## Homework week of Nov. 9: due Tues. Nov. 17

## November 11, 2009

1. Prove that the Lebesgue measure of a countable set is zero. (Pay attention to the measurability issues.)

2. A  $G_{\delta}$  set is a countable intersection of open sets. An  $F_{\sigma}$  set is a countable union of closed sets. Such sets form the second level in the Borel hierarchy.

(a) Show that any closed set in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is a  $G_{\delta}$  set.

(b) Give an example of an  $F_{\sigma}$  sets which is not a  $G_{\delta}$  set. (Think about countable dense sets.)

3. Show that an open disc in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is not the countable union of disjoint open rectangles. (A rectangle is a product of intervals in each variable separately.)

4. Here is an alternative definition of measurability of a set of reals: E is measurable if for every  $\epsilon$  there exists a closed set F contained in E such that the outer measure of  $E \setminus F$  is less than  $\epsilon$ . Show that this is equivalent to the usual definition of measurability.

5. Suppose that  $A \subset E \subset B$ , and A and B are measurable sets of reals of finite measure, with m(A) = m(B). Show that E is measurable.

6. Let N be the nonmeasurable set constructed in class. Suppose that E is a measurable set.

(a) If  $E \subset N$ , then m(E) = 0.

(b) If m(E) > 0, then E contains a nonmeasurable set.

7. page 247, #1,2,3,4.