jograd seams faulted due to combined effect of F <sub>-4</sub> and F <sub>-6</sub> .		
F <sub>-5</sub>			RBG-10	328m	Parting between New seam and Gopi pur faulted.		
F <sub>-7</sub> -F <sub>-7</sub>	Located South of NE-SW, in the Block, passes the west to almost east- in the west. RC3-13, the 125m south of RBG-15 and 200m south of RBG-9.	10m in the east to 50m in the west. RBG-6	RBG-7	390m	New seam faulted.		
F <sub>-8</sub> -F <sub>-8</sub>	Located 160m south of RBG-6.	ENE-WSW 60° C-5m due north.	RBG-6	355m	Parting between Chanch-Begunia and Chanch-Begunia special seams faulted. Some Local above Chanch-Begunia		
				268m			
		-----000-----					

1) Parting between Chanch-Begunia

and Chanch-Begunia Special faults

2) Encountered in the main drift

Begunia Colliery.

### CHAPTER - III

3.00.00 COAL SEAMS :

3.01.00 GENERAL :

3.01.01 The detailed exploration for coal in Begunia Block has revealed the existence of as many as 13 coal horizons with thickness more than 0.50m from Salanpur to Local above Chanch-Begunia. All these seams are confined within Barakar Formation. The local nomenclature of seams presently in practice in the area has normally been accepted and used in this report except in a few cases where minor modification has been made.

3.02.00 SEAM CORRELATION:

3.02.01 For the seam correlation, established criteria such as thickness and quality of the seam, persistence of the development, thickness and lithology of the intervening parting between seams, roof and floor of the seam and marker horizons have been considered.

3.02.02 While attempting the correlation of the various seams, due care has been taken to identify and correlate each coal horizon in different boreholes including these in the adjoining area. As the objective of exploration was to assess the quality and quantity of seam from top to Laikdih, the maximum number of boreholes were drilled upto Seam Laikdih only. Because of the availability of data and persistency of seam thickness, it was easier to correlate the seam Laikdih and above. Correlation of Lower Seams posed problem mainly due to paucity of data and as such, instead of correlating each and every coal horizon of seams lower to Laikdih, it has been identified in groups.

3.02.03 The seam has been considered as split, where the intervening parting persistantly exceeds 0.30m.

3.02.04 The correlation chart of the coal seam is given in Plate IV, while graphic seam correlation is given in Plate IVB.

3.03.00 COKING AND NON-COKING COAL:

3.03.01 After careful study of quality and coking properties of the seam, the following seam have been considered as Medium coking and non-coking.

Seam Local above Chanch-Bogunia ] Medium coking  
to New seam ]

Seams Below New Seam Non-coking

3.04.00 BASIS FOR THE THICKNESS AND QUALITY DETERMINATION

3.04.01 The assessment of the thickness, quality and general characteristics of the coal seam have been arrived at, based on the analytical results of the coal core samples supplied by Coal Survey Laboratory (Raniganj), CFRI, Raniganj, and private Analysts viz M/s Escaps India (Pvt.) Limited and SUPCO.

3.04.02 While determining the quality of the coal seam, bands containing ash upto 35% has been considered as 'COAL', with ash content between 35-50% are considered as 'Shaly Coal' whereas between 50-75% it is considered as carbonaceous Shale. In case of coking coal bands with more than 35% ash and 0.05 thickness has been taken as 'Dirt Band', while in case of non-coking coal, the bands with more than 50% Ash and 0.05m. thickness has been considered as dirt.

3.04.03 While determining the in-band thickness of the coal seams, carbonaceous shale and shale bands alone upto 0.30m. thickness have been considered within the seam.

The coal bands occurring close to a seam and having thickness more than the intervening parting of dirt band upto 0.30m in thickness are included within the seam.

3.04.04 The analytical data on 'Overall Analysis' of various coal seams, excluding dirt bands of more than 35% Ash and 0.05m thickness, have been supplied by Raniganj Coal Survey Laboratory in respect of 5 boreholes i.e. RBG-1, 5, 9 & 10 and RCB-7 and

from Private Analyst it is available for 10 boreholes i.e. RDG-12 to 19 and RCB-13 and 33. For rest of the borehole, the overall analysis of the seam is calculated on 'Weighted average' basis, from band-by-band proximate analysis.

3.04.05 The coking properties of the seams have been determined by the OSL and Private Analyst for some of the boreholes which have been used in this report.

3.04.06 The volatile matter content (on Unit Coal Basis) has been calculated by the formula.

$$UVM\% = 100 - \frac{\text{Fixed Carbon} \times 100}{100 - (\text{Ash} + \text{Moisture})}$$

3.05.00 SEAM STRUCTURE:

3.05.01 Seam structure of the seams has been drawn on 1:50 scale, based on the analytical results as received from the OSL M/s ESCAPES and SUPCO private Ltd. The roof and floor details, based on visual lithologs have been included in the seam structure. The seam structure includes 'Band-by-Band' analytical data on Moisture, Ash, Volatile Matter and fixed Carbon content (on air dried basis) as received from the OSL /Analysts. Alongwith the seam structure is also included 'Overall' data of the seam.

3.05.02 The seam structure of various seams is given in Plates VII-1 to VII-12.

3.06.00 SEAM FOLIO:

3.06.01 As the number of dirt bands in all the seam from Laikdih and above are negligible, only in-band seam folio plans have been prepared for individual seams from seam Local Above Chanch-Begunia to Laikdih. These seam Folio Plan include Isochoros (0.50m., 0.90m., 1.20m., 2.00m., 4.00m., 6.00m., 10.00m. and above), Isoash (15%, 18%, 21%, 24% & 28%), Horizonlines (R.L.'s 0.00 m. (-) 100m, (-) 200m, (-) 300m., (-) 400m., (-) 500m.) and Isovols (20%, 22%, 25 and 30%) based on ex-bands results only. In-band data

wherever available have been given in Parenthesis.

3.06.02 In case of pyrolitised seam, composite 'In-band' seam folio plans have been prepared for coal and Jhama by assuming gradual baking effect of the intrusives. Following norms are used for fixing the limits of part Jhama and full Jhama zone

- a) In adjacent boreholes where in one only full Coal and in the other full Jhama has been intersected the limits between coal, the transitional mixed coal & Jhama zone and the Jhama have been assumed by dividing the distance between the boreholes in three equal parts.
- b) Where either full coal or full Jhama and part Jhama has been intersected in the adjacent boreholes the boundary between the two is taken half way between the two boreholes.

Based on the above criteria, the 'Zero' thickness lines of coal and Jhama have been fixed and seam folio plans prepared. Isochore for Jhama have not been drawn either in full Jhama or partial Jhama zones. Partial Jhama zone contains the Isochore, Isoash, Isovols and horizon of non-pyrolysed coal only.

3.06.03 The 'Grade' of the coal indicated is as per the Notification dated the 13th February 1981 of the Ministry of Energy (Department of coal).

3.06.04 Seam Folio Plans are included in Plates VIII-1 to VIII-5.

## C H A P T E R - IV.

### 4.00.00 DESCRIPTION OF COAL SEAMS:

#### 4.01.00 GENERAL

4.01.01 In all 13 correlatable Coal horizons have been identified in the Barakar Formation of Begunia Block. In the following paragraphs the seams and their quality are described in detail from Seam Local above Chanch-Begunia to Laikdih. Due to paucity of data for seams below Laikdih, an attempt has been made to describe these seams and their quality broadly.

#### 4.02.00 SEAM LOCAL (ABOVE CHANCH-BEGUNIA) :

##### 4.02.01 GENERAL

4.02.02 The Seam Local Above Chanch-Begunia is the youngest seam of the Barakar Formation in Begunia Block occurring normally within 10 m. to 15 m. below Barakar-Barren Measure contact. This seam has been intersected in 20 boreholes drilled in the block, while in six other boreholes this was observed to be faulted.

##### 4.02.03 THICKNESS:

4.02.04 The thickness of the seam including pyrolitise portion varies from 0.30 m. (RKB-13) to 1.05m.. (RKB-1A). The seam is completely pyrolitised in borehole RBG-10, hence thickness of the coal portion of seam, including bands varies from Nil to 1.05m. (RKB-1A) where as excluding bands, it varies from Nil to 1.04 m. (RBG-17).

##### 4.02.05 DIRT BAND:

4.02.06 The seam is practically devoid of any dirt band. Out of 20 boreholes in which this seam was intersected, the dirt bands were observed only in two (RBG-1 and RKB-1A). The number and total thickness of dirt band in these boreholes are as follows:-

B.H. No.	No. of Dirt bands	Total thickness of dirt bands.
RBG-1	1	0.11 m
RKB-1A	2	0.11 m

4.02.07 ROOF AND FLOOR:

4.02.08 In the eastern part of the block the roof is normally sandstone (fine-grained to coarse-grained) whereas in the rest of the area it is either shale, shale arenaceous or intercalation of shale and sandstone. The floor in central and eastern part of the block is predominantly intercalation of shale and sandstone whereas in western part it is shale.

4.02.09 QUALITY:

4.02.10 The quality of seam (Local Above Chanch-Begunia) (Coal portion excluding Jharna, where present). is given in Table: IV-1.

TABLE : IV-1  
Quality of Seam Local (Above Chanch - Begunia)

Parameter	No. of Borehole considered	RANGE		Remarks
		Min.	Max.	
<u>IN BAND</u>				
Thickness (m)	20	0.00	1.05	
Ash (%)	18	17.00	32.20	
Grade	18	Steel Gr.II	Washery Gr. IV	
<u>EX BAND</u>				
Thickness (m)	19	0.00	1.04	
Moisture (%)	18	1.10	2.10	
Ash. (%)	18	17.00	32.20	
Grade	18	Steel Gr.II	Washery Gr.IV	
V.M. (%)	18	22.8	25.8	
V.M. (On Unit Coal)	17	28.4	32.8	
F.C. (%)	17	44.1	57.4	
Calorific value (Kcal/Kg)	1	6050		
CO <sub>2</sub> (%)	1	0.21		
Caking Index	2	19	27	
Coke type	2	G	G-4	
Swelling Index	2	5	6½	

4.02.11 Though the Ash% excluding and including bands varies from 17.00% to 32.20%, in major part of the block, it's variation is confined between 24% to 28%.

4.02.12 PYROLITISATION:

4.02.13 The seam is found to be unaffected from igneous intrusion in major portion of the block except around borehole RBG-10, near the western boundary of the block, where it is completely pyrolitises due to mica-peridotite intrusion.

4.02.14 RESERVES:

4.02.15 The summary of the coal reserves of seam Local (Above Chanch - Begunia) is given below :

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

Coking - Virgin - 2076  
(INBAND)

4.03.00 SEAM CHANCH-BEGUNIA (B-VII):

4.03.01 GENERAL :

4.03.02 Seam Chanch-Begunia, which is also correlated as seam B-VII in this report, is the most important seam of this area and occurs below seam (Local Above Chanch-Begunia) after parting of 56.72 m. to 78.85 m. This seam has already been worked in the northern part of the block, as Begunia seam by Begunia colliery. It has been intersected in 22 boreholes drilled in the Block and in six boreholes, it is observed to be faulted. Out of 22 boreholes in which this seam has been intersected, it has passed through stoned goaf in two boreholes, i.e. RBG-8 and RSG-10.

4.03.03 THICKNESS:

4.03.04 The thickness of the seam varies from 2.25 m. (RBG-10) to 4.15 m. (RSG-13). It is completely pyrolitised due to mica-peridotite intrusion in three boreholes (RBG-16, RKB-4 and RKB-6), and hence the thickness of coal portion of seam including and excluding bands varies from Nil to 3.53 m.

**4.03.05 DIRT BAND:**

4.03.06 The seam is normally free from any dirt band. Out of 22 boreholes intersections, one number of dirt band is observed in four boreholes RBG-1, RBG-6, RBG-9 and RBG-33 where its thickness varies from 0.05 m. to 0.12m.

**4.03.07 ROOF AND FLOOR :**

4.03.08 The roof of the seam in major part of the area is fine to coarse grained sandstone with intercalation of shale and sandstone, shale arenaceous or shale in remaining portion. The floor in central and eastern part of the block is shale or carbonaceous shale whereas in western part it is either intercalation of shale and sandstone or fine grained to medium grained sandstone.

**4.03.09 QUALITY:**

4.03.10 Chanch-Begunia Seam is a good quality medium coking coal with low to moderate ash content. The quality of the seam (coal portion excluding Jhama, where present) is given in table : IV - 2.

TABLE: IV-2.

QUALITY OF SLAM CHANCH - BEGUNIA

Parameter	No. of borehole Considered	RANGE		Remarks
		Minimum	Maximum	
<u>IN-BAND</u>				
Thickness (m)	22	0.00	3.53	
Ash. (%)	17	13.5	24.2	
Grade	17	Steel Gr.I	Washery Gr.III	
<u>EX.BAND</u>				
Thickness (m)	20	0.00	3.53	
Moisture (%)	17	0.80	2.00	
Ash. (%)	17	13.50	24.20	
Grade	17	Steel Gr.I	Washery Gr.III	
V.M. (%)	17	20.1	30.7	
V.M. (Unit coal)	17	23.0	36.2	
Fixed Carbon%	17	50.1	61.1	
Calorific Value (K.Cal/Kg)	4	6050	6940	
CO <sub>2</sub> (%)	8	0.21	1.15	
Caking Index	5	13	23	

4.03.12 PYRROLITISATION :

4.03.13 In western part of the block, the seam is partially or completely pyrrolitised due to mica-peridotite intrusion. It is found to be completely pyrrolitised in three boreholes (RBG - 16, RMB - 4 and 6) whereas in two boreholes (RBG - 13 and RBG - 15) it is partially pyrrolitised.

4.03.14 RESERVES :

4.03.15 The summary of the coal reserves in respect of seam Chench - Begunia is given below:

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

Coking -	Virgin	- 6323
(INBAND)		
Coking -	Developed	- 357
(INBAND)	TOTAL :	<hr/>
		6680

4.03.16 WASHABILITY :

4.03.17 Washability tests were carried out by M/s ESCAPS (India) Private Limited for seam Chench - Begunia on coal cores of RBG - 18. The results of the tests show that this seam gives good response to the washing, yielding 72.9% of cleans with ash content only 13.1%, 21.9% of middling and 5.2% of rejects. The results of the tests are given in Table : IV - 3, IV - 3A and IV - 3B.

TABLE : IV - 3.  
Cleaning Possibility of Seam Chench - Begunia  
(Test carried out on coal cores of RBG - 18).

Depth from surface and thickness.	Ash% of Raw Coal	Cleans at 1.5 Sp. Gr.		Middling at 1.50 - 1.80 Sp. Gr.		Reject at 1.80 Sp. Gr.	
		Wt. %	Ash%	Wt. %	Ash%	Wt. %	Ash%
202.70-205.35 (2.65)	20.1	72.9	13.1	21.9	35.6	5.2	60.6

THERM : IV-14

**PROPERTIES OF WASHED PRODUCTS OF SEAN CHUNG COAL**  
(Test carried out on Coal Cores of Borehole HBG-18)

seans	0.7	13.1	28.9	21	G	5	87.71	5.23	0.56	2.05	4.45	0.067	-	-	0.83
idleing	0.7	35.6	21.7	-	-	-	88.25	5.10	0.65	1.96	4.04	-	1220°	1350°	0.95
Joint	-	60.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1400° (Over)	-	-

T<sub>1</sub>,PL<sub>2</sub>: IV-4B

Properties of Wash products (Middlings) of seam Quinch-Begonia  
(Test carried out on coal cores of Borchholz fig. 18.)

Cation % by wt.	Anion Value	Analysis						Alkalies (by Difference)	
		SiO <sub>2</sub>	MgO	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	TiO <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	CaO	K <sub>2</sub> O	
4.990	53.83	28.78	7.76	2.03	0.72	3.13	1.37	0.55	1.35
4.990	53.83	28.78	7.76	2.03	0.72	3.13	1.37	0.55	1.35

4.04.00 SEAM CHANCH-BEGUNIA SPECIAL (B-VIIA):

4.04.01 GENERAL :

4.04.02 Seam Chanch - Begunia Special or Seam B-VIIA, occurs 56.15 m. to 75.99 m. below seam Chanch - Begunia. It has been intersected in 21 boreholes drilled within the Begunia Block, out of which, in 10 boreholes it is found completely pyrolitised due to mica-peridotite intrusion, whereas in 4 boreholes it is partially pyrolitised. In five boreholes this seam was found to be faulted. This is a virgin seam in the block.

4.04.03 THICKNESS:

4.04.04 The thickness of seam Chanch - Begunia Special varies (including pyrolitised portion) from 0.64 m. (RBG-9) to 2.01 m. (RBG-17). The including bands and excluding bands thickness of Coal portion of the seam varies from Nil to 1.20 m. (RBG-13).

4.04.05 DIRT BAND:

4.04.06 One number of dirt band has been observed only in three borehole, i.e., RBG-15, RBG-13 and RBG-33, where it's total thickness varies from 0.10 m. to 0.35m. In rest of the borehole it is found free from the dirt bands.

4.04.07 ROOF AND FLOOR :

4.04.08 The roof of the seam is mainly shale or shale arenaceous though in some cases, intercalation of shale and sandstone and sandstone has also been observed as roof. The floor of the seam is either intercalation of shale and sandstone or shale arenaceous and shale.

4.04.09 QUALITY :

4.04.10 The quality of the seam Chanch-Begunia Special (Coal portion excluding jhama, where present) is summarised in Table : IV - 5.

TABLE : IV - 5

## QUALITY OF SEAM CHANCH - BEGUNIA SPECIAL

Parameter	No. of boreholes considered.	R A N G E		Remarks
		Minimum	Maximum	
<u>IN BAND</u>				
Thickness (m)	21	0.00	1.20	
Ash (%)	10	19.5	36.6	
Grade	10	Washery Gr.I	Ungraded	
<u>EX.BAND</u>				
Thickness (m)	20	0.00	1.20	
Moisture (%)	10	0.7	2.3	
Ash. (%)	10	16.8	33.6	
Grade	10	Steal Gr.II	Washery Gr.IV	
V.M. (%)	10	22.0	28.2	
V.M. (%) (Ch Unit Coal)	10	27.4	34.4	
Fixed Carbon (%)	10	42.2	53.0	
Calorific Value (K.Cal/Kg.)	1	6140		
CO <sub>2</sub> (%)	1	0.75		
Caking Index	1	23		
Coke Type	1	G/G <sub>1</sub>		
Swalling Index	1	4½		

## 4.04.11 PYROLYSIS:

4.04.12 The Seam is completely or partially pyrolysed in the major part (Central and eastern portion) of the block and found to be unaffected by mica-peridotite intrusion only in seven boreholes i.e., RBC-8, RBC-10, RBC-13 and RBC-33 located in the northwestern part of the block and RBC-15, RBC-16 and RBC-6 located in it's southwestern part.

## 4.04.13 RESERVES:

4.04.14 The Summary of the coal reserves of seam Chanch - Begunia Special is given below:

( Reserves in thousand tonnes )

Coking -	Virgin -	1732
(IN BAND)		

4.05.00 SEAM JOGRAD:

4.05.01 GENERAL :

4.05.02 Seam Jograd, (E-VI A), which occurs 78.55 m. to 97.52 m. below seam Chanch - Begunia Special seam is the fourth workable seam in the sequence from top in Barakar Formation of Begunia Block and has been intersected in 18 boreholes drilled within the block. In 7 boreholes, this seam could not be intersected due to faulting. Out of 18 boreholes in which this seam is intersected, its thickness is less than 0.50 m. in 9 borehole and as such their analysis is not available.

4.05.03 THICKNESS:

4.05.04 The thickness of seam, including pyrolitised portion varies from 0.05 m. (RCB-13) to 1.15 m. (RCB-7). The including and excluding bands thickness of coal portion of the seam varies from Nil. to 1.15 m. The seam is having workable thickness of 0.50 m. and more in the south western part of the block.

4.05.06 DIRT BAND:

4.05.07 In the area, where seam is workable and for which analysis is available, it is completely devoid of any dirt band.

4.05.08 The floor of the seam is medium to coarse grained sandstone while its roof is mainly sandstone except around borehole RCB-7, where it is intercalation of shale and sandstone.

4.05.09 QUALITY:

4.05.10 The quality of the seam Jograd (coal portion excluding Jhama where present) is summarised in Table: IV-6.

TABLE : IV-6.  
QUALITY OF SEAM JOGRAD

Parameter	No. of borehole considered	R A N G E		Remarks
		Minimum	Maximum	
<u>IN-BAND:</u>				
Thickness (m)	18	0.00	1.15	
Ash. (%)	5	23.4	33.1	
Grade	5	Washery Gr.II	Washery Gr.IV	
<u>EX-BAND:</u>				
Thickness (m)	9	0.00	1.15	
Misture (%)	5	1.13	2.1	
Ash. (%)	5	23.4	33.1	
Grade	5	Washery Gr.II	Washery Gr.IV	
V.M. (%)	5	22.9	24.1	
V.M. (%) (on unit coal)	5	29.9	32.7	
Fixed Carbon (%)	5	41.8	51.0	

## 4.05.11 PYROLITISATION:

4.05.12 Jograd is found to be completely affected by microperidotite intrusion in 4 boreholes RBG-1, RBG-4, RBG-6 and RMB-4 located in the central portion of the block. In rest of the area it is unaffected.

## 4.05.13 RESERVES:

4.05.14 The summary of the coal reserves in respect of seam Jograd is given below:

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

Coking	-	Virgin	-	744
(IN-BAND)				

## 4.06.00 SEAM LAIKDH (TOP):

4.06.01 Seam Laikdh (Top) or Seam (B-VI), which occurs 44.00 m. to 81.11m. below seam Jograd, has been intersected in 8 boreholes located in the eastern part of the Block. This seam is the upper split of seam Laikdh which splits into two (Top and Bottom) portion towards eastern part of Beguria block. Out of 8 boreholes (RBG-1, -7, -9,

17 and 20, RKB-14, 2 and 5), in which this seam is intersected, it is found to be completely pyroclitised due to mica-peridotite intrusion in 7 boreholes while in one borehole RKG-20, only middle portion of the seam is pyroclitised. In borehole RKG-12, located in the eastern part of the Beguria Block, this seam could not be found due to faulting. The thickness of seam varies from 3.50m to (1.47 - 6) to 6.55m (RKB-2)

4.06.02 QUALITY:

4.06.03 The quality of unburnt portion of seam Laikdih (top) as observed in borehole RKG-20 is given in Table : IV-7.

TABLE : IV-7.

QUALITY OF SEAM LAIKDIH (TOP) IN RKG-20

Parameter	Top portion	Bottom portion
Thickness (m)	0.72	2.19
Moisture (%)	-	1.8
Ash. (%)	26.9	13.95
Grade	Washery Gr.III	Steel Gr.I
V.M. (%)	-	27.63
V.M. (%) (on unit coal)	-	31.7
Fixed Carbon	-	56.62

4.07.00 SEAM LAIKDIH (BOTTOM AND TOP AND BOTTOM COMBINED):

4.07.01 GENERAL:

4.07.02 Seam Laikdih (Seam B-V), which occurs as a single seam in the western part of the Beguria Block, splits into two (Top and Bottom) in the western part. Where the seam splits. The maximum parting observed between Top and Bottom portion is 39.86 m. The seam Laikdih (Bottom) and Laikdih (Top and Bottom combined) is described together in this report. The complete thickness seam is intersected in 19 boreholes drilled in the area. In two boreholes (RKB-2 and RKG-12) it is found to be completely faulted; which in three others (RKG-2, 10 and RKB-4), it is partially faulted. The seam is partially or completely affected by mica-peridotite intrusives in almost all the boreholes.

4.07.03 THICKNESS:

4.07.04 The seam Laikdih (Bottom and Top/Bottom combined) is the thickest seam in the upper horizon of Barakar Formation in Begunia Block. It's thickness including pyrolitised portion varies from 18.50 m. (RKB-5) to 32.03m (RCR-7). The including bands thickness of coal portion of the seam varies from Nil (Where the seam is completely pyrolitised) to 23.65 m. (RBC-15), while excluding bands, it varies from Nil to 23.57 m. (RBC-15).

4.07.05 DIRT BANDS:

4.07.06 Only one number of dirt band with thickness of 0.08m. has been observed in borehole No. (RBC-15). In other boreholes, it is free from dirt bands.

4.07.07 ROOF AND FLOOR:

4.07.08 In major part of the area, shale or shale arenaceous forms the roof of the seam, though in some cases, sandstones or intercalation of shale and sandstone is also observed as roof. The floor of the seam is sandstone, shale or intercalation of shale and sandstone.

4.07.09 QUALITY:

4.07.10 The quality of coal portion of the seam is summarised in the Table : IV-8.

TABLE : IV-8

QUALITY OF SEAM LAIKDIH (BOTTOM AND TOP/BOTTOM COMBINED)

Parameter	No. of boreholes considered	RANGE Minimum Maximum	Remarks
<u>IN BAND</u>			
Thickness (m)	19	0.00 23.65	
Ash. (%)	15	15.00 22.6	
Grade	15	Steel Gr.-I Washery Gr.II	
<u>EX BAND:</u>			
Thickness (m)	19	0.00 23.57	
Moisture (%)	15	0.8 2.4	
Ash. (%)	15	15.00 22.6	
Grade	15	Steel Gr.II Washery Gr.II	

Parameter	No. of borehole considered.	R A N G E		Remarks
		Maximum	Minimum	
V.M. (%)	15	19.5	29.3	
V.M. (%) (On unit Coal)	15	23.3	34.2	
Fixed Carbon (%)	15	52.81	59.0	
Calorific Value (K.Cal./Kg.)	4	6670	7070	
CO <sub>2</sub>	3	1.30	2.00	
Caking Index	7	13	25	
Coke Type	5	F to G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	
Swelling Index	5	3	6	

## 4.07.11 PYROLITISATION:

4.07.12 The seam is invariably associated with mica-peridotite intrusion which has either partially or completely pyrolysed the seam in the area. It is found completely pyrolysed around boreholes RBG - 4, RBG - 8, RBG - 14 and RBG - 17 located in the central or eastern part of the Block. The major part of the seam is found to be unaffected by intrusion mainly in the southern part of the area that is around borehole RBG - 15, 16, 5, 7, 9 and RBG - 6 and also around RBG - 20 in north eastern corner of the Block.

## 4.07.13 RESERVES:

4.07.14 The summary of the reserves of the seams Laikdih Top and Bottom Combined and Laikdih Bottom is given below:

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

## Laikdih Top and Bottom Combined

Coking	-	Virgin	-	13208
(IN BAND)	-	Developed	-	298
		TOTAL :		13506

## Laikdih Bottom

Coking	-	Virgin	-	8936
(IN BAND)	-	Developed	-	624
		TOTAL :		9560

## 4.08.00 NEW SEAM:

## 4.08.01 GENERAL:

4.08.02 New Seam or Seam B - VI, which occurs 48.45 m. to 65.50 m. below Laikdih (Bottom and Top and Bottom), has been observed in the northern part of the Block. In borehole No.

The seam is affected by mica-peridotite intrusion in all the boreholes.

In borehole REC-20, located in the north eastern corner of the block, the seam splits into two with intervening parting of 6.28 m. The seam may also be called as Ramakrishna Seam due to its occurrence in Ramakrishna Village.

**4.08.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY:**

**4.08.04** The thickness of the seam including pyroclitized portion varies from 11.55 m. (REC-2) to 18.20 m. (REC-10). The seam is found to be partially pyroclitized in two boreholes only i.e. REC-16 and REC-20, where the unaffected coal portion is found to be free from any dirt band. The thickness of the coal portion in the boreholes varies from 4.10 m. to 7.80 m.

**4.08.05** The Quality of the coal of New Seam (Coal portion only) is summarised in Table : IV-9.

TABLE : IV-9.  
QUALITY OF NEW SEAM.

Parameter	No. of borehole considered	RANGE	
		Minimum	Maximum
<u>IN BAND &amp; EX BAND:</u>			
Thickness (m)	2	4.10	7.80
Moisture (%)	2	0.8	2.75
Ash. (%)	2	15.55	24.4
V.M. (%)	2	21.2	24.7
Fixed Carbon (%)	2	53.6	57.04
U.V.M. (%)	2	25.3	28.8
Grade	2	Steel Gr.II	Washery Gr.III
Caking Index	1	31	—
Coke Type	1	G <sub>1</sub>	—
Swelling Index	1	5½	—
CO <sub>2</sub> (%)	1	0.82	—

**4.08.06 RESERVES:**

**4.08.07** The summary of reserves of the New Seam are given below:

( Reserves in Thousand tonnes )

Coking - Inferred - 2022  
(VIRGIN)

4.09.00 SEAM LOCAL (ABOVE GOPINATHPUR):

4.09.01 GENERAL:

4.09.02 This Local Seam, which occurs between New Seam and Gopinathpur (Top) after an intervening parting of 62.38 m. to 91.55 m. from New Seam, has been intersected in 4 boreholes, while it is found to be faulted in one, i.e., RKG-4. This seam is completely free from pyroclitisation.

4.09.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY :

4.09.04 The thickness of the seam including bands varies from 1.00 m. (RKG-13 RKG-20) to 3.06 m. (RKG-12) whereas excluding bands it varies from 0.58 m. (RKG-7) to 2.71 m. (RKG-12). Out of 4 boreholes, in which this seam is intersected, it is free from dirt bands in one i.e., RKG-20, while in others one to two numbers of dirt bands of more than 50% and 0.05 m. thickness have been observed. The total thickness of these dirt bands varies from 0.09 m. to 0.47 m.

4.09.05 The Quality of the seam Local (Above Gopinathpur) is given in Table : IV-10.

TABLE : IV-10  
QUALITY OF SEAM LOCAL ( ABOVE GOPINATHPUR)

Parameter	No. of borehole considered	RANGE	
		Minimum	Maximum
<u>IN BAND:</u>			
Thickness (m)	4	1.00	3.06
Ash. (%)	4	32.20	37.07
<u>EX BAND:</u>			
Thickness (m)	4	0.58	2.71
Moisture (%)	4	0.7	2.02
Ash. (%)	4	26.2	34.43
V.M (%)	4	19.8	20.9
Fixed Carbon (%)	4	44.02	51.7
U.H.V. (K.Cal/Kg.)	4	3867	5119
Grade	4	E	C.

- 1.06

4.09.06 RESERVES:

4.09.07 The summary of the reserves of seam Local (Above Gopinathpur) is given below:

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

Non-Coking (VIRGIN)	- Inferred	-	1301
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4.10.00 SEAM GOPINATHPUR(TOP):

4.10.01 GENERAL:

4.10.02 Seam Gopinathpur (Top) or Seam B-III, occurs 4.12 m. to 16.65 m. below the Local Seam and is intersected in 8 boreholes drilled in the area. It is found to be partially affected due to micaperidotite intrusion in three boreholes (RGB-2, 12 and RCB-13), while in rest of the borehole it is free from pyrolytisation.

4.10.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY:

4.10.04 The thickness of the seam, including Jhama portion, varies from 1.17 m. (RCB-7) to 2.93 m. (RGB-2). The thickness of the coal in seam Gopinathpur (Top) including and excluding bands varies from 0.57m to 2.25m. Dirt band in this seam has been observed only in one borehole i.e., RGB-7 where one number of 0.10 m. thick dirt band was found.

4.10.05 The quality of seam Gopinathpur (Top) is given in Table : IV-11.

TABLE : IV-11.

QUALITY OF SEAM GOPINATHPUR (TOP)

Parameter	No. of borehole considered.	RANGE	
		Minimum	Maximum

IN BAND:

Thickness (m)	8	0.57	2.52
Ash (%)	7	26.1	33.65

EX BAND:

Thickness (m)	7	0.57	2.25
Moisture (%)	7	0.8	2.21
Ash. (%)	7	26.1	32.2
V.M. (%)	7	18.6	22.70
Fixed Carbon (%)	7	47.5	50.9
U.H.V(K.Cal/Kg.)	7	4286	5133

4.10.06 RESERVES

4.10.07 The summary of the reserves of the seam Gopinathpur (Top) is given below:

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

Non-Coking (VIRGIN)	- Inferred -	7466
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4.11.00 SEAM GOPINATHPUR (BOTTOM):

4.11.01 GENERAL

4.11.02 Seam Gopinathpur (Top) is underlain by seam Gopinathpur (Bottom) after parting of 2.12 m. to 16.74m. This seam has also been intersected in 8 boreholes in Beguria Block, out of which it is found partially pyrolitised due to mica-peridotite intrusion, in two boreholes RCB-7 and RCB-13, both located in the western part of the block.

4.11.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY:

4.11.04 The thickness of seam Gopinathpur (Bottom) including it's pyrolitised portion, varies from 1.12m. (RCB-12) to 3.03 m. (RCB-7). The including bands thickness of the coal of the seam varies from 1.12m. to 2.40 m. while, excluding bands it's variation is between 1.12 m. to 2.22m. Out of 8 boreholes, in which this seam is intersected it is free from dirt bands in 4 boreholes (RCB-2, 12, 20 and RCB-13). In other boreholes (RCB-10, RCB-2,5 and RCB-7), one to three dirt bands having a total thickness of 0.06 m. to 0.42m. were observed.

4.11.05 The quality of seam Gopinathpur (Bottom) is summarised in Table : IV-12.

TABLE : IV-12.

QUALITY OF SEAM GOPINATHPUR (BOTTOM)

Parameters	No. of borehole considered	RANGE	
		Minimum	Maximum

IN-BAND:

Thickness (m)	8	1.12	2.40
Ash. (%)	8	29.11	45.7

Parameter	No. of borehole considered	R A N G E	
		Minimum	Maximum
<u>EX. BAND:</u>			
Thickness (m)	8	1.12	2.22
Moisture (%)	8	0.7	1.1
Ash. (%)	8	29.11	47.00
V.M (%)	5	18.1	21.34
Fixed Carbon (%)	5	45.3	49.1
U.H.V. (K.Cal/Kg.)	5	3714	4662
Grade	5	E	D
Caking Index	1	18	
Coke Type	1	G <sub>5</sub> /G <sub>6</sub>	
Swelling Index	1	6	

4.11.06 RESERVES:

4.11.07 The summary of the reserves of the Seam Gopinathpur (Bottom) is given below:

(Reserves in thousand tonnes)

Non-Coking	-	Inferred	- 3455
(VIRGIN)			

4.12.00 BRINDAWANPUR GROUP OF SEAMS:

4.12.01 GENERAL:

4.12.02 After an intervening parting of 5.90 m. to 68.22m. below Seam Gopinathpur (Bottom) there is a Group of seam consisting of 4 to 7 horizons of coal bands emplaced within a strata of 46.9 m. to 54.08m. This group has been identified and correlated as Brindawanpur Group (B-III). The group has been completely intersected in five boreholes (RBC-10, 12, 20, RKB-20 and RCB-7), whereas in borehole RBC-2, RKB-5 and RCB-13, it is partially intersected.

4.12.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY:

4.12.04 The thickness of individual seam is the Group varies from 0.55m. to 11.68 m. whereas total thickness of all the seam in group varies from 14.95m. (RBC-2) to 19.46 m. (RBC-20). The grade of the seams

varies from F to D. The detailed quality of individual bands intersected in different boreholes is given in Appendix - V, page 21 and 22.

4.12.06 RESERVES:

4.12.07 The summary of the reserves of the seam Brindavanpur Group is given below:

Non-Coking	Inferred	-	71620
(VIRGIN)			

4.13.00 SEAMS LOCAL (ABOVE SALANPUR): -

4.13.01 GENERAL:

4.13.02 Between Brindavanpur Group of Seams and Salanpur, one or two local coal bands occur after an intervening parting of 14.80 m. to 39.62 m. It has been intersected in 5 boreholes (RBG-10, 12, 20 RKB-4 and 7) drilled in the Begunia Block. In RBG-12 and 20, located in the eastern part of the block, two local seams are found while in others, only one is found to be developed. These are free from pyrolitisation everywhere.

4.13.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY:

4.13.04 The thickness of the individual Local Coal Seam varies from 0.62 m. (RBG-7) to 6.15 m. (RBG-10). In borehole RBG-10 and RBG-20, three and one number of dirt bands, having a thickness of 0.46 m. and 0.07m. respectively, has been observed while in others it is free from dirt bands.

4.13.05 The quality of the Local Seams (Above Salanpur) is given in Table : IV-13.

TABLE : IV-13  
QUALITY OF LOCAL SEAMS ( ABOVE SALANPUR )

Parameter	No. of boreholes considered	RANGE	
		Minimum	Maximum

IN-BAND:

Thickness (m)	5	0.62	6.15
Ash. (%)	5	32.6	44.0

1	2	3	4
<u>EX.BAND:</u>			
Thickness (m)	5	0.62	4.23
Moisture (%)	5	0.6	1.06
Ash. (%)	5	31.65	40.8
V.M. (%)	4	16.2	18.0
F.C. (%)	4	42.2	50.3
U.H.V. (K.Cal/Kg)	4	2740	4113
Grade	4	F	E
Caking Index	2	10	27
Coke Type	1	$G_4-G_6$	-
Swelling Index	1	6-7	
C.V. (K.Cal/Kg)	3	4725	5230

4.13.06 RESERVES:

4.13.07 The summary of the reserves of the seam Local (above Salanpur) is given below:

( Reserves in thousand tonnes )

Non-Coking	-	Inferred	16353
(VIRGIN)			

4.14.00 SEAM KALIMATI/SALANPUR GROUP:

4.14.01 GENERAL:

4.14.02 Seam Salanpur or Kalimati Group (B-II) which is the lower most seam in Beguria Block, occurs as a single combined seam in entire Beguria Block except in borehole RCB-7, located in the western part, where it is found to be split in three. This seam (or group of seams) which occurs 11.84 m. to 50.01 m. below local seam is intersected in five borehole (RCG-10, 12, 20, RKB-2 and RCB-7) out of which it is found to be completely pyrolytised in two (RCG-10 and RKB-2) while in others it is partially pyrolytised.

4.14.03 THICKNESS AND QUALITY:

4.14.04 The thickness of seam including it's pyrolytised portion, varies from 21.87 m. (RCG-12) to 33.02m (RCG-20). The including bands thickness of coal varies

: 45 :

from 2.77 m. to 14.09 m. whereas excluding bands this variation is between 2.61 m. to 13.92 m. one number of dirt band is observed in borehole RBC-20 and RCB-7, where it's thickness is 0.17 m. and 0.16 m. respectively. The quality of the seam Salampur is given in Appendix-V. page-25.

4.14.05 RESERVES:

4.14.06 The summary of the reserves of the Salampur seam is given below:

( Reserves in thousand tonnes )

Non-Coking	- Inferred	- 4915
( VIRGIN )		

## CHAPTER : V

5.00.00 RESERVES:

5.01.00 GENERAL:

5.01.01 The detailed studies of the exploration data has lead to the evolution of a three dimensional stratigraphic and structural model of Begunia Block, depicting the lay and disposition of strata including coal seams in the Barakar Measures of Western part of Raniganj Coal Field.

5.01.02 The detailed exploration in Begunia Block has revealed the presence of 13 correlatable and laterally persistent coal seams and their merged sections. In order of superposition, these seams are Salanpur Group (B-II), Local (above Salanpur), Brindawanpur Group, Gopinathpur (Bottom), Gopinathpur (Top), Local (above Gopinathpur), New Seams, Laikdih (Bottom), Laikdih (Top and Bottom combined), Laikdih (Top), Jograd, Chanch-Begunia Special, Chanch-Begunia, and seam Local (above Chanch-Begunia).

5.01.03 The structural model depicting the lay and disposition of coal seam, are presented with various floor contour plans for the different seams and geological cross sections. The dimensional model with quality overlays are presented in individual (Seam Folio and Seam Structure Plate.)

5.01.03 Out of the 13 coal horizons proved in Begunia Block, only 6 seams and their merged sections (upto Laikdih Bottom) have been considered for reserve estimation under proved category.

5.01.04 In case of lower seams where the intersections are less, the reserves are kept in inferred category.

5.02.00 AREA CONSIDERED FOR RESERVES ESTIMATION :

5.02.01 The surface boundary of the Block has already been discussed in Chapter-I Para 1.03.00 of the Report. The reserve of the seam in the block is grouped in Main Block Area which is further sub-divided into sectors.

5.02.02 MAIN BLOCK AREA: The boundary of the Main Block Area for a seam, as discussed with C.M.P.D.I.L., is as follows:-

- I) North : The northern boundary of the Begunia Colliery.
- II) South : The Southern boundary of the Begunia Colliery forms the southern limit.
- III) East : Eastern boundary of the Colliery.
- IV) West : Western limit of the Begunia Colliery.

5.02.03 SECTOR: The Main Block Area is subdivided into four sectors based on position of major faults.

- SECTOR 01 : Area West of fault  $F_6 - F_6$  and western boundary of the block.
- SECTOR 02 : Area Between faults  $F_4 - F_4$  and  $F_1 - F_1$  and Northern boundary of the block.
- SECTOR 03 : Area between faults  $F_1 - F_1$  and  $F_2 - F_2$  and southern boundary of the block.
- SECTOR 04 : Area between fault  $F_2 - F_2$  and Eastern boundary of the block.

5.02.04 SUB-SECTOR: In case of seam Chanch - Begunia, sector 02 and Sector 03 are further sub-divided into sub-sectors 01 & 02 to indicate reserves of the seam within and out side the draught plane drawn at  $60^{\circ}$  angle towards east from surface after leaving a barrier of 60 m. from high-flood level of river Barakar. The area west of draught plane is taken in subsector 01 and east of draught plane is taken in sub-sector-02.

5.03.00 METHOD OF RESERVE ESTIMATION:

5.03.01 The reserves of seam Local (above Chanch-Begunia) to Laikdih have been estimated by methods described in following paragraphs.

5.03.02 Isocore method has been used for the estimation of volume in the different sector for different seams on seam folio plans.

5.03.03 Isocore line are drawn of seam folios for 0.50m., 0.90 m., 1.20m., 2.00 m., 4.00 m., and 6.00 m. thickness.

- 5.03.04 The tonnage for the given range of thickness, grade, (Ash content) U.V.M. content and horizon has been calculated by multiplying the Volume with Sp.gravity, calculated with the average Ash content within the Area.
- 5.03.05 The reserves have been estimated for the seam within the Ash contents upto 15%, 15% to 18%, 18% to 21%, 21% to 24%, 24% to 28%, 28% to 35% and over 35% in conformity with the grade of coal as per Government of India Notification of 13.2.1982.
- 5.03.06 The reserve have been estimated for U.V.M. ranges of less than 22%, 22% to 25%, 25% to 30% and over 30%.
- 5.03.07 The reserve have also been grouped according to the horizons above 0.00, 0.00 to 100 m. R.L., - 100m. to -200m. R.L., -200 m. to -300 m. R.L., -300 m. to -400m. R.L. and below -400m. R.L.
- 5.03.08 GENERAL: In case of the seam which have been mined, the reserve have been computed for 'Developed' and 'Virgin' areas separately
- 5.03.09 The Sectors have been subdivided into segments wherever necessary for the convenience of area measurements on seam folios.
- 5.03.10 For seams below seam Laikdih, the reserves of coal have been estimated on average area and average thickness basis for the whole block and the reserves have been grouped under inferred category. This has been done based on limited data available, just to give a rough idea of coal reserves which may be available in the block.
- 5.04.00 BASIC CONSIDERATIONS:
- The following basic consideration have been taken into account for the estimation of reserves of coal of seams Local (above Chandi-Begunia) to Laikdih.
- 5.04.02 THICKNESS: The minimum in-band thickness of any undeveloped workable seam has been considered as 0.50 m.
- 5.04.03 For the area falling between two Isocore lines the average of two Isocore value have been taken as the mean thickness for the area.
- 5.04.04 In a segment where there is only one Isocore, the average of Isocore value and the thickness of the seam in the controlling borehole/boreholes within the area has been taken as thickness of the seam.

5.04.05 In case of the 'Developed' area either the thickness of the seam intersected in the borehole or value of the Iso-core in the adjacent area has been taken into consideration.

5.04.06 ASH CONTENT: The average ash value of the 'Iso-Ash lines' within a segment has been taken as the ash content of the seam within area.

5.04.07 SPECIFIC GRAVITY: In case of Coking Coal Sp. Gravity has been calculated from the mean ash value by the formula.

$$\text{Specific Gravity} = 1.28 + (0.01 \times \text{Ash\%})$$

5.04.08 HEAVE ZONE:

The area falling within Heave Zones of the fault has been excluded from reserve estimation.

5.04.09 DEVELOPED AREA: The goaf areas have been excluded from the reserves.

5.04.10 DEDUCTION ON VARIOUS ACCOUNTS:

i) A deduction from 'Gross Reserves' has been made on account of percentage of extraction for the areas where underground mining has been done. These deductions are made on the basis of mining data available.

ii) A deduction of 10% of the 'Gross Reserves' of coal has been made on account of normal geological variations like structural disturbances, pyrolytisation of the seam etc. and unaccountable and unforeseen data gaps, to arrive at 'Net Reserves'.

5.05.00 PYROLYTISED SEAM:

In case of heat affected coal gradual baking effect on the coal has been assumed as discussed in para 3.06.02. The Jhama has been excluded from the seam while considering the coal thickness and quality.

5.06.00 COAL RESERVES:

5.06.01 The summary of total reserves of coal in Beguria Block is given in table : V-1.

TABLE : V - 1.

### SUMMARY OF COAL RESERVES IN BEGINNING BLOCK

RANTGANT COAL FIELD, DISTRICT : BARDHAMAN WEST SENGAL.

( Reserves in thousand tonnes )

5.06.02 As mentioned in paragraph 5.02.04, the coal reserves of seam Chunch - Begunia is estimated separately for the area falling east and west of draught plane drawn at an angle of  $60^{\circ}$  towards east from surface after leaving a barrier of 60 m. from high flood level of eastern bank of river Barakar. These reserves are given below:

SEAM : CHUNCH - BEGUNIA

( Reserves in thousand tonnes )

L.	Area west of draught plane (inside dra- ught plane)	Virgin Developed	SECTOR	SECTOR	SECTOR	SECTOR	TOTAL
			-01	-02	-03	-04	
A.			6	1048	1910	-	2964
B.	Area east of draught plane (outside draught plane)	Virgin Developed	-	27	164	-	191
	TOTAL :		6	2335	3424	915	6680

5.06.03 The detailed break-up of reserves of coal in Begunia Block is given in Text Annexure, Table : 1 to 6.

CHAPTER - VI.

6.00.00 JHAMA (PYROLITISED COAL) :

6.01.00 GENERAL:

6.01.01 As mentioned earlier, the present exploration is mainly confined upto Laikdih seam only. The details of seam intersections in boreholes reveal that except seam Local (Above Ganch - Begunia) which is pyrolitised only in a small area around RDG - 10, all other seams (Ganch - Begunia, Ganch - Begunia Special, Jograd, Laikdih Top & Laikdih Tip & Bottom combined) are affected by mica-peridotite intrusion in comparatively large area of the block. The effect of pyrolitisation is observed to be more in seam Laikdih. The boreholewise details of Pyrolitisation of those seams are given in table: VI - 1. The data on seam below Laikdih, for which only limited borehole intersection are available, reveals that those seams are also affected by mica-peridotite intrusion except seam Local (Above Salanpur) which is found to be free from pyrolitisation in entire block. The maximum effect of intrusion is observed in New Seam and Salanpur Seam.

6.01.02 The pyrolitisation portions of coal have been logged in detail and the thickness of individual litho-units viz. Jhama, Jhama with mica-peridotite and mica-peridotite have been recorded. In most of the cases, Jhama and Jhama with veins of mica-peridotite have been analysed for Ash% and V.M%. The seam wise-thickness of different litho-units of Pyrolitised coal is given in table : VI - 1.

6.02.00 RESERVES:

6.02.01 The reserves of pyrolitised coal have been assessed for full Jhama and partial Jhama zone for the seams upto Laikdih.

6.02.02 The basis of distribution of 'Full' and 'Partial' Jhama zones have been described earlier in Chapter - III. Para 3.06.02.

6.02.03 The reserves have been computed for various seams as follows:

$$\text{Reserves} = \text{Area (sq.Km.)} \times \text{Average thickness} \times \text{Specific Gravity.}$$

6.02.04 Average thickness of Jharna has been calculated based on intersected thickness of Jharna in the controlling boreholes.

6.02.05 Specific gravity of Jharna has been assumed to be 1.70

6.03.00 THICKNESS AND RESERVES OF JHAMA:

The seam-wise and borehole-wise thickness of Jhama and seam-wise reserves of Jhama in full and partial pyrolysed zone of a particular seam are given in table: VI - 1.

TABLE : VI - 1.  
STATEMENT SHOWING PYROLITISATION & COAL SEAMS AS  
INTERSECTED IN BOREHOLES, AND RESERVES OF JHAM.

B. H. No.	Total thickness of seam.	PYROLITISATION.			Confined to the area withing the block.	Nature of pyrolytisation.	Reserves in million tonnes.
		THICKNESS (M.)		Total			
		Jham + M.H.	M.P.	Total			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ABOVE							9
MLA	RB-10	0.90	0.75	0.15	-	0.90	North-western Full
<u>REGUL. RBG-15</u>		4.00	1.10	1.56	0.04	2.70	Central, southern & western. Partial
RBG-16	3.75	1.50	2.25	-	3.75	-	4.618
RKB-4	3.04	3.04	-	-	-	-	
RKB-6	3.70	-	3.70	-	-	-	
RGB-13	4.15	0.60	1.74	1.81	4.15	-	
<u>REGUL. REG-1</u>		1.23	0.13	-	1.10	1.23	South-eastern central to western Full
REG-2	0.70	0.08	-	-	0.05	0.13	1.138
REG-3	1.55	0.76	0.09	0.70	1.55	-	partial
							Full

Chanchi-Pagunia Special Contd. from front page.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CHANCHI REGULIA SPECIAL	REG- 4	1.96	0.44	0.60	0.92	1.96	Southeastern central to western	Full		
	REG- 5	2.00	-	2.00	-	2.00		Full		
	REG- 6	1.73	-	0.77	0.96	1.73		Full		
	REG- 7	0.70	0.10	-	0.24	0.34		Partial		
	REG- 9	0.64	-	0.64	-	0.64		Full		
	REG- 12	1.44	-	1.44	-	1.44		Full		
	REG- 14	1.12	-	1.12	-	1.12		Full		
	REG- 17	2.01	-	2.01	-	2.01		Full		
	REG- 14	0.75	-	-	-	-		-		
	REG- 2	1.80	-	-	-	-		-		
	REG- 13	1.75	0.55	0.30	0.15	1.00		Partial		
JOGRAD	REG- 1	0.36	-	-	0.36	0.36	Central to North Western	Full	0.386	
	REG- 4	1.06	-	1.06	-	1.06		Full		
	REG- 6	0.94	-	0.94	-	0.94		Full		
	REG- 4	0.52	-	0.52	0.52	-		Full		
LAIKDH TOP & BOTWU COMBINED	REG- 1	23.45	6.77	3.33	1.10	11.20	Entire Area	Partial	23.624	
	REG- 3	29.67	7.17	4.13	6.39	17.69	-	Partial		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
LAIKDH TOP AND BOTTOM COMBINED	RBC-4	23.85	20.88	0.47	1.80	23.15	Entire Area	Full	
RBC-5	22.42	5.68	2.01	0.78	8.47	-		Partial	
RBC-6	31.06	12.52	12.06	1.13	25.71	-		Full	
RBC-8	28.15	7.20	13.64	7.31	28.15	-		Full	
RBC-10	20.59	8.21	4.57	3.82	16.60	-		Partial	
RBC-11	29.90	14.23	4.57	0.49	19.29	-		Partial	
RBC-13	26.90	9.55	9.16	4.79	23.5	-		Partial	
RBC-14	27.18	8.33	8.47	1.79	18.59	-		Partial	
RBC-15	23.65	3.57	0.69	0.74	5.00	-		Partial	
RBC-16	27.79	6.42	2.91	1.21	10.54	-		Partial	
RBC-6	24.03	9.69	-	9.64	-			Partial	
LAIKDH BOTTOM	RBC-20	22.70	0.40	0.12	-	0.52	Entire Area	Partial	9.268
RBC-17	23.73	17.19	3.93	2.61	23.73	-		Full	
RBC-14	22.11	-	-	-	22.11	-		Full	
RBC-5	18.50	-	16.20	-	16.20	-		Full	
RBC-7	24.05	0.78	-	0.40	1.18	-		Partial	
RBC-9	22.48	1.42	0.29	0.52	2.23	-		Partial	

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
WIDTH (TOP)	RBG - 1	4.90	2.22	0.96	1.72	4.90	Full		
	RBG - 7	5.60	1.45	1.95	2.20	5.60	Full		
	RBG - 9	5.68	1.02	3.88	0.78	5.68	Full		
	RBG - 17	3.95	3.49	0.20	0.26	3.95	Full		
	RBG - 20	4.05	0.86	0.28	-	1.14	Partial		
	RIB - 14	3.65	3.65	-	-	3.65	Full		
	RIB - 2	6.55	-	6.55	-	6.55	Full		
	RCD - 5	3.50	-	3.50	-	3.50	Full		

Entire Area

TOTAL : 49.35

-0-0-0-

REPORT ON PHYSICO-MECHANICAL TESTS OF ROCK  
8. FLOOR ROCK CORE SAMPLES OF BEGUNIA SEM ENCOUNTERED IN BOREHOLE NO. RGB-18 OF BEGUNIA PROJECT, BCG.

Customer : Regional Institute - II  
Reference : Lot No. RI-2/BD-4/009/4359 dt. 2-7-1983 from Dy. Chief of Geology, RI-II, CMPDI, Dhambad.

Date of receiving March - April, 1983. Samples with lithology.

Date of receipt March - April, 1983. testing work started

Date/Month in which report is being submitted

JULY, 1983.

Report on physico-mechanical testing of roof and floor rocks of Begunia seam in Begunia Project, BCCL.

7.01.00 INTRODUCTION

Longwall coal faces are being planned in Begunia seam of Begunia Project by CMPDI regional institute II. For this purpose knowledge of physico-mechanical properties of roof and floor rocks of the seam was essential. With this view 30 metres length of roof rock cores and 2.20 metres length of floor rock cores of 2.65 metres thick Begunia coal seam as encountered in borehole No. RBG - 18 were sent to the mining laboratory of CMPDI (HQ) for determination of physico-mechanical properties.

This report presents the results of the tests conducted alongwith a brief outline of the testing procedure followed by general analysis of the results.

7.02.00 Experimental design and test procedure

1. Uniaxial compressive strength of dry sample
2. Brazillian tensile strength
3. Shear strength
4. Young's modulus of Elasticity.
5. Protodyakov strength
6. Bulk density

7.02.01 Specimen preparation for compressive and tensile strength test :

Cores free from surface irregularities were cut by diamond saw using water as coolant. The specimen finished as closely as possible to the tolerance specified by the draft standard of the International Society of Rock Mechanics Committee on Laboratory Test. To remove the moisture introduced at the time of cutting finished specimen were kept at room temperature for 5 - 7 days before testing.

7.02.02 Compressive Strength :

Attempts were made to test the rock/coal samples at a length dia ratio of 2:1 but due to non-availability of longer cores, the test

ratio varying from 1.25 to 2.00. However, to maintain uniformity the compressive strength results reported were normalised to length-diameter ration of 2. The following formula, suggested by Obert and Duvall (1946) was employed for the purpose.

$$C_1 = \frac{C}{0.778 + 0.222 \left( \frac{D}{L} \right)}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{C_2}{0.778 + 0.222 (D_1/L_1)}$$

Where

$C_1$  = Compressive Strength of the specimen with  $L/D = 1$

$C$  = Compressive Strength of the specimen with  $L/D = 1$

$D$  = Diameter of specimen

$L$  = Length of specimen

$C_2$  = Compressive Strength of specimen with  $L/D = 2$

$$D_1/L_1 = 0.5$$

The specimen were loaded perpendicular to the bedding planes on a 200 tonne hydraulic compression testing machine. The stress rate was kept at 5 - 10  $\text{kgf/cm}^2$  per second.

#### 7.02.03 Tensile Strength :

The Brazilian disc method was employed for this test. Specimens were prepared as described in 2.1 with length diameter ration of 0.5.

The specimen were tested on the same compression machine. Load was applied parallel to the bedding planes at a rate of around 20  $\text{kgf}$  per second.

Wherever it was possible attempts were made to test five specimens from each lithological section.

7.02.04 Shear strength :

The method employed was direct shear test using a double shear box.

Cylindrical specimen of not less than 50 mm length was pierced by a 20 mm thick ~~shear piece~~. Load was applied by the same compression machine at a rate of around 20 lbf per second.

7.02.05 Protodyakonov Strength Index :

Five test specimens weighing 50 gm comprising irregular pieces of samples in size range of 10 to 25 mm were pounded separately in a cylinder of 76 mm internal diameter by a 2.4 'g drop weight falling through a height of 0.6 m. The samples were subjected to 5 to 10 impacts depending upon their structure.

Fines below 0.5 mm size produced by the five specimens were combined and the total height of the fines column in a volumeter of 23 mm internal diameter was measured.

The P S I was determined by the formula

$$\text{Protodyakonov Index (f)} = \frac{20 \times \text{No. of drops}}{\text{Height of Column of fines (M.)}}$$

Five tests were conducted for each lithological section.

7.02.06 Bulk density :

The specimens prepared for tensile strength test were weighed and their volume calculated by measuring their length and diameter by vernier calipers.

Density was determined by calculating the weight per unit volume.

7.03.00 Test results :

Summarised data of test results on the rock/coal properties tested for each lithological section of core from borehole No. REG - 13 are shown in Table : 1.

RESULTS OF PHYSICO-MECHANICAL TESTS CONDUCTED ON CORE SAMPLES  
FLOOR + ROOF OF BEGUNIA SEMI IN BORE HOLE NO. REG-18 OF DEGUNIA  
PROJECT, DCCCL.

NOTE-COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH VALUES ARE NORMALISED FOR LENGTH-DIA. RATIO=2

SAMPLE NO	FROM MTR.	TO MTR.	THICK MTX.	ROCK TYPE	BULK DENSITY	COMP STRENGTH DRY	COMP STRENGTH WET	TENSILE STRENGTH		YOUNG'S MODULUS 10 <sup>14</sup>	
								KGF/CC	KGF/SCCM	KGF/SCCM	KGF/SCCM
*1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11
REG-18/001	172.70	174.30	1.60	SHALE	2.571 **0.035	0.0 0.0	0.0 26.4	92.1 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.000 0.000	5.025
REG-18/002	174.30	177.30	3.00	SHALE	2.584 **0.142	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	103.9 10.3	36.5 6.6	0.000 0.000	5.120
REG-18/003	177.30	180.30	3.00	SHALE	2.486 **0.037	903.9 152.3	0.0 0.0	91.1 8.0	34.7 4.3	9.54 2.652	5.172
REG-18/004	180.30	183.30	3.00	SHALE	2.577 **0.097	994.3 0.0	0.0 0.0	107.4 19.4	45.6 27.0	0.000 0.000	5.329
REG-18/005	183.30	183.69	0.39	SHALE	2.888 **0.0	8.8 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	21.3 4.2	0.000 0.000	5.051
REG-18/006	183.69	196.35	2.66	SHALE, ALUMIN ACIOUS	2.620 **0.092	930.0 410.2	0.0 0.0	123.9 32.3	53.4 25.9	6.243 0.937	5.703
REG-18/007	186.35	197.54	1.19	SANDSTONE MUDL. & CEUS	2.605 **0.031	1070.5 0.1	0.0 0.0	111.4 21.4	60.0 22.0	0.000 0.000	5.210

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RDG-10/008	127.54	128.00	0.54	INTERC.L. TED SANDST.	0.000 **0.000	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	90.4 74.7	0.300 0.000	0 0	
RDG-10/009	128.00	129.40	1.32	SILT * 5	2.530 **0.037	720.6 119.6	0.0 0.0	39.1 10.2	43.2 13.6	0.140 1.020	2
RDG-10/010	129.40	191.14	2.04	SILT	2.418 **0.094	612.4 153.5	0.0 0.0	73.0 16.3	50.1 29.8	5.724 1.560	2
RDG-10/011	191.44	192.40	0.96	SANDSTONE OGD	2.319 **0.003	572.2 112.9	0.0 0.0	50.0 7.0	143.1 31.1	3.272 1.329	3
RDG-10/012	192.40	195.45	3.05	SANDSTONE OGD	2.404 **0.031	623.7 263.3	0.0 0.0	125.0 13.1	101.2 32.7	11.064 7.076	2
RDG-10/013	195.45	198.45	3.00	SANDSTONE OGD	2.472 **0.028	764.0 111.6	0.0 0.0	02.3 6.0	183.6 20.9	6.055 3.173	3
RDG-10/014	198.45	199.14	0.69	SANDSTONE OGD	2.565 **0.025	935.0 196.1	0.0 0.0	96.4 4.2	158.7 16.2	0.170 3.752	2
RDG-10/015	199.14	200.04	1.70	SANDSTONE OGD WITH SHALE L.	2.603 **0.032	905.3 83.2	0.0 0.0	107.3 9.3	141.0 20.2	12.161 2.304	2
RDG-10/016	200.04	201.50	0.66	MUD, E. INTERCALA- TEJ SAND- STONE + SHALE +	2.631 **0.032	656.3 53.7	0.0 0.0	96.1 17.4	0.0 0.0	0.166 0.393	4

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RDG-10/017	201.50	202.36	0.36	SANDSTONE MUD WITH SHALE LAMIN- *	2.549 **0.095 5	676.4 102.6 3	0.0 0.0 0.0	107.1 23.0 5	60.4 0.0 1	10.803 0.954 2	
RDG-10/018	202.36	202.55	3.19	SANDSTONE MUD WITH GLANDS	0.000 **0.000 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.000 0.000 0	
RDG-10/019	202.55	202.63	0.08	SANDSTONE MUD SIDERI- **0.000 FIRE WITH *	0.000 0.000 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.000 0.000 0	0.000 0.000 0	
RDG-10/020	202.63	222.70	0.07	SANDSTONE MUD	0.000 **0.000 *	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.000 0.000 0	0.000 0.000 0	
RDG-10/021	205.35	205.96	0.61	INTERCALA- TED SAND- STONE AND SHALE	0.000 **0.000 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0 0	0.000 0.000 0	0.000 0.000 0	
RDG-10/022	205.96	207.55	1.59	SANDSTONE GND	2.404 **0.031 *	565.7 106.3 5	0.0 0.0 0	52.5 11.5 5	61.6 34.0 5	9.267 1.257 2	

\*\* IS STANDARD DEVIATION \* IS NO OF SPECIMENS TESTED  
0.0 INDICATES TEST NOT CONDUCTED/NOT APPLICABLE

RESULTS OF PHYSICO-MECHANICAL TESTS CONDUCTED ON CORE SAMPLES FLOOR+ ROOF  
OF BEGUNIA SEAM IN BORE HOLE NO. RUG-16 OF BEGUNIA  
PROJECT, B.C.C.L.

NOTE—COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH VALUES ARE NORMALISED FOR LENGTH-DIA RATIO=2

SAMPLE NO. - RDG-18/001

CORE LENGTH 1.60 METRES FROM 172.70 TO 174.30 METRES

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SAMPLE NO -	RDG-1a/002									
ROCK TYPE -	SHALE									
CORE LENGTH	3.00 METRES FROM 174.30 TO 177.30 METRES									
LENGTH CM	DIAM. MM	LOSS %								
LOAD KGF	TD/ND 0.01 MM	LOAD KGF								
BULK DENSITY GMS/CC	DENSITY DRY GMS/CC	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM								
COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM								
YOUNGS MODULUS 10E4KGF/S	MET	YOUNGS MODULUS 10E4KGF/S								
2.360	4.745	111.200	17.30	-	2.666	-	98.4	-	-	
2.180	4.740	101.200	18.00	-	2.632	-	111.0	-	-	
2.415	4.740	113.500	20.50	-	2.665	-	114.1	-	-	
2.275	4.735	95.000	15.60	-	2.373	-	92.2	-	-	
-	4.730	-	12.00	-	-	-	-	34.2	-	-
-	4.740	-	12.40	-	-	-	-	35.2	-	-
-	4.740	-	17.00	-	-	-	-	40.2	-	-
-	4.735	-	11.60	-	-	-	-	33.0	-	-
-	4.740	-	11.30	-	-	-	-	32.0	-	-
 MEAN -										
STANDARD DEVIATION -		2.534	0.0	0.0	103.9	36.5	0.000			
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED -		0.142	0.0	0.0	10.3	6.6	0.000			
PROTODYAKONOV INDEX = 5.1284			0	0	4	5	0			

: 67 :

SAMPLE NO - RSG-1B/003

ROCK TYPE - SHALE

CORE LENGTH 3.00 METRES FROM 177.30 TO 180.30 METRES.

LENGTH CM	DIAM. CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	THICK. MM	LOD KGF	BULK DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP. STRENGTH DRY KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH WET KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E+4KGF
0.090	4.740	-	14160	479	-	6400	-	-	-	-	-
				522		525					
						6300					
				527		7200					
				529		7600					
				349	-	3400	-				
				356		3300	-				
				327		309	-				
				309		9200	-				
				391		9600	-				
				1020	-	-	-				
				1390	-	-	-				
				1240	-	-	-				
				1210	-	-	-				
				2.510	-	-	-				
				2.476	-	-	-				
				95.0	-	-	-				
				32.3	-	-	-				
				35.2	-	-	-				
				101.7	-	-	-				
				34.0	-	-	-				
				96.7	-	-	-				
				11.675	-	-	-				
				2.436	903.9	0.0	91.1	34.7	9.654		
MEAN-				0.037	152.3	0.0	0.0	4.3	2.350		
STANDARD DEVIATION-				6	2	0	0.6	4	2		
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED-											
PROCTORY AKONOV INDEX = 5.172											

MEAN-	2.436	903.9	0.0	91.1	34.7	9.654
STANDARD DEVIATION-	0.037	152.3	0.0	0.0	4.3	2.350
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED-	6	2	0	0.6	4	2
PROCTORY AKONOV INDEX = 5.172						

SAMPLE NO. - RDG-10/004  
ROCK TYPE - SHALE  
CORE LENGTH 3.00 METRES FROM 130.30 TO 163.30 METRES.

MEAN	STANDARD DEVIATION	NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED	TEST NO	TEST NO	LOAD KGF	LOD KGF	ID/ND 0.01 MM	LOD KGF	BULK DENSITY	COMP. STRENGTH	COMP. STRENGTH	TENSILE STRENGTH	SHEAR STRENGTH	YOUNG'S MODULUS
					GMS	GMS	GMS/CC	KGF/ SQCM	KGF/ SQCM	KGF/ SQCM	KGF/ SQCM	KGF/ SQCM	KGF/ SQCM	10E4KGF/ SQCM
4.740	-	-	3020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85.6	-	-
4.740	-	-	1150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32.9	-	-
4.740	-	-	1300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36.9	-	-
4.735	-	-	950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.0	-	-
4.740	-	-	17560	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.745	124	250	2600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.560	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.565	4.740	114.000	2100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136.3	-	-
2.475	4.740	112.200	2000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110.0	-	-
2.500	4.740	115.400	1900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	108.6	-	-
2.555	4.740	113.200	1530	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.0	-	-
					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83.1	-	-
					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					2.577	994.3	0.0	107.4	45.6	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
					0.097	0.0	0.0	19.4	27.0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
					5	1	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	0

: 69 :

SAMPLE NO- RBC-10/005  
ROCK TYPE- SHALE  
CORE LENGTH 0.39 METRES FROM 103.30 TO 103.69 METRES

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	WEIGHT GMS	LOD KGF	TEND 0.01 MM	LOD KGF	SUCTION DENSITY	COMP. DRY	CMP. WET	TENSILE STRENGTH	SHEAR STRENGTH	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGFM
						GMS/CC	KGF/SQCM	KGF/SQCM	KGF/5QCM	KGF/SQCM	
-	4.730	-	350	-	-	-	-	-	24.2	-	-
-	4.735	-	630	-	-	-	-	-	17.9	-	-
MEAN-					0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	0.000	
STANDARD DEVIATION-					0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.000	
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED-					0	0	0	0	2	0	
PCT. YAKUNOV INDEX=					5.054						

SAMPLE NO - DCG-10/506

ROCK TYPE - SHALE, IRREGULAR

CORE LENGTH 2.66 METRES FROM 103.69 TO 166.35 METRES

LENGTH CM	21A CM	MASS GMS	LOD KGF	Lod/ND 0.01 MM	Lod KGF	BULK DENSITY JY KGF/SQCM	CAP STRENGTH WET KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH WET KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH WET KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH WET KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS KG/KGF/SQCM
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
-	4.735	-	920	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.1	-
-	4.740	-	3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	37.3	-
-	4.735	-	1520	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.2	-
-	4.735	-	2000	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.0	-
9.605	4.740	-	17600	-	-	-	1000.5	-	-	-	-
9.705	4.740	-	13000	299	-	-	739.2	-	-	-	-
			352	6300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			354	7200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.70	4.735	-	12670	231	-	712.0	-	-	-	6.945	-
			336	5300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			330	6200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			341	6600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			343	7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.550

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
9.535	4.745	-	30060	-	-	-	-	1693.4	-	-	-
9.635	4.740	-	0650	-	-	-	-	491.7	-	-	-
9.660	4.735	-	17400	-	-	-	-	991.1	-	-	-
2.610	4.740	120.500	2000	-	-	-	-	2.610	-	-	-
2.545	4.740	113.000	1400	-	-	-	-	2.517	-	-	-
2.590	4.740	113.400	2040	-	-	-	-	2.602	-	-	-
2.560	4.745	119.050	2400	-	-	-	-	2.631	-	-	-
2.550	4.745	125.000	3050	-	-	-	-	2.773	-	-	-
MEAN -								160.6	-	-	-
STANDARD DEVIATION -											
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED -											

PROTOYAKOV INDEX = 5.703

2.620	930.0	0.0	123.9	53.4	6.240
0.092	410.2	0.0	32.0	25.9	0.907
5	6	0	5	4	2

SAMPLE NO - MG-18/OCT

**ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE ARGILLACEOUS**

CORE LENGTH 1.19 METRES FROM 106.35 TO 107.54 METRES

LENGTH CM	JIA GMS	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.01 MM	LOAD KGF	DULK DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP STRENGTH DRY KGF/SQCM	COMP STRENGTH NET KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF/S
-	4.740	-	1200	-	-	-	-	-	34.0	-	-
-	4.740	-	1030	-	-	-	-	-	53.3	-	-
9.565	4.740	-	19000	-	-	-	1070.5	-	-	-	-
2.595	4.740	116.220	2050	-	-	2.503	-	-	106.2	-	-
2.565	4.745	117.000	1630	-	-	2.501	-	-	83.7	-	-
2.600	4.740	115.400	2050	-	-	2.502	-	-	106.0	-	-
2.425	4.740	113.200	2060	-	-	2.647	-	-	114.2	-	-
2.590	4.740	110.700	2100	-	-	2.599	-	-	109.2	-	-
2.515	4.740	117.200	2200	-	-	2.642	-	-	149.6	-	-
-	4.740	-	3130	-	-	-	-	-	33.7	-	-
-	4.740	-	2250	-	-	-	-	-	63.0	-	-
MEAN			2.605	1073.5	0.0	111.4	60.0	0.000			
STD. DEVIATION			0.031	0.0	0.0	21.4	22.0	0.000			
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED			6	1	0	6	4	0			

73

SAMPLE NO - 73G-1G/003

ROCK TYPE - INTERCALATED SILTSTONE + SHELL

CORE LENGTH 0.54 METRES FROM 107.54 TO 109.00 METRES

LENGTH DIA. MASS LOAD LENGTH LOAD  
CM CM KG KG

CM CM CMS KGF 0.01 MII KGF DEN

GMS

$$= 1630 = 4740$$

- 4753 - 6260 - - -

- 4.747 - 1660 - -

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SUMMARY-  
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED-  
0.0

PROTODYAKONOV INDEX = 4.146

SAMPLE NO - RDG-13/009  
BUCK TYPE - SHALE  
CITE LENGTH 1.32 METRES FROM 100.00 TO 109.40 METRES.

SAMPLE NO - RDG-15/  
ROCK TYPE - SHALE  
CORE LENGTH 2.04 METRES FROM 109.40 TO 191.44 METRES.

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	MASS GMS	L.C.D KGF	D/N/D 0.01 MM KGF	L.D DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF
9.700	4.740	-	13600	120	-	-	-	-	-	-
				170	6200					
				101	6000					
				134	7400					
				103	6000					
9.330	4.740	-	10600	503	-	773.3	-	-	-	6.033
				577	400					
				562	5000					
				566	5600					
				570	6000					
8.075	4.740	-	3420	-	-	467.3	-	-	-	4.615
2.415	4.745	104.700	1440	-	2.453	-	80.0	-	-	-
2.505	4.735	115.000	1000	-	2.510	-	93.3	-	-	-
2.530	4.735	114.550	1700	-	2.520	-	93.7	-	-	-
2.545	4.735	105.40	1200	-	2.353	-	67.7	-	-	-
2.550	4.740	104.300	920	-	2.319	-	40.5	-	-	-
2.625	4.735	107.900	1260	-	2.336	-	64.6	-	-	-
-	4.737	-	3320	-	-	-	-	94.2	-	-
-	4.730	-	1320	-	-	-	-	37.6	-	-
-	4.737	-	1540	-	-	-	-	29.6	-	-
4.733	-	2340	-	-	-	-	-	22.7	-	-
MEAN								66.5	-	-
ST AND. 3RD DEVIATION-			2.410	613.4	0.0	73.3	50.1	5.724		
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED -		0.094	153.5	0.0	16.3	29.0	1.560			
FR.TODAYAKNOV INDEX = 4.104		6	3	0	6	5	2			



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S. NO - 10/112  
ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE CSD  
CORE LENGTH 3.05 METRES FROM 192.40 TO 195.45 METRES

ST. NOME DIVISION-  
NO. 02 SPECIMEN TESTED

PROTOTYPING INDEX = 2.650

SAMPLE NO - RDG-10/213  
 ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE OGD  
 CORE LENGTH 3.00 METRES FROM 195.45 TO 198.45 METRES.

LENGTH CM	SLA. CM	WEIGHT GMS	LOAD KGF	EL/NL 0.01 MM	LOD KGF	BULK DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF/S
10.370	4.745	-	14360	360	427	6600	-	-	-	-	-
					422	7000	-	-	-	-	-
					430	7400	-	-	-	-	-
					432	7800	-	-	-	-	-
					356	-	5600	-	-	-	-
					414	6200	-	-	-	-	-
					417	6600	-	-	-	-	-
					419	7400	-	-	-	-	-
					422	7400	-	-	-	-	-
					232	6420	-	-	-	-	-
					296	7000	-	-	-	-	-
					299	7600	-	-	-	-	-
					302	7600	-	-	-	-	-
					335	8200	-	-	-	-	-
							602.3	-	-	-	-
							540.4	-	-	-	-
							621.2	-	-	-	-
							2.430	-	-	-	-
							2.491	-	-	-	-
							2.469	-	-	-	-
							2.5.4	-	-	-	-
							2.466	-	-	-	-
							594.	-	-	-	-
							610.	-	-	-	-
							6240	-	-	-	-
							7760	-	-	-	-
							6500	-	-	-	-
							160	-	-	-	-
							101.2	-	-	-	-
							176.7	-	-	-	-
							220.0	-	-	-	-
							172.1	-	-	-	-

: 79 :

CONT'D. FROM PREVIOUS PAGE

MEAN-	764.0	3.3	52.3	133.6	6.055	
ST.INDARD DEVIATION-	0.020	111.4	0.0	6.0	20.9	0.170
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED-	5	6	0	5	5	3
PROTOLY.KNOV INDEX =	0.005					

SAMPLE NO - REG-13/014  
 ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE  
 CORE LENGTH 0.69 METRES FROM 193.45 TO 193.14 METRES

GTH

DIA.

MASS  
GMSLOD/CD  
KGFID/ND  
0.01 MM  
KGF

GMS/CC

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

CM

LOD  
MM  
KGFJULK  
DENSITYDRY  
KGF/SQCMWET  
KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

KGF/SQCM

045

4.745

-

10480

343

-

1052.3

-

-

-

070

4.745

-

12560

95

-

709.5

-

-

7.630

070

4.740

-

130

130

-

-

-

-

-

070

4.755

-

132

132

-

-

-

-

-

070

4.750

-

135

135

-

-

-

-

-

070 DEVIATION  
SPECIMEN TESTED

TEST FOR NOTDYKOV INDEX COULD NOT BE CONDUCTED

0.025

4

196.1

3

0

-

-

-

8.701

3.170

6.752

SINGLE NO-RDG-10/015  
ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE  
CORE LENGTH 1.70 METRES

WITH SINGLE LAYER  
OF 177 METRES FROM 199.14 TO 207.64 METRES

LENGTH CM	DIA CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.01 MM	LOAD KGF	DULK DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG MODUL KGF
9.420	4.750	-	17760	247	279	340	-	-	-	-	-
					280	300					
					232	9200					
					234	9600					
					151	-					
					194	0400	-				
					196	0300	-				
					129	9200	-				
					2600	-					
					-	-	1093.0	-	-	-	-
					-	-	350.9	-	-	-	-
					-	-	968.2	-	-	-	-
					-	-	-	2.501	-	-	-
					-	-	-	2.615	-	-	-
					-	-	-	2.619	-	-	-
					-	-	-	2.652	-	-	-
					-	-	-	2.572	-	-	-
					-	-	-	-	99.1	-	-
					-	-	-	-	110.9	-	-
					-	-	-	-	112.2	-	-
					-	-	-	-	110.7	-	-
					-	-	-	-	95.3	-	-
					-	-	-	-	-	151.7	-
					-	-	-	-	-	150.4	-
					-	-	-	-	-	157.4	-
					-	-	-	-	-	99.7	-

MEAN ST. AND A.R.D. DEVIL. TICK.  
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED

ST. AND A.R.D.	DEVIL. TICK.	NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED
2.608	955.3	3.0
0.032	38.2	0.0
5	5	0

PROTODYKTONOV INDEX = 5.693
-----------------------------

SAMPLE NO. - REG-13/16  
 ROCK TYPE - INTERCALATED SANDSTONE + SHALE  
 CORE LENGTH .66 METRES FROM 200.84 TO 201.50 METRES.

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.01 MM	LOD KGF	BULK DENSITY DRY	COMP. STRENGTH	TENSILE STRENGTH	SHEAR STRENGTH	YOUNGS MODULUS 10E4KGF/SQCM
						GMS/CC	KGF/SQCM	KGF/SQCM	KGF/SQCM	
9.51	4.740	-	1990	150	-	-	-	-	-	-
				154	4300	1036	-	-	-	-
				164	5200	5600	-	-	-	-
				171	6200	-	-	-	-	-
9.765	4.740	-	1220	139	-	610.3	-	-	-	-
				177	5600	-	-	-	-	-
				178	6000	-	-	-	-	-
				180	6400	-	-	-	-	-
				181	6800	-	-	-	-	-
					-	2.517	-	76.6	-	0.444
					-	2.694	-	32.5	-	-
					-	2.573	-	-	-	-
					-	2.603	-	104.3	-	-
					-	2.690	-	121.5	-	-
					-	93.0	-	93.0	-	-
MEAN STAND. DEV. INDEX					2.631	656.3	0.0	96.1	0.0	0.166
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED					0.002	53.7	0.0	17.4	0.0	0.393
PROTODYKOMOV INDEX = 4.644					5	2	0	5	0	2



SAMPLE NO - RUG-18/013  
 ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE IRD WITH C LINES  
 CORE LENGTH 0.19 METRES FROM 202.36 TO 202.55 METRES

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.61MM	LOD KGF	JULK DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF/SQCM

NON OF THESE TESTS COULD BE CONDUCTED  
 PROTODYAKONOV INDEX = 4.705

SAMPLE NO - RUG-18/019  
 ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE IRD SIDERITIC WITH C LINES  
 CORE LENGTH 0.00 METRES FROM 202.55 TO 202.63 METRES.

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.61MM	LOD KGF	BULK DENSITY GMS/CC	COMP. STRENGTH DRY KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH WET KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF/SQCM

NON OF THESE TESTS COULD BE CONDUCTED  
 TEST FOR PROTODYAKONOV INDEX COULD NOT BE CONDUCTED

: 85 :

SAMPLE NO - RDG-13/020  
ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE MGD  
CORE LENGTH 0.07 METRES FROM 202.63 TO 202.70 METRES

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.01MM	LOAD KGF	BULK DENSITY GMS/CC	CORE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF/SQCM
--------------	------------	-------------	-------------	-----------------	-------------	---------------------------	------------------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------------------------------

NON OF THESE TESTS COULD BE CONDUCTED  
TEST FOR PROTODYK-KONOV INDEX COULD NOT BE CONDUCTED.

SAMPLE NO - RDG-13/021  
ROCK TYPE - INTERCALATED SANDSTONE AND SHALE  
CORE LENGTH 0.61 METRES FROM 205.35 TO 205.96 METRES.

LENGTH CM	DIA. CM	MASS GMS	LOAD KGF	ID/ND 0.01MM	LOAD KGF	BULK DENSITY DRY GMS/CC	CORE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	COMP. STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	TENSILE STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	SHEAR STRENGTH KGF/SQCM	YOUNG'S MODULUS 10E4KGF/SQCM
--------------	------------	-------------	-------------	-----------------	-------------	----------------------------------	------------------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------------------------------

NON OF THESE TESTS COULD BE CONDUCTED  
PROTODYK-KONOV INDEX = 3.327

SAMPLE NO. - REG-13/322  
 ROCK TYPE - SANDSTONE QGD  
 CORE LENGTH 1.59 METRES FROM 205.96 TO 207.55 METRES.

LENGTH CM	DIA CM	WEIGHT GMS	LOAD KGF	LOD 0.01MM	BULK DENSITY	COMP. STRENGTH DRY	COMP. STRENGTH WET	TENSILE STRENGTH	SHEAR STRENGTH	YOUN. MODULUS
					GMS/CC	KGF/SQCM	KGF/SQCM	KGF/SQCM	KGF/SQCM	10E4KGF/SQCM
9.565	4.730	-	11960	3	-	-	631.9	-	-	-
				30	5400	-	-	-	-	-
				32	5000	-	-	-	-	-
				34	6200	-	-	-	-	-
				36	6600	-	-	-	-	-
9.625	4.735	-	10600	-	-	605.0	-	-	-	10.856
9.600	4.730	-	10960	45	-	625.2	-	-	-	-
				75	5000	-	-	-	-	-
				77	5400	-	-	-	-	-
				79	5800	-	-	-	-	-
				81	6200	-	-	-	-	-
9.675	4.730	-	3760	-	-	502.2	-	-	-	9.078
9.805	4.730	-	7230	-	-	416.3	-	-	-	-
2.560	4.725	100	750	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.600	4.725	107	700	800	-	2.424	-	-	-	52.7
2.500	4.735	100	750	1250	-	-	2.364	-	-	41.5
2.575	4.730	110	600	1200	-	-	2.395	-	-	65.2
2.590	4.720	100	400	700	-	-	2.446	-	-	62.6
4.740	-	1900	-	-	-	-	2.393	-	-	40.6
4.733	-	530	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.736	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.730	-	2140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		4120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN					9.078					
STANDARD DEVIATION			2.404	565.7	0.0	52.5	61.6	9.967		
NO OF SPECIMEN TESTED			0.031	106.3	0.0	11.5	34.0	1.257		
PROTODYAKONOV INDEX			5	5	0	5	5	2		

CHAPTER - VIII.

8.00.00 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION:

8.00.01 The detailed exploration of Begunia Block, District: Bardhaman, West Bengal, involving large scale Geological mapping and surveying in an area of 4.1 sq. km. (1:4000 R.F.), drilling of 14,197.45 m. in 28 boreholes, has established the presence of 13 coal seams of more than 0.50 m. thickness from Salanpur (B - II) to Local (Above Chanch - Begunia) in the Darakar measures of western Raniganj Coalfield.

8.00.02 The geological structure of the area as deduced from the surface and sub-surface data indicate the presence of 12 faults. These faults are grouped in eight because two faults  $F_1$  -  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  -  $F_2$  split into three faults which again merge within the block. Most of the faults are dipping towards south or southwest except  $F_3$ ,  $F_7$  and  $F_8$  which dips towards North and Northeast. The strike of formation in Begunia block varies from WNW - ESE in the western part to almost E - W in central part. The dip which is always southerly, varies from  $4^{\circ}$  -  $5^{\circ}$  in northern part to  $10^{\circ}$  in the south.

8.00.03 In all, 13 coal seams and their merged sections have been considered for studies and reserves estimation. These seams in ascending order are Salanpur (B - II), Local (Above Salanpur), Mindawnpur Group, Gopinathpur (Bottom), Gopinathpur (Top), Local (Above Gopinathpur), New Seam and Laikdih (Bottom), Laikdih (Top) and (Bottom) Combined, Laikdih (Top), Jograd, Chanch - Begunia Special Chanch - Begunia and Seam Local (Above Chanch - Begunia). Out of those 13 seams only 7 seams from Local (Above Chanch - Begunia) to Laikdih Top and Bottom Combined and Laikdih Bottom have been considered for the classification of reserves under proved category. The remaining 6 seams or group of seams where the borehole intersection are limited, the reserves are classified under inferred category.

- 8.00.04 Due to high U.V.M. contents and Coking properties, all the seams upto Laikdih Bottom and New Seam are considered Coking in the entire area, whereas the lower seam are considered as Non-Coking.
- 8.00.05 The reserves of the seam in the block is grouped in Main block area which is further sub-divided into four sector i.e., 01, 02, 03 and 04 respectively.
- 8.00.06 Reserves of coal including band for the different seams upto seam Laikdih have been estimated in detail, by considering Isocores, Isograde, Isoval and horizon line on seam folios.
- 8.00.07 The summary of the reserves of coal in Begunia block.

( In million tonnes )

			<u>TOTAL</u>
COKING (IN-BAND)	PROVED -	34.258	
	INFERRRED -	2.022	146.43
NON-COKING (IN-BAND)	INFERRRED	110.110	

- 8.00.08 In Begunia block, 11 seams out of 13 seams are partially or completely affected by intrusions resulting in formation of Jharna within the seam. The total proved reserves of Jharna upto Laikdih (Bottom) are 49.35 m. tonnes.

भूवैज्ञानिक प्रतिवेदन : कोयला गवेषण  
बेगुनिया प्रखण्ड, रानीगंज कोयला-क्षेत्र  
जिला बद्धमान (प० बंगाल)

GEOLOGICAL REPORT ON EXPLORATION FOR COAL  
Begunia Block, Raniganj Coalfield  
District : Bardhaman (W. Bengal)

खंड - १ ख  
( विषय वस्तु परिशिष्ट )

VOLUME - I B  
(TEXT ANNEXURES)

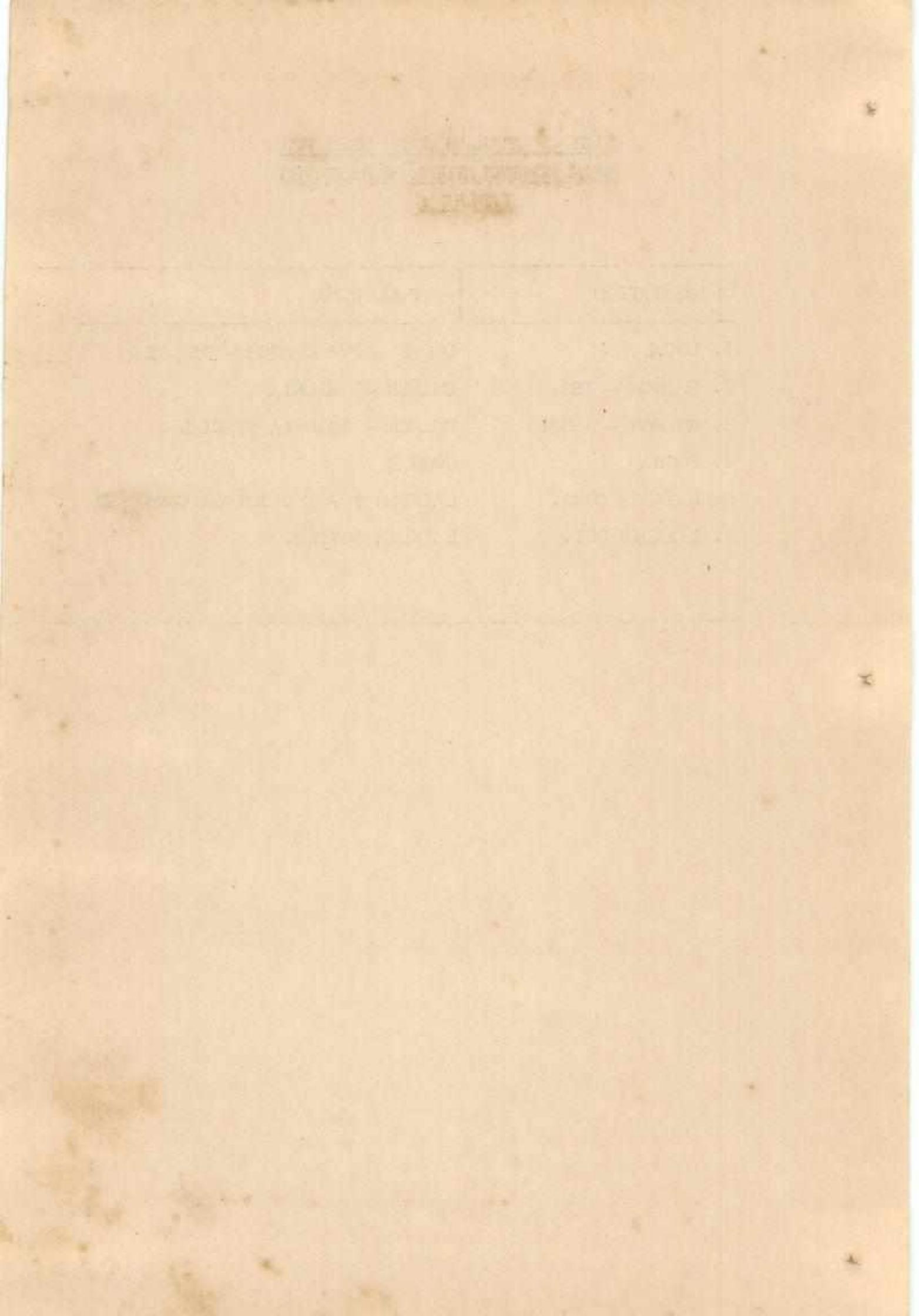


खनिज गवेषण निगम लिमिटेड  
( मारत सरकार का उद्यम )  
मार्च १९८४

MINERAL EXPLORATION CORPORATION LTD.  
( A Government of India Enterprise )  
March 1984

LIST OF ABBREVIATION USED FOR  
SEAM NOMENCLATURE IN RESERVES  
TABLES :

ABBREVIATION	FULL NAME
1. LOCAL	LOCAL DOVE CHINCH - BEGUNIA
2. CHINCH - BEG.	CHINCH - BEGUNIA
3. CHINCH - BEGSP	CHINCH - BEGUNIA SPECIAL
4. JOGRAD	JOGRAD
5. LAIKDIH COMB.	LAIKDIH TOP AND BOTTOM COMBINED
6. LAIKDIH BOT.	LAIKDIH BOTTOM.



BEGUNIA BLOCK  
RESERVES TABLE - 1

STATEMENT SHOWING SECTOR-WISE AND HORIZONTAL-WISE  
NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING COAL SEAMS  
(INCLUDING LANDS)



H. H. L.

STATEMENT SHOWING SEAP-WISE, SECTOR-WISE AND HORIZON-WISE NET PROJECT RESERVES OF COOKING COAL

H-04

RESERVES IN TONNES

P.E.C.LTD.

BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, C.I.S.T., SARDHAPUR, (WEST BENGAL)

STATEMENT SHOWING TOTAL - SECTOR-WISE AND HORIZON-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING COAL SEAMS  
IN BAND

H O R I Z O N - R A N G E 5

SEAM NO	SECTOR DEVELOPED	NET PROVED RESERVES IN BAND	TOTAL
VIRGIN /	A ABCNE	100 100 + 100 100 + 200 100 + 300 100 + 400 100 + 500 100 + 600	1000
TOTAL ALL SECTORS			

01	VIRGIN	96	765	819	0	0	0	0	0	1680
----	--------	----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------

02	VIRGIN	2678	767	5589	1504	499	0	0	0	11039
DEVELOPED		180	0	922	0	0	0	0	0	1102
SUB-TOTAL		2858	767	1506	499	0	0	0	0	12141

03	VIRGIN	0	1713	2760	486	2348	11393	199	18901
DEVELOPED		0	94	83	0	0	0	0	177
SUB-TOTAL		0	1807	2843	486	2348	11393	199	19078

04	VIRGIN	0	0	161	825	364	29	0	1399
----	--------	---	---	-----	-----	-----	----	---	------

TOTAL ALL SEAMS									
-----------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

VIRGIN	2774	3245	9329	2815	3231	11422	199	33019
DEVELOPED	180	94	1065	0	0	0	0	1279
TOTAL	2954	3339	10334	2815	3231	11422	199	34298

P-A-C-L-T-D

BEGUNIA BLOOMSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA CALIFORNIA CITY, CALIFORNIA CINCINNATI, OHIO DENGAL, TEXAS

STATEMENT SHOWING SEAP-WISE, SECTOR-WISE AND THICKNESS-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING-COAL SEAMS

IN-BAND

RESERVES IN 1000 TONNES

T H E C K N E S S - R A N G E S (IN MTS)									
SEAP NC		SECTOR DEVELOPED		C. 9		C. 5 TO		C. 5 TO	
VIRGIN	1	*	0.5	TC	*	C. 5	TO	C.	1.2
SEAP TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGIN	144	117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGIN	309	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEAP TOTAL	533	149	62	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGIN	533	149	62	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	533	149	62	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGIN	144	117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAIRDH CWD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGIN	7	10	37	105	224	1062	1442	1442	1442
VIRGIN	34	54	93	462	454	2285	3387	3387	3387
DEVELCFD	0	0	0	0	0	296	296	296	296
SUB-TOTAL	34	54	93	462	454	2583	3685	3685	3685
VIRGIN	11	15	43	167	300	7643	8379	8379	8379
VIRGIN	52	79	178	734	975	11190	13208	13208	13208
DEVELCFD	0	0	0	0	0	298	298	298	298
TOTAL	52	79	178	734	975	11488	13506	13506	13506
LAIYDH BOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGIN	2	4	7	26	36	3689	3764	3764	3764
DEVELCFD	0	0	0	0	0	624	624	624	624
SUB-TOTAL	2	4	7	26	36	4313	4388	4388	4388
VIRGIN	22	38	87	164	365	4610	5088	5088	5088
VIRGIN	3	3	4	24	50	0	0	0	0
SEAP TOTAL	45	92	216	451	8099	8936	8936	8936	8936
VIRGIN	27	45	92	216	451	8099	8936	8936	8936
DEVELCFD	0	0	0	0	0	624	624	624	624
TOTAL	27	45	92	216	451	8723	9560	9560	9560

STATEMENT SHOWING TOTAL & SECTOR-WISE AND THICKNESS-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING COAL SEAPS

IN BAND

(RESERVES IN '000 TONNES)

THICKNESS - RANGE (IN FT.)

SEAP NO. SECTOR DEVELOPED \* 0.5 TC \* 0.7 TC \* 1.2 TC \* 2.0 TO \* 4.0 TO \* 6.0 TO \*

VIRGIN / 0 2892 1526 1601 6485 1426 19239 33019

TOTAL ALL SEAPS 2896 1534 1424 6807 1426 20211 34298

	01	VIRGIN	139	48	99	111	221	1062	1680
02	VIRGIN DEVELOPED SUB-TOTAL	764 4 782	559 6 567	779 22 501	2453 146 2595	490 0 490	5574 922 6896	11039 1102 12144	
03	VIRGIN DEVELOPED SUB-TOTAL	1858 0 1858	624 0 624	519 1 520	2982 176 3152	665 0 665	12253 0 12253	18901 177 19078	
04	VIRGIN	111	295	4	935	50	0	1399	
TOTAL ALL SEAPS									
VIRGIN	2892	1526	1601	6485	1426	19239	33019		
DEVELOPED	4	1	23	322	0	922	1275		
TOTAL	2896	1534	1424	6807	1426	20211	34298		

W • E • C • L • I • P •

EEGUNTA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. BAROHSAPAN (WEST BENGAL).

**STATEMENT SHOWING SEAP-WISE, SECTOR-WISE AND THICKNESS-WISE NET PRO-**

OF ECKING COAL SEAMS

SEAM NO		SECTOR DEVELOPED		THICKNESS - RANGE (IN HTS)		MCRE THICK TOTAL	
VIRGIN /	0-5	TO	0-9	0-5 TO	1-2 TO	2-0 TO	4-0 TO
SEAM TOTAL							
01	VIRGIN	135	0	0	0	0	0
02	VIRGIN	135	0	0	0	0	135
03	VIRGIN	1275	304	0	0	0	1541
04	VIRGIN	108	292	0	0	0	400
SEAM TOTAL							
VIRGIN		1678	598	0	0	0	2076
TOTAL		1478	598	0	0	0	2076
CHANCH-BEG							
01	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	VIRGIN	8	13	169	1965	0	2155
02	DEVELOP	4	8	22	144	0	186
02	SUB-TOTAL	12	21	191	2111	0	2335
03	VIRGIN	110	128	360	2645	0	3247
03	DEVELOP	0	0	1	176	0	177
03	SUB-TOTAL	110	128	361	2825	0	3424
04	VIRGIN	0	0	0	915	0	915
SEAM TOTAL							
VIRGIN		118	141	529	5535	0	6323
DEVELOP		4	8	23	322	0	357
TOTAL		122	149	552	5857	0	6680
CHANCH-BEG 5P							
01	VIRGIN	52	38	0	0	0	90
02	VIRGIN	461	371	505	0	0	1337
03	VIRGIN	171	105	29	0	0	305
SEAM TOTAL							
VIRGIN		604	514	534	0	0	1732
TOTAL		604	514	534	0	0	1732

H.E.C.A.T.O.

BEGUNIA BLOCK-BRANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. GARDHANKUR (WEST BENGAL)

STATEMENT SHOWING SEAM-WISE, SECTOR-WISE AND U.V.W.-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING COAL STEAMS

IN-BAND

(RESERVES IN '000 TONNES)

	U	V	W	R	N	G	E	S
SEAM NO.	SECTOR DEVELOPED	LEO 15	15-20	20-22	22-25	25-30	30-35	GTB 35
LOCAL								TOTAL
01	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	125	0
02	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	135
03	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	135	1406	0
04	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	400	0
SEAM TOTAL	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	400
	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	2076
CHANCH-BEG						135	1541	0
						135	1541	2076

	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	010	011	012	013	014	015	016	017	018	019	020	021	022	023	024	025	026	027	028	029	030	031	032	033	034	035	036	037	038	039	040	041	042	043	044	045	046	047	048	049	050	051	052	053	054	055	056	057	058	059	060	061	062	063	064	065	066	067	068	069	070	071	072	073	074	075	076	077	078	079	080	081	082	083	084	085	086	087	088	089	090	091	092	093	094	095	096	097	098	099	0100	0101	0102	0103	0104	0105	0106	0107	0108	0109	0110	0111	0112	0113	0114	0115	0116	0117	0118	0119	0120	0121	0122	0123	0124	0125	0126	0127	0128	0129	0130	0131	0132	0133	0134	0135	0136	0137	0138	0139	0140	0141	0142	0143	0144	0145	0146	0147	0148	0149	0150	0151	0152	0153	0154	0155	0156	0157	0158	0159	0160	0161	0162	0163	0164	0165	0166	0167	0168	0169	0170	0171	0172	0173	0174	0175	0176	0177	0178	0179	0180	0181	0182	0183	0184	0185	0186	0187	0188	0189	0190	0191	0192	0193	0194	0195	0196	0197	0198	0199	0200	0201	0202	0203	0204	0205	0206	0207	0208	0209	0210	0211	0212	0213	0214	0215	0216	0217	0218	0219	0220	0221	0222	0223	0224	0225	0226	0227	0228	0229	0230	0231	0232	0233	0234	0235	0236	0237	0238	0239	0240	0241	0242	0243	0244	0245	0246	0247	0248	0249	0250	0251	0252	0253	0254	0255	0256	0257	0258	0259	0260	0261	0262	0263	0264	0265	0266	0267	0268	0269	0270	0271	0272	0273	0274	0275	0276	0277	0278	0279	0280	0281	0282	0283	0284	0285	0286	0287	0288	0289	0290	0291	0292	0293	0294	0295	0296	0297	0298	0299	0300	0301	0302	0303	0304	0305	0306	0307	0308	0309	0310	0311	0312	0313	0314	0315	0316	0317	0318	0319	0320	0321	0322	0323	0324	0325	0326	0327	0328	0329	0330	0331	0332	0333	0334	0335	0336	0337	0338	0339	0340	0341	0342	0343	0344	0345	0346	0347	0348	0349	0350	0351	0352	0353	0354	0355	0356	0357	0358	0359	0360	0361	0362	0363	0364	0365	0366	0367	0368	0369	0370	0371	0372	0373	0374	0375	0376	0377	0378	0379	0380	0381	0382	0383	0384	0385	0386	0387	0388	0389	0390	0391	0392	0393	0394	0395	0396	0397	0398	0399	0400	0401	0402	0403	0404	0405	0406	0407	0408	0409	0410	0411	0412	0413	0414	0415	0416	0417	0418	0419	0420	0421	0422	0423	0424	0425	0426	0427	0428	0429	0430	0431	0432	0433	0434	0435	0436	0437	0438	0439	0440	0441	0442	0443	0444	0445	0446	0447	0448	0449	0450	0451	0452	0453	0454	0455	0456	0457	0458	0459	0460	0461	0462	0463	0464	0465	0466	0467	0468	0469	0470	0471	0472	0473	0474	0475	0476	0477	0478	0479	0480	0481	0482	0483	0484	0485	0486	0487	0488	0489	0490	0491	0492	0493	0494	0495	0496	0497	0498	0499	0500	0501	0502	0503	0504	0505	0506	0507	0508	0509	0510	0511	0512	0513	0514	0515	0516	0517	0518	0519	0520	0521	0522	0523	0524	0525	0526	0527	0528	0529	0530	0531	0532	0533	0534	0535	0536	0537	0538	0539	0540	0541	0542	0543	0544	0545	0546	0547	0548	0549	0550	0551	0552	0553	0554	0555	0556	0557	0558	0559	0560	0561	0562	0563	0564	0565	0566	0567	0568	0569	0570	0571	0572	0573	0574	0575	0576	0577	0578	0579	0580	0581	0582	0583	0584	0585	0586	0587	0588	0589	0590	0591	0592	0593	0594	0595	0596	0597	0598	0599	0600	0601	0602	0603	0604	0605	0606	0607	0608	0609	0610	0611	0612	0613	0614	0615	0616	0617	0618	0619	0620	0621	0622	0623	0624	0625	0626	0627	0628	0629	0630	0631	0632	0633	0634	0635	0636	0637	0638	0639	0640	0641	0642	0643	0644	0645	0646	0647	0648	0649	0650	0651	0652	0653	0654	0655	0656	0657	0658	0659	0660	0661	0662	0663	0664	0665	0666	0667	0668	0669	0670	0671	0672	0673	0674	0675	0676	0677	0678	0679	0680	0681	0682	0683	0684	0685	0686	0687	0688	0689	0690	0691	0692	0693	0694	0695	0696	0697	0698	0699	0700	0701	0702	0703	0704	0705	0706	0707	0708	0709	0710	0711	0712	0713	0714	0715	0716	0717	0718	0719	0720	0721	0722	0723	0724	0725	0726	0727	0728	0729	0730	0731	0732	0733	0734	0735	0736	0737	0738	0739	0740	0741	0742	0743	0744	0745	0746	0747	0748	0749	0750	0751	0752	0753	0754	0755	0756	0757	0758	0759	0760	0761	0762	0763	0764	0765	0766	0767</th
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H.E.C.L.D.

BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD (ESTD. - BAROMAHAN, WEST BENGAL)

## STATEMENT SHOWING SEAP-WISE, SECTOR-WISE AND U.V.M.-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COATING COAL SEAMS

## IN BANDS

RESERVES IN '000 TONNES)

\*\*\*\*\* U - V - R - P A N G E 5 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL

SEAP NO. SECTOR DEVELOPED & LEO 15 " 15-20 " 20-22 " 22-25 " 25-30 " 30-35 " GTH 35 " TOTAL  
\*\*\*\*\*

02 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 261 0 261

03 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 112 229 0 341

SEAP TOTAL VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 112 632 0 744  
TOTAL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 112 632 0 744  
LAIKDIH GONE

01 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1442 0 1442

02 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 437 2622 328 0 3387  
02 DEVELOPED 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 437 298 0 298  
02 SUB-TOTAL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 437 2920 328 0 3685

03 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8379 0 0 8379

SEAP TOTAL VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 437 11001 1770 0 13208  
DEVELOPED 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 437 298 0 298  
TOTAL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 437 11299 1770 0 13506  
LAIKDIH NOT02 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3764 0 3764  
02 DEVELOPED 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 624 0 624  
02 SUB-TOTAL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4388 0 4388

03 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5088 0 5088

04 VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 84 0 84

SEAP TOTAL VIRGIN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8936 0 8936  
DEVELOPED 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 624 0 624  
TOTAL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5560 0 5560

## N.E.C.G.L.D.

BEGUNIA BLOCK-BRANIGANJ COALFIELD, JORDHAPUR, WEST BENGAL)

STATEMENT SHOWING TOTAL \* SECTOR-WISE AND U.M.R.-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING COAL SEAMS  
IN BAND

(RESERVES IN '000 TONNES)

U - V - P - A N G E S

SEAM NO	SECTOR DEVELOPED	LEO 15	15-20	20-22	22-25	25-30	30-35	CTH 35	TOTAL
VIRGIN 1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
TOTAL ALL SECTORS									

01	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1680	0	1680
02	VIRGIN	0	0	0	437	6512	4009	81	11039	
	DEVELOPED	0	0	0	0	922	126	54	1102	
	SUM-TOTAL	0	0	0	437	7434	4135	135	12141	
03	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	14213	4570	118	18901	
	DEVELOPED	0	0	0	0	0	88	29	177	
	SUM-TOTAL	0	0	0	0	14213	4658	207	19078	
04	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1315	0	1399
TOTAL ALL SEAMS										

VIRGIN	0	0	437	20809	11574	199	33019
DEVELOPED	0	0	0	522	214	143	1279
TOTAL	0	0	437	21731	11785	342	34298

REGULIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ, COASTAL DIST., JARHAPUR (WEST BENGAL).

STATEMENT SHOWING SEAM-WISE, SECTOR-WISE AND ASH-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COKING COAL SEAMS

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RESERVES IN GOLD TUNNELS

A S H - R A N G E S

ECCLESIA

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BEGUNIA GLOCK & BAGIGANJ COALFIELD DISTT. SARDHANA (WEST BENGAL)

MONITORING AND SECTION-KISE

RESERVES IN •000 TONNES:

SEAP NO	SECTOR	DEVELOPED	LEG 15	15-18	18-21	21-24	24-28	28-35	GTH 35	TOTAL
02	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEAP TOTAL	VIRGIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAIKOIN COMB										
01	VIRGIN	0	5	1437	0	0	0	0	0	1442
02	VIRGIN	0	1425	1548	414	0	0	0	0	3387
02	DEVELCPD	0	219	79	0	0	0	0	0	298
02	SUB-TOTAL	0	1644	1627	414	0	0	0	0	3685
03	VIRGIN	0	7405	974	0	0	0	0	0	8379
SEAP TOTAL	VIRGIN	0	8835	3959	414	0	0	0	0	13208
	DEVELCPD	0	219	79	0	0	0	0	0	298
	TOTAL	0	9054	4038	414	0	0	0	0	13506
LAIKOIN COMB										
02	VIRGIN	0	3376	388	0	0	0	0	0	3764
02	DEVELCPD	0	624	0	0	0	0	0	0	624
02	SUB-TOTAL	0	4000	388	0	0	0	0	0	4388
03	VIRGIN	0	3332	1756	0	0	0	0	0	5088
04	VIRGIN	0	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	84
SEAP TOTAL	VIRGIN	0	6792	2144	0	0	0	0	0	8936
	DEVELCPD	0	624	0	0	0	0	0	0	624
	TOTAL	0	7416	2144	0	0	0	0	0	9560

M.E.C.LTD.

BEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ (COALFIELD), BAROAHANA (WEST BENGAL)

STATEMENT SHOWING TOTAL \* SECTOR-WISE AND ASH-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES OF COOKING COAL SEAMS  
IN-BAND

SEAM NO.	SECTOR	DEVELOPED	LEO	15	15-18	18-21	21-24	24-28	28-35	3TH	35	TOTAL	
<b>TOTAL ALL SECTORS</b>													
01	VIRGIN	0	0	5	1437	37	35	123	43	1680			
02	VIRGIN	344	5818	3124	1112	286	353	2	11039				
	DEVELOPED	0	954	148	110	0	0	0	0	1102			
	SUM-TOTAL	344	6772	3272	1112	286	353	2	12161				
03	VIRGIN	585	11761	4297	415	1423	394	22	18901				
	DEVELOPED	0	78	99	0	0	0	0	0	177			
	SUM-TOTAL	585	11839	4396	415	1423	394	22	19076				
04	VIRGIN	502	354	143	2	340	58	0	1399				
<b>TOTAL ALL SEAMS</b>													
	VIRGIN	1431	17938	9001	1570	2084	928	67	33019				
	DEVELOPED	0	1032	247	0	0	0	0	1279				
	TOTAL	1431	18970	9248	1570	2084	928	67	34298				

REUNION BLOCK, PARAGANJ COALFIELD DISTT., BAGHAPANI (WEST BENGAL).

REUNION BLOCK, PARIGANJ COALFIELD, WEST BENGAL



## N.E.C.C.L.D.

## BEGUNIA BLOCK, SAKIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. BARHMAN (WEST BENGAL)

STATEMENT SHOWING SECTORISE, HORIZONTAL, THICKNESS AND U.V.H.W.S. NET PROVED RESERVES IN (000's TONNES)

SECTOR / HORIZON	AREA	IN U.V.H.W.S.	ASR	THICKNESS - RANGE (IN FT'S)	SEAM - CHANNEL-BED	IN-SAND	COALING	VIRGIN				
					SO. PTS	RANGE	0.5-0.9	0.9-1.2	1.2-2.0	2.0-6.0	6.0-10.0	10.0+
C1/01 ABOVE +0		1920	30-35	21-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					HORIZON TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02 01 ABOVE +0		285120	30-35	<15	0	0	0	0	346	0	0	364
					SECTOR TOTAL	0	0	0	0	337	0	0
					02 01 ABCVE +0	285120	30-35	15-18	0	0	0	0
					18-21	0	0	0	236	0	0	286
					>35	0	0	0	78	0	0	81
					TOTAL	0	0	0	78	0	0	81
					HORIZON TOTAL	0	0	0	1045	0	0	1048
					SECTOR TOTAL	0	0	0	1045	0	0	1048
02 02 ABOVE +0		246320	30-35	15-18	0	0	0	0	599	0	0	599
					18-21	6	6	21	203	0	0	236
					TOTAL	6	6	21	802	0	0	835
					HORIZON TOTAL	6	6	21	802	0	0	835
02 02 +0 TO -100		42040	30-35	21-24	0	0	34	76	0	0	110	110
					TOTAL	0	0	34	76	0	0	110
					HORIZON TOTAL	0	0	34	76	0	0	110
30-35		21-24	0	1	7	111	0	0	0	0	0	119
					TOTAL	1	7	111	0	0	0	119
					30-35	21-24	0	0	42	0	0	42
					TOTAL	0	0	0	42	0	0	42



SEAN - CHARLES - BEE - IRVING COOKING WITH VINEGAR

SECTOR / HORIZON	AREA IN U.S. NM <sup>2</sup>	ASH RANGE	TOTAL
SUBSET	50 PTS	RANGE 0.5-0.9 0.9-1.2 1.2-2.0 2.0-2.6 2.6-3.0	4.0-5.0

TOTAL 47 47 17 26 926 986

SLEECTCR	TOTAL	110	128	362	753	0	0	1237
SLEETCS	TOTAL	110	128	362	753	0	0	1237

04 D2 -200	70	-300	168960	30-35	<=15	0	0	0	502	0	0	502
15-18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	0	0	84	

HORIZON TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0

HORIZON TOTAL	0	0	0	329	0	0
SECTOR TOTAL	0	0	0	915	0	515
SEAP TOTAL	118	141	529	5535	0	6323

P. E. G. L. H. D.

REGUNIA ELOCK-BRANNIGANJ COALFIELD DISTT.—GARDHABAN (WEST BENGAL).

	SEARCHED	CHANCERY-BEG	IN-BOARD	COMING	DEVELOPED
SECTOR / HCF1ZCH	AREA	IN U.A.M.	ASH	T H I C K N E S S - F A N G E S (TH NT5)	
SUBSECT	50 PTS	RANGE	RANGE	0.5-0.9	
03 02 40 70 -100	5920	>35	1E-21	0.9-1.2	
HCF1ZCH TOTAL		0	0	2E-20	4.0-6.0
SUBSECTOR TOTAL		0	0	0	> 6.0
HCF1ZCH TOTAL		0	0	0	83
TOTAL		0	0	0	83
HCF1ZCH TOTAL		0	0	1	12
TOTAL		0	0	0	12
HCF1ZCH TOTAL		0	0	1	12
SUBSECTOR TOTAL		0	0	1	12
SECTOR TOTAL		0	0	0	12
SEARCH TOTAL		0	0	0	12

P.E.C.LTD.

DEGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. SARASBAND, (WEST BENGAL)

## STATEMENT SHOWING SECTOR-WISE, HORIZON-WISE, THICKNESS-WISE &amp; U.V.-WISE NET PROVED RESERVES IN (000 TONNES)

	SEAB- CHANCH-BEGSP IN-EAND	COMING	VIRGIN
SECTOR / SUECT	AREA IN U.M. 50 MTS RANGE	THICKNESS - EAN C.E.S (IN PTS)	
01 ABOVE +0*	21760 30-35 21-24 26 3 3 3 0 0 0 31	7 52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TOTAL 24
	24-28 26 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	35
	28-35 21 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
		52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
		52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
HORIZON TOTAL		52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
		52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
		52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
SECTOR TOTAL		52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50
02 ABOVE +0*	225280 30-35 18-21 158 0 370 0 0 0 0 528	52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	528
	21-24 62 28 123 0 0 0 0 0 0	223	
		220 28 503 0 0 0 0 0 0	751
HORIZON TOTAL		220 28 503 0 0 0 0 0 0	751
02 +0 TO -100	466240 30-35 16-21 105 31 2 0 0 0 0 120	52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	120
	21-24 109 94 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	203	
	24-28 9 154 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	163	
	28-35 0 64 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	64	
HORIZON TOTAL		223 343 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	568
02 -200 TO -300	22560 25-30 22-35 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 6	52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6
	20-35 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12	
HORIZON TOTAL		13 371 505 0 0 0 0 0 0	137
SECTOR TOTAL		461 371 505 0 0 0 0 0 0	137
03 -200 TO -300	142560 25-30 21-24 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 5	52 32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5
	24-28 32 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	48	
	28-35 8 40 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	48	
TOTAL		45 56 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	101
		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0

SECTOR / HORIZON		AREA	IN U-NITS	ASH	RANGE	RANGE	CORING	VIRGIN		
SUBSECT		SG PTS			0-5=0.9	0.9-1.2	1.2-2.0	2.0-4.0	4.0-6.0	> 6.0
03	-200 TC -300	142560	30-35	21-24	36	19	0	0	0	55
			24-28	6	6	0	0	0	0	12
			TOTAL	42	25	0	0	0	0	67
			HORIZON TOTAL		27	21	0	0	0	168
03	-300 TC -400	117280	25-30	24-28	6	24	0	0	0	30
			28-35	50	0	29	0	0	0	79
			>35	22	0	0	0	0	0	22
			TOTAL	78	24	29	0	0	0	131
			30-35	24-28	6	0	0	0	0	6
			TOTAL	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
			HORIZON TOTAL		84	24	25	0	0	137
			HORIZON TOTAL		0	0	0	0	0	0
			SECTOR TOTAL		171	105	25	0	0	305
			SECTOR TOTAL		684	514	524	0	0	1732

• E • C • A • L • I • D •

REGULATORY BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. JHARHARAN (WEST BENGAL) 2

STATEMENT SHOWING SECTION-WISE, HORIZONTAL-WISE, THICKNESS, ASH & U.V.-WISE NET-PROVED RESERVES IN (COCO) TONNES



## REGULATIONS

REGUNIA BLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. BARHANAHAR (WEST BENGAL)

STATEMENT SHOWING SECTOR-WISE, HORIZON-WISE, THICKNESSES, ASH & V-N-MISE NET PROVED RESERVES IN (000<sup>4</sup> TONNES)

	SECTOR - LAIKDAH COPSE IN-BAND	COKING	VIRGIN
	T H I C K E N S S - R A N G E (IN FEET)		
SECTOR / HORIZON	AREA IN U-V-N	ASH RANGE	
SUBSECT	50' PITS RANGE	0.5-0.9 0.5-1.2 1.2-2.0 2.0-4.0 4.0-6.0	> 6.0
01	00 * 10 - 100	70240 30-35	18-21 3 4 17 21 45 533 623
	HORIZON TOTAL		3 6 17 21 45 533 623
01	-100 70 - 200	169120 30-35	15-18 1 2 0 2 52 176 529 789
		18-21 3 4 20 52 176 529 789	
	TOTAL		3 4 2 0 0 0 0 0
	HORIZON TOTAL		4 6 20 56 176 529 789
01 01 - 100 70 - 200	7520 30-35	18-21 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 30	
		TOTAL	0 0 0 30 0 0 0 30
	HORIZON TOTAL		0 0 0 30 0 0 0 30
	SUBSECTOR TOTAL		0 0 0 30 0 0 0 30
	SECTOR TOTAL		7 10 37 105 221 1062 1462
02	-100 70 - 200	263680 22-25	12-21 1 0 0 2 15 65 141 437
		21-24 7 2 0 213 50 76 354	
	TOTAL		8 2 0 215 65 141 437
	HORIZON TOTAL		0 0 0 215 65 141 437
	TOTAL		8 2 0 215 65 141 437
	25-30	15-18 0 0 14 9 22 44 872 961	
		18-21 0 0 14 9 22 44 872 961	
	TOTAL		0 14 10 25 50 1174 1273
	HORIZON TOTAL		0 14 10 25 50 1174 1273
02	-200 70 - 300	207840 25-30	15-18 3 4 10 41 76 520 654
		18-21 3 3 7 24 37 162 236	
	TOTAL		6 7 17 63 113 622 890
	18-21	18-21 8 11 25 52 68 104 268	
		21-24 7 8 30 15 0 0 60	
	TOTAL		15 15 55 67 68 104 328

		SEA - LATROH COPE IN-SAND		COKING	VIRGIN
SECTOR /	HORIZON	AREA	IN U.N.	ASH	THICKNESS (IN PTS)
SUBSECT		SC RTS	RANGE	RANGE	0-5-0 5-0-1-2 1-2-2-0 2-0-4-0 4-0-6-0 > 6-0
TOTAL					
HORIZON TOTAL		21	26	72	132 181 786 1218
02	-300 TC -400	23840	25-30	15-18	5 5 6 16 90 158 184 459
HORIZON TOTAL		5	6	16	158 184 459
03	-400 TC -500	475360	25-30	15-18	3 54 52 462 454 2285 3327
HORIZON TOTAL		5	6	15	56 20 0 116
03	-300 TC -400	39040	25-30	15-18	5 6 15 56 20 0 116
HORIZON TOTAL		5	6	15	66 20 0 116
03	-400 TC -500	475360	25-30	15-18	5 6 9 24 101 270 6869 7279
HORIZON TOTAL		5	6	9	24 101 270 7683 8053
03	-500 TC -600	8000	25-30	15-18	0 0 0 0 10 0 10 10
HORIZON TOTAL		0	0	0	0 10 160 160
HORIZON TOTAL		0	0	0	0 10 160 170
SECTOR TOTAL		11	15	43	167 300 7843 8329
SECTOR TOTAL		52	79	123	734 975 11190 13208

• E • C • L T D •

SEKUNIA CLOCK, RAHIGANJ COALFIELD DISTT. BARBANAN WEST BENGAL

STATEMENT SHOWING SECTION-WISE, HORIZON-WISE, THICKNESS, ASH & SULPHUREOUS NET PROVED RESERVES IN 1960: TENNESSEE

SEAP - LAIRDIN CORP IN-BAND

SECTOR / HORIZON	AREA IN U.S.A.	ASH	SCORING			DEVELOPED
			50 FT S. RANGE	RANGE	0-5-0.5	
SUBSECT			0-9-1-2	1-2-2-0	2-0-4-0	2-6-0
TOTAL						
02 -100 TO -200	1642C	25-30	15-18	0	0	219
			18-21	0	0	219
				0	0	75
				0	0	75
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	298
HORIZON TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	298
SECTOR TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	298
SEAP TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	298

INTRODUCTION

REGUNIA FLOCK, RANIGANJ COALFIELD, DISTT. RABHNAKH (WEST BENGAL)



## STATEMENT SHOWING SECTOR-WISE, HORIZONTAL-WISE, THICKNESS-WISE ASH &amp; VARIOUS NET PROVED RESERVES IN (0000 TONNES)

SECTOR	LAIKDIH OCT	IN-BAND	COKEING	DEVELOPED
SECTOR / HORIZONTAL	AREA IN U.V.W.	ASH	THICKNESS - E.A.H.G.E.S (IN FEET)	TOTAL
SUB-SECT	50 MTS. RANGE	RANGE	0.5-0.9 0.9-1.2 1.2-2.0 2.0-4.0 > 4.0	> 6.0
02 - 100 70 - 200 64000 25-30 15-18	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	624 624	
HORIZONTAL TOTAL	TOTAL	0 0 0 0 0	624 624	
SECTOR TOTAL	TOTAL	0 0 0 0 0	624 624	
SECTOR TOTAL	TOTAL	0 0 0 0 0	624 624	
SECTOR TOTAL	TOTAL	0 0 0 0 0	624 624	

## TABLE - 6

STATEMENT SHOWING STATE-WISE INFERRED RESERVES OF COAL SEAMS  
REGULAR BLOCK, MANGAL CULFIELD, DIST: BARODA, WEST BENGAL.

D.O.O.

Sl. No.	Y*	S E A M	I	T Y P E	I	VIRGIN/DEVELOPED	I	RESERVES IN THOUSAND TONNES	D.O.O.
1.		NEW SEMI		COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		2622	
2.		LOCAL (EASTERN GORAKHPUR)		NON-COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		301	
3.		GURJARATPUR (T.P.)		NON-COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		7466	
4.		GORAKHPUR (BUTA KH)		NON-COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		8455	
5.		BRIDGEMANPUR GROUP		NON-COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		71620	
6.		LOCAL (EASTERN SEMI)		NON-COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		16353	
7.		SILAMUR		NON-COKING (INLAND)		VIRGIN		4915	
								172132	
									110.112

or sq. 112.132 million tonnes

110.112