



CONDENSATION





Mark Payne is the
1984 Computer &
Video Games
Champion! He won
the title in an actionpacked event at a
posh London
nightclub. Clare
Edgeley, C&VG's
Arcade ace, reports.

The new Computer & Video Games 1984 Arcade Champion took his crown in the closing stages of a nailbiting contest at Xenon, a posh nightclub in the heat of the West End of London.

Seventeen arcade hotshots battled it out on a sweltering August day over a series of heats using *Dragon's Lair, Track & Field, Gyruss* and *Star Wars.*

Jools Holland, star presenter of The Tube, Channel 4's pop show, then invited the four finalists with the highest scores on each machine to tackle each other in a grand final on Flicky—a brand new game unveiled for the first time at the C&VG championships. Flicky features a mother duck and her chicks involved in a series of death defying adventures.

Mark Payne, elected by Jools to go

first, scored a magnificent 28,860 in his five minute session, setting a tough task for those to follow.

Stephen Munroe and Michael Chilton found it a little more difficult to control Flicky, the motor duck, and her chicks and both came away with some 14,000 points.

Finally, David Bushby played and

Finally, David Bushby played and almost reached 28,000 — but the whistle blew. Phew! A close finish which left a beaming Mark Payne from Redcar, Cleveland the C&VG Champ!

Champ!
Jools Holland presented Mark with a table top version of Hunchback provided by Taitel, who cosponsored the championships.
Taitel also presented Mark with a

Taitel also presented Mark with a new games cartridge for the machine — Amazing Heart Attack. Mark will be able to swap cartridges in his prize machine for a different chal-

lenge. Two games in one. Not bad

He'll also be able to go back to Taitel for more cartridges for the machine whenever he gets too good at the games we provided!

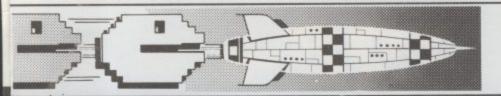
at the games we provided!

Mark, who qualified for the final on Track & Field with 64,660, suitably dressed in a pair of running shorts and trainers said, "I put this gear on just in case I got too hot playing Track & Field.

Track & Field.

"I really enjoyed myself and I'm glad I've won. I'll be looking around for some new games to practise on to enter into next year's championships. I'll probably put Hunchback in my bedroom!"

All the finalists went home with special *C&VG* certificates, a hand held pinball game and watch from CGL and the soundtrack of *Electric Dreams* — a brand new film release from Virgin Films.



WELCOME TO THE YEAR BOOK

Congratulations! You are now the lucky owner of the second Computer & Video Games Yearbook and we hope you enjoy what you'll find crammed into these fun-packed pages. We've attempted to bring you a lot of new and exciting features — like our tips on Dragon's Lair and playing strategy games. But we've also included a few old favourites this time, too - like Bug Hunter's round-up of programs that help you write games and our top ten games designers. There are some tried and testing listings too, plus our very special competition with an MSX computer as the big prize.

So stop reading this and turn the page - it's much more interesting over there!



Front cover illustration by Gary Blatchfo

LISTINGS

SPACE WARP/QL..... Avoid crashing into the sun at all costs — and watch out for the C&VG logo!

GREAT ESCAPE/CBM6418 So you want to be a movie star? Try your hand at this screen test.

ASTEROIDS/BBC

Will you make it through the centre of an asteroid field to refuel your space craft?



.75 Manoeuvrability is no easy task as you try to bomb six munitions factories from your Zeppelin.

TEST MATCH/SPECTRUM... Think you could do better than the England team captain?

KILLER.... A defenceless little ball needs three lives, when it is being chased by Killers and Super-Killers!.

SALVAGE ONE/VIC 20......106 Any old iron? Any old iron? How are you at salvaging junk metal in space?

ASTRO PIZZA/SPECTRUM.....116 Here is the recipe for an astro pizza. First, you must catch your mutant vegetables.

OPERATION SEA WOLF/TEXAS124
Can you protect this secret underwater defence establishment from enemy submarines?



DAVE GREENFIELD4

Dave Greenfield, keyboard player with the Stranglers, gives us the lowdown on his favourite games . . .

PAUL DANIELS..23

Ace magician, Paul Daniels, tells us how he first got hooked on computers.

VINCE CLARK ... 69 Vince Clark, quite apart from his interest in computerised music, also has a passion for video games.

TERRY JONES86 We talk to ex-Monty Python member, Terry Jones, about his new Adventure game, Erik the Viking.

THE THOMPSON TWINS122 Find out more about the

amazing flexi-disc which we gave away in October.



£2.65

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FEATURES

CHARTING THE HITS!

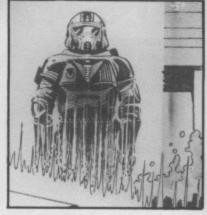
Ever wondered how we put together the Computer & Video Games/Daily Mirror Top 30 games software charts? Well, this is your lucky day!

STRATEGY GAMES......24

Mike Turner takes us back to the beginnings of strategy and war games on computers which are currently enjoying a boom.

THE GAMES DESIGNERS......26

We put faces to the names you've probably only seen on the cassette inlay of your favourite game.



ADVENTURE FOR BEGINNERS......32

Never played an Adventure before? Why not start here with Mike Turner's mini-Adventure for the Spectum. Once you've got the bug, you'll soon be looking for

TREACHERY.....

...40 Mike Singleton's great computer moderated board game had Spectrum owners gasping when we first printed it back in March. Now Commodore 64 and BBC owners can get involved in the dark world of international espionage.

LETTER FROM JAPAN70

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Our Japanese correspondent, Tom Sato, tells the story behind Space Invaders - the game that launched a new industry.

HOW TO BEAT DRAGON'S LAIR...

C&VG's arcade expert tells you how to tackle the famous laservideo game that heralded a whole new generation of arcade games. Want to know how to help Dirk the Daring rescue the beautiful princess from the clutches of the fire breathing dragon? Then read on!

SO YOU WANT TO BE A BUG HUNTER78

Fed up with bugs in your programs? Want to know how to get rid of them? Then read the Bug Hunter guide to program pest control!



DESIGNING YOUR OWN GAMES84 The C&VG Bug Hunter takes time off from squashing pests in programs to take a look at the new breed of games designer utilities. You too could write a game like Manic Miner!

THE YEAR'S TOP TEN GAMES88

These are the games that YOU made chart toppers during '84 and the games that the C&VG team liked the best out of the many hundreds of tapes that flooded into our offices throughout the year.

MARCUS & THE MICRO98

Join Marcus, a latter day Alice Through The Looking Glass, as he journeys beyond his computer screen into the land of Berzerk! Find out how he copes with mutant bytes, exploding sprites and that grumpy old Turtle.

OLYMPIC HOLIDAY WINNERS128

Take a trip to the USA with the lucky winners of C&VG's grand Olympic holiday contest. Gavin and Nathan Cox had an amazing time and sent us some of their holiday snap shots to show you.



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,001 REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD **READ** *C&VG*......5

If you are a regular reader of the top computer games magazine, then you'll know all this already - but it still makes interesting reading!

GOLDEN JOY-STICK AWARDS PREVIEW.....6

Last year saw the first C&VG Golden Joystick Award ceremony which rewarded software houses for originality and success. Which games will win the gold awards this year?



THE ADVENTURE HELPLINE12

Ace Adventurer Keith Campbell often finds his house full of mailbags bursting with pleas for help from fellow Adventurers having tough times with Trolls and other assorted nasties. This is all about how Keith answers those appeals for help!

MINI-QUEST14

Those of you who enjoyed our Quo Vadis? quest will love this.

THE BUGS 97,123

Where would C&VG be without the Bugs?

PUZZLING.....110

Trevor Truran brings you Puzzaders, the only alien invaders who could win Mastermind! Plus lots of mind boggling braintwisters.

TOP TEN ADVENTURES ..120

Our top adventurer makes his choice and picks his ten favourite fantasy games and tells you why.

MINUTE

Dave Greenfield, keyboard man with the mean and moody Stranglers, always had the right interests to produce an inevitable obsession with home computers. Growing up in Brighton in the sixties, he spent a lot of time in amusement arcades and also started collecting board games which he played

He became good at chess, puzzles fascinated him regularly. and he was quick to buy a TV video-game system when they first became available. At first, this was only a simple "ping pong" type but Dave later upgraded to a cartridge system, ending up with the now venerable Atari VCS console.

Dave's interest in board games, of the type made famous by Waddingtons and Parkers, eventually led him into fantasy role playing game, in particular

Advanced Dungeons & Dragons.

He built up a circle of regular players and one of these friends acquired a Sinclair ZX81 and began to write and play Adventure and strategy games on it. Dave decided to look for a computer of his own. He liked his Atari VCS system and wanted something with similar graphics for arcade games.

At that time, few computers could equal the Atari range for colour or sound and he was impressed enough to buy an 800 model. Then followed a long period of mastering their Star Raiders cartridge!

"I started using Basic the easy way, by copying programs from magazines!", he recalls. "But there were bugs in these and I didn't know enough to

Tours and recording left little time to learn procorrect them." gramming, particularly as he found that the Atari manuals were a long way from being friendly and it wasn't until his American girlfriend, Pam, persuaded him to get a Sinclair Spectrum, (mainly because she was fascinated by Pimania!) that he began to write his

Although he admits that he is still at a very early own programs. stage, he finds a great deal of satisfaction doing this. Actually some of it comes fairly naturally, as both the synthesisers he currently uses with the band require

some kind of programming.

He soon discovered that the Spectrum membrane keyboard didn't match the Atari for serious use, so he fitted a D.K.Tronics replacement. He also added a Kempston joystick and finally a Cheetah speech unit so that his programs could talk back to him!

"So far I haven't consciously tried to write a particular program, I've just developed ideas from experimenting, asking what happens if I do this and that. Then I combine all the mini-bits to make a

useable program," he explains.

Dave plays far fewer arcade zap-and-pow style games than he used to - he always carried a few handheld electronic games around with him in the past. Now he tends to prefer the more studied challenge of a good computer strategy or Adventure

"I'd rather play arcade games in amusement arcades," he says. "At home, I prefer games that need game. more thought." Despite his chess skills, he rarely plays against the computer, being quite satisfied with

his dedicated electronic chessboard.

He has between 40 and 50 tapes of commercial software for the Spectrum, but fewer for the Atari. His favourite games currently are Oracles Cave for the Sinclair and Crush, Crumble and Chomp on the Atari.

'My main complaint about software is misrepresentation. I've often bought programs described as Adventures, only to find that they're



Dave Greenfield, keyboard player with ex-punk band, The Stranglers, doesn't spend all his time making music. Dave often sits down at a keyboard of the computerised kind to play Adventure games. Adventure programmer, MIKE TURNER, talked to Dave about his obsession.

strategies or even arcade games! The other thing is price. I can't see why Atari stuff should need to cost three or four times as much as the Spectrum

His problem is still time. He seems to get only a few equivalent." locations into an Adventure and then has to leave off. "Pam tours with me a lot, so she doesn't manage any

more than I do!"

Dave is very close to obtaining a pilot's licence. He only needs a few more hours flying time, so understandably he is extremely interested in flight simulation programs. He has three different examples so, as a pilot, what does he think of them?

"As a rule, I find the controls aren't as quick to respond as the real thing, although Fighter Pilot for the

Spectrum isn't so bad, except on landing."

He has most of the better known Adventure programs for both machines, including Valhalla and, of course, the Hobbit of which he says: "I've just about completed it, having killed the dragon and picked up the treasure. I had a lot of trouble after that, but I now know how to get back home."

Dave feels home computing has a great future. "Unless, of course, something supersedes them the way they did the TV games. Computers will eventually be used to run the house." What are Dave's future computing aspirations? "I hope to find time to

learn to use them properly!"

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Should Buy C& VG

So, you're now the proud owner of the Computer & Video Games Yearbook. You either grabbed it off the shelves because you are a regular reader of the first and best fun computer magazine — or because you simply liked the look of the cover! Whatever made you purchase this amazing publication, we're glad you did. But remember, what you find packed between the covers of this Yearbook is just a sample of the delights to be discovered in Computer & Video Games — the magazine — each and every month.

Computer & Video Games was the first magazine to appear which was devoted entirely to computer games. That was well over two years ago and, since then, several other magazines have been quick to copy our style.

But we like to think we do it better than any of the opposition. Who else brings you professionally written listings by top programmers like Matthew Smith — the man who had two number one games hogging the C&VG/Daily Mirror Top 30 for several weeks this year — and the zany Jeff Minter of Mutant Camels fame?

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And talking about the Top 30, which other magazine has taken the games world as seriously as C&VG? We were the first in the field with a properly researched and truly independent games software chart — developed with the assistance of the Daily Mirror newspaper and NOP Market Research, the leading research company in this country. You can get up to date





news on the charts every other Saturday in the Daily Mirror. The chart was also featured on BBC's Superstore and Saturday Morning Picture Show during the summer.

No other magazine brings you competitions as amazing as our terrific Olympic Holiday contest — which you can read about on page 128 of this Yearbook.

No other magazine brings you the latest games news as quickly and — more often than not — exclusively, as Computer & Video Games.

Who else has World Champion games players on the games reviews staff? Both Atari world champs, Andrew Brzezenski and Stuart Murray review games for *C&VG* plus of course our 1983 Arcade Champion, Julian Rignall!

Then there's Keith Campbell's much praised Adventure column — plus the extremely useful Adventure Helpline which has saved many an Adventurer from a fate worse than death. Computer & Video Games is a must for Adventure games fans everywhere!

In fact, C&VG is a must for any computer gamer — whether you enjoy blasting aliens or getting tough with Trolls. So if you've enjoyed reading this Yearbook and fancy some more of the same on a monthly basis during 1985, why not rush down to your newsagent and place an order for THE computer games magazine, Computer & Video Games. Accept no substitute!



C&VG'S GOLDEN JOYSTICK AWARDS 1984

Use this form to nominate your favourite games, software house or programmer. No nominations will be accepted unless they come on this form. Send it to *Computer & Video Games*, Golden Joystick Awards, Priory Court, 30-32 Farringdon Lane, London EC1R 3AU.

Game of the Year
First choice:
Second choice:
Software House of the Year
First choice:
Second choice:
Best Original Game
First choice:
Second choice:
Best Adventure Game
First choice:
Second choice:
becond choice.
Best Strategy Game
First choice:
Second choice:
become choice.
Best Arcade-style Game
First choice:
Second choice:
Second choice:
Drogrammor of the Very

The time has come to talk of many things. Of great graphics, neat routines and above all, your favourite games! Yes, it's Golden Joystick Award time again. Time for you, the respected Computer & Video Games reader, to sit down and work out your nominations for the best games of 1984.

The Computer & Video Games
Golden Joystick Awards are the only
awards made to the games software
industry decided exclusively by the
games player. And because of that
fact, the software houses regard our
awards as being among the most
worthwhile to receive.

You'll find a form below which details the categories and asks for your choices. Fill it in and rush it off to C&VG. We'll be announcing the date and venue for the awards ceremony shortly. Meanwhile, we'll give you a better idea of what we want you to think about when you make your nominations.

Game of the Year — this is pretty easy to work out. Any game, whether it's an arcade-style shoot-out or a graphic Adventure, qualifies for this award. Software House of the Year—does your favourite software house produce high quality games? Does it offer good after-sales service? Do you always look out for a new game? If so—then enter it here!

Best Original Game—again this is pretty easy to explain. What's the most exciting new game you've seen this year which has a totally original concept and/or design?

Best Adventure Game—text or graphic Adventures can win their own Golden Joystick Award for the first time this year. How about The Hobbit? Or Lords of Midnight?

Best Strategy Game—another new category for 1984. This includes war games, board game conversions, simulations other than sports, and all the original strategy games that are zooming up the charts like Mugsy, Psytron, and Worse Things Happen at Sea.

will

Best Arcade-style game—found a great space shootout? Or the ultimate version of Star Wars? Nominate it now in this category designed exclusively for computer games that first saw the light of day somewhere in an arcade—or look as if they should have done! Programmer of the Year — The third new category for the 1984 Awards. This gives you the chance to show your appreciation for all the hard work that goes on behind the scenes at YOUR favourite games designer. Best Sports Simulation Game — 1984 has been the year of the sports simulation with dozens of games for all the popular machines. To mention a few that have charted in the C&VG/Daily Mirror Top Thirty — International Soccer, Basketball and Match Point. Jet Set Willy is out in front of the Game of the Year Category, though Fighter Pilot, Sabre Wulf and Hunchback are all pulling up fast. Software Projects are edging ahead of last year's winner, Ultimate, in the Software House of the Year category. There is still plenty of time to vote, though, as in all the categories. Other companies doing well here are Ocean, Llamasoft and Microdeal. The Adventure Game category looks like being one of the most fiercely contested this year with Questprobe, Twin Kingdom Valley and Lords of Midnight making the running so far. Original games nominated for a Golden Joystick this year are Trashman which is in the lead, with Scuba Dive and Fred hot on his heels. There is still bags of time to vote. So sit down and have a good think and fill out the form below. The closing date for entries is 31st December 1984. Remember, it's your vote that counts in the Golden Joystick

Awards, so make sure you use it.

Remember, we really NEED your

just wouldn't happen.

votes. Every one counts towards the final result. Without you the awards



SPACEW

Here's a real first for C&VG. This game will keep you occupied while you're waiting for some professional software to arrive for your QL.

The game makes full use of sound and graphics and even prints the C&VG logo on screen as well!

The object of the game is to dock your ship with the fuel pod in the shortest time. Don't crash into the sun, though, as this means death for sure. You have only a limited amount of fuel for each mission.

Two graphics characters are used for the ship and the fuel pod. These are in line 720, which is typed as CTRL-SHIFT W and 740, which is CTRL-SHIFT R. The game runs in TV mode, so press f2 when you have turned your QL on.

RUNS ON A NEW ISSUE QL

BY MICHAEL LEVERS





100 INSTRUCTIONS

110 REPeat CONTROL_LOOP

120 VARIABLES

130 SCREEN

140 MAIN_LOOP

150 GAME DVER

160 END REPeat CONTROL LOOP

170 DEFine PROCedure INSTRUCTIONS

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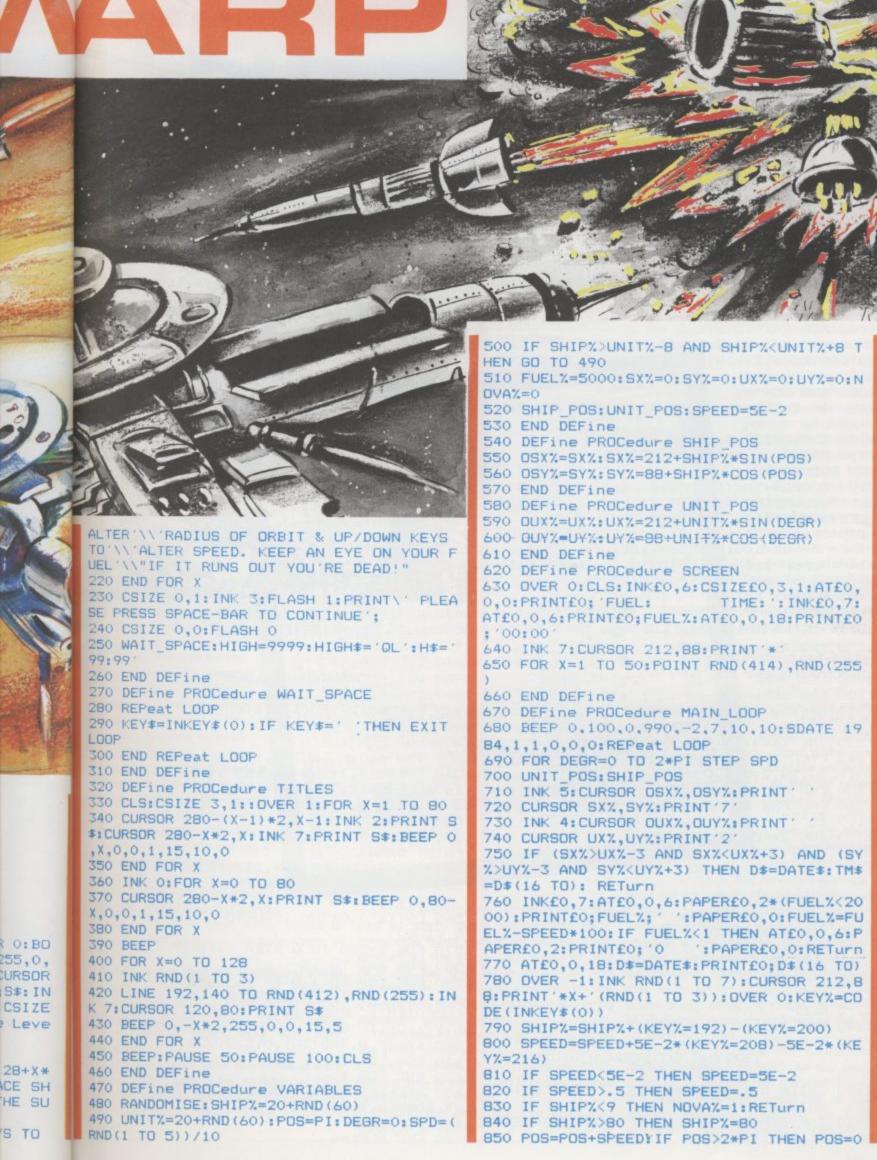
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THE TOP 30

HOW THE HITS ARE CHARTED

Every fortnight in computer shops all over the country a big bright poster materialises on their walls and causes a big stir in the wonderful world of computer games. Why? Because it's the Computer & Video Games/Daily Mirror Top 30 Chart, that's why!

Our chart first started appearing earlier this year. Since then, it's established itself as THE chart to watch. It's the only truly independent Top 30 for the computer games industry and is compiled by one of the country's leading market research

companies NOP. Why did C&VG decide to start the chart? Well, we thought it was about time there was a Top of the Pops to bring all the razzmatazz of the pop world to the games scene!

How is the chart put together by those wizards with statistics at NOP? That's what we're going to tell you next!

When C&VG and the Daily Mirror approached NOP with the idea for the chart, they quickly went about discovering how many specialist computer dealers there were in the country. No easy task, as you can imagine.

Further investigations of a more technical kind followed as the NOP wizards worked away at discovering the best and most accurate method to calculate the top 3 computer games every fortnight.

Then NOP recruited around 300 specialist computer games

shops — ranging from major stores to independent shops — to help them in their task.

The owners of these stores and shops were presented with a special C&VG/Daily Mirror chart diary which they were asked to fill in, detailing how many games tapes they sell each fortnight.

The diary asks them the name of each game they sell, who makes it, how many machines the game works on and just how many copies of the game are

Each month in Computer & Video Games and on the wall of your favourite computer shop you'll find a top 30 games software chart. It's compiled for Computer & Video Games by National Opinion Polls. We decided to tell you just how that chart is put together!

motorcycle courier to the Computer & Video Games offices and the Daily Mirror. This happens every other Wednesday. Shortly afterwards, the details of the new chart are rushed to a nearby printer to be transformed into the poster you see on the walls of your local computer store.

The printers typeset the information on the chart from NOP and then each poster is surrounded by

> illustrations of the cassette inlays from games in the charts or st bubbling under—and you can tell if it's the every fortnight and — we have to admit

genuine article by looking for the Computer & Video Games and Daily Mirror logos on the top! Strangely enough, there are absolutely no computers involved in the compilation of our Top 30! All the work at NOP is done by hand — and human brain — which they reckon is the best and quickest way of doing things. In any event, you can rely on the fact that the C&VG/Daily Mirror chart is the most accurate reflection of the top selling games. The chart also appears in the Daily Mirror

it — they have the most up to date chart each fortnight! Because C&VG is a monthly magazine, our production schedule means that we're always a bit behind the newspaper people. Throughout the summer, the C&VG/Daily Mirror Top 30 chart was also featured on BBC's Saturday Picture Show every other Saturday. Presenter, Mark Curry, gave a rundown of the Top 10 each fortnight.

Wherever you see the C&VG/Daily Mirror Top 30 - in print, on our poster or on TV — you can rest assured that it is the most accurate, most up to date games software chart to be found anywhere. And we mean anywhere!

			(Available on)									-		
NEEK LAST WEEK WEEKS	ishuaneve A	Computer	SPECTRUM	VIC 20	CMMDRE 64	ELECTRON	ATARI	DRAGON	ORIC	880	MEMOTECH		ju	
MEEK LAST WEEK WEEKS IN CHA	TITLE Publisher	SPECTRUM		1	1	+	+	+	+	1			N.	
Pr 20	THE WILLY SOFTWARE PROJECT	SPECTRUM		-	+	+	+	+	+	T				
1 2 10	TORNADO LOW LEVEL VORTEX	SPECTRUM	1		+	+	+	+	+			-		
2 5 3		MMODORE 6	4	1	10	-	+	+	+	T				
3 1 4	WEAD ACCESS U.S. BULD	SPECTRUM	W.	0	+	+	+	+	1		I		8	
4 3 5	THE WILLIAM STATES	SPECTRU	M	•	-	+	+	+	1	1			8	
5 24 2	MUGSY MELBOURNE HOUSE	SPECTRU	M	•	-	-	-	1	7	1			-	
6 4		SPECTRU	M	•		-	-		30					
7 8 1	THE MARKET MARKET THE COLUMN THE	SPECTRI	JM	•			-							
8 11		OMMODORE	64		1	•	-	-						
9 -	THE WIGHTS INTERCEPTOR	8.8	5.6.	-	1	+	+	+	1					
10 11		SPECTE	MUS		1	+	+	+	+					
11 -	1 FORTRESS PACE 5 JACK & THE BEANSTALK THOR	SPECTE	RUM		-	+	+	+	+	1				
12 18	OF MITINIUM DE	SPECT	RUM		_	+	+	+	+	T				
13 17		CONTRACTOR	E 64	81.	0		-	+	+	+	T	-		
14 7	PSYTRON BETUND VALHALLA LEGEND MANIC MINER BUGBYTE/SOFTWARE PRO.	COTTS SPECT	RUN	1	•	-	0	+	+	1		L		
15 6	3 VALHALLA LEGEND 3 VALHALLA LEGEND 4 PRO-	SPECT	TRUM	A	•	1	•	+	+	1				
16 13	10 MANIC MINER BOOSE 8 TRASHMAN NEW GENERATION	SPEC	TRU	1	•	+	-		1	1	1		4	
17 9	ATAC III IIMBIA	COMMODO	RE E	4		-		-	1	1				
18 12	11 ATIC ATAC OCTAM	COMMODO	DRE F	64			•							
19 20	4 BLAGGER ALLIGATA 6 INTERNATIONAL SOCCER COMMODORE	COMMOD	ORE	64_	1	-	•	-	-				_ 7	
20 19		SPE	CTRI	ML		1	1	+	+	1				
21 10	1 HOBBIT MELBOURNE HOUSE	SPE	CTR	uM		1	+=	+	+	+				
22 -		COMMOD	DORE	64	1	1		+	+	+	1		•	
23 2	3 10 NIGHT GUNNER DISTALL SOFTWARE	ME	MOT	ECH	1	1	+	+	+	+	T			
2.0	1 VEGAS JACKPOT MAGISTRARE 1 OBLOIDS CONTINENTAL SOFTWARE	ms	В	B.C		1	+	+	+	+	1	1		
	1 OBLOIDS CONTINCE	91	PECT				+	+	+	+	+	T		
20	1 FRAK AAHUVAHA	9	PECT	RUN	4	•	1	1	+	+	1	T		
	27 2 WAR OF THE WORLDS	COMM	0008	RE B	4	1	1	•	-	1	+	T		
28	_ 1 LORDS OF TIME LEVEL	COMM	1	/IC-2	20		•		-	-	+	1	1	
0.0	1 SPACE PILOT ANIROG 1 FLIGHT PATH 737 ANIROG		_	-		1	13							
0 29	1 FLIGHT PATH 137					1								

On the Monday and Tuesday after the end of each diary period, the NOP telephone team swing into action. They contact all the stores and shops on the NOP hit list and write down all the information about sales supplied by the owners and managers of these 300 or so computer games outlets.

This mass of information then goes to the statisticians who collate and check it and re-check it and check it again before they are satisfied that the figures

Finally, the chart for that particular fortnight is drawn up and whisked by

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ack in the days when the Spectrum was but a twinkle in a ZX81's eye, the first fun computer magazine was born - Computer & Video Games.

One of the features in that first issue was a whole page devoted to Adventure games, the introduction to a series of programming tips, plus

Writing a monthly programming series had its difficulties. Each article had to be complete in itself so as to appeal to the occasional reader, yet follow on from the previous one, allowing the regular reader to get the benefit of the series as a whole.

After some eighteen months, Terry Pratt, founder editor of C&VG, told me over a drink at a Christmas party that he had decided to curtail that part of my page - I was to neatly wind it up.

"After all," he said, "the circulation has grown so much since we first started, that most readers are out on a limb - they've missed too many of the basic steps.'

He was right, of course, but I headed home heavy of step and with the prospect of a frugal New Year

Later Terry noticed that I was getting quite a considerable number of letters asking for help in solving Adventures, all unsolicited. C&VG's policy was -and still is - to provide first class reader-support in all fields and Terry suggested I started an official Adventure Helpline.

So in June 1983, the Adventure Helpline was launched. It was the first in the field, later to be imitated by other computer games magazines.

The letters I had been receiving contained many tips as well as pleas and I filed them neatly away, to consult for clues when needed. I had the feeling that making the Helpline official might produce a substantial increase in mail and I could see no easy way of retrieving information from files when, at a later date, there might be many thick volumes.

Being a little obsessed with

In each and every issue of

Computer & Video Games Keith

Campbell, our ace Adventurer,

deals with appeals for help from

fellow Adventurers stuck in dark

dungeons or threatened by large

firebreathing dragons. This is the

story of how the Adventure

Helpline came to be — and how

Keith manages to deal with all

the piles of letters which are

gradually taking over his house!

to actually work for us, so I set about database, I was able to check quickly writing a database program on my Model III TRS-80, to help reference had, within seconds I could locate his the correspondence. Information previous letters and continue the retrieval is, of course, one of the main correspondence as if I were writing functions of a computer.

into fact a couple of weeks after the me to be friends and try to reply July issue appeared on the newstands. The Adventure correspondence had increased almost tenfold! Luckily I already had "the technology" to manage it!

On to diskettes went all the details name and address, games on subjects mentioned, category of subject (tips, pleas and various other categories), micro used, letter-number (yes, they all had to be numbered to find them again easily!) and so on.

computer games doesn't mean we at computer eliminates the personal routine to read records from drive 0

if a writer had written before. If he to an old friend. Well, I was really, for Sure enough, my prediction turned I consider all readers who write to accordingly.

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That is no easy task when dealing with dozens of letters each week, so I felt pleased that I was using my computer to personalise replies, rather than the opposite.

Three months later, so fast and furious were letters arriving, that I had to expand the disc files. To reduce head movement, these had been pre-allocated on the disc.

Disaster struck - I did the inexcusable! I created new blank files Many people seem to think that a on a clean disc and wrote a short C&VG can't manipulate our devices touch but, with the use of my new and write to drive 1. I accidentally



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failed to make a back-up copy before the letters — only people can do that. commencing the operation!

It took nearly a fortnight to recover I had to go through the paper files The story of the Helpline wouldn't be scratch!

This had to be done very carefully, so as to get the pointers right, else I would have to type the other files back in as well! When completed, it came home to me just how valuable the program was. I would not have I wasn't getting a lot of use out of it!

THE POSTCARDS

Up to this time I had been replying by letter typed on a word processor (Scripsit - on which all my articles are written). This meant printing the letter and a file copy tied up the computer, leaving me idle, or having to constantly break my train of thought by playing a review game on another micro.

to overcome this - a hardware spooler (a device which stores the data waiting to be printed, thus freeing the computer for less mundane tasks), a second TRS-80

with drives, or postcards!

The first two options were very expensive, whilst the third. surprisingly, had other advantages. They are quick to write by hand and specially printed ones with tailormade artwork would, I thought, make an attractive personal greeting. So the cards were printed and have become the standard medium for all but the longest answers.

game often produced a long list, involving leafing through numerous

fat loose-leaf files.

didn't contain the particular clue I actual information needed.

COPING WITH THE CLUES

What was needed was another database containing the tips themselves. So I set about writing another program. Into this goes every worthwhile tip I come by, on

It might be thought that I am unlikely to forget things like how to get past the Adventureland bear, but I still keep the well-remembered as well as the obscure clues on file.

This allows me to save time by automatically printing out a series of clues for readers with multiple problems and concentrate my time on a personal message.

These programs have served me -

switched the discs and wrote blank and you - and have proved very the delay in writing back to her. records over the painstakingly built- much worth the time they took to up name and address data! The write, adapt, adopt and improve. But, inexcusable was the fact that I had of course, they won't actually write

P. COPPINS & S. MARSH

and type my way back in from complete without mentioning Paul Coppins and Simon Marsh, the two lads who help me cope with the everincreasing volume of mail.

Paul and Simon were recruited from amongst the regular writers to Helpline and do an outstanding job in helping to keep the answers flowing. considered repeating all that typing if The clues we pass on to those in distress come from our own experience and the carefully collated tips sent in by readers. These are freely given and not always accompanied by a reciprocal plea for help. Many are extremely detailed, including maps and, in some cases, complete solutions.

Finding an answer to some letters can be extremely difficult and time consuming. Like the time I spent a whole Christmas afternoon playing There were three options available my way through Pyramid of Doom just to answer one letter! I kept dying and for the life of me couldn't remember how I had originally solved the game!

> Some letters are very gratifying to read. One such just over a year ago came from a reader who first bought C&VG while he was considering which computer to buy. He said he has never missed an issue since and, reading my review of Pyramid of Doom, bought the game for his recently acquired Atari.

He soon completed the whole Scott Adams series and enclosed a sealed envelope to pass on to a reader in As time went on, searching the distress with Golden Voyage, "to put database to list letters on a particular back in some of the enjoyment which you and the magazine have given me

in the past."

I sent on that clue - to a P. Coppins Many of the letters, when found, of Essex. He was too shy to use his Christian name in those days! I needed and I felt there had to be a looked the correspondence up more efficient way of getting to the before writing this - and found a coincidence. The letter was from a W.H. Ferran of New Malden - home town of a certain S. Marsh!

REBECCA CORWEL ET AL

Perhaps the most cruel and difficult letter ever was an early Hobbit problem. It was from a young lady -Rebecca Corwel of Edgware. My Hobbit knowledge was almost nil at that time, so I put it to one side whilst I pressed on with the rest of the pile.

A few weeks later, of course, it surfaced and, full of guilt about leaving the poor girl without an answer for so long, I spent frantic hours searching through my then undocumented file. I finally pieced together an answer and replied in grovelling tones of abject apology for again!

Two months later, I noticed a vast envelope stuffed full of readers' letters hanging on the C&VG office wall. It was labelled "Rebecca Corwel letters". I became suspicious and asked Robert Schifreen, quite casually, who she was.

"Oh, that's me! I used it as a penname in the Mailbag. Those are the answers!" he replied chirpily.

"Are you a Hobbit player by any chance?" I seethed. "Oh! I'd forgotten about that! Yes, I was stuck, and I thought it would be a good way of testing the Helpline!" I had sweated blood over that reply!

It had gone in the office out-tray a couple of yards from Robert's desk, then downstairs for franking and posting and was duly delivered on his doormat in Edgware the following day!

If you still have your copy of the December 1983 issue of C&VG, you might care to turn to the opening paragraphs of my review of Circus. You probably didn't realise it at the time - I was getting my own back!

Every now and then I get a good laugh from a letter. Like one from a pupil at a remote boarding school who shall be nameless to protect the guilty, but he knows who I mean!

He was bored to death by the lack of any life in the locality - C&VG always got delivered three weeks late, if at all - and to cap it all he was stuck in a boring Adventure.

He said that if I didn't help him, he'd take up something really interesting like reading a roll of wallpaper. I ran off the reply by feeding some cut-down wallpaper into my printer!

Occasionally I get a letter that irritates. Those are the ones that offer tips for cash. Those readers get short - but polite - shrift! We don't pay for tips - and we don't charge for them. The concept of the Helpline is a free exchange of information between Adventurers - given a bit of momentum by Paul, Simon and

myself.

TYING IT ALL UP

After our replies have been sent, I re-read the letters for previously unrecorded tips and add them to the database. Finally, I load Scripsit and go through the letters once again, picking out the problems that proved unanswerable and the tips sent in response to previous pleas in the magazine, for printing upside down in my regular column.

But the story doesn't end there. When it's time to write the next Adventure Helpline page, I edit the Scripsit text and remould my rough notes into a readable article, to appear about two months later.

And then the cycle starts all over

"What's your program of the day then, Dan?" enquired Lizzie Thomas of her diligent brother. Dan, huddled over his keyboard, muttered something in reply which Liz did not catch.

She looked up from her own computer and from the exciting new historical adventure she was in the process of composing and tried again: "Hey! Genius! What are you writing?" "Shut up woman", was the rejoinder from the young biochemgenetic engineer, intent on his next line of code. "Now look what you've made me do!" he exclaimed, "I've gone and mis-spelt an important word and the program's hung!'

His sister glanced at her own VDU screen and said "Funny, so has mine." "What did you just type in?" Dan mentioned the word and they looked at each other in amazement. "That just has to be one of the greatest coincidences ever" said Dan. "But look what's happening to the screen" shouted Lizzie, pointing frantically to her VDU. Dan, equally stunned, was watching the screen imagery change from his familiar alphanumerics to a fantasy landscape populated by mystic beings but with curiously mortal expressions . . .

The Thomas Twins' discovery was a window into a fabled land created by the incredible chance of typing that magic word at precisely the same instant. They looked and heard a small rubber suited figure announce:

"Now listen with care to WET-SUITED WILLY.

Ignoring my message would be really silly.

It's happened my friends; The Word has been typed. We're under inspection, their

screens have been wiped. A careful review of the neatly drawn

pics Will reveal two young GBs with metals to mix

The name of this earliest alloy of fame Is the key which unlocks this in-

credible game!

'Twill give you, Dear Reader, the start you deserve,

Tis the Word which the Twins found to let them observe The Alchemist's caverns and all that's there shown,

Success to your Quest and your search for the stone"

Dan and Liz immediately shouted "But we know the word!" but their cry was in vain for no sound can

penetrate the scene . .

But you, gentle quiz-solving person, must write the Word in the place appointed or find your effort's doomed! Wait, though! Let us see what new wonders appear on the Twins' screens: A child-like figure, the MANIC MINOR, appears from deep within the cave and, pressing buttons on a huge console, intones:

'The object of your true desire Requires the keenest mind To scan the scene for knowledge

From matrices designed To run with ease a program bold, A Symbol so defined

In days of yore well known to those Who sought mutation's kind Reward for diligence in crushing rock

To leave pure Gold refined! The Year-Book bids you write the name

In modern terms assigned . . . "

The Thomas Twins could see at once the method needed and set to their keyboards with a will but Liz, being more literary than mathematically inclined, soon gave up the fruitless task and turned to watch Dan's

acute perception produce a beautiful symbol on his screen ... A little feverish research soon gave them the answer

As they watched fascinated, the 10 G fur-capped figure of The Alchemist 15 himself glowed bright in front of his 20 furnace and their screens flickered 25 with letters and disjointed words such 30 as Lucifer and Tipperary. Andy 35 Adept (for it is he - you can tell by 40 the fur hat) turned to them and 50 recited:

"Give me the name of the man and the date

When first he was truly aware Of the stuff he had made in his furnace so late

(You must treat it with infinite care!)

From their "window", the Twins 90 saw only one clue so perhaps our clever readers will get there first . After all, the Thomas's are not exactly 95 in the running for prizes! But again it 100 was Dan who got this one, Liz being 105 thwarted once more. To atone 110 however, she was far ahead when Commodore Atari of The Imperial Japanese Navy had finished his little lythm ditty . .

"Some Peopas computas in homes Some peopas go down big harrs Pray games on machines velly fast on the scleens

Prace is named flom whea Sticks Liver farrs!"

But instantly from the depths of the cave, a Puffer called Gine retorted: Three (Ed's note: Puffers are low grade alchemist's assistants mainly recruited from the ranks of failed The la BSc's in chemistry and discarded software writers - this one goes In lang around muttering "I'm a gine, I'm a gine", so is known, of course, as The To rec Gine . . .)

"That poem won't work, you slittyeyed Berk!

We must have the latties and longs To pinpoint the peak where the Alchemist's reek

Is produced from cowpatties and pongs . . .!

Naturally, Liz, having grown up with classical geography, was home and dry on this one. Dan's interest diverted to a sum he had spotted on an oilcan (could this be the perfect base from which to construct the final clue?) But some strange jazzy music brought their attention to MERLINN DRUMM chanting:

"I sign a quarter area!"

Time had flown and, although the Twins put their minds together as to how this could help with the problem, Dan began to fret for his tea (highlight of his young life!). Finally, it was Liz who had sown the first seed of a solution. Things in the music suggested a strong Latin influence and she took a moment to reflect that the power alone could signify Elemental forces . .

STANDARD BASIC

	D1111121111					
10	GOSUB 200	PRINT "***":				
15	INPUT A\$		GOTO 105			
20	FOR B = 1 TO 3	115	FOR B = 1 TO 3			
25	LET B\$ = A\$ + A\$	120				
30	LET C = C + 1	125				
35	LET B\$ = MID\$ (A\$,B,1)	130				
40	LET C\$ = C\$ + A\$	135				
45	NEXT B	140	The state of the s			
50	LET D = INT (RND (1) * 999) + 1	145	LET D = VAL (C\$)			
55	PRINT D	150	PRINT D			
60	LET C\$ = ""	155	LET C\$ = ""			
65		160	LET $A = A + 1$			
	LET C = 0	165	IF A > 16 THEN			
70	GOTO 15		LET A = 0			
75	GOSUB 200	170	GOTO 105			
80	LET X = X + 1	200	LET A = 0			
85	IF X = 100 THEN	205	LET C = 0			
	PRINT "C&VG"	210	LET X = 0			
90	PRINT:	215	LET C\$ = ""			
	IF X = 200 THEN	220	PRINT "ENTER DATA:"			
	LET X = 0	225	PRINT			
95	GOTO 80	230	PRINT			
100	GOSUB 200	235				
105	INPUT A\$	999	END			
110	IF LEN (A\$) < > 3 THEN		Shirt has been been been and the			

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Merlin alled chest

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.. A little nated, the Alchemist ront of his flickered vords such ry. Andy can tell by

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SPECTRUM BASIC

```
PRINT "***":
10 GOSUB 200
15 INPUT A$
                                                    GOTO 105
    FOR B = 1 TO 3
20
                                         115 FOR B = 1 TO 3
        LET B$ = A$ + A$
                                                    LET B$ = A$(B TO B)
25
                                         120
        LET C = C + 1

LET B$ = A$(B TO B)

LET C$ = C$ + A$
                                                    LET C = CODE(B\$) - 17 - A
LET B\$ = CHR\$ (C)
                                         125
30
                                         130
35
                                                    LET C$ = C$ + B$
                                         135
40
45
    NEXT B
                                         140
                                               NEXT B
50
   LET D = INT ( RND * 999) + 1
                                         145
                                               LET D = VAL (C$)
                                               PRINT D -
55
    PRINT D
                                         150
60 LET C$ = ""
65 IF C > = 20 THEN
                                               LET C$ = ""
                                         155
                                         160 LET A = A + 1
165 IF A > 16 THEN
         LET C = 0
70 GOTO 15
                                                     LET A = 0
                                         170
   GOSUB 200
                                               GOTO 105
80 LET X = X + 1
85 IF X = 100 THEN
                                         200 LET A = 0
                                               LET C = 0
                                         205
                                         210 LET X = 0
         PRINT "C&VG"
    PRINT :
IF X = 200 THEN
                                               LET C$ = ""
                                         215
                                               PRINT "ENTER DATA:"
                                         220
         LET X = 0
                                         225
                                               PRINT
95 GOTO 75
                                          230
                                               PRINT
100 GOSUB 200
                                          235
                                               RETURN
105
     INPUT A$
                                          999 STOP
110 IF LEN (A$) < > 3 THEN
```

Merlinn started to beat a bizarre rhythm on a sharpening instrument called a Clone Hone and, in his richest baritone, accompanied it

"Take these letters now in English, Re-arrange in ancient tongue To make an elemental square, A quarter to each one.

Three parts play well with alloy bright

(Of Copper, Zinc and Lead!) The last one must you write with care

In language long since dead.

For it will guide your searching eye To regions where exist Those ciphers, keys to final quest; Computers now enlist!

Count with Title starting true, The problem will unfold, Take no note of dot nor dash, The Final Story's told . . .

Take care! Read well! Those lines will tell

Just what you have to do. We've shown you all which way to go,

The rest is up to you . . ."

The screens faded and the Twins looked at each other for a moment all thoughts of tea forgotten now and set to work on their keyboards with a feverish intensity. For the prize is great and they have YOU to beat ... And C&VG do not stint their rewards for success in their Quests

AAB EBJ HCF HDJ

FHL ILI GGH LHJ LKM

KRM STT MOS NSV QOO QUW XQQ

RTX IBA FGE LCC

DHM FII ILL HNL LQN LJQ

MNL LSP OPP SRM

ORU RUV SQQ TWV ADC BDI FGC

EMD FFI IGJ

GGH QJL OLM NKQ LRT QSS

NTV VRS POT TPY ZSQ

JIE JFI GDI DDE GMF FFI OMN

HHI PRR JJM NLL TTM QPT

OOQ WTX PSR TVQ CJB

JKH KGL HED FFI MNH

GIN KMJ IQK MJJ OPQ OMM

PNR NNO WVV TSV YXU

BBD EDC FGE HLK HIF GNF KKP

MLP JOQ KKN SNS

LLM QMR RRP ROQ SYP

RTU EBA ECD FDD DDJ EHN

UNIVERSAL GRAPHICS DEMONSTRATION

```
2 REM APPLE LINES
4 REM SPECTRUM LINES
6 REM BEEB & ELECTRON LINES
10 REM COMMON LINES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1004 LET XO = CX+SIN(S)*(R+B):LET YO =CY+COS(S)*(R+B):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1004 LET XO = CX+SIN(S)*(R+B):LET YO =CY+COS(S)*(R+B):
PLOT XO,YO

1006 MOVE CX+SIN(S)*(R+B),CY+COS(S)*(R+B)

1010 FOR A = S TO E STEP .1

1012 HPLOT TO CX+SIN(A)*(R+B),CY+COS(A)*(R+B)

1014 LET XN=CX+SIN(A)*(R+B):LET YN=CY+COS(A)*(R+B):DRAW
XN-XO,YN-YO:LET XO=XN: LET YO=YN

1016 DRAW CX+SIN(A)*(R+B),CY+COS(A)*(R+B)

1020 NEXT A: NEXT B

1100 RETURN
    12 SA = 4
14 LET SA = 2
16 SA = 10
32 HGR2 : HCOLOR=3
34 PAPER 0: BORDER 0: INK 7
34 PAPER 0:BORDER 0:INK 7
36 MODE 4

102 R=50:S=0:E=6.3:CX=140:CY=95

104 LET R=40:LET S=0:LET E=6.3:LET CX=128:LET CY =88

106 R = 275:S = 0:E = 6.3:CX = 600:CY = 500

110 GOSUB 1000

112 R=85:S=-.78:E=.79:CX=140:CY=-42

114 LET R=75:LET S=2.35:LET E=3.92:LET CX=128:LET CY=205

116 R = 425:S = 2.35:E = 3.92:CX = 600:CY = 1200

120 GOSUB 1000

130 FOR B = 0 TO SA

132 HPLOT 138+B.149 TO 138+B.191

134 PLOT 126 +B.5:DRAW 0,40

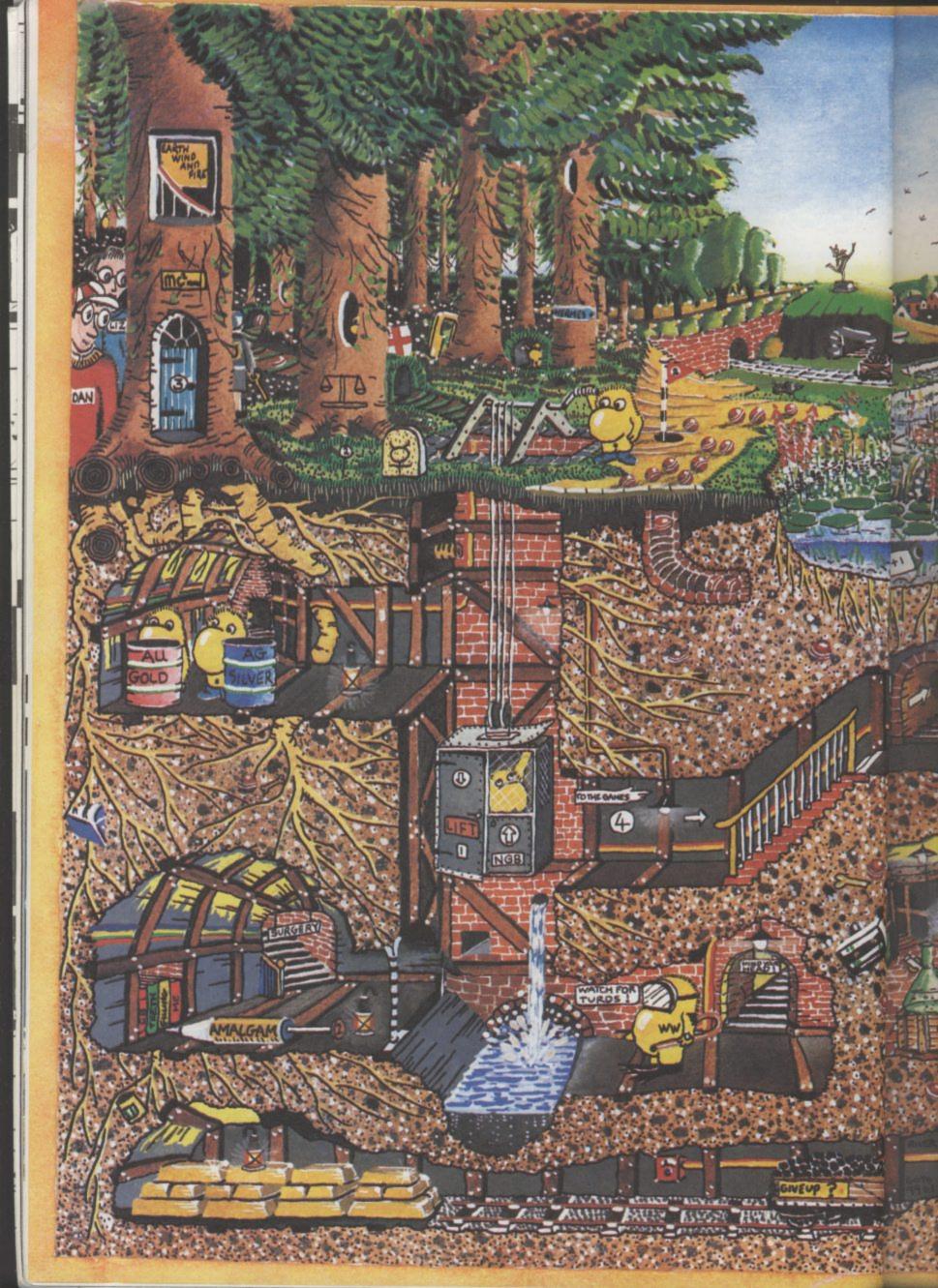
136 MOVE 310+B.875: DRAW 310+B.975

142 HPLOT 77 +B.0 TO 77+B.23

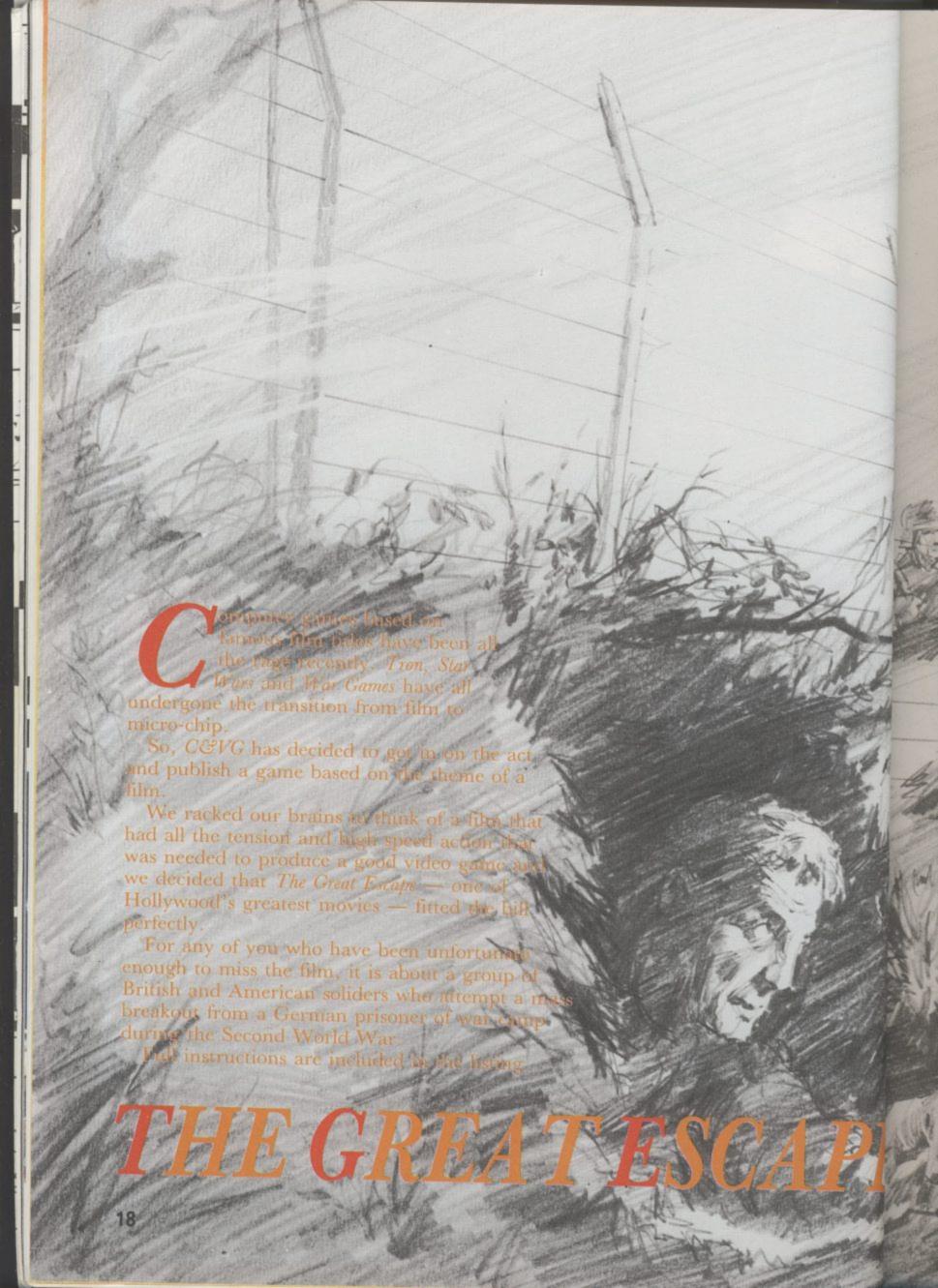
144 PLOT 75+B.172:DRAW 0,-24

146 MOVE 895+B.885:DRAW 895+B.975

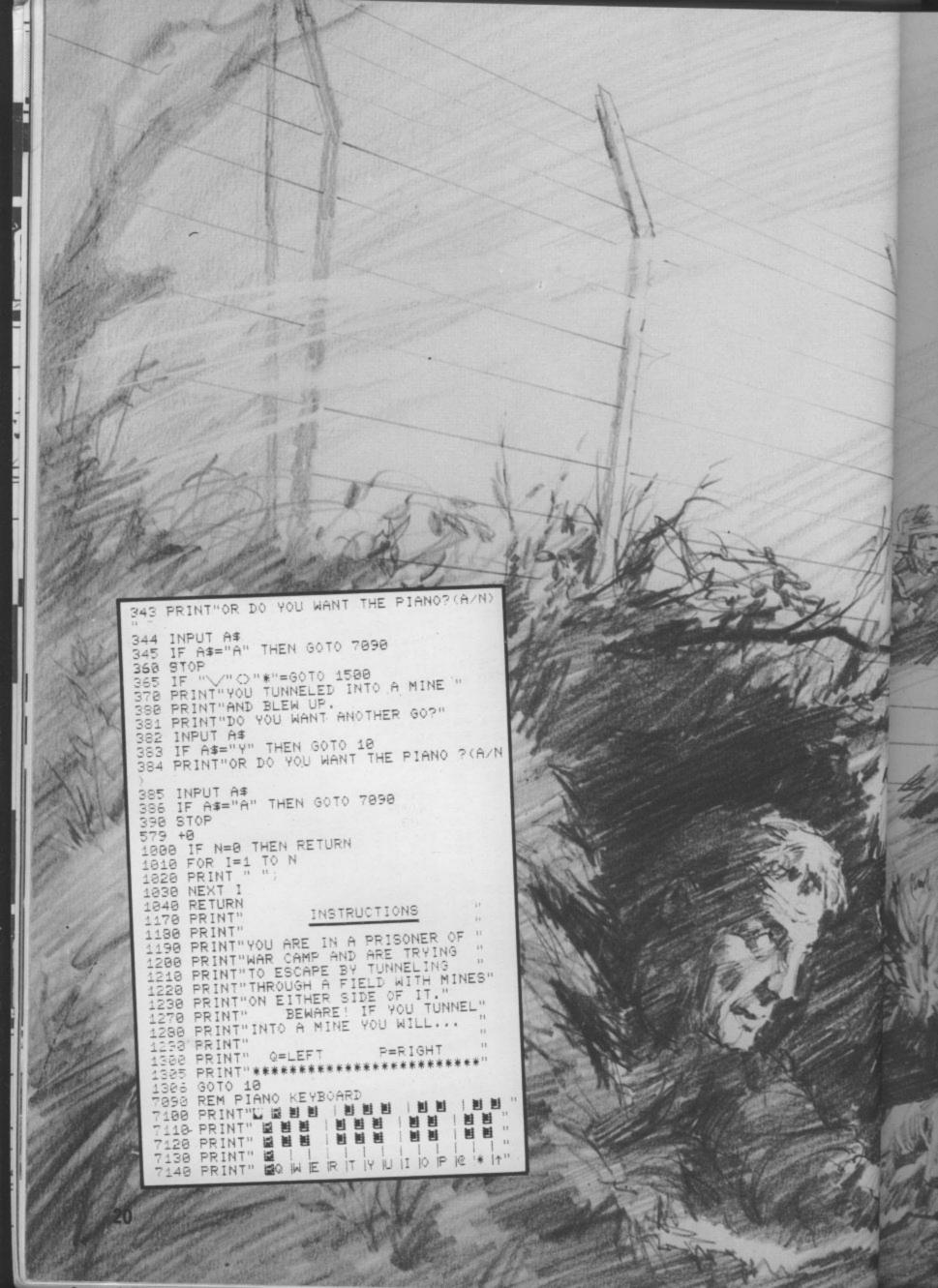
152 HPLOT 197+B.0 TO 197+B.23
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          COMMODORE 64
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   10 REM COMMODORE & OTHER COMPUTERS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  20 FOR A=1TO30
30 PRINT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             30 PRINT
40 NEXT A
50 A$="-O-----O"
60 B$="---O"
70 C$="-OOOOOOOOOOOO"
80 D$="---O"
110 G$="---O"
110 G$="---O"
120 H$="---O"
130 PRINT A$: PRINT A$: PRINT A$: PRINT G$:
    PRINT F$: PRINT H$: PRINT B$: PRINT D$: PRINT G$:
    PRINT G$
140 FOR A=1TO5: PRINT A$: NEXT A
 140 MOVE 895+B,885:DRAW 895+B,975
152 HPLOT 197+B,0 TO 197+B,23
154 PLOT 182+B,172:DRAW 0,-23
156 MOVE 300,150+B:DRAW 900,150+B
162 HPLOT 80,160+B TO 200,160+B
164 PLOT 68,30+B:DRAW 120,0
166 MOVE 585+B,225:DRAW 585+B,25
170 NEXT B
176 GOTO 176
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               140 FOR A=1T05: PRINT A$: NEXT A
150 PRINT G$: PRINT G$: PRINT D$: PRINT B$: PRINT E$:
PRINT C$: PRINT E$: PRINT E$: PRINT E$
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 160 GOTO 160
 176 GOTO 176
200 GOTO 200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                200 END
300 REM DASHES REPRESENT SPACES DO NOT TYPE MINUS
  1000 FOR B = 0 TO SA
1002 HPLOT CX + SIN(S)*(R+B), CY+COS(S)*(R+B)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               SIGNS!
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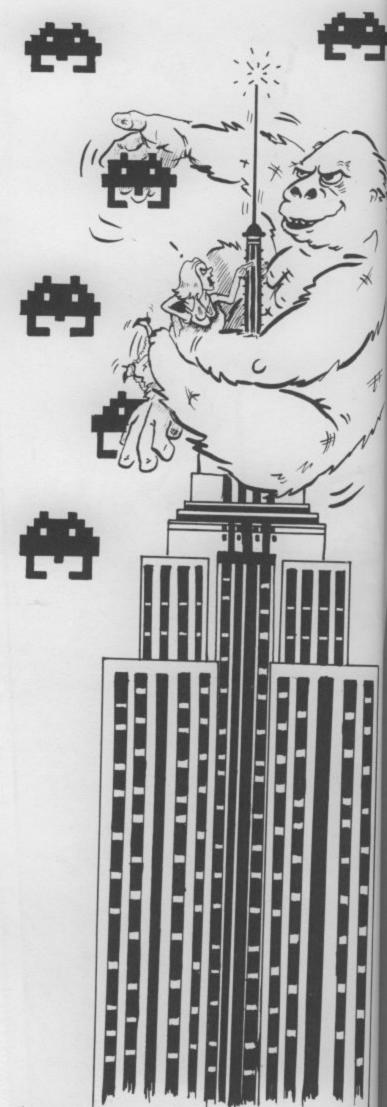




'When I said I wanted a TURTLE, I didn't quite have this in mind.....'



'-I'd like to complain about the User-Friendly computer that you sold me...



... Since you discovered Spar Invaders you've lost all interest in our RELATIONSHIP.

Magician Paul Daniels isn't a new recruit to the computer craze, as he's owned his Atari 800 for four years now and first got interested in micros a year

"It seemed that every other person I got up on stage before that. was a computer programmer and I'd no idea what that was at all. I think it's part of my job to be able to talk to as many of the audience as possible about their jobs and also I wanted to find out about computers out of

"For a year I bought every magazine on the market, read everything in them and at the end I was none the wiser. I don't know about now, but then they were written by people who knew something for other people who knew something, not for the likes of me who knew nothing. You don't try to teach people French by showing them a book written entirely in French, do you? But that's what they seemed to be

"Anyway, at the end of that year I simply walked into a shop and said, "Look, there's £1,000, I want a computer and I know nothing about them." The assistant said, "Have a ZX-80," and I said, 'No thanks, I know that much. I do want one with a keyboard."

"I really believe I got very lucky because that guy sold me an Atari 800 and that machine's been switched on virtually non-stop for about four years and it's fine. And I mean non-stop - I literally leave it on

For his £1,000 Paul also acquired a disc drive, a the whole time." cassette player and a few programs. In the meantime he has added an Epson MX-80 printer, a buffer that allows him to use the Atari and the printer simultaneously and a couple of modems.

"I love those ... when you start talking to other people with micros, that's when the fun starts. One of the modems restricts me more or less to England, but with the other I've been plugged into the States and everywhere. I also do a lot of letter-writing on the

"I got into programming by typing in listings from Atari. magazines and I learned more from doing that a line at a time and discovering what each one did than from any book . . . certainly not the manual which I couldn't understand. I'm delighted with the Atari and I'd only get another micro now if I could run the house with it when I'm away . . . you know, switch the lights on and off and draw the curtains and things.

Paul loves games and had a hand in writing Paul Daniels' Magic Adventure which was published a few

"It's a traditional type Adventure but I also wanted it months ago. to have games sections and a few tricks in it. Someone else did the programming, but I gave him the storyline, the jokes and devised the games that are in it.

"At one point you go to a magic show, for which you need a real pack of cards. You cut the deck and then, after answering a few questions, the computer tells you what your card is. Very clever! I'm also involved in another piece of software that should be out soon which consists entirely of magic tricks on the computer written by someone in Cambridge who's a magician, a programmer and a mathematician.

We asked Paul about his favourite games.

HIP ...

"I tell you what I've been using more than anything lately and that's the Atari Touch Tablet and Atari Artist. It is absolutely brilliant and I sit here for hours just playing around with it . . . the shimmering rainbow effect you can get is beautiful."

"My all-time favourite joystick game, though, is one called Sea Dragon by Russ Wetmore which has been



aul Daniels

We all know that computers can perform magic — but what happens when a real magician gets his hands on one? Mike Gerrard went to see ace magic man and TV star, Paul Daniels, who not only enjoys playing computer games but also had a hand in writing a computer Adventure.

out a couple of years. You go through a series of underground passages, shooting mines and dodging things and so on. The sound and graphics are excellent and really bring the best out of the Atari. I have got through it to the end but only after hours and hours at it. I've had more fun with this than with anything. In fact, I wrenched two joysticks apart playing it which took me to designing and building my own. They're quite easy to make, really."

Paul says that his specially designed joysticks may find their way onto the market, but the details for that haven't been finalised yet. He also mentioned a software protection device that he stumbled across while designing his Adventure. "But I'm not telling

We should have known: magicians never reveal you what it is!" their secrets.

STRATEGY GAMES: Begin

War games have been around for ages — almost as long as conflict itself — but only recently have they started to become really playable on computers. Strategy and war games are enjoying a boom at the moment, thanks to Mike Singleton's Lords of Midnight epic game, from Beyond Software, and companies like Lothlorien who have a range of authentic war game programs. Here, Mike Turner takes a look at the history of strategy games and the shape of things to come.



In the mid-sixties mainframe computers were huge ponderous items that took up half a room and offered approximately 6k of user memory. Practically all programming was done in binary code and time on the system was amazingly expensive. In view of all this, it seems unlikely that anyone should go to the time and trouble of trying to program games on these machines!

There was a sound reason however. A lot of software was written specially for a specific customer, often after the computer had been installed and, in order to get the operators acquainted with the machine, it was the custom of software houses to put some games on for people to play with.

The most complicated one of these was called Kingdoms or sometimes Hammurabi, after an ancient king—and this game was the true forerunner of most of today's strategy games.

Now, the principle of the game was that you had to rule a small country, dependent on wheat crops for its survival. Each game turn represented a year, and each year the computer would tell you how much land you had, how much grain and how many subjects you ruled. Then you had to enter how much land you were going

to buy or sell, how much grain you would plant, store and use to feed your people.

The computer would do some calculating, add in a few random numbers and then print up your status for the next year.

If you hadn't allowed enough corn for planting, you weren't like to have a good crop and if you hadn't given sufficient out for food, some of your population would die of starvation.

At random the program would throw in such horrors as harvests spoiled by weather, rats eating some of your grain store and plague amongst your subjects.

Just as the first Adventure programs had been inspired by the game of *Dungeons and Dragons*, so the first business simulations were inspired by board games such as *Monopoly*. Someone must have looked at the early *Kingdom* programs and realised that exactly the same principle could be used to simulate almost any kind of control situation.

Monopoly itself soon became available under a number of titles from software houses, drawing fire from the board game manufacturers frantically trying to protect their copyright.

In most of these computerised ver-

sions it was possible to play agains the computer or an opponent, with the computer keeping track of the positions and finances.

The Kingdom principle is now be ing applied to all kinds of situations from games that put you in the ho seat at air traffic control at a major international airport or give you charge of the economy or even pur you at the head of a Chicago gang in the Roaring Twenties!

In early times all computer readout was either in the form of punch tape or as text on a printer but, at a trade fair in 1968, computer giant Honeywell displayed a computer playing noughts and crosses with a feature that was to revolutionise computer use, and game playing in particular.

It featured a television type screen. Of course, space invaders was still a long way away, as indeed was the idea of being able to use any form of computer in an amusement arcade!

But it did make strategy war games a possibility, with the screen keeping track of the armies, ships, spaceships or whatever. The first example of this to emerge was a space tactical game most commonly called Star Trek after the television series. The object was to command the U.S.S. Enterprise, explore the galaxy and destroy all the alien invading spaceships

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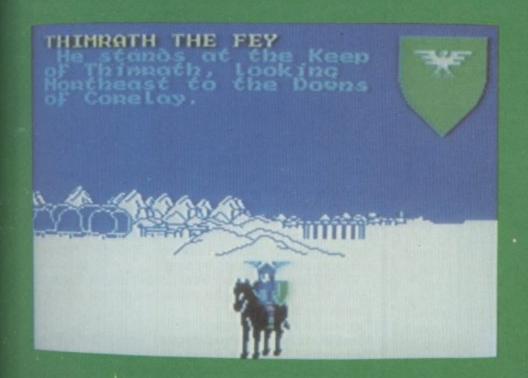
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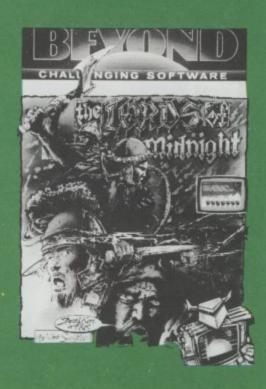
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before a certain date.

The computer would randomly set up a galaxy consisting of a number of sectors, each with the possibility of enemy ships, stars and refuelling stations.

The early machines had no graphics as we know them now. The program would use letters, question marks and stars to represent the various objects in the game, but later on, block graphics made pictures possible.

The Star Trek program proved so popular that it is still available for most machines in one form or another. There have been no less than three versions available for the Spectrum from R and R Software, Silversoft and Star Dreams, all of which are faithful to the original concept although a little more sophisticated!

It was quite early in the development of home computers that game programmers saw the potential of proper war games, using the computer as an opponent.

This was a little more complicated than either Star Trek or Hammurabi, because the computer needed to "think" its way to a particular objective.

The type of programming logic was already in use as chess programs had

been around for a long time, and of course the super-powers have been playing serious simulation games since they first had the necessary computer technology. This has been recently highlighted in the film War Games, in which a micro user manages to get his machine linked by phone to the U.S. nuclear simulation and begins to play at what he thinks is a game called Thermonuclear War! He does not realise that the government has given control of the real defences to his games computer.

It is true that there really is a computer in the States that spends all its time playing at nuclear war, and it is a sobering thought that in most of its scenarios, whether a winner emerges or not, Great Britain gets completely destroyed.

Probably the strategy game that has progressed most from the early programs is Beyond Software's new fantasy war game Lords Of Midnight. By utilising a new method of displaying scenery that the designer, Mike Singleton calls "landscaping", it is possible to look in any direction across the Land of Midnight and see landmarks, buildings and armies in perspective.

This is made more interesting by the fact that, as you recruit army leaders, it is possible to look through their eyes, injecting more atmosphere into the game than the more conventional "markers on a map" approach.

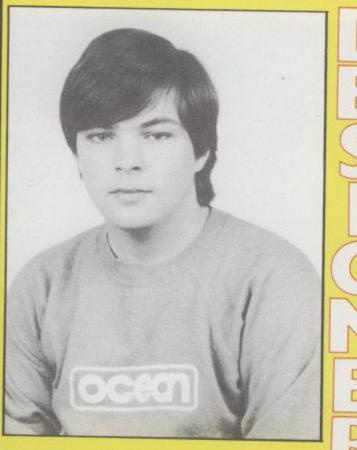
The game has a fantasy setting, cross between Tolkein's The Lord of the Rings and The Chronicles of Thomas Covenant by Steven Donaldson, and it may not appeal to serious wargamers, but the programming represents a milestone in strategy gaming, and it is to be hoped that this method may be used for other kinds of settings in the future.

Certainly strategy programs have come a long way from their simple beginnings.

Don't forget to read Mike Singleton's Fifth Column every other month in Computer & Video Games. It's THE column for war-gamers and strategy games fans.

Mike will be bringing you all the up-to-date news and reviews about strategy and war games — on computer and play-by-mail too! Mike is the man behind Lords of Midnight, Treachery and — the one that started it all — C&VG's gone but not forgotten Seventh Empire play-by-mail game.

So don't forget to look out for C&VG's Fifth Column — before it finds you!



NAME: Christian Urqhart

GAMES: Cavelon, Hunchback, Eskimo

Eddie, Transversion, Decathlon.

BORN: Brighton, 1967.

Most people's first encounter with a home computer is a pretty humble experience — a BBC model B, or ZX Spectrum in the school computer room. Not so for Christian Urquhart, Ocean's top programmer, who went to school in Abu Dhabi. Things are slightly larger there. "It was on an IBM mainframe which we used from terminals," he recalls. "I knew then that I wanted to be a programmer, though I didn't imagine I would be a full time games writer.

Christian is presented with projects by Ocean and does not have to think up ideas for games. "Cavelon is my favourite game which is licensed from the arcade game by Jet Soft. Hunchback is also a

licensed game"

At 17, Christian is Ocean's youngest programmer and already has a string of best selling games under his belt. This fact has not escaped his employers at the Manchester-based firm - when C&VG called to arrange this interview a spokesman said: "Oh no, he's going to get so big headed"!

Favourite Food: Fish. Favourite Drink: Lager

Most Watched TV Programme: "I don't watch

much, but I do like a good film".

Favourite Computer Program: Cavelon, Sabre Wulf, Dragon's Lair, the arcade game.

Countries Visited: Nigeria, Abu Dhabi

Favourite Pop Groups: Nik Kershaw, Frankie Goes to Hollywood, Status Ouo.

Ambitions: To own my own software company. Worst game I've ever played: Krazy Kong by C

The one thing about computing that most makes me want to throw up: "A spike through the mains. It can cause you to lose everything you've done over the last few hours"

NAME: Malcolm Evans

GAMES: Trashman, Knot in 3D, 3D

Tunnel, 3D Monster Maze. BORN: Romford, Essex, 1954.

Malcolm Evans is a self confessed workaholic. "My hobby is computing. When I want to relax, I like to sit down at the computer"

This situation is not helped by the fact that New Generation's offices are now situated at the bottom

of the garden.

Malcolm's first contact with computers was in his previous job when he worked on computer control systems for jet engines.

Like many programmers now working full time on writing games, Malcolm started off writing games in his spare time as a hobby.

"My first games were for the ZX81 and were published by a company called J.K. Greye.

New Generation has since bought the rights to these games and now publish them. Malcolm's twin brother, Rod, also works for the company, handling the business side, leaving Malcolm free to concentrate on games writing.

With Trashman I and II still in the charts, the future looks very bright for the dustbin software company.

Favourite Food: Curry. Favourite Drink: Lager.

Most Watched TV Programme: Tomorrow's World.

Favourite Computer Program: Trashman. Countries Visited: Scandinavia, the Canaries. Ambitions: To continue to run my own company. Pets: "I've got two children"

Favourite Musician: John Williams.

Worst game I've ever played: 3D Star Wars. "It sounded good so I bought it. It was dreadful. The company that made it has now gone out of business'

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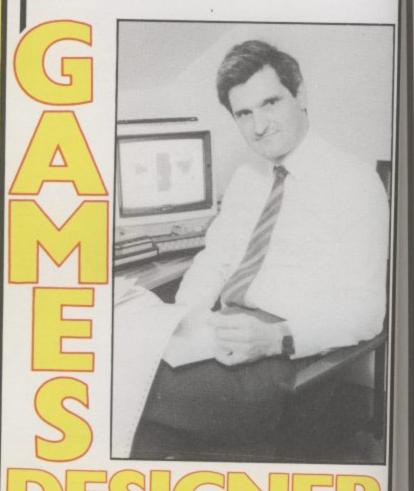
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The one thing about computing which most makes me want to throw up: Frustration when my programs won't do what I them to do!



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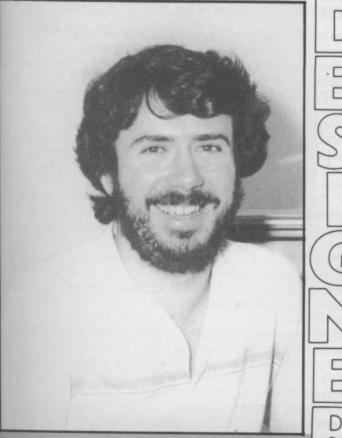
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NAME: Philip Mitchell

GAMES: The Hobbit, Penetrator,

Mugsy, Sherlock Holmes. BORN: Melbourne, 1961.

Of all our featured deisigners, Philip Mitchell has the strongest track record — four games, four smash hits.

The Hobbit is now the standard Adventure game on four home computers - Spectrum, 64, BBC and Atmos.

Penetrator is still the best Scramble-type game for the Spectrum and Mugsy introduced a whole new area of gaming with its mix of arcade, strategy and superb graphics.

With Sherlock riding high in the C&VG / Daily Mirror charts, this game could well be bigger than even The Hobbit.

Philip began his programming career with Melbourne House after taking a Computer Science degree at the local University.

Philip's next project, now that Sherlock is on sale, is likely to be Lord of the Rings though he exercises typical Melbourne House caution on this subject. Nothing has been decided yet, though as soon as I am given the word I will start on the program".

Favourite Food: Italian, apricots, oysters.

Favourite Drink: Coffee.

Most Watched TV Programme: "I don't watch TV. I prefer reading Asimov and other science fiction authors'

Favourite Computer Program: Classic Adventure on mainframes, Manic Miner.

Countries Visited: England, New Zealand.

Ambitions: To retire rich and be young enough to

enjoy the money.

Favourite Pop Groups: Fleetwood Mac, Eagles. Worst game I've ever played: Valhalla and Psytron. The one thing about computing that most makes me want to throw up: "Nobody makes the computer that I really want. It should have at least one megabute, a 68000 chip, and very high resolution graphics.'

NAME: Orlando

GAMES: Zalaga, Frak.

BORN: Unknown.

There are a lot of things we don't know about Aardvark Software's Orlando. Like how old he is. where he was born, what he eats for breakfast — all the things that games players are dying to find out.

And why are you deprived of this essential information? "I'm a very private person. I don't want my life to become public property," says Orlando, in his lazy London-Italian accent.

So what do we know about this wizard of the Beeb keyboard. Well - we can tell you that he studying something somewhere in England.

We also know that his motivation for writing Beeb games that are better than Acornsoft's is not only to make money. "I enjoy writing games and playing games. It's as simple as that," he says.

Orlando started out in computer games four years ago when he wrote his first game on the Atom. "It was called Hedgehog. I suppose you'd call it a Frogger game now, although it was produced long before Frogger went on sale"

After that, he wrote an Invaders-style game "You've got to write an Invaders at some stage in your life.'

Favourite Food: Pizza Orlando.

Favourite Drink: Malibu and Babycham with a slice

of lemon, Guinness.

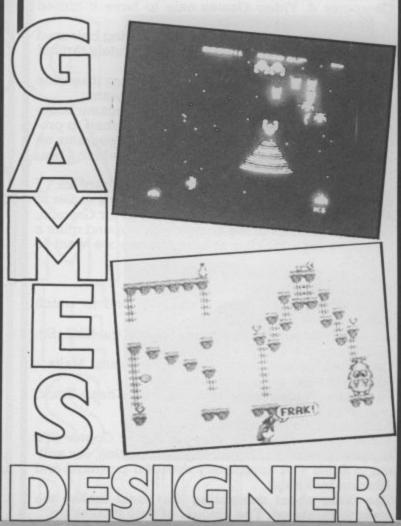
Most Watched TV Programme: "I don't watch the telly really, although I occasionally plug in a video" Favourite Computer Program: Planetoid, Star Raiders, Miner 2049'er.

Countries Visited: Lots.

Ambitions: To be happy, fulfilled and complete. Favourite LP of all time: Go by XTC.

Worst game I've ever played: Bega's Battle - the arcade game.

The thing about computing that most makes me want to throw up: "Computer illiteracy and stupidity and people talking about artificial intellifence".





NAME: Tony Crowther BORN: Sheffield, 1962.

GAMES: Loco, Killer Watt, Son of Blagger, Potty Pidgeon, Monty Mole.

Tony Crowther wrote his first computer game for Computer & Video Games only to have it turned down by us two years ago.

"It was a Mastermind game with moving coloured pages. It ran on the Pet and I was absolutely thrilled to bits with it'

Two years later it seems unlikely that any magazine would turn down a Tony Crowther program.

"I borrowed the Pet from a friend. I became hooked and decided to buy a Vic. I really learned to program on the Vic. I wrote about eleven programs on it. One of the games was a Galaxians which I was really chuffed with."

Tony now works full time for Gremlin Graphics. "I do most of my work at home, at night — it's easier to work then. As well as writing programs for Gremlin, I'm also a director of the company and spend quite a lot of my time looking at other games we want to publish.

Favourite Food: Nothing foreign.

Favourite Drink: Tetley's Bitter.

Most Watched TV Programme: "I tend to watch videos. I like The Evil Dead"

Favourite Computer Program: Frak on the BBC, Encounter on the 64

Countries Visited. Spain, France, Germany, Malta. Pets: A cockatiel called Silver.

Favourite Pop Groups: Iron Maiden, Cheap Trick, Jean Michel Jarre.

Ambitions: To be successful.

Worst game I've ever played: Super Copter (it's supposed to be a chopper flight simulation. It's written in Basic — a completely dreadful program) and Psyclon by Rabbit.

The thing about computing that most makes me want to throw up: The amount of time it takes up.

NAME: Andy Spencer

GAMES: International Soccer, Basketball, High Noon (with a partner).

BORN: 1960.

You would expect the programmer of two of the best sports simulations ever written to be a keen footballer or basketball player, but Andy Spencer is

"It's just coincidence . . . I'm not particularly keen on football, I just wanted to have a go at representing

the game on computer"

Unlike One on One, Electronic Arts rendition of basketball, Andy's game features three players on each side which enables the game to incorporate passing, an essential feature of the real game.

"The first time I came across a computer was at the technical college at which my dad taught during the summer holidays. I sat down and played games and

became hooked."

"Soon after, I bought a half share in a Pet and learned how to program. I wrote some games, one of which was a noughts and crosses program. I sent them to Commodore but they did not get published".

Andy now works full time as a programmer. "Well, I wouldn't say full time but I don't have another job, if that's what you mean". When he's not glued to a VDU, he enjoys painting — pictures not walls.

Favourite Food: Fish and chips.

Favourite Drink: Cider.

Most Watched TV Programme: Spitting Image. Favourite Computer Program: Aztec Challenge, Forbidden Forest.

Countries Visited. France, Greece, Belgium, Holland.

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Ambitions: To travel the world. Favourite Pop Group: The Smiths. Worst game I've ever played: Pac Man.

The thing about computers that most makes me want to throw up: Nothing in particular.



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NAME: Mike Singleton

GAMES: Lords of Midnight, 3Deep

Space, Shadowfax.

BORN: Wirral, Cheshire, 1951.

Ask most top games designers if they like playing games and chances are you'll get the same answer: I don't really play them much. I only enjoy doing the programming"

This is not the case with Lords of Midnight designer — Mike Singleton. "I enjoy playing games. Go is my current favourite. I think it's a real classic game that will survive the test of time."

Mike first became hooked on games as a board gamer. He designed his own James Bond-style board

games when he was 13.

"I graduated to play-by-mail games when I got hooked on an American game called Star Web in 1977. It only had 15 players and I eventually managed to win the game two years later. I now run my own play-by-mail game - Star Net - which had over three thousand players at the last count.

Favourite Food: Steak and chips.

Favourite Drink: Lager.

Most Watched TV Programme: Dr Who.

Favourite Computer Program: Lords of Midnight,

Countries Visited: France, Switzerland, Spain, Holland, Morocco.

Ambitions: To write a real classic game - the computer equivalent of chess — a game that people will still be playing long after I am dead and gone. Pets: Two cats - Kim and Kerry.

Favourite Pop Groups: Pink Floyd, Deep Purple, Led Zeppelin.

Worst game I've ever played: Invasion by ASP Software.

The one thing about computing which most makes me want to throw up: waiting for Sinclair equipment NAME: Matthew Smith

GAMES: Manic Miner, Jet Set Willy.

BORN: Liverpool, 1965.

Matthew Smith is the most successful programmer in our top ten line up. His Jet Set Willy topped the C&VG / Daily Mirror Top Thirty for no less than four months earlier this year.

With Manic Miner also selling well, and both games now on the Commodore 64 as well as the Spectrum, this 19-year-old Liverpudlian could well turn out to be the richest teenager to come out of Merseyside since Paul McCartney.

Matthew is not just one of Software Projects' top programmers. He is also on the board of directors of

the company.

D

Despite his executive status, Matthew comes across more as a refugee from an illegal pop festival than a director of a software company.

His soft spoken accent, completely devoid of any trace of Scouse, puts you at your ease as he tells you that he doesn't like television and enjoys listening to Pink Floyd.

Like many games writers, Matthew had the nocturnal approach to programming — sleeps all day and works all night.

Favourite Food: I'm a gourmet, I like all sorts.

Favourite Drink: Southern Comfort in large quantities.

Most Watched TV Programme: I don't like TV

Favourite Computer Program: Ultima II by Sierra On Line, Atic Atac, and Escape From Fractulus. Countries Visited: Most of Europe and America.

Ambitions: I don't have many left though I'd like to get into space.

Favourite pop groups: "How many pages have you got?

Worst game I've ever played: Ah Diddums!

Pets: A cat called Big Cat and a dog called Zoey. The one thing about computing that makes me want to throw up: "Magazines that rip-off my programs!"



GAMES



NAME: Jeff Minter.

GAMES: Gridrunner, Attack and Revenge of the Mutant Camels, Hovver Bover, Sheep in Space. BORN: Reading, Berkshire in 1961.

Jeff learned Basic on the school Pet although was not considered the local computer whizz, being denied a place on the computing course. He was not the school dunce either, learning A levels in Physics, English, Maths and a university place. The academic life did not suit Jeff and he found himself carpeted by his tutor. A change of college and of courses followed soon after.

It was during his time at college number two — Oxford Polytechnic — that Jeff bought a Vic-20 and learned machine code. Looking at the software available, Jeff was convinced he could do better and set out to write a copy of the arcade game *Defender* on his Vic. Encouraged by demand for his game Jeff wrote another one — *Traxx* — and took them both to the Barbican show where they sold well.

Now there was no looking back — and Llamasoft was born — named after his favourite animals.

The game that really made Minter's name is Gridrunner— a super fast shoot 'em up— which is selling well in the US as well as in Britain, having knocked Choplifter off the number one slot in the American charts earlier in the year.

Favourite Food: Liver sausage sandwiches, burgers, and most junk foods.

Favourite Drink: Coke, Guinness, and wine.

Most Watched TV Programme: Not the Nine O'Clock News.

Favourite Computer Program: Hovver Bovver, Repton, Stix.

Countries Visited: America, France, Spain.

Pets: Two Siamese cats and an Afghan hound called Woody.

Ambitions: To writer better and better games. Favourite Pop Groups: Pink Floyd, Genesis.

NAME: Dave Marshall. GAMES: Fighter Pilot. BORN: Longeaton, 1954.

Dave Marshall is not at all worried that his fledgling company is becoming known as the flight simulation specialists.

"When I speak to games players at computer fairs, they always want to know when the next simulation is coming out, not whether we are going to do anything else". Dave and his partner, Rod Swift, are so committed to computerised flight that their next two products will also be flight simulations — to add to Night Gunner and Fighter Pilot.

With no less than nine flight simulations in the current NOP Top Thirty, it is difficult to fault Digital's

commitment to this type of game.

Dave gave up a high-powered job with the Ministry of Defence, where he worked on computer flight control systems and travelled extensively, to set up Digital Integration.

"I have no regrets . . . I always wanted to have my own company. I am still friendly with the people I used to work with and I think they slightly envy me.

Dave's first contact with computers came at Bath University where he studied systems engineering on a special MOD sponsored course. "It was just a terminal of a mainframe. My first real experience of micros was when I bought a kit computer in 1976. It was a very simple machine — made by National Semi Conductor — you couldn't do much with it.

Favourite Food: Pork in white wine sauce.

Favourite Drink: Southern Comfort.

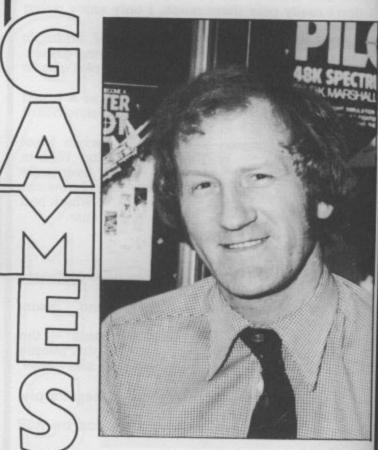
Most Watched TV Program: MASH. Favourite Computer Program: Fighter Pilot, Death Chase.

Countries Visited: USA, Greece, Germany, France, Yugoslavia.

Ambitions: To run a very successful company.

Pets: Only my eighteen month old son — Stephen.

Favourite Pop Groups: Jethro Tull, James Taylor,
Ralph McTell.



fledgling

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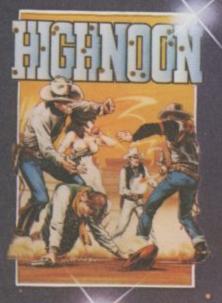
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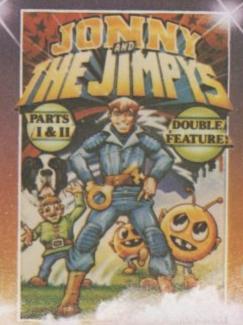


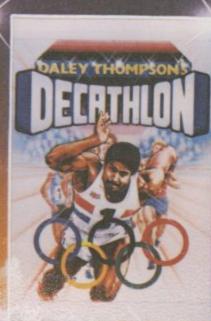
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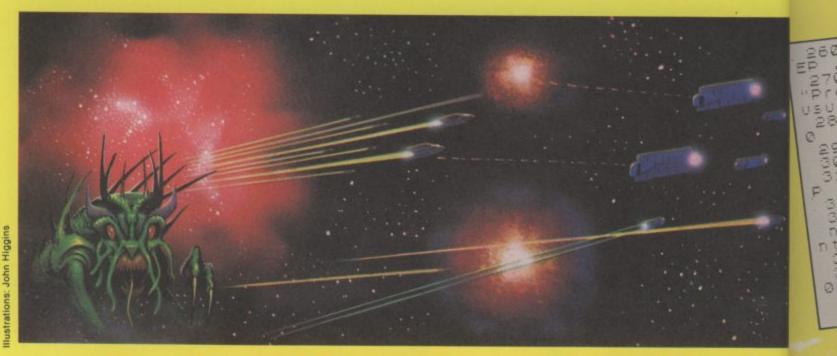
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AN ADVENTURE FOR BEGINNERS

BY. MIKE TURNER

RUNS ON A SPECTRUM

0

Never played an Advendure before? Then you don't know what you're missing! Admittedly, they can be a bit daunting if you've never dealt with one - finding the correct way to address your micro can cause a few problems. But once you've been bitten by the bug, there will be nothing that will stop you plugging into the darkest dungeon in search of fame, fortune and excitement. But just how do you get started? Byplaying this mini-adventure written by MIKE TURNER, that's how! Read on and discover the world of the Astrospy . . .

COMMUNICATION FOR ASTROSPY 0077 / CLASSIFIED TOP SECRET

The Federation needs your help. A race of hostile aliens from a planet system far beyond our galaxy has declared war. They have developed new secret weapons, codenamed Astrogun. Federation scientists are anxious to obtain one of these superweapons to copy it. Fortunately, following a fierce space battle, the enemy were forced to abandon a ship with an Astrogun on board. Your task is to get on board that ship and take the Astrogun. Security systems are still operative on the ship, so your mission will - as usual - be extremely dangerous. A ship awaits you in Boarding Bay 23. It will ferry you to the abandoned ship and then beam you aboard. From then on, you are on your own . . . Good luck! The security of the Federation is in your hands.

END OF MESSAGE

* ASTRO SPY ADVENTURE 1 THE ASTROGUN (mk2) * TINDER THE TENT 10045555555 AFFAIR ADVENTURE ... MIKE TURNER. Mike REM LET bar doors ead number painted of LET idea REM Set UP set UP as="YOU" LET RREL each with and the graph to the graph om nge. plat tr=0 ange LET ET 60 =0 T 11 =0 PAPER 5 ₩ E = Ø 0 GC TO 380 REM Corridor

PARTIE TO ARTHUR PRINT Ente € ₫ a 00 ng t ₩ € Ubu nte tal TREE 200: 200: 200: EBB next doo 6 Ue 22000 INKE REERING OF URN Robot 3 Up HAD PART 初音 0 0 the 250 ignores 00 you

EP 3 10: NEXT c shoots at you" / 270 PRINT "It shoots at you" / "Press any key to find out if you usurvived. Key \$ () "" THEN GO TO 28 3: BEEP 250 Q aga IF INKEY \$="" THEN GO TO 290 BEE THEN GO TO 1890 BEE THEN GO TO 1890 BEE TO 200 Miles and to continue and the continue 350 IF INKEY\$="" THEN GO TO 360 370 RETURN 0

410 FOR g=1 TO 3: FOR C=0 TO 60

BEEP .01, C: NEXT C: NEXT g: "Pr

420 PRINT AT 21, 19; FLASH 1; "Pr

430 IF INKEY\$="" THEN GO TO 430

450 REM Instructions

450 PRINT FLASH 1; "The Federa:

470 PRINT "A race from beyond the galaxy has declared war. The egalaxy has declared war. The eyhave a secret weapon: The have a secret weapon: The 480 PRINT "Federation scientist as are eager to obtain one of the secret weapon it."

480 PRINT "Federation scientist as are eager to obtain one of the secret weapon: The secret weapon: The secret weapon it."

490 PRINT "The enemy has bee to copy it."

490 PRINT "The enemy has bee of forced to abandon a spaceship to obtain one or the it."

The enemy has bee abandon a spaceship Astrogun on board. Y teleported onto the your task is to get and find a way off." forced to with an ou will be ship and the weapon





R S Enter

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ER

500 FOR C=1 THEN BEEP 1. 1 TO 10: IF INKEY = "" 1,30: BEEP 1,24: NEXT PRINT PRINT " GOOD The Federation "Press any key to start"
IF INKEY\$ <> "" THEN GO TO 52 530 IF INKEY\$="" THEN GO TO 520
540 REM Reception
550 CLS
560 IF ft THEN PRINT a\$
570 IF NOT ft THEN PRINT "You h
ave been teleported into": LET f

INKEY\$="1" GO TO 650 INKEY\$="2" GO TO 680 810 TE THEN LET 510 IF form = 0: 520 IF form = 0: 530 IF THEN GO 540 FE plat THEN LET plat Orm = 0: GO TG 680

630 IF INKEY\$="P" OR INKEY\$="P"
THEN GO TO 700

640 GO TO 610

650 IF rcc+rcv>0 THEN GO TO 820

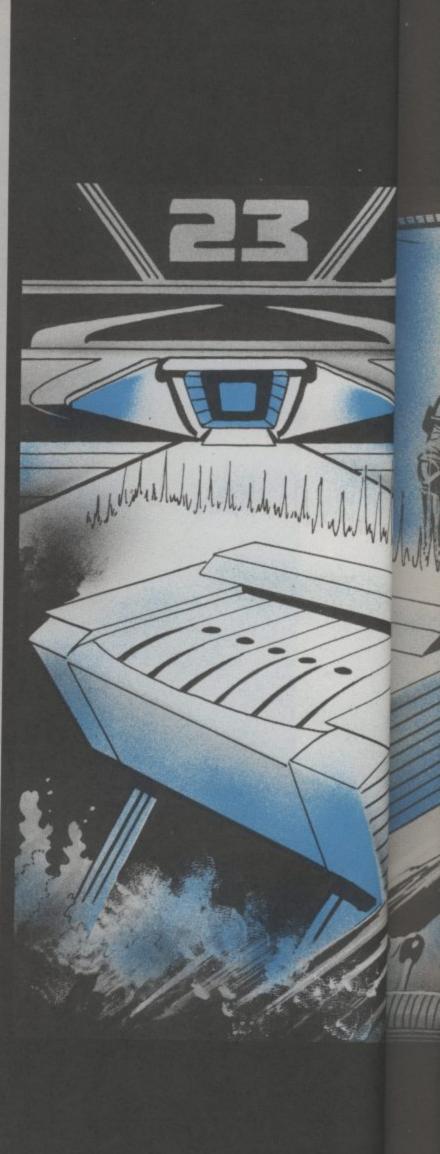
670 CLS: PRINT "The room has 2
"; b\$(TO 17) b\$(19 TO 30); b\$(32

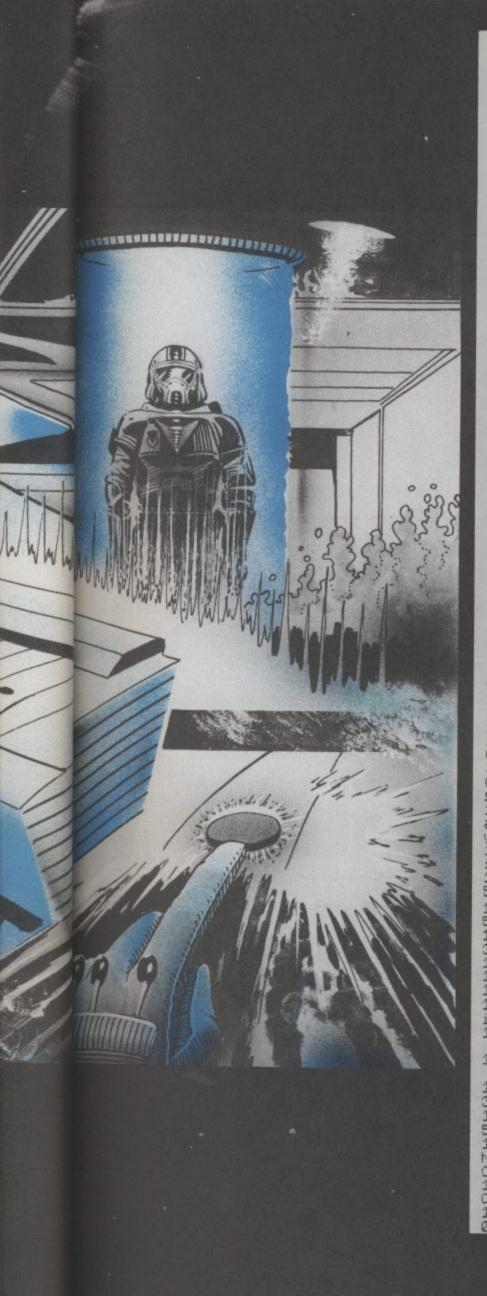
TO 48) b\$(50 TO): GO TO 590

680 IF rcc>0 THEN GO TO 830

690 GO TO 660

700 IF platform THEN CLS: PRIN
"You are unable to, as there
appears to be a force field i
"Your way!": PAUSE 300: GO TO 710 CLS : PRINT "There are five buttons" "No.1 has a picture of a spanner" "No.2 is plain red" "No.3 has a question mark on it "No.3 has a question mark on it is IF NOT tr THEN PRINT "No.4 a nd No.5 have writing on them that you don't understand." 720 IF tr THEN PRINT "No.4 has "AUTO DESTRUCT' on it" "No.5 has "TELEPORT TO BRIDGE' onit" "Whi is TELEPORT TO BRIDGE' onit" "Whi one will you press?" THEN GO TO 74 OF THE STAND TO THE STAND THE STAND TO THE STAN 750 IF INKEY\$="1" THEN LET rcc=
25,10: GO TO 670
760 IF INKEY\$="2" THEN BEEP .25
10: GO TO 810
770 IF INKEY\$="4" THEN LET bo=1
BEEP .25,10: GO TO 670
780 IF INKEY\$="3" THEN LET rcv=
780 IF INKEY\$="3" THEN LET rcv=
780 IF INKEY\$="5" THEN BEEP .25
10: GO TO 1790
800 GO TO 750
810 CLS : FOR c=1 TO 8: PRINT F
ASH 1: INVERSE (C/2=INT (C/2)); 800 GO TO 750 810 CLS : FOR c=1 TO 8: PRINT F LASH 1; INVERSE (c/2=INT (c/2)); "**** The Ship Has Exploded **** " NEXT c: GO TO 1690 820 GO SUB 150: LET ft=1: GO TO 830 GO SUB 150: LET ft 840 REM Engineering 850 CLS : PRINT "This ft=1 "This is the en There are two gineering centre. There are two
doors, one paintedred, one silve
r."Both have writing on them";
by ur can't read"
The present one
source are two
read or the paint on the paint
by ou can't read"
B70 IF tr THEN PRINT ". The re
done says: """ DO NOT ENTER HOT,
says: "RECEPTION" "Will you
pen ARECCEPTION" "NKEY\$=""
B80 PRINT "Which door will you
open IF INKEY\$=""
B90 IF INKEY\$=""
THEN GO TO 540
910 REM LOUNGE
930 CLS ships lounge gineering centre. CU't of a door enter its numbe 950 IF INKEY\$ <> "" THEN GO TO 95 0 960 LET q\$=INKEY\$: IF q\$>"4" THEN GO TO 960 970 GO SUB 150: IF q\$: 0 TO 540 9\$4"1" OR 9\$="1" THEN GD SUB 150: 1F q\$= 1) 540 IF q\$="4" THEN GO TO IF q\$="3" THEN GO TO REM Store CLS : PRINT a\$;"2"'b\$ 980 1000





1020 PRINT "A store room. "Pile d high on racks are some BOXE s. Do you wish to look in them 1030 IF INKEY\$ (>"" THEN GO TO 10 1040 IF INKEY\$="n" OR INKEY\$="N"
THEN GO TO 1220
1050 IF INKEY\$<>"y" AND INKEY\$<>
"Y" THEN GO TO 1040
1060 FOR k=1 TO 20: NEXT k
1070 IF tr THEN GO TO 1100
1080 PRINT "YOU have found a transtator": GO SUB 1160: IF q\$="y"
THEN LET tr=1
1090 GO TO 1220
1100 IF id THEN GO TO 1130
1110 PRINT "YOU find an I.D. bad
9e": GO SUB 1160: IF q\$="y" THEN
LET id=1 30 9e": GO SUB 1160: IF q\$="y" LET id=1
1120 GO TO 1220
1130 IF bo THEN GO TO 1210
1140 PRINT "YOU find a small at sphere": GO SUB 1150: IF y" THEN LET bo=1
1150 GO TO 1220
1160 PRINT "Do you wish to this?" 1220 "Do you wish to take this?" 1170 IF 70 INKEY\$ <>"" THEN GO TO 1180 IF INKEY\$="y" OR INKEY\$="Y"
THEN LET q\$="y": RETURN
1190 IF INKEY\$="n" OR INKEY\$="N"
THEN LET q\$="n": RETURN
1200 GO TO 1180
1210 PRINT "You find nothing of interest"
1220 PRINT "Exit by door 1 or 2? 1230 IF INKEY\$ <> " THEN GO TO 30 1240 IF INKEY \$="2" THEN GO TO 70 1250 IF INKEY\$="1" THEN 50: GO TO 920 1260 GO TO 1240 1270 IF 18 AND FCC THEN SUB THEN GO TO 90 1280 1280 GO SUB 320: GO TO 1000 1290 GO SUB 150 1300 REM Weapon 1310 CLS : PRINT Armoury" as; "2" 'bs '"The Armoury"

1320 IF NOT we THEN PRINT

ont of you on a bench is

strogun; which you take."

1330 PRINT "There is a small

at spere.": GO SUB 1160:

y" THEN GO TO 810

1340 LET we=1: PRINT "Exit

ich door (1 or 2)?"

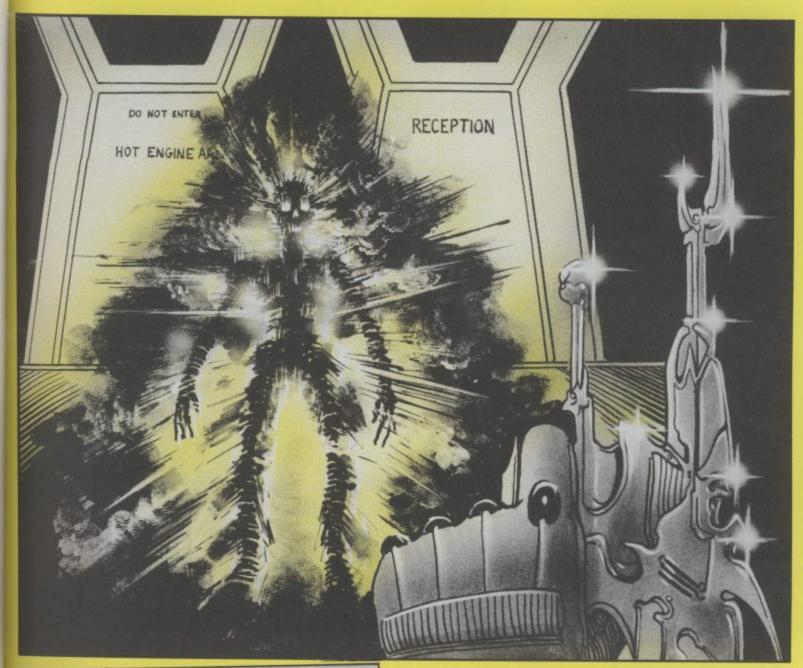
1350 TE INKEY*()"" THEN GO "In fr the A small IF q\$=" "Exit by 1350 IF 1350 IF INKEY\$="1" THEN GO TO 13 50: GO TO 1000 1370 IF INKEY\$<>"2" THE 350 INKEY\$ (>"" 1380 1390 1400 GO SUB 150 1380 GO SUB 150
1390 REM Bridge
1400 CL5 : PRINT a\$; "3" b\$
1410 PRINT "This is the ships br
idge.": IF ky THEN GO TO 1440
1420 PRINT "You see a key." "Are
you going to pick it up?"
1430 GO SUB 1170: IF q\$="y" THEN THEN LET 1440 PRINT "Exit by door 1,2 or 1450 IF INKEY\$ (>"" THEN GO TO 14 50 1460 LET q\$=INKEY\$: ND q\$<>"2" AND q\$<> 9\$ <> "1" THEN GO IF AND q\$ (>"3" 1460 1470 IF q\$>"1" OR id=1 THEN GO 1490 1480 GO SUB 320: CLS : GO TO

AT LAST... AMAGAZINE GEARED ESPECIALLY FOR THE QL USER. SUPRISINGLY ITS CALLED

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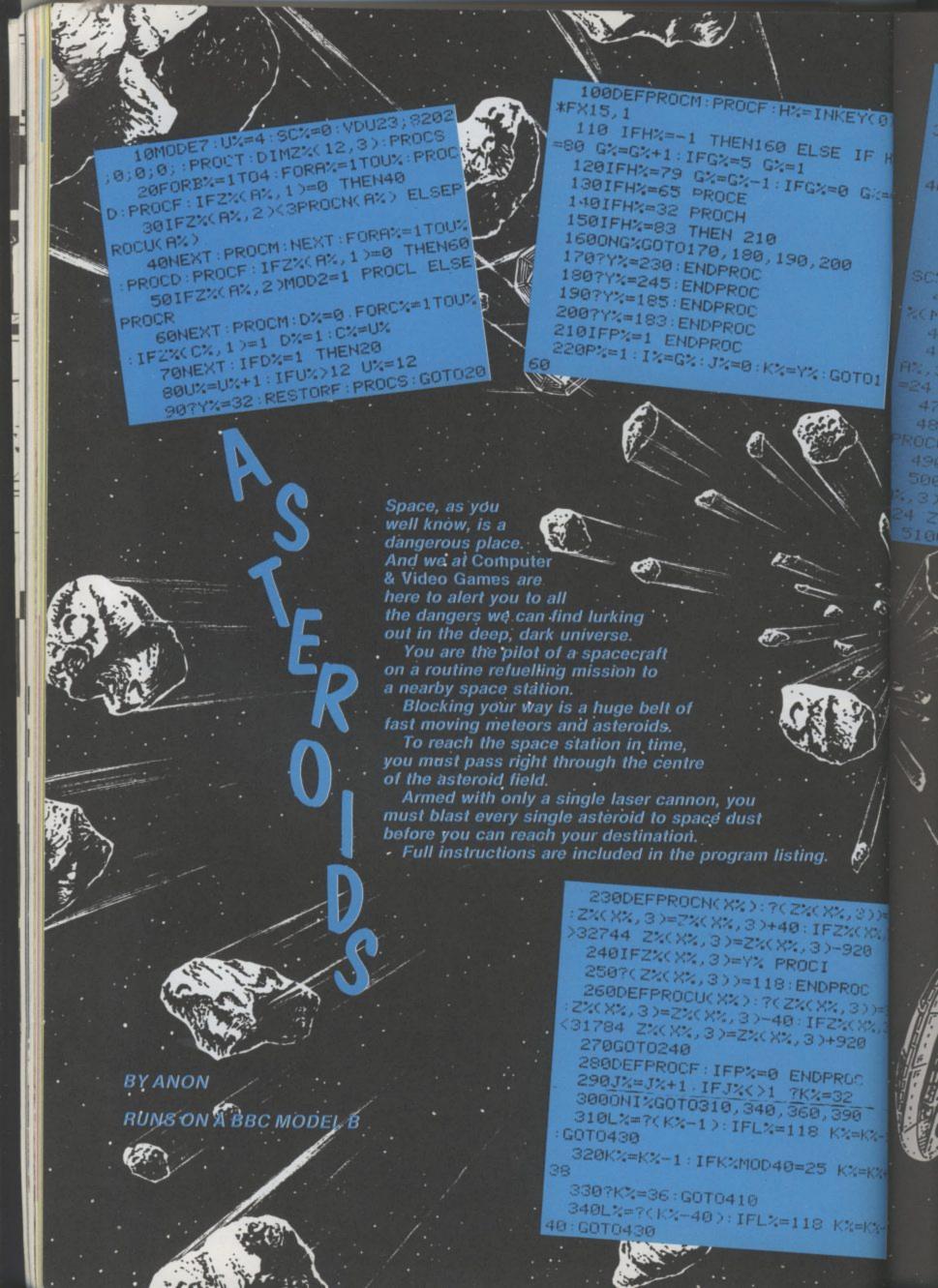
tips on how to get the most from your QL. If you're a QL user, choose the magazine written exclusively for your machine—QL USER. Available on a monthly basis from all good newsagents.

ZHHHPHZHBHHHO



1490 IF NOT rcc AND NOT rcv THEN
GO TO 1430
1500 GO SUB 150: IF q\$="1" THEN
GO TO 1300
1510 IF q\$="2" THEN GO TO 920
1520 REM Shuttle
1530 CLS: PRINT a\$; "2" b\$
1540 PRINT "Shuttle launch area"
1550 PRINT "Shuttle launch area"
1550 PRINT "Steps lead down to a
parked shuttle craft. Are 9
cu going to decend and get into
it?": GO SUB 1170: IF q\$="9" THE
N GO TO 1610
1560 PRINT "Exit by which door (
1 or 2)?"
1570 IF INKEY\$<>"" THEN GO TO 15
70
1580 LET q\$=INKEY\$ IF q\$<"1" THEN
GO TO 1390
1600 GO TO 920
1610 IF ky THEN GO TO 1630
1620 PRINT "You can't open its d
007" GO TO 1560
1630 PRINT "You find instruction
1610 IF ky THEN GO TO 1630
1620 PRINT "You can't open its d
007" GO TO 1560
1630 PRINT "You read them. DO
1650 PRINT "You read them. DO
1650 PRINT "You read them. OO
1650 P

1690 REM Death
1700 PRINT: PRINT: **You have been blown to bits**
1710 PRINT "so you have failed y
1710 PRINT "so you have failed y
1720 FOR c=1 TO 5: BEEP 1,40: BO
RDER 6: BEEP 1,0: BORDER 2: NEXT
1730 PRINT "Do you wish to try
again?"""(Y or N)"" GO SUB 1170
1740 STOP
1750 REM End
1750 RE



350K%=K%-40:7K%=36:G0T0410 3601FK%71=118 K%=K%+1:G0T0430 520DEFPROCI:SOUND1,-15,21,10 370K%=K%+1: IFK%MOD40=24 K%=K%-530END 540DEFPROCH: IFT%=0 ENDPROC 3807K%=36:GOTO410 550?Y%=32:IFG%=1 Y%=Y%-1:IFY%M E IF H 399L%=?(K%+40): IFL%=118 K%=k% 0D40=25 Y%=Y%+38 40:GOTO430 560T%=T%-1:FRINTTAB(18,0);" =0 Giz=4 \$1016436 \$1016436 \$1016436 \$12 PX=0:7KX=32 : TBP6186922TVx=YX-40: IFYX<31784 420ENDPROC YX=YX+920 430SOUND1,-15,101,2:J%=12:SC% 5801FG%=3 Y%=Y%+1:1FY% MOD 40= 99 CX+UX+1 PRINTTAB(6,0); SCX 24 Y%=Y%-38 440FORMX=1TOUX: IFZX(MX, 3)=KX Z 590IFG%=4 Y%=Y%+40:IFY%>32744 (MX, 1)=0: MX=UX Y%=Y%-920 450NEXT : ENDPROC 600SOUND0,-10,6,1:ENDPROC 460DEFPROCL:7(Z%(A%,3))=32:Z%(610DEFPROCS: YX=32244: PRINTTABO ,3)=Z%(A%,3)-1:IFZ%(A%,3)MOD40 0,0); "Score: "; SC%: T%=6*U%: PRINTT AB(13,0)"Fuel: "; T%: FORO%=1T012: Z GOTO1 24 ZX(AX,3)=ZX(AX,3)+38 470IFZX(AX, 3)=YX PROCI %(0%,1)=1:READ Z%(0%,2) 4881FZ%(A%, 2)K3 PROCN(A%) ELSE 620Z%(Q%,3)=RND(92a)+31784:IFZ ROCUCAX) %(0%,3)MOD40=24 THEN620 49BENDPROC 630WEX=0: IX=1: FOREWX=0T00: IFZX 586DEFPROCR: ?(Z%(A%,3))=32: Z%((0%,3)MOD40=EW% WE%=1 3)=Z%(A%,3)+1:IFZ%(A%,3)MOD40 640NEXT: IFWEX=1 THEN620 ZY(RX,3)=ZX(RX,3)-38 650NEXT:FORS%=31784T032744STEP 40:75%=(RND(7)+144):NEXT:G%=2:H% -0: ENDPROC 660DATA1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4 670DEFPROCD: TIME=0: REPERTUNTIL TIME>=(4-A%):ENDPROC 680DEFPROCE: IFT% 5 ENDPROC 6907Y%=32:T%=T%-5:PRINTTABC18 0);" ";TAB(18,0);T% 700Y%=(RND(920)+31784):IFY%MOD 48=24 THEN700 710ENDPROC 720DEFPROCT:FORA%=2TO3:PRINTTA B(9,8%)CHR\$131CHR\$157CHR\$129CHR\$ 141"ASTEROIDS "CHR\$156 NEXT PRINT' CHR\$133"Use the fol lowing controls: "''CHR\$129"0 - t urn left"'CHR\$129"P - turn right "'CHR\$129"S - fire" 730PRINTCHR\$129"A - hyperspace (5 units of fuel)"'CHR\$129"Spac e bar - thrust (1 unit of fuel)" 8,3))= '''CHR\$130"When you have destroy 2%(XX.) ed all of the" CHR\$130" asteroids -928 the screen will clear and" 740PRINTCHR\$130"more will appe ROC ar until there are 12 on" CHR\$13 (3))=2 0"the screen. You will be retur K(XX, 3 med to"'CHR\$130"the middle of th 920 e screen at this time"'/'CHR\$136 "Press any key to start the game Rom ":9=GET.CLS:ENDPROC 190 K%=K%+ K%=K%

IT IS THE YEAR 1984 AND THANKFULLY BIG BROTHER IS STILL JUST A DISTANT NIGHTMARE. YET, A MENACE JUST AS PERILOUS THREATENS THE WORLD....

THE SINISTER PROFESSOR SCHWEINSTEIN!

EVEN WHEN IT IS DOING NOTHING, IT HAS A TENDENCY TO CAUSE RANDOM OUTBREAKS OF AMNESIA FOR MILES AROUND!

SCHWEINSTEIN HAS ALSO PERFECTED A SUPERB DELIVERY SYSTEM FOR HIS WEAPON, THE MANDROID!

IN REALITY AN ANDROID, IT SO CLOSELY RESEMBLES A MAN THAT IT IS VIRTUALLY UNDETECTABLE.

WHEN DETONATED, IT SIMPLY WIPES CLEAN THE MEMORIES OF ANYONE WITHIN TEN MILES OF THE EXPLOSION.

WITH THE MINDBOMB CONCEALED IN THE MANDROID'S ABDOMEN, SCHWEINSTEIN IMAGINED HE COULD BLACKMAIL THE WORLD.

HOWEVER, JUST AS HIS CREATION WAS COMPLETE, AN ACCIDENT OCCURED AND SCHWEINSTEIN BECAME THE FIRST VICTIM OF HIS OWN WEAPON....

HE FORGOT EVERYTHING!

A DEVICE HE CALLED THE MINDBOMB!

AFTER MANY YEARS OF SECRET RESEARCH, SCHWEINSTEIN SUCCEEDED IN CREATING WHAT COULD BE THE ULTIMATE

heheheh!

WEAPON ...



IVERY

T SO Y THAT BLE.

INED

HING!

41

When you are asked to key in your password, please ensure all the red lights are out on your BBC keyboard — and ensure they remain out while you play the game.

Don't try to program the red function keys — otherwise you'll wipe out some of the machine code!



LES! IT'S

spyn

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M

INTRODUCTION PROGRAM -

```
10 REM
  20 REM READ AND SAVE NOTES FOR MUSIC
  40 FORX%=07054:READP%.D%:?(&D80+X%*2)=P%:?(&D60+X%*2+1)=D%:NEXT
  50 DATA69,16,69,4,73,4,73,12,69,2,73,8,69,2,61,8,53,2,49,16,81,12,73,12,69,2
53, 2, 73, 2, 81, 6, 73, 6, 69, 12, 61, 12, 53, 12
  60 DATA53,18,41,9,53,9,49,18,33,18,53,3,53,3,49,3,41,3,41,9,69,9,49,18,21,18,
41,9,33,4,23,4,21,4,13,4,5,4,13,4,21,9,49,9,33,9,21,9,41,9,33,4,23,4,21,4,13,4,
,4,13,4,21,9,49,9,33,9,21,9
   70 REM
   80 REM ASSEMBLE MUSIC MACHINE CODE
   90 REM
  100 F%=&CA3:FORI%=0 TO 3 STEP 3
  110 [ OFTI%:LDA#0:STA&72:STA&76:STA&78:LDA#&FF:STA&74:STX&79:STY&7A
  120 .start LDA#1:STA&71:LDA#&F1:STA&73:LDY&7A:LDA&D80,Y:STA&75:LDA&D81,Y:STA&7
  130 .check LDY#&FF:LDX#&FA:LDA#&80:JSR&FFF4:TXA:BEQ check:LDX#&71:LDY#0:LDA#7:
JSR&FFF1:LDA#&F6:STA&73:LDA#2:STA&71
  140 LDY#0:LDX#&71:CLC:LDA&75:ADC#&60:STA&75:LDA#7:JSR&FFF1:INC&7A:INC&7A:DEC&7
9:BEO end:JMF start:.end RTS
  150 J
  160 NEXT
   170 REM
   180 REM DRAW FLAGS AND PLAY ANTHEMS
   200 MBDE5: VDU5, 19, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 19, 1, 7, 0, 0, 0
   210 GCGL0.131:CLG:CLS
   220 GCOLO.1:FORIX=OTO30:READZ%,X%,Y%:PLOTZ%,X%,Y%:NEXT
   230 GCOLO,0:FORI%=OTO23:READZ%,X%,Y%:PLGTZ%,X%,Y%:NEXT
   240 VDU19,0,4,0,0,0,19,1,1,0,0,0,23,224,0,0,1,3,7,15,31,0,23,225,0,0,16.8,4,4,
 4,132,23,226,0,0,16,56,102,131,0,0,23,227,68,44,24,60,36,194,0,0
   250 X%=21: Y%=0: CALL&DOO
   260 GCDL0,1:MOVE608,488:PLOT4,1248,488:PLOT85,1248.82:PLOT4,608,82:PLOT85,608,
   270 MOVE660.440:PRINTCHR$224CHR$225:MOVE660,408:PRINTCHR$226CHR$227:MOVE0,0
 488: GEOLU, 2
   290 GCOLO,0: MDVE30,576: PLOT5,30,506: MOVE30,576: PLOT5,1250,576: MOVE30,552: PRINT
   280 X%=35: Y%=42: CALL&DOO
   T R E A C H E R Y": MOVE30, 506: PLOT5, 1250, 506: PLOT5, 1250, 576
   300 GCOLO,1:MOVE760,816:PLOT5,1144,816:PLOT5,1144,754:PLOT5,760,754:PLOT5,760,
   310 MOVE120,316:PLOT5,504,316:PLOT5,504,254:PLOT5,120,254:PLOT5,120,316:MOVE18
 816: MOVE800, 796: PRINT"M 1 6"
 0.296: PRINT"K 6 B": GCOLO.O: MOVE100.50: PRINT"FOR THE BBC MICRO"
    320 REM
   330 REM LOAD MAIN PROGRAM
    340 REM
    350 CHAIN"TREACHERY2"
    360 REM
    370 REM UNION JACK PLOTTING DATA
    390 DATA4.32,840,4,672,840,85,672,750,4,32,750,85,32,840,4,310,1000,4,310,596,
  85,394,596,4,394,1000,85,310,1000,4,669,1000,4,642,1000,85,444,864,85,419,870,85
  ,419,864,4,32,1000,4,32,978,85,226,864,85,259,864,85,32,1000,4,478,730,4,449,73
    400 DATA85,672,594,4,672,616,85,482,730,4,42,594,4,72,594,85,260,730,85,285,7
  0,4,285,722,85,72,594,4,672,632,4,672,730,85,502,730,4,285,1000,4,92,1000,85,285
  .888,4,419,1000,4,612,1000,85,419,888,4,672,962,4,672,864,85,512,864
    410 DATA4,32,864,4,32,962,85,198,864,4,32,730,4,32,632,85,198,730,4,92,594,4
```

85,594,85,285,708,4,419,708,4,419,594,85,612,594



Treachery is a tricky business at the best of times and you can be sure that the "friend" you are playing will be doing his worst to double-cross you. Bluff and bamboozlement are the weapons to use. A knowing smile or a subtle twitch of an eyebrow as you read through your agents' reports can be enough to send your opponent into a frenzied panic. But beware! He won't start tearing his hair out. He'll just nod calmly at you as if to say: "Yes, you've fallen for my trap." So how do you go about actually winning? We asked MIKE SINGLETON, the man behind the game, to give you a few hints and tips.

LESSON ONE: IT'S FOR YOU-HOO!

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Sending, receiving and intercepting messages is the key to success in *Treachery*. No self-respecting spymaster forgets that every order he sends and every report he receives may have been intercepted en route by the enemy and a clever spymaster uses this fact to his advantage.

Only a real traitor will betray your messages to the enemy and that betrayal will result in a message reporting interception to enemy HQ. With any luck, one of your agents will himself intercept the message of interception and report it back to your HQ. You then discover the identity of the traitor in your midst and you also know that your intercepting agent can be completely trusted. If he really belonged to the enemy, he would never have sent in an interception report.

So, in the early stages, it's a good idea to send orders by the longest routes possible in the hope that they get intercepted. At the same time, you should call in reports by the shortest and safest routes back to HQ since they may carry information you definitely don't want betrayed to the enemy.

LESSON TWO: THE BEST MOLES STAY UNDERGROUND

Until you have some idea of which agents are to be trusted, the best action is no action. If you use your agents James Bond fashion and leave a trail of dead bodies across Europe, you are very likely to lose the game. Your own agents become prominent targets, you waste time that can be more profitably spent gathering information and you are quite likely to bump off someone who is not an enemy agent.

Don't forget that even enemy agents can be very useful so long as you know who they are. They will be gathering information too — information that you can intercept and use to your own advantage.

Relocating an agent in a different city should only be done of necessity — you waste valuable spying opportunities and you might, in fact, be moving an enemy doubleagent to a better position!

Instead, the first few turns should be spent making

innocuous "searches" in the cities where you have agents. Soon you will build up a working knowledge of who to trust. Only then should you begin to think about new stations for your agents.

A vital task is to establish secure routes for your orders and reports by moving men you know you can rely on into gaps or suspect links in your communications.

Appropriately enough, Berlin, notorious for its wealth of spies, is a key centre for routing messages through. Without a man in Berlin, your flexibility in sending orders and calling in reports is severely limited and it is the one place where you might allow yourself the luxury of eliminating the opposition once and for all.

Another essential task is to make sure you have a trusted mole close to or in the enemy HQ, ready to intervene if the opposition finds Schweinstein first and makes a break for home.

LESSON THREE: A SNEAK IN TIME SAVES NINE

Above all, you must be sneaky. Not only is it vital in winning the game, it's also great fun! How sneaky you can be depends on the calibre of your opponent — it's no use employing tortuously subtle ruses against a blockhead — but it always afters rewarding opportunities for creative thinking.

One of my favourites is to send orders to an agent to kill your own Master Spy but to send them by an incomplete route so that they never actually arrive! You make sure, however, that the route includes a traitor who will betray your orders to the enemy. Your opponent immediately gets the impression that you have discovered one of his triple agents and have decided to eliminate him. He never suspects for one moment that you would kill your own Master Spy and now believes he knows an agent he can trust!

LESSON FOUR: DON'T PANIC

Never lose your cool. Rushing into action with all guns blazing is a tempting recourse during a crisis but calm, logical thinking will usually find a quiet solution to the problem. Remember, it is Smiley, not Bond, who wins at *Treachery*.

BBC TREACHERY: CONVERSION BY STEVE WILLIS

The reason for the program being split is due to the usual problem found on the BBC when you wish to use any colour

The game cannot be used on disc without downloading and PAGE must be &E00 whichever filing system is used. I will explain the split by looking at each part in turn.

"TREACHERY" is the introduction program and displays the title page and plays the anthems. More than this, it defines the hammer and sickle characters AND assembles the machine code sound routine and stores the sound data. The routine and the data are stored between &D00 and &DFF and is defined by CALL&D00 within the game.

However, X% must be defined as 21 for MI6 and 35 for KGB while Y% must be 21 ro 42 respectively (X% being the number of notes and Y% the offset from &D00 to the start of

Although this sounds complex, the user need not worry if he copies "TREACHERY" as shown in the listing. This program then CHAINs the main program "TREACHERY2" which must be compacted as far as possible. This listing has a space following the line numbers WHICH MUST BE the main tape. OMITTED IN THE ACTUAL GAME TYPED IN. All the lines left 6). Run DATASAVE which will instruct you to operate the

If the user wishes to omit the sound at each go, then 7). Play the game!

modifying line 113 to: 113IFP% = 1GOSUB252 ELSE GOSUB254 will achieve this. All REMs had to be removed to save space and, although the user may insert some during typing, they must be removed before playing the game. Also RENUMBER will fail to change several calculated GOSUBs and GOTOS and should be avoided.

In addition, the game DATA has been removed from the main program and, besides the space saving, this gives a major benefit by drastically reducing game start time. The DATA must be SAVEd into a file called "TREDATA" (may be changed by changing line 127). In order to do this, I have written the program DATASAVE which will read all the DATA and then SAVE to "TREDATA" which should immediately follow "TREACHERY2" on the user's tape.

Therefore the order is:

- 1). Type in and save "TREACHERY".
- 2). Type in and save "TREACHERY2"
- 3). Type in and save DATASAVE on another tape.
- 4). Load DATASAVE.
- 5). Set up the tape recorder at the end of TREACHERY2 on

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- tape recorder to save TREDATA.

MAIN PROGRAM: TREACHERY 2

- 1 CLEAR: *FX4.1
- 2 GOT0118
- 5 PRINTTAB(1,4)CHR\$149CHR\$55STRING\$(34.CHR\$96)CHR\$235
- 6 FORK%=5T020:PRINTTAB(1,K%)CHR\$149CHR\$53CHR\$135TAB(35)CHR\$149CHR\$234:NEXT
- 7 PRINTTAB(1,21)CHR\$149CHR\$117STRING\$(34,CHR\$240)CHR\$250:RETURN
- 8 CLS: X%=0: Y%=0: 60SUB113: FORK%=1T02: PRINTTAB(11,K%) CHR#141CHR#129"TOF SECRET ": NEXT
- 9 PRINTTAB(7,6)CHR\$133CHR\$141P\$(P%,1) TAB(7)CHR\$133CHR\$141P\$(F%,1) TAB(9)C HR\$133"OPERATIONAL FILE" TAB(6) "REF: ":P\$(P%,2) "TAB(6) "Heidelberg Schweinstei 'TAB(6) "GRADE 1 ACCESS ONLY"
 - 10 PRINTFAB(5,20)CHR#(133)" ":C#="":FDRK%=1T06
 - 12 GOSUB270: IFK\$< "a"ORK\$ / "z 'GOTO12
 - 13 K\$=CHR\$(ASC(K\$)-32):C\$=C\$+K\$:PRINITAB(5+K%,20)K\$:NEXI:IFday%=3 G\$(P%)=C\$
 - 14 1FC\$<>6\$(P%)PRINTTAB(14,20)CHR\$129"IS INCORRECT":60SUB113:60T010

 - 16 PRINTTAB(6,20) CHR\$136"KEY SPACE, COPY OR RETURN"; CHR\$137
 - 17 GOSUB270: IFK\$<>" "ANDASC(K\$)<>13ANDASC(K\$)<>135GOTO17
 - 18 IFASC(K\$)=135PRINTTAB(6.20)STRING\$(26." "):60SUB260
 - 19 PRINTTAB(6,20)STRING\$(17," "):RETURN
- 20 PROCHEAD: PRINTFAB(6,8) "INCOMING REPORT" TAB(6,10) "PRESS KEY FOR YOUR AGENT" :60SUB248:ag%=k%:1Fk\$=" "RETURN
 - 21 PROCRANK(ag%): IForank%>erank%ANDASC(MID\$(F\$(1,ag%),5,1))>0601023
- 22 PRINTTAB(6,10)CHR\$130CHR\$136"NO REPORT IS AVAILABLE"CHR\$137:FURK%=11010000 :NEXT:GOTO20
 - 23 IFASC(MID\$(F\$(1,ag%),2,1))=060T025
- 24 M1%=ASC(MID*(F*(1,ag%),2,1)):M5%=ASC(MID*(F*(1,ag%),3,1)):M6%=ASC(MID*(F*(1.ag%, 4.1)): F\$(1,ag%)=LEFT\$(F\$(1,ag%),1)+CHR\$0+RIGHT\$(F\$(1,ag%),12): GOTO27
 - 25 M1%=17: IFASC (LEFT\$ (F\$ (1.ag%).1)) >1 M1%=16
- 26 M5%=ASC(MID*(F*(1,ag%),6,1)):M6%=0:F*(1,ag%)=LEFT*(F*(1,ag%),5)+MID*(F*(1, ag%),7,8)+RIGHT\$(F\$(1,ag%),1)
- 27 M2%=ag%: M3%=F%: M4%=day%-1:F\$(1,ag%)=LEFT\$(F\$(1,ag%),4)+CHR\$(ASC(MID\$(F\$(1, aq%),5,1))-1)+RIGHT*(F*(1,ag%),9):M*=CHR*M1%+CHR*M2%+CHR*M3%+CHR*M4%+CHR*M5%\$M6%
 - 28 from%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(ag%),1)):type%=1:de%=18:IFP%=2 de%=25
 - 29 PRINTTAB(6,8) X\$ (ag%); " TO "; MID\$ (P\$ (P%,1),5,14); GOSUB87; IFK\$="x"GOTO20
 - 30 MEX=stackX-1:MDX=3:PROCHEAD:PRINTTAB(6.8) "INCOMING REPORT"
 - 31 PROCHEAD: PRINTTAB (6.8) "INCOMING REPORT"
- 32 IFEX=IPRINTTAB(6,10) "REPORT HAS BEEN SENT BUT"TAB(6,11) "IT HAS NOT BEEN RE CEIVED": GOTO16
 - 33 Y%=7:GOSUB34:GOTO16

34 M1%=ASC(MID\$(S\$(MD%,ME%),1,1)):M2%=ASC(MID\$(S\$(MD%,ME%),2,1)):M3%=ASC(MID\$ (S\$(MD%, ME%),3,1)):M4%=ASC(MID\$(S\$(MD%, ME%),4,1)):M5%=ASC(MID\$(S\$(MD%, ME%),5,1)) :M6%=ASC (MID# (S# (MD%, ME%), 6,1)) 35 IFM1%(10PRINTTAB(6,Y%)RIGHT*(P\$(M3%,1),14);" TO ";X*(M2%) 36 1FM1%)9PRINTTAB(6, Y%) X # (M2%); " TO "; RIGHT # (P# (M3%, 1), 14) 37 Y%=Y%+1:GOSUB(37+1*M1%):Y%=Y%+1:PRINTTAB(2,Y%)CHR\$61STRING\$(34,CHR\$44)CHR\$ 238: RETURN 38 FR(NTTAB(6, Y%) "Go to ": W\$(M5%): RETURN 39 PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "K11) "; X*(M5%): RETURN 40 PRINTIAB(6.Y%) "Search ":W*(M5%);RETNFY:PRINTIAB(6.Y%)"from agent ":X*(M6%) 42 FRINTTAB(6,Y%) 'Hide ":R\$(M5%):RETURN 43 PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"Transfer ";R\$(M5%):Y%=Y%+1:PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"to agent ";X\$(M5% 1: RETURN 44 PRINTIAB(6.Y%) "Change status to "; Q\$ (M5%): RETURN 45 PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"Switch HOMING BEACON ": D\$ (M5%):RETURN 46 PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "Explode MIND-BOMB": RETURN 47 PRINTTAB(6,Y%)R\$(M5%);" captured":Y%=Y%+1:PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"in ";₩\$(M6%):RETU RN 48 PRINTTAB(6, Υ%) R\$(M5%); " located": Υ%=Υ%+1: PRINTTAB(6, Υ%) "in "; W\$(M6%): RETUR 49 PRINTTAB(6,Y%) "SCHWEINSTEIN was seen on": Y%=Y%+1: PRINTTAB(6,Y%) "DAY "; M5%; in ": W\$ (M6%): RETURN 50 PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "I have got ";R\$(M5%):Y%=Y%+1:PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "from ";X\$(M6%): RETURN 51 PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "I have not got ": Y%=Y%+1:PRINTTAB(6, Y%) R\$ (M5%):RETURN 52 PRINTTAB(6.9%) "Goods have been stolen": RETURN 53 PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "Message stopped on DAY "; M4% 54 Y%=Y%+1:IFMD%=1PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"Contents not available":RETURN 55 ME%=M5%: MD%=MD%-1: GOSUB34: RETURN 56 PRINTTAB(6,Y%) "Message passed on DAY ";M4%:GOTO54 57 Is="":M6%=0:PROCHEAD:PRINTTAB(6,8)"OUTGOING ORDER"TAB(6,10)" PRESS KEY FOR YOUR AGENT": GOSUB248: M2%=K% 58 PRINTTAB(6,10)RIGHT\$(P\$(P%,1),14);" TO"CHR\$129; X\$(M2%);" Go to city"TAB(6,12)"KEY 2 Kill agent"TAB(6,13)"KEY 3 Search city"TAB(6,14 "KEY 4 Steal object"TAB(6,15)"KEY 5 Hide object" 59 PRINTTAB(6.16) "KEY 6 Transfer object" TAB(6.17) "KEY 7 Change status "TAB(6 .18) "KEY 8 Switch BEACON" TAB (6.19) "KEY 9 Explode MIND-BOMB" 60 GOSUB270: IFK\$<"1"ORK\$>"9"GOTO60 62 M1%=VAL(K\$):FORK%=1T09:PRINTTAB(6,10+K%)STRING\$(24," "):NEXT:PRINTTAB(6,11)::GOSUB(63+VAL(K\$)):M3%=P%:M4%=dav%:M\$=CHR\$M1%+CHR\$M2%+CHR\$M3%+CHR\$M4%+CHR\$M5%+ CHR\$M6%:from%=18:IFP%=2 from%=25 63 type%=0:de%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(M2%),1)):GOSUBB7:IFK\$="x"GOTO57 ELSERETURN 64 PRINT"Go to . . . ": GOTO73 65 PRINT"Kill . . . ": GOSUB78: M5%=ag%: PRINTTAB(11,11) CHR\$131X\$ (M5%): RETURN 66 M5%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(M2%),1)):PRINT"Search"CHR\$131W\$(M5%):RETURN 67 PRINT"Steal . . . ":GOSUB79:PRINTTAB(12,11)CHR\$131R\$(M5%)TAB(6,12)"from age ... ": GOSUB78: M6%=ag%: PRINTTAB(17,12)CHR\$131X\$(M6%): RETURN 68 PRINT"Hide . . . ":GOSUB79:PRINTTAB(11,11)CHR\$131R\$(M5%):RETURN 69 PRINT"Transfer . . . ":GOSUB79:PRINTTAB(15,11)CHR\$131R\$(M5%)'TAB(6)"to agen .":GOSUB78:M6%=ag%:PRINTTAB(15,12)CHR\$131X\$(M6%):RETURN 70 PRINT"Change status to . . . ":GOSUBB3:PRINTTAB(23,11)CHR\$131@\$(M5%):RETURN 71 PRINT"SwitchHOMING BEACON . . . ": GOSUB84: PRINTTAB (27,11) CHR\$1310\$ (M5%): RET URN 72 PRINT"ExplodeMIND-BOMB . . . ": RETURN 73 L%=8:M5%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(M2%),1)):FORK%=1TO8:K\$=MID\$(Y\$(M5%),K%,1):IFK\$=""L%= K%-1:K%=8:GOTO75 74 PRINTTAB(6,12+K%) "KEY "; K%; " "; W\$ (ASC(K\$)-64) 76 GDSUB270: IFK\$<"1"ORK\$>STR\$(L%)GOTO76 77 GOSUB86: M5%=ASC (MID\$ (Y\$ (M5%), VAL (K\$),1))-64: PRINTTAB (12,11) CHR\$131W\$ (M5%): 78 PRINTTAB(6,14) "PRESS KEY FOR AGENT": GOSUB248: ag%=K%:L%=1: GOSUB86: RETURN 79 FORK%=1T03: PRINTTAB (6,14+K%) "KEY "; K%; " "; R\$(K%): NEXT 80 GOSUB270: IFK\$<"1"DRK\$>"3"GOTO80 81 M5%=VAL (K\$) 82 L%=3:GOSUB86:RETURN 83 FORK%=1T03:PRINTTAB(6,12+K%) "KEY ";K%;" ";Q\$(K%):NEXT:GOTO80 84 PRINTTAB(6,13) "KEY 1 ON"TAB(6,14) "KEY 2 OFF": GOSUB270: IFK\$<"1"ORK\$>"2"GO 85 M5%=VAL (K\$):L%=2

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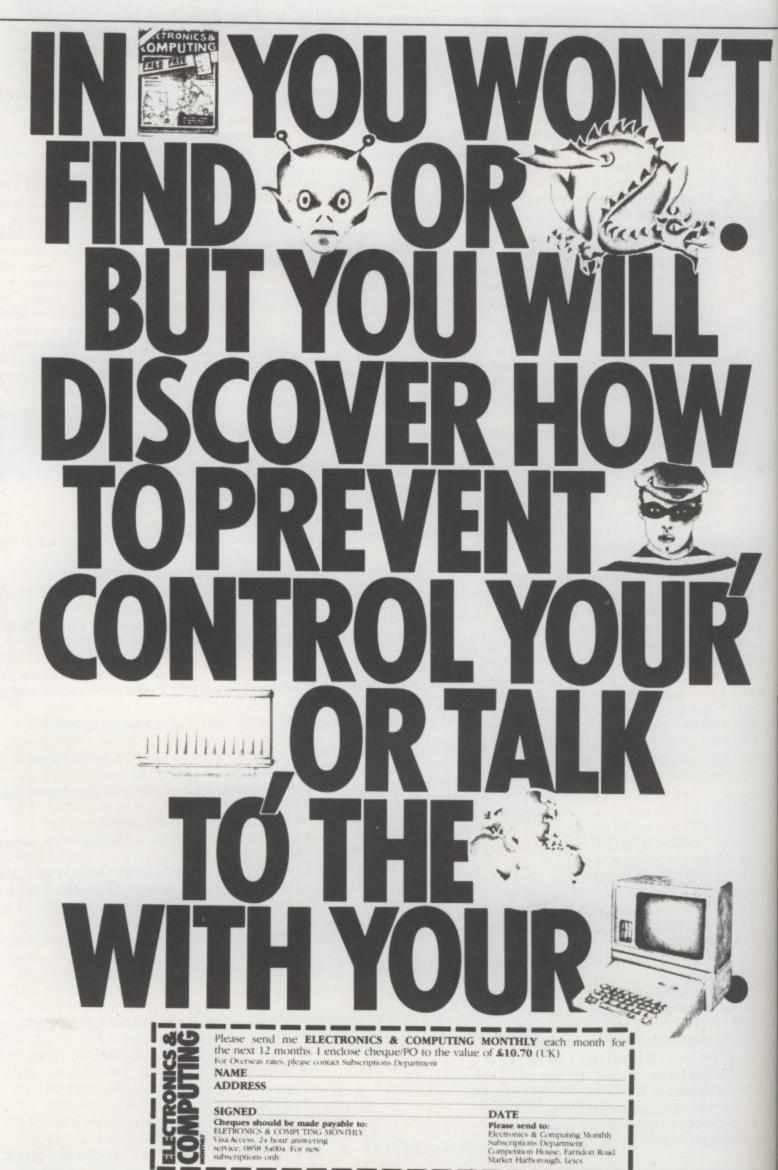
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86 FORK%=1TOL%:PRINTTAB(6,12+K%)STRING\$(25," "):NEXT:RETURN B7 PRINTTAB(6,13) "Choose route for message" TAB(6,14) "by pressing agent keys." TAB(6,16) "Destination of message" TAB(6,17) "will end route entry. "TAB(6,19) "SPACE will cancel. "TAB(6,20) "Longest route = 8 agents." 88 GOSUB248: IFK\$=" "K\$="x": RETURN 89 L%=8:GOSUB86:A\$="":N%=0 90 GOSUB249: IFK\$=" "L%=8: GOSUB86: GOTO87 91 C%=ASC (LEFT\$ (N\$ (K%),1)):PRINTTAB (6,13+N%) X\$ (K%); " "TAB (14) W\$ (C%):N%=N%+1:A #=A#+CHR#K%: IFC%=de%AND(type%=10RK%=M2%)FORK%=0T03000:NEXT:G0T095 92 IFN%=8PRINTTAB(6,12) THIS ROUTE IS TOO LONG :L%=7:GOSUB86:PRINTIAB(6.12)STRING\$(26." "):GOTO87 ": VDU7: FORK%=1T05000: NEXT 94 GOSUB270: GOTO90 95 L%=8:GOSUB86:PRINTTAB(6,13) "MESSAGE TO BE SENT VIA ":FORK%=OTO2:PRINTTAB(6.15+K%);:FORJ%=1TO3:IF(K%*3+J%)>N%GOTO97 96 ag%=ASC(MID*(A*,(K%*3+J%),1)):PRINTX*(ag%);" "; 97 NEXT: NEXT 98 FRINTTAB(8,20) KEY COPY OR RETURN ":K#=INKEY#(0):IFASC(K#) <>13ANDASC(K#) <>1 3560T098 99 IFK\$=""RETURNELSEIFASC(K\$)=135PRINTTAB(6.20)STRING\$(24." "):GOSUB260:K\$=CH 100 IFK \$= CHR \$13PRINTTAB (6.20) THE MESSAGE IS BEING SENT EXT:60T0102 ":FORK%=1705000:N 101 GOTO99 102 S\$(3.stack%)=M\$ 103 E%=0:A\$=I\$+A\$:N%=LEN(A\$):FDRK%=1TON%:ag%=ASC(MID\$(A\$,K%,1)):to%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(ag%),1)):IFE%=10RVAL(MID\$(Z\$(from%),to%,1))>1 E%=1:60T0108 104 PROCRANK(ag%): IForank%>erank%ORorank%=erank%GOTO108 105 im%=ASC(MID*(F*(2,ag%),5,1)):IFim%>OANDASC(MID*(F*(2,ag%),im%+5,1))=stack% 6010108 $106 \ \text{im}\% + 1: F \$ \ (2, ag\%) = \text{LEFT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 4) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \text{im}\% + \text{RIGHT} \$ \ (F \$ \ (2, ag\%), 9) : F \$ \ (2, ag\%) + \text{CHR} \$ \ (2, ag$ %)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,ag%),im%+4)+CHR\$stack%+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,ag%),9-im%) 107 IFASC (MID\$ (N\$ (ag%),4,1)) <>1 E%=1: IFK%=N%ANDASC (LEFT\$ (M\$,1)) < 10ANDASC (MID\$ (Ns(ag%),4,1))=2 E%=0 108 from%=to%:NEXT:IFASC(LEFT\$(M\$,1))>90RE%=160T0112 109 IForank%=060T0112 110 IForank% (erank% ANDASC (MID\$ (N\$ (ag%),5,1)) <> 0GDT0112

111 N\$ (ag%) = LEFT\$ (N\$ (ag%), 4) + CHR\$ stack%

KEYS TO CONTROL THE AGENTS

112 stack%=stack%+1:RETURN

H3 IFP%=1 X%=21: Y%=0: CALL&DOO: GDSUB252 ELSE X%=35: Y%=42: CALL&DOO: GDSUB254

COMMAND COMMAND Agent One (& Go To) KEY Agent Two (& Kill) Agent Papa Agent Three (& Search) Agent Alpha Agent Four (& Steal) Agent Sierra Agent Delta jent Five (& Hide) D Agent Six (& Transfer) Agent Foxtrot Agent Seven (& Status) Agent Golf G Agent Eight (& Switch) Agent Hotel Agent Nine (& Explode) Agent Juliet Agent Zero Agent King K Agent Quiz 0 Agent Lima Agent Winter Q Conform Return Agent Echo Agent Zulu z Agent X-Ray gent Romeo Agent Tango Agent Charlie C Agent Yankee Agent Victor V Agent Bravo Agent Uncle Agent Noble

Agent Mike Cancel

Space

WINNING AND HOW TO GO ABOUT IT

The winning player must either capture Professor Schweinstein and take him back to HQ or lead the and detonate the Mindbomb. The HQs are either in London or Moscow.

Neither player knows the exact whereabouts of Professor Schweinstein. However, they both get 1) He will never stay in a certain clues as to his location. During each turn, the computer will inform each player where Schweinstein was three "days" ago. The Schweinstein counter is 3) He will never go to Lonthen moved to that city on don or Moscow of his own the main map of Europe.

If either player orders a

"days", then the player will be informed how many days ago the Professor was in that city.

If Schweinstein is actually in the city at the time the search is ordered, then the Mandroid to enemy HQ Professor will be captured by the agent who initiates the search.

> The computer moves Schweinstein randomly about the board with the following restrictions:

> city for more than one

2) He will never return to a city he has visited on the previous turn.

accord.

At the start of the game, search of a city and both the Mindbomb's firing Schweinstein has been button and the Mandroid there within the last two homing beacon are buried

118 DIMP\$(2,2),0\$(2),0\$(3),R\$(3),S\$(3,16),N\$(36),F\$(2,36)119 M\$=STRING\$(13,CHR\$0):FORK%=1TO36:N\$(K%)=" ": NEXT: FORK%=1T036: READA%, B 123 C%=RND(36):IFASC(MID*(N*(C%),2,1))<>32GDTO123 124 N\$(C%)=CHR\$C%+CHR\$A%+CHR\$B%+CHR\$1+CHR\$0:F\$(1,C%)=CHR\$1+M\$:IF(A%=1ANDB%=0)0 R(A%=OANDB%=1)F\$(1,C%)=CHR\$3+M\$:N\$(C%)=LEFT\$(N\$(C%),3)+CHR\$3+CHR\$0 125 F\$(2,C%)=F\$(1,C%):IFC%>26ANDC%<32 N\$(C%)=CHR\$18+RIGHT\$(N\$(C%),4)ELSEIFC%) 1 N\$(C%)=CHR\$25+RIGHT\$(N\$(C%),4) 126 NEXT: DIMG\$(2),0%(6,5),5%(4),W\$(26),X\$(36),Y\$(26),Z\$(26) 127 X=OPENIN"TREDATA": INPUT£X,P\$(1,1),P\$(2,1),P\$(1,2),P\$(2,2),O\$(1),O\$(2),Q\$(),Q\$(2),Q\$(3),R\$(1),R\$(2),R\$(3) 128 FORK%=1T026: INPUT£X, W\$(K%), Y\$(K%), Z\$(K%): NEXT 129 FORK%=1T036: INPUT£X.X\$(K%): NEXT: CLOSE£X 152 day%=3:stack%=1:P%=1:GOSUB154:S%(1)=R%:schwag%=0:FORJ%=1T05:GOSUB199:NEXT GOSUB154:btag%=0:btloc%=R% 153 GOSUB154: IFR%=btloc%GOT0153 ELSEbcag%=0:bcloc%=R%:bcon%=2:manloc%=RND(26): explod%=0:GOTO163 154 R%=RND(26): IFR%=180RR%=25G0T0154 155 RETURN 156 GOSUB5: PRINTTAB (5,5) CHR\$140LEFT\$ (P\$ (P%,1),4); "AGENT & RANK DAY "; day %: Y%=1 : X%=6:FORK%=1T036:IFASC(MID\$(N\$(K%),4,1))=OORASC(MID\$(N\$(K%),P%+1,1))=OGOTO158 157 A%=ASC(MID\$(N\$(K%),P%+1,1)):PRINTTAB(X%,Y%)X\$(K%); TAB(8+X%,Y%)A%:Y%=Y%+1:] FY%=18 Y%=7: X%=19 158 NEXT: GOTO16 159 GOSUB5: PRINTTAB (5,5) CHR\$140LEFT\$ (P\$(P%,1),4); "AGENT REPORTS DAY "; day%: Y% 7:X%=6:FORK%=1T036:IFASC(MID\$(N\$(K%),4,1))=060T0162 160 PROCRANK(K%): IForank%Cerank%DRorank%=erank%DRASC(MID\$(F\$(1,K%),5,1))=0601 161 PRINTTAB(X%, Y%) X\$(K%) TAB(X%+8); ASC(MID\$(F\$(1,K%),5,1)); Y%=Y%+1: IFY%=18 Y%= 7: X%=18 162 NEXT: GOTO16 163 reports%=0:GOSUB8 164 IFreports%=50Rday%=360T0170 165 PROCHEAD: PRINTTAB (6.8) "YESTERDAY S FIELD REPORTS" TAB (6.10) "KEY 1 List all agents"TAB(13,11) "and their rank"TAB(6,13) "KEY 2 List all agents with "TAB(13,1 4) "reports to send and "TAB(13.15) "how many reports":
166 PRINTTAB(6,17) "KEY 3 Call in a report "TAB(6,19) "KEY 4 Finish with report s"TAB(13,20) "Give today's orders" 167 GOSUB270: ONVAL (K\$) GOSUB156, 159, 20 ELSEIFK\$="4" GOTO170 ELSE167 168 IFK\$="3"reports%=reports%+1 169 GOTO164 170 orders%=0 171 IForders%=3GOT0176 172 PROCHEAD: PRINTTAB(6,8) "TODAY'S ORDERS"TAB(6,10) "KEÝ 1 List all agents"TAB (13,11) "and their rank"TAB(6,13) "KEY 2 Give an order "TAB(6,15) "KEY 3 Finish wi th orders"TAB(13,16)"Operations over"TAB(13,17)"until tomorrow" 173 GOSUB270: IFK\$<"1"ORK\$>"3"GOTO173 174 IFK\$="1"GOSUB156:GOTO171 175 IFK\$="2"GOSUB57:orders%=orders%+1:GOT0171 176 P%=P%+1: IFP%<3G0T0163 177 GOSUB178: day%=day%+1: FORK%=1TO16: S\$(1,K%)=S\$(2,K%): S\$(2,K%)=S\$(3,K%): NEXT: stack%=1:M\$=STRING\$(13,CHR\$0):FORK%=1T036:F\$(1,K%)=F\$(2,K%):F\$(2,K%)=MID\$(N\$(K%) ,4,1)+M\$: NEXT: P%=1: GOTO163 178 CLS: GOSUB5: PRINTTAB (6,5) "END OF DAY "; day%; "'s TREACHERY": GOSUB199: FORK%=1 TO6:FORJ%=1T05:0%(K%,J%)=0:NEXT:NEXT:no%=0:FORK%=1T036:01%=ASC(RIGHT*(N*(K%),1)) : IF01%=0G0T0180 179 no%=no%+1:C\$="12563":FORZ%=1T05:0%(no%,Z%)=ASC(MID\$(S\$(3,01%),VAL(MID\$(C\$, Z%,1)),1)):NEXT:N\$(K%)=LEFT\$(N\$(K%),4)+CHR\$0 180 NEXT 181 Y%=7:FORO%=1TOno%:ONO%(O%,1)GOSUB211,239,230,237,216,220,245,244,204 ELSE 182 NEXT: FORK%=1T036: IFASC (MID\$ (F\$(2,K%),2,1)) <> 0 F\$(2,K%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,K%),4)+0 HR\$(ASC(MID\$(F\$(2,K%),5,1))+1)+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,K%),9) 183 NEXT: PRINTTAB(6, Y%) "3 days ago SCHWEINSTEIN" TAB(6, Y%+1) "was seen in "; W\$(S %(4)):Y%=Y%+2:IFbcon%=2G0T0185 184 PRINTTAB(6,Y%) "BEACON ON in ":W\$(bcloc%):Y%=Y%+2 185 IFbtag%=0G0T0186 ELSEPRINTTAB(6,Y%) "FIRING BUTTON detected" TAB(6,Y%+1) "in "; W\$(btloc%): Y%=Y%+2 186 IFexplod%=160T0194 ELSED%=VAL(MID\$(Z\$(manloc%),bcloc%,1)) 187 IFD%=0ANDbcon%=1G0T0193

N

00

C%

neither are active. During this stage of the game, the Mandroid is moved about the board by the computer of which you control, some completely at random. When the beacon is found and switched on two things definitely don't control! will happen:

placed on the board in the to send him a message correct location.

to any city which takes it nearer the homing beacon.

If the beacon is switched off again, the Mandroid once more.

HOW THE GAME WORKS

In most board games, once do with a piece, you simply when something happens to a piece, you get to know about it immediately.

in secret locations and Treachery is quite different.

Scattered across Europe are 36 secret agents, some of which you think you control and some of which you

To get an agent to do 1) The beacon counter is something, first you have from HQ containing your 2) The Mandroid is moved orders. And, if you want randomly towards it — ie any information from him, he first has to send a message to HQ containing his report.

Any messages going bemoves entirely at random tween an agent and HQ must be routed through a continuous chain of agents in adjoining cities. For instance, to get a message from Moscow to Tangier, you have decided what to the shortest route would be Istanbul-Athenspick it up and move it and Tangier and you could use your agents in those cities to pass on the message. Of course, there are a large

188 N%=0:FORK%=1TO8:IFMID*(Y*(manloc%),K%,1)<>"" N%=N%+1

EADA%, B%

NDB%=0)0

SEIFC%>3

(2), Q\$(1

9: NEXT:

ND (26):

y%: Y%=7

=Y%+1:1

ay%: Y%=

=OGOTO

18 Y%=

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NEXT:

(K%)

RK%=1

),1))

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T0158

190 R%=RND(N%): IFbcon%=2 manloc%=ASC(MID\$(Y\$(manloc%),R%,1))-64:60T0193

191 C%=ASC (MID\$ (Y\$ (manloc%), R%, 1))-64: IFVAL (MID\$ (Z\$ (C%), bcloc%, 1)) >D%ORVAL (MID \$(Z\$(C%),bcloc%,1))=D%GOTO190

192 manloc%=C%

193 PRINTTAB(6.Y%+1) "MANDROID in "W\$(manloc%):Y%=Y%+3

194 IFS%(1)<>18ANDS%(1)<>25GOTO16 ELSEP%=S%(1)DIV12:PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"SCHWEINSTEI

IN ": W\$ (S%(1)) TAB (6, Y%+2) P\$ (P%, 1); TAB (6, Y%+3) " HAVE WON THE GAME"

199 FORK%=4T02STEP-1:S%(K%)=S%(K%-1):NEXT:IFschwag%>ORETURN 200 N%=0:FDRK%=1TD8:IFMID\$(Y\$(S%(1)),K%,1)<>"" N%=N%+1

202 R%=RND(N%):C%=ASC(MID\$(Y\$(S%(1)),R%,1))-64:IFC%=S%(3)ORC%=18ORC%=25GOT0202

204 IFexplod%=1RETURNELSEag%=0%(0%,2):IFbtag%<>ag% ob%=2:60T0228 205 PRINTTAB(6,Y%)"MIND-BOMB explodes in"TAB(6,Y%+1)W\$(manloc%):Y%=Y%+2:IFmanl oc%=180Rmanloc%=25 P%=manloc%DIV12:PRINTTAB(6,Y%);P\$(P%,1);TAB(6,Y%+1)" HAVE WON

206 Y%=Y%-1: FORK%=1TO36: IFASC(LEFT*(N*(K%),1)) <>manloc%THENNEXT

207 IFbtag%=K%btag%=0

208 IFbcag%=K%bcag%=0

209 IFschwag%=K%schwag%=0

210 N#(K%)=LEFT#(N#(K%).3)+CHR#O+RIGHT#(N#(K%),1):NEXT:explod%=1:RETURN 211 ag%=0%(0%,2):C%=0%(0%,3):IFASC(MID\$(N\$(ag%),4,1))=ORETURN ELSEN\$(ag%)=CHR\$ C%+RIGHT # (N# (ag%), 4) 212 IFbtag%=ag%btloc%=C%

213 IFbcag%=ag%bcloc%=C%

214 IFschwag%=ag%S%(1)=C%

215 PRINTTAB(6, Y%) X\$ (aq%); " go to "; W\$ (C%): Y%=Y%+1: RETURN

216 ag%=8%(0%,2):ob%=0%(0%,3):IFASC(MID\$(N\$(ag%),4,1))=ORETURN ELSEONob%SOT021 ,218,219

217 1Fschwag% ag%GOTO228 ELSEschwag%=0:RETURN

218 IFbtag% >ag%GOTO228 ELSEbtag%=0:RETURN 219 IFbcag%<>ag%GOTO228 ELSEbcag%=0:RETURN

220 ag%=0%(0%,2):ob%=0%(0%,3):to%=0%(0%,4):IFag%=to%RETURN

221 IFASC (MID* (N*(ag%), 4, 1)) = ODRASC (MID* (N*(to%), 4, 1)) = ORETURN 222 fc%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(ag%),1)):tc%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(to%),1)):IFMID\$(Z\$(fc%),tc%,1)>

49

ONOb%GOTO224,225,226 ELSE STOP 224 IFschwag%(>ag%G0T0228 ELSEschwag%=to%:S%(1)=tc%:G0T0227 225 IFbtag%<>ag%GOTO228 ELSEbtag%=to%:btloc%=tc%:GOTO227 226 IFbcag%<>ag%GOTO228 ELSEbcag%=to%:bcloc%=tc% 1:60 227 F\$(2,to%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,to%),1)+CHR\$13+CHR\$ob%+CHR\$ag%+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,to%),10) 228 IFO%(0%,1)=4XX%=to%ELSEXX%=ag% 229 F\$(2,XX%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,XX%),i)+CHR\$14+CHR\$ob%+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,XX%),11):RETURN 230 ag%=0%(0%,2):C%=0%(0%,3):IFASC(MID\$(N\$(ag%),4,1))=ORETURN ELSEs1%=0:FORK% TORE 3TO2STEP-1: IFS%(K%)=C% 51%=K% 231 NEXT: IFs1%<>0 F\$(2,ag%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,ag%),1)+CHR\$12+CHR\$(day%+1-s1%)+CHR\$C% RIGHT \$ (F\$ (2, ag%), 10) 232 IFS%(1)<>C%GOTO234 ELSEIFschwag%=0 schwag%=ag%:XX%=10 ELSEXX%=11 DT4. 233 F\$(2,ag%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,ag%),1)+CHR\$XX%+CHR\$1+CHR\$C%+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,ag%),10):RE RINT 234 IFbtloc%<>C%ORbtag%<>OGOTO235 ELSEF\$(2,ag%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,ag%),1)+CHR\$10+CHR 12,5 2+CHR\$C%+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,ag%),10):btag%=ag% 235 IFbcloc%<>C%ORbcon%=1RETURN ELSEIFbcag%=0 bcag%=ag%:XX%=10 ELSEXX%=11 236 F\$(2,ag%)=LEFT\$(F\$(2,ag%),1)+CHR\$XX%+CHR\$3+CHR\$C%+RIGHT\$(F\$(2,ag%),10):RET URN 237 to%=0%(0%,2):ob%=0%(0%,3):ag%=0%(0%,4):IFag%=to%RETURN ELSEGOSUB221 238 IFASC(MID*(F*(2,to%),2,1))<>13RETURN ELSEF*(2,ag%)=LEFT*(F*(2,ag%,1)+CHR*1 5+RIGHT \$ (F\$ (2.ag%), 12): RETURN 239 ag%=0%(0%,2):to%=0%(0%,3):IFag%=to%RETURN ELSEIFASC(MID\$(N\$(ag%),4,1))=00R ASC (MID* (N* (to%), 4,1)) = ORETURN 240 C%=ASC(LEFT\$(N\$(ag%),1)):IFASC(LEFT\$(N\$(to%),1))<>C%RETURN ELSEN\$(to%)=LEF T\$(N\$(to%),3)+CHR\$0+RIGHT\$(N\$(to%),1) 241 IFbtag%=to%btag%=0 242 IFbcag%=to%bcag%=0 243 PRINTTAB(6.Y%) X\$(to%);" is eliminated ":Y%=Y%+1:IFschwag%=to% schwag%=0:RE TURN ELSE RETURN 244 ag%=0%(0%,2):on%=0%(0%,3):IFASC(MID\$(N\$(ag%),4,1))=ORETURN ELSEIFbcag%()ag %ob%=3:GOTO228 ELSEbcon%=on%:RETURN 245 ag%=0%(0%,2):p1%=P%:F%=0%(0%,5):IFASC(MID\$(N\$(ag%),4,1))=0 P%=p1%:RETURN E LSEPROCRANK(ag%):P%=pl%:IFerank%>orank%RETURN ELSEN\$(ag%)=LEFT\$(N\$(ag%),3)+CHR\$0

routes for any message. The only restriction on your choice of route is that only eight agents can be been sent out and, unless used for one message.

%(0%,3)+RIGHT\$(N\$(ag%),1):RETURN

enough. There is, however, a catch. Some of the agents you use to pass on the message may be been carried out. traitors, apparently your agents but really under the control of the enemy! If so, nasty things can happen to your message.

Firstly, the traitor will memorize the message and try to report its contents to his own HQ on the following day. Secondly, your message might be stopped altogether and never reach its destination.

If the traitor intercepting the message is ASLEEP, he will pass your message on along its chosen route; if he is AWAKE or ACTIVE, he will stop its progress permanently.

number of alternative you may not get to know | about it until it's too late. In the case of orders, you only know that they have the order has an obvious So far, it seems simple and visible result such as your agent moving to another city, you will not know for sure that it has

In the case of reports to HQ, you are told that the report has not actually arrived but you still don't know which agent in the chain is the traitor.

Things can get more complicated still when the traitor tries to report your message back to his own HQ. One of your agents might intercept the traitor's report and memorize it to send back to your HQ, When your agent tries 3) MI6 Orders: The MI6 to send his report in . . . well, it could go on forever.

Fortunately, the agents have limited memories and messages about If a message is stopped, messages about messages (4) The Russian flag ap-

are only embedded to a depth of three.

ONE DAY OF TREACHERY

1) The British flag appears on the screen and a British signature tune plays. The MI6 player is asked to enter his clearance code before he can access the Top Secret operational file.

2) MI6 reports: The MI6 player calls in yesterday's reports from his agents in the field. He can call in to HQ a maximum of five reports. If a report fails to arrive, it still counts towards this total. The player doesn't have to call in a report if he doesn't want to.

player sends orders for today to his agents in the field. He can send a maximum of three orders but he can send as few as he chooses.

pears on the screen and the MI6 player's is followed by the KGI player.

5) The end of the day. The computer memorizes al of today's messages and executes all of today's order (or, at least, the ones that reached the agents concerned). Then it lists on the screen any events that are public knowledge.

6) The game moves on to the next day.

When one player is using the computer to call in and send out his messages, the other player must be out of sight of the screen, otherwise he would see information he's not entitled to.

None of the pieces on the board should be moved or removed until stage five, the end of the day. At this stage, both players can look at the screen. All they need do is follow the computer's instructions as

the same sequence a

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246 DEFPROCRANK(a%):orank%=ASC(MID\$(N\$(a%),P%+1.1)):erank%=ASC(MID\$(N\$(a%),4-P (.1)):ENDPROC

248 GOSUB270: IFK\$=" "RETURN

249 IFK\$>" "ANDK\$<" { " K%=ASC(K\$)-96:GOTO250ELSE IFK\$>"/"ANDK\$<": " K%=ASC(K\$)-2 1:60T0250ELSE G0T0248

250 IFASC(MID\$(N\$(K%),4.1))=060T0248 ELSERETURN

251 DEFPROCHEAD: GOSUB5: FORK%=5TO6: PRINTTAB(0,K%)CHR\$141CHR\$149CHR\$53CHR\$135SPC (3) P\$ (P%, 1) " DAY ";day%;:NEXT:ENDPROC

252 HIMEM=&57F0: MODE5: VDU5,19,0,7,0,0,0,19,1,7,0,0,0: GCOL0,131: CLG: GCOL0,1:RES TORE260: FORI%=OT030: READZ%, X%, Y%: PLOTZ%, X%, Y%: NEXT: GCOLO, O: FORI%=OT023: READZ%, X% ,Y%:PLOTZ%,X%,Y%:NEXT:VDU19,0,4,0,0,0,19,1,1,0,0,0:D=GET:MODE7:RETURN

254 HIMEM=&57F0: MODE5: VDU5: GCOLO, 1: MOVE320, 690: PLOT4, 960, 690: PLOT85, 960, 284: PL 0T4.320,284: PLOT85,320,690: GCOL0,2: MOVE372,642: PRINTCHR\$224CHR\$225: MOVE372,610: P RINTCHR\$226CHR\$227:MOVEO,O:D=GET:MODE7:RETURN

260 DATA4, 324, 554, 4, 964, 554, 85, 964, 464, 4, 324, 464, 85, 324, 554, 4, 602, 714, 4, 602, 31 0,85,686,310,4,686,714,85,602,714,4,962,714,4,934,714,85,736,578,85,712,584,85,7 12,578,4,324,714,4,324,692,85,518,578,85,552,578,85,324,714,4,770,444

261 DATA4,742,444,85,964,308,4,964,330,85,774,444,4,334,308,4,364,308,85,552,4 44,85,578,444,4,578,436,85,364,308,4,964,346,4,964,444,85,794,444,4,578,714,4,38 4,714,85,578,602,4,712.714,4,904.714,85,712,602,4,964,676,4,964,578

262 DATA85,804,578,4,324,578,4,324,676,85,490,578,4,324,444,4,324,346,85,490,4 44,4,384,308,4,578,308,85,578,422,4,712,422,4,712,308,85,904,308

270 *FX21.0

271 K#=GET#: RETURN

to which pieces have a %)=LEF new location and which

pieces need to be removed from the board. (NB If the Mindbomb explodes, all %=0:RE the agents in that city must

be eliminated.)

On his first turn, each player enters a six-letter clearance code of his own choice before accessing his top secret file. The player should make a very careful note of the code.

After turn one, he won't be able to access his file again unless he enters the correct code. This is to stop the other player trying to cheat by accessing his opponent's file.

Because there is such a lot of information going backwards and forwards each turn, we have included a hard-copy option for each of the information pages a player can access.

Once such a page is on the screen, by pressing COPY (key Z) the player can get a copy of that page on the ZX printer. If you haven't got a printer, we suggest you keep pen and paper handy to make a note of any important items of information.

THE AGENTS

There are 36 agents in the game and each agent has two ranks, one his rank in MI6, the other his rank in the KGB. An agent is game.

always loyal to the player he ranks highest with; this player is his controller. The agent is a traitor to the player he ranks lowest with; this player is known as the dummy!

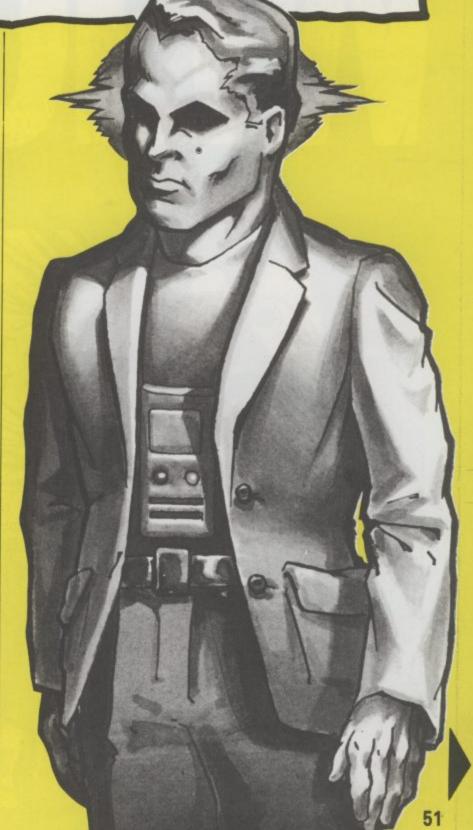
However, players are only told by the computer the rank each agent holds in their own organisation. So, at the start of the game, they have no idea which agents are really theirs and which are traitors!

Two numbers, MI6 rank and KGB rank, define the type of agent. The 36 agents are comprised as follows:

1 4-3 MI6 Master Spy 2 3-2 MI6 Triple Agents 4 2-1 MI6 Double Agents 8 1-0 MI6 Single Agents 6 0-0 Couriers under no player's control 1 3-4 KGB Master Spy

2 2-3 KGB Triple Agents 4 1-2 KGB Double Agents 8 0-1 KGB Single Agents

So, each side has 15 loyal agents and there are six neutral pieces. However, at the beginning of the game, it will appear to each player that he controls one Master Spy, three Triple Agents, six Double Agents and 12 Single Agents — a total of 22 agents! Seven of these agents are, in fact, traitors whose treachery may be revealed later in the



(%) .10)

ETURN 0:FORK%=

+CHR\$C%+

10): RET

10+CHR\$

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10): RET

+CHR\$1

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reen and ence as er's is he KGB

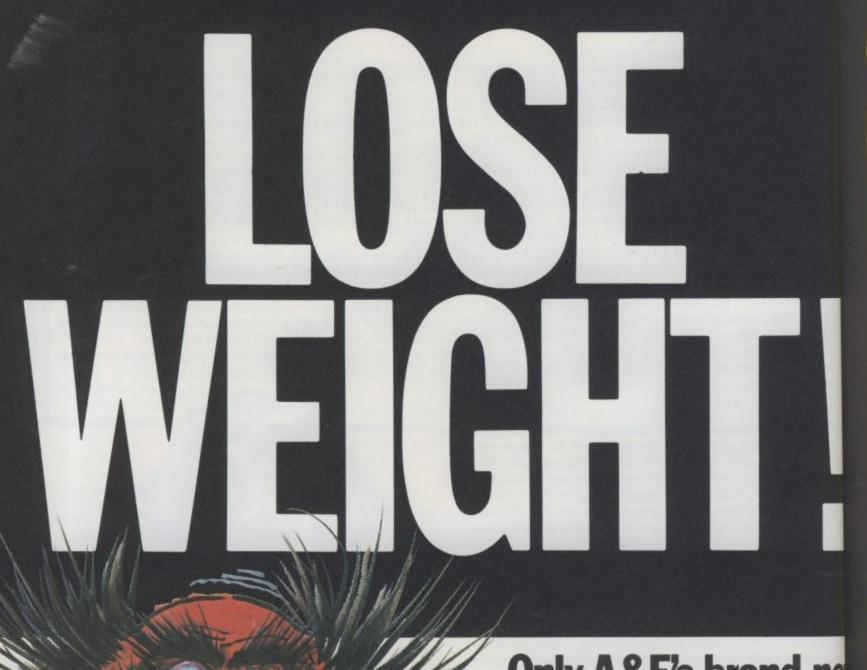
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GUMSHOE—

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```
DATA SAVING PROGRAM
              10 REM ---
              20 REM DATAFILE CREATION PROGRAM
              30 REM
             40 MODE7: PRINTTAB(4,10) CHR$130"PLACE A REWOUND BLANK TAPE" 'CHR$130"IN YOUR C
           ASSETTE RECORDER. MARK IT" ** TAB(12)CHR$131" DATAFILE **
             50 PRINTTAB(11,20)CHR$136CHR$129"PLEASE WAIT"
             70 REM READ VARIOUS STRINGS
             80 REM
             90 DIM V$(12)
            100 FOR K%=1 TO 12: READV$(K%): NEXT
            110 REM -
            120 REM READ CITIES AND AGENTS
            130 REM --
            140 DIMW$(26), X$(36), Y$(26)
            150 FORK%=1 TO26: READW$ (K%) , X$ (K%) : NEXT
            160 FORK%=27TO36:READX$(K%):NEXT
           170 FORK%=1 TO26: READY$(K%): NEXT
            180 REM -
           190 REM CITY TO CITY DISTANCE
           200 REM -
           210 DIMZ$(26):NN%=26:E%=1:A$="":B$="":N%=0:FORK%=1TO26:Z$(K%)=STRING$(K%-1," "
          +"0"+STRING$(26-K%," ")
           220 FORJ%=1TO8: IFJ%>LEN(Y$(K%)) J%=8:GOTO240 ELSE J$=MID$(Y$(K%),J%,1)
           230 L%=ASC(J$)-64:Z$(K%)=LEFT$(Z$(K%),L%-1)+"1"+RIGHT$(Z$(K%),26-L%):N%=N%+1:A
          F=A$+CHR$K%: B$=B$+CHR$L%
           240 NEXT: NEXT
           250 NN%=NN%+N%: IF NN%=676 GDTD350
           260 C$="":D$="":NS%=N%:N%=O:E%=E%+1:E$=STR$(E%)
           270 FORIX=1TONS%: K%=ASC(MID$(A$,I%,1)): J%=ASC(MID$(B$,I%,1))
           280 FORM%=1TO8: M$=MID$(Y$(J%), M%, 1): IFM$=" " M%=8: GOTO310
           290 L%=ASC(M$)-64: IFMID$(Z$(K%),L%,1)<>" " GOTO310 ELSE Z$(K%)=LEFT$(Z$(K%),L%
          1) +E$+RIGHT$ (Z$ (K%), 26-L%)
           300 N%=N%+1: C$=C$+CHR$K%: D$=D$+CHR$L%
           310 NEXT: NEXT: A$=C$: B$=D$: GOTO250
           320 REM ----
           330 REM SAVE DATAFILE ON TAPE
           340 REM --
           350 VDU7: CLS
           360 PRINTTAB(5,10)CHR$130"PRESS RECORD ON CASSETTE"''CHR$130"THEN PRESS 'SPACE
          BAR' TO SAVE FILE" 'TAB (7) CHR$130" ONTO YOUR BLANK TAPE."
          370 D=GET: IF D<>32 GOTO370
          380 ON ERROR GOTO470
          390 X=OPENOUT"TREDATA"
/OU
          400 FOR K%=1 TO 12:PRINT#X, V$(K%):NEXT
          410 FOR K%=1 TO 26:PRINT#X, W$(K%), Y$(K%), Z$(K%):NEXT
          420 FOR K%=1 TO 36:PRINT#X, X$(K%):NEXT
          430 CLOSE#X
          440 VDU7: CLS
          450 PRINTTAB(3,10) CHR$131"STOP RECORDER AND REMOVE TAPE"
          470 CLOSE#X:CLS:PRINTTAB(4,10)CHR$136CHR$129"ERROR, PLEASE CHECK LISTING":VDU7
ames for
          490 REM VARIOUS STRINGS
          510 DATA MI6 LONDON CONTROL, KGB MOSCOW CENTRAL, SCHW. 315b/QZ, LIQ. /ROBOTNIK/S-20
phics (3D)
         ON. OFF, ASLEEP, AWAKE, ACTIVE, SCHWEINSTEIN, FIRING BUTTON, HOMING BEACON
          530 REM CITIES & AGENTS
          540 REM -
         550DATA AMSTERDAM, ALPHA, BELGRADE, BRAVO, VIENNA, CHARLIE, PARIS, DELTA, OSLO, ECHO, LI
hazards.
        SBON, FOXTROT, MADRID, GOLF, TANGIER, HOTEL, WARSAW, IVAN, ROME, JULIET
         560 DATA ATHENS, KING, ISTANBUL, LIMA, BUCHAREST, MIKE, SOFIA, NOBLE, PRAGUE, OSCAR, COP
        ENHAGEN, PAPA, REYKJAVIK, QUIZ, LONDON, ROMEO, BRUSSELS, SIERRA, BERLIN, TANGO
         570 DATA HELSINKI, UNCLE, BUDAPEST, VICTOR, DUBLIN, WINTER, ZURICH, X-RAY, MOSCOW, YANK
        EE,STOCKHOLM, ZULU
         580 DATA ZERO, ONE, TWO, THREE, FOUR, FIVE, SIX, SEVEN, EIGHT, NINE
         590 DATA PTSR, VMNKJC, OVBJXT, STXJGR, UZPRWQ. WRGH, RDJKHF, KFG, YVOTPZ, CBKGDX, NLHGJB
        YKNM, YLNBV, MLKB, IVCT, EZITAR, UEW. EPASDGFW, ATDR, PIOCXDSA, YZEQ, IYMBCD, QERF, TCJD, LM
al Estate
```

DL16 5LB

COMMODORE 64 NOTES: CONVERSION BY DAVID ESTELL

The Commodore version of Mike Single- ing the game. And Mike Singleton's tips ton's game keeps faithfully to the on how to play are required reading original with only a few minor altera- too. Just like any good masterspy you'll tions to suit the 64. Details of the need to do a bit of research into your control codes are included at the end of subject first. You'll find the control keys the program and there are lots of REM listed at the end of the program listing. statements to help you along. Printouts David has kept them the same as the require a dot-matrix printer — and if Spectrum and BBC versions — but it's a you want to copy a screen to your good idea to have them by your side as printer use key Z. Keys for the agent you start to play. Elsewhere you'll find versions. See the panel for details.

the introduction before you start play- Mandroid!

are the same as the BBC and Spectrum a page full of the counters you need to play - plus the all important map. We Don't forget to read carefully through hope you enjoy your search for the

```
10 REM ===TREACHERY 64===
 15 REM
28 GOTO2000
95 REM ***PRINT MESSAGE SHEET ===
100 PRINT" MEDICODO DE DI
                                         ":FORK=1T017
 105 PRINT"
                                  I":NEXT
 110 PRINT"HEBRI
                                    - " : RETURN
145 REM ===START OF TURN PAGE===
150 POKE53248,0:X=16:Y=0:PRINT"3";:IFDM=256THENPOKE53264,0
153 GOSUB900: GOSUB950: GOSUB100: PRINT" > 00000000"
160 PRINT" XBBBBBDPERATIONAL FILE" : PRINT" XBBBBBREF: ";P$(P,2)
165 PRINT "XDDDDDHEIDELBERG SCHWEINSTEIN"
180 GETKS: IFKSC"A"ORK$>"Z"THEN180
185 C$=C$+K$:PRINTLEFT$(YY$,20);LEFT$(XX$,4+K);K$:NEXT:IFDY=3THENG$(P)=C$
190 IFC$(>O$(P)THENPRINTLEFT$(YY$, 20); "PREPREDED DED DED DED DE LE GOSUB950: GOTO175
193 RETURN
195 REM ===END OF PRGE===
200 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, 20); "TODODDDKEY Z (COPY) OR RETURN"
205 GETK$: IFK$C>"Z"ANDK$C>CHR$(13)THEN205
210 IFKS="Z"THENPRINTLEFT$(YY$,20); "BBBBBI
215 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,20);"IDDBDD
                                                        ":GOSUB8000
                                              ": RETURN
405 PRINT" PRINT" PRINT" PRINT" MEDDEPRESS KEY FOR AGENT"
410 GETK$: IFK$=" "THENRETURN
415 IFK$>="A"ANDK$<="Z"THENAG=ASC(K$)-64:GOT0430
420 IFK$>="0"ANDK$<="9"THENAG=ASC(K$)-21:GOT0430
425 GOTO410
430 IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THEN415
435 AW=ASC(N$(AG,P+1)):ER=ASC(N$(AG,4-P))
440 IFAW>ERANDASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),5,1))>0THEN450
450 IFASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),2,1))=0THEN470
455 M1=ASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),2,1)):M5=ASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),3,1))
460 M6=ASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),4,1))
465 F$(1,AG)=LEFT$(F$(1,AG),1)+CHR$(0)+MID$(F$(1,AG),3):GOTO485
470 M1=17: IFASC(LEFT$(F$(1,AG),1))THENM1=16
475 M5=ASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),6,1)):M6=0
480 F$(1,AG)=LEFT$(F$(1,AG),5)+MID$(F$(1,AG),7,8)+RIGHT$(F$(1,AG),1)
```

```
M2=AG: M3=P: M4=DY-1: M$=CHR$(M1)+CHR$(M2)+CHR$(M3)+CHR$(M4)+CHR$(M5)+CHR$(M6)
     F$(1,AG)=LEFT$(F$(1,AG),4)+CHR$(ASC(MID$(F$(1,AG),5,1))-1)+MID$(F$(1,AG),6)
 487 FR=ASC(N$(AG, 1)): TY=1: DE=18: IFP=2THENDE=25
 488 PRINT" # TO "; MID$(P$(P,1),5): GOSUB800
 489 IFK$="X"THEN400
 490 ME=SK-1:MD=3:GOSUB100:PRINT" STOROGODD BDD";P$(P,1);" DAY";DY
 491 PRINT"DDDDDIINCOMING REPORT"
 492 IFEC>1THEN495
 493 PRINT" XDDDDREPORT HAS BEEN SENT BUT"
 494 PRINT" DDDDDIT HAS NOT BEEN RECIEVED" : GOTO200
 495 Y=7:GOSUB500:GOTO200
 497 REM ===DECODE MESSAGE===
 500 M1=ASC(LEFT$(S$(MD, ME), 1)): M2=ASC(MID$(S$(MD, ME), 2, 1))
 505 M3=ASC(MID$(S$(MD,ME),3,1)):M4=ASC(MID$(S$(MD,ME),4,1))
 520 IFM1<10THENPRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1);"######";MID$(P$(M3,1),5);" TO ";X$(M2)
 Y=Y+1: ONM1GOSUB605,610,615,620,625,630,635,640,645,650,655,660
    IFM1>12THENON(M1-12)GOSUB665,670,675,680,685
    Y=Y+1: IFM1<10RM1>17THENRETURN
 545 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "NDBDBR F
 605 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "DDDDDDGO TO "; W$(M5) : RETURN
                                                                一页":RETURN
610 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "BBBBBKILL "; X$(M5): RETURN
615 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "#####BEREARCH "; W$(M5): RETURN 620 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "######BEREARCH "; R$(M5): Y=Y+1
623 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "#DDDDDFROM AGENT "; X$(M6): RETURN 625 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "#DDDDDHIDE "; R$(M5): RETURN
630 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDTTRANSFER ";R$(M5):Y=Y+1
633 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDTTO AGENT ";X$(M5):RETURN
635 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDDCHANGE STATUS TO ";Q$(M5):RETURN
636 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDDCHANGE STATUS TO ";Q$(M5):RETURN
660 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "DDDDDDSCHWEINSTEIN WAS SEEN ON": Y=Y+1
670 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "DDDDDII HAVE NOT GOT": Y=Y+1
673 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "#BBBBBI"; R$(M5): RETURN.
680 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "PREPREMESSAGE STOPPED ON DAY"; M4: Y=Y+1
683 IFMD=1THENPRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "PDDDDCONTENTS NOT AVAILABLE" : RETURN
684 ME=M5:MD=MD-1:GOSUB505:RETURN
685 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "#BBBBBMESSAGE PASSED ON DAY"; M4:Y=Y+1:GOTO683
695 REM ===GIVE ORDERS===
700 Is="":M6=0:GOSUB100:PRINT":DIMINION DEBBN";P$(P,1);" DAY";DY
701 PRINT "MODDDDDUTGOING ORDER" : PRINT "MODDDDPRESS KEY FOR AGENT"
702 GETK$: IFK$=" "THENRETURN
703 IFK$>="A"ANDK$<="Z"THENM2=ASC(K$)-64:GOT0706
784 IFK$>="8"ANDK$<="9"THENM2=ASC(K$)-21:GOTO786
705 GOTO702
706 IFASC(N$(M2,4))=0THEN702
707 PRINT "SOURCE DESCRIPTION (P$(P,1),5); " TO "; X$(M2)
707 PRINT SUBBOUNCE STATUS (P$(P,1),5); TO ";X$(M2)
708 PRINT DODDDEKEY 1: GO TO CITY":PRINT DODDDEKEY 2: KILL AGENT"
709 PRINT DODDDEKEY 3: SEARCH CITY":PRINT DODDDEKEY 4: STEAL OBJECT"
710 PRINT DODDDEKEY 5: HIDE OBJECT":PRINT DODDDEKEY 6: TRANSFER OBJECT"
711 PRINT DODDDEKEY 7: CHANGE STATUS":PRINT DODDDEKEY 8: SWITCH BEACON"
712 PRINT DODDDEKEY 9: EXPLODE MIND-BOMB"
713 GETK$:IFK$("1"ORK$)"9"THEN713
714 MI=V9! (K$):FORK=1TO11:PRINT! EST#(UV# OAK):
714 M1=VAL(K$):FORK=1T011:PRINTLEFT$(YY$,9+K);
715 PRINT"
                                          ":NEXT:PRINT" SOUDDOOD OOD DEBT";
716 ONVAL(K$)GOSUB730,731,732,733,736,737,740,742,744
717 M3=P:M4=DY:M$=CHR$(M1)+CHR$(M2)+CHR$(M3)+CHR$(M4)+CHR$(M5)+CHR$(M6)
718 FR=18: IFP=2THENFR=25
719 TY=0: DE=ASC(N$(M2,1)): GOSUB800: IFK$="X"THEN700
720 RETURN
725 REM ===PARAMETER SELECTION===
730 PRINT"GO TO ... ": GOTO750
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ANAPPOINTMENT NOT TO BE MISSED EVERY MONTH!

1984

Tuesday



Binclair User magazine hits the street on the 16th of every month packed with enough material to keep both you and your Sinclair machine fully occupied until the same time next month.

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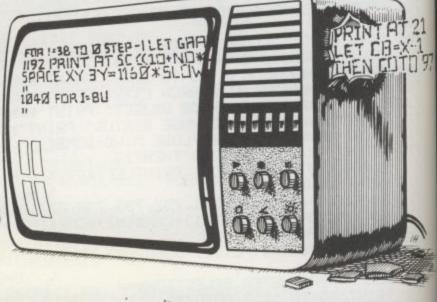
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If it's games you want, you,ll find plenty in Sinclair Programs

Available from your newsagents, only 95p





```
732 M5=ASC(N$(M2,1)):PRINT"SEARCH "; W$(M5):RETURN
                   734 PRINT" POODOODOODOODOODO PROM ROENT
                   ":GOSUB760:M6=AG
                  736 PRINT"HIDE ... ": GOSUB770: PRINT" SUMMONO DO DE DE DE DE DE DE DE LE CONTROL DE LA CONTROL DE L
                  ":GOSUB760:M6=AG
                  740 PRINT"CHANGE STATUS TO ... ": GOSUB780: PRINT" AUTOMORIO ; LEFT$ (XX$,22);
                  750 L=8:M5=ASC(N$(M2,1)):FORK=1T08:K$=MID$(Y$(M5),K,1)
                  751 IFK$=" "THENL=K-1:K=8:GOT0753
                  752 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,13+K); "#####KEY"; K; " "; W$(ASC(K$)-64)
                  755 GETK$: IFK$<"1"ORK$>RIGHT$(STR$(L),1)THEN755
                  756 GOSUB795
                 759 REM ===KEY IN AGENT===
                 760 PRINT "MUNICUMONOMONOMONOPPRESS KEY FOR AGENT"
                 761 GETK$: IFK$>="A"ANDK$<="Z"THENAG=ASC(K$)-64:GOTO765
                 762 IFK$)="0"ANDK$<="9"THENAG=ASC(K$)-21:GOT0765
                 765 IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THEN761
                 766 L=1:GOSUB795:RETURN
769 REM ===KEY IN OBJECT===
                 774 M5=VAL(K$)
                 775 L=3:G0SUB795:RETURN
                 779 REM ===KEY IN STATUS===
                 780 FORK=1T03:PRINTLEFT$(YY$,13+K);"#####KEY";K;" ";Q$(K):NEXT
                783 GETK$: IFK$<"1"ORK$>"3"THEN783
                784 M5=VAL(K$):GOTO775
                785 REM ===KEY IN ON/OFF===
                790 PRINT" SOUDDOOD CONTRACTOR 1: ON": PRINT" PROPERKEY 2: OFF"
                792 GETK$: IFK$<"1"ORK$>"2"THEN792
                793 M5=VAL(K$):L=2
                795 FORK=1TOL:PRINTLEFT$(YY$,13+K);"******
                799 REM ===MESSAGE ROUTING===
                800 PRINT" SOURCE FOR MESSAGE"
                                                                                                                      ": NEXT: RETURN
               804 GETK$: IF(K$<"0"ORK$>"9")AND(K$<"A"ORK$>"Z")ANDK$<>" "THEN804
               808 L=8:GOSUB795:A$="":N=0:GOTO811
810 GETK$:IFK$=" "THENL=8:GOSUB795:GOTO800
               811 IFK$>="0"ANDK$<="9"THENK=ASC(K$)-21:GOTO814
812 IFK$>="A"ANDK$<="Z"THENK=ASC(K$)-64:GOTO814
               814 IFASC(N$(K,4))=0THEN810
               815 C=ASC(N$(K,1)):PRINTLEFT$(YY$,14+N);"#######";X$(K);" ";W$(C)
x-1
[[] 97 X
               816 N=N+1: A$=A$+CHR$(K): IFC=DEAND(TY=10RK=M2)THEN822
               818 PRINT # STORE STORE STORE TO LONG TO ": FORK=1T01000: NEXT:L=8
               820 GETK$: IFK$=""THEN820
                                                                                                       ":GOT0800
               821 GOTO810
               822 L=8:GOSUB795:PRINT" SECURE OF THE SENT VIA
               823 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, 16+K); "DDDDDD"; :FORJ=1T03: IFK*3+J>NTHENNEXTJ, K:GOT0827
               825 AG=ASC(MID$(A$,K*3+J,1)):PRINTX$(AG);" ";:NEXTJ,K
               827 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,21); "BRRRREY CLEAR, COPY OR RETURN"
               831 GETK$: IFK$<>"Z"ANDK$<>" "ANDK$<>CHR$(13)THEN831
              832 IFK$=" "THENRETURN
              834 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,21);"DDDDDI
              835 IFK$="Z"THENGOSUB8000
```

top at

121

AGENT STATUS

An agent can be ASLEEP, AWAKE or ACTIVE. At the start of the game, all agents are ASLEEP, except the Single Agents which and will stop any kills another agent. Both are ACTIVE and do not respond to the enemy at all. Only the player really in control of an agent can only report back to their himself! change its status.

An agent who is ASLEEP either player and pass on dummy! messages from either choose to obey his constill obey orders from throughout the game.

stop any messages from the dummy. An agent who GO TO (CITY): Your agent is ACTIVE will only obey moves to an adjacent city. orders from his controller KILL (AGENT): Your agent dummy.

controller, even if the SEARCH (CITY): Your agent Button or the Beacon in the report is in response to an searches the city he is in city he is in. Your age will obey orders from order given by the for Schweinstein, the Fir-

either player but he will ORDERS YOU CAN GIVE TO AN AGENT

same city. No agent will In all cases, agents will obey an order to kill HIDE (OBJECT): Your age

ing Button or the Homing COURIERS will pass on Beacon. If he finds one of player. If both players try messages from either these, he will report its TRANSFER (OBJECT) to give him orders, he will player but will not obey presence and stop his (AGENT): Your ager orders from anyone nor search. If the object does transfers Schweinstell troller's orders only. An make any reports. They re- not belong to anyone else, agent who is AWAKE will main in the same city he will capture it; if it another agent. The other does, he just reports it.

STEAL (OBJECT) FRO (AGENT): Your age steals Schweinstein, th Button or the Beacon from another agent. The other agent must be in the same or an adjacent city and h must possess the object. hides Schweinstein, th must possess the object Once the object is hidden no one possesses it.

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the Button or the Beacont agent must be in the same

```
837 GOTO827
840 S$(3,SK)=M$
845 REM ===MESSAGE INTERCEPTION===
850 E=0:A$=I$+A$:N=LEN(A$):FORK=1TON:AG=ASC(MID$(A$,K,1)):TT=ASC(N$(AG,1))
852 IFE=10RVAL(Z$(FR,TT))>1THENE=1:G0T0860
853 AW=ASC(N$(AG,P+1)):ER=ASC(N$(AG,4-P)):IFAW>=ERTHEN860
854 IM=ASC(MID$(F$(2,AG),5,1))
855-IFIM>0ANDASC(MID$(F$(2,AG),IM+5,1))=SKTHEN860 --
856 IM=IM+1:F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),4)+CHR$(IM)+MID$(F$(2,AG),6)
857 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),IM+4)+CHR$(SK)+MID$(F$(2,AG),IM+6)
858 IFASC(N$(AG,4))=1THEN860
859 E=1:IFK=NANDASC(LEFT$(M$,1))<10ANDASC(N$(AG,4))=2THENE=0
860 FR=TT:NEXTK:IFASC(LEFT$(M$,1))>90RE=1THEN870
    IFAW=0THEN870
868 IFAW<ERANDASC(N$(AG,5))<>0THEN870
869 N$(AG,5)=CHR$(SK)
870 SK=SK+1:RETURN
895 REM ===PRINT FLAG===
900 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1);:FORK=1T014:PRINTLEFT$(XX$,X);U$(P,K):NEXT
902 IFP=1THENRETURN
905 POKE53269,1:POKE53287,7:POKE53249,55+8*Y
906 DM=0: IF147+8*X>255THENPOKE53264,1: DM=256
907 POKE53248,(147+8*X)-DM
910 RETURN
945 REM ===PLAYER TUNE===
950 SN=54272:FORK=SNTOSN+23:POKEK,0:NEXT:POKESN+5,9:POKESN+6,9
955 POKESN+24,15:FORK=1TOLEN(V$(P,1)):DD=VAL(MID$(V$(P,2),K,1))
960 FQ=N(ASC(MID$(V$(P,1),K,1))-64):HF=INT(FQ/256)
965 LF=FQAND255: POKESN, LF: POKESN+1, HF: POKESN+4, 17: FORJ=1TODD*50: NEXT
970 POKESN+4,16:FORJ=1T030:NEXTJ,K
972 RETURN
975 REM ===SPRITE DATA===
980 DATA0,16,0,0,16,0,0,254
    DATA0,0,56,0,0,68,0,0
981
982 DATA0,0,0,0,0,0,63,0
983 DATA0,7,192,0,0,240,0,240
984 DATA56,1,224,28,3,240,12,1
985 DATA156,14,0,6,14,12,3,140
986 DATA30,0,220,63,0,120,119,192
987 DATA248,97,255,206,0,127,3
995 REM ==='TOP SECRET' DATA===
1000 DATA" % F 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = "
1005 DATA" 제품 II 의존 200 의본 I 의존 의존 기본"
1010 DATA" " 34"
                    3- 3- 3- " 3- " "
1015 REM ===MUSIC DATA===
1020 DATA7217,8101,4291,4817,5407,5728,6430,14435,16203,8583
1022 DATA9634,10814,11457,12860,17167,19269,0
1025 REM ===TUNE STRINGS===
```

Starting points for agents. 1030 DATA"MMNNMNMLKJHNMKNLHNMLJQ") FROM 1032 DATA"8226141418661111336681" agent CITY 1035 DATA"JAJBGJJBAAMBEAGFEDCDEBGEAGFEDCDEBGEQ" ALPHA ein, the **AMSTERDAM** 1037 DATA"633661111336631111113333311111133351" BRAVO con from 1040 REM ===VARIOUS STRINGS=== BELGRADE CHARLIE he other 1045 DATA"MI6 LONDON CONTROL" 1050 DATA"KGB MOSCOW CENTRAL" VIENNA he same DELTA PARIS y and he 1055 DATA"SCHW.315B/QZ" ECHO object. OSLO 1060 DATA"LIQ./ROBOTNIK/S-20" 1065 DATA"ON", "OFF", "ASLEEP", "AWAKE", "ACTIVE" FOXTROT LISBON ur agent GOLF ein, the 1878 DATA "SCHWEINSTEIN", "FIRING BUTTON", "HOMING BEACON" MADRID HOTEL on in the 1075 DATA4,3,3,4,3,2,3,2 TANGIER IVAN ur agent 1080 DATA2,3,2,3,2,1,2,1 WARSAW JULIET object. 1085 DATA2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2 ROME hidden, 1090 DATA1,2,1,2,1,0,1,0 KING ATHENS 1095 DATA1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0 LIMA ISTANBUL CT) TO 1100 DATA1,0,1,0,0,1,0,1 MIKE BUCHAREST 1105 DATA0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1 agent NOBLE instein, 1107 DATA0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0 SOFIA OSCAR 1110 DATA0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 eacon to PRAGUE 1115 REM ===CITIES & AGENTS===
1120 DATA"AMSTERDAM", "ALPHA"
1125 DATA"BELGRADE", "BRAVO" PAPA e other COPENHAGEN QUIZ ne same REYKJAVIK ROMEO 1130 DATA"VIENNA", "CHARLIE"
1135 DATA"PARIS", "DELTA"
1140 DATA"OSLO", "ECHO" LONDON SIERRA BRUSSELS TANGO BERLIN UNCLE 1145 DATA"LISBON", "FOXTROT" 1150 DATA"MADRID", "GOLF" 1155 DATA"TANGIER", "HOTEL" HELSINKI VICTOR BUDAPEST WINTER DUBLIN 1160 DATA"WARSAW", "IVAN" X-RAY 1165 DATA"ROME", "JULIET" 1170 DATA"ATHENS", "KING" ZURICH YANKEE MOSCOW ZULU 1175 DATA" ISTANBUL", "LIMA" STOCKHOLM ZERO 1180 DATA"BUCHAREST", "MIKE" LONDON ONE 1185 DATA"SOFIA", "NOBLE" 1190 DATA"PRAGUE", "OSCAR" LONDON TWO LONDON 1195 DATA"COPENHAGEN", "PAPA" 1200 DATA"REYKJAVIK", "QUIZ" THREE LONDON FOUR 1205 DATA"LONDON", "ROMEO" LONDON FIVE 1210 DATA"BRUSSELS", "SIERRA" MOSCOW 1215 DATA"BERLIN", "TANGO"
1220 DATA"HELSINKI", "UNCLE"
1225 DATA"BUDAPEST", "VICTOR" SIX MOSCOW SEVEN MOSCOW EIGHT MOSCOW 1230 DATA"DUBLIN", "WINTER"
1235 DATA"ZURICH", "X-RAY"
1240 DATA"MOSCOW", "YANKEE" NINE MOSCOW 1240 DATA"MOSCOW", "YANKEE"
1245 DATA"STOCKHOLM", "ZULU"
1250 DATA"ZERO", "ONE", "TWO", "THREE", "FOUR", "FIVE", "SIX", "SEVEN", "EIGHT", "NINE"
1255 DATA"PTSR ", "VMNKJC ", "OVBJXT ", "STXJGR ", "UZPRWQ "
1260 DATA"WRGH ", "RDJKHF ", "KFG "
1265 DATA"YVOTPZ ", "CBKGDX ", "NLHGJB ", "YKNM ", "YLNBV "
1270 DATA"MLKB ", "IVCT ", "EZITAR ", "UEW ", "EPASDGFW", "ATDR "
1275 DATA"PIOCXDSA", "YZEQ ", "IYMBCO ", "QERF "
1280 DATA"TCJD ", "LMVIZU ", "UYIPE "
1995 REM ===GAME START=== 2000 POKE53281, 15: POKE53280, 15: PRINT" TODODDDDDDDDT R E A C H E R Y" 2005 PRINT" XODDOWNEN THE MIKGBE AND MISS WAGE A WAR OF" 2010 PRINT" DEWITS THROUGH THE CAPITALS OF EUROPE, " 2815 PRINT"DENOTHING IS SIMPLE!"
2820 REM ===READ SPRITE DATA=== 2025 FORK=832T0894: READL: POKEK, L: NEXT: POKE2040, 13 2030 REM ===READ 'TOP SECRET'=== 1835 DIMT\$(3):FORL=1TO3:READT\$(L):NEXT IG SUN S. ENS CENSES DESCRIPTION 2865 U\$(1,5)="温泉 E113 AI 113 253 2070 U\$(1,6)=" 23 -":U\$(1,9)=U\$(1,6) 2875 U\$(1,7)="기례 ■":U\$(1,8)=U\$(1,7)

it.

or an adjacent city. Your agent must possess the object.

CHANGE STATUS TO (STATUS): Your agent is ordered to become ASLEEP, AWAKE or ACTIVE. This order will only succeed if you are the controller. If you are the dummy, his status will not change.

SWITCH BEACON (ON/ OFF): Your agent switches the Homing Beacon on or off. He must possess the Beacon.

EXPLODE MIND-BOMB: Your agent detonates the Mind-bomb in the city where the Mandroid is. Your agent must possess the Firing Button.

one order per turn. You can attempt to give an order to any agent you The computer will not tell choose, yours or not. You you that the route is imcan also attempt to give possible. It will just move the Top Secret documen orders that can't be carried the message as far as it page. The MI6 playe out. Such orders will be can along the route. normal way and may even reach the agent CAME

Concerned concerned.

only get to know about it indirectly from the fact that the agent has not carried it out.

An agent can only obey can given an impossible explain the rules to you rcute for a message if you choose (or are careless).

When you RUN the pro-All that will happen to gram, the British and Rusan order that can't be sian flags appear on the fact it's to prevent nego obeyed is that the com- screen and the two signa- tive day numbers appear puter will ignore it at the ture tunes play. There is ing - remember end of the turn. You will then a five minute or so Schweinstein's position w delay while the computer works out the details of its "telephone network". We puter. Also note the suggest you use this time neither player can call The same applies to the to place the agents in their reports on the first turnrouting of messages. You starting positions and to there aren't any to call in

opponent (or yourself!).

When the game is read to go, the British flag of pears on the screen with enters his chosen clear ance code and the game begins. Note that the game actually starts of day three of the crisis. Thi might seem silly, but it to three days ago has to be kept track of by the com

```
2.12 2.13C1
                                    PERSONAL PROPERTY.
2080 U$(1,10)="温調
2085 U$(1,11)="EN FINE FEET 31
                                     HEAT A ATA
                                     12 TE18 TE18 "
2090 U$(1,12)="## # N# ### :DI
2095 U$(1,13)="3737 3737 31 15
2100 U$(1,14)="327 31 15
2105 FORK=1T014:U$(2,K)="33
                                       CETS T"
                                                 ":NEXT
2125 YY$="#########################"
2135 REM ===READ MUSIC DATA===
2140 DIMN(17), V$(2,2): FORK=1T017: READN(K): NEXT: FORK=1T02: FORJ=1T02
2142 READV$(K,J):NEXTJ,K
2145 REM ===FLAGS & MUSIC===
2150 P=2:X=4:Y=6:GOSUB900:GOSUB950:FORK=1T01000:NEXT
2155 P=1:X=17:Y=10:GOSUB900:GOSUB950:FORK=1T01000:NEXT
2160 REM ===READ VARIOUS STRINGS===
2165 DIMP$(2,2):READP$(1,1),P$(2,1),P$(1,2),P$(2,2)
2170 DIMO$(2),Q$(3),R$(3),S$(3,16):READO$(1),O$(2),Q$(1),Q$(2),Q$(3)
2175 READR$(1),R$(2),R$(3):DIMN$(36,5),F$(2,36):FORK=1T026:N$(K,1)=CHR$(K):NEXT
2180 FORK=27T031:N$(K,1)=CHR$(18):NEXT:FORK=32T036:N$(K,1)=CHR$(25):NEXT
 2182 FORK=1T036:FORJ=2T05:N$(K,J)=CHR$(32):NEXTJ,K
 2185 M$="":FORK=1T013:M$=M$+CHR$(0):NEXT:ZZ=RND(-TI):FORK=1T036:READA,B
 2190 C=INT(RND(1)*36)+1:IFASC(N$(C,2))<>32THEN2190
 2195 N$(C,2)=CHR$(A):N$(C,3)=CHR$(B):F$(1,C)=CHR$(1)+M$:N$(C,4)=CHR$(1)
 2200 IF(A=1ANDB=0)OR(A=0ANDB=1)THENF$(1,C)=CHR$(3)+M$:N$(C,4)=CHR$(3)
 2205 F$(2,C)=F$(1,C):N$(C,5)=CHR$(0):NEXT:DIMG$(2),0(6,5),8(4)
 2210 REM ===READ CITIES & AGENTS===
 2212 POKE53280,12
 2215 DIMW$(26),X$(36):FORK=1T026:READW$(K),X$(K):NEXT:FORK=27T036:READX$(K)
 2220 NEXT: DIMY$(26): FORK=1T026: READY$(K): NEXT
 2225 REM ===CITY TO CITY DISTANCE===
 2230 DIMZ$(26,26):NN=26:E=1:A$="":B$="":N=0:FORK=1T026:Z$(K,K)="0"
 2235 FORJ=1T08:J$=MID$(Y$(K),J,1):IFJ$=" "THENJ=8:GOT02245
2240 L=ASC(J$)-64:Z$(K,L)="1":N=N+1:A$=A$+CHR$(K):B$=B$+CHR$(L)
 2245 NEXTJ: NEXTK: POKE53280, 11
 2250 NN=NN+N: IFNN=26*26THENPOKE53280, 15: GOTO2285
 2255 C$="":D$="":NS=N:N=0:E=E+1:E$=MID$(STR$(E),2):FORI=1TONS
 2257 K=ASC(MID$(A$,I,1)):J=ASC(MID$(B$,I,1))
 2260 FORM=1T08:M$=MID$(Y$(J),M,1):IFM$=" "THENM=8:GOT02275
 2265 L=ASC(M$)-64: IFZ$(K,L)<>""THEN2275
  2270. Z$(K,L)=E$:N=N+1:C$=C$+CHR$(K):D$=D$+CHR$(L)
  2275 NEXTM: NEXTI: A$=C$: B$=D$: POKE53280, INT(RND(1)*2)+11:GOT02250
  2280 REM ===GAME START===
  2285 DY=3:SK=1:P=1
  2290 R=INT(RND(1)*26)+1:IFR=180RR=25THEN2290
  2295 S(1)=R:SG=0:FORJ=1T05:GOSUB7000:NEXT
  2300 R=INT(RND(1)*26)+1:IFR=180RR=25THEN2300
  2305 BT=0:BL=R
```

```
2310 R=INT(RND(1)*26)+1:IFR=180RR=250RR=BTTHEN2310
            2315 BC=0:BO=R:BN=2:ML=INT(RND(1)*26)+1:EX=0:GOTO5000
s to your
            3495 REM ===PRINT AGENT RANKS===
rself!).
            3500 GOSUB100: PRINT "#DICOURDEDDD"; MID$(P$(P,1),1,4); "RANK / AGENT DAY"; DY
            3505 Y=7:X=6:FORK=1T036:IFASC(N$(K,4))=00RASC(N$(K,P+1))=0THEN3550
e is ready
flag ap-
            3510 A=ASC(N$(K,P+1)):PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1);LEFT$(XX$,X);"顧";A;"剛";X$(K):Y=Y+1
reen with
document
            3550 NEXTK: GOTO200
player
            3595 REM ===LIST AGENT REPORTS===
            3600 GOSUB100:PRINT" #TOOODDBBBBB";MID$(P$(P,1),1,4); "AGENT REPORTS DAY";DY
en clear-
            3605 Y=7:X=6:FORK=1T036:IFASC(N$(K,4))=0THEN3660
he game
           3610 AW=ASC(N$(K,P+1)):ER=ASC(N$(K,4-P))
hat the
           3615 IFAW(=ERORASC(MID$(F$(1,K),5,1))=0THEN3660
tarts on
           3620 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); LEFT$(XX$,X); X$(K); ASC(MID$(F$(1,K),5,1))
risis. This
, but in
           3660 NEXTK: GOTO200
nt nega-
           4995 REM ===PLAYER TURN REPORTS===
           5000 RP=0:GOSUB150
mber
           5005 IFRP=5THEN5100
sition up
           5010 GOSUB100: IFDY=3THEN5100
nas to be
           5015 PRINT" SURGED DODON"; P$(P,1); " DAY"; DY: PRINT" XDDDDDD YESTERDAY'S FIELD REPORTS"
he com-
           5020 PRINT" DDDDDKEY 1:LIST ALL AGENTS":PRINT"DDDD1
te that
           5025 PRINT" DDDDDDKEY 2:LIST AGENTS WITH" : PRINT" DDDDD1
                                                                    AND THEIR RANK"
n call in
           5030 PRINT"
t turn -
                                                                     REPORTS TO SEND AND"
                                HOW MANY REPORTS"
           call in!
                                GIVE TODAY'S ORDERS"
           5045 GETK$: IFK$C"1"ORK$>"4"THEN5045
           5050 IFK$="1"THENGOSUB3500:GOTO5005
           5055 IFK$="2"THENGOSUB3600:GOTO5005
           5060 IFK$="3"THENGOSUB400:RP=RP+1:GOTO5005
           5095 REM ===PLAYER TURN ORDERS===
           5100 AW=0
           5105 IFAW=3THEN5150
           5110 GOSUB100:PRINT" # DEN DED DED POR PRINT"; P$(P,1); " DAY"; DY
           AND THEIR RANK" : PRINT "XDDDDDKEY 2: GIVE AN ORDER"
          5125 PRINT"X DDDDDKEY 3: FINISH WITH ORDERS" : PRINT"DDDDD
                                                                      OPERATIONS OVER"
                               UNTIL TOMORROW"
           5135 GETK$: IFK$<"1"ORK$>"3"THEN5135
          5140 IFK$="1"THENGOSUB3500:GOTO5105
          5145 IFK$="2"THENGOSUB700: AW=AW+1: GOTO5105
          5150 P=P+1: IFP<3THEN5000
          5195 REM ===END OF DAY===
          5200 GOSUB6000: DY=DY+1:FORK=1T016:S$(1,K)=S$(2,K):S$(2,K)=S$(3,K):NEXTK
EXT
          5205 SK=1:M$="":FORK=1T013:M$=M$+CHR$(0):NEXTK:FORK=1T036
          5210 F$(1,K)=F$(2,K):F$(2,K)=N$(K,4)+M$:NEXTK:P=1:GOTO5000
          5995 REM ===EXECUTE ORDERS===
          6000 GOSUB100: PRINT " DOUDO DE DEND OF DAY"; DY; " N'S TREACHERY" : GOSUB7000
          6005 FORK=1T06:FORJ=1T05:0(K,J)=0:NEXTJ,K:N0=0:FORK=1T036
          6010 01=ASC(N$(K,5)): IF01=0THEN6035
          6015 NO=NO+1:0(NO,1)=ASC(LEFT$(S$(3,01),1))
          6020 O(NO,2)=ASC(MID$(S$(3,01),2,1)):O(NO,3)=ASC(MID$(S$(3,01),3,1))
          6025 O(NO,4)=ASC(MID$(S$(3,01),4,1)):O(NO,5)=ASC(MID$(S$(3,01),5,1))
          6035 NEXTK: Y=7: FORO=1TONO: IFO(0,1)=9THENGOSUB7100
          6040 NEXTO: FORO=1TONO: IFO(0,1)=1THENGOSUB7200
          6045 NEXTO:FORO=1TONO:IFO(0,1)=5THENGOSUB7300
          6050 NEXTO: FORO=1TONO: IFO(0,1)=6THENGOSUB7400
          6055 NEXTO:FORO=1TONO:IFO(0,1)=3THENGOSUB7500
          6060 NEXTO:FORO=1TONO:IFO(0,1)=4THENGOSUB7600
          6065 NEXTO:FORO=1TONO:IFO(0,1)=2THENGOSUB7700
          6070 NEXTO:FORO=1TONO:IFO(0,1)=8THENGOSUB7800
          6075 NEXTO:FORO=1TONO:IFO(0,1)=7THENGOSUB7900
          6080 NEXTO: FORK=1T036
          6085 IFASC(MID$(F$(2,K),2,1))=0THEN6095
          6090 F$(2,K)=LEFT$(F$(2,K),4)+CHR$(ASC(MID$(F$(2,K),5,1))+1)+MID$(F$(2,K),6)
          6095 NEXTK: PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "#DDDDDDD DD DAYS AGO SCWEINSTEIN": Y=Y+1
          6100 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDDWAS SEEN IN ";W$(S(4)):Y=Y+1
          6115 IFBT=0THEN6125
```

6120 PRINTLEFT\$(YY\$, Y+1); "DDDDDFIRING BUTTON DETECTED": Y=Y+1

6123 PRINTLEFT\$(YY\$,Y+1);"DDDDDIIN ";W\$(BL):Y=Y+1

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READERSPRO

In February's batch of readers' programs we include listings for Spectrum. Oric and Commodore 64 owners. Those of you with Spectrums will be able to learn about the moon with Lunar Cycle or gamble away on our fruit machine. Oric owners can design their own shapes with our useful character definer while Commodore 64 owners can go it alone with Solitoire.

We do check the listings but occasionally a little debugging may be required. But if you decide to send us your program PLEASE try to ensure it's bug-free. We are looking for more good listings and

programming to come, so if you deserves an airin

Yes, we do pa amount depending guideline, it usually Send your printe Court, 155 Farring together with a cop Please do not sen cannot return it. 2165 PRINT
2170 GET AS: CHESCIN
2170 GET AS: CHESCIN
2180 IF CHESCIN
2180 PRINT AS
2195 GOTO 2238
2196 PRINT
2197
2197
2290 PRINT
2218 INPUT CH
2218 INPUT CH
2228 IF CHESCIN
2229
2230 REM SETS
2300 ASETS
2300

ファファファファファファファファファファブ

OGRAM



960 REM (C. 997 : 998 REM INITIALISATION 999 : 1800 HIMEM #17FF 1010 CLS

1015 POKE #260,10 'SET KEYB 1016 POKE #20C,127 'SWITCH OF 1020 TEXT:PAPER0:1NK7 1030 GOSUB 1200 'PRINT CHARACT 1035 INPUT"MEMORY SIZE (16/48) 1037 As=LEFTs(As,2) 1039 IF As<>"16" AND As<>"48" TE

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MINIGHT MICEROS X SOFTWARE REVIEW

```
6125 IFEX=1THEN6300
  6130 D=VAL(Z$(ML,BO)):IFD=0ANDBN=1THEN6200
  6135 N=0:FORK=1T08:IFMID$(Y$(ML),K,1)()" "THENN=N+1
  6145 R=INT(RND(1)*N)+1:IFBN=2THENML=ASC(MID$(Y$(ML),R,1))-64:GOTO6200
  6150 C=ASC(MID$(Y$(ML),R,1)-64):IFVAL(Z$(C,BO))>=DTHEN6145
  6200 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1);"######MANDROID IN ";W$(ML):Y=Y+1
  6300 IFS(1)<>18ANDS(1)<>25THEN200
 6305 IFS(1) (>18THEN6320
 6310 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "PRODUBCHWEINSTEIN IN LONDON": Y=Y+2
 6315 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "DDDDDDMI6 HAVE WON THE GAME":P=1
 6320 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "DDDDDDSCHWEINSTEIN IN MOSCOW": Y=Y+2
 6325 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "DDDDDTTHE KGB HAVE WON THE GAME" :P=2
 6995 REM ===MOVE SCHWEINSTEIN===
 7000 FORK=4T02STEP-1:S(K)=S(K-1):NEXT:IFSG>0THENRETURN
 7005 N=0:FORK=1TO8:IFMID$(Y$(S(1)),K,1)<>" "THENN=N+1
 7015 R=INT(RND(1)*N)+1:C=ASC(MID$(Y$(S(1)),R,1))-64
 7017 IFC=S(3)ORC=180RC=25THEN7015
 7020 S(1)=C:RETURN
 7095 REM ===EXPLODE MINDBOMB===
 7100 IFEX=1THENRETURN
 7105 AG=0(0,2):IFBT<>AGTHEN0B=2:G0T07480
 7110 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "PDDDDMIND-BOMB EXPLODES IN":Y=Y+1
 7115 PRINTLEFT$(YY$, Y+1); "PROBBEL"; W$(ML): Y=Y+1
 7130 IFML (>18THEN7140
 7135 Y=Y+1:PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDTHE KGB HAVE WON THE GAME":P=2:GOTO6330
 7145 Y=Y+1:PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1); "DDDDDDMI6 HAVE WON THE GAME":P=1:GOTO6330
 7150 FORK=1T036:IFASC(N$(K,1))<>MLTHEN7170
 7155 N$(K,4)=CHR$(0): IFBT=KTHENBT=0
 7160 IFBC=KTHENBC=0
 7165 IFSG=KTHENSG=Ø
7170 NEXTK : EX=1 : RETURN
7195 REM ===GO TO CITY===
7200 AG=0(0,2):C=0(0,3):IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THENRETURN
7205 N$(AG,1)=CHR$(C):IFBT=AGTHENBL=C
7210 IFBC=AGTHENBO=C
7215 IFSG=AGTHENS(1)=C
7220 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1);"ppppppi";X$(AG);" GO TO ";W$(C);"到":Y=Y+1:RETURN
7300 AG=0(0,2):OB=0(0,3):IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THENRETURN
7305 ONOBGOTO7310,7320,7330
7310 IFSG<>AGTHEN7480
7315 SG=0:RETURN
7320 IFBTC>AGTHEN7480
7325 BT=0:RETURN
7330 IFBC<>AGTHEN7480
7335 BC=0:RETURN
7395 REM ===TRANSFER OBJECT===
7400 AG=0(0,2):0B=0(0,3):TT=0(0,4):IFAG=TTTHENRETURN
7401 IFASC(N$(AG,4))=00RASC(N$(TT,4))=0THENRETURN
7402 FC=ASC(N$(AG,1)):TC=ASC(N$(TT,1)):IFZ$(FC,TC)>"1"THENRETURN
7405 ONOBGOTO7410,7420,7430
7410 IFSGCOAGTHEN7480
7415 SG=TT:S(1)=TC:GOTO7450
7420 IFBT<>AGTHEN7480
7425 BT=TT:BL=TC:GOTO7450
7430 IFBCC>AGTHEN7480
7435 BC=TT:BO=TC
7450 F$(2,TT)=LEFT$(F$(2,TT),1)+CHR$(13)+CHR$(0B)+CHR$(AG)+MID$(F$(2,TT),5)
7480 IFO(0,1)=4THEN7490
7485 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(14)+CHR$(0B)+MID$(F$(2,AG),4):RETURN
7490 F$(2,TT)=LEFT$(F$(2,TT),1)+CHR$(14)+CHR$(0B)+MID$(F$(2,TT),4):RETURN
7500 AG=0(0,2):C=0(0,3):IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THENRETURN
7505 SL=0:FORK=3T02STEP-1:IFS(K)=CTHENSL=K
7510 NEXTK: IFSL=0THEN7520
7515 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(12)+CHR$(DY+1-SL)+CHR$(C)+MID$(F$(2,AG),5)
```

CH=ASC(AA) 32 OR CHO 17

T PLEASE

CH) 127 OR

EM SETUP D

30SUB 1288

FOR X=5

PLOT 1

FUR Y

ASEAS! EXE

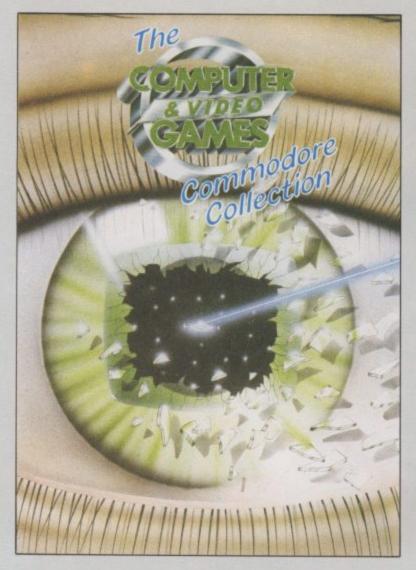
48= "A"

SUT CH

2230

```
7522 SG=AG:F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(10)+MID$(F$(2,AG),3):GOTO7525
7523 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(11)+MID$(F$(2,AG),3)
7525 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),2)+CHR$(1)+CHR$(C)+MID$(F$(2,AG),5):RETURN
7535 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(10)+CHR$(2)+CHR$(C)+MID$(F$(2,AG),5):BT=AG
7540 IFBOC>CORBN=1THENRETURN
7542 BC=AG:F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(10)+MID$(F$(2,AG),3):GOTO7545
7541 IFBC<>0THEN7543
7543 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(11)+MID$(F$(2,AG),3)
7545 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),2)+CHR$(3)+CHR$(C)+MID$(F$(2,AG),5):RETURN .
7595 REM ===STEAL OBJECT===
7600 TT=0(0,2):0B=0(0,3):AG=0(0,4):IFAG=TTTHENRETURN
7605 GOSUB7401: IFASC(MID$(F$(2,TT),2,1))(>13THENRETURN
7610 F$(2,AG)=LEFT$(F$(2,AG),1)+CHR$(15)+MID$(F$(2,AG),3):RETURN
 7695 REM ===KILL AGENT===
7700 AG=0(0,2):TT=0(0,3):IFAG=TTTHENRETURN
 7705 IFASC(N$(AG,4))=00RASC(N$(TT,4))=0THENRETURN
 7710 C=ASC(N$(AG,1)): IFASC(N$(TT,1))()CTHENRETURN
 7715 IFASC(N$(TT,1))C)CTHENRETURN
 7720 N$(TT,4)=CHR$(0):IFBT=TTTHENBT=0
 7725 IFBC=TTTHENBC=0
 7735 PRINTLEFT$(YY$,Y+1);"######";X$(TT);" IS ELIMINATED":Y=Y+1:RETURN
 7795 REM ===SWITCH BEACON===
 7800 AG=0(0,2):HB=0(0,3):IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THENRETURN
 7805 IFBCC>AGTHENOB=3:GOTO7480
  7810 BN=HB: RETURN
  7895 REM ===CHANGE STATUS===
  7900 AG=0(0,2):PL=0(0,5):IFASC(N$(AG,4))=0THENRETURN
  7905 AW=ASC(N$(AG,PL+1)):ER=ASC(N$(AG,4-PL)):IFER>AWTHENRETURN
  7910 N$(AG,4)=CHR$(O(0,3)):RETURN
                                                                    KEYS TO CONTROL THE
  7995 REM ===SCREEN COPY===
  8000 SI$=CHR$(15):PO$=CHR$(16)
                                                                    AGENTS
  8005 MF$=CHR$(145): OPEN4, 4: PRINT#4
                                                                    COMMAND
  8010 FORCL=3T021: AS$=MF$: FORRO=4T030: SC=PEEK(1024+40*CL+R0)
                                                                   Agent One (& Go To)
Agent Two (& Kill)
  8040 IFSC>=128THENSC=SC-128:RF=1:AS$=AS$+RV$
  8045 IFSC<320RSC>95THENAS=SC+64:G0T08060
                                                                   Agent Three (& Search
  8050 IFSC>31ANDSC<64THENAS=SC:GOTO8060
                                                                   Agent Four (& Steal)
  8055 IFSC>63ANDSC<96THENAS=SC+32
                                                                   Agent Five (& Hide)
                                                                   Agent Six (& Transfer)
  8060 AS$=AS$+CHR$(AS)
  8065 IFRF=1THENAS$=AS$+RO$:RF=0
                                                                  Agent Seven (& Status
  8070 NEXTRO: PRINT#4, SI$; PO$; "20"; AS$
                                                                  Agent Eight (& Switch)
   8080 NEXTCL: CLOSE4: RETURN
                                                                  Agent Nine (& Explode)
                                                                  Agent Zero
                                                                  Agent Quiz
   READY.
                                                                  Agent Winter
                                                                 Agent Echo
                                                                 Agent Romeo
             THE CODES USED IN THE
                                                                 Agent Tango
  10 REM
             PROGRAM ARE AS FOLLOWS
                                                                 Agent Yankee
  12 REM
                                                                 Agent Uncle
  14 REM
                                                                Agent Ivan
  16 REM
         "M" - CTRL + 3
                                                                Agent Oscar
  18 REM
         "%" - CTRL + 5
                                                                Agent Papa
  20 REM
          "6" - CTRL + 6
                                                                Agent Alpha
  22 REM
          "G" - CTRL + 7
  26 REM "N" - COMMODORE FLAG + 1
                                                                Agent Sierra
   28 REM "W" - COMMODORE FLAG + 2
30 REM "D" - COMMODORE FLAG + 4
                                                                Agent Delta
                                                               Agent Foxtrot
                                                               Agent Golf
   34 REM "N" - CURSOR RIGHT
                                                               Agent Hotel
                                                                                    G
   36 REM "N" - CURSOR LEFT
38 REM "N" - CURSOR DOWN
                                                               Agent Juliet
                                                               Agent King
                                                                                   J
   40 REM "J" - CLEAR SCREEN
                                                               Agent Lima
                                                                                   K
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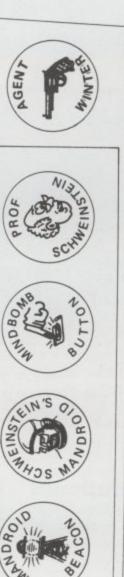
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These are the counters you'll need when playing **Treachery**. You can either cut them out directly from the book — or trace over the want to spoil your Yearbook. For best results, use a sharp pair of scissors with narrow blades.



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WITCH TO THE WAR TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOT

Inside Splendid Studios, Vince Clark's mission control, lurks one of the most expensive bits of computer hardware yet devised. It's a Fairlight computerised musical instrument — much sought after by musicians everywhere these days - which has a price tag of around £26,000. Just a bit more than

your average Spectrum. But outside the converted church which houses his hitech musical instruments Vince enjoys playing arcade machines - and has one of the now sadly defunct Intellivision video games systems at home.

Vince's favourite at the moment is Dragon's Lair, one of the first laservideo arcade games to hit the streets. Vince is impressed with the technology which has created this game. But he thinks it might be a step back too. "You're going from electronic imagery back to film," he says.

Vince, like the rest of you, might benefit from the tips we've provided on page 72 of this Yearbook when

Vince can be found playing arcade games in playing the game. Scotland and Brighton when he's not putting together a jigsaw of sounds on his Fairlight.

The Fairlight uses computer technology to "sample" sounds and recreate them electronically. Any sound can be stored away on the Fairlight's big discs and then loaded back into the machine when

The Fairlight has eight channels, each of which can be programmed separately. So you can build up an entire song - minus vocals - using this amazing

Vince says he enjoys using computers when machine. composing because he has overall and absolute control over the finished result. You don't have musical differences with a computer. The Fairlight gets to grips with a programmed sequence and plays it note for note.

He answers critics of computerised music by saying that composers and musicans — like everyone else have to move with the times. But he does agree that it might be a bit upsetting for someone who has spent years practising an instrument to have a computer stage a takeover bid.

But he adds that everyone thought the electric guitar was terrible until they realised the potential of the

Many musical instruments have what's called a MIDI interface built in which enables computers to be linked up with the micro.

You can then run several instruments from the computer and composing tunes is made relatively simple as long as you find the right software. But you still need that all important creative spark!

Although the Fairlight is an extremely expensive bit of equipment, you don't need to have vast amounts of the folding green stuff to start playing around with

Most of the current popular home computers have computer music. music synthesiser programs written for them and, depending on the sound chip in your micro, you can produce some nice tunes - as displayed by the entrants to C&VG's micro-music competition earlier this year. Then if you are really musically inclined, there's always a keyboard with a MIDI interface, mentioned earlier.

Playing music on your computer is a great way to learn and enjoy music. And it only goes to show how many more things your home computer is capable of. There's more to them than alien blasting anyhow!



Vince Clark

Earlier this year, Computer & Video Games ran a micro-music competition and the man who judged all your musical efforts was Vince Clark, once part of Depeche Mode, half of Yazoo and mastermind behind the Assembly. While talking to him about computer music at his amazing studio, we found that he had another interest — playing video games, in particular Dragon's Lair! He also let us into some secrets about how he achieves his unique

Musicians like Vince are just scratching the surface sound. of what could be achieved using computers and micro-chip technology. But we reckon a computer will never be able to sing like Alison Moyet, Vince's one time partner in Yazoo.

Meanwhile, watch out for more music from the Assembly - and listen for the Fairlight at work.

Former Walt Disney animators are working on creating stunning laserdisc games - maybe they could add a soundtrack from a new wave composer? Perhaps one day Vince will be able to combine his music with his love of video games.

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STARDUST

t was in the mid 1970s when Nolan Bushnell, the founder of the giant Atari company, first thought up the idea of playing games on a TV screen and invented the first ever video game, Pong. A few days after he had delivered his latest invention to a customer, he had a telephone call complaining that the machine had broken down. It turned out that people had fed in so many coins that they jammed up the machine!

His company, Atari, which means "a hit" in Japanese, became a huge success and Nolan Bushnell eventually sold it to the telecommunications and film giant, Warner Brothers, in a multi-million dollar deal.

Meanwhile, in Japan, Atari tried to sell the idea of video games to the Japanese but without much success because of lack of marketing expertise in Japan. So Pong and others went pretty well unnoticed in

However, a number of existing arcade companies saw a future in this latest technological wizardry and decided to invest in it. One such company was Taito, the people who created the original Space Invaders game and launched the video game boom which followed it soon after.

The story of Taito and Space Invaders is an unusual one. Taito is a Japanese company run by a Jewish businessman who was born in Odessa and educated in Japan. His name is Mehile Cogan and he is now 64 years old.

He created the Taito trading company back in 1953 to import juke boxes and pinball machines from the United States. During the booming 60s, his company grew. Within that decade, his company built three factories dotted around the country and became the leading arcade company in Japan.

When Atari came up with Pong and other video games, Taito felt that the time was right to invest in this new technology.

Taito will not say exactly who Space Invaders was developed by. Space Invaders was never patented, to protect its secrecy, and the origin of the game is still shrouded in mystery.

However, from what C&VG can gather, the project was a joint venture between Taito and an American company which had the technical know how to produce computer circuits.

The project started in the summer

of 1976. According to Madel Velasquez, of Taito's Internation Affairs Division, the developm team had lengthy discussions, after day, as to what kind of a game create. They wanted to introduc new concept into video games.

At that time, science fiction more were all the rage in Japan. I wanted something to do with a space with high speed action good sound effects.

Before Space Invaders came als there were a lot of two player ard games, such as tennis and cow shoot-outs. But the quality of game really depended upon thes

of one's opponent.

"Why not make the player; against the machine," said member of staff. "Let's use a mi processor so we can program machine to fight against the play said another. And from here went on to draw up the bluepri Space Invaders with concepts to revolutionary for that time.

You had the machine as opponent and the game invol shooting the enemy with a cannon in true science fiction st The level of difficulty increased you played, thus making the g more challenging, and finally it terrific sound effects.

The name Space Invaders easily decided as the game invo UFOs from outer space invading planet Earth.

Development took a year complete. At that time, there few arcade games which contains microprocessor. The developm team had to design the hardware software from scratch.

The program was finished in summer of 1977 but it was not June 1978 that Taito finally relea its product. It came a year after release of the first Star Wars m and in the middle of the scie fantasy boom. The timing was

At the product launch, showed two arcade games, \$ Invaders and another game a Blue Shark. Strangely the dealers critics were not really enthus about Space Invaders. The con was so different from anyt previously seen and they could quite work it out! Only a machines were sold at the launch then only for trial runs.

But the public knew better. Sp Invaders started to take off in a m spectacular way.

At the Amusement Machine Sh in October 1978, Taito received times as many orders than they co possibly produce. Deals demanded the machine with seemed to eat their custome money as soon as the game ! switched on.

THE STORY BEHIND SPACE INVADE

The early history of the arcade game bootinits long been shrouded in mystery. But now, Tom Sato, C&VG's Japanese correspondent, can reveal what really happened in those early days. Here he tells all about the Space Invaders boom which spawned a million computer games and something about Taito - the company who created the Invaders and launched a thousand imitators onto the scene.

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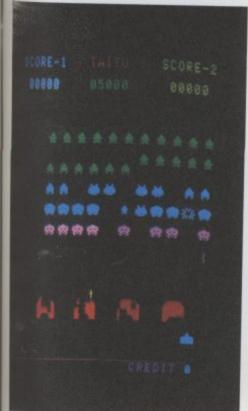
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Space Invaders in action

One of the main reasons for the success was Taito's clever decision to make two versions of the Space Invaders machine — an upright version and a tabletop version. The tabletop version did extremely well. Unlike the upright machines, the Space Invaders tables could be placed in all sorts of places — such as cafés, restaurants and hotels — as well as the customary arcade halls.

Café and restaurant owners realised that, instead of having ordinary tables, they could have space Invader tables which would tam money with hardly any cost.

One of the newspaper cuttings which Madalena Velasquez sent us talls what the Invader boom was like in Japan. The headline reads: "JAPAN INVADED BY MONSTER INVADERS!" and shows a picture of a Space Invader café packed with players. People queued up for hours to play the Invaders while dealers queued up outside Taito's offices and factories to get more machines.

By the spring of 1979, the boom teached epidemic level. People were hooked on the game and were spending vast amounts of money on it. In fact, Japan started to run out of 100 yen coins! The May 13th issue of Japan Economic News translates like this:

"100 YEN COINS DISAPPEAR: 30,000,000 coins eaten nationwide. Bank of Japan strikes back".

The Bank of Japan was forced to mint three times as many (66,000,000) 100 yen coins in the month of April because of the increased demand created by Space Invaders.

Apparently, the Bank of Japan did not know why the demand for 100 yen coins was so high. So they sent out a research team to find out what



was going on. That was ironic since they only had to walk into a tea house to find out what was happening. Some tea houses stopped serving tea and instead provided spaces for those money eating *Invaders!*

The fact that the Bank of Japan was minting more coins and that Taito was making a killing out of the game spread some really wild rumours. According to the Evening Fuji newspaper, one disgruntled arcade hall owner who couldn't get enough supply of Invader machines told a newspaper reporter that, because Taito leased most of their machines, the company got about 60 to 70 percent of the takings.

Every day, he said, 30 eight-ton trucks delivered sacks and sacks of 100 yen coins to Taito's headquarters from all over the country! Well, following this lead, the reporter from the Evening Fuji actually went to see if the rumour was true but he couldn't

find any trucks loaded with 100 yen coins, let alone a garage large enough to fit a single truck.

Just to make sure, this curious reporter went to the local police station to check it out. "100 yen truck? No, we haven't seen anything like that around here," was the answer he got.

Still, Taito did double its profits that year and was said to have a turnover of Y100,000,000 a day so, although the rumour was unfounded, the amount was probably pretty close to the truth!

Space Invaders is the only game in the world which created so much social disorder. At the peak of the boom, people were skiving off work while teenagers stole money to play the game. With the added troubles at the Bank of Japan, the matter was even discussed at the Japanese Parliament.

However, the boom ended as suddenly as it was started. By late 1979, it was all over in Japan and, by 1980, hardly anyone was playing the game. Why? Well, people got too good at the game and then became bored with it. Besides, *Galaxians* and *Pac-Man* came along and wiped out the now out-dated *Space Invaders*.

Suddenly there was a glut of Space Invaders machines everywhere in Japan. What happened to them?

Well, You know what happened. Taito exported them here and that's when you started hearing those strange noises coming out of your local pub which heralded the dawning of the age of the video game!

The game that started it all!



In days of old when knights were bold, And dragons were mean and vicious,

A knight of steel with a heart

of gold,

Rode off to rescue a beautiful princess and found himself in all kinds of trouble.

Well I never was much good at poetry anyway! Can you find a word that rhymes with vicious? As you may have guessed from all the talk about knights, dragons and princesses. we're talking about Dragon's Lair, one of the first laser-disc games to reach the UK. It will take you to a land where literally anything can

happen!

he hero of Dragon's Lair, Dirk the Daring dashes off to a haunted castle to rescue a beautiful princess who's being kept prisoner by a ferocious dragon in the murky depths of the castle.

The graphics - if you can call them that - are beautifully drawn cartoon animations. It's just like controlling the action in your favourite cartoon.

Dragon's Lair is a game where it's essential to know the right moves to proceed through the game - it's not one of those games where you can merrily keep your finger on the firebutton and hope desperately for a really good hi-score!

The player has to react to situations dictated by the computer. The computer then plays out the move. You dictate the direction Dirk should take - the computer works out if it

was the right one!

For instance, if you want Dirk to run forward, simply push the joystick away from you and Dirk will move off to the next scene where the next decision has to be made.

Ray Raveneau, who works for Kodak, is an ardent arcader in his spare time and was one of the first people I came across who was able to complete Dragon's Lair. Ray gave us a demo of his prowess on this addictive game and also a few tips to help those who constantly get splattered over walls, sucked into mud pools or electrocuted by thousands of volts.

If you're a complete novice at the game, here are a few general points to note. Whenever possible, direct

Dirk towards the flashes of light these generally indicate the direction of his next move. However, occasionally they're red herrings which will certainly cause your demise should Dirk follow the light.

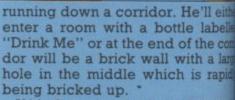
Dirk often assumes a crouching position indicating a move on your part - the direction in which he is looking will often tell you which way to move.

Always listen for the "ping" which will sound whenever you have pushed the joystick in the right direction - you then know that the move has been accepted. In certain scenes where timing is not too important, keep pushing the joystick continually in the direction you want Dirk to take. The "ping" is a great help here in letting you know when the right move's been made.

You will find when playing Dragon's Lair that you may have to play the same scene twice - but the second time and scene and therefore your moves will be in reverse order.

It would be impossible, in the space we've got, to describe in detail every scene in Dragon's Lair together with the tips - there are so many different paths the computer might choose to get to the Dragon. However, you can expect to have to brave approximately 30 different scenes to complete the game. Each game you play will have a slightly different scenario. The scenes we have chosen, therefore, are those that come up fairly regularly during game

Hole in the Wall: One of the first scenes you'll come across when beginning to play shows Dirk



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If it's the room, don't drink from poison bottle but push the joysti right towards the door - Dirk w then escape. If Dirk's running towards the hole in the wall, push to wards and Dirk should dive through the hole just before the bricks bloo

The Ropes: Dirk is teetering on the edge of a flaming chasm. There are series of ropes hanging from I ceiling which he'll have to use cross the chasm, Tarzan-style. Ast rope swings towards Dirk, push the joystick right towards the rope left if it's in reverse - and Di should jump successfully onto the

He'll have to use three ropes to cross the chasm. You should wa until the rope has reached the h extent of its swing and Dirk extend his arm before pushing the joysto right again. On the final swing, he had to leap off the rope to the far edg

and to safety.

The Mechanical Horse: Dirk lear onto a mechanical horse whi abruptly springs to life and takes in a most unhorse-like manner. races towards a pillar and collist seems inevitable when a burst flame appears to one side of the pillar. This happens several time and you must push the joystick awa from the flames. The horse will the swerve violently away and rac towards another pillar where the same thing happens. When the hom gallops straight towards an L-shape



wall, push the joystick left away from the wall.

The Falling Floor: Dirk races through an archway and onto a circular, wooden platform. Horror of horrors! It starts to plummet on an endless journey down - stopping with a knee-jerking jolt for a split second three times on the way down. Each time it stops, you have the chance to push your joystick in the direction Dirk is facing and he'll jump onto a rickety catwalk.

he Giddy Goons: As soon as the Giddy Goon appears — recognisable as a little, purple, furry creature press the sword button then move the joystick to the right. Dirk will bound up the stairs and encounter a pair of Goons — wait until the Goons are two or three steps away from Dirk and press the sword button. Then push the joystick forwards.

he Lizard King: When the Lizard King raises his weapon over his head, push the joystick to the left. As Dirk approaches a wall, push the joystick right - this move is made when he stops at the entrance between the walls. The instant he looks right, you must move to the right. Dick repeats his move several times along the way until a pile of gold and his sword are in front of him. When you get to his point, push the joystick forward then keep pressing the sword button until Dirk has finished the Lizard King

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le Olde Rapides: This is possibly the easiest section of Dragon's Lair. At the beginning of Dirk's journey, when he tumbles into a floating barrel, move the joystick left or right owards the flashes of light. When he reaches Ye Olde Rapides, always move towards the darker yellow patches of water - left and right movements. Dirk will then hurtle lowards the whirlpools, here you must steer him around the sides of the whirlpools where there is a wide expanse of water to avoid being sucked into the vortex. At the end of his ride is a chain hanging from the ceiling. Push the joystick forward

when the chain flashes and Dirk will leap from the barrel and grab it.

The Ghostly Horseman: As soon as Dirk appears in this scene, push the joystick right. When the horseman gallops towards him, wait until the row of stakes beside Dirk spring up. At this instant, push the joystick to the left or right so that Dirk jumps to the other side of the read. This must be accomplished three times - twice to avoid the horseman's sword and the last time to escape completely.

Mud Monsters: In this sequence, timing is not an important factor making the right moves is. When the Mud Monsters have risen half-way out of their mud pits, press the sword button. However, Dirk is unsuccessful and turns looking for an avenue of escape. He's confronted by a mudpit. To escape, push the joystick forward, and Dirk will jump towards the flashes of light. When Dirk leaps onto the bridge, ignore the flashes on his left and right and continue to push the joystick fowards.

The Skeleton Attack: Dirk is cautiously walking down a passage

with doors on either side of him. Suddenly he's attacked by a bunch of bouncing skulls. As soon as this happens, push the joystick forward and Dirk will take a leap. When he lands, hit the sword button. Black tar



then starts oozing towards him - at which point, push the joystick forward. Again Dirk will leap. When he lands, push the sword button. Dirk is in a half-crouch and is sheathing his sword when once again he's confronted by the tar. To escape, jump through the doorway where he'll meet some unfriendly Ghouls. To despatch the Ghouls, hit the sword button as soon as they show themselves. Phew!

The Giant Rollerballs: Dirk is running down a tunnel when a huge black ball rolls down the tunnel behind him. There's no escape - so Dirk kicks up his heels and runs for his life as the ball races down at him. To save Dirk, wait until he stops running and turns his head. Pull the joystick back. This occurs several times and each time you must pull the joystick towards you. You will also notice that the floor changes colour as Dirk stops. When the section of ground is a dark purple, get ready to





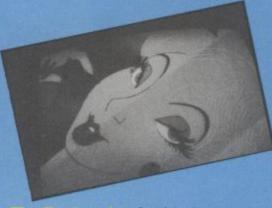
push forward on the joystick the instant a hole appears in front of him. No, it's not the latest pop group! In this scene Dirk is confronted by paddles swinging on two poles. The paths of the paddles overlap as they swing in circles and Dirk only has a micro-second to dive between them. He times himself by going into several semi-crouches and then goes into a deep half-crouch which indicates that you should make your move - forward! Once through the bats, Dirk lands on his feet. Push the sword button, as he is faced with a huge spear. Branch-like tentacles then reach out towards Dirk - no doubt from some stray monster. To escape, keep pulling back on the joystick until you hear a "ping" or Dirk starts moving away, then push forward continuously until the same things occur.

this In this scene, a huge Black Knight attempts to turn Dirk into charcoal by sending mega-volts of electricity through the floor. Dirk has to leap away from the current in several well timed moves. There are seven moves to make in all right, left, forward, left, right, left, right. Got it? The left and right moves are made when the current threatens to surround Dirk. Just before this happens, make the appropriate move by jumping towards that part of the floor which has not been electrified. When Dirk lands in front of the knight, keep jabbing the sword button to finish him off.

The Flying Sword and Anvil: Dirk is surrounded by a ring of fire. Hovering overhead is a sword and mace. The sword suddenly descends to attack Dirk. When it is half-way between Dirk and the height from which it fell, punch the sword button. The instance the mace begins to fall. punch the sword button. In the next scene, in this sequence of attacks. Dirk is confronted by a flying anvil. When the anvil rises, move Dirk to either the left or right - that is, away from the line of fire beside him and consequently away from the path of the anvil. A sword then rises out of a

rack and heads for Dirk — press the sword button. Escaping up a flight of stairs, Dirk encounters a statue coming to life — again punch the sword button.

The Filting Ploor Dirk is standing on a floor which is tilting up and down. Wait until a light flashes to his right then move the joystick back. When Dirk jumps back, a trapdoor opens beneath him. Push the joystick forward and, when he lands, push the joystick left.



The Barthquaker In this scene, the object is to avoid fissures in the ground which threaten to swallow Dirk. If a crack appears to his left or right, jump Dirk in the opposite direction. The movements are similar to those in the Electrifying Knight scene. Wherever a safe space appears, move Dirk in that direction. One more tip — don't wait for the fissures to open up completely before making a move.

The Dragon's Lair: Well, this is folks! The moment you've all bee waiting for. There are several different moves to make once you'reached the Dragon's Lair and before you can rescue the princess who kept locked up in a glass bubble.

When Dirk first appears on the scene, you will see behind him huge number of precious object balanced precariously upon on another. As soon as they flash, monthe joystick to the left. Dirk then run up to and stops in front of the Dragor At this point, move the joystick knagain. He runs off and stops besid another pile of objects. These wiflash — push to the left.

The next scene shows Dirk behing a tree about to be crushed against? Wait until the Dragon makes the attempts to crush Dirk. Before the tries a third time, pull back on the jostick. The Princess then appears a screen — keep pushing the joysto until you hear a "ping".

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Dirk takes refuge behind another tree. Pull the joystick back before the Dragon makes another attempt to crush him. The Princess appear again — push forward until you hear "ping" and then keep pushing the joystick to the right.

The next scene shows Dirk running away from the Dragon. As soon a you see the Magic Sword, push the joystick to the right and then present the sword button. Continue punching the sword button until Dirk lifts he sword in front of him then push the joystick left until that familiar "ping is heard.

When Dirk completes his move press the sword button continuous until the machine clicks twice. You have killed the Dragon and Rescust the Princess!!

So now you know how to beat the dragon. Dragon's Lair is a brillian game and we hope these tips whelp you make the most of it. So, unto your armous turns rusty — keep up the dragon bashing!



Mellin

RUNS ON AN AMSTRAD

BY DAVID MUIR

in Zeppelin, the player controls a German airship which moves automatically back and forth across the screen.

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The COPY key drops abomb which descends at an angle from the Zeppelin's bomb hatch at the bottom of the aircraft. Only one bomb can be in midair at one time. You must aim for one of the six munitions factories dotted across the landscape. Hitting one factory scores 100 points but hitting all six gives a bonus of another 600 points when a fresh screen of six new factories is displayed.

The up and down cursor keys control the altitude at which the airship is flying this is your only defence against the missiles which are being launched from land-based guns.

Before each fresh screen there is a short pause which can be eliminated by pressing the space bar. This rest gives the player time to adjust to the next level.

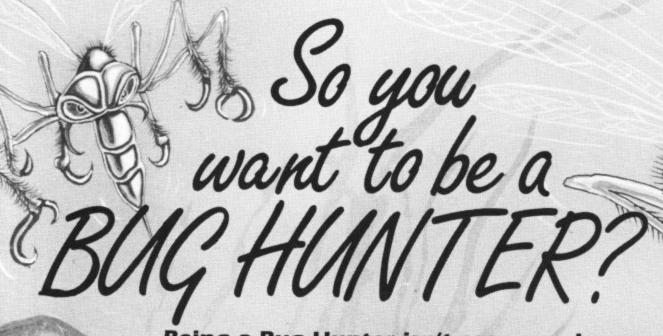
It is easier to bomb the factories from a low height and the bombs can be dropped more frequently, but there is less time to manoeuvre away from the shells which are fired more frequently.



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1700 REM ###########
1800 REM move bomb, delete when out of range
1900 REM ###########
2000 IF NOT kb OR 11 THEN RETURN ELSE DI:PLOT 0,0,3:MOVE box,boy:PRINT CHR\$(251);
2000 IF ABS(boy-60)<8 THEN GOSUB 1200
2300 IF ABS(boy-60)<8 THEN GOSUB 1200
2400 E1:RETURN
2400 E1:RETURN
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2900 IF kg THEN RETURN ELSE RANDOMIZE TIME:n=1+INT(RND*4):IF (g(n) OR (p(n)>px A):IV (p(n) OR (p(n))>px A):IV (p(n) OR (p(n))>px A):IV (p(n) OR (p(n))>px A):IV (p(n))>px A

Zeppelin





Being a Bug Hunter isn't easy, you know. So many new micros have arrived on the shelves this year alone that it's getting hard to keep track of them all. Many people type in programs from games magazines like Computer & Video Games. Occasionally, we have to admit, an error creeps into one of our listings. More often, though, the person typing the listing in makes a small typing error. So, next time you have problems with one of our games, read this before phoning Bug Hunter It may save you the cost of a phone call.

RETURN WITHOUT GOSUB

Similar to NEXT WITHOUT FOR. This is a pair of statements which must occur in order. If the computer reaches a RETURN but has not encountered a GOSUB on the way, then you'll get this error.

You are trying to open a datafile

which has already been opened. It

FILE ALREADY OPEN

may be that it was opened elsewhere in the program but was not closed. When you open a file, the computer creates areas in memory act as points and buffers. If you do not close a file when you have finished with it, then these areas will not be deleted. Data is often stored in me mory blocks and trans ferred to the file only

when each blook

full or when the file is closed. If you forget to close a file, then you may it inadvertently, then well lose the final block of data.

SYNTAX ERROR

This is the most common error message. It means that the program line is not recognised by the computer as being "RUN" able. This may be becaue you have left out a character, eg a bracket, or spelt a word wrongly, eg. IPNUT instead of INPUT. Many syntax errors are quite hard to spot as one very small mistake can cause a whole line to be rejected. Check especially the commas, full stops, colons and semi

VARIABLE NOT FOUND

On some computers, all variables are set to zero when you type RUN. On others, though, they are not given a value until you give them one. So if you set the value of X to 10 and then, further down the program, make a typing mistake and call it Y, you'll get

this error unless Y also has a value.

Both systems have their advantages. If your program uses a lot of variables, then it's annoying to have to set them all to zero. It does cut down on typing errors, though.

OUT OF MEMORY

The computer stores a number in memory which tells it how much RAM it has left if you change this

number by poking into you'll get the impression that you have less — or even more — RAM left than you should have it is possible to poke into a Vic so that typing PRINT FRE(0) will say that you have 64k left even if it's a 3.5k machine. This doesn't mean that you really do have all that space - just that the machine thinks if does.

REDO FROM START

Not exactly an error message, the but it will happen if you try to enters string from the keyboard when t program is expecting a number if the program asks for a number and your input contains any characters apart from the numbers 0 to 9, you get this message

EXTRA IGNORED

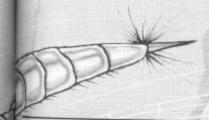
Similar to Redo from Start. You'll get this it your response to an input satement contains a comma because Basic uses the companies a comma separate input statements. If you a comma then the current statement is terminated if happens, then everything after comma (including the comma will be lost.

An arr a DIM access A(100) If you

the messa could Even stop c progra comp typing messa below

just th CAN When BREAL by typ contin mad

In me BUTTY



BAD SUBSCRIPT

An array has been dimensioned with DIM statement but you are trying to access a part of the array which does of exist. For example, the line DIM (100) will give array A 100 elements. you then try to PRINT A(103) you'll et bad SUBSCRIPT. The number in

the brackets is known as a subscript. If you get this error, check any lines which deal with arrays, especially DIM lines. the computer prints an error message when you type RUN, it could be a very small typing error. Even mistaking a comma for a full stop could alter the way in which a program runs. So next time the computer rejects an afternoon's hard lyping and prints one of those rude messages, check it with the list below. You never know, it could be ist the solution.

CAN'T CONTINUE

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type mput this the

When you interrupt a program with REAK or ESCAPE you can restart it typing CONTinue. But there are e ogcasions where you can't tinue. For example, if you alter frogram in any way, then the arranged to fit it Therefore all revious data is lost and you can't minue running the old program. If are going to type something dote continuing, eg printing the due of a variable, make sure that the type accurately as you can't online if you get a SYNTAX RROR.

This is because all variables are set if an error message occurs.

DIVISION BY ZERO

maths it is impossible to divide any hs it is impossible to divide any et by zere. So if you try to do so r program, you'll get this error be that you've typed the name a variable wrengly if your nesses all variables to zero at an and you type a variable that has not been used in the will have a value of zero.

TPF w 12 WCH 0 bles in the rogram line and are of different types tring ables have roller sign after the numeric ones to the numeric ones to

NEXT WITHOUT FOR

A FOR-NEXT loop is a special part of a Basic program. There must be a FOR statement, then part of the program and then a NEXT statement. If the program comes across a NEXT but has not been through the matching FOR, then you'll get this error. As well as incorrect typing of the FOR and NEXT lines, it could be that your GOTOs and/or GOSUBs are wrong. This might make the program jump to a NEXT without going through the FOR first.

ILLEGAL DIRECT

There are two ways to enter a Basic statement. Either with a line number, as part of a program, or without one. This is known as immediate mode. There are some commands, though, which can't be entered in immediate or direct - mode but only as part of a program. An example is the INPUT command. If you try typing a command in immediate mode which can only be input as part of a program, then you'll get this error. Try typing INPUT A on your computer and you'll see what I mean.

STRING TOO LONG

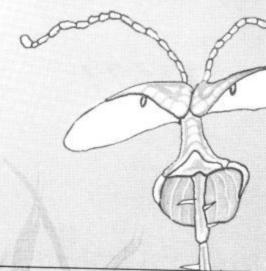
The program is trying to create a string which is longer than the version of Basic allows. This is no problem on a Spectrum, as there is no limit to the length of a string. On other micros, though, strings usually have a limit of 255 characters. Trying to add characters on to the end of a string without clearing it first will often produce this error. In standard Basic but not on the Spectrum - the same goes for elements of string arrays. On the Spectrum you cannot have true string arrays.

LINE NOT FOUND UNDEFINED LINE

A GOTO or GOSUB statement points to a line of the program which does not exist. On some computers, the Spectrum for example, if a line does not exist, the program will jump to the next available line without producing an error

REDIMENSIONED ARRAY

Once you have set up an array with a DIM statement, you cannot set it up argin without clearing it first, or coping RUN which does the same thing. If you get this error when typing a program from a magazine, then, there where hen check especially for typing expors in DIM statements. Check all your GOTO and GOSUB statements is well, as a typing error may be making the program lump back to a JM. This error message may also be alled a DD error, which stands louble Dimension. No jokes about orking wonders, please!



OUT OF DATA

This is one of the most common errors. In many Basic programs, you'll find lines with the word DATA at the beginning. These contain numbers or letters which the program needs to run, and which are read into the program with a READ statement. Each time there is a READ, it will get the next item from the DATA line. But, if there is a READ but no more DATA left to be read, you'll get this error. If this happens, check the DATA lines to make sure that they are typed correctly. Each tem DATA is separated by a comma so, if you miss one of these out, you will merge two DATA items into one. This means that although the DATA it will there, it will appear one short to the computer.

OUT OF MEMORY

Quite self explanatory, really. It means that you haven't got any memory left! This usually means that a program is too large to fit in the machine and that you've run out of RAM. However, there are some typing errors which will result in this error, especially DIM statements which are used to reserve memory for data. If your DIM is too large, then you'll find yourself running out of memory.

BAD MODE

This error is found on HSC micros and is similar to Out of Memory it can mean that there is not enough memory for the selected mode.

Each of the graphic modes on the BBC takes up a different amount of the computer's memory. This means that the size of the largest program which you can write depends on which graphic mode you use

TEST MATCH

The England Test team may not be doing well this season, but here's your chance to beat the West Indies — on computer at least.

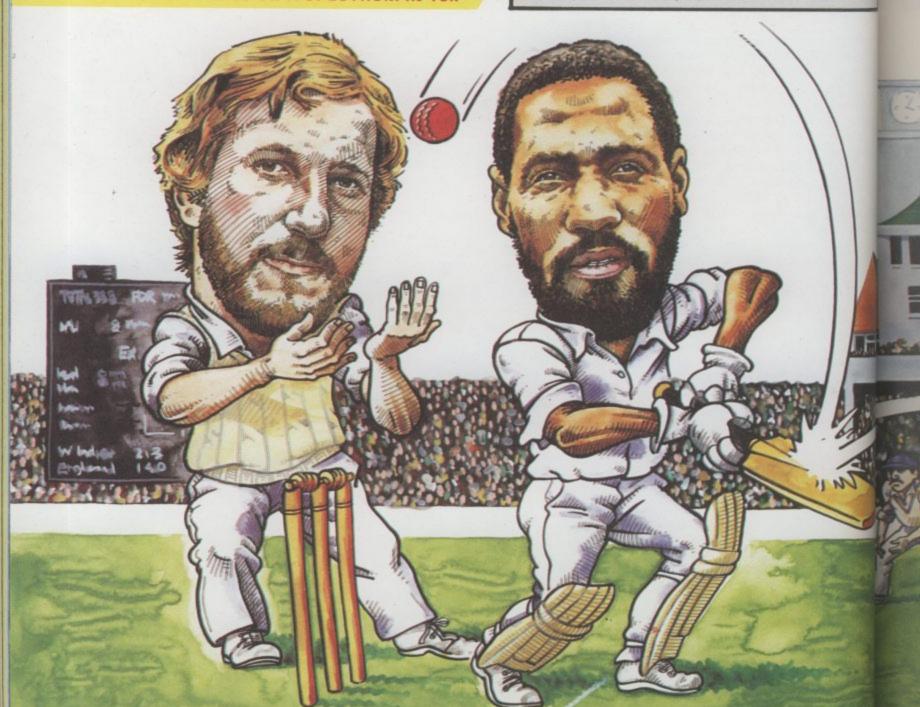
Perhaps you'll be able to convince the MCC that a Spectrum should captain the England team next season!

You control the batsman who has to battle his way to a century or so. Mark White has come up with an entertaining computerised version of our traditional summer game which will keep you enthralled for hours. The game includes an end of match score card plus the option to choose the names of the opposing teams. Full instructions are included in the program.

So strap on your pads and prepare to score that century!

BY MARK WHITE

RUNS ON A SPECTRUM IN 16k



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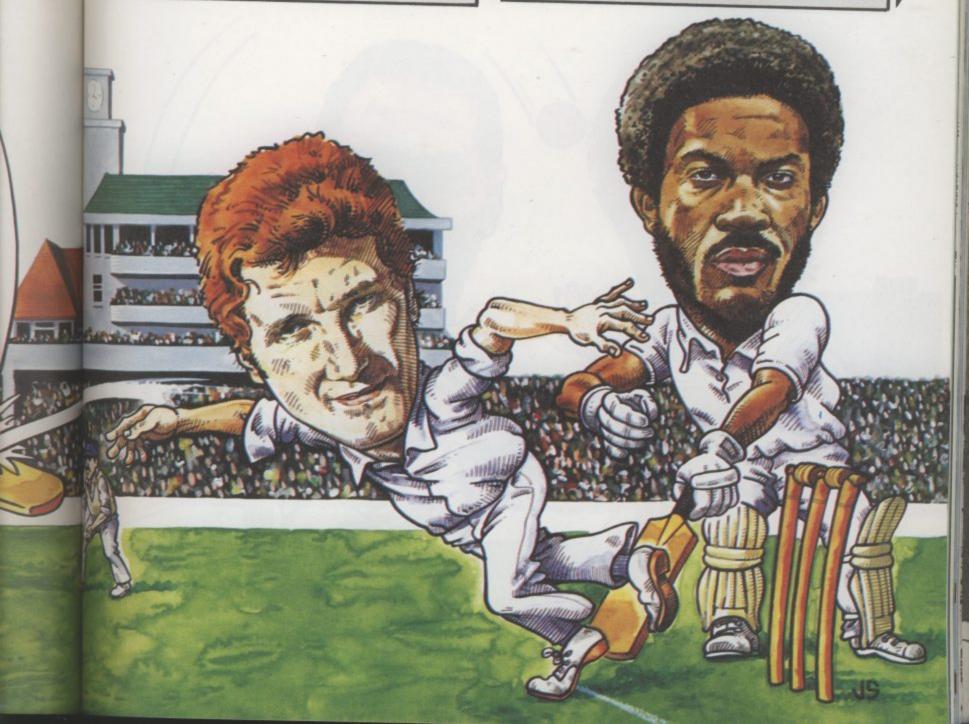
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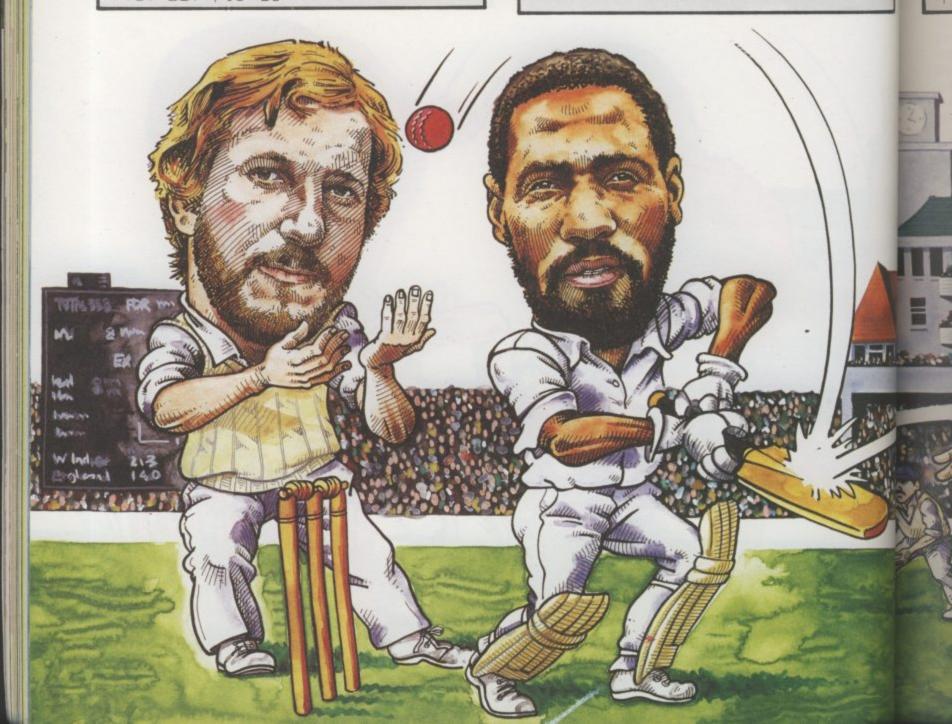
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7 1777

5010 IF f=15 OR f=10 THEN LET b=
b+1
5020 PRINT AT b, f; INK 2; "K"
5030 FOR g=1 TO Pace: NEXT g
5040 PRINT AT b, f;
5045 NEXT f
5050 PRINT AT 11,7; INK 2; "K"
5060 FOR f=1 TO 10: NEXT f
5070 PRINT AT 10,7; INK 2; "K"
5075 FOR f=1 TO 15: NEXT f
5075 PRINT AT 10,5; "E "; AT 11,4;
"GF"
5080 PAUSE 1: PAUSE Ø
5090 PRINT AT 11,8; ""; AT 10,18;
"; AT 11,18; "";
5100 GO TO 100
7000 PRINT AT 10,5; "AD"; AT 11,4;
"BC"
7005 GO SUB 210
7010 PRINT AT 11,2; "KU"
7070 FOR G=1 TO 25: NEXT G
7080 PRINT AT 7,1; "Lucky, ball P
itched off wicket."; AT 10,5; "E "
; AT 11,4; "GF"
7090 FOR g=1 TO 75: NEXT g
7100 PRINT AT 11,2; "": PAUSE 1:
PAUSE Ø: PRINT AT 11,18; ""; AT
10,18; "
7120 GO TO 100
7500 LET wickets = wickets + 1
7510 IF wickets = 10 THEN PRINT AT
9,7;s\$(no); GO TO 7530
7515 PRINT AT 21,28; PAPER 4; WICKETS
7525 RETURN

4; "

,5;

*43

AT

,4;

L=I

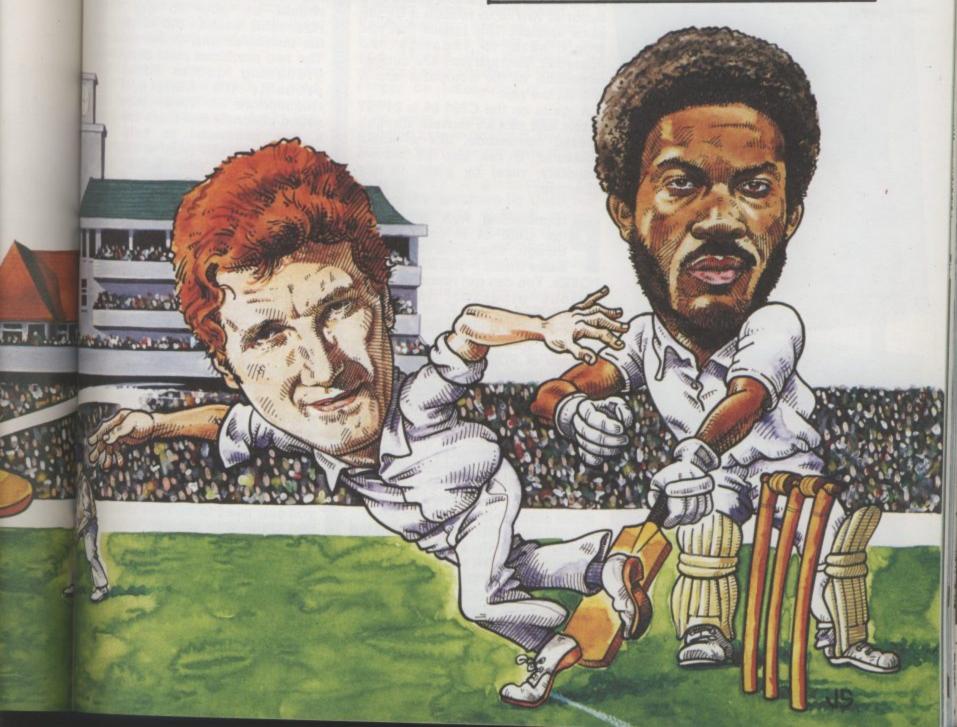
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5;

ER

A=

7530 LET no=no+1
7535 IF NO(3 THEN GO TO 7540
7536 IF S(1) > S(2) THEN PRINT AT
7,0;5\$(1); beat ";5\$(2); 7600 AT
7,0;5\$(1); "runs." GO TO 7600 AT
7,0;5\$(1); "runs." GO TO 7600 AT
7,0;5\$(1); "runs." GO TO 7600" G
7537 IF S(1); "runs." GO TO 7600" G
7540 PRINT AT 6,0; "Press any key
7558 PRINT AT 6,0; "Press any key
7555 GO TO 1000
75600 PRINT AT 6,0; "FLASH" THEN
7550 GO TO 1000
75600 PRINT AT 9,5; FLASH" THEN
7550 GO TO 1000
75600 PRINT AT 9,5; FLASH" THEN
75600 GO TO 1000
75600 PRINT AT 10, POS -1; "O"; AT 1
1,76300 LET POS = POS + .45: PRINT AT 1
1,76300 LET POS = POS + .45: PRINT AT 1
1,5100 PRINT AT 10, POS -1; "O"; AT 1
1,5100 PRINT AT 10, POS -1; "O"; AT 1
1,5100 PRINT AT 10, PRINT AT 9,8; "
95500 PRINT AT 12,9
9500 PRINT AT 12,9
9500 PRINT AT 12,9
9500 PRINT AT 12,9
9500 PRINT AT 12,9
950



GREAT GAMES

ZXSpectrum **PRINT UTILITIES** 5555 6555 7777 8888 ANDREW PENNELL MELBOURNE FOR THE 48K SPECTRUM

o, you're fed up with playing other people's games on your computer? You think you could do better? Well, why not try writing your own? With a good book on Basic by your side, it's not hard to write a simple game. But presentation is as important as the game itself. A good game also has an intricate loading title screen and well

Sprites will be pretty familiar to anyone who's ever tried to write a game on a Commodore 64 or Atari. A sprite is just like a user defined graphics character which you can move anywhere on the screen using simple commands from Basic. But a sprite is more than that. Special commands are included in the Basic language to handle them and you can perform special functions with sprites which you can't do with normal characters.

One feature of the Commodore 64 is the ability to expand a sprite by a factor of two or to reduce it by the same amount. This means that you won't have to redesign the character. You just give the correct command to the computer and it will do the rest.

A sprite on the CBM 64 is 24×21 pixels and can be moved, through special commands, like a single character. It can also be moved smoothly, pixel by pixel, in any direction.

rogramming with sprites on the CBM 64 is complicated, though. There are no special Basic words — just a long list of POKEs. You can get round this with various programs, including Simon's Basic.

The Atari machines can have up to five sprites. Again, it takes streams of POKEs to set them up and to move them around the screen. But if you're beginning to wonder why no machine has a decent set of sprite commands, then take a look at the Texas. Although TI Basic lacks the facility, if you buy the Extended Basic cartridge, then you're in luck. Your machine will now have a full set of sprite commands.

And you don't need a single POKE! To set up a sprite, use the command SPRITE and to magnify it, use MAGNIFY. Colours of sprites are set with COLOR — it's an American machine, you'll remember. If you want to find out

any more about this area of graphics programming, look through the books at your local micro shop. Or try your local library. It's surprising how many good computing books you'll find there.

If it's an entire game which you're trying to write, then you may find use for a games designer program.

If you want to know what these are all about, then dig out your copy of *C&VG* of December 1983. You'll find two fact-packed pages all about games designers in there, starting on page 90.

If music's your area, then you should be able to get some reasonable sounds out of many of the micros around at the moment. The two machines most capable of producing decent tunes are probably the Atari and the Commodore 64. These have four sound channels and there are quite a few programs to help you program multi-part music. If percussion is your fancy, then Quicksilva has a package for the Beeb called Drum Kit. It won't make you into a Stewart Copeland, but it's great fun if you're into drums and things.

Now, let's have a look at some of the programs designed specifically to help you in your programming.

Adventure fans. The Quill is now available for the Commodore 64. When this program was first launched for the Spectrum, it was one of the most popular programming utilities around. The program is designed to help you write Adventure games. In the past, you had to be good at ideas and programming in order to write a good Adventure, but now you only need to have the ideas and the Quill will actually write the program for you.

Once you've loaded the program, you use a special language to set up the Adventure. The first thing that you'll need to do is to draw a map to include all the locations and their

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designed sprites which take time. Luckily, though, many software houses are coming to our rescue with programs designed to make programming easier. Here, we take a look at some of the best of these programs. But first we ask what exactly do these programs do? And how do they do it? The Bug Hunter reveals all!

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gram, set up g that hap to their contents. You also have to define the paths which link the locations.

You can then add certain effects to the program like, for example, a message which will appear when you go into a certain room.

You also have to set up a score system so that the program knows how many points to give you for each object collected.

You can invent your own vocabulary, so you can allow the game to understand any words which you want.

Once you've completed your Adventure, then you can test it by selecting the test option from the main Quill menu. If all is well, then the Quill will save your game on to cassette.

You now have a complete Adventure program which will load into your computer just like any commercial program. Isn't that meat?

Many of the Adventures around in the shops at the moment were actually written with Quill. There's nothing wrong with this as it doesn't make them any harder or easier to play. In fact, unless you were told, you wouldn't know that they were not written by a professional programmer. Denis Through the Drinking Glass is an example. You can get more information from Gilsoft, on 0446 7322765.

raphics fans may be more interested in Scope than Quill. Scope, from ISP, stands for Simple Compilation of Plain English and is a graphics programming language for writing fast arcade-style games.

This is another program which has recently been launched on the Commodore 64 after proving its worth on the Spectrum.

The language has a vocabulary of around 45 words which allow you to create graphics and sound effects.

Scope is a compiled language which means that the programs you write are converted to machine code before you run them. This

makes Scope programs run a lot faster than if a similar program was written in Basic. Scope is from ISP who are based in Basingstoke.

Once you have designed your game, it would be nice to give it a professional-looking title screen as used by most of the professional software houses.

Screen machine is a screen editor for the Spectrum. It has 19 commands to help you produce professional screen displays for your games.

The main concept behind Forth is defining words. Each word is a Forth command and can be used in a program. The beauty is that you can extend the language by defining new words and these can simply be extensions of existing ones.

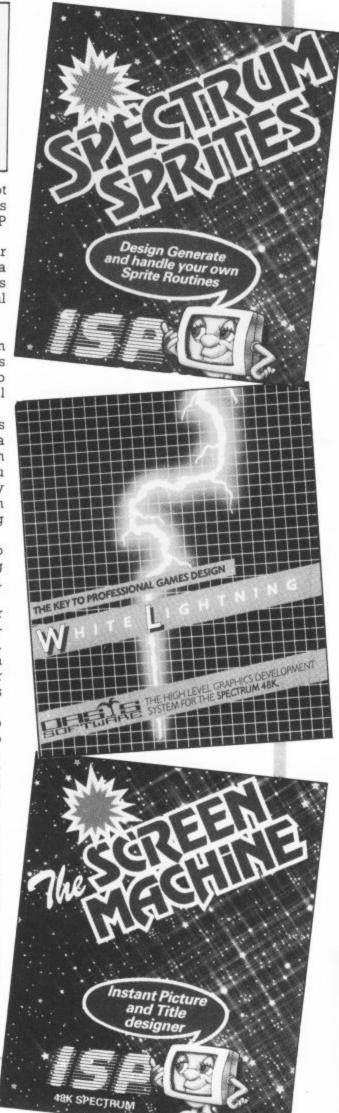
To write a program, you keep defining new words until, by typing just one word, the program will run.

hite Lightning, for the Spectrum by Oasis Software, is a Forth system. But it also has over 100 extra words designed specifically for programming fast-moving graphics for games.

A sprite creation program is also included so, if you're prepared to sit down and learn a new language, you can produce some really professional results with this package. I've seen it demonstrated and it really is impressive.

Of course, if it's just large pretty characters for a display you're after, then there's DLAN from Campbell systems. DLAN stands for Display Language and will produce moving displays on a Spectrum with a choice of 11 character sets.

Well, we've talked about a whole host of programs aimed at making life simpler for someone who's trying to write his or her own game. If you need any more info, then give the company a ring. Or write to me at Bug Hunter. Good luck with the programming!



STAR TURN

I was there on the day Terry Jones met computerised Erik for the first time in a small room at Mosaic Publish-

Terry was intrigued by the game and enjoyed the ing's London offices. way Pete Austin, of Level 9 Computing, famed for their Adventures, had converted his hero into a

But first things first. I asked Terry how Erik came computer game.

Had it not been for a certain Bill Jones, aged six, it is into his life. likely that neither book nor game would have come

into being.

Bill has an older sister called Sally, whose father wrote her a fairy story. Feeling a bit left out, Bill decided it was high time Dad wrote one for him. So Dad dreamed up Erik, and wrote a series of stories that turned into a saga - and eventually a successful, lavishly illustrated children's book.

But what about computers? Had the ex-Pythonees

come across a micro before, I asked?

"Yes, we have a Spectrum at home," replied Terry and, "But I must confess to being an absolute computer illiterate!

"Sally and Bill make the most use of our micro. So

you'll have to tell me what to do!"

Pete and Terry sat down facing the Spectrum and, after a few moments explaining how an Adventure game works, Pete started it off.

He then handed over to Terry, who guided Erik around the Viking farm and into the Great Hall.

Terry was absolutely intrigued by the graphics and suddenly full of questions. "So many pictures — I've never seen anything with pictures like that before on a

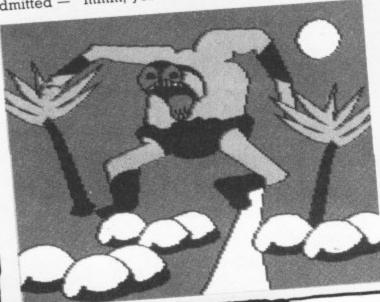
Level 9 are renowned for their extensive text games and so Erik marks a departure for them, being their

first venture into graphical Adventures.

Pete stopped Erik outside a church. "There, Terry a classic getting-into-the-church problem. It's all yours." Terry took over again and had a go. He had taken easily to the Adventure playing and now proved that he could be quite a violent man when unable to get through a door! On the keyboard, that is!

Eventually, Erik came upon the giant - and Terry loved the picture! "Worth all the trouble getting there

just to see him," he smiled. Meanwhile, I asked Terry why had he chosen the name Erik for his hero — could it have been anything to do with a pet fish? One featured in a famous Python sketch. "Never even crossed my mind!" Terry admitted — "mmm, yes — Erik the half-Viking . . .





Terry Jones

Games based on books have been one of the trends of the last year. Erik the Viking, a book by ex-Monty Python member Terry Jones, was one of them. C&VG's Adventurer-in-Chief, Keith Campbell, met Terry and Erik and talked about Vikings, pet fish, tech-fear and, of course, Adventures.

Was Terry's main occupation writing? "Well I've just spent the last six months lecturing on Chaucer," he replied. "Do any other members of the Python team have a micro?"

"Well, I'm not sure. But I think Terry Gilliam must have - he's that sort!" he joked.

Had there been close collaboration between Pete and Terry during the adaptation of Erik? "No, not as much as there should have been," admitted Pete "although we did speak to each other about it. And, a course, Terry had a copy of our synopsis."

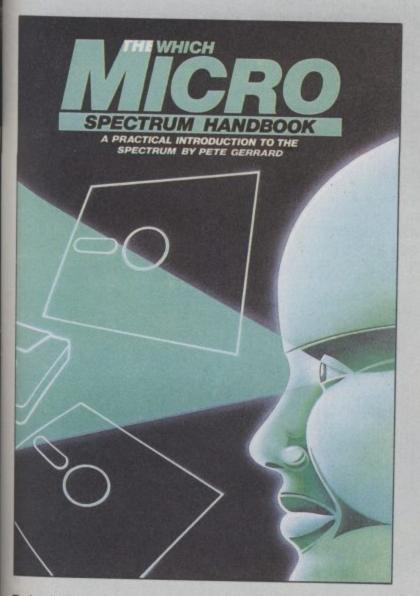
In order to design and write Erik the Viking, Pete Austin spent a considerable time in York, carrying of research into the subject at the recently discovered Viking settlement in that city.

"We have been pretty thorough," he said, "and yo may not realise it, but all the pictures and text rela ences in the game are really quite authentic."

Terry had a confession to make about Vikings. don't really like them. Nasty bloodthirsty people!"

Erik might go some way toward altering people opinions about Vikings - and maybe get mo people playing Adventure games. Even Ten perhaps?

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Britain's two most popular personal computers, the Commodore 64 and Spectrum are covered from basic to semi-expert in Which Micro magazine's Handbooks.

Author Pete Gerrard, a regular columnist for Which Micro, has put together an accurate and practical guide to both computers, at £4.99 per book.

Many programs are included and both 160-page books are spiral bound for easy use and are available in all good bookshops from November or direct through your letterbox by filling in the coupon below

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people's get more n Terry, We asked the statisticians at NOP — compilers of the UK's most accurate computer games chartto work out the Top Ten best selling games of 1984.

NOP stands for National Opinion Polls and it the name of one of the top three marke research companies in this country. The name may be familiar to some of you from the general elections when opinion polls are all you ever seem to hear about on the TV.

The expertise of NOP ensures that the C&VG Daily Mirror Top Thirty is the number one chart



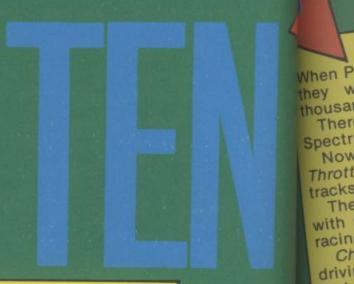
JET SET WILLY

Jet Set Willy is the best selling game of 1984, having reigned supreme at number one for over three months. As we go to press, Willy is still there fighting off the attacks from Vortex, Ultimate and Melbourne House.

Jet Set Willy was always bound to be a smash hit - gamers had enjoyed Manic Miner so much, with its addictive game play and zany graphics. There was a constant chorus of "Have you got Jet Set Willy yet?" in every computer shop in the country in the weeks leading up to the launch.

The sequel to Manic Miner finally found its way into the shops and surprised no one when it zoomed straight in at number one in the Top Twenty. What did surprise the pundits is the

Sabre Wulf came and went and Willy stayed at amount of time it stayed there. the top. So did Lords of Midnight, Tornado Low Level, Mugsy, Psytron and countless other great games. Well done Willy, you certainly are the people's favourite.



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FIGHTER PILOT

Fighter Pilot is the second best selling game of '84 just pipping Manic Miner at the post.

A World War II flight simulation incorporating combat, this game rocketed Digital Integration into the big league of games software houses.

Fighter Pilot's programmer, Dave Marshall, knows a thing or two about computers and aeroplanes, having worked on computer engine control systems for jet liners. This expertise comes across in the game which plays just as if you were in a real aircraft.

Fighter Pilot precipitated a flight simulation boom with several versions appearing from dozens of companies trying to emulate Digital's hit on other systems.

Since Fighter Pilot, Digital has launched three more games - each one a success.

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3 MANIC MINER

Manic Miner was the first computer game to feature ridiculous sounding characters, with names like the Man-Eating Toilets, Bouncing Cheques, and Mutant Telephones.

Now almost all computer games have some ridiculously named individuals in them - to the point of complete boredom.

The idea of the game is to get Willy, a cute little miner with peaked cap,

safely to the top of the twentieth mine. To get to the top of a mine, he must first collect all the various artifacts left behind by previous prospectors.

En route there are a couple of digs at rival software companies — like Eugene's Lair which represents Imagine Software - the now defunct but one time rival Liverpool neighbours of Software Projects.

Manic Miner paved the way for the success of Jet Set Willy by establishing Miner Willy as a well known and likeable video game character.

With both Miner Willy games now available on the Commodore 64 as well as on the Spectrum, this is one underground worker who looks set for even more fame and fortune, whatever the



ATIC ATAC

Atic Atac was the first game to successfully combine frenetic arcade action with a genuinely challenging Adventure scenario.

You can act the part of a Knight, Surf, or a Wizard in a search to find the four keys to the ACG room. ACG stands for Ashby Computer Graphics

Atic Atac is the fourth best selling game of '84, having stayed at number one in the charts for several weeks.

High scores have flooded into C&VG's office on this game — proving that Atic Atac certainly has that obscure element of addiction that keeps you reaching for your Spectrum.

Regular C&VG readers will have benefited from from the maps of the Atic Atac castle and strategy tips provided by Professor Video in our August edition.



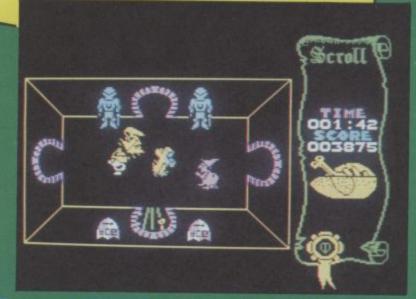
n Psion launched their racing car simulation, were greeted by sighs of relief from

usands of Spectrum owners. There was not one decent race game for the ectrum until Chequered Flag hit the shops. Now there are several race games — with Full mottle and Pole Position following in the used

The game is up to Psion's usual high standard acks of Chequered Flag. ith superbly detailed graphics and a choice of

Chequered Flag features several authentic tiving controls with brakes, gears, accelerator and working instruments on the dash. Earlier this year, in C&VG, Formula One driver Martin Brundle loted this game the most authentic racing

With Psion now converting some of their games simulation he'd seen. to the 64 and BBC, non-Spectrum owners can look forward to playing Chequered Flag on their systems





HUNCHBACK

Hunchback proved an enormous hit for Ocean on the Commodore 64 as well as on the Spectrum.

The multi-screen climbing game cast the player in the chivalrous role of the hero who rescues the

But before you can carry her off in your arms, there are several nasties to be dealt with — like fair Esmerelda. the natives with their spears at the ready and the gaping caverns to be swung across.

As sixth best selling game of 1984, Hunchback really put Ocean on the map and was followed up

by a number of other successes.

Ocean's Hunchback was officially licensed from the arcade game of the same name.

Hunchback was also the first Spectrum game to be advertised nationally of talentises. to be advertised nationally on television.



MANIC MINER

Tenth best selling game of 1984 is the Commodore 64 version of Manic Miner. This number one hit on the Spectrum was converted to the 64 by Chris Lancaster.

The conversion is a painstakingly accurate job which also benefits from the extra sound

Miner Willy is now looking forward to making capabilities of the 64. his third and — according to Software Projects —

final appearance in a computer game. This mystery game is also going to be converted to run on the 64 after its launch on the Spectrum.

A mole in Liverpool also tells me that Software Projects is looking at MSX computers with a view to a guest appearance by Miner Willy.



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SABRE WULF

Sabre Wulf is the first of four games from Ultimate

You are an intrepid jungle explorer trying to escape from the jungle. You have to survive attacks from countless wild animals as well as poisonous flowers.

As in Atic Atac, you have to find four pieces of a hidden object to complete the game.

Sabre Wulf maps have been flooding into the C&VG office since the game went on sale in June. As we go to press, it is already the seventh best selling game of 1984 and is likely to improve this

The most striking thing about Sabre Wulf when dappears on screen is the beauty of the graphics with its pretty flowers and green foliage. It's a joy



JET PAC

Jet Pac was voted Game of the Year by C&VG's Paders in the 1984 Golden Joystick Awards.

Ultimate's first release, this game hogged the

You control Jet Man who has to fly around the Top Twenty for months. screen powered by his jet pack picking up the three sections of his rocket, assembling it and then blasting off to the next planet — where he has to go through the same routine all over again! The game was such a popular release that Ultimate has now converted it to run on the BBC

and Vic-20 as well as on the Spectrum. As we go to press, it is also strongly rumoured that Ultimate will be bringing out a Commodore 64

version of this excellent title.

Ninth best selling game of 1984 is not bad for a game launched as long ago as summer '83 — which just goes to prove its long-lasting appeal.

Let Pacie also distinguished by receiving more Jet Pac is also distinguished by receiving more

C&VG Hall of Fame entries than any other game, so its popularity is showing no sign of flagging.



NIGHT GUNNER

Night Gunner challenges you to fly a night bombing mission over enemy territory. Enemy 8 fighters come screaming in for the kill and you

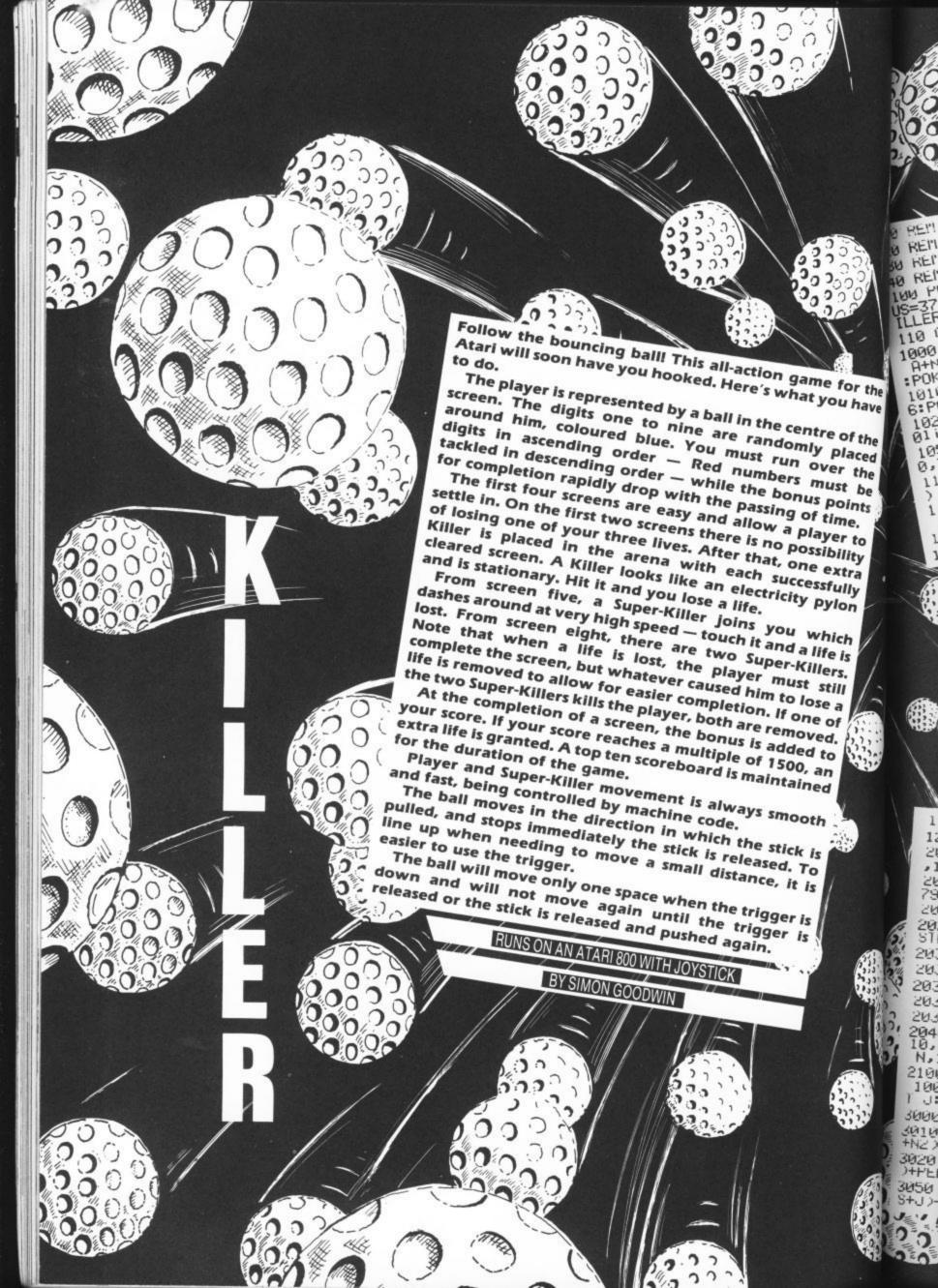
Night Gunner was originally a very successful must fight for your life! program on the ZX81. When the two partners who comprise Digital Integration went full time last year, the game was converted to run on the Spectrum and was an instant hit.

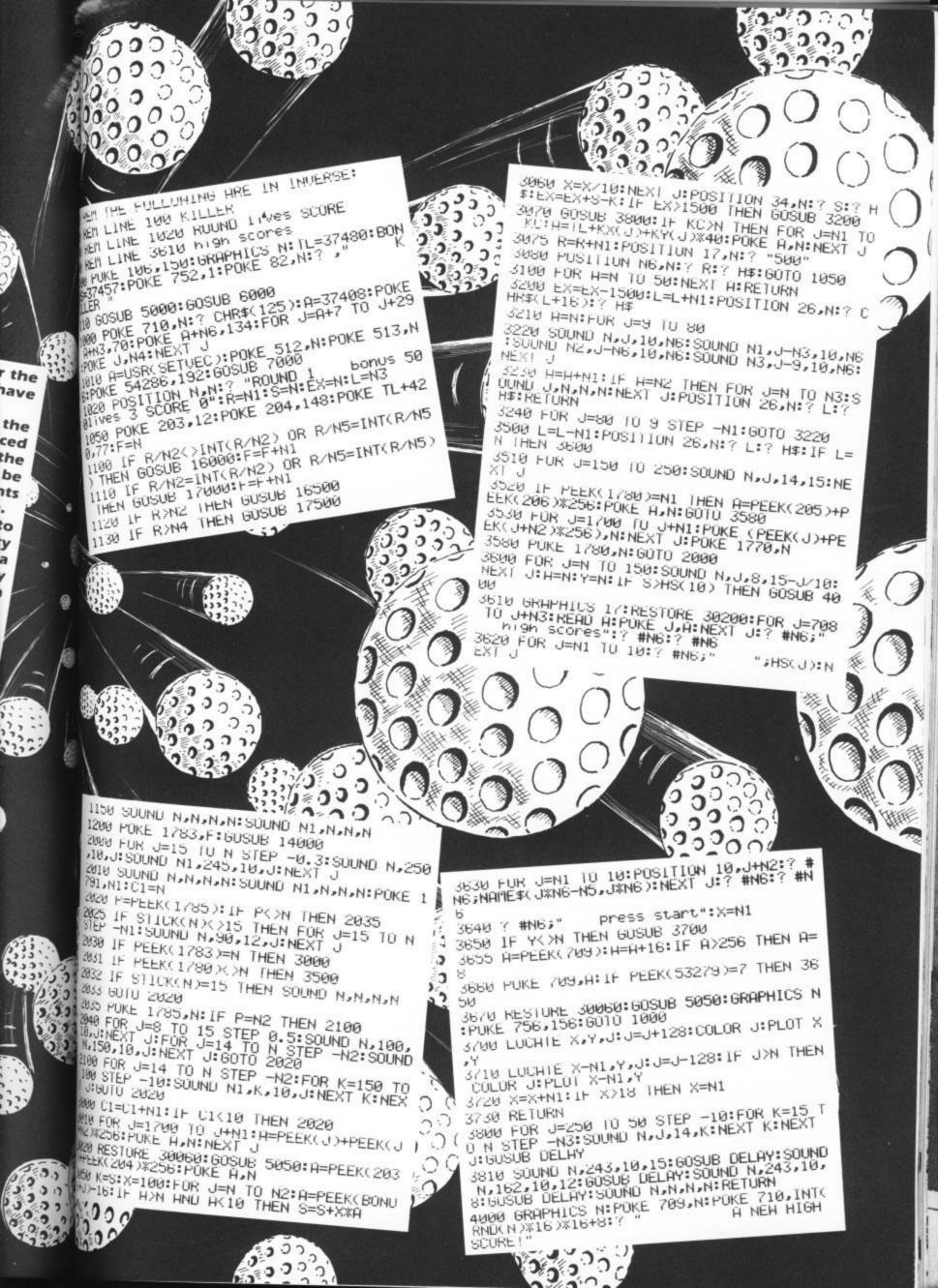
Many people were surprised that Digital had produced two similar programs, Fighter Pilot and Night Gugger but similar or not both games Night Gunner but, similar or not, both games proved themselves real winners in the charts.

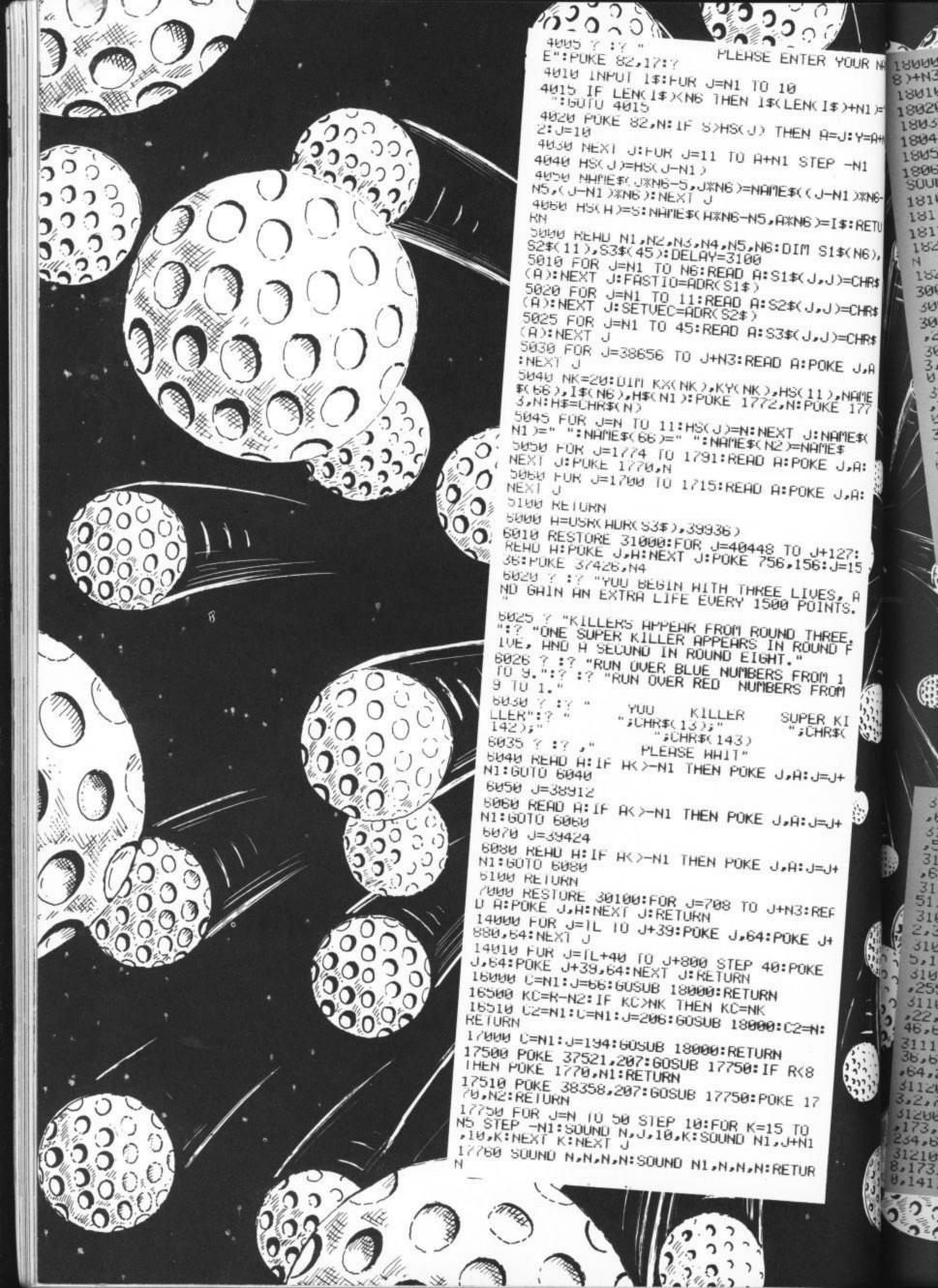
Digital are not concerned that they are getting a reputation for being flight specialists — the two releases after Fighter Pilot and Night Gunner are

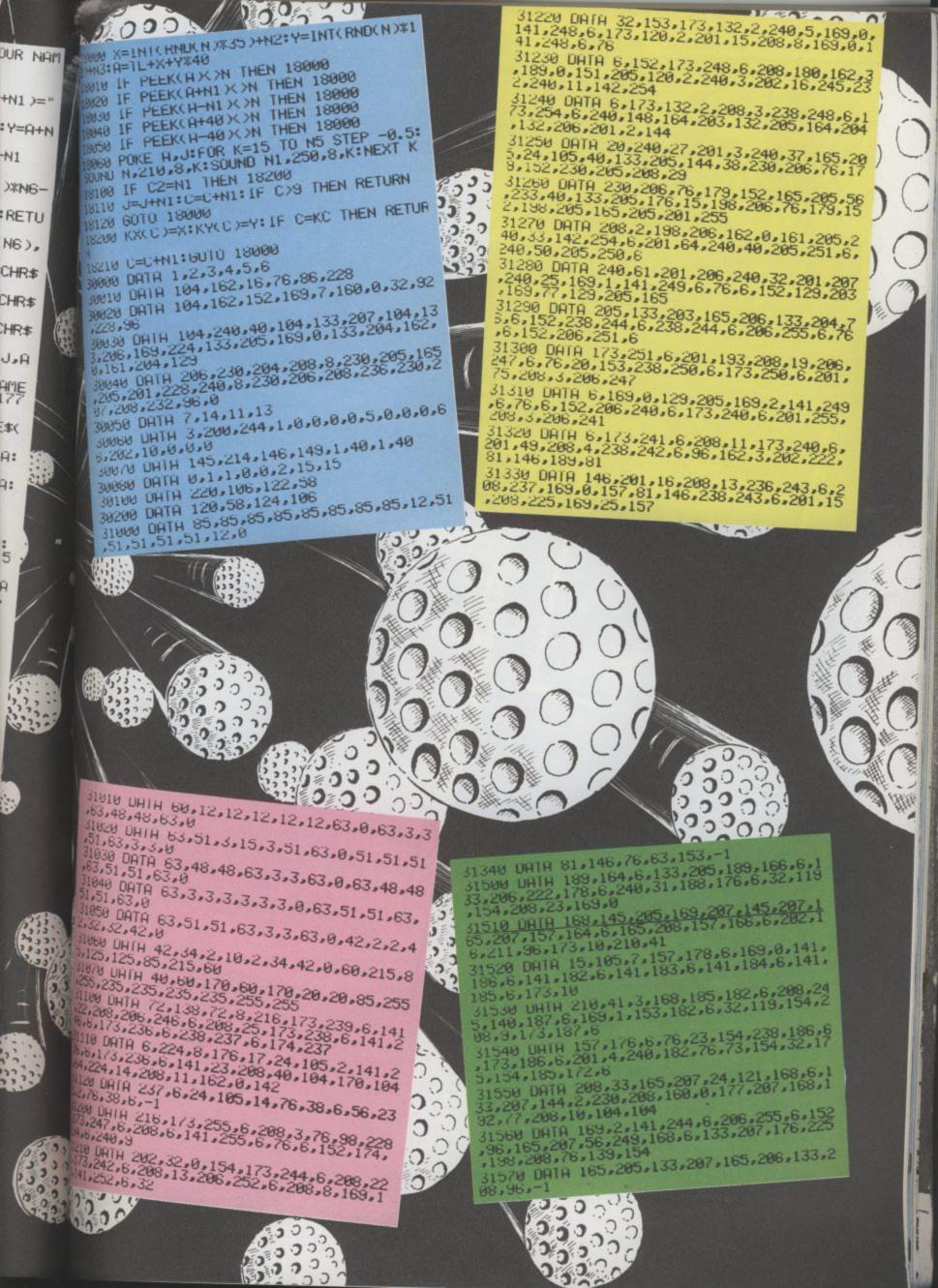
In a very short space of time, Digital has pulled up alongside Ultimate and Software Projects as also flight games. companies that have two games in the Top Ten best selling games of the year.















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Illustrations: Dave McTaggart



Marcus wasn't very interested in his tould not write any programs. He loved the games, of course, his favourite being Berzerk — shooting all the headless androids.

One morning, Marcus was playing this. He had just walked into an electrified wall.

"HA HA" said the computer, "WE GOT YOU NOW, GAME OVER." One of the androids walked over and replaced Marcus's score with zeroes.

"YOUR SCORE WAS NOUGHT." Marcus could contain himself no longer. "CHEAT", he typed.

"WHO ARE YOU CALLING A CHEAT?"
"RUN", answered Marcus, to get a new
game.

"YOU'LL BE LUCKY." The screen suddenly showed green lettering.

"THERE'S A BUG IN THIS MACHINE."

Marcus knew that a bug was a mistake.

"WHERE?" he typed.

"COME AND FIND ME," said the voice synthesizer.



"I SUGGEST YOU DO THAT," displayed the green letters.

"I DARE YOU", the synthesizer continued, "PICK UP THE JOYSTICK." Marcus did so and moved it forward. A line moved up the screen.

"Welcome. I am the Analogue to amounts into numbers and back again," said a voice happily, "Please step beyond, but be careful as you cross the buffer."

Marcus stepped beyond and found himself in front of a sign saying 170 Port. However, between him and the waterfront was a six-lane highway. There were other doors similar to the one he had entered through, named things like R.G.B., Out, Keyboard In, Disc and Audio Out. Marcus started forward across the road but jumped back as something zoomed in front of him. "Get yourself killed like that," said a voice.

"Eh?" Marcus looked around.

"Down 'ere," it said. Marcus looked down. On the floor was a large frog. "Are you a bug?" asked Marcus.

"Don't be a fool," snapped the offended frog. "Follow me, quickly!"

He leapt into the road. Marcus followed, dodging the traffic.

"Now what?" asked Marcus.

"Just hop on a bus, but watch out for the snake!" The frog cried, and hopped onto a log which was floating down the river.

Marcus heard a soft hiss. He turned to see a snake-like queue of people by a bus stop.

"Hello," he said to a tall man made of numbers who stood at the end.

"1306," grinned the man.
"Pardon?" asked Marcus.

"1306," repeated the man cheerfully, "12," said a woman of 1s and 2s.

"O," giggled a rather fat little girl as the bus came in sight. A sign on the front proclaimed "Data Bus. RAM 02AF via CPU". The line filed on, each repeating one word or number. Marcus followed.

"Er excuse me," Marcus said to the driver. There was no reply so he sat down. The bus drove first into a large city, then went round a roundabout and into a dark tunnel. Bats squeaked, toads leapt in front of them.

"0", shrieked the little girl.

"GAME OVER," said someone happily.

"Whooooh," said a ghost.

Rats scurried along the top of the bus

and things clanked.

The bus stopped, Marcus nervously followed the people out. They stood in a large labyrinth. The entire floorspace was covered in boxes with names on them, such as XVECT, YVECT, XOTTO, YSHOT. Marcus's travelling companions each climbed into a box, pushing someone else out. "Chicken," grumbled a person who'd been usurped, whilst a "Lucky" crowed over him. The evictees all walked fearfully towards a small dark opening. As they entered, there were delighted munching and gulping noises with the odd burp interspersed. Marcus crept closer and peered in. Inside was a large yellow head with a monstrous pair of jaws.

"Come in!" called the head, licking its

"Er, I'd rather not," said Marcus.
The head laughed. "Who are you?" it roared.

"Well, er, I'm Marcus."

"What?"

"I'm a boy."

"Oh," said the head pleasantly,
"Visitors. Don't get them here very
often."

"I'm not surprised," muttered Marcus.
"Good heavens, I don't eat people, old
boy. That's just old data."

"What?"

"Well you see, I'm garbage collecting.
It's my job, not that I don't partake of a little number-crunching, mind you, but my main purpose is to dispose of old and unwanted information."

"I see," said the relieved Marcus.
"Don't go down there," pointed the head with its tongue at where Marcus was starting to go. "That's ghosted Eprom. Take this door to the interpreters."

"Thanks," said Marcus, "Bye."

"Thanks for the visit," shouted the head and departed.

Marcus entered the door. The room beyond was incredibly long and thin. A line of men sat from one end to the other. Marcus approached the end man. "Hello," he said.

The man whispered to his next-door neighbour, who in turn whispered to his and so on down the line. A clerk at the end wrote something on a slip of paper and posted it through a letter box.

Seconds later he took an answer from it.

He told the man at his end and the message was whispered back up the line.

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"SYNTAX ERROR" announced the man.

"Pardon?" said Marcus.

The message went down the line and back.

"SYNTAX ERROR" repeated the man. Marcus had an idea.

"PRINT HELLO" he said.

After the round trip the man said "HELLO".

(Interlude in Reality)

Marcus's mother walked into the computer room. "Marcus!" she called. He was nowhere to be seen. She turned to the computer, typed CLS: PRINT "DINNER IS READY", and left.

A boy walked into the room. He handed a telegram to the man and left. Whisperers whispered, the clerk wrote, and whisperers whispered again. "DINNER IS READY" said the man.

"Oh thanks," said Marcus.

"SYNTAX ERROR" announced the man, after some discussion. Marcus left the room by another door. He came to a large square room filled with tables which had numbers scratched on them. A short fat man stood up from the armchair he had been sitting in. "Hi," he said, "I'm the Base Converter and these are my tables."

"Hello, I'm Marcus," said Marcus, "What are your tables for?"

"Base conversion, of course!"



"Well, you work in base ten, don't you? "Sorry," said Marcus. But the computer works in base two, so I "Of course, as soon as someone invents have to convert one into the other." a machine that uses values instead of an. "But what is a base?" burst out Marcus. numbers, I'm out of a job. Back to bases, "Think of it this way. How many though!" He jumped on another table. nd numbers before ten?" "Things get even more complicated with "Nine," said Marcust nought? There are (base sixteen), you have to use letters ten single digit numbers before we get for single digit numbers, so ten becomes to two digits, but if we were in base two A and twelve becomes C. See?" ..." here the Base Converter got up on Marcus gulped. "Sort of." a table and indicated it, "10 would be "Anything else?" asked the Base equal to two because there would be Converter. only two single digit numbers before it." "No thank you," replied Marcus. d. He Marcus wondered if he could live to be a "Oh well," sighed the Converter. "Bye. d to thousand by visiting base two. If you go that way, you'll find the NNER "Why can't computers use base ten?" Compiler. It's faster than the "They can't, very stupid machines you Interpreter." know. Just think, without me you would "Bye," said Marcus and exited. left. never be able to communicate with the He found himself on a pyramid of ote, system. Marcus! Don't lean on the Octal, yellow boxes. you'll smudge it." "What are you doing here?" asked a voice. Marcus turned to find himself looking at an. a pair of eyes, a long snout and two legs, with very little to hold them together. "Well, er, I'm looking for a bug." em. A "You, debugging!" sneered the creature. He indicated the pyramid. "What's Basic and what's Machine er Code?" he demanded. Vhat "I don't know," admitted Marcus. "£\$%&*!!!" said the creature. "Yellow's Basic and Blue's Machine Code," and he jumped off. Marcus was about to remark that there were no blue blocks but he 15/14/14/1

e

saw that, as the creature jumped down, the blocks he landed on turned blue. Marcus started to jump down after him. When he reached the bottom he found the creature arguing with a truck driver. As soon as he saw Marcus, he let out shrieks of discontent and jumped onto a spinning disc which gently rose up towards the top of the pyramid. The truck driver grinned.

"So you're the programmer who can't

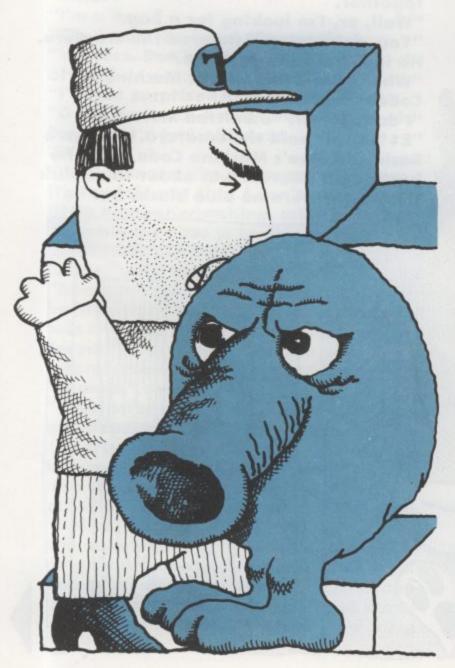
program to save his life?"

"Yes," said Marcus, "who are you?"
"I'm the Loader, got to shift all these."
He indicated the pyramid. "Give us a
hand and you can 'ave a lift."
"OK" said Marcus and climbed in.

"Oh! Where is that wretched child?" exclaimed the wretched child's mother. "Marcus! Dinner's getting cold."

"I hope he hasn't gone off with a strange man in a lorry," she thought worriedly.

Which was exactly what he had done.



Per (21 The Bug Goes Berzert

Marcus thanked the loader for the lift and started walking towards the city centre. Suddenly he was grabbed from behind. He saw a ring of the telegram boys encircling him.

"Who is he?" asked one.

"He's a spy. I saw him peeking at the interpreter."

"No, he's a bug. He was trying to mess old Bert up. Let's debug him."

"Delete him!"

"Poke him out of existence!" they called excitedly.

"NO!" shrieked Marcus.

"Tell Lisa to take the Rat to the Basket,"

added some thoughtful soul.

"OK Bug, you're sentenced to immediate termination. You may make one last statement — if you tell the truth you will be blasted out of existence, if you lie . . ."

"What?"

"You will be nibbled alive by centipedes!"

"This isn't true," moaned Marcus to himself.

"CHEAT!" yelled the boys.

"Take him to the Arithmetic / Logic Unit, to sort this out," one suggested. "Right, you're coming with us!" they

agreed.

Another boy ran ahead whilst the others, holding their prisoner, leisurely proceeded towards a distant building. They finally reached it, but found the door locked.

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"Hello!" shouted the boys, knocking at the door. Marcus started edging away slowly. A messenger appeared at the window.

"Here, let us in," shouted someone.

"Can't," said the messenger, "Stuck.
We're going round and round in circles
in here."

"Why?" asked someone.

"Unbreakable paradox, you fool!"

"Oh," said a boy.

"Yes OH!!!" said the messenger, "With triple PLING! We've got infinite recursion. The stack's spilling everywhere. It's an untrappable error. If we're not careful, we'll crash the system!"

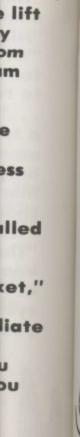
"What now?"

"Get rid of the bug. QUICK!"



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Marcus turned and fled, the boys in hot pursuit. Suddenly a red bolt of electricity shot past him and exploded. Marcus dodged left and was passed by a blue bolt, seconds later. He made for a blue stream and leaped onto a rock in the middle. "Oi, scram!" said the rock, lifting itself

out of the water, "How would you like me to sink?"

"Well," said Marcus, realising that he was in fact standing on the back of a large turtle, "not really."

"I'm not here," said the Turtle, "to be your stepping stone. What's wrong with your wings?"

"But I haven't any wings," complained

"Are you sure?" asked the Turtle. "Yes!" said Marcus, exasperated. "Hmm," mused the Turtle. "sorry. I thought you were somebody else."

He obligingly swam to the shore and let Marcus climb off. He then crawled onto the bank.

"Who did you think I was?" asked Marcus.

"No one important," said the Turtle.

"Oh here they are. Push off!" A number of bright translucent creatures about 20 centimetres long fluttered around on tiny scintillating

"Hello dear Turtle, and who is this?" they called out shrilly.

"Not sulking I hope, dear Turtle," one said playfully. "Now who is your charming friend?"

"Nothing to do with you," said the Turtle.

"Look!" said Marcus. "What's that?" He pointed to a hole, rather like a door, in the air from which the strange creatures had come. Above it was written BERZERK.

"Oh don't go in there. Nasty, violent place," they said, dissolving into fits of giggles.

"Who are you?" asked Marcus. "They're sprites," said the Turtle contempuously.

"Oh don't be jealous, dear Turtle. We are only here to brighten up your life." At this the sprites exploded in a fabulous display of pyrotechnics and then imploded. They repeated this a number of times.

"We can add some colour to your cold, slow world."

This enraged the Turtle further. "What do you mean, slow?" he said

"Of course not, dear Turtle," said the sprites, looking shocked, "But we only meant . . ."

"Forget what you meant!" growled the

"Hey!" said Marcus. "Can we go in?" "If you want to, but I have to draw out silly walls instead of sensible pictures," muttered the Turtle.

"We turn into lovely shapes and coloured lights," giggled the sprites. "And we play at being big, bad androids and shoot each other in a display of explosions."

Marcus had already reached the door. They all entered but the Sprites fluttered away and turned into androids. The Turtle dashed round leaving electrified walls behind and finished by sealing the door. The

androids marched on Marcus.

"Shoot them," said the Turtle.

"What with?" asked Marcus.

"Haven't you got a blaster?" asked the Turtle.

"No!" said Marcus.

One of the androids shot an electricity bolt at them which they both dodged. "You try and lead them into walls. I'll draw some more," the Turtle said and dashed off. Marcus ducked another bolt and darted between two androids. He turned a corner and ahead saw the Turtle drawing extra walls. An android walked into a wall and exploded. The sprite came and hovered above him. "What fun," it laughed.

"If you like it," said Marcus sourly.

He was beginning to feel like the Turtle and was not sure he could trust someone who had just tried to shoot him.

"Well, my own fault I s'pose. Bit clumsy that, walking into the hall. I say, do you reckon Turtle's playing fair? Oh, 1's just been shot by 6. Bad luck, Number 1." The ever increasing number of sprites about his head chattered continuously. Marcus noticed that a large smiling ball was hovering over a wall. It slowly flew towards him. He turned and just stopped himself running into a wall. He could back away no further. Evil Otto hung there a bent and decrepit old man who reminded Marcus of an insect dressed in an old black gown. The man laughed evilly.

"H H Hello," said Marcus.

The man persisted in malign giggling. "Listen —" growled the Turtle.

The man did not stop his fiendish cackle.
"Hey . . ." said a sprite nervously.
The man's face filled with anger. He

poked the sprite firmly on the chest. It gurgled and disappeared. The rest of the sprites turned invisible.

"Hmm" muttered the man, pulling out a black book.

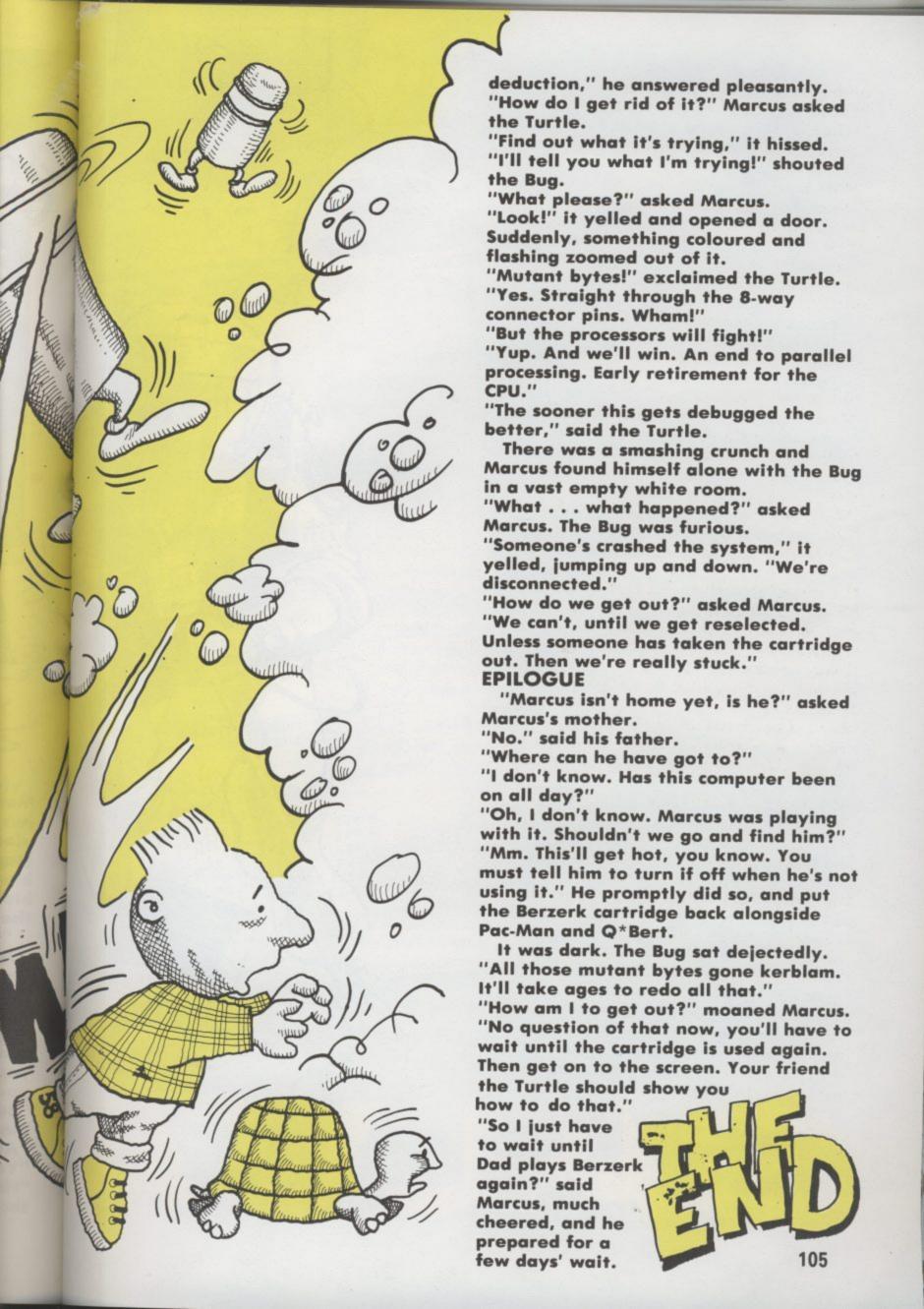
"Don't let him peek at our address!"
came a voice from mid-air. Marcus
moved forward but he was too late. The
man pointed at nothing and there was
another pitiful gurgle.

"Stop it!" shouted Marcus.

"Stop it?" sneered the man. "Why, young man? I see no reason why I should. You have no authority over me." "Are you a bug?" asked Marcus. The Bug beamed at him.

"Of course, old boy. Marvellous





As the captain of a salectic cargo ship sampesing in the competitive world of space salvage, you must use your skill and cuming to restave, link metal floating in choic around sleabidoited planets

You yourself rample, spaces the main ship which orbits a planet known as the graveyard because of its fluotusting sleavestiming suit

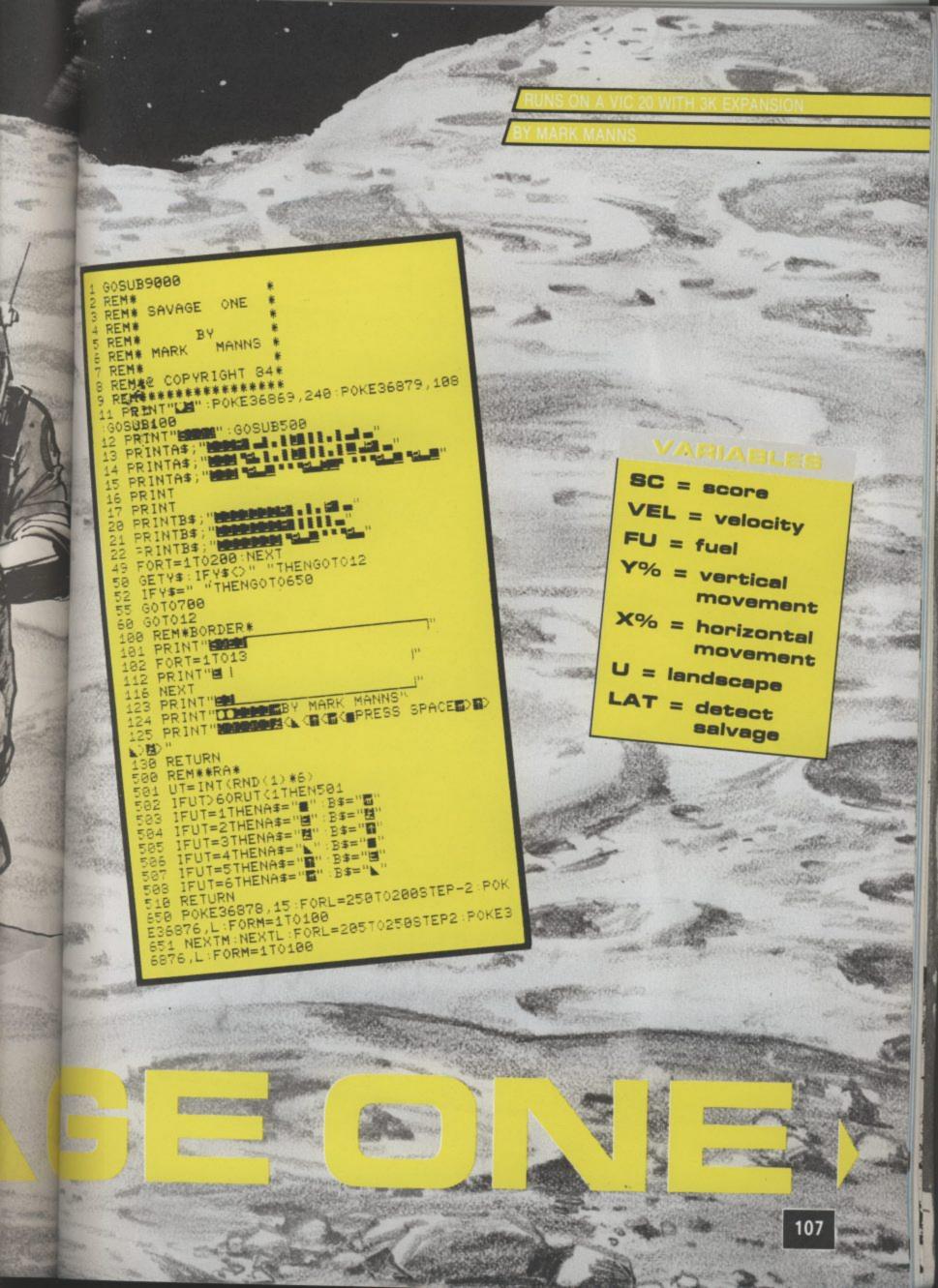
You yourself railisis sublished the main chip which orbits a planes known as the graveyand because of its fluebusking skawlesdinnel pull which can pluck a spece trails of its course and bring it creshing down on the planet's subject. Then, using your highly sophisticated rabble selvage doone, controlled remotely by your collect the grashed ships from the

Polentia eliterale

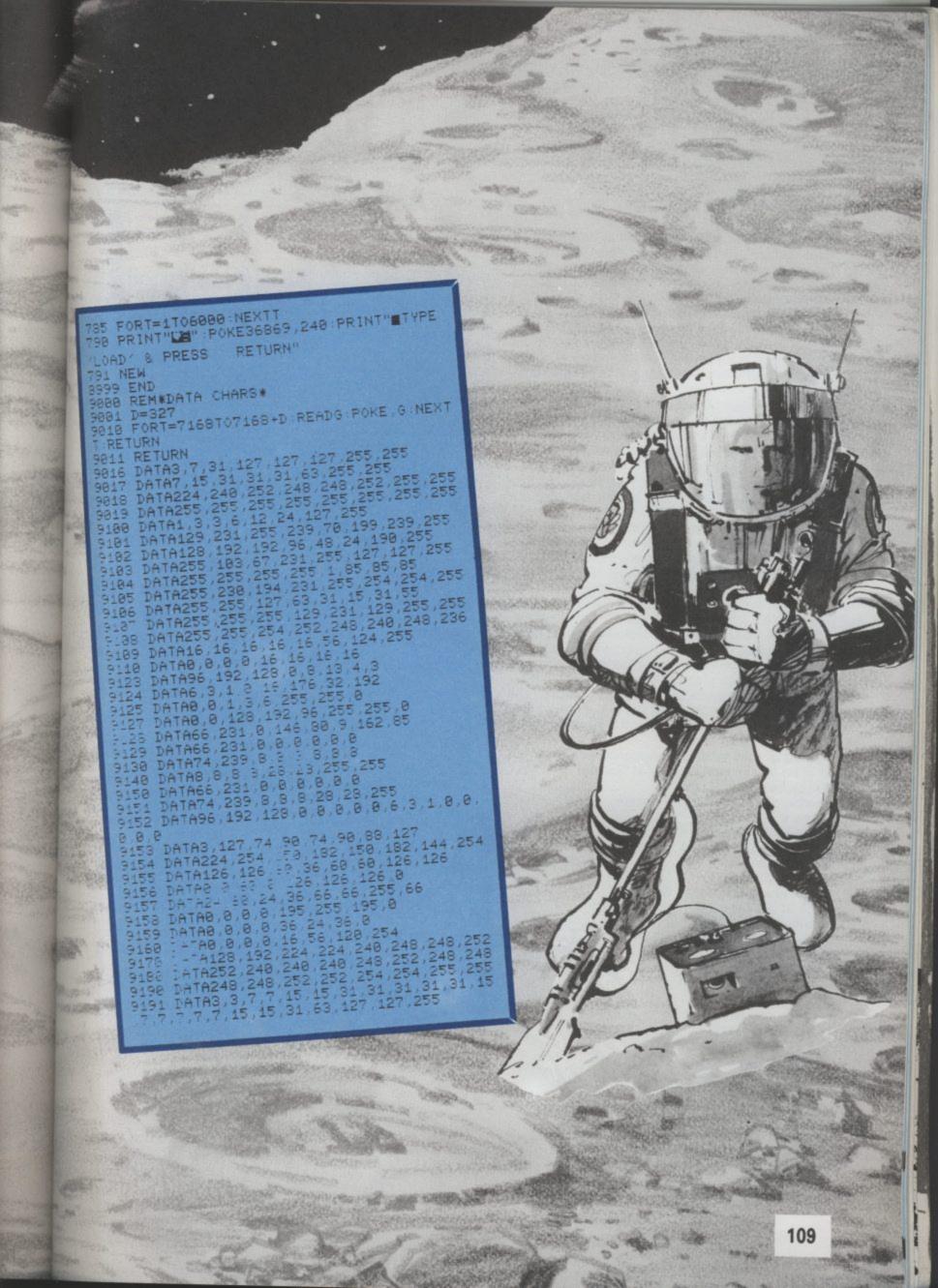
Chest skill is required to manosuvre the oraft safely and decide how to use your fuel most officialist. No stitempt chould be made to lend without use of the landing page. If you canage to land in the velley, you drone will be refuelled and you will gain tomos.

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PULATING

OCTOPOID ATTACK

This mischievous rather than hostile visitor from a spiral galaxy somewhere in the vicinity of Andromeda enjoys nothing more than setting a civilization on its heels and enjoying the consequences.

Just to put a galactic spanner in your own works, Octopoid has thoroughly jumbled up the letters in eight of this year's video and computer titles and a pretty messy program will result unless you can re-arrange the letters of each and find the correct

Can you sort out the anagrams quickly enough to speed him on his way before he starts rearranging your machine's memory gap?

Yes, Earthling, you may well tremble in your wellies. The aliens are back!

This time, though, it is not swiftness of key bashing which will save your planet, but strength of brain power.

As the aliens hover above Earth, you have control of the one laser left intact, which may, possibly, have the power to explode the frightful beings before they land and turn us into slaves. But your supply of ammunition is limited.

The number in each box shows how many shots remain to be fired from that base.

Also, the laser moves in a curious way, its blasting to perform. It can travel right or left a distance equal to the number of shots left in the base on which it is standing at the time the move starts.

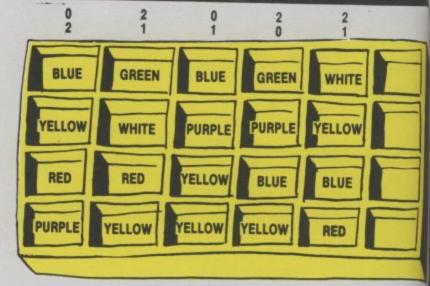
Should the distance to be moved take it to the end of the firing range, then it will bounce off that end and continue in the opposite direction until the move is completed.

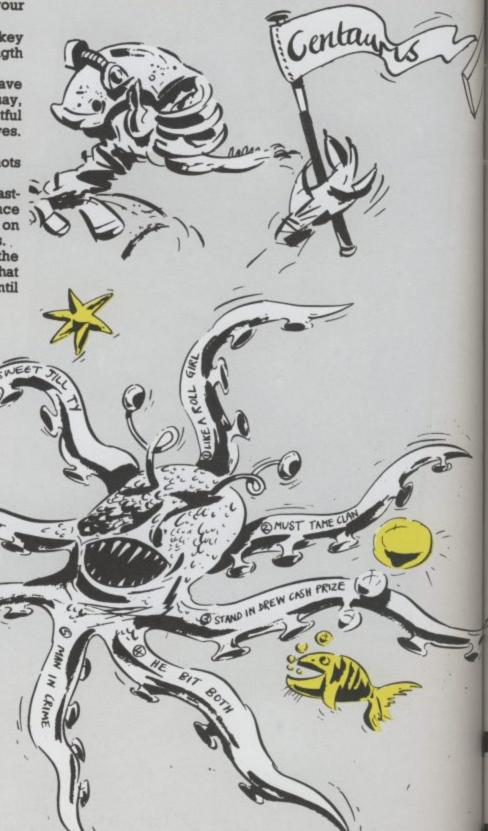
Firing is automatic and happens each time the laser comes to rest at the end of a move — and it will fire whether there is an alien directly

above it or not.
Should the laser be moved to a base which has only one shot left then, after that shot is fired, the value of the base becomes zero and the laser can make no further move.

If this happens where there are still aliens waiting to be zapped, you have failed in your task and an appropriate fate will befall the planet you were raised on.

If you can kill all the aliens, then the Earth is saved and the flags of many nations will be spread over the sky in your honour.







RUNNING THE PROGRAM

The menu offers you three choices: a new invasion force, a repeat of the last invasion force or a good night's sleep.

A new invasion force is generated by random factors there may be anything from 0 to four aliens in any vertical line and the number of shots in each locker can vary from one more than the number of aliens to four more.

Thus there are 20 different ways in which each column

170C%=0 180DIMlaser%(5), last%(6), a1%(6,3) 190REPEAT 200MODE4: PROCmenu 2101F choice%-51 THEN PROCend: END

240VDU5 250PROCinit

220 ON ERROR MODE 7: PROCWTONS 230H0DE2 260PROChoxes 270IF choice%-51 THEN MODE 4: PROCend:END 280IF choiceZ=49 THEN PROCStart ELSE PROClast



can be set up and with seven columns that is, umm ... 1,280,000,000 different invasions for you to tackle!

Which ought to keep you occupied for more than a repeat of Dallas or two.

The second option permits you to have another try at the last set-up. If you failed, you can try to find a better line of attack. If you succeeded, you may care to try again and improve your scoring by reducing the number of shots needed to wipe out the invading force.

If the family and friends are anxious to have a go, then this option allows each member of the group to try the same situation and you can see who comes off best as a super-hero by achieving the most aliens killed off with the fewest shots being fired.

In some of the situations which arise by the randomness of the selection, it might be that killing off all the aliens is impossible.

To make a start, hit the letter A to G of your choice to position the laser for its first shot.

From then on, enter each choice of move by hitting the left cursor key or the right cursor key. And may Einstein speed your choosing!

290PROCbegin 300PROCfire 310PROCscreen 320REPEAT 330PROCmove

340PROCfire 350PROCscreen

360UNTIL laser%(N%)=0 OR alien%=0 370IF alien% > 0 THEN PROCdoom ELSE PROCsaved 380UNTIL FALSE

390DEFPROCinit

400*FX4,1

410%%-0001:slien%-0:shots%-0:score%-0 420A\$-"ABCDEFG":B\$="SCORE SHOTS" 430E\$="CHOOSE START"

440V0U23,240,129,195,98,38,36,60,189,189 450VDU23,241,189,255,129,165,129,189,129,255

460VDU23,242,8,28,62,127,127,62,42,119 470VDU23,243,54,62,62,34,34,34,34,238

480VDU23,244,129,199,68,103,49,17,31,21 490VDU23,245,123,94,210,158,146,18,50,99

500VDU23,246,255,219,255,231,149,149,149,149 510VDU23,247,149,149,149,149,149,149,149

520VDU23,248,24,24,24,24,60,60,255,255 530VDU23,250,203,177,66,178,89,66,173,211

540VDU24,0;0;912;1023;

550VDU28,16,31,19,0.

560ENDPROC

570DEFPROCboxes

580GCOL0.3

590 FOR XZ=0 TO 768 STEP 128

600MOVEXZ,96:DRAW XZ+128,96:DRAWXZ+128,224: DRAWX%, 224: DRAWX%, 96

620GCOL0,2:FORX2-1 TO 7

630MOVE128*(XX-1)+32,32:PRIHTHID\$(A\$,XX,1)

640NEXT

650ENDPROC 660DEFPROCStart

670FORH2-0T06: laser%(NI)-0:NEXT

690 IF RND(3)>1 THEN GCOLO,RND(6): NOVE X2,480:PRINTORM: NOVE X4,448:PRINTCHR\$241:laser2(NA)-laser2(NA)+1

680FOR X1-32 TO SCC STEP 128:NX-(NX-32)/125

7001F RMD(3)>1 THEN CCOLC, RND(+): NOVE XZ, 600: PRINTCHES :MOVE XL,568:PRINTCHR\$243:laser%(N%)=laser%(N%)+1

7101F RND(3)>1 THEN GCOL*, RND(6): NOVE XZ, 720: PRINTCHES2 :MOVE X%,668:PRINTCH%\$245:laser%(N%)=laser%(N%)+1

7201F RND(3)>1 THEN GCOLO, R.D (): HOVE XX,840: PRINTCHESIA :MOVE XX.808:PRINTCHES247:laser2(NY)-laser2(NY)+1

730NEXT

740FOR X%=0T06:alien%=alien%+laser%(X%):GCOL0,X%+1:Y0/E (128*XX)+32,160:laserX(XX)-laserX(XX)+RND(4):PRINTIA er%(X%):NEXT

750PROCstore

760ENDPROC

770DEFPROCbegin

780VDU4:COLOUR3:FOR z=1 TO 12 PRINT" ":PRINTHID\$(E\$, z, i) 790REPEAT:L%-GET:UNTILL%2>64 AND L%-72:L%-128*(L%-65)+32

810COLOUR1:FOR z=1 TO 15:PRINT" ":PRINTMID\$(B\$,z,1):MENT 820COLOUR3: VDU31,2,5: PRINTSCOT: Z: VDU31,2,16: PRINTShotel 830VDU5

840GCOLO,1: HOVE LT,280: PRINTCHR\$248

850 ENDPROC

860DEFPROCWTONE

870VDU4

880REPORT: PRINTERL

S90END

900ENDPROC

910DEFPROCEire

920shots%=shots%+1

930XZ-280 940REPEAT

950 X%-X%+8:GCOLO,RND(7)

960SOUND1,-15,(XZ-280)/4,1:SOUND2,-15,(XZ-272)/4,1

970PLOT69,L%+24,X%:PLOT69,L%+32,X%

980PLOT71,L%+24, %%-8:PLOT71,L%+32, %%-8

990UNTIL POINT(LZ+24,XZ+8)<>0 OR XZ>900

1000PLOT71,LX+24,XX:PLOT71,LX+32,XX

1010IF POINT(LT+24.XT+8)<>0 THEN scoreT-scoreT+1

:alien%-alien%-1:PROCHIT(L%,X%-8)

1020NZ=(LZ-32)/128

1030GCOLO,0:MOVE LZ,160:PRINTlaserZ(NZ)

1040laser%(N%)-laser%(N%)-1

1050GCOLO,NZ+1:MOVELZ,160:PRINTlaserZ(NZ)

1060ENDPROC

1070DEFPROCHIT(CZ.D%)

1080d%-(INT(D%/100)-4)

1090aa=240+(2*d%):ab=241+(2*d%)

1100FOR x=1 TO 10

1110GCOLO,RND(7):::OVEL%,450+(120*d%):PRINTCHR\$(ae)

1120MOVEL%, 448+(120*d%): PRINTCHR\$(ab)

1130SOUNDO,-15,20,1

1140NEXT

1150GCOLO,0:MOVELZ,480+(120*d%):PRINTCHR\$(aa)

1160HOVELT.,448+(120*d%):PRINTCHR\$(ab)

1170EHDPROC

1150DEFPEOCpause(T)

1190finishtime=TIME+T

1200REPEAT: UNTIL TIME-finishting

1210ENDPROC

1220DEFPROCHOVE

1230*FX15.1

124GRUPEAT+27=GET:UNTIL MZ>135 AND MZ<136

125Cunit-laser/(JA):inexA+E

1260IF M2=136 THEN incx/--incx/

1270REPEAT

12801FL1=32 THEN incx1=8

1290IF LT-800 THEN incx1--8

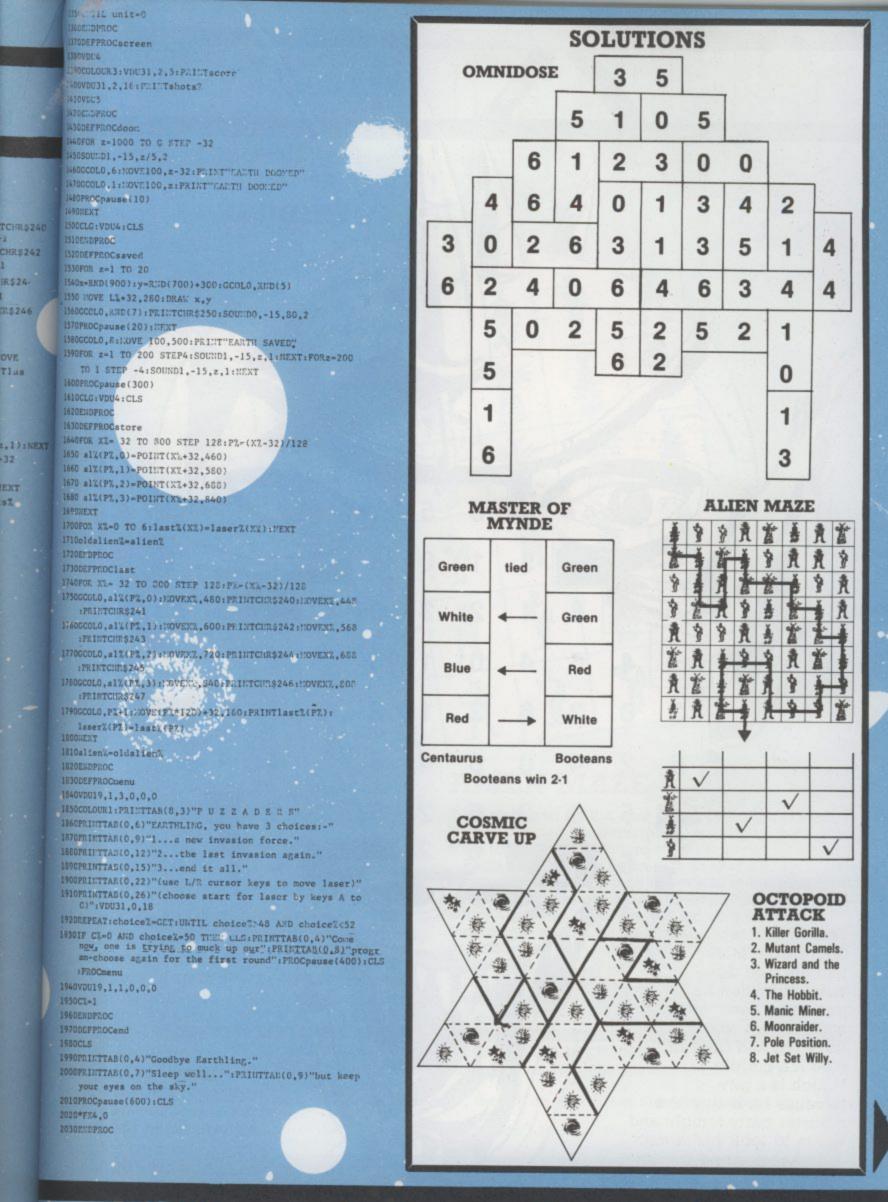
1300FOR go=0 TO31

1310GCOLO, (go) MOD 2: MOVE LI, 280: PRINTCHR\$248

1320IF (go)MOD 2=0 THEN LI-LI+incxI

1330NEXT

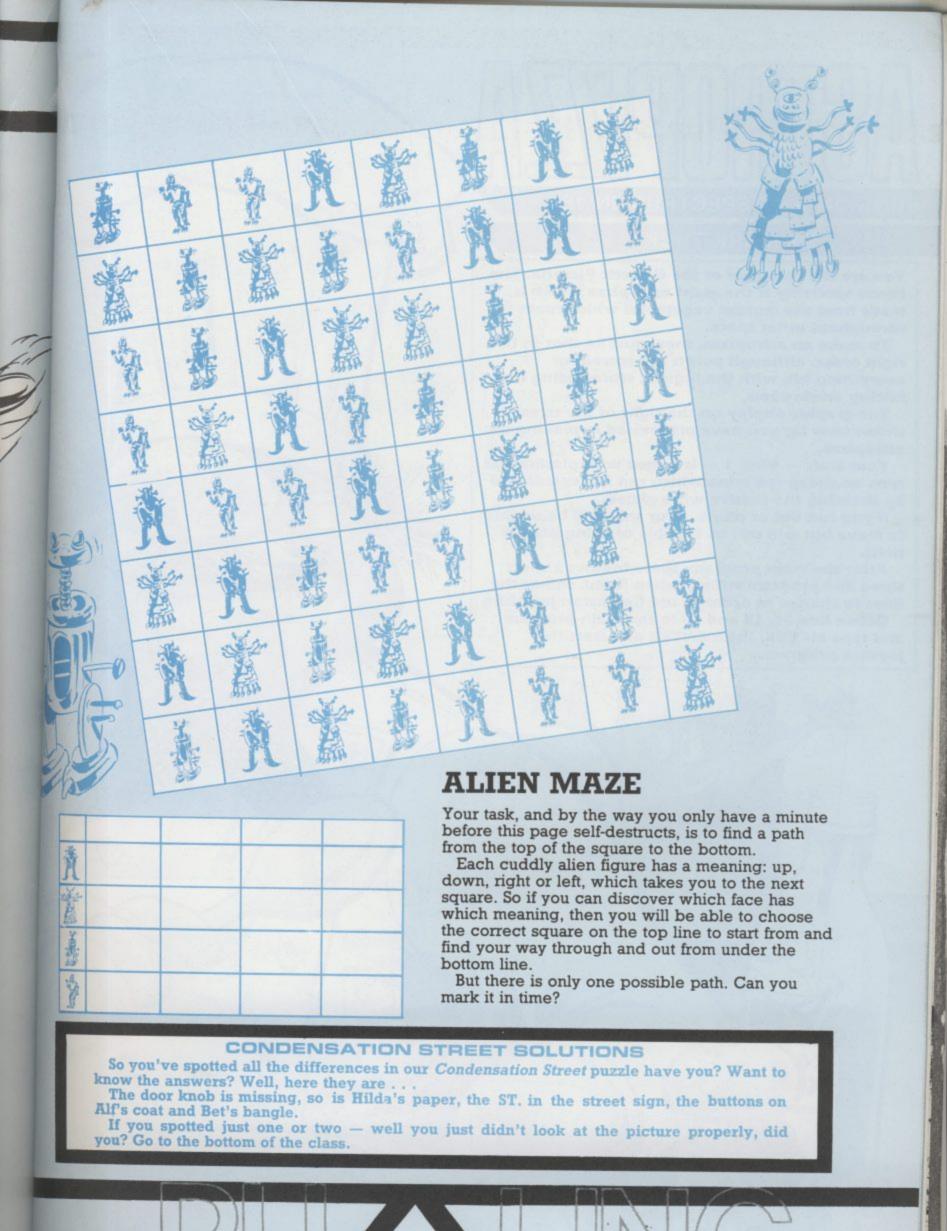
1340unit=unit-1

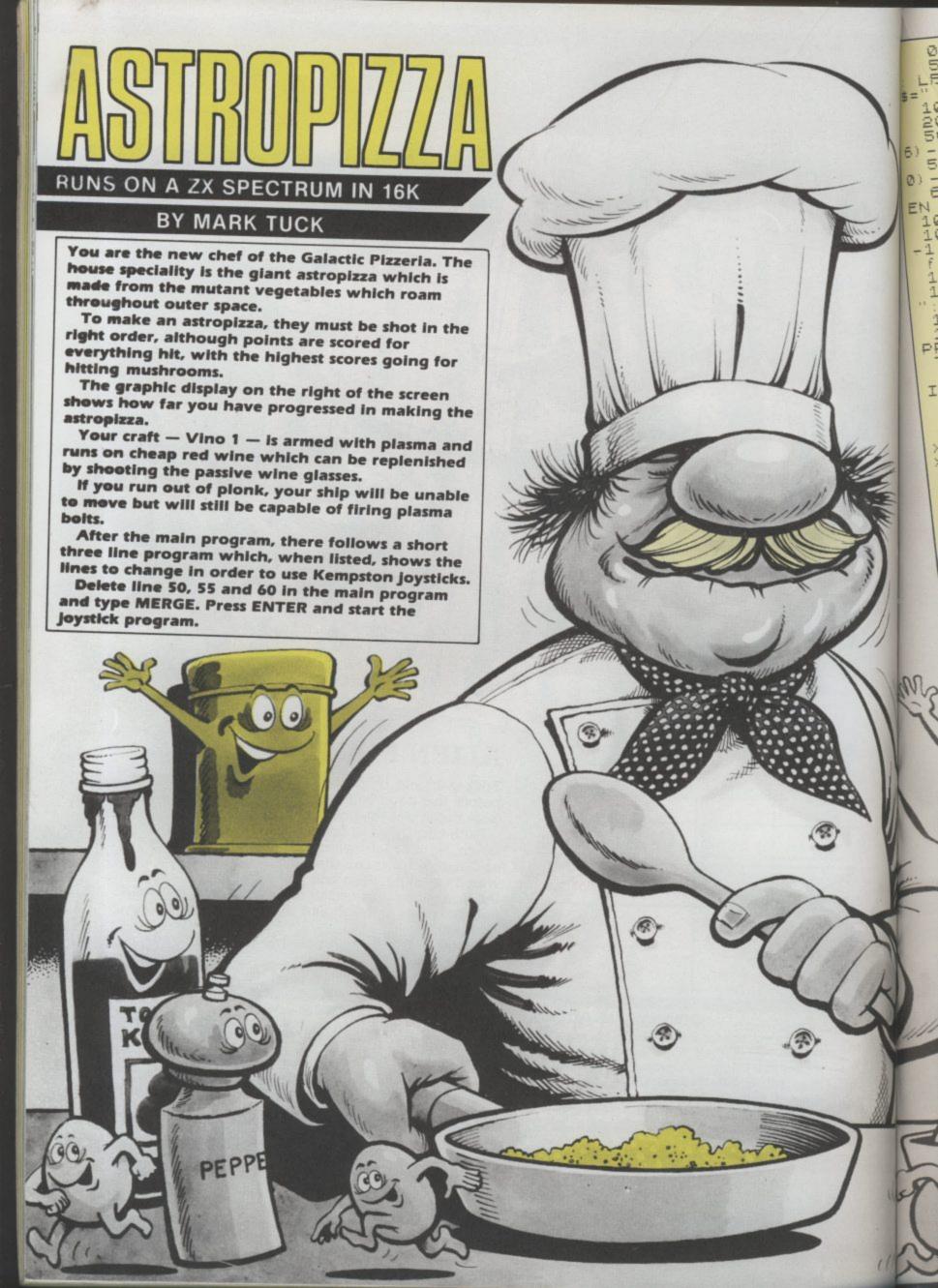


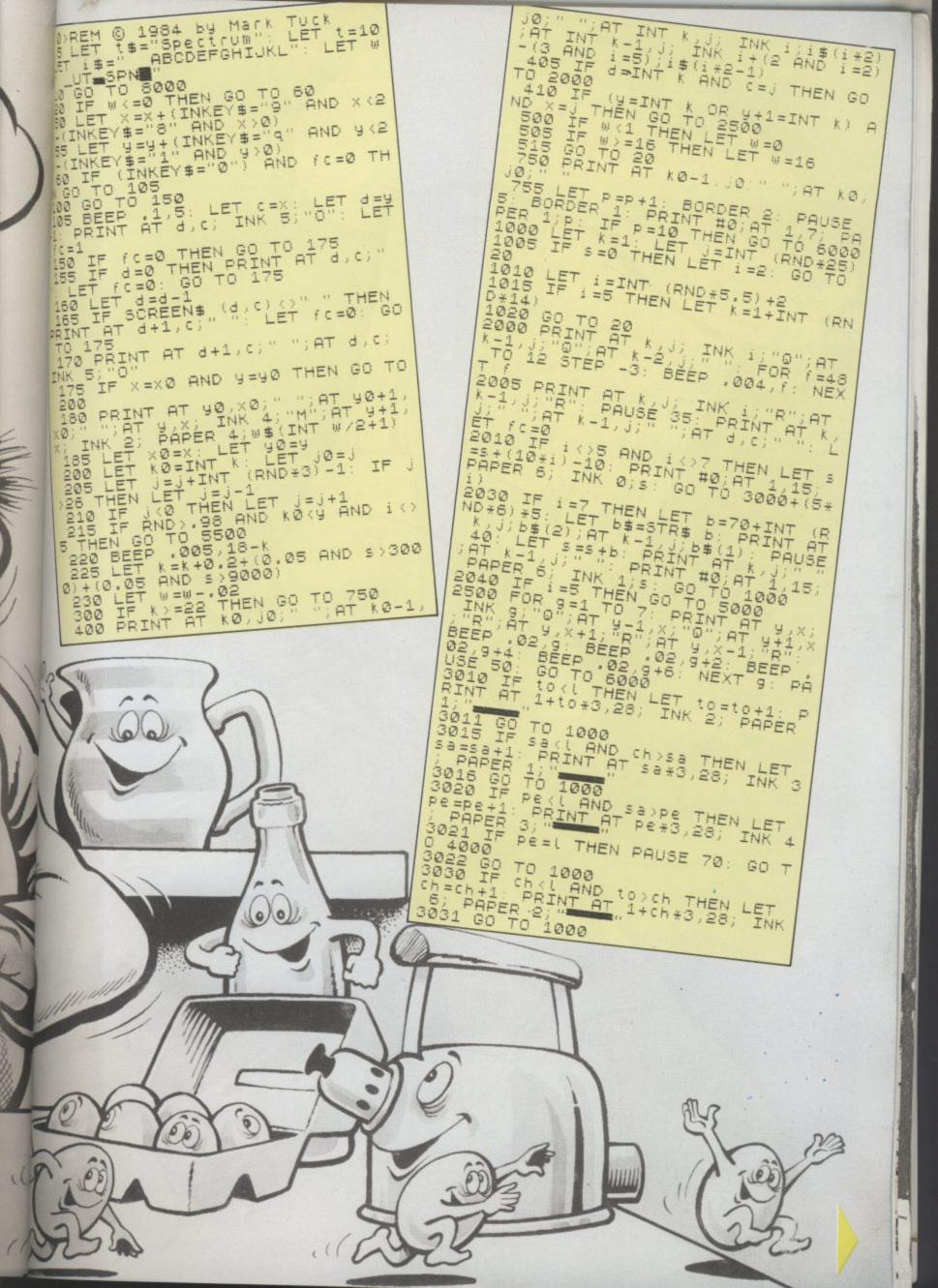
OVE

57.

OMNIDOSE This fearsome assistant doesn't figure from Mars 6 know where to had his face debegin to work on a wrinkled when he map like that. All mistook a carshe knows is that wash for his wife's the layout of figures is furry pet and tried to made up from a give it a cuddle. complete set of Which is a pity dominoes and the because he is due at a lines must be placed to monster party tonight and show the separate tiles. wants to look his worst. Can you fill in the lines He has popped into an in the picture for her ugly parlour and asked for and show her the only the lines to be re-drawn as way the problem can they were. The harrassed be solved? 114









10 PRINT AT 4,11; "Well Done.!"
10 PRINT AT 4,11; "Well Done.!"
10 PRINT AT 4,11; "Well Done.!"
11 5,2; "You have completed the der"; AT 9,13; "BONUS"; AT 11,13; LET s=s+(l*5)
1 LASH 1; l*500; " ": LET s=s+(l*5) 00 BORDER 4: CLS 15 PRINT AT 4,23; INK 5; "H"; AT 1,23; INK 2; "G"; AT 2,8; "G"; AT 3; INK 4; "M"; AT 4,8; PAPER 2; " 020 GO SUB 9060 025 PRINT AT 21,0 04/PRESS ANY KEY T INK PAPER 4; FOR THE NEXT DER" 030 PAUSE 0: IF L=6 THEN GO TO 000 1035 GO TO 9005 5000 LET W0=W: LET W=W+2+INT (RN 5001 IF w>=16 THEN LET w=16 5002 FOR f=w0 TO w: PRINT AT y+1 x; INK 2; PAPER 4; w\$ (INT f/2+1) BEEP .01, f: NEXT f 5003 GO TO 1000 5500 FOR f=0 TO 5: BEEP .01, k: LOT INK i; j0 *8+4, 167-k0 *8: DRA INK i; 0,9-((90-k0) *8): NEXT f 5505 PLOT OVER 1; j0 *8+4, 167-k0 NEXT DRAW 5505 PLOT OUER 1; j0 + 8 + 4, 167 - k0 + 8 DRAW OUER 1; 0, 9 - ((y0 - k0) + 8) 5510 IF fc = 1 AND k0 (d AND j0 = c T HEN LET fc = 0: PRINT AT d, c; TO 225 5515 IF JØ=XØ THEN GO TO 2500 5520 GO TO 225 6000 BORDER 6: CLS 6010 IF Pe=6 THEN PRINT AT 1,0;" AMAZING! YOU'VE done a great job AMAZING! hef!": G hef!": GO TO 6030 6015 IF p=10 THEN PRINT AT YOU let too much food are promoted to Master p=10 THEN PRINT AT 1,2;" too much food pass": GO 6020 PRINT AT 1,1; "You've writte n off your craft" 6025 PRINT AT 3,4; "and you've be en sacked!" en sacked !"

6030 IF s>t THEN PRINT AT 6,8;"Y

00 have beaten"; AT 8,15-(LEN t\$)

/2; t\$; 's"; AT 10,7; "HIGH SCORE 0

["; t: INPUT "Please enter name"

t\$: LET t=s: GO TO 6040

6035 IF s<=t THEN PRINT AT 7,9;"

YOU scored ";s

6040 PRINT AT 15,7; "TOP SCORE:";

t;" by"; AT 17,16-(LEN t\$)/2; FLA

SH 1; INK 4; t\$; #0; AT 0,5; "ANY KE

Y TO PLAY AGAIN"

6045 IF s>t THEN LET t=s 6045 IF s>t THEN LET t=s 6050 PAUSE 0: CLS : GO SUB 9000: GO TO 20

8000 FOR n=USR "a" TO USR "U"+7: READ Z: POKE n,Z: NEXT n 8010 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,4,72,54,44,1 26,255,255,255,255,126,60 8011 DATA 16,56,124,124,124,124, 124,124,124,124,124,68,56,124,12 4,56 8012 DATA 0.48.8.8.102.231,221 221,221,221,221,110,125,60 8013 DATA 0.254,254,124,124,56.5 6,16,16,16,16,16,56,254,0 8014 DATA 0.207,254,125,187,215, 206,222,215,223,219,219,222,92,5 8015 DATA 0,0,0,60,126,255,255,1 95,153,189,126,60,60,60,0,0 8020 DATA 60,36,60,60,126,126 ,255,0,255,255,255,255,255,2 Mark Tuck"

8055 PRINT AT 5,1; "AstroPizzas a re made as follows"; AT 7,6; "1stTomato 10pts" TAB 6; "2nd-Cheese 50pts" TAB 6; "3rd-Sa lami 20pts" TAB 6; "4th-Pep per 30pts" TAB 6; "4th-Pep per 30pts" 8060 PRINT AT 7,18; INK 2; "B"; AT 9,18; INK 6; "I"; AT 10,18; "J"; AT 12,18; INK 3; "C"; AT 13,18; "D"; AT 15,18; INK 4; "E"; AT 16,18; "F"; AT 6,18; "A" 8065 PRINT AT 19,5; "K M TAB 20; INK 2; "G "; INK "; AT 20,5; "L BONUS" TOR PRINT AT. 19,5; "K Mushroom"; 20; INK 2; "G "; INK 7; "Extra 20,5; "L BONUS"; TAB 20; "H WI 8070 PRINT #0;AT 0,5; "PRESS ANY TO BEGIN": GO SUB 9060: PAUS KEY 9000 LET 1=0: LET P=0: 9005 LET L=0: LET P=0: 1: 9005 LET W=16: BORDER 0: 9010 LET LET Ch=0 NEXT 9015 FOR 1: 9015 FOR 1: 9020 F CLS =0 LET to=0: LET sa PRINT AT 9025 PRINT INT AT 0,27; PAPER 1; "PIZ 1,27; "ORDER" 9030 P 2H",HT 1,27; URDER 9030 PRINT #0;AT 1,0; PAPER 1; ASSED-";P;TAB 21; "TOP-";t 9035 PRINT #0;AT 1,9; PAPER 6; NK 0; "SCORE-";TAB 15;s 9040 LET x=13: LET y=20: LET x X: LET y0=y: LET d=0: LET c=0: PAPER 1; "P XØ= 9050 PRINT AT 9, X; INK 4; "M"; AT 9+1, X; PAPER 2; " : GO SUB 9070: 9060 RESTORE 9065: FOR n=0 TO 17 READ a, b: BEEP a/6, b: NEXT n: RETURN 9055 DATA 1,15,1,15,1,14,2,10,3, 10,1,14,1,14,1,12,4,8,1,14,1,14, 1,12,2,8,3,8,1,5,1,7,1,8,4,10 9070 RESTORE 9075: FOR N=0 TO 15 READ a, b: BEEP a/6, b: NEXT RETURN 9075 DATA 1,10,2,12,3,12,1,8,1,1 5,1,12,4,10,1,7,1,5,1,3,2,10,3,1 0,1,7,1,5,1,3,4,3



1 SORCEROR OF CLAYMORGUE CASTLE

By Scott Adams, from Adventure International.

For TRS-80, Apple, Atari, CBM 64, BBC and Spectrum.

Claymorgue gets the number one spot in my hit parade, for the sheer enjoyment I have had from any Adventure during the past year. It's one of those games that keeps you at the keyboard till the small hours, when you are likely to be so thrilled on making a new discovery that you'll feel it only right to awaken the whole family and tell them about it!

Graphics versions are available for some micros, but I had my own clear mental image whilst playing a text only version. Short crisp descriptions and replies describe an adventure-land of about three dozen locations, but every word, every object and every location is used to the full in one of the most cleverly interlocked puzzles I have come across.

Set in and around a castle with an enchanted moat, your objective is to collect stars and to deposit them in a treasure store — IF you can find it, AND if you can get them all there! At one point, I had almost a complete galaxy awaiting storage and nowhere to put them.

Solve the mystery of the magic fountain, the precarious chandelier, the raised drawbridge and the enchanted forest, with the help of a variety of unusual spells. Many problems have more than one solution and, until you have unravelled them all, the whole thing won't knit together!

2 SNOWBALL

By Pete and Mike Austin, from Level 9 Computing.

For BBC, CBM 64, Spectrum, Atari, Oric, Lynx and Nascom.

Snowball is my second choice, for its realistic spine chilling effect, coupled with its well planned setting. Whilst playing it, I felt as if I was taking part in a first class science fiction film thriller.

The Adventure is set aboard a spacecraft encapsulated in its own fuel of frozen ammonia — Snowball 9. The craft, en route to Eridani A with 200,000 sleeping colonists aboard, is

vast. There are said to be 7,000 different locations, although many of these are lookalikes.

Purely text, this Adventure has lengthy replies which very effectively set the mood. You are agent Kim Kimberley, woken from cryogenic sleep because something aboard has gone wrong. ... You must save the Snowball.

Sinister robots called Nightingales relentlessly pursue you as you struggle to save the troubled ship. The background is excellently documented in an accompanying booklet and effectively adds to the realism of the scenario. "Everything in Snowball has a use" is the claim in the book.

As a bonus, the BBC version loads to the strains of Vivaldi's Winter from The Four Seasons.

3 CIRCUS

By Brian Howarth, from Digital Fantasia for BBC and Spectrum.

From Channel 8 Software for Atari, CBM 64, Dragon 32.

From Molimerx Ltd for TRS-80, Video Genie.

Another game chosen for its spinechilling realism, this one is a ghost story set in a deserted circus.

Scott Adams' influence on Brian Howarth comes through clearly in this Adventure, one of the famous Mysterious Adventure series. The text is short and lends itself to a neat puzzle — which isn't set until you have triggered it in the right way.

In the meantime, you can try your hand at taming tigers, feeding seals, tightrope walking, acrobatics and even being shot from a cannon! Who is that clown and why does he dart off every time you approach? Why won't the generator work?

I liked it in text, but there are graphics versions available for some micros.

4 HULK

By Scott Adams, from Adventure International.

For TRS-80, Apple, Atari, CBM, BBC and Spectrum.

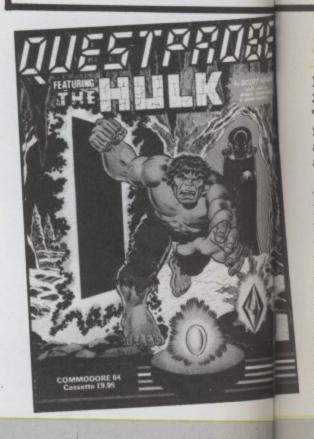
This one comes high on my list for its innovative approach in combining Marvel Comic superheroes with an excellent Adventure.

A Marvel comic comes with the game and sets the scene. You start off at a disadvantage, as Bruce Banner, tied hand and foot to a chair. From there on, the puzzles get meaner in the tradition of all Scott's games, but give great satisfaction when solved.

Where are all those gems you need to collect and how can they be obtained? What is the meaning behind the mysterious message told you by Dr Strange and how do you deal with a particularly nasty breed of ant?

This game features what can only be described as an optical illusion—even in the text-only versions! Everyone would like to become the Hulk now and again, wouldn't they? Well, this game gives you the chance!

Since the 1984
yearbook was
published, our ace
Adventurer, Keith
Campbell, has been
adventuring through
an ever-increasing
catalogue of games.
Here he presents you
with his pick of the







best games.

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In compiling this top ten, Keith has considered games that he played for the first time during the past year.

The ones listed stand out as extra special.

PETTIGREW'S DIARY

From Shards Software, for Dragon 32, BBC and Electron.

The fifth on the list deserves its place for its most unusual screen presentation, coupled with its interesting and humorous plot.

Three separate programs make up the whole package. Chapter 1, The Burning Farmhouse, is a rather tedious arcade-style Adventure. Chapter 3, European Trek, is a game that is fun to play, testing your reactions, memory and ingenuity.

But Chapter 2, London Frolicks, is the real Adventure, and alone earns Pettigrew its place in my honours list. Travel the tube, dodge the London traffic, gamble in an arcade — these are just a few of the things you'll be getting up to, jumping for a while outside the normal Adventure format.

6 FRANKLIN'S TOMB

By Faint Hearted Franklin, from Salamander Software.

For Dragon 32, BBC, and Oric.

For the slick talking private eye, Dan Diamond, and for the wonderful new idea of printing the picture on paper, instead of programming it to display on a cathode ray tube and clutter up computer memory, I award 6th place to Franklin's Tomb.

This is the first and best (so far?) of a series. An apparently run of the mill Adventure set in a tomb turns out to be something different when you get deep underground. Solve the main puzzle by solving the individual ones and you'll be set to take on the next in the series. Meanwhile, you'll get a few smiles in the process!

And when you get stuck, browse through the illustrated booklet to see where you'd tried to go but couldn't and wince at Dan's corny American humour!

7 FLINT'S GOLD

By Andy Mitchell, from Mikrograf. For BBC.

Flint's Gold earns its place for giving me the chance to sit back and be entertained, relax with an Adventure, and not to resent being killed!

With technicolour graphics, a hompipe to set your feet a-tappin' and stunningly realistic sound effects, this zany game is described as guaranteed to kill or cure sea sickness, scurvy and beri-beri. You have puzzles to solve and treasure to collect, too!

How many boats are moored to the jetty? Which one should you board? What is the meaning of the mysterious message whispered by a dubious seaman in a dark back alley?

Heavily laced with fruity pirate language, this game, an Adventure in its own right, deliberately or not spoofs the famous *Pirate* Adventure — but nicely!

8 XENOS

From Tandy for TRS-80 with disc drive.

A mention for a good Adventure that never took off and deserved to. Why wasn't it converted for other micros?

Xenos starts you off on a highway near a deserted gas station. Along the road, should you decide to leave the mysterious things at the gas station for a while, is a small deserted town. The rest is desert.

Where has everyone gone? What lurks in the fish tank? Why not loot the bank while you have the chance? What strange things are going on out there in the drying heat of the desert? Will you survive to solve the mystery?

9 COUNTDOWN TO

By Peter Killworthy, from Acornsoft.

For BBC.

I want to complete this one — there's some answers I'm dying to find out, so it deserves a place on my list!

Your space ship has crash landed and your mission is on a strange planet. A fairly verbose text Adventure, this one has some strange devices just begging for answers knocking around!

What earthly use is that robot that putters about after you? What mysteries are concealed within the dome? Is there a need to traverse what seems to be a maze — indeed, is there a way out? Another game, this time solely for the BBC micro, that would stand conversion to other machines.

10 DENISTHROUGH THE DRINKING GLASS

From Applications Software Specialities.

For Spectrum and Atari.

Denis makes the honours list as the first game to be commercially released, written on the Quill. A zany political satire, Denis is original in being written mainly in verse.

This is a fun game — take more than ten moves without a swig of gin and you've had it!

Chances are that you'll be a headline in the Sun newspaper if you fail in your mission — reaching the cellar of the Gravedigger's Arms.

But first you must escape from Maggie. What a dream — if only we could! Perhaps that is what endeared the game to me.

WIN COUNTY STAR TURN

After we decided just what we wanted to do with the flexi-disc, a lot of things still had to be done. First, we had to approach the Twins to see what they thought about the idea. And luckily for us their reaction was

After a meeting with the Twins' management team we set about choosing a song which would fit in with

After some long and hard deliberation, a recent hit the Adventure idea., song, Doctor, Doctor was chosen.

Then came the hard part - we had to find some programmers good enough to do the job and provide a high quality game for our demanding readers.

We decided to approach Quicksilva, the Southampton-based software company with a reputation for producing well crafted games - including an adaptation of The Snowman, the Christmas fairytale by Raymond Briggs and Ant Attack, the stunning 3D

Rod Cousens and Mark Eyles at Quicksilva were as action game. excited about the idea as we were — and soon had a couple of their top programmers working on Thompson Twin Adventures for the Spectrum and Commo-

Here at C&VG we wanted graphics plus a good dore 64. Adventure game, that we could base a competition around. After a couple of weeks' intensive work, Quicksilva's programmers came up with the basis of a game based on the Twins' song.

The first screens were taken back to the Thompson's management for approval — and we got the go-ahead for the project.

The actual flexi-disc was manufactured by a company called Flexi Records in London who are well known for their work with computers. They transfer the data onto a master tape and then make a metal copy of the disc which is used to press the plastic discs which you got free with your copy of C&VG.

The early graphic screens showed the Twins on a beach, in a forest and in a dark cavern. The idea of the game was to find certain objects to get to the Doctor's lab where a certain mysterious potion was being brewed up. After adding the objects to the potion, you discovered just what this mysterious brew was.

Clues could be found in the lyrics of the Doctor Doctor song — a brief snatch was included at the start of the flexi-disc plus a special message to C&VG readers from the Twins themselves.

The person who solved the Adventure first won a very special prize — the chance to meet Tom, Alanhah and Joe backstage after one of their recent sell-out

By now the winner will be well known to all C&VGreaders. Unfortunately we can't tell you now as this Yearbook has to go to press long before the winner was decided. I'm sure you had a great time -

Hundreds of our readers flooded the Computer and whoever you were! Video Games offices with entries and telephone calls, making this competition the most popular C&VG has ever organised. Next time we'll make the adventure a

The Twins took a great interest in the whole idea bit more difficult. especially Joe who was interested in computers and what they can do. Like all modern pop bands, the Twins use computers on and off stage to help produce their own distinctive sound.

There's more about computers and music in the Star



Thompson Twins

There we were, sitting around in the Computer & Video Games offices, wondering just what to do with our special flexi-disc. Why not put an Adventure game on it, someone said? Yeah, and why not make it an adventure about pop-stars? It is a record after all, said someone else! Great, but who are we going to get to do it? The Thompson Twins! So that's how everyone who grabbed a copy of October's C&VG got a very special free gift.

The actual flexi-disc was manufactured by a company called Flexi Records in London who are well known for their work with computers.

Read on for details . . .

Turn which features Vince Clark, if you turn to page 69. And more about pop groups and Adventures in the interview with Dave Greenfield of the Stranglers

Who knows — maybe 1985 will see more of your on page 4. favourite musicians working with computers or producing computer games. If they do, you'll know where to read about it first!



SEAWOLF

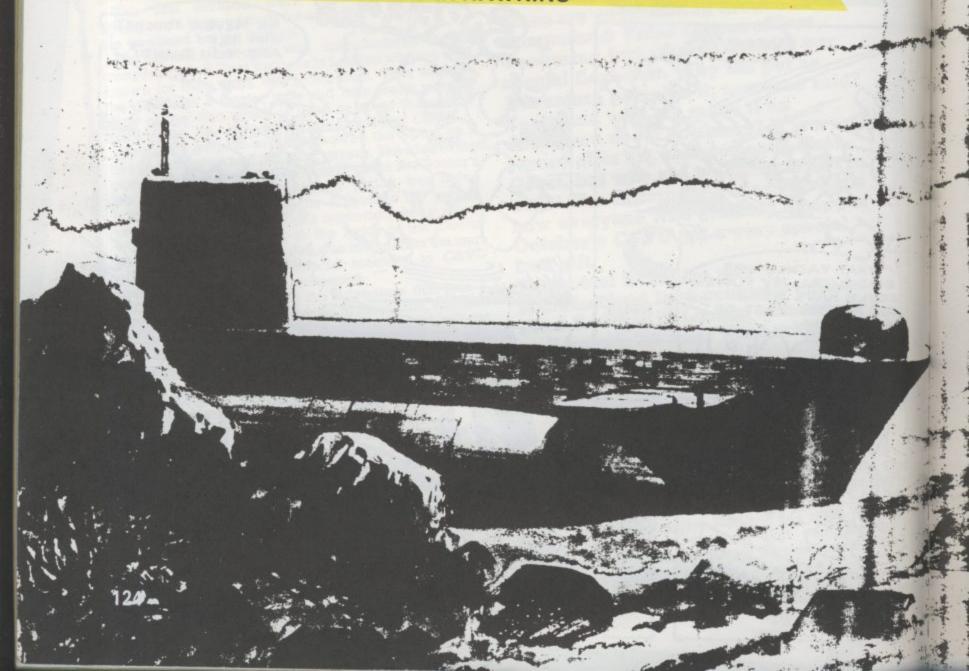
RUNS ON A TEXAS WITH TWO JOYSTICKS

As the captain of a hunter killer battle ship, your job is to guard the entrance of a secret underwater defence establishment.

Because of the huge amounts of time and money being ploughed into the defence factory in an attempt to build the ultimate deterrent, there is only enough money to keep a single ship on guard outside the base making sure that no submarines slip past the security net

The lack of money is so acute that even the number of depth charges you have on board has been limited. So you will have to be very careful with your aim.

BY MARK HAWKINS

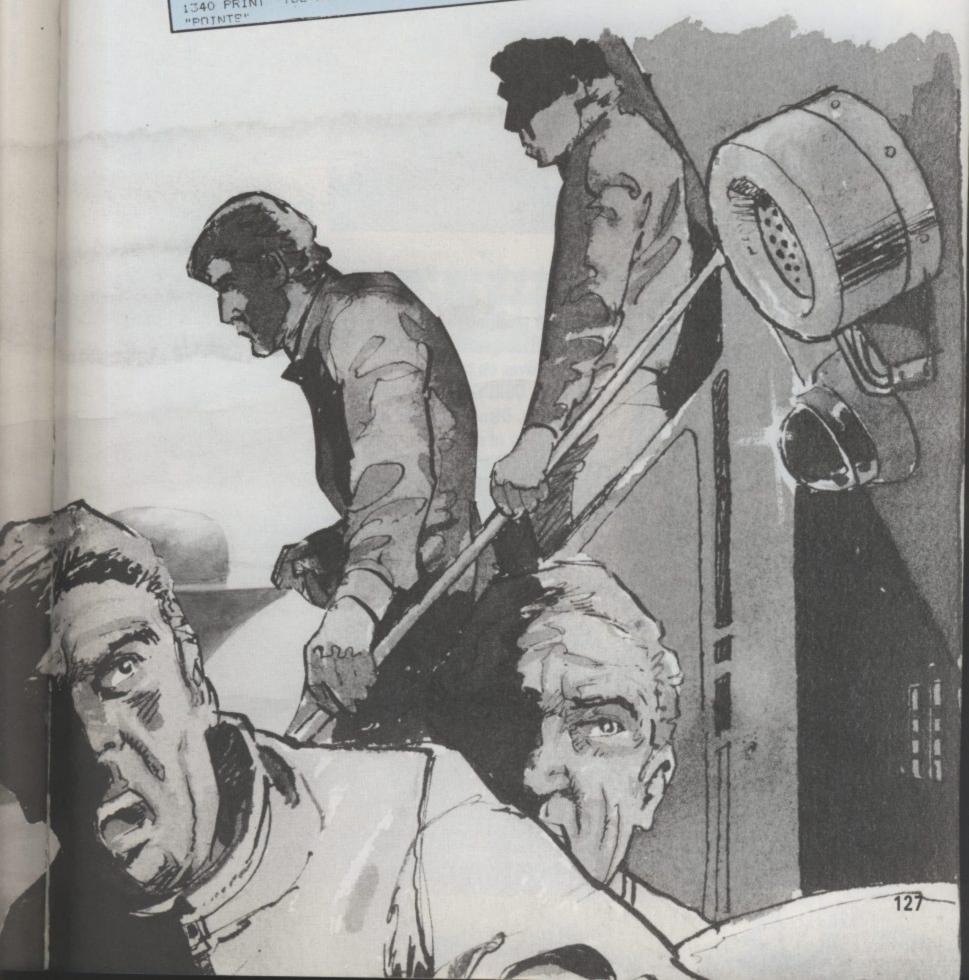


```
100 REM <-- OFERATION SEA WOLF-->
                                 (--BY MSOFT--)
                      120 REM
                     130 RESTORE
                     140 CALL CLEAR
                    140 CALL CLEAR
150 CALL CHAR(128. "0082FEE0C0C0C000")
160 FRINT TAB(6): "OPERATION SEA WOLF":: TAB(7): "BY MARK HANKINS"
                   170 FOR A=3 TO 32 STEF 2
                   180 CALL HCHAR (1, A. 128)
                   190 CALL HCHAR (24. A. 128)
                  200 NEXT A
                  210 CALL VCHAR (1.3, 128, 24)
                 220 CALL VCHAR (1,31,128,24
                 230 FOR A=1 TO 6
                 240 READ NOT, DUE
                250 CALL SOUND (DUR. NOT, 2)
260 NEXT A
                270 V$="FRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN"
               280 RD=20
               290 CD=5
               300 GOSUB 1170
              310 CALL KEY (0.K, S)
              320 CALL KEY(1, K, S1)
             330 IF (S=0) * (S1=0) THEN 310
             340 CALL CLEAR
             350 PRINT "WOULD YOU LIKE INSTRUCTIONS (Y/N)?"
             360 CALL KEY (0, K, S)
            370 IF K=89 THEN 1230
           370 IF K=89 THEN 1230
380 IF K=78 THEN 390 ELSE 360
390 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER YOUR SKILL LEVEL(O(EASY)-9(HARD))"
400 CALL KEY(O.K.S)
          410 IF S=0 THEN 400
420 IF (K<4B)+(K>57) THEN 400
          430 NSHIP=(K-48) *6+16
         440 REM DEFINE CHARACTERS
         441 CALL CHAR(128, "FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF")
        450 CALL CHAR (136, "00030203FF7F3F1F")
460 CALL CHAR (137, "00819E9CFEFEFEFE")
       460 CALL CHAR (137. "00819E9CFEFEFEFE")
470 CALL CHAR (144, "000003031F3F1F00")
480 CALL CHAR (145. "00309090F8FCF800")
       490 CALL CHAR(145, "00007EFFFFFE0000")
500 CALL CHAR(152, "00")
       510 REM SET UP SCREEN
      520 CALL CLEAR
      530 CALL SCREEN(5)
540 CALL COLOR (12, 16, 1)
     541 CALL COLOR (13, 15, 1)
     550 CALL COLOR (14.15,6)
    560 CALL COLOR (15, 12, 1)
    570 CALL COLOR (16.1,6)
   580 CALL HCHAR(1,1,152,32*12)
  581 CALL HCHAR (2, 15, 128)
582 CALL HCHAR (3, 13, 128, 5)
  583 CALL HCHAR (4, 11, 128, 8)
  584 CALL HCHAR (5, 11, 128, 8)
 585 CALL HCHAR (6, 13, 128, 5)
590 CALL HCHAR (12, 16, 136)
 600 CALL HCHAR (12, 17, 137)
 610 V$="SCORE=: 0"
620 RO=1
630 CO=1
640 GOSUB 1170
650 REM SET UP GAME
```

SEAVOLF

```
660 SC=0
                         670 ROS=INT(8*RND)+13
                         680 PD=13
                         690 SH=0
                        700 Z=0
                        710 C=16
                        720 REM SUB MOVEMENT
                       730 FOR G=31 TO 3 STEF -2
740 CALL KEY (3.K.S)
                       750 IF K=13 THEN 990
                       760 RA=C+(K=83)-(K=68)
                      770 IF (RA<3)+(RA>30) THEN 890
                      780 IF RACE THEN 840
                      790 CALL JOYST (1, DX. DY)
                     800 RA=C+DX/4
                     310 RA=INT(32*((RA-1)/32-INT((RA-1)/32)))+1
                     820 CALL KEY (1, K.S.
                    830 IF K=18 THEN 990
                    840 CALL HCHAR (12, C, 152, 2)
                    850 CALL HCHAR (12.RA. 136)
                   860 CALL HCHAR (12, RA+1, 137)
                   870 C=RA
                   880 IF Z=1 THEN 1010
                  890 CALL HCHAR (ROS. 5.32.28)
                  900 CALL HCHAR (ROS. G. 144)
910 CALL HCHAR (ROS. G+1.145)
920 CALL SOUND (150, -1.0)
                  930 NEXT Q
                 940 SH=SH+1
                 950 IF SH=NSHIP THEN 1330
                 דבס תכם-זחד (D*RND) 3 -
                970 GOTO 730
                別の BEE FIRE
               1000 IF Z=1 THEN 760
1010 FDR A=PD TO PD+3
1020 CALL GCHAR (A. Y. GET)
               1030 CALL HCHAR (A. Y. 146)
               1040 IF GET=144 THEN 1430
              1050 IF GET=145 THEN 1430
              1060 CALL HCHAR (A. Y. 32)
              1070 NEXT A
             1080 CALL SOUND (150.-3.0)
             1100 IF FO>=22 THEN 1140
             1110 Z=1
            :120 IF 0<3 THEN 940
            1140 Z=0
           1150 PO=15
           1160 GOTO 890
AND PROPERTY AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT
```

1170 FOR A=1 TO LEN(V\$)
1180 CH=ASC(SEG\$(V\$,A.1))
1190 CALL HCHAR(RD,CO+A.CH)
1200 NEXT A
1210 RETURN
1220 REM INSTRUCTIONS:
1230 CALL CLEAR
1230 CALL CLEAR
1240 PRINT "YOUR JOB IS TO STOP THE": "ENEMY SUBS FROM REACHING": "THE HARBOUR IN
1250 PRINT "'ORRNER."::
1250 PRINT :: "NOTE::": " THE FIRE KEY IS THE ENTER": "KEY": "'S'&'D' MOVE THE SHI
1250 PRINT :: "IF USING THE JOYSTICKS USE": "JOYSTICK NO.1"
1260 FRINT "'STOP FOR THE JOYSTICKS USE": "JOYSTICK NO.1"
1270 CALL KEY(O.K.S)
1290 CALL KEY(I.K.SI)
1200 CALL CLEAR
1310 CALL CLEAR
1320 GOTO 390
1330 CALL CLEAR
1340 PRINT "YOU HIT":SC/100: "SHIPS": "OUT OF A MAXIMUM OF":NSHIP: "YOU SCORED":SC:
"POINTS"



OLYMPIC HOLIDAY WINNERS



One minute Gavin Cox and his brother, Nathan, were sitting quietly with their Spectrum in the front room of their home in Old Coulsdon, a sleepy suburb of Croydon, just outside London. The next they were sitting in the Olympic Stadium in Los Angeles watching the track and field events and soaking up the sun!

That's what reading Computer & Video Games does for you! Gavin was the winner of our Automata-Activision Olympic holiday competition and the prize was a ten day trip to Los Angeles — all expenses paid — with tickets for the top Olympic events and the Executive Suite in the Sheraton Hotel in Anaheim

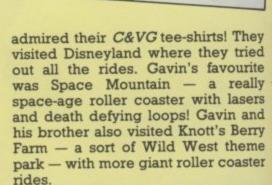
Gavin correctly identified all the events of the decathlon from screen shots of the Activision game featured in the July issue of *C&VG*.

This is the story of two
Computer & Video Games
readers who entered our great
Olympic competition and found
themselves on a flight to Los
Angeles, USA! They went to the
Olympics, Disneyland and had
the holiday of a lifetime — just
because they picked up C&VG.
Makes you think doesn't it? Next
time it could be you — but
meanwhile why not read all
about Gavin and Nathan's trip to
America?

He also came up with a nifty little slogan all about *C&VG* which went like this: "Mega-Supa, Software Smashing, Bad Game Bashing, Has No Trash In, Ever So Dashin' — magazine!"

Gavin came up to London to receive his prize from the PiMan who jogged up from Portsmouth specially to present the tickets and £500 spending money from the Pi-Man's very own bank account. Then a couple of days later they were off—flying high above the Atlantic toward Los Angeles.

Once they arrived, they soon made friends — many young Americans



At the Olympics, the brothers saw Carl Lewis make one of his record breaking runs, watched the heart-stopping finish to the Ladies' Marathon and watched Daley Thompson going for gold.

It was all over too quickly for the two boys — who told C&VG afterwards. "It was really great. We'd like to go back one-day. Thanks C&VG for such a great prize!"

Which only goes to show that the biggest and best prizes are always in Computer & Video Games.





CONDENSATION STREET



