## MOORE'S ALMANAC

 ORIGINAL EDITION.-205th YEAR.YOX STELLAKLM:
OR, A LOYAL


FOR THE YEAR OF HUMAN REDEMPTION

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1902,
$$

BEING THE FIBST YEAR OF THE REIGN OF HLS PRESENT MAJESTY KING EDWARD VII.: containing
RISING AND SET'LNG (F'THE SUN AND M6i)ス; MOON'S AGE AND DURATION UF MOONII(iHT:

MONTHLY VOICES OF THE STARS;
 $\mathfrak{A}$ Correct $\mathbb{C}$ ibe $\mathbb{C}$ able;
FULL ASTRONOMICAL INFORMATI() :
GENERAL PREDICTIONS FOR THE YEAR;
HINTS TO FARDERS;
LIST OF THE HOUSES OF PARLYAM,ENT;
FAIRS IN ENGLAND:ANDDWATES, REIGNTIG: SOVEREIGNS,


FRANCIS MOORE,

PHYSECIAN.

LONDON:
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FOR THE YEAR OF HUMAN REDEMPTION

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LIST OF THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT; FAIRS IN ENGLAND AND WALES, REIGNING SOVEREIGNS POSTAL INFORMATION, \&c., \&c.

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## WILDE'S TESTIMONIALS.

[From "BORDERLAND."]
TILDNA. WYU SATION
R "It wbuld be difficult for anyone to ignore the test horoscope of Mr. Pearson, of Pearson's Weebly, which is pubtistied'In this number, from the pen of Mr. Wilde, and to deny that it is possible for an astrologer to use his curious science in such a way as to obtain extraordinarily accurate results, both as to the character and history of the person whose horoscope he casts. No doubt mistakes are frequent, and there may be more misses than hits, but a series of hits such as Mr. Wilde seems to have made in the case of Mr. Pearson is hardly explicable on the hypothesis of mere coincidence."

Extract from the Christmas Number, 1895, of "Pearson's Weekly":-
Mr. Pearson says :-"I do not think there is the least doubt about the fact that Mr. Wilde had not the smallest knowledge of the personality of the individual whose horoscope he was casting. - So many points in this horoscope are so curiously accurate, that I thought almost anybody would probably be interested in glancing through it."
W. T. Stead, Esq., Editor of the "Review of Reviews," worites:-
" Mowbray House, Norfolk Street, Strand, London, W.C.
" August ${ }^{23}$ rd, 1893.
" G. Wilde, Esq.
" Dear Sir,-I yesterday read over your horoscope to the subject of it-the test case, I mean. You will be pleased to know that both he and I were immensely staggered by your success. You had hit off with extraordinary accuracy so many events of his past life that it was quite wonderful. -1 am , yours very truly,
(Signed)
"W. T. Stead."
" Mr. Wilde was extraordinarily successful with Mr. Pearson, for whom he did a very elaborate horoscope, which was right as to the past, and has since been verified in relation to matters which were then in the future."-Borderland, October, 1897.

## A TEST HOROSCOPE.

See Review of Reviews, May, 1900.
Mr. Stead says: "I print Mr. Wilde's horoscope of Mr. Pearson.
It will be noticed that in nine cases out of ten Mr. Pearson thinks the astrologer was right. Mr. Wilde predicted financial success, estates, and riches for this unknown gentleman, who writes, 'It looks as though this were going to come true."

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## MORE TESTIMONY.

[^0]
## MOORE'S ALMANAC.

Once more I have to chronicle the "passing" of an old year and the birth of a new; and once more I would direct the attention of my intelligent readers to the remarkable evidence which fulfilled Predictions afford of the wisdom of studying the Stars more carefully in regard to worldly affairs.

We cannot actually see into the Future, but the Heavens do much to assist those who choose to consult them, to make their plans to best advantage in order to meet whatsoever it may please the Divine Being. to bring about.

ОСTOBER, igol.

FRANCIS MOORE,<br>Physician.

## NOTES ON THE YEAR.

During the first five centuries after the birth of Christ, the Christians, comparatively few in number, and scattered among different and distant peoples, used in their records no other mode of expressing dates than those which prevailed amongst the nations of which they severally formed a part. In 532 A.D., when their numbers and importance had augmented, Dionysius Exiguus, a monk of Scythian birth, proposed $\checkmark$ that all Christians should adopt the epoch of the birth of Christ as their point of departure in counting time and in the expression of dates. This rendered necessary an investigation into the question of the date of that event. Dionysius made historical researches, and finally assigned the birth of Christ to the 25th day of December
in the 753rd year from the foundation of Rome (but this is now admittedly erroneous).

It might have been expected, therefore, that the first Christian year would commence on that day, and that its anniversary would be the first day of each succeeding year. It was, however, found inconvenient to change the commencement of the year, and it was resolved to adhere to that of the Roman year heretofore used by the church -that is, to the ist January, and that the first year of the Christian era should be the 754th year from the foundation of Rome. According to the mode of reckoning finally adopted, therefore, the year I A.D. was that which commenced at the moment of the midnight between the 3rst December in the 753rd year, and the ist January in the 754th year of Rome.


The Dominical or Sunday Letter i:s in: letter of the alphabet used to indicate the incidence of the Sundays in the Ecclesiastical Calendar-thus in 1902, the first Sunday will fall on the fifth day, and the letter $\mathbf{E}$ (5th letter) will fall opposite the first and every following Sunday for that year.
The Golden Number is the number of years elapsed in the Lunar Cycle or period of is years, at the end of which period the same aspects of the moon recur wilhin an hour and a half of the same times.
The Epact is a number representing the age of the moon on the first day of the new year.
The Solar Cycle is a period of 28 years,

| Solar Cycle for the year | 1902 | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Roman Indiction | $"$ | $\ldots . . . . . . . . .$. | 15 |
| Julian Period, Year of | $"$ | $\ldots . . . . . . . .$. | $665_{5}$ |

within which the Dominical or Sunday Letters, and those that express the other festivals, \&c.; return in the same order as before.
The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces.
The Julian period contains 7980 years (being the Lunar Cycle of 19, the Solar Cycle of 28, and the Roman indiction of 15 multiplied together). The Julian period is reckoned as haring begun 4713 years before our era, so that the year 1902 co:responds with 5615 of that period. It is used in astronomical and chronological calculations throughout the world.

## MOORE'S FULFILLED PREDICTIONS OF 1901.

## PREDICTIONS.

" Expenditure on arms and armaments will be increased, ironworkers and gunsmiths will have a busy time."-Almanac, 1901, p. 5.
" At Cạpetown the indications are that a strong force of British troops will be required to overawe the wily Boers. In the Cape Parliament factious opposition to British rule will cause great excitement."-Ibid.

## FULFILMENT.

In the first quarter of 190I, great expenditure on arms and armaments was incurret. The Army estimates were i sued on the i-t of March to the amou 't of $£ 87,915,000$. Strong reinforcements. to the extent of 30,000 men, were sent to Sout: Af ica, where fighting took place from time to time. Owing to the seditious action of certain members of the Cape Parliament, the Constitution was suspended.
> "There will be trouble and sorrow among the highest in the social scale."-Ibid., p. 6.
. The death of Queen Victoria, and, a few months later, that of the Empress Frederick of Germany, the Princess Royal of Great Britain, plunged the country into the profoundest grief and mourning.
" Debates in Parliament become acrimonious, especially concerning education and religious differences." -lbid., p. I2.
"The education question will again be hotly debated. In the House of Commons, a scene of discord is threatened in the latter half of this July."-Ibid., p. 23.
"At Constantinople, the situation will soon be so threatening as to cauce alarm to the Sultan and the Pashas."-Ibid., p. 6.
" In France, great political excitement and martial ardcur."-lbid., p. 25 (August).
" Excitement in France.
"Saturn worries the Sultan of Turkey."-Ibid., p. 27 (September).

[^1]The debates in Parliament in the late session on education and religious, questions were exceedingly acrimonious.

On the 29th' of July two Irish members were suspended for the rest of the session for creating disorder, and another was suspended next day.

The troubles in Albania, the fire at the harem, and the dispute with France caused great alarm to the Sultan and Pashas.

On the 22nd of August the French Ambassador was recalled from Constantinople. At the beginning of September, French warships were ordered to the Bosphorus. There was great excitement in France in August and September over the Turkish dispute and the coming of the Tsar to witness the manœuvres of the French Army.

The guerilla fighting, wrecking of trains, and the cruelties practised by some Boers brought trouble again. in the summer quarter, on the Government.

Great depression, almost a panic, in New York on the 15th of July; and a reaction on the South African market in London.

## PREDICTIONS FOR THE YEAR.

The Sun enters Capricornus, December 22nd, 1900, at $0^{\mathrm{b}} 33^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.
Saturn, Jupiter, and Mars are near together in the sign Capricornus, and in the tenth house of the heavens. The winter quarter will be a critical time for Great Britain, and Europe generally. The price of foodstuffs and coal will be far too high for the slender purses of the industrial people. The financial condition of our country is very unsatisfactory, but it will gradually improve as the New Year opens out. In Ireland affairs will improve more satisfactorily ; and her exports will increase and prove more remunerative.

At Calcutta the outlook is not altogether good, for, although trade will improve, India will have some strong rivalry to compete with; on her borders restless and marauding tribesmen will force on some fighting and involve the country in much expense ; and epidemic sickness will afflict more than one great province.

At Capetown a manifest improvement will quickly set in ; but taxation is more likely to be increased than diminished in Cape Colony; and some restlessness of brigand-like Boers will be the cause of warlike proceedings in the Transvaal.

At New York a tide of prosperity is promised ; and gambling in stocks and shares will run riot. In the southern States racial feeling will bring on some violent proceedings, lynching of negro malefactors and attacks on prisons.

The Sun enters Aries. March 21st, 1902, at $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{h}} 16 \frac{1 \mathrm{Im}}{2}$ p.m.


The Sun is so near to the violent planet Mars at this ingress that prospects of a thoroughly peaceful and prosperous spring cannot be said be good. Progress can be but slow while martial influence remains in force 4 :, and the expenditure on arms and armaments, on an increased army and navy, and the paying of interest on the national debt, will neutralise the gain of an increased revenue. The opposition of the Moon to Mercury threatens some loss of trade by foreign competition; fortunately, the presence of Jupiter in the seventh house promises increase of exports to our Colonies, and a more peaceful time in South Africa.

At Calcutta the figure of the heavens is favourable to the advancement of Indian trade. But the Sun with Mars in the sixth house shows that plague and fever will not yet be gone from the crowded cities, but will claim many victims.

At Peking changes in the administration and danger to the Emperor of China are indicated; and a failing revenue will render the payment of the indemnity to the Western Powers very difficult and slow.

At Capetown some public troubles are pre-signified, and the national finances will take a long while to improve and to become sound again. Adverse weather will entail loss on farmers in most districts of Cape Colony.

At Melbcurne a prosperous quarter is indicated. An epidemic amongst children will cause some alarm, and it is likely to take the form of either scarlet fever or smallpox, but sanitary measures and isolation of cases would minimise the danger of an epidemic becoming widespread.

At New York the figure of the heavens, although favourable, does not warrant the prediction of such prosperity as was enjoyed by the United States in the spring of last year. Some big Trusts and financial syndicates will be in a shaky state, and this will re-act on the Money Market. The Munroe doctrine will entail increase of the American navy.

## Total Eclipse of the Moon, April 22nd, 1902.

This eclipse is partly visible here. It falls in the second degree of Scorpio, a sign productive of earthquakes, so that we shall soon hear of severe shocks in the south-east of Europe.

## Partial Eclipse of the Sun, May 8th, 1902.

This eclipse is invisible here, being visible only in the Pacific, and partly in New Zealand. Its effects on our antipodean colony will be injurious in the way of drought to the interests of farmers.

## The Sun enters Cancer, June 22nd, 1902, at $9^{\text {h }} 15^{m}$ a.m.

The figure of the heavens for the moment of this Solar ingress is propitious, as Venus culminates in Taurus, promising a good harvest in Great Britain and Ireland, a healthy season, and national festivity.

At Berlin and Vienna Mars is so close to the meridian that the blood tax and the prices of the necessaries of life will crush the spirit of the Germans and render them less able to compete in their industries with their American rivals. Great increase of emigration to America will follow.

At Calcutta the planetary configurations indicate a renewal of epidemic disease, in the western part of India chiefly. Otherwise a favourable period is promised.

At Capetown the planetary influences are very good for Cape Colony and Natal, where the natural resources of the land will be highly developed.

At Melbourne the public bealth will require strict attention to sanitary measures. Places of amusement will prosper. Schools will be developed largely.

At New York some adverse influences will occasion anxiety as to foreign trade ; but, on the whole, a favourable quarter is promised for the States.

The Sun enters Libra, September 23rd, 1902, at $1 \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{h}} 55^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.
The Sun is in the lower meridian ; and an opposition of Mars with Jupiter has lately passed. We must not, therefore, be too sanguine as to the prospects of peace and plenty for Great Britain this coming autumn, and we must rigidly scan the horizon of foreign politics and scheming. Either religious or educational questions will cause much discussion, possibly both.

At Berlin Mars is nearly rising at this ingress, an influence which renders rulers and people impatient of foreign action clashing with their interests, and is not conducive to the maintenance of peace.

At Calcutta the influences are very promising for the advancement of India, and her increase of trade will gladden the hearts of her merchants and people.

At Capetown, everything would go well for South Africa but for a small band of irreconcilable Boers who endeavour to upset law and order in the Transvaal.

At Melbourne Mars is too strong for a very successful quarter to be hoped for by farmers and cattle-breeders.

At New York the planetary influences tell of increase of prosperity for merchants and traders; but farmers are likely to suffer to some extent through adverse weather. Ambitious political leaders will bring some hitch or dispute to pass with a foreign nation.

Total Eclipse of the Moon, October 17th, 1902.
Being partly visible here this eclipse is significant of colonial troubles and much sickness of a feverish character, for the Moon is in Aries, the sign ruling England, and afflicted by Saturn.

Partial Eclipse of the Sun, October 31st, 1902.
This eclipse is also partly visible here and is significant of trouble in the East of Europe, and of some loss of trade. The trouble in the East will probably take the form of earthquakes; and rebellion of down-trodden people against their cruel oppressors may be expected. Massacres in Armenia are too likely to be renewed. In fact, Turkey in Europe and Asia will be in a state of seething discontent.

## EXPLANATION OF THE CALENDAR, ASPECTS, \&c.

The first columns of the left page show the day of the month, week, and year--the figures in the latter column indicating the number of days from the beginning of the year.

The column headed "Notes" shows the Sundays, Church festivals and Holy days, Aspects (as to which see below), Astronomical and other notes. (The Saints' days printed in italics are not kept by the Church of England.) The right ascension of the principal planets at certain dates is also given. The thick rule on left of this column indicates the duration of the various Law Sittings.

The columns headed "Moon" show-Ist. The moon's age (that is, the nearest number of days, without fractions, that have elapsed since the preceding New Moon). (This is sometimes useful in estimating roughly the time of High Water in localities where the usual tide-tables are not available.) 2nd. Duration of Moonlight from 6 to 9 and 9 to 12 p.m., and 12 to 3 and 3 to 6 a.m. (It will of course not be lost sight of that at certain periods of the year the rising or setting of the Moon must occur in daylight. As the object of the column is solely to show the hours when there is Moonlight, no notice is taken of the fact that there may also be Daylight.) 3rd, 4th, and 5th : The hour of rising (Greenwich mean time), when the Moon is due south and has attained her greatest altitude (astronomically when the Moon Transits or passes the meridian), and the hour of Setting. In these columns where a waved rule line occurs it indicates a period post meridiem, whilst a dotted rule line indicates ante meridiem.

The columns headed "Sun" show -Ist. The Rising and Setting of the Sun (Greenwich time). 2nd. Equation of Time, or the period which is needed to adjust civil to astro-
nomical time. 3rd. The Sun's declination.

On the right page is given the time of High Water at London Bridge, morning and afternoon, the time of Ecliptic conjunction with the Moon of principal planets, Weather Forecasts (as to which see below), Voice of the Stars for the month, and Notes on Birthday influences.

The dates of very High Tides are accurately predicted as a useful warning for localities adjacent to the river. Precaution is, however, urgent only when atmospheric disturbances are prevalent, more especially high north winds and a low state of the barometer with continued rain. A very high spring tide is unusually sensitive, and is much affected bv these disturbing influences.

Explanation of the Aspects. Conjunction, 6.- Two heavenly bodies are in conjunction with one another when both have the same longitude. Semi-quartile. - Two heavenly bodies are in mutual semiquartile when the difference of their longitudes is exactly $45^{\circ}$. Sextile, *-- A difference of longitude of $60^{\circ}$. Quintile.-A difference of longitude of $72^{\circ}$. Quartile or Quadrature, $\square$. -A difference of longitude of $90^{\circ}$. Trine, $\Delta$. - A difference of longitude of $120^{\circ}$. Opposition, 8.A difference of longitude of $180^{\circ}$ (half the circle). Sesquiquadrate.-A difference of longitude of $135^{\circ}$. Bi-quintile.-A difference of longitude of $144^{\circ}$. The major aspects are the conjunction, sextile, quartile, trine, and opposition. The minor aspects (determined by Kepler, the great astronomer) are the $30^{\circ}, 36^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 72^{\circ}$, $135^{\circ}$ and $144^{\circ}$. The conjunction varies in nature according to the natures of the planets forming it. The sextile and trine are benefic ; the quartile and opposition are malefic

WEATHER FORECASTS, LUNAR INFJUENCE, \&C.
aspects. Of the minor aspects the $45^{\circ}$ and $135^{\circ}$ are malefic, the rest are benefic.

When two planets have the same declination they are said to be in parallel declination, and this, like the conjunction, varies in nature according to the natures of the planets. The conjunction is weak when the conjoined planets are far apart in declination.

Natures of the Planets. Jupiter and Venus are benefic planets, Mars, Saturn and Uranus are malefic. Mercury, the Moon, and Neptune are variable, partaking of the nature according to the planet with which either may be configurated. The Sun is a benefic, except when greatly afflicted by quartile or opposition with Saturn, Mars, or Uranus.

Weather Forecasts. - These are based on the configurations of the Sun with the planets, mutual aspects between the planets, and the crossing of the equator by the heavenly bodies. They relate to the general state of the weather and the atmosphere. In places where the average annual rainfall exceeds 24 inches, more rain may be expected than is foretold. Forecasts of gales apply chiefly to the coasts, but they will sometimes be verified inland. Astro-meteorology is not yet perfected, so that more precise predictions of variations of weather than those given in the calendar cannot yet be made ; but it is based on repeatedly observed coincidences of certain changes of weather with astronomic phenomena. Kepler expressed himself certain, from his observation and experience, of the action of the great planets on the earth's atmosphere. The Solar aspects with the great planets operate on the atmosphere for a period of from two to four days. The conjunction of Venus with Saturn produces rain, fog, or snow, according to the season ; often gales, and always lower temperature. The conjunction of Mercury with Mars
produces strong wind or storms. Cardan observed this effect, and Kepler testified to it. Astro-meteorology is well worth attentive study.

Lunar Influence.-This influence on mundane affairs varies according to the nature of the body with which the Moon forms configurations in her rapid course. When the Moon is in sextile or trine with the Sun it is a good time for asking favours, seeking employment, or travelling for health. With Saturn, for dealing with farmers, miners, and old people ; for purchasing houses or land ; and for planting or sowing. With Jupiter, for opening new business, dealing with merchants, bankers, and rich people. With Mars, for consulting surgeons, engineers, and mechanical people. With Venus, for courting, pleasure-seeking, marrying, engaging maidservants, visiting friends, and taking lessons in music. With Mercury, for seeking employment ; writing letters or articles, or books; dealing with printers, editors, publishers, or lawyers; for sending children to school for the first time, bir .ing apprentices, and travelling. With Uranus, for scientific work, dealing with electrical engineers, or for learning astronomy or astrology. Astrologers find that affairs begun under such configurations proceed more successfully than at other timesSolomon found that " to everything there is a season, and a time for every purpose under the heavens." It is important to ascertain, however, that the moon has no evil aspect (quartile or opposition) or conjunction with either Saturn, Mars, or Uranus at the time selected, or the good influence will be nullified.

## WEATHER CHANGES.

In the pages devoted to Weather Changes the Records of Barometer, Temperature and Rainfall are for the 59 years from 1841 to 1900 ; those for Sunshine for the 19 years from I880 to 1899.



## WEATHER FORECASTS.

January enters with variable, gusty weather, severe in the north ; 3rd to 5th, fair ; 6th, snow-showers; 7th and 8th, fair ; 9th to IIth, snow-showers ; 12th and 13th, fair ; 14th to 16th, gusty, variable; 17th and 18th, unsettled ; 19th to 23rd, fair ; 24th and 25th, gales and downfall ; 26th, fair ; 27th, breezy, unsettled; 28th to 3ist, mostly fair.-Gales are probable on or about the 9 th and loth, 14 th, and 25 th .

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

The New Year opens gloomily in Europe, but more favourably in Great Britain. The blood-tax in Germany, Austria and Russia deepens the resentment of the populace. In France discord and discontent place the ruling powers in a quandary; and a violent demonstration against the French Government is extremely probable soon after the 9th inst. British trade and commerce will be extended notwithstanding the disturbed state of the Continent. The passage of Mars through the sign Aquarius reacts unfavourably on Russia and Prussia. The Tsar finds it difficult to keep the military party in check, and to satisfy the demand of his subjects for a Constitution. The state of the East alarms the rulers of Russia and Austria, and the outlook for the holders of Turkish bonds is very serious. The capital of Belgium is disturbed by the progress of Saturn in the sign Capricornus; plots and strikes will soon be in evidence there. Towards the end of this month fires and explosions will do great damage in Russia, Prussia, Piedmont, Hamburg and Bremen. Paris will suffer either from a storm or conflagration ; and from popular discontent.

## ERRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The best birthday-anniversaries in the opening month of this year are the $15^{\text {th }}$ and 19 th, the $13^{\text {th }}$-nd 28 th lanking next. A stroke of gocd fortune is promiscd lor those persons whose anniversary falls on the 15 th ; they will gain in health and social position, and will bent fit by advantageous friendships. The 9th has a strange mixture of good and evil influences, bringing bereavement or illness, and some advantages at the same time. Those who are engaged in banking or connected with religious life, and whose birthdays fall on either the 9th, 10th, 15 th, 19th, or 28 th inst. will meet with advancement or preferment, attended by some drawback unless they act very prudently.

Jan. : Obliquity of the Ecliptic, $23^{\circ} 27^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$. Long. of Moon's ascending Node, $220^{\circ}{ }^{2} 8^{\prime}$.
" 1, Length of Day, $7^{\mathrm{h}} 5^{\mathrm{m}}$; $3^{1 \mathrm{rtt}}, 9^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{m}}$.
", 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 10 \cdot 60$. Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime}$. $17 \cdot 5^{\prime \prime}$.
, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathbf{I m}^{\mathrm{m}} 9^{\circ} 4^{\circ}$. Semi-diameter $16^{\prime} 16.8^{\prime \prime}$.

Jan. 5, Moon in Apogee ; 2r, Perigee.
Mercury is in Capticornus; in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 2nd.
Venus is an Evening Star near the Moon on the xath, and at greatest brilliancy on the gth.
Mars is visible for about an hour after Sunset. Jupiter in Sagittarius; conj. with Sun on 15 th. Saturn is in Sagittarius ; conj. with Sun on gth.


While this inclement season lasts, the mind That is to meditation much inclined, Will in surrounding objects something find, Exhibiting the great Creator kind: Snow, lying long, then melting on the plain, Mellows the earth, prepares it for the grain.


If February give much snow, a fine summer it doth foreshow.

| ay | NOTES. <br> SUN ENTERS PISCES <br> 19d. 2 h. p.m. | MOON. |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. $\mathrm{Yr}_{\text {r }}$. |  |  | Rises | Souths\| | Sets | Rises | $\mid \text { Sets } \mid$ | $\mathrm{s}\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Clock } \\ \text { fast } \end{array}\right\|$ | Declin. |
| 1 S 32 | Part. \& Pheas. shg. ends |  | 1.45: |  | 11. 1 | 7.42 | $4.461$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { m. s. } \\ & 61342 \end{aligned}$ | $1 \circ^{5}$ |
| 2 三 33 | Purifi.B.V.M. ${ }^{\text {crefages }}$ | 24 | 2.45 |  | 11.37 | :7.41 | . 88 | 13.50 | 170 |
| 3 M 34 | S. Blaise | 25 | 3.40 | 8. 0 | aft. |  | 4.41 | 13.57 | 42 |
| 4 Tu 35 |  | 26 | 4.31 | 8.49 | 87 |  | 4.511 | 14. | 1625 |
| 5 W 36 |  | 27 | 5.15 | 9.38 | 2. 5 |  | 4.531 | 14. 9 | 167 |
| 6 Th 37 | D $0^{\text {¢ }}$ | 28 | 5.54: | 10.28 | 3. 7 | 7 | 4.551 | 14.14 | 1548 |
| 7 F 38 | 「New Mn. 1.22 p.m. | 29 | 6.28 | 11.17 | 4.14 | \% | 4.571 | 14.18 | 1530 |
| 8 S 39 | Half Quarter Day | - | 6.58 | aft. | 5.23 | 7.31 | 4.591 | 14.22 | 1511 |
| 9 \% 40 | ®uinquagesima | 1 | 7.24: | 0.54 |  | ? | 5. 01 | 14.24 | 1452 |
| 10 M 41 | $\bigcirc *$ * | 2 | 7.49 | 1.43 | 7.49 | 7.27 | 5. 21 | 14.26 | 1433 |
| 11 Tu 42 | Shrove Tuesday | 3 | 8.13: | 2.32 | 9. 4 | 7.26 | 5. 41 | 414.27 | 1414 |
| 12 W 43 | Ash Wednesday | 4 | 8.39 | 3.23 | 10.20 | 7.24 | 5. 6 | . 14.27 | 1354 |
| 13 Th 44 | Kimb'ley relieved, 1900 | 5 | 9. 7 | 4.15 | 11.36 | 7.22 | 5. 81 | 814.26 | 1334 |
| 14 F 45 | S. Valentine. $\odot$ ¢ $\%$ | 6 | 9.39 | 5. 9 |  | 7.20 | 5.101 | 14.25 | 1314 |
| 15 S 46 | First Quarter $2.57 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | ) | 10.18: | 6. 5 |  | 7.18 | 5.12 | 14.22 | 1253 |
| 16.8 | 1 in 3 ment | 8 | 11. 4 | 7. 3 |  | 7.16 | 5.131 | 14.19 | 1233 |
| 17 M 48 |  | 9 | 11.58 | 8. 1 |  |  | 5.15 | 514 | 212 |
| 18 Tu 49 |  | 10 | aft. | 8.59 |  | 7.12 | 5.17 | 714.1 | 1151 |
| 19 W 50 | Ember Day | 11 | 2.11 | 9.55 |  | 10 | 5.19 | 14. | 1130 |
| 20 Th 51 |  | 12 | 3.24 | 10.49 |  | 7. 8 | 5.21 | 14.0 | 119 |
| 21 F 52 | Ember Day | 13 | 4.38 | 11.41 |  | 17. 6 | 5.22 | 213.5 | 047 |
| 22 S | Ember Day. Full Mn. | $\bigcirc$ | 5.52 | morn. |  | 7. 4 | 5.24 | 13.47 | 1025 |
| 23 \% 54 | $2 \mathrm{in} 3 \mathrm{mmt} \quad[1.3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | 15 | 7. 4 | 3 0.30 |  | 7. 7 | 5.26 | 613.39 | 10 |
| 24 M 55 | S. Mathias | 16 | 8.14 | 1.17 |  | 7. 0 | 5.28 | 813.30 | 42 |
| 25 Tu 56 |  | 17 | 9.21 | 2. 3 | 7.42 | 6.58 | 5.30 | 013.21 | 919 |
| 26 W 57 |  | 18 | 10.27 | 2.48 | 8. 6 | 6: 6.56 | 15.3 | 313.12 | 857 |
| 27 Th 58 |  | 19 | 11.31 | 3.34 | 8.32 | 6.54 | 5.33 | 313. | 835 |
| $28 \mathrm{~F} / 59$ |  | 20 | morn. | 4.19: | : 9. | 6.52 | 5.35 | 512.51 |  |

Monthly Notes.

1. Within 21 days the Clerk of the Peace | little authority, considered the patron of the of every County and the Town Clerk of every Borough to transmit to the Secretary of State a printed copy of the Register of Voters.
2. Candlemas, Scotch Quarter Day. Woolcombers of England.
3. Nine days at least before March ist Town Clerks to publish a notice of the election of Auditors.
4. Latest date for nominating Borough 3. S. Blase, Blaze, or Blasius, is, with but auditors.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M. : dotted rule, A.M.

The 6th day, at 1 h . aftern. ( $h$ ) Saturn The 7th day, at 5 The 9th day, at 5 The 9th day, at 2 The 9th day, at 9 morn. (4) Jupiter morn. (q) Venus aftern. ( $\delta$ ) Mars aftern. ( $\wp$ ) Mercury
is in ecliptic conjunction with the Moon.

High Tides.
Feb. 12
24
25

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{z} \\ & \dot{a} \end{aligned}$ | Hag: Water <br>  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | AFT |
|  |  |  |
| 1 | 7.15 | 7.40 |
| 2 | 8. 8 | 8.42 |
| 3 | 9.21 | 10. 4 |
| 4 | 10.45 | 11.22 |
| 5 | 11.55 | - |
| 6 | 0.26 | 0.52 |
| 7 | 1.14 | 1.35 |
| 8 | 1.55 | 2.13 |
| 9 | 2.30 | 2.47 |
| 10 | 3. 5 | 3.23 |
| 11 | 3.40 | 3.58 |
| 12 | 4.17 | 4.36 |
| 13 | 4.55 | 5.14 |
| 14 | 5.33 | 5.53 |
| 15 | 6.16 | 6.41 |
| 16 | 7. 8 | 7.38 |
| 17 | 8.11 | 8.50 |
| 18 | 9.35 | 10.22 |
| 19 | 11. 6 | 11.46 |
| 20 | - | $\theta .21$ |
| 21 | 0.52 | 1.17 |
| 22 | 1.41 | 2.4 |
| 23 | 2.25 | 2.44 |
| 24 | 3. 3 | 3.21 |
| 25 | 3.40 | 3.57 |
| 26 | 4.14 | 4.31 |
| 27 | 4.47 | 5. 4 |
| 28 | 5.19 | 5.35 |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

February opens with seasonable weather; breezy and rather unsettled on the 2nd and 3 rd ; 4 th and 5 h , faircr: 6 th, quty, variable ; 7 th, fairer ; 8th and 9th, snow or rain ; Ioth to 121 h , wintry; 1 ${ }^{\text {th }}$, fairer ; 14 th to 17 th, wintry ; 18th, gusty and un ettled ; 19 and 20th, fairer; 21st and 22nd, unsettled; 23rd, gusty ; 24th and 25th, fair ; 26th, rain or snow ; 27th and 28th, wintry.-Gales are probable on or about the 1ith and 18th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

Jupiter enters the sign Aquarius on the 7 th day and remains therein for the rest of the year ; this brings gain, advantage, and a measure of prosperity to Prussia, Russia, Sweden, and all the other places ruled by the eleventh zodiacal sign. It will take some time, however, for Russia to recover from the drain on her resources caused by the recent failure of crops and military operations; and sickness and death cannot be expected to show any diminution, this month, in the Tsar's dominions. In Turkey, plots, murders, and executions are the order of the day. The North-Eastern States' of America suffer from a blizzard about the 10th to 15th days. In England accidents and explosions will be unusually numerous about the middle of this month. On the Stock Exchange excitement and rapid fluctuation in prices may be expected. In France political discord leads to violent scenes. In Greece events tend towards a financial crisis. In Mexico political disputes are rife and prove fatal to some prominent men. South American Stocks are depressed owing to unsatisfactory trading and internecine quarrels.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The celestial influences are very favourable on the 7th, 14th, 17th and 24th days: but those persons at whose birth the Moon was in the fourth degree of the sign Pisces, ascending or setting, will be liable to meet with accidents or danger by fire about the middle of this month. The 14th brings offers of marri ge to single young ladies whose anniversary falls thereon, but a risk ol misunderstandings or quarrels withal. The 18th brings an active and busy time and journeying ; also changes, which may not prove quite so advantageous as expected. Let those whos birthday falls on the 6th or 19th be careful of accidents, an avoid crowds and dangerous places. The 16th, 19th, 20th anc 28th days are unfavourable for speculative risks and removals. and rather inimical to health.

Feb. 1, Length of Day, $9^{\text {m }} \cdot 4^{\mathrm{m} . ;}$; 28th, ASTRONOMI , 5 , Sun's tine of Semi-passage, $1^{m} .7^{1} 7^{\mathrm{A}}$.; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 14^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} .6^{\circ} 0^{8}$. : Semi-diameter, $16^{6} 11{ }^{\prime \prime} 9{ }^{\prime \prime}$.
Mer 1, Moon in Apogee ; 16th, Perigee. for observation after sunset about the beginning of the month.

GAL NOTES
enus is in Aquarius and in inferior conjunction with the Sun on the r4th, and near the Moon on the gth.
Mars is in Aquarius, setting shortly after the Sun.
Jupiter is in Sagittarius, rising shortly before the Sun.
Saturn is in Sagittarius, rising about an hour before the Sun.


Time brings variety ;-the ice-clad sire Leaves Albion's shores, with frosts and tempests dire; On Zephyr's wings fair Spring in rich attire Is borne along,-her beauties we admire : To northern climes her varied charms displays, And three months in our isle her sceptre sways.

## He whs lups freely in March will get a lap full of fruit.

| or | NOTES. SUN Enters Aries2d. $\mathrm{lh} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | MOON. |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. w. \|/r. $\mid$ |  |  | Risss South | Sets | Rises; |  | $\left.\right\|_{\text {f st }} ^{\text {clock }}$ | in. |
|  | S. David. Fly fish. beg. |  | 0.32* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 5. ${ }^{\text {6 }}$ | $93^{\frac{*}{5}} 6$ | 6.50 |  | ${ }^{\text {m. }} 12{ }^{5}$ |  |
| $2=61$ | 3 in 3 Ient. Last Quart. | 1 | 1.28: 5.53 | 10.16 | 6.48 | 538 | 12.28 | 727 |
| 3 M 62 | ¢10.39 a.m. | 23 | 2.21: 6.41 | 11. | 46 | 5.40 | 12.16 |  |
| 4 Tu 63 |  | 24 | 3. 7 7.29 | 11.53: | 6.43 | 5.42 | 12. 3 | 41 |
| 5 W 64 |  | 25 | 3.49 8.18: | aft | 6.41 | 5.44 | 11.50 | 618 |
| 6 Th 65 | D 6 h | 26 | 4.25: 9. 7 | 1.56 | 6.39 |  | 11.36 | 555 |
| 7 F 66 | S. Perpetua. ठ $_{\text {¢ }}$ | 27 | 4.56: 9.56 | 3. 5 | 6.37 | 5.47 | 11.22 | 531 |
| 8 S 67 |  | 28 | 5.24 10.45 | 4.16 | 6.35 | 5.49 | 11. 8 |  |
| $9 \div 68$ | 4 in 3lart. Mid Lent | 29 | 5.51 11.34: | 5.29 | 6.32 |  | 10.53 | 45 |
| 10 M 69 | New Moon 2.50 a.m. |  | 6.16: aft. | 6.45 | 6.30 | 5.53 | 10.38 | 421 |
| 11 Tu 70 |  |  | 6.42 1.16 | 8. 26 | 6.28 | 5.54 | 10.22 | 58 |
| 12 W 71 | $\bigcirc \square^{\text {¢ }}$ | 2 | 7.10 2. 9 | 9.20 | 6.26 | 5.56 | 10. 7 | 34 |
| 13 Th 72 | $\delta$ * | 3 | 7.42 3. 3 | 10.37 | 6.23 | 5.58 | 9. 50 | 11 |
| 14 F 73 |  | 4 | 8.18: 4. | 11.51 |  |  |  | 247 |
| 15 S 74 |  | 5 | 9. 1 4.58 | nor | 9 |  | 9.17 | 22 |
| 16 \% 75 |  | D | ${ }_{9} 95: 5.56$ | 0.59 | 7 | 6. 3 | 9. 0 |  |
| 17 M 76 | S. Patrick | 7 | $10.50: 6.54$ | 1.57 | 14 | 6. 5 |  | 36 |
| 18 Tu 77 |  | 8 | aft. 7.5 | 2.4 | 2 | 6. 6 | 8.26 | 112 |
| 19 W 78 |  | 9 | 1.128 .43 | 3.2 | 0 | 6. 8 | 8. 8 | 049 |
| 20 Th 79 |  | 10 | 2.24 9.34 | 4. 2 |  | 6. 9 | 7.50 | 025 |
| 21 F 80 | S.Benedict. Ver.Equox. | 11 | 3.3610 .23 | 4.31 | , |  |  | North |
| 22 S 81 |  | 12 | 4.4711 .10 | 4.57 | 6. 3 |  | 7.14 | 23 |
| $2: \% 82$ |  | 13 | 5.5711 .56 | 5.21 | 6. 1 |  | 6.55 | 046 |
| 24 M 83 | Full Moon 3.21 a. | $\bigcirc$ | 7. 6 morn. | 5.44 | 558 |  |  | 110 |
| 25 Tu 84 | Ammunc, B.V.al | 15 | $8.12 \quad 0.42$ |  |  |  |  | 33 |
| 26 W 85 | Hil.Sitt.end LLadyDay | 16 | $\begin{array}{lll}9.16 & 1.27\end{array}$ | 6.35 | 5.54 |  | 6. 0 | 157 |
| 27 Th 86 | Maundy Thursday | 17 | 10.182 .13 |  | 5.52 |  | 5.42 | 221 |
| 28 F 87 | (rood Friday | 18 | 11.18 2.59 | 7.34: | 5.49 | 6.23 | 5.23 | 2.44 |
| 29 S 88 | Easter Eve | 19 | morn. 3.46 | 8.11 | 5.47 |  | 5. 5 |  |
| (0) \% $^{89}$ |  | 20 | 0.12: 4.34 |  | 5.45 | 6.26 |  | 331 |
| 31 M 90 | Kant. Mon. Bank Hol |  | 1. 0 : 5.21 | 9.43 | 42 | 28 | 4. | 35 |

MONTHLY NOTES

[^2]

|  | Hich WAter 1.0ndosimba |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 5.53 |  |
| 2 | 6.32 | 6.5 |
| 3 | 7.22 | 7.50 |
| 4 | 8.22 | 9. 1 |
| 5 | 9.4 | 10.32 |
| 6 | 11.12 | 1.48 |
| 7 | - | 0.17 |
| 8 | 0.44 | 1. 5 |
| 9 | 1.25 | 1.45 |
| 10 | 2. 5 | 2.2 |
| 1 | 2.40 |  |
| 12 | 3.16 | 3,35 |
| 3 | 3,53 | 4.13 |
| 4 | . 3 | 4.5 |
| 15 | 5.14 | 5.36 |
| 16 | 6. 0 | 6.26 |
| 7 | 6.53 | 7.24 |
| 8 | 7.58 | 8.40 |
| 9 | 9.2 |  |
| 20 | 10.54 | 1.33 |
| 1 | - | . 8 |
| 22 | 0.36 | 1. |
| 23 | 1.23 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 2.4 | 2.22 |
| 25 | 2.39 | 2.56 |
| 6 | 3.12 | 29 |
| 7 | 3.46 | 4. |
| 28 | 4.19 | 4.35 |
| 29 | 4.51 | 5. 6 |
| 30 | 5.22 | 5.39 |
|  | 55 |  |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

March enters in a wintry manner ; 3rd, gusty and changeable ; 4 th ard 5 th, fairer ; 6th and 7 th, gusty and cold ; 8th, fair ; 9 h , downfall, snow in places; 10th, variable; 1tth and 12th, cold and windy ; 13 h , wintry ; 14th. fairer ; 15 hh and 16 hh , fair ; 17th and 18ih, wintry; 19th, fair ; 20th, gusty, changeable; 21st, fair ; 22nd, unsettled ; 23rd, changes; 24th, fair ; 25th and 26 th, showery ; 27 th and 28 th, cold, unsettled ; 29th to 31st, fair, milder.-Gales are probable on or about the inth, 21 st and 27 th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

At the New Moon of the Ioth of March Mars is very near the Sun and in quadrature with Uranus rising: this indicates a martial spirit predominating here and on the Continent ; and the outlook is not so peaceful as could be wished, for the Eastern Question looms large on the horizon again. Violent deeds and massacres are too probable in the dominions of the Grand Turk, and in Bulgaria and Servia. Accidents and feverish disorders will be numerous and fatal to an extraordinary extent, in the South and West of England, this month. In Austria-Hungary Czech and German will again be antagonistic to each other, and their disputes will lead to fatal rioting. On the 19th of March, Mars re-enters his chief dignity, the sign Aries, bringing honour to the arms of Great Britain. Our enemies will have to be more respectful than they were during the Transvaal War, for the increase of our splendid navy will prove to them the futility of their hopes for our downfall. Jupiter benefits Prussia and her monarch by his steady progress through the first decanate of Aquarius ; and Russia participates in the gifts of Jove to some extent, although the rate of mortality from fever in the latter country will rule high.

## BIRTHDAY INFIUENCES

March 7th, 8th, 15 th, 25 th and 29th are favourable birthdayanniversaries. The 7 th and 8 th are good for professional and business people; and the 7 th brings offers of marriage and presents to young ladies. The 8th is good indeed for those who had the Moon in either the 6th or 18th degree of Aquarius at their births, especially for those who are musicians, or engaged in artistic business. The 12th is trying; either ill-health, financial loss, or bereavement threatening those whose birthday falls thereon; let those who are mariners exercise extra caution in navigation. The 20th brings a crisis. The 29th is good.

Mar. 1, Length of Day, $10^{\mathrm{h}} 4^{\mathrm{m}}$; $3 \mathrm{rst}, 12^{\mathrm{h}} .4^{6 \mathrm{~m}}$. " 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 5^{\circ} \mathrm{o}^{8}$ : Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime \prime} 8 \cdot 8^{\prime \prime}$.
, zo, Sun's. time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 4^{-3} 3^{\text {s }}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 4^{\circ} 9^{\prime \prime}$.
, 1, Moon in Apogee; 13th, Perigee; 29th. Apogee.
Mercury is in Aquarius, but rises too near the Sun to $b=$ well seen this month.

Venus is a Morning Star in Aquarius, and near the Moon on the 7 th, and at greatest brilliancy on the 20th.
Mars is in Pisces, setting about with the Sun, being in conjunction on the 3oth.
Jupiter is in Capricornus, rising about an hour before the Sun.
Saturn is in Sagittarius, rising about two hours before the Sun.


| The 2 nd day, at 4 h . | aftern. ( $\zeta$ ) Saturn | is in | High Tines. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 3 rd day, at 9 | aftern. (2) Jupiter | is in | High Tibes. |
| The 5th day, at 6 | morn. (9) Venus | conjunction | Apr. 8 |
| The 7th day, at 6 | morn. (\%) Mercury |  | 9 |
| The 8th day, at o | aftern. ( $\delta$ ) Mars | Moon. | ", 10 |
| The 30th day, at 2 | morn. (h) Saturn |  |  |



## WEATHER FORECASTS.

April comes in fine and warm ; 3rd, showers; 4th, gusty, variable; 5th, fair ; 6th, changes ; 7th, cold, unsettled ; 8th, gusty ; 9th to 12 th, showery and cold ; 13 th to 17 th , fair ; 18th to 21st, cold, downfall ; 22nd and 23rd, fair ; 24th, breezy, variable; 25th and 26th, fair ; 27th and 28th, unsettled, cold; 29th, stormy ; 3oth, fair.-Gales are probable on or about the 18th and 24th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

April the 8 th brings a New Moon in the 18 th degree of Arics, attended by Mars, in the ninth mansion of the heavens, which is ominous of a busy time for the Law Courts, and accidents to ships and on the great railways. The public health will not be good, rheumatism and bronchitis prevailing; suicides among young people will be sadly numerous. In the latter part of this month stirring events will be witnessed in France, and the French military party will carry matters with a high hand. News from the United States will be exciting, for our American cousins will have an awkward dispute on hand ; and will find criminals and desperadoes very troublesome indeed. Wall Street will be alternately excited and depressed; and our Stock Exchange will feel the reaction. Some German bankers will feel the strain very near to breaking-point. Political affairs in Europe will become greatly entangled; and disputes between capitalist employers and workmen will be very embittered. Military conscription and the cost of the great European armies will press more hardly than ever on the various nations, producing widespread discontent and impatience to a dangerous extent.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The ist is a favourable anniversary, benefiting martial men and merchants especially. The 3 rd is promising of advantage and advancement. The iIth and 12 th bring benefits unexpectedly. The 18th and 19th bring sickness or losses; those persons whose anniversary fall on either of these days should avoid change and removal, as far as possible, this Spring, and should beware of being deceived and defrauded. The 24 th threatens accidents, financial losses, and quarrels. The 28th brings a hitch or disappointment in love affairs. The 27th and 29th bring financial difficulties, changes, and debility of health. Persons who were born at the beginning of February now gain by the transit of the benefic Jupiter over their Sun's place. Those who were born on or near the 18th of January are warned to act very cautiously in all things and to safeguard their health.

Astronomical Notes.

Apr. I , Length of day, $12^{\mathrm{b}} 50^{\mathrm{m}} ; 30$ th, $14^{\mathrm{b}} 40^{\mathrm{m}}$. ,, 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} 43^{8}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 0^{\circ} 4^{\prime \prime}$.
,, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 5^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 56^{\circ} 4^{\prime \prime}$.
, 10, Moon in Perigee; 26th, Apogee.
", 8, Sun eclipsed, invisible in British Isles.
,22, Moon eclipsed, partly visible in Br.Is.

Mercury is in Pisces, but cannot well be seen this month.
Venus is a Morning Star in Aquarius, and near the Moon on the 4th.
Mars is in Pisces, rising about with the Sun.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Capricornus.
Saturn is in Sagittarius, rising about $2 \downarrow$ hours before the Sun.


How beauteous now appears the verdant plain, Refreshed by sunshine and mild showers of rain; With joy we listen to the warbling train;
Each songster pours his sweet melodious strain ; While daisies, cowslips, wide adorn the ground, And violets spread their fragrant odours round.


A drye May and a dripping Fune bring all things into tune.

| Ay of | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Gemini 22d. 1h. a.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.W. $\mathbf{Y r}^{\text {r }}$ |  | \% | $\begin{gathered} \overline{M^{\prime}} \mathrm{n}-1 \\ \text { light } \end{gathered}$ |  | uths | Se | Rises | Sets | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow. } \end{array}$ | Declin. |
| Th 121 | SS. Philip and James |  | qシai |  |  | 1. |  | \|7.19 |  | $14{ }^{\mathrm{N}} 5$ |
| 2 F 122 | ¢- 4 | 24 |  |  | 7.12: | aft. | 4.34 | 7.21 | 3. 2 | 1511 |
| 3 S 123 | Invention Holy Cross. | 25 |  |  | 8. 0 | 1.57 | 4.33 | 7.22 | 3. 9 | 1529 |
| $4 \% 124$ | mogation gundav | 26 |  |  | 8.49 | 3.11 | 4.31 | 7.24 | 3.15 | 1546 |
| 5 M 125 | Rogation Day | 27 |  |  | 9.40 | 4.28 | 4.29 | 7.26 | 3.21 | 164 |
| 6 Tu 126 | Rog. Day [10. | 28 |  |  | 10.34: | 5.48 | 4.27 | 7.27 | 3.26 | 1621 |
| 7 W 127 | Rog. Day. New Mn. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | 11.31 | 7. 8 | 4.25 | 7.29 | 3.31 | 1638 |
| 8 Th 128 | Ascension Day |  |  | 4.47 | aft. | 8.25 | 4.24 | . 30 | 3.35 | 1654 |
| 9 F 129 | Half Quarter Day | 2 |  | 5.36 | 1.33 | 9.35 | 4.22 | 7.32 | 3.39 | 1711 |
| 10 S 130 |  | 3 |  | 6.33 | 2.35 | 10.36 | 4.20 | 7.34 | 3.42 | 1727 |
| 113131 | Sutu. aft | 4 |  |  | 3.36 | 11.26 | 4.18 | 7.35 | 3.44 | 1742 |
| 12 M 132 | ¢ ${ }^{*}$ ¢ | 5 |  |  | 4.33 |  | 4.17 | 7.37 |  | 1758 |
| 13 Tu 133 |  | 6 |  | 10. | 5.27, |  | 4.15 | 7.38 |  | 1813 |
| 14 W 134 | First Quar | D |  | 11.1 | 6.18 | 0.38 | 4.1 | 7.40 | 3.49 | 1828 |
| 15 Th 135 |  | 8 |  | aft. | 7. 6 |  | 4.12 | 7.41 | 3.49 | 1842 |
| 16 F 136 | Easter Sittings end | 9 |  | 1.38 | 7.52 | 1.31 |  | 43 | 3.49 | 1857 |
| 17 S 137 | [Mafeking relieved '00 | 10 |  | 2.45 | 8.36 | 1.55 |  | 7.44 | 3.48 | 1911 |
| 18 \% 138 | cribitsut jaxy | 11 |  | 3.51 | 9.21 | 2.18 |  | 46 | 3.46 | 1924 |
| 19 M 139 | Whit Mon. Bk. H | 12 |  |  | 10. 6 | 2.42 |  | 7.47 | 3.44 | 1937 |
| 20 Tu 140 | Whit Tuesday | 13 |  |  | 10.51 |  |  | 7.49 | 3.42 | 1950 |
| 21 W 141 | Ember Day | 14 |  |  | 11.37? | 3.3 |  | 50 | 3.39 | $20 \quad 3$ |
| 22 Th 142 | Full Moon 10.46 | $\bigcirc$ |  | 7.58 | morn. | 4.1 | 4. 2 | 51 | 3.35 | 2015 |
| 23 F 143 | Ember Day | 16 |  | 8.51 | 0.24: |  |  | 7.53 | 3.31 | $20 \quad 27$ |
| 24 S 144 | Ember Day | 17 |  | 9.38 | 1.12 |  |  | 7.54 |  | 2039 |
| $25 \% 145$ | Crúrity |  |  | 10.18 | 2. 0 | 6.24 |  | 7.55 |  | 2050 |
| 26 M 146 |  | 19 |  | 10.54 | 2.47 | 7.20 | 3.58 | 7.57 | 3.16 | 211 |
| 27 Tu 147 | Trinity Sittings begin | 20 |  | 11.25 | 3.34 | 8.20 | 3.57 | 7.58 | 3.10 | 111 |
| 28 W 148 | D 64 | 21 |  | 11.53 | 4.21 | 9.23 | 3.56 | 7.59 | 3. 3 | 2121 |
| 29 Th 149 | Corpus Christi | 22 |  | morn. | 5. | 10.29 | 3.55 | 8. 0 | 2.56 | 2131 |
| 30 F 150 | Last Quarter 0.0 p.m. | d |  | 0.19 | 5.53: | 11.38 | 3.54 | 8. 2 | 2.48 | 2140 |
| $31 \mathrm{~S} \mid 151$ |  | 24 |  | 0.4 | 6.40: | aft. | 3.53 | 8. 3 | 2.40 | 2149 |

Monthly Notes.

Metrupolitan Overseers to send in supplemental valuation lists this month.

1. May Day. Holiday at Stock Exchange and Bank transfer offices. Borough and County Clérks to send copies of polling district orders to Secretary of State.
2. Royal Academy opens.
3. Scotch Quarter Day, "Whitsunday." Licences for beer, wine and spirit retailers and tobacco dealers in Scotland expire.
4. Friendly Societies to make returns to the Registrar by this date. Last day for entry of inhabitant occupiers in rate book for registration purposes.

- A waved rule on right indicates P.M. ; dotted rule, A.M.


|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | morn. | aft. |
| 1 | 7.13 | 7.43 |
| 2 | צ. 16 | 8.52 |
| 3 | 9.33 | 10. 9 |
| 4 | 10.42 | 11.14 |
| 5 | 11.43 | - |
| 6 | 0.9 | 0.33 |
| 7 | 0.55 | 1.18 |
| 8 | 1.41 | 2. 3 |
| 9 | 2.26 | 2.50 |
| 10 | 3.13 | 3.37 |
| 11 | 4. 1 | 4.25 |
| 12 | 4.50 | 5.15 |
| 13 | 5.41 | 6. 9 |
| 14 | 6.37 | 7. 7 |
| 15 | 7.38 | 8.11 |
| 16 | 8.46 | 9.22 |
| 17 | 9.59 | 10.33 |
| 18 | 11. 4 | 11.35 |
| 19 | - | 0. 3 |
| 20 | 0.27 | 0.50 |
| 21 | 1.10 | 1.30 |
| 22 | 1.49 | 2. 8 |
| 23 | 2.25 | 2.41 |
| 24 | 2.58 | 3.14 |
| 25 | 3.32 | 3.49 |
| 26 | 4. 6 | 4.22 |
| 27 | 4.38 | 4.57 |
| 28 | 5.16 | 5.35 |
| 29 | 5.57 | 6.20 |
| 30 | 6.45 | 7.12 |
| 31 | 7.41 | 8.11 |

WEATHER FORECASTS.
May enters fine and warm ; 4th, gusty, variable ; 5 th, rainy ; 6th and 7th, fair, warm air; 8th to 10th, showery and cold; 11th, fair; 12th, rainy ; 13th and 14th, fair ; 15th to 17th, unsettled ; 18th, fair ; 19th, cold, rainy ; 20th, fair and warm; 21st and 22nd, unsettled; 23rd, fair ; 24th to 26th, showery; 27th and 28th, fair ; 29th, breezy; 30th and 31st, fair.-Gales are probable on or about the 6th and $24^{\text {th }}$.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

May brings Saturn stationary in the 28th degree of the sign Capricornus, which is unfortunate for India and critical for Greece ; and ominous of a prevalence of diseases of the respiratory organs in England, especially in the eastern counties. Border troubles will be again rife in India; and plague will carry off many victims in the Bombay Presidency. The partial eclipse of the Sun on the 7 th inst. is invisible in the British Isles. New Zealanders will have a view of it, and will soon find that it will effect some important reform in their administration. The trade of Great Britain has a good prospect of substantial increase this month. Railway interests are on the up line. Parliament will debate questions relating to religion in connexion with education; and will be more inclined to improve the housing of the working classes, and to consider a scheme for providing old-age pensions, than hitherto. Old Ireland is likely to be disturbed by the passage of Mars through her ruling sign (Taurus).

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

May Ist and 28th are favourable birthday-anniversaries, bringing valuable presents and improvement in health; and increase of income to most persons. The 4th brings love engagements to the single, marriage to many, and increase of family to the married, during their ensuing year of life. The 7th brings much expense, but some advantages at the same time ; let those whose anniversary it is be careful of bronchitis and throat affections. The 18th is favourable to business. The $21 s t$ involves people in some pecuniary difficulty, and maybe even legal proceedings. The 24th is ominous of either bereavement or financial loss; business people should be very careful in new ventures; and speculators had best keep quiet for some weeks to come. The 29th brings some good business, but disputes withal. The 30 th is apt to produce estrangement of friends and troubles as to employment.

Astronomical Notes.

[^3]Mércury is in Taurus, and is well positioned for
observation during the latter half of the month.
Venus is a morning star in Pisces ; near the Moon on the 4th.
Mars is in Aries and visible for a short time before sunrise.
jupiter is a Morning Star in Capricornus.
Saturn is in Sagittarius, rising about midnight.

Time wings its flight ！－lo！Spring and Summer meet； Fair Spring departs and Summer takes the seat； Sheds from his radiant throne incessant heat ； The panting cattle seek some cool retreat： Sometimes He hurls His thunders through the air， And forked lightnings fly with wondrous glare．

fune damp and warme does the gardener no harme．

| Day of | NOTES． <br> Sun enters Cancer 22d．9h．a．m． | MOON． |  |  |  | SUN． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M．W．$/ \mathrm{Yr}$ ． |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{x}^{\prime} \mathrm{n}-1 \\ \mathrm{x} & \mathrm{Might} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rises／S | Souths | Sets | Rises | ｜Sets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clock } \\ & \text { slow } \end{aligned}$ | Declin． |
| $1 \pm 152$ | 1 aft ．Urimity． | $25 \text { s."id }$ |  | 7．28； | 2． 3 | 3.52 | 8． 4 | $2 .$ | $2 \begin{gathered} \mathrm{N} \\ 21 \\ 58 \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 M 153 | ［Pretoria taken， 1900 | 26 | 1.33 | 8．19 | 3.19 | 51 | 8． 5 | 2.23 | 22.6 |
| 3 Tu 154 |  | 27 | 2． 3 | 9．14 | 4.38 | 3.50 | 8． 6 | 2.14 | 2214 |
| 4 W 155 |  | 28 | 2.38 | 10.11 | 5．56 | ． 49 | 8． 7 | 2. | 2221 |
| 5 Th 156 |  | 29 | 3．20： | 11．12 | 7.11 | 3.49 | 8． 8 | 1.54 | 2228 |
| 6 F 157 | New Moon 6.11 a．m． | － | 4.12 | aft． | 8.18 | 3.48 | 8． 9 | 1.43 | 2235 |
| 7 S 158 |  | 1 |  | 1．18 | 9.15 | 3.47 | 8.10 | 1.32 | 2241 |
| $\therefore 亏 159$ | 2 aft Urútitg | 2 |  | 2.19 | 10． 0 ？ | 3.47 | 8.11 | 1.2 | 2247 |
| 9 M 160 | $\bigcirc \triangle 4$ | 3 | 7.43 | 3.17 | 10.38 ＇ | 3.46 | 8.12 | 1.10 | 2253 |
| 10 Tu 161 |  | 4 | 9． 0 | 4.11 | 11． 9 | 3.46 | 8.13 | 0.5 | 2258 |
| 11 W 162 | S．Barnabas．$\bigcirc 8$ \％ | 5 | 10．14： | 5． 1 | 11．36； | 3.46 | 8.13 | 0.46 | 23 |
| 12 Th 163 | First Qrtr． 11.54 p．m． | D | 11．26： | 5.49 |  | 3.45 | 8.14 | 0.34 | 23 |
| 13 F 164 |  | 7 |  | 6.35 | 0. | ． 45 | 8.14 | 0.22 | 2311 |
| 14 S 165 |  | 8 | 1.43 | 7.20 | 0.24 | 3.45 | 8.15 | 0.10 | 2314 |
| $15=166$ | 3 aft ．Urimity | 9 | 2.48 | 8． 4 | 0.48 | 3.45 | 8.16 | fast． | 2317 |
| 16 M 167 |  | 10 | 3.52 | 8.49 | 1.13 | 3.44 | 8.16 | 0.16 | 2320 |
| 17．Tu 168 | S．Alban | 11 | 4.54 ？ | 9．35 | 1.40 | 3.44 | 8.17 | 0.2 | 2322 |
| 18 W 169 | $9 \square 4$ | 12 | 5．53） | 10．22 | 2.12 | 3.44 | 8.17 | 0.41 | 2324 |
| 19 Th 170 |  | 13 |  | 11． 9 | 2.48 | 3.44 | 8.17 | 0.5 | 2325 |
| 20 F 171 | D $\delta^{\text {H }}$ | 14 | 7．36 | 11.57 | 3.30 | 3.44 | 8.18 | 1. | 2326 |
| 21 S 172 | Full Moon 2.17 a．m． | $\bigcirc$ | 8.19 | morn． | 4.19 | 3.44 | 8.18 | 1.20 | 2327 |
| 22 | 4 aft ．Crill．Longest | 16 |  | 0．45： | 5.13 | 3.45 | 8.18 | 1.33 | 2327 |
| 23 M 174 | －＜${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 17 |  | 1．32： | 6.13 | 3.45 | 8.18 | 1.46 | 2327 |
| 24 Tu 175 | S．John Bapt | 18 | 9．57） | 2．19： | 7．16： | 3.45 | 8.19 | 1.58 | 2326 |
| 25 W 176 | ［Midsummer Day | 19 | 10．24 | 3．5： | 8.21 | 3.45 | 8.19 | 2.11 | 2325 |
| 26 Th 177 | ¢ $\triangle$ h | 20 | 10．48？ | 3．51 | 9．28 | 3.46 | 8.19 | 2.24 | 2323 |
| 27 F 178 |  | 21 | 11．12 | 4.3 | 10．37 | 3.46 | 8.19 | 2.37 | 2322 |
| 28 S 179 | Last Qrtr．9． 52 p．m． | 『 | 11．37 | 5．23： | 11．48： | 3.47 | 8.19 | 2.49 | 2319 |
| 29 三 180 | S．Peter． 5 aft．Trír． | 23 |  | 6．12： | aft． | 3.47 | 8.18 | 3． 1 | 2317 |
| $30 \mathrm{M} 181$ | $\delta \triangle 4$ | 24 |  | 7． 3 | 2.15 | 3.48 | 8.18 | 3.13 | 2313 |

Monthly Notes

1．Overseers to give notice on or before the 20th inst．to voters who have not paid all．poor rates due Jan． 5 （they lose vote unless paid by July 20 ．
10．Clierk of Peace，on or before this day，to issue precept and list of county voters to
overseers and town clerks in cities and boroughs．
17．S．Alban was the first martyr in Britain．
20．List of county voters to be affixed to church doors on or before this date．
24．London Sheriffs to be elected．


| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\grave{c}} \\ & \dot{a} \end{aligned}$ | \| High Water |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | morn. | aft. |
| 1 | 8.44 | 9.20 |
| 2 | 9.55 | 10.28 |
|  | 10.59 | 11.30 |
| 4 | 11.59 | - |
| 5. | 0.26 | 0.52 |
| 6. | 1.19 | 1.44 |
| 7 | 2. 9 | 2.35 |
| 8 | 3. 0 | 3.25 |
| 9 | 3.50 | 4.16 |
| 10 | 4.41 | 5. 5 |
| 11 | 5.28 | 5.53 |
| 12 | 6.20 | 6.47 |
| 13 | 7.13 | 7.40 |
| 14 | 8. 9 | 8.39 |
| 15 | 9.12 | 9.45 |
| 16 | 10.18 | 10.52 |
| 17 | 11.23 | 11.52 |
| 18 | - | 0.18 |
| 19 | 0.42 | 1. 3 |
| 20 | 1.23 | 1.43 |
| 21 | 2. 3 | 2.21 |
| 22 | 2.38 | 2.56 |
| 23 | 3.12 | 3.30 |
| 24 | 3.48 | 4. 7 |
| 25 | 4.25 | 4.42 |
| 26 | 5. 0 | 5.18 |
| 27 | 5.37 | 5.58 |
| 28 | 6.21 | 6.45 |
| 29 | 7.10 | 7.37 |
| 30 | 8. 5 | 8.37 |
|  |  |  |


|  | 'Tis fuly now,-and Sol, each cloudless day, From fiery Leo sheds his burning ray; <br> The new-mown grass the husbandmen survey, Spread to the sun it quickly turns to hay: The wheat, the barley, and the oats begin To change their colour,-harvest now sets in. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dog days brighte and cleare indicate a happie year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Day or | NOTES. |  | MOON. |  |  |  | UN |
| M. W. $\mid$ Yr. $\mid$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline M^{\prime n} n-1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rises\|Souths| | Sets | Rises | Sets ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ |  |
| Tu 182 |  | $25 \stackrel{\text { 19 }}{\text { cha }}$ | 0.35: $7.5{ }^{*}$ \% | . 32 | 3.48 | 8.18 | ${ }_{3.25}^{\text {m. s. }} \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{N}}{ }^{\mathrm{N}} \mathrm{m}^{\prime}$ |
| 2 W 183 | Visitation B.V.M. | 26 | 1.12: 8.54 | 4.463 | 3.49 | 8.18 | 3.37236 |
| 3 Th 184 | Tr. S. Martin | 27 | 1.58: 9.55 | 5.57 3 | 3.50 | 8.17 | 3.4923 2 |
| 4 F 185 |  | 28 | 2.56: 10.58: | 6.59 3 | 3.50 | 8.17 | 4. 02257 |
| 5 S 186 | Dividends due. |  | 4. 1 aft. | 7.52 3 | 3.51 | 8.16 | 4.112252 |
| © ${ }^{\text {S }} 187$ | 6 aft . $\mathbb{C r i n i t y}$ | 1 | 5.15: 1. 0 | 8.33 3 | 52 | 8.16 | 4.212246 |
| 7 M 188 |  | 2 | 6.33 1.57 | 9. 713 | 3.538 | 8. | 4.322240 |
| 8 Tu 189 |  | 3 | 7.51 2.51 年 | 9.37 \% 3 | 3.548 | 8.15 | 4.422234 |
| 9 W 190 | Fire Insurance ceases | 4 | 9. 6 3.41 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10. 3 | 3.558 | 8.14 | 4.512227 |
| 10 Th 191 |  | 5 | 10.19: 4.29: | 10.28 3 | 3. | 8.14 | 5. 02220 |
| 11 F |  | 6 | 11.29: 5.16 | 10.53 3 | 3 | 8.13 | 5. 92212 |
| 12 S | First Qrtr. 0.47 p.m. | D | aft. 6. $1 \leqslant 1$ | 11.18 3 | 3 | 8.12 | 5.17225 |
| 13 \% | 7 aft . Erinity | 8 | 1.41 6.46 | 11.443 | 59 | 8.11 | 5.252156 |
| 14 M 195 |  | 9 | 2.44 7.32 | morn. | 4. 0 | 8.10 | 5.322148 |
| 15 Tu 196 | S. Swithin. \& $^{\text {8 }}$ | 10 | 3.44: 8.18 | 0.14:4 |  | 8., 9 | 5.392139 |
| 16 W 197 | Relief of Coomassie, | 11 | 4.419. |  |  | 8. | 5.452129 |
| 17 Th 198 | [1900 | 12 | 5.319 .53 |  |  | 8. 7 | 5.512120 |
| 18 F 199 | $\bigcirc 8$ h | 13 | 6.1710 .41 |  |  | 8. 6 | 5.56219 |
| 19 S 200 |  | 14 | 6.57 11.29 | 3. $7{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4.6 | 8. | 6. 12059 |
| 20 \% 201 | 8 aft. Urinity. | O | 7.32 morn. | 4. 4 | 7 | 8. 4 | 6. 42048 |
| 21 M 202 | [Mn. 4.45 p.m | 16 | 8. 20.16 | 5. $6: 4$ | 4.8 | 8. | 6. 82037 |
| 22 Tu 203 | S. Mary Magdalen | 17 | 8.30 1. 3 |  | 4.10 | 8. 2 | 6.112025 |
| 23 W 204 |  | 18 | 8.551 .50 |  |  | 8. 1 | 6.142014 |
| 24 Th 205 | 8 $\delta^{4}$ | 19 | 9.19, 2.36 |  | 4.12 | 59 | 6.16201 |
| 25 F 206 | S. James | 20 | 9.43 3.22 |  | 4.14 |  | 6.171949 |
| 26 S 207 | S. An | 21 | 10.93 4. 9 | 10.49:4 | 4.15 | 7.5 | 6.1819 36 |
| 27 ¢ 208 | 9 aft . Crinity | 22 | 10.38 : 4.58 | aft. 4 | 4.16 | 7.5 | 6.181923 |
| 28 M 209 | Last Quar. 5.15 a.m. | ${ }^{1}$ | 11.11 5.50 | $1.14{ }^{4}$ | 4.18 | 7.53 | 6.1819 |
| 29 Tu 210 |  | 24 | 11.52 6.44 | 2.284 | 4.19 | 7.52 | 6.171855 |
| 30 W 211 | \% 8 h | 25 | morn.: 7.42: |  | 4.21 | 7.51 | 6.151841 |
| $31 \mathrm{Th}^{\prime} 212$ | Game Certificates exp. | 26 | 0.41: 8.41 |  | 4.22 | 7.49 | 6.131827 |

Monthly Notes.
3. Dog days begin. These occur at the period when Sun comes into conjunction with Sirius, the "Dog Star," and at this time the Earth acquires the greatest intensity of heat.
5. Auctioneers', wine and spirit dealers', tobacconists', and other annual licences expire. Dividends due on several kinds of stock.
6. Medical Officers must send lists of pauper lunatics to Clerk to Gdns. on or before this day. 20. Last day for County Electors to claim vote and for paying overdue poor rates and assessed taxes in order to retain vote.
22. Tax Colls. to deliv. to Overs. list of persons not having paid assessed taxes for past year.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.m. ; dotted rule, A.M.


Astronomical Notes.

July 1 , Length of Day, $\mathbf{1 6 m}^{\mathrm{h}} 3 \mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{m}}$; $31 \mathrm{st}, 15^{\mathrm{n}}{ }^{2} 7^{\mathrm{m}}$. , 5 , Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 8^{\circ} 5^{\mathrm{s}}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 45^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$.
,, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{m}} 7.5^{5}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 4^{\circ} o^{\prime}$.
," 4, Moon in Perigee; ; 17th, Apogee.
Mercury is in Gemini, and may be seen at about an hour or so before sumrise.

Venus is a Morning Star in Taurus; near the Moon on the 2nd, and the Star $\mu$ Geminorum on the 28 th.
Mars is in Gemini, rising about two hours before the Sun.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Capricornus.
Saturn in Sagittarius is in opposition to the Sup on the 18th, and visible all night.

While Summer reigns what various things we see That please the mind, and lead to piety; The smallest plant, the most stupendous tree, Declare Jehovah's wisdom equally : All objects in creation's round combine To show the wonder-working Hand divine !


If Bartlemy's Daye be faire and cleare hape for a prosperous axtumn that year.


## Monthly Notes.

1. List of Freemen voters to be published by Town Clerks, and to be open for inspection for 14 days. List of voters in counties and boroughs to be affixed to church and chapel doors for a period including two consecutive Sundays, at the least. Between this day and the 2oth, claim of lodgers (new) to vote to be sent to Overseer. 4. Oyster season begins.
2. Last day for inspecting lists of unpaid poorrates.
3. Last day for lodger to give notice of new claim.
4. Lists of new lodger and occupiers' claims to be published.
5. Last day for Overseers to make out list of persons liable to serve on juries.


| 1 | 11.15 | 11.51 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | - | 0.24 |
| s | 0.54 | 1.22 |
| 4 | 1.49 | 2.13 |
| 5 | 2.37 | 3.0 |
| 6 | 3.21 | 3.43 |
| 7 | 4.5 | 4.26 |
| 8 | 4.45 | 5.4 |
| 9 | 5.23 | 5.41 |
| 10 | 6.0 | 6.21 |
| 11 | 6.43 | 7.7 |
| 12 | 7.32 | 7.58 |
| 13 | 8.29 | 9.6 |
| 14 | 9.47 | 10.28 |
| 15 | 11.5 | 11.38 |
| 16 | - | 0.9 |
| 17 | 0.36 | 0.59 |
| 18 | 1.19 | 1.39 |
| 19 | 1.57 | 2.15 |
| 20 | 2.32 | 2.47 |
| 21 | 3.4 | 3.22 |
| 22 | 3.39 | 3.57 |
| 23 | 4.16 | 4.34 |
| 24 | 4.53 | 5.12 |
| 25 | 5.31 | 5.53 |
| 26 | 6.17 | 6.43 |
| 27 | 7.11 | 7.43 |
| 28 | 8.18 | 8.59 |
| 29 | 9.44 | 10.27 |
| 30 | 11.6 | 11.44 |
| 31 | - | 0.18 |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

August begins with showery weather ; 2nd to 4 th, fair ; 5 th and 6 th, fine, heat ; 7 th and 8th, fair ; 9th and 10th, fine ; 11th to 14th, variable, some thunder-showers; 15 th to 17 th, fair, generally; 18th to 20th, fine; 21st and 22nd, unsettled; 23rd, thunder-showers; 24th to 27th, fine; 28th, fair ; 29th to 31st, variable, showers in places.-Gales are probable on or about the 11th, 23 rd and 27 th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

August brings Mars into Cancer, the sign ruling northern Africa; and some disturbance may again be expected in either Algeria or Tunis. France and Spain will be turning their eyes on Morocco, and we shall have to safeguard our interests in the last-named country. Banks and financial houses in Holland, Germany, Russia and New York will find their position assailed in an unexpected manner, and some of them will come to grief. Mercury rushes through the sign Leo in sixteen days, thus exciting the French and Italians. The relations between the Government of Italy and the Vatican will be more strained than usual ; and in the first ten days of this month much excitement will arise in Rome. In our own country, religious and educational affairs will give rise to acrimonious debates. About the 23rd day critical events arise in Holland and India. Our Foreign Office will be very busy throughout the greater part of this month ; and Parliament may be kept sitting later than usual.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The ist day is a favourable anniversary, especially for musicians and artists. The 5 th and 8th bring some financial difficulty and much expense ; religious disputes will bring some people into trouble. The inth brings changes, and some unexpected gains, and some anxiety, also. The 18 th is a favourable birthday. The 23rd threatens accidents; let those who go down to the sea be very careful when bathing and yachting. The 26th is favourable. The 27th is not good for new business or risky ventures. The 29th and 30 th have more evil than good configurations. The 3 Ist is favourable on the whole, but threatens some weakness of health and some losses.

ASTRONOMICAL NOTES.

Aug. 1, Lgth. of Day, $15^{\mathrm{h}} 24^{\mathrm{m}}$; 31st, $13^{\mathrm{h}} 3^{8 \mathrm{~m}}$. $\because$ 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\text {m }} 6 \cdot 1^{\text {a }}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 47^{\circ} 6^{\prime \prime}$.
,, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{10} 4^{\prime \prime} 9^{\prime \prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 50^{\circ} I^{\prime \prime}$.
,, 1, Moon in Perigee; 13th, Apogee; agth, Perigee.
Mercury is in Leo; near the Star Regulus on the 16 th .

Venus is a Morning Star in Gemini ; near Mars on the ist, and near the Moon on the ist and 3rst. Mars is a Morning Star in Gemini.
Jupiter in Capricornus is in opposition to the Sun on the 5th, and visible from sunset to sunrise.
Saturn is an Evening Star in Sagittarius.

Revolving Time brings every Season round, See! Autumn with ten thousand blessings crowned; On every side the ripening fruits abound, And waving harvests grace the fertile ground : While Providence its bounties thus displays, Shall we not raise to Heaven our songs of praise ?


St. Michael's raines stay not long in the skyes.


Monthly Notes.

1. List of Jurors to be affixed to church doors for first three Sundays. Lists of objections to county electors and claims and objections to boro' electors to be affixed to church doors for two Sundays. Notice of errors in Burgess Lists to be sent in.
2. Claims of persons omitted in the Burgess

Lists, and objections to persons improperly inserted, to be given to the Town Clerk in writing on or before this day ; notice of objection to be also given to the parson objected to.
9. Last day for objections to voters. Revision Courts to be held between this and Oct. 12.
25. London Sheriffs sworn in.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.m. ; dotted rule, A.m.




## Monthly Notes.

7. Last day for quarterly list of lunatics to be sent by Medical Officers to the Clerks and Guardians.
8. Licences expire for retailers of beer, cider, spirits, wines, sweets and tobacco (England and Ireland). Annual licences taken out by bankers, or others issuing promissory notes for money payable to bearer on demand, and allowed to be
re-issued, or for the issue of bills of exchange on unstamped paper, expire on this day.
9. Last day for revision of Parliamentary voters, burgesses, and county electors.
10. Fire Ins. prem. due Mich. must be paid on or before this day, or policy becomes void. 19. Town Clerks must comp. new burgess rolls. 3I. Game certificate expires.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M. ; dotted rule, A.m.


| $\dot{\stackrel{i}{c}}$ | High W atek Londun bidee |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | AFT. |
| 1 | 1.18 | 1.40 |
| 2 | 1.59 | 2.18 |
| 3 | 2.37 | 2.54 |
| 4 | 3.12 | 3.29 |
| 5 | 3.46 | 4. 3 |
| 6 | 4.20 | 4.37 |
| 7 | 4.53 | 5.10 |
| 8 | 5.29 | 5.49 |
| 9 | 6.10 | 6.34 |
| 10 | 7. 2 | 7.31 |
| 11 | 8. 6 | 8.47 |
| 12 | 9.29 | 10.10 |
| 13 | 10.47 | 11.19 |
| 14 | 11.48 |  |
| 15 | 0.13 | 0.35 |
| 16 | 0.55 | 1.14 |
| 17 | 1.33 | 1.51 |
| 18 | 2. 9 | 2.29 |
| 19 | 2.50 | 3.10 |
| 20 | 3.30 | 3.5 |
| 21 | 4.13 | 4.36 |
| 22 | 4.59 | 5.22 |
| 23 | 5.48 | 6.15 |
| 24 | 6.46 | 7.20 |
| 25 | 7.56 | 8.37 |
| 26 | 9.20 | 10. 2 |
| 27 | 10.39 | 11.13 |
| 28 | 11.45 |  |
| 29 | 0.12 | 0.35 |
| 30 | 0.57 | 1.19 |
| 31 | 1.38 | 1.56 |

October enters fine and warm ; 3 rd, showery; 4 th to 6 th, fine; 7 th, variable; 8th and 9th, fair ; 10th and IIth, rainy; 12th, cold and variable ; 13th, fair ; 14th to 16th, cold, downfall; 17th and 18th, fair; 19th and 20th, gusty, variable ; 21st, fair; 22nd and 23rd, unsettled ; 24th, variable ; 25th to 27th, fair; 28th, windy and cold ; 29th to 31st, fair.-Gales are probable on or about the 7th, 19th and 28th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

At the New Moon of the Ist of October the Sun is in trine aspect with the benefic planet Jupiter, and Venus is in the seventh mansion of the heavens or descendant. Affairs will be peaceful for Great Britain during the present month. Prussia and Russia still bask in the rays of Jupiter in their ruling signAquarius. France has some difficulties at home; and the public health of that country cannot be said to be good, fever being prevalent. The United States enjoy a prosperous time. Deaths from violence will be rife in some States and in Philadelphia. The total Lunar eclipse of the 17th inst. will be partly visible in England, the Moon setting at 6h. 32m. a.m., Greenwich time, totally eclipsed in Aries $22^{\circ} 5^{\prime}$. Honours and rewards will be given to our army and navy. On the last day of this month a partial eclipse of the Sun will be partly visible here, soon after sunrise, in Scorpio $6^{\circ} 59^{\prime}$, the Sun and Moon being in ecliptic conjunction at $8 \mathrm{~h}, 14 \mathrm{~m}$. a.m., in the twelfth mansion of the heavens. Ireland will have a troublous time again very shortly, and the soldier as well as the policeman will have some serious work to do. An extension of light railways may be expected in the Emerald Isle.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

October begins a new year famously for those persons whose anniversary falls on one of the first three days; young ladies will marry happily and advantageously ; business people will prosper, and physicians and lawyers will do well. The 7 th brings excitement, change, and in some instances loss of money or relations. The IIth and I3th are very favourable. The I5th brings either trouble or failure of health. The 19th and 20 th bring increase of business and changes. The 24th is advantageous for those who are engaged in the iron industry, or in engineering. The 25 th brings a pleasurable time and some advancement. The 26th warns those concerned against dangerous risks and quarrels. The 3oth is favourable, yet health may be weak.

Astronomical Notes.

Oct. 1, Length of Day, $11^{\mathrm{h}} 39^{\mathrm{m}} ; 315 \mathrm{st}, 9^{\mathrm{h}} 43^{\mathrm{m}}$ " 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} 4^{3} 3^{8}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 1^{\prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$.
, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} 5^{\circ} 4^{\mathrm{s}}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 5^{\circ} 6^{\prime \prime}$.
, 8, Moon in Apogee ; 20th, Perigee.
,, 17, Moon Eclipsed, partly visible in British Isles.
., 31, Sun Eclipsed, partly visible in British Isles.

Mercury is in Virgo ; near Spica Virginis on the ${ }^{23}$ rd, and may be well seen at the end of the Month before sunrise.
Venus is in Virgo, and visible for about an hour before sunrise ; near Spica Virginis on the 24 th, and the Moon on the 3oth.
Mars is in Leo; near the Star Regulus on the 20th. Jupiter is an Evening Star in Capricornus. Saturn is an Evening Star in Sagittarius.


And where is Spring in beautiful array， Diffusing pleasures，which we wished to stay？ And where is Summer that we did survey， Not long ago ？－they both are past away： Autumn still reigns；－soon we shall Winter see． O Man！the Seasons much resemble thee．


| Ice in November that bears a duck，nothing after but sludge and muck． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Day or | NOTES． <br> Sun enters Sagittarius <br> 23d．6h．a．m． | MOON． |  |  | SUN． |  |  |
| M．W．｜Yr． |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \mathrm{M} & \mathrm{M}^{\prime} \mathrm{n}^{\prime} \\ \mathrm{x} & \text { light } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rises｜Souths｜ | Sets Rises | Sets／ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array}\right\|$ | Declin． |
| 1 S 305 | All Saints | $1 \text { 里筑是 }$ | 7．54： $0.4{ }^{*}$ | $5.20 ; 6.53$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { m. s. } \\ 16.18 \end{gathered}$ | S 4 |
| 2 S 308 | 23 aft．©ritity | 2 | 8．54 1．27， | 5．56； 6.55 | 4.311 | 16.19 | 1433 |
| 3 M 307 | \％$\triangle$ \％ | 3 | 9．49： 2.15 | 6.39 ？ 6.57 | 4.301 | 16.20 | 1452 |
| 4 Tu 308 | 守口h | 4 | 10．38：3． 3 | 7.286 .59 | 4.281 | 16.20 | 1510 |
| 5 W 309 |  | 5 | 11．22 3．50． | $8.21{ }^{\text {7 }} 7.1$ | 4.261 | 16.19 | 1529 |
| 6 Th 310 | S．Leonard | 6 | 11．59： 4.37 | 9．193． 7 | 4.24 | 16.18 | 1547 |
| 7 F 311 | 이 4 | 7 | aft． $5.22 ; 1$ | 10．20？7． 4 | 4.231 | 16.15 | 165 |
| 8 S 312 | First Quarter 0.31 | D | 1． 0 6． $8 ; 1$ | 11．2477．6 | 4.21 | 16.12 | 1623 |
| 95313 | 24 aft ． $\mathbb{U}$ rinitn． | 9 | $1.27\} 6.54\}$ | morn．7． 8 | 4.191 | 16． 8 | 1641 |
| 10 M 314 | LEdward VII．b． 1841 | 10 | 1.52 7．40， | 0．30 7． 9 | 4.181 | 16． 3 | 1658 |
| 11 Tu 315 | S．Martin．Half Qrtr． | 11 | 2．17 8.27 \} | 1．39： 7.11 | 4.16 | 15.57 | 1715 |
| 12 W 316 | ¢ $\Delta \stackrel{4}{\text { \％}}$ | 12 | 2.43 9．17 | 2．50： 7.13 | 4.15 | 15.50 | 1731 |
| 13 Th 317 | S．Britius | 13 | 3.11109 | 4． $4: 7.15$ | 4.131 | 15.43 | 1748 |
| 14 F 318 |  | 14 | 3.44 11． 5 | 5．20： 7.16 | 4.12 | 15.35 | 184 |
| 15 S 319 | Full Moon 5.7 p．m． | O | 4.23 morn． | 6．38： 7.18 | 4.101 | 15.25 | 1819 |
| 16 S 320 | 25 aft ．©rinity | 16 | 5.11 0．$\ddagger$ | 7．54：7．20 | 4． 9 | 15.15 | 1835 |
| 17 M 321 | ¢■ | 17 | 6． 8 1． 5 | 9． $3: 7.22$ | 4． 81 | 15． 5 | 1850 |
| 18 Tu 322 |  | 18 | 7．14 2．7： 10 | 10． $4: 7.23$ | 4． 61 | 14.53 | 195 |
| 19 W 323 | ㅇ⿻丷木冖 | 19 | 8.24 3．8：10 | 10．55：7．25 | 4． 51 | 14.40 | 1919 |
| 20 Th 324 | S．Edmurs．¢＊＊ | 20 | 9．40\} 4. 6:1 | 1．37：7．27 | 4． 41 | 14.27 | 1933 |
| 21 F 325 |  | 21 | 10.55 5． 2 | aft． 7.28 | 4． 31 | 14.13 | 1947 |
| 22 S 326 | Last Qrtr． 7.47 a．m． | C | morn．5．54： | 0.407 .30 |  | 13.58 | 20 |
| $\cdots 3 \pm 327$ | 26 aft ．Urinity（last） | 23 | 0．7．6．43： | 1． $7 ¢ 7.32$ | 4． 01 | 13.42 | 2013 |
| 24 M 328 |  | 24 | 1．18：7．30 | 1.317 .33 | 3.59 | 13.25 | 2025 |
| 25 Tu 329 |  | 25 | 2．28：8．17： | 1.5677 .35 | 3.581 | 13． 8 | 2038 |
| 26 W 330 | ¢＊ | 26 | 3．36：9．3： | $2.22,7.36$ | 3．57，1 | 12.50 | 2049 |
| 27 Th 331 |  | 27 | 4．42：9．49： | 2497.38 | 3．56， | 12.30 | 21 |
| 28 F 332 |  | 28 | 5．45： 10.35 ： | 3.207 .40 | 3.55 | 12.11 | 2112 |
| 29 S 333 | New Moon 2.4 a．m． | 29 | 6．45： 11.23 ： | 3.557 .41 | 3.55 | 11.50 | 2123 |
| $30 \% 334$ |  | － | 7．42 aft． | 4．36：7．43 |  | $11.29$ | $2133$ |

Monthly Notes．

1．Holiday at Stock Exchange and at Bank Transfer office．Salmon rod and line fishing ends．Fox－hunting begins．Certificate to be taken out by any member of an Inn of Court in England，acting as conveyancer，special pleader，draftsman in Equity，not being at the Bar．Stage carriage licences expire．Borough

Councillors to be elected．New Burgess rolls come into operation．
9．Mayors and Aldermen of Boroughs elected． Lord Mayor＇s show and banquet in London．

11．Martinmas－Scotch Quarter－day．
30．Last day for depositing plans，\＆ce，at House of Commons．
＊A waved rule on right indicates p．m．；dotted rule，A．m．

| The 6th day, at 5 h . | aftern. (in) Saturn | is in | High Tides. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 8th day, at 4 | morn. (4) Jupiter | ecliptic | Nov. 16 |
| The 23 rd day, at 8 | aftern. (\%) Mars | conjunction | , 17 |
| The 29th day, at 9 | morn. (¢) Mercury | with the | 18 |
| The 30th day, at I | morn. (\%) Venus | Moon. | , 19 |


| $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{a}}$ | High Water LondonBdgr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 1 | 2.14 |  |
| 2 | 2.48 |  |
| 3 | 3.2 | 3.38 |
| 4 | 3.56 | 4.1 |
| 5 | 4.29 | 4.45 |
| 6 | 5. 2 | 5.20 |
| 7 | 5.41 | 6. 3 |
| - | 28 | 6.54 |
| 9 | 7.24 | 7. |
| 10 | 8.31 | 9.1 |
| 11 | 9.50 | 10.25 |
| 12 | 10.58 | 11.27 |
| 13 | 11.53 |  |
| 14 | 0.17 | 0.39 |
| 15 | 1. 1 | 1.2 |
| 16 | 1.44 | 2. 5 |
| 17 | 2.28 | 2.51 |
| 18 | 3.13 | 3.36 |
| 19 | 4. 1 | 4.2 |
| 20 | 4.50 | 5. |
| 21 | 5.41 | 6. |
| 22 | 6.36 | 7. |
| 23 | 7.40 | 8.14 |
| 24 | 8.48 | 9.27 |
| 25 | 10. 4 | 10.39 |
| 26 | 11.12 | 11.41 |
| 27 |  | 0. |
| 28 | 0.32 | 0.5 |
| 29 | 1.14 | 1.35 |
| 30 | 1.54 | 2.12 |

Now on our island wintry storms descend ; This year doth to its termination tend ; Happy is he whose Maker is his friend, Who can look forward to a peaceful end, And to a place beyond this vale below, A region where unceasing pleasures flow.
If New Year's wind blows south, there cometh warmth and growth.

| Day or |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Capaicornus 22d. 7h. p.m. | MOON. |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.w. | Yr. |  |  | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sest ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | $5\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array}\right\|$ | Declin. |
| 1 M | 335 | Queen Alexandra born | $1 \xrightarrow{\text { cha dix }}$ |  | 0.58) | 5.22; | 7.44 | 3.53 | $3 \text { m. } \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{s} \mid$ | $0_{21}^{5} 43$ |
| 2 Tu | 3 | [1844 | 2 | 9.20 | 1.46 | 6.13 | \% 7.46 | 3.52 | 210.45 | 2152 |
| 3 W | 337 |  |  |  | 2.32 | 7. 9 | 7.47 | 3.52 | 210.22 | 221 |
| 4 Th | 338 | D 6 K |  | 10.33: | 3.18 | 8. 9 | 9748 | 3.51 | 9.58 | 2210 |
| 5 F | 339 | \% * h | 5 | 11. 3: | 4.4 | 9.11 | 17.50 | 3.51 | 9.34 | 2218 |
| 6 S | 34 | S. Nicholo | 6 | 11.30: | 4.48 \} | 10.15 | 7.51 | 3.50 | 9. 9 | 2225 |
| 7 | 341 | 2 in ¢ ${ }^{\text {chandut }}$ | 7 | 11.55: | 5.33 | 11.21 ? | ? | 3.50 | 8.43 | 2233 |
| 8 M | 342 | First Quarter 6.27 a.m. | D | aft. | 6.18 | morn | 7.54 | 3.5 | 8.17 | 2239 |
| 9 Tu | 343 |  | 9 | 0.43 | 7. 5 | 0.29 | : 7.55 | 3.4 | 7.51 | 2246 |
| 10 W | 34 | $\delta \Delta h$ | 10 | 1.10 |  |  | 7.56 | 3.49 | 7.24 | 2252 |
| 11 Th | 345 | ¢ 6 ¢ | 11 | 1.3 | 8.47 | 2.53 | 57 |  | 6.57 | 2257 |
| 12 | 346 | Sheriffs nominated | 12 | 2.13 | 9.43 | 4. 8 | \% 7.58 | 3. | 6.30 | 232 |
| 13 S | 34 | S. Lucy. ఫ ¢ ${ }_{\text {d }}$ | 13 | 2.55 | 10.43 | 5.24 | 7.59 | 3.4 | 6. 2 | 237 |
| \$ | 348 |  | 14 | 3.47 | 11.46 | 6.38 | 8.0 | 3.4 |  |  |
| 15 M | 349 | Full Moon 3.47 a.m. | ${ }^{1}$ | 4.49 |  |  |  | 3.4 |  |  |
| 16 Tu | 350 |  | 16 | 6. 0 | 0.49 | 8.44 | 8. 2 | 3.49 | 4.36 | 2318 |
| 17 W | 351 | Ember Day |  | 7.16 | 1.51 | 9.32 | 8 | 3.49 | 4. 7 | 2320 |
| Th | 352 | ¢ $\square$ ¢ | 19 | 8.35 |  | 10.11 | ¢8. 3 | 3.4 | 3.38 | 2323 |
| F | 353 | Ember Day | 19 | 9.51 |  | 10.44 | 8. 4 | 3.5 | 3. 8 | 2324 |
| S | 35 | Mich.Sits. end.Em.D. | 0 | 11. 5 |  | 11.11 | 8. 5 | 3.5 |  | 2326 |
| 21 | 355 |  | 『 | morn. | 5.27 i | 11.36 | ¢8. 5 | 3.5 | 2. 9 | 2327 |
| 22 M 23 Tu | 356 | [Last Qr. 8.0 p.m. | 22 | 0.17 | 6.15 | aft. | 8. 6 | 3.51 | 1.39 | 2327 |
| W | 358 |  | 23 | 1.26: | 7. 1 | 0.273 | 8. 6 | 3.51 | 1. 9 | 2327 |
| W | 358 | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ | 24 | 2.32 | 7.47 | 0.53 | 8. 7 | 3.52 |  | 2326 |
| 25 Th 26 | 359 | Christmas Day | 25 | 3.36: | 8.33 | 1.23 ? | 8. 7 | 3.53 | 0. 9 | 2325 |
| 26 F | 360 | Bk. Hol. S. Stephen. | 26 |  | 9.20 | 1.57 | 8. 7 | 3.53 | fast | 2324 |
| 27 S | 361 | S. John [1 aft. ©b. | 27 | 5.37 | 10.7 | 2.35 | 8. 8 | 3.54 | 0.51 | 2322 |
| 28.8 | 362 | Holy Innocents. | 28 | 6.31 | 10.55 | 3.18: | 8. 8 | 3.55 | 1.21 | 2319 |
| 29 M | 363 | New Moon 9.25 p.m. | $\bullet$ | 7.18 | 11.42: | 4. 7 | \% 8. 8 | 3.56 | 1.50 | 2316 |
| 30 Tu | 364 |  | 1 | 8. 0 |  | 5. 23 | 8. 8 | 3.56 |  | 2313 |
| 31 W | 365 | D ${ }^{\text {h }}$ | 2 | 8.37 | 1.16; | 6. 1 \} |  |  | 2.49 | 23 |

## Monthly Notes

1. Exhibition of Royal Society of Water Colour Painters opens this month.
2. Last day for delivery of notices, \&c., to owners and occupiers affected by Private Parly. Bills. Last day for renewing Solicitors' certs. 3x. Last day of the year. - Those who have not been accustomed to keep an account of personal
or household expenses, or, if in trade, to take an annual account of stock, should begin from this day. Without cash-books and stock-books trade is little better than a game of chance.
Charles Letts's Diaries and Housekeepers offer the best mode of keeping accounts wilkout trouble. Order for the New Year.

- A waved rule on right indicates p.m.; doted rule, A.M.




## Astronomical Notes.

Dec. x , Length of day, $8^{\text {th }} 9^{\mathrm{m}} ; 3^{\text {rst, }} 7^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{H9}^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Sun's time of. Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\prime \prime} 10^{\circ} 3^{\prime \prime}$; Semi-diameter, $76^{\prime} \times 5^{\prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$.
", 20, Sun's. time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} \mathrm{mr}^{\circ} \mathrm{o}^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 17^{\prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$.
" 2, Moon in Apogee ; 15th, Perigee ; 23th, Apoges.

Mercury is in Ophiuchus, and in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 12th.
Venus is in Sagittarius, setting shortly after sunset ; near the Moon on the 3oth.
Mars is in Virgo, rising at midnight.
Jupiter is an Evening Star in Capricornus.
Saturn is in Sagittarius, setting soon after the Sun.

## BAROMETER



Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

RECORDS, 1841-1900. Highest, Jan. 18, 1882 - $30 \cdot 97$ Lowest, Jan. 13, 1843 - $28 \cdot 28$

## Mean Height,

 29.97 ins.In I90I the weather was very changeable, with frequent rain and a good deal of snow. Only 5 out of the last 22 Jans. have been as wet. The mean barometer was $30: 06$ ins.

## TEMPERATURE

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, Jan. 28, $1843 \cdot 57^{\circ}$
Lowest, Jan. 9, 1841 . $4^{\circ}$
Mean Temp. . . $38.4^{\circ}$
Mean Day Temp.. $42.6^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. $33.9^{\circ}$
In 1901 the mean temperature was $3^{\circ}$; the mean day $43^{\circ}$, and the mean night $34^{\circ}$. Frost occurred on II nights.


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

## RAINFALL



Highest, Lowest and Mean.

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in Jan., 1877, 4.35 ins.

Smallest in Jan., 1880, 0.26 in.

Mean Rainfali, 1.93 ins.

Rain fell in January, 1901, on 12 days, and the total measurement was only o. 76 in .

## SUNSHINE

RECORDS, 1880-1899.
Sunniest Jan., 1899 - . . 66 hrs.
Least Sunny Jan., 1892 . . 12 hrs.

## Mean

Duration of Bright Sunshine, 28 hours.

The duration of bright sunshine in 1901 was 42 hours; 12 days with no sunshine.


## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot, cod, halibut, sole, skate, sprats, eels, carp, pike, perch, tench, oysters, crayfish, scallops, shrimps. Meat - Beef, mutton, do. (Scotch), pork, lamb (New Zealand). Poultry - Turkeys, geese, ducks, fowls, capons, Bordeaux pigeons. GameVenison (doe), hares, rabbits, pheasants, partridges, snipe, larks, teal, widgeon, wild duck, pigeons, plovers. Vegetables - Artichokes, seakale, Brussels sprouts, carrots, turnips, celery, greens, cabbage, savoys, mushrooms, salsify, parsnips, winter salad. Fruit-Pears, apples, bananas, grapes, oranges, tangerines, pines (English, yery dear), cobnuts, small nuts, chestnuts, Brazils, almonds.

## GARDENING NOTES.

Keep the walks clear of snow; roll occasionally after rain. Make new gravel walks where required; lay new turf and form new flower borders. If weather is open rose trees may be lifted or planted and bulbs still be put in. If very frosty give extra protection to tender flowering plants in pots. Towards end of month sow radish, spinach, and parsley. Trench, dig, and manure any part of kitchen garden not yet done. Prune fruit trees and plant new where required. Mushroom beds may still be made. Seakale should be covered with pots. Chrysanthemums should be propagated.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

5 M. Isaiah xlii., Matt. iv, to 23 .
E. Isaiah xliii. or xliv., Acts iii.

12 M. Isaiah li., Matt. vii. 7.
E. Isaiah lii. I3 and liii. or liv., Acts vii. 35 to viii. 5 .

19 M. Isaiah lv., Matt. xi.
E. Isaiah lvii. or lxi., Acts xi.

26 M. Gen. i. and ii. to 4, Rev. xxi. to 9 .
E. Gen. ii. 4 or Job xxxviii., Rev. xxi. 9 to xxii. 6 .


## RAINFALL

inches.


Highest, Lowest and Mean.

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in Fel., 1866, $4^{\circ} 03$ ins.
Smallest in Feb., 1895, 0.15 in .

## Mean Rainfall, 1.49 ins.

Rain fell in February, 1901, on 12 days, and the total measurement was 1.06 in,

TEMPERATURE
RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, Feb. io, $189964^{\circ}$
Lowest, Feb. 8, $18957^{\circ}$
Mean Temp. . . $39.8^{\circ}$
Mean Day Temp. $45 \cdot 3^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. 34-2 ${ }^{\circ}$
In 1901 the mean temperature was $36^{\circ}$; the mean day $40^{\circ}$, and the mean night $31^{\circ}$. Frost occurred on 17 nights,


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

## SUNSHINE RECORDS, 1880-1899.

Sunniest Feb., 1899 . . . 99 hrs . Least Sunny Feb., 188i . . 26 hrs .

## Mean <br> Duration of Bright Sunshine, 50 hours.

The duration of bright sunshine in 1901 was 27 hours; 12 days with


## GARDENING NOTES.

Continue attention to walks, and roll and pole grass lawns and walks. Dig and manure borders; prepare hot beds for tender annuals; shift greenhouse plants; plant pansies and violas. Towards end of month some of the hybrid perpetual roses may be pruned for early blooming. Evergreers and shrubs may be moved or planted. Clear strawberries and give spring dressing. Sow early kinds of peas and potatoes; also broad beans, spinach, parsley, \&c. Sow tomatoes on hot-bed; also small salading cabbage and lettuce. Sow gloxinia and begonia seed in heat.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

2 M. Exod. xiii. to - 7 , Matt. xviii. 2 to xix. 3 .
E. Haggai ii. to $\mathbf{1 0}$, Acts $\times x$. to 17 .

9 M. Gen. ix. to 20, Matt. xxii. 15 to 4 r.
E. Gen. xii. or xiii., Acts xxiv.

12 M . Isaiah livii. to 13 , Mark ii. 13 to 23 .
E. Jonah iii., Heb. xii. 3 to 18.

16 M . Gen, xix. 12 to 30 , Matt. xxvi. to 3 r. E. Gen. xxii. to 20 or $x$ xiii., Romans i.

23 M. Gen. xxvii. to 4 I , Mark i. to 2 T . E. Gen. xxviii. or xxxii., Romans vii.

## BAROMETER

RECORDS, 1841-1900.


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

Highest,Mar.4,1854 30.85
Lowest,Mar.I2,1876 $28 \cdot 44$
Mean Height, $29 \cdot 93$ ins.
In 1901, after the first week in March, there was a long spell of cold east and north-east winds, with frequent falls of snow or sleet. Red rain fell in parts of Europe towards the close of the month. The mean barometer was 29.77 ins.

## TEMPERATURE

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, Mar. 3I, $184872^{\circ}$
Lowest $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Mar. 14, } 1845 \\ \text { Mar. 4, } 1890\end{array}\right\}{ }^{13} 3^{\circ}$
Mean Temp. . . $42 \cdot 4^{\circ}$
Mean Day Temp. $49.8^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. $35 \cdot 0^{\circ}$
In igor the mean temperature was $40^{\circ}$; the mean day $45^{\circ}$, and the mean night $34^{\circ}$. Frost occurred on II nights.


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

RAINFALL
INCHES.


Highest, Lowest and Mean. 4.05 ins. $0 \cdot 17 \mathrm{in}$. 1.98 in.

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in Mar., 1851,
Smallest in Mar., 1852,

## Mean Rainfall, 1.46 in .

Rain fell in March, 1901, on 16 days, and the total measurement was

## SUNSHINE

 RECORDS, 1880-1899.Sunniest Mar., 1893 . . . 155 hrs . Least Sunny Mar., 1883 . . 18 hrs.


## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Salmon, trout, turbot, cod, whitebait, smelts, gurnets, skate, dorey, sprats, carp, pike, perch and tench (until $\mathbf{5}$ th), scallops, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, do. (Scotch), veal, pork, lamb (English, very dear), do. (New Zealand). Poultry-Capons, fowls, ducks, turkeys, ducklings (very dear), spring chicken (very dear), Bordeaux pigeons. Game-Hares, rabbits, snipe, and plovers (until 12 th), capercailzie, wild duck, wild goose, landrails, ortolans, prairie ben, quail, ruffs and reeves, teal, woodcock, widgeon. Vegetables-Asparagus (very dear), seakale, spinach, mushrooms, chirvil, savoys, parsnips, lettuce (French), salsify, potatoes (new, from Jersey). Fruit-Bananas, apples, grapes, pines (English, dear), do. (St. Michael), oranges, do. (Seville), rhubarb (forced), small nuts.

## GARDENING NOTES.

Turn or re-gravel walks where necessary, keep lawns and grass walks clean and well rolled. Prune all roses, except choice teas, not yet done and surface dress. Start dahlia tubers in heat and strike cuttings in hot-bed. Sow half-hardy and tender annuals on hot-bed. Pot cuttings of bedding plants. Plant gladioli and lilies. Fork over asparagus beds and give spring dressing, and make new beds if required. Plant globe artichokes, and spring dress existing beds. Plant herbs. Plant out cabbage and lettuce plants on warm border. Sow lettuce, spinach, onions, carrots, parsnips, peas, beans, radishes; also broccoli, for an early crop. Sow celery and cauliflower on slight hot-bed.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

2 M. Gen. xxxyii., Mark v. 2 I.
E. Gen. xxxix. or xl., Romans xi. 25.

9 M. Gen. xlii., Mark ix. 2 to 30.
E. Getı, xliii. or xlv., $x$ Cor. i. 26 and ii.

16 M. Exod. iii., Mark xii. 35 to xiii. ī4.
E. Exod. v. or vi. to $14, \mathrm{r}$ Cor. viii.
${ }_{23}$ M. Exod. ix., Matt. xxvi.
E. Exod. x. or xi., Luke xix. 28 or $x x$. 9 to 21 .

28 M. Gen. xxii. to 20, John xviii.
E. Isaiah lii. 13 and liii., $x$ Peter ii.

30 M. Exod. xii. to 29, Rev. i. 10 to 19 .
E. Exod, xii. 29 or xiv. to 12, John xx. in to 19 or Rev. v .


Highest, 'Lowest and Mean (black).

BAROMETER
RECORDS, 1841-1900. $\left.\begin{array}{cc}\text { Highest, } \\ \text { Apr. 17, 1887 } \\ \text { Lowest, }\end{array}\right) \quad 30.72$

Lowest, Apr. 14, 1899 . 28.88

Mean Height, 29.93 ins.

In 1901 heavy and frequent rains occurred during the first two weeks, but the remainder of the month was mostly fine, and several days were very warm. The mean barometer was $29 \cdot 85$ ins.

| TEMPERATURE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CORDS, 1841-1900. |  |
| Highest, Apr. 27, $186582^{\circ}$ |  |
| Lowest, Apr. 17, $184723^{\circ}$ |  |
| Mean Temp. . . 48-2 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |
| an Day Temp. 57.3 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |
| Mean Night Temp. 39.0 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |
| In 1901 the mean temrature was $49^{\circ}$; the mean |  |
| y $58^{\circ}$, and the mean |  |
| night $40^{\circ}$. Frost occurred on 2 nights. |  |

## SUNSHINE

 RECORDS, 1880-1899.Sunniest Apr., 1893 . . . 23 I hrs. Least Sunny Apr., 1896 . . 67 hrs .

## Mean

Duration of Bright Sunshine, 131 hours. The duration of bright sunshine in 1901 was 20 I hours, and there was only I day with no sunshine.


## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish - Salmon, trout, turbot, whitebait, smelts, mullet, skate, gurnet, mackerel, bream, brill, oysters, lobsters, crabs, prawns, scallops, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, lamb (English), veal. Poultry-Capons, fowls, ducks, spring chicken, ducklings. Game-Leverets, rabbits, guinea fowl, prairie hens, poulardes, ortolans, quail, plovers' eggs, ruffs and reeves. Vege-tables-Asparagus, artichokes, spring cabbage, cauliflower, seakale, spinach, potatoes (Jersey, new), tomatoes, lettuce, cucumbers. Fruit-Apples, bananas, pines, grapes, oranges, lemons, rhubarb.

## GARDENING NOTES.

Grass walks should be rolled frequently, ard regularly mown; gravel walks should also be rolled. Destroy weeds in every part before they grow large. Complete pruning of rose trees, including tea scented, China, and noisette. Prune climbing roses under glass after flowering. Sow hardy annuals. Plant carnations and picotees. Sow seeds of hollyhocks, wall-flowers, Brompton stocks, and other biennials. Sow peas and beans for succession; also potatoes, beet, and turnips. Sow vegetable marrows, and Brussels sprouts for planting out later on. Prick out celery and cauliflower plants. Protect early peas and tie up lettuces. Begin summer dressing of vines.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

6 M. Num. xvi. to 30,1 Cor. xv. to 29.
E. Num. xvi. 36 or xvii. to 12, John xx. 24 to 30 .
13 M. Num. xx. to ${ }_{14}$, Luke xi. to 29.
E. Num. xx. 14 to xxi. to or xxi. 1o, Gal. iv. to 21 .

20 M. Num. xxii., Luke xv. in,
E. Num. xxiii. or xxiv., Eph. iv. to 25 .

27 M. Deut. iv. to 23, Luke xix. 28.
E. Deut. iv. 23 to 41 or v., Phil. iv.

## BAROMETER



RECORDS, 1841-1900. Highest,May ro,188! 30.67 Lowest, May 18,1846 $29^{\circ} 05$ Mean Height, $29 \cdot 97$ ins.

In 1901 rain fell pretty generally during the second week, and again towards the end of the month. Some days were exceptionally warm, and on the 29th the temperature in the shade rose to $83^{\circ}$, while in the sun's rays the thermometer registered $151^{\circ}$. The mean Highest, LL-
and M Mean (black). barometer was $30^{\prime}$. 10 ins.

## TEMPERATURE

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, May 26, $1880.88^{\circ}$
Lowest, May 4, 1877 . $28^{\circ}$
Mean Temp. . . $53.9^{\circ}$
Mean Day Temp. . $64.1^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. 43.7º
In 1gor the mean temperature was $54^{\circ}$; the mean day $64^{\circ}$, and the mean night $44^{\circ}$. There was no frost, and the thermometer on several days rose above $70^{\circ}$.


## RAINFALL

INCHES.


Highest. I owest and Mean.

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in May, 1865, 4.37 ins .

Smallest in May, 1896, 0.27 in .

## Mean Rainfali,

 1.91 in.In 1gor rain fell on 6 days, and the total measurement was 1 '79 in.

## SUNSHINE RECORDS, 1880-1899.

Sunniest Nay, 1897 - . . 252 hrs. Least Sunny May, 1887 . . III hrs.


## GARDENING NOTES.

Keep lawns and grass walks well swept and mown. Syringe rose heads with an insecticide to keep free from aphis and caterpillars. Transplant half-hardy annuals. Thin out hardy annuals and sow more for autumn flowering. Earth up and stake early peas. Thin out carrots, parsnips, onions, \&c. Transplant spring-sown cauliflower, cabbage, and savoy plants. Sow broccoli for second crop, also peas for succession. Sow primula, cineraria, and calceolarias. Thin wall fruit trees, pinch goosebarry trees, trim out runners of strawberries. Grafting fruit and rose trees may now be done.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

4 M. Deut. vi., Luke $x x i i .54$.
E. Deut. ix. or x., x Thess. i.

8 M. Dan. vii. 9 to 15, Luke xxiv. 44.
E. 2 Kings ii. to 16, Heb. iv. $\dot{j}$

11 M. Deut. xxx., John ii.
E. Deut. xxxiv. or Josh. i, 2 Thess. iii.

18 M. Deut. xvi. to 18, Rom. vii. to 18.
E. Is. xi. or Ezek. xxxvi. 25, Gal. v. 16 or Acts xviii. 24 to xix. 21.
25 M. Is. vi. to 11 , Rev. i. to 9 .
E. Gen. xviii. or i. and ii. to 4 , Eph. iv. to 17 or Matt. iii.


## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot (excellent), salmon, trout, sol , mullet, whitebait, whiting, nackerel, haddock, carp, pike, teuch and perch (after t6th), lobsters, crabs, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, veal, lamb (English). Poultry -- Fowls, capons, ducks, chicken, ducklings, goslings, poults (turkey, very dear). Game-Venison (buck); poulardes, leverets, rabbits (not wild), plovers' eggs, quail, ortolans, ruffs and reeves. Vege-tables-Green peas, asparagus, cauliflower, carrots (new), turnips (new), French beans, spinach, cucumbers, cabbage (summer), tomatoes, lettuce, potatoes (new). Fruit-Bananas, apricots, strawberries, cherries, currants (red, white and black), gooseberries and raspberries (ripe end of month), Brazils (new).

## GARDENING NOTES.

Keep beds and borders free from weeds. Water roses with manure water occasionally. Plant out bedding plants, dahlias, and cuttings from greenhouse. Transplant into nursery beds seedling parennials and biennials sown in March, and well water same. Transplant celery into trenches. Plant out tomatoes in showery weather. Sow turnips and kidney beans for autumn crop. Thin out and weed carrots, parsnips, beet, \&c. Plant autumn crop of cabbages, savoys, \&c. Summer prune wall fruit trees. Put grass or soft litter under strawberries. Prepare stock of young strawberry plants for new plantations.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

${ }^{1}$ M. Josh. iii. 7 to iv. 15, John xiii. 2 2.
E. Josh. v. 13 to vi. 2T, Heb. viii.

8 M . Judges iv., John xviii. to 28 .
E. Jud. v. or vi. 11, Heb, xiii.
${ }_{15}$ M. 1 Sam. ii. to 27 , John 21 .
E. 1 Sam. iii: or iv. to 19 , I Peter i. to 22 . 22 M . I Sam. xii., Acts v. to 17 .
E. ${ }_{1}$ Sam. xiii. or Ruth i., 2 Peter ii.

29 M . Ezek. iii. and iv. to 15 , John $x \times \mathrm{xi} .15$ to 23 . E. Zech. iii., Acts iv, 8 to 23.

BAROMETER
RECORDS, 1841-1900
Highest,
July 12,1848 - $30 \cdot 51$
Lowest,
July 15,1877 - $29 \cdot 13$
Mean Height, $29 \cdot 97$ ins.
In 1901 July was dry, except in the central parts of England. The rainfall at places was only about one-quarter of the average. The excess in parts of London and the Midland districts was due to thunderstorms. The mean barometer was $30 \cdot 1$ ins.

## TEMPERATURE

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, July 15, 1881 . $97^{\circ}$
Lowest, July 19, $1863 \cdot 39^{\circ}$
Mean Temp. . . $63.7^{\circ}$
Mean Day Temp. $\mathbf{7 4 . 1}{ }^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. $53.3^{\circ}$
In 1901 the mean temperature was $65^{\circ} 5^{\circ}$; the mean day $76^{\circ}$, and the mean night $55^{\circ}$. There were 24 days with the temperature $70^{\circ}$ or above, and 11 days with $80^{\circ}$ or above.


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

## RAINFALL

INCHES.


Highest, Lowest and Medn. 0.27 in . ins.

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in July, 1888, $6^{\circ} 75 \mathrm{ins}$.

Smallest in July, 1864,

## Mean Rainfall, 2.40 ins.

Rain fell in July, r901, on 8 days, and the total measurement was $\quad 169$

## SUNSHINE RECORDS, 1880-1899.

Sunniest July, 1887 - . . 277 hrs. Least Sunny July, 1888 . . 96 hrs. mean
Duration of Bright Sunshine, 175 hours.
Duration in 1901 was 23I hours, and there was only $I$ day with no suashine.


## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot (excellent), salmon, trout, sole, gurnets, herrings (end of month), doreys, mullet, halibut. haddock, plaice, whitebait, whiting, carp, pike, perch, tench,lobsters, crabs, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, veal, lamb (English). Poultry-Fowls, capons, chickens, goslings, ducks, poults (turley). Game-Venison (buck), leverats, rebbits (not wild), poulardes, plovers' egg; quail, ruffs and reeves. VegetablesAsparagus, cauliflower, spinach, lettuce, French bzans, broad beans, scarlet runners, green peas, tomatoes, summer cabbage, potatoes (new), cucumbers. Fruit-Pines, bananas, cherries, strawberries, apricots, raspberries, gooseberries, currants (red, white and black), grapes.

## GARDENING NOTES.

Pyramid and pillar roses should be trained and tied in. Clusters of rose-blossom buds should be thinned out, and strong shoots of Hybrid perpetual roses cut down to half length. This is par excellence the month for budding. Plant cuttings of Verbenas under hand-glass. Plant out annuals from frames. Propagate pansies and violas from side cuttings. Prepare vacant plots in kitchen garden for winter crops. Plant cabbages, broccoli, savoys, \&c. Sow spinach, kidney beans, onions, turnips and carrots for autumn and winter crops. Thin and transplant lettuces. Layer carnations as soon as finished blooming. Cover fruit trees with netting.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

6 M. 2 Sam. i., Acts xiii. to 26 .
E. 2 Sam. xii. to 24 or xviii., Matt. i. 18.
$1_{3}$ M. I Chron. xxi., Acts xvii. 16.
E. 1 Chon. xxii. or xxviii. to 21, Matt. vi. t. 17.

20 M. I Chron, xxix. 9 to 29, Acts xxi. 17 to 37,
E. 2 Chron. i. or 1 Kings iii., Acts $x$. to 24 .

27 M. 1 Kings $x$. to 25 , Acts xxvi.
E. 1 Kinge xi. to $x v$. or xi. 26, Matt. xiii. 53 to xiv. 13 .


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

## BAROMETER

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest,
Aug. 29, 1854 . $30 \cdot{ }^{51}$
Lowest, Aug. 31, 1876 . 29 ' 11

Mean Height, 29.95 ins.

In 1901 August was for the most part dry and fine, although heavy rains fell during the second and fourth weeks. The weather was fairly warm, except that a cold spell was experienced towards the close of the month. The mean barometer was $30^{\circ} 07$ ins.

## RAINFALL

Inches.
RECORDS, 1841-1900.


Heaviest in Aug., 1878, $5 \cdot 38$ ins.
Smallest in Aug., 1899, 0.35 in.

## Mean Rainfall, $2 \cdot 36$ ins.

Rain fell in August, 190I, on II days, and the total measurement was 2.04 ins.

## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Salmon, trout, turbot, sole, whitebait, whiting, plaice, mullets, mackerel, herring, haddock, halibut, carp, pike, perch, tench, lobsters, crabs, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, veal, lamb (English). Poultry - Fowls, capons, ducks, chicken, goslings, poults (turkey). Game - Venison (buck), leverets, rabbits, grouse (from 12th), snipe, teal, widgeon, woodcock. Vegetables-Caulifowers, green peas, cabbages, French beans, scarlet runners, vegetable marrows, cucumbers, lettuce. FruitGreengages, apricots, pines, bananas, grapes, cherries, do. (Morella), strawberries, raspberries, peaches (English), plums, nectarines, figs, filberts, small nuts.

## TEMPERATURE

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, Aug. 18, 1893 . $95^{\circ}$
Lowest, Aug. 27, $1864 \cdot 38^{\circ}$
Mean Temp. . . $63.0^{\circ}$
Mean Day Temp. . $72.8^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. $53 \%^{\circ}$
In 1901 the mean temperature was $63^{\circ} 5^{\circ}$; the mean day $74^{\circ}$, and the mean night $53^{\circ}$. There were 24 days with the temperature $70^{\circ}$ or 1 .own inil above, and 5 days above $80^{\text {? }}$.

## SUNSHINE

 RECORDS, 1880-1899.Sunniest Aug., 1899 . . . 266 hrs. Least Sunny Aug., 1806 . . 73 hrs.


## GARDENING NOTES.

In dry weather renew surface dressing to roses and well water. Carnation and picotee layers should be planted in pots. Cuttings of geraniums and other bedding plants to be put in. Tie up dahlias. Transplant seedling perennials and biennials into nursery beds. Gather all ripe seeds. Transplant principal crop of celery and earth up where already planted. Plant out broccoli, savoys, \&c. Sow lettuce for autumn and winter use. Sow parsley and early cabbage for next year. Hoe, thin, and handweed general crops. Take up onions for drying.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

[^4]E. 2 Kings ii. to 16 or iv. 8 to 38, Matt. xxv. to 3 r .
24 M. Gen.xxviii. 10 to 18, 1 Cor.iv. 18 and v.to 8.
E. Deut. xviii. to 15, Matt. xxviii.

31 M. 2 Kings ix., I Cor. xi. 2 to ${ }^{17}$.
E. 2 Kings $x$. to 32 or xiii., Mark iv. 35 to v. 2.


BAROMETER
RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, Sept. 16, 1851 . 30.64

Lowest, Sept. 25, 1896 . 28.74

Mean Height, 29.99 ins.

In 1900 the weather was generally fine and dry, but towards the close of the month rains became general. The barometer was high, tre mean for September being 30.15 ins.

## RAINFALL

INCHEG.


Highest, L.owest and Mean.
P.ECORDS, 1841-1900.

Heaviest, Sept., I871, $4^{\cdot 12}$ ins.

Smallest, Sept., 1865, 0.16 in .

## Mean Rainfall, $2 \cdot 19$ ins.

Rain fell in September, 1900, on 7 days, and the total measurement was only o. 76 ins.

## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot, sole, whitebait, whiting, cod, mackeral, herring, salmon and trout (until 12th), mullet, gurnet, dorey, plaice, eels, carp, pike, perch, tench, lobsters, crabs, shrimps. MeatBeef, mutton, veal, lamb (English). Poultry-Capons, fowls, ducks, chickens, geese, turkeys. Game - Venison (buck), grouse, partridge, hares, rabbits, larks, poulardes, plovers, snipe, teal, widgeon, wild duck, wild goose, woodcock. Vegetables - Caulifowers, celery, spinach, French beans scarlet runners, vegetable marrow, tomatoes, cabbage, parsnips. Fruit-Baranas, apricots, cherries, grapes, apples, pears, peaches, plums, raspberries, damsons, pines, nectarines, walnuts, cobnuts, wood nuts, Brazils.


## SUNSHINE

 RECORDS, 1880-1899. Sunniest Sept., 1898 . . . 214 hrs.Least Sunny Sept., 1894 . 58 hrs.
Mean
DURATION OF BRIGHT Sunshine, 124 hours.
In September, 1900, the sun shone for 161 hours; 2 days with no sunshine.


## GARDENING NOTES.

Keep flower beds free from weeds and litter. Towards end of month begin to take up greenhouse plants. Plant rose cuttings in a shady border under hand glasses. Prepare vacant beds for reception of new plants. Slip and plant out fibrous-rooted perennials, and propagate all herbaceous plants by cuttings and division of roots. Transplant lettuces into frames for winter use. Earth up celery. Make new plantations of strawberry plants. Clear trench and manure ground cleared of crops for use in the spring. Pot freesias as soon as bulbs are obtainable, plunge in cold frame. Towards end of month house chrysanthemums.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

7 M. 2 Kings $x$ viii., 1 Cor. $x v$. 35.
E. 2 Kings xix. or xxiii. to $\mathbf{3 1}_{1}$, Mark viii. 10 to ix. 2.
14 M. 2 Chron. xxxvi., 2 Cor. vi. and vii. 1 . E. Neh.i.and ii.tog,or viii., Mark xii. 13 to 35 .

21 M. 1 Kings xix. 15, 2 Cor. xii. 14 and xiii.
E. I Chron. xxix. to 20, Mark xv. 42 and xvi.

28 M. Jeremiah xxxvi., Galatians vi.
E. Ezek. ii. or xiii. to 17, Luke iv. to 16.


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

## BAROMETER

RECORDS,1841-1900.
Highest,
Oct. 29, 1849 - $30 \cdot 72$ Lowest, Oct, 16, 1886 - 28.66

Mean Height, 29.89 ins.

In 1900 the weather was unsettled, but the rains were not generally heavy. Disastrous floods, however, occurred towards the close of the month in the north of England. The mean barometer for Oct. was 29.99 ins.

## TEMPERATURE RECORDS, 1841-1900.

Highest, Oct. 4, $1859.81^{\circ}$ Lowest, Oct. 28, $1890.25^{\circ}$ Mean Temp. . . $50.5^{\circ}$ Mean Day Temp. . $\mathbf{5 7} 6^{\circ}$
Mean Night Temp. $43 \cdot 3^{\circ}$
In 1900 the mean temperature was $52^{\circ}$; the mean day $55^{\circ}$, and the mean night $45^{\circ}$. 1 here were 2 days with the temperature above $70^{\circ}$, and not a single instance Hivliest. of frost during the month.

## RAINFALL

## INCHES.



Highest,
Lowest and
Mean.

RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in Oct., 1880, 7.65 ins .

Smallest in Oct., 1897, 0.47 in .

## Mean Rainfall, 2.85 ins.

Rain fell in October, 1900 , on 18 days, but the total measurement was only $1 \cdot 61$ ins.

## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot, cod, sole, whiting, skate, halibut, mackerel, plaice, herring, haddock, skate, carp, pike, perch, tench, oysters, lobsters, crabs, scallops, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, do. (Scotch), lamb (New Zealand), veal, pork. Poultry-Capons, fowls, ducks,geese, turkeys. Game-Hares, rabbits, grouse, partridge, snipe, plovers, wild goose, wild duck, teal, widgeon, woodcock. Vegetables-Artichokes (Jerusalem), cauliflower, French beans, scarlet runners, celery, spinach, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, tomatoes, parsnips, greens, and savoys (end of month). Fruit-Pears, apples, peaches, apricots, bananas, grapes, melons, medlars, nectarines, pines, cobnuts, filberts, walnuts, small nuts.

## SUNSHINE

 RECORDS, 1880-1899.Sunniest Oct., $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1891 \\ 1897\end{array}\right\}$. . 112 hrs .
Least Sunny Oct, 1894 . . 37 hrs.

## Mean <br> Duration of Bright <br> Sunshine, 78 hours.

Duration in 1900 110 hours; 4 days with no sunshine.


## GARDENING NOTES.

Open and clear all gutters, gulleys, and drains. Keep garden free from dead leaves, which store for use. Plant hyacinths, tulips, and narcissi in pots and glasses. Plant various kinds of spring flowering bulbs. Take up dahlia roots and greenhouse plants. Begin digging borders, and cut out dead wood from shrubs. Sow cyclamen seed. Plant ornamental trees, evergreens, and deciduous flowering shrubs. Earth up celery. Plant herbs. Take up potatoes, carrots, parsnips, and beet for storing. Winter dress strawberry and asparagus beds. Gather apples and pears. Transplant fruit trees. Manure and trench vacant ground for spring use.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

[^5]ig M. Dan. iii., i Thess. iv.
E. Dan. iv. or v., Luke xiv. to 15 .

26 M. Dan. vi., $x$ Tim. iii.
E. Daniel vii. to $g$ or xii., Luke xviii. zI to

## BAROMETER



Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

RECORDS,1841-1900.

Highest,<br>Nov. 12, 1857<br>$30 \cdot 79$

Lowest, Nov. 11, 1891 . 28.49

## Mean Height, $29 \cdot 94$ ins.

In 1900 the weather wa.s mild and cloudy, with frequent rain. The barometer was low, the mean for November being 29.75 ins.

TEMPERATURE
RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Highest, Nov. 8, 1847 . $67^{\circ}$ Lowest, Nov. 28, 1890 . $18^{\circ}$ Mean Temp. . . $43.5^{\circ}$ Mean Day Temp. $49.0^{\circ}$ Mean Night Temp. $37 \cdot 9^{\circ}$
In 1900 the mean temperature was $46.5^{\circ}$; the mean day $5 \mathrm{I}^{\circ}$, and the mean night $43^{\circ}$. The first frost of the winter occurred on November 1ith, when the thermometer fell to $27^{\circ}$, and there was no other instance of frost during the month.


Highest, Lowest and Mean (black).

## RAINFALL

INCHES.


Highest, Lowest and Mean.

Heaviest in Nov., 1852, 6.00 ins .

Smallest in Nov., 1867, 0.42 in .

## Mean Rainfall, $2 \cdot 26$ ins.

Rain fell in November, 1900, on 20 days, and the total measurement was $2 \cdot 1$ ins.

## SUNSHINE

RECORDS, 1880-1899.
Sunniest Nov., 1898 . . . 68 hrs. Least Sunny Nov., 1892 . . 23 hrs. Mean
Duration of Bright
Sunshine, 43 hours. The duration of bright sunshine in November was 41 hrs. ; 14 days with no sunshine.


## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot, cod, sole, plaice, herrings, skate, whiting, carp, pike, perch, tench, oysters, lobsters, crabs, scallops, shrimps. Meat Beef, mutton, lamb (New Zealand), pork. Poultry - Capons, fowls, ducks, geese. Game-Venison (doe), pheasants, partridges, grouse, hares, rabbits, landrails, larks, plover, ptarmigans, teal, widgeon, wild duck, wild goose, woodcock. Vegetables - Artichokes (Jerusalem), Brussels sprouts, French beans, winter cabbage, greens, caulifower, celery, cucumber, spinach, parsnips, turnips, carrots, tomatoes. Fruit - Pears, apples, bananas, pines, melons, pomegranates, grapes, quinces, oranges, tangerines, walnuts, cobnuts, chestnuts, Brazils.

## GARDENING NOTES.

Complete digging and manuring flower beds and bo:ders in peeparation for winter. Mow grass lawns and walks once if weather is open. This is best month for planting or lifting rose trees; protect freshly planted trees by ashes drawn round stem. Cover pyramids and tender roses with thatching of fern or straw for protection. Plant fruit trees where required and protect roots of newly planted trees and shrubs from frost. Prune gooseberry and currant trees. Prune and manure apple, pear, and plum trees. Protect exposed water pipes from frost.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

2 M. Hosea xiv., 2 Tim. iii.
E. Joel ii. 21 cr iii. 9, Luke xxii. to 31.

9 M. Amos iii., Heb. ii. and iii. to 7 .
E. Amos v. or ix., John i. to 27 .

16 M . Micah iv. and y. to 8 , Heb. x. to 19. E. Micah vi. or vii., John v. to 24 .
${ }_{23}$ M. Eccles. xi. and xii., James ii.
E. Hag. ii. to 10 or Malac. iii. and iv., John viii. to 31 .

30 M. Isaiah i., John i. 35 to 43 :
E. Isaiah ii. or iv. 2, John xii. 20 to 42.


## RAINFALL



RECORDS, 1841-1900.
Heaviest in Dec., 1876 , $5 \% 6$ ins.
Smallest in Dec., 1873, 0.31 in .

Mean Rainfall, 1.83 ins.

Rain fell in December, 1900, on 20 days, and the total measurement was Highest. Lowest
and Mean.
2.24 ins. $^{2}$

## FOOD IN SEASON.

Fish-Turbot, cod, sole, halibut, smelts, sprats, whiting gurnets, skate, dorey, eels, herring, carp, pike, perch, tench, lobsters, crabs, scallops, shrimps. Meat-Beef, mutton, do. Scotch), lamb (New Zealand). PoultryFowls, capons, ducks, turkeys, geese. GameVenison (doe), hares, rabbits, pheasants, partridges, plovers, snipe, larks, landrails, poulardes, wild duck, wild goose, teal, widgeon, woodcock. Vegetables-Artichokes (Jerusalem), cele1 y, cabbage (winter), cucumber, mushrooms (cultivated),turnips, carrots, savoys, spinach, salsify, tomatoes, salad (French), greens. Fruit-Apples, pears, pines, bananas, grapes, oranges, tangerines, rhubarb (forced), cobnuts, almonds, Brazils, small nuts.


## SUNSHINE

 RECORDS, 1880-1899.Sunniest Dec., 1897 . . . 50 hrs . Least Sunny Dec., 1890 . . 2 hrs . Mean
Duration of Bright Sunshine, 22 hours. Duration of bright sunshine in 1900 was 39 hours; and there were 17 days with
 no sunshine.

## GARDENING NOTES.

If weather is open, mow grass once. Keep walks and lawns free from snow. Rose and fruit trees and evergreens may be planted in open weather. Evergreen plantations may be dug over and fallen leaves buried. Protect choice plants and roots from frost. In severe weather protect bulbs in beds and newly-planted trees. Lay in stock of composts. Prepare seakale beds. Mushroom beds may now be made. Sow mustard and plain-leaved cress in pans. Remove runners from violets in frames. Commence propagation of late flowering chrysanthemums.

## SUNDAY LESSONS.

7 M. Isaiah v., 1 John i.
E. Isaiah xi. to II or xxiv., John xvi. to 16. 14 M Isaiah xxv., 2 John. E. Isaiah xxvi, or xxviii. 5 to 19, John xx . 24 M. Isaiah xxx. to 27, John xx. 19 to 24 .
E. Isaiah xxxii. or xxaiii. 2 to 23 , John xiv.
[to 8 .

[^6] 28 M. Jer. xxxi, to 18 , Rev. xvi.
E. Baruch iv. 21 to 31 , Reev. xviii.

## Showing Favourable Times for Sowing and Planting.

The following are the most favourable times for beginning to sow, plant, or transplant during the year 1902 :-
1 February.-Begin sowing on the 9th, ioth and IIth days, from 7.50 to 8.40 a.m. ; from 9.45 to 10.40 a.m. ; and from 1.0 to 2.45 p.m. The 14th and 15 th, from 9.30 to $10.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and from 12.30 to 2.30 p.m. The 18th and i9th, from 9.10 to 10.0 a.m. ; and from 12.0 to $2.10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

March.-The roth, from 6.0 to 6.50 a.m. ; 7.45 to 8.45 a.m.; and from 10.45 a.m. to $1.0 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 13 th and 14th, from 5.45 to 6.30 a.m.; from 7.30 to 8.30 a.m. ; and from 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. The 17 th and 18th, from 7.15 to 8.15 a.m.; and from $10.15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 12 noon. The 2Ist and 23 rd , from 7.0 to 8.0 a.m. ; from 9.55 a.m. to 12 noon ; and from 3.20 to 6 p.m.
: APril.-The 9th and roth, from 5.50 to $6.45 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. ; from 8.40 to 11.0 a.m. ; and from 2.0 to 4.40 p.m. The 14th and th, from 5.30 to 6.30 a.m.; from 8.20 to $10.40 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.; and from 1.45 to 4.20 p.m. The 18th to 2 Ist, from 8.io to 10.20 a.m.; and from 1.20 to 6.55 p.m.

- MAY.-The 8th, from 6.50 to 9.0 a.m. ; and from 12.10 to $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The IIth and 12th, from 6.40 to 9.0 a.m. ; and from 12 noon to $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 15th to 21st, from 6.15 to 8.20 a.m. ; and from $11.35 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 7.30 p.m.

June.-The 7th and 8th, from 5.55 to $7.10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and from $10.15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 7.30 p.m. The inth and 12 th, from $9.50 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $8.0 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 16 th to 19th, from 9.35 a.m, to 8.0 p.m,

July.-The 5 th and 6th, from 8.20 a.m. to 8.0 p.m. The 9th to 12 th, from $8.0 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $8.0 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The $\mathrm{I}^{\text {th }}$ to 15 th, from $7.50 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $8.0 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 17th to 19 th, from 7.35 a.m. to 7.50 p.m.

August.-The 5th to 9th, from 6.15 a.m. to $6.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The ioth to 16th, from $6.0 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $6.20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
September. -The 2nd to 5 th, from $5.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $4.55 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 6th to 8th, from $5.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $4.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 9th and ioth, from 5.30 a.m to 4.40 p.m. The IIth to 13 th, from 5.30 a.m. to $4.20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 16th, from 6 a.m. to 4.10 p.m.

Octorer.-The 2nd to 5th, from sunrise to $3.0 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and from 4.30 to 5.10 p.m. The 6th to roth, from sunrise to 3.0 p.m. ; and from 4.10 to 4.50 p.m. The 13 th to 15 th, from sunrise to $2.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and from 3.45 to $4.20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 31 st , from sunrise to $\mathrm{I} .20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

November.-The ist to 7 th, from 7.0 a.m. to 1.0 p.m. ; and from 2.30 to $3.15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The roth and IIth, from $7.0 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $12.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and from 1.50 to $2.40 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The 14th and 15th, from 7.15 a.m. to 12.20 p.m. ; from 1.40 to 2.20 p.m.; and from 3.20 to 4.20 p.m. The 30 th, from 7.40 to 11.20 a.m.; from 12.35 to 1.25 p.m.; and from 2.20 to 3.20 p.in.

December.-The ist to 5 th, from 7.45 to 11.25 a.m.; from 12.30 to I.10 p.m. ; and from 2.15 to 3.10 p.m. The 7 th and 8th, from 7.45 to 11.15 a.m.; from noon to 1.0 p.m.; and from 1.55 to 2.55 p.m. The 30th and 3 rst , from 8.0 to $9.40 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. ; from 10.35 to 11.15 a.m. ; and from to $1.20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

## THE CALENDAR-"OLD" AND "NEW" STYLES.

The difference at the present date between what is known as the "Old Style" and the "New Style" Calendars is 13 days. To understand how this difference arises it must be remembered that the Solar Year consists of 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 48 seconds. In the Calendar known as the Julian Calendar-arranged B.C. 47 by Julius Casar, guided by his astronomer Sosigenes-the year was taken as being $365 \$$ days, and in order to get rid of the odd quarter of a day, an extra or intercalary day was added once in every fourth year, and this was called Bissextile or Leap Year. The Calendar so arranged is known as the "Old Style," and is now used only in Russia.
But as the Solar Year is 11 minutes 12 seconds less than the Gulian year of $365 t$ days it followed in course of years that the' Julian Calendar became inaccurate by several days, and in 1582 this difference amounted to so days. Pope Gregory XIII.,
at the suggestion of Aloysius Lilius, an astronomer of Naples, determined to rectify this, and devised the Calendar now known as the Gregorian Calendar. He dropped or cancelled these 10 days-October sth being called October 15thand made centurial years Leap years only once in 4 centuries; so that whilst 1700,1800 and 1900 were to be ordinary years, 2000 would be Leap year. This modification brought the Gregorian system into such close exactitude with the Solar year that there is only a difference of 26 seconds, which amounts to a day in 3,323 years. This is the "New Style." It was ordered by Act of Parliament to be adopted in this country in 1752 - 170 years after its formation-and is now used throughout the civilised world with the single exception already named. The difference be. tween the two "Styles" will remain 13 days until A.D. 2100.

## NOTES ON THE TWELVE MONTHS.

January was placed as leader of the months by Numa Pompilius, when he added two months (Jan. and Feb.) to the Alban Calendar, though it was not admitted to the same precedence in this country until a motion was made to that effect on March 18, 1750 . The name is derived from Janus, the god of the year, in the Roman mythology. The idol Janus was placed over the gate of a temple at Rome, and was represented with two faces, the one that of an old man, being typical of bis retrospect of the past ; the other a youthful countenance, denoting prospect of the future. He presided over gates and avenues, thus symbolically he admitted the new year, and attended the departure of the old.
February was made the second of the 12 months by Numa Pompilius. Its name was derived either from Februa, a title which the Romans gave to the Feralia sacrifices; or more probably from Februs, to purify, because this being originally held to be the last month of the year, the people offered an expiatory sacrifice for their twelve months' $\sin$.
Karch.-March with the ancients ranked the first month of the year, and was named in honour of Mars, the supposed father of the founder of Rome. Our Anglo-Saxon ancestors called it Lenet monath, that is Lent, or Spring month. Marriages in this month were seldom solemnized, as they were counted to become inharmonious and unhappy. March 15, or according to the Roman calendar, the Ides of March, was the Paricidium, the day on which Julius Cæsar was murdered in the Senate house by Brutus and Cassius, with other conspirators.
April.-By the Saxons April was called Ostr monath, probably from the same word from which Easter is supposed to have been derived. The Dutch and Germans called it Grass month. The name is derived from the Latin word Aperio, to open or disclose. The term applies to the opening of the year, or to the unfolding of the buds and flowers, by the influence of the genial warmth and moisture of Spring.
May.-The Hebrews named this month Sivan, from a Sanscrit word, signifying "to rejoice." The Anglo-Saxons knew it as Tri-milchi, because their cows, stimulated by the fresh herbage, were so productive of milk, as to enable the proprietors to bring them with advantage to the pail three times a day. The Romans offered sacrifices to Bona Dea or Maia on the first day of the month.
Jone was the Thamur or Tamuz of the Hebrews, that is after their escape from the Batylonish captivity; for previously to that they memply diatinguished their months by aid of cigizedts tomur or Tamue signifies con.
tinuance and perfection, alluding, probably, to the almost uninterrupted daylight, maturation of fruit, \&cc., which occur during its continuance.
July.-The fifth month of the Roman calendar received the name of Quintilis to denote its numerical position. It was sacred to Jupiter, and had in the Alban calendar 36 days. Romulus took from it 5 days. Numa reduced it to 30 , but Julius Czsar enlarged it to 3x, the present number. In honour of the latter, Mark Antony changed its name from Quintilis to Julius-hence our July.
August derived its name from Augustus, the Romar Emperor; it was called Sextilis, or the sixth month in the Alban calendar, in which it had only 28 days assigned to it. . Romulus added two, and Augustus a third, which number it has since retained. The Anglo-Saxons called it either Barn monath, alluding to this being the period when their barns were commonly filled, or Wood monath, clothing month, alluding to their fields being then clothed with corn, just as the Romans dedicated this month to Ceres, the goddess of harvest.
Beptember.-In the Latin and Roman calendar, this was the seventh month ; and hence its name. The month had only sixteen days assigned to it in the Alban calendar; these were increased to thirty by Romulus, to thirty-one by Julius Cossar; but Augustus reduced it to its present number. The ancient Saxons called it Berst monath, or Barley month, because at this time the barley harvest was gathered in.
October was called by our Saxon forefathers $W$ yn monath, or Wine month, and sometimes $W$ inter fylleth, from the approach of Winter, It was the eighth month of the Alban calendar. in which it had thirty-nine days. Its name is derived from the Latin, Octo, eight, and Imber, a shower of rain. Romulus reduced it to thirtyone days; Numa, to twenty-nine. Julius and Augustus each added one, and this number has not since been altered.

November.-The early Saxon inhabitants of England called this Blott monath, or slaughter month, because in those primitive days winter food was so scarce in England that it was usual to kill and salt the greater part of their winter meat this month; they called it also Wind monath or Wind month, from the tempestuous weather with which is is commonly accompanied.

Docember.-The month of December, so named by the Romans from being the tenth month of their year, has been denominated by the Saxons $W$ inter monath, but after Christianity they piously gave it the name of Holy month, or Atish monath.

LAW SITTINGS.


## LAW VACATIONS.

Christmas ...begins Dec. 24 .......... ends Jan. 6
Easter ......... ", Mar. 28 ......... ,, Apr. I

Whitsun ...... ," 'May 17 ......... ," May 20
Long ............ ", Aug. 13 ......... ", Oct. 23

## UNIVERSITY TERMS.

## Oxford.

Lent $\qquad$ begins Jan. 14 $\qquad$ ends Mar. 22
Easter ......... ", Apr. 2 ......... ", May 16
Trinity ......... ", May 17 ......... ", July 5
Michaelmas... ", Oct. 10 .......... ", Dec. 17
Cambridge.
Lent $\qquad$ begins Jan. 8 ......... ends Mar. 27
Easter
" Apr. 18 $\qquad$ ,, June 24
Michaelmas... ,, Oct. I ......... ," Dec. 19
*** Full term is kept by a residence of eight weeks.

## HOLIDAYS at PUBLIC OFFICES.

Bank Holidays. - (English) - Good Friday, Mar. 28 ; Easter Monday, Mar. 3r ; Whit Monday, May 19; Monday, August 4 ; Christmas Day and December 26.

Bank Holidays.-(Scotch)-Jan. 1; Mar. 28 ; May 5 ; August 4 ; Dec. 25.
Bank Transfer Offices.-Jan. 1 ; Mar. 28 and 31 ; May 1; May 19; Aug. 4; Nov. I; Dec. 25 and 26.
Law Offices.-Mar. 28 and 31 ; April 1; May 19; August 4 ; Dec. 25 and 26.
Inland Revenue Offices.-Mar. 28 and 3I; May 19 and. 20; Aug. 4 ; King's Birthday; Dec. 25 and 26.

Custom House, Docks, and Excise Offices.Mar. 28 and 31 ; May 19; Aug. 4 ; King's Birthday; Dec. 25 and 26.
Stock Exchange.-Jan. 1; Mar. 28 and 31; May $x$ and 19 ; Aug. 4 ; Nov. 1 ; Dec. 25 and 26 .

## QUARTER DAYS.

English.
Scotck.
Lady Day ......Mar. 25
Midsummer.... June 24
Candlemas ....

Feb. 2 | Midsummer......June 24 | Whitsuntide ... May 15 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Michaelmas ...Sept. 29 | Lammas...... Aug. I | Christmas ......Dec. 25 Martinmas...... Nov. if Half-Quarter Days.

Feb. 8, May 9, Aug. ir, and Nov. ir.

## MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Easter Day is the Sunday following the first ecclesiastical full moon which happens upon or next after Mar. 21, or if this moon happens on a Sunday, Easter Day is the Sunday following.
Rogn. Sunday is the fifth Sun. aft. Easter Day.
Ascen. Day is the sixth Thurs. aft. Easter Day.
Whitsun Day is seven weeks after Easter Day.
Trin. Sunday is eight weeks after Easter Day.
Advent Sunday is the Sunday nearest to St. Andrew's Day, whether before or after.

## MOHAMMEDAN CALENDAR.

$13191902 \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{lll}1320 & 1902\end{array}\right.$ Ramadhan 2x..Jan. I Shawwall $x$ Rabiel-Awwal I June Dhu' Kar …, 11 Dhu'l Hajja i Mar.ir
1320.

Muharrem 1 Apr. so Safar 1 ...... May 9

Rabi el-Akher $1 . .$. July 8 Djamadiel-Awwal 1 Ag. 6 Djamadi el-Akher I Sp. 5 Rajab I ............. Oct. 4 Shaban 1.............Nov. 3 Ramadhan 1 ....... Dec. $2_{2}$ Shawwal I... Jan. 1, 1903


The last day of any month containing $3^{\circ}$ days and the following day are both kept as New Moon, as in Sebat entered above as 30 Adar 1.

Time of the beginning of Sabbath-London.


In the year 1902 there will be three Eclipses of the Sun and two of the Moon.

## April 8.-A Partial Eclipse of the Sun. <br> Invisible throughout the British Isles.

This Eclipse is visible only in the high latitudes of the North Pacific Ocean, where at the greatest phase about one-sixteenth of the Sun's diameter is obscured.

WHAT IS AN ECLIPSE?
Astronomically, the word "Eclipse" is applied to the darkening, real or apparent, of a heavenly body, especially of the Sun or Moon, though some of the satellites of other planets besides the earth are also "eclipsed" from time to time. An Eclipse of the Moon is caused by its passage through the Shadow of the Earth; an Eclipse of the Sun by the interposition of the Moon between the Sun and the observer, or what comes to the same thing, by the passage of the Moon's Shadow over the observer.

It will be seen, however, from the diagram that since the apparent angular diameters of the Sun and Moon are very nearly the same, it is only when the spectator is on, or very close to, the line joining the centres of those two bodies that a Total Eclipse of the Sun can take place; and, indeed, even if he be on that central line, should the Moon be in the more distant portion of her orbit, her apparent diameter may be less than that of the Sun, so that even in a Central Eclipse a small view of the Sun is still visible. This constitutes what is known as an Annular Eclipse, but there is not one of the Eclipses visible in 1902 of this character. But even when the Eclipse is total on the central line, an observer far from that line will only see a portion of the Sun hidden, as the lines of the diagram clearly indicate.
In an Eclipse of the Moon the Eclipse is due to a real cutting off of light from the Moon. A Lunar Eclipse, if total for any place, must usually be total for every place from which the Moon cari be seen. Lunar Eclipses are not, however, by any means always total. One Partial Eclipse occurs in May, 1902.
The axis of the Earth's. Shadow is always directed to a point exactly opposite to the Sun. Did the Moon move accurately in the plane of the ecliptic she would be eclipsed at every Full Moon, but since her plane is inclined at about $5^{\circ}$ to that of the ecliptic, she will pass into the Shadow and suffer Eclipse only, if, at the time of the Full Moon, she is near one of the nodes of her orbit. As this seldom happens, we find that there cannot be more than three Lunar Eclipses in the year (and this only if the Full Moon is at a node early in January), and there may be none. Usually, however, we have two Lunar Eclipses in the year, Total only if the Moon passes fairly near to the centre of the earth's shadow.

## BRITISH OBSERVATORIES.

Greenwich, lat. $51^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 38^{\circ} \mathrm{x}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Opened ${ }^{16} 65$, under the direction of Flamstead, Astronomer Royal. The chief centre for observations on astronomy and navigation.
CAMbridge, lon. o ${ }^{\mathrm{h}} 0^{\mathrm{m}} 22^{\circ} 75^{\mathrm{s}}$ E.; lat. $5^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ $12^{\prime} 51^{\circ} \cdot 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Founded by the University in 1824.
OXFORD-Radcliff, lon. $\mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{h}} 5^{\mathrm{m}} 2^{\prime} 6^{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{W}$.; lat. $51^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 35^{\circ} 4^{\prime \prime}$ N. Erected about $17^{2}$.
OXford University, lat. $51^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 34^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Celebrated for its $12 \downarrow-$ in. equatorial refractor.
Liverpool. Established 1838-transferred to Birkenhead in $\mathbf{8 8 6 7}$. Lon. $0^{\mathrm{h}}{ }_{12}{ }^{\mathrm{m}} 17^{\prime} 35^{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{W}$.; lat. $53^{\circ} 24^{\prime} 4^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$.
Kew, lon. $0^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 15^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{t}}$ W. ; lat. $55^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} 8^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. This is the chief meteorological observatory of the United Kingdom.

Durham, lon. ob $6^{\mathrm{m}} 199^{\circ} 75^{\circ}$ W.; lat. $54^{2} 4^{6 .} 6^{\circ} .2$ N. Founded $\mathbf{1 8 4 \mathrm { I }}$. Is under the direction of the University Professor of Mathematics.
Edinburgh-Carlton Hill, lon. $\mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{b}} 12^{\mathrm{m}} 444^{\circ} 2^{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{W}$. lat. $55^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} 55^{\prime} 28^{\circ} 0^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Elected in $1818 . \mathrm{A}^{\text {A }}$ A time gun isfired thence daily.
Glasgow lon. o ${ }^{\text {an }} 17^{\mathrm{m}} 10 \cdot 55^{8} \mathrm{~W}$.; lat. $55^{\circ} 52^{\prime}$ $42^{\circ} \cdot 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Open ed in 1840 . On the north side of the city near Gartnavel.
 N. Opened in 1785 . Is under direction of lrisa Astronomer Royal.
Armagh, lon. $\mathrm{o}^{\text {h }} 26^{\mathrm{m}} 35^{\circ} 4^{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $54^{\circ} 2 \mathbf{I n}^{\prime} \cdot 2^{\circ} 7$ N . Founded in 1701, and entarged n + $\mathrm{O}_{27}$. Cork--Queen's College lat. ${ }^{+}+{ }_{5} 1^{\circ} 5 j^{\prime}$ Erected in $\mathbf{1 8 7} 8$.

## THE FIRST COMET OF 1901.

In April, roor, a comet with a triple tail suddenly appeared in the southern hemisphere. It would appear that it was first observed in Uruquay by Señor Viscara at Paysandu on the 12th of April. It was noticed by Mr. Arthur Hill at Queenstown, Cape Colony, on 23rd April, who reported its reappearance to Sir David Gill, our eminent and distinguished astronomer, who has had charge of the Royal Observatory, Cape of Good Hope, now for upwards of twenty years. It was seen shortly afterwards in Western Australia by Mr. Tattersall at Leeuwin. The tail was about two degrees in length, or about four times the apparent diameter of the Sun or Moon. The first scientific observations of its position appear to have been made at the Cape of Good Hope Royal 'Observatory. In order to determine the character of the path or orbit in which a
comet moves it is necessary that three separate observations of its position should be accurately measured. If these observations are spread over a week or a forthight a very close approximation to its course can be determined. The motion of the comet was incorrectly reported to be northwards, but as a fact its motion at the time of its discovery was south-easterly, and although its course was north-easterly after the 3 rd of May, the comet had become so faint that it was only with difficulty seen with the aid of telescopes. It was nearest the Sun on the 24 th April, and was distant about 23 millions of niles-its distance from us being about the same as the Sun, or about 92 millions of miles, about 8th May. Its brightness at discovery was estimated as the same as a third magnitude star. Its orbit being parabolic, the comet will not again become visible.

## THE NEW STAR IN PERSEUS.

One of the most remarkable events in the stellar heavens which has occurred in our time took place in February, 1gor. On the early morning of the 22nd February the Rev. Dr. Anderson, of Edinbargh, noticed that the shape of one of our most familiar constellations was altered by the addition of a bright stranger, forming an obtuse-angled isosceles triangle with its two brightest stars, one of which is well known to $\mathrm{b} \cong$ variable in its brightness. Dr. Anderson has discovered variability in several known stars, but the brightness which the new star suddenly attained exceeded (although one previously nearly equalled it) that of any similar star within the memory of anyone living, or, indeed, for nearly three centuries-the one in question being that which appeared in the constellation Corona Borealis (the Northern Crown) in the month of May, $\mathbf{8 8 6 6}$, when it was first seen by the late Mr. Birmingham, of Millbrook, near Tuam, Galway. The star in Corona Borealis at its discovery was
about equal to that of a second magnitude star, but declined rapidly and became invisible to the naked eye in about nine days, although it is still visible in powerful telescopes. The star in Perseus, however, diminished in brightness much less slowly, and was faintly visible for a very long time, although its brightness did not diminish regularly but by a succession of ups and downs. These sudden appearances of new stars, from investigations with the spectroscope, appear to $\mathbf{b z}$ due to the combustion of huge volumes of hydrogen evolved by the collision of one star with another, or more probably with masses of nebulous matter. The first well authenticated instance of the appearance of a new star was of one which suddenly burst forth in the year 1572 in the constellation Cassiopeia, and was carefully observed and accurately describad by the great Danish astronomer, Tycho Brahe, and another of -great brilliancy appeared in Ophiuchus in 1604, and was observed by the famous Kepler.

## LENGTH OF DAY.



## SIGNS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS.

Moon's Phases.
h Hour. im Minute. s Second.

## Signs of the Zodiac.

| $r$ | Aries ......... | $\bigcirc$ | , | Libra ......... | $180^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ | Taurus | 30 | II | Scorpio ...... | 10 |
| II | Gemini | 60 | 7 | Sagittarius | 240 |
| 5 | Cancer | 90 | V9 | Capricornus | 270 |
| $\Omega$ | Leo ............ | 120 | $\cdots$ | Aquarius ... | 300 |
| 叫 | Virgo | 150 | 米 | Pisces | $33^{\circ}$ |

O Full. © Last Quarter. Minute of arc. "Second of arc. Astronomical Symbols.

the Sun.
Mercury.
Venus.
Mars.
Jupiter.
Saturn,
Uranus.
Neptune.
the Moon,

G or ${ }^{\circ}$ The Earth.
Conjunction.
Quadrature.
Opposition.
Trine.
Sextile
do Ascending Node, o $\rho$ Descending Node.

## LUNAR OCCULTATIONS.

An Occultation of a fixed star or planet, like an Eclipse of the Sun, is caused by the Moon. in her eastward course from right to left, passing between the star and the spectator, and so intercepting it from his view. - On page 5 It the reader will find, as usual, a full table for the present year, 1902, giving the particulars for the principal Occultations visible in Great Britain.

The most interesting examples are the Occultaxions of the following comparatively bright stars. The letters $D$ and $R$ in the diagrans following indicate the points of disappearance and reappearance of the star, and are measured from the vertex or point of the Moon's limb nearest the Zenith.


The occultation of $8^{3}$ Tauri occurs on April inth. The disappearance takes place at $9^{\mathrm{h}} 3^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{m}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $10^{\mathrm{h}} 15^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.; the Moon being three days old.

The occultation of $a$ Virginis on April 21st-22nd. The disappearance takes place at II $^{\text {b }}$ $46^{\mathrm{m}}$. p.m., and the reappearance at $0^{\text {h }} 5^{2 m}$ a.m., the Moon being thirteen days old.


The occultation of $\rho^{1}$ Sagittarii on April 2gth. The disappearance takes place at $4^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., and the reappearance at $5^{\mathrm{h}} \mathbf{4 4}^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., the Moon being twenty days old.
The occultation of $\rho^{1}$ Sagittarii on July 1gth. The disappearance takes place at $10^{\mathrm{b}} 5^{\mathrm{mm}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $1 \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{h}} 54^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., the Moon be:ing fourteen days old.

The occultation of a Librae on Aug. roth. The disappearance takes place at $8^{\mathrm{h}} 4^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{m}$.m., and the reappearance at $9^{\mathrm{h}} 35^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., the Moon being seven days old.


The occultation of the doubl: star $\delta$ Tauri on Sept. 22nd. The disappearances take place at $9^{\mathrm{g}} 2^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. and $9^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearances at $9^{\text {h }} 25^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. and $10^{\text {b }} 2^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., the Moon being twenty-one days old.
Theoccultation of the double star $\delta$ Tauri on Oct. 20th. The disappearances take place at $5^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{gm}^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. and $5^{\mathrm{h}} 43^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., and the reappearancesat $6^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. and $6^{\mathrm{b}} 43^{\mathrm{ma}}$ a.m., the Moon being nineteen days old.


The occultation of $\lambda$ Geminorum on Oct. 23rd. The disappearance takes place at $0^{6} 53^{m}$ a m , and the ieappearance at $1^{\mathrm{h}} \mathbf{4 4}^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., the Moon being twenty-one days old.
The occultation of ${ }^{5}$ Piscium on Dec. soth. The disappearance takes place at $7^{1 \mathrm{~g}} \mathrm{~g}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $8^{\mathrm{h}} \mathbf{2 2 m}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., the Moon being eleven days old.


## THE PLANETARY SYSTEM.

The following shows the approximate Diameter in thousands of miles (D) and Distance from Earth in millions of miles (M):-

| Sun ......... D 852 ... M ${ }^{\text {M }} 82 \cdot 9$ | Mercury... D 3 ... M 56.9 | Uranus ... D $33 \ldots$... ${ }^{\text {2 }} \mathbf{2}$,69888 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Moon ...... D ${ }^{\text {d }}$... M 260 | Mars ..... D ${ }^{47}$... M ${ }^{48.6}$ | Venus ... D 7t... M 25.7 |
|  |  |  |

## OLD ENGLISH HOLIDAYS.

These holidays, with their names, had their origin in medizval England when the State religion was that of the Church of Rome, and they are still observed in some parts of Great Britain.

January 7. Twelfth Day was 12 days after Christmas, and is sometimes called Old Christmas Day. Many social rites have long been connected with Twelfth Day.

February 2. Candlemas: Festival of the Purification of the Virgin. Consecration of the lighted candles to be used in the church during the year.

February 14. St. Valentine's Day. The custom of sending a "valentine" to one's sweetheart was very general 50 years ago, but, since the introduction of Christmas Cards, has almost died out. February 15, Old Candlemas.

MARCH 25. LADY DAY: Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. April, is old Lady Day.

JU'NE i4. MIDSLMMER DAY. Feast of the Nativity of St. Jobn the Baptist. July 7 is old Midsummét Day.

Aúcust I. Lammas Day! Originally in England the festival of the wheat Harvest. One
of the Scotch quarter days. Old Lammas Day is August 14.
September 29. Michaelmas: Feast of St. Michael the Archangel. Old Michaelmas Day is October 12.
November x. Allhallows: All-hallows, or All-Saints' Day. The previous evening is All. hallow-e'en, observed by home gatherings and old-time festive rites.
November 2. All Souls' Day: Was formerly regarded as a day of prayer for the souls of the dead.
November 1I. Martinmas: Feast of St. Martin. Scotch quarter day. Old Martinmas is Noviember 24.
December 28. Childermas: Holy Innofents' Day.

## MOTHERING SUNDAY

is Mid-Lent Sonday, in which the old rural custom obtains of making presents of caket, \&r

# OCCULTATIONS of STARS VISIBLE at GREENWICH, 1902. 

| Date. | Star's Name. | Mag. | Disappearance. | Reappearance. | Angles from Vertex. |  | Ppsition of Moon. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | h. m. | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 6 | B. A. C. 5436 | 6.0 | 5 m 9 | 6 m 14 | -159 | + 74 | Rises |  |  |
| 12 | cl Capricorni | $5 \cdot 2$ | . 4 a 17 | 5 a 27 | - 53 | +151 | Souths | 2 a | 11 |
| 13 | $\kappa$ Aquarii ... | $5 \cdot 5$ | 6 a 23 | 7 a 1 | + 20 | +93 | Souths |  | 59 |
| 19 | B. A. C. 1240 | $5 \cdot 7$ | - 3 a 24 | 4 a 22 | -101 | + 47 | Souths | 8 a | 11 |
| 20 | D.M. $+18^{\circ} 824$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | 1 m 2 | 1 m 58 | - 34 | $+117$ | Sets |  | 12 |
| 21 | 71 Orionis | $5 \cdot 1$ | 8 a 15 | 8 a . 39 | - 50 | - 6 | Souths | 10 a | 11 |
| 23 | 68 Geminorum | $5 \cdot 0$ | 4 m 56 | 5 m 28 | -118 | +169 | Sets | 6 m | 55 |
| 24 | $\kappa$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 0$ | 6 a 7 | 7 a 1 | -147 | + 45 | Rises |  | 45 |
| 25 | $\omega$ Leonis | $5 \cdot 6$ | 5 m 23 | 6 m 0 | - 23 | + 57 | Souths |  | 1 |
| 27 | $p^{5}$ Leonis | $5 \cdot 5$ | 6 m 38 | 7 m 30 | - 44 | + 71 | Souths |  | 40 |
| Feb. 2 | $\beta^{2}$ Scorpii | $5 \cdot 2$ | 7 m 10 | 8 m 29 | -123 | +118 | Souths |  | 13 |
| 2 | $\beta^{1}$ Scorpii | 3.0 | 7 m 10 | 8 m 28 | -124 | +118 | Souths |  | 13 |
| 12 | - Piscium | $4 \cdot 5$ | 7 a 40 | 8 a 18 | -87 | -162 | Sets | 10 a | 20 |
| 14 | $\sigma$ Arietis | 55 | 5 F 5 | 6 a 45 | -110 | -172 | Souths | 5 a | 9 |
| 15 | B. A. C. 12 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 11 a 27 | 11 a 52 | + 19 | + 68 | Sets | 2 m | 1 (16) |
| 16 | $i$ Tauri | $5 \cdot 1$ | 6 a 24 | $7 \mathrm{7a} 18$ | -140 | +143 | Souths | 7 a | 3 |
| 20 | $\mathrm{A}^{2}$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 8$ | 6 a 13 | 7 a 16 | -155 | + | Souths | 10 a | 49 |
| 20-21 | 60 Cancri | $5 \cdot 7$ | 11 a 16 | 0 m 11 | -64 | + 45 | Souths | 10 a | 49 |
| Mar. 17 | 26 Geminorum | $5 \cdot 1$ | 9 a 19 | 10 a 16 | -104 | +151 | Souths | 6 a | $54$ |
| 18 | 68 Geminorum | $5 \cdot 0$ | 5 a 48 | 6 a 14 | +163 | +128 | Souths | 72 | $50$ |
| 18 $22-23$ | $\omega$ Leonis | $5 \cdot 6$ | 8 a 27 | 9 a 43 | -120 | +63 | Souths | 9 a | $34$ |
| 22-23 | $p^{5}$ Leonis | $5 \cdot 5$ | 11 a 19 | 0 m 24 | -146 | +109 | Souths | 11 a | 10 (22) |
| 26 | 86 Virgin | 6.0 | 3 m 13 | 4 m 24 | -67 | + 75 | Souths | 1 m | $27$ |
| Apr $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ \hline 11\end{array}$ | $\nu$ Scorpii | $4 \cdot 5$ | 1 m 41 | 3 m 0 | -138 | + 88 | Souths | 3 m | 46 |
| Apr. ${ }_{\text {12-13 }} 11$ | $\delta^{3}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 2$ | 9 a 36 | 10 a 15 | - 91 | +167 | Sets | 10 a | 47 |
| 12-13 | 119 Tauri.. | 46 | 11 a 23 | 0 m 11 | - 50 | +110 | Sets | 11 a | 50 |
| 15 15 | 68 Geminorum | 50 | 0 m 36 | 1 m 9 | - 15 | + 64 | Sets | 1 m | 29 |
| 15-16 | 27 Cancri | $5 \cdot 6$ | 11 a 47 | 0 m 17 | -127 | $+171$ | Sets | 2 m | 5 (16) |
| 21-22 | a Virginis | 12 | 11 a 46 | 0 m 52 | -144 | +118 | Souths | 11 a | 23 (21) |
| 25-26 | B. A. C. 558 | 57 | 10 a 53 | 0 m 7 | -142 | + 71 | Rises | 10 a | 3 (25) |
| 29 | $\rho^{\mathbf{l}}$ Sagittarii | 39 | 4 m 20 | 5 m 44 | -85 | +115 | Souths | 4 m | 51 |
| May 2 | $\mathrm{c}^{1}$ Capricorn | $5 \cdot 2$ | 1 m 12 | 2 m 7 | -89 | + 43 | Rises | 1 m | 49 |
| June 3 | 54 Ceti . | 5.8 | 3 m 1 | 3 m 54 | - 89 | +115 $+\quad 59$ | Rises | 2 m | 3 |
| 15 | 86 Virginis | $6 \cdot 0$ | 10 a 15 | 11 a 31 | -89 | +105 | Souths | 8 a | 4 |
| 18 | $\nu$ Scorpii . | $4 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 9 \\ &\end{aligned}$ | 10 a 59 | -125 | +105 | Souths | 10 a | 28 |
| July 3 | $\delta^{3}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 2$ | 2 m 3 | 2 m 52 | -112 | +105 $+\quad 58$ | Rises | 1 m | 58 |
| 19 | $\rho^{l}$ Sagittarii | 39 | 10 a 58 | 11 a 54 | -35 | + 57 +57 | Souths | 11 a | 29 |
| 31 | $m$ Tauri ... | $5 \cdot 1$ | 2 m 46 | 3 m 28 | -82 | + | Rises | 0 m | 41 |
| Aug. 10 | 8 Libræ | $5 \cdot 3$ | 8 A 29 | 9 a 32 | -108 | +143 | Sets | 10 a | 16 |
| 10 | a Libre | $3 \cdot 0$ | 8 a 41 | 9 a 35 | -114 | +154 | Sets | 10 a | 16 |
| 19 | ${ }^{1}$ Capricor | $5 \cdot 2$ | 5 m 1 | 5 m 22 | + 37 | + 80 | Sets | 5 m | 8 |
| Sept. 22 | $\delta^{1}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 0$ | 9 a 2 | 9 a 25 | + 55 | + 0 | Rises | 8 a | 37 |
| 22 | $\delta^{2}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 7$ | 9 a 14 | 10 a 2 | - 96 | + 39 | Rises | 8 a | 37 |
| 23 | 115 Tauri | $5 \cdot 4$ | 10 a 34 | 11 a 12 | -168 | +101 | Rises | 9 a | 29 |
| 24 | 120 Tauri.. | $5 \cdot 3$ | 1 m 28 | 1 m 53 | - 57 | - 10 | Rises | 9 a | 29 (23) |
| 25 | 26 Geminorum | 51 | 5 m 32 | 6 m 38 | - 82 | + | Souths | 6 m | 25 |
| 26 | 68 Geminorum | 50 | 1 m 40 | 2 m 40 | -132 | + 42 | Rises | 11 a | 36 (25) |
| 28 | $\omega$ Leonis. | $5 \cdot 6$ | 3 m 22 | 3 m 38 | +144 | +111 | Rises | 2 m | 1 |
| Oct. 16 | $\zeta^{1}$ Piscium | $4 \cdot 2$ | 10 a 17 | 11-18 | -116 | + +144 | Souths | 11 a | 32 |
| 20 | $\delta^{1}$ Tauri | 40 | 5 m 8 | 6 m 13 | - 51 | $+129$ | Souths | 2 m | 20 |
| 20 | $\delta^{2}$ Tauri ..... | $4 \cdot 7$ | 5 m 43 | 6 m 43 | - 71 | +153 | Souths | 2 m | 20 |
| 23 $24-25$ | $\lambda$ Geminorum | $3 \cdot 6$ | 0 m 53 | 1 mm 4 | -98 | + 11 | Rises | 9 a | 28 (22) |
| 24-25 Nov. 21 | $\kappa$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 0$ | 11 a 24 | 0 m 16 | -134 | + 39 | Rises | 11 a | 52 (24) |
| Nov. 21 | 60 Cancri | $5 \cdot 7$ | 0 m 6 | 1 m 7 | -134 | + 32 | Rises | 9 a | 40 (20) |
| 21 | $\kappa$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 0$ | 6 m 42 | 7 m 51 | -82 | + 93 | Souths | 5 m | $2$ |
| Dec. $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 4\end{array}$ | $v$ Leonis | $4 \cdot 5$ | 2 m 14 | 3 m 0 | -107 | - 9 | Rises | 1 m | 18 |
| Dec. ${ }_{10}^{4}$ | $\beta$ Capricorni | $3 \cdot 4$ | 7 a 38 | 8 a 33 | - 4 | +112 | Sets | 82 | 9 |
| 10 | $5^{1}$ Piscium . | $4 \cdot 2$ | 7 a 8 | 8 a 22 | -84 | +128 | Souths | 7 a | 55 |
| 14 | $\delta^{1}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 0$ | 1 m 53 | 2 m 56 | - 51 | +132 | SQuths | 102 | 43 (18) |
| 14 | ${ }^{\delta 2}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 7$ | 2 m 27 | 3 m 23 | - 71 | +155 | Souths | 10 a | 43 (13) |
| 15 | 120 Tauri | $5 \cdot 3$ | 4 m 52 | 5 m 0 | + 28 | + 45 | Sets | 7 m | 47 |
| 16 | 26 Geminorum | $5 \cdot 1$ | 6 mm 24 | 6 m 42 | + 12 | + 50 | Souths | 0 m | 42 |
| 16 | $\lambda$ Geminorum ... | $3 \cdot 6$ | 5 a 49 | 6 a 32 | - 98 | + 20 | Rises | 6 a | 0 |
| 17 | 68 Geminorum | $5 \cdot 0$ | 0 m 27 | $1 \mathrm{~m} 20$ | -162 | +103 | Souths | 1 m | 51 |
| 18 | $\mathrm{A}^{2} \mathrm{Cancri}$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | 6 m 37 | 7 m 36 | - 00 | +98 | Souths | 2 m | 60 |

The angles are reckoned from the vartex of the Moon's limb: - towards the left hand, and + towards the right hand.

GEOCENTRIC LONGITUDES OF THE PLANETS
IN 1902.

| Date. <br> Noon. | Sun. | Mercury. | Venus. | Mars. | Jupiter. | Saturn. | - Uranus. | Neptune. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 01 | $\bigcirc$ | 0 - | $0 \quad 1$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ - | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
| Jannary 1 | 280 us 9 | $279 \square 543$ | 323M54 | 299637 | 201 vf 31 | $2876{ }^{\text {c }} 46$ | 258129 | 891148 |
| 7 | 28816 | 28929 | 32746 | 304 m 20 | 29255 | 28828 | 25849 | 8938 |
| 13 | $292 \quad 23$ | 29928 | $330 \times 47$ | 3094 | 29419 | 28911 | 2598 | 8929 |
| 19 | 29830 | 309 m 37 | 33243 | 31348 | 29544 | 28954 | 25928 | 8920 |
| 25 | 304m36 | 31936 | 33321 | 31832 | 2979 | 29036 | 25945 | 8912 |
| 31 | 31042 | 32832 | 33230 | 32317 | 29833 | 29117 | 2802 | 89 |
| February 6 | 31646 | $334 \times 26$ | 33014 | 328 2 | 29956 | 29158 | 26016 | $88 \quad 57$ |
| 12 | $\begin{array}{ll}322 & 51\end{array}$ | 33453 | 326m m 53 | 332 ¢47 | 301 m 18 | 29237 | $260 \quad 29$ | $88 \quad 52$ |
| 18 | 32855 | 329 mm 46 | 32310 | 33732 | 30240 | 29315 | 26042 | 8847 |
| 24 | $334 \times 57$ | 323 | $320 \quad 2$ | 34215 | 30359 | 29351 | 26053 | 8844 |
| March 2 | 34059 | 32035 | 3183 | 34658 | 30517 | 29428 | 2612 | 8842 |
| March 8 | 34659 | 32135 | 31783 | 35140 | 30632 | 29458 | 2618 | 8841 |
| 14 | 35259 | 32533 | 318 27. | 35621 | 30745 | $295 \quad 29$ | 26113 | 8841 |
| 20 | 35857 | 331 $\because$ 年 30 | 320 34 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | $1{ }^{1} 1$ | 30855 | $295 \quad 56$ | 26116 | 8842 |
| 26 | $4 r^{54}$ | 3385 | 32340 | 540 | 3102 | 29621 | 26117 | 8844 |
| April 1 | 1049 | 34720 | 32734 | 1018 | 3116 | 29643 | 26116 | 8848 |
| Aprill 7 | 1644 | 35639 | 332 * 6 | 14 | 3125 | 2973 | 26114 | $88 \quad 54$ |
| 13 | $28 \quad 37$ | 6 r 57 | 3375 | $19 \quad 29$ | 3131 | 29718 | 2619 | 890 |
| 19 | $28 \quad 29$ | 1810 | $342 \quad 28$ | 241 | 31352 | 29731 | 2613 | 897 |
| 25 | 34820 | 30817 | 3484 | $28 \quad 32$ | 31438 | 29740 | 26056 | $89 \quad 15$ |
| May 1 | 4010 | 435 | 3545 | 3382 | 31518 | 29746 | 26047 | 8924 |
| May 7 | 4568 | $55 \quad 53$ | 0r13 | 3730 | 315 | 29748 | 26036 | 8934 |
| 13 | 5148 | 671143 | 630 | 4155 | 316 | 29747 | 26024 | 8945 |
| 19 | $57 \quad 33$ | 7750 | 1255 | 4619 | 31646 | 29742 | 26011 | 8956 |
| 25 | $63 口 19$ | 8556 | $19 \quad 28$ | $50 \quad 41$ | 3172 | 29734 | 25957 | 9058 |
| 31 | 694 | ${ }^{91 \%} 50$ | 286 | 551 | 31712 | 29722 | 25943 | 9021 |
| June 6 | 7449 | 9517 | 32 ¢ 48 | $59 \quad 19$ | 31715 | 2978 | 25929 | 9034 |
| June 12 | $80 \quad 33$ | 964 | 3935 | $63 \square 35$ | 31712 | 29651 | 25914 | 9047 |
| 18 | 8617 | $94 \quad 17$ | $43 \quad 26$ | 6749 | 3171 | 29631 | 25859 | $91 \quad 0$ |
| 24 | 9251 | 910 | 5319 | 721 | 31643 | 2969 | 25845 | $91 \quad 13$ |
| 30 | 9744 | 88114 | $60 \square 16$ | 7611 | 31620 | 29545 | 25831 | $91 \quad 27$ |
| July 6 | 10327 | 8715 | 6716 | $80 \quad 19$ | 315 | $295 \quad 20$ | 25818 | 9140 |
| Juy 12 | 10910 | 8925 | 7418 | 8425 | 31514 | 29454 | 2585 | 9153 |
| 18 | 11454 | 949538 | 8122 | 88.30 | 31436 | 29427 | 25754 | 926 |
| 24 | $120 \Omega 37$ | 10246 | $88 \quad 28$ | $9^{92 \mathrm{G} 32}$ | 31353 | 2941 | 25744 | 9218 |
| 30 | 12621 | 11319 | 95 ¢537 | 9633 | 3138 | 2935 | 25736 | 9230 |
| August 5 | 1326 | 125821 | 10248 | 10031 | 31221 | 29310 | 25729 | 9241 |
| August 11 | 13751 | 13744 | 110 | 10428 | 31134 | 29246 | 25723 | $92 \quad 52$ |
| 17 | 14337 | 14938 | 11715 | 10823 | 31049 | 29225 | 25719 | 931 |
| 23 | 14923 | 160 m 46 | $124 \Omega 32$ | 11216 | 3105 | 2925 | 25717 | 9310 |
| 29 | 155mp1 | 1712 | 13150 | 1167 | 30926 | 29148 | 25716 | 9318 |
| September 4 | 161 | $180 \Omega 36$ | 13911 | 11956 | 30850 | 29134 | 25718 | 9325 |
| 10 | 16849 | 18924 | 14633 | $123 \Omega 43$ | 30820 | 29124 | 25722 | 931 |
| 16 | 17240 | 19724 | 1531956 | $127 \times 8$ | 30756 | 29116 | 257 | 9338 |
| 22 | 17831 | 20428 | 16121 | 13110 | 30739 | 29112 | 25734 | 9340 |
| 28 | $184 \Omega 24$ | 211 m 9 | 16848 | 13451 | 30728 | 29111 | 25743 | 9342 |
| ()ctober 4 | 18019 | 21340 | 17616 | 13830 | 30725 | 29114 | 25753 | 9343 |
| 10 | 19814 | 21353 | 183^45 | 1426 | 30728 | 29121 | 2585 | $93 \quad 43$ |
| 16 | 20211 | 209^25 | 19114 | 145 | 30789 | 29131 | 25819 | 9342 |
| 22 | 208.9 | 20218 | 19844 | 14910 | 30757 | 29145 | 25834 | 9340 |
| 28 | 214mi 8 | 19844 | 20615 | 159 ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ 37 | 30821 | 2922 | 25851 | $93 \quad 36$ |
| November 3 | 2208 | 20197 | 213 m 47 | 1562 | 30852 | $292 \quad 22$ | 2598 | 931 |
| 9 | 2283 | 20826 | 22119 | 15923 | 30930 | 29245 | $\begin{array}{ll}259 & 27\end{array}$ | 9326 |
| 15 | 23211 | $217 \mathrm{ml1}$ | 22851 | 16240 | 31012 | 29311 | 25947 | 9319 |
| 21 | 23815 | 22631 | $236 \quad 23$ | 1655 | 3111 | 29340 | 2607 | 9311 |
| 27 | 244719 | 23558 | $243 \downarrow 56$ | 1691 | 31154 | 29411 | $260 \quad 28$ | 93 |
| December 3 | $950 \quad 24$ | 245724 | 25129 | 1724 | 31252 | 29445 | 26049 | 9254 |
| ccember 9 | 25029 | 25449 | 2592 | 175 | 31355 | $295 \quad 20$ | 26111 | 9245 |
| 15 | 26235 | 26416 | 26834 | 17752 | 3151 | $\begin{array}{ll}295 & 57\end{array}$ | 26133 | 9235 |
| 21 | 26842 | 273647 | $274{ }^{6} 7$ | $180 \Omega 36$ | 31611 | 29636 | 26155 | $92 \quad 25$ |
| 27 | 274V549 | 28325 | 28140 | 18312 | 317m24 | 297616 | 202 $17^{\text { }}$ | $92 \quad 15$ |

CLOUDS.


Clouns are masses of mist or vapour condensed into little drops or vesicles of extreme minuteness, and occupying the higher regions of the atmosphere. Clouds have been classified as follows:

## UPPER CLOUDS.

Cirrus.-The mare's tail or curl-clond.-Very light and fleecy; this is the most elevated cloud.

Cirro-Cumulus.-Sonder-cloud.-A system of small round clouds.

Cirro-Stratus. - Wavecloud. - Concave or undulated stratas.

## LOWER CLOUDS.

C UMULUS. - Wool -packcloud. - With round conical shape heaped up.

Cumulo-Stratus.-Twain-cloud,-A mixture of cumulus and stratus.

Nimbus.-Rain-cloud.-Very dark with marked outline, with rain falling from it.
Stratus. - Fall-cloud. - A sheet or layer of cloud of uniform thickness.

Full descriptions of these clouds will be found in the British Almanac for 1900.

THUNDERSTORMS. -A thunderstorm is consequent on an electrical discharge in the clouds, and this discharge shows itself by a flash of lightning and a peal of thunder. When clouds become highly charged with atmospheric electricity a discharge of the electric force takes place, and any human being or animal which may happen to be in the path of the discharge receives a violent shock often sufficient to cause death. The flash of this discharge is known to us as lightning. M. Arago has described four distinct kinds of lightning, two being dangerous and two harmless: Ii Zigzagior Forked Lightning: a discharge between two oppositely electrified


Rain Gauges.
bodies following a zigzag path owing to varying conditions in the air through which it passes. This is highly dangerous. 2. Globular Lightning, in which the electric fluid seems to be condensed: the appearance is that of a luminous ball or globs of fire; it remains visible for several seconds, travels slowly with a strange hissing sound, and finally explodes with great violence. This is also dangerous. 3. Sheet Lightning, which covers a large surface of cloud and is, in fact, merely the reflection of distant unseen electrical discharges, or discharges of a feeble character. 4, The fourth kind of lightning is the luminous flash known as St . Elmo's fire. This is more common at sea than on land; it is quite harmless and shows itself during a thunderstorm at the extremities of pointed objects, such as yard-arms or mast-heads. Lightning travels, according to Wheatstone, about 290,000 miles a second-about half as quick again as light.

RAIN.-Rain is the most important mode by which the moisture abstracted from the earth by evaporation is again returned to it in a liquid state

Rain originates in the clouds, whence it is precipitated, by a sudden cooling of the air, in the form of minute globules, which, gathering in size as they fall, reach the earth in drops. The atmosphere which surrounds the earth is capable of holding only a limited amount of moisture in suspension; this varies according to its temperature, and a frequent cause of rain is the sudden mixing of hof and cold air; as, for instance, in the tropics; where currents of het air ascend inty colder regions and produce the great tropical summer rains, or when fort damp air is brought

UBLIC
IBRARY
$i_{\text {nto }}$ sudden contact with the slopes of a mountain or the cold earth, as on the west coast of continents in the temperate zone, which are more mountainous than the east coast.
Rainfall is measured by a gauge, the values given representing the depth of water which would have accumulated on a level piece of ground, if none of the rain which fell could escape by drainage or evaporation. But although measurement in this manner seems an easy matter, considerable care is required to ensure accuracy. The size of the gruge is important, so, too, is the manner of exposure, both in regard to height from the ground and distance from walls and trees. Precatltions must also be taken to prevent loss by evaporation or leakage, and other points materially affect results. The annual rainfall at sea level in the British Isles ranges from 20 inches on the east coast of England to 6o or 80 inches on the west coasts of Scotland and Ireland.

## SNOW AND

 HAIL. - When the small aqueous particles produced by the condensation of vapour descend from the clouds through atmosphere which has-become cooled down below the freezing point, they become frozen into tiny crystals; these gradually come into juxtaposition and form light feathery flakes which we term snow. The beauty of these snow crystals has often been noted. They have a form derived from the hexagonal figure, and it is said that there are over a thousand known varieties of them. A few are illustrated above.Hail is much denser than snow, and is, in fact, actual ice. True, there is a soft hail which falls chiefly in winter, when the air is dry, in the form of soft round pellets, but real hail is, as already, stated, actualice. Hailstones are usually of a conical shape, and from an eighth to one inch in diameter. In the tropics this size is very much increased, and hailstones have fallen there measuring 3 or 4 inches in diameter, and weighing 10 or 12 ounces.
MISTS AND FOGS.-Mist is a heavy accumulation of watery vapour hanging over the surface of land or water, and rendered visible by a reduction in the temperature, either through coming in contact with a stratum of air of a


Snow Crystals.
lower temperature, or with a cooled portion of the earth's surface such as a mountain side. Fog is very similar to mist, but the particles of moisture are somewhat smaller, and these often become coated or laden with unconsumed carbon or other suspended matter, and hence the brown or yellow appearance, and the disagreeable effects of a fog on the eyes and throat. Mists are most frequent in autumn after the earth has been heated during the summer, the air cooling faster than the earth; they are most dense after very hot sunmers. They also show that the air has become suddenly cooler, and frequently are a sign of snow.

## DEW AND HOAR

© FROST. - The phenomenon of dew is consequent on the sunwarmed moisture-laden air being so rapidly cooled by contact with the cold earth that it cannot retain the same amount of moisture, and this is accordingly deposited on the surface of the earth in the form of very tiny liquid drops. Dew is seldom formed on cloudy nights, because the heat that has been communicated to the earth during the day by the sun, instead of being radiated into space as it is on cloudless nights, is reflected back by the clouds and so retained. When the tcmperature of the earth falls below freezing point the dew-drops are congealed into ice, and the phenomenon of hoar frost is produced. The feathery forms of this are very beautiful, and should be carefully examined when opportunity offers. Subjoined are some of the ordinary forms.

THE ATMOSPHERE. -The gaseous air we breathe, and by which the air is surrounded, is composed chiefly of nitrogen and oxygen, with a small amount of aqueous vapour, carbonic acid and ammonia. The proportions in 1030 volumes of air are: oxygen 2-6.1, nitrogen $779^{\circ} 5$, aqueous vapour, etc., $144^{4}$ Air possesses weight; this, near the surface of the globe, is equal to about 15 lbs , to the square inch. The actual pressure is measured by a barometer, in which the weight of a column of air is indicated by the height of a column of mercury of equal sectional area. The temperature of the atmosphere is determined by a thermometer, whilst the amount of moisture in the air is measured by a hygrometer, or by comparing the readings of a wet bulb and a dry bulb thermometer.


Forms of Hoar Frost.

THE BAROMETER. - Atmospherical Pressure is, as stated before, measured by the Barometer, which should be a mercurial one. The readings of the barometer are "corrected" for instrumental errors and reduced to $32^{2}$ and to sea-level. These are necessary, since the mercury expands when the temperature rises and the column is lengthened, and two similar barometers cannot read alike unless at the same temperature. In the same way, since the height of the column of mercury measures the weight of the column of air of equal sectional area above it, if two similar barometers be placed one directly above the other it is evident that there will be a less quantity of air above the former than above the latter instrument, and it will read lower.

The following are conditions for a high barometer. When the air is very cold, for then the lower strata are denser and more contracted than when it is warm. The contraction causes the upper layers to sink down, bringing a greater number of air particles, that is to say, a greater mass of air into a given vertical column of the atmosphere supposed unable to expand laterally, so that the pressure at its base is greater. When the air is dry, for then it is denser than when it is moist. (3) When in any way an upper current sets in towards a given area, for this compresses the strata underneath.

Conversely, the barometer stands low when ( r ) the lower strata are heated, causing the surfaces of equal pressure to rise, and the upper layers to slide off as already described, for by this means the mass of air pressing on each unit of area below is reduced. (2) When the air is damp, for as the density of aqueous vapour, at the temperature of $60^{\circ}$ and pressure ot $30 \mathrm{ins}$. , is $=0^{.622}$, air being $=1$, the mixture is lighter the more vapour it contains, and consequently damp air does not press so heavily as dry on the unit of area below. (s) When the air from any causes has an upward movement, for this of course acts in the same manner as (1). From these principles it follows that a fall in the barometric reading usually betokens rain and wind, or an increase in both; but a rise the reverse. The direction of the wind, and the temperature, must be noted, however, for bad weather may accompany a rise, if the wind be from a cold quarter, the north-east winds tending to raise the barometer the most.

The mean height of the barometer at the level of the sea is nearly theisame at all places, and is but slightly affected by the fluctuations of temperature: but in the higher regions of the atmosphere it is greatly affected by these causes.

Great falls of the barometer are generally accompanied by a tem perature above the mean for the season, and great rises by one below the same.


Mercurial Barometer.

The greatest depression of the barometer oce daily about $4 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and p.m., and its high elevation about 10 a.m. and p.m. ; in sumi these extreme points are reached from one to tho hours'earlier in the morning, and as much later in the afternoon.
To convert English Barometrical readings into French (inches into millimetres) or vice versa the following table will be useful.

| it. | il. | In. Mil. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=.039$ | $750=2539$ | $0 \cdot 3=76$ |
| $2=\cdot 079$ | $755=29 \cdot 73$ | $0 \cdot 4=101$ |
| $3=\cdot 118$ | $760=29 \cdot 92$ | $0 \cdot 5=127$ |
| $4=\cdot 158$ | $765=30 \cdot 12$ | $0 \cdot 6=152$ |
| $5=\cdot 197$ | $770:=30 \cdot 32$ | $0.7=17$ |
|  | $775=30 \cdot 51$ | $0.8=203$ |
| $715=28 \cdot 15$ | $780=30 \cdot 71$ | $0.9=229$ |
| $720=28 \cdot 35$ | $785=30.91$ |  |
| $725=28 \cdot 54$ | $790=31 \cdot 10$ | $31=787 \cdot 4$ |
| $730=28 \cdot 74$ |  | $30=762 \cdot 0$ |
| $735=28.94$ | Mil. | $29=736 \cdot 6$ |
| $740=29 \cdot 13$ | $0 \cdot 1=25$ | $28=711.2$ |
| $745=29 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 2=5$ | $27 \frac{1}{2}=698 \cdot 5$ |

THE THERMOMETER. -
The determination of the temperature of the air is open to much uncertainty owing to the great diffculty of securing an unexceptionable exposure for the thermometers. An ordinary thermometer consists of a fine glass tube with a bulb (cylindrical or spherical) blown on one end, and partly filled with some liquid, mercury or spirits of wine, usually the former. This liquid
 expands on
beingheated, being heated,
and con. tracts again on being cooled. By the amount of the expansion, the temperature is measured by means of a scale marked off on the tube. Selfregistering thermometers are instruments furnished with some contrivances to mark the highest or the lowest temperature to which they have been subjected during a given interval of time.

To convert a given number of degrees Fahrenheit into Centigrade, deduct 32 , multiply by 5 , and $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Aneroid Barometer. } \quad \text { divide by } 9 . \\ & \text { To convert }\end{array}$

into Reaumur, deduct 32, multiply by 4, and divide by 9. To convert degrees Centigrade into Fahrenheit, multiply by 9, divide by 5, and add 32. To convert Reaumur into Fabrenheit, multiply by 9 , divide by 4, and add 32 . The diagram on previous page shows corresponding degrees.

## WINDS AND STORMS.

The motion of the air, both in direction and velocity, is regulated by the distribution of atmospherical pressure at the surface of the earth, which is shown by the distribution of the readings of the barometer in the weather chart.
The force of the wind, as distinguished from its direction, is related to the amount of difference of barometrical pressure over a given distance, and this is defined as the "gradient." Where the lines, of equal barometric pressure (the "isobars") are close together, we have a steep gradient, and may hence expect strong winds to restore the atmospheric equilibrium. The force of the wind therefore does not depend on the absolute height of the barometer at any given station, but on its height as compared with that for the surrounding districts.
Storms were formerly divided into two great ciasses, circular storms (hurricanes and typhoons) and straight line storms. The former are almost the only class of storms which occur within the
 tropics, and are known under the general name of cyclones. Straight line storms were formerly supposed to be the usual type in temperate latiiudes, inasmuch as the wind will blow hard for many days together from the same point. Later observations have shown, however, that these storms are almost without exception cyclonic in their nature, although they are not so characteristically developed as in the tropics.
CYCLONES. - There are two great classes of atmospheric systems, anti-cyclovic and cyclonic.
Anti-cyclonic systems are characterised by very slow circulation of the air (light winds), by low temperature in winter, great "absolute" dryness of the air, at least at their centres, and consequent absence of rain, though fog may be rery prevalent.
Cyclonic systems on the other hand are characterised by rapid circulation of the air causing strong winds-which appear to flow towards the centre, so that the air is supplied from below and ascends in the centre-a comparatively high temperature, much moisture, and therefore heavy $\sin$. At the rear of the disturbance it may be very dry.
These are the winter conditions. In summer they are exactly reversed, at least in temperature.
One great distinction between cyclones and anti-cyclones is that the former move over more or less large areas, whilst the latter are usually stationary. The actual force of the wind is
measured in a meteorological observatory by an anemometer, of which an illustration is given below.

## STORM AND WIND SIGNALS

of the meteorological office.


The Cone point dowurwards means that gales or strong winds are to be expected, at first from the Southward, viz., from S.E. round by S. to N.W. The South Cone is hoisted if it appears probable that a gale will begin from between E. and S.E., and also that it is likely to veer towards S. or S.W.

The Cone point upzuards ineans that Northerly gales or strong winds are probable, viz., from N.W. round by N. to S.E. If it is prubable that a gale will begin from between W. and N.W., and also that it is likely to veer towards $\mathbf{N}$. or N.E., the North Cone is hoisted.

The Signal is kept hoisted until dusk, and then lowered; hoisted again the following morning at daylight, and so on for 48 hours from the time at which the message was issued from the Meteorological Office, unless otherwise ordered. At dusk, when a Signal ought to be flying, the Night Signal should be hoisted in place of the Cone-point downwards for South Cone, point upwards for North Cone.

The object of these warnings is only to make known the greater and more general disturbances of the atmosphere, and the hoisting of the Signals is a sign that an atmospherical disturbance is in existence, which will probably cause a gale, from the quarter indicated by the Signal used, within a distance of about 50 miles of the place where the Signal is hoisted.
A Southerly wind is more likely to veer rapidly to a point North of West than a Northerly wind is to veer to a point South of East ; a gale from the Eastward is more likely to back to the Northward than to veer to the Southward.

## VELOCITY OF WIND.

| Miles per hour. | Pressure per sq. ft . in lbs. | Characteristics. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $0 \cdot 005$ | Hardly perceptible. |
| 2 | $0 \cdot 020$ | Just perceptible. |
| 5 | $0 \cdot 123$ | Gentle breeze. |
| 10 | $0 \cdot 492$ | Brisk wind. |
| 20 | $1 \cdot 968$ |  |
| 25 | 3.075 | $\}$ Very brisk wind. |
| 35 | 6.027 | High wind. |
| 45 | $9 \cdot 963$ | Very high wind. |
| 50 | $12 \cdot 300$ | Storm. |
| 60 | $17 \cdot 715$ | Great Storm. |
| 80 | 31-490 | Hurricane. |
| 100 | 49200 | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Great hurricane, carry- } \\ \text { ing trees before it. } \end{array}\right.$ |

## 58 KINGS AND QUEENS OF ENGLAND. <br> SAXONS AND DANES.



* Egbert was King of Wessex in 802.




UNION OF ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CROWNS. -HOUSE OF STUART.

| James I. | 1566 | 1603 Mar 24 | $22 \quad 0 \quad 3$ | 1625 Mar. 27 | 58 | Westminster |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charles I | 1600 | 1625 Mar. 27 | $2310 \quad 3$ | 1649 Jan. 30 | 48 | Windsor |
| Charles II. | 1630 | 1649 Jan. 30 | $\begin{array}{llll}36 & 0 & 7\end{array}$ | 1685 Feb. 6 | 54 | Westminster |
| James II, ............. | 1633 | 1685 Feb. 6 | 3105 | 1688 Dec. 11 | 67 | Paris |
| William III. ............ | 1650 | $\} 1089$ Feb. 13 | 13020 | 1702 Mar. 8 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}51 \\ 32\end{array}\right.$ | Westminster |
| Mary II. ................. | 1662 1665 | ${ }_{17}^{1689}$ Mar. 8 | $\begin{array}{lll}13 & 0 & 20 \\ 12 & 4 & 24\end{array}$ | 1714 Aug. 1 | \{ 32 | Westminster Westminster |
| UNION OF | THE | TWO KI | DOMS. | OUSE OF |  | VER. |
| George I. | 1660 | 1714 Aug. 1 | 121010 | 1727 June 11 | 67 | Hanover |
| George II. | 1683 | 1727 June 11 | $\begin{array}{llll}33 & 414\end{array}$ | 1760 Oct. 25 | 77 | Westminster |
| George III. | 1738 | 1760 Oct. 25 | $\begin{array}{llll}59 & 3 & 4\end{array}$ | 1820 Jan. 29 | 82 | Windsor |
| George IV. | 1762 | 1820 Jaг. 29 | 10428 | 1830 June 26 | 68 | Windsor |
| William IV. | 1765 | 1830 June 26 | 61125 | 1837 June 20 | 72 | Windsor |
| Victoria | 1819 | 1837 June 20 | $63 \quad 72$ | 1901 Jan. 22 | 81 | Windsor |
| Edward VII, | 1841 | 1901 Jan. 24 |  |  | Go | serve. |

## THE ROYAL FAMILY OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The King. Edward VII., King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India, is the second child of the late Queen Victoria and Prince Albert of Saxe-CoburgGotha. He was born on Nov-


1oth, 1863, and succeeded h is mother on January 22 nd , 190 I .

## The Queen,

Alexandra Caroline Marie Charlotte Louisa Julia, was porn on December 1st, 1844, and is the eldest daughter of King Christian IX. of ember 9 th, 184 I , was married on March $\mid$ Denmark and the late Queen Louise.

## THE KING'S CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN.

Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence, born Jan. 8, 1864, died Jan. 14, 1892. George Frederick Ernest Albert, Duke of Cornwall and York, born June 3, 1865, married July 6, 1893, to Princess Mary of Teck, has issue
Edward Albert, born June 3, 1894.
Albert Frederick, born Dèc. 14, 1895.
Victoria Alexandra, born April 25, 1897.

Henry William, born March 31, 1900.

Louise Victoria, Duchess of Fife, born F $\in$ b. 20, 1867, married July 27, 1889, has issue
Alexandra Victoria, born May 17, 1891. Maud Alexandra, born April 3, 1893. Victoria Alexandra, born July 6, 1868.
Maud Charlotte, born Nov. 26, 1869, married July 22, 1896, to Prince Charles of Denmark.
Alexander, born April 6, 1871, died April 7, 1871.

## QUEEN VICTORIA'S CHILDREN, GRANDCHILDREN AND GREAT-GRANDCHILDREN.

| - Name and date of Birth. |  | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text { Year } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Death } \end{array}\right.$ | To whom Married. | Married. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. VICTORIA ADELAIDE MARY LOUISA, PRINCESS ROYAL, | 1840 | rgor | Frederick Wilhelm,late German Emperor (died June, 1888), Jan. 25. | 1858 |
| William (succ. as German Emperor | 1859 |  | Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein | 1881 |
| June, $\begin{aligned} & \text { Frederic William................ }\end{aligned}$ | 1882 |  |  |  |
| William Eitel ................... | 1883 | ......... |  |  |
| Adalbert Ferdinand .............. | 1884 1887 |  |  |  |
| Oscar Gustav .................... | 1888 |  |  |  |
| Joachim Franz . .................... | 1890 |  |  |  |
| Charlotte...................................... | 1860 |  | Prince of Saxe-Meiningen................... | 1878 |
| Feodora ........................................................... | 1879 1862 |  | Princess Irene of Hesse...................... | 1885 |
| Waldemar ............................ | 1889 | ........ |  |  |
| - Heinrich Victor .................... | 1890 | ......... |  |  |
| Sigismund ......................................................... | 1864 | 1866 |  |  |
| Waictoria ......................................................... | 1866 | 1879 | Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe | 1890 |
| Sophia Dorothea ............................................... | 1870 |  | Duke of Sparta | 1889 |
| George ................................................ | 1830 1893 |  |  |  |
| Helena ......................................................... | 1896 1872 |  | Prince Frederick Chailes of Hesse........ | 1893 |
| Frederick William .............. Maximilian .................. | 1893 |  |  |  |
| Philip and Wolfgang (twins)... | 1896 |  |  |  |

 List of William IV. was $£ 510,000$; of George III. in $1815, \notin \mathrm{I}, 030,000$; of George 1 ., $\mathbb{X} 800,000$

## GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC OFFICES.

Showing Office, Address, Duties, Cost to the Nation, and Principal Officials.

Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, to to 5 . $\AA_{267,100 \text {. First Lord, the Earl of Selborne, }}$ ( 4,550 ; Parly. and Financial Ser., H. O. ArnoldForster, M.P., $£_{2}, 000$; Permanent Sec.,Sir Evan Macgregor, K.C.B., $f^{2}, 000$. The First Lord is head of the Navy and medium of communication with the Cabinet. The Senior Naval Lord is the chief adviser of the First Lord, and is responsible generally for the condition of the fleet.
Agriculture, Board of, 4, Whitehall Place, and 3, St. James's Square, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5 . Exio, x94. Pres., Rt. Hon. R. W. Hanbury, M.P., $\mathbb{E}^{2,000}$; Sec., T. H. Elliott, C.B., $£ 1,500$. The Board regulates the importation of animals into Great Britain, takes measures to suppress contagious diseases amongst animals; collects and issues agricultural and produce returns; supervises the regulation and inclosure of commons, and regulates the reapportionment and redemption of tithe rent charge ; and edits a quarterly journal of information, and issues free leaflets on agricultural subjects. The following have been issued during the past year:-"The Pear and Cherry Sawfy," "Destruction of Charlock," "White Root Rot," "The Small Ermine Moths," "Workmen's Compensation Act, 1900."
Army Purchase Commission. 7, Victoria Street, S.W. Commissioner, Sir J. C. O'Dowd, C.B. (unp.).

Charity Commission, Gwydyr House, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to $5 .{ }_{6} 6,650$. Chief Commr., C. H. Alderson, C.B., $\mathrm{E}, 800$; Commissioners, Sir George Young, $\in 1,300 ;$ D. R. Fearon, C.B., $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{I}, 300 \text {; A. Griffith-Boscawen, M.P. }}$ (unpd.). Sec., R. Durnford, $£ 1,000$. The Commissioners are empowered to enquire into and examine any charity in England and Wales, into the value and condition of its estates and the application of the income, \&c.; ; numerous bodies, however, are excepted.
Civil Sorvioo Commission, 68, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, io to 5 . 644,625 . Commissioners, W. J. Courthope, C.B., $\mathrm{EI}_{\mathrm{I}, 500 \text {; Lord }}$ Francis Hervey, Gx,200. Sec. and Registrar, J. S. Lockhart, $£ 900$. The Commissioners control examinations for the civil, military, and naval services.
Colonial Office Downing Street, S.W. Hours, 11 to 6. $\pm 58,500$. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M.P., 65,000 . Under Secs.- Permanent, Sir Montagu F. Ommanney, K.C.M.G., $£ 2,000$; Parly., Earl of Onslow, G.C.M.G., $\mathrm{EI}, 500$. The Sec. of State exercises the authority of the Crown in Crown Colonies, and Protectorates more especially, the enactments of whose legislatures come before him for approval or disallowance; he appoints governors, and organises the government of new colonies. Treaties and questions of extradition are referred to him by self-governing colonies.
Oustoms, Customs House, E.C. Hours, 10 to 5. 6838,500 . Chairman, G. L. Ryder, C.B., fa, $_{2000}$; Deputy Chairman, J. A. Kempe, C.B., XI,500; Commissioner, T. J. Pittar, C.B.,
 Sec., John Gatley, $£ 850-£ x, 000$. This department controls the collection of Customs' Import and Export Duties for the United Kingdom.
Duchy of Cornwall, Buckingham Gate, S.W. Lond Warden of the Stanneries, the Earl of Ducie, P.C.; Kesper of the Privy Seal, the Earl Spencer, K.G., P.C. ; Receiver-General, Col. Sir R. N. F. Kingscote, R.C.B. : Sec. and Keeper of the Recoras, Sir M. Holzmann, K.C.V.O.,
C.B. This Office superintends the management of the estates from which certain revenues of H.R.H. the Duke of Cornwall and York are derived.

Duchy of Lancaster, Lancaster Place, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5, Sat. 10 to 2. Chancellor, Lord James of Hereford, P.C., $\notin 2,000$ : Clerk of Council and Registrar, W. R. Smith. Superintends the management of the estates of the Duchy, the revenues from which are paid to the Privy Purse.
Eoclesiastical Commission, ro, Whitehall Place, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Ecclesiastical Commrs. the 2 Archbishops, the 32 Bishops, 5 Cabinet Ministers, 4 Judges, 3 Deans, and 12 Eminent Laymen. Church Estates Commers., the Earl Stanhope, 61,200 ; Lees Knowles, M.P. (unpd.) : Rt. Hon. C. B. Stuart-Wortley, K.C., M.P., $x$, 000 ; Sec., Alfred de Bock Porter, C.B.,' $\{1,700$. The Commissioners provide for the adjustment of the endowments to the wants of the Church; having power to form new parishes, and augment and endow poor benefices and arrange the sale, \&c., of glebe lands (see also $p$.
Education, Board of, Whitehall and South Kensington, S.W. £o,747,756. Members:President, the Duke of Devonshire, K.G. ; VicePres., Rt. Hon. Sir J. E. Gorst, K.C., M.P.; the Secs. of State, First Lord of the Treasury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer ; Sec., Sir G. W. Kekewich, K.C.B. The Board is the central authority for primary, secondary, and technical education; certain educational powers of the Charity Commrs. and Board of Agriculture have been transferred to it.
Emigrants' Information 0ffice, 3x, Broadway, S.W. Hours, ro to 5 , Sat. 10 to 1.30 . Chief Clerk, Malcolm Jones: Editor of Publications, Walter B. Paton, M.A.
Exchequer and Audit, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, ro to 5. Sat., 9.30 to 2 . $\notin 2,656$. Comptr. and Auditor-Gen., Douglas C. Richmond, $£ 2,000$; Assist. ditto, F. Phillips, $£ \mathrm{I}, 500$; Chief Clerk, Wm. Owen, $\in \mathrm{r}, 000$. The revenue raised in the United Kingdom-except such portion as is payable under statute to local authorities-is paid into the Exchequer, and cannot be issued therefrom without the concurrence of the Comptroller and Auditor-General, who is also charged with the duty of auditing the public accounts of the United Kingdom, and of reporting to the House of Commons thereon. His reports are referred by the House to the Public Accounts Committee, which is appointed annually.
Foreign Office, Downing Street, S.W. Hours, 12 to $6 . \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{k}} 7, \mathrm{O} 6$. Sec. of State, Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G., 55,000 ; Under Secs.:Permanent, Sir 'T: H. Sanderson, G.C.B., $\chi_{2,000 ; ~ P a r l y ., ~ V i s c o u n t ~ C r a n b o r n e, ~ M . P ., ~}^{\text {, }}$ E1,500; Chief Clerk, W. C. Cartwright,' C.M.G.,' E900. The Sec. of State exercises the authority of the Crown in all dealings with Foreign countries, and nominates to appointments in the diplomatic service.
Friendly Sooieties' Registry, 28, Abingdon Street, S.W. C7,219. Chiff Registrar, E. W. $^{\text {W }}$ Brabrook, C.B., F.S.A., $\in \mathrm{I}, 500$; Assistant Registrar, G. D. Stuart Sim, $£ 800$. Returns have to be made to the Registrar by the various Friendly and other registered Societies of the numbers of their members and the state of their funds. The Registrar has exclusive jurisdiction
in the settlement of disputes relaking to deposits in Post Office and Trustee Savings Banks.
Geological Survey, ${ }^{28,}$ Jermyn Street, S.W. EI8,158. Director, J. J. H. Teall, F.R.S. This dept. publishes a series of geologically coloured Ordnance maps (inch to a mile), and issues annually a detailed summary of the progress of the survey; fresh surveys being constantly made.

Heralds' College, Queen Victoria Street, E.C. Earl Marshal, Duke of Norfolk, K.G., P.C. : Garter King of Arms, Sir Albert Woods, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.; Acting Registrar, A. S. Scott-Gatty, York Herald.

## Scotland.

Lyon King of Arms, Sir James Balfour Paul, F.S.A., Scot.: Lyon Clerk and Keeper of Records, Francis James Grant, W.S.

## Ireland.

Ulster King of Arms, Sir A. E. Vicars, C.V.O., F.S.A. ; Athlone Pursuivant, H. C. Blake; Secretary to Ulster, G. D. Burtchaell.

Grants of arms are obtained at the Heralds' College : the accession of a new sovereign is proclaimed by the officials of the College, and the details of certain royal ceremonies are organised.
Home Offlce, Whitehall, S.W. Hours ix to 5 . $\mathcal{K I}_{144}, 880$. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. C. T. Ritchie, M.P., 5 5,0 0 : Under Secs.:-Permanent, Sir Kenelm E. Digby, K.C.B., $\dot{E}_{2,000 \text {; Parly, Rt. }}$ Hon. Jesse Collings, M.P., 1,500 . The Home Sec. has control of the Metropolitan Police, Prisons, and Reformatory and Industrial Schools; supervises the inspection of factories, of coal, and metalliferous mines, of certified inebriate reformatories, and of licensed retreats, under the Inebriates Acts; exercises certain powers under the Burial Acts, the Explosive Acts, and the Workmen's Compensation Acts; issues orders for the protection of wild birds; has the duty of examining and approving schemes for the re-housing of the working classes on occasions of Metropolitan street improvements or railway extensions; grants licenses for the practice of anatomy, and licenses under the Cruelty to Animals Act, and certificates for the naturalisation of aliens. He also nominates to the Sovereign the chief officers of the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, whilst dignities and appointments conferred by means of Letters Patent are, in most cases, dealt with at the Home Office; and all addresses to the Sovereign must pass through this Dept. The Sec. of State is also the medium of the exercise in England of the Prerogative of Mercy.

India Office, St. James's Park, S.W. Ex85,645. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilon, M.P., 55,000 ; Under Secs.:-Permanent, Sir Arthur Godley, K.C.B., f2,000; Parly., the Earl of Hardwicke, $\mathrm{Kx}_{1}, 500$. Every measure concerning India runs in the name of the Sec. of State, who is responsible to Parliament, and who annually presents the Indian Budget.
Inland Revenue, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5 . $\mathrm{fI}, 274,500$. Chairman, $\operatorname{Sir} \mathrm{H}$, W. Primrose, K.C..B., C.S.I., $\mathfrak{X} 2,000$. DeputySir F. Lacy Robinson, K.C.B., \& $\mathrm{s}_{8} 500$. Commissioners, E. H. Wodehouse, C.B., Bernard Mallet, each $\mathrm{f} x, 200$. This Department collects excise, estate duties, stamp duties, land tax, house duty, and property and income tax.
Judge-Advooate-General's 0ffice, 7, Victoria Street. S.W. Hours, 10 to 4. Fudge Adv.Ger., Rt. Hon. Sir F. H. Jeune, P.C., K.C.B. ; Deputy, Sir J. Scott, K.C.M.G.
tooal Government Board, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. $\sum_{215,269 \text {. President, Rt. Hon. }}$ Walter H. Long, M.P., $\notin 2,000$. Secs. :-

Permanent, S. B. Provis, C.B., $£ x, 700$; Parly., J. Grant Lawson, M.P . Ex,200.

Ietropoiitan Water Aot Department.
Water Examiner, C. Perrin, M.Inst.C.E., £850; Auditor, A. Stoneham, $£ 650$.
The Central Department for Poor Law, Public Health, and other local matters, and nearly every local authority, is subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make byelaws, \&c.
Iord Great Ohamberlain's Office, Palace of Westminster, S.W. Hours, 1 II to 4 L.ord Great Cham3. (Joint Hereditary), Earl of Ancaster, Earl Carrington, G.C.M.G., Marquess of Cholmondeley ; Sec., Capt. T. D. Butler, $f^{200}$. Assists, with the Earl Marshal, at the ceremony of introducing new Peers; issues tickets for the opening and prorogation of Parliament, and for viewing the Houses, and arranges all ceremonies within Westminster Hall and at State Trials.
Innacy Commission, 66, Victoria Street, S. W. Hours, 10 to 5. Sat. Io to 2. 614,962 . Chairman, Earl Waldegrave. Sec., Lionel L. Shadwell. $£ 800$ to $\notin 1,000$. Supervises all lunatic asylums in England and Wales; grants licenses for private asylums, and issues an Annual Report.
Meteorological Conncil. 63, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, 10 to 4 ; Sat. 1o to 1 P.m. (general enquiries) ; 8.30 a.m. to 8 p.m. ; Sundays 6 to 8 p.m. (telegraphic enquiries). 15,300 . Chairman, Lt.-Genl. Sir R. Strachey, R.E., G.C.S.I. Sec., W. Napier Shaw, F.R.S. Collects statistics and issues forecasts of the weather. Sends information on payment of a fee of 6 d ., in addition to cost of telegrams, to farmers and others, as to probable weather twenty-four hours in advance.
Mint, The, Tower Hill, E: Hours, 10 to 5 . Sat. so to I . $\AA_{32,000 \text { (salaries). Master and }}$ Worker, Chancellor of the Exchequer. Depxty, $H_{:}$A. D. Seymour, C.B., $\mathfrak{f r}, 500$. Mints the coinage of the realm, and issues an annual report thereon.
National Debt Office, Old Jewry ${ }_{C}$ E.C. Hours, roto 4. $\mathrm{Er}_{3}$, 107. Compt. Gen., G. W. Hervey, C.B., $\mathrm{f}, 500$. Assistant ditto, W . Taylor, $\in x, \infty 00$. Chief Clerk, A. T. King, $£ 800$ This Office deals with Government Life Annuities.
Ordnance Survey, Southampton. faro, 159. Director-Gen., Col. D. A. Johnston, R.E. This Department, under the Board of Agriculture, prepares maps and plans of the United Kingdom on various scales. Surveys are continually in progress (see also pp. 252-256 Brit. Almck, 1901!.
Observatory (Royal), Greenwich Park, S.E. Exo,000. Astron. Roy, W. H. M. Christic, C.B., F.R.S., $\in 1,000$; Chief Assistants, F . W. Dyson, F.R.A.S., P. H. Cowell, F.R.A.S., f6oo each. The Astronomer Royal is under the control of the Admiralty. The fundamental work of the Observatory is undertaking meridian observations of sun, moon, planets and stars.
Patent Office (Board of Trade), 25, Southampton Buildings,W.C. $668,1 g^{2}$. Comptrr. Gen., C. N. Dalton, C.B., $\mathrm{t}, 4^{40}$; Registrar of Desigus and Trade Marks, R. Grifin, £x,ooo: Chief Examiner, H. Hatfield, $\& 1,000$; Chief Clerk, P. G. L. Webb, 6800 . Issues patents and registers Designs and Trade Marks. Complete specifications, when accepted, are open to inspection by the public at the Office on payment of a fee of 15 .

Pay Office, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 4 Paymaster: Geveral, Duke of Mariborough (unp.) ; Assist., C. J. Maude, © x , roo.

Post Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C. £9,328,810, Postal; $£_{781} 8,085$, Packet Service; t4,036,580, Telegraphs. Postmaster-Gen., Marquess of Londonderry, K.G., $£^{2,500 ;}$ Sec., Sir G. H. Murray, K.C.B., $\mathbf{E}_{2,000 \text {. The Postmaster- }}$ Gen. is Parliamentary Head of the Office, which transacts money orders, savings bank, annuity, insurance and telegraphic business, as well as acting as the carrier of letters and parcels.
Prison Commission, Home Office. Chairman of Commissioners and Directors, E. J. Ruggles Brise, C.B., $\{1,800$; Inspector and Secrelay y, Major E. G. Clayton, $£_{700}$ to $£ 800$.
Privy Council Office, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 11 to 5 . 12,300 . Lord President of the Council, The Duke of Devonshire, K.G., $£_{2,000 \text {; }}$ Clerk, Almeric W. Fitzroy, EI,250. Deputy Clerk, J. H. Harrison, $£ \mathrm{x}, 200$. The functions of State formerly exercised by the Council when it was a small body are now confined to the members of the Cabinet. There is a Judicial Committee for appeals, consisting of the President of the Council, the Lord Chancellor, and such members of the Council as may hold, or have held, certain high judicial offices.
Privy Seal Office, Downing Street, S.W., $\chi_{2,920 \text {. Lord Privy Seal, The Marquess of }}$ Salisbury, K.G. Ł 2,000 ; Priv. Secs., Hon. $^{\text {Son }}$ Schomberg McDonnell, 6400 ; Claude Cuthbertson, $\not 250$ : Evelyn Cecil, M.P. (unpd.). The Lord Privy Seal has the custody of the Privy Seal, which he must not put to any grant without good warrant under the Sovereign's signet.
Public Rocord Office, Chancery Lane, W.C. Hours, 10 to 4.30 . Sats. 10 to 2. $t^{23,938 \text {. }}$ Keeper of the Records, Master of the Rolls; Deputy, Sir H. C. Maxwell Lyte, K.C.B., F.S.A., £r,100; Sec., J. J. Cartwright, $£ 600$. Public Records and State papers are preserved here, where they are open to public inspection.
Pablic Works Loan Board, 3, Bank Buildings, E.C. Hours, yo to 5. Sat. 10 to 3. Chairman, Sir Herbert Barnard; Sec., R. Philpot. The Board is empowered to grant loans to local authorities for burial grounds, the conservancy of rivers, main drainage works, docks, baths and washhouses, for improvements of towns, dwellings, lunatic asylums, \&cc., and various sanitary parposes.
Queen Anno's Bounty. 3, Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. Sec. and Treasurer (vacant). Chief Clerk, Wm. R. Le Fanu. This Department is empowered to augment poor livings in the Church of England, and to assist clergy by loans, on security of the revenues of benefices, to build residences, \&c.
Roformatory and Industrial Schools, Great Scotland Yard, S.W. Inspector, J. G. Legge : Chief Clerk, J. L. Heath.
Registrar-General's Office, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5. fir $^{66,430 \text {. Reg.-Gen., }}$ Reginald McLeod, C.B., (1, 200; Chief Clerk, N.A. Humphreys, tgoo. The Registrar-General controls the civil registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths (certified copies and registers being deposited at the General Register Office), and also supervises the decennial census.
8tationery Office, Storey's Gate, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. 6648, o37. Controller, T. Digby Pigott, C.B., $\mathrm{Ex}, 500 ;$ Assistant, E. P. Plowman, 6750. The Controller superintends the issue of numerous official publications affecting the civil, naval, and military services.
Thames Conservancy, Victoria Embankment, E.C. Hours, so to 4 ; Sat. 10 to 2. Chair.
man, Sir F. D. Dixon-Hartland, Bart., M.P.: Sec., R. Philipson; Engineer, C. J. More, C.E. The Conservators maintain and regulate the navigation of the Thames, provide moorings for vessels, prevent the pollution of the river, and of all streams within its watershed, an area of 3,800 square miles, and undertake the preservation and improvement of the river generally.

Trade, Board of, Whitehall Gardens, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5 . $G_{192,328 \text {. President, Rt. Hon. }}$ Gerald Balfour, M.P., (2,000; Secs.-Permanent, F. I. S. Hopwood, C.B., $\ell_{\mathrm{I}, 500}$ to $£_{1}, 800$; Parly., The Earl of Dudley, $\in x, 200$.

> Commaroial Department,
> 4. Parliament Street, S. W.

Controller-Gen., Sir Alfred E. Bateman, K.C.M.G. $f_{1,200}$ to $f_{1}, 500$; Dcputy Comp . and Lab. Commis., H. Llewellyn Smith, $£ 850$ to ¢950.

Bankruptoy Department,
Horse Guards Avenue, S.W. Hours to to 5 .
Inspec. General, John Smith, C.B., $\mathrm{L}, 800$ : Inspectors, F. Wreford, E. Hough, W. Evans, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{t}, 800 \text {. }}$

Patents, Designs and Trade Marka,
Southampton Buildinge, W.C. Southampton Buildings, w.C.
Compt. Gen., C. N. Dalton, C.B., $\notin \mathrm{I}, 200$ to £ 1,500 .

Registry of Shipping and Seamen,
Custom House, Thames Street. Custom House, Thames Street.

> Reg. Gen. of Seainen, J. Clark-Hali, £goo.

The Commercial Department deals with tariffs, treaties, labour questions, statistics, \&c. The Railway Department inspects railways before opening, inquires into railway accidents, investigates complaints as to hours of work of railway servants, approves railway and canal bye-laws, authorises the construction of railways, and issues provisional orders authorising gas, tramway, electric, and water undertakings. The Fisheries and Harbour Departments deal with freshwater and sea fisheriec, pier and harbour works, and works on tidal lauld; the Marine Department mainly with administration of Merchant Shipping Acts; the Bankruptcy Department with insolvent companies, \&c.; the Finance Department with merchant seamen's savings bank, lighthouse accounts, \&c.
Treasury, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, is to 6. E89,272. First Lord, Rt. Hon. A. J.' Balfour, M.P., 65,000 : Chan. of the Exchequer, Rt. Hon.'Sir M. Hicks-Beach, M.P. 65,000 ; 'チoint Secs.-Patronage, Rt. Hon. Sir W.'H. Walrond, Bart, M.P., $\mathrm{E}_{2}, 000$; Financial, Austen Chamberlain, M.P., fn, $^{2}, 00$; Permanent, Sir Francis Mowatt, G.C.B., $£ 2,500$. Controls the management, collection, and expenditure of public revenue ; and exercises general control and supervision over all other public departments.
Trinity House Tower Hill, E.C. Hours, ro to 4. Master, H.R.H. The Duke of Cornwall and York, K.G.; Deputy Master, Capt. George R. Vyvyan ; Sec., Charles A. Kent. The Trinity House is the General Lishthouse Authority for England, and the Chief Pilotage Authority of the Kingdom.
War Offico, Pall Mall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5 . Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. St. John Brodrick, M.P., E5,000: Financial Sec., Lord Stanley, M.P., $\mathrm{KI}, 500$ OUnder-Secs.: Permanent, CII.Sir E. W.D. Ward, K.C.B., $£ 2,000$; Parly.,
 Marzials, $f x, 500$. The Army Services are under the administrative control of the Sec. of State, to whom the Heads of Departments are responsible. (For Military Administration, see p.

Woods and Forests, 1 \& 2, Whitehall Place, S.W. Hours, to to 5. Cu2,ory. Commissioners, E. Stafford Howard, C.B., J. F. F. Horner, each Ex,200. . This Department administers woods, forest, mines, etc. on the Crown lands.
Works and Public Buildings, Storey's Gate, S.W. Hours, so to 5. $\mathrm{E}_{56,450 \text {. First }}$ Commissioner, Rt. Hon. A. Akers-Douglas, M.P., $£^{2}, 000$; Sec., Viscount Esher, K.C.V.O. C.B., $\mathbb{E x}, 500$ : Principal Clerks, J. Fitzgerald and W. J. Downer, 6600 to $£ 800$. The Commissioners have control of Government Buildings and Royal Parks and Pleasure Gardens.

## SCOTLAND.

Secretary for Scotland's 0ffice, Dover House, Whitehall, S.W., and Parliament Square, Edinburgh. 633,454 . Sec., Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T., Et,000: Under Sec., Sir Colin $^{2}$ Scot-Moncrieff, K.C.M.G., C.S.I., $\quad$ K, 500. Business connected with Scotland is transacted in this Office.
Education Department, Dover House, Whitehall, S.W. $f_{1}, 363,88 \mathrm{r}$, Administration (including inspection), Ls $^{8,871}$. Sec., Sir Henry Craik, K.C.B., LL.D., Er,500: Assist.Secs., $^{\text {, }}$ J. Struthers, $£ 900$ to $£ 1,200$, and $G$. Todd, $£ 650$ to 6000 . Deals with all educational matters in Scotland in same way as the Board of Education does in England.
Iocal Government Board, 125, George Street, Edinburgh. Hours, $9.3^{\circ}$ to $4.3^{\circ}$; Saturday, 9.30 to 1. E13,778. Pres., The Sec. for Scotland, ex officio; Chairman, M. McNeill, C.B. ; Sec., G. Falconar-Stewart. The central department for public health, poor law, and other local matters in Scotland; local authorities are subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make bye-laws, etc.

General Register House, Edinburgh. 633,473. Kceper of the Records and Reg.-Gen., Sir Stair Agnew. K.C.B., advocate, $\mathbf{X 1 , 2 0 0}$; Deputy Keeper of the Records, M. Livingstone, £6oo. The Registrar-General collects and issues statistics of births, marriages, and deaths in Scotland, and arranges the decennial census.

Office of Works, 3, Parliament Square, Edinburgh. Surveyor for Scotland, W. W. Robertson; Clerk, G. W. Jupp. This department has control of government buildings and royal parks.

Law Offioials. Lord fustice Gen., Rt. Hon. J. B. Balfour ; Lord 7 ustice Clerk, Rt. Hon.J. H. A. Macdonald, C.B. ; Lord Advocate, Rt. Hon. A. Graham Murray, K.C., M.P., £5,000; Solicitor-Gen., C. S. Dickson, K.C., , $2, \infty 00$; Advocates Depute, C. K. Mackenzie, ${ }^{\prime}$. A. Fleming, and A. L. M'Clure, 6700 each; Crown Agent', W. J. Dundas, W.S., $f x, 300$.

Other Soottish Officials. Hered. Grand Constable, Earl of Erroll; Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, Earl of Leven and Melville: Lord Clerk' Register, Duke of Montrose, K.T. ; Hered. Master of the Household, Duke of Argyll. K.T.; Hered. Standard Bearer, Earl of Lauderdale: Hereditary Keeper of Holyrood Palace, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon; Lord High Commis.; The Earl of Leven and Melville: Reg.-Gen. and Dep. Keeper of Great Seal, Sir Stair Agnew, K.C.B.: Dean of the Thistle, J. Cameron Lees, D.D.; Com. of the Forces, Lt. - Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, K.C.B.

## IRELAND.

Irish Secretary's Office, Old Queen Street. S.W., and The Castle, Dublin. Hours, 10 to 5 , 625,676. Lord Lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, K.G., Xao,ooo; Chief Sec. to the L. L., Rt. Hon George Wyndham, M.P., $£_{4,425 \text {; Under-Sec., }}$ Rt. Hon. Sir David Harrel, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., fa,000; Priv. Sec. to L. L., Lord Plunket, C.V.O. The Lord Lieutenant represents the Sovereign, and all business connected with Ireland is transacted in this Department.
Department of Agriculture and Technigal Instruction, 4, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin. EI40,806. Vice-President, Rt. Hon. H. C. Plunkett, $£ \mathrm{I}, 350$; Sec., T. P. Gill, $£ \mathrm{E}, 300$ This Department aids and develops agriculture, rural industries, and sea and inland fisheries : and promotes Technical Instruction. It also administers the Parliamentary grant for Science and Art in Ireland, and is the Central Authority under the Acts for the prevention of the spread of contagious diseases in animals.
Goneral Prisons Board. Chairman, J. S. Gibbons, C.B., $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{I}, 200 \text {. Vice - Chairman, }}$ J. Mulhall, EI,000.

Looal Government Board, Custom House, Dublin. 666,182 . President, Chief Sec. to the Lord Lieutenant : Vice-President, Sir Henry A. Robinson, K.C.B. ; Sec., H. M. Swaine, L900 The Central Department in Ireland for poor law, public health, and other local matters; most local authorities are subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make bye-laws, etc.
National Edncation, Tyrone House, Marlborough Street, Dublin. EI,300,771. Administration, $\AA_{\text {. }}$ Resident Commr., W. J. M. Starkey, Litt.D., $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{D}, 500 \text {; Senior Sec., Alexr. }}$ Hamilton, 6x,000. Deals with all educational matters in Ireland in same way as the Board of Education does in England.
Public Works Board, Custom House, Dublin. © 35,940 . Chairman, George $V$. $C$. Holmes, $\mathbb{X}, 500$; Sec., H. Williams, X $^{200}$ Assist.-Sec., Geo. E. Shanahan, f680. The Board has control of Government buildings and royal parks in Ireland.
Registrar-General's Office, Charlemont House, Dublin. C $_{30,27} 8$. Regis.-Gen., Robert E. Matheson, B.L. Robert J. Brew, 6600 to $£ 800$ Records of births, marriages, and deaths are preserved and indexed here. The Reg.-Gen. issulues statistics of births, etc., and collects and compiles the emigration Statistics of Ireland. He also reports on the judicial statistics, and superintends the taking of the decennial census.
Law Offioials. Lord Chancellor, Rt. Hon. Lord Ashbourne ; Master of the Rolls, Rt. Hon. Andrew M. Porter ; Vice-Chanc., Rt. Hon. H. E. Chatterton; Lord Chief fustice, Rt. Hon. Lord O'Brien : Lord Chief Baron, Rt. Hon. Chris. Palles ; Attorney-Gen., Rt, Hon. J. Atkinson, K.C., M.P. : Solicitor - General, George Wright K.C., M.P.

Other Irish 0fincials. Assist.-Und:r-Sec. and Clerk of Privy Council, James B. Dougherty, C.B. : State Steward, The Lord Lurgan: Comptroller, The Lord Langford, K.C.V.O.: Gentleman Usher, John Olphert: Chamber. lain, Lt..-Col. Sir Gerald R. Dease, C.V.O. Ulster King of Arms, Sir A. Vicars, C.V.O., F.S.A.: Dean of the Chapel, Very Rev. H. H. Dickinson, D.D.; Com. of the Forces General H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P.

## HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT.

Frime Minister and Lord Privy Seal, Marquess of Salisbury, K.G., $£ 5,000$.

Lord Chancellor, Earl of Halsbury, $£ 10,000$.

Lord President of the Council, Duke of Deronshire, K.G., £5,000.

First Lord of the T'reasury, Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., $£ 5,000$.

Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks - Beach, Bt., M.P., £5,000.

Chancellor of Duchy of Lanc., Lord James of Hereford, $£ 2,000$.

Secretaries of State ( $£ 5,000$ each); Foreign, The Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G. ; Home, Charles T. Ritchie, M.P. -Colonial, J. Chamberlain, M.P.War, W. St. John Brodrick, M.P.India, Lord George Hamilton, M.P.

First Lord of Admiralty, The Earl of Selborne, $£ 4,500$.

President of the Board of Trade, Gerald Balfour, M.P., $£ 2,000$. President Local Government Board, Walter H. Long, M.P., £2,000.

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cadogan, K.G., £20,000.

Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Lord Ashbourne, £8,000.

Chief Secretary for Scotland, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T., £2,000.

First Commissioner of Works, A. AkersDouglas, M.P., £2,000.

President of the Board of Agriculture R. W. Hanbury, M.P., $£ 2,000$.

Lord Adv. of Scotlind, And. Graham Murray, K.C.

Postmaster-General, Marquess of Londonderry, K.G.

Chief Sec. for Ireland, George Wyndham, M.P.

ADMINISTRATIONS OF THE PAST CENTURY.
SHOWING DURATION, POLITICS, \&c.

| 8 | Date. | Prime Minister. | Chancellor of Exchequer. | 恖 |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { Dys. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Mar. 17, 1801 | Henry Addingt |  | C | 3 |  |
| 2 | May 15, 1804. | William Pit | \{William Pitt | C | 1 |  |
| 3 | Feb. 11, 1806. | Lord Grenville | Lord Henry Pett | L | 1 | 48 |
| 4 | Mar. 31, 18 | Duke of Portland | Spencer Perceval | C |  | 46 |
|  | Dec. 2, 1809 | Spencer Perceval | Spencer Perceval | C |  | 190 |
| 6 | June 9, 1812. | Earl of Liverpool |  | C | 14 | 319 |
| 7 | April 24, 1827 | George Canning | George Canni | L |  | 13 |
|  | Sept. 5, 1827 | Viscount Goderich | J. C. Herries. | L |  | 142 |
|  | Jan. 25,1828 | Duke of Wellingto | Henry Goulburn | C |  | 301 |
|  | July 18, 1834. | Visct. Melbourne | Visct. Althorpe | L |  | 161 |
| 12 | Dec. 26, 1834. | Sir Robert Peel | Sir Robert Peel | C |  | 113 |
| 13 | April 18, 1835. | Visct. Melbo | \{T. Spring Rice | L | 6 | 14 |
|  | Sept. 6,1841 | Sir Robert Peel | Henry Goulbu | C |  | 303 |
|  | July 6, $1846 .$. | Lord J. Russell | Sir Chas. Wod |  | 5 | 23 |
|  | Feb. 27, 1852. | Earl of Derby | B. Disraeli. | C |  | 305 |
| 17 | Dec. 28, 1852. | Earl of Aberdeen | 'W. E. Gladst | L | 2 |  |
| 18 | Feb. 10, 1855, | Lord Palmerston |  | L | 3 |  |
|  | Feb. 25, 1858 | Earl of Derb | B. Disraeli... | C | 1 |  |
|  | June 18, 1859 | Lord Palmerston | W. E. Gladstone | L | 6 | 141 |
|  | Nov. 6, 1865. | Earl Russell | W. E. Gladst | L |  | 24 |
|  | July 6, 1866 | Earl of Derby | B. Disraeli., | , | 1 | 23 |
| 23 | Feb. 27, 1868. | B. Disraeli | G. Ward Hun | C |  |  |
| 24 | Dec. 9, 1868.. | W. E. Gladstone |  | L | 5 |  |
| 25 | Feb. 21, 1874 | \{B. Disraeli (E. of Beacqns- | Sir S. Northco | C | 6 |  |
| 26 | April 28,1880... | W. E. Gladstone | \{W. E. Gladsto | L | 5 |  |
|  | June 24, 1885. | Marg. of Salisbury | Sir M. E. H. Bea | C |  | 227 |
| 28 | Feb. 1, 1886... | W. E. Gladstone | Sir W. Harcourt | L | .. | 178 |
| 29 | July 26, 1886. | Marq. of Salisbury | (Ld. R. Churchil | C | 6 |  |
| 30 | Aug. 18, 1 | W. E. Gladstone | Sir W. Harcour | L | 1 | 193 |
|  | Ma | Earl of Rosebery | Sir W. Harcour | L | 1 | 121 |
|  |  |  | Sir M. H. Beach | $\underset{U}{U}$ | 5 |  |

## HOUSE OF LORDS.

Those marked thus* are Privy Councillors in England ; marked thus \& are Privy Councillors in Ireland; (the word in parentheses is the Scottish or Irish title:) + Min $r$; ; $\|$ Roman Catholic Peers. ABBREVIATIONS: D. Duke ; M. Marquess ; E. Earl ; V. Viscount ; L. Lord. (S. or I. after title indicates Scottish or Irish.)
POLITICS: The letters in heavy type show politics as follows:-C Conservative; U Lihera Unionist; L liberal; I Independent.

Speaker-*Hardinge Stanley (Earl of Halsbury), Lord High Chancellor of England, £4,000. 180 ? Deputy Speaker and Chairman of Committees-*Earl of Morley, $£^{2}, 500$

ROYAL PRINCES.

*George Ernest Frederick Albert, Duke of Cornwall and York, K.G., b. 1865
1892
*§Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught, K.G., b. 1850 ......... 1874 +Leopold Charles Edward George, Duke of Albany, b. 1884 1884 *§George William Frederick Charles, D uke of Cambridge, K.G., b. 1819 ... 1850

## ARCHBISHOPS.


*Frederick Temple, D.D., C. Archbishop of Canterbury, b. 1821.
*William D. Maclagan, D.D., U, Archbishop of York, b. 1826
$18 ;$

## DUKES.

Accession. Titles. Politics.
 2899 Beaufort ........... C 1893 Bedford............... U Brandon, S.D. (Hamilton).... I Cumberland I.E., K.G.
(Armagh)
189 1 crea. Fife, I.E., K.T., G.C.V.O... 1882 Grafton, K.G....................... 1895 Leeds, S.V. (Dunblane)
1892 Manchester
1892 Marlbovough
1879 Newcastle.
$\qquad$

## 186 I Norfolk, K.G.

1899 Northumberland, K.G....................................
1880 Portland, K.G., G.C.V.O....
1860 Richmond \& Gordon, S.D., K.G., D.C.L. (Lennox)…... C

1888 Rutland, K.G......................
1898 St. Albans $\qquad$
1894 Somerset
1892 Sutherland, S.E
Sullon, S.E.................
Wellington, I.E. (Morn'gton)
Westminster H. A. W. FitzRoy Somerset, b. 1847 Herbrand A. Russell, b. 1858 ......... Alfred Douglas-Hamilton, b. 1862 ...
Ernest Augustus, b. 1845 …............ * $\$$ S. C. Carendish, b. 1833

833 ...............
*A. W. G. Duff, b. $1849 \cdots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Aug. Chas. L. FitzRoy, b. 1821 .......
G. Godolphin Osborne, b. 1862 ...... W. A. Drogo Montagu, b. $1877 \ldots .$. *C. R. J. Spencer-Churchill, b. 1871 H. P. A. Pelham Clinton, b. $1864 \cdots$

$$
* \| H, \text { Fitz-Alan-Howard, b. } 1847 \text {...... }
$$

*Henry G. Percy, b. 1846
*W. J. A. C. J.C. Bentinck, b. 1857 ${ }^{*}$ C. H. Gordon-Lennox, b. 18 x 8
*John Manners, b. 1818
8ıx,
C. V. A. de Vere Beauclerk, b. 1870 Algernon St. Maur, b. 1846

46 ....
C. S. Leveson-Gower, b. $1851 \ldots \ldots .$.

Arthur C. Wellesley, b. 1849 .......... 1814
Hugh R. A. Grosvenor, b. 1879 ...... 1874

## MARQUESSES.


2885 Abercorn, $\begin{array}{r}\text { S. E., } \\ \text { I. D., K.G. ..... }\end{array}$
crea. Abergavenny, K.G. 1894 Ailesbury
1870 Ailsa, S.E. .........................
1898 Anglesey
1896 Bath
crea. Breadalbane, S.E., K.G....... I
1864 Bristol .................................
1900 Bute, S.E. (Dumf.)
1872 Camden..
1884 Cholmondeley, I.V. .............
crea. Dufferin \&
K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G. (Dufferin and Clandeboye)
$\begin{array}{ll}1898 & \text { Exeter .............................. C } \\ 1884 & \text { Hertford, } I B\end{array}$
1884 Hertford, IB. (Conway)......
1886 Lansaiowne, I.E., K.G., G C.M.G. (Kerry) ............. U
1890 Normanby, I.B. (Mulgrave)
1897 Northampton .......................
crea. Ripon, K.G. $\qquad$
1868 Salisbury, K.G.
1899 Townshend
1899 Winchester
T.

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§James Hamilton, b. 1838 $\qquad$ 1790 William Nevill, b. $1826 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1876$ H. Brudenell-Bruce, b. 1842 Arch. Kennedy, b. 1847 … Henry Cyril Paget, b. 1875 75 .
Thomas H. Thynne, b. $1862 \ldots \ldots . . .1815$

| *Gavin Campbell, b. 1851 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| * ............... | 1889 |

C Fred. Wm. Jno. Hervey, b. 1834.
C $\dagger \|$ John Crichton-Stuart, b. 188 I ......
C John Charles Pratt, b. 1872............
C *G. H. H. Cholmondeley, b. 1858 ..
1826
1796
*F. T. Hamilton - Temple-Black-
U
wood, b. 1826
1812
1815
1888
W. T. Brownlow Cecil, b. 1876

1801
Hugh de G. Seymour, b. 1843......... $1793^{\circ}$
*H. C. K. Fitz-Maurice, b. $1845 \ldots \ldots$.
Constantine C. H. Phipps, b. 1846
W. G. S. S. Compton, b. 1851.........
$\|^{*}$ G. F. S. Robinson, b. 1827 ..............
*Rob. A. T. G. Cecil, b. 1830 $\qquad$
John James D. S. Townshend, b. 1866
Henry W. M. Paulet, b. $1862 \ldots . . . .$.
*Laurence Dundas, b. 1844 .............

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1683
1546
1833

Creation. Eldest Son.
M. Lorne
M. Worcester M. Tavistock
M. Douglas
E. Armagh
M. Hartington
M. Macduff
E. Euston
M. Carmarthen
V. Mandeville
M. Blandford
E. Lincoln
E. Arunand Sur
E. Percy
M. Titchfield
E. March
M. Granby
E. Burford
L. Seymour
M. Stafford
M. Dоию
E. Grosvenor
M. Hamilton

Earl of Lewes
E. Cardigan
E. Cassillis
E. Uxbridge
V. Weymouth
V. Tay
E. Jermyn
E. Dumfries
E. Brecknock
E. Rocksavaga
V. Clandeboye
L. Burghley
E. Yarmouth
E. Kerry
E. Mulgrave
E. Compton E.de Grey \& Rip
V. Cranborne
V. Raynham
E. Wiltshire
E. Ronaldshay

EARLS.



Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1889 Falmouth, U Evin. E. T. Boscawen, C.B. b. $1847 \ldots$................ 1720 1870 Gordon, S.E. L*John C. Hamilton-
(Aberdeen) crea. Goschen...

U ${ }^{\text {Gordonge }} \mathrm{J}$ b. Goschen, b. $183 \mathrm{r} . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. I Hugh Gough, b. ${ }^{1895}$ Goug/2 ...........I Hugh Gough, b. b. 1800 1806 Halifax ......U Charles LindleyWood, b. $1839 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1866$ 1892 Hampden......U Henry R. Brand b. 184 I ….............. 1884 1894 Hardinge ......C Henry Charles Hardinge, b. $1857 \ldots \ldots \ldots .1846$ 1855 Hereford ......C Robert Devereux, b. 1895 Hill..............I Rowland R. Clegg. 1549 Hill, b. 1863 ......... 1842 1846 Hood, I.B. ...C Francis Wheler Hood, b. ${ }^{1838} 8 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .1796$
 noughmore)

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. crea. $\begin{gathered}\text { Knutsford, } \\ \text { G.C.M.G. }\end{gathered}$
$\begin{gathered}\text { © H. Henry } \\ \text { b. } 1825\end{gathered}$ T, Holland, ${ }_{1895}$ 1893 Leinster, I.D. +Maurice Fitzgerald, $\begin{gathered}\text { b. } 1887 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\ 1747\end{gathered}$ crea. Llandaff .....C.C*||Henry Matthews, $\begin{gathered}\text { b. 1826.................. } 1895 \\ \text { b. }\end{gathered}$ 1886 Melville.........C Henry Dundas, b. .................... $1835 \cdots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1802$ crea. Peel ............ U*A. W. Peel, b. 1829...... 1895 1888 Portman ......U W. H. Berkeley-Portman, b. 1829 ......... 1873 crea. Ridley .........C*Mathew White Ridley, b. 1842 …..... 1900 1885 St. Vincent ...C Carnegie Parker Jervis, b. 1855 ...... 1801 1864 Sidmouth ......C W. Wells Addington, b. 1824................. 1805 1889 Torrington ...... + George Master Byng, b. 1886 ................ 1721 crea.Wolseley,K.P.,L L\&Garnet J. Wolseley, G.C.B., G.C.M.G. b. 1833 …........ 1885

## BISHOPS.

 London, *A. F. Winnington-Ingram, D.D. I, b. 1858 1901 Durham, H. C. G. Moule, D.D. I, b. 18411901 Winchester, R.T.Davidson, D.D. I, b. 1848 189x, tr. 1895 Bath and Wells, G. W. Kennion, D.D., b. 18451894 Carlisle, J. W. Bardsley, D.D. I, b. 18351892 Chester, F. J. Jayne, D.D. ...... U, b. 18451889 Chichester, E. R. Wilberforce, D.D. I, b. 18401882 , tr. 1895 Ely, Lord A. Compton, D.D. ... U, b. 18251886 Gloucester, C. J. Ellicott, D.D. C, b. 18 rg 1863 Hereford, John Percival, D.D. R, b. 18341895 Lichfield, Hon. A. Legge, D.D. C, b. $1839 \times 89 \mathrm{r}$Title. F King Name. Apptd.
Lincoln, E. King, D.D. Name.... U. b. 18291885 Llandaff, R. Lewis, D.D. ...... I, b. 18211883 Manchester, J. Moorhouse, D.D. I', b. 18261886 Nezucastle, Edgar Jacob, D.D. ...I, b. 18441895
Norwich, J. Sheepshanks ......... I, b. 18341873 Peterborough, Hon. E. Carr Glyn, D.D. I, b. $1843 \quad 1896$ Ripon, W. B. Carpenter, D.D. U, b. 184 I 1884 Rochester, E. S. Talbot, D.D.... I, b. 18441895 St. Albans, J. W. Festing, D.D. U, b. 18371890 St. Asaph, A. G. Edwards, D.D. U, b. 1848188 g Salisbury, John Wordsworth … U, b. 18431885 Southwell, G. Ridding, D.D. ... U, b. 18281884 Truro, J. Gott, D.D................ I, b. 1830 1891 No vote.-S. \& Man, N.D. J.Straton, D.D.
b. $1840 \quad 1892$

## BARONS.

Acces Title. Politics. $\quad$ Name.
1852 Abcr-U G. R. Abercromby, 1852 Aber-U G. R. Abercromby,
cromby b. 1838 ................... 1851 as. Y. M. Scarlett, b. ${ }^{1871}$ ….................. I IIJ. E. Dalberg-Acton, b. $1834 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$. F.gerton Hubbard, b.

1869
crea. Acton, $\mathrm{K} . \mathrm{V} . \mathrm{V}$. Henry Hucks Gibbs, b. 1819.................
 Amherst ...C W.A.TyssenAmherst, b. 1835 .................. 1892 1884 Ampthill, U Oliver A. V. Russell, G.C.I.E.

1888 Annaly .....U Luke White, b. 1857 crea. Ardilaun ...C Arthur E. Guinness, b. 1840 ..................
 crea, Ashbourne ...C *§Edward Gibson, b. $1837, \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . .1885$ ${ }_{1889}$ Ashburton ...C Francis D. E. Baring, b. 1866 .................. 1835
crea. Ashcombe crea. Ashton crea. Ashton ......I U
crea, Apebury....U
*George Cubitt, b. 1828 1892 J. Williamson, b. 1842 1895
\#John Lubbock, b.

Acces. Title, Politics. Name. Crea. 1890 Auckland, C William Morton Eden, I.B.
c b. $1859 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ 1793 1887 Bagot .........C William Bagot, b. 18571780 crea. Balinhard, C Jas. Carnegie, b. 18271869 S.E., K.T. (Southesk).
r892 Barnard ...U H. de Vere Vane, b.
1894 Basing ......C G. L. Sclater Booth......... ${ }^{18599}$ 1894 Basing ......C G. L. Sclater Booth, 1860 ............... 1887 1845 Bateman ...C W.Bateman-Hanbury, 1837 b. 1826 .................. crea. Battersea ...L Cyril Flower, b. 18431892 1880 Belper.........U*Henry Strutt, b. $1840 \quad 1856$ 1897 Berwick ...C T. H. Noel-Hill, b. 18771784 crea. Blythswood C Archibald Campbell, b. 1835 ….............. 1892 1895 Bolton ......... C W. T. Orde-Powlett, b. 1845 …............. 1797 1877 Boston ......C George Florance Irby, b. 1860 .................. 176 r 1874 Botreaux, C C. E. Abney-Hastings, S.E. (Loudoun) b. 1855 .............. 1368 crea. Bowes, S.E. C Claude Bowes Lyon,
 K.P. (Cork \& Orr). b $1829 \ldots \ldots . .11711$ 1893 Brabourne...C E. Knatchbull-Hugessen, b. $1857 \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1880$ crea. B, ampton...C*||Henry Hawkins, b. 18171899 ${ }^{1872}$ Brancepeth C G. Hamilton-Russell, I.V. (Boyne) b. $1830 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . .1866$ crea. Brassey, L Thomas Brassey, b.


Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1861 Braybrooke C Charles C. Neville, b. ${ }^{1823}$.................... 1788 1879 Braye ...... U\|A.T.T.Verney-Cave, c William Brodrick, b. 1870 Brodrick, C Willam Brocrick, b. 1796 1886 Brougham U H. C. Brougham, b. and Vaux 1836 ...................... 1860 crea. Burghclere I*H.H. Gardner, b. 18861895 crea. Burton ...... U MichaelA.Bass, b. 18371886 1870 Byron .........C George F. W. Byron, b. 1855 .................. 1643

1893 Calthorpe ...C A.C.Gough Calthorpe, b. 1829 .................. 1796

1897 Camoys
$+\dagger$ Ralph F. J. Stonor, b. $1884 \cdots \cdots . . . . . . . . . .1384$

188ェ Carew, I.B. U Robert S.G. J. Carew, b. 1860 ................... 1838 1890 Carleton, C Richard Henry Boyle, I.E. (Shannon) b. 1860 .............. 1786 1872 Carysfort, C William Proby, b. 1836 1801 I.E., K.P.

1883 Castletown U B. E. B. Fitzpatrick,
 1869 1878 Chelmsford, C Frederick A. Thesiger, G.C.B. b. $1827 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
has.C. W.Cavendish,
 1891 Cheylesmore C W. M. Eaton, b. 1843
1886 Churchill ...C V. A. F. C. Spencer, b. 1864 .................. 1815 1871 Churston ...C Johin Yarde-Buller, b. 1846
H. Jocelyn, b. 1842
1821 1897 Clanbrasil, I W. H. Jocelyn, b. 1842 1821 I.E. (Roden)

د879 Clanzuilliam, C Richard J. Meade, b. I.E., G.C.B., K.C.M.G. 1832 ...... 1828 1892 Clements, $I . E$. Charles Clements, b. (Leitrim) 1879 …............... 1831 1880 Clifford of U $\| \mathrm{L} . \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{H}$. Clifford, b. Chudleigh $185 \mathrm{I} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1672$ 1000 Clifton,I.E.E. C Ivo F. W. Bligh, b. 1808 1866 Clinton ......C C. H.R.H.S. F. Trefusis, b. 1834 …...... 1298 1869 Cloncurry,I.B.C Valentine $F$. Lawless, b.
Reginald C. C
E. Äbbot,
A......

 crea. Colville of $\mathbf{C * C}$ Culross, $S . B ., \mathrm{K} . \mathrm{T} ., \mathrm{G} . \mathrm{G} . \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{V} . \mathrm{b}$. 1896 Congleton $\cdots \mathbf{C} \mathbf{H}$. H.'. Parnell, C.B., b. 1839 ................. 184 x crea. Connemara, C*R. Bourke, b. 1827 ... 1887 G.C.I.E.

1830 Cottesloe ......C T. F. Fremantle, b. ${ }^{1830}$...................... 1874 crea. Cranworth...C Robert Thornhaugh Gurdon, b. 1829...... 1899 crea. Crawshaw U Thomas Broks,b.7825 1892 crea. Currie,G.C.B.C * Philip H. Wodehouse Currie, b. 18341899 crea. Davey (Life L*Horace Davey, b. 88331894 Peer)
crea. Dawuay, C H. R. Dawnay, b. 184418.77 I.V. (Downe)
${ }_{2} \varepsilon_{94} \mathrm{Ee}$ Clifford ...†Jno.SouthwellRussell,
 1898 De L'Isle C Philip Sidney, b. 18531835 ${ }^{1896}$ De Mauley...I W. Ponsonby, b. 18431838 1887 De Ramsey C William. H. Fellowes, b. 1848 .................. 1887

Acces. Title. Politics $\quad \mathrm{F}^{\text {Name. }}$ Crea ${ }^{1874}$ De Ros ......C D. C. F. de Ros, b. ${ }^{\text {ri2 }}$ C. .................... 1264 189x DeSaumares CJ.St. VincentSaumarce, b. $1843 . . . . . . . . . . . . .{ }^{18} 8^{2}$ crea. De Vesci, I.V.UJohn Robert W.Vesey, b. 1844 ….............. $888_{4}$

1887 Delamere ...C Hugh Cholmondeley, b. 1870 .................. ${ }^{182}$
${ }^{1} 894$ Denman...$C$ Thomas Denman, b.
1874 …................. 1834
 crea. Demwent ...L Harcourt V............ Johnstone, b. ${ }^{8829}$ 1885 ${ }^{1889}$ Digby, I.B C E. H.Trafalgar Digby, 1900 Dormer ….. Dil| R. I I D................. ${ }^{1765}$ 1900 Dormer ......D\|R R. I. D. Do............ b. ${ }^{1765}$ 1881 Douglas, C.C. A. Douglas-Home, 1875 (Home)
1895 Dunleath ...C Henry L. Mulholland, b. 1854 .................. 1892

1845 Dunmore, C Charles A. Murray, S.E. b. 1841 .................. ${ }^{1831}$
 1878 Dynevor......C A. de Cardonnel Rice, 1880 1893 Ebury ...... U Robert W. Grosvenor,
 1830 Ellenborough I Charles Towry Law,
 1834 Emly ...... U\|T. W. G. Monsell, b. 1858 1882 Erskine ......C W. M. Erskine, b. 1841 I 805 1898 Ettrick,S.B.U W. J. G. Napier, b. (Napier) $E$ ( ${ }^{1846}$ ….............. 1872 crea. Fairlie, S.E.,C David Boyle, b. 18332837 G.C.M.G. Glasgow)
crea. Farguhar ...U Horace Farquhar, b. 1844 Farquhar, b.............. 1888
:899 Farrer ......L Thomas Cecil Farrer, b. $1859 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1873$

1885 Fermanagh, C John Henry Crichton, 185 crea. Fïeld ........U*William Ventris Field, b. 1813 ~.............. 18 1881 Fingall, I.E. US\||Arthur James Plun- k , be, 1859 1887 Fisherzick, I G. A. H. Chichester, I.M. (Donegal) b. $1822 . . . . . . . . . . . .1790$ 1876 Fitzhai dingeC Charles P. Berkeley, b. 1830 ............... 186 x ${ }^{186}$ Foley .........C Henry Thomas Foley, ${ }^{1776}$
 1866 Foxford, C W.H.E.deV.S. Pery, I.E. (Limerick) b. 1863 .............. 1877 Gage, I.V. ...C Henry Charles Gage, b. 1854 …. ............ 1790

Gardner,I.B.** 1806 ${ }^{1887}$ Gerard …..C॥William C. Gerard, b. 1885 ${ }_{1872}$ Gifford ......C EdricFrederickGiford, $\begin{gathered}\text { 18............. } 8824 \\ \text { b. } 1844\end{gathered}$ crea. Glanusk ......C Joseph Russell Bailey, $\begin{aligned} & \text { b. } 1840 \text {............. } 1899\end{aligned}$ crea. Glenesk .....C Algernon Borthwick, $\begin{gathered}1899 \\ \text { b. } 1830\end{gathered}$ 1876 Gormanston, C|IJenico W. J. Prestom, I.V. $\quad$ b. $1837 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$.
$\because$ Claimed by Alan Hyde Gardner, bunder

Acce; Title. Politics Name. Crea.
1889 Granard, I\|B.Arthur W.F.Forbes, J.E. b. 1874 .................. 1806 1877 Grantley......C J. R. B. Norton, b. 1855 ..................... 1782 1833 Greville ......I Algernon W. Greville, b. 1841 .................. 1869

1838 Grey de CR.G. Grey Clifton, b.
Ruthyn
crea. Grimthor

CR 1858 - 1324 O E. Beckett, b. 1816 ... 1886 1886 Grinstiad, C Lowry Egerton Cole, I.F. (Enniskillen) b. 1845 ............ ${ }^{19} 70$ Gzuydyr ......U Peter Robert Burrell, b. 1810 ................... 1796 $1 \leqslant 8_{3}$ Haldon ...... $\mathbf{V}$ Laurence H. Palk, b. 1846 .....................
crea. Haliburton, C Arthur L. Haliturton, G.C.B. b. ${ }^{185}$ Gavin Hamileon, b.......... 1 yoo Hamiltor of I Gavin Hamilton, b. Dalzell $1^{187^{2}}$...................... 1886 ${ }_{19}{ }_{3}$ Hampton ...C H. P. M. Pakington, b. 1848 ................. 1874
cra. Harc, I.E., U William Hare, b. 18331869 K.P. Listowell

1876 Harlech ......C W. R. Ormsby-Gore, b. 1819 ................... 1876 i975 Karris ......C G. R. Canning-Harris, b. 185 i ................... 1815 2:70 Hartismere C John Major.Henniker-
I.B. (Henniker) Major, b. 1842 ...... 1866 1876 Hastings......C G. M. Delaval Astley, b. 1357 ................... 1290 1888 Hatherton...U Edw. Geo.P.Littleton, b. 1842 ................... 1835

1887 Hawuke C MartinBtadenHawke, b. 1860 ................... 1776 crea. Hawkesbury I Cecil G. S. Foljambe, 1893 1837 Hay, S.E.I A. F. G. Hay, b. 1855 1711 (Kinnoull)
cren. Heneage...... U*Edward Heneage, b. 1840 ...................... 1896 crea. Herries,S.B.U || Marmaduke Maxwell, b. $1837 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . .188_{4}$

1899 Herschell I Richard Herschell, b. 1878 ….................. 1886
189t Heytesbury C W.F.A'Court Holmes, b. 1862 ................... 1828 1898 Hillingdon... 0 C. W. Mills, b. $1855 . . .1886$ 1897 Hindlitp ......C Chas. Allsopp, b. 18771836 18.38 Holm Patrick + H. W. Hamilton, b.
crea. Hood,G.C.B. C A. W. Acland Hood. ${ }^{1886}$ crea. Hood,G.C.B. C A. W. Acland Hood, b. 1824 .................. 1892 crea. Hobhouse, L*Arthur Hobhouse, b.
K.C.S.I. 1819 .................... 1885 1873 Hopetown \& C C* John Adrian L. Hope, Niddry, S.E., K.T. b. 1860 .......... 1809 crea. Hothfield ...C Henry James Tufton, b. 1844 ............... 188 s

1893 Howard de C Thomas E. Ellis, b. Walden E0 Seaford 1880 ............. 1597 1883 Howard of U\|Francis E. Fitz-Alan Glossop $\quad$ Howard, b. 1859 ... 1869 crea. Howeth,I.E., J W. U.T.St.Lawrance, K.P. b. 1827 .................. b. 1862 .................. 1866

1881
18;9 Hylton.........C Hylton G. H. Jolliffe, 190ı Inverclyde ...C Geo. A. Burns, b. 186ı 1897 crea. Iveagh, K.P.C Edward C. Guinness, b. 1847 …................ 1891 crea. Fasnes of U*Henry James, b. 18281895 Hereford
1882 Keane ......... John M. A. Keane, b. 1816 .................... 1839 crea. Kelvin, $\boldsymbol{\|}$ William Thomson; b. G.C.V.O. 1824 ..................... 1892 1894 Kenlis, J.M. Geoffrey T. Taylour, b. (Headfort). 1878
Digiti

Acces. Tite. Politics. Name. Crea 1875 Kenware, U*\|Valentine A. Browne, I.E., K.P. (Kenmare) b. 1825...... 1856 1871 Kenry, I.E. C $\oint \mathrm{W} .{ }^{\text {T }}$ T. WyndhamK.P. (Dunraven) Quin, b. 1841 ... 1866 1900 K"crsington C Hugh Edwardes, b. I.B. (Kensington) $1873 \ldots . . . . . . . .$.
Kenyon ......C Lloyd Kenyon, b. 186.3 Kenyon …..C Lloyd Kenyon, b. 1864 190 Ker, S.MI C Robert Schomberg
(Lothian) Kerr, b. $1874 . . . . . . . .$.
Kesteven.......C John H. Troliope, b.
John H. Troliopa, b.
$\begin{aligned} & 1851 \\ & \text { || Martin H. ....................... }\end{aligned}$ 18э1 Kilmarnock, U Charles Gore Hay, b. 1867 ......... 1900 (Erroll)
1887 Kinnaird, UArthur F. Kinnaird,
$S . B$ b. 1847 .................. IS60 crea. Kinncar ...... U A. S. Kinnear, b. 1833 18,7 188o K'intore, C**. H. T. Keith-FalS.E., G.C.M.G. coner, b. 1852 ... 1838 crea. Kitchenel of I Horatio Herbert Kit-
$K^{\text {Khartoum, }} \quad$ chener, b. 1850 ...... 1898 G.C.B., K.C.M.G.

1890 Lamiurton, C C.W. A. N. CcchraneK.C.M.G. Baillie, b. 1860 ...... 1880 1879 Laurence ... U J.Hamilton Lawrence, b. $1846 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .$. 1901 Leconfield ...C Charles Hy. Wyndham, b. 1872 ......... 1859
1850 Leigh
L*William Henry Leigh, b. 1824 ................... 1839
j806 Lilford ......I John Powys, b. 18631797 crea. Lindley ......C * Nathaniel Lindley ... 1900 (Life Peer)
crea. Lingen, U R.W. Lingen, b. 18191885 K.C.B.
crea. Lister .........C Joseph Lister, b. 18271897 crea. Llangattock. C J. A. Rolls, b. 1837... 1892 1900 Loch .........U E. D. Loch, b. $1873 \ldots 1895$ 1889 Loftus, I.M. I John Henry Loftus, b. (Ely) 1851 ..................... 1801 1887 Lovat, S.B. C \|Simon J.Fraser, b. 18711837 1897 Lovell \&o Hol-C Augustus A.Percival, land, I.E. (Egmont) b. $1856 \ldots . . . . . .1762$ 1899 Ludlow ......C Henry Ludlow Lopes, b. 1865 ..................

1882 Lnrgan ......C William Brownlow, b......................................... 1899 1900 Lyveden ......C Courtenay Vernon, b. 1857 ..................... 1853 crea. Macnaghten C*Edward Macnaghten, b. 1830 .................. 1887 1890 Maghera- C J. D. McGarel-Hogg, mos иe ( b. 186ı ................. 1887 crea. Malcolne of C J. W. Malcolm, b. Poltalloch 1833 ...................... 1896 1964 Manners...... 0 J. T. Manners Sutton, b. 1852 .................. 1807 crea. Manners of C H. J. B. Manners, b.
Maddon (M. of Granby) $1852 \ldots . . . . .1679$ crea. Masham of C Samuel Cunliffe Lister, Swintor b. 1815 .................. 1891 1863 Meldrum, $\mathbf{U}^{*}$ Charles :Gordon, b. S.M. (Huntly) 1847 ................... $18 \mathrm{I}_{5}$ 1899 Merdip I. V. R. T. C. Agar-Robartes, (Clifden) b. $1844 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1794$ 1873 Meredyth C I. I. C., M.Somerville, I.B. (Athlumney) t. 1865 ............ 1866 2891 Methue", U Faul S. Methuen, b. K.C.V.O., C.B. $1845 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .11838$ 1877. Midaleton …C D. W. B. Willoughby, b. 1844 i................. 1711 crea. Milner, C*Alfred Milner, b. 1854 1gor G.C.B.

1807 Merster, I.A.C +Victor G. H. F. Con-
(Conynghalii)

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 18.)4 Monck,I.V., C.Henry P. C. Stanley Monck, b. 1849 ..... i 1866 crea. Monckton, C G. E. M. MoncktonI.V., (Galway) Arundell, b. $1844 \ldots$ 1895 Moncreiff ...U Henry J. Moncreiff, b. 1840 . .................. 1874 1837 Monk Bretton U John W. Dodson, b. 1869 .................. 1884 1885 Monkswell ...I R. Collier, b. 1845 ... 1885 1900 Monson ......C Augustus Monson, b. 1868 .....................
crea. Montagu......C Henry Scott Montagu,
b. 1832 ..................
1896 Monteagle, I John Thomas Browne, 1896 Monteagle, I John Thomas Browne,

I.M. (Sligo) b. $1824 \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. 1866 Monteagle of Thos. Spring Rice, b. Brandon, K.P. U $1849 \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. 1884 Mostyn ......C L. N. V. Lloyd Mostyn, b. 1856...... 183x crea. MountstephenC George Stephen,b. 1829 1891 1893 Mmubray, C\|Charles B. J. Stourton, Seagrave \& Stourton b. 1867 1283, 1264, 1448 \begin{tabular}{c}
crea. Muncaster, C Josslyn F. Pennington, <br>
I.B. <br>
b. $1834 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ <br>
\hline

 898 

1890 Napier of <br>
Magdala <br>
Robert <br>
b. 1845 ................... <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} 868 crea. Newlands ...C Willian W. Hozier, b. 1825 ................... 1898 1898 Newton ......C T. W. Legh, b. 1857... 1892 1884 North .........C||W. H. J. North, b. 1836

1554 1893 NorthbourneL Walter Henry James, b. 1846 ................... 1884 crea. Northeote, C Henry Stafford NorthC.B., G.C.I.E. cote, b. 1846...... 1900 1898 Nor thington $\mathbf{U}$ Frederic Henley, b. I.B. $\quad 1849$..................... 1885 crea. Vortor $C$ *C. B. Adderley, b. 18141878 K.C.M.G.
crea. O'Brier ......C ©Peter O'Brien, b. 18421900 ıcoo O'Hagar ... ${ }^{\prime}+\| M$. H.I. T. O'Hagan, b. 1882 …........... 1870 1883 O'Neill ......C Edward O'Ne............ 188 1863 Oriel, I.V. C C. J. E. Skeffington, (Massereene
b. 1842 ................... 1821 and Ferrard)
188ı Ormat/rwaiteC Arthur Walsh, b. 18291868 1854 Ormonde, C J. E. W. 'P. Butler, I.M., K.P. b. $1844 \cdots \cdots . . . . . . . . . .$. 1821 crea. Overtoun I J. Campbell White, b. 1843 ….............. 1893 1864 Oxenfoord, J J. Hamilton DalS.E., (Stair), K.T. rymple, b. 1819 184I crea. Pauncefote, C* Julian Pauncefote, b. G.C.B., G.C.M.G.
1828............

1899 1886 Penthyn ...C G. S. DouglasPennant, b. 1836 ... 1866 1893 Petre .........C||Bernhard H. Petre, b. ${ }^{1858}$..................... crea. Pirbright ...C*Henry de Worms, b.
1848 Playfair ...L George J. Playfai................... 18449 .................... 1877 Plunket, $\quad$ C William Lee Plunket,
C.V.O. $\quad$ b. $1864 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ C.V.O. $\quad$ b. $1864 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
oltimore ...C*A. F.G.W. Bamfylde, 1858 Poltimore ...C*A. F. G. W. Bamfylde, 1827 1895 Ponsonby, U Rev. W. B. Ponsonby, I.E. (Bessborough) b. $182 \mathrm{I} . . . .$. .
Powerscourt $\mathbb{V}$ M. E. Wingfield, b. crea. Powerscourt J M. E. Wingfield, b. 2884 Raglan K.P....C G. F. H. Somerset, b. 1886 2884 Raglan K......C G. F. H. Somerset, b. 1885 2887 Ramesay, C Arthur G. M. Ramsay,
 2875 Ranfurly, C U. J. M. Knox, b. 18561826

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crem crea. Rathmore ...C*David Plunket, b. 1838 1895 1873 Rayleigh ...C John William Strutt, b. 1842 ................... 1825
crea. Reay.S.B., I Donald James Mac-
G.C.S.I. kay, b. 1839 .......... 18
crea. Rendel …..I Stuart Rendel, b. 18341894 1897 Revelstoke...U John Baring, b. 18631885 1876 Ribblesdale L*Thomas Lister, b. 18541797 crea. Robertsom C James P. B. Robert-
(Life Peer) son, b. $1845 \ldots . . . . .1893$ 1804 Rodney.........I G. B. H. D. Rodney, b. 1857 ….............. $17^{82}$ 1891 Romilly ...... J J. G. Le M. Romilly, 186 crea. Rookwood ...C*H.J. Selwin-Ibbetson, b. 1826 ................... 18

1868 Rosebery, L*Archibald Philip 1897 Rosmead, ...C Hercules A. Temple Rnhinson, b. 1866 ... 1806 1874 Rossmore, C D. W. W. Westenra, I.B. b . 1853 …............... crea. Rothschild... U N. M. Rothschild,

1838 1885 crea. Rowton, C © M. W. Lowry-Corry, K.C.V.O., C.B. b. 1838 ................
ackville.....C Lionel Sackville-West, b. 1827 ...................

1880 1888 Sackville......C Lionel Sackville-West, 1876 1887 St. Fohn of C B. M. St. John, b. $1844155^{3}$ Bletsoe
1875 St. LeonardsC E. B. Sugden, b. 18471852 crea. St. Levan... U John St. Aubyn, b. 18291887 1893 St. Oswald C R. Winn, b. 1857 ...... 1885 1858 Saltersford, C James George Henry I.E. (Courtown) Stopford, b. 18231796 1876 Sandhurst, L Wm. Mansfield, b. 1855 1875 G.C.S.I.

1863 Sandys ….. U A. F.A. Sandys,b. 18401802 1896 Savile .........C John Savile-Lumley, b. 1854 …...............

1887 SayeandSele U J. F. Fr. Wykeham-
Fiennes, b. $1830 . . . . .1603$
1856 Scarsdale ...C Rev. A. N. H. Curzon, b. 183 I …..............

1888 Seaton ......C R. J. U. Colborne, b.


 crea. Shand........U*A. B. Shand, b. 1828
1876 Sheffeld,I.E.C Henry N. Holroyd, b. 1832 ..................... 1883 Sherborne ...C Edwd. L. Dutton, b. 1884 rgoi Shute, I.V...C Walter B. Barrington, (Barrington) b. 1848

1880
1887 Silchester, C Thomas Pakenham,

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { I.E., K.P. } & \text { b. } 1864 & \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\
\text { 2 }
\end{array} 821
$$ (Longford)

1874 Sonerhill, U H. G. de Burgh-CanI.M. (Clanricarde) ning, b. 1832 ...... 1825 1899 Somers ......C †Arthur H. T. SomersCocks, b. 1887 ...... 1784 1876 Somerton, I Sidney J. Agar, b. 18651873 I.E. (Nommanton)

1872 Southampton C Charles H. Fitzroy, b. 867 …............... 1832 Stafford ......CnF. E. Stafford-Jerningham, b. 1833 ... 8640 crea. Stalbridge... $\mathrm{U}^{*}$ R. De A. Grosvenor, b. 1837 , $1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. crea. Stianntore, I A. Hamilton-Gordon, G.C.M.G. C H. E. J. Stanley, b. 1869 Stanley of C H. E. J. Stanley, b. 283 sgoi Stewart of C R. H. Stewart (GalloGarlies, S.E. way), b. ${ }^{1836 \ldots . . . . . . .}$ crea. Strathcona C Donald A. Snith, b
and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G. [foo
 and Cambbell 1829 ................... .. 1841 1888 Strathspey, I J. Ogilvie-Grant, b. S.E. (Seafield) 1876...................... 1884 1901 Stuart of I F. J. Stuart - Gray Castle Stwart, S.E., (Moray) b. 18421796 1901 Sudley, I.E.U Arthur J. C. Gore, b. (Arran) 1868... $\qquad$
1877 Sudeley ...... U*C. D. R. HanburyTracy, b. 1840 ... 1838 1853 Suffield, U *Charles Harbord, b. G.C.V.O., K.C.B. 1830 ................ 1786 1894 Swansea......C E. A. Vivian, b. 18481893 1883 Talbot de C R. W. Talbot, b. $1846 \quad 1856$ Malahide, I.B.
1837 Templemore C H.S.Chichester,b. $182 \hat{\mathrm{Y}}$ 183ะ 1892 Tennyson, U Hallam Tennyson, b.
K.C.M.G.

1852 ..................... 1884 1882 Tenterden ...I C. S. H. Abbott, b. 18651827 1892 Teynham ...U H.J.S. Roper-Curzon, 1616
crea. Thring ......I Henry Thring, b. 1818 1886 2874 Thurlow...... L* T. J. Hovell-Thurlow-

Cumming-Bruce, b. 18381792
1890 Tollemache C W. F. Tollemache, b.
1832 ….................. 1876
1875 Tredegar ...C G. C. Morgan, b. 18311859 2894 Trevor..........C A. W. Hill-Trevor, b. 1852 ...................... 1880
crea. Treceddale, U W. Montagu Hay, S.M.
b. 1826................... 188ı 1894 Tweedmouth工*E. Marjoribanks, b. 1849
 (Waterford) b. $1875 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. 1883 Vawx of Har- L||H. G. C. Mostyn, rowden b. 1860.................. 1523 1898 Verson ......ItGeorge Vernon b. 18881762 1893 Viviar ......... G.C. B.Vivian, b. 1878 1841 1870 Walsinghant $C$ Thomas de Grey, b. 1843 ...................... 1780 crea. Wandsworth IS. J. Stern, b. 1845 ... 1895 crea. Welby, G.C.B. LR. E. Welby, b.1832 1834 crea. Wemyss, S.E.C F. R. W. Charteris(Wemyss \& March) Douglas, b. 18181821 1880 W'enlock...... U"Beilby Lawley, b. 18491839 G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.

1875 Westbury ...C R. L. P. Bethell, b. 1852 1861 1880 Wigan,S.E.,C J. L. Lindsay, b. 18471826 K.T. (Crawford \& Balcarres)

1862 Willoughby C Henry Verney, b. 18441492 de Broke
crea. Wimborne ...C Ivor Bertie Guest, b. 1835 ..................... 1880 1869 Windsor......C *R. G. Windsor-Clive, b. 1857 ................... 1888 Wolverton... U H. Frederick Glyn, b. 1869 I.E., K.P. (Gosford) 1841 …...... 1835 1867 Wrotiesley IV Arthur Wrottesley, b. 1807 Wroticsley 1824 ..................... 1838 1899 Wynford......C Henry M................ Best, 182) $\ldots$................... 1829 1873 Zouche.........C R. N. C. G. Curzon, 1873 Zowche.........C R. N. 1851 .................... 1308
rea. 1895 Tyrone, I.M. I H. de la P. Beresford, 1786 786 23 80

1 529 1864 Worlingham, U A. B. S. Acheson, b. 182) ….................. 1829



## REPRESENTATIVE PEERS.

Sixteen Peers for Scotland, elected for each Parliament.

Earl of Haddington
Earl of Dundonald, C.B. Earl of Lauderdale Earl of Morton

Earl of Leven and Melville Earl of Mar
Earl of Mar and Kellie Earl of Carnwath

Earl of Northesk Vis. Falkland *I.ord Balfour, K.T. Lord Forbes

Lord Sinclair Lord Saltoun Lord Torphichen Lord Belhaven and [Stenton
Earl of Lucan, K.P.
Earl of Belmore,G.C.M.G.
Earl of Rosse, K.P.
Earl of Lanesborough
Earl of Annesley
Earl of Bandon, K.P.
Earl of Kilmorey, K.P.
Earl of Mayo
Twenty-eight Peers for Ireland, elected for life.
Earl of De Montalt
Earl of Drogheda
Earl of Westmeath
Viscount Bangor
Viscount Powerscourt, K.P.
Viscount Templetown
Viscount Frankfort de
Montmorency, K.C.B.

Lord Crofton Lord Massy Lord Ventry Lord Langford, K.C.V.O. Lord Headley Lord Castlemaine Lord Rathcionnell

Lord Kilmaine
Lord Muskerry
Lord Dunalley
Lord Clonbrock, K. P.

Lord Dunboyne
Lord Inchiquin

## COMPOSITION OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The House of Lords consists of 594 Members, viz., the Lords Spiritual of England (2 Archbishops and 24 Bishops), Temporal, Hereditary, and Representative Peers summarised as follows :-

| Peers of the Blood Royal ... | 4 | Earls ............................ 125 | Scottish Rprsntv. Peers ... 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Archbistops .................... | 2 | Viscounts ....................... 31 | Irish Representative Peers 28 |
| Dukes. | 22 | Bishops .......................... 24 |  |
| Harquesses | 22 | Barons .......................... 320 | Total.............. 594 |

State of Parties.-Of the 524 Members, 359 are Conservatives, r20 are Unionists, 54 'are Libarals, 4 are Independents, 44 are independent or have no stated politics, and 13 are minors.

## OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Ch. of Comes., Earl of Morley, $\mathbf{£ 2 , 5 0 0}$.
Clerk of Parls., H. J. L. Graham, C.B., £2,000. Clerk A sst., Hon. E. P. Thesiger, C.B., $£ 1,500$. Reading Clerk, E. H. Alderson, E , 00 .
Cown. to the Ch. of Com., Albart Gray, $£ \mathrm{r}, 500$.
Chief Clerk and Taxing Officer for Private Bills, R. W. Monro, $£_{1,200}$.
Clerk of Printed Papers, A. Harrison, EI,oco.
Prin. Clerk ( 7 udl. Ofice) and Taxing Officer for Fudicial Proceedings, E. F. Taylor, £ $1,200$.
Clerk of the Gournals, W. Austen Leigh, £950.

Prin. Clerk of Priv. Coms. and Examiner of Standing Orders J. F. Symons-Jeune, $£ 1,200$. Clerk of Public Bills, F. S. Skene, 6850 .
Principal Clerk (Private Bill Ofice), A. H. Robinson, 6730 .
Gen. Usher of the Black Rod, Gen. Sir M. A. S. Biddulph, G.C.B., $£ 1,000$.
Serjeant-at-A, ins, Lt.-Col. Rt. Hon. Sir Fleetwood Edwards, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., $\chi_{1, \infty}$.
Accountant, G. Fulkes, $£ 600$.
Librarian, S. Arthur Strong, E 1,000 . $^{2}$

## The Twenty-seventh Parliament of the United Kingdom, and First of King Edward vii., elected September and October 1900.

Speaker, Rt. Hon. William C. Gully, K.C., M.P. for the City of Carlisle, 65,000 Chairman of Committees, Rt. Hon. James W. Lowther, M.P. for Penrith Division, £2,500.
The italic initials following name of place indicate as follows: $-N$. North; S. South; E. East; $W$. West ; M. Mid; (B). Borough. The initial in heavy type following name of representative indicates party: C. Conservative ; U. Unionist; R. Radical; N. Nationalist; P. Parnellite. The figures in brackets show number of Electors on register.

## ENGLAND (465 Members).

Abergavenny, Mon., N. (12039), R. M'Kenna Abingdon, Berks, N. (8638), A. 'K. Loyd, K.C. Accrington, Lancs., N.E. (14387), Sir J. F. Leese, K.C. Altrincham, Chesh. (13608), C. R. Disraeli Andover, Hants, ${ }^{\text {W. }}$. 9460 ), E. B. Faber ... Appleby, Westm. (6773), Richard Rigg Ashburton, Dev., M. (9904), C. Seale-Hayne Ashford, Kent, S. (13038), L. Hardy Ashton ( $B$ ) (7703), H. Whiteley Aston Mianor ( $b^{\prime}$ ' $(12257$ ), Hon. Evelyn Cecil Aylesbur y, Bucks, M. (11432), Hon. Lionel W. Rothschild

Aylsham, Norf.,N.(10492),SirWm.B.Gurdon
Banbury, Oxon. N. (7715), A. Brassey ...... Barkston Ash, York (9501), Col. Sir R. Gunter, Bart.
Barnard Castle, Dur. (11278), Sir J.W. Pease Barnsley, Yorks (16434), Joseph Walton ... Barıstaple, Dev., N.W. (12299), E. J. Soares Barrow-in-Fur. (B) (7851), Sir C.W.Cayzer Basingstoke. N. Hants (10120), A. F. Jeffreys Bassetlaw, Notts. (10570), Sir F. Milner
Bath (7293), E. Wodehouse, U, Col.W.Murray Bedford (B) (4952), C. Guy Pym
Bedzellty, Mon., $W$. (13225), $\mathrm{Sir} \cdot \mathrm{W}$.
Harcourt, K.C.
Belper, Derby, M. (11579), J. A. Jacoby .... Berks, E., see Wokingham.
Berwick, Northd., N.(9272), Sir E.Grey, Bt. Bezwdley, Worc., $W$. (10348), A. Baldwin.... Bigglessuade, Beds., $N$.(13885),Ld.A.Compton Birkctinead (15496), Sir E. Lees, Bart. Eirmingham, M. (11719), E. Parkes N. (9796), John T.Middlemore S. (12361), Ald. J. P. Williams E. (B) (13399), Sir J. B. Stone W., (12928) J. Chamberlain Edgb̈aston (12255), F. Lowe . Bordesley (16350), J. Collings Bishö' Auckland, Dur. (11722), J. Paulton Blackbunn (B)., Lanc. (19811), Sir W. Coddington, Bart., C. Sir W. H. Hornby ...... Blackpool, I.anc., N. (17367), H.W. WorsleyTaylor, K.C...
Bodmin, Cor n., S.E. (9898), Sir L. Molesworth, Bart
Bolton, B. (19977), G. Harwood, R, H. Shepherd-Cross
Bootle, Lanc., S.W. (17942!, Col. Sandys ... Boston (B) (3483), W. Garfit
Boszoorth, Lerc., W. (11782!,C. B. MacLaren, K.C.

Bradford ( $B$ ) (10393), J. L. Wanklyn E. (14482), Hon. R. H. F. Greville $W$. (12620), E. Flower
Brentford, Middx. (12893), J. Bigwood......... Bridpwater, Som., M. (10289), E. J. Stanley B, idport, Dor., W. (7293), Col. R. Williams Brigg, Linc., N. (11243), H. J. Reckitt
Brighton (B) (18781), G. W. Loder, C, B.
Wentworth
Bristol, N. (12370), Sir F. Wills S. (1340S', Rt. Hon. Walter Long... E. (13648), C. E. Hobhouse ${ }_{W}$. (S438;) Sir M. Hick ${ }^{\prime}$-Beach, Bart. Brixworth, Norths., M. (12678), Rt. Hon. C. R. Spencer

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Buckingham, Bucks,N. (11702),W.W. Carlile Buckrose, E. R. Yorks (0881), Luke White Buinley (B). (14854), W. Mitchell
Burton, Staff. E. (10781), R. F. Ratcliffe ... Bury (B) (8619), J. Kenyon.
BurySt. Edmuunds (2638), Sir E.W. Greene, Bart.
Camborne, Corn., N.W. (8425), W. S. Caine
Cambridge ( $B$ ) 8300 ), Sir R. Fitzgerald, Bt.
Camb. Univ. (6963), Sir R. C. Jebb, C.
Sir J. Gorst, K.C.
Canterbury ( $B$ ) (3936), J. H. Heaton .........
Carlisle (B) (7255), W. C. Gully, K.C. ......
Chatham ( $B$ ) (11125), Sir H. D. Davies,
K.C.M.G.............................................

Chelmsford, Essex, M. (10402), Major Rasc.
Cheltenhant (B) (7049), T. Agg-Gardner......
Chepstow, Mon.,S. (14542!, Hon.F.C. Morgan
Cher tsey,Sur., N, W. (124361, H. Leigh-Bennett
Chester (B) (7385), R. A. Yerburgh
Chesterfield, Derby, E. (12633), T. Bayley.
Chester-le-St., Dur. (16830), Sir J. Joicey, Bt.
Chesterton, Cann., W. (10502), W. R. Greene
Chichester,Suss.,S.W. (9934),'Lord E.Talbot
Chippenham, N.W.Wilts (8466), Sir J. D. Poynder
Chorley, Lanc., $N$. (12408), Lord Balcarres.
Christchurch (B) (8330), Major Balfour ...... Cirencester, Glou., E. (9389), Hn. A.B. Bathurst Cleveland, Yorks., N.R. (12436), A. E. Pease
Clitheroe, Lanc., N.E. (19237), Sir U. KayShutl leworth
Cockernouth, Cumb. (10766), J. S. Randles
Colchester (B) (5663), Sir W. Pearson
Colne Valley, Yorks. (11124), Sir J. Kitson, Bt.
Cornwall, Mid., sea St. Austell.
" S.E., see Bodmin.
Coventry, B. (12472), C. J. Murray ........ ...
Crevve, Chesh. (13685), J. Tomkinson
Cricklade, Wilts.(12586), Lord E.Fitzmaurice
Croydon ( $B$ ) (19179), C. T. Ritchie
Darlington, B. (7508), Pike Pease ............
Dartford, Kent, N.W. (16841), Sir W. HartDyke
Darwen, Lanc. (15544), J. Rutherford ...... Deptford ( $B$ ) (14981), A. H. A. Mcrton ...... Derby ( $B$ ) (18543), Sir T. Roe, C, R. Bell Lab N.E.,orEckington(13371),T.D.Bolton $\mathbf{B}$ S., see Repton.
W., see Wirksworth.

Dë' eham,', Norfolk, M. (9369), F. W. Wilson
Devizes, Wilts., E. (8865), E. A. Goulding.
Devonport ( $B$ ) $(8860)$, H. Kearley, R, E. Morton
Dequsbury (B) (13116), Mark Oldroyd
Diss, Norfolk, S. (9734), A. W. Soames ......
Doncaster, Yorks, W.R. (16861), F. W. Fison
Dorchester, Dorset, S. (9379), W. E. Brymer Dorset, E., see Poole.
,, N., see Shaftesbury.
"W. Wee Bridport.
Dover (B) ( 6323 ), $\mathbf{R}$ Rt. Hon. George Wyndham
Droitwich, W o>c., M. (10498), R. B. Martin Dudley (B) ( 16008 ), B. Robinson
Durham, M. or Brarcepitk (12059), John Wilson
Durham, N.W., see Lanckester.
Durham ( $B$ ) (2632), Hon. A. Elliot ............ " S.E. see North Tces.

Eali, $g$, Middx. (15100), Lord G. Hamilton Eastbourie, Sussex, S. (11091), L. Hogg ... E.Grinstead,Sus.,N. (9710),H n.G.J.Goschen Eccles, Lanc., S.E. (15041), O. L. Clare ... Eddisbu'y, Chesh. (10564), H. J. Tollemache Egremont, Cumb., W. (0342), Col. J. R. Bain Elland, Yorks. (13213;), Charles P. Trevelyan Enfield, Middx. (18174), Lt.-Col.H.F.Bowles Epping, Essex, W. (10225), Col. Lockwood Epsom, Sur., M. (12938), William Késwick. Eskdale, Cumb., $N:(9828), \mathrm{C}$. W. Lowther...
Essex, S.E., or Tilbury (15812), Col. E. Tufnell
Evesham, Worc, S. (10084), Col. C.W. Long F.xeter (B) (8757), Sir E. Vincent, K.C.M.G. Eyc, Suff., N.E. (10146), F.S. Stevenson ... Farcham, S. Hants (16245), Capt. A. H. Lee Favershann, K'ent, N.E. (13658!, Capt. J. Howard..
For of Dean, Glo. (10259), Sir C. Dilke, Bt. Fr cebridge, Norf. N.W. (10943), G. White. Frome, Som. (12131), J. E. Barlow
Gainsborowgh, Linc.(12390), Hon. S. OrmsbyGore
Gateshead (B) (17005), W. Allan
Gloucester (B) (7707), Russell Rea
Gorton, Lanc.; S.E: (14842), E. F. Hatch ...
Grantham ( $B$ ) (2089), Arthar Priestley
Gravesend (B) (5755), Gilbert Parker
Gt. Varmonth (B)'8461), Capt.Sir J.C.Colounb Greenwich (B) (12480), Lord H. Cećil Grimsby ( $B$ ) (13677), G. Doughty Guildford Surrey, S.W. (12900), Rt: Hon. W. St. f. Brodrick

Halifax (B) (15043), Sir Savile Crossley, Bt. J. H. Whiteley

Hallamshire, "N. ' ${ }^{\prime}$ ks. (16231),SirF.1.Mappin
Hampstead (B) ( $\mathbf{1 0 3 0 0}$ ), E. B. Hoare
Handswor th, Staff. (21528), Sir H. MeyseyThompson, Bart.
Hanley (B) (16558), Arthur Heath
Hartlepoois ( $B$ ) (13363), Sir C. Furness
Harrow, Middx. (21894), Irwin B. Cox
Harwich, Essex, N.E. (12172), J. Round ...
Hastings ( $B$ ) ( 8207 ), F. Freeman-Thomas ...
Henley, Oxon, S. (9183), R.T.Hermon-Hodge
Hereford ( $B$ ) (3582), J. S. Arkwright
Hertford, Herts, E. (10489), A. H. Smith...
Hexham, Northd., N.(10379), C.W.Beaumont Heyivood, Lanc.'S.E. (10208), G. Kemp ... High Peak, Derby, N. (10550), Oswald Partington.
Hitchin, Herts, N. (9368), G. B. Hudson ... Holderness, Yorks, E.R. (9820), A. S. Wilson Holmfirth, Yorks, W.R. (11300), H. J.Wilson // miton, Der., E. (9325), Sir J. Kennaway Hirncastle, Linc., S. Lindscy (9475), Lord Willoughby d'Eresby
Hornsey, Middx. (16742), C. B. Balfour.......
Horsham, Sus., N.W. (9628), J. H. Johnstone Houghton-le-Spring, Dur. (14446), R. Cameron.
Howdenshire, Forks, E. R. (9494), Cl. Wilson-Todd
Huddersficld (B) (16998), Sir J. T. Woodhouse Hull, West (B) (17401), C. H. Wilson East (B) (12270), T. Firbank

- Cent, al ( $\mathcal{B}$ ) (10239), Sir H.S. King

Hüntingdon (5288), George Montagu
Hyde, Chesh. (10788), E. Chapman .
Hythe (B) (6614), Sir E. Sassoon, Bart.
Ilkeston,' Derby, S.E. (14889), Sir W. Foster Ince, Lanc., S. W. (12281), Col. H.B.Blundell Ipswich, (B) (10819), Sir C. Dalrymple D. F. Goddard ...

Gaytrow, Dur. (ï 5838 ) Sir C. M. Palmer...... Keighley, Yorks, W.R. (12779), J. Brigg ...
Kendal, IV estm., Sc (6in) Major J. Bagot$\Omega^{\circ}$ C C C
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Kidderminster (B) (4353), Sir A. F. Godson King's Lynn (B) (3403), 'i. G. Bowles ........ Kingston, Sutr., N. (16220), T. Skewes-Cox.. Kingswinford,Staff (12524), Col.W.G.Webb Knutsford, Ches. (10205), Hon. A. de T. Egertion
Lancaster, Lanc., N. (13143), N. W. Helme
Lanchester, Dur.,N.IV. (14194), L. AtherlesJones, K.C.
Lavinceston, Corn., N.E. (9589), F. Moulton, K.C.
Leeds, N. (B) (18141), W. L. JacksonE. (B) (9424), H. S. Cautley
Leicester (B) (25373), H. Broadhurst, R, SirJ. F. Rolleston.C
Leicestershire, W., see Bosworth.
Leig'h, Lanc.,S.Ï. (12265), C. P. Scott ..... RI.eominster, Heref. Ni9585), Sir J. J. Rankin, BtLewes, Sus., M. (13992), Sir H. Fletcher …Levisham $(B)$ ( 16882 ), $\}$. Penn ..................
Lichficld, Staff. (97491, T. C. T. Warner ..... R
Lincoln (B) (9149), C. H. Seely ..... U
Liverpool (B):-
Abircromby (8081), W. F. Lawrence ..... ${ }_{C}^{C}$
Evet ton (10359), Sir J. A. Willox
Exchange (6i00), Charles McArthur ..... C
Kirkdalc (10868), David McIver
Scotland (6107), T. P. O'Connor ..... N
Toxtcth, E. (9570), A. F. Warr ..... C
Walton (12240), J. H. Stock ..... $\stackrel{C}{C}$
West Dirby (12133), S. W. Higginbottom... ..... C
London, Metropolitan Divisions:-
Battersea ( $B$ ) (14970), J. Burns
R
Bethnal Grn.,S.W.(T052), S. F. Ridley ..... $\xrightarrow{2}$
$\because \quad$ N. E. (7908), Sir M. M. Bhownaggree, K.C.I.E. .Dulwich(12926),Sir J.B.MapleChelsca (B) (12595), C. A. Whitmore........City (B) (33135), Hon. A. (r). H: Gibbs......Ald. Sir J. DimsdaleC
Camberwell, N.(12192), Dr. 1. J.Macnamara Camberwell, N.(12192), Dr.1.J.Macnamara
" Peckham, i11947,'F.G.Banbury ..... $\stackrel{R}{8}$
U

City (B) (33135),

Finsbury, $E$. (B) $(5670)$, H. C. Richards, K.C. " $M_{\text {. }}(B)(8324\}, H o n$. W. F. MasseyMainwaring. Holborn Div. (10825), J.F. Kemanant
Fulhan (17881), W. H. Fisher
Hackney, $S$. (B) (13802), T. H. Robertson.... " N. (11703), W. Boustield, K.C.

Islington, N. (12165), '. C. J. Bartley " S. (8650), Sir A. Rollit ........... $" \quad \underset{=}{E} \cdot(10471)$, P. L. Cuhen ..........
K"ensington, s. (8995), Earl Percy.............
Lambeth, N. (6995;, F. Horner ............
, Kenngtn. (1Cíi33),Sir F. L.Cook,Bt.
" Rrixtont 10011 , Sir R. Mowbray
Mä Norwood (11502), C. E. Tritton ...
Märylebone, $E .(B)(B 823)$, , E. Boulnois.....
W. (B) 8083), Sir S. Scott, Bart.

Newington, WV. (8504), Capt. C. W. Norton Walzuorth ( 7810 ) James Bailey
Paddington, N. (8246), Sir J. Aird, Bart... S. (5755), Sir T. G. Fardcl1...

St. G̈eorge, Han. Sq. (9897), Col. Hon. H.
St. Pancras, N. (7499), E. R. P. Moon ... " $\quad S_{\text {. }}(5701)$, Capt. H. M. Jessel ", E. (7247), Sir T.Wrightson, Bt.

St. Parcras, W. (7321), H. R. Graham ...
Shoreditch,Hoxton(7904), Hon. Claude Hay Haggerston (6732), W.R. Cremer
Southwark, W. (8077), R. K. Causton ... Rotherhithe (9394), J.C.Macdona Bermondsey (11148), H. J.C. Cust
Strand (9642), Hon. W. F. D. Smith ...... Tower Hamlots-

Whitechapel (4768), S. M. Samuel ......
St. George's-in-the-East (3458), T. R. Dewar
Limehouse (6706), H. S. Samuel.
Mile End (5678), S. Charrington
Stepney (5746), Maj.W.E. Evans-Gordon Bow \& Bromley (11006), W. M. Guthrie Poplar (10210), S. C. Buxton
West Ham, N. (15774), E. Gray
S. (20153), Major G. E. Banes

Westminster (7349), W. L. Burdett-Coutts
London University (4481), Sir Michael Foster
Long Ashton, Som., N. (10870), E. H. Llewellyn
Lonsdale, Lanc., N. (9702), R. Cavendish...
Loughborough, Leic., M.(11900), Maurice Levy Louth, Linc. (9573), R. W. Perks
Lowestoft, Suff., N. (12857), Col. F. A. Lucas Ludlcu, Salop, S. (10572), Jasper More ......
Luton, Beds., S. (13444), T. G. Ashton ......
Macclesfield, Chesh. (8552), W. BromleyDavenport

Maldon, Essex, E. (10072), Hon. C. H. Strutt
Manch., N. W.(11713), Sir W. H.Houldsworth
" N. (ii117), C. E. Schwann............
" N.E. (10087), Sir J. Fergusson .......
" E. (12796), A. J. Balfour.
" S. (12176), The Hon. W. Peel S. W. (8973), J. Galloway

Mansfield, Notts. W.(14899), A. B Markham Mrkt. Harb., S. Leic. (17394), J. W. Logan Medway, Kent, M. (14208), Col. Warde......
Melton, Leic., E. (14082), Lord E. Manners Middlesbro' (B) (17813), Col. Sadler .
MiddLeton, Lanc., S.E.(13938), E. B. Fielden
Monmouth ( $B$ ) (9803), Joseph Lawrence......
N., see Abergavenny.
W., see Bedwellty.
S., see Chepstonv.

Morley, W. Yorks. (14178), A. E. Hutton ...
Morpeth (B) (8719), T. Burt
Newark, Notts, E. (10501), Sir C. Welby....
Newbury, Berks, S. (10601), W. A. Mount...
Newcastle (B). (35219), W. R. Plummer, C, George Ren wick
Newcastle-under-Lyme (B)(9360), Sir A. S. Haslam
New Forest, Hants (10375), Hon. J. ScottMontagu
Newmarket, Camb., E.(9513), H. M'Calmont Newport, N. Salop (10835), Col. KenyonSlaney Newton, Lanc.,S.W. (12374), Col. Pilkington
Norfolk, M., see Dereham.
" E., see N. Walsham.
" $\quad S_{\text {., see Diss. }}$
" N., see Aylsham.
Normanton, W.Yorks. (13750), B. Pickard
Northampton (B) (12471), J. G. Shipman, R,
H. Labouchere.

Northants, E., see Wellingboro'.
" M., see Brixworth.
$N$. , see Oundle.
S. (9021), Hon. E. Fitzroy

North Tees, Dur., S.E. (15149), Hon. F. Lambton
N. Walsham, Norf., E. (10877), R. J. Price

Northwich, Chesh. (12176), Sir J. T. Brunner, Bart.
Norwich (B) (19177), Sir S. Hoare, Bart., C, Sir H. Bullard

Nottinghann, E. (B) (12551), E. Bond W. (B) (15809), J. H. Yoxall.. S. (B) (13005!,Lord H. Bentinck

Nureäton, War.N.E.(13155), F.A.Newdigate
Oldbury, Worc., N. (13108), J. W. Wison ... Oldham' $(B)$ (30843), A. Emmott, $\dot{\mathbf{R}}$, Winston S. Churchill

Ormskirk, Lanc. (11298), Hon. A. Stanley. Osgoldcross, Yorks., W. (15034), Sir J. Austin
Oswestry, Salop, W. (9998), Hon.G. OrmsbyGore
Otley, Yorks, W.R. (12272), J. H. Duncan.
Oundle, Northants, N. (10148), Col. S. G. Stopford-Sack ville
Oxford (B) (8294), Viscount Valentia ............
Oxford University, Oxon. (6258), J. G. Talbot, C, Sir Wm. R. Anson, Bart. ...... Oxon, Mid., see Woodstock.
Penkridge,Staff., $W$.(10755),Alex. Henderson
Penrith, Cumb., M. (8779), J. W. Lowther
Penryn and Falmouth ( $B$ ) (2818), F. J. Horniman.
Peterborough (B) (5582), R. Purvis
Petersfield, Hants, E. (8930), W. Nicholison
Pirehill, Staff., N.W. (14885), J. Heath
Plymouth ( $B$ ) (13877), Hon. Ivor Guest, C.
H. E. Duke, K.C.

Pontefract (B) (3062), T. W. Nussey
Poole, Dor., E. (11828), Hon. H. Sturt
Portsmouth ( $B$ ) (27488), J. H. A.Majendie,C, R. Lucas

Preston ( $B$ ) (17239), R. W. Hanbury, C, W. E. M. Tomlinson..

Prestzich, Lanc., S.E. (16661), F. Cawley.
Pudsey, Yorks. (15069), George Whiteley ...
Radcliffe, Lanc., S.E. (12366), T.C. Taylor
Ramsey, Hunts., N. (6905), Hon. A. Fellowes
Reading (B) (10271), G. W. Palmer
Reigate, Sur., S.E. (11994), Hon. H. Cubitt
Repton, Derby, S. (14728), J. Gretton .........
Richmond, Yorks, N.R. (10390), J. Hutton
Ripon, Yorks (11135), J. L. Wharton
Rochdale ( $B$ ) (13255), Col. C. M. Royds ......
Rochester (B) (4989), Viscount Cranborne ...
Romford, Essex, S.' 33558 ), Louis Sinclair.
Ross, Heref., S. (10496), Capt. P. Clive ......
Rossendale, Lanc. (12310), W. Mather.
Rotherhain, E.Yorks (16061), W. H. Holland
Rugby, War. (10395), Corrie Grant ............
Rushcliffc, Notts, S. (15355), J. E. Ellis ...
Rutland, County (4227), G. Finch
Rye, Sus., E. (12100), A. M. Brook field......
Saff ron Walden, Essex, $N$. (8550), J. A. Pease
St. Albans, M. Herts (11172), Hon. V. Gilbs
St. . 4 ugustine's, Kent, E. (14753), A. Akers-
Douglas
St. Austell, Corn., M.(9848), W. A. M'Arthur
St. Helens (B) (10900), H. Seton-Karr
St. Ives, Corn., W. (8323), E. Hain ${ }_{2} . . . . . . . . .$.
Salford, $N_{\text {. }}(B)$ ( 9854 ); E. Platt-Higgins ...
" $\quad W .(12710)$, L. Knowles
S. (8054), J. G. Groves.......
Salisbury
(B) (2936), Walter Palmer.

Scarborough (B) (5862), J. C. Rickett
Sevenoaks, Kent, W. (15514), H. W. Foster
Shaftesbury, Dors., N.(8339),J.K.Wingfield-
Digby
Sheffeld, Cent. (B) (9791), Sir H. Vincent...
Attercliffe (14241), B. Langley
Brightside (11821), J. J. F. Hope
Hallam (11182), C. B. Stuart-Wortley,K.C.
Ecclesall (11721), Sir E. Ashmead-Bartlett Shipley, Yorks, W. (15382), Sir F. Flannery
Shrewsbury ( $B$ ) (4620), H. D. Greene, K.C
Skipton, Yorks (11835), F. W. Thomson......
Sleaford, Linc. (8952), H. Chaplin ............
Somerset, N., see Long Ashton.
" E. ((0095), Henry Hobbouse........:

Somerset, S., see Yeovil.
Southampton (B) (16821), T. Chamberlayne C, Sir J. B. Simeon, Bt. ...... ................. South Molton, Devon, N. (8516), G. Lambert Southport, Lanc.(13549), E. Marshall Hall, K.C South Shields (B) (16357),W.S. Robson, K.C. Sowerby, Yorks (12075), J. W. Mellor, K.C. Spalding (Holland), Linc. (12608), H. R. Mansfield
Spen Valley, Yorks. (10960), T. P.Whittaker Stafford (B) (3557), C. E. Shaw
Staffordshire, N.W., see Pirehill.
$W_{\text {., see Penkridge. }}$
Stalybridge (B) (7596), M. White Ridley ..
Stamford, Linc. (9510), W. Younger .........
Stockport (B) (12489), B. Melville, C, Sir J. Leigh...

Stockton (B) (11802), Col. Ropner
Stoke (B) (13613), D. H. Coghill
Stownzarket,Suff., $\dot{N} . W$. $(10676)$, IanMalcolm
Stratford-on-Avon, Warwick, S.W. (10063), Philip S. Foster
Stretford, Lanc.,S. $\mathbb{E}$. $\mathbf{1 9 7 0 6}$ ), C.A. A. Cripps, K...... C Stroud, Glowc., M. (10408), C. P. Allen ...... Sudbery,Suff.,S.(10188), Sir W.C.Quilter,Bt. Sunderland (B) (24935), Sir W. Doxford, C, J. S. G. Pemberton

Sussex, S. W., see Chichester.
Tantworth, Wark., N. (12570), P. A. Muntz Taunton (B) (3300), Lt.-Col. Welby
Tavistock, Drvon, W. (12117), J. W. Spear Trwkesbury, Glos., N.(12421), Sir J. Dorrington Thanet, Isle of, Kent (10293), James Lowther Thetford, Norf. S.W. (8780), T. L. Hare... Thirsk, N. Yorks (12221), J. G. Lawson...... Thorrbury, Glouc., S. (12984), E. Colston ... Tiverton, Dev., N.E. (9077), Col. Sir W. Walrond
Tonbridge, Kent,S.W.(1358B),A.G.Boscawen
Torquay, Dev. (10002), F. Layland-Barratt
Totres, Dev., S. (8978), F. Mildmay
Tottenham, Middlx. (19627), J. Howard ...
Truro, Corn. (9288), Sir E. Durning. Lawrence, Bart.
Tyneside, Northum. (19487), H. C. Smith ... Tynemouth (B) ;8194), F. L. Harris

## WALES

Anglesey (9731), E. J. Griffiths
Arfon, Carrvn., ${ }^{\text {r }}$. (9548), W. Jones
Brecknockshire (11708), C. Morley...
Cactphilly, Glam., E. (17048), A. Thomas ...
Cardiff (B) (24527), Sir E. J. Reed $\qquad$
Cardiganshire (13300), M. Vaughan Davies
Carmarthen Dist. (5657), A. Davies $\qquad$
Carmarvon (B) (5246), D. Lloyd-George .....:
Denbighshire, East (10528), Samuel Moss ...
Derbigh Dist. (4250), Hon. G. Kenyon
Eivion, Carnvn., S.' (9003), John B. Roberts
F'lintshire (10919), S. Smith.
Flint Dist. (3546), J. H. Lewis
Gower, Glam., W. (12531), J. A. Thomas .
Llandaff,Glan!.,s.(18052), Maj. WyndhamQuin C

Uxbridge, Middx. (14309), Sir F. D. DixonHartland, Bart.
Wakefield ( $B$ ) (6290), Visct. Milton ............
Walsall (B) (13204), Sir Arthur Hayter, Bt.
Walthamstow, Essex (26346), D. J. Morgan
Wandsworth (B) (22150), H. Kimber
Wansbeck, Northum. (14772),Chas. Fenwick Warrington $(B)(9607)$, R. Pierpoint
Warwick (B). (5040),Hon. A. Lyttelton, K.C.
Warwicks, S.W., see Stratford-on-Avon.
Watford, Herts, W. (13708), T. F. Halsey
Wednesbriry ( $R$ ) (12196), W. D. Green.........
Wellingboro', Norths., E.(15401), F.Channing Wellington, Salop, M. (8617), A. H. Brown Wellington, Som., $W$. (9737), Sir A. F. Acland Hood, Bart.
Wells, Som. (11064), R. E. Dickinson
Westbury, Wilts, W. (9768), J. Fuller
West Broniwich ( $B$ ) (10222), J. E. Spencer
Westhoughton,S:E.Lanc. (10276), Ld.Stanley Whitby, Yorks, N.R. (10680), E. W. Beckett Whitehaven ( $B^{\prime}$ ) (2897), A. Heller.
Widnes, Lanc. (9651), Col. W. H. Walker... Wigan (B) (8220), Sir F. S. Powell, Bart
Wight, Isle of (14568), Capt. J. B. Seely...... Wilton, Wilts, S. (8140), James A. Morrison Wimbledon, Sur., N.E.(19270), C.E.Hambro Winchester ( $B$ ) (2698), W. H. Myers ............ Windsor (B) (3208), Si: F. Tress Barry, Bt. Wirksworth, Derby, W. (10998),V.Cavendish Wirral, Chesh. (15711), J. Hoult
Wisbech, Camb., N. (10105), Hon. A. Brand Wokingham, Berks, $E$. (11489), E. Gardner Wolverhampton, $S .(B), 9496)$, Henry Norman $W \cdot(B)(11655)$, Sir A. Hickman $\boldsymbol{E}$. (B.) 9396 ), Sir H.H.Fowler
Woodbridge, Suff. (12155), Capt. E.Pretyman
Woodstock, Oxon, M. (9679), G. H. Morrell Woolwich ( $B$ ) (15070), Col. E. Hughes Worcester ( $B$ ) (7818), Hon. G. H. Allsopp.. (B)
$E$.
(14825), J. Austen Chamberlain $N$., see Oldbury.
Wycombe, Bucks, S. (13333), W. H. Grenfell Yeovil, Sont., S. (9376), E. Strachey............
York (13026), J. Butcher, K.C., C, George D. Faber

Llanaiilo,Carmn., E.(9735), AbelThomac, K.C. Merionethshire (9453), A. Osmond Williams $\frac{\mathbf{R}}{\mathbf{R}}$ Merthyr Tydfil ( $B$ ) (19005), D. A. Thomas R, J. Keir Hardie
Montgomeryshire (7928), A. Huniphreys Owen Montgontery (3202), Lt.-Col. E. Price-Jones Pcmbrokeshire (11042), Wynford Philipps ... Pembroke Dist. (6527), Lt.-Gen. Laurie Radnorshire (5329), Frank Edwards.. Rhondda, Glann. (13094), W. Abraham
$\qquad$ St. Clears, Carmen., IV. (9505), J: Ll. Morgan Swansea Dist. (11257), D. B. Jones, K.C.... Swansea Town (B) (9768), SirGeo. Newnes, Bt. Valc of Clwyd,Denb., W.(9412), J.H. Roberts Vale of Neath, Glant., M.(13955), S.'T.Evans

Aberdecwaire, E. (12349), A.W. Maconochie W. ( $10{ }^{\prime} 30$ ', Dr. Farquharson Aberdeen, N. (10179), Capt. D. V. Pirie ...... S. (11773), J. Bryce

Argyllshire (10820), D. N. Nicol
Ayrshire, N. (14176), Hon. T. Cochrane .... S. (16189), Sir W. Arrol.

Ayr"Burghs (7011), C. L. Orr-Ewing
Bamfshire (8253), A. W. Black
Berwickshire (5497), H. J. Tennant
Bateshire (314), A. Graham Murray K......
Caithmess (4071), L. Harmsworth ...............
Clackman. and Kix. (7509), Eugene Wason

| Dumbartonshire (7569), A. Wylie Dumfries-shire (14015), W. J. Maxwell ...... |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |
| Dundee (19346), Sir J. Leng, B, E. Robertson, K.C. |
| Edinburgh (Central) (7484), G. M. Brown ... |
| ", W. (8925), Sir Lewis McIver, Bt. |
| E. 11312), George M'Crae |
| ", S. (15267), Sir Andrew N. Agrew |
| in and Nairn (5063), Hon. J. E. Gordon |
| Elgin Burghs (4987), A. Asher, K.C. ........ |
|  |
|  |

## SCOTLAND ( 72 Members)-continued.

Fifeshire, W. (12357), J. D. Hope Forfarshire (12372), Capt. J. Sinclair
Glasgow-(Central) (15294), J. A. Baird. Bridgeton (11834), C. Scott Dickson, K.C. Camlachie (10325), A. Cross
St. Rollox (17703), John Wilson
Blackfriars (10160), A. Bonar Law
College (16112), Sir J. Stirling-Maxwell, Bt.
Tradeston (9900), A. C. Carbett
Greenock (7626), James Reid
Haadingtonshire (6585), R. B. Haldane, K.C. Hazuick, E*c. (5845), T. Shaw, K.C.
Inverness-shire (9449), J. A. Dewar
Inverness (4121), Sir R. B. Finlay, K.C.
Kilmarnock*Dist. (14156), Col. J. M. Denny Kincardineshire (6611), J. W. Crombia Kirkcaldy (7125), J. H. Dalziel.
Kirkcudbrightshive (5811), Sir Mark Stewart Lanarksinire, M. (13366), J. Caldwell.
Govan (15557), R. Hunter Craig..
Partick (16537), J. Parker Smith
N.W. (14125), Charles M. Douglas, M.D. N.E. (16894), Sir W. H. Rattigan, K.C....
S. (9359), Hon. J. Hozier.


Leith (15712), R. C. M. Ferguson...............
Linlithgowshire (8830), Alex. Ure, K.C Midlo. (Edin.) (9246), Hon. A. C. Murray Montrose (8876), Rt. Hon. John Morley...... Orkney and Shetland (7496), J. C. Wason.. Paisley (11274), Sir W. Dunn, Bart. $\qquad$ Peeblesh. and Selkirksh. (3613), Sir W. Thorburn
Perthshire, $\underset{H}{ }$. (7412), Sir J. Kinloch $W$. 8146 ), John Stroyan
Perth ${ }^{\prime}(4850)$, R. Wallace, K.C. ...................... Renfrezushire, $\dot{E}$. (12981), M.H.Shaw-Stewart W. (10315), C. B. Renshaw ... Ross and Cromarty (7964), L. G. Weir Roxburghshire (5906), Earl of Dalkeith St. Andrezes Dist. (3458), H. Anstruther Stirlingshire (16934), J. M'Killop. Stirl. Dist. (6564),Sir H.Campbell-Bannerman Sutherlandshire (2619), F.S. Leveson-Gower Wick (2685), A. Bignold Wigtownshive (5608), Sir H. Maxwell Universities:-
Edin.EOSt.And. $(10130)$, Sir J. B. Tuke, M.D. Glasgow \& Aberdeen (9467), J. A. Campbell

## IRELAND ( 103 Members).

Antrim M. (8229), Hon. R. T. O'Neill N. (8406), William Moore E. (8812), Col. J. McCalmont S. (10334), J. W. E. Macartney

Armagh, N. (8181), Colonel Saunderson. M. (7339), J. B. Lonsdale S. (7320), J. Campbell

Belfast, E. (14903), G. W. Wolff S. (8811), W. Johnston. W. ( 8229 ) H. O Arnold............... N. (10108), Sir James Haslett.

Carlow (6446), J. Hammond
Cavan, E. (9502), S. Young W. (9882), T. McGovern

Cläre, E. (11444), W. Redmond.
", $W$. (10572), Major Jameson
Cork, N.E. (7250), W. Abraham M. (7420), D. Sheehan S.E. (7291), E. Crean
E. (6643), Capt. A. Donelan
N. (7441), J. C. Flynn
W. (6425), J. Gilhooly
S. (7104), E. Barry.

City (13481), W.O'Brien, N, J.F.O'Brien
Donegal, N. (7599), W. O'Doherty S. (7598), J. G. S. MacNeill, K.C.
E. $(6626)$, E. McFadden $W_{\text {. }}$ (7349), J. Boyle.

Kildare, $N .(6520)$, E. Leamy
Kilkenny, N. (7269), M. J. Minch .... S. (5459), J. O'Meara City (2123), P. O'Brien King's County (Birr) (4709), M. Reddy Tullamore (4993), H. Burke Leit iom, N. (6561), P. A. McHugh ............ Limererick S. (7181), Jasper Tully Limerick, ${ }_{\text {I. }}(8826$, W. Lundon
" $\quad$ City ( 8533 ), J. P. O'Shaughnessy
Londondervy, N. (10175), R. J. Atkinson, K.C. $S$. (8922), J. Gordon, K.C......
", City (B) (5158), Marq. of Hamilton
Longford, N. (5043), J. P. Farrell
S. (5311), E. Blake, K.C. ..........

Louth, N. (6011), T. M. Healy S. (5158), J. Nolan

Mayo, $N$. (7655), Conor O'Kelly
" $S_{\text {. }}(8112)$, John O'Donnell
, , $W$. (8412), R. Ambrose.
", E. (8204), J. Dillon
Meath, $N$. (5814), Patrick White
S. (6284), J. L. Carew

Monaghan, N. (6863), E. C. Thompson ........ S. (6765), James Daly

Newry (1848), P. G. Carvill.
Ouen's Co., Leix (6553), M. A. MacDonnell Ossory (6613), W. P. Delany ...
Roscommon, S. (9610), John P. Hayden...... N. (8871), J. J. O'Kelly ..........

Sligo," $N$. (8281), W. McKillop
IU. S. (7570), John O'Dowd
Tipperary, N. (5994), P. J. O'Brien.
S. (5190), J. Cullinan
E. (6234), T. J. Condon
 yrone, $N$. (6992), C. H. Hemphill, K.C. ... E. (7534), P. C. Doogan
" $\quad$ M. (8661), G. Murnaghan
Waterford, $W$. (4665), I. I. She " E. (4724), P. J. Power c. 424, 1. . Power …..........

City (2011), J. E. Redmond.
Westmeath, N. (6208), P. I. Kennedy S. (6570), D. Sullivan ............. Wexford, $N$. (9158), Sir T. G. Esmonde
Wicklow, S. (8800), P. Ffrench.................... " W. 4668), Jam des O'Connor............

## OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Cth. of the House, Archibald Milman, C.B., f 2,000 .
Clk. Assist., Francis Jenkinson, C.B., ( 1,500 .
Secorrd Clerk Assist., Arthur W. Nicholson E1,000.
Clerk of Public Bills and Fecs, W. Gibbons, 61,000.
Clerk of Committecs, R. Dickinson, $E_{1, \infty}$, Clerk of fournals, W. H. Ley, $\mathbf{f 1 , \infty 0 0}$.
Ck.,Private Bill Office, J.H.W.Somerset, \& 1,000 .

Speaker's Sccretary, Edward Gully, Lsm.
Counsel to Spiaker, Hun. Sir E. C. Leigh, K.C.B., K.C., 反i,8on.

Examiners of Petitions for Private Bilis, C. W. Campion and J. F. Symona-Jeune. fico
Serjt.-at-Arms, H. D. Erckine, C.V.O., Li,200. Deputy Scrjeant, F. R. Ginset, C8oo.
Librarian, R. C. Walpule, $\{1,0 \infty$.
Assist. Librarian, E. (․ Harvey, Cit5.
Speaker's Chaplain, Ven. Basil Wilberforce.

## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Broadly speaking any male person of full legal age may be elected to sit as a representative in the House of Commons (the third Estate of the Realm). The exceptions include Peers (except Irish), Judges, the Clergy, Sheriffs, Returning Officers and Government contractors; criminals, lunatics, and aliens are also disqualified. No member receives any payment, though there are many who contend that this should be otherwise. If a member is appointed to a Government office, the seat he represents is vacated, and a re-elec-
tion becomes necessary; there are, however, exceptions to this rule.

The present House was elected in Sept.-Oct., 1900, and consists of 670 members elected by constituencies of counties, borouphs or universities. Of these 333 are Conservatives, 69 Liberal Unionists ( $=402$ ), 186 Radicals, 73 Nationalists, and 9.Parnellites. The Conservative and Unionist majority is ${ }^{134}$. The following shows the allutment of Members to the great divisions of the Kingdom:-


## SPEAKERS OF THE COMMONS.

1801. Sir John Mitford (created Lord Redesdale). 1802. Charles Abbot (created Lord Colchester). 1817. Charles M. Sutton (cr. Visct. Canterbwry). 1835. James Abercromby (cr.LordDurfermeline. 1839. Charles Shaw-Lefevre (cr.Visct. Eversley). 1857. J. Evelyn Denison (cr. Visct. Ossingtor. 8872. Sir H. W. B. Brand (cr. Visct. Hampaen). 1884. Arthur Wellesley Peel (cr. Visct. Peet). 1895. William Court Gully.

## THE REFORM ACT, 1885.

The composition of the House of Commons was changed by the Reform Act of 1885 as follows-

> County. Borough. liniversity. Total. $18841885 \quad 18841885 \quad 18841885 \quad 18441885$ Ir.c.
England $172 \quad 234 \quad 982$ 226 $\quad 5 \quad 5 \quad 459465 \quad 6$ $\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Wales } & 15 & 19 & 15 & 11 & - & - & 30 & 30 & -\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Scotland } & 32 & 39 & 26 & 31 & \text { I } & 2 & 60 & 72 & 12\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Ireland } & 64 & 85 & 37 & 16 & 2 & 2 & 103 & 103 & -\end{array}$ U. King. $283 \quad 377 \quad 360 \quad 284 \quad 9 \quad 9505267018$

## WHAT AN ELECTION COSTS.

The sum which a candidate may expend in an election is regulated by a scale in the Municipal Elections Act, 1884, which allows a maximum of $£_{25}$ for the first 500 electors, and threepence for each elector above that number. The limit of expenditure, therefore, will be as follows :-

| For 500 elector |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,000 | 3150 | 3,500 |  | 62100 |
| 1,500 | 37100 | 4,000 | ", | 68150 |
| 2,000 | 43150 | 4,500 | " | 7500 |
| 2,500 | 5000 |  |  |  |
| And so on, | the rate elect | of threcpen |  | eack |

These sums must not be exceeded, or the election will be void.
(In London, if two candidates stand jointly, the maximum amount for each must be reduced by one-fourth, and they are only in that case allowed to hire the oumber of committee rooms, and employ the number of persons authorised for a single candidate.)

One committee room is allowed to be hired for each electoral division, or if the number of
electors exceeds 2,000 , one additional committee room for every additional 2,000, or part of that number. The use of committee rooms voluntarily lent is not limited, provided they are not in prohibited premises.

Claims in respect of the election expenses of a candidate must be sent in within 14 days, and paid within 21 days of the election.

Every agent must send in to the candidate, within 23 days after the election, a return, in writing, of all expenses incurred by him in the conduct and management of the election (under a penalty of $£_{50}$.

Every candidate must, within 28 days after the election, send to the Clerk of the County Council a return of all expenses incurred by him or his agents, together with bills stating the particulars, and receipts for all sums over twenty shillings ard a proper declaration.

The penalties and disqualifications attending the commission of corrupt or illegal practices at the election of a County Councillor are similar in most respects to those which follow the same offences at Parliamentary elections.

1801 Union with Ireland; Copenhagen taken by Nelson.
1801, 1802, 1804. The Planets Ceres, Pallas, and $\mathfrak{F} u n o$ discovered.
1803 War with France renewed.
1804 Buonaparte made Emperor, May 18.
1805 Battle of Trafalgar, Oct. 21.
1806 Deaths of Mr. Pitt and Mr. Fox. Cape of Good Hope taken, Jan. 9.
1807 Copenhagen taken; Gas used in London; Slave Trade abolished.
1808 The Peninsular War.
1809 Battle of Corunna, January 16 ; O. P. riots.
1811 Battle of Talavera, July 27.
1812 Moscow burnt ; War with America.
1813 Printing machines invented.
1814 Capituiation of Paris; Buonaparte retired to Elba; Stepísnson's first locomotive run; Thames frozen ove:
1815 Battle of WATERLOO, Restoration of Louis XVIII.

1817 Princess Charlotte died, November 6.
1810 Queen Victoria born.
1820 Cato-street Conspiracy, Feb. 23 ; George III. died.
1821 Death of Napoleon I. at St. Helena, May 5.
1822 Caledonian Canal completed.
1825 Stockton and Darlington (the first) Railway opened.
1827 Battle of Navarino, October 20.
1828 Repeal of Test and Corporation Act.
1829 Roman Catholic Relief Bill, April 13.
1830 Revol. in France and Brussels, July 27.
1831 New London Bridge opened.
1832 Cholera in England; died in London, 5,275 ; Reform Bill passed.
1833 Slave Emancipation Act.
1834 Houses 'of Parliament burnt, Oct. 16.
1835 Morse invented the electric telegraph.
1836 Greenwich Railway opened; great snowstorm.
1837 William IV. died, June 20 ; Queen Victoria's accession.
1838 Royal Exchange burnt, Jan. 10; Queen Victoria crowned, June 28.
1840 Penny Postage established, Jan. 6; Queen Victoria married.
1841 Prince of Wales born.
1842 Massacre of Cabul.
1846 Corn Laws repealed; Railway mania ; Irish potato famine.
1848 Louis Napoleon Pres. of French Republic ; Chartist riots.
1849 Cholera in London, 14, 137 deaths.
1850 Sir Robert Peel died, July 2.
1851 Gt . Exhibition in London, May 1 ; Electric Telegph. between Dover and Calais, Sept. 28; Gold discovered in Australia.
1852 Duke of Wellington died, Sept. 14.
1853 War declared between Turkey and Russia.
1854 Allied Fleets enter Black Sea, Jan. 5 ; England declared war against Russia, Mar. 28 ; Alma, Sept. 20: Balaclava, Oct. 25; Inkerman, Nov. 5 ; Crystal Palace opened.
1855 Capture of Kertch, May 22 ; Fall of Sebastopol, Sept. 8.
1850 Treaty of Paris, March 30.
1857 Indian Mutiny, May ro; Cawnpore Massacre, June 17 ; Delhi taken, Sept. 21; Commercial Panic, Nov. 13 ; Relief of Lucknow, 16.
1858 Treaty with China; Jews admd. to Parliament.
1850 The Volunteer Movement started; wreck of Royal Charter.
1861 Lincoln, President U.S.A., March 4 ; Civil

War in United States, April 13 ; Prince Consort died Dec. 14 .
1862 Slavery abolished in the U.S.A., June 9: King Otho quits Greece ; Cotton famine.
1863 Marriage of the Prince of Wales, March 10.
1864 Thames Embankment commenced.
1865 President Lincoln assassinated, 14 ; Lo:d Palmerston died.
1866 War decl. by Prussia and Italy against Austria; Atlantic cable laid; Overend and Gurney panic.
1867 Paris Exhbn. opened; Emp. Maximilian shot, June 19; xst Parliament of Canada, Nov. 6.
1868 Magdala taken, April ro; Flight of Queen Isabella of Spain, Sept. 30.
1869 Irish Church Bill, March 23; Ecumenical Council, Dec. 8; Famine in India; Suez Canal opened.
1870 France dec. war ags. Prussia, July 15 : Surrender of Emp., Aug. ro; Fnch. Rep., Sept. 4 : Invstmt. of.Paris by the Germans, Sept. 20 : Thames Embankment completed.
1871 K. of Prussia Procl. Emp. of Germany, Jan. 18; M. Thiers President Fr. Rep., Feb. 16 : Peace bet. France and Prussia, Feb. 28 ; Commune, March 28: Illness of $P$. of Wales, Nov. 13; Irish Church disestablished.
1872 Thanksgiving for recovery of Prince of Wales, Feb. 27.
1873 Abdication of King of Spain, Feb. 10 : MacMahon, President Fr. Rep., May 24: Great coal strike ; Tichborne trial.
1874 Dest. of Coomassie, Feb. 6; Tichborne Claimant sentd. to 14 years' hard labour, 28.
1875 Arctic Expd. left Portsinouth, Feb. 29.
1876 Queen procl. "Empress of India," A pr. 28.
1877 Russia declared war asst. Turkey, April 44 : Phonograph and Telephone invented.
1878 England takes possession of Cyprus, July 1 1: Cleopatra's Needle fixed on Thames Embnkmt., Sept. 12.
1879 Prince Louis Napoleon killed, June 1 : Zulu War; Cetewayo captured, Aug. 28; Collapse of Tay Bridge, Dec. 28.
1830 Mr. Gladstone Prime Min., April 23 : Porte asks intervention of Powers with Greece, Dec. 14 .
1881 Assassination of Czar Alex. II., Mar. 13 ; Lord Beaconsfield died, Apr. 19 ; Irnsh Land Bill received Royal asst., 22.
1882 Assass. of Lord F. Cavendish and Mr. Burke in Phenix Park, Dublin, Apr. 6 ; Battle of Tel-el-Kebir, Sept. 13; M. Davitt announced the collapse of the Irish Land League, Oct. 8 ; Archbsp. (Tait) of Canterbury died, Dec. 3 -
1883 Fenian outrages in Ireland and elsewhere.
1884 Death of the Duke of Albany, Feb. 28: Sir M. Costa died, 27: Sir Bartle Frere died. 29; Meridian Conference at Washington adopted the Greenwich line as the Universal Prime Meridian, Oct. 13 ; Dynamite explosion at London Bridge, Dec. 13.
1885 Dynamite explosion on Underground Railway, Jan. 2; and at Westminster and Tower of Condon, 24; Fall of ${ }^{\prime}$ Khartoum and death of Gen. Gordon reported, Feb. 6 : Victor Hugo died, May 22; Mr. Giadstone re signed, June 12; Salisbury Ministry: 13: Sixpenny telegrams introduced.
1886 Annexation of Upper Burmah announced. Jan. 1; Resignation of Lord Salisbury, Feb. ${ }_{1}$; Rejection of Mr. Gladstone's Irish Separstion Bill by 341 to 31 r, May 8; Resignation of Mr. Gladstone's Ministry, July 20: Lown
Salisbury appointed, 25 .

1887 Wreck of the Kapunda and loss of 298 lives, Jan. 3 I ; Disastrous earthquakes in the S. of France, Feb. 23; Sir M. H. Beach resigned the Chief Secretaryship for Ireland, Mar. 5; Wieck of the Brighton and S. Coast Railway Steamar, Victoria, loss of 20 lives, Apr. 15: Opening of the Queen's Hall at the People's Palace by her Majesty. May 14 : Celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee, June 21 ; Settlement of the Afghan fiontier question, July 20 ; Theatre Royal, Exeter, burnt, over 130 lives lost, Sept. 5 ; Truro Cathedral consecrated.
1888 Wilhelm I., Empr. of Germany, died, Mar. 9; Friedrich, Empr. of Germ., died, June 15 .
$1880^{\circ}$ Disappearance of Piggott after confessing to having forged the "Parnell Letters," Feb. 26; Withdrawal of Mr. Parnell from the "Special Commission," July 16; Marriage of H.R.H. the Princs. Louise of Wales and the Earl of Fife, 27 ; London Docks strike beg., Aug. 13: ended, Sept. 19; Paris International Exhibition.
1890 Report of the Parnell " Special Commission" issued, Feb. 13 ; Resignation of Prince Bismarck, Mar. ${ }^{17}$. The agreement ceding Heligoland to Germany signed at Berlin, July I; Forth Biidge opened; Dock labourers strike.
1801 Destruction of the escort of Mr. Quinton, the Chief Commissioner-of Assam, at Manipur, Mar. 24: Jules Grévy died. Sept. 9: W. H. Smith died, Oct. 6; C. S. Parnell died.
1892 H.R.H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale died, Jan. 14; General Election, July 1-26; New Parliament assembled, 4; Mr. Gladstone's 4th Minis. entd. office, 28 Ld. Tennyson died, Oct. 6.
1803 Pope's Episcopal Jubilee. Feb. 19; H.M.S. Victoria sunk by H.M.S. Camperdown off Tripoli, Adm. Sir G. Tryon, 22 officers, and 335 men lost, June 22; Dr. Nansen's Expedition started for the Arc. Regions, 24 : Mar. of H.R.H. the D. of York to Princs. Vict. May of Teck, July 6; World's Fair at Chicago.
1894 Queen Victoria opened Manchester Ship Canal, May 21 : Assassn. of M. Carnot, Pres. of Fr. Repub., 24; M. Casimir-Perier elec. Pres., 27 ; Tower Bridge, London, opened by Prin. of Wales, 30 ; War dec. between China and Japan, July 3 r.
1895 Treaty of Peace between China and Japan signed, Apr. 17 ; North Sea and Baltic Canal opened, June 20; Marq. of Salisbury Prime Minister, 29: Parliament dissolved, July 8 ; General Election, 12: New Parliament assembled, Aug. 12 ; Dr. Jameson's raid on the Transyaal, Dec. 29; Horrible massacres in Armenia.
1898 British forces entered Coomassie, Jan. 17 ; Revolt of the Matabale in British Central Africa, Feb. 25 ; Dr. Jameson sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment, July 28: Bombardment of Zanzibar. Aug. 27 ; Qn. Victoria's reign longest, Sept. 23 : Ld. Rosehary resig. party leadership. Oct. 4; Archwishop Benson died, Ir: Public roads made free for motor vehicles, Nov, 14 ; Dr. Temple elect. Archp. of Canterbury, 25 ; Dr. Jameson relsd. from gaol, Dec. 2.
1897 Massacre of British officials at Benin. Jan. 4: Voluntary School Bill received Royal assent, Apr. 8 ; Mansion Hcuse Indian Famine Fund exceeds $\mathcal{L} 500,000$ ( $\mathcal{L} 508,800$ ), 30: Paris Charity Bazaar fire, May 4; ubilee Tbanksgiving services, June 20 ; National Jubilee rejoicings, 22 ; Jubilee

Naval Review, 26; Review by Queen at Aldershot, July 1 : $1300 t h$ Anniver. of St. Augustine's landing celebrated, 2; Turkey and Greece signed treaty of peace, December 4.
1898 Zola denounced the conviction of Dreyfus, Jan. 13 ; Trial of Zola commenced, Feb. 7 ; Attempt to assassinate the King of Greece, 26; Port Arthur ceded to Russia, Mar. 28 : Commencement of war between Spain and U.S., Apr. 21 ; Naval battle off Manilla, Spain severely defeated, 30; Mr. Gladstone died, May 19: Agreement signed at Washington for settling differences between Great Britain and America, 30 ; Conference proposed by Czar of Russia to consider international disarmainent, Aug. 24; Battle of Omdurman, 27,000 Dervishes killed and wounded, Sept. 2: Empress of Austria assassinated at Geneva, ro; New Colonial Penny Postage introduced, Dec. 25.
1899 Foundation Stone of Gordon Memorial College at Khartoum laid by Lord Cromer, Jan. 5 ; Lord Kitchener appointed Governor of the Soudan, 21 ; Foundation Stone of the Victoria and Albert Museum laid by tre Queen, May 17; Peace Conference opened at the Hague 18, closed June 29; Meeting of Sir Alf. Milner and Kruger at Bloemfontein, June I; Archbishops give judgment against the use of incense, 3I: Trial of Dreyfus at Rennes commenced. Professor Bunsen died, aged 88, Aug. 16; Capt. Dreyfus convicted, Sept. 9-released from prison, $3^{\circ}$; Bank rate raised to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., Oct. 3 , and to 5 per cent., 5; Army Reserve called out, 7: Ultimatum sent by the Boer Republic, 9 ; Sir Wm. Symons killed in battle with Boers at Glencoe, 20; Battle of Elands Laagte, 21 ; Reitfontein, 24; Great victory over the Khalifa, who was killed, Nov. 24: Bank rate raised to 6 per cent., 30: General Buller fails to cross the Tugela River, with heavy loss, Dec. 15 ; Lord Roberts appointed to chief command in South Africa, 16.
1900 Battle with Boers at Molteno, Jan. 3: Spion Kop captured, 23-abandoned, 25 : John Redmond nominated leader of the United Irish party, Feb. 6; Gen. French relieves Kimberley, $\mathbf{x 4}$; Battle of Paardeberg, 18 ; The Boer Army under Cronje capitulate to Lord Roberts, 27 ; Ladysmith relieved, Mar. $x$; Duke of Norfolk resigns Postmaster-Generalship, 29: Battle at Dreefontein, ro; Bloemfontein taken, 13 ; Death of General Joubert reported, 27 ; Quen Victoria visits Ireland, Apr. 2; Attempt on life of Prince of Wales at Brussels, 4; Paris Exhibition opened, 14; The Queen leaves Ireland, 26; Archbishops deliver judgment on reservation, May 1 ; Sir F. Hodgson besieged at Coomassie, 5: Lord Roberts enters Kroonstad, 12 ; Reliiff of Mafeking, 17; Orange Free State annexed, 28; British enter Johannesburg, 30; Pretoria taken, June I ; Expedition in China under Admiral Seymour cut off, 14; Mrs. Gladstone died, 14; Taku forts bombarded by the combined fleets, 17: German Minister at Pekin murdered, 18 ; Sir F . Hodgson escaped from Coomassie with 600 native soldiers: Admiral Seymour returns to Tientsin, 26 ; Sipido found guilty of attempt to assassinate Prince of Wales, July 5: Royal assent given to Australian Commonwealth Bill, 9 ; Tientsin captured by allied troops, 14; Coomassio relieved, 15; King of Italy assassinated at Monzi, 29.

## READY RECKONER AND MARKETING TABLE.



INCOME OR WAGES TABLE.

| Per. | Per | Per Weak. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { Dyy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Per | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { week. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { Day. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Month. } \end{aligned}$ Month. | Wer | Per Day |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{t_{0}} \mathbf{s .}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & d . \\ 0 & 10 \\ 1 & 10\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \begin{array}{ll} \text { J. } \\ 0 & 2 ; \\ 0 & 2 ; \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | s. ${ }_{\text {s. }}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ S. | (llll\| | $1$ | $\begin{array}{\|cc\|} \hline s . a . \\ 0 & a . \\ 0 & 5: \end{array}$ | ${ }_{18}^{C} \quad . \quad 0$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 6 & 8 . \\ 0 & d . \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$ | $\overline{C_{0} \text { s. }} \begin{gathered} \alpha \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 1 & 10\end{array}$ |  | 0 $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0 } \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | O 0 |  | 011400 | 2 |  | 1818 | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 11 & 6 \\ 1 & 11 & 8\end{array}$ | 0 | 1 |
| 20 |  | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | -810 | 015 | [ |  |  | 1.11 | 07 | ( $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0\end{array}$ |
|  |  | 0 92 | 0 |  | 015 | 37 | 0 | 30 | 210 | 011 | 017 |
| 0 |  | 0112 | 0 | 100 | 016 | 3104 |  | 40 0 | 36 | 015 | 2 |
|  |  | 1 | ${ }_{0}$ | 1010 | 017 | 40 |  | 50 | 4 | 0192 | 1029 |
|  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2\end{array}$ | 11.0 | 0 0 0 18 | 4 |  |  | 50 | $1{ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{3} 38$ |
| 810 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 10 \\ 8 & 8\end{array}$ | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \\ \\ 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr}11 & 11 \\ 12\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}019 \\ 1 & 19\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 5 . \\ 4 & 7\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 0 & 7 \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 8 & 8 \end{array}$ |  | 516 613 | 1109 | 310 |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{0}$ | 1212 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | 4102 |  | 90 | 710 | 1143 | 0 |
| 410 |  | $1{ }^{1} 8{ }^{83}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 3 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}$ | 13 13 | 1 |  |  | 100 | 86 | ${ }_{1}^{18} 185$ | 0 5 5 |
|  |  |  | 03 |  | 3 | 54 |  | 200 300 | 1613 | ${ }_{3}^{3} 16111$ | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 10 & 11 \\ 0 & 16\end{array}$ |
|  |  | $2{ }_{2} 1$ | 0 ${ }^{0}$ | 14 14 14 14 | 3 | 4. | ( ${ }^{0} 9$ | 300 400 | ${ }_{33}^{25}$ | 3 <br> 7 <br> 7 <br> 13 <br> 13 | 6 3t |
|  | 10 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{3}$ | 0 | 150 | $1{ }^{1} 5$ | 5 | 0 | 500 | 4113 | 9183 | $1{ }^{1} 4$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{2}{ }^{5}$ |  | 1515 | 163 | 6 | 010 | 600 | 50 | 1110 | 112 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 6 & 8 \\ 1 & 8 & 8\end{array}$ | 6 6 | ${ }_{0}^{0} 12104$ | 700 800 | ${ }^{53} 86$ | 13 9 23 | 1184 |
|  | 12 | ${ }_{2} 10^{8}$ | ${ }_{0}$ | 1616 17 | 1  <br> 1 8 |  |  |  | 66 75 75 | 15 |  |
| 71 | 12 | $210{ }^{2}$ | 10 | 1717 | 198 | 6102 | 0111 | 1000 | ${ }_{83} 6$ | 104 | 14.8 |

## "BEST ON RECORD" LIST.

[Note.-For obvious reasons it is impossible to guarantee the accuracy of some of these recceds.]

| Event. | Distance. | Time. | Name.* | Date. | Place. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 yds. Running ... | 100 yds . | $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { H. } & \text { M. } \\ 0 & \text { S } \\ 0 & 0 & 9\end{array}$ | Wefers, B. | Sept. 21, '95 | New York. |
| 300 ", | 300 " | 0 0 030 | Hutchens. H., $p$ | Jan. 2, '84, | Edin ${ }^{\text {a }}$ urgh. |
| 440 ", " |  | 0 0 0 474 | Baker, W | July 1, '80 |  |
| $1000 \%$ |  | 0213 | Myers, L. E., a | Oct. 8, '81 | New tork. |
| 1 nile | 1 mile | 04129 | George, W. G., $p$ | Aug. 23, '86 | Lillie Bridge. |
| 2 miles | 2 miles | 0 O $911 \frac{1}{2}$ | Lang, W., p | Aug. 1, '63 | Manchester. |
| 10 " " |  | 0515 | Watkins, H. | Sept. 16, '99' | actar |
| 50 " |  | 555 | Cartwrig | Feb. 21, | rium. |
| 100 " $\quad$ " | 100 | 132630 | Rowell, Charley, $p$ | Feb. 27, '82 | ew York. |
| Long dist. , | 623 | 1415730 | Littlewood, GI, $p$ | Dec. 8, '88' |  |
| Running against time | 11 m .1286 y . | 100 | Watkins, H., $p$, | Sept. 16, '90, | ale. |
| " | 80 m .1540 y. | 1200 | $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Rowell, C., } p \text { (of } \\ \text { Cambridge) }\end{array}\right.$ | Feb. 27, 'S2 | ew York. |
| 1 mile Walking = ... | 1 mile | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 6 & 23\end{array}$ | Perkins, W., $\phi$ | June 1, '74 | Bridge. |
| 2 miles " | 2 miles | 01314 | Raby, J. W., p | Aug. 20, '83 |  |
| 5 " $\quad$ " | 5 | 03510 | " - | Aug. 20, '83 |  |
| 10 ", | 10 | 11445 |  | Dec. 3, '33 |  |
| 50 " | 50 | 75416 | Hibberd. | May 14, '88 | Agric. Hall. |
| 100 " | 100 | 18815 | Howes, W., p | May 15, '80 |  |
| Walking against time | 8 m .302 |  | Meagher, J., $\phi$ | Nov. 29, '83 | N |
| " $\quad$, " | 22 m .456 y y. | 300 | Thatches, H |  | Lillie Bridge. |
| $" \quad "$ | 70 m 677 y . | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 0 & 0 \\ 24 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ | Hibbard, J., ${ }_{\text {P }}$ | Nov. 13, ${ }^{\text {N }}$, 82 | Sheffield. |
| " " | 127 m .1210 y . 1977 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles | 24 1000 100 | Howes, W., Weston, E. P., p | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. 23, '78 } \\ & \text { Jan. 18, '79 } \end{aligned}$ | Islington, N . Turnpike roa |
| Safety Bicyct | 1 mile | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 39 \\ \\ 0\end{array}$ | Platt-Betts, | Apr. 23, '00 | tal |
| ", "(fijing start) |  | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 27 \mathrm{~L} \\ 0\end{array}$ | Chase, A. A. | July 26, '00 |  |
| " $\quad$ " ... | 10 miles | 0.14223 | Bange, p | Aug. 29, '00, | Paris. |
| " $\quad$, v. time... | 39 m .628 y. | 1100 | Bange, $p$ | May 20, 00 |  |
| " " | $317 \mathrm{~m} .600{ }^{5}$ | 1200 | Cordang, $p$ | Sept. 16, '97, | Crystal Palace. |
| ", ", ... | 640 m . 1030 k .) | 2400 | Cordang, $p$ | Sept. '99 | The Hague. |
| Running wide jump ... | 24 ft . $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. $6 \text {, } 5$ | …... | Prinstein, M. Sweeney, M. J. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \text { April } 25, \\ \text { Sept. } 21, \\ \text { St } \end{array}\right.$ | Philadelphia. New Yoik. |
| Pole jump | 11 "10t, |  | Clapp, R. | June 18, '98 | Chica |
| Standing wide jump | 12 " 11 |  | Darby, Joseph, $\phi$ | Sept. 14, '91 | Haden |
| " high " ... | $5 \cdots 3 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | Gerner, F . | Sept. 4, '99 | New Jersey, U.S. |
| ," ,, with weight |  |  | Darby, Joseph, p | Nov. 6, '91 | Walsall. |
| 3 standing jumps (with weights) | 42 " 6 " | ...... | Darby, J., p | March 4, '92 | Manchester. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Standing hop, step, } \\ \text { and jump } \\ \text { weights) } \end{gathered}$ | 37 , 01 \% | ...... | Harnett, J. F., p | May 11, '89 | Lawrence (Mass.). |
| Throwing cricket ball | 140 yds. | ...... | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Billy, the } A b- \\ \text { original, } p \end{array}\right\}$ | Dec. 19, '72 | Australia. |
| Weight lifting ... | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 3641 \text { lbs. } \\ (\text { back lift }) \end{array}\right\}$ | ...... | Louis C yr | Nov., 1891 | Ldn. M. Hall. |
| Swimming | 100 | $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 31\end{array}$ | Derbyshire, J.A. | Mar. 25 | ester. |
| " | \% mile | $01245 \frac{3}{5}$ | Jarvis, J. A., a | July 22, '90 | Southwick ! Br |
| " | 1000 yds . | $01354{ }^{0}$ | Nuttall, Joseph, $p$ | Oct. 16, '00 | Lambeth Baths. |
| " | 1 mile | $02513 \frac{1}{5}$ | Jarvis, J. A., a | Aug. 8, '98' | Leicester. |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 1 \mathrm{ml} . \text { in } \\ \text { open wtr. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 025223 | Jones, E. T., a | 1887 | Thames. |
| Staying undar water ... |  | 0 4401 |  | Mar. 28, '96 | L.owell (Mass.) |
| Plunging ... .. | $82 \mathrm{ft}$.0 ins. |  | Taylor, W., $p$ | Sept. 6, '99 | Bcotle. |
| Aquatic $\quad \cdots$... | P. to Mrtlke. | 02144 | Bubear, G. | April 23, '94 | Thames. |
| Billiard brk., with spot | 3304 |  | Peall, W. J., p. | Nov. 6, '90 | Royal Aquarium. |
|  | 13 | 0.234 | Rob Alix | 1894 Sept. 28, | Manchester. |
| " | 20 miles | 05825 | McGowan, Cptn. | Oct. | Boston, Mas. |
| Running time (horse) ... | 1 mile | 0 | Salvator | Aug. 28, '90 | Monmouth Fark. <br> New Jersey. |
| Skating ... Golf (longest drive) | 341 yds. 9 ins. | 0241 t | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O. Rudd, } a \\ & \text { Tait, F. G., a } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Feb. } & 14, ~ ' 96 ' \\ \text { Jan. } & 11, \end{array}$ | Minneapolis. St. Andrews. 1 |


|  | DERBY. <br> It miles. | $2 \dagger$ miles. y. st. lb. | $2 \nmid$ miles. y. st. lb | ECLIPSE STAKBS. $1 \ddagger$ miles. $\quad y . s t . l b$, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890 |  |  |  |  |
| 1891 |  | Morion............ 490 | Vasistas ......... 58 | Su |
| 92 | Sir | Buccaneer ...... 490 | Dare Devil ...... 47 | Orme.............. 3 9.11 |
| 893 |  | Marcior. ......... 377 | Dare Devil ...... 58 | Orme.............. 4102 |
| 1894 |  | La Flèche ...... 5981 | Quæsitum ...... 48 | Itin |
| 1895 | Sir Vi | Isinglass ......... 599 | Kilsallaghan ... 57 | Le Ju |
| 1896 | Persimmo | Love Wisely ... 377 | The Rush ...... 48 | St |
| 1897 | Galtee More | Persimmon ...... 490 | Count Sch'b'rg. $5 \quad 810$ | Persimm |
| 1898 | Jeddah | Elf II. ............ 596 | Up Guards ...... 4613 | Velasquez |
| 1899 | Flying | Cyllene............ 490 | Uncle | Flying Fox ...... 3-9 |
| 1900 | Diamond Jubilee | Merman ......... a 9 a | Roughside | Diamond Ju |
| 1901 | Volodyovski ...... | Santoi ........... 4980 | David Garrick. 4810 | Epsom Lad...... 4 |
|  |  |  | CAIBRIDGESHIRE. $1 \mathrm{~m} . \&$ distance A $1:$ | TAKES. |
| 18 | Me | t | Alicante ........ 3 ¢ 12 | T |
| 189 | Mimi |  | Comedy ......... 3 \% 3 | Nuntho |
| 1892 | La Flèc |  | La Flèche ...... 3810 | Euclid |
| 1893 | Mrs. Butt |  | Molly Morgan 46 | Or |
| 1894 | Amiable | Isinglass... ...... 4103 | Indian Queen... 36 | Aving |
| 1895 | La Sages | Le Var ............ 388 | Marco ........... 37 | Victor |
| 1896 | Canter. Pid | St. Frusquin ... 392 | Winkf'd's Pride 3610 | Victor |
| 1897 | Li:nasol | Velasquez......... 3813 | Comfrey ......... 3 - 2 | Clwyd |
| 1898 | Airs and | Goletta ........... 4911 | Georgic ......... 67 | Dinna |
| 1899 | Mu | Flying Fox ..... 3898 | Irish Ivy ......... 3 \% 11 | Knight of Thistle 6 |
| 1900 | La Roc | Merry Gal ...... 313 | Berrill ............ 477 | Sirenia ............ 5 |
| 1901 | Cap and | Epsom Lad..... 492 |  | Santoi ........... 488 |
|  |  |  | s. | 8TEWARDS' CUP (Goodwood). T.Y.C. |
| 1890 |  | Sheen ........... 599 | Rêve d'Or ...... 6713 | U |
| 1891 |  | Ragimunde ... 3610 | Nunthorpe ...... 5888 | Unicorn ........ 36 |
| 1892 |  | Burnaby ......... 5611 | Buccaneer ...... 4710 | Marvel ......... 58 |
| 1893 | Isingl |  |  | Medora ......... 312 |
|  |  | Childwick ...... 4789 |  | Gangway......... 487 |
| 1895 | Sir | Rockdove ...... 4610 | Remin | W |
| 1896 | Persim | St. Bris ......... 366 | Worcester ...... 6812 | C |
| 1897 | Galtee | Merman ......... 57 | Balsamo ......... 4.4814 | Amphora |
| 1898 | Wildfow | Chaleureux ...... 47 | Bay Ronald ... 5712 | Altesse |
|  | Flying Fox | Scintillant ...... 3770 | Newhaven II.... 690 | N'thern Farmer 576 |
| 190 | Diamond Ju | Clarehaven ...... 4713 | The Grafter ... $a 810$ | Royal Flush ... a 713 |
| 19 |  |  | Australian Star $5 \quad 710$ | 0 |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 2,000 GU } \\ \text { I mile II } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | DONCABTER COP. <br> 2 miles. | IINCOLNEHIRE HANDICAP. I mile. |
| 189 | Su | Ilex ............... 6105 |  | The Rejected... 6811 |
| 189 | Common | Come Away ... a 1112 | Quee | Lord George ... 5 |
| 1892 | Bonavista | Father O'Flynn a 10 | Chest | Clarenc |
| 1893 | Isinglass | Cloister ........ a 127 | Prisoner ......... 3886 | Wolf's C |
| 1894 | Ladas. | Why Not......... a 1113 | Sweet Duchess 38 | Le Nicham...... 487 |
| 1895 | Kirkconnel | Wild Manfr. B. a 1011 | Kilsallaghan ... 510 | Euclid ............ 6712 |
| 1896 | St. Frusqu | The Soarer ...... a 913 | Laodamia ..... 69 | Clorane ......... 59 |
| 1897 | Galtee M | Manifesto ...... a 11 | Winkfd's Pride 49 | Winkf'd's Pride 4 |
| 1898 | Disraeli | Drogheda ...... 61012 | Pinfuld ............ 38 | Pr. Barcaldine 5 |
| 1899 | Flying Fox | Manifesto ...... a 12 | Calveley ......... 49 | General Peace 5 |
| 1900 | Diamond J | Ambush II....... 611 | King's Courier 38 | Sir Geoffrey |
| 1901 | Handicappe | Grudon............ a 10 |  | Little Eva ...... 67 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \text { GU } \\ \text { I mile II } \end{gathered}$ | DWOOD CUP. 2\$ miles. | HUNT CUP (Ascot). <br> New mile (7 f. 166 y .) | JOCKEY CLJB <br> TAKES. 1 m .2 f. |
| 1890 |  | Philomel ......... 5813 | 9 |  |
| 1891 | Min | Gonsalvo ......... 496 | Laureate II. ... 57712 | before 1894. |
| 1892 | La | Martagon ...... 5910 | Suspender ...... 3710 |  |
| 1893 | Siffle | Barmecide ...... a 8 | Amandier |  |
| 1894 | Amia | Kilsallaghan ... 48 | Victor Wild...... 4787 | Isinglass .....,... 410 |
| 1895 |  | Florizel II. ...... 49 | Clorane ......... 4811 | Laveno ............ 389 |
| 1896 | Thais | Count Sch'b'rg. 48 | Quarrel ......... 57811 | Persimmon ...... 39 |
| 1897 | Chelandry | Count Sch'b'rg. 510 | Kn't. of Thistle 47 | Love Wisely .. 490 |
| 1898 | Nun Nice | King's Mes'ger. 37 | Jacqu | Up Guards $\qquad$ 4617 |
| 1899 | Sibola | Merman ......... 29 | Refractor. | Flying Fox ...... 397 |
| 1900 | Winifred | Mazagan ......... 4 | Royal Flus | Disguse II...... 88.8 |
| 1801 | Aida | Fortunatus ...... 38 | Stealaway ...... 46 |  |

AGRICULTURAL RETURNS OF GREAT BRITAIN, 1901.
Compiled from the Returns collected on the $4^{\text {th }}$ June.



Secretary of Post Ofice-Sir G.H.Murray,K.C.B. | Controller London Fost. Ser.-J.C. Badcock, C.B. Comptrollerso Account.-Genrl.-C. A. King. Soliiitor-Sir R. Hunter, C.B.

Controller of Money Order Office-J. Manson. Controller Central Telegraph Offce-E. May. Controller of Savings Bani-Charles D. Lang, C.B.
There is piobably no Government Department which needs reform more seriously than the Post Office. The authorities are almost constantly at loggerheads with those for whose benefit the department exists-the Public-and in many ways the system is altogether behind the times. In the Britisit Almanac for 1902 Mr . Henniker Heaton writes on the subject of Pcstal Reform, and it is much to be hoped that that gentleman's persevering efforts will ere long be rewarded and that the British Public will have a postal system which, if not, ai it should be, the best in the world, will at least ensire freedom from silly red-tapism and facilities equal to those enjoyed in other countries.
The following interesting statistics for 1901 are taken from the report issued by the postal authorities and show what an enormous number of packets are dealt with in twelve months.

During the year ending 31st March, 1901, the number of Postal Packets delivered and not delivered for various reasons, in the United Kingdom is estimated to have been as follows:-

' 1 'ne total value of property found in undelivered Letters was $668 \mathrm{I}, 335$.

The number of Postal Packets posted without address was 345,690 , and in these were found Cash and Bank Notes to the value of $£ 251$, and x 7,203 in Bills, Cheques, Money Orders, Postal Orders, and Postage Stamps.

The weight of Letters and other articles to and from Countries abroad was as follows:-

Received for Distribution in
Despathked Abrond.
(lnited Kingrdom.

Letters. Book, News \&c. Letters. Book, News \&c. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2,103,000$ | $19,444,000$ | $1,840,000$ |
|  | 606,000 |  |

The Mails to the East comprising those for India, China, Australia, \&c., despatched on December 7 th consisted of 2,885 bags weighing about 70 tons.
The correspondence to the British Forces in South Africa averaged 300,000 cach week; the total number sent during the year being $11,550,000$.

Parcels despatched to, and received from, places abroad, $2,005,506$ and $1,118,788$ respectively.

Money Orders issued and paid in the United Kingdom, including those issued for payment abroad, and received from abroad for payment in the United Kingdom, $13,263,067$, value $£_{39,374,665}$.

Postal Orders issued during the year, $85,390,029$, value $\neq 29,881,726$.

There were $89,576,96$ I telegrams sent over the wires of the Post Office, and of these $7,641,090$ were to and from places abroad; and the total number of telephone transactions, reckoning each as involving two spoken messages, was $8,975,148$. The highest number of telegrams dealt with in one day was on the day preceding the funeral of $Q$ ueen Victoria, when 199,155 passed through the London Central Office.

During the year ending December 31st, 1900, $49,569,249$ deposits we:e made in the Post Office

Savings Bank, the total amounts deposited being $£_{6} \times, 516,436$, and the number of withdrawals were $5,406,347$, the total sum withdrawn being $\{38,231,372$ 2. The total amount due to $8,439,983$ depositors at the end of the year was $£ 135,549,645$. The largest number of deposits was on December 3rst, when 124,469 ware made, to the value of 6458,115; and on December 18th there were 44,805 withdrawals, amounting to $\mathrm{f} 221,149$.
There are 22,189 Post Offices in the United Kingdom, and the total number of officers of all ranks, both male and female, including those nut on the establishment was 173,184 .

## INLAND LETTERS.

The rates for Inland Letters are as fullows:
4 ozs. ... $x d . \mid 10$ ozs. ... $2 \frac{1}{4} 1 . \mid 1602 s . . .14$ d. 6 ozs. ... 1tid. 12 ozs. ... $3^{d} . \quad 18$ ozs. ...位t. 8 ozs. ... 2d. 14 czs. ... $3 \frac{1}{2}$ d. 20 ozs. ... 5 d. and so on for greater weights at $\frac{1}{t}$ d. extra for every additional 2 ozs. No letter may exceed 24 in . long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in. deep. Letters posted unpaid are charged double postage on delivery; those insufficiently paid, double the deficiency.

EXPRESS DELIVERY.-Letters and parcels are accepted at most of the principal offices for express delivcey, at an extra charge of 3 f. for every mile or part. The cost of cab hire extia if required. The packet must be handed over counter at the Post Office, with postage and $f=$ affixed in stamps, and "Express Delivery" boldly written at top lift corner.

Single letters not exceeding 4 ozs. in waight can be sent by railway. The postage and a $f=$ of 2 d . must be paid to the railway servant receiving such letter, and he will affix and obliterate a special label. Such letters must be taken to a passenger station, and will be sent to destination by first available train. They may be addressed to the Parcel Office at the station of destination "to be called for," or if $s s$ de sired will be posted in the nearest Post Office to the station to which addressed for delivery by ordinary post.

## INLAND NEWSPAPERS.

The ordinary postal rate on newspapers is a halfpenny for every 2ozs. ; but publications which consist wholly or in great part of news, or articles on current topics, and which are prineed and published in the Urited Kingdom at intry
vals of not more than seven days, may-for an annual fee of 55 .-be registered for transmission by post in the United Kingdom at the newspaper rate of a halfpenny each, irrespective of weight. No newspaper packet may be above 5 lbs. in weight, 24 in . long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in. deep.
NEWSPAPER WRAPPERS. - Halfpenny stamp, Id. each, 7 for 4 d., or 22s. Iod. per 480 ; Penny stamp 1 fd . each., 8 for 8 fd ., or 21 s . 3 d . per 240. Sheets of halfpenny wrappers may be obtained at two days' notice in packets of 120 sheets of 14 wrappers each at $\ell_{3}$ 18s.

## INLAND BOOK POST.

The rates for Book Packets are as follows:

| 2025. | $t \mathrm{~d}$. | 8 ozs. | 2d. |  |  | d. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 " | Id. | 80 | $2 \ddagger 1$. |  |  | 4 d. |
|  | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d. | 12 | 3 d . |  |  | dd. | and so on for greater weights at $\ddagger d$. extra for every additional 2 ozs. No Book Packet may exceed $\frac{2}{4} \mathrm{in}$. long, 12 in , wide, or 12 in . deep.

A 2-0z. Book Packet may contain any matter wholly printed on paper, or other substance in orcinary use for printing ; books or literary publications, sketches, drawings, paintings, maps, plans, \&c., as well as invoices, and similar commercial and legal documents, provided that nothing is written on them of the nature of a letter, or other than entries proper to such documents.
The regulations for all other Book Packets are the same as for Letters.

## INLAND PARCEL POST.

The limit of length allowed is 3 ft .6 in ., and the maximum of length and girth is 6 ft ., i.e., a Parcel 3 ft .6 in . long may measure 2 ft . 6 . in. in girth round the thickest part. The Rates of Postage, which must be prepaid, are as follows:


## GENERAL NOTES.

POST CARDS.-Post Cards are sold at the following rates:-Stout Cards (two shapes), id. each, 6 d . for 10 , or 5 s . for 100 . Thin Cards (one shape), \&d. each, 5 dd. fcr io, or xis. for 240. Uncut sheets can be obtained at any Post Office at two days' notice in packets of 120 sheets (containing 42 cards each, or a total of 5,040 cards) at ¢ $_{12} 6 \mathrm{~s}$. for stout cards, and C 1 II 8 s . for thin cards. Reply Post Cards are issued at double these rates, but are not sold in uncut sheets. Official Post Cards, or private cards embossed by Office of Inland Revenue with a halfpenny stamp, may be used for correspondence throughout the United Kingdom, but private cards bearing an adhesive halipenny stamp may be used provided they are composed of ordinary cardboard, not thicker than official cards, and are of about the size of official cards, being not less than $3 t$ in. by $2 \ddagger$ in.
LETTER CARDS.-Letter Cards are sold at 1td.each, 4 for 4 d., or 8 for $9 d$.
REGISTRATION \& INSURANCE.-The fee for registering an Inland Letter, Packet, Parcel, \&c., is 2d. ovar and above the ordinary postal rate, and in the event of loss or damage
this covers compensation up to $£ 5$. The packet $m$ inst be enclosed in n strong cover, securely fastened, and if containing coin, mast to galln the benefit of the Pout. Office guarantee be enclosed in a special Kigisterid Letter cmirlope. sold at all pist offices. The packet must be given to a Post Sffice official, and a receipt obtained for it, and if, contrary to this rule, it shuld be dropped into a letter box, it becomes liahle to a fee of 4 d . on delivery. Letters containing coin, jewellery, or watchrs, if ponted without registration, are linble to a similar fee on delivery.
PRIVATE LETTER BOXES. - Posting boxes may now b: fixed in private houses in London on the following conditions. The box must be appooved by the Poutal authorities, and must be fitted with a lock supplied by them at the cost of the uver, who will not be allowed access to the interior of the bux. The box must be easily arcessible from the treet for the purpose of collection. The ammual fees are as follows:-Initial fee, Aos. for two collections other than the "general," and sos. for each additional collection. For the "general" cullction, ows.

## LONDON.

The latest tume for ponting letters for the Night Mails generaily is as f.llows:-
St. Martin'stie-Grand. -- Letters, 6 ; ex. $\ddagger \mathrm{d}$., 7.30. Foreign and Csimial. 6 : er. sil. 7 : ex. 2d., 7.15; ex. 3d., 7.30. News and Binok Packets, 5.30. Foreign and Colonial ditto, 0 ; with extra td., 6.45 ; ex. $+1 ., 7.15$.
Lombard St., Grace harrih St., 47. Cannon St. Eastheap, Flect St., 7 hrigmorton Ai', Mark Lame, Leadenhall St., Nezu liridyc St., Thriadneedle St., Eud usite EOrcus.-Letturs, 6 ; ex. $\ddagger 1$., 7 ; Foreign and Coionial, 6; ex. 1d., 7 ; all News and Book Packets, 5 . 30 .
District Offices.-Letters, 6 ; ex. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. 7.30 ; For. and Col. ex. sd., 7 ; News and Book Pack., 5.30.
Receiving Houses and Pillur Boxis.-Letters, 6 p.m.

Special late fee boxes are affixed at the barriers on platforms of the Railway Stations from which Mail Trains start each morning and evening and Sunday evening, in which Letters, \&oc., for the Provinces can be posted if paid a fee of $\ddagger d$. in addition to the postage.

At the G.P.O., at West Strand Telegrapi Office, the Chief District and some suburban Offices and the Termini of principal railways. letters pasted on Sunday before 6 p.m., and paid $\ddagger \mathrm{d}$. for Inland and Id . for the Continent, in addition to postage, are forwarded by Night Mails.
Late Letters, \&c., for Continent generally can be posted at Cannon St. and Charing Cross Stations, and those for Holland, Germany. and North of Europe can be posted at Holborn Viaduct and Victoria Stations each week-day evening, up to a short time before departure of train, and must bear a fee of 4d. in stamps in addition to postage. On Surnday evening, letters, \&c., can be similarly posted with an additional fee of rd. At Euston Station, those for the United States, Canada, \&c., can be posted on Wednesday and Saturday up to 4.10 p.m., and those for Canada up to 8.45 p.m. on Thursday : those for the Cape, \&c., can be posted at Waterloo up to I. $5^{\circ} \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Saturday, and those for the West Indies and Pacific up to ir $\mathrm{n} . \mathrm{m}$. on alternate Wednesdays, with a fee of 2 d . in addition to postage. Registered Letters must not be posted in these Roxes.

The latest time for registering letters at St . Martin's-le-Grand with ordinary fee is 5.30 p.m., or on payment of 2 d . late fee, 6 p.m.; of 4 d ., 6.30 p.m.; of $6 \mathrm{~d} ., 7$ p.m. ; and of $1 \mathrm{~s} ., 7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. $\mathrm{At}_{\mathrm{t}}$ the District Offices and the Chief Branch Offices in E.C. District, 5.30 p.m., or with 2d. late fee, 6 p.m. At other Branch Offices and Receiving Houses, 5 p.m.
Inquiries for Missing Letters should be made at the Secretary's Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, between $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and 4 p.m. (Saturdays 10 and x). The Poste Restante is at the General Post Office ; the Returned Letter Office is at Mount Pleasant, and the Money Order Office is at Fore St., E.C. ; the Post Office Savings Bank is at 144A, Queen Victoria Street.

## FOREIGN.

LETTERS.-The rate of postage on letters addressed to most British possessions is xd. per $\ddagger$ oz.; to the Australian colonies, Rhodesia, and some minor colonies, and to all foreign countries the rate is $2 \ddagger \mathrm{~d}$. per $\ddagger \mathrm{oz}$. In some countries an additional postage (which cannot be prepaid) is charged on delivery. No letter may be more than 24 in . long, and 12 in . wide or dsep.
NEWSPAPERS AND BOOKS. - The rates for Newspapers and other printed matter are given in the table below; circulars in identical form from type-written originals are admitted if in numbers of not less than twenty and specially handed over the counter at a Post Office and attention called to their nature. When Commercial Papers are addressed to any country in the Postal Union the lowest rate is 2 dd ., even if weight be less than 2 ozs., but those under 2 ozs. for British possessions other than those above named may be sent cheaper as letters (which see). Limitation of size for Foreign countries of the Postal Union is 18 in . long by 12 in. wide or deep, and to other places abroad the limit is 24 in . long by 12 in . wide or deep, or if in form of a roll, 30 in . long by 4 in . diameter. Limitation of weight is 4 lbs. to countries in Postal Union, and 5 lbs . to most other countries.
SAMPLES.-Boná fide trade samples, not being liable to Customs duties, and not sent in execution of an order, or by one private individual to another, may be sent by post to the Colonies and all Foreign countries at book post rate, but the lowest rate is rd. The packet must be open at ends, but samples of seeds, drugs, \&c., maybe sent in boxes or bags fastened so that they may be easily opened. Such samples must not be of saleable value, or of a dangerous or prohibited nature. Limit of size to any Foreign country in Postal Union is 12 in . long by 8 in . wide and 4 in. deep, or for packets in the form of a roll, 12 in . long and 6 in . diameter. To other Countries and British Colonies the limit is 24 in . by 12 in . by 12 in . The weight allowed varies.
POST CARDS may be sent to all the countries included in the Postal Union and to some other countriss at one penny each. Regulations same as Inland.
REGISTRATION: - Fee and regulations same as Inland. Coin, jewellery, \&c., is permitted to be sent to some countries, but value of contents must not be marked on outside. Letters containing bank notes, bonds, \&c. can be insüred when sent to some countries. By prepayment of an extra fee of $2 \downarrow$ d. an acknowledgment of the receipt of a registered packet when sent to a country of Postal Union may be obtained from the adi rossee.

## FOREIGN POSTAL RATES.

For newspapers, books, commercial papers, \&c. to all places abroad.

| Newspapers <br> and Books. <br> 02. <br> d. | Commerclal Papers. oz. | Samples. oz. d. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{rl} 2 & 0 \ddagger \\ 4 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 t \\ 8 & 2 \\ 10 & 2 \sharp \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 10 & 2 t \\ 12 & 3 \\ 14 & 3 \ddagger \\ 16 & 4 \\ 18 & 4 t \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}4 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 t \\ 8 & 1 t \\ 10 & 2 \\ 10 & 2 t \\ 12 & 3\end{array}$ |

## FOREIGN MAILS.

In the suljoined table the day for despatch of mail is shown by initials in brackets,-in italics for morning despatch, in Roman for evening. When a figure 2 or 4 tollows, every second or fourth day is indicated. An asterisk indicates a daily mail. The figures at end of each line show approxinate number of days in trajsit.

Aden ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{M}_{2}$ )
Africa, West Brit.
(F alt. T)...... 14 to 28
Alexandria
Algeria* $\qquad$ 5
Anisterdam* .......... ${ }^{2 t}$
Argentine Repub.... 22
Ascension (S 4) ...... 30
Austria Hungary* if
Azores.: $\qquad$ ‥ 8
$\times 24$
24
Bahamas (aft. W,S) 10
Barbados ( $W_{2}$ )...... 12
Bechuanaland ( $S$
noon) .. 23
Belgium*...............
Berlin*.
Bermuda (aft. W, S) ${ }^{11}$
Beyrout (see Egypt) 8
Bolivia (W 2) ......... 33
Borneo (F, M 2, S 2) 33
Brazil ................. 17
Brit. Columbia (aft.
W, S, Thurs.) ... 15
Brussels*
Buenos
Ayres
..........

${ }^{2}$
Buenos Ayres ...... 22
Banaria aft. W, S ,
Thurs.)
Canary islands........ ${ }_{6}$
CapeColony ( $S$ noon) 19
Cape Verd Islands
( $\mathrm{W}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}, F_{4}$ )... 10
Ceylon(F, M 2, S 2) 16
Chili ( $\mathbf{W}$ 2, $\mathrm{S}_{2}{ }^{2}$...... 35
China (F, $M_{2}, S_{2}$ ) 29
Columbia Repub.
of ( $W_{2}$ ) ............ 20
Congo .................. 26
Constantinople*:..... ${ }^{3}$
Copenhagen (........ $1 \ddagger$
Costa Rica ( $W_{2}$,
W, S aft.) …..... 20
Cuba (aft. W, S) ... 12
Cyprus (F) ........... 9
Delagoa Bay ( $S$
noon) 22
Denmark* ............ 14
Dominican Repub.
( $W_{2}$ 2) ............. 20
Ecuador (W 2) ...... 25
Egypt ................ ${ }^{5 \dagger}$
Falkland Islands(W,
S4)

Faroe Islands......... 10
Fiji
35
France*
Germany*
Gibraltar* ..............
Greeca .................... 4
Guatemala(aft.W,S) 87
Guiana ( $W_{2}$ ) a..... 14
Havana (aft. W, S) 12
Hawaii. Honolulu
(aft. W, S) .........
Hayti ( $W_{2}$ ) ......... ${ }^{18}$
Holland ${ }^{*} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \$ ~$
${ }^{H}$ Honduras Br . (aft.
W, S) ................ ${ }^{16}$
Ditto Repub. ( $W_{2}$ ) 20
Hong Kong (F, M 2 ,
$S_{\text {2) }}$................
Iceland …............ 10
India (F) ............ 14
Italy* ................. ${ }^{2}$
Jamaica ( $W_{2}, S_{2}$ ) ${ }^{6}$
$J \operatorname{Japan}\left(F, M_{2}, S_{2}\right.$,
Tues. 4) ........... ${ }^{32}$
$\mathrm{Java}\left(\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{M}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}\right) \quad 27$
Labuan ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{M}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ ) $\mathbf{3}^{\mathbf{2}}$
Liberia ( $F$; ........... ${ }^{21}$
Lisbon* .............. 3
Luxembourg*......... I
Madagascar (8th
and 23 rd) $\ldots . . . . . . . . .28$
Madeira ( $S$ noon) ... 4
Madrid* ............... 2
Malta*. ..............
Mauritius (8th and
23rd, F 2) ….... 25
Mexico (aft. W, S) ${ }^{14}$
Montenegro* ......... 2
Montevideo............ 2I
Mozambique ......... 30
Muscat (F, M 2) ... 24
Natal ( $S$ noon) ...... 22
New Brunswick;iaft.
W,S, Thurs.)
Newfoundland (F 2) 9
New Sth. Wales $F$ F) 33
New York (aft. W,S) 8
NewZealand $\left(\right.$ Saft 4 F) ${ }_{33}$
Nicaragua (W 2) ... 27
Norway* ${ }^{\text {Nat............. }}$
S, Thurs.)
Orange River Coloay:-

Foreign Mails-continued.

| Panama ( $W_{\text {2 }}$ ) ...... |
| :---: |
| Paraguay ............ 30 |
| Penang (F, M 2, S 2) 22 |
| Peru ( $W_{2}$ ) ).......... 26 |
| PhilippineIslands (F, |
| $\mathrm{Ma}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ ) $\ldots \ldots . . .{ }^{32}$ |
| Portugal* |
| Prince Edward Is. (aft. W,S,Thurs.) |
| Queensland ( F ) $\ldots$.. 331 |
| Reunion (8th \& 23rd) 21 |
| Rio de Janeiro ...... $1_{7}$ |
| Rome* .................. |
| Roumania*........... |
| Russia* ............... |
| St. Helena ( $S_{4}$ ) ... 17 |
| St. Petersburg |
| St. Pierre (aft. W, S, |
| Thurs.) $\ldots \ldots . . . . . .19$ |
| Salvador(aft.W,SW2)25 |
| Servia .................. |
| Seychelles ( $\mathrm{F}_{4}$, 2, \& 23). $\qquad$ |
| $\operatorname{Siam}\left(\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{M}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}\right) \ldots 3^{2}$ |
| Singapore( $\left.\mathbf{F}, \mathrm{May}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2}\right) 23$ |

## FOREIGN PARCEL POST.

Parcels for the under-mentioned countries are forwarded at the minimum rates indicated. The limits of weights and dimensions vary. kach parcel must be accompanied by a declaration (for the Customs) of the contents and value, which in some cases is limited to $£ 50$.
Argentine Republic, 3 lb. 2s. 4 d . ; Austro-Hungary, 3 lb. 1s. 6 d. ; Barbados, 3 lb. 1s. ; Bermuda, 3 lb . Is.; Belgium, 3 lb . 1s. 3d.; British Guiana, ${ }_{3} \mathrm{lb}$. 1 s. ; Canada, 1 lb . 8 d .; Cape Colony, x lb. gd.; China, 3 lb. Is.: Ceylon, 3 lb. rs. ; Denmark, 3 lb. is. 6d.; Egypt, 3 lb. 1s. ; France, 3 lb. 1s. 4d. ; Gibraltar, 3 lb . 1 ss . : Germany, 3 lb . Is., ; Gold Coast, 3 lb . 1 Is . : Hong Kong, 3 lb . 1s. ; Holland, 3 lb . 1 s . ; India (including Burmah, Zanzibar, \&c.). y lb. 1s.; Italy, 3 lb . 1 sc . 6 d . ; Jamaica and Turks Islands, 3 lb . 1 Is ; Japan, 3 lb . 1 s. . 10 d. ; Leeward Islands, 3 lb . 1 ss .; Malta, 3 lb . 1 ss .; Mauritius, 3 lb . Is. : Mexico, 3 lb . Is. ; Natal, ${ }^{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{lb}$. gd.; Newfoundland, 3 lb . IS. ; New South Wales, ilb. is.; New Zealand, i lb. is. ; Norway, 3 lb . rotd. ; Orange River Colony, i lb. 1s. : Portugal, 3 lb .1 is. 6 d. ; Queensland, 8 lb . 1 ss . ; Rhodesia, I lb. 2s. 9d.; Switzerland, 3 lb. 1s. 6 d. . Sierra Leone, 3 lb . 1 s . ; Spain, $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. 2s. ; Straits Settlements, 3 lb .15 s . ; South and Western Australia, 1 lb. 1s.; Sweden, 3 lb. 1s. 2d. ; Tasmania,
 Trinidad, 3 lb. 1s. ; Victoria, 1 lb . 1 ss ; ; and Zanvibar, 3 lb . $\mathbf{1 s}$.

## MONEY ORDERS.

INLAND.-The Rates for Inland Money Orders are as follows :-

> Not exceeding $6 x$ 2d.
> Exceeding $\ell_{1}$ and not exceeding $\notin 3 \cdots \quad$ 3d. $\mathcal{Z}_{3}$

No Single Money Örder may be issued for a higher amount that £io.
Money may be transmitted by telegraph between all post offices which transact Teelegraph and Money Order business. The rate of commission is, not exceeding 63: 4d.; above f.3, and not exceeding fro, 6d. in addition to the cost of official telegram and repetition the minimum being gd.
FOREIGN MONEY ORDERS are issued in the United Kingdom to Foreign Countries at a uniform rate of 6 d . for sums not exceeding
£2; of rs., not exczeding £6: of rs. 6d., not exceeding fro. And Money Orders can be advised by Telegraph to various Foreign Countries, particulars of which can be obtained on application at any Money Order Office.

## POSTAL ORDERQS.

Postal Orders are now issued at all Money Order Offices at the following rates:1S. and 1s. 6d.$t \mathrm{~d}$.

2s., 25. 6d., 3s., 3s. 6d., 4s., 4s. 6d., 5s.,

7s. 6d., ios., and ros. 6d. ..................... rd.
15s., 205. ............................................. 1td.
Odd pence (not exceeding 5) may be affixed to the face of Postal Orders as value.

## POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS.

Sums of one shilling or of any number of complete shillings are received at all Money Order Offices, on deposit, but no one may deposit more than 650 in one year, ending December 3r. Interest is allowed at the rate of $\chi_{2}$ ros. per cent. per annum. Sinaller sums may be saved by purchasing penny postage stamps, and affixing them on a form, supplied at any post office ; tweive stamps so affixed will be received as a deposit of one shilling.
INVESTMENTS. - Depositors can invest sums in Government stock, and all dividends in respect of such stock will be credited to the deposit account in the same manner as interest. The commission charged for investunents or sales is as follows: $£ 25$, 9 d . ; $£ 50$, 1 s .3 d . ;


INSURANCES AND ANNUITIES.-The Postmaster-General is empowered to insure the lives of persons between the ages of 14 and 65 for not less than $£ 5$ or more than $£$ roo, and to grant annuities of not more than $£ 100$ on the lives of persons of the age of 5 and upwards. A life in the 3oth year may be insured for fxoo by a single payment of $£ 45$ r9s. 6 d ., or by an annual payment through life of $£^{2} 6 \mathrm{~s}$., or by an annual payment up to the age of 60 of $£^{2}$ 125. 6d., or in quarterly, monthly, or fortnightly payments in proportion.

## INLAND TELEGRAMS.

The charge for telegrams throughout the United Kingdom is 6 d . for the first 12 words and $\ddagger$ d. for every additional word, the names and addresses of sender and receiver being counted. Names of places consisting of more than one word will be charged as one; London District initials will be counted as one word: figures will be counted as 5 for a word.
Porterage is charged at the rate of 3d. per mile (reckoned from the Telegraph Office), if the telegram is for delivery beyond 3 miles from that Office (or beyond the town postal delivery). The sum paid for delivery is telegraphed to the delivering office, and if under calculated, the deficiency is charged on delivery, whilst any excess is refunded on application to the Secretary.
Telegrams bearing the words "by post," or "by train" (which must be paid for) after the address, are forwarded by post or train from the delivering office, a deposit of rs. being payable by sender to cover cost of conveyance.
Telegrams repeated at the request of the sender are charged at one half the ordinary tariff; fractions of one halfpenny being reckoned as a halfpenny. The money will, however, be refunded if it should turn out that the telegram has been inaccurately transmitted.
The cost of a reply, not exceeding 48 words in length, may be prepaid, and the reply may be
sent, from any Telegraph Office, at any time, within two months after the date of the original telegram. A reply form may be used for an original message.

Telegraph Offices are, as a rule, open from 8 a.m. ti" 8 p.m. on week days and Bank Holidays, and from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. on Sundays, but there are several in Loudon and provincial towns which are open continuously.

## FOREIGN TELEGRAMS.

Thz following are the rates from any part of the United Kingdom. Address of receiver must be paid for as well as that of sender, if transmitted.

Aden, 3s. 9 d . per word ; Antigua, 45. 4d. : Argentin 2 Republic, 4s.; Austria, 3d.; Azoras, 9d.; Bahamas, 2s. 5 d. ; Barbados, 4s. 9d. ; Belgium, 2d. ; Bermuda, 2s. 6d. ; Brazil, 3s. 6d. to6s. ; British Borneo-Labuan, 4 s . rod., other places, 5S. ; Burmah, 3s. rod. : California, 1s. 6d. : Canada, 15. to 3s. 11d. ; Cape Colony, 5s.; Ceylon, 3s. 9d.; China, 5s. 5 d . to 5 s .7 d . ; Cuba, 1 s .8 d . to 1 s . 1od.; Denmark, 3d. : Egypt, 1s. 7d. to 2s. 6d. ; France, 2d. ; Germany, 2d. ; Gibraltar, 3ıd.: Holland, 2d. : Hungary, 3d.; India, 3s. 8d.; Italy, 3d.': Jamaica, 3s.: Japan, 6s. 2d.; Labuan, 4s. ınd.: Madeira, 1s. 2d.; Mauritius, 5s. : Mexico, 1s. 6d. to 2 s . 7 d .; Natal, 4 s . ; New Brunswick, 1 s . Newfoundland, 1s.; New South Wales, 4s. gd. ; New York, 1 s. ; New Zealand, 5s. ; Norway, 3 d. : Nova Scotia, is.; Orange River Colony, 45.: Penang, 4s. 3 d . : Philippine Islands, 8s. 5 d . to 8s. rod. ; Portugal, 3d.; Queensland, 4s. ind. ; Northern Rhodesia, 4s. 5d.; Southern Rhodesia, 4s. 2d.: Russia, 5d. ; Singapore, 4s. 3d.: South At:stralia, 3s. sod.; Spain, 3td. ; St. Thomas, 5s. ; Sweden, $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} d . ; ~ S w i t z e r l a n d, ~ 3 d . ~: ~ T a s m a n i a, ~}$ 3 s . rod.: Transvaal, 4s.; Trinidad, 5s. 1d.; United States, is. to is. 8d. ; Vancouver's Island,' 1s. od.: Victoria, 4s. 8d. : Western Australid, 3s. rod. ; Zanzibar, 5s. ; Zululand, 4 s .

In European telegrains no word may exceed 15 letters; in extra European, ro letters.

## PRIVATE TELEGRAPH WIRES.

Private wires are fixed by the Post Office authotities between two or more places at the following rates per annum:-

In London, over house or under ground, per mile, $£ 5$; on the roads, $£ 4$. Double nire for Telephone lines, $\ell_{7}$ and $f 6$ respectively.

Other parts of the United Kingdom, over house or under ground, per mile, X $_{4}$; in the roads, E. $_{3}$. Double wire for Telephone line, 66 and $£ 5$ respectively.

Rental of Instruments, including maintenance and repairs :-

A B C, per set (commmnicator, indica-

> tor, and bell), if rented from thz department, per annum $f_{4} \quad 0$
Single Nesdle and Battery, per
$\qquad$
Pinter and Battery, per annum. ..... 100

Telephones per set (transmitter, reciiver, bell, and battery) ................

20

## TELEPHONE NOTES.

Telephone wires are supplied elsewhere than in London at the following annual rentals, including telephones:- not exceeding $\frac{1}{i}$ mile, $£ 8$; * mils, f9: 1 mile, foro.

Payments for Conversation.-Where Telcphone exchanges in diffarent towns are connected by Trunk lines, such lines may be used for a three-minute conversation by local subscribers and the general public on payment of the following chargas:-Between towns 25 miles apart 3d., 50 miles 6 d., 25 miles 9 d ., 100 miles 13 ., and 6 d . for every additional 40 miles or fraction.

The charge to the general public for conversation with Post Office Telephone subscribers in the same town is 3 d . for not more than three minutes' conversation.

Communication between London and Paris may be made at the G. P. O. West. (Bath Street), West Strand Office, and Thr adusedla Street P.O. The charge is 8 s . per conversation of three minutes. (Paris time is ten minutes in advance of London time.)

London Telephones.-The new system of talephonic wires in London, the laying of which has for months past caused such general inconvenience, is not yet in a sufficiently advanced state to permit any definite information concerning rates, \&c. to be given, but there is little doubt that those at present in vogue will be very much reduced, and the telephone will practically be brought within the reach of every householder.

## FORMS OF ADDRESS.

Kingor Queen:-To His (or Her) Most Gracious Majesty. May it please your Majesty.

Royal Family.-To His (or Her) Royal Highness Prince (or Princess). May it please your Royal Highness.

Royal Duke or Duchess.-To His (or Her) Royal Highness the Duke or Duchess of -. Your Royal Highness.

Duke.-To His Grace the Duke of ——. My Lord Duke.

Duchess.-To Her Grace the Duchess of -. Your Grace. A Duke's daughter is addressed as "Lady -," and if married to a commoner, retains her title. The eldest son of a Duke takes his father's second title, and is addressed as a Marquis or Earl. His younger sons are styled "Lord," and the wife takes the title of "Lady."

Mazouis. - To the Most Honourable the Ma:-
quis of, or The Marquis of —. My Lord Marquis.

Marchioness.-To the Most Honourable the Marchioness of, or The Marchioness of -. Madam, or My Lady. The eldest son of a Marquis takes his father's second title, and is addressed as if he were an Earl or Viscount.

Earl or Count.-To (the Right Hon.) the Earl of - (or Count). My Lord. The eldest son of an Earl takies his father's second titie, and is addressed as if he were a Viscount or Barcn.

Visconnt or Baron.-To (the Rigint Hon.) the Lord Viscount, or The Lord -. My Lord. Sons of a Viscount or Baron are styled "The Honourable." The daughters are styled " Honourable," and if married to a commoner, are still
 Baronet or Knight, "The Hon. Lady

Barouet or Kuight.-To Sir (and. the first Cbristian name). Sir (and the Christian name). The wife takes the title of "Lady," and is personally addressed as "Your Ladyship."
Lord Mfayor.-To the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor of -. My Lord Mayor. His wife is styled "Lady Mayoress," and is personally addressed as "Your Ladyship." The Chief Magistrates of London, Birminghain, Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Sheffield, York, Belfast, Dublin, and Cork are alone entitled to be addressed as "Lord Mayor." The Lord Mayors of London and York are the only two entitled to the prefix "Right Hon."
Mayor. -The Worshipful the Mayor of -. Sir.
Lord Chief 7 ustice. - To the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice. My Lord.
fudges.-To the Hon. Mr. Justice -. On
the Bench a, Judge is by courtesy addressed as "My Lord."

Ambassador.-To His Excellency the Right Honourable -; or His Excellency the Ambassador for —. My Lord.

Archbishop.-The Rt. Hon. and Most Rev. the Lord Archbishop of $\longrightarrow$. My Lord Archbishop. Your Grace. The title "Right Hon." is only used for members of Her Majesty's Pivy Council.

Bishop.-The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of ——. My Lord.

Dean.-The Very Reverend the Dean of Sir.

Archldcacon.-The Ven. Archdeacon -. Sir.
Clergy.-The Revd. (with Christian and Surname). Sir.

Cardinal.-His Eminence Cardinal -, or if also an Archbishop, His Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of -.

## ABBREVIATIONS, \&c., IN COMMON USE.

A . First class (Lloyd's).
A.M. (Ante Meridiem) Before noon.
A. Associate-A.C.A., of Chartered Accountants : A.K.C., of King's Coll., London ; A.R.A., of the Royal Academy; A.R.A.M., of the Roy. Acad. of Music; A.R.I.B.A., of the Roy. Institute of Brt. Architects.
B. Bachelor-B.C.L., of Civil Law; B.D., of Divinity ; LL.B. or B.LL., of Laws.
B.A. Bachelor of Arts.

Bart. or Bt. Baronet
B.C. Before Christ.
B.V.M. Blessed Virgin Mary.
C.A. Chartered Accountant.
C.B. Companion of the Bath.
C.C. County Councillor.
C.E. Civil Engineer.
C.E.T.S. Church of England Temperance Society.
C.I.E. Companion of the Order of the Ind. Empire.
C.M.G. Companion of St. Michael and St. George.
C.S.I. Companion of the Star of India.
C.T.C. Cyclists' Touring Club.

Cwt. Hundredweight.
D. Doctor-D.C.L., of Civil Law; D.D., of Divinity; D.D.S., of Dental Surgery.
D.S.O. Distinguished Service Order.
D.V. (Dco Volente) God willing.
E.C.U. English Church Union.
E.g. (Exempli gratin) For example.
F. Fellow-F.A.I., of Auctioneer's Institute, F.C.A., of Chartered Accountants: F.S.A., of the Society of Antiquaries; F.R.S.S., of the Royal Statistical Society ; F.R.G.S., of the Royal Geographical Society: F.G.S., of the Geological Society: F.R.H.S., of the Royal Horticultural Society : F.L.S., of the Linnxan Society ; F.P.S., of the Philological Society ; F.R.A.S., of the Royal Astronomical Society ; F.R.S., of the Royal Society ; F.R.C.S., of the Koyal College of Surgeons; F.R.M.S., of the Royal Microscopical Society; F.R.Met.S., of the Royal Meteorological Society ; F.I.A., of the Institute of Actuaries.
F.F.A., Faculty of Actuaries (in Scotland).
G.C.B. Grand Cross of the Bath.
G.C.M.G. Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.
G.C.S.I., Grand Commander of the Star of India ; G.C.I.E., of the Indian Empire; G.C.V.O., of the Victorian Order.
G.F.S. Girls' Friendly Society.
G.P.O. General Post Office.
H.R.H. His (or Her) Royal Highness.
I.e. (ld est) That is.

Incog. (Incognito) In secret.
J.P. Justice of the Peace.
K. Knight-K.G., of the Garter ; K.T., of the Thistle: K.P., of St. Patrick.
K.C. King's Counsel.
K.C.B., Knight Commander of the Bath : K.C.I.E., of the Indian Empire ; K.C.M.G., of St. Michael and St. George ; K.C.S.I., of the
Star of India; K.C.V.O., of the Victorian Order.
L.A.C. Licentiate of the Apothecarizs' Co.: London Athletic Club.
\& th. (Libra) Pounds.
L.C.C. London County Council.

LL.B. Bachelor of Laws.
LL.D. Doctor of Laws.
M.A. Master of Arts.
M.B. Bachelor of Medicine.
M.D. Doctor of Medicine.

Mus. B. Bachelor of Music.
Mus. D. Doctor of Music.
M.C.C. Marylebone Cricket Club.
M.F.H. Master of Foxhounds.
M.R.C.P. Member of the Royal College of Physicians or Preceptors.
M.R.C.S. Member of the Roy. Coll, of Surgeons.

MSS. Manuscripts.
Nem. con. (Nemine contradicente) No one
P.M. (Post Meridiem) Afternoon. [objecting. P.O. Post Office.
P.O.O. Post Office Order.
P.P.C. (Pour prendre conge) To take leave.
P.R.A. President of the Royal Academy.

Prox. (Proximo) Next.
P.R.S. President of the Royal Society.
P.S. (Postscriptum) Postscript.
Q.e. (Quod est) Which is.
Q.E.D. (Quod erat demonstrandum) Which was to be demonstrated.
R.A.C. Royal Agricultural College.
R.A.M. Royal Academy of Music.
R.I.P. (Requiescat in pace) May he rest in peace. R.M. Royal Mail. R.N. Royal Nary.
R.S.V.P. (Repondez, s'ilvousplait) Ple-se reply. Signs: £ Pound sterling, \$ Dollar, th. Pound weight, 3 Ounce, 3 Drachm, ${ }^{\circ}$, Scruple, $m$ Minim, B. Recipe or "Take," + Plus (more', - Minus (less', $\times$ Multiply by, $=$ Equal to, $\div$ Divide by.
S.P.C.K. Soc. for Promot. Christian Knowledge.
S.P.G. Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

## RATES, TAXES, LICENCES, S'TAMP DUTIES, etc.

Affidavits.-An Affidavit or Statutory Declaration must be stamped with a half-crown stamp.
Except such as are to be used in any court or required by any Board of Kevenue, or by law and made before any Justice of the Peace, or required at the Bank of Eng. or Ire. to prove the death of any proprietor, or for the transfer of stock, \&c., or as to the loss, \&.c., of any bank note or bank post bill, or declaration required in order to a marriage without licence, or Declaration forming part of an application for a patent

Agreements or Contracts.-If under hand only of the value of $\mathcal{L}_{5}$ or more and not otherwise charged, the duty is sixpence which may be affixed by an adhesive stamp.
Agreements under $£ 5$ or for hire of laborers or manual servants or for sale of goods, \&c., or between master and men of a ship for wages need not be stamped.

Appointment of a New Trustee by any instrument except a Will, ios.

Appraisement or Valuation. - $£_{5}-3 d$. ; $£ 10-$ $6 d$. ; and for every $£$ io up to $\mathbb{C}_{50-6 d . ;}$ above
 15s.; above $£_{500-20 s . ~}^{\text {S }}$

Apprentices' Indentures.- To be binding, these must be in proper legal form stamped with a half-crown stamp-an ordinary form of agreement will not suffice. The length of term, premium to be 'paid, remuneration to apprentice, \&cc., vary with the nature of the trade and the will of the parties. A statute of Queen Elizabeth fixed the term of apprenticeship at 7 years, and though this was repealed in 1814 that period is still regarded as the most satisfactory. An indenture is usually determined by the death of the master. In London, if bound to a member of one of the great City Companies, the apprentice is entitled to take up the "freedom of the City" at the expiration of the seven years on payment of a small sum.

Armorial Bearings, 215.; on carriage, 425. The term "Armorial bearings" includes any crest, coat of arms, or ensign, whether registered at the College of Arms or not, and whether used on plate, jewellery, paper or otherwise, but a licence to use on a carriage includes use in any cther manner. Licences expire Dec. 31.
Armorial bearings used solely as Trade Marks or for Trade purposes or by any Corporation or Public Company in their Corporate capacity are exempt.

## Attorney, Letter or Power of-

For appointing Proxy at any single meeting, or adjournment thereof, $\mathbf{I} d$.

For receiving Wages or Prize Money, 15 .
For the sale, transfer or acceptance of Government Stock, where the nominal value does not exceed $£$ roo-2s. $6 \%$. Any other kind, ros.

## Bills of Exchange-

A Bill of Exchange payable on demand, at a period not exceeding three days after date, on sight or on presentation, id.

A Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note of any other kind negotiated in the U. K. :

And for every $£ 100$, or any fractional part of $\mathrm{Lro}^{10}$ is.

Bills of Exchange drawn out of the United Kingdom, when negotiated here, exceeding $£_{50}$ and not exceeding $£ 100,6 d$. ; exceeding $£ 100$, 6d. for every $£ 100$ or part thereof.

A Bill of Exchange is an unconditional written order given for a consideration by one party (the drawer) upon another (the drawee). Such a document is of no commercial value till it is "accepted," and the acceptor then becomes
primarily responsible for payment, the drawer only secondarily so, provided that if not paid at maturity the document is immediately " noted" in the proper manner. Before it call be paid, the Bill must be "endorsed" or signed across the back by the drawer. The customary form of acceptance for Form No. I would be ", accepted, payable at (such and such) a bank," and the acceptor's signature.

The person to whom a Bill is payable may assign it to another by writing above his signature the words "pay to the order of" so and so.
Instead of " one month after date," or " ninety days after date," any other period may be stated, or the Bill may be made payable at so many days or months "after sight" ii.e., after being presented for acceptance); or, again, immediately on presentation, by the substitution of the words "at sight."
A Promissory Note does not require to be " accepted," but must be endorsed by the payee before value can be received.

Three days' "grace" are allowed after the date when a Bill becomes due, but thie does not apply to Bills payable at sight. In foreign countries the number of days of grace varies.
Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes due on any bank holiday are payable the day following ; those due on Good Friday, Christmas Day, or on a Sunday are payable the day previous.
The following are ordinary forms of Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes:-


Bonds.-A Bond, Covenant, or Instrument, which is the principal security for any sum or sums of money at . stated periods for a definite period, is liable to an ad valorem duty for the whole sum (see Mortgage).
If it is for life or other indefinite period. for every $£_{5}$ or part of $\chi_{5}$ of sum periodically payable, 25.6 d .

In the case of any superannuation annuity: for every $\notin 5$ or part of $£ 5$ of the annuity or sum periodically payable, $6 d$.
Bonds, by Acts of Parliament or by Customs or Inland Revenue, where penalty does not exceed $£^{150}$, duty as in Mortgage. In any other case, 5 s.

A'Bond on obtaining Letters of Administration in England or Ireland, or a confirmation of testament in Scotland, 55.
Carriage Tax. -The duty on carriages of all kinds (except Hackney Carriages) with 4 or more whecls drawn or fitted to be drawn by 2 or more horses or mules or propelled by mechanical power is 425 .; if by one horse or mule only, 21s. : with less than 4 wheels, 155 .; Hackney Carriages, 1 g. Only half the amount is charged if the licence is taken out after Oct. ist in any year, but all licences expire on Dec. 3 I. On Motor Cats, in addition to the Cearriage Tax a further dyy
is payable as follows: Weight, without water, fuel or accumulator, from 1 to 2 tons, 425 . above 2 tons, $£_{3} 35$. (See also under Armorial Bearings and Servants.)
Carriages, Carts, Waggons, \&c., used solely for conveyance of goods for Trade purposes are exempt if the name. \&c., of owner are legibly painted on them.

Contract Note, advising sale or purchase of Stock of the value of $£ 5$ and under $£ 100-1 d$.; froo or upwards, is.
A note advising sale or purchase of more than one description of Stock will be deemed to be as many notes as there are descriptions of Stock.

Conveyances.-A Conveyance or transfer, whether on sale or otherwise, of Bank of Eng. land Stock, is liable to a duty of $7^{s .}$. $d$. : of Canadian Stock, inscribed in books kept in the United Kingdom, and Colonial Stock registered under the Colonial Stock Act, 1877, of 2s. 6d. for every $£_{100}$ or fraction of $£$ roo.

Conveyance or transfer on sale of any property (except such Stock as aforesaid), where the purchaseor consideration money is not above f5-6d.

For every additional $\ell_{5}$, up to $\mathscr{C}_{25}-6 d$. ; for every $£_{25}$, up to $£_{300-2 S}$. $6 d$; for every additional $\chi_{50-55 .}$

Of any other kind, ros.
See also under Securities.
Dog Tax.-The duty on any dog of the age of six months, no matter of what description, in England, Wales and Scotland, is 7s. 6d. Dogs under six months are not liable, but a licence must be taken out as soon as they attain that age. Dog licences are issued at all Money Order Offices and expire on Dec. 31 st . The penalty for keeping a dog without a licence is $£ 5$. In Ireland the licence duty for each dog is 25 . ; the certificate of registration bears a sixpenny Petty Sessions stamp, but one stamp suffices for each licence which may include several dogs.
Dogs kept and used solely by blind persons are exempt. and farmers and shepherds may obtain exemption for 2 or more dogs kept solely for guarding sheep, on making the necessary declaration.

Estate Duty.-This duty is payable upon the principal value of all property, real or personal, settled or not settled, which passes on a death. In estimating the value of the estate for duty, the funeral expenses and all outstanding debts and liabilities should first be deducted. The following are the rates of Duty : $-£ 100$ to $£ 500$, i per cent. ; $£_{500}$ to $£_{1,000,2}$ per cent.: $£_{1,000}$ to $£_{10,000,}$ 3 per cent. ; $X 10,000$ to $\not \subset 25,000,4$ per cent.;
 £75,000, 5 per cent. ; $£ 75,000$ to $£ 100,000,5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; $t$ rom,000 to $\mathcal{L} 150,000,6$ per cent. ; £ 150,000 to $£ 250,000$, $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; $£ 250,000$ to $£_{500,000,} 7$ per cent. : $£ 500,000$ to $\notin 1,000,000$, $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; above $61,000,000,8$ per cent.
In addition to the above, where property liable to Estate Duty is settled by the will of the deceased, or having been settled on or after Aug. ist, 1874, by some other disposition passes under that disposition on the death of the deceased to some person not competent to dispose thereof, a further duty called Settlement Estate Duty is payable at the rate of $£^{\prime}$ per cent. on the settled property, but from that payment the ad valorem stamp duty charged on the settlement may be deducted.
But where the net value of the property, real and personal, does not exceed $£_{1,000}$, Estate Duty only is payable, and the property is exempt from Settlement Estate Duty, and from Legacy or Succession Duties.
Small estates up to $£ 360$ and $£ 500$ gross, are charged with fixed duties of 305 . and 505 ., and are exempt from al! other death duties.

Interest at 3 per cent. per annum is also payable on the Estate Duty from the date of the death down to the date of the delivery of the affidavit, or the expiration of six months after the death, whichever first happens.

The duty at the rate of 1 per cent. payable under the Acts relating to Legacy or Succession Duties, and the additional Succession I)uties imposed by Sec. 21 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1888, are not leviable in respect of property chargeable with Estate Duty in cases where the deceased died on or after Aug. 1st, 1804.
The Fstate Duty on real property may l : paid, if desired, by eight yearly or sixteen halfyearly instalments, with interest at 3 per cent. per annum, but arrears of Fistate Duty are chargeable with interest at 4 per cent. per annum.

In small estates, where the gross value does not exceed $\{300$, probate and letters of administration may be obtained through an Inland Revenue Officer.
Game and Camekoepers' Licences.-No one may use a gun without a proper licence. To carry a gun or firearm of any description the licence costs iof. and expires July 3i. An annual licence for killing game, expiring July 31 , costs $\mathfrak{C}_{3}$; for 14 days only, zos. A short period licence from Aug. 1 to Oct. 31, or from Nov. 1 to July 31, costs $£^{2}$. A gamek ceper's licence costs $\notin 2$, and anyone having the right to kill game in England or Scotland can take an annual licence out for any assessed servant to act as a gamekeeper for the same sum. Such licences expire July 3 1.
In Ireland the licence for a gamekeeper acting under a deputation registered with supervisor for a whole year costs $\mathfrak{£ 3}$ : from Aug. I to Oct. 3r, or Nov. i to July 31, £2.
Persons holding game licences, soldiers, sailors and volunteers, when using or carrying a gun in the execution of their duty, or when engaged in target practice, need not have a gun licence, $33 \& 34$ Vict. c. 57 , sec. 7. sub-section 1 .

In England the word " game" includes pheasants, partridges, grouse, black, heath or moor game, bustards and hares, but muners may kill hares without a licence. The penalty for killing game or using a gun without licence is $£ 20$. Shooting game on a Sunday is also illegal.

General Bate.-This rate is one for meeting various items of expenditure, such as paving, lighting, cleansing, \&c. In counties it goes by the name of The County Rate, in the Metropolis it is called The Consolidated Rate, and in a few Parishes and in all Boroughs The General District Rate. It sometimes includes the School Board Rate. It is based on the same assessment as that used for the Poor Rate, and varies according to circumstances. As a rule it is payable quarterly (half-yearly in Boroughs).

The General Rate covers the expenses of watching, street lighting, repair and watering of streets and sewers, and the expenses of the Health Department and Hospitals.
Improvement Rate. - This provides for repay. ment of expenses of street improvements, quays, \&c. the General District Rate is mainly for parks; the City Rate is applied to meet deficiencies in the City Fund for Criminal Prosecutions, salaries of officials, cost of markets, baths and washhouses, weights and measures, registration expenses, fire brigade, \&c.

It may be well here to say that the remarks in these columns concerning Rates can only be taken generally: the whole system of making and collecting Rates differs materially in different parts of the kingdom and ro definite rule can be stated in regard to them.

Inhabited House Duty. - This is payable anm:
ally in January. The rate of duty is fixed by the Commissioners quinquennially on the full estimated annual value of all houses of the rental value of $£ 20$ or more, less local rates. The quinquennial assessment of 1900 is at present in force for the metropolis, the present rate of duty being as follows:-On inhabited houses the annual value of which exceeds f 20 but does not exceed $\AA_{40}$, if used for the sale of goods, the shop or warehouse being on the ground floor; or for the retail of beer, wines or spirits ; or if occupied by any person carrying on the business of an hotel. keeper, inn-keeper, or coffee-house keeper, although not licensed to sell therein by retail, ale, wine, or other liquors; or is occupied by a tenant or farm servant for husbandry purposes only, for every 205 . of annual value, the sum of $2 d$. If not so used or occupied, $3 d$.
When the annual value exceeds $£_{40}$ but does not exceed $£ 60$, if used or occupied as above, $4 d$. If not so used or occupied, $6 d$.
When the annual value exceeds $£ 60$, if used or occupied as above, $6 d$. If not so used or occupied, $9 d$. Lodging houses, if registered, are subject to the reduced duty only. Artizans' dwellings (where the annual value of each dwelling does not amount to $£ 20$ ) are exempt.
Tenements, or parts of tenements, occupied solely for purposes of trade, or for purpose of any profession or calling, are exempt from duty (sea 44 Vict. c. 12, 5. 24).
Income Tax is collected under five Schedules. Schedule A is the landlord's tax, and is based on the rent or annual value of the property rated, less the statutory deduction for repairs.

These are as follows :-
r. Lands (inclusive of the farm house and other buildings, if any) one-eighth of the full annual value.
2. Houses or buildings (exclusive of farm houses or buildings assessed with lands) onesixth of the full annual value; but where a terant pays cost of repairs, the deduction is not to exceed such a sum-not being more than one-sixth of the annual value-as will reduce the net assessment to the actual amount of rent.
The tenant pays this tax, but, as is shown above, is entitled to deduct from the next payment to the Landlord for rent the whole annount, or such part of it as represents the actual annual rental. (See below.)
Schedule B is for incomes derived from the inse of land by farmers and others, and is based on the rent paid, the assessment being one-third of the rent or annual value, including Tithe Rent charge (if any).
Schedule C applies to incomes derived from Government dividends and annuities.
Schedule D is for trade and professional incomes, and those not included in any other Schedule. Under this Schedule the tax is payable annually on or before January ast, and is based, not on a person's actual income for the past year, but on an estimate of what it is likely to be for the coming year (or rather on the year ending April 5 th ensuing), such estimate being obtained by ascertaining the average of the three years ending April 5th immediately preceding that date (January ist) on which the person's accounts were made up to. The rate per $£$ varies according to th3 requirements of the Government, as indicated in the Annual Budget.
The Finance Act of 1897 enacts that where the total joint income of a husband and wife does not exceed $£ 500$, and they are engaged in separate businesses. if the income of eack is under the limits within which abatements may be claimed, they shall pevertheless be entitled to claim same.

Persons who pay life assurance premiums are entitled to deduct the amount of annual premium from the estimated income to the extent of one-sixth of the income by filling up the space left on the official forms for the purpose. But should the income thereby be reduced below the above limits, such deduction will not entitle to total or partial exemption.
Schedule $E$ is for persons employed by public companies, corporations. \&c.
The rate of Income Tax for the present year is 15. 2d. in the $£$ under each Schedule. Relief is given in certain cases under Schedule $A$ to the extent of $\frac{1}{8}$ or $\frac{A}{a}$ of the assessment. Under Schedule B the tax is charged at the full rate on one third of the full annual value of the lands without any deduction.
Incomes not exceeding the following sums are entitled to the abatement named against each :--
Not exceeding $\chi_{4} 00$ an abatement of $£^{160}$; $£_{500}$ of $£ 150$ : $£ 600$ of $£ 120$; 6700 of $£ 70$.
The following shows amount payable on in. comes varying from $£^{200}$ to $£ 1000:-$


The Land Tax is payable under Schedule A of the Income Tax and is paid by tenant and deducted from rent. There is a fixed quota for each parish which, under the Finance Act, 18g6, is not to exceed one shilling in the $\mathcal{\chi}$.
Under the Finance Act of $\mathbf{8} 898$, owners of property whose incomes do not exceed 6 r6o are relieved of payment of land tax, while an allowance of half the tax is made to owners whose incomes exceed 6160 but do not exceed 6400 .
When land tax has been assessed, a certificate from the surveyor of taxes allowing total- exemption or abatement, as the case may ln, must be produced before the amount of the assessment has been paid.
The owner of any land may in any year redeem the Land Tax charged on such land by payment of a capital sum, equal to thirty times the sum assessed on such land by the assessment last made and signed, and such sum may be paid either in a single payment or by such annual instalments as may be agreed upon with the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum on so much of the capital sum as remains unpaid shall be payable with each instalment, and all the instalments remaining unpaid may be paid at any time.
Leases.-For a definite term under a year of any unfurnished dwelling the rent of which does not exceed the rate of Ero a year the stamp duty is $1 d$.; of any furnished dwelling, or apartwent, the rent of which exceeds $£ 25$ a year for such term, $\mathbf{2 s} .6 d$.

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3510 \\ & \text { yoors } \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Abore } \\ & \text { year. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Where the yearly rent does not exceed... 65 |  |  | S. ${ }^{\text {d. }}$ |  |
| exceedg. ${ }_{\text {, }}{ }_{10}^{5}$ | ${ }^{10}$ | 10 | 60 | 120 |
|  | 15 | 8 | ${ }^{9} 0$ | 18 |
| 15 | \%.5 ${ }^{20}$ | 2 | 12 | 24 |
| 202 | ${ }_{\square}^{\text {E }}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 6 \\ 5 & \\ 7\end{array}$ | 15 | 30 |
| $\because \quad 25$ | 끌 ${ }^{50}$ | 7 | 45 | 80 |
|  | 100 | 10 | . 60 | 180 |
| y add | ditional $f_{50}$ |  |  |  |

Legacy Duty.-Legacy Duty is payable on all legacies willed by a deceased person, on the following scale:-To children of the deceased, or their descendants, or to the father or mother or other lineal ancestor of the deceased, $£$ r per cent. : to brothers and sisters of the deceased, or their descendants, $£ 3$ per cent. ; to an uncle or aunt or their descendants, $\chi_{5}$ per cent. ; to a great-uncle or great-aunt, or their descendants, $£ 6$ per cent. ; to any person in any other degree of collateral consanguinity, or to a stranger in blood to the deceased, fro per cent. Legacy to a husband or wife is chargeable with Estate Duty, but not Legacy Duty. (See also Estate Duty.)
Limited Liability Companies.-The Capital of Companies with Limited Liability, otherwise than under the Companies Act, is liable to a stamp duty of 25 . for every 6 roo. Statement of capital is to be delivered to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue within one month after date of letters patent or passing of Act, under a penalty of 10 per cent. per month for every month after the first month.
Companias Limited by Shares äre liable upon the nominal capital, original or increased, to a duty of 55 per cent.
Lale Servants of any age require a licence which costs 15 s. and expires Dec. 31, but a person who is bona fide engaged to serve for part only of each day and does not reside in his employer's house is exempt.
Earketable Seourity.-(i) Marketable Security.
(a) A Colonial Governinent Security, or (b) a Security not transferable by delivery, or (c) a Security transferable by delivery. The same ad valorem duty as upon a mortgage.
(d) A Foreign Marketable Security issued abroad and interest payable there if assigned, transferred or nagotiated in the United Kingdom after 1st. Aug., 1899. For every $\mathcal{L}_{10}$ or part thereof, is.
(2) Transfer, Assignment, \&c., of a Marketable Security-

Upon a sale thereof, see Conveyance.
Upon a mortgage thereof, see Mortgage of Stock or Marketable Security.
In any other case, ros.
(3) Marketable Security (except a Colonial Government Security), transferable by delivery. For every $f$ io or part thereof, is.
(4) Marketable Security (except` a Colonial Government Security) as last aforesaid given in substitution for a like security duly stamped in conformity with the law in force at the time when it became subject to duty-

For every $f 20$ or part thereof, $0 d$.
Tortgage Bond, \&o. (except a marketable security):-
(x) Being the only or principal or primary security (other than an equitable mortgage) for the payuient or repayment of money -
Not excreding -

|  | ... | 60 |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ... | 0 | 0 | 8 | 200 | ... |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 1 | 3 | 250 | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |
| $100$ | ... |  |  |  | 300 |  |  |  | 7 |

 part of $f$ ion-2s. $6 d$.
(2) Being a collateral or auxiliary, or additional or substituted security (other than an equitable mortgage), or by way of further assurance for the above-mentioned purpose where the principal or primary security is duly stamped-
For every $£$ woo or part thereof, 6 d.
(3) Being an equitable mortgage-

For every $£ 103$ or fractional part, is.
(4) Transfer, Assignment, Disposition, or Assignation of any mortgage, bond, debenture, or covenant (except a marketable security), or of any
money or stock secured by any such instrument, or by any warrant of attorney to enter up judg. ment, or by any judgment -
For every troo or $^{\text {or }}$ part thereof iexclusive of interest which is not in arrear), 6 d.
(5) Re-conveyance, Release, Discharge, Surrender, Re-surrender, Warrant to Vacate, or Renunciation of any such security as aforesaid -
For every $£$ roo or part thereof, $6 d$.
Poor Rate.-This is an important rate, as the amount of assessment for Poor Rate is taken as a basis for all other local rates. A valuation list is prepared periodically by the Overseers, and, after publication, is sent to the Poor Law Guardians. After hearing any objections that may be made, they modify the list as they think fit and sign it. It is then taken as the basis for making various rates for the ensuing twelve months; taxpayers should therefore be particular to see that the amount of their assessment for this rate is correct. An important point to note is that where the tenant does the repairs,* one-sixth of the .Gross Rental is allowable for doing them, and this reduced amount is the amount on which the rate is payable. Notice is usually given of the rateable value, and not of the gross value, except in the quinquennial year, when the gross yalue is notified. This gross value is arrived at, in cases of leases, or where the tenant repairs and paje insurance, by adding a percentage according to the duration of the lease or agreement ; thus. say the rent is 660 , 10 per cent. would be added for a supposed lease $=\$ 65$, and one-sixth being deducted from this would give $£ 55$ a; the rateable value. The tenant seeing that this was less than the rent would be satisfied but should there be no lease, and should repairs be done by the tenant, the proper amount would be £6o less one-sixth $=£ 50$.

The proper time to object is bafore the assessment list has bsen signed by the Guardians; after that, the only appeal from their decision is to quarter sessions, or on structural alterations or new lettings.

Police or Watch Rate.-By the and and 3 rd Victoria for regulating the Police in the City of London, all premises in the City, whether occupied or otherwise, are liable for this rate. The amount payable is arranged on the basis of the Poor Rate Assessment; it varizs according to circumstances, but is usually $5 d$. in the $t$. Of this $2 d$. is payable for the first quarter, and Id. each for the other three quarters. In other places this rate is included in the Borough rate (Municipal Corporations Act, 1882), and the amount is collected with the Poor Rate.
Probate Duty Grant.-The probate duty grant to local authorities was replaced in 1894 by a grant out of the estate duty derived from personal property of a sum of one and a half per cent. on the net value of the property which would, but for the substitution of estate duty, have bsen chargeable with probate duty.

Railway Passengers' fares.-(Except fares not exceeding Id. per mile). Urban District traffic 2 per cent. ; other 5 per cent.

Receipts for the payment of $\mathbb{K}_{2}$ or upwards, id.
The Sohool Board Rate is levied upon the total rateable value (Poor Rate), and the amount varies according to the expenditure of the local School Board. In some places the School Board issue a precept on the Council for the

[^7]amoust they require, and the Council in turn issue a precept on the Overseers or Guardians who collect the School Board Rate with the Poor Rate.

Water Rate.-This varies very considerably both in amount and in basis in different localities. but is usually payable half-yearly at Lady Day and Michaelmas. One of the oldest London Companies is the New River Company, and the manner in which their charges are arranged may be taken in some measure as fairly representative of others.

By the Water Rate Definition Act (1885) the "Annual Value" is declared for the purposes of this Company within the Metropolitan area to be the rateable value of the premises as settled by the local authorities. If such value does not exceed $£ 200,4$ per cent. is charged for the water supply; if it exceeds $£ 200,3$ per cent. ; services more than 160 ft . above Trinity high water mark are charged i per cent. extra.

A further charge is made for baths and water closets as follows:--

If annual value exceeds-
$£ 30$ but not $£ 50,4 s$. for one w.c. or bath.


And for each additional w.c. or bath half the above rates.

Supplies for warming purposes, washing carriages, fountains, watering gardens, \&c., are not included, and are charged for extra ad val.

## TRADERS' EXCISE LICENCES.

Auctioneers' and House Agents', $\delta^{2}$, expire July 5 .

Appraisers', £10, expire July 5.
Bankers', $£ 30$.
Brewers-Brewers of Beer, 20s. (exp. Sept. 30). But if not for sale, and annual value of house not exceeding $£_{15-95}$. If not for sale, and annual value of house not exceeding $£ 10$, and for domestic use, 45 . Brewers (not for sale) in premises not exceeding $£ 8$ annual value are exempt.

Chemists' or others using a spirit still, ros.
Conveyancers', $f 6$ to f 9.
Distillers', Roctiflers', Compounders' or makers of Methylated Spirits, £ro ros., expire July 5.

Game Dealers', $£ 2$, expire July 1.
Hawkers', £2, expire Mar. 3 r.
Passenger Boats on which liquor or tobacco is sold, $£ 5$; one day only, $£ x$.

Pawnbrokers', C7 r $_{105}$., expire July 31.
Patent Medicine Makers' and Dealers', 5s., expire Sept. 1.

Plate Dealers', selling 2 ozs. of gold and 30 ozs. of silver and upwards, $£ 5155$. : under these weights, $£^{2}$ os., expire July 5 .

Playing Card Makera' and Sellers', £i, expire Sept. 1

Publicans' (Beer).-Sellers of Beer wholesale, not being brewers, $\mathscr{L}_{3} 6 \mathrm{~s}$. 1 d .

Do. (England and Ireland for an additional licence to retail not to be consumed on the premises, E 55.

Retailers of Cider, Beer, and Perry in U. K. to be consumed on the premises, 70s. Do. in England, not to be consumed on the premises, for 5 .

Retailers of Beer and Wine in U. K. to be consumed on the premises, $£ 4$.

Do. not to be consumed on the premises, $£ 3$.
Do. occasional licences for every day not exceeding 3 days at one time, 15 .

Six-day or early closing licences to retailers of intoxicating liquors for consumption on the premises are granted at 6-7ths, and six-day and early closing licences at $5-7$ ths of the foregoing rates.

Retailers of Beer, Cider, or Perry whose premises are rated under $\mathbb{X}$ ro per annum (Scotland!, \&2 rar.

Do. at £ro per annum or upwards, $£_{4} 45$.
Retailers of Table Beer, at a price not exceeding rdd. per quart, not to be drunk on the premises, 5 5.
Retailers of Beer, Spirits, Wine and Tobacco, for an occasiunal licence to sell the like articles at another place, for a time not exceeding six days, for each day (Magistrate's certificate required), 2s. 6 d .

Publicans' (Spirits).-Retailers of Spirits in the United Kingdom, except as hereafter men-tioned:-If the annual value of the dwelling-house is rated (expires Oct. 1o)-

for every additional $£$ roo or part therreof up to $£_{700}-\chi_{5}: £_{700}$ and upwards, $£^{6} 60$.

Such licence to include licence to retail beer, or wine and sweets. Hotels and Theatres of the value of 650 and upwards are liable to no higher licence duty than 620 . Restaurants, under certain conditions, aré liable to no higher licence duty than $£_{30} 30$

Dealora in Spirits-not retailers-\&io ros: additional for retailing in quantities not less than a reputed quart bottle, $\mathfrak{C} 3$ 3s. For retailing foreign liqueurs, $\ell^{2}$. 2 ., expire July 5 .
Retailers of Spirits (Grocers) whose premises are rated, per annum-

## Scotland.



## Ireland.



Refreshment Houmes under value of $£_{30}$ a year 105 . $6 d$. ; above $£ 30-215$.

## Solioitors'. fo.

Stage and Hackney Carriages.-Drivers and Conductors, and Watermen (London), 55.
(These Licences are issued by the Commissioners of Police.)
Swoet Retailers', 115 s., expire July 5. Dalers in, who sell two gallons or upwards. $£_{5} 55$.
Tobacoonists'-Manufacturers of Tobacco and Snuff, not exceeding 20,000 lbs., $£ 5$ 5s., expire July 5. For every additional 20000 lbs. up to ${ }_{100,000} \mathrm{lbs} ., £_{5} 5 \mathrm{~s}$. ; exceeding that, $£_{3} \mathrm{r}$ ras.
Beginners (and a surcharge on the quantity made), \& $_{5} 5$.

Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, 5s. 3d.
Vinegar Mrakers'.-Annual licence, $f_{1}$, expire July 5.

Wine Dealers', - Dealers in Foreign Wine, having licence to retail Beer, $\mathrm{L}_{2} 45 . \mathrm{xd}$. Having no licence, fro ros., expire July 5 .

Retailers of, with Beer. See Beer.
Ditto, to be consumed on the premises, $6_{3}$ 1os., expire March 3r. In England and Ireland, not to be consumed on the premises, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{ras}$.

## NOTES ON STAMPS AND STAMPING DEEDS.

Spoiled Etamps. - The hours of attendance for the allowance of spoiled stamps at Somerset House are from in to 3 on Monday, Tuesday, Wedne lay, Thursday, and Friday, and from 10 to 4 on Saturday.

The hours of attendance at Telegraph Street, Moorgate Street, for the allowance of sea policy and general Spoiled Stamps, are from in to 3 on Monday, Wednesday er.? $\dot{F}$ day.

Applications for allor ance must be made within two years from the time of spoiling unexecuted instruments.

Deeds Stamped aftor Execution.-Instruments executed in the United Kingdom can be stamped, as a general rule, on payment of the duty only, at any tume within 30 days after their first execution. There are exceptions as follows:-

Penalities:-
The Commissioners of Inland Revenue are empowered to mitigate or remit penalties payable in stamping.
INCOME TAX, 1870 to 1901 .

| Year. | Politics. | Rate. | Anount per penny in $ع$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1870 | L. | 4d. | 1,587,598 |
| 1871 | L. | 8d. | 1,654,277 |
| 1872 | L. | 4 d . | 1,741,088 |
| 1873 | L. | 3d. | 1,854,644 |
| 1874 | C. | 2d. | 1,945,260 |
| 1875 | c. | 2 d . | 1,978,084 |
| 1876 | c. | 3 d . | 1,904,770 |
| 1877 | C. | 3d. | 1,909,005 |
| 1878 | c. | 5 d . | 1,879,073 |
| 1879 | c. | Etd. | 1,848,664 |
| 1880 | L. | 6d. | 1,868,636. |
| 1881 | 2. | ${ }^{\text {b }}$. | 1,915,683 |
| 1882 | $L$ | $\mathrm{C}_{ \pm 1}$ | 1,962,871 |
| 1883 | $L$. | 5 d . | 2,016,785 |
| 1884 | L. | 6d. | 2,002,222 |
| 1885 | $\underline{L}$ | 8 d . | 1,980,395 |
| 1888 | $\underline{L}$ | 8d. | 1,985,440 |
| 1887 | c. | 7 d. | 1,092,690 |
| 1888 | c. | 6d. | 2,045,587 |
| 1889 | C. | 6 d. | 2,141,558 |
| 1880 | C. | 6 d . | 2,215,856 |
| 1891 | C. | 6 d . | 2,238,130 |
| 1882 | C. | 6 d . | 2,232,800 |
| 1888 | $\underline{L}$ | 7 d . | 2,191,000 |
| 1894 | 1. | 8 d . | 1,982.000 |
| 1896 | L. | 8 d . | 2,033,000 |
| 1896 | C. | 8 d . | 2,098,602 |
| 1897 | c. | 8d. | 2,188,000 |
| 1898 | C. | 8 d . | 2280,000 |
| 1890 | C. | 8 d . | - |
| 1900 | C. | '12d. | - |
| 1801 | C. | 14d. |  |

ABATEMENTS AND EXEMPTIONS.
In $1870-72, \notin 100$ exempt, $£ 200$ less $\not \subset 60$; : 373775 , $£ 100$ exempt, $£ 30^{-}$less $£ 80 ; 1876-93$, C150 exempt, $£ 400$ less $\not \subset 120:$ 1894-97, f160
 : ت九sp-1901, $£_{160}$ exempt, $£_{400}$ less $£_{1} 60 ; £_{500}$ dros $\mathcal{L} 50: \not \subset 600$ less $£ 120 ; \not \subset 700$ less $\not \subset 70$.

## BANK TRANSFER DAYS, \&c.

Transfer Days are Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Fri., Ir to 3. Instructions received 9.30 to 3 (after I, fee $2 s .6 d$.), also on Sat. between II and r, fee of 25.6 d . Transfers of Bank Stock are charged 95 . for sums of $£_{25}$ and under, and iz.. for sums over $£ 25$. Dividends are due on cates below, and payable ne.xt day from 9 to 4 ( $9: 0$ : on Sat.). When due date salis on Sunday or Bank Holiday, Dividends are payable on the next business day.

## Dividends due Jan. Ist and July ist.

Liverpool $\ell_{3}$ ros. and
$t 2$ ros.
New South Wales £4.
Queensland.
Birmingham.
Middlesex $£ 3$, County.
London $f 2$ ros.
Eastern Bengal 4 per cent.
Scinde Rail. Annuity.
New Zealand $£ 3$ ros.

## Dividends due Jan. 5th and July 5th.

Local Loans.
Terms of Years Ann.
Metropolitan $\ell_{3}$ Ior. $\not \subset 2$ ros. Annuities. Ł́2 155. Annuities(1905).

Hull $£ 3$ ros.
Metropolitan Police Debenture.
Swansea \& 3 ros. \& \& 3 .
Thames Conservancy.
South Indian Railway 4t per cent.
Egyptian Irrign. ©4.
Gt. Ind. Penin. Rail. $£_{4}$ ras.

Dividends due Feb.
Metropolitan 63 Wt and Aug. 1st.
Metropolitan 63.
Ramsgate £3.
Manchstr. K $_{3}$ Redmble.
Dividends due Mar. ist and Sept. ist.
N. S. Wales $£ 3$ ios. Wolverhainpton $£ 3$ ros. (r918).
Metropolitan $\npreceq 2$ ras.
Hampshire $£ 3$.
Chinese $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. London Cu. Con. Stk. t 2 rar.

## Dividends due April ist and Oct. ist.

East. Bengal Rail.Ann.
A. \& B.
N. S. Wales $\mathcal{L}_{3}$ (1935).

Liverpool t 3 ras.
N. S. Wales $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ros.

New Zealand K 3 $^{2}$ (1945).
East Ind. Rail.
Chinese 5 per cent.
Greek $f^{2}$ ros.
Birkenhead $\mathbb{L} 2155$. Huddersfield.

## Dividends due Apr. 5th and Oct. 5th.

 Local Loans. $£_{2} 15 \mathrm{~s}$. Consol Stock. Terms of years Ann. India $\not \subset 3$ 10s.: $£ 3$, alld Metropolitan $£ 3$ Ios.Bank Stock.
$\not \chi_{2}$ ras. Annuities.
\& 2 15s. Annuities (1905)

## Dividends due May ist and Nov. ist.

 New Zealand $64 . \quad \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Metropolitan } \not \subset 3 .\end{aligned}\right.$ Nottingham E3. $\quad$ Egyptian Unif. $£ 4$.
## Dividends due June ist and Dec. Ist.

 Matropolitan LU $_{2}$ ros. Lon. Co. Cons. Stock E2 10 .Feb. $4^{\text {th }}$ and Aug. $4^{\text {th }} \mid$ Apr. 15 th and Oct. 15 th. Red Sea and Ind. Tel. Egypt $£ 3$ ros. Pref.

Applications for Powers of Attorney must be lodged by hand at the Power of Attorney Office, between 9.30 and 4 ( 2 on Saturdays), or-if sale powers are required same day-before $12.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., or 2 with fee of $25.6 d$. (Saturdays 11 , or 12 with fee). Powers of Attorney will be ready after 2 p.m. (Saturday $x$ ) on the day following. Cost for Sale or Transfer, or Sale and Dividends, ins. $6 d$. ; for Sale of Government Stock, nom. amt. ; not exceeding fros $^{\prime}$, 45 .

## METRIC SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND.MEASURES.

The metric system is derived from a meacurement of the earth, the metre being the ten-millionth part of a meridian line drawn fmm the pole to the equator, and is equal to 80.570113 inches.

The metre-the standard of length-is represented by the distante manked in the Board of Trade Standards by two fine lines on an iridio-platinum standard bar, when at the temperature $0^{0}$ Centigrade. It is the only unit of metric masure of extension from which all other metric masures of extension, whether linear, superficial, or solid, are ascartained.

The kilogram-the standard of weight-is represented by the cylindrical iridio-platinum standard kilogram weight deposited with the Beard of Trade. It is the only unit of metric weight from which all other metric weights, and all measures having reference to metric weight, are ascertainad.

The litre-the standard of capacity-is represented by the capacity at $0^{\circ}$ Centigrade of the eylindrical brass measure dsposited with the Board of Trads. This litre at $0^{\circ}$ Centigrade, when full. contains one kilogram of distilled water at the temparature of $4^{\circ}$ Centigrade, under an atmospheric pressure equal to that represented by a column of mercury 760 millimetres high at $0^{\circ}$ Centigrade, at sea level, and at latitude $46^{\circ}$; the weighing being made in air, but reduced by calculation to a vacuum. It is the only unit of metric measure of capacity from which all other metric measures of capacity, as well for liquids as for dry gcods, are ascertained.


Metric to Imperial.

## Lizear Leasure.


1 Centimetre (idz m.) $=0.3987$ De"
1 Metre (m.) $\ldots . . . . . . . .=3=39-870118$-Inches.
1 Decametre ( 10 m .)... $=10 \cdot 036$ Yards.
1 Hectometre 100 m .) $=109 \cdot 36$
1 Kilometre ( 1000 m .) $={ }_{0.6231 \text {; M̈ile. }}$

## Square Teanure.

1 Sq. Centimetre ...... $=0.15500$ Sq. Inch
1 Sq. Decimetre $\left.{ }^{\text {Sq. }} \mathbf{1 0 0}\right\}=15 \cdot 500$ Sq. Inches.
1 Sq. Metre (100 Sq. $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Decimetres) }\end{array}\right\}=\left\{\begin{array}{c}10 \cdot 7639 \text { Sq. Feet. } \\ 1 \cdot 1960 \text { Sq. Yards. }\end{array}\right.$
1 Are ( 100 Sq . Matres $=119 \cdot 60 \quad, \quad$ "
$\left.\begin{array}{l}1 \text { Hectare ( } 100 \text { Ares or } \\ 110,000 \text { Sq. Metres) }\end{array}\right\}=2.4711$ Acres.
$110,000$ Sq. Metres) $\}=$

## Cubio Measure.

1 Cubic Centimetre ... $=0.0610$ Cubic Inch. 1 Cubic Decimetre) (c.d.) (1,000 Cubic $=61 \cdot 024$ Cubic Inches. Centimetres)
1 Cubic Metre $(1,000\}=\left\{35 \cdot 3148\right.$ Cubic ${ }^{-}$Feet. Cubic Decımetres) $\}=\left\{\begin{array}{r}1 \cdot 307954 \text { Cubic Yds. }\end{array}\right.$

## Measure of Capacity.

1 Centilitre ( $\frac{1}{1}$ L Litre) $=0.070$ Gill.
1 Decilitre ( ${ }_{10}^{2}$ Litre)... $=0.176$ Pint.
1 Litre $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .=1=1.75980$ Pints.
1 Dekalitre ( 10 Litres) $=2 \cdot 200$ Gallons.
1 Hectolitre $(100$ Litres) $=2.75$ Bushels.

## Weight.

|  | A |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.015 Grain. |
| 1 Centigram ( ${ }^{\frac{1}{0} \overline{0}} \mathrm{Grm}$.) $=$ | $0 \cdot 154$ |
| 1 Decigram ( $\frac{1}{10} \mathrm{Grm}$.) $=$ | 1-543 Grains. |
| 1 Gramme (1 Grm.) ... $=$ | 15.432 |
| 1 Dekagram (10 Grm.) | 5.644 Drams. |
| 1 Hectogram ( 100 Grm .) $=$ | $3 \cdot 527 \mathrm{Oz}$. |
| 1 Kilogram $(1,000\}=\{$ | $2 \cdot 2046223 \mathrm{Lb}$. or |
| 1 Myriagram ( 10 Kilog .) $=$ | 22.046 Lb . |
| 1 Quintal (100 Kilog.) | 1.968 Cwt. |
| 1 Tonne (1,000 Kilog.) $=$ | 0.9842 Ton. |
| $1 \text { Gramme (1 Grm.) ... } \because:$ | Troy. <br> 0.03215 Oz . Troy. <br> $15 \cdot 432$ Grains. |
| Gramme (1 Grm.) ... $=\{$ | Apothecaries. $0 \cdot 2572$ Drachm. $0 \cdot 7716$ Saruple. 15•432 Grains. |

Imperial to Metric. Linear Theasure.

| 1 Inch ............... | 25.400 Millimetres. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 Foot ............... | 0.30480 Metre. |
| 1 Yard ............... | 0.914399 Metre. |
| 1 Fathom........... | 1.8288 Metres. |
| 1 Pole | 5.0292 " |
| 1 Chain | $20 \cdot 1168$ |
| 1 Furlong | 201-168 |
| 1 Mile | 1.6003 Kilometres. |
| 8 | 6.4516 Sq. Centimetres. |
| 1 Sq. Inch | 6.4516 Sq. Centimetres. |
| 1 Sq. Foot ......... | 9. 2903 Sq. Decimetres. |
| 1 Sq. Yard ........ | 0.838126 Sq. Metre. |
| 1 Perch ............ | $25 \cdot 293$ Sq. Metres. |
| 1 Rood ............... | 10-117 Ares. |
| 1 Acre ............... | 0.40468 Hectare. |
| 1 Sq. Mile ......... | 250.00 Hectares. |

Cubic Measure.
1 Cubic Inch ...... $=16 \cdot 387$ Cubic Centimetre 1 Cubic Foot ...... $=0.028317$ Cubic Matre.
1 Cubic Yard ...... $=0.764553$ Cubic Mets $=$

| Measures | - |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gill | 1.42 Decilitres. |
| 1 Pint | 0.668 Litre. |
| 1 Quart | 1-136 Litres. |
| 1 Gallon | 4.5459631 Litres. |
| 1 Peck | 9.092 Litres. |
| 1 Bushel | 3.637 Dekalitres. |
| 1 Quarter........... $=$ | 2.009 Hectolitre |
| Apothecas | 睘easu |
| 1 Minim | 0.059 Millilitre |
| 1 Fluid Scruple | 1.184 Millilit |
| Fluid Drachm | $3 \cdot 552$ |
| 1 Fluid Ounce | $2 \cdot 84123$ Centi |
| 1 Pint | $0 \cdot 568$ Litre. |
| 1 Gallon | 4.6459631 Litres |

Avoirdupois Weight.

| 1 Grain | 0.0848 Gramme. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 Dram | 1•772 Grammes. |
| 1 Ounce ............ | 28.350 |
| 1 Pound ........... = | $0 \cdot 45359243$ Kilogram. |
| 1 Stone.. ............ | 6.350 Kilograms. |
| 1 Quarter ........ | $12 \cdot 70$ |
| Hundredw'ight $=\{$ | $50 \cdot 80$ |
|  | 0.5080 Quintal. |
| 1 Ton | 1.0160 Tonnes or 1016 Kilograms. |
| Troy | Weight. |
| 1 Grain. | 0.0848 Gramme. |
| 1 Pennyweight ... = | 1.5552 Grammes. |
| 1 Troy Ounce...... $=$ | 31-1085 " |
| Apotheos | ries Weight. |
| 1 Grain.............. $=$ | 0.0648 Gramme. |
| 1 Scruple...... ..... | 1-296 Grammes. |
| 1 Drachm ......... $=$ | 3.888. |
| 1 Ounce .... | 31-1035 " |

## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

## Measures of Capacity.



An Imperial Gallon of distilled water weighs ro lbs. Avoirdupois.

* In the North of England half a pint is called a gill and the true gill a "noggin."
A Sherry wineglass holds about 2 oz . ; a teacul) 3 oz . ; a tumbler $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint.


Hogshead of wine $=$ Half a pipe or butt (about 26 dozen).
Quarter cask do. $=\ddagger$ pipe or butt (about 13 dozen).
Octave do. $=\frac{1}{8}$ of a pipe or butt.
Port, pipe of...... $=115$ gallons ( 57 dozen'.
Sherry, butt of... $=108$ gallons ( 52 dozen).
A Hogshead of beer $=54$ galls. ; brandy $=$ 60 galls. ; French wine $=43$ to 46 galls. ; rum $=45$ to 50 galls. ; sugar $=13$ to 16 cwt .

## Avoirdupois Weight.


A grain is the same in all weights. + Butcher's stone Troy Weight.
(Seldom used except by assayers.)
$3^{\prime} 17$ Grains.....$=1$ Carat.
24 Grains $\ldots . . .=1$ Pennyweight (dwt.)
20 Pennyweights $=1$ Ounce ( 480 grains).
12 Ounces ...... $=$ I Pound ( 5760 do.).
too Pounds ...... $=$ I Hundredweight. ,
The standard for gold coin is 22 carats fine gold and 2 carats alloy; for silver, in oz. 2 dwts. silver and 18 dwts. alloy.

## AFothecaries' Weight (01d).

20 Grains ......... $=1$ Scruple, Э.
3. Scruples ...... $==$ I Drachm, $\dot{3}$ (6o grains).

Drachms ...... $=1$ Ounce, $\frac{3}{3}$ ( 480 grains).
12 Ounces......... $=$ I Pound, lb. (5760 grains).
Drugs are compounded by this weight.

Cubic Measure.
${ }_{1728}$ Cubic Inches $=1$ Cubic Foot.
27 Cubic Feet $=1$ Cubic Yard 4 of a Cubic Metre!
40 Cubic Feet unhewn timber, or 50 Feet Squared $=1$ Ton or Load. 108 Feet $=\mathbf{~}$ Stack.
600 Sq. Feet 1 in. plank, $4001 \neq \mathrm{in}$., or 300 $2 \mathrm{in},=1$ Load.

## Measures of Length,


$\qquad$ $=1$ Nail.
Inches $\ldots \ldots \ldots=1$ Palm.
4 Inches $\ldots \ldots \ldots . .= \pm$ Hand.
9 Inches.......... $=1$ Span.
12 Inches .......... $1=1$ Foot $\left({ }_{1}^{3}\right.$ of a metre).
18 Inches $\ldots \ldots \ldots=1$ Cubit.
3 Feet $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .=1$ Yard 36 inches!.
5 Feet $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .=$ I Pace. $\dagger$
6 Feet $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .1$ Fathom.
$5 \frac{1}{2}$ Yards ( 198 in.$\left.\right)=1$ Rod, pole, or pch.
4 Poles (roolks. $=1$ Chain 66 feet'.
10 Chns. (220 yds $=1$ Furlong.
8 Furlongs …... $=1$ Mile (i760 yds.). ${ }^{\circ}$ 3 Miles $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots=1$ League.
${ }^{1}{ }^{151}$ Miles $\ldots . . . . . .=1 \mathrm{Kn} \ddagger$. or Nau. mle.
$6)_{1}^{1}$ Miles (60Geog.) $= \pm$ Degree.
A military pace is 2 feet; an itinerary pace. 5 feet. The old Irish mile was $2,24 \circ$ yards, and the Scotch I,977 yards. : The Admiralty knot is 6,080 feet. imile $\mathrm{I}_{10} \frac{1}{6}$ kilometre.

## Square Measure.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 144 \text { Sq. Inches }=1 \text { Square Foot. } \\
& 9 \text { Sq. Feet... }=1 \text { Square Yard. } \\
& 30 \neq \text { Sq. Yards }=1 \text { Square Perch. } \\
& 40 \text { Perches... }=1 \text { Rood. } \\
& 4 \text { Roods...... }=1 \text { Acre (4.840 sq. yds.). } \\
& 640 \text { Acres ...... }=1 \text { Square Mile. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Land Measure.

627264 Sq. Inch... $=$ I Square Link.
625 Sq. Links $=$ I Rd., Pole, or Pch.
10,000 Sq. Links $=1$ Chain.
25,000 do. $=1$ Rood.
ro Sq. Chains $=1$ Acre.

## Angular Measure.



## Miscellaneous.

Bread, quartern loaf $=4 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Bricks, load of $=500$.
Butter, firkin of $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$; barrel, 224 lbs . Coals, Sack, 2 cwts. ; Small do., r cwt.
Coke, Sack = I cwt. (about 3 bushels).
, $\quad$ Chaldron $=12$ sacks ( 12 cwt.).
Corn, r bushel $=8$ gals.; 8 bush. $=\mathrm{r}$ quarter.
Flour, barrel, 196 lbs.; sack, 280 lbs.; peck or stone, 14 lbs .
Glass, Seam of $=120 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Hay, Old, load $=36$ trusses ( 18 cwts.).
$\ddot{0}$, truss $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Do. New, load $=36$ trses. ( r 9 cwts .32 lbs.$)$. H. $\quad$ truss $=60 \mathrm{lbs}$.

Hops, pocket of $=1 \frac{1}{2}-2 \mathrm{cwt}$.; bale abt. $5 \frac{1}{2} 2 \mathrm{wt}$.
Law papers, 90 words (Chancery) ; or $\varepsilon$ o(Ex-
chequer) ; or 72 (Common Law) $=1$ folio.
Paper, quire $=24$ sheets.
$\Rightarrow$ ream $=20$ quires.
Parchment, roll of $=60$ skins.
Potatoes, sack of $=168 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Raisins, box of $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$. ; barrel, 112 lbs .
Şoap, soft, firkin $=64 \mathrm{lbs}$. ; barrel, 256 lbs .

## Tiscellaneous.

Skins, a dicher is roskins, a last is 20 dichers.
Straw, load $=36$ trusses (ni cwts. 46 lbs.). truss of $=36 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Tea, chest of, Congou $=80$ to roo lbs.
Hyson $=60$ to 80 lbs .

Timber, a load of unhewn, 40 cubic feet.
Wool, a tod is 28 lbs .

## Commercial Table.

12 Articles $=1$ dozen or 13, a baker's dezen.
20 Articles $=1$ score.
144 Articles $=1$ gross.

## GREENGROCERS' MEASURES,

| Apples ......... 1 peck $=16$ lbs. | Damsons..$\ldots$... 1 peck $=16$ lbs. | Plums *.0.0. 1 peck $=12$ lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bans ......... 1 , $=9$, | Gooseberries 1 ", $=12$ | Potatoes ...... 1 " $=20$ " |
| , (French) $1 \quad \%=10$, | Onions ...... $1 \quad n=16$ | Turnips ...... 1 , 1616 |
| Cherries ...... 1 , 12 | Pears ......... 1 , 18.18 | - |

Apples and Pears are put up in bushels, sieves, or half sieves, the sieve being equal to a bus..el.
Asparagus.-A bundle contains from 50 to 153 heads.
Broccoli.-A crate, according to size, or by tally, if loose.
Cabbages and Lettuces.-A tally of five doz.
Carrots.-A bunch from 36 to 40
Celery.-A bundle, according to size, from 6 to ro heads.
Cherries, Currants and Gooseberries.Sieve equals about 48 lbs ., half 24 lbs ., quarter or pack about 12 lbs.
Grapes are put in $4-\mathrm{lb}$. to r2-lb. baskets. Spanish and Colonial in boxes at per box.
Greens.-A bunch as many as can be tied together by the roots.

Mushrooms.-A punnet holds about ilb.
Peachei, Nectarines, and Apricots.Baskets of 6 or 12 or 24.
Peas. - A sieve is equal to one bushel, contains rot imperial gallons, and is-174 inches in diameter at top and rit inches deep.
Potatoes, New, are generally put up into $2-\mathrm{lb}$. punnet baskets; Old, are sold by the bushel sack, or ton.
Radishes.-A hand from 12 to 30 in number, according to the season.
Rhubarb.-A bundle from 20 to 30 stems, according to size and season.
Strawberries are sold in boxes of punnets of varying size, generally holding i lb.; handled baskets, 4 to 6 lbs. ; pecks, 10 to 12 lbs.
TURNIPS.-A bunch from 20 to 25 .

## SIZES OF GARDEN FLOWER-POTS.



|  | Diameter. Depth |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sixes (6's) | .. $13 \mathrm{in}, . .12 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Fours (4's' | ... 16 ,, ... 13 , |
| Two's (a's) | ..... 18 "... 14 , |

## SEEDS TO SOW AN ACRE.

The following is necessarily approximate, the quantity will vary according to the nature of the soilt, and other conditions:-

Barley, 3 bushels.
Beans, 2 bushels.
Beet, 12 lbs.
Cabbage in drills, 6 lbs.
Canary, 3 pecks.
Carrot, 8 to 9 lbs.
Chicory, 8 lbs.
Clover, 14 to 16 lbs .
Gorse for Cover, 30 lbs .
Cutting, 50 lbs.
Kohi'Rabi, to transplant, ir lb. in drills, 4 lbs.

Lawn Grass, 35 lbs.
Lucerne, 20 lbs.
drilled, 15 lbs.
Lupine, 3 bushals.
Mustard, 20 lbs.
Oats, 4 bushels.
Parsnips, 8 to 9 lbs. Peas, 3 bushels. Potatoes, 24 bushels.
Rape, I gallon.
Rye, z bushels.
Rye Grass, 3 bushels.

Rye Grass and Clover, 1 peck
Grass, with 14 lbs. Clover.
Sanfoin, in husk, 5 bushels. milled, 56 lbs.
Sunflower, 8 Ibs.
Swedes, 4 lbs.
Tares, Spring, 2 to 21 bushels,
Winter, 21 bushels.
Trifolium, 24 lbs .
Turnips, 3 to 4 lbs.
Wheat, 2 bushels

## SEEDING POWER OF WEEDS.

The following shows the number of seeds in a single plant of the various weeds named. This exptaing the rapid growth of weeds when allowed to go to seed.


MANURES AND THEIR USE.

Name.
Bone dust $\qquad$
Gypsum
Nitrate of Soda (with Salt)
Peruvian Guano
Rape cake.
Salt
Soda
Sulphate of Ammonia (with Salt)
Superphosphate of Lime

Sultable for
Grasslands, turnips, and wurzel
Clover, potatoes, grass
Grain crops
kinds
Crops of all kinds
Wurzel, grain, \&c.
Grain, potatoes, turnips
Grain crops
Grain crops and turnips

# PROVINCIAL BANKING DIRECTORY 

## AND LIST OF

## MARKET AND EARLY-CLOSING DAYS, FAIRS, \&c.

N.B.-The Fairs mentioned in this list are those authorised by Original Charters. Acts of Parlia ment, Orders in Council, \&c. Unofficial Fairs are not included. No trouble has been spared tin make the list reliable, but it has been found in practice that the owners of many of the Fair right, change the datcs from year to year without authority, and in other cases authorised Fairs are not may aristefrom inaccuracy, but will be gratd themselves respunsible for loss or inconvenience wihich Abbreviations Used.
Special Days, ©sc.-Whit., Whitsuntide; Eas., Easter; Midsummer. Months-Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr., May, Xu, Christmas ; Mich., Michaelmas ; Mid., b., bacon: bu., butter; c., cattle : ch., cheese : co., corn; hu., Jy., Aug., Sep., Oct., Nov., Dec. pl., pleasure ; sh., sheep; w., wool ; witr., winter ; smr,, summer. The figures and letters in parenthesis after name of town indicate Day and Hour, and Population in thousands (census 1891). The figures in heavier type at the end of each paragraph 116, and to the list of Head offices of Country Banks the names of all Bankers or branches of Banks carrying on busint thus enabling the reader to ascertain

## ENGLAND.

## BEDFORDSEIRE

Ampthill (Th.: T.4: pop. 2), $\mathrm{May}_{\text {(27.) }} 4$, Sep. 29, Nov. 30 (c). (27.)

Bedford (S.: Th. 2: pop. 35), IT. Lent, Apr. 2x, 1 T. JY:
 Dec. 19. (196, 91, 881, 94.)
Biggleswade (W::Th. 4 : opo 5). Feb. 14, Low S. (c), Whit M., Nov. 8 (c). (84.)

Dunstable ( $W$. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), ${ }^{2}$ Wed. May, Aug. \& Nov., ${ }^{\text {\& }}$ Ash Wed. (87, 91.$)$
Elstow, May 15, Nov. 5.
Harrold, Tu. b. May ${ }_{3}$, \& b. Jy. 6 \& Oct. 1 I.
Leighton Buzzard (T.S.: Th. 4 : pop. 6), Feb. 5, 2 T. Apr., Whit T., Jy. 26, Oct. 24, I T. af. Dec. ro. (27, 91.)
Luton (M. © S. : W. 1 : pop. 36), Sep. 24, 3 M. Apr., 3 M. Oct. (94, 91, 27.)
Markyate St., 4 F. af. i M. Sep. Potton, 3 T. af. Jan. x2, East. M., $\mathfrak{I}$ T. Jy., i 1 T. bef. Oct. 29.
Shefford (F.: W. 2: pop. ェ) Oct. 1x.
Toddington (S.: W. pop. 2), Apr; 25, Nov. 2, 1 M. Ju. (27,)
Woburn (F.: Th. 4:Pop. I), Ja n. I, Mar. 23, Jy. 13, Oct. 6 (c).
( 91. )

## BERRSHIRE.

Abingdon (M.: Th. 4: pop. 6). ${ }^{\mathrm{J}}$ M. Lent, May 6, Jup. 20, Sep. 19 (la), Dec. iI (la), Aug. 5, M. b. Oct. 11, i M. Jy. (w). (91, 879, 278.)
Blewbury, Th af. Sep. 29(pl).
Eracknell (Th.: W. 2 : pop 2), Apr. 25, Aug. 22, Oct. ${ }^{2}$ I. ( 423,86 .)
Didcot, $\mathbf{~ T}$. Jy. (w).

 2f. Mich., Oct. 29.' (86.)

Hungerford ( $W$.: Th. 3: pop. 3), last W. Apr. (cows', Aug. ${ }^{17}$ (sh), W. b. \& ar. Oct. 11, last S. Ju. (w). (84, 91.)

Lambourn (F.: pop. 2), Oct. 2, Dec. 4.
Newbury (Th.: W. 2: pop. ${ }^{20}$ ), Holy Th., Jy. 5 , Sep. 4, Th. af. Oct. II. ( 34,1 , 1. .)
Reading ( $E v_{.}$d. : $M f$. (c): W. 2 : pop. 72), Feb. 2, May ${ }^{1}$, Jyi ${ }^{25}$. Sep. 21. ( $34,488,01$, i1i., 86. .)
Wallingford (F.: W. 4: pop. 3), Sep. 29. (305, 91.)
Wantage, Mar. i, May i, is.af. Oct. 11. (91.)
Windsor. (91, $110,466$.

## BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

Amersham ( . : : Th. 4: pop. 3), $^{\text {3 }}$ Whit. M., Sep. 19 (c). (34.) Aylesbury (W. © $S_{:}: T h .1$ : pop. 9), Jan. 23, S. b. Pm. Sn., 2 S. May, 3 S. Ju., 2 W. Jy. (w), i S. Aug. (rams), 4 S. Sep., ${ }_{2}$ S. Oct., ${ }^{2} \mathbf{W}$. Dec. (c). (222, 91, 288, 236, 186.)

Beaconsfield (W. 3 : p:p. 2), Feb. 13, May io.
Buckingham (M. S.: Th. 4: pop. 3), Mar. 7, May 6, Whit. Th., Sep. 4, July 10 (w), Nov. 8, Oct. 2, S. af. Oct. II (c, hi), Jan. 28. (197, 222, 91.)
Chesham ( $W_{:}$: Th. $2:$ pop. 7 ), ${ }^{\text {Apr. }}{ }^{2 x}$, Jy. ${ }^{22}$, Sep. ${ }^{28,}$ 2 W. Nov. (288, 282, 186.)
Gt. Marlow, last 3 days Oct. (86.)

Ivinghoe (S.: W. 3: pop. 2), May 6, Oct. 17.
Newport Pagnell (W.: Th. 2: pop. 4', Ju. 22, Aug. 23 , Dec. 22. (27.)

Olney (Th.: W. 4: pop. 2), Ju. 29, Eas. M, Oct. 13. (381.)
Princes Risborough (Th.: W. 4: pop. 2), May 6.

Wendover (M.: W. 4: Pop. $z^{\prime}$, May 12, Oct. 2. (222.)
Winslow (x 3 W. $\mathrm{W}: \mathrm{Th}_{4}$ : pop. 2), Wed. b. \& af Oct. ${ }_{11}{ }^{1}{ }^{2}{ }^{8}{ }^{3}$ W. in each month. (197\%, 288.)
Woburn (M. \& Fi:: W. 4: pot. 3), May 4, Nov. 12.

## CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

Cambridge (M. \&o S.: Th. 2 (votr.) 5 : pop. ${ }^{38}$ ), Ju. 24 , Sep. 25 (c). (87, 870, 91, 8.)

Chatteris (F.: W. 4: pop. 5', last F. Apr. F. b. Oct. 1г (87, 187.)
Ely (Th.: Th. 4: pop. 8), last Th., F., S. May \& Oct. ; when day falls on Ascension Day on ${ }^{x}$ Th. and two following days in June. (270, 87.)
March ( $W_{\text {i, }} F_{\text {F }} \mathcal{E}^{\prime}$ S.: T. 1 : pop. 7), M. b. Whit Sn., 3 T. Oct. (87, 127.)
Newmarket (T. E S.: Th. 2 : pot 4), Nov. 8, Whit $T$. (870, 298, 828.)
Royston ( $W_{.}: T h .4$ : pop. $2^{\prime}$,
 (87, 870.)
Thorney ( $2: T .{ }^{2}:$ pop. $2^{\prime}$, Jy. I, Sep. $2 x$ ( ${ }^{\mathrm{h}}$.
Whittesea (F.: Th. ${ }^{2}$; pop. 4), Ju. 13 (h). (87, 127.)
Wisbeach (Th. © S.: W. 1 : pop. 9), ${ }^{2}$ Th. May (h \& c), Jy. 25 (h), Aug. 12 (c), 3 W. Sep. (hi), Mar. 5. (27, 828 , 127.)

## CHESHIRE.

Altrincham (T.: W. 12 : pop. ${ }^{165}$ ), Nov. 22 (c). (248, 330, 358, 185, 165, 31.)
Birkenhead (Ev. d.: pop. 58), IT. Dec. (c). (376, 185, 193, 356, 110.)
Chester (Ev.d. : W. s: pop. 36),

3.
(127: 878,
m. 15, (ch), ev, 193.)

Congleton (S. : W. $1: p_{1} p .11$ ), Th. b. Shrovetide, 3 W. Mar., May 12, 3 W. Sep. Nov. 22, Jy. 13. (856, 185, 110.)
Crewe (F.\& S.: W. ${ }_{2}$ : pop. 29). ( $806,856,135,110$. )
Frodstam (W. 2: pop. 3), last T. Apr., last Th. Oct. (185.)

Knutsford (S.: W. x: pop. 5), Apr. 23, Nov. 8, Whit '1. (185, 416.)
Macclesfield (T., Th. \& S.: IV. 1 : pop. 35), Mar. 6, Apr 4, Jy. 11, Aug. 12, Sep. 4, Oct. 4 \& 21, Nov. 11, Dec. 21, May 6, Ju. 22. (356, 185, 830, 110.)
Middlewich ( $T_{.}: W_{\text {a }}$ r $:$ pop. ${ }^{5}$ ), last.T.Feb., Apr., \& Oct. (446.)
Nantwich (S.: W. $1:$ pop. 8), IS. af. Feb. 2 ; 1 S. every mo. except Jan. (356, 206, 261, 110, 186.)
Northwich (F. \& S.: W. 1 : pop. 22) (c) Apr. 10, Aug. 2,. Dec. 6. (185, 855, 416.)
Over (W. I: pop. 7), 1 W. 3f. May r2), ist W. af. Sep. 20.
Runcorn, Whit. M. \& T., rst week in Nov. $(185,165$.
Satodbach (Th. \&o S.: T. I: pot. 6), E.Eas. T., Dec. 28, 1 Th. af. Sep. ix. (356, 135, 110.)
Stockport ( $F$. \& S.: Th. 1: pop. 79), Jan. 1, Mar. 4 \& 25, May 1, Jy. 9 Oct. 23 (c). ( $856,855,858,165,446,110$.)
Tarporley (Tk.: W. $2:$ pop. 3), May x, Aug. i, Dec. Ir, 1 M. af. Aug. 24 (127.)
Tattenhall ( $F_{.}: W_{1}$ : pop. $1^{1}$, May 18, Nov. $2 x$ (c). (847.)
Winsford (S.: W. 1 : pop. 10), May 8, Nov. 25. (127, 446.)

## CORNW ALL.

Bodmin (S.: (c) i M. ev. mo.: W. 4: pop. 5', Jan. 25, T. \& W. b. Whit Sn., Jy. 6, Dec. 6. (210, 34, 256.)
Callington ( $W$. סs $S .: T h .5$ : рор. 2). (210, 257.)
Camborne ( $S_{\text {. }}$ : Th. 2: pop. r5), Mar. 7, Whit T., Ju. 2.), Nov. ir. (210, 24i, 256.)
Camelford (F.: W. 4: pop. 5), F. af. Mar. ro, May 26, Jy. 17, Sep. 6, 2 F. Nov. (257)
East Looe ( $W^{*}$. \& S.: op. I), Feb. 13, Jy. 1o, Sep. 4, Oct. 10.
Falmouth (S., T: \& Th. : May 7, Aug. 7, Oct. 10: pop. 121, J56. 27, Oct. 10. (34, 210, 24i,
Fowey (S.: W. 1 : pop. 2), Shrove I., May 1, Sep. то. ( $(10,241,256$.
Helston (W. \& S.: F. 1 : pop. $3^{\prime}$ Whit M., Jy. 20, Sep. 9. (210 841.)
Launceston ( $I V$. \&o $S$. : last $W_{\text {. }}$ in mo. (c): Th. $\mathrm{I}:$ pop. 4), ${ }^{2}$ Th. Mar, 3 Th. Apr., Whit M.. Nov. 17. Dec. 6. (210, 866, 857, 271.$)$

Liskeard (S.: W. 1: pop. 4', Oct. 2, (c) 2 M. in every mo. except Oct. (810. 84, 8£1, 256.)
Lostwithiel ( $F$.: W. $1: p c p .1$ ), May6, July 10, Sep. 4, Nov. 13 (c), 3 T. in mo.

Marazion (S.: W. 1 : pop. 1!, Sep. 29.
Newquay (F.:W. $1:$ pop. 3). ( $210,241,256$ )
Padstow (S.: W. 3: pop. 2), Tu. in May, nearest May I .
Penryn (S. : Th. $2:$ pop. 3), Mar. 8, May 13. Jy. 8, Oct. 8, Dec. 21. $(210,241,84$.)
Penzance (T., Th. \& S.: F. 1: pot. ${ }^{31}$, Mar. 25, Sep. 8. ( $210,34,256,241$.)
Redruth (T., F. \& S.: Th. 3 : pop. 10', Eas. T., May ${ }^{2}, 3{ }^{3}$, Aug. 3, Oct. 12. (210, $2 \times 1$, 856.)
名p. 3', Th. b. Eas., Whit. Th., F. af. Jy. 23. F. aft. Oct. 16, Nov. 30. (210, 240, 841, 856.)
St. Blazey (S.: Th. 4 : pop. 2), Feb. 2. Jy. 5.
St. Columb (Th, F.: W. 3 : po\&. 71, Mar. $11 \& 20$, Nov. 20. ( $810,241$.
St. Germans (F.: W. $5:$ pop. 2), May 28.
St. Ives, S. b. Advent. (210, 241, 856.)
Stratton (T. \& S.: Th. 4: pop. 3', Apr. 23 (c), May 19 , Nov. 8, Dec. $11,12,13$ (257.)
Truro (IV. \& S.:F. 1 : pop. 12', W. af. Mid. Lent, Whit. W., Nov. 19, Dec. 3. (210, 256, 241.)

Wadebridge ( $F .: W .3:$ pop. ${ }^{2}$ ), 2 T. ea. m., Ju. 22. (810, 241.)

West Looe (IV. \& S. : pop. r), May 6.

## COMBERLAND.

Abbey Holine ( $W$. : pop. 5), Oct. 2 (h), T. b. Whit. Sn.
Alston (s. : T. I : pop. 3), 3 S. Mar., last Th. May, Sat. on or b. Sep. 27, $x$ Th. Nov. (281, 94.)
Brampton (W. : Th. 1 :pop. $\mathbf{7}^{\prime}$, Apr. 20, Trin. W., Ju. 19, last W. Jy., 2 W. Sep., Oct. 23. (94.248.)

Carlisle (W. © S.:Th. $12: p o p$. 45), S. nearest Nov. ir, S. b. Whit. Sn. (hi), Aug. 26 \& 5 foll. days, Sep. 19. (231, 04, 235, 848.)
Cockermouth (M.: Th 1 : pop. 5), Feb. 2, 18, W. af. Ap. 16, i W. May \& ev, alt. W. till Ju. 30, Whit. M., Aug. 2, I W. af. Sep. 20, 2 W. Oct., Nov. 11. (94, 231, 248.)
Egremont ( $S$. : T. 12 : pop. 6), Feb. 17, 3 F. May, Sep. 18, Nov. 1 r. (248, 458, 195.)
Keswick (S.: W. I Oct. to fu. : pop. 4', i S. Jan., Oct. II,


Longtown, Th. b: Whit. S. (231.)

Maryport (T. \& F. : pop. 12', F. b. Whit. Sn., Nov. 12. ( $248,94,458$.
Penrith (T. SO S. : Tk. I : pos 9), Feb. ${ }^{21}$, Shrove T. (248, 881, 458, 198.)
Ravenglass, May 6, Ju. 3, Aug. 5 . (195.)
Wigton (T. $\mathcal{E}$ S.: Th. I : pop. 4) Fab. 20, Apr. 5. (195. 2\$1, 948.1
Workington (W. © S.: Tk. 1 : pot. 26), W. af. Whit. \& Martinmas. (195, 94, 885, 248.)

## DERBYEFIRE.

Alfreton (F.: W. 1 : pop. ${ }^{17}$. Jy. 3I, Nov. 24, 25. (447, 88, Ashborn (S.: (c) ev. alt. Th.:
W.: Pop. 4), Feb. 13, May 21, Aug. 16, Oct. 20. Nov. ${ }^{2}$, Dsc. .15; (ch) a T Mar., it. S3p., T. $_{8 \beta}$ b. Nov. 11. (298 86, 847.)
Ashover, Apr. 25. Oct. 15, M. b. Martinmas. (847.)

Bakewell (M. \& F:Th. : bop. 3), Eas. M., Whit. M.,
M. b. Aug. 26, M. af. Oct. io
M. af. Nov. II. (247, 48.)

Belper $\left(S .:\right.$ W. 1.30 : pop. $11^{\prime}$. Th. \& F. nearest (Oct. zoth. (247, 882.)
Buxton ( $S_{\text {: }}$ : $W$. $\mathbf{I}$ : pop. 10), Apr. 1, May 2, Oct. 28, M. b. ${ }^{2}$ W. Sep. (847, 865, 426, 858.)

Castleton, 3 W. Mar, Apr. ${ }^{21}$, ${ }_{1}$ W. Oct., 3 W. Nov. (94. 127, 247.)
Chapel-en-le-Frith (x 1K. in mo: pop. 12), Jy. 7. (247, 865.)
 Jan. 27 Feb. 28, 1 S. Apr. May 4, Jy. 4, 5, Sep. 25,
Nov. 25. 425.$)$

Crich (F.: W. $1:$ pop. $3^{\prime}$, Apr. 6, Oct. II, I M. in Jan.
Derby (T. \& F.: WV. I: A: 106), F. af. Jan. 6, Jan. is Mar. 25, F. af. May 1, F.EA \& Whit. F., i T. Feb., Ap:, Ju., Aug., Oct., Dec. ( $\mathbf{3 s}$. 185, 247, 94, 806, 86, 360 .)
Dronfield ( $W$ I. I : pop. 4', Apr. 5, Nov. 3. (426.)
Glossop, May 6, W. Uct. is (356, 355.)
Hartington, Nov. 26. (297.)
Hayfield, May 12, Oct. 10. (855)
Highain, W. af. Jan. 1.
Hope (last W. in wo.1. Math 13. (247.)

Ilkeston (Th. \& S.: ${ }^{11}$ : $1: A \mathrm{~A}$ 25). (382, 481, 247, 800.)

Kirk Ireton, 2 W. Apr., Oct. 5.
Matlock (alt. Th.: Th. 3: M/M 6), May 9. $\mathbf{T}^{(847, ~ 48 .)}$

Newhaven, T b. 2 . St (pop. 61.Oct. 30. (21.
New Mills, last S. Aph ${ }^{3}$ Od (355.)

Ripley（S．：W． $\mathrm{x}:$ pop．3），Th． F．\＆S．nearest Oct．23，Eas．W． （247．）
Tideswell（W．：pop．2），Mar． 24．May 15． 2 W．in Sep．， Oct 27（856．）
Wirksworth（T．：W． 2 ：pop．4）， Shrove T．，Eas．T．， 2 T．May 2 T．Jy， 2 T．S：p．， 3 T．Nov． （866，247．）

## IEVONSHIRE．

Ashburton（S．：W． 2 ：pop．3）， Mar．1，Ju．7，Aug．14， Nov．13．（ $258,38$.
Axminster（T．，Th．\＆S．：W＇． 2 ： pop．4，Apr．27，Oct． 13. （468，256．）
Bampton，Whit．T．（pop．2＇，last W．Nov．
Barnstaple（T．\＆F．：W． 2 ： pos．14＇，W．b．Sep．20．（256， 271，187，468．）
Bishops Nympton，M．b．Oct． 25,3 M．in Apr．
lideford， gL market（pot．9）， Mar．13，May 1，Sep．18．－ Feb． 14 （c）Jy． 18 （c）Nov． 13. （256，271，187，468．）
Bovey Tracey i $W_{1} 5$ ：pop．2）， Eas．M．，Holy Th．，Jy． 7.
Bow（3 M．，in alt．mos．commg． fan．：pop 2），Holy Th．，Nov． 22.

Bratton Fleming，Aug． 19.
Brent（last T．Feb．，Aug．\＆o Nov．：W． 5 ：pop．I），last Th． Apr．\＆last T．S：p．
Bridestowe，I W．Ju．，Jy． 27
Broadclyst，i M．Apr．\＆Sip．
Broadhembury， 2 M．Dec．， Nov． 30.
Broadworthy（3 M．alt．），Sep． 9 ．
Buckfastleigh（ $F .: T .2$ ：$p o p, 3$ ）， 3 Th．Ju．，\＆ 2 Th．Ssp．
Chagford（ S．：pop．$^{\text {s }}$ ），last Th． Mar．，I Th．May．（260．）
Chawleigh，May 6，Eas．＇T．， May 16，Dec． 11 ．
Chudleigh（S．：pop．6），Eas．T．， 22 \＆ 23 Ju．，Oct． 2.
Chulmleigh（ $F .: F$ ． 1 ：pop． 1 ）， Apr．28，Jy．28．（187，271．）
Churchingford，Jan．25，last F ． Apr．
Colyton， 3 T．Ap．， 2 T．Oct． （463．）
Crediton（S．：W． $4: p c p .4$ ）． （256，271，127．）
Cullompton（I W．mo．：Th． 5 ：加． $4^{\prime}{ }^{1}{ }^{\text {I }}$ W．May \＆Nov． （256，127：）
Cornwood， 4 M．Sep．
Dartmouth（ $F$ ．－（c） 2 T．：pop．6）． 304，347．187，86．）
Lawlish（Th．2：pop．4），Eas． M．，\＆${ }_{3}$ M．ea．mo．（ 84,256 ．） Ermington，Feb．2，Ju． 24.
Exeter（T．\＆$F_{0}$ ：$W$ ．\＆$S$ ． ${ }^{2}$ ع心 4 ：pop．47）， 3 W．Feb．\＆ May，last W．Jy．，${ }^{2}$ W．Dec． （256，271，127，420，${ }^{268 .)}$
Gt．Torrington（S．：pop． $3^{1}$ ，
Th．May \＆ 2 Oct．，and 2 foll． days in ea．case．（ $127,271,256$ ．） Hatherleigh $(T .: W, ~ 1: ~ p o p) . ~$ 3＇．（230．）

Holsworthy $\boldsymbol{H}:$ ：$T /$ ． 4 ：pop． 1 ）， Jy．9，10，11， $12: 3$ W．ea．other mo．，esp．Apr．\＆Uct．（256， 257，871．）
Honiton S．： 2 S．Apr．\＆u S．b． Oct．18，gt．market．：Th． 2 ： pop． $3^{\prime}, \mathrm{W} . \& \mathrm{Th}$ af．Jy． 19 （187．856．）
Kingsbridge，Jy． 20 or a Th．af． （86．256，468．）
Modbury（ 7 K．： U＇$^{\prime}$ 2：pop．2）， 2 M．in mo．，May 4 \＆foll．days． （256．）
Moretonhampstead（T．：pop．s＇ IS．Ju．，Jy．18，Nov． 30 ． 260 ．
Newton Abbot（ $W$ ：${ }^{2}$ h． 2 ． pop．12），Ju．2y，W．af．Sep． 11 ， Nov．6．（91，256．801，468．）
North Tawton Th．：W．${ }^{4}$ pop．2！，I T．in Dec．（ 260.$)^{4}$
Okehampton（S．：W ${ }^{4}$ ：pop．3．， Mar．23．（187，260，268．）
Ottery S．Mary（Th．：F． 2 ： pot． 1 last T．Mar．， 3 T．S．e． （99， 266. ）
Plymouth（T．，Th．，S．：W． I ： pop． $10{ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ M．\＆T．Apr．\＆ Nov．（810，10，24，241，256， 801，187，488．）
Plympton S．Mary（1 M．：$U_{1}, 2$ ：
pop．4）：M．ea．mo．
Sampford，M．b．last W．Apr．
Sidbury，W．b．Sep． 20
Sidinouth（Ev．d．：．Th． 4 ：opp． 6．）．Eas．M．， 3 M．Scp．206， 99．）
Silverton，2Th．Feb．，x Th．in Jy．
S．Brent，last T．Feb．，Aug．\＆ Nov．
S．Molton（Th．\＆S．：W．3： pop．3），W．B．Ju．22，W．af． Aug．25．（256，871．）
Tavistock（ $T$ ．\＆$F$ ：：W． 2 ：
pot．5）， 2 W ．mo．（ I in Dec．）． （256，257，271．）
Teignmouth（Ev．d．：pop．9）， 3 T．Jan．，last Th．Feb．，Sep． 29．（127．256，84．）
Tiverton（T．：Th．2：pop．10）． ${ }^{1}$ Th．Ju．，${ }^{1}$ Th．Oit．（127， 411，256，871．）
Torquay．（256，468，86．）
Totnes（ $E v . d .: T h: 2: p c p$ ．${ }^{1}$ ， May 12 to 14，Oct．28．（ 127 ， 256，304．）
Uffculme， 2 M．alt．mo．from Apr．to Dec．（271．）
Witheridge（pop．6），last Th．but one in Apr．，Th．af．Ju． 24 \＆ Sep．21，：＇W．\＆Th．Nov． （187，271．）；

## DORSETSHIRE．

Beaminster（Th．：W． $2: p$ p．2）， Sep．19．（463．）
Blandford（S．：7\％，2：pop．4＇， Mar．7，S．b．Jy．10，Sep． 9 （c），Nov． 8 （c）．（127，463．）
Bridport $W$ \＆$S_{4}:$ pop．$_{6}$ 6），
Apr．6，Oct．11．（463，256．）
Corfe Castle（pob．2i，May 12， Oct．23．
Dalwood，W．af．Aug． 23
Dorchester（W．\＆o S．：Th．2： pop．9），Feb．14，Jy．6，Aug．6， Sep．25，Oct．25．（34，441， 463，256．）

G．llinghami（Alt．M．ne．rt 21 ca． mo．：Th．3．Simr． 4 ：pop．3i， 127．）
Lyme Regis（T．\＆F．：Th． 4 ： pop．2），${ }^{1}$ T．Feb．，Feb．13， Oct． $2 \& 1$ T．Oct．（468．）
Poole（Th．：U＇： $2:$（ROP．19）， May 1，Nov．2．（187，46； 266．）
Portland（W． 2 ：pop． 2 g ），Nov． 5. （3，468．）
Shafterbury（S．：W． 2 ：ApR．2）， S．b．Palm Su．，lant S．Aug．， Nov．23．（187，463．）
Sherborne（T：：W．2：pop．6）， Jy．${ }^{26}$ ，mo．af．Uct．10．a87， 39．）
Shroton，S：p．25， 26.
Stalbridge（Th．： W．$^{4}$ ：Ant．a）， May 6，Sep．4．（187．）
Sturmicaster tAlt．W．：Th． 2 ：解 $\left.{ }^{6}\right)^{2}$ May 12，Oct． 34 （48，187．）
Warehans（T．\＆Th．：W． $2:$ App． 2 ， 3 Th．Apr．， 2 Tb ． Sep．$\{187,468$.
Weymouth（Wrd． 2 ：pop．19）． （84，41，483，258．）
Wimborne Minster（F．）．（M88， 187．）
Woodbury Hill，Sep．22， 22.
Yetininster（Th． 4 ：Pop．3），Apr． ${ }_{22}$ ，Oct． 5.

## DUREAY

Barnard Castle（W．：F． 1 ： pop．4），Eas．W．，Whis．W．， Jy．22．（27，877，187，478．）
Bishop Auckland（Th．：W． $\mathbf{x}$ ： pop．12），Holy Th．，Th．b． Oct．11．（27，127，877，478．）
Darlington（MA．\＆F．：W．x ：pop． 4 ${ }^{1}$ ， 1 M．Mar．，Eas．M，Whin． M．，Nov．${ }^{\text {ro．}}$（27，127，898， 478，877， 880.$)$
Durham（ $F:$ ：W． 1 ：pop．15）， last F．Mar．，F．b．May 13， F．b．Sep．16，F．on or b． Nov．23．（87，187，377，478， 310．）
Hartlepool（S．：pop．2j），May 14，Aug．21，Oct．9，Nov． 27. （27，127，478．）
Houghton－le－Spring（F．\＆$S$ ．：
W．pop．8，Oct． 8 \＆ 9 ；（377，27．） ．Hartlepool（S．），May 14， Aug． 27, Oct．9，Nov． 27. （377，27， 478. ．
Middleton（S．monthly：pop．2）， last．F．Feb，i Th．Mar．，ZTh． Apr．\＆S $\mathrm{f} . \mathrm{p}^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{Th}$ ．Nov． （27，355，446，165．）
S．Shields（S．： $\boldsymbol{W}^{W} .1$ ：pop．97）， W．b．\＆af．May ${ }^{2}$ Nov． 11 ． （310，127，27，377，478．）
Stanhope（ $W, S$ ．$\delta$ occasly．

Stockton－upon－Tees（ $W$ ． $\boldsymbol{\delta}_{\mathbf{W}} S_{:}$： Th．1：pop．51），last W．in mo．（c），W．b．May $13, \mathrm{Jy}_{\mathrm{i}}{ }^{29}$ ， Nov．23．（27，127，3F．？

## ESSEX.

Bardfield W.6:pop. 1), Ju. 22. Braintree (W.: Th. 2: pop. 5), May 8 \& 9, Oct. 2, 3. (91, 27.) Brentwood (Tk. 2: pop. 5). (91, 27.)
Chelmsford (F.: W. 1 : pop. 13). (91, 87.)
Chigwell, Sep. ${ }^{30}$.
Coggeshall (W. $2:$ pop. 3), Whit. T. \& W. (91, 87.)
Colchester (S.: Th. 2 Apr. to Set.: pop. $3^{81}$, Oct. 20 \& 3 foll. dys. (S. Denis Fair). (91, 27, 135, 34.)
Epping F.: W. 2 : pop. 4), Whit.T., Oct. 11, Nov. 13, 14. (27.)

Halstead (S. © i T. mo.: pop.6). (91, 87.)
Harlow (W. 5 : pop. 3), Nov. 28.
Ingatestone ( $W .4$ : pop. 1), Dec. 1.
Latchington $W$. 5), Aug. 27.
Maldon (T.: W. 2 : pop. 5), ITh. May, Sep. 13, 14. (91, 87.)

Rayleigh (W. 2: pop. 1), Trin. M.
Rochford (Th.: pop. 3), Eas. T., W. af. Sep. 29. (91.)

Saffron Walden (T. \& S.: Th. 2 : op p. 6), S. b. \& I F. \& S. at. Mid-lent, 1 S.' Nov. (91, 27, 270.)
Thaxted (T: $5:$ pop. 2), M. b. Whit., Aug. 10.
Waltham Abbey (T.: Th. 2 : pop. 1), May 14, Sep. 24, 25, 26.

## GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

Berkeley (x W. ea. mo.: W. 2 : pop. 6), May 14, Dec. 14. (127).

Bisley (pop. 5), May 4, Nov. 12.
Blakeney (Th. 2 : pop. 1), May 12, Nov. 12.
Bristol (S. \& Th.: W. 2 : pop. 329), Mar. 3 \& Sep. 6. (94, 84, $10,96,86,99,136,115$, 127, 441, 463.)
Campden (last W. mo. : Th. 3: pop. 2), last W. mo. \& Ash W
Cheltenham (Th.: W. 2: pop. 49), 1 \& 2 weeks Oct., 2 Th. Apr., Holy Th., Aug. 5, 3 Th. 'Dec. (86, 127, 468, ${ }^{\text {As }}$ 34.)

Chipping Sodbury (1 \& 3 T.: pob. 1), F. b. Mar. 25, Sep. 29. (127.)

Cirencester (M.: Th. $2:$ pop. 8), Eas. M., I M. Sep., 2 \& 3 M. Oct. (34, 88, 463.)
Coleford (F.: Th. 1 : pop. 3), ju. 20 ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ). (34.)
Duraley (Th.: W. 4: pop. 2), May 6, Dec. 4). (86, 127.)
Glcucester (M. \& S.: Th. 2. pop. 48), 1 S. Apr. Jy., Siv. 28. iast S. Nov. (34, 86, 127, 468, 94.)
Lechlade (Last T.: Th. 3 : pop. 1), Sep. 9.

Newent (1 T. mo.: pop. 2), F. af. Sep. 19 (onion). (84.) Northleach ( $W_{.}:$Th.: pop. 1), W, b. \& af. Oct. ir.
Stow-on-the-Wold (Th.: W. I: pop. 1), May 11, 12, Oct. 24. (31.)

Stroud ( $F_{1}$ : Th. 2: pop. ${ }^{\text {g }}$ ), May 10, Aug. 21. (84, 86, 468.)
Tetbury (W.: Th. 2: pop. 2), Ash W., Jy. 22. (86.)
Tewkesbury ( $W .:$ Th. 4 , pop. 5!, Oct. 10. (343, 37, 205, 34.)
Thornbury (2 W. mo.: Th. 5: pop. 4). (136.)
Winchcomb (S.: Th. 2: pop. 3), last S. Mar., S. b. \& af. Oct. 11, Jy. 28.
Winterburn, Ju. 29, Oct. 18.
Wootton-under-Edge (F.:W.W. 2 : pop. 3), Spp. 25. (86, 127.)

## HAMPSHIRE.

Alresford (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 2), last Th. Jy. (186, 84.)
Alton (T. : Wed. 4: pop. 5), Sep. 29, last S. Apr. (186, 84.) Andover ( $F$ : : pop. 7), Nov. 17 (c', last.F. Ju.' 84, 81.)
Appleshaw, Oct. 6-9, Nov. 4
Basingstoke (W. ©'S.: Th. 4:
pop. 10), Jy. 13 \& Oct. 11. (34, 91, 488.)
Beaulieu, Apr. 15, Sep. 4.
Botley (Alt. M.: pop. 1), T. b. Shrove T.
Eling, Jy. 5 .
Fordingbridge (Th. 2 : pop. 3), Sep. 6. (463.)
Gosport (Th. S.: W. 4: pop. 29), May 4, Oct. 1o. (34, 287, 96.)
Hartley (Th. 4 : pop. 2), Dec. 4. (91.)

Lymington (W. $2:$ pop. 4), May 12, 13, Oct. 2 \& 3. (468, 34.)

Lyndhurst (W. 4: pop. 2), Aug. 9. (287.)
Odiham (T.: W. 3: pop. 2), S. Mid-lent. (3A.)

Overton (T. 5 : pop. 2), Jy. 18.
Petersfield (Alt. W.: Th. 3: pop. 7), Jy. 10. (91, 34.)
Ringwood ( $W_{.}: T h .2$ : pop. 4), Jy. 10, 11, Dec. 11, 12. (127, 468.$)$

Romsey (Th.: W. I: pop. 4), Eas. T., Aug. 26, Nov. 8. (34, 468.)
Stockbridge, Jy. 10.
Southampton ( $F$. : pop. 105', Trin. M. (34, 287, 127, 463, 94.)

Weyhill, 2 Th. Apr., last F. Jy., Oct. ro \& 5 following days.
Wherwell, Sep. 24.
Wickham (W. 4: pop. 1), May 20. (190.)

## HEREFORDSHIRE.

Brampton, Ju. 21, 22 (h). (94, 248.)

Bromyard (Th.: T. 2 : pop. 2), Mar. 25, May 1, 3, Whit. M., Sep. 27, 2 M. Dec., Th. b. Oct. 29. (205, 127.)

Hereford (W. \& S.: Th. 2.0:
pop. 2I), 3 W. Oct., IW. \& Th. af. May 2, W. af. Feb. 2, W. af. Eas., 1 W. Jy., 3 W. Aug., $2^{2}$ W. Dec. (206, 84, 127, 86.)
Kingsland, Oct. 11.
Kington (T.: Th. 2 : pop. 21, T. b. Feb. 2, 2 T. Mar., T. Eas. wk., May Ix, IT. Ju., 2 T. Jy., 3 T. Aug., Sep. 18, 19, T. b. Oct. 10, T. b. Nov. 13, 3 I. Dec. (206, 255.)
Ledbury (T.: Th. 2 : top: 3 ', 2 T. every mo. (34, 187.)
 Feb. 13, T. af. Mid-lent Sa. May 2, 2 F. Ju., Jy. ro, Aug 4, Sep. 4, M. b. 3 wk. Oct., Nov. 8, F. af. Dec. 11. (187, 206, 86.)
Longtown, Apr. 29, Sep. 21. (251.)

Ross (alt. Th.: T. 2 : pop. 3), Mar. 17, May 12, Ju. 9 JJ. 7 Oct. 13, Dec. 8. (34, 127, 88.)
Weobley, May 8.
Wigmore, May 6, Aug. 5.

## EIERTFORD.

Baldock (F.: Th. 2 : pop. 2', last Th. May, Aug. 5, Oct. 2, 3, Dec. II. (84.)
Berkhampstead ( $W_{\text {. }}$ \& $S .:$ Tk. 2 : pop. 16). (91.)
Hatfield (Th. $2:$ pop. 4), Apr. 23, Oct. 18.
Hemel Hempstead (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 11), Holy Th., 3 M. Sep. (258, 91, 286.)
Hertford (S.: Th. 2: pcp. 9', 3 S. b. Eas., May 12, Jy. 5, Nov. 8. (91, 87.)
Hitchin ( $T_{.}: W_{.} 2:$ pop. $_{10}$, Eas. T., Whit T. 91 , 87.)
Hoddesden ( $W$.), Ju. 29.
Redbourn ( $W$. 5 ), I $W$. af. Jan. 1, W. in Eas. \& Whit wk.
Rickmansworth (W. 5, pop. 6, Nov. 24 (91.)
Royston (W.: Th. 4: pop. 4), W. \& Th. af. Oct. Ir, Ash W., W. Eas. \& Whit wks (277, 870.)
Sawbridgeworth (Th. 2 : pot. 2', Apr. 23, Oct. 20. (87.)
Tring (F.: W. 1 : pop. 4', Eas. M., Oct. IX. (136.)

Watford (T.: pop. 29), Trin. Th., May 12, Aug. 3x. [91, 99, 222.)

## EUNTITGDON.

Earith, May 4, Jy. 25, Nov. 1.
Godmanchester ( $W .5:$ POA. $3^{\prime}$, Eas. T. \& W
 T. b. Eas., 2 T. in May, S. b. Oct. Ix, 3 S. Nov. (81, 87.
Kimbolton ( $F$ : : pop. 1!, Eas F., Whit. F., Dec. II

Ramsey ( $W .:$ Th. $4:$ find $5^{\prime}$, Jy. 22, 23, 24. (127, 57.)
St. Ives MI: Th. $2:$ por, $3^{3}$ Wh't M., Oct. 11 , se . 1 , 91, 27.)

St. Neots (Th.: T. $2:$ pop. 4), Holy Th., 3 'h. af. Holy Th., Th. af. Oct. 1 r. (91, 27.)
Somersham (W. $5:$ pop. 1), Ju. 23, 24 .

## KENTT.

Appledore (Th. 4: pop. 1), Ju. 22.
Ashford (T. : pop. 13!, 3 T. Aug. 191, 889.)
Benenden(W. 4 : pop. 2), May 15.
Bromley (Th. : pop. 21), Feb. 14, Aug. 5. (91, 111, 94.)
Canterbury (alt. M., fat stk. : S. lean: Th. 1 : pop. 18). (299, 91, 847, 86.)
Chatham (W. 1: pop. 41), May 15. (91, 96, 84.)
Cranbrook (alt. W.: Th. $4:$ pop. 4), May 30, Sep. 29. (91.)
Dartford, Aug. 2, 3. (91, 111.)
Deal (T. \& S.:pop. 11), Apr. 5, Oct. 10. (127, 8.)
Dover (S. : W. 5 : \$op. 42), Nor. 22. (91, 187, 86, 84.)

Farningham ( 3 W.: Th. 2: pop. 1), Oct. 15.
Favershatm (W. $W_{0} S .: c, 2$ \& 4 T. : pop. 11 ), Oct. 11, 12, 13. (309, 91.)
Gravesend (S.: W. 4 : pop. 27), Oct. 24 (91, 86.)
Maidstone (2 \& last $T$, each mo.: Th. \& S.: IV. 2: pop. 34), Feb. 13, May 12, Ju. 20, Oct. 17. (91, 459, 86.)
Malling, Nov. i7.
Margate (S.: Th. 5: pop. 23). (86, 91, 94.)
New Romney, Aug. 21, 22.
Queenborough, Aug. 5, 6.
Rochester (4 T.: W. 1: pop. 31), May 30, Aug. 30, Dec. 11 . (01, 96.)
Sandhurst (W.4, pop.1), May 25.
Sandwich (W. co, alt. M. c.: pop. 3). (91, 187.)
Sittingbourne (r \& 3 . $W$ : pop. 9), Whit M. T. W., Oct. 10, 11. (91, 111.)

Stroind (W. 2 : pop. 6), Aug. 26-30.
Tenterden (F.: W.: pop. 3), I M. May, 1 F. Sep. (la). (91.)

Tonbridge (T. : W. 4 : pop. 10), last F. Oct. (86, 91.)
Tunbridge Wells (F.: W. 2 : pop. 33). (27, 79, 91.)
Whitstable (W. $1: p .5:$ pop. 7), Th. b. Whit. Sn. (299.)

## LANCASHIRE.

Accrington, (pop. 43.) 1 Th. Apr. \& Aug. ( $330,355,356$, 446, 110.)
Ashton-under-Lyne (M. \& $F$.: T. 1 : pop. 44), Mar. 23, Apr. 29, Jy. 25, 26, 27, Nov. 2x-23, 2 Th. ea. mo. (183, 358, 356, 356, 446, 110.)
Elackburn (W.-S.: Th. I: pop. 128), Eas. M., May I1, 12 . (88, 830, 855, 356, 358, 94, 101, 81.)

Bolton (Ev. d. exc. W.: W. 1 : pop. 168), 2 W. Jan., last W. Jy. \& day folls., ${ }^{2}$ W. \& Th. Oct. ${ }^{1355}, 856,858,185,94$, 416, 165, 110.)
Burnley (M. S.: T. 1 : pop. 97), Mar. 6, Eas. eve., 2 Th. Jy., Oct. 11 . $(248,880,856,446,94$, 858.)

Bury (S.: T. $1:$ pop. 58), Mar. 5, May 3, Sep. 18. (330, 856, 445, 165, 110.)
Carnforth, Apr. 29. (881.)
Chipping, I W. Oct., Apr. 23.
Chorley (pop. 27.), Mar. 26, May 5, Aug. 20, Oct. 21. (381, 94, 165. )
Clitheroe (S. \& alt. M. : W. 1 : pop. 11), Mar. 25-26, Aug. 1, 2, 3, Ozt. 21-25, Dec. 7, 8. ( 846,855 .)
Colne (W. \& S.: T. 1 : pop. 23), commencing 2 Th. Mar., May, Oct. \& Dec. ( $\$ 46,855,446$ !
Croston, M. b. Shrove T., M. af. Oct. 12.
Dalton-in-Furness ( $S$. \& $M$.: $W_{.1}$ : pop. 13), Apr. 28, Ju. 6, Oct. 23. (248, 881.)
Garstang (Th. : pop. I', Nov. 22 \& 23.
Great Harwood (F.), May 17. Aug. 21. (350, 355.)
Gisburn (alt. M., Sep. 18, Eas. M. : pop. 2).

Haslingden (T. \& S.: IV. 1 : pop. 19), Feb. 2, May 8, Jy. 4, Oct. 2. (856, 380, 110.)
Heywood ( $F$.: pop. 25) $\geq$ F. Apr., Aug., \& Oct. (830, 856, 446, 110. )
Hornby (T.fortly., Fy. to Dec).
Kirkham (W. 12 : pop. 4', Feb.4, Apr. 28, Oct. 18.
Lancaster ( $W_{.,}$S.: W. 1: pop. 40), Jy. 5, 6, 7, Oct 10, 11, 12, May 1, 2, 3, F. \& S. b. 1 M. in New Year. (331, 94, 198.)
Leigh (S. \& occ. fortly.: T. 1 : pop. 40), Apr. ${ }^{24}, \mathrm{Dec.}^{7 .}$ (135, 856, 446, 355, 165, 110.)
Liverpool (M., W., S.: Th. I: pop. 685), I M. af. Feb. 5, I M. af. May 1, last M. Aug., IM. af. Nov. 20, Jy. 25, Nov. 11. (135, 477, 10, 188, 47, 839, 94, 356, 127, 376, 380,110 .
Manchester (98, 489, 127, 94, 165, 330, 348, 858, 252, 446, 855, 856, 135, 81, 110, 86.)
Mossley ( $F_{.}$: pop. 13), Oct. (last M.), Ju. 2x. (356, 355, 110.) Newburgh, Ju. 21.
Newchurch (T. 1: pop. 4i, Apr. 29.
Oldham (T., F. \& S. : T. 12: pop. 137 ). (356, 855 94, 446, 358, 110.)
Ormskirk (Th. \& S. : W. 1: pop. 7), Whit M. \& T., \& Sep. 10, 1 II. ( $356,185,94,165,110$.)
Prescot (S. \& alt. Tu. from Shr. 7. to 1 T. May: Th. 1: pop. 8). (185, 166.)
Preston (W., F. \& S. : Th. I : pop. 113), Mar. 27. 331, 855, 94, 165, 880.)

Radcliffe (F.: $7 F^{\prime} .1$ : \$op. 25', Apr. 29 30, Sep. 28 \& 29 ( $850,186$.
Rochdale (M. \& S. : T. 1 : App. 83, May ${ }^{14}$, Whit. T., Nov. 7. ( $380,866,446.94$ 165, 110.)
Stalybridge (Ev. d.: T. 1 : pop. 28), last M. Apr., Jan.;
 pop. $25^{\prime}$ Good F. ( 800 , 8e 866, 110.)
Ulverstone ( $T k$. \& S. : $_{\text {: }}$ : : pop. 10), T. B. 1 whole wk. Jan., T.: b. Eas., Whit. Th. (881, 198, 24.)
Upholland, Eas. M.
Warrington (W. \&S. : Tk. 1 : \$ob. ${ }^{4}$ ), J J. ${ }^{17},{ }^{19}$, Nov. 30 . $(380,866,185,146,187,110$.
$W_{1 g a n}\left(F .: H^{\prime} .1: ~ p o p .61\right)$, Holy Th. \& foll. days, Ju. 27, Oct. 28, 29 (185, 856, 855, 165, 110.)

## ISICESTERSEIRRS.

Ashby de la Zouch (S.: W. 2 : pot. 5), Eas. T., Whit. T. (91, 895.)
Belton, M. af. Trin. wk.
Hinckley (M. \& S.: Tk. 2 : pop. 1I), Eas. M., Whit. M., Aug. 26. (94, 896.)
Kegworth (W. 4: pop. 2) Feb. 18, Eas. M. April 30, Yy. 29 Oct. 10. (388, 804.)
Leicester ( $W^{\prime}$. \& S. : Th. 1 : pop. 212), Mar. 2, S. b. PalmS., S. Eas. wk., Jy. 5, Dec. 8,2 Th. Oct. \& May, \& foll. 3 days. (94, 127, 881, 86, 806, 486, 860.)

Lutterworth (Th. : F. 2: pot. s), Feb. 16, Apr. 2, Holy Th. (395, 860.)
Market Bosworth (W.: T. 3 : pop. 1), May 8, Jy. 10, 11 .
Market Harboro (T.: Tk. 2 : pop. 8), Jan. 6, Feb. 16, Apr. 29, 30, 2 复 last 'T. Jy., Oct. 19. ( $94,486$.
Melton Mowbray (T. \& S. : Th. 2 : pop. 7), M. \& T. foll. Jan. 17, T. Whit. wk., Aug. 21, Sep. 29. (04, 486.)

## LINCOLNSEIRE.

Alford (T. : Th. 2 : pop. 2), Whit. T. Jy. 3x, Aug. ${ }^{24}$, Sep. 16, Nov. 8. (34, 486, 844.)
Barton (M. : pop. 6), Trin. Th. (478).

Belton, Scp. 25 (flax). (486.)
Boston (W. © S.: Th. 2 : pop. 16), May 4, 5, 1 W Aug., Sep. 15, Nov. 18-20, Dec. 11. (34, 344, 127, 486.)
Bourne (Th. : $T_{1}{ }^{2}$ : pop. 4), I Th. Apr., 1 Th. af. May 5 , \& last Th. Sep. \& Oct. ( 486 , 397.)

Brigg (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 3 ) ${ }^{2}$ Th. Apr., Aug. 5. $(480,844$.
Burgh (alt. 7 h. Simr. : pop. I), 2 Th. May, Sep. 26. (34, 844, 436.)

Caistor (S.: pop. 2), F. \& S. b. Palm Sn., S.b. Whit.Sr.a. Sep. 18,F.\&S. af. iI Oct. ( $\mathbf{3 3 0}, 344$.)

Caythorpe (pas. 1), 2 F. af. Good $F$.
Corby (pop. 1), M. b. Oct. 11. (4s6.)
Crewiand (TK. : W. 3), Sep. 4.
Crivw (F.: W. 4 : pop. 3), last M. May, Nov. 23.
Donington ( $\overline{T h}$. : pop. 2), May 26, Sep. 4, Oct. 17. (344.)
Epworth (Th. : pop. 2), 1 Th. af. May 1, I Th. af. Sep. 23. (344.)

Fo:kingham, Ash W., May 13, Nov. 22.
Gainstborough (T. : ${ }^{\text {I }}$ : pop. 18 E, Eas. T. \& W., \& T. \& W. af. Oct. 20. (344, 430, 424, 152.)
Granthatm i $S_{\text {: }}^{\text {: Th. }}$ : : pop. 17), M., T. \& W. af. 5 Sn. Lent. (436, 480, 338, 162.)
Grimsby (M. © FF.: Th. I to 4: pop. 63), 1 M. Apr., 2 M. Oct. ( $844,436,430,478,152$.
Heckington (pop. 24, 2 Th. Sep.
Holbeach (Th.: W. 2 : pot. 5), Ma7 17, Sep. 17, Oct. 11, 12. (27, 486.)
Horncastle (S.:W. 2 : pop. 4), Ju. 21-22, 2 M. Aug. \& 3 foll. days, 2 Th. Sep., Oct. 28, 29, 5 Th. Lent. (34, 344.)
Kirton ( $\phi 0 \phi .2$ ), Jy. 18, Dec. 1 . (844.)

Lincoln (F.: W. 2 : pop. 49), last wholewk. Apr., Oct. 27, Nev. 28. (84, 344, 430, 436, 897, 127, 162.)
Long Sutton ( $F:: W_{2} 2: p o p .3$ ), May 13, F. af. Sep. 25. (127, .89
Louth (W S.: Th. 2 : pop. 10), Apr. 29, 30 Sep. 17, Oct. 22, Nov. 23. (344, 34, 436.)
Marleet Deeping (Th. 4 : pop. $\mathrm{I}^{\prime}$, 2 W. af. May ir, Oct. 10.
Market Rasen (T:: Th. 2:pop. 2). Sep. 25. (342, 158)
Navenby, Oct. 17.
Partney, Aug. 1, 25, Sep. 18, 19, W. \& Th. af. Oct. ir.

Saltileet. Oct. 3. (436.)
Sleaford (M.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), Plough M., Eas. \& Whit. M., Aug. 12, Oct. 20. (344, 897, 436, 480, 162.
Spalding (T.: Th. 2 : pop. 9), 1 T. af. last whole wk. Apr., last T. Ju. \& Aug., Sep. 25(34, 127, 436, 344. )
Spilsby (M. : T: 3 pob. I), M. af. Jy. 12. ( $34,344,436$.)

Stamford (M. É F.: Th. 2 : pop. 81, M., T. b. Feb. 13, M. b. mid. Lent M. mid. Lent, M. b. May 12, M. af. Corpus Christi, Aug. 5, Nov. 8, 9. (34, 486.)
Tattersall (W. 2) Sep. 25.
Wainfleet (S.: Th. 3 : pop. 1), 3 S. May, Oct. 24. (486.)
Wragby, May 1, Sep 28, 27 (c).

## MIDDLESEX.

Brentford (T. \& S. Tk. 2 : pop. 15), May 17, 18, 19, S.:3. 12-14. $(91,486$.

Enfield (S.), Nov. 30. (86, 96.)
Bdgware, I M., W. Aug. (c).
Hounslow (W. 2: pop. 13), Trin. M., M. af. Sep. 29. (91, 466.) Isleworth (W. $5:$ pos 16), I M. Jy. (466.)
Uxbridge (Th. \&' S. : pop. 9), Mar. 25, Jy. 31, Sep. 29, Oct. 10. (91, 466.)

## LONDON.

London Central Mkts., Farringdon St., ev. d. Smithfield, T., Th. \& S. Metropolitan Cattle Mkt., Islington, M., Th. \& F. Leadenhall Mkt., ev. d. Billingsgate Fish Mkt., ev. d. Foreign Cattle Mkt., Deptford, M. \& Th. Borough Fruit \& Veg. Mkt., T., Th. \& S. Covent Garden Veg. Fruit \& Flower Mkt., ev. d. Spitalfields Mkt., T., Th. \& S. Shadwell Fish Mkt., ev. d.

## MONMOUTESHIRE.

Abergavenny ( $T_{0}, F$. \& $S$. : Th. 1 : pop. 8), 3 T. Mar., May 14, 'T. b. Jy. 20, Sep. 25, Nov. 17. (206, 34, 86, 127.)
Blaenavon ( $S_{i}$ : Th. 1 : pop. II), Apr. 16. (115.)
Chepstow (W., S. \& alt. T. : $W_{.}$I $p o p .3^{3}$, last T. ea. mo. (96, 115, 94.)
Christchurch (pop. I), Nov. 29. (463, 84.)
Caerleon (Th. 1: pop. I), May 1, Sep. 2I.
Magor, T. b. Apr. 17 \& Oct. 17.
Monmouth ( $F$. © S. : Th. $1:$ pob. 5) ${ }^{2}$ M. May \& Nov. 22. ( $82,127,86$.
Newport (W. \& S. : Th. $:$ pop. 67 ), 2 W. Apr., W. Whit. wk., Ju. 23, 2 W. Aug., 1 W. Nov. (206, 86, 94, 96, 115, 127.)

Pontypool (W. \& S. : Th. 1 : pop. 6), Apr. 2, 22, Jy. 5, Oct. 10. $(36,96$.
Tredegar ( $S_{\text {: }}$ : Th. 1 : pop. ${ }^{19}$ ), Apr. 19, Sep. 21. (96, 115.)
Usk ( $F$. $\mathcal{E}_{1}$ I M. mo.: W. 2 : pop. I), Apr. 20, Trin. M., Oct. 29, Dec. 16. (96.)

## NORFOLR.

Aylsham (T. : W. 5 : pop. 3), Mar. 23, last T. Sep. (27.) ${ }^{\text {² }}$
Cawston, Aug. 28.
Cromer (Th. 2 : pop. 4), Whit. M. (27, 34.)
Dereham, East (F. \& occ. Th. : W. 4: pop. 61, Th. \& F. b. Jy. 6 \& Sep. 29. (27, 96, 1277, 34.)
Downham Market ( $F$. : W. 2 : pop. 2), rst 3 d . Mar.. I F. May, 2 F. Nov. (27, 96.)
Fakenham (Th.: pob. 7), Whit. T. (27, 96, 127, 34.)

Feltwell (W. 2 : pop. 2), Nov. 20. (390.)

Foulsham; ${ }^{W}$ : pop. 1), i T.

Harling, East (T.: Th. 2: fop. 1), May 4.
Hempton, Whit. T., I W. Sep., Nov. 22.
Hingham ( $T_{:}: W$. 2).
Holt ( $W_{.}$: Th. 5 : pop. 6), Apr. 25 \& Nov. 25 (c). (27. 83.)
Ingham (Th. 5), Trin. M.
Kenninghall (M.: Th. 5 : pop. 5), Jy. 18, Sep. 30.
Loddon (T. \& F. : W. 2 : pop. 4), Nov. 22. (27.)
Lynn (T. : W. 2 : pot. 19), Feb. 14, 2 T. Apr. (27, 34, 96.)

Methwold (M.: pop. 1), Apr. 23.
Norwich (W. \& S. : Th. 2 : pop. 112), Maundy Th., Eas. M. \& T. (27, 96, 127, 886, 34.)

Oxborough ( $W$. : pop. 222), Eas. T.

Shipham (Th. 4), last M. in Ju.
Swaffham (S. : Th. 4: pop. $3^{3,}$, ${ }_{2}$ W. May, 3 W. Jy., 1 W. Nov. (all c.). (27.)
Thetford (S.: pop 5), Sep. 25. 390, 27.)
-Wymondham (F.: WK. 1 : pop. 5), Fibb. 14, May 17. (27.)
Gt. Yarmouth $1 W$. \& $S$. Th. 2 : pop. 49) F. \& S. Eas. wk. (27, 96, 127, 84.)

## INORTRANPTONERCRES.

Boughton Green, Ju. 24, 25, 26,
Brackley ( $W_{.}: T .4:-$ pop. 2!, Dec. II. (278, 28\%)
Daventry (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 4). 2 T. ea. mo., Oct. 27. (s8i; 84.)

Fotheringay, M. af. Jy. 18.
Northampton (W. © S. : Th. 1 : pop. 87). May 5, Sep. 19 (ch), 2 I. Jan., Feb. 20,3 M. Mar., Apr. 5, Ju. 19, Aug. 26. 1 Th, Nov., Nov. 28. (84, 24, 86, 881, 436.)
Oundle (Th.: W. $2:$ pop. 2). Whit M., Oct. 12, F $=$ b. 21-25. (436, 381.)
Peterborough ( $W^{\prime}$. © S. : Th. 2 : pop. 31), 2 T. \& W. Jy, I T. W., Th. Oct. (187, 8s, 288 , 360.$)$

Rockingham, Sep. 25.
Rothwell (Th. ${ }^{2}$ : pos. 4), Trin. M. (34, 84.)
Thrapston (T.: Th. 2 : pop. z'. I T. May, T. af. Oct is. (381, 436.)
Towcester i T. : Th. 5: pop. 3!, T. foll. May 12 \& Oct. 29, 30 (c.), Shrove T. (381.)
W. Haddon (F.) May 2, S=p. 27.

Weldon, ITh. af. 2 Sn . Jy.
Wellingborough ( W .7 K .2 : pop. 18!, Fans. W., Oct. 3o (94, 381, 34.)

## NORTHULBERIAAD.

Alnwick (S. \& M.: Hi. pop. 71, i S. Mar. i M. May:


Belford (Th.: pop. 1), I W. Mar., Jy. 2. (377.)
Eellingham (S. b. May 13 عא Nov. 11 \& S. af. Sep. 15 : Pop. 1), ${ }_{3}$ S. Aug., 3 S. Oct. (977, 810.):
Berwick (S.: pop. 13), last F. \& S. May. (218, 288, 374, 877, 27.)

Haltwhistle (Th.: W. 1.30: pop. 2), May 14, Sep. 17 (c), Nov. 10, 11, $28 . \quad$ (94, 248.)
Hexham (T.: Th. $1:$ pop. 7), Mar. 24, 25. Aug. 6, Nov. 9 (c). (248, 329, 877, 810, 94.)
L.ngbenton 2 W. Apr.

Morpeth ( $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{T}} .:$ Th. 1 : pop. 6), I W. May \& Nov., 1 W. Mar. (310, 829, 877, 87.)
Newcastle-on-Tyne (T., Th. \&o $\mathcal{S}_{\mathbf{W}}$ : (top. 215), 2 W. Aug., last W. Oct., last W. Mar. \& Nov. (all c). (10, 310, 329, 127, 377, 27, 478, 94, 120.)
Wooler (May 4, Oct. 17 \& 2. Th. (co): pop. 1), May 4 \& Oct. 17 (c). (218, 377.)

## NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

Bingham (Th.: pop. 13), Feb. 13, ${ }^{1} 4$ N Nov. $8 \& 9$.
Blyth, Holy Th., Oct. 20. (310, 329, 27.)
Dunham, Aug. 12.
East wood (F.S. S.: Th. 1 : pop. 5), IM. Nov. (382, 360.)

Felwinstowe, Oct. 24.
E. Retford (S.: W. 1 : pop. 12), Mar. 23. Oct. 2. (201, 384, 427, 360.)
Mansfield (Th. \& $S$ : $W$ : $:$ pop. 21), 2 Th. Jy. (384, 382, 481, 247.)
Marnham, Sep. 12.
Newark (W. E S.: Th. 1: pop. 15), F. Mid-lent, May 14, Whit I', Aug. 2, W. b. Oct. 2, Nov. 1. M. b. Dec. 11. (897, 884, 418, 486.)
Nottingham (W. \& S.: Th. i: pop. 240), F. af. Jan. 13, Mar. 7, 8, 9, Th. b. Eas., 1 Th. Oct. \& 2 foll. d. (86, 34, $360,866,884,382,431,94$.)
Ollerton, May $1 \&$ last F. Sep.
Southwell (Th. 1: pop. 2), 3 M. Apr., Whit M., M. b. Oct. I. ( $481,884$.
Sutton-in-Ashfield (S.). (247, 481, 884.)
Tuxford (M.: pop. 1), May 12, Sep. 25.
Warsop (Thy pop. 1), M. b. Whit. Sn., Sept. 29, Nov. 17.
Worksop (W.: Th. ェ: pop. 16), ${ }_{2}$ W. Apr. \& Oct. (201, 424, 284, 360, 478.)

## OXFORDSHIRE.

Bampton (W.: W. 4 : pop. 1), Ang. 26, 27. (879, i15.)
Banbury (Th. \& S. : pop. 13). ${ }^{1}$ Th. af. Oct. 11. (828, 287, 91, 115, 878.)
Bicester (F.: T. $1:$ pop. 3), Eas. F., T. b. W'hit., Aug. 5, 6, F b. Oct. 11. (488.)

Burford (S:: W. 4: pot. 1), last S. Apr, Sep. 25. (86.)
Charlbury (F. \& 1 M. ev. mo. Th. 2; pop. 1), Jan. 1, 2 F. af. May 12, Oct. 10, 11 .
Chipping Norton ( $W: \because$ Th. 3 : pop. 4) I W. mo. \& W. b. on \& af. Oct. 1o. $(279,115$.)
Deddington (T. 5: pop. 2!, Nov. 22. (278.)
Henley ( $T$ h. : $W .2$ : pop. 6), Mar. 7, Holy Th., Th. af. Trin Sn. (423, 81.)
Oxford (W. ©o S.: Th. 4: pop. 49), 2 \& 4 W. ev. mo. (c), M. af. Sep. I, Th. b. Sep. 29. (279, 462, 91, 34, 115, 86, 27, 467.)
Stokenchurch (pop. 2', Jy. 10. Thame (T.: Th. 2: pop. 3!, Oct. 11, Eas. T., 'T. b. Whit. (222, 91, 236.)
Watlington (WV. 4: pop. 2', S. b. \& aft. Oct. 10. (99.)

Witney (Th.: T. 4: pop. 4), M. \& T. af. Sep. 9. (270, 115.)

Woodstock is T.ev.mo.: Th.4: pop. 2), I I. Oct. (278.)

## RUTLANDSHIRE.

Oakham (Th. Es S.: Th. 2 :加 . $^{1}$ ), Sep. 9. (436.)
Uppinghain (W.: Th. 4 Smr.: pop. 3', Mar. 7 \& Jy. 7. (436, 94.)

## SHROPSEIRE.

Baschurch (pop. 4', alt. M. fr. 2 M. Jan.
Bishop's Castle (F.: W. 2: pop. 1), 2 F. ea. mo. but Mar. : on 26th, F. af. May I. (376, 206.)

Bridgnorth (.S.: Th. 2: pop. 6,) $3_{3}$ M. Jan., Feb., Mar., May 1 , Ju. 14, Jy. 12, Oct. 29. (86, 115, 268.)
Broseley ( $W_{.} 2$ : pop. 4', last T. Apr. (86.)
Church Stretton (Th.: W.: S. : pop. 1), 2 Th. Jan., 3 Th. Mar., May 14, Jy. 3, Sep. 25, last Th. Nov. (268, 206.)
Cleobury Mortimer (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 8), Oct. 27.
Clun (T.: W. 4: pop. 2', last F. Jan.

Ellesmere ( $T$ : $T h .2:$ pop. 2), ev. alt. T. (c). (268, 86, 127.)
Ludlow (M.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), 2 M. ev. mo. (206, 268, 86.)
Market Drayton (alt. W.: Th. 1: pop. 4), Oct. 24, 25. (856, 206.)

Minsterley (Th. 3 : pop. 1), 2 M. ev. mo., May 3.

Much Wenlock (M. : W. 4 : pop. 2), May 12. (115.)
Newport (M., F. í S.: Th. 2 : pop. $3^{\prime}, ~ M a y ~ 7 \& ~ a l t . ~ M . ~ a f . ~$ (127, 86.)
Oswestry (W. \& S. Th. I: pop. 10', i W. ev. ino. (86, \$76,

Shifnal (T.: Th. $1:$ pop. 3), Nov. 22. (86.)
Shrewsbury (W. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 28). (127, 206, 268, 86.)
Wellington (M., Th., S.:F. 2 :
pop. 6', ev. M. (c). (206, 86.)
Wem (Th. $F^{2}{ }^{2}$ : pop. 2), alt. M. (127, 206.)
Whitchurch \& Dodrington ( $F$. : W. 2 : pop. 5). (127, 206, 86.)

## SOMERSETSHIRE.

Ashcott, Jan. 9.
Axbridge (a $T$ : ${ }^{2}$ pot. 1 ), Feb. 3 r Mar. 25 . (441, 463.)
Banwell (W. 2 : pop. I), Jan. 18. (463.)

Bath (W. S.: 7h. 2: pop. 50', Feb. 14, T. bef. Dec. 9 (c). (127, 441, 136, 463, 86, 115 , 34, 94.)
Bridgwater (W.: Th. 2: pop. $15^{\prime}$ last W. Jan., Mar. Ju. \& Sep. (271, 441, 463, 256.)
B: uton (Th. 3. מop. 2), Apr. 23, Sept. 17. (441.)
Buckland S. Mary, T. af. Sep. 20.
Castle Cary (alt. T.: Th. 3 : $p$ 'p. 2), T. b. Palin Su.. May 1 ,
Whit. T., T. af. Sep. 19. (441.)

Chard (M., Th. \& S. : Th. $2:$ pop. 4), I W. May, Aug. \& Nov. (c. \& ch). (441, 466.)
Cheddar ( $H .5:$ pop. 2), 1 T . May \& last I'. Oct.
Crewkerne (W. \& S.: Th. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 4', S=p. 4, 5. (441, 468.)
Dulverton ( $S$ : 7 . 4 : pop. 1) 1 T. Scp. (187.)
Dundry, Sep. 12.
East Brent (W. 4), Aug. 26.
Exford, Aug. 14.
Freshford, Sept. 6.
Frome (W. \& $S .: T h 2$ : pop. -II), last W. Sep. (ch \& b), Feb. \& Nov. (441, 463, 84.)
Glastonbury, ( 2 \& 4 Mo: W. 2: pop. 4, 2 M. in Sep. \& Oct. (c \& h). (441, 463.)
Hinton S. George, Apr. 23.
Ilminster ( $W$. \&o $S_{:}$: Th. 2: pop. 2), last W. in Aug. \& Nov. (441, 468.)
Keynsham (W. 3: pop. 3), W. af. Aug. 15.
Langport (T.:W. 4 : pop. 1), Sep. 3, alt. T. (c). (441)
Martock (T/2. 2 : pop. 3), Aug. 21. (463.)
N. Petherton (Th. 2), May 1 , Nov. 8.
Shepton Mallat (F.: W. 2 Sme. : pop. 5), At:g. 8, 2 M. Nov. (463, 441.)
S. Petherton (Th. 2: pop. 2), Jy. 5. 6.
Stalford, Ju. 11, Sep. 28.
Taunton (W. E S.: Th. 2 : pop. 21), Ju. 17, Jy. 7. (441, 256, 271, 463.)
Wellington (Th. : F. 1: pop. 7), 2 W Mar. \& I W. Ju. (441, 271.)

Wells ( $S .: W^{2} 2:$ pop. 5 ), 1 T. Jan., May, Jy., Nov. \& Dec. (441, 463.)

Wincanton (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 2), Eas. T., Sep. 29, 30. (441, 463.)

Wiveliscombe ( $T_{i}$ : pob, I), May 12 \& Sep. 25 (c). (441, 463.)
Yeovil ( $F$ : : Th. 2: pop. 10), last F. Ju. \& 3 F. Nov. (441, 3i, 256, 468.)

## GTAFTORDSHIRE.

Burslem (M. W. E.S. : pop. 39), S. b. Shrove T., Eas. \& Whitsun. $(356,206,86,110$.)
Burton-on-Trent (Th. \& S.: $W_{.2}$ : pop. 50), Oct. 28, 27. (338, 86, 347, 127, 198, 94, 135.)

Cannock (S.: Th. 1: pop. 24), May 8, Aug. 24, Oct. 18. 16.1

Cellar Head (S.), May 5, Th. af. Nov. $x$.
Cheadle ( $F$. : pop. 5), Mar. 25, Holy Th., Aug. 21, Oct. 18. (206, 356, 110.)
Dudley ( $S$. : pot. 49), 2 M. Aug., I M. Mar., May \& Oct. (206, 86, 115)
Fazeley (M., pop. 2', M. af. Oct. 10.
Gnosall (1 M.: Th. 2 : pop. 3), May 7. (206.)
Hanley ( $W_{\text {. }} S .: p o \beta_{1}$ 2). (206, 86, 356, 127 110.)
Ipstones (pop. 3), M. nearest Nov. 6.
Leek (W. S.: Th. 1: pop. 15), W. b. Feb. 13, Eas. W., May 18, Jy. 3, 28, W. af. Oct. 10, Nov. 13, W. af. Xmas, last W. in Feb., Aug. \& Oct. (356, 358, 136, 110.)
Lichfield ( $F$., Shr. T., Ash W. E- I M. W. 2 : pop. 8), Ash W., Mav 12. (86, 127, 94.)

Longnor ( $T_{\mathrm{G}}:$ pop. 3 ), T. b. Feb. 14, Eas. T., May 4, 17, Whit T., Aug. 5, I T. in Oct., Nov. 12.
Longton (S.: pop. 36), Shrove T., May 29, Jy. 23, Nov. I. (206, 86, 356, 110.)
Newcastle-under-Lyme (W. © $S_{\text {: }}$ Th. 1 : pop. 20). ( 356,86 , 1i0.)
Pankridge ( $S_{.}: W_{0} 3$ pop. 2), Apr. 30, 1 M. Sep., Oct. 10.
Rugeley (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 4!, Ju. 1-6, Oct. 21. (86, 127.)
Starford (T. S. : W. i:pop. 21), Apr. 3, May 14, Oct. 2, Dec. 4. ( $206,86,356,110$.)
Stane (S. T.: Th. 2 : pop. 6).
Tamworth (S.: $W_{1} 2:$ pop. 7), Jy. 26. (127, 86, 94.)
Tean (Th.), Apr. ro, Nov. 12.
Uttoxeter (W., Th. 2, pop. 5), May 6, Nov. 11, 27, ITh. af. 2 T. Mar., Sep. Ig, I Th. Sep., $\& 2$ Th. Nov. (206, 247, 86.)
Walsall (T. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 86), Whit. T., alt. to T. ar. Aug. Bank Hol. (94, 86, 1,6, 206.)
Wolverhain pton (W. S.: pop: 94', Jy. 10. (266, 86, 1i5, 94.)

## SUFFOLK.

Bungay (Th.: W. 4: pop. 4), May 14. (27, 96.)
Bury St. Edmunds (W.,Th. 5: pop. 16), Dec. 1. (127, 27, 34.)

Cavendish ( $W$. 4, pop. I', Ju. Ir.
Halesworth ( $T_{i}:$ pop. 2), Oct. 18. (27. 828. 96.)

Ipswich (T.:W. $2:$ pop. 67), 1 \& 3 T. May Aug. 22 (la). (190, 27, 127, 135, 34.)
Lavenham (T.: W. 4 : pop. 2\}, Shrove T.
Long Melford (W. $4:$ pop. 3!, Whit. Th.
Lowestoft (IV.: Th. 2 : pop. 30), May 2, 13, Oct. 10, 11. (127, 27, 328. 96.)
Nayland (F.:W.), W: af. Oct.2.
Southwold (Th.: W. 2: pop. $3^{\prime}$, Trin. M., Ju. 14 (27, 828. )
Stowmarket (Th. : pop. 4), Aug. 12. (27.)

Sudbury (Th. \&- S. : pop. 7), Mar. 12, Jy. ${ }^{10 .}$
Woodbridge (Th. : pop. 5). (190, 87.)

## SURREY.

Bletchingley (W. 4: pop. 1), May io, Nov. 2.
Chertsey (W.: Th. 5 : pop. 工z), I M. Lent, May 14, Aug. 6, Sep. 25. (91, 182.)
Dorking (Th.: W. 5 : pop. 8!, May 29, Ascen. day \& day b. (34.)

Epsom (W.: Th. 2: pop. 1I', Jy. 25. (34, 91.)
Ewell (Th. 2), May 12, Oct. 29.
Farnham (Th.: W. 4: pop. 6), May 10, Ju 24, Nov. 10. (34, 91.)

Godalming (W. S.: W. 2 : pop. 9), Feb. 13, Jy. ro. (91, 34.)

Guildford (T. S.: W. 5 : pop. 16), May 4, Nov. 22. (34, 91.)
Haslemere (T. Th.: W. 4 : pop. 1!, May 13, Sep. 26.
Kingston (W. T\%2. S.: W. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 34), Aug. 2, Nov. 13. (91, 99.)

Reigate (T. Es alt. W.: W. 2 -8. 4 : pop. 26!, Dec. 9. (91, 84.)

## SUSSEX.

Arundel (alt. M. : W. 4: pop; 3', May 14, Sep. 25. (34, 91.)
Battle (alt. MI.: W. 4: pop. 3), Sep. 6, Nov. 22. (91, 27.)
Brighton (T.:Th. 5 : pop. 123), Holy Th., Sep. 4. (34, 27, 91; 99, 84, 86. 127.)
Burwash (T.:W. 4 : pop. 3), May 12. (27.)
Chichester (alt. W.: Th. 4: pop. 12', Oct. $20 .(84,81$.
Crawley (alt. F.: W. 2), May 8, Sep. 9. (91.)
Eastbourne (W. $2:$ pop. 43), Oct. II. (91, 84, 84, 96, 27.)
East Grinstead (alt. Th.: W. 4 : pop. 61, Apr. 21, Dec. 11. 186,

Findon (W. 5), Jy. 12, Sep. 14
Forest Row (IV. 5: pop. 2), Nov. 8.
Hailsham (alt. W. 5 : Th. 2, pop. 3!, Aug. 12. (27.)
Hastings ( $S . W_{5}$ : pop. 66). (86, 94. 91, 27, 135, 94, 96. )
Hayward's Heath (W.T.: W. 4.' Nov. 18. (27.)
Hoathley East W. 4), Apr. 8.
Horley (W. $2:$ pop. 3!, Nov. $7 \cdot$ (86.)

Horsham (alt. W.: Th. 4: pos. 9), Apr. 5, Nov. 17, 27. (3) 91.

Lewes (T.: IV. 2, 4: pop. 11), May 6, Sep. 21, 28. (91, 27.)

Lindfield (W. $\mathbf{3}^{\prime}$, Apr. r, Aug. 8.
Mayfield (W. 4 : pop. 3), May 30, Nov. 13.
Midhurst (Th. : W. 4 : pop. 2), Apr: 6, Oct. 29 (91.)
Northiam (W. 4), 3 Th. Apr.
Petworth ( $S$ : $W .4$ : pop. 3), Nov. 20. (91.)
Pevensey (alt. Th. from exd of Fune to end of Nov.: IV. 5: pop. 437), Jy. 5.
Pulborough (alt. M. : pop. 3), Eas. T. (91.)
Robertsbridge (alt. M. : pop. 2), Sep. 25, 26. ( 81. )
Rotherfield (alt. Th. : pop. 5!. Ju. 18, Oct. 20.
Rye (alt. W.:pod. 4), Whit M., Aug. 10. $(86,81$.
Slinfold (Th. 2), Eas. T.
Steyning ( $W .: W .5:$ bop. 2), Oct. 1 I. (34, 91, 27.)
Storrington (W.: W. 5 : pop. 1), May 13, Nov. II.
Ticehurst (M.: W. 5 : pop. 3), May 4, Oct. 7.
Uckfield (alt. W. F.: W. 4 : pop,
(27.) , May 14, Aug. 29. (27.)

Wadhurst (M. T. : W. 5 : pop. 3), Apr. 29, Nov. 1.

## WARWICKSHIRE.

Atherstone ( $T_{i}:$ pop. 15), Apr. 7s

Bedworth (T: \& S.: W. 4: pop. 5), Whit W. (94, 806.)
Birmingham (T. Th.S.: M. W. \& Th. 3 : pop. 522), Whit Th. \& Th. nearest Sep. 29 \& twe following days. $(10,94,83$, 206, 386, 34, 280 , 115, 187, 135.)

Coleshill (W.: Th. 3: pop. 2). Shrove M., May 6. (04.)
Coventry ( $F$ : : Tk. $2: \neq p .70 \%$ May ${ }^{2}$, Whit M. \& 4 follg. days, Nov. I, F. af. Corpers Christi \& 4 follg. days. (80e 94, 86, 850.)
Hampton-in-Arden (x M.: fots 1), $\mathrm{Ju}_{14,} 14 \mathrm{JY}$ 19, Sep.6, Oct.90

Kenilworth (TK. 2: pop. St $^{2}$ Apr. 29, last T. Sep. ity
Nuneaton (S.: Th. I: top:


Rugby (M. \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 17), last M. Jan, Feb. 17, last M. Mar. \& Apr., May 15, last M. Ju. \& Jy., Aug. 2I, M. b. Sep. 29 \& Oct. 27, M. b. Nov. 19 \& remainder of wk., ${ }_{2}$ M. Dec., 1 M. af. Xm. D., T. b. Eas., last W. Sep. (127, 381, 86.)
Stratford-upon-Avon (F.: Th. 2 : pop. 8), Oct. 12 \& follg. F. wk. 115,86 .)
Warwick (alt. W. S.: Th. 2 : pop. 12), Oct. 12. $(94,115,86$.

## WESTMORELAND.

Ambleside (W. S.: pop. 3), Oct. 29, Whit W. (331, 193, 94.)

Appleby (S.: Th. $1: p o p .2$ ), Whit S., 2 W. Ju., Aug. 2I. (231, 248.)
Kendal (S.: Th. $2:$ pop. 14, Feb. 22, Mar. 22, Apr. 29, Nov. 8, 9 . (331, 193, 94.)
Kirkby Lonsdale (Th.: W. 1 : pop. 2), Holy Th., Oct. 5, Dec. 21. (331, 193, 94.)
Kirkby Stephen (M.: Th. I: pop.2), Sep.29, Oct.27, Apr. 25. (193, 94.)
Shap (M.: pop. 1), 3 M. Mar., May 4, Sep. 23, 28. (458.)
Staveley (W.: Th. 1 : pop. 1), Oct. 7.
Temple Sowerby, last Th. Jan., Feb., Mar., Oct., 2 Th. May.

## WILTSHIRE.

Bradford-on-Avon (T.S.: W. 4 : pop. 5 , Trin. M. (34, 463.)
Bradford Leigh ( $p o p .8$ ), I M. af. Aug. 24.
Chippenham (F. fortly.: W. 12 : pop. 5, May 17, Ju. 22, Oct. 29, Dec. 11. (34, 463, 136.)
Corsham (W. 2 : pop. 4, Mar. 7.

## (34, 463.)

Cricklade (3 T. in mo.: W. 2 : pop. 21, Sep. 21, 3 T. Mar. \& Sep.
Devizes (Th.: W. 2: pop. 7), Feb. 13, 14, Apr. 20, Oct. 20. (34, 463.)
Dilton Marsh, Sep. 24.
Downton (W. 4:pop. 3), Apl. ${ }^{23}$, Oct. 2. (463.)
Highworth (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 3), Aug. 13, Oct. 11.
Malmesbury ( $\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{E}_{3}$ W:: Th. 5 : poo. 3). (34, 463.)
Marlborough (S.: W. 3 : pop. 3), Aug. 22, S. b. \& af. Oct. II, Nov. 23. (463, 34.)
Melksham (alt. T.:W. 2 : pop. 2), Jy. 27. ( $463,34$.

Salisbury ( $T$. Eু $S$. : W. 2. : pop. 17). (127, 34, 463.)
Swindon (M.: W. $2:$ pop. 45), M. b. Apr. 5,2 M. af. Sep. I2, 2 M. af. May 12. (34, 86, 463.)

Warminster (S.: W. 2 : pop. 6), Apr. 22, Aug. II, Oct. 26. $(34,463$.
Wilton ( $W$. : $W .4$ : pop. 2), May 4, Sep. 12. (463.)
Wootton Bassett (土 W.: Th. $\mathbf{x}$ : pop. 2), T. af. Apr. 6, Oct. 1 . $(34,463$.)
Yarnborough Castle, Oct. 4.

## WORCESTERSHIRE.

Alvechurch- ( $p \circ p$. 2), May 3, Oct. 1.
Bromsgrove ( $T_{\dot{\prime}}: T h .2: p o p .8$ ), Ju. 240 ( $115,86$.
Bewaley (S.), Apr. 23, M. b. Jy. 26, Dec. 10, 11.
Dudley (T. \&o $S$ : W. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 49, 1 M. Mar, May ${ }^{\&}$ Oct., 2 M. Aug. (206, 115, 86.)

Feckenham (W. 2), Mar. 26, Sep. 30.
Kidderminster (Th. \& $S$.: $W$. 2: pop. 25). (206, 115, 86.)
Pershore (T.: Th. $3: p o p .3$ ), Ju. 26 \& Eas. T. (34.)
Redditch (S.: W. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 13), I M. Aug., 3 M. Sep. (34, $115,86$.
Shipston-on-Stour (S. : Th. 2 : pop. 2), 3 T. Apr., Ju. 22, T. af. Oct. ıo (115, 86.)

Stourbridge ( $F$; $; p o p .16$ ), last M. Mar. $(94,115$.)
Upton-on-Severn (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Th. af. Mid. Lent, Whit. Th., Jy. 10, Th. b. Oct. 2.
Worcester (M. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 47), Sep. 19 (c, ch, hops). (205, 115, 127, 86, 206).

## YORKSHIRE.

Aberford ( $W$.), last M. Apr. \& May, M. af. Oct. 18, M. af. Nov. 2 (c, sh).
Aldborough ( $W$.$) , Sep. 4$.
Appletreewick, Oct. 27, 28 (sh).
Askrigg, 1 Th. Ju., Jy. 1, Oct. 28, May 12 (c, sh, w).
Barnsley (W. \& $S$. : Th. 1 : pop. 4I), last W. Feb., May 13 (c, pi), Oct. 11 ( $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{h}, \& \mathrm{sh}$ ). (478, 101, 456, 94.)
Bawtry (Th. : W. 4 : pop. 1), Whit. Th., Nov. 23 (c, h).
Bedale (T. : Th. ́ap. r), Eas. T. \& Whit. I. (c, sh), Jy. 5,6 (c), Oct. 1o, 11 (c). (27, 478.)
Bentham ( $W_{.}$: pop. 2), Feb. 5 (c), Eas. Eve., Ju. 22, 23, Oct. 25.
Beverley ( $S .: 7 h .1$ : pop. 13), Holy Th., Jy. 4, Nov. 4 (c), \& ev. alt. W. (c) (201, 478, 480, 479, 476.).
Bradford (M. \& $T u$ : W. : pop. 280), Mar. 3 (c, ho), Dec. 9 , 10 (c, sh, pi). (201, 94, 213, 214, 215, 212, 246, 295, 297, 296, 101, 480.)

Bridlington (S.so W.: pop. 12), M. b. Whit. Sn. \& Oct. 21 (c, ho). ( $101,478,479$.)
Dewsbury (W. \&o S.:T. м.: pop. 28), W. on or b. May 13, W. b. Oct. II (c, h). (94, 330, 101, 457.)
Doncaster (T. \& $S .: T \%$. 2 : pop. 29, 1 Th. Feb., Apr., Aug. \& Nov. (201, 101, 478, 480.)

Driffield (Th. : F. 2 : pop. 6). 201, 101, 479, 476, 478.)
Egton (pop. 1), 2 T. Jan. \& Apr., T. b.Feb. 14 \& Palm Sn., T. b. May 13, T. b. Aug. 12, Sep. 4, T. b. Oct. 11, T. b. Nov. 23, 2 T. Dec. (hi).
Easingwold ( $F .:$ pop. 5), Jy. 5 (c, sh). (479.)
Frodingham, Jy. 10, Oct. 2 (ped).
Gargrave ( $T . \mathrm{r}_{\text {: }}$ pop. 1), Dec. $\mathbf{1 1}$.
Goole (W.:T.10:pop.17), M.af. Oct. 11 (hi). (201, 94, 335, 47¢\%)
Guisborough (T.: W. 1 : pop. 6), last T. Apr., 2 T. Nov. (c, hi). (127, 478.)
Halifax (S.: Th. I: pop. ro5), Ju. $24, \mathrm{I}$ S. Nov. (c). (296, 295. 297, 101, 330, 358, 480,

Haw orth (T. i : pop. 6), Eas. \& Whit. M., M. af. Jy. 18 \& M. af. Oct. II.

Holmfirth ( $S$. T. 1 : pop. q), last S. Mar. \& Oct., \& S. af. May 4. (94, 457.)
Howden ( $S$. : $W .1$ : pop. 2), ${ }_{2}$ M. Apr. (c, h), Apr. 17, Oct 2 (c, h). (478.)
Huddersfield (T.F. \& S.: W.r : pop. 95), Mar. 3I, May 14 (pl), Oct. 4 (c, h, pi) (297, 296, 94, 457, 480, 101.)
Hull (T: \& $F$. : Th. 1 : pop. 200), 2 T. Apr. (c), Oct. 11 (c, h, sh). (10, 27, 94, 101, 127, 432, 478, 479, 480, 295.)
Keighley ( $W . \mathcal{E}^{\prime} S$. : T. i : pop. 30), May 8 (c), Nov. 8 (c, h). $(215,212,246,101$, 480, 94.)
Kilham, Aug. 21, Nov. 12.
Kirkby Moorside ( $W$ : : pop. . 1 ), Whit. W. \& Sep. 18 (sb). (479, 476.)
Knaresborough (W. \&o $S$. Th. I: pop. 5), W. af. Jan. 13 (sh), Mar. 12 (sh), May 5 (c), W. af. Aug. 12 \& Oct 10, W. af. Nov. 22 (hi), \& W. af Dec. 10 (c). (212, 322, 478.)
Leeds (T. \& S. : W. 2 : pop. 429), $x$ W. Mar. \& I W. Ju. \& Sep. (c), Nov. $8 \& 9$ (c \& hi), $x$ W. Dec. (c). (10, 201, 457, 94, 101, 127, 219, 478, 480, 295, 215, 457.)
Leyburn ( $F,: W . x: p o p . ~ x)$, ${ }_{2}$ F. Feb., May, Oct. \& Dec., \& 2 S. Oct. ( $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{sh}$ ). (478.)
Malton ( $T$. \& $S$. :Th. $4: p o p$. 5), S. b. Palm \& Whit. Sn., \& Oct. 1x. (201, 478, 479, 101,
476.)
Market Weighton (W. : pop. 22),
May 14, Sep. $25(\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{sh})$.
(479.)

Market Weighton (W: pop. 2),
May 14, Sep. 25 (c, n, sh). (479.)

Marsden ( 7.1 : pot 4 : Apr. 25, Jy. 30, Sep. 25 (c).
Melthan ( $W$. 12: $^{25}$ pob. 5 ), S . af. Apr. $\sigma_{2}$ \& Ot. rix (c).
New Mill ( $\Gamma$, pop s), M. b. last W. Feb.' (c), ' I W. Aug. \& W. af. Nov. 14 (c). (356.)

Northallerton ( $W:=T h .1: p o p$. 4), Feb. 14 (h), May 5 (h.c,sh), Sep. 5 \& Oct. 3 (c). ' $(27,478$, 480.)

Otley (F.: W. x : bot. $9^{\prime}$, Eas. W. \& alt. W. to Whit. W. (c). (480, 212, 846.)
Penistone (Th: : W. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ : pop. ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ ), Th. b. Feb. 28;' last ${ }^{\text {Th}}$ ' Mar. \& Th. b. May 12 (c), Th. af. Oct. so (sh). (427, 101.)

Pickering (M.: pop. 3), Sep. 25 (c, sh, hi. (479, 201 , 476.)

Pocklington (S.: pof. 2', Feb. ${ }^{24}, \mathrm{Mar} .7$, May 6 (c, h, sh), Nov. 8 (c, b, sh!, Dec. 18. (479, 201, 47e.)

Pontefract (S.: Th. ${ }^{2}$ : pog. ${ }_{3}$ ); alt. T. (c) S. b. Palm Sn. (c). (385, 94, 480.)
 Nov. 23 (c). ( 27, 415, 478.)
Ripon (Th. : F. $1 \times$ pop. 8), May 14 to Ju. 4, Nov. 22, 23 (c, hi). (212, 322. 478, 480.)
Rotherham (M. © $F$. : Th. x : pop. 54). Whit. M. (c), \& I M. Nov. Dec. I (c. h, ch). (426, 484, 487, 478, 245.)
Selby (M. : Th. I : pop. 8), Eas. M., Ju. 22, i M. Oct. (478, 480. 479.)
Sheffield (T. \&o F. : Th. 2 : pop. 38 ! , Whit. T. \& W. (c, h), T. \& W. af. Xm. d. (or 2 foll. ds. if Xm . d . is on T . or W. ) ( $c, \mathrm{~h}$, ch) (206, 94, 101, 478, 424, 425, 426. 427, 127.)
Skipton (S. \& M.) T. 1.30: pop. 12), Aug. 23 (h). (246, 94, 480.)
Sowerby Bridge ( pop . 11 ), , Th. May \& Nov. (296, 297, 330.)

Stokesley (S. : WW. $5:$ pop. (2) S. b. Trin. Sn. (sh). (187, 478.)

Tadcaster ailt. M. © W. : pop. $4^{\prime}$, last W. Apr. May \& Oct. (c, sh). (212, 478.)
Thirsk (M. : W. 12 : pop. 3 ! Shrove M., Apr. 4, 5, last M. May, Aug. 4, 5, Oct. 28, 29 (c, sh'. (480, 479, 478.)
Wakefield (IV. \&o F.: W. 2.30: pop. 42'; July 4, 5 (h), Nov. 11, 12 (c, h, hi). (385, 94, 456, 478.)

Wetherby (Th.: W. i: pop. 7 , Holy Th., Aug. 5, 6, Oct. so (c, sh, h).' (480, 382.)
Whitby (S. : W. 1 : pop. 12'. S. af. Nov. $5, \&$ Nov. ${ }^{23}$. (127, 478, 479.)
Yarm (Th. : T. $\times$ : pop. 2., Oct. 18, 19, 20 (h, c, sh1.
York (W., Tk. \& S.: W. : : pop. 78), Th.b. Palm Sn., Whit.
M., Jy. ro, Aug. 12 (c). (201

127, 480, 478, 479, 476, 101.);

## WALES.

## ANGLESEY.

Amlwch (S.', Nov. 12. (115, 86.)
Beaumaris ( $S$. : pop 2.), Feb. 13, Holy Th., Sep. 19, Dec. 19. (127.)

Bodedern (T. : pop. 1), 1 T. mo. exc. Nov. \& Dec.
Llanfechell, May 13, Aug. 15, Nov. 5.
Llangefni (Th. : F. 4 : pop. 2', Jan. 2, Feb. 28, Mar. 14, Apr. 8, 17, May 7, Ju. 10, Aug. 17, 19, Sep. x5, Oct. 23. (127, 11'6.)
Menai Br. (F. : pop. 2), May 16, Oct. 24, Nov. 14. (127.)
Valley, Apr. 3, Ju. 5 22, Nov. 12, Dec. 31 .

## BRECON.

Brecknock (F. : W. 2 :pop. 61, I T. alt. M. Mar.-Nov. (206, 127, 86.)
Builth (M.: : W. 1 : pop. 2), 3 M. Feb, Ju. 27, Oct. 2, Dec. 6. $(96,127$.)
Crickhowel (Th.: F. $2 \div$ :pp. 1), May 12, Sep. 22.
Hay (Th.: 7' $2:$ pop. 2), 1 Th. Mar., last Tb. Ju., Aug. 12 \& Sep. 16 (sh), Oct. 10, Th. at. Nov. ${ }^{17}, \& 1$ Th. ea. mo. (187, 206.)
Talgarth (Th. \& $F_{\text {. }}$ : W. 2 pop. 1!, Feb. 2 Mar. 12, Apr. 18, May 31, Jy. 10, Aug. 10, Scp. 23, Oct. 13, Déc. 3. (187.)
Trecastle, Apr. 5 , May 21, Aug. 14, Oct. 14, Nov. 13, Dec. 14.

## cardigan.

Aberystwith (M. © S.: W. 2 : pop. 8), т M. ea. mo. (127, 378, 96.)

Cardigan (S.: W. 2 : pop. 4!, Feb. 13, Apr. 5, Sap. 8, Nov. 10, Dec. 19. (86, 127, 115.)

Capel Cynon, Holy Th., 2 Th. af. Oct. 10.
Capel St. Silen, Feb. 7.
Lampeter (F.: W. $1:$ pop. $\mathbf{z}^{\prime}$ last W. ea. mo. (127, 817, 96.)

Llanarth (pop. 2!, Jan. 12, Mar. 12, Ju. 17, Sep. 22, Nov. 10.
Llandyssul (T.: W. 2 : pop. 6), Feb. 1 ), Sep. 19. (86, 127, 115.)

Llanwnen, Dec. 13, 14, 24.
New Quay (S.: W. 1!, Nov. 12.

Pontrhydfendigaid, Apr. 29, Aug. 26, Sep. 25; Oct. 13.
Talsarn, Sept. 8, Nov. 2.
Tregaron (T.: pon. 3), Mar. 16. (187.)

## CARMARTHEN.

Abergwilly (pop. 2', May 3, 4, Oct. 2, 27.
Ammanford ( $p o p_{17}^{11}$ ), May 2, Sep. 10. $(34,317$.
Bettws, Octpz, I M. af. Nov. 22.
Brynaman (Th. 2), Apr. 30, I S. Oct. (34.)
Brechfa, T. af. May 13, Oct. 3, 28.
Carmarthen (W. S.: Th. 2: pop. 10), Ju. 3, Jy. 10, Aug. 12 , Sep. 9, Oct. 9, Nov. 14. (86, 96, 12'7.)
Cwmaman (Th. 2!, Apr. 19, Nov. 6.
Capel Gwynfi, Apr. 28, Nov. 7.
Cilcwyn, Ju. 17, Aug. 20, Nov. Ix, 12.
Dryslwyn, Jy. 1, Sep. 7, Oct. 5.

Foelgastell, Ju. 24.
Heolgaled, Apr. 23.
Kidwelly ( $F_{0}: d F_{1} 2: p \subset \beta .2$, Aug. 3, 4, Oct. 29, 30, 1 M. Dec.
Llanboidy (W.), Aug. 6, Sep. 1 E. 19, Oct. 29.
Llandebie, Whit W., Jy. 16, Dec. 26.
Llandilo (S.: Th. 2: pop. ${ }^{2}$, Ju. 12, Feb. 20, Pm. M.. May 5, 14, Ju. 21, Aug. 23(317, 34, 96 .)
Llandovery ( $F$. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 2), Jan. 16, Feb. 10 . Mar. 24, Apr. 27, May 15. Ju. 19, Aug. 2, Sep. 8, Oct. 22. Nov. 16, Dec. 15. (317, 127, 96.)

Llanelly (Th. \&r S.: T. 2 : pop. 26), Asc. d, Sep. ј0. (86, 96, 115, 34.)
Llanfynydd, Jy. 5 -
Llangadock (1 \& 3 T.: Th. 2 : pob. 2), Mar. 12, 13, Jy.9, 10(127.)

Llansamel, I F. af. May 12. Jy. 26, Oct. 23 .
Llansadwrn, Oct. 5.
Llanddensant, Ju. 17.
Llangathen, Apr. 16.
Llangendeirn, Aug. 5. 6.
Llanon (pop. 2), Jy. 6, Dec. 12. (127.)

Llanarthney, May 16.
Mydrim, Mar. 12 (c), May 3.
Mothvey (pop: 1!, Ju. s\&, Nov. 5 -
Newcastle Rhos. Ju. 12.
Newcastle in Emlyn ( $F_{\mathrm{M}}: 1^{\circ}:=$ : pop. 1), Mar. 22, May 10, Aug. 20, Sep. 20, Oct. 21,22 . Nov. 22, 23. (86, 127, 116.)
St. Clears ( 1 T. : W. 2 : A A P. $2^{\prime}$. Oct. 12, 13. (96.)
Talley, Aug. 6, 7, 8.
Whitland, Feb. 'i3, Apr. 3r Aug. 28, Sep. 19, Dec. 19.

## CARNARTON.

Bangor (F.: W. 2: pop. ri), Apr. 5, Ju. 25, Sep. 16, Oct. 28. (115, 1\%7, 86.)
Beaumaris (S.). (127, 86.)
Bedgellert, Sep. 16.
Betziws, May 15, Dec. 3.
Brynkir, Apr. 30.
Carnarvon (S.: Th. $3: p 力 p$. 10), s S. Jan., 2 S. Feb., Apr. ro, May ${ }^{15}, \mathrm{Ju} .{ }^{26, \text { Aug. } 12 .}$ Sep. 23, Oct. 18, Nov. 9. 1 F. \& S. Dec. (115, 876, 86.)
Conway (F.: W. 1: 3: pop. 5', Feb. 5, 6. Mar. 26, Apr. 23, 24, Ju. 20. Aug. 4, Oct 21 (bu). (115, 127.)
Criccieth, Ju. 29, Oct. 22. ill5, 187.)

Dolbenmaen, Aug. 18, Oct. 26.
Llanbedr, Oct. 3 .
Llanberis, S:p. 18.
Llanllechyd, Oct. 29, 20.
Pwilheli (W.; Th. 1 : pop. 4), Mar. 15, May 1, 13, Ju. 28, Aug. 13, Sep. 24, Nov. 1, 11 . (127. 876, 115.)

Sarifilltryn, Ju. 27.
Tremadoc ( $F .:$ pop. 4.), Feb. 19, Apr. 13, 2 F. Dec.

## DENBIGHSHIRE.

Abergele \& Pensarn (W. \& S.: pop. 2), 3 W. Feb., Apr., May, Ju., Jy., Aug., Oct., Nov. \& bec. (876.)
Cerigydruidion (F.: Th. : pori. 1!, Apr. 27, Oct. 20, Dec. 7.
Colwyn ( $W .1$ (wtr): pop. 9), Apr. 24, Oct. 24. \{116, 127, 816.$)$

Denbigh (W. \& S.: Th. 4: pop. 6!, 2 T. \& W. ea. mo., wool 2 W. Jy. (127; 876.)
Eglwysbach, Feb. 24, May Ir, Nov. 24.
Goresfrd, Eas. M., 2 M. Apr., last M. Aug., Ju. 4, Oct 22, I M. Dec.
I.lanarmon in Yale, Oct. 19.

Llandegla (3 F.Mar., May, Fu., Akg., Oct.).
Llangerniew, Mar. 29, May 16, Ju. 29, Nov. 29.
Llangollen (S.: Th. 1 : pop. 3). (876, 411.)
Llanrhaiadr ( $T_{.}: p_{0} p_{0}$ 2), Jan. I, I F. Mar, May \& Ju., 2 ' Jy. (w), Jy. 24, Sep. 28, Oct. 18, Nov. 7 \& 8.
Llanrwst (T. © S.: Th. 2 : pop. 3!, I T. Feb., Apr. 25. Ju. 21, Aug. 9. Sep. ${ }^{17}$. Oct. 25, Dec. 11, 21-23. (376, 115.)

Ulansannan, May 18, Oct. 26.
Pentrevoelas, May 13, Jy. 2.
Ruabon (W. 2 : pop. 15 , last $F$ Feb., May 22, Nov. 20. (376.)
Ruthin (M1.: Th. $1: p o p .3$ ), $\pm$ T. ea. mo. (96, 376.)

## FLINT.

Caerwys, last T. ea. m.c.
Fliar is.: W. 2 : pop. 5', IS. ea. mo. (876.)

Hawarden, Oct. 1, Dec. 24. (86.)

Holywell (F.: W. $4:$ pop. 3', IF. ea. mo. (127, 876.)
Mold (W. S.: Th. r : pop. 4', I W. ea. mo. (876, 187.)

## GTAMORGATSHIRE.

Aberdare (S.: Th. $1:$ pop. $43^{\prime}$, Apr. 16, Nov. 13. (86, 96, 115.)

Aberavon (S. : pop. 8), 2 F. May, Ju. 24, Jy. 1, Aug. 14, Oct. 7. (34.)

Bridgend (S.: W. $1: p o p .6^{\prime}$, Apr. ${ }^{1}$, Holy Th. Nov. 17.

- $(96,127,115$.)

Caerphilly (Th.: Th. 2: pop. 16), Apr. 4, 5, Trin. Th., Jy. r9, Aug. 25, Oct. 9, Nov. 16, Th. b. Xm. (34.)
Cardiff (c. T. \&F. : gen. W ${ }^{\text {. }}$ \&-S.: W. 2: pop. 164, 2 W . \& Th. Mar., 2 W. Apr., May, Ju. 29. Sep. 19, Nov. 30. (86, 06, 115, 127, 463, 94, 34.)
Cowbridge (T. \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 1', T. b. Mar. 25, May 4, Ju. 24, Sep. 29, 1 T. Dec. (96, 127, 115.)
Dyffryn Golych, 1 T. Aug. \& Dec., Aug. ro.
Llangyfelach (S.), 1 T. Mar., Mar. 29. May 1, 2, Ju. 18, IT. \& W. Nov.
Llantrissant (W. 2: pop. 4), Feb. 13. May 12, Aug. 12, Oct. 29.
Merthyr Tydial (W. \& $S,: T h$. I : pop. 69). (86, 96, 1if.)
Neath (W. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 11), last W. Mar., I \& 2 W. af. May 12, W. b. Trin. Th., W. b. last Th. Jy., 2 Th. Sep. last W. Oct., I \& 2 W. af. . Nov. 12. (84, 96, 115.)
Pentice, May 17, Jy. 17 , Sep. 17 Dec. 1.
Swansea (S. Th 1 : pop. o5!, 2 S. May, Jy. ${ }^{2}$ : Aug. 15, Oct. 8, Eas. \& Whit. T. (34, 86, 96, 115, 94.)

## MERIONETHEHIRZ.

Bala $\{S .: T h .1$ : $p \not \subset p .2$, May 14, Ju. 3, Jy. 10, Aug. 11, Sep. 11, 27. Oct. 24, 25, Nov. 8, Dec. rọ. (127, 876.)
Bettws, Ju. 22, Aug. 12, Sep. 16.
Corwen (7, \& I:: u: I: pop. 5), 3 T. ea. mo. (376.)
Cynwyd, Aug. 6, Oct.21.
Dinasmawddwy, F. b. Palm Sn., Ju. 2, Sep. 10, Oct. 18, 19, 22, Nov. 13.
Dolgiley (T., S.: IV: $4:$ pop. 2), Feb. 20, Mar. 18, Apr. i, May ir, Ju. 1, 27, Aug. 8, Sep. 20, Oct. 9, Nov. 22, Dec. 16. (127, 376.)
Festiniog (S.: Th. $1:$ pop. 11), Mar. 7, May 23, 24, Ju. 20, Aug. 14, 15, Sep. 26, Oct. 23, Nov. 13 ( 876,115 .)
Harlech, Apr. 14, Trin. Th., Aug. 16, 21, Dec. II.

Llanbedr (T.: pop. 71, Feb. 18, Oct. 19.
Llanderfel, Aug. 17.
Llandrillo yn Rhos (pop. x), Feb. 25, May 3, 2 Th. in. Jy., Aug. 28, Nov. 14.
Llangollen, M. b. 1 T. ea. mo.
Llanuwchllyn (pop. 1), Apr. 22, Ju. 20, Sep. 21, 22.
Llanymynech, Apr. 2, May 29, Sep. 24
Maentwrog (pot. 1), May r5.
Penrhyndendraeth (Th. I), Sep.
23. (115.)

Towyn (F.W. : pop. 4), Eas. M., May 13, 14. (187.)

Trawsfynydd (pop. 2), Mar. 17, Apr. 20, Aug. 7, Sep. 19.

## MONTGOMERYSHIRE.

Berriew (pop. 2', 3 F. Feb., Apr., Sep., Oct. \& Nov.
Caersws, Sep. 15.
Cenmaes (pop. r), S. b. 3 Th. Apr., May 1, Oct. 1, ${ }^{17}$.
Kerry, Sep. 16 (sh., pi.).
Llanfyllin (Th.: F. 3 : pop. 2), last Th. every mo. (876.)
Llanbrynmair (pop. I), T. af. last M. Feb., Mar., Apr., May, Sep., Oct.
Llanwddyn (S.), May 8, Oct. 2.
Llanfair Caereinion (S.), x $\mathcal{F}$. every mo. (376.)
Llangynog, 2 F. Sep.
Llanidloes (S.: W. 1: pop. 3), Sat. b. last T. in mo., May iI, 1 F. Oct. (876, 96.)
Machynlleth (W.: Tk. r : pop. $2^{1}, \mathrm{Ju} .26$, Aug. 7, Sep. ${ }^{18 \text {, }}$ Oct. 21, Nov. 26. (127, 96.)
Montgomery (Th.: F. 2 : pop. 1), I Th. every mo., except Dec., then 2 Th. (376.)
Newtown (T. Eo S.: Th. I: pob. $7^{\prime}$ last T. every mo. (127, 876, 806.)
Welshpool (M. Eo S.: Th. 2 : pop. 6), 1 \& 3 M. every mo. (376, 86.)
Llanfihangel, 1 T. Apr., Jy. 2r, last F . Oct.
Llanerfyl, (pop. 668), Wed. b. I F. ea. mo. (pi).
Llanidloes (S.: W. 1 : pop. 3), S. b. last T. in mo. (876, 96.) Meifod, last F. ea. mo.

## PEMBROKESHIRE.

Carew, Feb. 14, Aug. 8, Nov. 14 , May 2.
Eglwyswrw, 2 M. Apr., May 21, Aug. 4, M. af. Nov. 22.
Fishguard (Th.: F. $2:$ pop. 2), ${ }^{1}$ Th. every mo. (96.)
Haverfordwest (T. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 6), Sep. 6, Oct. 5. (86, 96, 127, 115.)
Henfeddaw Oct. 29, 30.
Herbrandston, Aug. 12.
Letterston (Th. 3), 3 M. in mo.
Little Newcastle, May 6, 7, Jy. ro, 11.
Llandeloy (M.), May I, Ju. 25, Aug. 24, Nov. 1.

Maenclochog, Mar. 10, Apr. 20, May 22, Jy. 5, Aug. 5, Sep. 16, Nov. 20, Dec. 22.
Mathry, Oct. 10, 1 I.
Narberth (Th.: F. 2 : pop. 1), Jan. 13, Feb. 16, Mar. 16, Apr. 13, May 11, Ju. 2, 10, 29, Jy. 13, Aug. 10, Sep. 21, Oct. 6, 19, Nov. 16, Dec. 14- (127, 96.)

Newport (F.: W. 2: pop. 1), Ju. 27, Oct. 16.
Pembroke \& Dock (T. IV. F. אo S.: W. $1: p o p .16), 2$ M. Apr., May, Jy, 3 M. Sep., 2 M. Dec. (96, 127.)

St. David's (W. 2: pop. 2), x T. Mar., Ju., Aug., Oct. \& Dec.
Templeton, Nov. 12.
Tenby ( $W$. © S.!, Jy. 25. ( 06 , 187.)

Trevine; Nov. 22.

## RADNORSHIRE.

Knighton (Th.: F. 2: pop. 2), 3 Th. Jan., F. af. Mar. 4, 3 Th. Apr., May ${ }^{17}$, Th. af. Jy. 10, Aug. 18, Sep. 13, 14, Oct. 1, 2, Th. b. Nov. 12, Th. af. Dec. II. (876, 206.)

Llanbadarnfyaydd, F. b. last T. Apr., S. b. last Th. Sep., \& 2 F. Oct:
Llandewy, IT Jy.
Newbridge, May 17, Jy. 15, Oct. 17, Nov. II.
Radnor (M.), Aug. 14, Sep. sor Oct. 28, 29.
Penybont ( $W$.), May 13.14.
Presteign ( $W$ : : T. 2: pop. 1', ${ }_{1}$ S. Feb. \& Apr. (206, 86.)
Rhayader (W.: Th. 2: pop. 1),
May 12, Aug. 6, 27, Oct. 15, Nov. 14, Dec. 3. (255, 876.)

New Radnor. (206.)

## SCOTLAND.

## ABERDEENSHIRE.

Aberdeen (F.: W.: pop. 153), last Th. Apr., 3 \& 4 F. May, last Th. \& F.'Ju., Th. \& F. I \& 2 wk . Jy. last W. Oct., 3 \& 4 F. Nov. (238, 180, 194, 218 , 874, 875. 415, 447, 126, 45, 160, 146.)
Aboyne, 3 F. Jan., Feb., Mar., Apl., May I T. May, last W. Ju., last F. Jy, 3 Th. Aug. \& Sep., T. \& W. af. Oct. II, 3 Th. Nov. \& Dec. (375.)
Peterhead, F. af. May 19, F. af. Nov. 15. (238, 180, 376, 447, 45, 160.)

## ARGYLLSHIRE.

Campbelltown, ITh. Feb., las: W. May, ${ }^{2}$ Th. Aug. 3 Th. Nov. (238, 194, 235, 416, 447, 45, 160, 146, 40.)
Glenorchy, 3 W. Mar., 4 T. Nov.
Lismore, 2 F. b. last W. in Oct.
 Th. Mar., 2 T. Apr., W. af. ${ }_{2}$ Th. Jy., 1 T. Sep., IF. Nov., IT. in Oct. (238, 194, 235, $374,375,415,126,45,40$, 146.)

## AYRSHIRE.

Ayr, Th, b. 2 W. Jan., \& F. af.: ${ }_{1}$ \& 3 T. in Apr., T. b. 2 M. Jy., ${ }^{2}$ Th. Oct. 3 T. Oct. (288, 194, 218. 235, 374, 413, 447, 126, 45, 40, 160, 146, 415.)
Girvan, x M. Apr. \& last M. Oct. (238, 218, 374, 415, 447, 126, 46, 160, 146.)
Kilmarnock, (F.) I W. 2 T. May, last Th. Jy., last Th. Oct. (238. 194, 218, 235, 374, 415, 447, 126, 45, 40, 160, 146.)
Saltcoats, last Th. May. (194, 415, 146.)

## BANFFSHIRE.

Banff, Jan. 7, T. af. Feb. ir, F. b. Nay 25. Aug. $16, \mathrm{Fb}$. Nov. 22. (238. 180, 875, 447, 126, 45, 160, 374.)

## BERWICKSHIRE.

Coldstream, 2 Th. ea. mo., I M. Mar., 6 ) $\begin{aligned} & \text { y., w. af. } 2 \text { İ. Jy. }\end{aligned}$ (194, 218.)

## DUEBARTONSHIRE.

Dumbarton, 3 T. Mar., 2 T. Ju., W. af. 2 M. Jy., ${ }^{2}$ T. \& W. Aug. (838, 818,'235, 447,45 , 160, 40.)

## DUMFRIES-SHIRE.

Dumfries (pop. 18), W. af. F. Ix, W. b. May 26 \& af. Sep. 23 ( 8 dys. ea.). (288, 194, 218, 285, 874, 415, 47, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40.)

## EDINBURGHSHIRE.

Edinburgh ( $W_{.}$: pop. 304), 182 M. Apr., 2 M. T. \& W. Nov., $\& 2$ W. af. above. (238, 194, 218, 235, 374, 415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40, 25.)

## ELGIN.

Elgin, 2 \& last F. Jan. \& Mar., 3 F. Apr., 3 T. Jy last F. Oct. \& Dec. (238, 180, 194, $218,30,375,415,447,45$, 146, 160 .)

## FIFE.

Auchtermuchty (i M. Feb, last M. Apr., 2 M. 7y. © I M. Oct.), Apr. 6 \& Aug. 21. (194, 447, $\mathbf{1 6 0}$, 40 .)
Dunfermline ( $T$.), W. I Oct. (238, 194, 218, 285, 374, 375, 415, 121, 45, 146, 25, 40.)
Leven, W. af. Apr. 18, I W. Jy., 3 W. Oct. (238, 218, 374, 415, 126, 45.)

## FORFARSHIRE.

Arbroath (S.: W. $1:$ pop. 25). I S. Mar., S. af. May 25 \& Jy. 17. (238, 194, 218, 285, 375, 416 374, 45, 126, 25, 40.)
Brechin, T. af. Jan. ${ }^{21}$, 3 W. Apr., \& T. b. last W. Sep. (126, 218, 235, 374, 415, 447, 160, 40.)
Dundee (Daily, chictly on T. F̛y, Aug., Set. कo Oct.), (W.: pop. 164), May 16, Nov. ${ }^{23}, \mathrm{~T}$. af. Jy. 11, Aug. 26, Nov. 22. (238. 180, 194, 120, 218, 235, 374, 375, 415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40.)
Forfar, 2 W. Apr., W. af. May ${ }^{11}, S$. af. May 2 6, last W. S P ., W. Nov. (288, 194, 218, 374,415, 447, 126, 45, 146,160.)

## INVEBNESSS-SEIREE

Inverness (F.), F. af. 3 W. Jan.. Feb., Mar., Apr. \& May, last F. Jy. (238, 180, 194, 218, 230, 874, 875, 415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160.

## RIRKCUDBRIGHTSHIRRE,

Castle Douglas, M. af. Feb. 1a
 447, 126, 160, 40.)
New Galloway, W. af. Apr. is Th. af. Jy. 18, I Th. Oct.
(285, 40.)

## LANARKSHIRE.

Airdrie, last T. May, 3 T. Nov. (194, 218, 285, 874, 415, 126, 146, 40.)
Glasgow, ${ }^{2}$ W. Jan., Th. b Eas. \& Whit. M. M. af. May 25. (238, 194, 218, 285, 859. 974, 415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40.)
Lanark, 2 W. Apr., 2 M . Ju.. 3 S. Jy., W. b. Aug. Ir, 3 T: Aug., ${ }^{\text {I }}$ M. Sep., ${ }^{2}$ Th. Oct. (238,'218, 415, 235, 40.)

## LINIITHGOW.

Bathgate, W. aft. Whit. M. ${ }^{4}$ W. in Ju., ${ }^{4} \mathbf{W}$. in Oct., W. aft. Nov. 13 . ( $374,415,147$, 126, 146, 160.)
Whitburn, 2 T. in Jy. (2s8, 45.)

## HAIRN.

Nairn, 3 S. in Jan., 4 S. in Feb. \& Mar., 3 S. in Apr. \& May, Th. bef. May 26. (818, 250, 874, 376, 416, 126, 146.)

## PEEBLES-SHIRE.

Peebles, 2 T. in Jan., T. bef. May ${ }^{\text {r2, }}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~W}$. in May, $T$.
 Dec. 12. (238, 194, 218, 15.)

## PERTHSHIRE.

Abernethy, Feb. 12, 4 W. May; 2 Th. Nov.
Alyth (3 7. Afay \& 1 I $W$. Nool, 4 W. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 3 T. May, T. aft. Ju. $18{ }^{18}{ }^{2} T$. in Aug., Aug. $11 . \mathrm{T}$. $\mathbf{S}^{\mathrm{W}}$. aft. Nov. 11. (\$16, 180.)

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Blairgowrie, 3 W. Mar : W . May, W. aft. May $2 \leq$ : W. Nov., T. aft. Nov. 21. (238, 194, 375, 415, 447, 45, 146, 160.)

Dunblane, W. aft. Mar. Ir, T. aft. May 26, Aug. 22. (194, 447, 160.)
Perth ( $F$ : : W.: pop, ${ }^{30}$ ), $\mathbf{x}$ F. Mar., Apr. \& Jy., I F. Sept. 2 Oct. 2 F. Dec. (238, 180, 194, 218, 235, 374, 875. 415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40.)

RENFREWSHIRE.
Greenock, F. aft. May 19, 1 Th. Jy. (283, 194, 218. 235, 874, 415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160.)
Port Glasgow (359.)

## ROSS-8HIRE

Kildary: ${ }^{2}$ T. Jan., 3 T. Feb;, Mar. \& Apr., 2 T. May, 3 T. Ju. \& Dec.
Tain, I T. Jan., 3 T'. Mar., W. aft. 2 T. Jy., $\mathbf{T}$. bef. Xm. (238, 194, 218, 375, 45.)

## STIRLINGSHIRE.

Falkirk, last Th. Jan., i T. Mar. last 'I. Apr., May \& Jy. (238. 194, 218, 235, 87\%, 415, 126, 45.)

Larbert, last W. Apr. (235.)
Stirling (T. \& F. i pop. 19), 1 \& 3 F. Feb., Mar., Apr. \& May, W. aft. Ju. in, i $\underset{\sim}{\text {. }}$ Jy. \& Aug., 3 F. Sept., 3 r. Oct., 2 F . Nov. $(288,194$, 218, $285,874,875.415,447$, 126, 45, 148, 160, 40. )

## IRELAND.

## ANTRIM.

Antrim (T.\& Th.), Jan. x, May 12, Nov. 12. (208, 445.)
Ballyclare (T.), last T. Jan., T. af. May. 18, Jy. 18, Aug. 18, Nov. 18. (878.)
Ballymena (ev. d. e.rc. M.), Jy. 25, Oct. 21. (378, 445, 187, 203.)

Ballymoney (M., W., Th., F.), 1 \& 3 T. ev. mo., May 5, Jy. 10, Oct. 6. (203, 445.)
Belfast (Daily), w. ev. nio. (c). (203, 192, 378, 445, 187, 121.)
Carrickfergus (M. \& S.), Great Mkts. I S. Feb. \& Aug.: May 1, Nov. r. (378.)
Larne (T., W. \& Th.), Jy. 31, Dec. $I_{1} 2$ Th. ev. mo. (203, 878, 445.)
Lisburn (T.), 2 ev. mo. exc. Jy. \& Oct., Jy. 21 \& Oct. 5. (378, 445.)

Portglenone ( $F$.), 1 T. evi. mo.
Tullamore ( $T$. \& S.), Jan. 26, Feb. 19, Mar 19, Apr. 13, May io, Ju. 10, Jy. ro, Aug. 2. Sep. 13, Oct. 2x, Nov. 18, Dec. 13-pigs previous day. (192, 808, 445.)

## ARMAGH.

Armagh (T., W. So S.), $T$ Th., ci. mo. (203, 192, 808, 378, 445, 187.)
Lurgan ( 7 h.), ${ }^{2}$ Th. ev. mo. ( $878,445,203$. )
Middletown, 3 Th. ev. mo., Nov. 28.
Newry (i., Th. \& S.), у M. ev. mo. (203, 192, 878.)
Purtadown ( $T ., W . E_{0} S$. ), ${ }_{3} \mathrm{~S}$. ev. mo. (203, 192, 445.)

## CARLOW.

Carlow (M. \& Th.), 4 W. ev. mo. exc. Mar., Mar. 26, May 4 Nov. 8-pigs previous day. (192.)

Grainge, Jan. 6, Feb. 18, Apr. Y, Oct. 6.
Tisllow (S.), Jan. 20, Feb. 2x, Mar. 2I, Apr. 2I, May 2I, Ju. n. Jy. ro, Aug. io, Sep. 8, Oct. 8, Nov. 12, Dec. 16. (121.)

## CAVAN.

Pelturbet (W. © S.), r Th. ea. mci., Ash W. (445.)

Cavan ( $\left.T_{1} \&{ }^{\circ} M.\right)$, 2 T. ea. mo. (192, 445, 187.)

## CLARE.

Clare, Mar. 20, 3 T. \& W. Apr., May 30, Ju. 6, Aug. 17, Nov. ${ }^{11}$.
Ennis (S.) i S. ev. mo. ${ }_{3}$ T. \& W. Apr., Sep. 2, 3. (198, 137, 121.)

Ennistymon (T. ©o S.), Mar. 25, May 15, Jy. 2, Aug. 22, Sep. 29, Nov. 19. (121.)
Kilclare, Ju. f, Dec. 2.
Kilkee, 2 T. Jan., Feb. 25, 3 M. Apr., May 13, Jy. 10, Aug. 12, 13, Oct. 5, Nov. 26. (203.)
Killaloe (T.), Eas. \& Whit. T., Sep. 3, Oct. 20. (187.)
Kilrush (S.), May ro, Oct. 12. (137, 121.)

## CORR.

Bandon (192.)
Bantry (T. © S.), Jan. 14, Feb. 14, Mar. 9, Apr 14, May 1 , Ju. 10, Jy. I5, Aug. 21, Sep. 14, Oct. 15, Nov. 14, Dec. I, ${ }_{137}^{16-\text { pigs previous day. (368, }}$ 187.)

Castletown, Jan. 1, Eas. T., Ju. 5, Aug. I7, Sep. 5, Oct. 11, Nov. 28. (368.)
Clonakilty, i M. ev. mo. (192, 121.)

Cork (Daily) M. \& T. af. Mar. 25 \& Aug. 15. (192, 308, 368, 137, 121.)
Fermoy (S.), i M. ev. mo., 2 T. Jan., May, Aug. \& Oct.' (137, 121.)

Kanturk (S.), Jan. 22, Feb. ${ }^{16}$, Mar. 17, May 4, Jy. 4, Sep. ${ }^{27}$, Nov. 3 - pigs previous day. ( 137,121 .)
Kinsale (S.', 3 W. ev. mo. (368, 137.)

Mallow (T. \& F. F.), т T. ev. mo., Jan. x, Sbrove M., May. 13, Jy. 27, Oct. $30-\mathrm{pigs}$ previous day. (192, 187. 121.)
Mitchelstown (Th.), Jan. ro,
 Nov. 12, Dec. 2. (192, 368, 121.)

Roscarberry (W.), Aug. 26, Sep. 19, Dec. 19.
Skibbereen (S.) (b) Daily (gen.), Jan. 20, Feb. 20, Mar. 20, May 14, Aug. 2, Oct.
Nov. 20. (192,
368, 187.)
Youghall ( $W$. So $\left.^{5} S.\right), 3$ M. ev. mo. (192, 187.)

## DONEGAL.

Ballyshannon (Th. \& S.) 2 d. ea. mo., Sep. 16. (203, 187.;
Donegal (M. \& S:), 2 F. ev. mo. (203, 445.)
Letterkenny (F.), 8th ea. ma (203, 808, 415.)

## DOWN.

Ballinahinch (Th.), 3 Th. ea. mo. (878.)
Castlewellan (M.), Feb. 1, 2 M. Mar. \& Apr., May 1, 1 M. Ju., 2 M. Jy., Aug., Oct. \& Nov. (378.)

Downpatrick ( $T$. \& S.), T. ea. mo. (378, 445.)
Dundrum, 3 T. ea. mo.
Newtownards (M. \& S.) 2 S. \& last W. ev. mo., Jan. 3, May 14, Sep. 23. (208, 445.
Saintfield (M.), last W ev. mo. (137, 203.)

## DUBLIN.

Dublin. (308, 445, 208, 414, 209, 192, 286, 185, 121.)
Donnybrook, Aug. 26.
Skerries, Apr. 28, Aug. 10.

## FERMANAGH

Enniskillen (T. \& Th.), ro ev. mo. exc. May, May 26, Oct. 26. (208, 445, 173.)

## GALWAY.

Ballinasloe (W. \& S.), 2 S. Jan. \& Mar.-pigs previous 2 days. (192, 121.)
Clifden (S.), Jan. 14, Ju. 25, Jy. 16-pigs previous day. (121.)
Galway ( $W$. \& S.), May 30, 3x. (192, 137, 121.)
Gort (S.), Mar. 15-17, May 10, Aug. 11, Nov. 7. (121.)
Loughiea (Th.), Feb. II, 3 F. Apr., May 25, 26, Aug. 20, Dec. 5. (308, 121.)
Oughterard (Th.), Jan. 1, Mar. 25, May 26, Ju. 24, Aug. 9pigs previous day.
Tuam (W. © $S$ ), Mar. 10, May 10, Jy. 4, Sep. 10, Nov. 2c, Dec. 15. (445, 121.)

## KERBY.

Cahirciveen ( $W_{\text {. }}$ ) Jan. 15, Feb. 8, Mar. 1,22, Apr. 22 May 10. (368, 121.)
Dingle (M. M $_{\text {: }}$ ), last S. ev. mo. \& previous M. Whit. M. (121.)

Kenmare (daily, but (chiefly)ev. W.), Jan. 16,.Feb. 27, Mar. 20, Apr. 15, May 22, Ju. 16, Jy. 1, Aug. r5, Sep. 26, Oct. \& Nov. 20, Dec. 15. (368.)
Killarney (S.), Jan. 18, Feb. 4, Mar. 4, Apr. 2, May 8, Ju. 2, Jy. 4, Aug. 8, Sep. 10, Oct. 7 Nov. 1 I, Dec. 28. (368, 121.)
Killorglin, Jan. 12, Apr. 18, May 19, 20, Ju. 30, Aug. 11 , 29, Oct. 23, Dec. 10. (121.)
Listowel, May 13, Jy. 25, Oct. 28 $\& \mathrm{ev}$. alt. W. (182, 187, 121.)
Tralee (Daxly), Jan. 9, 21, Aug. 4; Nov. 7; Dec. 13. (192, 137, 121, 368.)

## KIIDARE.

Athy (T.) i W. ea. mo., \& prev. day for pigs. (121, 308.)
Clana, Jy. 25, Apr. 26, Oct. 15.
Kildare (Th.), 4 Th. \&'T. in mo. \& for pigs previous day.
Maynooth, May 4, Sep. s.
Naas (Th.) 3 W. ea. mo., \& May 1. $(368,445,308$.

## KILKENNY.

Callan (T. \& S.), 3 W. ea. mo. (192.)

Castlecomer, Jan. 21, Mar. 27, May 3, Ju. 21, Aug. ${ }^{10}$ Sep. 14, Oct. 28,Dec.14. 121.)
Kilkenny ( $F$. © $S$. ), 2 W. ea. mo., Mar. 27, 28, Ju. 30, Jy. 1, Sep. 28, 29. (192, 308 ,

## RING'S COUNTY.

Banagher ( $F$.), Jan. 20, 27, Mar. 7. 8, May 1, Ju. 14. 15, Jy. 27, ${ }^{28}$ Sep. 15-18, Nov. 25; 26. (192.)

Mara (W.), Jan. 9, Feb. x, Mar. 25, Apr. 20, May 12, Ju. 29, Jy. 25, Sep. 26 , Nov. 20.
Edenderry, Nov. 4 (308, 445.)
Parsonstown (S.), Jan. ro, Feb. 10, In, Mar. 23, May 5, Ju. 30, Jy. 23, Aug. 25, 26, Sep. 12, Oct. 14, 15 , Nov. Ir, Dec. 10 . (308, 187, 121.)

## LEIIRIM.

Ballinamore (T.), i T. in. Jan., 3 T. in Feb., 1 Th. in Mar., Apr., May 12, I T. in Iu., Jy., ${ }_{2} T$. in Aug., I T. in Sep.. Oct. 1, Nov. 12, 1 T. in Dec. (378.)

Leitrim, Jan. 22, Feb. 20, Mar. 25, Mpr. 15, May 5, Ju. 6, Jy. 23, Sep. 1, Oct. 13, Nov: 6, Dec. I .

## LIMERICK.

Ardagh, May ri, Ju. 24, Aug. 15, Nov. 21.
Banff (M.), Jall. 25, Mar. 29, May 16, 20, Jy. 23, Aug. 26, Oct. 12, Nov. 28.
Cronn, May 2. Ju. 24, Sep. 1, Dec. 9.

Kilmallock; Jan. 4, Feb. 23, Mar. 13, Apr. 8, May 6, Ju. 20, Aug. 4 , Nov. 20 . (368)
Limerick. $(368,198,187,1.21)$
Tullow, Apr. 27, Jy. 16, Sep. 13, Nov. 5.

## LONDONDERRY.

Coleraine (M., W., F. © S.S.), i \& 3 T. ea. mo. May 12, Nov. 12. (203, 378, 137.)
Kilrea (W.), 2 \& 4 W. ea. mo. (378.)

Limavady (M., T. \& F.), 2 M. Feb., Mar., Ju., Jy., Oct. (203, 378.)
Londonderry ( $W_{.,} S$. \& T.), I W. ea. mo. Jy. ${ }^{17}$ Oct. 17. (198, 203, 308, 378, 445, 187,)
Tubbermore, 2 M. ea. mo.

## LONGFORD.

Barry;' Jan. 28, Apr. 28, Oct. 28. Longford ( $W$. \& S.), Feb. 1 , Apr. 22, May 20, 21, Ju. 10, Sep. 6, Dec. 1 (192, 121 445.)

## LOUTH.

Ardee ( $T$. \& $W$. ), last W. ea. mo., Dec. ${ }^{17}$ ( $\left.445,308.\right)$
Carlingford (S.), iS. ea. mo.
Drogheda ( $\underset{W}{ }$ ) \&o $S . i_{2}{ }_{2} W$. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., May 12, 13, Aug. $26,10 \mathrm{ct} .29$. (203, 188, 308, 368, 187.) ...
Dundalk (M.), 3 W. ea. mo., May 7. (203, 192, 308, 44B, 181.)

Louth, 2 F. ea. mo. (203.)

## MAYO.

Ballina (M.), x M. ea. mo., but May 12, Aug. 12, Ju. 3. (188, 445, 187, 121.)
Ballinrobe (M.), Apr. 28, Ju. 1 r, Jy. 28 , Sep. 14, Oct. 10, Dec. $5 \cdot$ ( $445,192$.
Castlebar (S.), May 1r, Ju. 9 , Sep. 16, Nov. 18. (192. 181.)
Killala, r S. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 1 M. May, 2 M. Ju. \& Jy., Aug. 17, Nov. 8.
Mayo, Ju. 29, Oct. 18, Nov. 22.
Westport (Th.), Jan. x, Feb. ir, Mar. 21, May 22, Aug. 6, Sep. 22, Nov. 1. (192, 445.)

## HEATH.

Kells (S.), 2 F. ea. mo., but Oct. 15, $16 .(308,121$.
Navan (M. \&o S:), 1 M. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 3 M. Apr., May \& Ju., 2 M. Jy. \& Aug., 3 M. Sept. \& Nov. (803, 192, 308.)

Trim 'S.) i S. ea. mo., Mar. 27, May 3, Oct. i, Nov. 16. (445.)

## MONAGHAN.

Castleblaney ( $И:=1$, IW. ea. mo. (203, 192)
Clones ( $T / 2$.) last Th. ea. mo. (192, 378, 445.)
Monaghan ( $M$. ., W. \& S. $S_{.}$), 7 M. ea. mo. (203, 308, 445, 137.)

## QUEEN'S COUNTY.

Maryborough (Th.), Jan. 1, 28, Feb. 24, Mar. 25, Apr. 14, May 12, Ju. 5, Jy. 5, Aug. 5, Sep. 4, 28, Oct. 23, Nov. 13, Dec. 4. (198, 368.)
Mount Mellick (W, \& S.), 3 T. ea. mo. (182, 121.)
Portarlington (W.), Jan. 5, Feb. 17, Mar. 1, May $\mathrm{I}_{2}$, Jy. 4, Oct. 12. (121.)

Mountrath (S.), Jan. 6, Feb. 17, East. M., Aug. 10, Sep. 290 Nov. 5, \& for pigs ev, mo. (888.)

## ROSCOMMON.

Athlone, Jan. 24, Mar. 21, Apr. 18, May 25, Sep. 5, Nov. 7. (187, 121.)
Castlerea (S.), May 23, Ju. 21, Aug. 23, Sep. ${ }^{29}$, Nov. 3, Nov. 7, Dec. $1 a$ (445, 181.) Carrick -on-Shannon (Th.) (378, 187.)

## SIICO.

Ballymote (Th.), i W. ea. me. (415.)

Sligo (T., F. \& .S.). (203, 198, 445, 187.)

## TIPPERARY.

Cappagh, Jan. 19, Feb. r4, Mar. 19, Apr. 16, May 9, Ju. 4, Jy. 27, Aug. 16 Sep. $y$, Oct. 18 .
Cahir ( $F$. ), Feb. 8, Apr. 12, May :26, Ju. 20, Sep. 18, Oct. 20, Dec. 7, pigs previous day.
Carrick (S.), last. Th. ei mo., Ju 11, Aug. 15, Oct. 17, Whit. Th., pigs previous day.
Cashel (W. $\left.{ }^{(W)} S.\right), 2$ W. ea. mo., Mar. 26, Aug. 8, pigs Hast W. (181.)

Clonmel, i W. ea mo. exc. May \& Nov. ; when held on sth, pigs previous day. (182, 187, 121.)

Nenagh (Th.), r M. Jañ., Feb. \& Mar., Apr. 24, May 29, Jr. 4, Aug. 1, Sep. 4, Oct. 10, Nov. 1. (137, 121, 3: 8.)
Thurles (T. \&-S.), i T. ea. mo.. East. M., Dec. 21. (188, 868, 121.)

Tipperary (Th..\& S.), 2 T. Jan., Feb. \& Mar., Apr. 5, 2 T. May, Ju. 24, 2 T. Jy, Aug. \& S:p., Oct. 10, 2 T. Nov. \& Dec., pigs previous.day. (192, 368, 137, 121.)

## TYRONE.

Clogher (S.), i S. ea. mo., Jy. 26.
Cookstown (T. \& S.), 1 S. ea. mo. (203.)
Dromore (M.), monthly on 17 th. or foll. M. if 17 is a Sn . (445.)
Dungannon (M. T. TK.), W.
bef. I Fri. ea. mo. (803, 157. )
○magh (S.), r T. ea. mo. (192,
445, 187.)

Strabane (T., W. Th.), I Th. Jan., Mar., Apr., Ju., Jy., Sep., Oct. \& Dec., Feb. r Aug. 1, May 12, Nov. 12. (203, 308, 445, 137.)

## WATERFORD.

Dungarvan (T., F. \& S.), 3 W. ea. mo., Ju. 22, Nov. 8, pigs prev. d. (137, 121, 368.)
Lismore (M. \& S. ), 2 W. ea: mo. (121, 368.)
Tallow, 3 T. ea. no. (368.)
Waterford ( $M$ K. \& S.), May 4, Ju. 24, Oct. 25 \& I M., pigs ev. W. (192, 368, 137, 121.)

## WESTMEATH.

Athlone (T. \&o S.), 3 W. Jan. Jan. 1, 22, 3 W. Mar., Apr., last W. May, Jy. 6, last W. Aug., Sep. I, 2, last W. Oct., Nov. 4.
Mullingar, Jan. 7, Apr. 6, May ${ }^{2}$, Jy. 4, Aug. 29, Sep. 28, Nov. 11. (308, 192, 121, 445.)

## WEXFORD.

Blackwater, Jan. 1, Mar. 26, May 27, Ju. 21, Jy. 24, Aug. 13, Nov. 11 .
Enniscorthy (Th. EoS.), Jan. 21, Feb. 21, Mar. 21, Apr. 25, May 1o, Ju. 7, Jy. 5, Aug. 1,
${ }^{25}$, Sep. 17, Oct. 10, Nov. 15, Dec. 21, pigs day prev. (192, 137, 121.)
Gorey (S.), Jan. 2, 4 S. Jan., 2 S. May, Jy. \& Dec. 192,1219 Wexford ( $W_{\text {. }}$ ), 3rd of ea. mo., but in May \& Ju. on 1st. (192, 137, 121.)

## WICKLOW.

Arklow (Th. E-S.), 2 T. ea. mo. (192.)

Ballinglass $\left(F_{.}\right)$, i T. ea. mo.
Bray ( W. \& S.), i W. ea. mo. $(378,308$.
Wicklow (S.), last T. ea. mo., Aug. $12(h) .(308,121$.

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## LONDON BANKS AND BANKERS.

## THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Governor-Augustus Prevost. Deputy-Governor-Samuel Hope Morley.
Directors-C. G. Asbuthnot, H. C. O. Bonsor, M.P., H. Brooks, W. M. Camplell, A. C. Cole, Sir M. W. Collert. Bart., W. Cunliffe, J. P. Currie, J. S. Gilliat, M.P., Samuel S. Gadstone, C. H. Goschen, H. R. Grenfell, E. A. Hambro, W. D. Hoare, The Hon. E. Hubbard, F. H. Jackson. R. E. Johnston, The Rt. Hon. W. Lidderdale, E. Lubbock, R. L. Newman, The Rt. Hon. Lord Revelstoke, A. G. Sundeman, H. C. Smith, A. F. Wallace.

Chief Accountant-G. F. Stutchbury.
Chief Cashier-H. G. Bowen.
Secretary-Kenneth Grahame.
Branctes-Burlington-gardens, W.; Fleet-street, E.C. Birmingham, Bristol, Hull, Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Plymouth, Portsmouth.

* Banks whose cheques pass through the Clearing Howse are indicated by an asterisk.

1. African Bkng. Corp., 46, Threadneedle St.
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3. Anglo-Californian Bank, 18, Austin Friars.
4. Anglo-Egyptian Bank, 27, Clement's Lane.
5. Anglo-Foreign Banking Co., 2, Bishopsgate St. Within.
6. Anglo-Italian Bank, St. Mildred's Court,
7. Australian Joint-Stock Bank, 2, King William St.
ro. Bank of England (see opposite).
8. Bank of Adelaide, Ix, Leadenhall St.
9. Bank of Africa (Limited), 113 , Cammon St.
10. Bank of Australasia, 4, Threadrecedle St.
11. Bank of Brit. N. America, 5 , Gracechurch St. 18a. Bank of Brit. West Africa, Lid., 17, Leadere. hall St.

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Note.-To find time of High Water at any of above places, add or subtract time in above Table to or from time of High Water at London for the day required, as given in Calendar.

Example.-On Jan. 18 morning High Water at Lon. B. is 6 h .21 mm ; High Water at Dover Pier is 2 h .46 m . earlier ; subtract 2 h .46 m . from 6 h .21 m ., and time at Dover Pier on that day is shown to be 3 h .3 sm . a.m.

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| One day .................. it by 2 | 18 | - 6 | 38 | 1 | 38 T | 16 |  |  |
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AUSTRALIA, the land of gold, has given to the world a great number of marvellous things, but the discovery in that wonderful country made by a chemist and scientist, Mr. O. Charles Forde, perhaps will do more good to the world generally than all the gold Australia ever has, or ever will, produce The discovery is of a natural vegetable substance that has the peculiar properties of acting in the process of digestion the same as Nature's own animal Bile. Mr. Forde, realising the great value of this discovery and the beon it would be to the millions of digestion sufferers who (according to the regular medical science to date) were martyrs to pepsin, bismuth, starving, and purging, decided to spare no expense to perfect this remedy to make it a cure for all digestion troubles and their attendant ailments. The result of this experimenting was the addition of some eight other ingredients, the whole being called BILE BEANB, a title given to express exactly what the preparation is, " $\AA$ BEAN' FOR THE BILE." The expense and care in perfecting and compressing this preparation to the size of a small bean was great, but the result is a small oval bean that the youngest child can take with ease, and a medicine the consumption of which last year reached some thirty million doses in Australia alone, the rich and poor alike being the friends of this marvellous specific. The consumption to date has nearly baffled the best efforts of the Proprietors, their laboratories working night and day to meet the demand.

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being the second year of the reign of his present MAJESTY KING EDWARD VII.; containing
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FRANCIS


PHYSICIAN.

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# Astrology 

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For a Map of the Nativity, or horoscope, with brief judgment on the Mental qualities, $\boldsymbol{E}:$ Disposition, Health, Pecuniary prospects, Employment or Profession for Success, and for which the person is best adapted, Marriage, its happiness or infelicity, Travelling (Auspicious or Adverse Journeys), Friends and Enemies, Honour, \&c.
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Answers to questions per query
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For a Horoscope with 5 years' directions, or Stars in their courses, and events in life-
Ditto
Ditto
Ditto
so years', directions ditto
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Ditto } 20 \text { years, directions } \quad \text { ditto } & \text {... } & 215 & 15 & 0\end{array}$
Ditto 40 years' directions ...
Important to Business Men and Speculators. Good and bad days for one year
Advice as to Investments, Speculations, \&c. .... ... ... ... ... ... ... o 3 o
N. B. -The time of Birth must be given in all cases as correctly as possible, and where the exact time is not known, or only approximate time, the Photograph should be enclosed, which will be returned with the calculation. Please say where born, or give latitude and longitude of the place, and if married or single, male or female, date and year. Fees are prepaid.

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Dear Mr. Wilde,-My sister wishes me to tell you that she is much better. Indeed, Mr. Wilde, everything you have told us has been so very correct we feel we don't know what to say to you. God has certainly given you great powers. P. M.

Dear Sir,-IIt gives me great pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of papers. You said March would be a good month to apply for advancement, that I might have slight benefits or a little money gain. Well, this has just been verified, for March has brought me an increase of salary, which truly is a benefit. B. F. L., Consular Service.

Dear Sir,-I received your welcome letter this morning, and was not only astonished, but delighted, with your great ability. It is all of it perfectly true. A gentleman like yourself ought never to die, you are so very true and clever. W. G. H.

Dear Sir,-Many thanks for the horoscope of my son. I think it very good indeed. You are quite right in saying he should be a telegraphist; that is what he isin South Africa.

Dear Sir,-Everything so far has come to pass exactly as you predicted. You told me that in the spring of 1901 I must take special care of my cattle, or you feared I would lose some. The prophecy was made two years ago, and this month I have had two cows just on the verge of death. In fact they were quite given up and had been left to die. You told me two years ago that in the end of the year 1900 there were signs of a lawsuit and that I should be the loser. I did lose money through a lawsuit, and had to pay costs, in December 1900. But these are only two of the numerous prophecies which have come to pass. J. H.

Dear Sir,-I beg to thank you very much for horoscope duly received, which I think is wonderfully correct. I showed it to a friend; she was much surprised, and said, had you known me all my life you could not have read me more correctly.
S. G.

[^8]
# "SPECIAL CONGESSION то RECISTERED HOLDERS of CHARLES LETTS \& CO.'S INSURANCE COUPONS. 

CHARLES LETTS \& CO. have again arranged with the General Accident Assurance Corporation Ltd. that all Registered Holders of the Accident Assurance Coupons issued by them in their Diaries, Note Books, etc., shall continue to have the special concession of obtaining a Policy of Assurance covering the Household Effects at their Private Residences against any loss by Burglary and Housebreaking up to $\mathbf{8 5 0 0}$ at an annual premium of $5 /-$ (which is aboutt half the usual charge), provided application is made on the attached form and forwarded to the General Accident Assurance Corporation Ltd., at Perth, with Postal Order for $5 /-$, within one month of the registration of their names under the Accident Coupons.

A Coupon holder who has no household furniture will be allowed to nominate a friend by signing name and giving registered number in space provided on other side.

Several Thousand Purchasers of CHARLES LETTS \& CO.'S DIARIES availed themselves of this concession last year, and a number of claims were received and promptly settled to the entire satisfaction of the Policy Holders.

There are 80,000 Thieves known to the Police in Great Britain, and thousands of Burglaries are happening each month. Everyone should therefore cover the risk when they can do so for so nominal an annual payment.

THE GENERAL ACCIDENT is the oldest Burglary Insurance Company in the country, having transacted the business since 1889, and its Assets as security for Policy Holders exceed $£ 500,000$.

The Policy contains no average clause, and the Corporation is therefore liable up to the full amount insurgd in the event of a claim. The Property of all members of the Assured's Family and of Domastio Servants is covered.

Chfof Offices - - GENERAL BUILDINGS, PERTH, N.B. London offices - - 115 \& 117, GANNOM STREET, E.G. 13, PALL MALL, S.W.

Proposal No. B.
THE GENERAL ACCIDENT ASSURANCE CORPORATION LIMITED. Form of Proposal for Insurance against Burglary and Housebreaking.

| Established 1885. Total Sum insured, $£ 800$. Annual Pal Manager, | General Manager, F. NORIE-MILLER, J.P. Annual Premium, 8/-. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. Name of Proposer (in full) Address |  |
| 2. Profession or occupation.. ... ... |  |
| 3. Description of Premises (uhether ordinary Private House, Flat, Apartments, Boarding or Lodging House) |  |
| 4. Will the Premises tee at any time unoccupied? If so, to what extent? ... (See Foot-Note.) |  |
| 5. Have you ever suffered loss by Burglary, or Housebreaking ? <br> If so, please give details briefly, and state what precautions have been adopted to prevent a recurrence. |  |
| 6. State the amount for which the contents are insured against Fire. | $E$. |
| Description of Goods and Articles contained in Premises as Described in Proposal. | Sum to be Insured. |
| 1. Household Goods and Personal Effects, including Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Linen, Books, Cutlery, Clocks, China, Glass, Wines and Cigars, Articles of Vertu, Bric-a-Brac, Musical Instruments, Cycles, Pictures, Prints and Drawings, and the like Articles | 5350 |
| 2. On Jewellery, Personal Ornaments, Watches and Trinkets, Gold, Silver, and Electro-Hlate <br> No one article included under headings Nos. $\ddot{1}$ and $\dddot{2}$ (Pianos and Organs excepted) shall be deemed to be of greater value than $£ 25$, unless specially mentioned hereunder :- | 8150 |
| Total ... ... ... | 8500 |

I DU HEREBY DECLARE that the whole of the answers in this Proposal are true; and I undertake to exercise all ordinary and reasonable precautions for the safety of the said property. I agree that this Declaration, and the answers annexed, shall be the basis of the contract between me and the Corporation.

Signature of Proposer
Dated............ ........................ ......... 190 .
If a case of nomination, then the
registered holder must sign herc.
(Inominate the Proposer mader this Form.
Signature..
Registered No
2N.B.-If it is denired to insure for a larger amount, particulars as to premium charged will be sent on application.
Three months' non-occupancy annually is allowed fres of charge. An addilional premium of $20 \%$ will be charged for each month or part of a month in excess of this period.


## "THE CHEAPEST ACCIDENT INSURANOE EVER OFFERED." FURTHER CONCESSIONS FOR PURCHASERS OF CHARLES LETTS \& CO.'S DIARIES, \&c.

CHARLES LETT8 \& CO. have arranged that all Registered Holders of their Coupons shall, in addition to a continuance of the benefit of the cheap Burglary Policy offered last year (as per particulars within), have the Special Concession of obtaining at about half the usual charge a "SOVEREIGN" PERSONAL ACCIDENT POLICY,
in commemoration of the Coronation Year.

The Premium of $£ \mathrm{E}$ per annum will assure:-
8250 in case of death.
$\mathbf{\$ 1 5 0}$ for loss of both eyes, legs or arms.
$\mathbf{\$ 1 0 0}$ for loss of one eye, one leg or arm.
\$2 per week during temporary total disablement, for a period not exceeding ten weeks.

The Policy will cover all Accidents happening while travelling as a passenger in any and every sort of public conveyance on land, and while engaged in cricket, golf, tennis, croquet, polo, hockey, lacrosse, cycling (other than racing), riding (excluding racing); also accidental injuries sustained while in a public road or thoroughfare, as a private individual not engaged in business or occupation.

It also extends the allowance of $\mathbf{E 2}$ per week, for a period not exceeding ten weeks, in case of disablement from Smallpox, Typhoid, Typhus, or Scarlet Fever.

The Policy is free from the many vexatious conditions and restrictions common to the Policies of other Companies, and we have arranged that the Corporation shall; if required by our Coupon Holders, increase the benefits to any extent up to five times, at a proportionate increase of premium.

The General Accident Assurance Corporation has over HALF-AMILLION of Assets as security for its Policy Holders. It has a Premium Income of over $\mathbf{8 2 0 0}, \mathbf{0 0 0}$, and has paid in compensation to Assurers over £400,000.

Those who for various reasons do not wish to avall themselves of this offer will be allowed to nominate another by signing their name and giving registered number in space provided on other side.

# Chief Offices-GENERAL BUILDINGS, PERTH, N.B. London Offices115 \& 117, CANNON ST., E.C. 13, PALL MALL, 8.W. CHARLES LETTS \& CO.'S "SOYEREIGN" POLICY. <br> <br> PREMIUM £1. 

 <br> <br> PREMIUM £1.}

The Holders of Accident Policies with this Corporation are entitled to deriuct in their retupn af Income to Government the Premiums paid by them.

4. Are you, so far as you are aware, visiting or residing at a house where an inmate is suffering or $r$ covering from typhoid, typhus, acarlet fever, or amallpox ? If so, give particulars ...
6. (l) Have vou ever made a proposnl for Insurance a guinst Accidents, and if so, to what Company or Companies?
(2) Give full particulars of result of such proposals ...
C. Are you now assured against Accidents, and if so, with what Company or Companies? (This question must be fully answered.)
7. Hnve you ever made a claim or received compensation for auy Accident? If so, state fully mmounts received, dates, and for what injurics

I, the undersigned, being desirous of effecting an Insurance with The Genzral accident Assurance Conporation Limited, do hereby warrant that the above statements are sully and truly mide, that I am of healthy and unimphired constitution, and at prisent in sound health. that I have never had paralysis or a fit of any kind, or been ruptured, thut I am and always have been of strictly sober and temperate habits, and that i have not withheld or concealed any circumstance; and I agree that this Declaration shall be the basls of coutract between me and the safd Corporation, and 10 accept their Pulicy of Insurance, sabject to the description of my occupation contalned in the Policy and to the Conditions and Endorsements therein.

Date,
190
Signature, $\qquad$

If a case of nomination, then the registered holder mus! sign here

| I nomenate above l'roposer $\qquad$ <br> Registered Number $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

No Insurance is effected untll the Premium is paid In full.
Vehicle Indemnity Assurance for Injury and Damage caused by Horses or Vohioles in Streets. <br> \title{
TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTH ISSUEY
} <br> \title{
TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTH ISSUEY
}

ONE of the most astounding proofs of the truth of the science of the Stars is afforded by the awful catastrophe which, on the 8th May last, overtook and swept away the town of St. Pierre in the island of Martinique. That day there was an eclipse of the Sun accompanied by the presence of no less than FIVE of the planets in the earthquake-producing signs of the Zodiac. These premonitory indications of seismic disturbances have been current knowledge with all students of the celestial science for the past sixty years, and from these or similar positions of the heavenly bodies all the great disturbances of the earth have been accurately predicted in the past. The preceding new Moon on April 22nd was a total eclipse of the Moon, and under that head (page 6, Alc. 1902) will be found a very explicit warning of the impending earthquakes.
Considering the wonderful revelations of wireless telegraphy and Xradiation, it would be mere waste of words to labour an argument in favour of interplanetary action. We have only to consider the solidarity of the solar system far a noment to be assured that such interplay of forces between the various bodies of that system must be a fact in nature.

# FRANCIS MOORE, <br> Physician. 

## NOTES ON THE YEAR.

During the first five centuries after the birth of Christ, the Christians comparatively few in number, and scattered among different and distant peoples, used in their records no other mode of expressing dates than those which prevailed amongst the nations of which they severally formed a part. In 532 A.d., when their numbers and importance had augmented, Dionysius Exiguus, a monk of Scythian birth, proposed that all Christians should adopt the epoch of the birth of Christ as their point of departure in counting time and in the expression of dates. This rendered necessary an investigation into the question of the date of that event. Dionysius made historical researches, and finally assigned the birth of Christ to the 25th day of December
in the 753 rd year from the foundation of Rome (but this is now admittedly erroneous).
It might have been expected, therefore, that the first Christian year would commence on that day, and that its anniversary would be the first day of each succeeding year. It was, however, found inconvenient to change the commencement of the year, and it was resolved to adhere to that of the Roman year heretofore used by the church -that is, to the rst January, and that the first year of the Christian era should be the 754th year from the foundation of Rome. According to the mode of reckoning finally adopted, therefore, the year I A.D. was that which commenced at the moment of the midnight between the 31st December in the 753 rd year, and the ist January in the 754th year of Rome.


The Dominical or Sunday Letter is the letter of the alphabet used to indicate the incidence of the Sundays in the Ecclesiastical Calendar-thus in 1903 the first Sunday will fall on the fourth day, and the letter D (4th letter) will fall opposite the first and every following Sunday for that year.

The Golden Number is the number of years dapsed in the Lunar Cycle or period of 19 years, at the end of which period the same aspects of the moon recur within an hour and a half of the same times.
The Epact is a number representing the age of the moon on the first day of the new year.

The Solar Cycle is a period of 28 years, within
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Solar Cycle for the year } 1902 & \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . \\ \text { Roman Indiction } & 8 \\ \text { Julian Period, Year of } \quad " & \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\ 6616\end{array}$
which the Dominical or Sunday Letters, and those that express the other festivals, \&c., return in the same order as before.
The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces.
The Julian period contains 7980 years (being the Lunar Cycle of 19 , the Solar Cycle of 28, and the Roman indiction of 15 multiplied together). The Julian period is reckoned as having begun $47 \times 3$ years before our era, so that the year 1903 corresponds with 6616 of that period. It is used in astronomical and chronological calculations throughout the world.

## MOORE'S FULFILLED PREDICTIONS OF 1902.

## PREDICTIONS.

"The winter quarter will be a critical time for Great Britain, and Europe generally. The price of foodstuffs will be far too high for the slender purses of the industrial people."-Almanac, 1902, p. 5.
"At Capetown a manifest improvement will set in."-Ibid., p. 5.
"Progress can be but slow while martial influence remains in force, and the expenditure on an increased army and navy and interest on the national debt will neutralise the gain of an increased revenue."-Ibid., p. 6.
"The opposition of the Moon to Mercury threatens some loss of trade by foreign competition."-IIbid., p. 6.

[^9]"The Sun enters Cancer, June 22nd, $1902 \ldots$. . . Venus culminates in Taurus.... National festivity." Ibid., p. 6.

## FULFILMENTS.

The prolongation of the war in South Africa, and the consequent taxes on coal, sugar, and cereals produced a most depressing effect on the public mind.

Early in the year the permit to open up the mines caused a flush of prosperity in commercial centres, and the removal of military law further enhanced the effect.

Peace was not declared till May 28th, and the Budget figures were exactly in line with the prediction.

The great American shipping combine, engineered by Pierpont Morgan, was a source of considerable anxiety to the nation. It was an attempt to capture the transatlantic shipping trade.

The destruction of the chief port of Martinique by the eruption of Mount Pelée, and the earthquake shocks in other parts of the West Indies, in Chili, \&c., were supplemented by tremors in France and Cornwall.

The preparations for the Coronation of His Majesty King Edward VII. amply justify this.

The above notes constitute a few examples of the power of forecasting the probable trend of events in the political, social, and financial worlds. As time goes on the possibility of using this power in individual and national affairs will become ever more popular. It is futile to suppose that men like Tycho Brahe, Kepler, Sir Isaac Newton, Sir George Witchell, Russell of Killowen, and men of similar calibre, could subscribe their belief to a mere superstition. Ignorance of the modus operandi of the planets in human affairs is unfortunately all too prevalent, but that circumstance does not negative the operation of natural laws, and it is only the untrained mind that takes refuge in such phrases as "coincidence" and "chance." All coincidences are expressions of natural law, and where Law reigns Chance can have no place.

## PREDICTIONS FOR THE YEAR.

The Sun enters Capricornus, December 22nd, 1902, at $6^{\mathrm{h}} 37^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.
At the solar ingress into Capricornus the luminary will be thirty degrees below the horizon of the west, in conjunction with Venus and Mercury and opposition to Neptune. It will also have the quadrature of the planet Mars at the same time. The Moon in the northern angle will have the quadrate aspect of Saturn. These positions are fraught with evil import as regards the national health and the chief branches of public service. Besides the prevalent chest colds and rheumatism incident to the season of the year, there will be a prominent recrudescence of the more formidable evils of typhoid and cancer. The season will be very cold, and heavy cyclones will do much damage to property. The national service will find a fresh incentive to activity in the large equipments of the forces in other countries. The Government will not be popular and may go near defeat on one of two points, namely, army equipment and supply, or the produce tax. Farming interests will suffer both from legislation and the inclemency of the weather. Theatres and places of amusement will prosper. Railway accidents are imminent about the time of the festive season, while the state of the weather about Christmas will dispose to accidents among coasting vessels. Our colonial interests will prosper during the quarter, and about the beginning of February there will be especial cause for gratification in this direction.

The general import is rather in the direction of sweeping reforms, revolutions, and initiations of a progressive nature. Fiscal reforms are imperative.

The quarter is evil for the general fortunes of Cape Colony, where there will be much sedition afoot ; for Argentina, Austria, India, and Greece. In Argentina there will be some intestinal feuds, leading to civil war.

The Sun enters Aries, March 21st, 1903, at $7^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.


Again the Sun is below the horizon at the ingress. It is found in quadrate aspect to Neptune in the ninth division of the heavens. The planet Mars is exactly rising. This will cause some stirring events to transpire about the beginning of April, and it would not be surprising to learn that a plot was on foot to affect our interests in South Africa. It will be an unexpected mercy if we avoid fighting and bloodshed. Our railways will record more than one accident, but chiefly about the middle of June,--the influences are disposing to recklessness and casualty. The weather will remain cold and cheerless well into April. Crops will suffer from the depletion of the earth's magnetism and heat. Educational reforms will be enacted for the benefit of the up-growing generation. Death duties may be remitted in May. The public health will be good, but there remains the danger of a typhoid outbreak.

At New York the indications are of a peaceful and beneficial order, but there is danger of a railway accident of some magnitude.

At Calcutta the indications are very disturbing, and Government will have the very difficult task of pacifying an excited people. Financial considerations will press heavily on the Viceregal Council, and to make matters more complicated there will be a dangerous spirit of sedition abroad.

At the Cape, finance will be the uppermost subject of debate, and the condition of the Colony is far from a restful one. Factions will arise within the Governing body, and the unscrupulous parasite of colonisation will reap a rich harvest.

## The Sun enters Cancer, June 22nd, 1903, at $3^{\text {h }} 5^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.

At this ingress the indications are still of a warlike and disturbing nature. Our export trade will suffer, and accidents on the high seas will be unusually numerous. This will be due partly to the violence of storms during the quarter, but there is also some danger of our Navy finding employment of a nature to which it has long been unaccustomed, but for which it is to be hoped it will always be found properly equipped. Austria and Hungary are liable to be disturbed with internal dissensions and strife. In South America there will be some fighting both on land and sea, and the Chili-Argentine feud is likely to come to a head during this period of the year. Naval manœuvres and the massing of vessels will take place on foreign shores, and there is reason to suppose that covert motive will not be altogether absent for this display.

At New York the positions of the planets indicate a period of progress. Foreign relations will be pacific, and the heavy expenditure of the past years, together with the consequent taxation, appear to be the chief of the evils to which the West will be subject.

At Calcutta, Saturn will be rising, and this indicates a degree of privation in India, due no doubt to the failure of crops and the non-adaptable methods of the Oriental mind. The fiscal reforms of past years are now likely to show their merits and utility. Border fighting appears to be indicated.

## The Sun enters Libra, September 24th, 1903, at $5^{\mathrm{h}} 44$ a.m.

At this ingress the Sun will be just upon rising, and the luminary is mainly affected by good aspects. Consequently we may expect a quarter of real progress, and the fortunes of the nation will be considerably enhanced. The financial outlook is of the most hopeful order, and a general expansion in our commerce will be the result of an established sense of security. Public health will be restored, educational projects will make headway, railway traffics will increase, and the national service, more particularly the Navy, will receive credit for a high state of efficiency.

At New York the indications are chiefly in the line of commercial prosperity, good railway returns, and beneficial foreign relations.

At Calcutta the Sun will be on the meridian, and the Government will therefore worry through its difficulties with honour and credit, but it is not to be overlooked that Uranus will be exactly rising, so that a disturbing combination of disaffected people is liable to affect the general peace.

At the Cape the Government will be well established over the whole of South Africa, and the only difficulty which seems to threaten it during this quarter is that of finance.

The following eclipses will occur during the year 1903 :-
Two eclipses of the Sun, one annular and the other total ; and two partial eclipses of the Moon. The particulars of these phenomena and their astrological significance are here stated :-

> Annular Eclipse of the Sun, March 29th, 1903, at $2^{\text {h }} 6^{m}$ a.m. Invisible at Greenwich.

The eclipse is central at noon in Korea, and will affect the whole of China and Japan, together with the northern parts of India. In the Korea, trouble will speedily follow, for the luminaries are in opposition to the planet Mars, and bloodshed will not be avoided. Conflagrations, murders, pillage, freebooting, and lawlessness of every description will prevail in the N.E. of Asia.

Partial Eclipse of the Moon, April 11 th, 1903, at $\mathrm{II}^{\mathrm{h}} 58^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. Visible at Greenwich.
Magnitude of the obscuration-0.973, totality being $\mathbf{I}$.
This eclipse falling in opposition to the ruling sign of England is of importance, especially as it occurs close to the meridian. It signifies that a period of financial depression and stringency will be experienced in this country, and that a lady in the highest position is in danger of a decumbiture.

Total Eclipse of the Sun, September 21st, 1903, $5^{\text {h }} 10^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. Invisible at Greenwich.
This eclipse is not central at noon at any place in the civilised world.

> Partial Eclipse of the Moon, 6th October, 1903, at $2^{\mathrm{h}} 59^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. Visible at Greenwich.

Magnitude of eclipse-0.868, totality being i.
This eclipse takes place in the eighth division of the heavens and in the first decanate of Aries, the ruling sign of England. It indicates sorrow and mourning in high places. The demise of some great ruler. The-stationary position of Saturn in Aquarius renders it unfortunate for Russia, where trouble will soon set its seal.

The eclipses fall in the signs Aries and Libra, and dispose to revolutions, reforms, and political changes. The fortunes of Denmark, England, Austria, the Argentine Republic, and Japan will be adversely affected by changes in the political atmosphere.

NOTE.-In the calendar notes the astronomical data are given in terms of the sidereal day, which commences at noon. Thus on January 2oth it is stated that the Sun enters Aquarius at 18 hrs . This means that the Sun reaches the first point of that sign at 18 hours after mean noon on the 20th, and the secular or common expression would be 2Ist January, at 6 a.m. Wherever the terms "a.m." and "p.m." are used in the Almanac, the common or secular date is given with it.

## EXPLANATION OF THE CALENDAR, ASPECTS, \&c.

The first columns of the left page show the day of the month, week, and year-the figures in the latter column indicating the number of days from the beginning of the year.

The column headed "Notes" shows the Sundays, Church festivals and Holy days, Aspects (as to which see below), Astronomical and other notes. (The Saints' days printed in italics are not kept by the Church of England.) The right ascension of the principal planets at certain dates is also given. The thick rule on left of this column indicates the duration of the various Law Sittings.

The columns headed "Moon" show-ist. The moon's age (that is, the nearest number of days, without fractions, that have elapsed since the preceding New Moon). (This is sometimes useful in estimating roughly the time of High Water in localities where the usual tide-tables are not available.) 2nd. Duration of Moonlight from 6 to 9 and 9 to 12 p.m., and 12 to 3 and 3 to 6 a.m. (It will of course not be lost sight of that at certain periods of the year the rising or setting of the Moon must occur in daylight. As the object of the column is solely to show the hours when there is Moonlight, no notice is taken of the fact that there may also be Daylight.) 3rd, 4th, and 5th : The hour of rising (Greenwich mean time), when the Moon is due south and has attained her greatest altitude (astronomically when the Moon Transits or passes the meridian), and the hour of Setting. In these columns where a waved rule line occurs it indicates a period post meridiem, whilst a dotted rule line indicates ante meridiem.

The columns headed "Sun" show -Ist. The Rising and Setting of the Sun(Greenwich time). 2nd. Equation of Time, or the period which is needed to adjust civil to astro-
nomical time. 3rd. The Sun's declination.

On the right page is given the time of High Water at London Bridge, morning and afternoon, the time of Ecliptic conjunction with the Moon of principal planets, Weather Forecasts (as to which see below), Voice of the Stars for the month, and Notes on Birthday influences.

The dates of very High Tides are accurately predicted as a useful warning for localities adjacent to the river. Precaution is, however, urgent only when atmospheric disturbances are prevalent, more especially high north winds and a low state of the barometer with continued rain. A very high spring tide is upusually sensitive, and is much affected by these disturbing influences.

Explanation of the Aspects. Conjunction, d.-Two heavenly bodies are in conjunction with one another when both have the same longitude. Semi - quartile. - Two heavenly bodies are in mutual semiquartile when the difference of their longitudes is exactly $45^{\circ}$. Sextile, ${ }^{*}$. -A difference of longitude of $60^{\circ}$. Quintile.-A difference of longitude of $72^{\circ}$. Quartile or Quadrature, $\square$. -A difference of longitude of $90^{\circ}$. Trine, $\Delta$.-A difference of longitude of $120^{\circ}$. Opposition, 8.A difference of longitude of $180^{\circ}$ (half the circle). Sesquiquadrate.-A difference of longitude of $135^{\circ}$. Bi-quintile.-A difference of longitude of $144^{\circ}$. The major aspects are the conjunction, sextile, quartile, trine, and opposition. The minor aspects (determined by Kepler, the great astronomer) are the $30^{\circ}, 36^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 72^{\circ}$, $135^{\circ}$ and $144^{\circ}$. The conjunction varies in nature according to the natures of the planets forming it. The sextile and trine are benefic ; the quartile and opposition are malefic

Original from
aspects. Of the minor aspects the $45^{\circ}$ and $135^{\circ}$ are malefic, the rest are benefic.

When two planets have the same declination they are said to be in parallel declination, and this, like the conjunction, varies in nature according to the natures of the planets. The conjunction is weak when the conjoined planets are far apart in declination.

Nature of the Planets. - All the planets are capable of exerting a good and bad influence, according to the aspects they form to the Sun, Moon, and the angles of the figure for any ingress, lunation, \&c. The simple natures of the planets are known by the effects attending their conjunctions with these Significators, as they are called. In this respect Jupiter and Venus are benefic, and also Mercury when not afflicted by evil aspects. Neptune, Uranus, Saturn, and Mars are evil.

The Weather.-The influence of the planets over the atmospheric changes constantly occurring on the earth is a fact already well established. Prof. Falb of Vienna has a cyclic period of 79 years which corresponds to the periodic conjunction of the planets Mars and Mercury, which form their conjunctions every 79 years on the same day of the year. His failures are due to the fact of his not having taken the other celestial bodies into account. The predictions in this Almanac are based on the Solar configurations with all the celestial bodies, and the mutual aspects of the planets among themselves as seen from the Earth. It will be generally noticed that there is a downfall of some sort, according to the season of the year, about the day of the Change and Full of the Moon. It is true that the conjunction of Mars and Mercury has a disturbing effect upon the weather in the production of violent storms, which was observed by Jerome Cardan, and afterwards, certified by the great
astronomer Kepler, but it is futile to suppose that all the changes of the weather can be predicted from only one source. The science of Astrometeorology, while far outstripping the efforts of all other systems, especially in its storm-periods, is yet far from perfect. Thus, while it is evidently the fact that all the great storms can be predicted with great certainty and precision, the particular locality which may be affected is largely a matter of speculation.

Lunar Influence. - This influence on mundane affairs varies according to the nature of the body with which the Moon forms configurations in her rapid course. When the Moon is in sextile or trine with the Sun it is a good time for asking favours, seeking employment, or travelling for health. With Saturn, for dealing with farmers, miners, and old people ; for purchasing houses or land; and for planting or sowing. With Jupiter, for opening new business, dealing with merchants, bankers, and rich people. With Mars, for consulting surgeons, engineers, and mechanical people. With Venus, for courting, pleasure-seeking, marrying, engaging maidservants, visiting friends, and taking lessons in music. With Mercury, for seeking employment ; writing letters or articles, or books ; dealing with printers, editors, publishers, or lawyers ; for sending children to school for the first time, binding apprentices, and travelling. With Uranus, for scientific work, dealing with electrical engineers, or for learning astronomy or astrology. Astrologers find that affairs begun under such configurations proceed more successfully than at other times -Solomon found that "to everything there is a season, and a time for every purpose under the heavens." It is important to ascertain, however, that the moon has no evil aspect (quartile or oppostion) or conjunction with either Saturn, Mars, or Uranus at the time selected, or the good influence will be nullified.


## Monthly Notes.

[^10]
$\geqslant \mid$ HIGH WATER LONLuN BDGE MORN. AFT.
3.20
3.37
3.53
4.11
4.44
5. 2
5.19
5.38
5.57
6.19
6.40
7. 4
7.59
9. 7
10.22
10.58
$11.36-$

1. 6
1.35
2. 1
2.26
2.51
3.15
3.39
3. 3
4.26
4.50
5.11
5.32
5.52
6.15
6.37 7. 0
7.26
7.53
8.218 .53

23


| 25 | - | 0.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | 0.30 | 0.56 |
| 27 | 1.18 | 1.38 |
| 28 | 1.57 | 2.15 |
| 29 | 2.32 | 2.46 |
| 30 | 3.3 | 3.20 |
| 31 | 3.36 | 3.52 |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

The year opens fine and cold, with a crisp air in the sun, morning mists, foggy at night. Downfall between the 7 th and 9th ; colder about the 20th ; high winds on the 23rd and 24th ; cold and bleak to the 3oth; then warmer.

The weather appears normal for the season in all respects save a rather higher wind following the depression of the 20th.

Storm periods 5th and 20th to $24^{\text {th }}$.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

The portents of the year open up rather more brightly than has been the case since 1899, and the New Moon attending this month augurs well for the general public health, in spite of the somewhat fnclement weather. Festivals among the old and young will be much in vogue, and places of amusement will prosper. This is usually an indication of financial stress in the country, and it is certain that at this season the fiscal problems of the nation will come in for unusual attention. Anticipations of National Expenditure will be very gloomy, and this will be reflected on the Stock Markets, sending gilt-edged Stocks down. Educational questions will be much to the fore, and Army Supplies will also be a sore point with the financiers. The weather threatens to be exceptionally cold and bleak. The Royal Heads stand well in favour of the younger generation, and will patronize places of amusement more than usual.

The Cape and Argentina show signs of unrest. India will prosper.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The best birthdays of this month are the 2nd, 25th and 29th. Those born on the 2nd will have an increase of good fortune, and their affairs will prosper. The 5 th shows causes for depression of mind, and anxiety. The 9 th indicates some domestic trouble during the year, and possible bereavement. The 18 th is accidental, and there is danger of some fever, possibly typhoid. Care must be taken to avoid risk. The 20th is an evil day, and those whose anniversary falls thereon will have cause for sorrow. Finance and business will go awry and in some cases it will be due to ill health. The 25th is fortunate for all engaged in artistic and literary pursuits and generally for enhancing success of those born thereon. The 29th is fortunate for those about to be married and for birth of children; and other domestic and social events. The 29th gives increase of business, some honours and good health.

Astronomical Notes.

[^11]


| $\rangle \\| \begin{aligned} & \text { Inch Water } \\ & \text { Lionion Buch } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mors. | Aft. |
| 1 | 4. 9 | 4.25 |
| 2 | 4.41 | 4.58 |
| 3 | 5.14 | 5.33 |
| 4 | 5.50 | 6.11 |
| 5 | 6.33 | 6.58 |
| 6 | 7.23 | 7.54 |
| 7 | 8.27 | 9. 5 |
| 8 | 9.50 | 10.32 |
| 9 | 11.13 | 11.52 |
| 10 | - | 0.27 |
| 11 | 0.57 | 1.24 |
| 12 | 1.50 | 2.15 |
| 18 | 2.38 | 3. 0 |
| 14 | 3.23 | 3.44 |
| 15 | 4. 5 | 4.25 |
| 18 | 4.48 | 5. 5 |
| 17 | 5.24 | 5.42 |
| 18 | 6. 2 | 6.23 |
| 19 | 6.43 | 7. 7 |
| 20 | 7.33 | 8. 1 |
| 21 | 8.36 | 9.14 |
| 22 | 9.59 | 10.43 |
| 23 | 11.21 | 11.54 |
| 24 | - | 0.26 |
| 25 | 0.52 | 1.13 |
| 26 | 1.32 | 1.52 |
| 27 | 2.10 | 2.24 |
| 28 | 2.38 | 2.56 |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

The month opens fair with lifting winds, and to the rith the weather will be fine for the season. On the 14th boisterous winds, then rising temperature to the 19th with heavy downfall about the 15 th. Warmer to the 20th, then fine and bright, with high winds on the 26th, and pleasant weather to the end of the month.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

The Government of this country will go near to defeat. Financial questions will be much discussed in the House, and a strong Opposition will be in evidence. Our Colonies will make rapid strides, and the expansion of the Empire will give cause for satisfaction. On the Continent there will be more than usual festivity, and both Berlin and St. Petersburg will show signs of unusual merry-making. Meanwhile there are likely to occur some distressing accidents in schools or at theatres, especially in those parts where children are assembled. Disorders of the blood will be prevalent. Deaths from cold and starvation are more than likely. Warmer atmosphere may be expected in the latter half of the month with a full allowance of rain. Destruction of property by fire is in evidence, especially in the North and West. A more hopeful view of financial questions will be taken as the month wears on, and this will advance the price of Stocks. The month seems likely to produce some very important combinations in the political world. Important marriages will take place. Our exports will increase. The chief point of interest appears to be the position of the Government. Argentina has trouble.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The best birthday this month is the 19th, and afterwards the 26 th and 28 th in lesser degree. Those born on the 2nd will have an active year with much business in hand. The 15 th is dangerous, and those born thereon will do well not to incur unnecessary risks during the year. The 16 th will bring influences of a depressing nature. The 18th is disturbing to domestic and business affairs. The 19th is a very fortunate birthday. The 24th is rather depressing, and those who were born thereon will do well to look after their health, as there is a chance of taking rheumatic fever. Much business will curtail the chances of success. The 28th is fortunate for those in love, or for the married desiring progeny. It is a happy influence.

## Astronomical Notes.

Feb. 1, Length of Day, $9^{\mathrm{h}} 2^{\mathrm{m}}$; 28th, $10^{\mathrm{h}} 42^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} 7^{\circ} 7^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 14^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, Im $6{ }^{\prime \prime}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime}$ Ir ${ }^{\prime} 9^{\prime \prime}$.
v) 10, Moon in Perigee ; 22nd, Apogee.

Nercury is in Aquarius; in inferior conjunction 4 with the Sun on the 2nd; can be seen before gunise towards end of the month.

Venus is an Evening Star in Pisces, near the Moon on the 28 th.
Mars is in Libra, rising about $10^{\text {h }}$ p.m.
Jupiter is in Pisces, and in conjunction with the Sun on the rith.
Saturn in Aquarius can be seen shortly before sunrise.

| 14 |  | M MR（T） |  | XXXI Tays． |  |  |  |  | ［MOORE＇S |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inconstant Mars now wings the raging shower， Now stoops to breathe upon an op＇ning flower； Again he bends the forest to his sway， Then laughing，tempts the carly lambs to play． Rude champion of the Sun，he leads the fight Of length＇ning days against the realms of night． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| He who lops freely in March will get a lap full of fruit． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Day of |  | Sun enters Aries 21d．7h．p．m． | MOON． |  |  |  |  | SUN． |  |  |  |
| M．W． | Yr． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M'n- } \\ & \text { light } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Rises | Souths｜ | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Clock } \\ \text { fast } \end{array}$ | Dec． |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 60 | in Ticnt | 2 |  |  | 1.43 ＊ | $\left.8.1{ }^{*}\right\}$ | h．m． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{s} . \\ & 12.42 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{7}{ }_{7} 5_{5}^{\prime}$ |
| 2 M | 61 |  | 3 |  | 7.50 | 2.31 | 9．23\} | 6.48 | 5.38 | 12.31 | 732 |
| 3 Tu | 62 |  | 4 |  | 8.18 | 3.20 | 10.34 | 6.46 | 5.40 | 12.19 | 79 |
| 4 W | 63 | Ember Day | 5 |  | 8.49 | 4.11 \} | 11．44 | 6.44 | 5.42 | 12． 6 | 646 |
| 5 Th | 64 | ［Quarter 7.14 p．m． | 6 |  | 9.26 | 5． 5 | a．m． | 6.42 | 5.43 | 11.53 | 623 |
| 6 F | 65 | Ember Day．First | D |  | 10.10 | 6． 1 | 0．51 | 6.39 | 5.45 | 11.39 | 60 |
| 7 S | 66 | Ember D．S．Perpetua | 8 |  | 11． 3 | 6.59 | 1.55 | 6.37 | 5.47 | 11.25 | 537 |
| 8 \％ | 67 | 2 in ILent．${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ in | 9 |  | 0． 4 | \｛ 7.57$\}$ | 2.54 | 6.35 | 5.48 | 11.11 | 514 |
| 9 M | 68 | ion | 10 |  | 1.13 | 8.55 | 3.44 | 6.33 | 5.50 | 10.56 | 450 |
| 10 Tu | 69 |  | 11 |  | 2.28 | 9.52 | ， 4.26 | 6.30 | 5.52 | 10.41 | 427 |
| 11 W | 70 |  | 12 |  | 3.45 | 10．47 | 5． 3 | 6.28 | 5.54 | 10.26 | 44 |
| 12 Th | 71 | \％stationary | 13 |  |  | 11．40 | ， 5.35 | 6.26 | 5.55 | 10.10 | 340 |
| 13 F | 72 | Full Moon 0.13 p．m． | O |  | 6.21 | a．m． | 6． 4 | 6.24 | 5.57 | 9.53 | 316 |
| 14 S | 73 |  | 15 |  | 7.36 | 0．32 | \％ 6.32 | 6.21 | 5.59 | 9.37 | 253 |
| $15 \%$ | 74 | IT | 16 |  | 8.48 | 1.23 | 7． 0 | 6.19 | 6． | 9.20 | 229 |
| 16 M | 75 | －口H | 17 |  | 9.57 | ； 2.12 | 7.28 | 6.17 | 6． 2 | 9． 3 | 2 |
| 17 Tu | 76 | S．Patric | 18 |  | 11． 3 | 3． 3 | 7.58 | 6.15 | 6. | 8.46 | 142 |
| 18 W | 77 | ¢o＇ | 19 |  |  | 3.50 | 8.32 | 6.12 | 6. | 8.28 | 118 |
| 19 Th | 78 |  | 20 |  |  | 4.39 | 9.11 | 6.10 | 6． 7 | 8.11 | 054 |
| 20 F | 79 | $\bigcirc$ in $\gamma 7 \mathrm{hrs}$ ． | 21 |  | 0.58 | 5.27 | 9.54 | 6． 8 | 6． | 7.53 | 031 |
| 21 S | 80 | Last Quarter 2.8 a．m． | 『 |  | 1.47 | 6.15 | 10.43 | 6． 6 | 6.11 | 7.35 | 07 |
| 22 | 81 | 4 ill IICnt．Vernal | 23 |  | 2.30 | 7． 2 | 11.36 | 6． 3 | 6.12 | 7.17 | North |
| 23 M | 82 | ［Equinox．〇ロ世 | 24 |  |  | 7.49 | 0.34 | 6． 1 | 6.14 | 6.59 | 040 |
| 24 Tu | 83 |  | 25 |  |  | 8.35 | 1.35 | 5.59 | 6.16 | 6.41 | 1 |
| 25 W | 84 | Annunc．B．V． | 26 |  | 4.11 | 9．20 | 2.38 | 5.56 | 6.17 | 6.23 | 128 |
| 26 Th | 85 | ［Lady Day | 27 |  |  | 10． 6 | 3.43 | 5.54 | 6.19 | 6． 4 | 151 |
| 27 F | 86 |  | 28 |  |  | 10.51 | 4.50 | 5.52 | 6.21 | 5.46 | 215 |
| 28 S | 87 | $\bigcirc$ eclipsed 8 ठ | 29 |  | 5.27 | 11.38 | 6． 0 | 5.50 | 6.23 | 5.28 | 238 |
| 49\％ | 88 | Tassion 玉llloav． |  |  |  | 0.25 | 7.11 | 5.47 | 6.24 | 5.10 | 32 |
| 30 M | 89 | ［New Moon 1.26 a．m． | 1 |  |  | 1.15 | 8.22 | 5.45 | 6.26 | 4.51 | 325 |
| 31 Tu | 90 | H stationary | 2 |  | 6.51 | 2． 73 | \} 9.34$\}$ | 5．43 | 6.28 | 4.33 | 348 |

Monthly Notes．

[^12]
 APRIL XXX Days.
Month of young buds and blossoms, how the bee, Exulting, wings his flight from tree to tree.
The cuckoo clamors, and the swallow kneads Its pendent nest, or skims the rushy meads. The yellow flag and bulrush deck the pool, And lure the truant urchin from his school.


Till April's dead change not a thread.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Taurus <br> 21d. 7h. a.m. | IMOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | 品 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { M'n- } \\ \text { light. } \end{array}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | Clock fast | / D |
| W | 91 |  | 3 |  | 7.27 | 3. ${ }^{*}$ | 10.44 | 5.41 | 6.29 | 4.15 | $\stackrel{\text { - }}{\stackrel{\mathrm{N}}{1} \mathrm{l}}$ |
| 2 Th | 92 |  | 4 |  | 8. 9 | 3.57 | 11.50 | 5.38 | 6.31 | 3.57 | 435 |
| 3 F | 93 |  | 5 |  | 8.59 | 4.54 | a.m. | 5.36 | 6.33 | 3.39 | 45 |
| 4 S | 94 |  | 6 |  | 9.58 | 5.52 | 0.49 | 5.34 | 6.34 | 3.21 | 52 |
| 5 ¢ | 95 | Dalm ※undav | D |  | 11. 5 | 6.48 | 1.42 | 5.32 | 6.36 | 3. 3 | 544 |
| 6 M | 96 |  | 8 |  | 0.16 | 7.45 | 2.26 | 5.29 | 6.38 | 2.46 | 6 |
| 7 Tu | 97 |  | 9 |  | 1.30 | 8.39 | 3. 3 | 5.27 | 6.39 | 2.28 | 629 |
| 8 W | 98 | Hilary Sittings end | 10 |  | 2.45 | , 9.31 | 3.35 | 5.25 | 6.41 | 2.11 | 652 |
| 9 Th | 99 | Maundy Thursday | 11 |  | 4. 0 | 10.22 | 4. 4 | 5.23 | 6.43 | 1.54 | 714 |
| 10 F | 100 | Good Friday | 12 |  | 5.14 | 11.12 | 4.32 | 5.21 | 6.44 | 1.37 | 737 |
| 11 S | 101 | [Full Moon 0.18 a.m. | 13 |  | 6.27 | a.m. | 4.59 | 5.18 | 6.46 | 1.21 | 759 |
| $12 \mathfrak{T}$ | 102 |  | O |  | 7.37 | 0. 1 | 5.26 | 5.16 | 6.48 | 1. 4 | 821 |
| 13 M | 103 | Fast. Mon. Bank Hol. | 15 |  | 8.45 | 0.51 | 5.56 | 5.14 | 6.49 | 0.48 | 843 |
| 14 Tu | 104 | Easter Tuesday | 16 |  | 9.49 | 1.40 | 6.29 | 5.12 | 6.51 | 0.33 | 9 |
| 15 W | 105 |  | 17 |  | 10.48 | 2.30 | 7. 6 | 5. 9 | 6.52 | 0.17 | 926 |
| 16 Th | 106 |  | 18 |  | 11.40 | 3.19 | 7.48 | 5. 7 | 6.54 | 0. | 948 |
| 17 F | 107 |  | 19 |  | a.m. | 4. 7 | 8.34 | 5. 5 | 6.56 | slow | 10 |
| 18 S | 108 | Last Qr. 9.30 p.m. | 20 |  | 0.26 | 4.55 | 9.26 | 5. 3 | 6.57 | 0.2 | 30 |
| 19 ¢ | 109 | Tow ¢unday | © |  | 1. 6 | 5.42 | 10.22 | 5. 1 | 6.59 | 0. | 51 |
| 20 M | 110 | $\bigcirc$ in ૪ 19 hrs . | 22 |  | 1.41 | 6.28 | 11.21 | 4.59 | 7. 1 | 0.5 | 12 |
| 21 Tu | 111 | Easter Sittings begin | 23 |  | 2.11 | 7.13 | 0.22 | 4.57 | 7. 2 | 1. | 113 |
| 22 W | 112 |  | 24 |  | 2.38 | 7.58 | 1.26 | 4.55 | 7. 4 | 1.19 | 1153 |
| 23 Th | 113 | S. George | 25 |  | 3. 4 | 8.43 | 2.32 | 4.52 | 7. 6 | 1.3 | 121 |
| 24 F | 114 |  | 26 |  | 3.29 | 9.29 | 3.40 | 4.50 | 7. 7 | 1.43 | 123 |
| 25 S | 115 | S. | 27 |  | 3.54 | 10.16 | 4.51 | 4.48 | 7. 9 | 1.5 | 1254 |
| $26 \underset{9}{9}$ | 116 | 2 aft. East | 28 |  |  | 1. 5 | 6. 3 ? | 4.46 | 7.11 |  | 13 |
| 27 M | 117 | New Moon 1.31 p.m. |  |  |  | 11.57 | 7.16 | 4.44 | 7.12 | 2.1 | 33 |
| 28 Tu | 118 |  |  |  |  | 0.51 | 8.29 ? | 4.42 | 7.14 | 2.25 | 352 |
| 29 W | 119 |  | 2 |  |  | 1.48 | 9.40 | 4.41 | 7.15 | 2.3 | 410 |
| 30 Th | 120 | ¢口и | 3 |  | 6.53 | 2.47 | 10.43 \{ | 4.39 | 7.17 | 2.43 | 142 |

Mionthiy Notes.

[^13]| ALMANAC. |  |  | PRJL 19 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The roth day, at 7 h . aftern. ( $\delta^{\prime}$ ) Mars The 20th day, at 8 h . aftern. ( $h$ ) Saturn The 23rd day, at 6 h . aftern. (4) Jupiter The 28th day, at 5 h . aftern. (审) Mercury The 3oth day, at 5 h . morn. (f) Venus |  |  |  |  | is ineclipticconjunctionwith theMoon. | High |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | WEATHER FORECASTS. <br> April will be a colder month than usual. It opens cold and chilly, with local storms, and continues unsettled to the 12 th. High winds prevail from the 12th to 16th, and the weather then changes to fine and bright till the 26th. At the close of the month a marked depression occurs, rendering the weather cold and wet. <br> Storm period, 30th. <br> VOICE OF THE STARS. <br> The New Moon attending this month is fraught with influences of a very sinister kind. The malefic Uranus is just rising, and Mars is in elevation. There will be strikes or other irregular expressions of public dissatisfaction and unrest. The lunation constitutes an Eclipse of the Sun in the first decanate of Aries, and this is ruled by Mars, disposing the nation to warlike feeling. The planet Mars is also in exact opposition to the lunation, so that it will be a mercy indeed if our rulers can steer us safely past the shoals of political subterfuge without recourse to the arbitraments of war. Farming interests should prosper, however, and although there will be rather more than usual rain, it will be beneficial to vegetation. Accidents on the high seas are likely to damage one of our Men-of-War. The financial question will be satisfactorily replied to by the country. Troubles may arise in the Post Office. Railway accidents are numerous for this period of the year. Seditious movements are afoot in S. Africa. The newspapers will be filled with inflammatory and exciting items from abroad. If there is war in Argentina Republic, as seems most probable, the interests of Chili will suffer. Telegraphic operators may find some general grounds for a protest. <br> BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES. <br> The influences are rather sinister than otherwise this month, but the 23 rd and 29th are fortunate in some respects, the 23 rd chiefly so. The roth holds some inflammatory influences for both mind and body. The 12th will bring an active year full of business and involving many journeys. New projects may well be taken in hand. The 20th is not a bright anniversary, and be taken in hand. The 20th is not a bright anniversary, and the blood is apt to get chilled and disordered. The 23rd is far more fortunate, and holds the best influences of the month. Its subjects will increase their business and make headway. The 28th active and perhaps a trifle futile in its projects. The 29th is fortunate for all domestic and social changes to those born thereon. The 3oth is the worst birthday anniversary. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5.32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 7.22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10. 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10.46 | 1.23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0.52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1.38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.59 | 2.17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.37 | 2.56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4.11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5.20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6.23 | 6.48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 7.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8.17 | 8.55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9.35 | 10.13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11.21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11.51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | . 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1.54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2.31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 1, Length of Day, $12^{\mathrm{h}} 4^{8 \mathrm{~m}} ; 30$ th, $14^{\mathrm{h}} 3^{8 \mathrm{~m}}$. <br> $n$ 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 4^{4} 3^{*}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 0^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$. <br> Ses time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\text {m }} 5^{\circ} 0^{\prime \prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 56^{\prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$. <br> " 5, Moon in Perigee; 19th, Aplogee,".11-12, Eclipse of Moon visible throughout " ${ }^{11-12,}$ Eclipse ofBritish Islos. <br> Mercury is in Aries, and in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 13th. Venus is an Evening Star in Taurus; near th Moon on the 3oth. <br> Mars is in Libra, setting shortly before sunrise. <br> Jupiter is a Morning Star in Pisces. <br> Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cougle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 18 | MIJY |  | SXXI Diys． |  |  |  |  | MOORE＇S |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sweet Maia，brightest of the Pleiades， Has thy fair palace colours rich as these That mark thy transient rule o＇er earth＇s domain， And glow in every hedge，and field，and lane？ All nature lifts its voice to thee in song， And dances in thy flow＇ry path along． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A drye May and a dripping June bring all things into tume． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Day or |  | NOTES． <br> Sun enters Gemini 22d．7h．a．m． | MOON． |  |  |  |  | SUN． |  |  |  |
| M．W． | Yr． |  | 801 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}^{\prime n}- \\ & \text { light } \end{aligned}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array}$ | c． |
| 1 F | 121 | $\therefore$ S．Ihilip and James | 4 |  |  | 3.46 | 1.39 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{h} . \mathrm{m} . \\ 4.87 \end{gathered}$ | h.m. | $\dot{\|c\| c \mid} \mid$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} / 1 \\ & 1448 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 S | 122 |  | 5 |  |  | 4．44？ | a．m． | 4.35 | 7.20 | 2.59 | 156 |
| $3 \%$ | 123 | 3 aft．正aster | 6 |  | 10．7 | 5.413 | 0.25 | 4.33 | 7.22 | 3． 6 | 1524 |
| 4 M | 124 | First Quar． 7.26 a．m． | $D_{8}$ |  | 11.20 | 6．35 | 1． 4 | 4.31 | 7.23 |  | 1542 |
| 5 Tu | 125 |  | 8 |  |  | 7．27\} | 1.38 | 4.29 | 7.25 | 3.19 | 15.59 |
| 6 W | 126 |  | 9 |  | 1．47？ | 8.17 | 2． 7 | 4.27 | 7.27 | 3.24 | 1617 |
| 7 Th | 127 |  | 10 |  | 3． 0 | 9．73 | 2.34 | 4.26 | 7.28 | 3.29 | 1634 |
| 8 F | 128 | ［ ${ }^{\text {a stationary }}$ | 11 |  |  | 9．55 | 3． 1 | 4.24 | 7.30 | 3.84 | 1650 |
| 9 S | 129 | Half Quarter Day． | 12 |  | 5.23 ， | 10．44 | 3.28 | 4.22 | 7.31 | 8.38 | 177 |
| $10 \mathfrak{}$ | 130 | 4 att．Easter | 13 |  | $6.31\}$ | \｛11．32 | 3.56 | 4.20 | 7.83 | 3.41 | 1723 |
| 11 M | 131 | Full Moon 1.18 p．m． | O |  | 7.36 | a．m． | 4.26 | 4.19 | 7.35 |  | 1799 |
| 12 Tu | 132 |  | 15 |  |  | 0.21 | 5． 1 | 4.17 | 7.86 | 3.46 | 1754 |
| 13 W | 133 |  | 16 |  | 9.32 | 1.11 | 5.42 | 4.15 | 7.38 | 8.48 | 189 |
| 14 Th | 184 | 9 ${ }^{\text {d\％}}$ | 17 |  | 10.213 | 2． 0 | 6.27 | 4.14 | 7.39 | 3.49 | 1824 |
| 15 F | 135 |  | 18 |  | 11． 4 | 2.48 | 7.17 | 4.12 | 7.41 | 3.48 | 1839 |
| 16 S | 136 |  | 19 |  | 11.41 ？ | 8．36 | 8.11 | d．11 | 7.42 | 3.48 | 1858 |
| $17 \%$ | 137 | TRogation $\mathfrak{F}$ unday | 20 |  | a．m．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | － 4.22 | 9． 8 | 4．9 | 7.44 |  | 197 |
| 18 M | 138 | Rogation Day． | 21 |  |  | 5． 7 | 10． 9 | 4． 8 | 7.45 | 8.47 | 1921 |
| 19 Tu | 139 | Rog．D．L．Q． 3.18 p．m． | 『 |  | 0.40 | 5．52 | 11.12 | 4. | 7.47 | 3.45 | 1934 |
| 20 W | 140 | Rog．Day．［h stat． | 23 |  | 1． 6 | 6．36 | 0.16 | 4． 5 | 7.48 |  | 1947 |
| 21 Th | 141 | Asceinion Day．Oin 1 | 24 |  |  | 7.21 | 1.22 | 4． 4 | 7.49 |  | 200 |
| 22 F | 142 | ¢ stationary．［19 hrs． | 25 |  |  | 8． 6 | 2.30 | 4． 2 | 7.51 |  | 2012 |
| 23 S | 143 |  | 28 |  |  | 8.54 | 3.40 | 4. | 7.52 |  | 2024 |
| 24 \％ | 144 | Fun，aft． $\mathfrak{F l s c}$（1sion | 27 |  |  | 0．44 | 4.52 | 4． 0 | 7.53 |  | 2036 |
| 25 M | 145 |  | 28 |  |  | 10.37 | 6． 6 | 3.59 | 7.55 |  | 2047 |
| 26 Tu | 146 | New Moon 10.50 p．m． |  |  |  | 11．33 | 7.10 | 3.58 | 7.56 |  | 2058 |
| 27 W | 147 |  | 1 |  |  | 0．33） | 8.29 | 3.57 | 7.57 |  | 219 |
| 28 Th | 148 |  | 2 |  |  | 1.34 | 9.30 | 3．56 | 7.59 | 3． 4 | 2119 |
| 29 F | 149 | Easter Sittings end | 3 |  |  | 2.85 | 10.23 | 3.55 | 8． 0 | 2.57 | 2129 |
| 30 S | 150. |  | 4 |  |  | 3．84 | 11.6 | 3.54 | 8. |  | 2138 |
| $31 \stackrel{\sim}{*}$ | 151 | ひひbitsun may | 5 |  | 9． 6 | 4.8 | 11．42 | 3．53 | 8． 2 | 2.41 | 2147 |

Monthly Notes．

Metropolitan Overseers＇to send in supple－ mental valuation lists this month．
1．May Day．Holiday at Stock Exchange and Bank transfer offices．Borough and County Clerks to send copies of polling district orders to Secretary of State．
4．Royal Academy opens．

15．Scotch Quarter Day，＂Whitsunday．＂ Licences for beer，wine and spirit retailers and tobacco dealers in Scotland expire． 31．Friendly Societies to make returns to the Registrar by this date．Last day for entry of inhabitant occupiers in rate book for registration purposes．
＊A waved rule on right indicates P．m．；dotted rule，A．M．

| ALMANAC.] | M, 19 1 |  | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 7 th day, at 4 h . aftern. ( 8 ) Mars The 18th day, at 6 h . morn. (h) Satum The 2Ist day, at o h. aftern. (4) Jupiter The 27th day, at 4 h . aftern. ( $(\underset{)}{ }$ ) Mercury The 3oth day, at o h. morn. (q) Venus |  | is in ecliptic conjunction with the Moon | High Tides. |
|  |  | May |
|  |  | May 28 " 29 |
|  |  |  |


| $\dot{A}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | Aft. |
| 1 | 4.15 | 4.38 |
| 2 | b. 0 | 5.23 |
| 3 | 5.49 | 6.17 |
| 4 | 6.44 | 7.16 |
| 5 | 7.51 | 8.28 |
| 6 | 9. 7 | 9.47 |
| 7 | 10.26 | 10.59 |
| 8 | 11.32 | - |
| 9 | 0. 1 | 0.27 |
| 10 | 0.51 | 1.13 |
| 11 | 1.36 | 1.56 |
| 12 | 2.15 | 2.33 |
| 13 | 2.53 | 3.11 |
| 14 | 3.29 | 3.48 |
| 15 | 4. 6 | 4.22 |
| 16 | 4.41 | 4.58 |
| 17 | 5.16 | 5.34 |
| 18 | 5.56 | 6.17 |
| 19 | 6.42 | 7. 8 |
| 20 | 7.34 | 8. 7 |
| 21 | 8.39 | 9.14 |
| 22 | 9.50 | 10.21 |
| 28 | 10.54 | 11.24 |
| 24 | 11.52 | - |
| 25 | 0.15 | 0.37 |
| 26 | 1. 0 | 1.22 |
| 27 | 1:45 | 2. 8 |
| 28 | 2.29 | 2.53 |
| 29 | 3.15 | 3.38 |
| 30 | 4. 1 | 4.27 |
| 31 | 4.52 | 5.16 |

## WEATHI片 FORI:CASTS.

Opens cold and wet, but grows warmer and drier towards the 9th, the period being genial and bright. About the 14th a moist air prevails, with heavy rains in most parts. After the 18th, colder, with rising wind between the 22nd and. 25 th, the month closing dull and overcast. Much warmer than the same month last year. Storm periods, ist and 14th.
VOICE OF THE STARS.

The month opens with indications of an earthquake period in full force. Portents of such catastrophes as were witnessed at this time last year are again in force. It will be quite within the lines of probability if we have some tremors of the earth in the British Isles. Foreign trade will now show a great falling off, and shipping interests will suffer. 'Army Service expenditure will be on a scale which some will consider to be too liberal. Landed interests and the property market will suffer. Our Colonies will continue to expand, and will be the cause of satisfaction to the Mother-country. In the financial world there are indications of some fraudulent proceedings and "smart" combinations. The worst of the evils that are likely to threaten us at this time are unsatisfactory changes in our foreign relations, and a continuance of dissatisfaction among the operators. The public health will not be satisfactory, and rheumatic fever will prove formidable at this period of the year. The positions of the benefic planets will safeguard our national interests in spite of the threatening attitude of other Powers. The Stock Exchange will show a more Bullish spirit.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The influences for the first few days are not propitious. The 7 th is more active and enterprising but not fortunaté. Inflammatory disease may show itseff in the loins and kidneys. Disputes are shown. The gth is also very prone to impulsive projects, and care must be taken to avoid plunging, or litigation will follow. The 14th has a deceptive influence touching the domestic and social side of the life. Young people should beware in whom they confide their affections. The 17 th shows ill-health and misfortune.' The 19th is afflicted with a heavy depression of business affairs and thwarting of projects. The 21st is fortunate, and denotes increased business and general welfare. The 22nd and 27th will produce journeys and much activity during the coming year. The 29th is fortunate for those in love.

Astronomical Notes.

May 1, Length of Day, $14^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{4}^{\mathrm{m}} ;$ 31st, $^{3} 6^{\mathrm{h}} 9^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $I^{m} 6^{\circ} I^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 52^{\circ} 8^{\circ}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} 7^{\circ} 3^{\prime \prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 49^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
" 1, Moon in Perigee; 16th, Apogee ; 28th

Mercury is in Gemini, and can be well seen after sunset at the beginning of the month.
Venus is an Evening Star in Cancer; near the Moon on the 29th.
Mars is in Libra, and visible from sunset till early morning.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Pisces. Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius.

Like a young bride that to the year's full prime Has yielded, is the lovely summer time. The restless wooing of the spring is o'er, Matured are joys that were but hopes before; And higher themes in aspirations rise, From the bright teaching of the sunny skies.

June damp and warme does the gardener no harme.

| Da |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Cancer 22d. 3h. p.m. | MOON. |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | \% |  | Rises | \|Souths/ Sets | es | Sets | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Clock } \\ \text { Slow } \end{array}$ | Dec. |
|  | 15 | Whit Mon, Bk. Hol. | 6 |  | 10. 22 | 5.24* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ a.m. ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | $3.52$ | 8. 3 | $2.332$ |  |
| 2 Tu | 153 | Whit Tuesday | , |  | 11.37 | 6.15\} 0.13 | 3.51 | 8. | 2.24 | 224 |
| 3 W | 154 | Emb. Day. $¢$ inf. $\chi^{\circ} \odot$ | 8 |  | 0.51 | 7. 5 5 0.41 | 3.50 | 8. 5 | 2.15 | 12 |
| 4 Th | 155 | $\bigcirc$ in Aphelion | 9 |  | 2. 3 | ( 7.53 1. 7 | 3.50 | 8. | 2. | 220 |
| 5 F | 156 | Ember Day | 10 |  | 3.13 | 8.41\} 1.33 | 3.49 | 8. | 1.55 | 27 |
| 6 S | 157 | Ember Da | 11 |  | 4.21 | 9.29\} 2. 0 | 3.4 | 8. | 1.45 | 2234 |
| 7 | 158 | Trinity | 12 |  | 26 | 10.17 2.29 | 3.4 | 8. | 1.3 | 40 |
| 8 | 159 |  | 13 |  |  | 63.2 | 3.47 | 8.10 | 1.2 | 2246 |
| 9 Tu | 16 | Trinity Sittings begi | 14 |  | . 25 | 11.54 3.39 | 3.47 | 8.11 | 1.13 | 51 |
| 10 W | 161 | Full Moon 3.8 a.m. | - |  | .17 | a.m. 4.21 | 3.46 | 8.12 |  | 57 |
| 11 Th | 16 | S. Barnabas. | 16 |  | 9. 2 | 0.43: 5.9 | 3.46 | 8.1 | 0.4 | 231 |
| 12 F | 163 |  | 17 |  | 9.41 | 1.31 6. 2 | 3.45 | 8.1 | 0.3 | 236 |
| 13 S | 164 |  | 18 |  | 10.14 | 2.18 6.58 | 3.45 | 8.14 | 0.25 | 310 |
| $14 \mathfrak{1}$ | 165 | 1 aft Ur | 19 |  | 10.44 | 3. 3 7.57 | 3.45 | 8.1 | 0.13 | 2313 |
| 15 M | 166 | [¢\& H ¢ ¢ stati | 20 |  |  | 3.48 8.59 | 3.45 | 8.15 | 0. | 16 |
| 16 Tu | 167 |  | 21 |  | 11 | 32110. 2 | 4 |  | fast | 19 |
| 17 W | 168 | S. | 22 |  | 11.58 | .1611. 7 | 3.44 | 8.16 | 0.2 | 2322 |
| h | 169 | Last | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  | 0.0 .13 | 3.44 |  | 0.38 | 23 |
| 19 F | 170 |  | 24 |  |  | 451.21 | 3 | 8.17 | 0.51 | 25 |
| 20 S | 171 |  | 25 |  | 0.48 | 2.30 | 3 | 8.18 |  | 2326 |
| $21 \leftrightarrows$ | 172 | 2 aft . Crinity | 26 |  | 1.17 | 3.23 3.42 | 3.44 | 8.18 | 1.1 | 27 |
| M | 173 | Longest Day. $\odot$ in $¢$ | 27 |  | 1.50 | 9.174 .55 | 3 | 8.18 | 1.30 | 327 |
| 23 Tu | 174 | [Midsum. Day | 28 |  | 2.30 | 10.14 6. 6 | 3.45 | 8.18 | 1.43 | 27 |
| W | 175 | S. John Baptist. | 29 |  |  | 11.15 7.12 |  | 8.18 | 1.56 | 326 |
| 25 | 176 | New Moon 6.11 | - |  | . 20 | 0.17 8.11 | 3.45 | 8.19 |  | 2325 |
| F | 177 |  | 1 |  | 5.29 | 1.19 9. 0 | , | 8. | 2.22 | 24 |
| 27 S | 17 |  | 2 |  | . 45 | 2.19 9.41 | 3. | 8.1 | 2.34 | 22 |
| 28 ¢ | 179 | 3 aft. ©rí | 3 |  | 8. 4 | 3.16.10.15 | 3.47 | 8.19 | 2.47 | 20 |
| 29 M | 180 | S. Pet | 4 |  |  | 4.10:10.45 | 3. | 8. |  | 17 |
| 30 Tu | 18 |  | 5 |  | 10.38 | 5. 111.12 |  | 8 |  |  |

## Monthly Notes.

1. Overseers to give notice on or before the 2oth inst, to voters who have not paid all poor rates due Jan. 5 (they lose vote unless paid by July 20),
2. Clerk of Peace, on or before this day, to issue precept and list of county voters to
overseers and town clerks in cities and boroughs.
3. S. Alban was the first martyr in Britain. 20. List of county voters to be affixed to church doors on or before this date.
4. London Sheriffs to be elected.

[^14]


The weary earth reposes ere it yields The ripe abundance of its teeming fields, And man, by God's beneficence subdued, Looks o'er the land in silent gratitude, Looks, and admires the vast creative mind That endless beauty with its works combined.


Dog days brighte and cleare indicate a happie year.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Leo 24d. 2h. a.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | 品 | light. | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\left.\right\|_{\begin{array}{c} \text { Clock } \\ \text { fast } \end{array}}$ | / Dec. |
| 1 W | 182 | First Quarter 9.2 p.m. | D |  | $11.52$ | ( 5.51 \% | 1.38 | 2.m. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { h.m. } \\ 8.18 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{s} . \\ 3.24 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \cdot N_{1} \\ 4 \\ 2311 \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 Th | 183 | Visitation B.V.M. | 7 |  |  | 3 6.39 | a.m. | 3.49 | 8.18 | 3.35 |  |
| 3 F | 184 | Tr. S. Martin. | 8 |  | 2.12 | 7.273 | 0. 5 | 3.50 | 8.18 | 3.47 | 23 |
| 4 S | 185 |  | 9 |  | 3.18 | 8.15 | 0. | 3.50 | 8.17 | 3.58 | 822.58 |
| 5 \% | 186 | 4 aft. Trinity | 10 |  | 4.21 | 9.3 | . | 3.51 | 8.17 | 4. | 9253 |
| 6 M | 187 | - ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 11 |  | 5.20 | 9.51\} | 1.40 | ! 3.52 | 8.16 | 4.19 | 2247 |
| 7 T | 188 |  | 12 |  | 6.14 | 10.40 | 2.20 | 3.53 | 8.16 | 4.29 | 2242 |
| 8 W | 189 |  | 13 |  | 7. 1 | 11.28 ? | 3. 6 | 3.54 | 8.15 | 4.39 | 2235 |
| 9 Th | 190 | Fire Insurance ceases | $\bigcirc$ |  | 7.42 | a.m. | 3.57 | 3.55 | 8.15 | 4.49 | 22 |
| 10 F | 191 | [Full Mn. $5.43 \mathrm{p.m}$. | 15 |  | 8.17 | 0.15 | 4.52 | 3.56 | 8.14 | 4.58 | 2222 |
| 11 S | 192 | S. B | 16 |  | 8.48 | 1.1 | 5.50 | 3.57 | 8.13 | 5. 6 | 2214 |
| 12 ¢ | 193 | 5 aft. Trinit | 17 |  | 9.15 | 1.46 | 6.51 | 3.58 | 8.13 | 5.14 | 42 |
| 13 M | 194 | 4 stationary | 18 |  | 9.40 | ; 2.30 | 7.53 | 3.59 | 8.12 | 5.2 | 2158 |
| 14 T | 195 |  | 19 |  | 10. 4 ? | 3.14 | 8.56 | 4. 0 | 8.11 | 5.30 | 21 |
| 15 W | 196 | S. Swithin | 20 |  | 10.27 | 3.57 | 10. 0 | 4. 1 | 8.10 | 5.36 | 2141 |
| 16 Th | 197 |  | 21 |  | 10.51 | 4.41 | 11. | 4. 2 | 8. 9 | 5.43 | 2132 |
| 17 | 198 |  | $\checkmark$ |  | 11.18 | 5.27 | . | , | 8. 8 | 5.49 | 2122 |
| 18 S | 199 |  | 23 |  | 11.49 | 6.14 |  |  | 8. 7 | 5.54 | 2112 |
| 19.5 | 200 | 6 aft. Trinity | 24 |  | a.m | 7. 5 | 2. |  | 8. 6 | 5.59 | 21 |
| 20 M | 201 | See Note as to Rates | 25 |  |  | 7.59 | 3.4 | 4. 7 | 8. 5 | 6. 3 | 2051 |
| 21 T | 202 |  | 26 |  |  | 8.56 | 4.51 | 4. 8 |  | 6. 7 | 2040 |
| 22 W | 203 | S. Mary Magdal | 27 |  |  | 9.57 | 5.54 | 4. 9 | 8. 2 | 6.11 | 2028 |
| 23 Th | 204 | $\odot$ in $\Omega$ 14 hrs. | 28 |  | 3. 4 | 10.59 | 6.48 | . 11 | 8. | 6.13 | 2016 |
| 24 F | 205 | New Moon 0.46 p.m. | 3 |  |  | 0. 0 | 7.3 | . 12 | 8. 0 | 6.16 | $20 \quad 4$ |
| 25 S | 206 | S. James | 1 |  | 5.35 | 1. 0 | 8.11 | . 13 | 7.59 | 6.17 | 1952 |
| 26 ¢ | 207 | 7 aft. ©rinity | 2 |  | 6.56 | 1.57 ? | 8.45 | . 15 | 7.57 | 6.18 | 1939 |
| $27 \mathrm{M}$ | 208 | [ $¢$ | 3 |  | 8.16 | 2.52 | 9.15 | 4.16 | 7.56 | 6.19 | 1926 |
| $28 \mathrm{~T}$ | 209 |  | 4 |  | 9.34 | 3.44 \} | 9.43 , | \% 4.18 | 7.54 | 6.18 | 1913 |
| 29 W | 210 |  | 5 |  | 10.48 | 4.34 亿 | 10.10 | 4.19 | 7.53 | 6.18 | 1859 |
| 30 Th | 211 | [First Qr. 7.15 a.m. | 6 |  | 11.59 | 5.231 | 10.38 | 4.21 | 7.51 | 6.16 | 1845 |
| 31 F | 212 | Game Certificates exp. | D |  | 1. 8$\}$ | 6.12, 1 | . 8 | . 4.22 | 7.50 | 6.14 | 1830 |

## Monthly Notes.

3. Dog days begin. These occur at the period when "Sun comes into conjunction with Sirius, the "Dog Star," and at this time the Earth acquires the greatest intensity of heat.
4. Auctioneers', wine and spirit dealers', tobacconists', and other annual licences expire. Dividends due on several kinds of stock.
5. Medical Officers must send lists of pauper lunatics to Clerk to Gdns, on or before this day,
6. Last day for County Electors to clain vote and for paying overdue poor rates and assessed taxes in order to retain vote.
7. Tax Colls, to deliv, to Overs. list of persons not having paid assessed taxes for past year.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M. ; dotted rule, A.M.

The 2nd day, at 2 h . morn. ( $\delta$ ) Mars The 1Ith day, at 3 h . aftern. (h) Saturn The 15th day, at II h. morn. (4) Jupiter The 24th day, at 11 h. morn. ( $¢$ ) Mercury The 27th day, at 5 h . aftern. ( 0 ) Venus The 3oth day, at 9 h morn. ( $\mathrm{\sigma}^{\mathrm{o}}$ ) Mars
$\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { is in } \\ \text { ecliptic } \\ \text { conjunction } \\ \text { with the } \\ \text { Moon. }\end{array}\right.$

July 26
" 27
,, 28

## Astronomical Notes.

 " 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}} 8^{\prime} 4^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 45^{\circ} 4^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, Im 7'5'; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime \prime} 45^{\circ} 9^{\prime \prime}$.
"10, Moon in Apogee; 24th, Perigee.

Mercury is in Cancer, and visible before Sunrise at the beginning of the month.
Venus is an Evening Star in Virgo; near the Moon on the 27th.
Mars is in Libra, setting about 11 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ p.m. Jupiter is a Morning Star in Pisces. Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius.


Again the reaper stands amidst the corn, His brown cheek glowing in the light of morn. Between the sheaves the busy gleaners roam, And childhood labours with its armful home. The broad moon rises ere the creaking wain Bears off its last high load of golden grain.


If Bartlemy's Daye be faire and cleare hope for a prosperous autumn that year.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Virgo 24d. $9 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | 菖 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}^{\prime \mathrm{n}}- \\ & \mathrm{light} \end{aligned}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | Clock fast | Dec. |
| 1 S | 213 | Lammas Day | 8 |  |  | 7. | 1.42 | 4.24 | $7.48$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{rr} \mathrm{m} . & \mathrm{s} . \\ 6.12 \end{array}\right.$ | $\stackrel{8}{S_{1}}$ |
| 2 \% | 214 | 8 aft. Trinity | 9 |  |  | 7.4 |  | 4.25 | 7.47 | 6. 8 | 181 |
| 3 M | 215 | Bank Holiday | 10 |  | 4. 9 | 8.37 ' | 0.21 | 4.27 | 7.45 | 6. 4 | 1745 |
| 4 Tu | 216 |  | 11 |  |  | 9.25 | 1. 4 | 4.28 | 7.43 | 6. 0 | 1730 |
| 5 W | 217 |  | 12 |  | 5.40 | 10.12 | 1.53 | 4.30 | 7.42 | 5.55 | 1714 |
| 6 Th | 218 |  | 13 |  | 6.18 | 10.59 | 2.46 | 4.31 | 7.40 | 5.49 | 1658 |
| 7 F | 219 |  | 14 |  | 6.51 | 11.44 | 3.43 | 4.33 | 7.38 | 5.43 | 1642 |
| 8 S | 220 | Full Moon 8.54 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | a.m. | 4.43 | 4.34 | 7.36 | 5.36 | 1625 |
| $9 \leftrightarrows$ | 221 | 9 aft . $T$ rinity | 16 |  | 7.46 | 0.29 | 5.45 | 4.36 | 7.35 | 5.28 | 168 |
| 10 M | 222 |  | 17 |  | 8.10 | 1.13 | 6.48 | 4.37 | 7.33 | 5.20 | 1551 |
| 11 Tu | 223 | Half Quarter Day | 18 |  | 8.34 | 1.56 | 7.52 | 4.39 | 7.31 | 5.11 | 1533 |
| 12 W | 224 | Trin. Sit. end. Grouse | 19 |  | 8.58 | 2.40 | 8.57 | 4.40 | 7.29 | 5. 2 | 1516 |
| 13 Th | 225 | [Shooting begins | 20 |  | 9.23 | 3.25 | 10. 3 | 4.42 | 7.27 | 4.52 | 1458 |
| 14 F | 226 |  | 21 |  | 9.51 | 4.11 | 11.10 | 4.43 | 7.25 | 4.42 | 1440 |
| 15 S | 227 | Assumption B.V.M. | 22 |  | 10.23 | 4.59 | 0.18; | 4.45 | 7.23 | 4.31 | 1421 |
| $16 \underset{\sim}{\sim}$ | 228 | 10 aft . Trinity, Last | © |  | 11. 2 | 5.50 | 1.26 | 4.47 | 7.21 | 4.20 | $14 \quad 3$ |
| 17 M | 229 | [Quartr. $5.22 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | 24 |  | 11.4 | , 6.44 | 2.33 ? | , 4.48 | 7.19 | 4. 8 | 1344 |
| 18 Tu | 230 | - | 25 |  |  | 7.41 | 3.36 | 4.50 | 7.17 | 3.55 | 1325 |
| 19 W | 231 |  | 26 |  | 0.46 | 8.41 | 4.33 | 4.51 | 7.15 | 3.43 | 135 |
| 20 Th | 232 | Blackcock Shtg. beg. | 27 |  |  | 9.41 | 5.22 | 4.53 | 7.13 | 3.29 | 1246 |
| 21 F | 233 | [ $\$$ in Aphelion | 28 |  | 3. 6 | 10.41 | 6. 5 | 4.54 | 7.11 | 3.15 | 1226 |
| 22 S | 234 | New Moon 7.51 p.m. |  |  | 4.26 | 11.40 | 6.41 | 4.56 | 7. 9 | 3. 1 | 126 |
| 23. | 235 | 11 aft. Trinity. $\odot$ in | 1 |  | 5.47 | 0.36 | 7.12 | 4.58 | 7. 7 | 2.46 | 1146 |
| 24 M | 236 | S. Barthlmw. [mx 21 hrs . | 2 |  | 7. 7 | 1.31 | 7.41 | 4.59 | 7. 5 | 2.31 | 1126 |
| 25 Tu | 237 |  | 3 |  | 8.24 | 2.23 | 8.10 | 5. 1 | 7. 3 | 2.15 | 115 |
| 26 W | 238 |  | 4 |  | 9.39 | 3.14 | 8.39 | 5. 2 | 7. 1 | 1.59 | 1045 |
| 27 Th | 239 | \% stationary | 5 |  | 10.52 | 4. 5 | 9.10 | 5. 4 | 6.59 | 1.43 | 1024 |
| 28 F | 240 | S. Augustine | 6 |  | 0. 1 | 4.55 | 9.44 | 5. 6 | 6.57 | 1.26 | $10 \quad 3$ |
| 29 S | 241 | First Quartr. 8.34 p.m. | D |  | 1. 4 | 5.44 | 10.21 | 5. 7 | 6.54 | 1. 9 | 942 |
| $30 \sim$ | 242 | 12 aft , Urinity | 8 |  | 2. 2 | 6.33 | 11. 2 | 5. 9 | 6.52 | 0.51 | 920 |
| 31 M | 243 | Histation'y. ¢̧ in Aph. | 9 |  | 2.53 | 7.21 | \{11.49\} | \% 5.10 | 6.50 | 0.33 | 859 |

## Monthly Notes.

1. List of Freemen voters to be published by Town Clerks, and to be open for inspection for 14 days. List of voters in counties and boroughs to be affixed to church and chapel doors for a period including two consecutive Sundays, at the least. Between this day and the zoth, claims of lodgers (new) to vote to be sent to Overseer. 4. Oyster season begins.
2. Last day for inspecting lists of unpaid poorrates.
3. Last day for lodger to give notice of new claim.
4. Lists of new lodger and occupiers' claims to be published.
5. Last day for Overseers to make out list of persons liable to serve on juries.


## Astronomical Notes.

Aug. 1, Length of Day, $15^{\mathrm{h}} 24^{\mathrm{m}}$; 31st, $\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{h}} 4 \mathbf{4 0 m}^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Suns time of Semi-passage, $1^{m} 6^{\circ} 1^{\prime \prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 47^{\circ} 6^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20 , Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m 4} 49^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 50^{\circ} 0^{\prime \prime}$.
6, Moon in Apogee; 21st, Perigee.
Mercury is in Virgo, but unfavourably placed for observation.

Venus is an Evening Star in Virgo, at greatest brilliancy about the 12th, and near the Moon on the 24 th.
Mars is in Scorpio, setting about $9^{\text {b }}$ p.m.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Pisces.
Saturn in Aquarius, is visible till early morning.

O'er the pale stubble now the gunner hies, With keen enjoyment beaming in his eyes; Not less his dogs indulge the new delight, And quiv'ring watch the whirring covey's flight: Rekindled health invigorates his frame, And nature charms him as he trails the game.


St. Michael's raines stay not long in the skyes.


## Monthly Notes.

1. List of Jurors to be affixed to church doors for first three Sundays. Lists of objections to county electors and claims and objections to boro' electors to be affixed to church doors for two Sundays. Notice of errors in Burgess Lists to be sent in.
2. Claims of persons omitted in the Burgess

Lists, and objections to persons improperly inserted, to be given to the Town Clerk in writing on or before this day; notice of objection to be also given to the person objected to.
9. Last day for objections to voters. Revision Courts to be held between this and Oct. 12.
25. London Sheriffs sworn in.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M. ; dotted rule, A.M.



## Astronomical Notes.

Sept. 1, Length of Day, $\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{h}}{ }^{3} 3^{\mathrm{m}}$; 30th, $11^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{4}^{\mathrm{m}}$.
$"$ 5, Suns time of Sem-passage, Im $^{\prime \prime} 4^{\prime} \mathbf{I n}^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} .53^{\circ} 5^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $x^{m} 3^{\prime \prime} 8^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 57^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$.
3. Moon in Apogee ; 18th, Perigee; 30th, Apoge.
n 21, Sun eclipsed, invisible in British Islands.

Mercury is in Libra, but unfavourably placed for observation.
Venus is in Virgo, and in inferior conjunction with the Sun on the 17 th.
Mars is in Scorpio, and visible for about 2 hours after sunset.
Jupiter in Pisces, is visible from sunset to sunrise. Saturn in Aquarius, sets about ih. a.m.

The leaves turn yellow, and the acorns fall, The elderberry clusters by the wall; Forth goes the plough, and sombre fallows lie In measured rest beneath the mellow sky: So man should pause amidst his round of care, Forget his toil, and breathe the fresh'ning air.


Much rain in October, much wind in December.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Scorpio 24 d . 2h. p.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M'n- } \\ & \text { light } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\left.\begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Dea |
| 1 Th |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 313 |
|  | 27 |  | 12 |  |  | 9.5 | - | 6. | 35 | 10.38 | 336 |
|  | 277 | 17 | 13 |  | 4.4 | . 3 | 3.32 | 6. 5 | 5.32 | 210.57 | 359 |
| 5 M | 278 | Dividends due | 14 |  | 5. | 1.1 | . 37 | 6. 7 | 5.30 | 11.15 | 423 |
| 6 Tu | 279 | Full Moon 3.24 p | $\bigcirc$ |  | 5.32 | a.m |  | 6. 8 | 5.28 | 811.33 | 446 |
| 7 W | 280 | h staty. [Eclipsept. yis. | 16 |  | 5.59 | 0. | 6.50 | 6.10 | 5.26 | 11.51 | 59 |
| 8 Th | 281 | ¢ stationary | 17 |  | 6.29 | 0.53 | 7.59 | 6.12 | 5.23 | 12. 8 | 532 |
| 9 F | 282 | \% stationary | 18 |  | 7. 3 | 1.4 | 9, 8 | 6.13 | 5.21 | 12.25 | 555 |
| 10 S | 283 |  | 19 |  | 7.44 ? | 2.35 | 10.16 | 6.15 | 5.19 | 912.42 | 618 |
| 11 ¢ | 284 | 18 | 20 |  | 8.33 | 3.3 | . 21 | 6.17 | 5.17 | 712.58 | 640 |
| 12 M | 285 | ¢ stationary | 21 |  | 9.30 | 4.26 | 0.20 | 6.18 | 5.15 | 513.13 | 73 |
| 13 Tu | 286 | Last Quarter 7.56 p.m. | c |  | 10.34 ? | 5.23 | 1.12 | 6.20 | 5.12 | 213.28 | 726 |
| 14 W | 287 | Fire Insurance ceases. | 23 |  | 11.45; | 6.19 | 1.56 | 6.22 | 5.10 | 013.43 | 748 |
| 15 Th | 288 | [ $¢$ | 24 |  | a. | 7.1 | 2.33 | 6.23 | 5. 8 | 813.57 | 811 |
| 16 F | 289 |  | 25 |  | 1. 0 | 8.10 | 3. 7 | 6.25 | 5. 6 | 614.10 | 833 |
| $17 \mathrm{~S}$ | 290 |  | 26 |  | 2.17 | 9. 4 | 3.38 | 6.27 | 5. 4 | 414.23 | 8.55 |
|  | 291 |  | 27 |  | 3.33 | 9.56 | 4. 7 | 6.28 | 5. 2 | 214.35 | 917 |
| $19 \mathrm{M}$ | 292 |  | 28 |  | 4.49 | 10.48 | 4.36 | 6.30 | 4.59 | 91 | 939 |
| 20 Tu | 293 | New Moon 3.30 p.m. |  |  |  | 11.40 | 5. 5 | 6.32 | 4.57 | 14.5 | 101 |
| 21 W | 294 | Batt. of Trafalgar 1805 | , |  | 7.18 | 0.31 | 5.36 | 6.34 | 4.55 | 15. | 1022 |
| 22 Th | 295 |  | 2 |  | 8.29 | 1.23 | 6.11 | 6.35 | 4.53 | 315.18 | 1044 |
| 23 F | 236 | [ $\odot$ in m 3 h. ठ $\sigma \mathrm{H}$ | , |  | 9.34 | 2.14 | 6.50 | 6.37 | 4.51 | 115.27 | 115 |
| $24 \mathrm{~S}$ | 297 | Michaelmas Sits. beg. | 4 |  | 10.33 | 3. |  | 6.39 | $4.49$ | $9 \mid 15.35$ | 1120 |
| 25 | 298 | 20 aft. Urinity. | 5 |  | 11.26 | 3.54 | 8.22 | 6.41 | 4.47 | 15. | 1147 |
| 26 M | 299 | ['Transv'l annxd. 1900 | 6 |  | 0.13 | 4.43 ? | 9.16 | 6.42 | 4.45 | 15.50 | 128 |
| 27 Tu | 300 |  | 7 |  | 0.51 | 5.30 | 10.13 | 6.44 | 4.43 | 315.57 | 1229 |
| 28 W | 301 | SS. Simon and Jude | D |  | 1.24 \} | 6.16 | 1.13 | 6.46 | 4.41 | 16. 2 | 1249 |
| 29 Th | 302 | [First Qr. 8.33 a.m. | 9 |  | 1.53 | 7. 0 | a.m.' | 6.48 | 4.39 | 16. 7 | 139 |
| 30 F | 303 |  | 10 |  | 2.20 | 7.44 ¢ | 0.14 | 6.49 | 4.37 | 16.11 | 1829 |
| 31 S | 304 | Game Certificates exp. | 11 |  | 2.45 ? | 8.28 | 1.1 | 6.51 | 4.36 | 16.15 | 1349 |

## Monthly Notes

7. Last day for quarterly list of lunatics to be sent by Medical Officers to the Clerks and Guardians.
8. Licences expire for retailers of beer, cider, spirits, wines, sweets and tobacco (England and Ireland). Annual licences taken out by bankers, - or others issuing promissory notes for money payable to beazer on demand, and allowed to be
re-issued, or for the issue of bills of exchange on unstamped paper, expire on this day.
9. Last day for revision of Parliamentary voters, Burgesses, and county electors.
10. Fire Ins, prem. due Mich. must be paid on or before this day, or policy becomes void. 19. Town Clerks must comp.new Burgess rolls 31. Game certificate expire.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M.; dotted rule, A.M.


| 1 | NUTENIBER NXX Days. |
| :--- | :--- |

Ice in November that bears a duck, nothing after but sludge and muck.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Sagittarius 23d. 11 h. a.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | 既1 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { M'n- } \\ \text { light } \end{array}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array}\right\|$ | Dec. |
| $1 \cong$ | 305 | All | 12 |  |  | 9.12 | $2.20{ }^{\circ}$ | 6.53 | $4.34$ | $4\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { m. s. } \\ 16.17 \end{array}\right\|$ | $1 \mathrm{~S}_{1}$ |
| 2 M | 306 | [21 aft. Crimite | 13 |  |  | 9.58 | 3.26 | 6.55 | 4.32 | 16.19 | 1428 |
| 3 Tu | 307 |  | 14 |  |  | 10.46 | 4.34 | 6.57 | 4.30 | 16.20 | 1447 |
| 4 W | 308 |  | 15 |  | 4.28 | 11.35 | 5.43 | 6.58 | 4.28 | 16.21 | 156 |
| 5 Th | 309 | Full Moon 5.28 a.m. | O |  | 5. 1 | a.m. | 6.53 | 7. 0 | 4.27 | 16.20 | 1524 |
| 6 F | 310 | S. Leonard | 17 |  | 5.40 | 0.28 | 8. 4 | 7. 2 | 4.25 | 16.19 | 1543 |
| 7 S | 311 |  | 18 |  | 6.27 | 1.23 | 9.13 | 7. 4 | 4.23 | 16.16 | 161 |
| 8 \% | 312 | 22 aft. Trinity | 19 |  |  | 2.20 | 10.15 | 7. 6 | 4.21 | 16.13 | 1619 |
| 9 M | 313 | King Edward VII. b. | 20 |  |  | 3.18 | 11.10 | 7. 7 | 4.20 | 16.10 | 1636 |
| 10 Tu | 314 | [1841. 4 stationary | 21 |  |  | 4.15 | 11.57 | 7. 9 | 4.18 | 16. 5 | 1654 |
| 11 W | 315 | S. Martin. H. Qr. D. | 22 |  | 10.49 | 5.11 | 0.37 | 7.11 | 4.17 | 715.59 | 1711 |
| 12 Th | 316 | Last Qrtr. 2.46 a.m. | 『 |  | a.m. | 6. 6 | 1.11 | 7.13 | 4.15 | 515.53 | 1727 |
| 13 F | 317 | S. Britius | 24 |  | 0. 4 | 6.59 | 1.41 | 7.14 | 4.14 | 415.45 | 1744 |
| 14 S | 318 |  | 25 |  |  | 7.50 | 2. 9 | 7.16 | 4.12 | 215.37 | 180 |
| $15 \stackrel{\text { \% }}{\sim}$ | 319 | 23 aft. Crinity | 26 |  | 2.34 | 8.41 | 2.37 | 7.18 | 4.11 | 15.28 | 1816 |
| 16 M | 320 |  | 27 |  | 3.47 | 9.31 | 3. 5 | 7.20 | 4. | 915.18 | 1831 |
| 17 Tu | 321 |  | 28 |  |  | 10.22 | 3.34 | 7.21 | 4. | 815.7 | 1846 |
| 18 W | 322 |  | 29 |  |  | 11.12 | 4. 6 | 7.23 | 4. | 714.56 | 191 |
| 19 Th | 323 | New Moon 5.10 a.m. |  |  |  | 0. | 4.43 | 7.25 | 4. | 514.43 | 1915 |
| 20 F | 324 | S. Edmund [ $\quad \odot$ | 1 |  |  | 0.5 | 5.25 | 7.26 | 4. | 414.30 | 1930 |
| 21 S | 325 | Pres. B. V.M. ¢ sup. | 2 |  |  | 1.4 | 6.12 | 7.28 | 4. | 14.16 | 1943 |
| $22 \%$ | 326 | 24 aft. Trinity (last) | 3 |  | 10.6 | 2.34 | 7. 4 | 7.30 | 4. | 214.1 | 1957 |
| 23 M | 327 | $\bigcirc$ in $f$, noon | 4 |  | 10.48 | 3.23 | ; 8. 0 | 7.31 | 4. | 113.45 | 2010 |
| 24 Tu | 328 |  | 5 |  | 11.24 | 4. 9 | 8.59 | 7.33 | 4. | 013.28 | 2022 |
| 25 W | 329 | S. Catherine | 6 |  | 11.55 | 4.54 | 10. 0 | 7.35 | 3.59 | 913.11 | 2035 |
| 26 Th | 330 |  | 7 |  |  | 5.38 | 11. 2 | 7.36 | 3.58 | 812.53 | 2047 |
| 27 F | 331 |  | D |  |  | 6.22 | a.m. | 7.38 | 3.57 | 712.34 | 2058 |
| 28 S | 332 | [ | 9 |  |  | 7. 5 | 0. 5 | 7.39 | 3.56 | 612.15 | 219 |
| 29 ¢ | 333 | 1 fm Zovent | 10 |  |  | 7.49 | 1. 9 | 7.41 | 3.55 | 511.55 | 2120 |
| 30 M | 334 | S. Andrew | 11 |  | 2. 0 | ? 8.35 | 2.14 | 7.42 | 3.54 | 11.34 | 2130 |

Monthly Notes.
r. Holiday at Stock Exchange and at Bank Transfer office. Salmon rod and line fishing ends. Fox-hunting begins. Certificate to be taken out by any member of an Inn of Court in England, acting as conveyancer, special pleader, draftsman in Equity, not being at the Bar. Stage carriage licences expire. Borough

Councillors to be elected. New 'Burgess rolls come into operation.
9. Mayors and Aldermen of Boroughs elected. Lord Mayor's show and banquet in London.
II. Martinmas-Scotch Quarter-day.
30. Last day for depositing plans, \&c., at House of Commons.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 15th day, The 19th day, The 23rd day, The 24th day, The 28th day, |  |  | I h. aftern. ( $\boldsymbol{f}$ ) Venus | High Tides. |
|  |  |  | h. morn. ( $($ ) Mercury |  |
|  |  |  | (h) Saturn |  |
|  |  |  | 5 h. morn. (4) Jupiter |  |
|  |  |  | WEATHER FORECASTS. <br> The month opens cold and humid with foggy mornings and nights. About the 9 th a severe storm is probable, followed by |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | warmer weather to the 17th. From the 17th to 21st strong |  |
|  |  |  | winds blow. Brighter skies then succeed, and continue to the 27th, when a fall of temperature and heavy rains set in. The |  |
|  |  |  | month ends with lowering skies and chill atmosphere. Storm periods, 9th, 17th. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | VOICE OF THE STARS. <br> From the astronomical point of view this month begins on |  |
|  |  |  | the 20th October, and the configuration of the heavens at that date is of rather startling import. Without being unnecessarily |  |
|  |  | 3.12 |  |  |
|  |  |  | apprehensive, there will be grave cause for alarm in the conjoined position of Uranus and Mars on the meridian at the lunation. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | In Spain affairs will assume a very critical position. One in the purple is liable to be suddenly struck down with a suddenness |  |
|  |  |  | hich historically belongs to the tragedy of empire. Affairs |  |
|  |  |  | the Cape are unsatisfactory, the seditious element being still |  |
|  |  |  | rominent in matters affecting the government of that Colony. ortunately Jupiter is rising at the lunation, and this portends |  |
|  |  |  | ood to the country generally. A crisis is marked at the begin- |  |
|  |  |  | a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ of the month of November, and after the 7th there will |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | roduce a firm tone. <br> Accidents in high places, outbreaks of revolutionary feeling, |  |
|  |  |  | nd deeds of violence are the chief points of comment this month. |  |
|  |  |  | The rulers of the West of Europe will do well to take extra precautions when travelling at the beginning of November. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES. |  |
|  |  |  | The early days are fruitful of ambitious projects with some show of success. On the gth this influence is developed, and |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | fruitfulness, and many bright incidents during the year. The 18th brings a restless and very anxious time, but industry will |  |
|  |  |  | bring its due reward. The 2Ist has promise of new enterprises |  |
|  |  |  | ad a change in the line of occupation. The 22nd is inflam- |  |
|  |  |  | matory, and may bring some affection of the lower viscera. Avoidance of risk and disputation will mitigate affairs. The $24^{\text {th }}$ is unfortunate for health, and produces a depression in business. The 27th is specially fortunate, and will bring a period of good fortune. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8.56 | 9.33 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.4 |  |  |

Astronomical Notes.

Nov. 1, Length of Day, $9^{\text {b }} 4 \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} ; 3^{30 \text { th, }} 8^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$.
", 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathbf{x}^{m} 7^{\prime} \mathrm{x}^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 9^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime \prime}$.
\#20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, 1 m 8.80 ; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 12^{\circ} 9^{\prime \prime}$.
.0 30, Moon in Perigee; 25th, Apogee.
Mercury is in Sagittarius, and in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 21st.

Venus is a Morning Star in Libra, near the Moon on the isth.
Mars is in Capricornus, and visible for about two hours after sunset.
Jupiter in Pisces is visible till early morning.
Saturn in Aquarius sets about $9^{\text {h }}$ p.m.

## If New Year's wind blows south, there cometh warmth and growth.

| Dav of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Capricornus 23d. 0h. a.m. | MOON, |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | 801 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M'n- } \\ & \text { light } \end{aligned}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{gathered}$ | Des |
| 1 Tu | 335 | Queen Alexandra b. | 12 |  | 2.27 | 9.23 | 3.22 | h.m. | h.m. | $\mathrm{m}$ | ${ }_{21}^{\mathrm{Sy}}$ |
| 2 W | 336 | [1844 | 13 |  |  | 10.15 | 4.32 | 7.45 | 3.53 | 10.50 | 2150 |
| 3 Th | 337 |  | 14 |  |  | 11. 9 | 5.44 | 7.47 | 3.52 | 10.27 | 2159 |
| 4 F | 338 | Full Moon 6.13 p.m. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | a.m. | 6.54 | 7.48 | 3.52 | 10. | 227 |
| 5 S | 339 |  | 16 |  |  | 0.7 | 8. 0 | 7.49 | 3.51 | 9.40 | 2216 |
| ${ }^{6} \stackrel{\sim}{\text { ¢ }}$ | 340 | 2 in Hoven | 17 |  |  | 1. | 9. 1 | 7.51 | 3.51 | 9.15 | 2228 |
| M | 341 | $\bigcirc \square 4$ | 18 |  |  | 2. | 9.54 | 7.52 | 3.50 | 8.5 | 2231 |
| 8 Tu | 342 | ¢' ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{H}$ | 19 |  |  | ) 3. | 0.38 | 7.53 | 3.50 | 8.2 | 2238 |
| W | 343 |  | 20 |  | 9.53 | 4. | 1.15 | 7.54 | 3.50 | 7.5 | 2244 |
| 10 Th | 344 | [ 9 in Perihelion | 21 |  | 11. 8 | \% 4.56 | 1.46 | 7.56 | 3.49 | 7.32 | 2250 |
| 11 F | 345 | Last Qr. $10.53 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | © |  | a.m. | . 5.48 | 0.15 | 7.57 | 3.49 | 7. | 2256 |
| 12 S | 346 | Sheriffs nominated | 23 |  |  | ; 6.39 | 0.42 | 7.58 | 3.49 | 6.37 | 231 |
|  | 347 | 3 ill zavent | 24 |  |  | 7.28 | 1. | 7.59 | 3.49 |  | 236 |
| 14 M | 348 |  | 25 |  |  | 8.18 | 1.38 | 8. 0 | 3.49 | 5.4 | 2310 |
| 15 | 349 |  | 26 |  |  | 9. 7 | 2. 8 | 8. 1 | 3.49 | 5.1 | 2314 |
|  | 350 | Ember Day | 27 |  | 5. 6 | 9.57 | 2.42 | 8. 2 | 3.49 | 4.4 | 2317 |
|  | 351 | [9.26 p.m. ○бH | 28 |  | 6. 9 | 10.47 | 3.21 | 8. 2 | 3.49 | 4. | 2320 |
|  | 352 | Ember Day. N.M. |  |  | 7. 8 | 11.37 | 4. 5 | 8. 3 | 3.49 | 3. | 2322 |
|  | 353 354 | Ember Day | 1 |  |  | 0.27 | 4.55 | 8. 4 | 3.50 | 3.1 | 2324 |
|  |  | 4 in zovent. $\begin{gathered}\text { o } \sigma \text { h }\end{gathered}$ | 2 |  |  | 1.16 | 5.49 | 8. 4 | 3.50 | 2.4 | 2325 |
|  | 35 | S. Thos. Mich. Sit.end | 3 |  |  | 2. 3 | 6.47 | 8. 5 | 3.50 | 2.1 | 23.26 |
|  | 35 | [Perihelion. $\odot$ in | 4 |  |  | 2.49 | 7.47 | 8. 6 | 3.51 | 1.4 | 37 |
| 24 T | 35 | [ s 12 hrs . | 5 |  | 10.26 | 3.34 | 8.49 | 8. | 3.51 | 1.1 | 327 |
| 24 F | 35 |  | 6 |  | 10.52 | 4.17 | 9.51 | 8. 7 | 3.52 | 0.4 | 2320 |
| 26 F | 359 360 |  | 7 |  | 11.16 | 5. | 10.54 | 8. 7 | 3.53 | 0.15 | 2325 |
| $27 \stackrel{9}{\sim}$ | 361 |  | D |  |  | 5.43 | 1.58 ? | 8. 7 | 3.53 | fast | 2324 |
| 28 M | 362 | Hy. Inno, [2.23 a.m | 10 |  |  | 6.27 | a.m. | 8. 8 | 3.54 | 0.45 | 2322 |
| 29 Tu | 363 |  | 10 |  |  | 7.13 | 1. | 8.8 | 3.5 | 1.15 | 320 |
| 30 W | 364 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.55 | 1. | 17 |
| 31 Th | 365 |  | 13 |  | 2. | 9.48 | 3.19 | 8. |  |  | 14 |

## Monthly Notes.

[^15]| The 15th day, at o h. morn. (\%) Venus | in | Higi Tides. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 20th day, at 8 h . morn. (审) Mercury | ecliptic |  |
| The 22nd day, at 9 h. morn. (h) Saturn | conjunction with the |  |
| The 25th day, at 6 h . aftern. (4) Jupiter | Moon. |  |


|  | High Water London Bdge |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | AFt. |
| 1 | 11.11 | 11.38 |
| 2 |  | 0. 3 |
| 3 | 0.25 | 0.46 |
| 4 | 1. 7 | 1.30 |
| 5 | 1.51 | 2.11 |
| 6 | 2.31 | 2.54 |
| 7 | 3.16 | 3.38 |
| 8 | 4. 2 | 4.27 |
| 9 | 4.51 | 5.13 |
| 10 | 5.40 | 6. 7 |
| 11 | 6.35 | 7. 4 |
| 12 | 7.35 | 8. 7 |
| 3 | 8.42 | 9.19 |
| 14 | 9.56 | 10.30 |
| 15 | 11. 3 | 11.35 |
| 16 | - | 0. 4 |
| 17 | 0.31 | 0.54 |
| 18 | 1.19 | 1.41 |
| 19 | 2. 0 | 2.20 |
| 0 | 2.38 | 2.58 |
| 21 | 3.16 | 3.34 |
| 22 | 3.52 | 4.11 |
| 23 | 4.27 | 4.45 |
| 24 | 5. 2 | 5.19 |
| 25 | 5.37 | 5.56 |
| 26 | 6.16 | 6.38 |
| 27 | 7. 3 | 7.27 |
| 28 | 7.54 | 8.23 |
| 29 | 8.57 | 9.34 |
| 30 | 10. 9 | 10.42 |
| 31) | 11.14 | 11.45 |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

The month opens cold and wet, with probable storms on the 2nd. Rising temperature succeeds, and mild weather for the season may be expected about the 7 th to 12th. On the 12th heavy storms become general, with high winds blowing from the 8th to 12th. Colder weather supervenes after the 12 th, and about the 18th the air becomes very raw and chill. Violent storms rage between the 20th and 23 rd , and are succeeded by cyclones about the 26th. The month ends with high winds and bright skies. Storm periods, 8th to 12th, 20th to 23rd, 26 th .

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

Two lunations have joint influence in the affairs of the nation this month. The first is that of the 19th November, and the next that of the 18th December. The first of these is ominous of a financial stress in the country which will seriously affect the Stock markets, more particularly on the speculative side. If members escape hammering they will be more fortunate or shrewd than their fellows. Railway accidents and wrecks upon the high seas swell the list of evils to which we are almost inured at this season or the year. Violent storms will do heavy damage to property. Farming interests will suffer. A recrudescence of smallpox is to be feared. Affairs of State are troublesome in India and the Cape. The lunation of the 19th shows danger of a serious accident at one of the theatres or places of amusement, an outbreak of zymotic disease, violent storms, and a wide increase in criminal activity. Not a fitting termination to a rather distressful year, truly, but the world is running at high pressure, and an occasional fall will give us pause to.think.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The month opens with quiet and steady influences tending to general progress as waiting upon the industrious and thrifty. The 7 th is unfortunate, and from the 5th to 9 th very serious financial prospects are shown. Those born during this interval will do well to safeguard their interests in every possible way. Unusual expenditure will be necessary, and the income shorter than usual. The 8th shows extremes of worry and anxiety, and some degree of rash impulse. The 14th brings better influences into play, and produces events of a happy nature in social life. From the 16th to the 20th is very evil. The 2ist to 22nd is also an evil period. The 25th is more fortunate. From the 24th to the 28th the influences suggest loss by deception and fraud.

LONG LIVE THE KING.

## Astronomical Notes.

Dec. 1, Length of Day, $8^{\mathrm{h}} 9^{\mathrm{mm}} ; 33^{\mathrm{rst}}, 7^{\mathrm{h}} 4^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}}$ ro $3^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 15{ }^{\prime \prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, Im $11{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{n}}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 17^{\circ \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$.
" 7, Moon in Perigee; 23rd, Apogee.
Mercury is in Capriconis, and visible after sunsot at the end of the month.

Venus is a Morning Star in Scorpio; near the Moon on the 14th.
Mars is in Aquarius, and visible for about three hours after sunset.
Jupiter, in Pisces, sets about II $^{\text {b }}$ p.m.
Saturn, in Aquarius, sets about $7^{\mathbf{b}}$ p.m.

## Best Times for Sowing and Planting.

The best times for the advancement of all vegetation, and especially for the initial process of sowing and planting, are regulated by the Moon's position. The influence of the Moon over the tides is now no longer a matter of speculation in scientific minds. That its effects upon the rest of the fluidic bodies in nature is proportionately great can be proved by simple experiment. The vegetative effects of the Moon act through the saps of all seeds and plants, its action being to augment the moist heat in vegetable life and so to produce germination.

The correct time to sow and plant is at the increase of the Moon, when the Moon is above the horizon, and this as a general rule will be found eminently satisfactory. But there are certain influences attaching to the Moon's angular distances from the Sun during each month of the year, and as these vary according to the Sun's position in the Zodiac, the following table has been prepared for the year 1903.

January.-Generally, from the ist to the 13th, and 29th to 31st. Special: 3rd, 4th, 7th, 8th, IIth, and 12 th, also the 30th and 3ist.

February.-From the ist to inth, and 27 th to the end of month. Special: 4th, 5th, 8th, 9th, 27th, 28th.

March.-From the ist to 13th. Special: 3rd, 4th, 8th, 9th, 12 th.

APRIL.-From the ist to the irth, and 27 th to end of month. Special : 4th, 5th, 8th, 9th, 27th, 28th.

May.-From the ist to the irth, and 27th to end of month. Special : Ist, 2nd, 5th, 6th, !oth, 28th, 29th.

June.-From the ist to the ioth, and 25 th to end of month. Special: 2nd, 3rd, 6th, 7th, 25th, 26th, 29th.

July.-Ist to the 9th, and $24^{\text {th }}$ to the end of month. Special : 3rd, 4th, 5th, 26th, 27th, 30th, 3Ist.

AUGUST.-Ist to the 8th, and 23rd to the end of month. Special : Ist, 23rd, 24th, 26th, 27th, 28th.

September.-1st to the 7th, and 2 Ist to the end of month. Special : 6th, 7th, 21st, 23rd, 24th, 25 th.

October.-Ist to the 6th, and 2 Ist to the end of month. Special : 3rd, 4th, 21st, 22nd, 30th, 31st.

November.-Ist to the 4th, and 19th to the end of month. Special: 4th, 27th, 28 th.

December.- ist to the 4th, and 19th to the end of month. Special : 2nd, 3rd, 24th, 25th, 26th.

Note. fThe time on each day during which the Moon is above the horizon can be found in the calendar, where the time of the Moon's rising is given and the time of its setting. Or, if we take the time of its Southing, and allow about four hours on each side-that is to say, from four hours before its Southing to four hours after its Southing-there will be eight hours during which, on the above dates, germination will be enhanced. The above dates are the result of long experience in gardening and agriculture, and those who attend to them closely will be able to report a better yield than others.

The difference at the present date between what is known as the "Old Style" and the "New Style "Calendars is $\mathbf{y} 3$ days. To understand how this difference arises it must be remembered that the Solar Year consists of 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 48 seconds. In the Calendar known as the Julian Calendar-arranged n.c. 47 by Julius Casar, guided by his astronomer Sosigenes-the year was taken as being $365 \frac{1}{2}$ days, and in order to get rid of the odd quarter of a day, an extra or intercalary day was added once in every fourth year, and this was called Bissextile or Leap Year. The Calendar so arranged is known as the "Old Style," and is now used only in Russia.

But as the Solar Year is 11 minutes 12 seconds less than the Julian year of 365 s days, it followed in course of years that the Julian Calendar became inaccurate by several days, and in 1582 this difference amounted to so days. Pope Gregory XIII.,

## NOTES ON THE

January wat placed as leader of the months by Numa Pompilius, when he added two months (an. and Feb.) to the Alban Calendar, though it was not admitted to the same precedence in this country until a motion was made to that effect on March 18, 1750. The name is derived from Janus, the god of the year, in the Roman mythology. The idol Janus was placed over the gate of a temple at Rome, and was represented with two faces, the one that of an old man, being typical of his retrospect of the past; the other a youthful countenance, denoting prospect of the future. He presided over gates and avenues, thus symbolically he admitted the new year, and attended the departure of the old.

February was made the second of the 12 months by Numa Pompilius. Its name was derived either from Februa, a title which the Romans gave to the Feralia sacrifices; or more probably from Februs, to purify,، because this being originally held to be the last month of the year, the people offered an expiatory sacrifice for their twelve months' sin.
March.-March with the ancients ranked the first month of the year, and was named in honour of Mars, the supposed father of the founder of Rome. Our Anglo-Saxon ancestors called it Lenet monath, that is Lent, or Spring month. Marriages in this month were seldom solemnized, as they were counted to become inharmonious and unhappy. March 15, or according to the Roman calendar, the Ides of March, was the Paricidium, the day on which Julius Cæsar was murdered in the Senate house by Brutus and Cassius, with other conspirators.

April.-By the Saxons April was called Ostr monath, probably from the same word from which Easter is supposed to have been derived. The Dutch and Germans called it Grass month. The name is derived from the Latin word Aperio, to open or disclose. The term applies to the opening of the year, or to the unfolding of the buds and flowers, by the influence of the genial warmth and moisture of Spring.
May.-The Hebrews named this month Sivan, from a Sanscrit word, signifying "ito rejoice." The Anglo-Saxons knew it as Tri-milchi, because their cows, stimulated by the fresh herbage, were so productive of milk as to enable the proprietors to bring them with advantage to the pail three times a day. The Romans offered sacrifices to Bona Dea or Maia on the first day of the month.

June was the Thamur or Tamus of the Hebrews, that is after their escape from the Babylonish captivity; for previously to that they had simply distinguished their months by aid of nameration. Tamur or Tamuz signifies con-
at the suggestion of Aloysius Lilius, an astronomer of Naples, determined to rectify this, and devised the Calendar now known as the Gregorian Calendar. He dropped or cancelled these 10 days-October sth being called October 1 sthand made centurial years Leap years only ontce in 4 centwries; so that whilst 1700 , 1800 and 1900 were to be ordinary years, 2000 would be Leap year. This modification brought the Gregorian system into such close exactitude with the Solar year that there is only a difference of 26 seconds, which amounts to a day in 3,323 years. This is the "New Style." It was ordered by Act of Parliament to be adopted in this country in 1752 - 170 years after its formation-and is now used throughout the civilised world with the single exception already named. The difference between the two "Styles" will remain 13 days until A.D. 2100

## TWELVE MONTHS.

tinuance and perfection, alluding, probably, to the almost uninterrupted daylight, maturation of fruit, \&c., which occur during its continuance.
July.- The fifth month of the Roman calen. dar received the name of $Q$ uintilis to denote its numerical position. It was sacred to Jupiter, and had in the Alban calendar 36 days. Romulus took from it 5 days. Numa reduced it to 30 , but Julius Cxssar enlarged it to 31, the present number. In honour of the latter, Mark Antony changed its name from Quintilis to Julius-hence our July.
August derived its name from Augustus, the Raman Emperor; it was called Sextilis, or the sixth month in the Alban calendar, in which it had only 28 days assigned to it. Romulus added two, and Augustus a third, which number it has since retained. The Anglo-Saxons called it either Barn monath, alluding to this being the period when their barns were commonly filled, or Wood monath, clothing month, alluding to their fields being then clothed with corn, just as the Romans dedicated this month to Ceres, the goddess of harvest.

September.-In the Latin and Roman calendar this was the seventh month; and hence its name. The month had only sixteen days assigned to it in the Alban calendar; these were increased to thirty by Romulus, to thirty-one by Julius Cæsar; but Augustus reduced it to its. present number. The ancient Saxons called it Berst monath, or Barley month, because at this time the barley harvest was gathered in.
October was called by our Saxon forefathers Wyn monath, or Wine month, and sometimes Winter fylleth, from the approach of Winter. It was the eighth month of the Alban calendar, in which it had thirty-nine days. Its name is derived from the Latin Octo, eight, and Imber, a shower of rain. Romulus reduced it to thirtyone days; Numa, to twenty-nine. Julius and Augustus each added one, and this number has not since been altered.
November. - The early Saxon inhabitants of England called this Blott monath, or slaughter month, because in those primitive days winter food was so scarce in England that it was usual to kill and salt the greater part of their winter meat this month; they called it also Wind monath or Wind month , from the tempestuous weather with which it is commonly accompanied.

December.-The month of December, so named by the Romans from being the tenth month of their year, has been denominated by the Saxons Winter monath, but after Christianity they piously gave it the name of Holy month, $\cup$ High monath.

## LAW SITTINGS.

Hilary ......... begins Jan. 12 ........ ends Apr. 8 Easter ......... ", Apr. 21 ......... ," May 29 Trinity ......... ", June 9 ......... ", Aug. 12 Michaelmas ", Oct. 24 ......... " Dec. 21

## LAW VACATIONS.

Christmas ... begins Dec. 24 ......... ends Jan. 6 Easter......... ", Apr. 10 ......... " Apr. 14 Whitsun...... ", May 30 .......... ", June 2 Long ......... ", Aug. 13 ......... ", Oct. 23

## UNIVERSITY TERMS.

0xford.
Lent begins Jan. 14
$\qquad$ ends Apr. 4 " Apr. 15 ......... n May 29 Trinity ...... ", May $30 . . . . . . .$. ", July 11 Michaelmas ", Oct. 1o ......... ", Dec. 17

## Cambridge.

Lent begins Jan. 8 ends Mar. 27
Easter
$\qquad$ ," Apr. 18 ends Mar. 27 Michaelmas ", Oct. i .........." ", Dec. 19 ** Full term is kept by a residence of eight weeks.

## HOLIDAYS at PUBLIC OFFICES.

Bank Holidays.-(English)-Good Friday, April io ; Easter Monday, April 13 ; Whit Monday, June 1 ; Monday, August 3 ; Christmas Day, and December 26.

Bank Holidays.-(Scotch)-Jan. 1; April 10 ; May 5 ; Aug. 3 ; Dec. 25.
Bank Transfer Offices.-Jan. I; April io and 13; May 1 ; June 1 ; Aug. 3 ; Nov. 1 ; Dec. 25 and 26 .
Law Offices.-April 10, 13 and 14 ; June 1 ; Aug. 3 ; Dec. 25 and 26.
Inland Revenue Offices.-April ro and 13; King's Birthday; June 1 and 2 ; Aug. 3 ; Dec. 25 and 26 .

Custom House, Docks, and Excise Offices.April 10 and 13 ; King's Birthday; June 1 ; Aug. 3 ; Dec. 25 and 26.
Stock Exchange.-Jan. I; April ro, 13 and 14; June 1 ; Aug. 3 ; Nov. 1 ; Dec. 25 and 26.

## QUARTER DAYS.

English.
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Michaelmas... Sept. } 29 & \text { Lammas .........Aug. I } \\ \text { Christmas ......Dec. 25 } & \text { Martinmas .....Nov. if }\end{array}$ Half-Quarter Days.
Feb. 8, May 9, Aug. 1r, and Nov. ir.

## MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Easter Day is the Sunday following the first ecclesiastical full moon which happens upon or next after Mar. 21, or if this moon happens on a Sunday, Easter Day is the Sunday following.

Rogn. Sunday is the fifth Sun. aft. Easter Day. Ascen. Day is the sixth Thurs. aft. Easter Day. Whitsun Day is seven weeks after Easter Day. Trin. Sunday is eight weeks after Easter Day. Advent Sunday is the Sunday nearest to St. Andrew's Day, whether before or after.

## MOHAMMEDAN CALENDAR.

## $1320 \quad 1003$

Shawwal r...... Jan. 1
Dhu'l Kade r ,, 30
Dhu'l Hajja $~$ Mar. 1 1321
Muharrem I ", 30 Safar r.........April 29 Rabi el-AwwalıMy28 Rabi el-Akheri Jun. 27

## 1321 1903

Djamadi el-Awwal I lly. 26 Djamadi el-Akher ${ }_{1}$ Ag. 25 Rajab i................Sep. 23 Shaban 1 .............Oct. 23 Ramadhan I ......Nov. 21 Shawwal 1 .......... Dec. 21 Shawwal iI ...... " $3^{1}$

## BENGALEE CALENDAR.

| 1309 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pous 17 ......... Jan. | Srabun 1........ July 17 |
| Magh 1 ......... , 15 | Bhadro $1 . . . . . . .$. Aug. 18 |
| Falgoon 1 ...... Feb. 13 | Assin 1 ......... Sept. 18 |
| Choitro 1 ...... Mar. 15 | Kartick 1 ...... Oct. 18 |
| 1310 | Aughraun 1 ... Nov. 17 |
| Boysack 1 ...... April 14 | Poos $1 . . . . . . . . . .$. Dec. 16 |
| Joisto 1 ......... May 15 | Poos 16 |
|  |  |

FUUSLEE CALENDAR.

| 1310 | 1903 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poos 17 | Jan. I | Assun (or Kuăr) ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| Magh 1 |  | Sept. |
| Phagoon 1 | Feb. 13 | Kartick m......... Oct. |
| Chyt 1 | Mar. 14 | Aghan I .........Nov. |
| Bysack I | April 12 | Poos 1 ............ De |
| Jeth 1 | May | Poos 27 |

Assar 1.......... June in
Sawun $1 . . . .$. July 1 о
Bhadoon ${ }^{\text {I }}$..̈MVAT ${ }^{\text {Aug }}{ }^{9}$ CALENDAR.


Magh, Budee 1 " 14
Magh, Sudee I ", 29
Phagoon, Bud. i Feb. 12
Phagoon, Sud. r '" 28
Chyt, Budee I Mar. 14
Chyt, Budee I Mar. 14 1960
Chyt, Sudee 1 Mar. 30
Bysack, Bud. 1 Apr. 12
Bysack, Sud. I ," 28
Jhyt, Budee I May 12
Jhyt, Sudee I J" 27
Jhyt, Sudee I ", 27 Poos, Budee I Dec 20 Assar, Budee 1 June 11 Poos, Sudee 1 , 19 ${ }_{5663}$ JEWISH CALENDAR. 1903

Tebet $2 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Jan. I
Sebat io …....Fast of Tebet........... New Moon $\quad 9$


11 ...... Fast of Esther..........Mar. 10
Nisan 1, …. New Moon ............... ", 13, 29


30 Tamuz 1 ...... New Moon ............ July 25, 26
Ab $\quad 17 \ldots .$. . Nast Moon ........... July 12
9 …... Fast of Ab ............... Aug. 2
30 Elul I ...... New Moon ............ ", 23, 24
5664
Tisri 1, $2 \ldots$ New Year ........... Sept. 22, 23
3 ….. Fast of Guedaliah ... 0 " 24
10...... Kipur ................... O"ct.
15, 16 Tabernacle .......... ",
6,
$\begin{array}{lll}15,16 & \text { Fabernacle ............ } \\ \text { 22, } 23 & \text { Feast of the } 8 \text { th day } \\ \text { 13 } & 74\end{array}$
30 Hesvan r...... New Moon............ ", 21, 22
Kislev 1...... New Moon............ Nov. 20
25...... Hanuca ................ Dec. 14

30 Tebet 1...... New Moon............ ," 19, 20
$\begin{array}{ll}10 . . . . . & \text { Fast of Tebet.............................................. } 29 \\ 12\end{array}$
The last day of any month containing 30 days and the following day are both kept as New Moon, as in Sebat entered above as 30, Adar 1.

Time of the beginning of Sabbath-Londen.

| 1903. H.M. | , |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 9... 4 o | April ıo... 6 30 | Oct. |
| $30 . .1430$ | "104 24.070 | 16. |
| Feb. 13.. 50 | Ang. 21...6 $3^{\circ}$ | 30 |
| Mar. 6... 530 | Sept. 4,.660 | Nov, 20 |

In the year 1903 there will be two Eclipses of the Sun and two of the Moon.

## March 28-29.-An Annular Eclipse of the Sun.

 Invisible throughout the Britis/ Isles. This Eclipse is visible nearly throughout Asia, east of the Caspian Sea, the Philippine Islands, Japan, Alaska, and the more western parts of Canada.
## April 11-12.-A Partial Eclipse of the Moon.

Visible throughout the British Isles.
The first contact with the Shadow occurs at April $11,10^{\mathrm{h}} 34^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. ; the middle of the Eclipse at April ${ }_{12}, \mathrm{o}^{\text {h }} 13^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. ; and the last contact at April $12,1^{\mathrm{h}} 5^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. At the middle of the Eclipse only about one-thirty-seventh part of the Moon's diameter will be unobscured.


September 21.-A Total Eolipse of the Sun. Invisible throughout the British Isles. This Eclipse is visible throughout German East Africa, the Transvaal, Orange River Colony, Natal, Madagascar, and the southern coast of Australia, Tasmania, and the southern island of New Zealand.

## October 6.-A Partial Eclipse of the Moon.

 Partly visible throughout the British Isles.At London the Moon rises at $5^{\mathrm{h}} 32^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., obscured by the penumbra which passes off at $6^{\text {h }} 7^{m}$.p.m.

## THE HARVEST MOON,

When does the Harvest Moon occur? is a question frequently asked. The Full Moon which happens on or nearest to the Autumnal Equinox (about Sept. 23rd) is called the Harvest Moon because it rises from night to night after the full, more nearly after sunset than any other Full Moon in the year, and is therefore favourable for evening work in carrying late crops. The succeeding Moon is called the Hunters' Moor

## WHAT IS AN ECLIPSE?

An Eclipse of the Moon is caused by its passage through the Shadow of the Earth; an Eclipse of the $S u n$ by the interposition of the Moon between the Sun and the observer, or, what comes to the same thing, by the passage of the Moon's Shadow over the observer.

It will be seen, however, from


LUNAR ECLIPSE. the diagram that since the apparent angular diameters of the Sun and Moon are very nearly the same, it is only when the spectator is on, or very close to, the line joining the centres of those two bodies that a Total Eclipse of the Sun can take place ; and, indeed, even if he be on that centralline, should the Moon be in the more distant portion of her orbit, her apparent diameter may be less than that of the Sun, so that even in a Central Eclipse a small view of the Sun is still visible. This constitutes what is known as an Annular Eclipse; there is only one of the Eclipses visible in 1903 of this character. But even when the Eclipse is total on the central line, an observer far from that line will only see a portion of the Sun hidden, as the lines of the diagram clearly indicate.

In an Eclipse of the Moon the Eclipse is due to a real cutting off of light from the Moon. A Lunar Eclipse, if total for any place, must usually betotal for every place from which the Moon can be seen. Lunar Eclipses are not, however, by any means always total. Two Partial Eclipsesoccur in Apriligo3.

The axis of the Earth's Shadow is always directed to a point exactly opposite to the Sun. Did the Moon move accurately in'the plane of the ecliptic she would be eclipsed at every: Full Moon, but since her plane is inclined at about $5^{\circ}$ to that of the ecliptic, she will pass into the Shadow and suffer Eclipse only, if, at the time of the Full Moon, she is near one of the nodes of her orbit. As this seldom happens, we find that there cannot be more than three Lunar Eclipses in the year (and this only if the Full Moon is at a node early in January), and there may be none. Usually, however, we have two Lunar Eclipses in the year, Total only if the Moon passes fairly near to the centre of the earth's shadow.
BRITISH OBSERVATORIES.

Greenwich, lat. $5 \mathrm{I}^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 33^{\circ} \mathrm{r}^{\prime \prime}$ N. Opened 1675, under the direction of Flamstead, Astronomer Royal. The chief centre for observations on astronomy and navigation.

Cambridge, lon. o ${ }^{\text {h }}$ om $22^{\circ} 75^{9}$ E. ; lat. $52^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$ $51^{\circ} 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Founded by the University in 1824. OXFORD-Radcliffe, lon. $o^{\text {h }} 5^{\mathrm{m}} 2^{2} 6^{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{W}$.; lat. $51^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 35^{\circ} 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Erected about 1772.

OXFORD University, lat. $5 \mathrm{I}^{\circ} .45^{\prime} 34^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Celebrated for its $12 \frac{1}{4}-\mathrm{in}$. equatorial refractor.

Liverpool. Established 1838-transferred to Birkenhead in 1867 . Lon. $0^{\text {h }} 12^{\mathrm{m}} 17^{\circ} 35^{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $53^{\circ} 24^{\prime} 4^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$.

KEW, lon. oth $1^{m} 15^{\circ} \mathrm{I}^{\circ}$ W. ; lat. $5 \mathrm{I}^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. This is the chief meteorological observatory of the United Kingdom.

DURHAM, lon. o ${ }^{\text {h }} 6^{\mathrm{m}} 19^{\circ} 75^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $54^{\circ} 46^{\prime} 6{ }^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime}$ N. Founded $8_{4} \mathrm{I}$. Is under the direction of the University Professor of Mathematics.

Edinburgh-Calton Hill, lon. on $12^{\mathrm{m}} 44^{\circ} 2^{\circ}$ W.; lat. $55^{\circ} 55^{\prime} 28^{\circ \prime \prime}$ N. Erected in 1818.

GLASGOW, lon. on ${ }^{\text {h }} 17^{\mathrm{m}} 10^{\circ} 55^{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{W}$.; lat. $55^{\circ} 52^{\prime}$ $4^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Opened in 1840 . On the north side of the city near Gartnavel.
Dublin, lon. $o^{\text {h }} 25^{\mathrm{m}} 21^{\prime} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{s}}$ W. ; lat. $53^{\circ} 23^{\prime} 13^{\circ} \mathrm{I}^{\prime \prime}$ N. Opened in 1785 . Is under direction of Irish Astronomer Royal.
ARMAGH, lon. $o^{\text {h }} 26^{\mathrm{m}} 35^{\circ} 4^{8} \mathrm{~W}$. ; lat. $54^{\circ} 21^{\prime} 12^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime \prime}$ N. Founded in 1791, and enlarged in 1827.

CORk-Queen's College, lat. $+51^{\circ} 53^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}$. Erected in 1878.

## PERIODICAL COMETS DUE IN 1903.

Two comets known to revolve round the Sun in short periods are due to return in 1903，and both will probably be seen in the autumn．The first is Faye＇s comet，and was discoveed at Paris in 1843．It was bright with a small tail，but was never visible to the naked eye．Calculation showed that it had a period of about $7 \frac{1}{2}$ years in length； and at the next return it was first seen by James Breen at the Cambridge Observatory towards the end of November 1850 ．When nearest the Sun， this comet is distant about 157 millions of miles from him，a distance slightly greater than that of the planet Mars；when furthest from the Sun，at aphelion，it is 55 I millions of miles，and some－ what exceeding that of Jupiter．At its next return Faye＇s comet was first descried by Bruhns at Berlin on the 8 th of September， 1858 ；it was an exceedingly faint object even in the telescope， but was observed until the 16th of October．The next return to perihelion took place on Valentine＇s Day 1866；but the comet was observed about six months before．Observations in 1873 were not made until September，and the comet is described as being very difficult to see．But in 1880 Dr． Common caught sight of it at Ealing on the 2nd of August，and it was observed with the great Washington telescope until the end of March 188r．At the return in 1888 it was first seen at Nice on the gth of August．The last time it was nearest the Sun was on the 19th of March，1896； at Nice the comet was seen by M．Javelle towards the end of September 1895．The next return will be in 1903.
A much shorter record is to hand of the other comet，which is not discernible without good tele－
scopic assistance．D＇Arrest discovered it at Leipzig in June 185 r ．The period was calculated to be less than $6 \frac{1}{2}$ years in length，and the late Sir Thos． Maclear succeeded in observing it at the Cape of Good Hope in the winter of 1857 ．Being un－ favourably placed in 1864，it was not seen；but was re－detected by Winnecke at the end of August 1870 ．At the next return in 1877 the comet was again observed．There was small hope of seeing it in 1884，being unfavourably placed．It was however seen in 1890；and in 1897，the perihelion passage taking place on the 21st of May．Another will be due in the autumn of 1903．The nearest distance of this comet from the Sun is about 109 millions of miles，or 17 millions greater than the Earth＇s mean distance；and its greatest distance from the central luminary about 536 millions，or about 30 millions greater than that of Jupiter when furthest from the Sun．

It is probable that both these comets，which when in aphelion are near the orbit of Jupiter， were，so to speak，captured and permanently brought within the solar system by its attraction， its mass being less than a thousandth part of that of the Sun．When the impulse had been given，the motion finally resulting was in an elliptic orbit． Comets of short period revolve in the general direction followed by the planets，but many of the comets of long period move in the reverse direction．For instance，with the most interesting historically of all the comets，Halley＇s，its return was predicted in 1682．It appeared in 1758 and 1835，and it is known that its history can be traced for many centuries earlier，and there is little doubt that it will be seen again in 1910．

## LENGTH OF DAY．

| Jan． |  | Day breaks． | Twilight ends． |  | Length of day． |  |  |  | Day breaks． |  | Twilight ends． |  |  |  | Length of day． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | H．M． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | H． | M． |
|  | 1．．． | $62 m$ | 6 | $5 \boldsymbol{a}$ |  | 51 | July |  |  | real | night | t， | C |  | 16 | 30 |
|  | 16．．．．．．．．．． | $5 \quad 59$ | 6 | 21 | $\ldots 8$ | 16 |  |  |  |  | t twil | ilig |  |  | 16 | 6 |
| Feb． | 1．．．．．．．．．． | 544 | 6 | 44 | $\ldots 9$ | 4 | Aug． | 1. | 1 | 27 m | $\ldots 10$ | 10 | $41 a$ |  | 15 | 24 |
|  | 16．．．．．．．． | 522 | 7 | 8 | ．．． 9 | 57 |  | 16. | 2 | 21 |  | 9 | 45 | ．．． | 14 | 34 |
| Mar． | 1. | 457 | 7 | 30 | ．．． 10 | 47 | Sept． | 1. | 3 | 5 | ．．． | 8 | 54 |  | 13 | 85 |
|  | 16．．．．．．．．． | 422 | ． 7 | 57 | ．．． 11 | 46 |  | 16. | 3 | 38 |  | 8 | 11 | ．．． | 12 | 37 |
| Apr． | 1．．．．．．．．． | 340 | ．．． 8 | 30 | ． 12 | 50 | Oct． | 1. | 4 | 7 | ．．． | 7 | 32 |  | 11 | 39 |
|  | 16．．．．．．．． | 256 | 9 | 6 | ． 13 | 47 |  | 16. | 4 | 33 | ． | 6 | 58 | －． | 10 | 40 |
| May | 1．．．．．．．．． | 27 | ． 9 | 50 | ．． 14 | 43 | Nov． | 1. | 4 | 59 | ． | 6 | 28 | ．．． | 9 | 40 |
| May | 16．．．．．．．．．． | 17 | $\ldots 10$ | 50 | ． 15 | 32 |  | 16. | 5 | 21 | ．．． | 6 | 8 | ．．． | 8 | 49 |
| June | 1．．．．．．．．． | No real | night， | t |  | 12 | Dec． | 1. | 5 | 41 |  | 5 | 56 | ． | 8 | 9 |
|  | 16．．．．．．．．$\}$ | stan | twilig | t． | $\{16$ | 32 |  | 16. | 5 | 55 | ． | 5 | 55 |  | 7 | 47 |

## SIGNS，SYMBOLS，AND ABBREVIATIONS．

Moon＇s Phases．© New．D First Quarter．O Full．（ Last Quarter． h Hour．m Minute．s Second．＇Degree．＇Minute of arc．＂Second of arc．

| Signs of the Zodiac． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $r$ | Aries．．．．．．．．．．． | $\bigcirc$ | 슨 | Libra ．．．．．．．．． | $18^{\circ}$ |
| \％ | Taurus．．．．．．．．． | 30 | m | Scorpio．．．．．．．．． | 210 |
| II | Gemini．．．．．．．．． | 60 | 7 | Sagittarius ．．． | 240 |
| 90 | Cancer ．．．．．．．．． | 90 | VP | Capricornus | 270 |
| $\Omega$ | Leo | 120 | 第 | Aquarius ．．．．． | 300 |
| 晾 | Virgo ．．．．．．．．． | 150 | 天 | Pisces ．．．．．．．．． | 330 |




## LUNAR OCCULTATIONS, 1903.

An Occultation of a fixed star or planet, like an Eclipse of the Sun, is caused by the Moon, in her eastward course from right to left, passing between the star and the spectator, and so intercepting it from his view. On page 40 the reader will find, as usual, a full table for the present year, 1903, giving the particulars for the principal Occultations visible in Great Britain.

The most interesting examples are the Occultations of the following comparatively bright stars. The letters $D$ and $R$ in the diagrams following indicate the points of disappearance and reappearance of the star, and are measured from the vertex or point of the Moon's limb nearest the Zenith.

The occultation of a Cancri
 occurs on Jan. 14th. The disappearance takes place at $8^{\mathrm{h}} 14^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., and the reappearance at $9^{\text {h }} 8 \mathrm{~m}$ p.m., the Moon being sixteen days old.

The occultation of $\lambda$ Geminorum on Feb. 9th. The disappearance takes place at $3^{\text {h }}$ $56^{\circ} \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., and the reappearance at $4^{\mathrm{h}} 49^{\mathrm{ml}}$ p. m., the Moon being twelve days old.


The occultation of 68 Geminorum on Feb. 9th-10th. The disappearance takes place at $1 I^{\mathrm{h}} 2 \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $o^{h} 25^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., the Moon being twelve days old.

The occultation of $v$ Leonis on Feb 14th. The disappearance takes place at $4^{\mathrm{h}} 47^{\prime \prime \prime}$ a. m., and the reappearance at $5^{h} 45^{m}$ 2 m , the Moon being sixteen days old.


The occultation of a Cancri on March 1oth. The disappearance takes place at $4^{\mathrm{h}} 59^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $5^{\text {h }} 5^{\text {m }}$ p.m., the Moon being eleven days old.


The occultation of $x$ Ophiuchi on March 19th. The disappearance takes place at $4^{\mathrm{b}} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{a} \mathrm{m}$., and the reappearance at $5^{\mathrm{h}}{ }^{25}{ }^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., the Moon being twenty days old.

The occultation of $v$ Leonis on April gth-roth. The disappearance takes place at $\mathrm{II}^{\mathrm{h}}$ $4^{8 \mathrm{~m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $0^{b} 23^{m}$ a.m., the Moon being twelve days old.


The occultation of 38 Arietis on July 19th. The disappearance takes place at $\mathrm{I}^{\text {b }}$ $50^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., and the reappearance at $2^{\text {h }} 47^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., the Moon being twenty-four days old.

The occultation of a Tauri on Oct. roth. The disappearance takes place at $8^{\mathrm{h}} 18^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $9^{h} \mathrm{IIm}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., the Moon being twenty days old.


## THE PLANETARY SYSTEM.

The following shows the approximate Diameter in thousands of miles (D) and Distance from Earth in millions of miles (M):-


## OLD ENGLISH HOLIDAYS.

These holidays, with their names, had their origin in mediæval England when the State religion was that of the Church of Rome, and they are still observed in some parts of Great Britain.

January 7. Twelfth Day was 12 days after Christmas, and is sometimes called Old Christmas Day. Many social rites have long been connected with Twelfth Day.

February 2. Candlemas: Festival of the Purification of the Virgin. Consecration of the lighted candles to be used in the church during the year.

February 14 St. Valentine's Day: The custom of sending a "valentine" to one's sweetheart was very general 50 years ago, but, since the introduction of Christmas Cards, has almost died out. February 15, Old Candlemas.

March 25. Lady Day: Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. Aprit 7 is Old Lady Day.

JUNE 24. Midsummer Day: Feast of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist. July 7 is Old Midsummer Day.

August 1. Lammas Day: Originally in England the festival of the wheat harvest. One of
the Scotch quarter days. Old Lammas Day is August 14.
September 29. Michaelmas: Feast of St. Michael the Archangel. Old Michaelmas Day is October 12.
November 1. Allhallows: All-hallows, or All-Saints' Day. The previous evening is All-hallow-e'en, observed by home gatherings and oldtime festive rites.

November 2. All Souls' Day : Was formerly regarded as a day of prayer for the souls of the dead.

Novembrir if. Martinmas : Feast of St. Martin. Scotch quarter day. Old Martinmas is November 24.
December 28. Childermas : Holy Innocents' Day.

## MOTHERING SUNDAY

is Mid-Lent Sunday, in which the old rural custom obtains of making presents of cakes, \&c.

OCCULTATIONS of STARS VISIBLE at GREENWICH, 1903.

| Date. | Star's Name. | Mag. | Disappearance. | Reappearance. | Angles from Vertex. |  | Position of Moon. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | h. m. | h. m. | 0 | - |  |  |  |
| Jan. 12 | 26 Geminor | $5 \cdot 1$ | 4 a 0 | 4 a 30 | - 74 | - 1 | Rises | 3 a | 31 |
| 14 | 60 Cancri | $5 \cdot 7$ | 7 a 30 | 7 a 55 | +158 | +101 | Rises | 6 a |  |
| 14 | a Cancri | $4 \cdot 3$ | 8 a 14 | 9 a 8 | -118 | $+16$ | Rises | 6 a | 5 |
| 19 | B. A. C. 4294 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 2 mo | 2 m 40 | - 85 | - 14 | Souths | 4 m | 57 |
| Feb. 2 | B. A. C. 221. | $5 \cdot 7$ | 10 a 13 | 11 a 4 | - 13 | $+120$ | Sets | 10 a | 23 |
| 6 | $\delta^{2}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 7$ | 9 a 45 | 10 a | - 5 | + 82 | Souths | 7 a | . 10 |
| 7 | 115 Tauri | $5 \cdot 4$ | 10 a 43 | 11 a 40 | - 92 | $+159$ | Souths | 8 a | 9 |
| 9 | $\lambda$ Geminorum | $3 \cdot 6$ | 3 a 56 | 4 a 49 | -115 | + 29 | Rises | 2 a | 19 |
| 9-10 | 68 Geminorum | 5.0 | 11 a 21 | 0 m 25 | -109 | +129 | Souths | 10 a | 10 |
| 11 | $A^{1}$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 6$ | 3 m 26 | 3 m 48 | - 1 | $+43$ | Sets | 6 m | 32 |
| 11 | $\mathrm{A}^{2}$ Cancri | 5.8 | 4 m 55 | 5 m 47 | - 69 | $+115$ | Sets | 6 m | 32 |
| 11 | $h$ Leonis | $5 \cdot 4$ | 9 a 30 | $10 \mathrm{a} \quad 27$ | - 104 | + 17 | Souths | 0 m | 7 (12) |
| 14 | $v$ Leonis | $4 \cdot 5$ | 4 m 47 | 5 m 45 | -113 | $+130$ | Souths | 1 m | 55 |
| 15 | B. A. C. 4200 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 3 m 10 | 3 m 46 | - 49 | + 15 | Souths | 2 m | 46 |
| Mar. 9 | 51 Geminorum | $5 \cdot 4$ | $0 \mathrm{~m} \quad 23$ | $1 \mathrm{~m} \quad 1$ | -113 | $+170$ | Sets | 3 m | 44 |
| 10 | $\boldsymbol{a}$ Cancri | $4 \cdot 3$ | 4 a 59 | 5 a 50 | -108 | + 7 | Rises |  | 28 |
| 14 | B. A. C. 4294 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 29$ | 10 a 26 | -174 | + 68 | Rises | 7 a | 36 |
| 18 | $\zeta^{3}$ Libræ. | $5 \cdot 8$ | 1 m 6 | 2 m 21 | -144 | + 72 | Souths | 3 m | 50 |
| 18 | $\zeta^{4}$ Libræ | $5 \cdot 4$ | 2 m 41 | 3 m 47 | -152 | +109 | Souths | 3 m | 50 |
| 19 | $\chi$ Ophiuchi | $5 \cdot 0$ | $4 \mathrm{~m} \quad 1$ | 5 m 25 | -100 | +84 | Souths |  | 39 |
| April 2 | B. A. C. 1526 | 5.8 | 11 a 21 | 11 a 26 | -138 | -150 | Sets | 11 a | 50 |
| 3 | 130 Tauri. | $5 \cdot 5$ | 6 a 47 | 7 a 44 | -102 | +156 | Souths | 4 a | 54 |
| 6 | $\mathrm{A}^{1}$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 6$ | 5 a 46 | 6 a 50 | -102 | + 32 | Souths | 7 a | 45 |
| 6 | $\mathrm{A}^{2}$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 8$ | 8 a 8 | 9 a 11 | -133 | $+121$ | Souths | 7 a | 45 |
| 7 | 60 Cancri | $5 \cdot 7$ | 0 m 44 | 1 m 34 | - 41 | + 85 | Sets | 3 m | 3 |
| 9-10 | $v$ Leonis....... | $4 \cdot 5$ | 11 a 48 | $0 \mathrm{~m} \quad 23$ | -161 | +149 | Souths | 10 a | 22 |
| 10 | B. A. C. 4200 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 9 a 58 | 11 a 8 | -109 | + 45 | Souths | 11 a | 12 |
| $11$ | $f$ Virginis. | 5.9 | 3 m 46 | 4 m 25 | -123 | $+159$ | Sets |  | 59 |
| $\begin{array}{lr} \text { May } & 2 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 68 Geminoru | $5 \cdot 0$ | 7 a 25 | 8 a 27 | - 54 | +97 | Souths | 4 a | 44 |
| June $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 2\end{array}$ | B. A. C. 7804 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 2 mm 49 | 3 m 58 | -81 | + 63 | Souths |  | 36 |
| June $\quad 2$ | $p^{3}$ Leonis .... | $6 \cdot 2$ | 9 a 44 | 10 a 43 | -104 | $+129$ | Souths | 6 a | 15 |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { J } \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | B. A. C. 429 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 8 a 14 | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 27$ | -131 | +102 | Souths | 7 a | 53 |
| 8 17 | $\zeta_{1}^{1}$ Libræ. | 6.0 | 1 m 23 | 2 ml 14 | -117 | +159 | Sets | 3 m | 2 |
| 17 | B. A. C. 798 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 2 mm 40 | 3 m 57 | -101 | +108 | Souths | 5 m | 16 |
| July $\begin{array}{r}27 \\ 9\end{array}$ | 60 Cancri | $5 \cdot 7$ | 8 a 42 | 9 a 14 | -119 | +164 | Sets | 9 a | 41 |
| July $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ \\ 19\end{array}$ | $\rho^{1}$ Sagittarii | $3 \cdot 9$ | 8 a 4 | 9 a 11 | - 97 | + 43 | Rises | 7 a | 48 |
| Aug. 11 11 | 38 Arietis... | $5 \cdot 2$ | 1 m 50 | 2 m 47 | - 92 | + 50 | Rises | 11 a | 49 (18) |
| Aug. $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 17\end{aligned}$ | B. A. C. 8094 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $2 \mathrm{~m} \quad 3$ | 3 m 22 | - 53 | +121 | Souths |  | 56 |
| Sept. $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ \end{array}$ | 63 Tauri | $5 \cdot 6$ | 4 m 13 | 4 m 45 | - 46 | + 12 | Souths | 6 m | 44 |
| Sept. $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 7\end{array}$ | B. A. C. 7063 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 7 a 4 | 8 a 25 | -104 | +92 | Souths | 9 a | 41 |
| - 7 | B. A. C. 8017 | $6 \cdot 0$ | 1 m 4 | 2 m 21 | - 60 | +145 | Souths | 11 a | 55 (6) |
| 11-12 | B. D. $+12^{\circ} 436$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | 11 a | 1 m | -121 | +88 | Rises | 8 a | 27 |
| 13-14 | B. A. C. 1526 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 11 a 56 | 0 m 52 | -102 | + 41 | Rises | 9 a |  |
| 18 | a Cancri ..... | $4 \cdot 3$ | 1 m 53 | 2 m 36 | -168 | + 75 | Rises | 2 m | 0 |
| Oct. 6-7 | $e$ Piscium | $5 \cdot 7$ | 11 a 31 | 0 mm 48 | - 62 | +112 | Souths | 0 m | 6 (7) |
| $10$ | a Tauri | $1 \cdot 1$ | 8 a 18 | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 11$ | -120 | +64 | Rises | 7 a | 44 |
| 12 | 130 Taur | $5 \cdot 5$ | 2 m 36 | 3 m 50 | -105 | $+75$ | Rises | 8 a | 33 (11) |
| 15 | $\mathrm{A}^{1}$ Cancri | $5 \cdot 6$ | 2 m 56 | 3 mm 15 | +149 | +115 | Rises | 11 a | 45 (14) |
| 30 | $\rho$ Aquarii | 53 | $7 \times 10$ | 7 a 46 | - 9 | + 50 | Souths | 7 a | 44 |
| Nov. 1 | B. A. C. 8094 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $\begin{array}{lll}0 \mathrm{~m} & 30\end{array}$ | 1 m 34 | - 43 | +156 | Sets | 2 m | 20 |
| 5 | $\xi$ Arietis. | $5 \cdot 5$ | 6 a 36 | 7 a 19 | -155 | $+117$ | Rises | 4 a | 28 |
| 5 | 38 Arietis | $5 \cdot 2$ | 5 m 59 | 6 m 32 | - 11 | + 85 | Rises | 5 a | 1 |
| 9 | 111 Tauri | $5 \cdot 2$ | 11 a 10 | 11 a 47 | -176 | +122 | Rises | 6 a | 27 |
| 10 | $\lambda$ Geminorur | $3 \cdot 6$ | 8 a 43 | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 28$ | - 98 | $+20$ | Rises | 8 a | 26 |
| 10 | 68 Geminor | $5 \cdot 0$ | 4 m 22 | 4 m 52 | -165 | +155 | Souths |  | 15 |
| 14 | 75 Leonis | $5 \cdot 4$ | 3 m 36 | 4 m 11 | +157 | + 94 | Rises | 1 m | 19 |
| 14 29 | 79 Leonis | $5 \cdot 5$ | 7 m 17 | 8 mm 23 | -149 | + 99 | Souths | 7 m | 50 |
| Dec. $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ 3\end{array}$ | 44 Piscium | 6.0 | 8 a 0 | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 16$ | - 79 | +148 | Souths | 7 a | 49 |
| Dec. 3 | B. D. $+12^{\circ} 436$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | 0 m 19 | 0 m 56 | -10¢ | -167 | Souths | 10 a | 15 (2) |
| 4 8 | B. A. C. 1526 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 8 a 53 | 9 a 51 | -148 | +101 | Rises | 4 a | 17 |
| 14 | B. A. C. 2737 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 1 m 45 | 2 m 31 | -171 | $+120$ | Souths | 3 m | 5 |
| 14 31 | B. A. C. 4591 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 5 m 56 | $7 \mathrm{~m} \quad 9$ | -139 | + 58 | Souths | 8 m | 18 |
| 31 | 75 Tauri . | $5 \cdot 3$ | 8 a 24 | 9 a 7 | -154 | +145 | Souths | 9 a | 48 |

The angles are reckoned from the vertex of the Moon's limb: - towards the left hand, and + towards the right hand.

GEOCENTRIC LONGITUDES OF THE PLANETS
IN 1903.

| Date Noon. | Sun. | Mercury. | Venus. | Mars. | Jupiter. | Saturn. | Uranus. | Neptune. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| January | 2794955 | 291 Vf29 | 287 V 957 | 185~14 | 318: 27 | 297 V 50 | 262734 | $9^{92}$ - 6 |
| 7 | 286 | 301 M 5 | $295 \quad 29$ | 18732 | 31945 | 29832 | 26255 | 9156 |
| 13 | 2929 | 3101 | 303 mm 1 | 18937 | 3215 | 29915 | 26316 | 9146 |
| 19 | 29815 | 31652 | 31033 | 19130 | $322 \quad 27$ | 29957 | 263 35 | 9187 |
| 25 | 304: | 3195 | 3184 | 1937 | 32350 | 300\%m40 | 26353 | 9129 |
| 31 | 310 - 27 | 31450 | 32535 | 19426 | 32515 | 30123 | 26410 | 9121 |
| February 6 | 31632 | 80753 | 333*5 | 19526 | 32641 | 3025 | $264 \quad 27$ | 9114 |
| 12 | $322 \quad 37$ | 30349 | -340 34 | 1964 | 3287 | 30247 | 26441 | 918 |
| 18 | 32840 | 30415 | 3483 | 19617 | 32934 | 30327 | 26455 | 913 |
| 24 | $334 \times 43$ | 3081 | 35530 | 1964 | $331 \times 0$ | 3047 | 2656 | $90 \quad 59$ |
| March 2 | 34044 | 31354 | $2 \Upsilon 57$ | 19523 | 33227 | 30445 | 26516 | 9056 |
| 8 | 34645 | 3219 | $10 \quad 22$ | 19415 | 33353 | 30521 | $265 \quad 24$ | 9055 |
| 14 | 35244 | 32924 | 1745 | 19240 | 33518 | 30550 | 26531 | 0054 |
| 20 | 35842 | $338 \times 30$ | 257 | 19044 | 39642 | 30629 | 26535 | 9055 |
| 26 | 4 r 39 | 34822 | 32 ¢ 27 | 18832 | 325 | 30659 | 26538 | 9058 |
| April 1 | $10 \quad 35$ | 3593 | 3946 | 18612 | 33926 | 30727 | 26538 | 911 |
| 7 | 1630 | 10 r 33 | 472 | 18356 | 34045 | 30752 | 26537 | 915 |
| 13 | 2223 | 2249 | 5416 | 18151 | 3422 | 30814 | $265 \quad 34$ | 9111 |
| 19 | 2815 | 35 ¢ 28 | 61 I128 | 1806 | 34317 | 30833 | $265 \quad 29$ | 9118 |
| 25 | 3486 | 4740 | $68 \quad 37$ | 178mp45 | 34429 | 30849 | $265 \quad 23$ | $91 \quad 26$ |
| May 1 | $39 \quad 56$ | 5819 | 7544 | 17752 | 34538 | 3092 | 26515 | 9134 |
| 7 | 4545 | 66П45 | 8247 | 17728 | 34643 | 30911 | 2655 | 9144 |
| 13 | 5133 | 7236 | 8947 | 17732 | 34745 | 30917 | 26454 | 9154 |
| 19 | 5719 | 7539 | 960044 | 1782 | 34842 | 30919 | 26443 | 925 |
| 25 | 63II 6 | 7549 | 10335 | 17855 | 34935 | 30918 | 26430 | $\begin{array}{ll}92 & 17\end{array}$ |
| 31 | 6851 | $73 \quad 34$ | 11023 | $180 \sim 11$ | 35023 | 30914 | 26416 | . $92 \quad 29$ |
| June 6 | 7438 | $70 \quad 18$ | 1176 | 18146 | 3516 | 3095 | 2642 | '92 42 |
| 12 | 8020 | $67 \quad 55$ | $123 \Omega 41$ | $183 \quad 39$ | 35144 | 30854 | 26347 | 9255 |
| 18 | 864 | 6750 | 13010 | 18546 | 35216 | 30840 | $263 \quad 32$ | 938 |
| 24 | 91047 | $70 \quad 29$ | 13631 | 1887 | 35241 | 30822 | 26318 | 93 |
| 30 | 9781 | $75 \quad 47$ | 14241 | 19041 | 353 | 3083 | 263 3 | $\begin{array}{ll}93 & 35\end{array}$ |
| July 6 | 10314 | ${ }^{85} 31$ | 14840 | 19326 | 35313 | 30741 | 26250 | 9348 |
| 12 | 10857 | 930028 | 154m25 | 19620 | 353 <br> 18 | 30717 | 26237 | $94 \quad 2$ |
| 18 | 11440 | 10513 | 15953 | 19923 | 35317 | 30652 | 26224 | 9414 |
| 24 | $120 \Omega 24$ | 11752 | 1650 | 20284 | 353 | 30625 | 26213 | $\begin{array}{ll}94 & 27\end{array}$ |
| 30 | 12 B 8 | $130 \Omega 24$ | 16941 | 20553 | 35252 | 30559 | 2624 | $\begin{array}{ll}94 & 39\end{array}$ |
| August 5 | 13153 | 14212 | 17349 | 20919 | 35230 | 30532 | 26155 | $94 \quad 50$ |
| 11 | 13788 | 153m欠 5 | 17716 | 212 m 50 | 3522 | 3056 | 26148 | 951 |
| 17 | 14323 | 1634 | 17951 | 21628 | 35128 | 30441 | 26143 | $95 \quad 11$ |
| 23 | 14910 | 17210 | 181 $\sim 24$ | 22011 | 35049 | 30417 | 26140 | $95 \quad 21$ |
| 29 | $154 \mathrm{~m} \times 58$ | 180^21 | 18140 | 22359 | 3506 | 30355 | 26138 | $95 \quad 29$ |
| September 4 | 16046 | 18\% 29 | 18033 | 22752 | 34920 | 30336 | 26138 | $95 \quad 36$ |
| 10 | 16685 | 19816 | 178me 3 | 23150 | 34882 | 30319 | 26140 | 9543 |
| 16 | 17226 | 1975 | 17438 | 23551 | 34745 | 3035 | 26144 | $95 \quad 48$ |
| 22 | 17818 | 19756 | 1710 | 23957 | 34658 | 30254 | 26150 | $95 \quad 52$ |
| 28 | $184 \sim 11$ | 19442 | $167 \quad 57$ | 244 f 7 | 34613 | 30246 | 26157 | $95 \quad 55$ |
| October 4 | 1905 | 18814 | 1666 | 24820 | 34532 | 30242 | 2626 | $95 \quad 57$ |
| 10 | 196 | 18318 | 16541 | 25236 | 34455 | 30242 | 26217 | $95 \quad 57$ |
| 16 | 20157 | 18413 | 16341 | 25656 | 34424 | 30245 | 26230 | $\begin{array}{ll}95 & 57\end{array}$ |
| 22 | 20754 | 19021 | 16853 | 26119 | 34359 | 30251 | 26244 | $95 \quad 55$ |
| 28 | 213 m 54 | 1998 | 1725 | 26544 | 34340 | 3031 | 26259 | 95. 52 |
| November 3 | 21954 | 20851 | 1765 | 270 vpl2 | 34329 | 30316 | 26316 | $\begin{array}{lll}95 & 47\end{array}$ |
| 9 | 22555 | 218 m 40 | 180~-43 | 27443 | 34325 | 30313 | 263 33 | 9542 |
| 15 | 23157 | 22823 | $185 \quad 53$ | 27915 | 34328 | 30353 | 26352 | $95 \quad 36$ |
| 21 | 2380 | 23756 | $191 \quad 27$ | 28350 | 34339 | 30417 | $264 \quad 12$ | $95 \quad 29$ |
| 27 | $244 \pm 4$ | $247 \ddagger 23$ | 19720 | $288 \quad 27$ | 34357 | 30443 | 26432 | $95 \quad 21$ |
| December 3 | 250 | 25645 | 20330 | 2935 | 34422 | 30512 | 26454 | $95 \quad 12$ |
| 9 | 25815 | 286 | 20953 | 29744 | 34454 | 30544 | 26515 | $95 \quad 3$ |
| 15 | 26221 | 275 v 25 | 216 m 26 | 3023425 | 34532 | 30618 | $265 \quad 37$ | 9453 |
| 21 | $268 \quad 27$ | 28435 | 2239 | 3076 | 34616 | 30654 | 26559 | $94 \quad 43$ |
| 27 | 274V934 | 29310 | 22959 | 31148 | 3475 | 30731 | 26620 | 9433 |

## METEOROLOGICAL NOTES.

THE BAROMETER.-Atmospherical Pressure is measured by the Barometer, which should be a mercurial one. The readings of the barometer are "corrected" for instrumental errors and reduced to $32^{\circ}$ and to sea-level. These are necessary, since the mercury expands when the temperature rises and the colvmn is lengthened, and two similar barometers cannot read alike unless at the same temperature. In the same way, since the height of the column of mercury measures the weight of the column of air of equal sectional area above it, if two similar barometers be placed one directly above the other it is evident that there will be a less quantity of air above the former than above the latter instrument, and it will read lower.

The following are conditions for a high barometer: (x) When the air is very cold, for then the lower strata are denser and more contracted than when it is warm. The contraction causes the upper layers to sink down, bringing a greater number of air particles, that is to say, a greater mass of air into a given vertical column of the atmosphere supposed unable to expand laterally, so that the pressure at its base is greater. (2) When the air is dry, for then it is denser than when it is moist. (3) When in any way an upper current sets in towards a given area, for this compresses the strata underneath.

Conversely, the barometer stands low when (i) the lower strata are heated, causing the surfaces of equal pressure to rise, and the upper layers to slide off as already described, for by this means the mass of air pressing on each unit of area below is reduced. (2) When the air is damp, for as the density of aqueous vapour, at the temperature of $60^{\circ}$ and pressure of $30 \mathrm{ins}$. , is $=0.622$, air being $=1$, the mixture is lighter the more vapour it contains, and consequently damp air does not press so heavily as dry on the unit of area below. (3) When the air from any causes has an upward movement, for this of course acts in the same manner as (1). From these principles it follows that a fall in the barometric reading usually betokens rain and wind, or an increase in both; but a rise the reverse. The direction of the wind, and the temperature, must be noted, however, for bad weather may accompany a rise, if the wind be from a cold quarter, the north-east winds tending to raise the barometer the most.

The mean height of the barometer at the level of the sea is nearly the same at all places, and is but slightly affected by the fluctuations of temperature; but in the higher regions of the atmosphere it is greatly affected by these causes.

Great falls of the barometer are generally accompanied by a temperature above the mean for the season, and great rises by one below the same.


Dial Barometer.

The greatest depression of the barometer occurs daily about $4 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and p.m., and its highest elevation about $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and p.m. ; in summer, these extreme points are reached from one to two hours earlier in the morning, and as much later in the afternoon.


Mercurial Barometer.

To convert English Barometrical readings into French (inches into millimètres) or vice versa the following table will be useful.

| il. | Mil. In. | In. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=\cdot 039$ | $750=29 \cdot 53$ | $0 \cdot 3=7 \cdot 6$ |
| $2=\cdot 079$ | $755=29 \cdot 73$ | $0 \cdot 4=10 \cdot 1$ |
| $3=\cdot 118$ | $760=29 \cdot 92$ | $0 \cdot 5=12 \cdot 7$ |
| $4=\cdot 158$ | $765=30 \cdot 12$ | $0 \cdot 6=15-2$ |
| $5=\cdot 197$ | $770=30 \cdot 32$ | $0 \cdot 7=17$ |
|  | $775=30 \cdot 51$ | $0 \cdot 8=20$ |
| $715=28 \cdot 15$ | $780=30 \cdot 71$ | $0 \cdot$ |
| $720=28 \cdot 35$ | $785=30 \cdot 91$ |  |
| $725=28 \cdot 54$ | $790=31 \cdot 10$ | 31 |
| $730=28 \cdot 74$ |  | $30=762^{\circ} 0$ |
| $735=28 \cdot 94$ | In. Mil. | $29=736^{\circ} 6$ |
| $740=29 \cdot 13$ | $0 \cdot 1=2 \cdot 5$ | $28=711$ |
| $745=29 \cdot 33$ | $0 \cdot 2=5 \cdot 1$ | $27 \frac{1}{2}=$ |

THE THERMOMETER. -
The determination of the temperature of the air is open to much uncertainty owing to the great difficulty of securing an unexceptionable exposure for the thermometers. An ordinary thermometer consists of a fine glass tube with a bulb (cylindrical or spherical) blown on one end, and partly filled with some liquid, mercury or spirits of wine, usually the former. This liquid expands on being heated and contracts again on being cooled. By the amount of the expansion, the temperature is measured by means of a scale marked off on the tube. Selfregistering thermome-
instruments
ters are furnished with some contrivances to mark the highest or the lowest temperature to which they have been sub. jected during a given interval of time.

To convert a given number of degrees Fahrenheit into Centigrade, deduct 32, multiply by 5 , and divide by 9 .

Aneroid Barometer.


into Reaumur, deduct 32, multiply by 4, and divide by 9 . To convert degrees Centigrade into Fahrenheit, multiply by 9, divide by 5, and add 32. To convert Reaumur into Fahrenheit, multiply by 9 , divide by 4 , and add $5^{2}$. The diagram on previous page shows corresponding degrees.

## SELF-RECORDING INSTRU= MENTS.

These have, of late years, come into very general use ; they enable the observer to ascertain the movements of the barometer or thermometer at any hour of the day, and require very little attention. A properly-prepared chart is placed round a slowly-revolving cylinder, actuated by clockwork movement, and against this a pen, filled with pre-


Self-Recording Barometer.
pared ink, is lightly placed; this is held in position by a slender arm, the other end of which is connected with the instrument itself. As the chart slowly revolves the barometer fluctuations in the weather are indicated by slight marks from the pen as shown in the diagrams. The following instructions for the use of these instruments may be interesting:-

Having removed the cover of the instrument, first throw the pen off the cylinder carrying the chart, by turning the milled-head nut in the baseplate:
Wind the clock by the attached key, holding the cylinder firmly in position in the left handthe covered hole near the key gives access to the regulator of the clock movement, and should be kept closed.
To place a chart in position, turn the milledhead nut at the top of the retaining spring-band (which is hinged at the bottom), the catch at the upper end being released it will fall downwards-


Self-Recording Thermometer.
remove the used chart (if there is one on the cylinder), and put a new one into position, being careful that its edge rests on the projecting rim at the bottom of the cylinder; one end of the chart should overlap the other, and the junction come where the retaining spring-band, when replaced, will pold the paper firmly to the cylinder.

Fill the pen with the prepared ink, draw a piece of paper lightly and carefully across the nibs to see that the ink will flow.
Turn the milled-head in the base-plate and allow the return of the pen to the face of the chart. The pressure of the pen upon the chart should be as light as possible, only sufficient to ensure the pen marking distinctly with the ink. This pressure can be regulated by turning the milled-head screw at the other end of arm which carries the pen.
The cylinder with chart must then be turned upon its centre, until the pen points to the correct time.
To set the pen to the correct reading of a Standard, turn very gently the milled-head marked "Set Pen," and the arm carrying the pen will be depressed or elevated accordingly.
The change of chart should be made on Monday morning between the hours of seven and twelve-this period being duplicated on the chart for the purpose.

## REGISTERING THERMO= METERS.



## Maximum Thermometer.

The index in this thermometer is formed by small portion of the mercurial column being separated from the main thread of mercury by a minute air-bubble; this portion is pushed on before the column when the temperature rises, but does not return with it when it falls. The detached portion of the column therefore rests at the extreme positton to which it has advanced, and the end of it farthest from the bulb registers the highest temperature which has been attained. A slight shake, holding the bulb of the thermometer downwards, resets the instrument.


Minimum Thermometer.
The fluid comprised in this instrument is spirit, and in it there is immersed an index. When the temperature falls the spirit draws the index along with it, but on rising again the spirit passes the index, leaving it at the lowest point to which it has been drawn, the end farthest from the bulb thus registering the minimum temperature. The instrument is reset by raising the bulb and allowing the index to slide to the end of the column of spirit.

Stevenson's Screen is the standard adopted in this country. It secures the thermometer being always in the shade. It is a box formed of double louvres


Thermometer Screen.
which slope in opposite directions, so that whilst the air has free access to the thermometers inside, rain and radiant heat cannot enter. The screen should be well exposed to the sun's rays, and the thermometers should be about 4 feet above the ground.

## WINDS AND STORMS.

The motion of the air, both in direction and velocity, is regulated by the distribution of atmospherical pressure at the surface of the earth, which is shown by the distribution of the readings of the barometer in the weather chart.
The force of the wind, as distinguished from its direction, is related to the amount of difference of barometrical pressure over a given distance, and thisisdefined
 asthe" "gradient." Where the lines of equal barometric pressure (the "isobars") are close together, we have a steep gradient, and may hence expect strong winds to restore the atmospheric equilibrium. The force of the wind therefore does not depend on the absolute height of the barometer at any given station, but on its height as compared with that for the surrounding districts.

CYCLONES. - There are two great classes of atmospheric systems, anti-cyclonic and cyclonic. Anti-cyclonic systems are characterised by very slow circulation of the air (light winds), by low temperature in winter, great "absolute" dryness of the air, at least at their centres, and consequent absence of rain, though fog may be very prevalent.
Cyclonic systems on the other hand are characterised by rapid circulation of the air causing strong winds-which appear to flow towards the centre, so that the air is supplied from below and ascends in the centre-a comparatively high temperature, much moisture, and therefore heavy rain. At the rear of the disturbance it may be very dry.

These are the winter conditions. In summer they are exactly reversed, at least in temperature.

One great distinction between cyclones and anti-cyclones is that the former move over more or less large areas, whilst the latter are usually stationary. The actual force of the wind is measured in a meteorological obseryatory by an anemometer, of which an illustration is given above.

## WEATHER FORECASTING.

For the purpose of official weather forecasting the Meteorological Office receives numerous reports by telegraph from all parts of the British Islands and from many places situated in different parts of Western Europe. Such telegrams are received at three times each day, viz at $8 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$., $2 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, and $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The reports contain observa-
tions of barometer, temperature, wind, weather, and sea disturbance. This telegraphic information was primarily intended for the issue of storm warnings to various places around our coasts, but the general public asked for daily weather forecasts, and such information has now been given for several years. The observations when received are entered on a chart, and isobars or lines of equal barometer readings are drawn so that any change in the general distribution of atmospheric pressure can be readily traced. A collection of these charts shows that there are various types of weather, some being associated with fine and dry weather, and others with wind and rain. As in our Islands most of our weather changes approach from the Atlantic and move from W. to E., or from N.W. to N.E., they can be generally well traced. A change which is shown to be commencing on our west coasts is likely to develop, and in the ensuing 24 hours will probably extend to other parts of the United Kingdom. The specimen charts which are given to illustrate types of fine and bad weather are drawn from actual observations, and they will probablyserve to illustrate the general principle which underlies the system of weather forecasting. There are numerous weather types, but they are all more or less associated with the two general types given.
The Fine Weather Type is not infrequently characterised by the most brilliant summer weather; the conditions are generally dry and the day temperatures usually high. In the winter these conditions are usually accompanied by frost and frequently, if the winds are light, by fog.
It will be noticed that the region of relatively highest barometer is situated over our Islands, and any disturbances arriving from the Atlantic are compelled to follow a course which takes them well to the northward of the British Isles.
The Bad Weather Type is one of the commonest and one of the most persistent experienced. During its prevalence pressure remains relatively high over Central and Southern Europe, while the barometer is low over our Islands and the westward of our shores, and cyclonic disturbances pass with considerable frequency along our West coasts. In winter when the barometer differences are great,


Fine Weather Type.
gales are experienced. The barometer falls as the gales are experienced. and rises as it shifts to the W. and N.W. These changes are constantly recurring. The conditions are those which char-
acterise a broken and unsettled summer, or a mild and wet winter.

When the barometer is comparatively high over Scandinavia and there is a similar region of high


Bad Weather Type.
barometer over France and Spain, with a relatively low barometer over our Islands the weather with us is usually very disturbed, gales occurring in winter and thunderstorms in summer. When once this type of weather sets in it commonly lasts several days, and often for a week or two. There is a tendency always for a persistence of the same weather conditions, that is, when anti-cyclonic conditions are prevailing there is a reluctance for unsettled weather to set in, and similarly when the prevailing conditions are cyclonic there is a great tendency for the recurrence of the rapid changes which are associated with the arrival of the disturbances on our coasts from the Atlantic. When cyclonic disturbances arrive in proximity to our Islands there is a tendency for them mostly to skirt our shores and not to strike inland. Secondary or subsidiary disturbances are commonly formed in the southern segment of the storm area, and they usually travel at a much higher rate than the parent disturbance and frequently develop quite as much energy. A heavy northerly gale is commonly experienced after the barometer commences to rise from a very low point, and this is often due to the travelling high barometer in the rear of the storm moving faster than the area of low barometer with which it is associated. An unsteady barometer indicates unsettled weather, and a rapid rise of the mercury is not to be trusted. A rapid fall of the barometer is a fairly sure sign of bad weather, wind or rain, and perhaps both. The rise and fall of temperature and the ever-changing character of the clouds as well as the general aspect of the sky all aid materially in weather forecasting, skill in which is only to be obtained by constant and prolonged practice.

## STORM AND WIND SIGNALS

## OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

The Cone point downzvards means that gales or strong winds are to be expected, at first from the Southward, viz, from S.E. round by S. to N.W. The South Cone is hoisted if it appears
probable that a gale will begin from between E. and S.E., and also that it is likely to veer towards S. or S.W.
The Cone point uprwards means that Northerly gales or strong winds are probable, viz., from $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{W}$. round by N. to S.E. If it is probable that a gale will begin from between W. and N.W.,
Day Signals.

Night Signals.
Three Lights in Triangle instead of Cone.

-
Gale
probably
from the from the
Southward.

Gale
probably
from the
from the
Northward
and also that it is likely to veer towards N . or N.E., the North Cone is hoisted.

The Signal is kept hoisted until dusk, and then lowered; hoisted again the following morning at daylight, and so on for $4^{8}$ hours from the time at which the message was issued from the Meteorological Office, unless otherwise ordered. At dusk, when a Signal ought to be flying, the Night 'Signal should be hoisted in place of the Cone-point downwards for South Cone, point upwards for North Cone.
The object of these warnings is only to make known the greater and more general disturbances of the atmosphere, and the hoisting of the Signals is a sign that an atmospherical disturbance is in existence, which will probably cause a gale, from the quarter indicated by the Signal used, within a distance of about 50 miles of the place where the Signal is hoisted.
A Southerly wind is more likely to veer rapidly to a point North of West than a Northerly wind is to veer to a point South of East; a gale from the Eastward is more likely to back to the Northward than to veer to the Southward.

## WIND FORCE.

| Characteristics. <br> By Beaufort Notation. | Velocity miles per hour. | Pressure lbs. per sq. foot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0. Calm | 2 | -01 |
| 1. Light air . | 4 | -05 |
| 2. Light breeze | 7 | $\cdot 15$ |
| 3. Gentle breeze | 10 | -3 |
| 4. Moderate breeze | 14 | $\cdot 6$ |
| 5. Fresh breeze | 19 | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| 6. Strong breeze | 25 | $1 \cdot 9$ |
| 7. Moderate gale | 31 | $2 \cdot 9$ |
| 8. Fresh gale | 37 | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| 9. Strong gale | 44 | $5 \cdot 8$ |
| 10. Whole gale | 53 | $8 \cdot 4$ |
| 11. Storm . | 64 | $12 \cdot 3$ |
| 12. Hurricane | 77 | $17 \cdot 8$ |

By scale now generally accepted by the Meteorological Office and the Royal Meteorological Society,

8AXONS AND DANES.

| Name. | Born. | Reign began. | Reigned <br> Y. M. D | Reign ended. | Age. | Where buried. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Egbert | 775 | 814 | 28 0 0 | 837 | 62 | Winchester |
| Ethelwulf .............. |  | 838 | 2000 | 858 |  |  |
| Ethelbald ............... |  | 858 | 200 | 860 |  |  |
| Ethelbert . |  | ع60 | 600 | 866 |  |  |
| Ethelred ......... |  | 866 | 500 | 871 |  | Wimborne |
| Alfred (the Great) ... | 849 | 871 | 3000 | 901 | 52 | Vinchester |
| Edward (the Elder)... | 870 | 901 | 2400 | 925 | 55 | Faringdon |
| Athelstan .............. | 395 | 925 | 1500 | 940 | 45 | Malmesbury |
| Edmund (the Magnificent) | 921 |  |  |  | 25 | Glastonbury Winchester |
| Edred................... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 940 \\ & 946 \end{aligned}$ | 900 | 946 955 |  |  |
| Edwy (the Fair) ...... | 940 | 955 | 400 | 959 | 18 |  |
| Edgar... ................ | 943 | 959 | 1600 | 975 | 18 17 | Corfe Castle |
| Edward (the Martyr) | 962 | 975 | 400 | 979 | 17 |  |
| Ethelred II. ............ | 968 | 979 | $\begin{array}{lll}37 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ | 1016 | 48 |  |
| Edmund (Ironside)... | 989 | 1016 | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 7 & 0 \\ 19 & 0\end{array}$ | 1016 April 23 | 27 |  |
| Canute ................ | 995 | 1016 | 190 | 1035 Nov. 12 | 40 | Shaftesbury <br> Winchester |
| Harold I. ..... |  | 1035 | 5.00 |  |  |  |
| Hardicanute........... | $\begin{aligned} & 1018 \\ & 1004 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1040 \\ & 1042 \\ & 1066 \end{aligned}$ | 24 | $\begin{aligned} & 1042 \text { June } 8 \\ & 1066 \text { Jan. } 5 \\ & 1066 \text { Oct. } 14 \end{aligned}$ | 62 | Westminster |
| Edward (Confessor) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harold II. ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ANS |  |  |  |
| William Conqueror... William Rufus $\qquad$ <br> Henry I. <br> Stephen $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1027 \\ & 1057 \\ & 1068 \\ & 1105 \end{aligned}$ | 1066 Dec. 25 <br> 1087 Sept. 26 <br> 1100 Aug. 5 <br> 1135 Dec. 26 | $\begin{array}{rrr} 20 & 8 & 15 \\ 12 & 10 & 7 \\ 35 & 3 & 27 \\ 18 & 10 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 1087 \text { Sept. } & 9 \\ 1100 \text { Aug. } & 2 \\ 1135 \text { Dec. } & 1 \\ 1154 \text { Oct. } & 25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 43 \\ & 67 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | Caen, Norm. <br> Winchester <br> Reading <br> Faversham |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | THE P | TAGEN |  |  |  |
| Henry II. .............. | $\begin{aligned} & 1183 \\ & 1156 \end{aligned}$ | 1154 Dec. 19 <br> 1189 Sept. 3 | 34618 | 1189 July 6 | 56 | Fontevrault Fontevrault |
| Richard I................ |  |  | $\begin{array}{rrrr}9 & 7 & 3 \\ 17 & 4 & 28\end{array}$ | 1216 Oct. 19 | 51 |  |
| John | 1156 | 1199 May 27 | 17423 |  |  | Worcester Westminster |
| Henry III. | 1207 | 1216 Oct. 28 | 56 0 | 1272 Nov. 16 | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 67 \end{aligned}$ | Westminster <br> Westminster |
| Edward I.... | 1239 | 1272 Nov. 20 | $\begin{array}{ll}34 & 717\end{array}$ | 1307 July 7 |  |  |
| Edward II. | 1284 | 1307 July 8 | $\begin{array}{lll}50 & 4 & 27 \\ 22 & 3 & 7\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1377 \text { June } 21 \\ & 1399 \text { Sept. } 29 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ | Westminster Gloucester |
| Edward III. | $\begin{aligned} & 1312 \\ & 1368 \end{aligned}$ | 1327 Jan. 251377 June 22 |  |  | 6533 | Westminster Westminster |
| Richard II. ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Henry VII. | 1456 | 1485 Aug. 22 | 23 | 730 | 1509 April 21 | 52 | Westminster |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Henry VIII............. | 1492 | 1509 April 22 | 37 | 96 | 1547 Jan. 28 | 55 | Windsor |
| Edward VI. ............ | 1537 | 1547 Jan. 28 | 6 | 59 | 1553 July 6 | 16 | Westminster |
| Mary | 1516 | 1553 July 6 | 5 | 411 | 1558 Nov. 17 | 42 | Westminster |
| Elizabeth | 1533 | 1558 Nov. 17 | 44 | 47 | 1603 Mar. 24 | 69 | Westminster |




## THE ROYAL FAMILY OF GREAT BRITAIN. 4

The King. Edward VII., of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, is the second child of the late Queen Victoria and Prince Albert of Saxe-CoburgGotha. He was born at Bucking-

ter, Dec. 8 th, 1841 , Earl of Dublin, Jan. 17th, 1850, married on March Ioth, 1863, succeeded his mother on January 22nd, 1901, and was crowned on Aug. 9th, 1902.

## The Queen,

 Alexandra Caroline Marie Charlotte Louisa Julia, was born on December Ist, 1844, and is the eldest ham Palace on November 9th, 184I, created Prince of Wales and Earl of Ches-daughter of King Christian IX. of Denmark and the late Queen Louise.

## THE KING'S CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN.

Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence, born Jan. 8, 1864, died Jan. 14, 1892. George Frederick Ernest Albert, Prince of Wales, born June 3. 1865 , married July 6, 1893, to Princess Mary of Teck, has issue-
Edward Albert, born June 23, 1894.

- Albert Frederick, born Dec. 14, 1895.

Victoria Alexandra, born April 25, 1897.

Henry William, born March 3I, 1900.

Louise Victoria, Duchess of Fife, born Feb. 20, 1867, married July 27, 1889, has issue-
Alexandra Victoria, born May 17, 1891.
Maud Alexandra, born April 3, 1893.
Victoria Alexandra, born July 6, 1868.
Maud Charlotte, born Nov. 26, 1869, married July 22, 1896, to Prince Charles of Denmark.
Alexander, born April 6, 1871, died April 7, 187 I .

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CHILDREN, GRANDCHILDREN AND GREAT $=$ GRANDCHILDREN.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& Name and date of Birth. \& Year of Birth. \& $$
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Year } \\
\text { of } \\
\text { Death }
\end{array}\right|
$$ \& To whom Married. \& Mar ried. <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{21}{*}{} \& VICTORIA ADELAIDE MARY LOUISA, PRINCESS ROYAL, Nov. 21 ( $£ 8,000$ ). \& \multirow[t]{21}{*}{1840

1859
1882
1883
1884
1887
1888
1890
1892
1860
1879
1862
1889
1896
1900
1864
1866
1868
1870
1890
1893
1896

1872} \& 1901 \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{| Frederick Wilhelm,late German Emperor (died June 1888), Jan. 25. |
| :--- |
| Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein |} \& 1858 <br>

\hline \& William (succ, as German Emperor June, 1888). \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{.........} \& \& 1881 <br>
\hline \& Frederic William.................. \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& William Eitel ..... .............. \& \& ......... \& \& <br>
\hline \& Adalbert Ferdinand \& \& ........ \& \& <br>
\hline \& Augustus William Oscar Gustav \& \& ........... \& \& <br>
\hline \& Joachim Franz.................... \& \& ......... \& \& <br>
\hline \& Victoria Louise \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Feodora \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Henry...... \& \& ......... \& Princess Irene of Hesse. \& 1888 <br>
\hline \& Waldemar \& \& ......... \& \& <br>
\hline \& Sigismund. \& \& ......... \& \& <br>
\hline \& Heinrich Victor \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Sigismund $\qquad$ Victoria \& \& 1866 \& Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe \& 1890 <br>
\hline \& Waldemar \& \& 1879 \& Prince Adolphus or Schaumburg Lippe \& <br>
\hline \& Sophia Doroth \& \& - \& Duke of Sparta \& 1889 <br>
\hline \& Alexande \& \& ....... \& \& <br>
\hline \& Helena \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& | Margaret |
| :--- |
| Frederick William | \& \& ........ \& Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse...... \& 1893 <br>

\hline \& Maximilian \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Philip and Wolfgang (twin \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



## GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC OFFICES.

Showing Office, Address, Duties, Cost to the Nation, and Principal Officials.

Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, to to 5 . $£_{267,100}$ First Lord, the Earl of Selborne, ©4,550; Parly, and Financial Sec., $\mathrm{H} . \mathrm{O}$. ArnoldForster, M. P. $\mathrm{K}_{2,000 \text {; Permanent Sec., Sir Evan }}$ Macgregor, K.C.B., E 2,00a The First Lord is $^{2}$ head of the Navy and medium of communication with the Cabinet. The Senior Naval Lord is the chief adviser of the First Lord, and is responsible generally for the condition of the fleet.

Agriculture, Board of, 4, Whitehall Place, and 3, St. James's Square; S. W. Hours, to to 5 . Ex20, 119 . Pres., Rt. Hon. R. W. Hanbury, M.P., $\notin 2,000$; Sec., Sir T. H. Elliott, K.C.B., $\mathrm{E}_{1}, 500$. The Board regulates the importation of animals into Great Britain, takes measures to suppress contagious diseases amongst animals; collects and issues agricultural and produce returns; supervises the regulation and inclosure of commons, and regulates the reapportionment and redemption of tithe rent charge; and edits a quarterly journal of information, and issues free leafets on agricultural subjects. The following have been issued during the past year:-"Favus in Poultry," "Currant Aphides," "Tent Caterpillars," "Winter Washing of Fruit Trees," "The Colorado Beetle,". "The Purchase of Artificial Manures," "Cultivation of Maize for Fodder."

Army Purchase Commission, 7 , Victoria Street, S.W. Commissioner, Sir J.'C.' O'Dowd, C. B. (unpd.)

Charity Commlssion, Gwydyr House, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, to to 5. £ 33,442 . Chief Comme., C. H. Alderson, C.B., 1,800 ; Commissioners, Sir George Young, 61,300 ; D. R. Fearon, C.B., $1,1,300$; A. Griffith-Boscawen, M. P. (unpd.). Sec., R. Durnford, Er, $_{1,000 \text {. The }}$ Commissioners are empowered to enquire into and examine any charity in England and Wales, into the value and condition of its estates and the application of the income, \&c. ; numerous bodies, however, are excepted.

Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, W. Hours, 10 to 5. 644,402. Commissioners, W. J. Courthope, C. B., $\notin 1,500$; Lord Francis Hervey, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{I}, 200 \text {. Sec. and Registrar, J. S. } . . .}$ Lockhart, foon. The Commissioners control examinations for the civil, military, and naval services.

Colonial Office, Downing Street, S.W. Hours, 11 to 6 . G5r, roo. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M.P., 55,000 . Under Secs.-Permanent, Sir Montagu F. Ommanney, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., $£_{2,000 \text {; Parly., Earl of On- }}$ slow, G.C.M.G., ET, $_{1} 500$. The Sec of State exercises the authority of the Crown in Crown Colonies, and Protectorates more especially, the enactments of whose legislatures come before him for approval or disallowance ; he appoints governors, and organises the government of new colonies. Treaties and questions of extradition are referred to him by self-governing colonies.

Customs, Customs House, E.C. Hours, 10 to 5. $£ 892,500$. Chairman, Sir G. L. Ryder, K. . . B. t $_{2,000 \text {; Deputy Chairman, J. A. Kempe, }}$ C. B., $\mathrm{EI}_{1,500}$; Commissioner, T. J. Pittar, C.B., Kir $^{1}, 200$; Sec., Robert Henderson, E , , 200 ; A Assist. Sece, John Gatley, $6850-6 x, 000$. This department controls the collection of Customs' Import and Export Duties for the United Kingdom.
Duchy of Cornwall, Buckingham Gate,S.W. Lord Warden of the Stanneries, the Earl of Ducie, P.C.; Keeter of the PrivySeal, the Earl Spencer, K.G., P.C. : Receiver-Generai, Col. Sir R. N. F. Kingscote., K.C.B.; Sec. and Keeper
of the Records, Sir M. Holzmann, K.C.V.O., C.B. This Office superintends the management of the estates from which certain revenues of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales are derived.

Duchy of Lancaster, Lancarter Place, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5. Sat., 10 to 2. Chancillor, Sir W. H. Walrond, t $_{2,000 \text {; Clerk of }}$ Conncil and Registrar, W. R. Smith. Superintends the management of the estates of the Duchy, the revenues from which are paid to the Privy Purse.
Ecclesiastical Commission, io, Whitehall Place, S.W. Hours, io to 5. Ecclesiastical Commrs., the 2 Archbishops, the 32 Bishops, 5 Cabinet Ministers, 4 Judges, 3 Deans, and 12 Eminent Laymen. Church Estates Commers., the Earl Stanhope, $\mathbb{E}_{\mathrm{I}}, 200$; Lees Knowles, M.P. (unpd.) ; Rt. Holl C. B. Stuart-Wortley, K.C., M. P. K $_{1,000 \text {; Sec., Sir Alfred de Hock Porter, }}$ K.C.B., $£ 1,700$. The Commissioners provide for the adjustment of the endowments to the wants of the Church; having power to form new parishes, and augment and endow poor benefices and arrange the sale, \&c., of glebe lands.
Education, Board of,' Whitehall and South Kensington, S.W. C9,921,862. Members:--'restdent of the Council, the Duke of Devonshire, K.G.; Pres. of Bd. of Education, Marquess of Londonderry, K.G.: Lice-Pres., the Secs. of State, First Lord of the Treasury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer; Sec., Sir G. W. Kekewich, K.C.B. The Board is the central authority for primary, secondary, and technir al education ; certain educational powers of the Charity Commrs. and Board of Agriculture have been transferred to it.
Emigrants' Information Office, 31, Broadway, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Sat., ioto 1. 30 . Chief Clerk, Malcolm Jones; Editor of Publications, Walter B. Paton, M.A.
Exchequer and Audit, Victoria Embankment, E.C. Hours, 10 to 5 . Sat., 10 to 2. $\mathcal{L} 64,605$. Comptr. and AuditorGen., Douglas C. Rich. mond, C. B., $\boldsymbol{f}^{2,000}$; $A$ ssist. ditto, F. Phillips, £ 1,500; Chief Clerk, Wm. Owen, $\mathfrak{L}_{1,000}$. The revenue raised in the United Kingdom-except such portion as is payable under statute to local authorities-is paid into the Exchequer, and cannot be issued therefrom without the concurrence of the Comptroller and Auditor-General, who is also charged with the duty of auditing the public accounts of the United Kingdom, and of reporting to the House of Commons thereon. His reports are referred by the. House to the Public Accounts Committee, which is appointed annually.

Foreign Office, Downing Street, S.W. Hours, 12 to 6. $£ 65,750$. Sec. of State, Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G., 65,000 ; Under-Secs. :Permanent, Sir T. H. Sanderson, G.C.B., $\mathrm{X}_{2,000}$; Parly., Viscount Cranborne, M.P., $\mathrm{E}_{1}, 500$; ChiefClerk, W. C. Cartwright, C.M.G., Eg00. The Sec. of State exercises the authority of the Crown in all dealings. with Foreign countries, and nominates to appointments in the diplomatic service.
Friendly Societies' Registry, 28, Abingdon Street, S.W. E7,36r. Chief Registrar, E. W. Brabrook, C.B., F.S.A., $\not \subset 1,500 ;$ A sssstant
Registrar, G. D. Stuart Sim, 6800 . Returns Registrar, G. D. Stuart Sim, 6800 . Returns
have to be made to the Registrar by the various Friendly and other registered Societies of the numbers of their members and the state of their funds. The Registrar has exclusive jurisdictiu
in the settlement of disputes relating to deposits in Post Office and Trustee Savings Banks.
Geological Survey and Museum, 28, Jermyn Street, S.W. £21,766. Director, J. J. H. Teall, F.R.S. This Department publishes a series of geologically-coloured Ordnance maps with explanatory memoirs, and issues annually a detailed summary of the progress of the survey and museum.
Heralds' College, Queen Victoria Street, E.C. Earl Marshal, Duke of Norfolk K.G., P.C. ; Kings of Arms, Sir Albert Woods, K.C.B., K.C.M.G. (Garter) ; G. E. Cokayne (Clarenceux) ; W. H. Weldon (Norroy).

## Scotland.

Lyon King of Arms, Sir James Balfour Paul ; Lyon Clerk and Keeper of Records, Francis James Grant.

## Ireland.

Ulster King of Arms, Sir A. E. Vicars, C.V.O. ; Athlone Pursuivant, H. C. Blake.

Grants of arms are obtained at the Heralds' College; the accession of a new sovereign is proclaimed by the officials of the College, and the details of certain royal ceremonies are organised.

Home Office, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, ix to 5. £i6o,656. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. A. AkersDouglas, M.P., £5,000; Under-Secs.:-Permarent, Sir Kenelm E. Digby, K.C.B., \& $_{2,000 \text {; }}$ Parly., Rt. Hon. Jesse Collings, M.P., £ 1,500 . The Home Sec. has control of the Metropolitan Police, Prisons, and Reformatory and Industrial Schools; supervises the inspection of factories, of coal, and metalliferous mines, of certified inebriate reformatories, and of licensed retreats, under the Inebriates Acts; exercises certain powers under the Burial Acts, the Explosive Acts, and the Workmen's Compensation Acts; issues orders for the protection of wild birds; has the duty of examining and approving schemes for the re-housing of the working classes on occasions of Metropolitan street improvements or railway extensions; grants licences for the practice of anatomy, and licences under the Cruelty to Animals Act, and certificates for the naturalisation of aliens. He also nominates to the Sovereign the chief officers of the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, whilst dignities and appointments conferred by means of Letters Patent are, in most cases, dealt with at the Home Office; and all addresses to the Sovereign must pass through this Dept. The Sec. of State is also the medium of the exercise in England of the Prerogative of Mercy.

India Office, St. James's Park, S.W. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, M. I', $\not \subset 5,00$; Under-Secs.:-Permanent, Sir Arthar Godley, K.C.B., $£ 2,000$; Parly., the Earl of Hardwicke, £I,500. Every measure concerning India runs in the name of the Sec . of State, who is responsible to Parliament, and who annually presents the Indian Budget.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, to to 5 . $£ 1,369,557$. Chairman, Sir H. W. Primrose, K.C.B., C.S.I., £ 2,000 . Deputy, L. N. Guillemard, $£ 1,500$ Commissioners, Bernard Mallet, E. E. N. Bower, each £1,200. This Department collects excise, estate duties, stamp duties, land tax, house duty, and property and income tax.

Judge-Advocate-General's Office, 7, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, 10 to 4. Judge Adv.-Ger., Rt. Hon. Sir F. H. Jeune, P.C., G.C.B. ; Deputy, Sir J. Scott, K.C.M.G.

Local Government Board, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. $£ 225,323$. President, Rt. Hon. Walter H. Long, M.P., 女2,000.

Secs. :-Permanent, Sir S. B. Provis, K.C.B., £ 1,800 ; Parly., J. Grant Lawson, M. P., , $\mathrm{r}, 200$.

## Mètropolitan Water Act Department.

Water Examiner. C. Perrin, M.Inst.C.E., £850; Auditor, A. Stoneham, $£ 650$.
The Central Department for Poor Law, Public Health, and other local matters, and nearly every local authority, is subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make bye-laws, \&c.
Lord Great Chamberlain's Office, Palace of Westminster, S.W. Hours, 11 to 4 Lord Great Chamb. (Joint Hereditary), Marquess of Cholmondeley, Earl of Ancaster, Earl Carrington, G.C.M.G.; Sec., Capt. T. D. Butler, foro Has the sole jurisdiction and charge over the Palace of Westminster. Under his control are the ceremonies of opening and proroguing Parliament, State Trials, and all State functions in Westminster Hall.
Lunacy Commission, 66, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, to to 5. Sat., ro to 2. GI5,140. Chairman, Earl Waldegrave Sec., Lionel L. Shadwell, $£ 800$ to $£ 1,000$. Supervises all lunatic asylums in England and Wales; grants licences for private asylums, and issues an Annual Report.
Meteorological Council, 63, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, to to 4 ; Sat., ro to 1 p.m. (general enquiries); $8.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 8 p.m. ; Sundays, 6 to 8 p.m. (telegraphic enquiries). £15,300. Chairman, Lt.-Genl. Sir R. Strachey, R.E., G.C.S.I. Sec., W. Napier Shaw, Sc.D., F.R.S. Collects statistics and issues forecasts of the weather. Sends information on payment of a fee of $6 d .$, in addition to cost of telegrams, to farmers and others, as to probable weather twenty-four hours in advance.

Mint, The, Tower Hill, E. Hours, 10 to 5 . Sat., io to 1. $£ 32,000$ (salaries). Master axd Worker, Chancellor of the Exchequer. Deputy (vacant), $£_{1,500}$. Mints the coinage of the realm, and issues an annual report thereon.

National Debt Office, Finsbury Pavement, E.C. Hours, to to 4. EI3,300 Compt.-Gen, $^{2}$ G. W. Hervey, C. B. $\mathrm{E} 1,500$ A ssistant ditto, W. Taylor, £1,000. Chief Clerk, A. T. King, 6800 This Office deals with Government Life Annuities

Ordnance Survey, Southampton. 6208,409 Director-Gen., Col. D. A. Johnston, R.E. This Department, under the Board of Agriculture, prepares maps and plans of the United Kingdom on various scales. Surveys are continually in progress (see also pp. 252-256 Brit. Almck. 190I)

Observatory (Royal), Greenwich Park, S.E. A stron. Roy., W. H. M. Christie, C.B., F.R.S., $£ \mathrm{I}, 000$; Chief A ssistants, F. W. Dyson, F.R.A.S., P. H. Cowell, F.R.A.S., 6600 each. The Astronomer Royal is under the control of the Admiralty. The fundamental work of the Observatory is undertaking meridian observations of sun, moon, planets and stars.

Patent Office (Board of Trade), 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C., Comptr.-Gen., C. N. Dalton, C.B., $£ 1,500$; Registrar of Designs and Trade Marks, R. Griffin, E1,000: Chief Examiner, H. Hatfield, Ex,000; Chiff Clerk, P. G. L. Webb, 8800 . Issues patents and registers Designs and Trade Marks. Camplete specifications, when accepted, are open to inspection by the public at the Office on payment of a fee of is.
Paymaster-General's Ofice, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Paymaster-Generat, Duke of Marlborough, K.G. (unpd.); Assist., C. J. Maude, $£ \mathrm{I}, 100$.

Post Offce, St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C.

L9,276,620, Postal ; Telegraphs, L $_{2,319,155 \text {; }}$ total net provision incl. of Packet Service, K, $14,751,98 \mathrm{o}$. Postmaster-Gen., J. Austen Chamberlain, M.P., $£ 2,500$; Sec., Sir G. H. Murray, K.C.B., £2,000. The Postmaster-Gen. is Parliamentary Head of the Office, which transacts money orders, savings bank, annuity, insurance and telegraphic business, as well as acting as the carrier of letters and parcels.
Prison Commission, Home Office. Chairman of Commissioners and Directors, Sir E. J. Ruggles Brise, K.C.B., EI, 800 ; Inspector and Secretary, Major E. G. Clayton, $£ 700$ to $£ 800$.

Privy Councll Ofilce, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, in to 5. £i3,898. Clerk, Almeric W. Fitzroy, £1,25a. Deputy Clerk and ChiefClerk, J. H. Harrison, £1,200; Registrar, E. S. Hope, C. B. The functions of State formerly exercised by the Council when it was a small body art now confined to the members of the Cabinet. There is a Judicial Committee for appeals, consisting of the President of the Council, the Lord Chancellor, and such members of the Council as may hold, or have held, certain high judicial offices.

Privy Seal Office, Downing Street, S.W. E2,77o. Lord Privy Seal, The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, M.P., $\notin 2,000$; Priv. Secs., J. S. Sandars, F. S. Parry, C.B., Viscount Newport. The Lord Privy Seal has the custody of the Privy Seal, which he must not put to any grant without good warrant under the Sovereign's signet.

Public Record Office, Chancery Lane, W.C. Hours, to to 4.30. Sats., to to 2. $f, 24,060$. Keeper of the Records, Master of the Rolls; Deputy, Sir H. C. Maxwell Lyte, K.C.B., F.S.A., $£_{1,100 ;}$ Sec., J. J. Cartwright, £600. Public Records and State Papers are preserved here, where they are open to public inspection.

Public Works Loan Board, Finsbury Pavement House, E.C. $£$ ro, 266 . Hours, to to 5. Sat., io to 3. Chairman, Sir Herbert Barnard; Sec., R. Philpot. The Board is empowered to grant loans to local authorities for burial grounds, the conservancy of rivers, main drainage works, docks, baths and washhouses, for improvements of towns, dwellings, lunatic asylums, \&c., and various sanitary purposes.

Queen Anne's Bounty, 3, Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. Sec. and Treasurer (vacant). Ch.ef Clerk, Wm. R. Le Fanu. This Depart-ment-is empowered to augment poor livings in the Church of England, and to assist clergy by loans, on security of the revenues of benefices, to build residences, \&c.
Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Great Scotland Yard, S.W. Inspector, J. G. Legge ; Chief Clerk, J. L. Heath.

Registrap-General's Office, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5. 662,824 . Reg.Gen., W. Cospatrick Dunbar, C.B., $£ 1,200$; Chief Clerk, N. A. Humphreys, Egoo. The Registrar-General controls the civil registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths (certified copies and registers being deposited at the General Register Office), and also supervises the decennial census.
Stationery Office, Storey's Gate, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. 6770,145 . Controller, T. Digby Pigott, C.B., $\mathrm{EI}_{\mathrm{I}, 500}$; A ssistant, E. P. Plowman, 6750 . The Controller superintends the issue of numerous official publications affecting the civil, naval, and military services.

Thames Conservancy, Victoria Embankment, E.C. Hours, so to 4 ; Sat., so to 2. Chair.
man, Sir F. D. Dixon-Hartland, Bart, M.P.; Sec., R. Philipion; Engincer, C. J. More, C.E. The Conservaturs maintain and regulate the navigation of the Thames, provide moorings for vessels, prevent the pollution of the river, and of all streams within its watershed. an area of 3,800 square miles, and undertake the preservation and improvement of the river generally.
Trade, Board of, Whitehall Gardens, S.W. Hours, io to 5. 2008 , ino. I'rididint, Kt. Hon. Gerald Balfour, M.P., \& 2, ooo ; Sics.-Permanent, Sir F. J.'S. Hopwood, K.C. B., C.M.G., Cir,500 to $\mathrm{fr}, 800$; Parly., Andrew Bonar Law, M. P., £ 1,200 .

Commercial, Labour, and Statistical Department, 43. Parliament Street. S.W.

Controller.-Gcn., Sir Alfred E. Bateman, K.C.M.G., $£_{1,200}$ to $£_{1,5(N)}$; Diputy Comt. and Lab. Commis., H. Lewellyn Smith, $£ 850$ to $£ 950$.

## Bankruptoy Department,

Horse Cuards Avenue, S.W. Ilours. io to 5. Inspec. (General, John Smith. C.B., 1,800 ; Inspectors, F. Wreford, E. Hough, W. Evans, £2,800.

## Patents, Designs, and Trade Marka,

Southawiton Buillings, w.c.
Compt.Gen., C. N. 1 julton, C.B., $£ \mathrm{I}, 200$ to § 1,500 .

## Registry of Shipping and Seamen, <br> Custom Houre, Thames Strect.

Reg.-Gen. of Seamen, H. N. de M. Malan, \& 700 to $£ 800$.
The Commercial Department deals with tariffs, treaties, labour questions, statistics, \&c. The Railway Department inspects railways before opening, inquires into railway accidents, investigates complaints as to hours of work of railway servants, approves railway and canal bye-laws, authorises the construction of railways, and issues orders authorising tramways and light railways. The Fisheries and Harbour Department deals with freshwater and sea fisheries, pier and harbour works, and works on tidal land, also with electric lighting, gas, and water undertakings; the Marine Department mainly with administration of Merchant Shipping Acts; the Bankruptcy Department with insolvent companies, \&c.; the Finance Department with merchant seamen's savings bank, lighthouse accounts, joint stock companies, life assurance, \&c.
Treasury, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, in to 6. E93,651. Fi,st Lord, Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, M.P., $€_{5}, 000$; Chan. of the Exchequer, Charles T. Ritchie, M.P., $\mathrm{L}_{5}, 000$; Joint Secs. - Patron. age, Sir A. Acland-Hood, Bart., M.P., £2,000; Financial, W. Hayes-Fisher, M. P., $\mathscr{E}_{2}, \infty$, ; Permanent, Sir Francis Mowatt, G.C.B., $\neq 2,500$. Controls the management, collection, and expenditure of public revenue; and exercises general control and supervision over all other public departments.
Trinity House, Tower Hill, E.C. Hours, Io to 4. Master, H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G.; Deputy Master, Capt. George R. Vyvyan; Sec., Charles A. Kent. The Trinity House is the General Lighthouse Authority for England, and the Chief Pilotage Authority of the King. dom.
War Office, Pall Mall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. St. John Brodrick, M.P., 65,000 ; Financial Sec., Lord Stanley, M.P., $\mathrm{EI}_{1,500 \text {; Under-Secs.-Permanent, Col. }}$ Sir E. W. D.' Ward, K.C.B., $£ 2,000$; Parly., Lord Raglan, $£_{1,500}$; Accountant-Gen., F. T. Marzials, C.B., $\mathfrak{E}$ I,500. The Army Services a
under the administrative control of the Sec. of State, to whom the Heads of Departments are responsible.

Woods and Forests, 1 \& 2, Whitehall Place, S. W. Hours, 10 to 5. $£ 22,135$. Commissioners, E. Stafford Howard, C.B., J. F. F. Horner, each EI,200. This Department administers woods, forest, mines, \&c., on the Crown lands.

Works and Public Buildings, Storey's Gate, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. £59,650. First Commissioner, Lord Windsor, £2,000; Sec., Hon. Sir Schomberg McDonnell, K.C.B., C.V.O., £r,200; Principal Clerks, J. Willis, J. Fitzgerald, and W: J. Downer, $£ 600$ to E8oo. The Commissioners have control of Government Buildings and Royal Parks and Pleasure Gardens.

## SCOTLAND.

Secretary for Scotland's Office, Dover House, Whitehall, S.W., and Parliament Square, Edinburgh. $£_{37,549 .}{ }^{\circ}$ Sec., Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T., $\not 2,000$; Under-Sec., Reginald MacLeod, C.B., $£ 1,500$. Business connected with Scotland is transacted in this Office,

Education Department, Dover House, Whitehall, S.W. £r,407,712. Administration (including inspection), $£ 57,982$. Sec., Sir Henry Craik, K.C.B., LL.D., Et,500; A ssist-Secs., J. Struthers, $£ 900$ to $£ \mathrm{I}, 200$, and $G$. Todd, $£ 65^{\circ}$ to $£ 900$. Deals with all educational matters in Scotland in same way as the Board of Education does in England.

Local Government Board, 125, George Street, Edinburgh. Hours, 9.30 to 4.30 ; Saturday, 9.30 to 1. £13,945. Pres., The Sec. for Scotland, ex officio; Chairman, M. McNeill, C.B. ; Sec., G. Falconar-Stewart. The central department for public health, poor law, and other local matters in Scotland ; local authorities are subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make bye-laws, \&c.

General Register House, Edinburgh. 68,280. Keeper of the Records and Reg.-Gen., Sir Stair Agnew, K.C.B., advocate, $£ \mathrm{x}, 200$; Deputy Keeper of the Records, M. Livingstone, £600. The Registrar-General collects and issues statistics of births, marriages, and deaths in Scotland, and arranges the decennial census.

Office of Works, 3, Parliament Square, Edinburgh. Surveyor for Scotland, W. W. Robertson; Clerk, G. W. Jupp. This Department ihas control of Government buildings and royal parks.

Law Officials. Lord Justice Gen., Rt. Hon. Lord Kinross; Lord Justice Clerk, Rt. Hon. J. H. A. Macdonald, C.B.; Lord Advocate, Rt. Hon. A. Graham Murray, K.C., M.P., $£ 5,000$; Solicitor-Gen., C. S. Dickson, K.C., £2,000; Advocates Deppute, C. K. Mackenzie, J. A. Fleming, and A. L. M'Clure, $£ 700$ each; Crown Agent, W. J. Dundas, W.S., E $1,300$.
Other Scottish Officials. Hered. Grand Constable, Earl of Erroll; Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, Earl of Leven and Melville ; Lord Clerk Register, Duke of Montrose, K. T. ; Hered. Master of the Household, Duke of Argyll, K.T.; Hered. Standard Bearer, Earl of Lauderdale; Hereditary Keeper of Holyrood Palace, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon; Lord High Commis., The Earl of Leven and Melville; Reg.-Gen. and Dep. Keeper of Great Seal, Sir Stair Agnew, K.C.B. ; Dean of the Thistle, J. Cameron Lees, D.D.; Com. of the Forces, Lt. Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, K.C.B.

IRELAND.
Irlsh Secretary's Ofice, Old Queen Street, S.W., and the Castle, Dublin. Hours, 10 to 5 £26,355. Lord Lieutenant, Earl of Dudley, (t20,000; ChiefSec. to the L. L., Rt. Hon. George Wyndham, M.P., $£ 4,425$; Under-Sec., Rt Hon Sir David Harrel, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., £2,000. The Lord Lieutenant represents the Sovereign, and all business connected with Ireland is transacted in this Department.

Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction, Upper.Merrion Street, Dublin. £159,385. Vice-President, Rt. Hon. H. C. Plun-
 Department aids and develops agriculture, rural industries, and sea and inland fisheries; and promotes Technical Instruction. It administers the Parliamentary grant for Science and Art in Ireland, and is the Central Authority under the Acts for the prevention of the spread of contagious diseases in animals, and has power under various Acts regulating food and markets.

General Prisons Board. Chairmarh, J. S. Gibbons, C.B., £r,200. Vice-Chairmese, J. Mulhall, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{I}, 000$, and Stewart Woodhouse, M.D., £900.

Local Government Board, Custom Howse, Dublin. $£ 78,03 \mathrm{I}$. President, Chief Sec to the Lord Lieutenant ; Vice-President, Sir Henry A. Robinson, K.C.B. ; Sec., H. M. Swaine, E900 The Central Department in Ireland for poor law, public health, and other local matters; most local authorities are subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make byelaws, etc.

National Education, Tyrone House, Marlborough Street, Dublin. £I, 305,771. Administration, £25,997. Resident Commr., W. J. M. Starkie, Litt.D., $£ 1,500$; Senior Sec., Alexr. Hamilton, $f 1,000$; Sec., P. E. Lemass. Deals with all educational matters in Ireland in same way as the Board of Education does in England.

Public Works Board, Custom House, Dublin. \&38,827. Chairman, George C. V. Holmes, £ 1,500 ; Sec., H. Williams, $£ 700:$ Assist.-Sec., Geo. E. Shanahan, £600 The Board has control of Government buildings and royal parks in Ireland.

Registrap-General's Ofilce, Charlemont House, Dublin. $621,377$. Regis.-Gen, Robert E. Matheson, LL.D., B.L., $\in 1,000$; Sec. and Assist., Robert J. Brew, 6600 to 6800 Records of births, marriages, and deaths are preserved and indexed here. The Reg.-Gen. issues statistics of birtlis, etc., and collects and compiles the emigration statistics of Ireland. He also reports on the judicial statistics, and superintends the taking of the decennial census.

Law Ofincials. Lord Chancellor, Rt. Hon. Lord Ashbourne; Master of the Rolls, Rt. Hon. Sir Andrew M. Porter, Bart. ; Vice-Chanc., Rt Hon. H. E. Chatterton; Lord Chief Justice, Rt. Hon. Lord O'Brien; Lord Chief Baron, Rt. Hon. Chris. Palles; Attomey-Gen., Rt. Hon. J. Atkinson, K.C., M.P. ; Solicitor-Generah James H. M. Campbell, K.C.

Other Irish Officials. Assist.-UnderSec. and Clerk of Privy Council, Sir James B. Dougherty, C.B.; State Steward, The Lord Lurgan; Comptroller, The Lord Langford, K.C.V.Ȯ. ; Gentleman Usher, Sir John Olphert; Chamberlair, Lt.-Col. Sir Gerald R. Dease, C.V.O.; Ulster King of Arms, Sir A. Vicars, C.V.O., F.S.A. ; Dean of the Chapel, Very Rev. H. H. Dickinson, D.D.; Com. of the Forees F.M. H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P.

## HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT.

Prime Minister, Lord Privy Seal, and First Lord of the Treasury, Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., $£ 5,000$.

Lord Chancellor, Earl of Halsbury, $£ 10,000$.

President of the Board of Education, Marquess of Londonderry, K. G., £5,000.

Chancellor of the Exchequer, Charles T. Ritchie, M. P., $£ 5,000$.

Chancellor of Duchy of Lanc., Sir W. H. Walrond, Bart., M.P., $\notin 2,000$.

Secretaries of State ( $£ 5,000$ each): Foreign, The Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G.-Home, A. Akers-Douglas, M.P. -Colonial, J. Chamberlain, M.P.War, W. St. John Brodrick, M.P.India, Lord George Hamilton, M.P.

First Lord of Admiralty, The Earl of Selborne, $£ 4,500$.

President of the Board of Trade, Gerald Balfour, M.P., $£ 2,000$.

President I.ocal Government Board, Walter H. Long, M.P., $£ 2,000$.

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Earl of Dudley, K.G., £20,000.

Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Lord Ashbourne, $£ 8,000$.

Chief Secretary for Scotland, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T., $£ 2,000$.

First Commissioner of Works, Lord Windsor, £2,000.

President of the Board of Agriculture, R. W. Hanbury, M.P., £2,000.

Chief Sec. for Ireland, George Wyndham, M.P.

Lord Adv. of Scotland, And. Graham Murray, K.C.

Postmaster-General, J. Austen Chamberlain, M.P.
${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ The Ministry is in course of reconstruction at time of going to press; above includes alterations to date.

## ADMINISTRATIONS OF THE PAST CENTURY. SHOWING DURATION, POLITICS, \&c.



| Date. | Prime Minister. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mar. 17, 1801 | Henry Addington. |
| May 15, 1804. | William Pitt |
| Feb: 11, 1806 | Lord Grenville |
| Mar. 31, 1807 | Duke of Portland |
| Dec. 2, 180 | Spencer Perceval |
| June 9, 1812 | Earl of Liverpool |
| April 24, 1827. | George Canning |
| Sept. 5, 1827 ......... | Viscount Goderich |
| Jan. 25, 1828......... | Duke of Wellington. |
| Nov. 22, 1830 | Earl Grey |
| July 18, 1834......... | Viscount Melbour |
| Dec. 26, 1834......... | Sir Robert Peel |
| April 18, 1835. | Viscount Melbou |
| Sept. 6, 1841. | Sir Robert Peel |
| July 6, 1846. | Lord J. Russell |
| Feb. 27, 1852 | Earl of Derby.. |
| Dec. 28, 1852........ | Earl of Aberd |
| Feb. 10, 1855......... | Lord Palmerston |
| Feb. 25, 1858. | Earl of Derby. |
| June 18, 1859......... | Lord Palmerston |
| Nov. 6, 1865........ | Earl Russell . |
| July 6, 1866........... | Earl of Derby |
| Feb. 27, 1868.......... | B. Disraeli . |
| Dec. 9, 1868 | W. E. Gladstone |
| Feb. 21, 1874.......... | \{B. Disraeli (E. of Beacons- |
| April 28, 1880... | W. E. Gladstone |
| June 24, 1885........ | Marg. of Salisbury |
| Feb, 1, 1886.......... | W. E. Gladstone |
| July 26, 1886......... | Marq. of Salisbury |
| Aug. 18, 1892. | W. E. Gladstone |
| Mar. 3, 1894. | Earl of Rosebery |
| June 29, 1895 | Marq. of Salisbury |
|  | Marq, of Salisbury |
| ftily 14 | Arthur J. Balfour |


| Chancellor of Exchequer. |  | Duration. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Yrs. | Dys. |
| Henry Addington..... | C | 3 | 9 |
| \{ William Pitt................ $\}$ | C | 1 | 272 |
| (Ld. Ellenborough ........) | C | 1 | 48 |
| Spencer Perceval | C | 2 | 246 |
| Spencer Perceval | C | 2 | 190 |
| $\{$ N. Vansittart .............. $\}$ | C | 14 | 319 |
| (F. J. Robinson ..........) $\}$ |  |  |  |
| George Canning | L | $\ldots$ | 134 |
| J. C. Herries | L |  | 142 |
| Henry Goulburn | C | 2 | 301 |
| Visct. Althorpe | L | 3 | 238 |
| Visct. Althorpe | L | $\ldots$ | 161 |
| Sir Robert Peel | C | ... | 113 |
| \{ T. Spring Rice.............. $\}$ | L | 6 | 141 |
| (F. T. Baring Henry Goulburn | C | 4 | 303 |
| Sir Chas. Wood | L | 5 | 236 |
| B. Disraeli | C |  | 305 |
| W. E. Gladston | L | - | 44 |
| $\{$ W. E. Gladstone........... $\}$ | L | 3 | 15 |
| (Sir G. C. Lewis .. .........) | $L$ | 3 | 113 |
| B. Disraeli ..... | C | 1 | 113 |
| W. E. Gladstone | L | 6 | 141 |
| W. E. Gladstone | L | ... | 242 |
| B. Disraeli | C | 1 | 236 |
| G. Ward Hunt | C | ... | 286 |
| $\{$ Robert Lowe .............. $\}$ | L | 5 | \%4 |
| W. E. Gladstone............. | $L$ | 5 | 14 |
| Sir S. Northcote ............. | C | 6 | 67 |
| $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { W. E. Gladstone............ } \\ \text { H. C. E. Childers ...... }\end{array}\right\}$ | L | 5 | 57 |
| (H. C. E. Childers $\qquad$ Sir M. E. H. Beach. $\qquad$ | L | $\checkmark$ | 227 |
| Sir W. Harcourt | L |  | 178 |
| \{Ld. R. Churchill............ \} |  |  |  |
| \{ G. J. Goschen ............... \} | C | 6 | 15 |
| Sir W. Harcourt | L | 1 | 193 |
| Sir W. Harcourt | L | 1 | 121 |
| Sir M. H. Beach | U | 5 | 88 |
| Sir M. H. Beach | Uir | al to | 292 |
| C. T. Ritchie.....wathe | U |  |  |

Those marked thus * are Privy Councillors in England; marked thus \& are Privy Councillors in Ireland; (the word in Jarentheses is the Scottish or Irish title ;) $\dagger$ Minors ; $\|$ Roman Catholic Peers. ABBREVIATIONS : D. Duke; M. Marquess ; E. Earl ; V. Viscount; L. Lord. (S. or I. after title indicates Scotch or Irish.)
POLITICS: The letters in heavy type show politics as follows:-C Conservative; U Liberal Unionist; L Liberal ; I Independent.
,Accession.


ROYAL PRINCES.
*George Ernest Frederick Albert, Duke of Cornwall and York, K.G., b. 1865 (Prince of Wales, 1901)..............................................................
*§Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught, K.G., b. $1850 . . . . . . .$. $\dagger$ Leopold Charles Edward George, Duke of Albany, b. 1884., *RGeorge William Frederick Charles, Duke of Cambridge, K.G., b. 1819.

ARCHBISHOPS.
*Frederick Temple, D.D., C, Archbishop of Canterbury, b. i821.
${ }^{*}$ William D. Maclagan, D.D., U, Archbishop of York, b. 1826.
Accession.
1892
1874

| 1874 |
| :--- |
| $\times 884$ |

1884
1850

## DUKES.

Names.
Creation Title of
 $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { 1900. } \\ \text { Argyll, } \\ \text { G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O. U. U. }\end{array}\right\}^{*}$ John D. S. Camphell, b. $1845 \ldots$ 1899 Beaufort. C H. A. W. FitzRoy Somerset, b. 1847 1893 Bedford, K.G....... 1895

1891
crea.
Fife, I.E., K.T.,G.C.V.........
crea.
I882
Grafton, K. G.....................

1895 Leeds. S.V. (Dunblane).......
1892 Manchester......................

1892 Marlborough, K.G................
1879 Newcastle...............................

1861 Norfolk, K.G......................
1899 Northumberland, K.G........
1860 Richmond \& Gordon, S.D., K.G., D.C.L. (Lennox)..... Rutland, K. G..................... 1888 1898 1894 Somerset............................
1892 Sutherland, S.E., K.G...... 1892 Sutherland, S.E., K.G....... 1900 Wellington, I.E., K.G., $\}$ $\underset{\text { G.C.V.O. }}{\text { Gestminster }}$ (Mornington) .... C $\mathbf{C}$
$\stackrel{H}{\mathbf{L}}$
$\qquad$ Aerbrand A. Russell, b. 1858.......... Alfred Douglas-Hamilton, b. 1862....
Ernest Augustus, b. 1845
*§S. C. Cavendish, b. 1833 $\qquad$
${ }^{*}$ §S. C. Cavendish, b. $1833 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .$.
Aup Chas I 1889 Aug. Chas. L. FitzRoy, b. 1821...... 1675 G. Godolphin Osborne, b. 1862 ....... 1694 W. A. Drogo Montagu, b. 1877 ...... 1719 *C. R. J. Spencer-Churchill, b. $1871 \quad 1702$ H. P. A. Pelham Clinton, b. $1854 \ldots 1756$ *\|H. Fitz-Alan-Howard, b. 1847........ 1483 *Henry G. Percy, b. 1846.

1766
1716

* C. H. Gordon-Lennox, b. 1818........ 1675 *John Manners, b. 1818.................... 1703 C. V. A. de Vere Beauclerk, b. 18701683 Algernon St. Maur, b. 1846............ 1546 C. S. Leveson-Gower, b. 1851 .......... 1833 Arthur C. Wellesley, b. 1849.......... 1814 Hugh R. A. Grosvenor, b. 1879...... 1874 MARQUESSES.MARQUESSES.

1694
1711
1799
1889



1894 Ailesbury

$C_{C}^{C}{ }^{C}$, 6... Wiliam Nevill, b. $1826 \ldots \ldots . . . .$. 1876 Arch. Kennedy, b. 1847.................. 1831 Henry Cyril Paget, b. 1875 . 5..... Thomas H. Thynne, b. $1862 . . . . . . . .$. L *Gavin Campbell, b. 1851. b. $18 . . . . . . . .$. Fred. Wm. Jno. Hervey, b. $1834 . . .$. C \|John Crichton-Stuart, b. 188ı .......... John Charles Pratt, b. 1872 .......... 1796 C *G. H. H. Cholmondeley, b. 1858. T. J. Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood, b. 1866.
w T B. 186.......................... C W. T. Brownlow Cecil, b. 1876. C *Hugh de G. Seymour, b. 1843......... C ${ }^{*}$ John Adrian L. Hope, b. $1860 . . . . . .$. $\mathbf{U}\}^{*}$ H. C. K. Fitz-Maurice, b. $1845 \ldots . .$.
U Constantine C. H. Phipps, b. 1846...
L W. G. S. S. Compton, b. $1851 . . . . . .$.
L $\|^{*}$ G. F. S. Robinson, b. 1827. $\qquad$

C U U
C Henry W. M. Paulet, b. 1862 .........

C *Lenry W. M. Paulet, b. 1862 .......... 155 I

1790 1821 . 1812

1892
1682
E. Arun. and Sur.
E. Percy
M. Titchfield
E. March
M. Granby
E. Burford
L. Seymour
M. Stafford
M. Douro
E. Grosvenor
M. Hamilton

Earl of Lewes
E. Cardigan
E. Cassillis
E. Uxbridge
V. Weymouth -
V. Tay
E. Jermyn
E. Dumfries
E. Brecknock
E. Rocksavage
V. Clandeboye
L. Burghley

1793 E. Yarmouth
1902 L. Hope
1784 E. Kerry
1838 E. Mulgrave
1812 E. Compton
1871 E. deGrey\&Rip
1789 V. Cranborne
1786 V. Raynham
155 E E. Wileshire
1892 R

EARLS.



| 1878 | Ashbernham |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1885 | Aylesford |
| 1892 | Bathurst |
| 1891 | Beauchamp, K.C.M.G. |
| 1888 | Berkeley. |
| 1898 | Bradford |
| 1867 | Brownlow |
| 1885 | Buckinghamshire |
| 1873 | Cadogan, K.G. |
| 1890 | Cairns |
| 1867 | Camperdowu |
| 1889 | Carlisle |
| 1890 | Carnarvon |
| crea. | Carrington, I.B., G.C |
| 1859 | Cathcart, S.B. .... |
| 1898 | Cazudor |
| 1887 | Chesterfield |
| 1902 | Chichester |
| 1870 | Clarendon. |
| 1881 | Cottenham |
| 1843 | Coventry |
| 1895 | Cowley |
| 1856 | Cowper,S.B., K.G.(Din |
| crea. | Cranbrook, G.C.S.I. |
| 1883 | Craven |
| crea. | Cre |
| crea. | Cromer, G.C.B., G. |

 1897
1896
crea.
1892
Delawarr........................... $\mathbf{C}$ B. (Cremorne) Denbigh, I.E. (Desmond)
... C
Derby, K. G., G.C.B.
Devon. Doncaster, S.D., K. G., K.T.
(Buccleuch)
Ducie.
h) .

Dudlcy .................................. U C
1885
1898
crea
1854
1862
1892
1859
crea

1861
1881 Gainsborough ............................ C
1875 Graham, S.D., K.T. (Mont-

1874 Hillsborough, I.M. (Down-

1859 Jersey, I.V., G.C.B., G.C.M. G. (Grandison)
G. C. Bridgeman, b. $1845 \ldots$
*A. W. Cust, b. 1844
C
Herbert J. Cairns, b. 1863

* Evelyn Baring, b. 1841
* 

C
C
Durham

Hugh Fortescue, b. 1818
W. F. J. Hastings, b. 1868
$\|$ Montagu, Arthur Bertie, b. 1836
Creation. 1682 1696

 $\left\{{ }^{*}\right.$ G. H. Heathcote - Drummond $\cdot$ Willoughby, b. 1830 .................. $\}$ L ||Bertram Ashburnham, b. 1840.......... 1730
C. W. Finch, b. 1851 ...................... 1714

Seymour H. Bathurst, b. $1864 \ldots \ldots . .11772$
William Lygon, b. $1872 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . .$.
R. T. M. Berkeley, b. $1865 \ldots \ldots . . . .$.

Sydney C. Hobart-Hampden, b. 1860
*George Henry Cadogan, b. $1840 . . . .$.
R. A. P. Haldane-Duncan, b. 1841 ...

George J. Howard, b. 1843.
43 b. 1866 .
G. E. S. Molyn. Herbert, b. 1866 ..
${ }^{*}$ Chas. Robert Carrington, b. 1843 .
*Chas. Robert Carrington, b. $1843 \ldots$
F: A. Vaug. Campbell, b. 1847 …...
Edwin F. Stanhope, b. $1854 \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots .$.
Rev. Francis G. Pelham, b. $1844 \ldots$... 1801
*Edward Hyde Villiers, b. 1846 ...... 1776
Kenelm C. E. Pepys, b. $1874 \ldots . . . . .1850$
*George W. Coventry, b. $183^{8}$............ 1697
Henry A. M. Wellesley, b. $1866 \ldots . . .1857$
*F. T. de Grey Cowper, b. $1834 \ldots . .1718$
*G. Gathorne-Hardy, b. 1814 ......... 1892
W. G. R. Craven, b. $1868 \ldots$
${ }^{*}$ R. O. A. Crewe-Milnes, b. $1858 \ldots .$.
*Wm. Heneage Legge, b. $18_{51} \ldots \ldots .$.
Vesey Dawson b
Gilbert G. W. Sackville, b. 1869....... 176ı
Cornwallis Maude, b. $181_{17}$............ 1886
$\{\|$ Rudolph Robert Basil A. A. Feild- $\}$
*Frederick A. Stanley, b. 1841 ........... 1485
Rev. H. H. Courtenay, b. 1811 ......
$\}^{*}$ W. H. W. M. D. Scott, b. $1831 \ldots \ldots$
*H. J. Reynold Moreton, b. 1827 ...
William Ward, b, 867 1837
J. G. Lambton, b. $1855 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . .1833$

Henry A. G. Howard, b. 1866.......... 1837
Wilbraham T. Egerton, b. 1832 ......
John Scott, b. $1845 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
F. C. Granv. Egerton, b. 1847 ...... 1846
G. D. de Vere Capell, b. $1857 \ldots \ldots .$. 166r

Sewallis Ed. Shirley, b. 1847 ……... 1711
W. Ernest Duncombe, b. $1829 \ldots . . . . .1868$
W. C. de M. W. FitzWilliam, b. 1872

1746
1789
1841
${ }_{1} 722$
D. Graham, b. 1852 .........................
G. G. Leveson-Gower, b. 1872 ...... 1833
A. H. G. Grey, b. 1851 ....................

1806
George Fran. North, b. 1876 .......... 1752
*Hardinge S. Giffard, b. 1825 .......... 1898
Albert Edward Yorke, b. $1867 \ldots \ldots . . .1754$
Henry U. Lascelles, b. 1846............ 1812
Charles A. Stanhope, b. 1844 .......... 1742
J. Henry Dudley Ryder, b. 1864 ... 1809
A. W. Hill, b. 1871.........................

1772
G. R. P. Curzon-Howe, b. 1861...... 1821

1529
W. Stafford Northcote, b. 1845 ...... 1885
*H. E. Fox-Strangways, b. 1847 …... 1756
H. J. Innes-Ker, b. 1876 ............... 1837

1837
1697
1866

Title of Eldest Son.
L. Norreys
V. Bury
V. Holmesdale
L. Willoughby
d'Eresby
V. St. Asaph
L. Guernsey
L. Apsley
V. Elmley
V. Dursley
V. Newport
V. Alford
L. Hobart
V. Chelsea
V. Garmoyle
V. Duncan
V. Morpeth
L. Porchester
V. Wendover
L. Greenock
V. Emlyn
L. Stanhope
L. Pelham
L. Hyde
V. Crowhurst
V. Deerhurst
V. Dangan
V. Fordwich
L. Medway
V. Uffington
L. Houghton
V. Errington
V. Lewisham
L. Cremorne
V. Cantelupe
V. Hawarden
V. Feilding
L. Stanley
L. Courtenay
E. Dalkeith
L. Moreton
V. Ednam
V. Lambton
L. Howard
V. Salford
V. Encombe
V. Brackley
V. Malden
V. Tamworth
V. Helmsley
V. Milton
V. Ebrington
V. Campden
M. Graham
L. Leveson
V. Howick
L. North
V. Tiverton
V. Royston
V. Lascelles
V. Petersham
V. Sandon
E. Hillsborough
V. Curzon
L. Hastings
V. St. Cyres
L. Stavordale
M. Bowmont
V. Villiers


## VISCOUNTS.




Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1899 Esher ......... U Reginald B. Brett,C.B., 1899 Exmouth.... C +Edward A. H Pellew, b. 3800 1816 1889 Falssosth, U Elvn. E. T. Boscawen, C.B. b. 1847 .................. 1720 1870 Gordon, S.E.L*John C. Hamilton(Aberdeen) Gordon, b. ${ }^{1847 \ldots . . . .}$, ${ }^{*}$ Goschen .....U*George J. Goschen, crea. Goscher ......U*George J. Goschen, b. 1831 .................. 1900 1895 Gough ..........I Hugh Gough, b. ${ }^{1849}$.................... ${ }^{1849}$ 1885 Halifax ......U Charles L̈............... $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lindley Wood, } \\ & \text { b. } 1839 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\ & 1866\end{aligned}$ 1892 Hampders ...U Henry R. Brand, b. $184 x 1884$ 1894 Hardinge ... C Henry Charles Hardinge, b. 1857 ......... 1855 Hereford ....C Robert Devereux, b. 1846
1843........................... 1549 1895 Hill I Rowland R. CleggHill, b. 1863 ......... 1842
1846 Hood, I. B...C Francis Wheler Hood,
b. 1838 ................ 1796 $1900 \begin{gathered}\text { Hutchinson, C R. W.….......... } \\ \text { I. E. (Do- } \\ \text { Hutchinson, b. } 1875 \\ \text { 1821 }\end{gathered}$ noughmore)

Acces. Title. Politics.
crea. Kitchener of I Horatio H. Kitchener, Khartoum b. 1850. Crea. G.C.B.,G.C.M.G.
crea. Knutsford, C*Henry T. Holland, G.C.M.G. b. 1825 ...................

1893 Leinster,I.D. +Maurice Fitzgeraid, 1747
1893 Leinster,I.D. +Maurice Fitzgeraid, 1747
1895
crea. Llandaff ....C*\| $\begin{gathered}\text { Henry } \\ \text { b. } 1826 \\ \text {.................. } 1895\end{gathered}$
1886 Melville ......C Henry Dundas, b. 1835 ................... 1802
crea. Milner, C*Alfred Milner, b. 18541902 G.C.B.
crea. Peel............U*A. W. Peel, b. 1829... 1895 1888 Portman ...U W. H. Berkeley-Portman, b. 1829 .......... 1873 crea. Ridley ........C*Matthew White Rid. ley, b. 1842 ............ 1900 1885 St. Vincent C Carnegie Parker Jervis, b. 1855 ....... 1801 1864 Sidmouth ...C W. Wells Addington, b. 1824................... 1805 1889 Torrington... †George Master Byng,


## BISHOPS.

| Title. | Name. | pptd. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lordon, *A. F. Winnington-Ingra |  |
|  | D.D. I, b. 18 | 8 1901 |
|  | Durham, H. C. G. Moule, D.D. |  |
|  | Winchester, P T Davidson b. 18 | 1901 |
|  | Wirchester, R.T. Davidson, D. <br> b. 184818 | 5 |
| ath | and Wells, G. W. Kennion, D. D |  | Bath and Wells, G. W. Kennion, D.D., b. 18451894 Carlisle, J. W. Bardsley, D.D. I, b. 18351892 Chester, F. J. Jayne, D.D. .....U, b. 18451889 Ckichester, E. R. Wilberforce, D.D., I,

b. 1840 1882, tr. 1895 Ely, Lord A. Compton, D.D. ...U, b. 18251886 Gloucester, C. J. Filicott, D.D. C, b. 18191863 Hereford, John Percival, D.D....R, b. 18341895 Lickfield, Hon. A. Legge, D.D. C, b. 18391891

Name. Apptd. Lincols, E. King, D.D. ............U, b. 18291885 Llandrff, R. Lewis, D.D. .........I, b. 18211883 M1anchester, J. Moorhouse, D.D. I, b. 18261886 Newcastle, Edgar Jacob, D.D. ...I, b. 18441895 Norwich, J. Sheepshanks............I, b. 18341893 Peterborough, Hon. E. Carr Glyn, D. D. I,
b. 18431896

Ripon, W. B. Carpenter, D.D...U, b. 18411884 Rockester, E. S. Talbot, D.D. ...I, b. 18441895 St. Albans, J. W. Festing, D.D. U, b. 18371890 St. A saph, A. G. Edwards, D.D. U, b. 18481889 Salisbury, John Wordsworth......U, b. 18431885 Southwell, G. Ridding, D.D. ...U, b. 18281884 Truro, J. Gott, D.D. ............... I, b. 1830 1891 No vote-S. \& Man, N.D. J. Straton, D. D.
b. 18401892

## BARONS.

Acces. Title. Politics. $\quad$ R. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Name. } \\ & \text { Abercromby }\end{aligned}$ 1852 Aber-U G. R. Abercromby, cromby b. 8838 .................. 1801 1805 Aber-L Henry C. Bruce, b. dare 1851 ….................

1873 1892 Abinger ......C Jas. Y. M. Scarlett, b. 1871 .................... b. $1870 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$. 1842 ..................... 1842 He................ b. 181g ................. b. 1825 .................... 1876 crea. Allerton......C*William L................. 1876 crea. Allerton......C*William L. Jackson ... G.C.M.G. crea. Amherst ...C W.A. Tyssen Amherst, b. 1835 ................... 1892 1884 A mpthill, $U$ Oliver A. V............., Russell, 1892
G.C.I.E.
b. 1869............... 1881 1888 Arraly ......U Luke White, b. 1857 1863 crea Ardilaus ...C' Arthur E. Guinness, b. 1840 .................. 1862 A rurdell of $\mathrm{C} \|$ John Francis Arundell, b. 1831 ........... 1605 crea. A shbourne...C*gEdward Gibson, b. 1889 A shbourton C Francis D. E. E. Baring, b. 1866

1885
1835

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. Acces.
crea. $A$ shcombe
... $C^{*}$ George Cubitt, b. 1828 rea. 1892 crea. A shton ....... J. Williamson, b. 18421895 crea. A vebury......U* John Lubbock, b.
 1887 Bagot ........C William Bagot, b. 18571783 crea. Balinhard; C Jas. Carnegie, b. 18271869 S.E., K.T. (Southesk).

1891 Barmard.....U H. de Vere Vane, b. 1854 ..................... 1699
crea. Barrymore C*A. H. Smith-Barry ... 1902 1894 Basing ......C G. L. Sclater Booth, b. 1860 ................. 1887

1901 Bateman ....C W. S. Bateman-Han- 1837 crea. Battersea ...L Cyril Flower, b. 18431892 1880 Belper.........U* Henry Strutt, b. 1840 1856 1897 Berzvick ......C T. H. Noel-Hill, b. 1884 crea. Blythswood C Archibald Campbell,
b. $1835 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
182 1895 Bolton.........C W. T. Orde-Powlett, b. $1845 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .$. 1877 Boston.........C George Florance.......... 1797
b. 1860 .............. 1761 1874 Botreaux, C C. E. Abney-Hastings, S.E. (Loudoun) b. 1855 .........
Bowes, S.E.C Claude Bowes Lyon, (Strathmore) b. 1824 ................... 1887

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1856 Boyle, I.E., L*R.St. Lawrence Boyle, K.P. (Cork \& Orr) $\quad$ b. 1829 ...... 1711 1893 Brabourne...C E. Knatchbull-Hugessen, b. $1857 \ldots . . . . . .$. . 1880 crea. Brampton ... C*\|Henry Hawkins, b. 18171899 1872 Brancepeth C G. Hamilton-Russell, I. V. (Boyne) b. 1830 ................... 1866
crea. Brassey, L Thomas Brassey, b. K.C.B. 1836 ...................... 1886

1902 Braybrooke C Rev. Latimer Neville, b. $1827 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .$. . 1788

1879 Braye .........U\|A. T. T. Verney-Cave, b. $1849 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

1870 Brodrick: C William Brodrick, b. I.V. (Midleton), 1830 ..................... 1796

1886 Brougham U H. C. Brougham, b. ant Vaux 1836 ..................... 1860 crea. Burghclere L. H. H. Gardner, b. 18461895 crea. Burton ......U Michael A. Bass, b. 18371886
1870 Byron .........C George F. W. Byron, b. $1855 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .1643$

1893 Calthorpe ...C A.C.Gough Calthorpe, b. 1829 .................. 1796

1897 Camoys ......... $\|\|$ Ralph F. J. Stonor, b. $188_{4}$................ 1384

1881 Carew, I. B. U Robert S. G. J. Carew, b. 1860................... 1838

1890 Carleton, C Richard Henry Boyle, 1786 1872 Carysfort, C William Proby, b. 1836 1801
${ }_{1883}$ Castletown U B. E. B. Fitzpatrick, b. 1848 .................. 1869

1887 Chaworth, U §Reginald Brabazon, I.E. (Meath) b. 1841 ................... 1831

1878 Chelmsford, C Frederick A. Thesiger,

1882 Chesham ...U*Chas.C.W.Cavendish, $\begin{aligned} & \text { b. } 1850^{\circ} \text {................... } 1858\end{aligned}$ 1858

1902 Cheylesmore C H. F. Eaton, b. 1848 1887
1876 Churston ...CJohn Yarde-Buller, b. 1846 .................... 1858
1897 Clanbrasil, I W. H. Jocelyn, b. 1842 1821 I.E. (Roden)

1879 Clanwilliam,C Richard J. Meade, b. I.E., G.C.B., K.C.M.G., 1832 ...... 1828 1892 Clements, $I . E$. . Charles Clements, b. (Leitrim) $\mathbf{~}{ }^{1879}$ H....................
1880 Clifford of U\|L. H. H. Clifford, b. ${ }^{\text {Chudleigh }} 1851$.................. 1672
1900 Clifton, I.E. C Ivo F. W. Bligh, b. (Darnley) C ${ }^{1859 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~} 1608$
1866 Clintor ......C C. H. R.H.S. F. Trefusis, b. 1834 …...... 1298
1869 Cloncurry,I.B.C Valentine F. Lawless, b. 1840 ........ 1831
1867 Colchester ...C Reginald C. E. Abbot, b. $1842 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . .1817$

1894 Coleridge ...L B. J. S. Coleridge, b. 1874
1896 Congleton ...C H. H. Parnell, C.B., 184
crea. Connemara, C*R. Bourke, b. 1827 ... 1887 G.C I.E.

1890 Cottesloe......C T. F. Fremantle, b.
crea. Cranworth C Robert ${ }^{1830}$ Thornhaugh 1874
crea. Cranworth C Robert Thornhaugh
crea. Crawshazu U Thomas Brooks, b. 18251892
crea. Currie, G.C.B.C*Philip H. Wodehouse Currie, b. 18341899
crea. Davey (Life L*Horace Davey, b. 18331894 Peer)
crea. Dazuray, C H. R. Dawnay, b. 18441897 I.V. (Downe)

1894 De Clifford ...†Jno. SouthwellRussell, b. 1884 .................. 1299 -368 De Freyne ...C||Arthur French, b. 1855 1851

Acces. Title. Politits. Name. Crea. 1898 De L' Lsie C Philip Sidney, b. 18531835 \&o Dudley
1896 De Maxley...I W. Ponsonby, b. 18431838 1887 De Ramsey C William H. Fellowes, b. 1848 ..................

1874 De Ros,K.P.C D. C. F. de Ros, b. 1264
1891 DeSaumarez C J.St.VincentSaumarez,
crea. DeVesci, I.V.U John Robert W. 188
1887 Delamere ...C Hugh Čholmondeley, $\begin{gathered}\text { H. } 821 \\ \text { b. 1870................ } 1821\end{gathered}$
1894 Denman ...C Thomas Denman, b....................... 1834
1893 Deramore ...C R. W. de Y. Bateson, 1885
crea. Derwent ...L Harcourt $\begin{gathered}\text { V............... } \\ \text { Johnstone, b. } 1829\end{gathered}{ }_{188 \mathrm{~s}}$
1889 Digby, I.B. C E.H.Trafalgar Digby, 1900 Dormer ......U\|R. J. D. Dormer, b. 1765
 1615 (Home)
1895 Dunleath ...C Henry L. Mulholland, b. 1854 .................. 18 ¢я2

1845 Durmore, C Charles A. Murray, S.E. $\quad$ b. 1841.................. 1831
crea. Dunning, U John Rogerson Rollo, S.B. (Rollo) b. $1835 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Dynevor......C A. de Cardonnel Rice,

1878 Dynevor......C A. de Cardonnel Rice, 1869
1869
1893 Ebury .........U Robeit W. Grosvenor,
1863 Elgin, S.E., L *Victor A. Bruce, b.
K.G. (Elg. \& Kincardine) $1849 \ldots . . .1849$ 1902 Ellenborough I E. D. Law, b. $1847 \ldots . .1802$ 1893 Elphinstone, C S. H. Elphinstone, b. $S . B$.
mly
$. . . . . . . . U \| T . ~$
I
W69 . ...................
G. Monsell, b. 1894 Emly ........UUT. W. G. Monsell, b. 1874 1882 Erskine .....C W. M. Erskine, b. i8.... 1884 1898 Ettrick,S.E.U W. J. G. Napier, b. (Napier) 1846 ..................... 1872
crea. Fairlie, S. EッC David Boyle, b. 18331897 G.C.M.G. (Glasgow)
crea. Farqikhar...U Horace Farquhar, b. 1844 .....................
 I.E., K.P. (Erne) b. $1839 . . . . . . . .$.
Field ........U *WilliamVentris Field, ${ }_{1881}$ Fingall $I$ I.E. U8\|Arthur James Plun1889 Fisherwick, I G. A. H. Chichester,
I.M. (Donegal) b. $1822 \ldots . . . . . . . . .$.
1790 I 896 FitzhardingeC Charles P. Berkeley, b. 1830 ..................... 1861 1869 Foley ........C Henry Thomas Foley, 1894 Forester ......C Cecil T. Forester, b. b. 1776 1896 Foxford, C W. H. E. deV........... I.E. (Limerick) b. 1863 ............... 18ı5 b. 1854 1790
Gardner, I.B.**
Gerard
......C\|tF. J. Gerard, b. 1902 Gerard $. . . . . \mathrm{C} \|$ HF. J. Gerard, b. ${ }_{188}$................... ${ }^{1876}$
 crea. Glanusk......C Joseph Russill Bailey, 1824

* Claimed by Alan Hyde Gardner, b, 883


# house of lords-Barons continued. 

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. crea. Glemesk ......C Algernon Borthwick, b. 1830 ................... 1876 Gormanston, C|IJenico W. J. Preston, I.V. $\quad$ b. $1837 \ldots$ B................ 1889 Granard, I\|B. Arthur W.F.Forbes,
I.E.
1877 Grantley......C J. R. B. Norton, b.
1806

1855 ..................... 1782
crea. Grenfell ...... Francis W. Grenfell ... 1902
G.C.B.

1883 Greville ......L Algernon W. Greville, b. 1841 ............... 1869

1888 Grey de C R. G. Grey Clifton, Ruthyn b. 1858 ................. 1324
crea. Grimthorpe C E. Beckett, b. 1816 ... 1886 1886 Grinstead, C Lowry Egerton Cole, I. E., K.P. (Enniskillen) b. 1845 ... 1815

1870 Gwydyr ......U Peter Robert Burrell, b. $1810 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1796$ 1883 Haldon ......U Laurence H. Palk, b. 1846 …............... crea. Haliburton, C Arthur L. Haliburton,
G.C.B.
b. 1832
b. 1832 Havin Hamilton, b......... Dalsell 1872 .................... 1886
1893 Hampton ...C H. P. M. Pakington, b. 1848 .................. 1874
crea. Hare, I.E., U William Hare, b. 1833 1869 K.P. (Listowel)

1876 Harlech ......C W. R. Ormsby-Gore, b. $1819 . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

C G.R. Canuing-Harris,
b. r851.................
Charles H. Henniker 1815
1875 Harris 1876

1902 Hartismere, C Charles H. Henniker- 866
1876 Hastings ...C G. M. Delaval Astley, b. $1857 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. b. $1842 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .$. MartinBladenHawke, 1887 Hawke ......C MartinBladenHawke,
b. $1860 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$

1888 Hatherton...U Edw. Geo.P.Littleton, 1835 (Kinnoull)
crea. Hemeage......U*Edward Heneage, b. 1840 ..................... b. $1837 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .$.
1878.A'.................

1891 Heytesbury C W.F.A'Court Holmes, 1828 1896 crea. Herries,S.B. U\|Marmaduke Maxweli., 1884
1899 Herschell ...L Richard Herschell, b. 1878 ................... 1886

1898 Hillingdon..C C. W. Mills, b. $1855 . . .1886$
1897 Hindlis ......C Chas. Allsopp, b. 18771886
1898 Holm Patrick $\dagger$ H. W. Hamilton, b. 1886 ....................
$\begin{array}{cr}\text { crea. Hobhouse, } \\ \text { K.C.S.I. } & \text { Arthur Hobhouse, b. } \\ \text { 18ig ..................... }\end{array}$ K.C.S.I.
othfield
r8ı9
Henry
James Tufton,

1885
crea. Hothfield ...C Henry James Tufton, b. $1844 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Walden of Seaford 1880 1881 1899 Howard de C Thomas E. Ellis, b. 1597 1883 Howard of U|| Francis E. Fitz-Alan Glossop Howard, b. 1859 ... 1869
crea Howth,I.E.,U W.U.T.St. Lawrance, K.P.
ylton
b.....C Hylton G. H. H. Jollifi..............

1899 Hylton ......C Hylton G. H. Jolliffe, 1866 rgor Inverclyde ...C Geo. A. Burns, b. 186i 1897 crea. Iveagh, K.P.C Edward C. Guinness, b. $1847 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1{ }^{1891}$
crea. James of U*Henry James, b. 1828 1895 Hereford
crea. Kelvix. G.C.V.O.

U*William Thomson, b. 1824 ..................... 1892
1894 Kenlit, I.M. Geoffrey T. Taylor, b. (Headiont) 1878 ....................


Acces. Title. Politics
1871 Kenry, I.E.C\&W. T. WyndhamK.P. (Dunraven) Quin, b. 184I Crea. . 1900 Kensington C Hugh Edwardes, b. $^{2}$ I.B. (Kensington) 1873 ............... 1886 1869 Kenyon ... C Lloyd Kenyon, b. 18641788 1900 Ker, S.M. C Robert Schomberg (Lothian) Kerr, b. 1874…….. 1821 1874 Kesteven......C John H. Trollope, b. 1851 ..................... 1868
1901 Killanin......C $\mid$ Martin H. . F. ...........

1900 S.E. K.T. 1852 $183 x$ (Erroll)
1887 Kivenaird, U Arthur F. Kinnaird, S.B. U b. $1847 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. 1860 crea. Kinrear......U A. S. Kinnear, b. 1833..................... 1897
crea. Kinross ......C*J. Blair Balfour......... 1902
1880 Kintore, C*A. H. T. Keith-FalS.E., G.C.M.G. coner, b. 1852 ... 1838
crea. Knollys, C Francis Knollys ...... 1902 K.C.B., K.C.M.G.

1890 Lamington, C C.W.A. N. CochraneK.C.M.G. Baillie, b. 1860 ...... 1880

1879 Lawrence ...U J. Hamilton Lawrence, b. 1846.................. 1869 sgor Leconfield ...C Charles Hy. Wynd. ham, b. 1872 ......... 1859 1850 Leigk .........L*William Henry Leigh, b. 1824 ................. 1839

1896 Lilford ......I John Powys, b. 1863 ... 1797
crea. Lindley ......C* Nathaniel Lindley ... 1900 (Life Peer)
crea. Lingen, U R.W. Lingen, b. 18191885 K.C.B.
crea. Lister.........C* Joseph Lister, b. 18271897 crea. Llangattock C I. A. Rolls, b. 1837.... 1892 1900 Loch ........U E. D. Loch, b. $1873 \ldots 1895$ 1889 Loftus, I.M. I John Henry Loftus, (Ely) b. 1851 .................. 1801 1887 Lovat, S.B. C|ISimon J.Fraser, b. 18711837 1897 Lovell \&o Hol. Augustus A. Percival, land, I.E. (Egmont) b. 1856......... 176 1899 Ludlow ......C Henry Ludlow Lopes, b. 1865 ............... 1897 1882 Lurgan ......C William Brownlow, b. 1858 .................... 1839 1900 Lyviden ......C Courtenay Vernon, b. 1857 ...................... 1859 crea. Macnaghten C*Edward Macnaghten, b. 1830 .................. 1887

1890 Maghera. C J. D. McGarel-Hogg,
morme $C$ b. 186i.................. 1887 1864 Manners ...C J. T. Manners Sutton, b. $1852 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1807$
crea. Manners of C H. J. B. Manners, b.
Haddon (M. of Granby) 1852 ...... 1679
crea. Masham of C Samuel Cunliffe Lister,
Swinton b. 18r5.................. 1891
1863 Meldrum, U*Charles Gordon, b. S.M. (Huntly) 1847..................... 1815 1899 Mendip, I. V.R T. C. Agar-Robartes, (Clifden) b. $1844 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .11794$ 1873 Meredyth, C J.H.G.M. Somerville, I.B. (Athlumney) b. 1865 ............. 1866 189r Methuen, U Paul S. Methuen, b. K.C.V.O., C.B.
Iddeton ...C D. W. B. Willoughby, 1877 Middleton ...C D. W. B. Willoughby,
1897 Minster, I.M.C+Victor G. H. H. F.......... Con. 1897 Minster, I.M.C†Victor G. H. F. Con-
(Conyngham) yngham, b. $1883 .$. 1821 1894 Monck, I.V. ..C Henry P. C. Stanley Monck, b. 1849 ... 1866 crea. Monckton, C G. E. M. MoncktonI.V. (Galway) Arundell, b. 1844 1887 1895 Moncreiff ...U Henry J. Moncreiff, b. 1840 ............. 1874 1897 Monk BrettonU John W. Dodson, b. 1869 R……... 18 :

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1885 Monkszell ...L R. Collier, b. 1845 ... 1885 1900 Monson .........C Augustus Monson, b. 1868.. 1728
crea. Montagz ......C Henry Scott Montagu, b. $1832 \ldots \ldots \ldots$
1896 Monteagle, I John Thomas Browne,
I.M. (Sligo) b. 1824 ............... 1806
1896 Monteagle, I John Thomas Browne,
I.M. (Sligo)
b. 1824 .............. 1806
1896 Monteagle, I John Thomas Browne,
I.M. (Sligo) $\begin{aligned} & \text { b. } 1824 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~\end{aligned} 806$ 1885 1866 Monteagle of Thos. Spring Rice, Brandon, K.P.U
Mostyn
........ C
L.
$\mathbf{N} . ~ V . ~ L l o y d ~ M o s-~$ tyn, b. 1856 ......... crea. Mountstephen C George Stephen, b. 1829..................... 1893 Mozubray, $\underset{\text { Seagrave \& }}{\text { C } \| \text { Charles B. J. J. Stour- }}$ $1283,1264,1448$
crea. Muncaster, C Josslyn F. PenningI.B. ton, b. $1834 \ldots \ldots . . . .1898$
1890. Napier of C Robert Wm. Napier, Magdala b. 1845 …........... C William W. Hozier,
crea. Nezvlands......C William W. Hozier, 1898 Newton ...... C T. W. Legh, b. 18571892 ${ }_{188} 8$ North ......... C||W. H. J. North, b.

 C.B., G.C.I.E. Northcote, b. 18461900 1898 Northington, U Frederic Henley, b. I.B.
crea. Norton,
K.C.M.G.

C*C. B. Adderley, b.
crea. O'Brien $^{\prime} \quad$......C§PeterO'Brien, b. 1842
$1900 O^{\prime}$ Hagan ......U $\mathbf{t}^{\dagger} \|$ M. H. I. T. ${ }_{1883}$ O'Neill .........C Edward O'Neill, b. 1863 Oriel, I. V. C C. J. E. Skeffington, (Massereene and Ferrard)
1881 Ormathzeaite C Arthur Walsh, b. 18291868 1854 Ormonde, C\&J. E. W. T. Butler, I.M., K. P.
crea. Overtoun b. 1844 ............... 1821

864 O.renfoord U b. $1843 \ldots . . . . . . . . . .1893$ S.E. (Stair), K.'. rymple, b. 1819 1841 1886 Penrhyn.........C G. S Douglas-Pennant, b. 1836 ...... 1866
1893 Petre $\qquad$ C\|Bernhard H. Petre, b. 1858 ..............
 b. 1849 .............. 1892

1897 Plunket, C WilliamLee Plunket, C.V.O. b. F. G. W. Bam1858 Poltimore ......C*A. F. G. W. Bam-
1895 Ponsonby, $\quad$ U Rev. W. W. B. PonI.E. (Bessborough) sonby, b. 18211749 crea. Pozverscourt, U M. E. Wingfield, b. I. V., K.P. 1836 ..................

1885
1884 Raglan ….....C G. F. H. Somerset, b. $1857 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1852$

1887 Ramsay, C Arthur G. M. RamS.E. (Dalhousie) Say, b. $1878 \ldots 1874$

1875 Ranfurly, C U. J. M. Knox, b. G.C.M.G., I.E. 1856

1826
crea. Rathmore...... $\mathbf{C}^{*}$ David ${ }^{\text {I8 }}$ Plunket, b. ${ }^{1838}$.i................
 L Donald James Mac-
kay, b. 1839 ...... kay, b. 1839 ...... Mitford ............. L. Stuart Rendel, b.

1902
crea. Reay, S.B., G.C.S.I.
crea. Redesdale
crea. Rentdel
crea. Rendel
Dighized by aOOgi己 1834

Acces. Title. Politics. 1897 Revelstoke $\quad . . . \mathrm{U}$ John Baring, b, 8 Crea, 1876 Ribblesdale ...L*Thomas Lister, b. Crea Robertson $\mathrm{C}^{1854 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .} 1797$ crea. Robertson $\quad C^{*}$ James P. B. Robert(Life Peer) son, b. $1845 \ldots . . . .$. I 809 1804 Rodney .........I G. B. H. D. Rodney, b. 1857 ..............
G. Le M. Romily, b. 1866................ L*Archibald Ph........... 1865 1868 Rosebery,
S.E., K.G., K.T. 1897 Rosmead …...C Hercules A. Temple Robinson, b. 18661896
1874 Rossmore, C D. W. W. Westenra,
I.B.
b. $1853 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1838$
crea. Rothschild ...U*N. M. Rothschild, 1885
crea. Rowton,
K.C.V.O., C. B. B. W. Lowry-Corry,
838 .............. 1880
1888 Sackville ......C Lionel SackvilleWest, b. $1827 \ldots \ldots .1876$
1887 St. John of C B. M. St. John, b. Bletsoe
St. Leonards C E.
B. Sugden, b. ............ 1875 St. Leonards C E. B. Sugden, b. 185 crea. St. Levan......U John St. Aubyn, b. 1829 ................... 1887
1893 St. Oswald ...C R. Winn, b. 1857 ... 1885
1858 Saltersford, C James George Henry I.E. (Courtown) Stopford, b. 18231796

1876 Sandhurst, L Wm. Mansfield, b. G.C.S.I. 1855 ....................

863 Sandys ........U A. F. A. Sandys, b.
1840 .................
1896 Savile...........C JohnSavile-Lumley,
1887 Saye and Sele U J. F. T. W. Wkeham-.
1896 Savile............C John Savile-Lumley,
1887 Saye and Sele U J. F. T. T. WykehamFiennes, b. $1830 \quad 1603$
1856 Scarsdale ......C Rev. A. N. H. Cur-
zon, b. 1831 ......... 1761
1888 Seaton .........C R. J. U. Colborne,
b. $1854 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1839$
igoi Sefton, I.E. ...U O. Molyneux, b. ${ }^{1871} 8_{31}$
crea. Shand ….....U*A. B. Shand, b. 18281892
1876 Sheffield, I.E.C Henry N. Holroyd,
b. $1832 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1802$

1883 Sherborne ......C Edwd. L. Dutton, b.

rgor Shute, I.V.,
(Barrington) Walter B. Barring-
crea. Shuttleworth C*Ughtred Kay Shuttleworth...............
1887 Silchester, C Thomas Pakenham,
I.E., K.P. b. $1864 \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots . . . .$. (Longford)
1874 Somerhill, U H. G. de Burgh-CanI.M. (Clanricarde) ning, b. 18321826 1899 Somers ......... C $\dagger$ ArthurH. T. SomersCocks, b. 1887 ... $17^{84}$ 1896 Somerton, I Sidney J. Agar, b. I.E. (Normanton) $1865 . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1873$ 1872 Southampton C Charles H. Fitzroy, 1892 Stafford C\|F B. $1867 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .17^{80}$
1892 Stafford.........C\|F. E. Stafford-Jerningham, b. $1833 \ldots 1640$ crea. Stalbridge ...U*R. De A. Grosvenor, b. 1837 …............ 1886

| crea. Stanmore, |
| :---: |
| G.C.M.G. A. Hamilton-Gordon, |
| b. $1829 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 893

1869 Stanley of C H. E. J. Stanley, b. Alderley and Eddisbury 1827 roor Stewart of C R. H. Stewart (GalloGarlies, S.E. way), b. $1836 \ldots . . .1796$ crea. Strathcona C Donald A. Smith, b. 1807 and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G. 1820
1893 Stratheder U H. G. Campbell, b. ${ }^{1836}$ and Campbell $1829 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . ..)_{1841}$
1888 Strathspey, I J. Ofilvie-Grant, b. S.E. (Seafield) 1826 whtumuthen:

# HOUSE OF LORDS-Barons continued. 



The following have been created Barons:-Lord Justice Balfour, Rt. Hon. Sir U. Kay Shuttleworth, Rt. Hon. W. L. Jackson, Rt. Hon. A. Smith Barry, Genl. Sir F. Grenfell, A. B. Freeman-Mitford.

## REPRESENTATIVE PEERS.

Sixteen Peers for Scotland, elected for each Parliament.

| Earl of HaddingtonEarl of Dundonald, C.B.Earl of Lauderdale | *Earl of Leven and Melville | Earl of Northesk | Lord Sinclair |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Earl of Mar | Vis. Falkland | Lord Saltoun |
|  | Earl of Mar and Kellie | *Lord Balfour, K.T. | Lord Torphichen |
| Earl of Morton | Earl of Carnwath | Lord Forbes | Lord Belhaven and |
| Twenty-eight Peers for Ireland, elected for life. [Stenton |  |  |  |
| Earl of Lucan, K. P. | Earl de Montalt | Lord Ventry | Lord Dunalley |
| Earl of Belmore, G.C.M.G. | Earl of Drogheda | Lord Langford, | Lord Clonbrock, |
| Earl of Rosse, K.P. | Earl of Westmeath | K.C.V.O. | K.P. |
| Earl of Lanesborough | Viscount Bangor | Lord Headley | Lord Dunboyne |
| Earl of Annesley | Viscount Powerscourt, K. P. | Lord Castlemaine | Lord Inchiquin |
| Earl of Bandon, K.P. | Viscount Templetown | Lord Rathdonnell | Lord Oranmore |
| Earl of Kilmorey, K.P. | Lord Crofton | Lord Kilmaine | and Browne. |
| Earl of Mayo | Lord Massy | Lord Muskerry |  |

## COMPOSITION OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The House of Lords consists of 596 Members, viz., the Lords Spiritual of England (2 Archbishops and 24 Bishops), Temporal, Hereditary, and Representative Peers, summarised as follows :-

| Peers of the Blood Royal ... | 4 | Earls | 125 | Scottish Rprsntv. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Archbishops .................... | 2 | Viscounts. | 35 | Irish Representative Peers | 8 |
| Dukes ............................ | 22 | Bishops | 24 |  |  |
| Marquesses | 23 | Barons . | 817 | Total | 596 |

Dukes .................................... 22 22 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bishops .................................. } 24 \\ & 24\end{aligned}$
State of Parties.-Of the 596 Members, 360 are Conservatives, 120 are Unionists, 54 are Liberals,

- 4 are Independents, 44 are independent or have no stated politics, and 14 are minors.


## OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Ch. of Coms., Earl of Morley, $£ 2,500$.
Clerk of Parls., Sir H. J. L. Graham, K.C.B., t2,000.
Clerk Asst., Hon. E. P. Thesiger, C.B., $£ 1,500$. Reading Clerk, E. H. Alderson, $£ 000$.
Coun. to the Ch. of Com., Albert Gray, $£ 1,500$.
Chiof Clerk and Taxing Officer for Private Bills, R. W. Monro, £1,200.
Pin. Clerk (fudl. Office) and Taxing Officer for fudicial Procredings, F. Skene, Z1,200.
Clerk of the Fournals, W. Austen Leigh, £95a.

Acces. Title. Politics $\quad$ Name. Crea 1883 Vaux of Har-LHH. G. C. Mostyn, roveden b. 1860 ............... 1523
1898 Vierton.........L L George Vernon b. 18881762
1893 Vivian ............ G. C. B.Vivian, b. 1878 1841
1870 Walsinghame Chomas de Grey, b.
$1843 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1780$
crea. Wandsworth L S. J. Stern, b. $18+5 \ldots 1895$ crea. Welly, G.C.B.L R. E. Welby, b. 18321894 crea. Wemyss, S.E.C F. R.W. Charteris-
(Wemyss \& March) Douglas, b. 18181821
1880 Wenlock ......U"Beilby Lawley, b. 18491839 G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.

1875 Westbury...C R. L. P.Bethell,b. 1852 186r
$1880 W^{\prime} i \xi\left(a n, S . E ., C\right.$ J. L. Lindsay, b. $18471826^{\circ}$ K.T. (Crawford \& Balcarres)

1862 Willoughby C Henry Verney, b. 18441492 de Broke
crea. Wimburue ...C Ivor Bertic Guest, b. 1835..................... 1880

1869 Windsor ......C*R. G. Windsor-Clive, b. 1857 ............... 1529

1888 Wolverton ...U H. Frederick Glyn, b. $186+\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . .$.
1864 Worlinghan, U A. H. S. Acheson, b.
I.E., K.P. (Gosford) $188_{4}$................ 1835

1867 Wrottesley... U Arthur Wrottesley, b. 1824..................... $183^{8}$

1899 Wynford ......C Henry M. Best, b. 1829:.................... 1829 1873 Zouche ........C R. N. C. G. Curzon, b. 1851 ................ 1308

Prin. Clerk of Priv. Coms. and Examiner of Standing Orders, J. F. Symons-Jeune, £x,200. Clerk of Public Bills, A. Harrison, $£_{1}, 000$.
Gen. Usher of the Black Rod, Gen. Sir M. A. S. Biddulph, G.C. B., $£_{1,000}$
Serjeant-at-Arms, Lt.-Col. Rt. Hon. Sir Fleet. wood Edwards, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., $£ 1,000$.
Accountant, G. Fulkes, $£ 600$.
Librarian, S. Arthur Strong, Er,ooo $^{2}$
Assistant Librarian, A. H. M. Butler.

The Twenty－seventh Parliament of the United Kingdom，and First of King Edward vii．， elected September and October 1900.
Speaker，Rt．Hon．William C．Gully，K．C．，M．P．for the City of Carlisle， $\mathbf{E} 5,000$.
Chairman of Committees，Rt．Hon．James W．Lowther，M．P．for Perrith Division， $\mathfrak{6 2 , 5 0 0}$.
The italic initials following name of place indicate as follows：－N．North；S．South；E．East； $W$ ．West ；M．Mid；（ $B$ ）Borough．The initial in heavy type following name of representative indicates party：C．Conservative；U．Unionist；R．Radical；N．Nationalist；P．Parnellite．The figures in brackets show number of Electors on Register．

## ENGLAND（ 465 Members）．

Abergavenny，Mon．，$N$ ．（12235），R．M＇Kenna Abingdon，Berks，$N .(8705)$ ，A．K．Loyd，K．C． Accrington，Lancs．，N．E．（14651），Sir J．F． Lease，K．C． Altrincham，Chesh．（14064），C．R．Disraeli Andover，Hants，W．（9493），E．B．Faber Appleby，Westm．（6509），Richard Rigg Ashburton，Der．，M．（9904），C．Seale－Hayne Ashford，Kent，S．（12888），L．Hardy Ashton（ $B$ ）（7978），H．Whiteley Aston Manor（B）（12182），Hon．Evelyn Cecil Aylesbury，Bucks，M．（11459），Hon．Lionel

W．Rothschild
Aylsham，Norf．，N．（10483），SirWm．B．Gurdon Banbury，Oxon．，N．（7722），A．Brassey
Barkston Ash，Yorks（9609），Col．Sir R． Gunter，Bart
Barnard Castle，Dur．（11112），Sir J．W．Pease Barnsley，Yorks（10999），Joseph Walton ．．． Barnstaple，Dev．，N．W．（12180），E．J．Soares Barrow－in－Fur：（B）（7972），Sir C．W．Cayzer Basingstoke，N．Hants（10606），Rt．Hon．A． F．Jeffreys．
Bassetlaw，Notts．（10652），Sir F．Milner．．．．．．． Bath（7378），E．Wodehouse，U，Col．W．Murray Bedford（B）（5081），C．Guy Pym
Bedwellty，Mon．，W．（13829），Sir W．V． Harcourt，K．C．
Belper，Derby，M．（11811），J．A．Jacoby．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Berks，E．，see Wokingham．
Berwick，Northd．，N．（9259），Rt．Hon．Sir
E．Grey，Bart．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Bewdley，Worc．，W．（10235），A．Baldwin ．． Biggleswade，Beds．，N．（13734），Ld．A．Compton Birkenhead（15555），Sir E．Lees，Bart．
Birmingham，M．（11562），E．Parkes N．（9858），John T．Middlemore S．（12185），Ald．J．P．Williams E．（B）（13536），Sir J．B．Stone W．＂，（13093），J．Chamberlain Edgbaston（12414），F．Lowe． Bordesley（16343），J．Colling
Bishop＂Auckland，Dur．（11976），＇J．Paulton
Blackburn（B）．，Lanc．（19876），Sir W．Cod－ dington，Bart．，C，Sir W．H．Hornby ．．．．．．
Blackpool，Lanc．，N．（18237），H．W．Worsley－ Taylor，K．C．
Bodmin，Corn．，S．E．（10386），Sir L．Moles－ worth，Bart．
Bolton，B．（20055）G．Harwood，R，H． Shepherd－Cross
Bootle，Lanc．，S．W．（18531），Col．Sandys ．．
Boston（B）（3557），W．Garfit
Bosworth，Leic．，W．（12121），Sir C．B．Mac－ Laren，Bart．，K．C．
Bradford（B）（10330），J．L．Wanklyn E．（14601），Hon．R．H．F．Greville W．（12796），E．Flower
Srentford，Middx．（13449），J．Bigwood ridgzuater，Som．，M．（10015），E．J．Stanley ridport，Dor．，W．（7159），Col．R．Williams rigg，Linc．，N．（11019），H．J．Reckit －righton（B）（19001），G．W．Loder，C，B． Wentworth
Bristol，N．（12394），Sir F．Wills． S．（13601）．Rt．Hon．Walter Long．．． ＂，E．（13896），C．E．Hobhouse ＂${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ．（8499），Sir M．Hicks－Beach，Bart．
$\stackrel{R}{\mathbf{C}}$ R
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$\mathbf{R}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$ U R C

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Brixworth，Norths．，M．（12676），Rt．Hon． C．R．Spencer
Buckingham，Bucks，N．（11898），W．W．Carlile
Buckrose，E．R．Yorks（9905），Luke White
Burnley（B）（15189），W．Mitchell
Burton，Staff．E．（11128），R．F．Ratcliffe
Bury（B）（8786），George Toulmin ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Bury St．Edmusnds（2645），Sir E．W．Greene， Bart．
Camborne，Corn．，N．W．（8605），W．S．Caine
Cambridge（ $B$ ）（8413），Sir R．Fitzgerald，Bt．
Camb．Univ．（6824），Sir R．C．Jebb，C，Sir J．Gorst，K．C．
Canterbury（B）（4010），J．H．Heaton
Carlisle（B）（7065），W．C．Gully，K．C．
Chatham（ $B$ ）（11557），Sir H．D．Davies．．．．．．
Chelmesford，Essex，M．（10817），Major Rasch
Cheltenham（ $B$ ）（7869），T．Agg－Gardner ．．．．．
Chepstow，Mon．，S．（14519），Hon．F．C．Morgan
Chertsey，Sur．rN．W．（12800），H．Leigh－Bennett
Chester（B）（7549），R．A．Yerburgh
Chesterfield，Derby，E．（18159），T．Bayley．
Chester－Le－St．，Dur．（17573），Sir J．Joicey，Bt
Chesterton，Cam．，W．（10397），W．R．Greene
Chichester，Suss．，S．W．（10095），Lord E．Talbor
Chippenham，N．W．Wilts（8567），Sir J．D． Poynder
Chorley，Lanc．，N．（12663），Lord Balcarres．．
Christchurch（B）（8622），Major Balfour
Cirencester，Glou．，E．（9394），Hn．A．B．Bathurst Cleveland，Yorks．，N．R．（12360），A．E．Pease Clitheroe，Lanc．，N．E．（19461），D．J．Shackle－
ton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．L
Cockermouth，Cumb．（11116），J．S．Randles
Colchester $(B)(5837)$ Sir W．Pearson
Colchester（ $B$ ）（5837），Sir W．Pearson ．．．．．．．．． ColneValley，Yorks．（10897），Sin J．Kitson，Bt．
Cornzall，Mid．，see St．Austell． S．E．，see Bodmin．
Coventry，B．（12656），C．J．Murray
Crewe，Chesh．（13905），J．Tomkinson
Cricklade，Wilts．（18150），Lord E．Fitzmaurice Croydon（B）（19950），C．T．Ritchie Darlington，B．（7508），Pike Pease．
Dartford，Kent，N．W．（17281），Sir W．Hart． Dyke
Darwen，Lanc．（15639），J．Rutherford
Deptford（B）（14884），A．H．A．Morton
Derby（B）（18963），Sir T．Roe，C，R．Bell ．．．C
＂N．E．，orEckington（13848），T．D．Bolton
＂S．，see Reptom．W．，see Wirhsuorth．
Derehaim，Norfolk，M．（9235），F．W．Wilson Devizes，Wilts．，E．（8891），E．A．Goulding．．． Devonport（B）（8946）H．Kearley，R，E．Morton Dewsbury（ $B$ ）（13476），Walter Runciman Diss，Norfolk，S．（9762），A．W．Soames Doncaster，Yorks，W．R．（17257），F．W．Fison Dorchester，Dorset，S．（9543），W．E．Brymer Dorset，E．，see Poole．N．，see Shafiesbwry． W．，see Bridport．
Dover（ $B$ ）（6444），Rt．Hon．George Wyndham Droitwich，Worc．，M．（10606），R．B．Martin Dudley（B）（16214），B．Robinson
Durham，M．or Brancepeth（13055），John Wilson
Durham，N．W．，see－Larchester．
（ $B$ ）（2595），Hon．A．Elliot
＂，S．E．，see North Tees．
Ealing，Middx．（15688），Lord G．Hamilton

Eastbourne, Sussex, S. (11945), L. Hogg E.Grinstead,Sus., N.(9833), Hn.G. J.Goschen Eccles, Lanc., S.E. (15388), O. L. Clare...... Eddisbriry, Chesh. (10488), H. J. Tollemache Egremont, Cumb., W. (9368), Col. J. R. Bain Elland, Yorks. (13272), Charles P. Trevelyan Enfield, Middx. (18619), Lt.-Col. H. F. Bowles Epping, Essex, W. (10368), Col. Lockwood Epsom, Sur., M. (13492), William Keswick
Eskdale, Cumb., N. (10132), C. W. Lowther
Essex, S.E., or Tilbury (16399), Col. E.
Tufnell
Evesham, Worc., S. (10071), Col. C. W. Long Exeter (B) (8875), Sir E. Vincent, K.C.M.G. Eye, Suffolk, N.E. (10196), F. S. Stevenson
Fareham, S. Hants (16442), Capt. A. H. Lee
Faversham, Kent, N.E. (18798), Capt. J. Howard
For. of Dean, Glo. (10260), Sir C. Dilke, Bt.
Frecbridge, Norf., N.W. (10900), G. White
Frome, Som. (11867), J. E. Barlow
Gainsborough(12499), Hon. S. Ormsby-Gore.
Gateshead (B) (17427), Sir W. Allan
Gloucester (B) (7686), Russell Rea
Gorton, Lanc., S.E. (15202), E. F. Hatch
Grantham (B) (3054), Arthur Priestley
Graveserd ( $B$ ) (5823), Sir Gilbert Parker...
Gt. Yarmouth (B) (8640), Capt. Sir J.C.Colomb
Greenwich ( $B$ ) (12657), Lord H. Cecil
Grimsby (B) (13981), G. Doughty
Guildford, Surrey, S.W. (13086), Rt. Hon. W. St. J. Brodrick

Halifax (B) (15195), Sir Savile Crossley, Bt. J. H. Whiteley

Hallamshire,"S. Yks. ( 17190 ), Sir F. T. Mappin
Hampstead (B) (10280), T. Milvain, K.C. ...
Hardsworth, Staff. (22465), Sir H. MeyseyThompson, Bart.
Hanley (B) (16251), Arthur Heath ................
Hartlepools (B) (13633), Sir C. Furness
Harrow, Middx. (23027), Irwin B. Cox
Harwich, Essex, N.E. (12338), Rt. Hon. J. Round.
Hastings ( $B$ ) (8243), F. Freeman-Thomas
Henley, Oxon, S. (9124), Sir R. T. HermonHodge, Bart.
Hereford (B) (3620), J. S. Arkwright
Hertford, Herts, E. (10700), A. H. Smith
Hexham, Northd., N. (10649), C.W. Beaumont
Heyzuood, Larc., S.E. (10161), G. Kemp
High Peak, Derby, N. (10593), Oswald Partington
Hitchin, Herts, N. (9525), G. B. Hudson
Holdermess, Yorks, E.R.(10091), A. S. Wilson Holmfirth, Yorks, W.R. (11714), H. J. Wilson
Homitor, Dev., E. (9299), Sir J. Kennaway
Horncastle, Linc., S. Lindsey (9486), Lord Willoughby d'Eresby
Hornsey, Middx. (17257), C. B. Balfour
Horsham, Sus., N.W (9809), J. H. Johnstone
Houghton-Le-Spring, Dur. (14708), R. Cameron.
Howdenshire, Yorks, E. R. (9414), Cl. Wilson-Todd
Hwddersfield ( $B$ )(16928), Sir J.T. Woodhouse
Hull, West (B) (18386), C. H. Wilson East (B) (12155), Sir T. Firbank
Central ( $B$ ) (9450), Sir H. S. King ...
Huntingdon (5189), George Montagu
Hyde, Chesh. (10690), E. Chapman
Hythe ( $B$ ) (5883), Sir E. Sassoon, Bart.
Theston, Derby, S.E. (15255), Sir W. Foster
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Leitrim, $N$. (6672), P. A. McHugh S. (6995), Jasper Tully

Limerick, $E$. (8024), W. Lundon W. (8623), J. P. O'Shaughnessy.. City (B) (6029), Ald. Joyce
Londöonderry, N. (9922), R. J. Atkinson, K.C. S. (8519), J. Gordon, K.C City (B) (5313), Marq. of Hamilton Lengford, N. (4149), J. P. Farrell S. (3978), E. Blake, K.C............. Louth, N. (5911), T. M. Healy " S. (5095), J. Nolan
Mayo, N. (7517), Conor O'Kelly
" S. (8252), John O'Donnell
" $W$. (9450), R. Ambrose.
"", E. (8281), J. Dillon 7 White
Meath, N. (5830), Patrick White
"" J. (6031). J. L. Care ..................
Monaghan, N. (6691), E. C. Thompson S. (6605), J. McKean

Newry (1921), P. G. Carvill
Queen's Co., Leix (5153), M. A. MacDonnell Ossory (5164), W. P. Delany ...
Roscommon, S. (9029), John P. Hayden N. (9096), J. J. O'Kells

Sligo, "N. (8556), W. Mckillop
S. (7572), John O'Dowd,
Tïpperary, N.
S.
(5954), P. J. O'Brien

> S. (5179), J. Cullinan
E. (5734), T. J. Condon
M. (6469), K. E. O'Brien

Tyrone, $N$. (6i62), С. H. Hemphill, K.C. ... E. (6410), P. C. Doogan M. (7349), G. Murnaghan S. (6292), T. W. Russell

Waterford, $W$. (4410), J. J. O'Shee
E. (4176), P. J. Power.

City (3296), J. E. Redmond
Westmeath, N. (5047), P. J. Kennedy S. (5441), D. Sullivan

Wexford, N. (9053), Sir T. G. Esmonde S. (8715), P, Ffrench

Wicklow, E. (5002),

## REMARKABLE EVENTS OF THE PAST CENTURY.

1801 Union with Ireland; Copenhagen taken by Nelson.
1801, 1802, 1804. The Planets Ceres, Pallas, and Juno discovered.
1803 War with France renewed.
1804 Buonaparte made Emperor, May 18.
1805 Battle of Trafalgar, Oct. 21.
1808 Deaths of Mr. Pitt and Mr. Fox. Cape of Good Hope taken, Jan. 9 .
1807 Copenhagen taken; Gas used in London; Slave Trade abolished.
1808 The Peninsular War.
1809 Battle of Corunna, Jan. 16; O. P. riots.
1811 Battle of Talavera, July 27.
1812 Moscow burnt; War with America.
1813 Printing machines invented.
1814 Capitulation of Paris; Buonaparte retired to Elba; Stephenson's first locomotive run; Thames frozen over.
1815 Battle of Waterloo, Restoration of Louis XVIII.

1817 Princess Charlotte died, Nov. 6.
1819 Queen Victoria born.
1820 Cato-street Conspiracy, Feb. 23; George III. died.
1821 Death of Napoleon I. at St. Helena, May 5.
1822 Caledonian Canal completed.
1825 Stockton and Darlington (the first) Railway opened.
1827 Battle of Navarino, Oct. 20.
1828 Repeal of Test and Corporation Act.
1829 Roman Catholic Relief Bill, April 13.
1830 Revol. in France and Brussels, July 27.
1831 New London Bridge opened.
1832 Cholera in England; died in London, 5,275; Reform Bill passed.
1833 Slave Emancipation Act.
1834 Houses of Parliament burnt, Oct. 16.
1835 Morse invented the electric telegraph.
1830 Greenwich Railway opened; great snowstorm.
1837 William IV. died, June 20; Queen Victoria's accession.
1838 Royal Exchange burnt, Jan. 1o; Queen Victoria crowned, June 28.
1840 Penny Postage established, Jan. 6 ; Queen Victoria married.
1841 Prince of Wales born.
1842 Massacre of Cabul.
1848 Corn Laws repealed; Railway mania; Irish potato famine.
1848 Louis Napoleon Pres. of French Republic; Chartist riots.
1849 (holera in London, 14, 137 deaths.
1850 Sir Robert Peel died, July 2.
1851 Gt. Exhibition in London, May 1 ; Electric Telegph. between Dover and Calais, Sept. 28; Gold discovered in Australia.
1852 Duke of Wellington died, Sept. 14.
1853 War declared between Turkey and Russia.
1854 Allied Fleets enter Black Sea, Jan. 5 ; Eng. land declared war against Russia, Mar. 28 ; Alma, Sept. 20 ; Balaclava, Oct. 25; Inkerman, Nov. 5; Crystal Palace opened.
1855 Capture of Kertch, May 22 ; Fall of Sebastopol, Sept. 8.
1858 Treaty of Paris, March 30.
1857 Indian Mutiny, May ro; Cawnpore Massacre, June 17 ; Delhi taken, Sept. 2r; Commercial Panic, Nov. 13 ; Relief of Lucknow, 16.
1858 Treaty with China; Jews admitted to Parliament.
1859 The Volunteer Movement started; wreck of Royal Charter.
1861 Lincoln, President U.S.A., March 4 ; Civil

War in United States, April 13; Prince Consort died Dec. 14.
1862 Slavery abolished in the U.S.A., June 9 ; King Otho quits Greece; Cotton famine.
18:3 Marriage of the Prince of Wales, March 10. 1864 Thames Embankment commenced.
1865 President Lincoln assassinated, April 14 ; Lord Palmerston died.
1866 War. decl. by Prussia and Italy against Austria; Atlantic cable laid; Overend and Gurney panic.
1867 Paris Exhbn. opened; Emp. Maximilian shot, June 19; rst Parliament of Canada,
Nov. 6.
1868 Magdala taken, April 10; Flight of Queen Isabella of Spain, Sept. 30 .
1869 Irish Church Bill, March 23; Ecumenical Council, Dec. 8; Famine in India; Suez Canal opened.
1870 France dec. war ags. Prussia, July 15 ; Surrender of Emp., Aug. 10; Fnch. Rep., Sept. 4; Invstmt. of Paris by the Germans, Sept. 20 ; Thames Embankment completed.
1871 K. of Prussia Procl. Emp. of Gerinany, Jan. 18; M. Thiers President Fr. Rep., Feb. 16; Peace bet. France and Prussia, Feb. 28 ; Commune, March 28; Ilness of $P$. of Wales, Nov. 13 ; Irish Church disestablished.
1872 Thanksgiving for recovery of Prince of Wales, Feb. ${ }^{27}$.
1873 Abdication of King of Spain, Feb. xо; MacMahon, President Fr. Rep., May 24 ; Great coal strike ; Tichborne trial.
1874 Dest. of Coomassie, Feb. 6; Tichborne Claimant sentd. to 14 years' hard labour, 28.
1875 Arctic Expd. left Portsmouth, Feb. 29.
1876 Queen procl. "Empress of India," Apr. 28.
1877 Russia declared war agst. Turkey, April 24 ; Phonograph and Telephone invented.
1878 England takes possession of Cyprus, July 11 ; Cleopatra's Needle fixed on Thames Embankment, Sept. 12.
1879 Prince Louis Napoleon killed, June 1 ; Zulu War; Cetewayo captured, Aug. 28 ; Collapse of Tay Bridge, Dec. 28.
1880 Mr. Gladstone Prime Min., April 23 ; Porte asks intervention of Powers with Greece, Dec. 14 .
1881 Assassination of Czar Alex. II., Mar. 13 ; Lord Beaconsfield died, Apr. 19; Irish Land Bill received Royal assent, 22.
1882 Assass. of Lord F. Cavendish and Mr. Burke in Phœenix Park, Dublin, Apr. 6; Battle of Tel-el-Kebir, Sept. I3; M. Davitt announced the collapse of the Irish Land League, Oct. 8 ; Archbsp. (Tait) of Canterbury died, Dec. 3 -
1883 Fenian outrages in Ireland and elsewhere.
1884 Death of the Duke of Albany, Feb. 28 ; Sir M. Costa died, 29 ; Sir Bartle Frere died, 29; Meridian Conference at Washington adopted the Greenwich line as the Universal Prime Meridian, Oct. I3; Dynamite explosion at London Bridge, Dec. 13 .
1885 Dynamite explosion on Underground Railway, Jan. 2; and at Westminster and Tower of London, 24; Fall of Khartoum and death of Gen. Gordon reported, Feb. 6; Victor Hugo died, May 22 : Mr. Gladstone resigned, June 12; Salisbury Ministry 13; Sixpenny telegrams introduced.
1886 Annexation of Upper Burmah announced, Jan. I; Resignation of Lord Salisbury, Feb. I; Rejection of Mr. Gladstone's Irish. ${ }^{\text {Separa- }}$ tion Bill hy 341 to 311 , May 8 ; Resignation of Mr. Gladstone's Ministry, July 20 ; Lord Salisbury appointed, 26.

1887 Wreck of the Kapurda and loss of 298 lives, Jan. 31 ; Disastrous earthquakes in the S. of France, Feb. 23 ; Sir M. H. Beach resigned the Chief Secretaryship for Ireland, Mar. 5; Wreck of the Brighton and S. Coast Railway Steamer, Victoria, loss of 20 lives, April 15 ; Opening of the Queen's Hall at the People's Palace by her Majesty, May 14 ; Celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee, June 21 ; Settlement of the Afghan frontier question, July 20; Theatre Royal, Exeter, burnt, over 130 lives lost, Sept. 5 ; Truro Cathedral consecrated.
1888 Wilhelm I., Empr. of Germany, died, Mar. 9; Friedrich, Empr. of Germany, died, June 15.
1889 Disappearance of Piggott, after confessing to having forged the "Parnell Letters," Feb. 26; Withdrawal of Mr. Parnell from the "Special Commission," July 16; Marriage of H.R.H. the Princs. Louise of Wales and the Earl of Fife, 27 ; London Docks strike beg., Aug. 13; ended, Sept. 19; Paris International Exhibition.
1890 Report of the Parnell "Special Commission" issued, Feb. 13; Resignation of Prince Bismarck, Mar. 17. The agreement ceding Heligoland to Germany signed at Berlin, July 1; Forth Bridge opened; Dock labourers strike.
1891 Destruction of the escort of Mr. Quinton, the Chief Commissioner of Assam, at Manipur, March 24 : Jules Grévy died, Sept. 9; W. H. Smith died, Oct. 6; C. S. Parnell died.
1892 H.R.H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale died, Jan. 14 ; General Election. July 1-26; New Parliament assembled, 4 ; Mr. Gladstone's 4th Minis. entd. office, 28 ; Ld. Tennyson died, Oct. 6.
1893 Pope's Episcopal Jubilee; Feb. 19; H. M.S. Victoria sunk by H.M.S. Camperdown off Tripoli, Adm. Sir G. Tryon, 22 officers, and 335 men lost, June 22 ; Dr. Nansen's Expedition started for the Arc. Regions, 24 ; Mar. of H.R.H. the D. of York to Princs. Vict. May of Teck, July 6; World's Fair at Chicago.
1894 Queen Victoria opened Manchester Ship Canal, May 21 ; Assassn. of M. Carnot, Pres. of Fr. Repub. 24 ; M. Casimir-Perier elec. Pres., 27 ; Tower Bridge, London, opened by Prin. of Wales, 30; War dec. between China and Japan, July 31.
1895 Treaty of Peace between China and Japan signed, April 17; North Seà and Baltic Canal opened June 20 ; Marq. of Salisbury Prime Minister, 29 ; Parliament dissolved, July 8; General Election, 12; New Parliament assembled, Aug. 12; Dr. Jameson's raid on the Transvaal, Dec. 29; Horrible massacres in Armenia.
1896 British forces entered Coomassie, Jan. 17 ; Revolt of the Matabele in British Central Africa, Feb. 25 ; Dr. Jameson sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment, July 28; Bombardment of Zanzibar, Aug. 27 ; Qn. Victoria's reign longest, Sept. 23; Ld. Rosebery resig. party leadership, Oct. 4; Archbishop Benson died, ri ; Public roads made free for motor vehicles, Nov. 14 ; Dr. Temple elect. Archp. of Canterbury, 25 ; Dr. Jameson relsd. from gaol, Dec. 2.
1897 Massacre of British officials at Benin, Jan. 4 ; Voluntary School Bill received Royal assent, April 8; Mansion House Indian Famine Fund exceeds $£ 500,000$ ( $£ 508,800$ ), 30 : Paris Charity Bazaar fire, May 4 ; Jubilee Thanksgiving services, June 20 :

National Jubilee rejoicings, 22; Jubilee Naval Review, 26; Review by Queen at Aldershot, July 1 ; 1300 th Anniver. of St. Augustine's landing celebrated, 2; Turkey and Greece signed treaty of peace, December 4
1898 Zola denounced the conviction of Dreyfus, Jan. 13; Trial of Zola commenced, Feb. 7 ; Attempt to assassinate the King of Greece, 26 ; Port Arthur ceded to Russia, Mar. 28 ; Commencement of war between Spain and U.S., April 2I; Naval battle off Manilla, Spain severely defeated, 30 ; Mr. Gladstone died, May 19 ; Agreement signed at Washing. ton for settling differences between Great Britain and America, 30 ; Conference proposed by Czar of Russia to consider international disarmament, Aug. 24 ; Battle of Omdurman, 27,000 Dervishes killed and wounded, Sept. 2; Empress of Austria assassinated at Geneva, 10; New Colonial Penny Postage introduced, Dec. 25.
1899 Foundation Stone of Gordon Memorial College at Khartoum laid by Lord Cromer, Jan. 5 ; Lord Kitchener appointed Governor of the Soudan, 2I; Foundation Stone of the Victoria and Albert Museum laid by the Queen, May 17; Peace Conference opened at the Hague, 18, closed June 29; Meeting of Sir Alf. Milner and Kruger at Bloemfontein, June I; Archbishops give judgment against the use of incense, 31 ; Trial of Dreyfus at Rennes commenced. Professor Bunsen died, aged 88, Aug. 16; Capt. Dreyfus convicted, Sept. 9-released from prison, 30 ; Bank rate raised to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., Oct. 3, and to 5 per cent., 5; Army Reserve called out, 7 ; Ultimatum sent by the Boer Republic, 9 ; Sir Wm. Symons killed in battle with Boers at Glencoe, 20 ; Battle of Elands Laagte, 21 ; Reitfontein, 24 ; Great victory over the Khalifa, who was killed, Nov. 24 ; Bank rate raised to 6 per cent., 30 ; General Buller fails to cross the Tugela River, with heavy loss, Dec. 15; Lord Roberts appointed to chief command in South Africa, 16.
1900 Battle with Boers at Molteno, Jan. 3; Spion Kop captured, 23-abandoned, 25 ; John Redmond nominated leader of the United Irish party, Feb. 6; Gen. French relieves Kimberley, 14 ; Battle of Paardeberg, 18; The Boer Army under Cronje capitulate to Lord Roberts, 27 ; Ladysmith relieved, March I; Duke of Norfolk resigns Postmaster-Generalship, 29 ; Battle of Dreefontein, 10 ; Bloemfontein taken, 13 ; Death of General Joubert reported, 27 ; Queen Victoria visits Ireland, April 2; Archbishops deliver judgment on reservation, May i; Sir F. Hodgson besieged at Coomassie, 5; Lord Roberts enters Kroonstad, 12; Relief of Mafeking, 17 ; Orange Free State annexed, 28 ; British enter Johannesburg, 30 ; Pretoria taken, June 1; Expedition in China under Admiral Seymour cut off, 14; Mrs. Gladstone died, 14 ; Taku forts bombarded by the combined fleets, $17 ;$ German Minister at Pekin murdered, 18 ; 'Sir F. Hodgson escaped from Coomassie with 600 native scldiers: Admiral Seymour returns to Tientsin, 26 ; Royal assent given to Australian Commonwealth Bill, July 9 ; Tientsin captured by allied troops, 14 ; Coomassic relieved, 15 ; King of Italy assassinated at Monza, 20 ; Pekin relieved by the allied troops, Aug. 15 ; Proclamation of the annexation of the Transvaal, Sept. ; Prince Christian of SchleswisHolstein died, Oct. 29.

READY RECKONER AND MARKETING TABLE.

| No | $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. | $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. | $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$ | Id. | 2 d . | 3d. | 4d. | 5d. | 6d. | 7 d . | 8d. | 9d. | IOd. | IId. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \\ & 5 \\ & 6 \\ & 7 \\ & 8 \\ & 9 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 10  <br> s. d.  <br> 0 1 <br> 0 2 <br> 0 3 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 5 <br> 0 6 <br> 0 7 <br> 0 7 <br> 0 8 | s. d. <br> 0 2 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 10 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 2 <br> 1 4 <br> 1 6 | 1  <br> s. d. <br> 0 3 <br> 0 6 <br> 0 9 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 3 <br> $x$ 6 <br> 1 6 <br> 2 9 <br> 2 0 <br> 2 3 <br> 2 6 | s. d. <br> 0 4 <br> 0 8 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 4 <br> 2 8 <br> 2 0 <br> 2 4 <br> 3 8 <br> 3 0 <br> 3 4 |  |  |  | s. d. <br> 0 8 <br> 1 8 <br> 2 4 <br> 2 8 <br> 3 4 <br> 4 4 <br> 4 8 <br> 5 4 <br> 6 4 <br> 6 8 | s. d.  <br> 0 9  <br> 1 6  <br> 2 3  <br> 3 0  <br> 3 9  <br> 4 6  <br> 5 3  <br> 6 3  <br> 6 9  <br> 7 6  <br>  8  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|cc\|} \hline \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 0 & \text { ro } \\ 1 & 8 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 10 \\ 6 & 8 \\ 7 & 6 \\ 8 & 4 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 0 & \text { II } \\ 1 & 10 \\ 2 & 9 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 \\ 7 & 5 \\ 8 & 4 \\ 9 & 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| $20$ |  | $\begin{array}{cc}0 & 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 6 \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 8 t \\ 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 93 \\ 0 & 90 \\ 0 & 10\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{cc}0 & 11 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \\ & 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 8 \\ 2 & 10 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 & 9 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 6 \\ 3 & 9 \\ 4 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 8 \\ 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 8 \\ 6 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 \\ 6 & 8 \end{array}$ | 4 7 <br> 5 0 <br> 5 5 <br> 5 10 <br> 6 3 <br> 6 8 <br> 7 1 <br> 7 6 <br> 7 11 <br>  4 | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 0 \\ 6 & 6 \\ 7 & 0 \\ 7 & 6 \\ 8 & 0 \\ 8 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} 6 & 5 \\ 7 & 0 \\ 7 & 7 \\ 7 & 7 \\ 8 & 2 \\ 9 & 9 \\ 9 & 4 \\ 9 & 11 \\ \text { II } & 6 \\ \text { II } & 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}7 \\ 7 & 4 \\ 8 & 0 \\ 8 & 8 \\ 9 & 4 \\ 10 & 0 \\ 10 & 8 \\ 11 & 4 \\ 12 & 4 \\ 12 & 0 \\ 12 & 8 \\ 13 & 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 9 & 0 \\ 9 & 9 \\ 10 & 6 \\ 10 & 3 \\ 12 & 3 \\ 12 & 0 \\ 12 & 9 \\ 13 & 6 \\ 14 & 3 \\ 15 & 0 \end{array}$ |  | 118 110 | 9 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 26 \\ & 27 \\ & 27 \\ & 28 \\ & 29 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 11 \\ 1 & 112 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 12 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 13 \\ 1 & 12 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 3 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 9 \\ 1 & 10 \\ 1 & 11 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \\ & 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}3 & 6 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 8 \\ 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 6 \\ 4 & 8 \\ 4 & 10 \\ 5 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 6 & 0 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 6 & 6 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 7 & 0 \\ 7 & 3 \\ 7 & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 9 \\ & 9 \\ & 9 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{rr} 8 & 9 \\ 9 & 2 \\ 9 & 7 \\ 10 & 7 \\ 10 & 0 \\ 10 & 5 \\ 10 & 10 \\ 11 & 3 \\ 11 & 8 \\ 12 & 1 \\ 12 & 6 \\ 12 & 6 \end{array}\right.$ | 10 6 <br> II 0 <br> II 6 <br> 12 0 <br> 12 6 <br> 13 6 <br> 13 0 <br> 13 6 <br> 14 0 <br> 14 6 <br> 15 0 | $\begin{array}{rr}12 & 3 \\ 12 & 10 \\ 13 & 5 \\ 14 & 0 \\ 14 & 7 \\ 15 & 2 \\ 15 & 9 \\ 16 & 4 \\ 16 & 11 \\ 17 & 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 14 & 0 \\ 14 & 8 \\ 15 & 4 \\ 16 & 0 \\ 16 & 8 \\ 17 & 4 \\ 18 & 0 \\ 18 & 8 \\ 19 & 4 \\ 20 & 0 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 17 & 6 \\ 18 & 4 \\ 19 & 2 \\ 20 & 0 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 21 & 8 \\ 22 & 6 \\ 23 & 4 \\ 24 & 2 \\ 25 & 0 \end{array}$ | 19 3 <br> 20 2 <br> 21 1 <br> 22 0 <br> 22 11 <br> 23 10 <br> 24 9 <br> 25 8 <br> 26 7 <br> 27 6 | 22 <br> 34 <br> 34 <br> 36 <br> 37 <br> 38 <br> 39 <br> 30 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 32 \\ & 33 \\ & 34 \\ & 35 \\ & 36 \\ & 37 \\ & 38 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | 0 7 <br> 0 78 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 84 <br> 0 84 <br> 0 84 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 10 | $\left.\begin{array}{ll} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 \frac{4}{3} \\ 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 \frac{1}{3} \\ 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 76 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{lll} 1 & 117 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 24 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 \\ \hline & 6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 & 7 \\ 2 & 8 \\ 2 & 9 \\ 2 & 10 \\ 2 & 11 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \\ 5 & 8 \\ 5 & 10 \\ 6 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 \\ 6 & 4 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} 7 & 9 \\ 8 & 0 \\ 8 & 3 \\ 8 & 6 \\ 8 & 9 \\ 9 & 0 \\ 9 & 3 \\ 9 & 6 \\ 9 & 9 \\ 10 & 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | 10 4 <br> 10  <br> 11 8 <br> 11 4 <br> 11 4 <br> 12 8 <br> 12 0 <br> 12 4 <br> 12 8 <br> 13 0 <br> 13 4 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{rrr} 12 & 11 \\ 13 & 4 \\ 13 & 4 \\ 14 & 9 \\ 14 & 2 \\ 14 & 7 \\ 15 & 0 \\ 15 & 5 \\ 15 & 10 \\ 16 & 3 \\ 16 & 8 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 6 \\ 16 & 0 \\ 16 & 6 \\ 17 & 0 \\ 17 & 6 \\ 18 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 \\ 19 & 0 \\ 19 & 6 \\ 20 & 0\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 21 & 4 \\ 22 & 0 \\ 22 & 8 \\ 23 & 4 \\ 24 & 0 \\ 24 & 8 \\ 25 & 4 \\ 26 & 0 \\ 26 & 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 23 & 3 \\ 24 & 0 \\ 24 & 9 \\ 25 & 6 \\ 26 & 3 \\ 27 & 0 \\ 27 & 9 \\ 28 & 6 \\ 29 & 3 \\ 30 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}25 & 10 \\ 26 & 8 \\ 27 & 6 \\ 28 & 4 \\ 29 & 2 \\ 30 & 0 \\ 30 & 10 \\ 31 & 8 \\ 32 & 6 \\ 33 & 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lr} 28 & 5 \\ 29 & 4 \\ 30 & 3 \\ 31 & 2 \\ 32 & 1 \\ 33 & 0 \\ 33 & 11 \\ 34 & 10 \\ 35 & 9 \\ 36 & 8 \end{array}$ | 32 34 35 36 38 38 |

INCOME OR WAGES TABLE.


## "BEST ON RECORD" LIST.

[NOTE.-For obvious reasons it is impossible to guarantee the accuracy of some of these records.]

| Event. | Distance | Time. | Name.* | Date. | Place. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ng |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { H. M. M. S. } \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | 02 | New York. |
| 300 " | 300 | - | Hutchens, H | Jan. 2, | Edinburgh. |
| 440 | 440 | ${ }_{0}^{0} 0047$ | Bak | July 1, |  |
| 10001 mile | 1 mile | 0 | Ge | Oct. 8, 83, 88 | ge. |
| 2 miles | 2 miles | 0911 |  | Aug. 1, '63 | nc |
| 10 " | 10 | 051 |  | Sept 10 |  |
| 50 | 50 | 555 |  | Fe | Royal Aquarium |
| 100 | 100 | 132630 | Rowl |  | New York. |
| Long dist. ${ }_{\text {Running against }}$ | 11 m . 1288 | 141 1 1 5780 | Littew | Dec. ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Sept. 16, ${ }^{\text {8, }} 89$ | Rochdale. |
|  | 89 m .1540 y . | 120 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Rowell, } \mathrm{C},{ }^{\text {, }} \text {, } \phi \text { (of } \\ \text { Cambridge) }\end{array}\right.$ | Feb. 27, '82 | New York. |
| 1 mile Walking | 1 mile | 0623 | Perkins, W | June | Bridge. |
| 2 miles " |  | 01314 | Raby, J. W. | Aug. 20, |  |
| " " |  | 03510 | " $\quad$, |  |  |
| ${ }_{50}^{10}$ | 10 | 11445 7 5416 |  | Dec |  |
| 100 ", " | 100 ", | 78416 18815 | Howes, W., $p$ | May 15, '80 | Agric. Hall. |
| Walking against time | 8 m .30 | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 0 \\ 8 & 0\end{array}$ |  | Nov. 29, '83 |  |
| " $\quad$ " | 22 m .456 |  | Th |  |  |
| " " " | 70m. 677 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 0 & 0 \\ 24 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{lll} \text { Nov. } & 13, & \prime 82 \\ \text { Feb. } & 23, & 78 \end{array}\right\|$ | eld. |
| " $\quad$ " $\quad$ " | 19773 mil mile | $\left\|\begin{array}{ccc} 24 & 0 & 0 \\ 1000 & 0 & 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | Howes, |  | ington, N. |
| Safety Bicycle | 1 mile | 0 1 1888 | C | July 26, ${ }^{\text {20 }}$ | C |
| , (flying start) |  | ${ }_{0}^{0} 12228$ |  | Aug. 4, '00 |  |
| " $\quad$ " $\quad .$. |  | ${ }_{0}^{0} 13436$ | Micha | Nov. 8, 01 |  |
| time. | 40 m .1496 y . $349 \mathrm{~m} .1447 \mathrm{y} \mid$ | 120 <br> 120 | Robl, T. <br> Walters, | Nov. <br> Sept. <br> 3, |  |
| " " ", | 1030 | 2400 | Cordang, $p$ | Sept. ${ }^{\text {Sepr }}$ | The Hague. |
| Running wide jump | 24 ft. 6,11 $55_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{in}, "$ |  | O'Connor, R. Sweeney, M. J. | $\left\|\begin{array}{lll} \text { Tuly } & 16, \\ \text { Sept. } & 21, & \\ \hline 95 \end{array}\right\|$ | Kilkenny. New York. |
| Pole jump | 11 " |  | C | Jun |  |
| Standing wide | 12 " |  |  | Sept. |  |
| high | 5 5 ", |  | $\frac{\mathrm{EW}}{\mathrm{EW}}$ |  | Buffalo, U.S. <br> Walsall. |
| 8 standing jumps (with weights) | 42 " 6 " | ...... | Darby, Joseph, $p$ | M | Manchester. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Standing hop, step, } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { weights) } \end{array}\right\}$ | 87 |  | H | M | Lawrence (Mass.) |
| Throwing cricket ball | 140 yds . |  |  | Dec. 19, "72 |  |
| Weight lifting ... |  |  | Louis | Nov., 1891 | M. Ha |
| Swimming |  | 010 |  |  | Manchester. |
|  | ${ }^{1} \frac{1}{3}$ mile | 研 |  | Sept. 30, 01 |  |
| " | 1000 | ${ }^{0}$ | Jarvis, J. A., | Nov. 18, ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | Manchest |
| " $\quad . .$. |  |  | Reid, G., $p$ | April 13, 01 |  |
| " $\quad \cdots \quad$. | $\underset{\substack{1 \mathrm{mp} . \text { in } \\ \text { open wtr. }}}{\}}\}$ | 02522 | Jones, E. T., a |  |  |
| Staying under water ... |  | 4462 |  | 99 |  |
| Plunging Aquatic ... | ft. 0 ins . to Mrtlke. | 02144 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Bo} \\ & \mathrm{Th} \mathrm{Co} \end{aligned}$ |
| Billiard brk, with |  |  | Peall | Nov. | Royal Aquarium. |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Trotting (horse) | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \mathrm{mj} \\ 20 \mathrm{mi} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 0 & 2 & 28 \\ 0 & 58 & 25^{2} \end{array}$ | Cresceus <br> McGowan, Cptn. | July |  |
| " ${ }^{\text {nning time (horse) ... }}$ | 1 mile | $0135 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  | ath Pa |
|  |  | 2412 |  |  | eapolis. |
| olf (longest drive) | $41 \mathrm{yds}$.9 in |  | Tait, F. G., a | Jan. 11, | St. Andrews |

[^16]|  | DERBY. <br> 14 miles. | A800T OUP. 2支 miles. y. st. lb. | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { OIGESTEER OUP. } \\ 2 \nmid \text { miles. } & \text { y. st. lb. } \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1891 | Common | Morion | Vasistas ......... 5888 | Surefoot ........ 4102 |
| 1892 | Sir Hugo | Buccaneer ...... 490 | Dare Devil ...... 478 | Orme ............ 8911 |
| 1893 | Isinglass | Marcion ......... 377 | Dare Devil ...... 58881 | Orme ........... 4102 |
| 1894 | Ladas .... | La Flèche ...... 59 | Quæsitum ...... 4880 | Isinglass ...... .. 4102 |
| 1895 | Sir Visto | Isinglass ........ 59 | Kilsallaghan .. 57 | Le Justicier...... 3981 |
| 1896 | Persimmon | Love Wisely .. 3 7 7 7 7 | The Rush ...... 48 | St. Frusquin ... 399 |
| 1897 | Galtee More | Persimmon ...... 4.9 0 | Count Sch'b'rg. 58810 | Persimmon ...... 4102 |
| 1898 | Jeddah | Elf II. ............ 5'9 6 | Up Guards ...... 4613 | Velasquez ...... 4102 |
| 1899 | Flying Fox | Cyllene ......... 490 | Uncle Mac ...... 5 5 77 | Flying Fox ...... 889 |
| 1900 | Diamond Jubilee | Merman ......... a 9 a | Roughside ...... a 75 | Diamond Jubilee 399 |
| 1901 | Volodyovski .... | Santoi ........... 4990 | David Garrick. 4810 | Epsom Lad..... 49918 |
| 1902 | Ard Patrick . <br> 0 AK8. <br> 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles. | Wil'm the Third 490 <br> PRITTOESS OF WAIES BTAKes. I mile. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Carabine ......... } 4 \quad 7 \quad 5 \\ \text { OAICBRTDGEGBRRR. } \\ \text { I m. \& distance A. F. } \end{gathered}$ | Cheers ........... 3888 <br> JUBHEs 8TAKEs. <br> 1 mile. |
| 1891 | Mimi | N. B. -This race was not | Comedy ........ 878 | Nunthorpe ...... 590 |
| 1892 | La Flèche | 894. | La Fleche ...... 8810 | Euclid ............ 374 |
| 1893 | Mrs. Butterwick |  | Molly Morgan.: 466 | Orvieto........ ... 5985 |
| 1894 | Amiable.... | Isinglass ........ 4108 | Indian Queen... 3806 | $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Avington } & \ldots . . . . . & 4 & 8 & 8 & 1 \\ \text { Victor Wild }\end{array}$ |
| 1895 | La Sagesse ..... | Le Var........... 3888 | Marco | $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Victor Wild..... } & 5 & 8 & 4 \\ \text { Victor Wid }\end{array}$ |
| 1896 | Canter. Pilgrim | St. Frusquin ... 3 S 992 | Winkf'd's Pride 81810 | $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Victor Wild...... } & 6 & 9 & 7 \\ \text { Clwyd }\end{array}$ |
| 1897 | Limasol ........... | $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Velasquez } & . . . . & 3 & 8 & 13 \\ \text { Goletta. } & \text { c.i. } & 4 & 9 & 11\end{array}$ | Comfrey ......... 3 3 782 | $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Clwyd ............ } 6 & 7 & 5 \\ \text { Dinna Forget. } & 6 & 7 & 7\end{array}$ |
| 1898 | Airs and Graces Musa | Goletta.......... Flying Fox 4 $9^{9} 111$ |  | Dinna Forget... 678 Knightof Thistle 08 |
| 1899 | Musa .. <br> La Roch |  | Irish Ivy ........ 3 <br> Berrill 7 11 | Knightof Thistle 0 8 4 <br> Sirenia ........... 5 8 <br> $\mathbf{8}$    |
| 1901 | Cap and Bells II. | Epsom Lad...... 492 | Watershed ...... 377 | Santoi ........... 488 |
| 1902 | Sceptre .. | Veles.. ............ 492 |  | Royal George... 469 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ST. IEGER. } \\ & \text { I m. } 6 \text { f. } 13^{2} \text { y. } \end{aligned}$ | OESAREWITOH. <br> 2 m .2 f. 35 yds . | OITY AND BUBUBBAN. It miles. | STEWARDS' CUP (Goodwood). T. Y. C. |
| 1891 | Common | Ragimunde..... 3610 | Nunthorpe ...... 58588 | Unicorn ......... 362 |
| 1892 | La Fleche | Burnaby ......... 5611 | Buccaneer ...... 4710 | Marvel ............ 588 |
| 1893 | Isinglass. |  | King Charles ... 466 | Medora ........ 8612 |
| 1894 | Throstle | Childwick ...... 479 | Grey Leg......... 378 | Gangway........ 487 |
| 1895 | Sir Visto | Rockdove ...... 4610 | Reminder ...... 4889 | Wise Virgin ... 866 |
| 1896 | Persimmon | St. Bris ......... 366 | Worcester ...... 6812 | Chasseur ......... 488 |
| 1897 | Galtee More | Merman ......... 5 5 7 | Balsamo ......... 4.478 | Amphora ......... 485 |
| 1898 | Wildfowler | Chaleureux ...... 4785 | Bay Ronald ... 5712 | Altesse ............ 484 |
| 1899 | Flying Fox | Scintillant ...... 370 | Newhaven II.... 6990 | N'thern Farmer 576 |
| 1900 | Diamond Jubilee | Clarehaven ...... 4713 | The Grafter...... a 810 | Royal Flush ... a 713 |
| 1901 | Doricles ........... | Balsarroch ...... 8781 | Australian Star $5 \quad 710$ | O'Don'v'nRossa 470 |
| 1902 |  |  | First Principal.. 5786 | Mauvezin ...... 6888 |
|  | 8,000 GUIITEAS. I mile 11 yards. | IPOOL GRAND <br> NATIONAL. <br> 4 miles 856 yards. | DONOASTER OUP. 2 miles. | ITNOOLNSHERE HANDICAP. 1 mile. |
| 1891 | Common | Come Away ... a 1112 | Queen's B'day.. 49 | Lord George ... 580 |
| 1892 | Bonavista | Father O'Flynn a 105 | Chesterfield...... 49 | Clarence ......... 368 |
| 1893 | Isinglass | Cloister ......... a 127 | Prisoner ......... 388 | Wolfs Crag...... 367 |
| 1891 | Ladas ... | Why Not......... a 1113 | Sweet Duchess 3881 | Le Nicham...... 487 |
| 1895 | Kirkconnel | Wild Man fr. B. a 1011 | Kilsallaghan ... 51010 | Euclid ............ 6712 |
| 1896 | St. Frusquin | The Soarer ...... a 913 | Laodamia ...... 699 | Clorane ......... 5994 |
| 1897 | Galtee More | Manifesto ...... a 113 | Winkf'd's Pride 498 | Wink ${ }^{-1} \mathrm{~d}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ Pride 489 |
| 1898 | Disraeli | Drogheda ...... 61012 | Pinfold ......... 381 | Pr. Barcaldine.. 575 |
| 1899 | Flying Fox | Manifesto ...... a 127 | Calveley ......... 4.98 | General Peace.. 575 |
| 1900 | Diamond Jubilee | Ambush II....... 6113 | King's Courier . 3* 8 - 4 | Sir Geoffrey ... 586 |
| 1901 | Handicapper | Grudon ......... a 100 |  | Little Eva ..... 671 |
| 1902 | Sceptre ........... | hannon Lass... a 101 |  | St. Maclou ..... 4712 |
|  | 1,000 GUINEAS. I mile in yards. | GOODWOOD CUP. $2 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ miles. | HUNT CUP (As00t). <br> New mile (7 f. 166 y.). | JOCKEY OLUB <br> STAKES. I m. 2 f. |
| 1891 | Mimi | Gonsalvo........ 496 | Laureate II. ... 5712 | N. B. -This race was not |
| 1892 | La Fleche | Martagon ...... 5 5 910 | Suspender ...... 3710 | run before 1894. |
| 1893 | Siffleuse | Barmecide ...... a 86 |  |  |
| 1894 | Amiable. | Kilsallaghan ... 488 | Victor Wild...... 4787 | Isinglass ......... 4102 |
| 1895 | Galeottia | Florizel II. ...... 4198 | Clorane ......... 4811 | Laveno........... 889 |
| 1896 | Thais | Count Sch'brg. 482 | Quarrel........... 51711 | Persimmon ...... 3194 |
| 1897 | Chelandry | Count Sch'b'rg. 5102 | Kn't. of Thistle $4 \quad 75$ | Love Wisely ... 498 |
| 1898 | Nun Nicer | King's Mes'ger. 377 | Jacquemart... .. 4886 | Up Guards ...... 4617 |
| 1899 | Sibola. | Merman ......... a 95 | Refractor........ 3 3 689 | Flying Fox ..... 3 |
| 1900 | Winifreda | Mazagan ......... 493 | Royal Flush ... a 70 | Disguise II...... 38 |
| 1801 | Aida | Fortunatus ...... 388 | Stealaway ...... $44^{6} 87$ | Pietermaritzburg 3 |
| 1962 | Scepre $\ldots \ldots$. $\%$. | Perseus .. ...... 3 7 7 11 | The Solicitor ... 4 <br> 7 7 |  |

## INLAND LETTERS.

The rates for Inland Letters are as follows:
 and so on for greater weights at $\frac{1}{2} d$. extra for every additional 2 ozs. No letter may exceed $24 \mathrm{in}$. long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in . deep. Letters posted unpaid are chatged double postage on delivery; those insufficiently paid, double the deficiency.
EXPRESS DELIVERY.-Letters and parcels are accepted at most of the principal offices for express delivery, at an extra charge of 3d. for every mile or part. The cost of cab hire extra if required. The packet must be handed over counter at the Post Office, with postage and fee affixed in stamps, and "Express Delivery" boldly written at top left corner.

Single letters not exceeding 4 ozs . in weight can be sent by railway. The postage must be paid by stamps, and a fee of 2d. must be paid to the railway servant receiving such letter, and he will affix and obliterate a special label. Such letters must be taken to a passenger station, and will be sent to destination by first available train. They may be addressed to the Parcel Office at the station of destination "to be called for," or if so desired will be posted in the nearest Post Office to the station to which addressed for delivery by ordinary post.

## INLAND NEWSPAPERS.

The ordinary postal rate on unregistered newspapers is a halfpenny for every 2 ozs.; but publications which consist wholly or in great part of news, or articles on current topics, and which are printed and published in the United Kingdom at intervals of not more than seven days, mayfor an annual fee of 5 s.- be registered for transmission by post in the United Kingdom at the newspaper rate of a halfpenny each, irrespective of weight. No newspaper packet may be above 5 lbs. in weight, 24 in . long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in . deep.

NEWSPAPER WRAPPERS.-Halfpenny stamp, 等d. each, 7 for 4 d., or 225 . rod. per 480 ; Penny Stamp, itd. each, 8 for $8 \frac{1}{d} d$. , or 2 is. 3 d . per 240. Sheets of halfpenny wrappers may be obtained at two days' notice in packets of 120 sheets of 14 wrappers each at $£ 3$ 18s.

## INLAND BOOK POST.

The rates for Book Packets are as follows:
 and so on for greater weights at $\frac{1}{2} d$. extra for every additional 2 ozs. No Book Packet may exceed 24 in. long, 12 in. wide, or 12 in. deep.
A 2 oz. Book Packet may contain any matter wholly printed on paper, or other substance in ordinary use for printing; books or literary publications,sketches, drawings, paintings, maps, plans, \&c., as well as invoices, and similar commercial and legal documents, provided that nothing is written on them of the nature of a letter, or other than entries proper to such documents.
The regulations for all other Book Packets are the same as for Letters.

## INLAND PARCEL POST.

The limit of length allowed is 3 ft .6 in ., and Digitizthe meximur of ength and girth is 6 ft ., i.e.
a Parcel 3 ft .6 in . long may measure 2 ft .6 in . in girth round the thickest part. The Rates of Postage, which must be prepaid, are as follows:
 II lbs. is the limit allowed.

## POST CARDS, REGISTRATION, \&c.

POST CARDS. - Post Cards are sold at the following rates:-Stout Cards $\frac{1}{3}$. each, 6 d . for 10, or 5 s . for 100 . Thin Cards ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~d}$. each, $5 \frac{\mathrm{~d} \text {. for } 10 \text {, }}{}$ or ins. for 240 . Uncut sheets can be obtained at any Post Office at two days' notice in packets of 120 sheets (containing 42 cards each, or a total of 5,040 cards) at $£ 126 \mathrm{~s}$. for stout cards, and $£_{11} 8 \mathrm{~s}$. for thin cards. Reply Post Cards are issued at double these rates, but are not sold in uncut sheets. Official Post Cards, or private cards embossed by Office of Inland Revenue with a halfpenny stamp, may be used for correspondence throughout the United Kingdom, and private cards bearing an adhesive halfpenny stamp may also be used provided they are composed of ordinary cardboard, not thicker than official cards, and are of about the size of official cards, being not less than $3 t \mathrm{in}$ by 2 it in.

LETTER CARDS.-Letter Cards are sold at 1 dd each, 4 for 4 d.d., or 8 for 9 d .
REGISTRATION \& INSURANCE.-The fee for registering an Inland Letter, Packet, Parcel, \&c., is 2d. over and above the ordinary postal rate, and in the event of loss or damage this covers compensation up to $£_{5} 5$. The packet must be enclosed in a strong cover, securely fastened, and if containing coin, mrest (to gain the benefit of the Post Office guarantee) be enclosed in a special Registered Letter envelope, sold at all post offices. The packet must be given to a Post Office official, and a receipt obtained for it, and if, contrary to this rule, it should be dropped into a letter box, it becomes liable to a fee of 4 d . on delivery. Letters containing coin, jewellery, or watches, if posted without registration, are liable to a similar fee on delivery.
PRIVATE LETTER BOXES.-Posting boxes may now be fixed in private houses in London on the following conditions. The box must be approved by the Postal authorities, and must be fitted with a lock supplied by them at the cost of the user, who will not be allowed access to the inteior of the box. The box must be easily accessible from the street for the purpose of collection. The annual fees are as follows:Initial fee, zos. for two collections other than the "general," and ros, for each additional collection. For the "general" collection, 405 .

## LONDON ARRANGEMENTS.

The latest time for posting letters for the Night Mails generally is as follows :-
St. Martin's-le-Grand.-Letters, 6; ex. $\frac{1}{} \mathrm{~d}$., 7.30. Foreign and Colonial, 6; ex. rd., 7 ; ex. 2d., 7.15 ; ex. 3d., 7.30 . News and Book Packets, 5.30 ; ex. dd., 6.45 ; ex. Id., 7.15. Foreign and Colonial ditto, 6 ; with ex. $\ddagger \mathrm{d}$. ., 6.45 ; ex. $\mathrm{fd} ., 7.15$.
Lombard St., Gracechurch St., 47, Casnan St., Eastcheap, Fleet St., Throgmorton Av., Mart Lane, Leadenhall St., Threadneedle St., $L$ sdgate Circus.-Letters 6; ex. Id., 7; Foreign and Colonial, 6; ex. 1d., 7: all News and Book Packets, 5.30.

District Offices.-Letters, 6 ; ex. 1d., 7.30; For. and Col. ex. 1d., 7 ; News and Book Pack., 5.30 .

Receiving Howses and Pillar Boxes,-Letters, 6 p.m.

Special late fee boxes are affixed at the barriers on platforms of the Railway Stations from which Mail Trains start each morning and evening and Sunday evening, in which Letters, \&c., for the Provirces can be posted if paid a fee of $\frac{2}{2}$ d. in addition to the postage.

At the G.P.O., at West Strand Telegraph Office, the Chief District and some suburban Offices and the Termini of principal railways, letters posted on Sunday before $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., and paid d. for Inland and id. for the Continent, in addition to postage, are forwarded by Night Mails.

Late Letters, \&c., for Continent generally can be posted at Cannon St. and Charing Cross Stations, and those for Holland, Germany, and North of Europe can be posted at Holborn Viaduct and Victoria Stations each week-day evening, up to a short time before departure of train, and must bear a fee of 4 d . in stamps in addition to postage. On Surday evening, letters, \&c., can be similarly posted with an additional fee of id. At Euston Station, those for the Urited States, Carada, \&c., can be posted on Wednesday and Saturday up to 4.10 p.m., and those for Canada up to 8.45 p.m. on Thursday ; those for the Cape, \&c., can be posted at Waterloo up to $1.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. an Saturday, and those for the West Indies and Pacific up to 11.25 a.m. on alternate Wednesdays, with a fee of 2 d . in addition to postage. Registered Letters must not be posted in these Boxes.

The latest time for registering letters at St. Martin's-le-Grand with ordinary fee is $5.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, or on payment of ad. late fee, $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; of 4 d ., $6.30 \mathrm{p.m}$. ; of $6 \mathrm{~d} ., 7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and of 1 s, , $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. At Lombard St. Branch Office with ordinary fee, $5.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; with late fee of $2 \mathrm{~d} ., 6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; of 4 d ., 6. $30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and of 6 d . , $6.55 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. At the District Ofices and the Chief Branch Offices in E.C. District, $5.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, or with 2d. late fee, $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. At other Branch and Sub-offices, 5 p.m.

Inquiries for Missing Letters should be made at the Secretary's Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, between $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ and $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. (Saturdays 10 and 1). The Poste Restante is at the General Post Office ; the Returned Letter Office is at Mount Pleasant, and the Money Order Office is at Nos. 18-20, Fore St., E.C. ; the Post Office Savings Bank is at 144A, Queen Victoria Street.

## FOREIGN POST.

LETTERS. -The rate of postage on letters addressed to most British possessions is Id. per首 oz. ; to the Australian colonies, Rhodesia, and some minor colonies, and to all foreign countries the rate is $2 \frac{1}{2}$ d. per $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{oz}$. No letter may be more than 24 in . long, and 12 in . wide, or deep.

NEWSPAPERS AND BOOKS.-The rates for Newspapers and other printed matter are given in the table below; circulars in identical form from type-written originals, or printed in imitation type-written characters, are admitted if in numbers of not less than twenty and specially handed over the counter at a Post Office and attention called to their nature. Upon Commercial Papers the lowest rate is $2 \frac{\mathrm{~h}}{\mathrm{~d}}$. for any weight less than 10 ozs., but those under x oz. for British possessions other than those above named may be sent cheaper as letters (which see). Limitation of size for Foreign countries of the Postal Union is 18 in . long by 12 in . wide or deep, and to other places abroad the limit is 24 in. long by tzit in wide or deef. Y ) fin form of a roll the
limits are $3^{\circ} \mathrm{in}$. long by 4 in . diameter in either case. Limitation of weight is 4 lbs to Foreign countries in Postal Union, and 5 lbs. to other countries.

SAMPLES. - Bona fide trade samples, not being liable to Customs duties, and not sent in execution of an order, or by one private individual to another, may be sent by post to the Colonies and all Foreign countries at book post rate, but the lowest rate is id. The packet must be open at ends, but samples of seeds, drugs, \&c., may be sent in boxes or bags fastened so that they may be easily opened. Such samples must not be of saleable value, or of a dangerous or prohibited nature. Limit of size to any Foreign country in Postal Union is 12 in . long by 8 in . wide and 4 in . deep, or for packets in the form of a roll, 12 in . long and 6 in . diameter. To other Countries and British Colonies the limit is 24 in. by 12 in . by 12 in . The weights allowed are 12 ozs. to Foreign countries in the Postal Union, and 5 lbs to other countries.

POST CARDS may be sent to all countries at one penny each for single, and twopence each for Reply cards. Regulations same as Inland.

REGISTRATION:-Fee and regulations same as Inland. Coin, jewellery, \&c., is permitted to be sent to some countries, but value of contents must not be marked on outside. Letters containing bank notes, bonds, \&c., can be insured when sent to some countries. By prepayment of an extra fee of 2ld. an acknowledgment of the receipt of a registered packet when sent to a country of Postal Union may be obtained from the addressee.

## FOREIGN POSTAL RATES.

For newspapers, books, commercial papers, \&c. to all places abroad.

| Newspapers and Books. oz. d. | Commercial Papers. oz. d. |  | Samples. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2001 | 10 | 24 | 4 | 1 |
| 41 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 12 |
| 6 11 | 14 | 31 | 8 | 2 |
| 8 2 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 21 |
| 10 2t | 18 | 42 | 18 | 3 |

## FOREIGN MAILS.

In the subjoined table the day for despatch of mail is shown by initials in brackets,-in italics for morning despatch, in Roman for evening. When a figure 2 or 4 follows, every second or fourth day is indicated. An asterisk indicates a daily mail. The figures at end of each line show approximate number of days in transit.

| Aden (F, Tu. 2, M <br> 3). $\qquad$ | Berlin* |
| :---: | :---: |
| Africa, West Brit. | Bermuda (aft. W,S) |
| (F, T, alt. W) 14 to 28 | Beyrout (see Egypt) |
| Alexandria (Tu., F, | Bolivia (W-2) ......... |
| $M, W$, | Borneo (F, Tw, 2, $S$ |
| Algeria*............. $2 \pm$ |  |
| Amsterdam**....... $\frac{1}{2}$ | Brazil |
| Argentine Repub. 22 | Brit. Columbia (aft. |
| Ascension ( $S_{4}$ )..... 26 | W, S, evg. Thurs.) |
|  | Brussels* |
| Azores .............. 8 | Buenos Ay |
| Bagdad* (.......... 24 | Bulgaria*. |
| Bahamas (aft. W,S) 11 | Canada (aft. W, S, |
| Barbados (W 2) | evg. Thurs |
| Bechuanaland noon) | Canary Islands ...... CapeColony(S noon) |

## Foreign Mails-continued.

## Cape Verd Islands

( $\mathrm{W}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}, F_{4}$ ) $\ldots$ Ceylon ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{M}_{3}$, Fu . $2, S 2)$
Chili (W 2, S 2 )...... 33
China (F, Tu. 2, S 2 ) 29
Colombia, Repub. of ( $W$ 2)
Congo
............. 26
Copenhagen* $\ldots$........ ${ }^{3 \frac{1}{2}}$
Costa Rica ( $W_{2}$,
w, S aft.) ......... 20
Cuba (aft. W, S) ... 12
Cyprus (F)
Delagoa
Bay
noon).
22
Denmark* ............ $1 \frac{1}{2}$
Dominican Repub.

$$
(W 2)
$$

Ecuador ( $W_{2}$ 2) ...... 25
Egypt (Tu., F, $M$,
Falkland İslands(W)
4, S 4) ............... 25
Faroe Islands......... 10
Fiji (S aft. 3and 4,F) 35
France*
Germany*
Gibraltar*
Greece (Su.,M,Th.,
F)
…............. $4 \frac{1}{2}$
Guatemala(aft.W,S) 27
Guiana ( $W_{2}$ )
Havana (aft. W, S) 12
Hawaii, Honolulu
(aft. W, S)
Hayti (aft. W, S).... 18
Holland* ...............
Honduras, Br. (aft. W, S)
Ditto Repub. (W2) 20
Hong Kong ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{Tu}_{\mathrm{u}}$
2, $S_{2}$ 2) ............... 29
Iceland.
India (F) ............. $14 \frac{3}{4}$
Italy*
Jamaica ( $W$ 2, $S_{2}$ ) 13
Japan (F, Tu. 2, $S_{2}$,
Thurs. 3 or 4) $\ldots . .32$
Java (F, Tu.2, $S$ ) ... ${ }^{2} 7$
Labuan (F, Tu.2, S
2)

32

1) ............ 21

Luxembourg*.......... ${ }^{2 t}$
Madagascar (8th
and 23 rd )............ 21
Madeira (S noon)...
Madrid*
Malta*
Mauritius (8th and
23rd, F 4)............
Mexico (aft. W, S) 12
Montenegro* ... ..... 2
Montevideo............ 2
Mozambique (Tu. 2,
S aft.)

Muscat(F, $M_{3}, T u .2$ ) 20
Natal ( $S$ noon) ...... 2I
New Brunswick (aft.
W, S, evg. Thurs.) 9
Newfoundland ( $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ ) 9
New Sth. Wales (F) $32 \frac{3}{3}$
New York (aft. W, S) 8
New Zeal.(Saft. 3, F) 3r
Nicaragua ( $W_{2}$ )... ${ }^{27}$
Norway* .............. ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$
Nova Scotia (aft. W,
S, evg. Thurs.) ... 9
Orange River Colony
( $S$ noon) ............ 20
Panama ( $W_{2}$ ) ...... 20
Paraguay............... 30
Penang(F,Tu. 2, S2) 22
Peru ( $W_{2}$ ) ............ ${ }^{26}$
Philippine Islands ( F ,

$$
T u, 2, S_{2} \text { )...... } 32
$$

Portugal * ...........
Prince Edward Is. (aft. W, S, evg. Thurs.)...............
Queensland (F)........ 33
Reunion (8th \& 23rd) 21
Rio de Janeiro ...... 17
Rome* ..................
Roumania* ...............
Russia* $2 \frac{1}{2}$
St. Helena ( $S_{4}$ ) ... 15
St. Petersburg*..... $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$
St. Pierre et Miquelon (aft. W, S, evg. Thurs.)............
Salvador (aft. W, S, $W_{2}$. ................. 25
Servia*….............. 3
Seychelles (23rd)........ 19
$\operatorname{Siam}\left(\mathrm{F}, T_{u}, 2, S_{2}\right){ }_{32}$
Singapore ( F , Tu. 2,

$$
s_{2)} \ldots
$$

Smyrna* ................. ${ }^{2}$
South Australia (F) $30 \frac{5}{4}$
Spain* ..................
Sweden* ............... 2
Switzerland*
Tahiti (Marq. I...)
(aft. W, S) ......... 24
Tangier* ............... 4
Tasmania (F) ........ 34
Teneriffe .............. 5
Transvaal (S)......... 20
Trinidad ( $W_{2}$ ) ...... 14
Tripoli .................. 4
Tunis
Turkey* .............. 4
United States (aft.
W, S)
Uruguay .................. 21
Vancouver Is. (aft.
W, S, evg. Thurs.) 15
Venezuela ( $W_{2}$ ) ... 19
Victoria (F).............314
West Australia (F) 27
West Indies ( $W_{2}$ ) 16
Zanzibar (F, Tu. 2;
8th).
22

## FOREIGN PARCEL POST.

Parcels for the undermentioned countries are forwarded at the minimum rates indicated. The limits of weights and dimensions vary. Each parcel must be accompanied by a declaration (for the Customs) of the contents and value, which in some cases is limited to $£ 50$.

Argentinę Republic 3 lb. 2s. 4 d. ; Austro-Hun-
gary, 3 lb . is. 6d. ; Barbados, 3 lb. is.; Bermuda, 3 lb .1 s. ; Belgium, 3 lb .1 s .3 d. ; British Guiana, 3 lb .1 s . ; Canada, $1 \mathrm{lb} .8 \mathrm{~d} . ;$ Cape Colony, 1 lb . 9d. ; China, 3 lb. Is. ; Ceylon, 3 lb. is. ; Denmark, 3 lb. 1s. 6d.; Egypt, 3 lb . 1s.; France, 3 lb. 1s. 4d.; Gibraltar, 3 lb . 1 s .; Germany, 3 lb .1 s . ; Gold Coast, 3 lb . 1 s . ; Hong Kong, 3 lb . is.; Holland, 3 lb .15. ; India (including Burmah, Zanzibar, \&c.), i lb. Is.; Italy, 3 lb . 1s. 6d. ; Jamaica and Turks Islands, 3 lb . is. ; Japan, 3 lb . 1 s .1 Iod. ; Leeward Islands, 3 lb . 1s.; Malta, 3 lb . 1 s .; Mauritius, 3 lb . 1 s . ; Mexico, 3 lb . 1 s. ; Natal, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{lb} .9 \mathrm{~d}$. ; Newfoundland, 3 lb .1 s. ; New South Wales, Ilb . 1 s . ; New Zealand, 3 lb . 1s. ; Norway, 3 lb .1 s .; Orange River Colony, x lb . is.; Portugal, 3 lb . Is. 6 d . ; Queensland, ilb. is.; Rhodesia-North-Eastern, i lb. Is. 6d., Southern, r lb. is. 9d.; Switzerland, 3 lb . is. 6d.; Sierra Leone, 3 lb . 1 s . ; Spain, $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. 2s. ; Straits Settlements, 3 lb . is. ; South and Western Australia, I lb. 1s. ; Sweden, 3 lb . 1s. 2d. ; Tasmania, 1 lb . is.; Tobago, 3 lb. is. ; Transvaal, 1 lb . is.; Trinidad, 3 lb . 1 s. ; Victoria, I lb. 1s. ; and Zanzibar, 3 lb . 1 s .

## MONEY ORDERS.

INLAND.-The Rates for Inland Money Orders are as follows:-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Not exceeding } £_{\mathrm{I}} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\
& \text { Exceeding } £_{\mathrm{I}} \text { and not exceeding } £_{3} \cdots \\
& \AA_{3} \mathrm{~d} .
\end{aligned}
$$

No Single Money Order may be issued for a higher amount than £io.

Money may be transmitted by telegraph between all post offices which transact Telegraph and Money Order business. The rate of commission is, not exceeding $£_{3}, 4 \mathrm{~d} . ;$ above $£_{3}$, and not exceeding $£_{10}, 6 \mathrm{~d}$. ; in addition to the cost of official telegram, the minimum being 6 d .

FOREIGN MONEY ORDERS are issued in the United Kingdom to Foreign Countries at a uniform rate of 6 d . for sums not exceeding $£ 2$; of is., not exceeding $£ 6$; of is. 6 d . not exceeding Ero. And Money Orders can be advised by Telegraph to various Foreign Countries, particulars of which can be obtained on application at any Money Order Office.

## POSTAL ORDERS.

Postal Orders are now issued at all Money Order Offices at the following rates :-

> 1 s . and is. 6 d .
> 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s., 3s. 6d......................... 4 s ., 4s. 6 d , 5 s. , $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.

7s. 6d., 10s., and 1os. 6d.
rd.
15s., 205. ............................................... $1 \frac{1}{2} d$.
Odd pence (not exceeding 5) may be affixed to the face of Postal Orders as value.

## POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS.

Sums of one shilling or of any number on complete shillings are received at all Money Order Offices, on deposit, but no one may deposit more than $£ 50$ in one year, ending December 3I, and no deposit account can exceed $£ 200$. Interest is allowed at the rate of $£ 2$ ros. per cent. per annum. Smaller sums may be saved by purchasing penny postage stamps, and affixing them on a form, supplied at any post office; twelve stamps so affixed will be received as a deposit of one shilling.

INVESTMENTS. - Depositors can invest sums in Government stock, and all dividends in respect of such stock will be credited to the deposit account in the same manner as interest. The commission charged for investments or sales


1s. 9d. ; Eroo, 2s. 3d. ; and for every additional $\Varangle$ roo up to the limit of $£ 500,6 \mathrm{~d}$.

INSURANCES AND ANNUITIES.-The Postmaster-General is empowered to insure the lives of persons between the ages of 14 and 65 for not less than $£ 5$ or more than $£ 100$, and to grant annuities of not more than $£ 100$ on the lives of persons of the age of 5 and upwards. A life in the 3oth year may be insured for $\mathbf{K}_{100}$ by a single payment of $£_{46}$ irs. 6 d., or by an annual payment through life of $£ 23$ s., or by an annual payment up to the age of 60 of $6_{2}$ ios., or in quarterly, monthly, or fortnightly payments in proportion.

## INLAND TELEGRAMS.

The charge for telegrams throughout the United Kingdom is 6d. for the first 12 words and $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for every additional word, the names and addresses of sender and receiver being counted. Names of places consisting of more than one word will be charged as one; London District initials will be counted as one word; figures will be counted as 5 for a word.

Porterage is charged at the rate of 3 d . per mile (reckoned from the Telegraph Office), if the telegram is for delivery beyond 3 miles from that Office (or beyond the town postal delivery). The sum paid for delivery is telegraphed to the delivering office, and if under calculated, the deficiency is charged on delivery, whilst any excess is refunded on application to the Secretary.

Telegrams bearing the words "by post," or "by train" (which must be paid for) after the address, are forwarded by post or train from the delivering office, a deposit of is. being payable by sender, when sent by train, to cover cost of conveyance.

Telegrams repeated at the request of the sender are charged at one half the ordinary tariff; fractions of one halfpenny being reckoned as a halfpenny. The money will, however, be refunded if it should turn out that the telegram has been inaccurately transmitted.

The cost of a reply, not exceeding 48 words in length, may be prepaid, and the reply may be sent, from any Telegraph Office, at any time within two months after the date of the original telegram. A reply form may be used for an original message.

Telegraph Offices are, as a rule, open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. on week days and Bank Holidays, and from $8 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on Sundays, but there are several in London and provincial towns which are open continuously.

## FOREIGN TELEGRAMS.

The following are the rates from any part of the United Kingdom. Address of receiver must be paid for as well as that of sender, if transmitted.

Aden, 3s. od. per word; Antigua, 4s. 4d.; Argentine Republic, 3s. 11d. and 4s. 2d.; Austria, 3d.; Azores, 9d. ; Bahamas, 2s. 5d. ; Barbados, 4s. 9d.; Belgium, 2d. ; Bermuda, 2s. 6d. ; Brazil, 3s. to 5s. 7d.; British Borneo-Labuan, 4s. 1od., other places, 55. ; Burmah, 2s. 6d. ; California, ıs. 6 d . ; Canada, is. to 3s. 6d.; Cape Colony, 3s.; Ceylon, 2s. 7d. ; China, 5s. 5 d . to 5s. 9d. ; Cuba, is. 8d. to 1s. Iod. ; Denmark, 3d. ; Egypt, is. 7d. $t 0$ 2s. 6d.; France, 2d.; Germany, 2d. ; Gibraltar, $3 \frac{1}{1 d}$. ; Holland, 2d. ; Hungary, 3 d. ; India, 2s. 6d.; Italy, 3d.; Jamaica, 3s. ; Japan, 6s. 2d. to 75. 9d. ; Labuan, 4s. rod. ; Madeira, is. ; Mauritius, 3s; Mexico, is. 6d. to 2s. 7 d . ; Natal, 3s.; New Brunswick, 1s.; Newfoundland,
rs. ; New South Wales, 2s. rod. ; New York, 1s. ; New Zealand, 3s. id. ; Norway, 3d. ; Nova Scotia, rs.; Orange River Colony, 3s.; Penang, 3s. 4d.; Philippine Islands, 5s. 7d. to 6s. 2d. ; Portugal,' 3łd. ; Queensland, 2s. rod. ; Northern Rhodesia, 3S. 5d. ; Southern Rhodesia, 3s. 2d.; Russia, $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d} . ;$ Singapore, 3s. 4d.; South Australia, 2s. 1od. ; Spain, 312d. ; St. Thomas, 5s. ; Sweden, 3 $\frac{10}{2} \mathrm{~d} . ;$ Switzerland, 3 d. ; Tasmania, 2s. rod. ; Transvaal, 3s. ; Trinidad, 5 s . Id. ; United States, IS. to Is. 6d. ; Vancouver's Island, is. 6d. ; Victoria, 2s. 1od. ; Western Australia, 2s. 1od. ; Zanzibar, 3s. ; Zululand, 3 s.

No word may exceed 15 letters.

## PRIVATE TELEGRAPH WIRES.

Private wires are fixed by the Post Office authorities between two or more places at the following rates per annum :-

In London, over house or under ground, per mile, $£_{5}$; on the roads, $£ 4$. Double wire for Telephone lines, $\not \subset 7$ and $\notin 6$ respectively.

Other parts of the United Kingdom, over house or under ground, per mile, $£_{4}$; on the roads, £3. Double wire for Telephone line, $£ 6$ and $£ 5$ respectively.

Rental of Instruments, including maintenance and repairs :-
A B C, per set (communicator, indica-
tor, and bell), if rented from the
department, per annum................ $£_{4}$ o

## TELEPHONE NOTES.

## Post Office London Telephone Systrm.

The Post Office has opened a Telephone Exchange System in the London Exchange area The rates of subscription (including one telephone at the subscriber's premises) are as follows :-

Ordinary Message-rate Service.-(a) Connection with any exchange in County of London within 2 miles of subscriber's premises, Ann. sub. £5, and, in addition, id. for each call to a subscriber on any London exchange, and 2d. on any other exchange. (b) Connection with any exchange outside County of London within 2 miles of subscriber's premises, Ann. sub. $£_{4}$, and, in addition, id. for each call to a subscriber on same exchange, or 2d. on any other exchange.

Minimum yearly amount for message fees, 30 s .
Party-line Message-rate Service.-(a) Connection with any exchange except Central by a line used by one or two subscribers, $\mathfrak{E}_{3}$. (b) Connection with any exchange outside the County of London for 3 to 10 subscribers, $£ 2$.

Message fees for calls same as above ; minimum yearly, t3.

Subscriptions at party-line rates cannot be accepted from subscribers on the Central Exchange, or at the lower party-line rate from subscribers on any exchange in the County of London.

Unlimited Service.-Connection with any exchange within 2 miles of subscriber's premises, and an unlimited number of calls. (a) First line, £17. (b) Each additional line, $£_{14}$.

Call Offices. -Fee 2d. both to subscribers and non-subscribers.

All agreements are for one year, and are then terminable by 3 months' notice.
P. O. subscribers have the right to communicate with subscribers of the National Telephone Company in the London Exchange area at the sam.
rates of charge as for communication with other P. O. subscribers, as well as the privilege of communicating with the Continent by their Exchange Lines on payment of the appropriate fees.

The terms for Telephone Exchange circuits and for circuits to Post Offices, for use in connection with the Telephone Trunk lines may be ascertained on application to the Secretary, General Post Office, E.C.

Payments for. Conrersation.-Where Telephone exchanges in different towns are connected by Trunk lines, such lines may be used for a three-minute conversation by local subscribers and the general public on payment of the follow.
ing charges:-Between towns 25 miles apart 3d., 50 miles 6 d , 75 miles 9 d., 100 miles 1 s ., and 6 d . for every additional 40 miles or fraction.

The charge to the general public for conversation with Post Office Telephone subscribers in the same town is 3 d . for not more than three minutes' conversation.

Communication between London and Paris may be made at the G. P. O. West (Bath Street), West. Strand Office, and Threadneedle Street P. O. The charge is 8 s. per conversation of three minutes. (Paris time is ten minutes in advance of London time.)

## ABBREVIATIONS, \&c., IN COMMON USE.

A 1. First class (Lloyd's).
A.M. (Ante Meridiem) Before noon.
A. Associate-A.I.C.A., of the Institute of Chartered Accountants; A.I.A., of the Institute of Actuaries ; A.K.C., of King's Coll., London ; A.R.A., of the Royal Academy ; A.R.A.M., of the Roy. Acad. of Music; A.R.I.B.A., of the Roy. Institute of Brt. Architects; A. R.S.M., of the Royal School of Mines.
B. Bachelor-B.A., of Arts; B.C.L., of Civil Law ; B.D., of Divinity ; LL.B. or B.LL., of Laws.
Bart. or Bt. Baronet.-B.C. Before Christ.
B.V.M. Blessed Virgin Mary.
C.A. Chartered Accountant.
C. Companion-C.B., of the Bath ; C.I.E., of the Order of the Ind. Empire; C.M.G., of St. Michael and St. George ; C.S.I., of the Star of India.
C.C. County Councillor.-C.E. Civil Engineer.
C.E.T.S. Church of England .Temperance Society.
C.T.C. Cyclists' Touring Club.

Cwt. Hundredweight.
D. Doctor-D.C.L., of Civil Law ; D.D., of Divinity ; D.D.S., of Dental Surgery ; D.Sc., of Science ; LL.D., of Laws.
D.S.O. Distinguished Service Order.
D.V. (Deo Volente) God willing.
E.g. (Exempli gratia) For example.
F. Fellow-F.I.C.A., of the Inst. of Chartered Accountants; F.S.A., of the Society of Antiquaries; F.S.S., of the Statistical Society; F.R.G.S., of the Royal Geographical Society; F.G.S., of the Geological Society; F.R.H.S., of the Royal Horticultural Society ; F.L.S., of the Linnæean Society; F.P.S., of the Philological Society; F.R.A.S., of the Royal Astronomical Society; F.R.S., of the Royal Society ; F.R.C.S., of the Royal College of Surgeons ; F.R.M.S., of the Royal Microscopical Society; F.R.Met.S., of the Royal Meteorological Society; F.I.A., of the Institute of Actuaries.
G.C.B. Grand Cross of the Bath.
G.C.M.G. Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. Gcorge.
G.C.S.I., Grand Commander of the Star of India ; G.C.I.E., of the Indian Empire; G.C.V.O., of the Victorian Order.
G.F.S. Girls' Friendly Society.
G.P.O. General Post Office.
H.I.H. His (or Her) Imperial Highness.
H.R.H. His (or Her) Royal Highness.
I.e. (/d est) That is.

Incog. (Ircognito) In secret.
I.P. Justice of the Peace.
K. Knight-K.G., of the Garter ; K.T., of the Thistle ; K.P., of St. Patrick.
K.C. King's Counsel.
K.C.B., Knight Commander of the Bath ; K.C.I.E., of the Indian Empire; K.C.M.G.' of St. Michael and St. George ; K.C.S. I., of the Star of India; K.C.V.O., of the Victorian Order; K.O.M., of the Order of Merit.
L. Licentiate-L.A.C., of the Apothecaries' Co. ; L.D.S., of Dental Surgery; L.R.C.Pes of the Roy. Coll. of Physicians ; L.S.A., of the Society of Apothecaries.
L.A.C. London Athletic Club.
© th. (Libra) Pounds.
L.C.C. London County Council.

LL. B. Bachelor of Laws.-LL.D. Doctor of Laws.
M.A. Master of Arts.
M.B. Bachelor of Medicine.
M.D. Doctor of Medicine.

Mus. B. Bachelor of Music.
Mus. D. Doctor of Music.
M.C. Master of the Ceremonies.
M.C.C. Marylebone Cricket Club.
M.F.H. Master of Foxhounds.
M.R.C.P. Member of the Royal College of Physicians or Preceptors; M.R.C.S., of the Roy. Coll. of Surgeons.
MS. or MSS. Manuscript or manuscripts
Nem. con. (Nemise costradicente) No one objecting.
P.M. (Post Meridienf) Afternoon.
P.O. Postal Order.-P.O.O. Post Office Order.
P.P.C. (Pour prendre conge) To take leave.
P.R.A. President of the Royal Academy.

Prox. (Proximo) Next.
P.R.S. President of the Royal Society.
P.S. (Postscriptum) Postscript.
Q.e. (Quod est) Which is.
Q.E.D. (Quod erat demonstrandum) Which was to be demonstrated.
R.A. Royal Academician, Royal Artillery.
R.A.C. Royal Agricultural College.
R.A.M. Royal Academy of Music.
R.I.P. (Requiescat in pace) May he rest in peace.
R.M. Royal Mail.-R.N. Royal Navy.

## R.R.C. Royal Red Cross.

R.S.A. Rural Sanitary Authority.
R.S.V.P. (Répondez, s'il vows plait) Please reply.
Signs: $£$ Pound sterling, Dollar, th. Pound weight, ${ }^{3}$ Ounce, 3 Drachm, 9 Scruple, $m$ Minim, R Recipe or "Take"" + Plus (more), . . Minus (less), $\times$ Multiply by, $=$ Equal to, $\div$ Divide by.
S.P.C.K. Soc. for Promot. Christian Knowledge S.P.G. Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.
Ult. (Ultimo) Last month.
U.D.C.Urban District Council.
V.C. Victoria Cross.

King or Queen.-To His(or Her)Most Gracious Majesty. May it please your Majesty.
Royal Family. - To His (or Her) Royal Highness Prince (or Princess). May it please your Royal Highness.
Royal Duke or Duchess.-To His (or Her) Royal Highness the Duke or Duchess of -. Your Royal Highness.
Duke.-To His Grace the Duke of -. My Lord Duke.
Duchess.-To Her Grace the Duchess of -. Your Grace. A Duke's daughter is addressed as "Lady -", and if married to a commoner, retains her title. The eldest son of a Duke takes his father's second title, and is addressed as a Marquis or Earl. His younger sons are styled "Lord," and the wife takes the title of "Lady."
Marquis.-To the Most Honourable the Marquis of, or The Marquis of -. My Lord Marquis.
Marchioness.-To the Most Honourable the Marchioness of, or The Marchioness of
Madam, or My Lady. The eldest son of a Marquis takes his father's second title, and is addressed as if he were an Earl or Viscount.
Earl or Count.-To (the Right Hon.) the Earl of - (or Count). My Lord. The eldest son of an Earl takes his father's second title, and is addressed as if he were a Viscount or Baron.

Viscount or Baron.-To (the Right Hon.) the Lord Viscount, or The Lord -. My Lord. Sons of a Viscount or Baron are styled "The Honourable." The daughters are styled "Honourable," and if married to a commoner, are still addressed as "The Hon. Mrs. -_" or if to a Baronet or Knight, "The Hon. Lady -."

Baronet or Knight.-To Sir (and the first Christian name). Sir (and the Christian name). The wife takes the title of "Lady," and is personally addressed as "Your Ladyship."
Loxd Mayor. - To the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor of -. My Lord Mayor. His wife is styled "Lady Mayoress," and is personally addressed as "Your Ladyship." The Chief Magistrates of London, Birmingham, Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Sheffield, York, Belfast Dublin, and Cork are alone entitled to be addressed as "Lord Mayor." The Lord Mayors of London and York are the only two entitled to the prefix "Right Hon."
Mayor.-The Worshipful the Mayor of Sir.
Lord Chief Justice.-To the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice. My Lord.
Judges.-To the Hon. Mr. Justice -_. On the Bench a judge is by courtesy addressed as "My.Lord."
Ambassador.-To His Excellency the Right Honourable -, or His Excellency the Ambassador for -. My Lord.
Archbishop.-The Rt. Hon. and Most Rev, the Lord Archbishop of -. My Lord Archbishop. Your Grace. The title "Right Hon." is only used for members of His Majesty's Privy Council.
Bishop.-The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of —. My Lord.
Dean.-The Very Reverend the Dean of -. Sir.
Archdeacon.-The Ven. Archdeacon -. Sir. Clergy. - The Revd. (with Christian and Surname). Sir.
Cardinal.-His Eminence Cardinal -, or if also an Archbishop, Hıs Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of -.

# LANGUAGE OF COMMON FLOWERS. 

| scacia $\qquad$ <br> Adonis yellow ... | Friendship. Secret love. Sad memories. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Agrimony ...... | Gratitude. |
| Alysswm, sweet | Worth beyond beauty. |
| Aremone, gar. den | Forsaken. |
| Apple | Temptation. |
| Ask, mountain | Prudence. |
| Ash, сояmmon... | Grandeur |
| Aster, China | Afterthoug |
| $A \boldsymbol{A c m i n a l}$ Leaves | Melancholy. |
| Bachelor's Button | Celibacy. |
| Balm | Sympathy. |
| Bee Orchis | Industry. |
| Beech Tree | Prosperity. |
| Birch | Meekness. |
| Blwebell | Constancy. |
| Bramble | Envy. |
| Broome | Humility. |
| Buttercups | Riches. |
| Candytueft | Indifference. |
| Carnation striped | Refusal. |
| Carnation, yellowe | Disdain. |
| Cherry | Insincerity. |
| Cheristmas Rose | Relieve my anxiety. |


| Chrysanthe- Truth. мит |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Clematis ......... M | Mental beauty. |
| Clover, four - Proposal of leaved |  |
| Clover, red ...... I " white ... | Industry. <br> Think of me. |
| Cowslip ......... W | Winning grace. |
| Daffodil ......... U | Unrequited love. |
| Daisy, common I | Innocence. |
| Elder ........... | Zealousness. |
| Elm .............. D | Dignity. |
| Fern ...... ........ S | Sincerity. |
| Forget-me-not F | Forget-me-not. |
| Foxglove ......... I | Insincenty. |
| Geranium, wild S | Stesdıast piety |
| Hawthorn ...... | Hope. |
| Heartsease ...... T | Thoughts. |
| Heath ............ S | Solitude. |
| Holly ............ F | Foresight. |
| Honeysuckle ... D | Devoted affection. |
| Ivy .............. | Friendship and Marriage. |
| Labr | Forsaken. |
| Lily, white ...... P | Purity. |
| Lily of the Val- Return of Hapley piness. |  |
| Love in a mist Perplexity. |  |
| Marigold......... | Grief. |
| Marjor | Bashfulness. |


| Mignon | Qualities surpass charms. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Min |  |
| Mistletoe | Perseverance. |
| Monkshood | Danger. |
| Myrrh | Gladness. |
| Myrtle | Love. |
| Nasturtium | Patriotism. |
| Pansy | Thoughts. |
| Pea, sweet | Good-bye. |
| Pink, single ... ," variegated | Pure love. Refusal. |
| Ragged Robin | Wit. |
| Raspberry ...... | Remorse. |
| Roses.. | Love. |
| Rose, Bridal ... ", single ... | Happy love. Simplicity. |
| Snowdrop ...... | Hope. |
| Star of Bethlehem | rity. |
| Stock ........... | Lasting beauty |
| Sweetbriar ...... | Simplicity and Love. |
| Sweet Pea ...... | Delicate Plea. sures. |
| Thyme........... | Courage. |
| Trefoil | Revenge. |
| Violet, sweet | Modesty. |
| Wallfower..... | Fidelity. |
| Whort | Treason. |
| Wood Sorr | Joy. |
| Yew ............ | Sorrow. |

## RATES, TAXES, LICENCES, STAMP DUTIES, \&c.

Affidavits.-An Affidavit or Statutory Declaration must be stamped with a half-crown stamp. Except such as are to be used in any court or required by any Board of Revenue, or by law and made before any Justice of the Peace, or required at the Bank of EIg. or Ire. to prove the death of any proprietor, or for the transfer of stock, \&c., or as to the loss, \&\&c., of any bank note or bank post bill, or declaration required in bank to marriage without licence, or Declaration order to a marriage without forme, or
Agreements or Contracts.-If under hand only of the value of $£_{5}$ or more and not otherwise charged, the duty is sixpence, which may be affixed by an adhesive stamp.
Agreements under $£_{5}$ or for hire of labourers or manual servants or for sale of goors, \&c., or between master and men of a ship for wages need not be stamped.
Appointment of a New Trustee by any instrument except a Will, ros.
Appraisement or Valuation.- $65-3 d$; ; rom $6 d$. ; and for every $£$ io up to $\not \subset 50-6 d$.; above £50, not above $£ 100-5 s . ;$ \& $200-105 . ;$ ( $500-$ 15s. ; above $£ 500-205$.
Apprentices' Indentures. -To be binding, these must be in proper legal form stamped with a half-crown stamp-an ordinary form of agreement will not suffice. The length of term, premium to be paid, remuneration to apprentice, \&c., vary with the nature of the trade and the will of the parties. A statute of Queen Elizabeth fixed the term of apprenticeship at 7 years, and though this was repealed in 1814 that period is still regarded as the most satisfactory. An indenture is usually determined by the death of the master. In London, if bound to a member of one of the great City Companies, the apprentice is entitled to take up the "freedom of the City" at the expiration of the seven years on payment of a small sum.

Armorial Bearings, 215. ; on carriage, 42 s. The term "Armorial bearings" includes any crest, coat of arms, or ensign, whether registered at the College of Arms or not, and whether used on plate, jewellery, paper or otherwise, but a licence to use on a carriage includes use in any other manner. Licences expire Dec. 31 .
Annorial bearings used solely as Trade Marks or for Trade purposes or by any Corporation or Public Company in their Corporate capacity are exempt.

## Attorney, Letter or Power of-

For appointing Proxy at any single meeting, or adjournment thereof, Id .
For receiving Wages or Prize Money, is.
For the sale, transfer or acceptance of Government Stock, where the nominal value does not exceed $6100-2 s .6 d$. Any other kind, 105 .

## Bills of Exchange-

A Bill of Exchange payable on demand, at a period not exceeding three days after date, on sight or on presentation, $1 d$.
A Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note of any other kınd negotiated in the U. K. :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Not above } £ 5 . . .011 \mid \text { Not above } £ 50 . . .06 \\
& \left.\begin{array}{llllll}
" & 10 \ldots 0 & 2 & & 75 & 0 \\
9
\end{array}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

And"for every $£ 100$, or any fractional part of Eroo, 15.
Bills of Exchange drawn out of the United Kingdom, when negotiated here, exceeding $£_{50}$ and not exceeding $£ 100,6 d$; exceeding $£ 100$,


A Bill of Exchange is an unconditional written order given for a consideration by one party (the drawer) upon another (the drawee). Such a document is of no commercial value till it is "accepted," and the acceptor then becomes
primarily responsible for payment, the drawer only secondarily so, provided that if not paid at maturity the document is immediately " noted" in the proper manner. Before it can be paid, the Bill must be "endorsed," or signed across the back by the drawer. The customary form of acceptance for Form No. I would be "accepted, payable at (such and such) a bank," and the acceptor's signature.
The person to whom a Bill is payable may assign it to another by writing above his signature the words "pay to the order of" so and so.
Instead of "one month after date," or "ninety days after date," any other period may be stated, or the Bill may be made payable at so many days or months "after sight" (i.e. after being presented for acceptance); or, again, immediately on presentation, by the substitution of the words "at sight."
A Promissory Note does not require to be "accepted," but must be endorsed by the payee before, value can be received.
Three days' "grace" are allowed after the date when a Bill becomes due, but this does not apply to Bills payable at sight. In foreign countries the number of days of grace varies.
Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes due on any bank holiday are payable the day foHowing; those due on Good Friday, Christmas Day, or on a Sunday are payable the day previous.
The following are ordinary forms of Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes:-


Bonds.-A Bond, Covenant, or Instrument, which is the principal security for any sum or sums of money at stated periods for a definite period, is liable to an ad valorem duty for the whole sum (see Mortgage).

If it is for life or other indefinite period, for every $£_{5}$ or part of $£ 5$ of sum periodically payable, $25.6 \mathrm{d}$.

In the case of any superannuation annuity: for every $f_{5}$ or part of $\notin 5$ of the annuity or sum periodically payable, $6 d$.
Bonds, by Acts of Parliament or by Customs or Inland Revenue, where penalty does not exceed firso, duty as in Mortgage. In any other case 5 .
A Bond on obtaining Letters of Administration in England or Ireland, or a confirmation of testament in Scotland, 65 .
Oarriage Tax.-The duty on carriages of all kinds (except Hackney Carriages) with 4 or more wheels drawn or fitted to be drawn by 2 or more horses or mules or propelled by mechanical power is 425 . ; if by one horse or mule only, 215 . ; with less than 4 wheels, 155. ; Hackney Carriages, 15 . Only half the amount is charged if the licence is taken out after Oct. I in any year, but all licences expire on Dec. 31. On Motor Cars, in addition to the Ca:riage Tax a further duty
is payable as follows: Weight, without water, fuel or accumulator, from 1 to 2 tons, 425 . ; above 2 tons, $£ 3$ 3s. (See also under Armorial Bearings and Servants.)

Carriages, Carts. Waggons, \&c., used solely for conveyance of goods for Trade purposes are exempt if the name, \&c., of owner are legibly painted on them.

Contraot Note, advising sale or purchase of Stock of the value of $\mathscr{L}_{5}$ and under © $100-1 d . ~ ; ~_{\text {a }}$ tioo or upwards, 15 .

A note advising sale or purchase of more than one description of Stock will be deemed to be as many notes as there are descriptions of Stock.
Conveyances.-A Conveyance or transfer, whether on sale or otherwise, of Bank of England Stock, is liable to a duty of 7s. 9 d. ; of Canadian Stock, inscribed in books kept in the United Kingdom, and Colonial Stock registered under the Colonial Stock Act, 1877, of 2s. 6 d . for every $£ 100$ or fraction of $£ 100$.
Conveyance or transfer on sale of any property (except such Stock as aforesaid), where the purchase or consideration money is not above $\mathscr{L}_{5}-6 d$.
For every additional $£ 5$, up to $£ 25-6 d$. ; for ever' $£ 25$, up to $£ 300-25$. $6 d$. ; for every additional $£ 50-5$.

Of any other kind, ios.
See also under Securities.
Dog Tax.-The duty on any dog of the age of six months, no matter of what description, in England, Wales and Scotland, is $7 s .6 d$. Dogs under six months are not liable, but a licence must be taken out as soon as they attain that age. Dog licences are issued at all Woney Order Offices and expire on Dec. 31. The penalty for keeping a dog without a licence is $\mathbf{L} 5$. In Ireland the licence duty for each dog is $2 s$. ; the certificate of registration bears a sixpenny Petty Sessions stamp, but one stamp suffices for each licence which may include several dogs.

Dogs kept and used solely by blind persons are exempt, and farmers and shepherds may obtain exemption for $20 r$ more dogs kept solely for guarding sheep, on making the necessary declaration.

Estate Duty.-This duty is payable upon the principal value of all property, real or personal, settled or not settled, which passes on a death. In estimating the value of the estate for duty, the funeral expenses and all outstanding debts and liabilities should first be deducted. The following are the rates of Duty :- $£ 100$ to $£ 500$, r per cent. ; $£_{500}$ to $\mathcal{L} 1,000,2$ per cent. : $£ 1,000$ to $£ 10,000$, 3 per cent. ; $\ell 10,000$ to $£ 25,000,4$ per cent. ;
 £ $75,000,5$ per cent. ; $£ 75,000$ to $£ 100,000$, $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.; $f 100,000$ to $f 150,000,6$ per cent. ; K150,000 to $£ 250,000,6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; $£ 250,000$ to £ 500,000, 7 per cent. ; $\not \subset 500,000$ to $\notin \mathrm{I}, 000,000$, $7^{\frac{1}{2}}$ per cent. ; above $£ 1,0 \infty, \infty 0,8$ per cent.

In addition to the above, where property liable to Estate Duty is settled by the will of the deceased, or having been settled on or after Aug. 1, 1894, by some other disposition passes under that disposition on the death of the deceased to some person not competent to dispose thereof, a further duty called Settlement Estate Duty is payable at the rate of $£^{x}$ per cent. on the settled property, but from that payment the ad valorem stamp duty charged on the settlement may be deducted.

But where the net value of the property, real and personal, does not exceed $£ 1,000$, Estate Duty only is payable, and the property is exempt from Settlement Estate Duty, and from Legacy or Succession Duties.

Small estates up to $£ 300$ and $£ 500$ gross, are charged with fixed duties of 305. and 505., and are exempt from all other death duties.

Interest at 3 per cent. per annum is also payable on the Estate Duty from the date of the death down to the date of the delivery of the affidavit, or the expiration of six months after the death, whichever first happens.
The duty at the rate of 1 per cent. payable under the Acts relating to Legacy or Succession Duties, and the additional Succession Duties imposed by Sec. 21 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1898 , are not leviable in respect of property chargeable with Estate Duty in cases where the deceased died on or after Aug. 1, 8894
The Estate Duty on real property may be paid, if desired, by eight yearly or sixteen halfyearly instalments, with interest at 3 per cent. per annum, but arrears of Estate Duty are chargeable with interest at 4 per cent. per annum.
In small estates, where the gross value does not exceed $£ 300$, probate and letters of administration may be obtained through an Inland Revenue Officer.
Game and Gamekoepers' Lioences.-No one may use a gun without a proper licence. To carry a gun or firearm of any description the licence costs ros. and expires July 3 I . An annual licence for killing game, expiring July 3i, costs $£_{3}$; for 14 days only, 205. A short period licence frow Aug. 1 to Oct. 31, or from Nov. I to July 31 costs $£ 2$. A gamekeeper's licence costs $£ 2$, and any one having the right to kill game in England or Scotland can take an annual licence out for axy assessed servant to act as a gamekeeper for the same sum. Such licences expire July 3 r.

In Ireland the licence for a gamekeeper acting under a deputation registered with supervisor for a whole year costs $\mathfrak{E}_{3}$; from Aug. I to Oct. 31, or Nov. 1 to July 31, $\mathbf{E x}^{2}$.

Persons holding game licences, soldiers, sailors and volunters, when using or carrying a gun in the execution of their duty, or when engaged in target practice, need not have a gun licence, 33 \& 34 Vict. c. 57, sec. 7. sub-section x .

In England the word "game" includes phea sants, partridges, grouse, black, heath or moor game, bustards and hares, but owners may kill hares without a licence. The penalty for killing game or using a gun without licence is $\mathbf{\delta 2 0}$. Shooting game on a Sunday is also illegal.

General Rate.-This rate is one for meeting various items of expenditure, such as paving, lighting, cleansing, \&c. In counties it goes by the name of The County Rate, in the Metropolis it is called The Consolidated Rate, and in a few Parishes and in all Boroughs The Gfneral District Rate. It sometimes includes the School Board Rate. It is based on the same assessment as that used for the Poor Rate, and varies according to circumstances. As a rule it is payable quarterly (half-yearly in Boroughs).

The General Rate covers the expenses of watching, street lighting, repair and watering of streets and sewers, and the expenses of the Health Department and Hospitals.

Improvement Rate.-This provides for repayment of expenses of street improvements, quays, \&c.; the General District Rate is mainly for parks; the City Rate is applied to meet deficiencies in the City Fund for Criminal Prosecutions, salaries of officials, cost of markets, baths and washhouses, weights and measures, registration expenses, fire brigade, \&c.

It may be well here to say that the remarks in these columns concerning Rates can only be taken generally the whole system of making and collecting Rates differs materially in different parts of the kingdom and no definite rule can be stated in regard to them.

Inhabited House Duty.-This is payable anm,
ally in January. The rate of duty is fixed by the Commissioners quinquennially on the full estimated annual value of all houses of the rental value of $£ 20$ or more, less local rates. The quinquennial assessment of 1900 is at present in force for the metropolis, the present rate of duty being as follows:-On inhabited houses the annual value of which exceeds $£ 20$ but does not exceed $£ 40$, if used for the sale of goods, the shop or warehouse being on the ground floor; or for the retail of beer, wines or spirits; or if occupied by any person carrying on the business of an hotelkeeper, inn-keeper, or coffee-house keeper, al. though not licensed to sell therein by retail, ale, wine, or other liquors; or is occupied by a tenant or farm servant for husbandry purposes only, for every 20 . of annual value, the sum of $2 d$. If not so used or occupied, $3 d$.

When the annual value exceeds $£_{40}$ but does not exceed $£ 60$, if used or occupied as above, $4 d$. If not so used or occupied, $6 d$.
When the annual value exceeds $£ 60$, if used or occupied as above, $\sigma d$. If not so used or occupied, $9 d$. Lodging houses, if registered, are subject to the reduced duty only. Artisans' dwellings (where the annual value of each dwelling does not amount to $\not(20)$ are exempt.
Tenements, or parts of tenements, occupied solely for purposes of trade, or for purpose of any profession' or calling, are exempt from duty (see 44 Vict. c. 12, s. 24).

Income Tax is collected under five Schedules. Schedule A is the landlord's tax, and is based on the rent or annual value of the property rated, less the statutory deduction for repairs.

These are as follows :-
I. Lands (inclusive of the farm-house and other buildings, if any) one-eighth of the full annual value.
2. Houses or buildings (exclusive of farmhouses or buildings assessed with lands) onesixth of the full annual value; but where a tenant pays cost of repairs, the deduction is not to exceed such a sum-not being more than one-sixth of the annual value-as will reduce the net assessment to the actual amount of rent.

The tenant pays this tax, but, as is shown above, is entitled to deduct from the next payment to the Landlord for rent the whole amount, or such part of it as represents the actual annual rental. (See below.)

Schedule B is for incomes derived from the use of land by farmers and others, and is based on the rent paid, the assessment being one-third of the rent or annual value, including Tithe Rent charge (if any).

Schedule C applies to incomes derived from Government dividends and annuities.
Schedule $D$ is for trade and professional incomes, and those not included in any other Schedule. Under this Schedule the tax is payable annually on or before January 1 , and is based, not on a person's actual income for the past year, but on an estimate of what it is likely to be for the coming year (or rather on the year ending April 5 ensuing), such estimate being obtained by ascertaining the average of the three years ending April 5 immediately preceding that date (January 1) on which the person's accounts were made up to. The rate per $£$ varies accord. ing to the requirements of the Government, as indicated in the Annual Budget.
The Finance Act of 1897 enacts that where the total joint income of a husband and wife does not exceed $£ 500$, and they are engaged in separate businesses, if the income of each is under the limits within which abatements may be claimed, they shall nevertheless be entitlẹd to claim same.

Persons who pay life assurance premiums are entitled to deduct the amount of annual premium from the estimated income to the extent of one-sixth of the income by filing up the space left on the official forms for the purpose. But should the income thereby be reduced below the above limits, such deduc-
tion will not entitle to total or partial exemption tion will not entitle to total or partial exemption.
Schedule E is for persons employed by public companies, corporations, \&c.
The rate of Income Tax for the present year is 15. 2 . in the ${ }^{2}$ under each Schedule. Relief is given in certain cases under Schedule A to the extent of $\frac{1}{}$ or $b$ of the assessment. Under Schedule $B$ the tax is charged at the full rate on one-third of the full annual value of the lands without any deduction.

Incomes not exceeding the following sums are entitled to the abatement named against each:Not exceeding $f_{400}$ an abatement of $f_{1}, 160$; $£_{500}$ of $£_{150} £^{6} 600$ of $£_{120} \oint_{700}$ of $£_{70}$.
The following shows amount payable on in. comes varying from $£ 200$ to $£ 1000:-$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $200 . .2$ | ${ }_{8} 1500 . . .{ }_{20}{ }^{\text {c }}$ | $d_{4}$ | ${ }_{800}$ | $18$ |  |
| 250... 55 | 0 $550 . . .25$ <br> 1  | 8 | $850 . . .49$ | 11 | 8 |
| 300... 88 | 4 600... 28 - 0 | 0 | 900... 52 | 10 | 0 |
| 350... 11 | 8 650... 3816 | 8 | 950...55 | 8 | 4 |
| 400...14 0 | 0 700... 3615 | 0 | 1000... 58 | 6 | 8 |
| 450...17 10 | $0{ }^{0} 750 . . .4315$ | 0 | 1000... 8 |  |  |

The Land Tax is payable under Schedule A of the Income Tax and is paid by tenant and deducted from rent. There is a fixed quota for each parish which, under the Finance Act, 1896, is not to exceed one shilling in the $\mathcal{K}$.
Under the Finance Act of $\mathbf{1 8 9 8}$, owners of property whose incomes do not exceed 6 I60 are relieved of payment of land tax, while an allowance of half the tax is made to owners whose incomes exceed $\in \mathrm{I} 60$ but do not exceed $\mathrm{E}_{4} 00$.
When land tax has been assessed, a certificate from the surveyor of taxes allowing total exemption or abatement, as the case may be, must be produced before the amount of the assessment has been paid
The owner of any land may in any year redeem the Land Tax charged on such hand by payment of a capital sum, equal to thirty times the sum assessed on such land by the assessment last made and signed, and such sum may be paid either in a single payment or by such annual instalments as may be agreed upon with the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum on so much of the capital sum as remains unpaid shall be payable with each instalment, and all the instalments remaining unpaid may be paid at
any time. any time.
Leases.-For a definite term under a year of any unfurnished dwelling the rent of which does not exceed the rate of $£ 10$ a year the stamp duty is $1 d$.; of any furnished dwelling, or apartment, the rent of which exceeds $£ 25$ a year for such term, 2s. 6 d.


Legroy Duty.-Legacy Duty is payable on all legacies willed by a deceased person, on the following scale :-To children of the deceased, or their descendants, or to the father or mother or other lineal ancestor of the deceased, \&i per cent.; to brothers and sisters of the deceased, or their descendants, $£ 3$ per cent. ; to an uncle or aunt or their descendants, $£ 5$ per cent. ; to a great-uncle or great-aunt, or their descendants, $\mathbb{£ 6}$ per cent. ; to any person in any other degree of collateral consanguinity, or to a stranger in blood to the deceased, £ro per cent. Legacy to a husband or wife is chargeable with Estate Duty, but not Legacy Duty. (See also Estate Duty.)
Limited Liability Companies.-The Capital of Companies with Limited Liability, otherwise than under the Companies Act, is liable to a stamp duty of 25 . for every froo. Statement of capital is to be delivered to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue within one month after date of letters patent or passing of Act, under a penalty of to per cent. per month for every month after the first month.

Companies Limited by Shares are liable upon the nominal capital, original or increased, to a duty of 5 s. per cent.

Iitale Servants of any age require a licence which costs 155. and expires Dec. 31, but a person who is bona fide engaged to serve for part only of each day and does not reside in his employer's house is exempt.

Ifarketable Security.-( x )Marketable Security.
(a) A Colonial Government Security, or (b) a Security not transferable by delivery, or (c) a Security transferable by delivery. The same ad valorem duty as upon a mortgage.
(d) A Foreign Marketable Security issued abroad and interest payable there if assigned, transferred or negotiated in the United Kingdom after Aug. 1, 1899. For every $£ 10$ or part thereof, 15 .
(2) Transfer, Assignment, \&c., of a Marketable Security-

Upon a sale thereof, see Conveyance
Upon a mortgage thereof, see Mortgage of Stock or Marketable Security.

In any other case, ros.
(3) Marketable Security (except a Colonial Government Security), transferable by delivery.

For every £ro or part thereof, rs.
(4) Marketable Security (except a Colonial Government Security) as last aforesaid given in substitution for a like security duly stamped in conformity with the law in force at the time when it became subject to duty-

For every f 20 or part thereof, 6 d .
Lortgage Bond, do. (except a marketable security):-
(x) Being the only or principal or primary security (other than an equitable mortgage) for the payment or repayment of money-

## Not exceeding -

| $£ 10$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 0$ | 0 | 3 | $£ 150$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 0$ | 3 | 9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0 | 8 | 200 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 50 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 250 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| 100 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 300 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 7 | 6 |

Exceeding $£ 300$, for every $£$ roo, and fractional part of $6100-25.6 d$.
(2) Being a collateral or auxiliary, or additional or substituted security (other than an equitable mortgage), or by way of further assurance for the above-mentioned purpose where the principal or primary security is duly stamped-
For every $£ 100$ or part thereof, $6 d$ d.
(3) Being an equitable mortgage-

For every $£$ roo or fractional part, is.
(4) Transfer, Assignment, Disposition, or Assignation of any mortgage, bond, debenture, or covenant (except a marketable security), or of any
money or stock secured by any such instrument or by any warrant of attorney to enter up judg. ment, or by any judgment -

For every tioo or part thereof (exclusive of interest which is not in arrear), 6 d .
(5) Re-conveyance, Release, Discharge, Surrender, Re-surrender, Warrant to Vacate, or Renunciation of any such security as aforesaid-

For every $£ x 00$ or part thereof, $6 d$.
Poor Rate.-This is an important rate, as the amount of assessment for Poor Rate is taken as a basis for all other local rates. A valuation list is prepared periodically by the Overseers, and, after publication, is sent to the Poor Law Guardians. After hearing any objections that may be made, they modify the list as they think fit and sign it. It is then taken as the basis for making various rates for the ensuing twelve months; taxpayers should therefore be particular to see that the amount of their assessment for this rate is correct. An important point to note is that where the tenant does the repairs,* one-sixth of the Gross Rental is allowable for doing them, and this reduced amount is the amount on whick the rate is payable. Notice is usually given of the rateable value, and not of the gross value, except in the quinquennial year, when the gross value is notified. This gross value is arrived at, in cases of leases, or where the tenant repairs and pays insurance, by adding a percentage according to the duration of the lease or agreement ; thus, say the rent is $£ 60$, io per cent. would be added for a supposed lease $=£ 65$, and one-sixth being deducted from this would give $£ 55$ as the rateable value. The tenant seeing that this was less than the rent would be satisfied, but should there be no lease, and should repairs be done by the tenant, the proper amoust would be £6o less one-sixth $=£ 50$.

The proper time to object is before the assessment list has been signed by the Guardians; after that, the only appeal from their decision is to quarter sessions, or on structural alterations or new lettings.

Police or Watoh Rate.-By the 2nd and 3 rd Victoria for regulating the Police in the City of London, all premises in the City, whether occupied or otherwise, are liable for this rate. The amount payable is arranged on the basis of the Poor Rate Assessment ; it varies according to circumstances, but is usually $5 d$. in the $\mathcal{X}$ Of this $2 d$. is payable for the first quarter, and id. each for the other three quarters. In other places this rate is included in the Borough rate (Muncipal Corporations Act, 1882), and the amount is collected with the Poor Rate.
Probate Duty Grant.-The probate duty grant to local authorities was replaced in 1894 by a grant out of the estate duty derived from personal property of a sum of one and a half per cent. on the net value of the property which would, but for the substitution of estate duty, have been chargeable with probate duty.
Railway Passengers' fares.-(Except fares not exceeding id. per mile). Urban District traffic 2 per cent. ; other 5 per cent.
Receipts for the payment of $\notin 2$ or upwards, $1 d$.
The School Board Rate is levied upon the total rateable value (Poor Rate), and the amount varies according to the expenditure of the local School Board. In some places the School Board issue a precept on the Council for the

[^17]amount they require, and the Council in turn issue a precept on the Overseers or Guardians who collect the School Board Rate with the Poor Rate.

Water Rate. This varies very considerably both in amount and in basis in different localities, but is usually payable half-yearly at Lady Day and at Michaelmas. One of the oldest London Companies is the New River Company, and the manner in which their charges are arranged may be taken in some measure as fairly representative of others.
By the Water Rate Definition Act (1885) the "Annual Value" is declared for the purposes of this Company within the Metropolitan area to be the rateable value of the premises as settled by the local authorities. If such value does not exceed $£ 200,4$ per cent. is charged for the water supply; if it exceeds $£ 200,3$ per cent. ; services more than 160 ft . above Trinity high water mark are charged i per cent. extra.

A further charge is made for baths and water closets as follows:-

If annual value exceeds-
$\Varangle 30$ but not $\mathcal{C} 50,4 \mathrm{~s}$. for one w.c. or bath.
$\begin{array}{rcccc}£ 50 & " & £ 100,6 s . & " & ", \\ £ 100 & ", & £ 200,8 s . & " & ", \\ £ 200 & ", & £ 300,10 s . & " & "\end{array}$
And for each additional w.c. or bath half the above rates.

Supplies for warming purposes, washing carriages, fountains, watering gardens, \&c., are not included, and are charged for extra ad val.

## TRADERS' EXCISE LICENCES.

Auctioneers', £ro, expire July 5.
Appraisers' and House Agents', $\mathbf{E 2}_{2}$, expire July 5.

## Bankers'. £ 30.

Brewers-Brewers of Beer, 20s. (exp. Sept. 30). But if not for sale, and annual value of house not exceeding $£_{15-95}$. If not for sale, and annual value of house not exceeding $£$ ro, and for domestic use, 45. Brewers (not for sale) in premises not exceeding $£ 8$ annual value are exempt.

Chemists' or others using a spirit still, ios.
Conveyancers', $£ 6$ to $£ 0$.
Distillers', Rectifiers', Compounders' or makers of Methylated Spirits, £io ios., expire July 5.

Game Dealers', £2, expire July I.
Hawkers', £2, expire Mar. 31 .
Passenger Boats on which liquor or tobacco is sold, $\mathscr{E}_{5}$; one day only, $\notin \mathrm{I}$.

Pawnbrokers', £7 ros., expire July 31.
Patent Medicine Makers' and Dealers', 5s., expire Sept. 1.

Plate Dealers', selling 2 ozs. of gold and 30 ozs. of silver and upwards, $f_{5} 15 s$. ; under these weights, £2 6 s. 2 expire July 5 .

Playing Card Makers' and Sellers', £I, expire Sept. I.

Publicans' (Beer).-Sellers of Beer wholesale, not being brewers, $£_{3} 6 s$. 1 d .

Do. (England and Ireland) for an additional licence to retail not to be consumed on the premises, $£ 1$ 5s.

Retailers of Cider, Beer, and Perry in U. K. to be consumed on the premises, 705 . Do. in England, not to be consumed on the premises, £I 5.

Retailers of Beer and Wine in U. K. to be consumed on the premises, $£_{4}$.

Do. not to be consumed on the premises, $£_{3}$.
Do. occasional licences for every day not exceeding 3 days at one time, 15 .

Six-day or early closing licences to retailers of intoxicating liquors for consumption on the premises are granted at 6.7 ths, and six-day and early closing licences at $5-7$ ths of the foregoing rates.

Retailers of Beer, Cider, or Perry whose premises are rated under £io per annum (Scotland), $£ 2$ ros.

Do. at $£$ ro per annum or upwards, $£_{4} 4 \mathrm{~s}$.
Retailers of Table Beer, at a price not exceeding 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per quart, not to be drunk on the premises, 55.

Retailers of Beer, Spirits, Wine and Tobacco, for an occasional licence to sell the like articles at another place, for a time not exceeding six days, for each day (Magistrate's certificate required), $25.6 d$.

Publicans' (Spirits).-Retailers of Spirits in the United Kingdom, except as hereafter men-tioned:-If the annual value of the dwelling-house is rated (expires Oct. 10)-
Under $£ 10 \ldots £ 410 \times 1$ Under $£ 30 \ldots £ 14000$

for every additional $£ 1 \infty$ or part thereof up to $£_{700-} £_{5} ; £ 700$ and upwards, $£ 60$.

Such licence to include licence to retail beer, or wine and sweets. Hotels and Theatres of the value of $£ 50$ and upwards are liable to no higher licence duty than $£ 20$. Restaurants, under certain conditions, are liable to no higher licence duty than $£ 30$.

Dealers in Spirits-not retailers- §ro ros.; additional for retailing in quantities not less than a reputed quart bottle, $£_{3} 3$ s. For retailing foreign liqueurs, $\mathbf{K}_{2} 25$., expire July 5 .

Retailers of Spirits (Grocers) whose premises are rated, per annum-

Scotland.


## Ireland.

Under $£ 25 \ldots £ 9185 \mid$ Under $£ 40 \ldots £ 12286$ | $30 \ldots 11$ | 0 | 6. | $n$ | $50 \ldots$ | 13 | 4 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

At $£ 50$ or upwards ... ... ... ... ... 14 6
Refreshment Houses under value of $£ 30$ a year, 10s. $6 d$.; above $£_{30-21 s . ~}^{\text {. }}$

Solicitors', Eg.
Stage and Hackney Carriages.-Drivers and Conductors, and Watermen (London), 55.
(These Licences are issued by the Commissioners of Police.)

Sweet Retailers', $£_{1} 5$ s., expire July 5. Dealers in, who sell two gallons or upwards, $£ 5,5$.

Tobacconists'.-Manufacturers of Tobacco and Snuff, not exceeding 20,000 lbs., $£ 5$ 5s., expire July 5. For every additional 20,000 lbs. up to $100,000 \mathrm{lbs}$., £5 55 . ; exceeding that, $\mathfrak{\ell}^{31}$ ros.
Beginners (and a surcharge on the quantity made), $£ 555$.

Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, 5s. 3d.
Vinegar Makers'.-Annual licence, $X x$, expire July 5 .

Wine Dealars'-Dealers in Foreign Wine, having licence to retail Beer, $£ 245$. rd, Having no licence, £ro ros., expire July 5.

Retailers of, with Beer. See Beer.
Ditto, to be consumed on the premises, $\mathcal{L}_{3}$ ros., expire March 31. In England and Ireland, not to be consumed on the premises, \&2 10 .

## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.



An Imperial Gallon of distilled water weighs ro lbs. Avoirdupois.

- In the North of England half a pint is called a gill, and the true gill a " noggin."

A Sherry wineglass holds about 20 oz ; a teacup 3 oz ; a tumbler $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint.

## Wine and Beer Measures.



Hogshead of wine $=$ Half a pipe or butt (about 26 dozen).
Quarter cask do. $=1$ pipe or butt (about 13 dozen).
Octave $\quad$ do. $=\frac{1}{8}$ of a pipe or butt.
Port, pipe of...... $=115$ gallons ( 57 dozen).
Sherry, butt of $\ldots=108$ gallons ( 52 dozen).
A Hogshead of beer $=54$ galls. ; brandy $=$ 60 galls. ; French wine $=43$ to 46 galls.; rum $=45$ to 50 galls. ; sugar $=13$ to 16 cwt .

## Avoirdupois Weight.


is Arain is the same in all weights. + Butcher's stone is 8 lbs.

## Troy Weight.

(Seldom used except by assayers.)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3^{\cdot 17} \text { Grains } \ldots . . .=1 \text { Carat. } \\
& 24 \text { Grains } \ldots . . .=1 \text { Pennyweight (dwt.). } \\
& 20 \text { Pennyweights }=1 \text { Ounce (480 grains). } \\
& 12 \text { Ounces } \ldots . . .=\text { I Pound ( } 5760 \text { do.). } \\
& 100 \text { Pounds } . . . . .=1 \text { Hundredweight. }
\end{aligned}
$$

The standard for gold coin is 22 carats fine gold and 2 carats alloy; for silver, in oz. 2 dwts. silver and 18 dwts. alloy.

## Apothecaries' Weight (Old).



Cubic Measure.
1728 Cubic Inches $=x$ Cubic Foot.
27 Cubic Feet $=1$ Cubic Yard ( 9 of a Cubic Metre).
40 Cubic Feet unhewn timber, or 50 Feet Squared = 1 Ton or Load.
$108 \mathrm{Feet}=1$ Stack.
600 Sq. Feet I in. plank, 400 If in., or 300 2 in. $=1$ Load.

## Measures of Length.

12 Lines
$=$ I Inch ( 25 It Milmtr.)
24 Inches......... $=1$ Nail.
3 Inches......... $=1$ Palm.
4 Inches......... $=1$ Hand.
9 Inches......... $=1$ Span.
12 Inches......... $=1$ Foot ( ${ }^{3} 5$ of a metre).
18 Inches ........ $=1$ Cubit.
3 Feet............ $=1$ Yard (36 inches).
5 Feet............ $=1$ Pace.*
6 Feet............ $=1$ Fathom.
$5 \frac{1}{2}$ Yards $(198 \mathrm{in})=$.1 Rod, pole, or pch.
4 Poles (100lks.) $=1$ Chain ( 66 feet).
10 Chns. $(220 \mathrm{yds})=1$ Furlong.
8 Furlongs...... $=1$ Mile ( 1760 yds.). $\dagger$
3 Miles ......... $=1$ League.

69t Miles(60Geog.) 1 Degree.
A military pace is al feet; an itinerary pace, 5 feet. + The old Irish mile was 2,240 yards, and the Scotch 1,977 yards. IThe Admiralty knot is 6,080 feet. I mile $=1{ }_{10}^{60}$ kilometre.

## Square Measure.



## Land Measure.

$62 \cdot 7264$ Sq. Inch... $=$ I Square Link.
625 Sq. Links $=1$ Rd., Pole, or Pch.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 10,000 Sq. Links } & =\text { I Chain. } \\ 25,000 \text { do. } & =\text { Rood. }\end{array}$
25,000 do. $=1$ Rood.
10 Sq. Chains $=1$ Acre.
Angular Measure.


## Miscellaneous.

Bread, quartern loaf $=4$ lbs.
Bricks, load of $=500$.
Butter, firkin of $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$; barrel, 224 lbs.
Coals, Sack, 2 cwts. ; Small do., 1 cwt.
Coke, Sack = 1 cwt. (about 3 bushels). Corn, Chaldron $=12$ sacks ( 12 cwt .).
Corn, 1 bushel $=8$ gals. $; 8$ bush. $=1$ quarter.
Flour, barrel, 196 lbs.; sack, 280 lbs.;
peck or stone, 14 lbs.
Glass, Seam of $=120$ lbs.
Hay, Old, load $=36$ trusses ( 18 cwts.).
D' N", truss $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Do. New, load $=36$ trses. ( 19 cwts .32 lbs .). Hops, pocket of $=60 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Law papers, of = 90 words 2 cwt .; bale abt. $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{cwt}$.
Law papers, go words (Chancery); or 80(Ex-
chequer); or 72 (Common Law) $=1$ folio.
Paper, quire $=24$ sheets.
ream $=20$ quires.
Parchment, roll of $=60$ skins.
Potatoes, sack of $=168 \mathrm{lbs}$.
Raisins, box of $=56$ lbs. ; barrel, 112 lbs .
Soap, soft, firkin = 64 lbs. ; barrel, 256 lbs .

## Tisoellaneous．

Skins，a dicher is ro skins，a last is 20 dichers．
Straw，load $=36$ trusses（ ni cwts． 46 lbs ．）． ＂，truss of $=36 \mathrm{lbs}$ ．
Tea，chest of，Congou $=80$ to 100 lbs ．
＂＂Hyson $=60$ to 80 lbs．

Timber，a load of unhewn， 40 cubic feet． Wool，a tod is 28 lbs．

## Commercial Table．

12 Articles $=1$ dozen，or 13，a baker＇s dozen．
20 Articles＝I score．
144 Articles＝1 gross．

## GREENGROCERS＇MEASURES．

| Apples ．．．．．．．． 1 peck＝ 16 lbs ． | Damsons ．．．．． 1 peck $=16 \mathrm{lbs}$ ． | Plums ．．．．．．．． 1 peck |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beans ．．．．．．．． 1 1，＝ 9 ＂ | Gooseberries 1 $\quad$ ，＝ 12 ， |  |
|  | Onions ．．．．．．．．． 1 ＂＝ 16 ＂ | Turnips．．．．．．．． 1 ＂＝ 16 |
| Cherries ．．．．．． 1 ＂＝ 12 ＂ | Pears．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 ＂＝ 18 ＂ | ¢ |

Apples and Pears are put up in bushels，sieves， or half sieves，the sieve being equal to a bushel．

Asparagus．－A bundle contains from 50 to 150 heads．
Broccoli－A crate，according to size，or by tally，if loose．
Cabbages and Lettuces．－A tally of five doz．
Carrots．－A bunch from 36 to 40.
Celery．－A bundle，according to size，from 6 to 10 heads．
Cherries，Currants and Gooseberries．－ Sieve equals about 48 lbs ．，half 24 lbs ．，quarter or peck about 12 lbs．
GRapes are put in $4-\mathrm{lb}$ ．to $12-\mathrm{lb}$ ．baskets． Spanish and Colonial in boxes at per box．
Greens．－A bunch as many as can be tied together by the roots．

## Mushrooms．－A punnet holds about ilb． Peaches，Nectarines，and Apricots．－

 Baskets of 6 or 12 or 24.Peas．－A sieve is equal to one bushel，contains rot imperial gallons，and is $: 73$ inches in diameter at top and int inches deep．
Potatoes，New，are generally put up into $2 . \mathrm{lb}$ ． punnet baskets；Old，are sold by the bushel， sack，or ton．
RADISHES．－A hand from 12 to 30 in number， according to the season．
Rhubarb．－A bundle from 20 to 30 stems， according to size and season．
Strawberries are sold in boxes of punnets of varying size，generally holding I lb．；handled baskets， 4 to 6 lbs ；pecks，to to 12 lbs．
TURNIPS．－A bunch from 20 to 25.

## SIZES OF GARDEN FLOWER－POTS．

|  | Diameter． 2 in． |
| :---: | :---: |
| Thumbs ．．．．．．．．．．．2t ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ，．．．21 ${ }^{\frac{1}{3}}$ ， |  |
| Sixties（ 60 ＇s）．．．．．． $3^{3}$ ，．．． $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ |  |
| Fifty－fours（54＇s） 4 ，＂．．． 4 ，＂ |  |
|  |  |

Diameter．Depth．
Sixes（6＇s）．．．．．． 18 in．．．． 12 in． Fours（4＇s）．．．．．． 15 ，．．． 13 ，， Two＇s（2＇s）．．．．．． 18 ＂，．．． 14 ＂，

## SEEDS TO SOW AN ACRE．

The following is necessarily approximate，the quantity will vary according to the nature of the soil and other conditions ：－

Barley， 3 bushels．
Beans， 2 bushels．
Beet， 12 lbs．
Cabbage in drills， 6 lbs ．
Canary， 3 pecks．
Carrot， 8 to 9 lbs ．
Chicory， 8 lbs．
Clover， 14 to 16 lbs ．
Gorse for Cover， 30 lbs ． Cutting， 50 lbs．
Kohi＇Rabi，to transplant， I b． ＂in drills， 4 lbs．

Lawn Grass， 35 lbs ．
Lucerne， 20 lbs．
drilled， 15 lbs．
I upine， 3 bushels．
Mustard， 20 lbs．
Oats， 4 bushels．
Parsnips， 8 to 9 lbs．
Peas， 3 bushels．
Potatoes， 24 bushels．
Rape，i gallon．
Rye， 3 bushels．
Rye Grass， 3 bushels．

## Rye Grass and Clover， 1 peck

 Grass，with 14 lbs．Clover．Sanfoin，in husk， 5 bushels． milled， 56 lbs ．
Sunflower， 8 lbs．
Swedes， 4 lbs．
Tares，Spring， 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ bushels． Tif Winter，2⿺𠃊⿻丷木⿴囗十一 bushels．
Trifolium， 24 lbs ．
Turnips， 3 to 4 lbs．
Wheat， 2 bushels．

## SEEDING POWER OF WEEDS．

The following shows the number of seeds in a single plant of the various weeds named．This explains the rapid growth of weeds when allowed to go to seed．

| Dandelion | 2，040 | Sh | 500 | Corn Sow－thistle ．．．．．．．．．10，000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corn Cock | 2，592 | Cow Parsnip | 5，000 | Burdock ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．24，530 |
| Blackhead | 3，000 | Groundsel | 6，500 | Stinking Chamomile ．．．40，650 |
| Musk Thist | 8，750 | Common Dock | 13，000 | Red Poppy．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．50，000 |
|  | 4，000 |  |  |  |

## MANURES AND THEIR USE．

| Name． | Suitable for | Quantity per acre． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bone dust | Grasslands，turnips，and wurzel | 14 bushels． |
| Gypsum | Clover，potatoes，grass． | 15 to 18 cwt． |
| Nitrate of Soda（with Salt） | Grain crops． | $1 \frac{\mathrm{cwt}}{}$ |
| Peruvian Guano | Crops of all kinds | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 cwt ． |
| Rape Cak | Grain crops． | 6 cwt ． |
| Salt | Wurzel，grain，\＆c． | 1 to 8 cwt ． |
| Soda． | Grain，potatoes，turnips | 35 bushels |
| Sulphate of Ammonia（with Salt）．．．．．．．．．．． | Grain crops．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 to 2 cwt ． |
| Superphosphate of Lime． | Grain crops and turnips | $3 \text { to } 5 \mathrm{cwt} \text {. }$ |

## AND LIST OF

## MARKET AND EARLY-CLOSING DAYS, FAIRS, \&c.


#### Abstract

N.B.-This list is limited to towns having Fairs authorised by Original Charters, Acts of Parliament, Orders in Council, \&c. Unofficial Fairs are not included. No trouble has been spared to make the list reliable, but it has been found in practice that the owners of many of the Fair rights change the dates from year to year without authority, and in other cases authorised Fairs are not held. The publishers cannot, therefore, hold themselves responsible for loss or inconvenience which may arise from inaccuracy, but will be grateful to have their attention drawn to any apparent error. 1 Abbreviations Used: Days of the week-Sn., M., T., W., Th., F., S.; Ev. d., Every day. Special Days, \&sc.-Whit., Whitsuntide; Eas., Easter; Xm., Christmas ; Mich., Michaelmas; Mid., Midsummer. Months-Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr., May, Ju., Jy., Aug., Sep., Oct., Nov., Dec. b., bacon ; bu., butter ; c., cattle ; ch., cheese ; co., corn ; h., horses; hi., hiring ; la., lamb; pi., pigs ; pl., pleasure; sh., sheep ; w., wool ; wtr., winter ; smr., summer. The figures and letters in parenthesis after name of town indicate the Market Day, Early-closing Day and Hour, and Population in thousands (census 1gor). The figures in heavier type at the end of each paragraph refer to the list of London Banks on page roo, and to the list of Head offices of Country Banks on page 99 , thus enabling the reader to ascertain the names of all Bankers or branches of Banks carrying on business in each place.


## ENGLAND.

## BEDFORDSHIRE.

Ampthill (Th.: T. $4: p o p .2$ ), May 4, Sep. 29, Nov. 30 (c). (27)

Bedford (S.: Th. 2 : pop. 35), IT. Lent, Apr. 21, I T. Jy. (w), Oct. 12 (c), Nov. 17 (c), Dec. 19. (196, $91,381,94$ )
Biggleswade (W.: Th. 4: pop. 5), Feb. 14, Low S. (c), Whit M., Nov. 8 (c). (34)

Dunstable (W. \&o S.: Th. 2: pop. 5), 2 Wed. May, Aug. \& Nov., \& Ash Wed. $(27,91)$
Elstow, May 15, Nov. 5.
Harrold, Tu. b. May 13, \& b. Iy. 6\% Oct. 11 .
Leighton Buzzard (T. S.: Th. 4: pop. 6), Feb. 5, 2 T. Apr., Whit T., Jy. 26, Oct. 24, IT. af. Dec. ro. (27, 91)
Luton (M. © S. : W. x:pop. 36), Sep. 24, 3 M. Apr., 3 M. Oct. (34, 91, 27)
Markyate St., 4 F. af. i M. Sep.
Potton, 3 T. af. Jan. 12, East. M., I T. Jy., $~$ T. bef. Oct. 29.
Shefford (F.: W. 2: pop. 1) Oct. 11 .
Toddington (S.: W. pop. 2), Apr. 25, Nov. 2, I M. Ju. (27)

Woburn (F.: Th. 4:pog. 1), Jan. ${ }^{\text {1, Mar. 23, Jy. 13, Oct. } 6 \text { (c). }}$ (91)

## BERKSHIRE.

Abingdon (M.: Th. 4 : pop. 6), 1 M. Lent, May 6,' Ju. 20, Sep. 19 (la), Dec. II (a), Aug. 5, M. b. Oct. II, I M. $\mathrm{Jy}$. (w). ( $91,279,278$ )
Blewbury, Th. af. Sep. 29 (pl).
Bracknell (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Apr. 25, Aug. 22, Oct. 1. (423, 86)
Dideot, r'T.Jy. (w).
Faringdon (T.: Th. 4 : pop. 3), Feb. 13, Whit. T., T. b. \& af. Mich., Oct. 29.' (86)

Hungerford (W.: Th. 3: pop. 3), last W. Apr. (cows), Aug. 17 (sh), W. b. \& af. Oct. 11, last S. Ju. (w). (34, 91)

Lambourn (F. : pop. 2), Oct. 2, Dec. 4.
Newbury (Th.: W. 2: pop. 11), Holy Th., Jy. 5 , Sep. 4, Th. af. Oct. 11. (34, 91)
Reading (Ev. d.: M. (c): W. 2 : pop. 72), Feb. 2, May ${ }^{1}$, Jy. 25, Sep. 21. (34, 423, 91 , 115,86)
Wallingford ( $F$ : W. 4 : pop. 3), Sep. 29. (305, 91)
Wantage (pop. 4), Mar. I, May x, I . af. Oct. $11 . \quad$ (91)
Windsor (pop. 14). ( 91,410 , 486)

## BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

Amersham ( $T$ : : Th. 4 : pop. 3), Whit. M., Sep. 19 (c). (34) Aylesbury ( $W$. \& $S$.: Th. 1 : pop. 9), Jan. 23, S. b. Pm. Sn., 2 S. May, 3 S. Ju., 2 W. Jy. (w), I S. Aug. (rams), ${ }_{4}$ S. Sep., 2 S. Oct., 2 W. Dec. (c)., (222, 91, 223, 236, 136, 86)
Beaconsfield ( $W$. 3: pop. 2), Feb. 13, May 10.
Buckingham (M. S.: Th. 4: pop. 3), Mar. 7, May 6, Whit. Th, Sep. 4, July 10 (w), Nov. 8, Oct. 2, S. af. Oct. II (c, hi), Jan. 28. (197, 222, 91 , 86)

Chesham (W.: Th. 2: pop. 7), Apr. 27, Jy. 22, Sep. 28, 2 W. Nov. $(223,222,186,86)$
Gt. Marlow, last 3 days Oct. (86)

Ivinghoe (S.:W. $3: p o p .2$ ), May 6, Oct. 17 i
Newport Pagneli (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 4), Ju. 22, Aug. 29, Dec. 22. (27)

Olney (Th.: W. 4 : pot. 2), Ju. 29, Eas. M., Oct. 13. (381)

Princes Risborough (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 2), May 6.
Wendover (M.: W. 4: pop. 2), May 12, Oct. 2. (86)
 pop. 2), Wed. b. \& af. Oct. 11, ${ }^{1}$ \& 3 W. in each month. (197, 86)
Woburn (M. \& F.: W. 4: pop. 3), May 4, Nov. 12.

## CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

Cambridge (M. \& S.: Th. 2 (wtr.) 5 : pop. 38 ), Ju. 24, Sep. 25 (c). (27, 270, 91, 34, 298)
Chatteris (F.: W. 4: pop. 5), last F. Apr., F. b. Oct. II. (27, 127)
Ely (Th.: Th. 4 : pop. 8), last Th., F., S. May \& Oct. ; when day falls on Ascension Day on 1 Th. and two following days in June. (270, 27)
$\operatorname{March}\left(W_{\text {., }}\right.$ F. SN S.: T. I: pop. 8), M. b. Whit. Sn., 3 T. Oct. (27, 127)
Newmarket (T. © S. S.:Th. 2 : pot. 8), Nov. 8, Whit T. (270, 298, 328)
Royston (W.: Th. 4 : pop. 2), Ash, Eas. \& Whit.W., I W. Jy. (27, 270)
Thorney ( $2: T .2:$ pop. 2), Jy. i, Sep. 21 (h).
Whitlesea ( $F$. : Th. 2: pop. 4), Ju. 13(h). $(27,127)$
Wisbeach (Th. \& S.: W. 1: pop. 10), ${ }^{2}$ Th. May (h \& c ), JY. 25 (h), Aug. 12 (c), 3 W. Sep. (hi), Mar. 5. (27, 328, 127)

## CHESHIRE.

Altrincham ( $T: W_{\text {: }}^{12}$ : $p o p$. 17), Nov. 22 (c). (249, 330, 358, 135, 165, 31, 86)
Birkenhead (Ev. d. : pop. 111 ), I T. Dec. (c). (376, 135, 193, 356, 110,86 )

Chester (Ev. d.: W. 1 : pop. 36), 3 W. ea. mo. (ch), ev. Th. (c). (127, 376, 135, 86, 193)
Congleton (S.: W. 1 : pop. 11), Th. b. Shrovetide, 3 W. Mar., May 12, 3 W. Sep., Nov. 22, Jy. 13. $(356,135,110)$
Crewe ( $F$ \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 42). (206, 356, 135, 110 )
Frodsham (W. 2: pop. 3), last T. Apr., last Th. Oct. (135)

Knutsford (S.: W. 1: pop. 5), Apr. 23, Nov. 8, Whit T. $(135,446)$
Macclesfield (T., Th. \&o S.: W. 1 : pop. 35), Mar. 6, Apr. 4, Jy. I1, Aug. 12, Sept. 4, Oct. 4 \& 21, Nov. 11, Dec. 21, May 6, Ju. 22. (356, 135, 830, 110)
Middlewich (T. : W. 1 : pop. 5), last T. Feb., Apr., \& Oct. $(446,206)$
Nantwich (S.: W. 1 : pop. 8), i S. af. Feb. 2 ; iS. every mo. except Jan. (356, 206, 261, 110, 135)
Northwich (F. \& S.: W. 1 : pop. 18) (c), Apr. 10, Aug. 2, Dec. 6. (135, 355, 446)
Over (W. 1 : pop. 7), 1 W. af. May 12, ist W. af. Sep. 20.
Runcorn, Whit. M. \& T. (pop. 16), ist week in Nov. (135, 165)

Sandbach (Th. \& S.: T. I: pop. 6), Eas. T., Dec. 28, 1 Th. af. Sep. II. $(356,135,110)$
Stockport ( $F$. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 79), Jan. 1, Mar. 4 \& 25, May I, Jy. 9, Oct. 23 (c). (356, 355, 358, 165, 446, 110)

Tarporley (Th. : W. 2 : pop. 3), May i, Aug. i, Dec. in, 1 M. af. Aug. 24. (127)
Tattenhall ( $F_{.}: W .4:$ pop. 1), May 18, Nov. 21 (c). (347, 86)

Winsford (S.: W. $1:$ pop. 10), May 8, Nov. 25. $(446,135)$

## CORNWALL.

Bodmin (S.: (c) 1 M. ev. mo.: W. 4 : pop. 5 ), Jan. 25, T. \& W. b. Whit Sn., Jy. 6, Dec. 6. (210, 34, 256)
Callington (W. \& S.: Th. 5: pop. 2). $(210,257)$
Camborne (S.: Th. 2 : pop. 15), Mar. 7, Whit T., Ju. 29, Nov. II. ( $210,241,256$ )
Camelford (F.:W. $4: p o p .5$ ), F. af. Mar. 10, May 26, Jy. 17, Sep. 6, 2 F. Nov. (257)
East Looe (W. \&o S.: pop. 1), Feb. 13, Jy. 10, Sep. 4, Oct. 10.
Falmouth (S., T. \& Th. : May 7, Aug. 7, Oct. 10: pop. 12), Jy. 27, Oct. 10. (34, 210, 241, 256)
Fowey ( $S_{\mathrm{T}}$ : W. 1 : pop. 2), Shrove T., May 1, Sep. 10. $(20,241,256)$
Helston (W. \& S.: F. 1 : pop. 3), Whit M., Jy. 20, Sep. 9. (210, 241)

Launceston (W. \& S. : last W. in mo. (c) : Th. I : pop. 4), I Th. Mar., 3 Th. Apr., Whit M., Nov. 17, Dec. 6. (210, 256, 257, 271)
Liskeard (S.: W. 1 : pop. 4), Oct. 2, (c) 2 M. in every mo. except Oct. (210, 34, 241, 256)

Lostwithiel (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 1), May 6, Jy. 10, Sep. 4, Nov. 13 (c), 3 T. in mo.
Marazion (S.: W. $1:$ pop. 1), Sep. 29.
Newquay (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 3). (210, 241, 256)
Padstow (S.: W. 3: pop. 2), Tu. in May, nearest May 1.
Penryn (S.: Th. 2: pop. 3), Mar. 8, May 13, Jy. 8, Oct. 8, Dec. 21. $(210,241,34)$
Penzance ( $T .$, Th. © $S .: F$. 1 : pop. 13), Mar. 25, Sep. 8. (210, 34, 256, 241)
Redruth (T., F. \& S.: Th. 3: pop. 10), Eas. T., May 2, 30, Aug. 3, Oct. 12. (210, 241, 256)

St. Austell (F. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 3), Th. b. Eas., Whit. Th., F. af. Jy. 23, F. aft. Oct. 16, Nov. 30. (210, 240, 241, 256)
St. Blazey (S.: Th. 4 : pop. 2), Feb. 2, Jy. 5.
St. Columb (Th., F.: W. 3 : pop. 7), Mar. 11 \& 20, Nov. 20. (210, 241)
St. Germans (F.:W. $5:$ pop. 2), May 28.
St. Ives (pop. 7), S. b. Advent. (210, 241, 256)
Stratton (T. © S.:Th. 4 : pop. 3), Apr. 23 (c), May 19, Nov. 8, Dec. 11, 12, $13 . \quad$ (257)
Truro (W. \& S.:F. 1 :pop. 12), W. af. Mid. Lent, Whit W., Nov. 19, Dec. 3. (210, 256, 241)

Wadebridge (F.:W. $3:$ pop. 2), 2 T. ea. m., Ju. 22. (210, 241)

West Looe (W. \& S.: pop. 1), May 6.

## COMBERLAND.

Abbey Holme ( $W_{\text {. : pop. 5 }}$ ), Oct. 29 (h), T. b. Whit. Sn.
Alston (s.: T. 1: pop. 3), 3 S. Mar., last Th. May, Sat. on or b. Sep. 27, I Th. Nov. $(231,94)$
Brampton (W.: Th. $1: p o p .7$ ), Apr. 20, Trin. W., Ju. 19, last W. Jy., ${ }^{2}$ W. Sep., Oct. 23 . (94, 278)
Carlisle (W. \& S.: Th. 12 : pop. 45), S. nearest Nov. in, S. b. Whit. Sn. (hi), Aug. 26 \& 5 foll. days, Sep. 19. (231, 94, $235,278)$
Cockermouth (M.: Th. 1: pop. 5), Feb. 2, 18, W. af. Apr. 16 I W. May \& ev. alt. W. till Ju. 30, Whit. M., Aug. 2, IW. af. Sep. 20,2 W. Oct., Nov. 11. $(94,231,278)$

Egremont (S.: T. 12 : pop. 6) Feb. 17, 3 F. May, Sep. ${ }^{18,}$ Nov. $11 . \quad(458,195,278)$
Keswick (S.: W. 1 Oct. to Ju.: pop. 4), i S. Jan., Oct. i1,S. at. Oct. 29, Whit. S., Martinmas S. $(231,193,278)$

Longtown, Th. b. Whit. S. (231)

Maryport ( $T$. E $_{\text {F }}$ F. : pop. 12), F. b. Whit. Sn., Nov. 12. $(94,458,278)$
Penrith (T.\& S.: Th. $1:$ top 9), Feb. 21, Shrove T. (231, $458,193,278$ )
Ravenglass, May 6, Ju. 8, Aug. 5. (195)

Wigton (T. \& S.: Th. 1: \$0p. 4), Feb. 20, Apr. 5. (195, 231, 248)
Workington (W. \& $S .:$ Th. 1 : pop. 26), W. af. Whit. \& Martinmas. (195, 94, 235, 278)

## DERBYEHIRE.

Alfreton (F. : W. 1 : pop. 17), Jy. 31, Nov. 24, 25. (247, 982) Ashborn (S.: (c) ev. alt. 7k.: W. : pop. 4), Feb. 13, May 21, Aug. 16, Oct. 20, Nov. 22, Dec. 15; (ch) 2 T. Mar., 1 T Sep., T. b. Nov. 11. (206, 86, 247)
Ashover, Apr. 25, Oct. 15, M. b. Martinmas. (247)

Bakewell (M. \& F.: Th. 1 : pop. 3), Eas. M., Whit. M., M. b. Aug. 26, M. af. Oct. 10, M. af. Nov. 11 . (247, 426)

Belper ( $S$. : W. 1.30: pop. 11), Th. \& F. nearest Oct. 3oth. (247, 382, 135)
Buxton (S.: W. 1 : pop. 10), Apr. 1, May 2, Oct. 28, M. b ${ }^{2}$ W. Sep. (247, 355, 426, 358)

Castleton, 3 W. Mar., Apr. 21, I W. Oct., 3 W. Nov. (247) Chapel-en-le-Frith (i Th. in mo.: pop. 12), Jy. 7. (247, 355)
Chesterfield ( $5 .: W$. 1 : pop. 27), Jan. 27, Feb. 28, 1 S. Apr., May 4, Jy. 4, 5, Sep. 25, Nov. 25. (247, 424, 427, 94, 425)

Crich (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 3), Apr. 6, Oct. II, IM. in Jan. (135)
Derby ( $T$. \& $F .: W$. 1 : pop. 106), F. af. Jan. 6, Jan. 25, Mar. 25, F. af. May 1 , F. Eas \& Whit. F., 1 T. Feb., Apr., Ju., Aug., Óct., Dec. (159 $135,247,94,206,86,360)$
Dronfield ( $W_{1} 1:$ pop. 4), Apr. 5, Nov. 3. (426)
Glossop, May 6, W. (pop. 21), Oct. 10. (356, 355)
Hartington, Nov. 26. (247)
Hayfield, May 12, Oct. 10. (855) Higham, W. af. Jan. 1.
Hope (last W. ix mo.), May 13. (247)

Ilkeston (Th. \& S. : W. 1 : pot 25). (382, 431, 247, 360)

Kirk Ireton, 2 W. Apr., Oct. 5 .
Matlock (alt. Th.: Th. 5: \%ot
6), May 9. (247, 426, 185)

Newhaven, T. b. 2 W. Sep. (pop. 6), Oct. 30. (91)
New Mills, last S. Apr. \& Oct. (pop 8). (355)
Ripley (S. : W. ェ: pop. 10), Th., F. \& S. nearest Oct. 23, Eas. W. $(247,382)$

Tideswell ( $W$. : pop. 2), Mar. 24, May 15, 2 W. in Sep., Oct. 29. (355)

Wirksworth (T.: W. 2 : pok. 4), Shrove T., Eas. T., 2 T. May, 2 T. Jy., 2 T. Sep., 3 T. Nov. $(366,247)$

## DEVONEEIRE.

Ashburton (S.: W. 2 : pop. 3), Mar. I, Ju. 7, Aug. 14, Nov. 13. (256, 34)

Axminster (T., Th. \& S.: W. 2: pop. 4), Apr. 27, Oct. 13. (463, 256)
Bampton, Whit. T. (pop. 2), last W. Nov. (441)
Barnstaple (T. © F.: W. 2 : \$op. 14), W. b. Sep. 20. (256, 271, 127, 463)
Bishops Nympton, M. b. Oct. 25, 3 M. in Apr.
Bideford, gt market (pop. 9), Mar. 13, May 1, Sep. 18.Feb. 14 (c), Jy. 18 (c), Nov. 13. (256, $271,127,463$ )
Bovey Tracey (W. 5: pop. 2), Eas. M., Holy Th. , Jy. 7. (463)
Bow (3 M. in alt. mos. commg. Jar. : pop. 2), Holy Th., Nov. 22.

Bratton Fleming, Aug. 19.
Brent (last T. Feb., Aug. \&o Nov.: W. 5 : pop. 1), last Th. Apr. \& last T. Sep.
Bridestowe, I W. Ju., Jy. 29.
Broadclyst, i M. Apr. \& Sep.
Braadhembury, 2 M. Dec., Nov. 3 .
Broadworthy (3 M. alt.), Sep. 9 .
Buckfastleigh (F.: T. $2:$ pop. 3), 3 Th. Ju., \& 2 Th. Sep.
Chagford (S.: pop. I), last Th. Mar., I Th May. (260, 483)

Chawleigh, May 6, Eas. T., May 16, Dec. 11.
Chudleigh (S.: pop. 6), Eas.T., 22 \& 23 Ju., Oct. 2. (463)
Chulmeigh ( $F .: F_{1}{ }^{1}:$ pop. ${ }^{1}$ ), Apr. 28, Jy. 28. (127, 271)
Churchingford, Jan. 25, last F. Apr.
Colyton, 3 T. Apr., 2 T. Oct. (463)

Crediton (S.: W. 4: pop. 4). (256, 271, 127)
Cullompton (i $W$.mo.: Th. 5 : pop. 4), I W. May \& Nov. (256,127, 441)
Cornwood, 4M. Sep.
Dartmouth (F.-(c) 2 T.: pop. 6). (304, 347, 127, 86)
Dawlish ( 1 k 2 2: pop. 4), Eas. M., \& 3 M. ea mo. ( 34,256 )

Ermington, Feb. 2, Ju. 24.
Exeter (T. © F.: : W. \& S. 2 So 4: pop. 47), 3 W. Feb. \& May, last W. JY., ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~W}$. Dec.
$(258,271,127,420,463)$

Gt. Torrington (S.: pop. 3), 1 Th. May \& 2 Oct., and 2 foll. days in ea. case. (127, 271, 256)

Hatherleigh (T.: W. $1: p o p$. 3). (260)

Holsworthy (W.: Th. 4 : pop. 1), Jy. 9, 10, 11, $12: 3 \mathrm{~W}$. ea other mo., esp. Apr. \& Oct. (256, 257, 271)
Honiton (S.:' 2 S. Apr. E0 S. b. Oct. 18, gt. market.: Th. 2: pop. 3), W. \& Th. af. Jy. 19. (127, 256)
Kingsbridge ( $p o p, 3$ ), Jy. 20 or 1 Th. af. (86, 256, 463, 304)
Modbury (Th:: W. 2: pop. 2), 2 M. in mo., May 4 \& foll. days. (256, 304)
Moretonhampstead (T.: pop. 1), ${ }_{1}$ S. Ju., Jy. 18, Nov. 30. $(260,463)$
Newton Abbot ( $W$.: Th. 2, pop. 12), Ju. 24, W. af. Sep. 11, Nov. 6. (34, 256, 304, 463)
North Tawton (Th.: W. 4 ) pop. 2), I T. in Dec. (260)
Okehampton (S.: W. 4 : pop. 3), Mar. 23. (127, 260, 256)
Ottery S. Mary (Th.: F. 2 : oop. 3), last T. Mar., ; T. Sep. (99, 256)
Plymouth (T., Th., S.: W. 1 : pop. 107), IM. \& T. Apr. \& Nov. (210,10,34,241,256, 804, 127, 468)
Plympton S.'Mary ( 1 M.: W. 2 : pop. 4), I M. ea. mo.
Sampford, M. b. last W. Apr.
Sidbury, W. b. Sep. 20.
Sidmouth (Ev. d.: Th. 4 : pot. 4), Eas. M., 3 M. Sep. (256, 99)

Silverton, 2 Th. Feb., ITh. in Jy.
S. Brent, last T. Feb., Aug. \& Nov.
S. Molton (Th. \&o S.: W. 3: pop. 3), W. b. Ju. 22, W. af. Aug. 25. (256, 271, 127)
Tavistock (T. \& F.: 'W. 2 : pop. 5), 2 W. mo. ( I in Dec.). (256, 257, 271)
Teignmouth (Ev. d. : pop. 9), 3 T. Jan., last Th. Feb., Sep. 29. (127, 256, 34, 463)

Tiverton (T.: Th. 2: pop. 10), I Th. Ju., I Th. Oct. (127, 441, 258, 271)
Torquay (pop. 34). (256, 483, 86, 94)
Totnes (Ev. d.: Tk. 2: pop. 4), May 12 to 14, Oct. 28. (127, 256, 304)
Uffulme, ${ }_{2}^{2}$ M. alt. mo. from Apr. to Dec. $(271,441)$
Witheridge (pop. 6), last Th. but one in Apr., Th. af. Ju. 24 \& Sep 21, I W. \& Th. Nov. (127, 271)

## DORSETSHIRE.

Beaminster (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Sep. 19. (463)
Blandford ( $4 .:$ Th. $2:$ pop. 4), Mar. 7, S. b. Jy ${ }^{\text {ro }}{ }^{\text {S Sep. }} 9$ (c), Nov. 8 (c). (127, 463)

Bridport (W:"E S. : pop. 6), Apr. 6, Oct. II. (463, 256)
Corfe Castle (pop. 2), May 12, Oct. 29.
Dalwood, W. af. Aug. 23.
Dorchester (W. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 9), Feb. 14, Jy. 6, Aug. 6, Sep. 29, Oct. 25. (34, 441, 463, 256)
Gillingham (Alt. M. next 21 ea. mo.: Th. 3, Smr. 4: 1op. 33), Trin. M., Sep. 13. (463, 441, 127)

Lyme Regis (T. \& F.: Th. 4: pop. 2), 1 T. Feb., Feb. 13 , Oct. 2 \& I T. Oct. (463)
Poole (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 19), May 1, Nov. 2. (127, 463, 256)

Portland ( $W .2$ : pap.15), Nov. 5. (34,463)
Shaftesbury (S.: W. $2:$ pop. 2), S. b. Palm Sn. last S. Aug., Nov. 23. (127, 463)
Sherborne (T.: W. $2:$ pop. 6), Jy. 26, mo. af. Oct. ro. (127, 463)

Shroton, Sep. 25, 26.
Stalbridge (Th.: $W_{\text {. }}{ }^{4}{ }^{\circ}$ pop. 2), May 6, Sep. 4. $(127,463)$
Sturminster (Alt. W.: Th. 2 : pos. 6), May 12, Oct. 24. (463, 127)
Waucham (T. \& Th.: W. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 2), 3 Th. Apr., 2 Th. Sep. (127, 463)
Weymouth ( $W_{0}$ 2: pop. 19). (34, 441, 463, 256).
Wimborne Minster (F. : pop. 4). (463, 127)
Woodbury Hill, Sep. 21, 22.
Yetminster (Th. 4: pop. 3) Apr. 27, Oct. 5.

## DURHAM.

Barnard Castle (W.: F. х : pop. 4), Eas. W., Whit. W.t Jy. ${ }_{22}$. $(27,377,127,478)$
Bishop Auckland (Th.: W. I: pop. 12), Holy Th., Th. b. Oct. II. (27, 127, 377, 478)
Darlington (M. \& F.: W. 1 : pop. 44), i M. Mar., Eas. M., Whit.M., Nov. ro. (27,127, 398,478,377,480)
Durham ( $F_{:}: W_{\dot{\text { F }}}$ I: pop. 15), last F. Mar., F. b.oMay 13, F. b. Sep. 16, F. on or b. Nov. 23. (27, 127, 377, 478, 310 )
Hartlepool (S.: pop. 23), May ${ }^{14}$ Aug. 21, Oct. 9 , Nov. 27. (27, 127, 478)
Houghton-le-Spring ( $F$. \&o S.: pop. 8), Oct. 8 \& $9 .(377,27)$
W. Hartlepool (S.), May 14, Aug. ${ }^{21}$ Oct. $9{ }^{2}$ Nov. ${ }^{27 .}$ (94, 377, 27, 478, 127)
Middleton (S. monthly: pop. 2), last F. Feb., I Th. Mar., 3 Th. Apr. \& Sep., ${ }^{2}$ Th. Nov. ( $27,355,446,165$ )
S. Shields (S.: W. $: \neq p o p .97$ ), W. b. \& af. May ${ }^{2}$ \& Nov. II. (310,127,27,877,478,829)

Stanhope (W. S. \& occasly. $M .: W .12: p o p .2$ ), 2 F. Sep. (478)

Stockton-upon-Tees ( $W$. \& S. : Th. I: pop. 5I), last W. in mo. (c), W. b. May ${ }^{13}, \mathrm{Jy} \cdot{ }^{18}$, Nov.23. $(27,127,377,478)$

## Essex

Bardfield ( $W .6:$ pop. 1), Ju. 22. Braintree ( $W_{.}:$Th. 2 : pop. 5 ), May 8 \& 9 , Oct. 2, 3. $(91,27$ ) Brentwood (Th. 2: pop. 5). (91, 27)
Chelmsford (F. : W. 1 : pop. 13). $(91,27)$
Chigwell, Sep. 30.
Coggeshall ( $W_{W_{0}}{ }^{2}$ : pop. 3), Whit. T. \& W. $(91,27)$
Colchester (S.: Th. 2 Apr. to Sep. : pop. $3^{88}$, Oct. ${ }^{20} \& 3$ foll dys. (S. Denis Fair). (91, 27, 135, 34)
Epping ( $F$.: $W:$ 2: pop. 4), Whit. T., Oct. II, Nov. 13, 14. (27)

Halstead (S. © I T. mo: : pop.6). (91, 27 )
Harlow (W. 5: pop. 3), Nov. 28.
Ingatestone ( $W .4$ 4: pop. 1), Dec. 1.
Latchington ( $W .5$ ), Aug. 27.
Maldon (T.: W. 2 : pop. 5 ), I Th. May, Sep. 13, 14. (91, 27).

Rayleigh (W. 2: pop. 1), Trin, M.
Rochford (Th.: pop. 3), Eas. T., W. at Sep. 29. (91)

Saffron Walden (T. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 6), S. b. \& I F. \& S. at. Mid-lent, i S. Nov. (91, 27, 270)
Thaxted (T. 5: pop. 2), M. b. Whit., Aug. so.
Waltham Abbey (T.: Th. 2.: pop. 1), May 14, Sep. 24, 25,26 .

## GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

Berkeley (1 W. ea. mo.: W. 2 : pop. 6), May 14, Dec. 14 (127)

Bisley (pop. 5), May 4, Nov. 12.
Blakeney (Th. 2 : pop. 1), May ${ }_{12}$, Nov. 12.
Bristol (S. © Th. : W. 2. : pop. 329), Mar. 3 \& Sep. 6. (94, 34, 10, 96, 86, 99, 136, $115,127,441,463$ )
Campden (last W. mo. : Th. 3 : pop. 2), last W. mo. \& Ash W.
Cheftenham (Th.: W. 2: pop. 49), I \& 2 weeks Oct., 2 Th . Apr., Holy Th., Aug. ${ }^{5},{ }^{3}$ Th. Dec. (86, 127, 463, 94, 34)

Chipping Sodbury ( $\mathcal{E}_{3} 3$ T.: pop. 1), F. b. Mar. 25, Sep. 29. (127)

Cirencester ( $M$. : Th. $2:$ pop. 8 ), Eas M., ${ }^{1}$ M. Sep., ${ }^{2}$ \& 3 M. Oct. ( $34,86,463$ )
Coleford ( $F$ : : Th. 1 : pop. 3), Ju. 20 (w). (34)
Dursley (Th.: W. 4:pop. 2), May 6, Dec. 4. $(98,127)$

Gloucester (M. \&o S.: Th. 2: pop. 48), 1 S. Apr. Jy., Sep. 28, last S. Nov. (34, 86, 127, 463, 94)
Lechlade (last T: : Th 3: pop. 1), Sep. 9. (86)
Newent (1 7. mo.: pop. 2), F. af. Sep. ${ }^{19}$ (onion). (34)

Northleach (W.: Th. : pop. I), W. b. \& af. Oct. II.

Stow-on-the-Wold (Th.: W. I: pop. 1), May 11, 12, Oct. 24. (34)

Stroud (F. : Th. $2:$ pop. 9), May 10, Aug. 21. $(34,86,463)$
Tetbury ( $W .: T h .{ }^{2}:$ pop. 2), Ash W., Jy. 22. (86)
Tewkesbury ( $W . \div$ Th. 4, pop. 5 ), Oct. 10. (343, 37, 205, 34)
Thornbury ( $2 W$. mo.: Th. 5: pop. 4). (136)
Winchcomb (S.: Th. 2: pop. 3), last S. Mar., S. b. \& af. Oct. 11, Jy. ${ }^{28 .}$ (86)
Winterburn, Ju. 29, Oct. 18.
Wootton-under-Edge ( $F:: W_{2}$ : pop. 3), Sep. $\overline{25}$. $(86,127)$

## HAMPSHIRE.

Alresford (Th.: W. $4:$ pop. 2), last Th. Jy. (136, 34)
Alton ( $T$ : $:$ Wed. 4 : pop. 5 ), Sep. 29, last S. Apr. (136, 34) Andover ( $F$ : : pop. ( ) , Nov. 17 (c), last F. Ju. ( 34,91 )

Appleshaw, Oct. $6-9$, Nov. 4.
Basingstoke (W. \&S.: Th. 4: pop. 10), Jy. 13\& Oct. 11. (34, 91, 423)
Beaulieu, Apr. 15, Sep. 4.
Botley (Alt. M.: pop. i), T. b. Shrove T.
Eling, Jy. 5 .
Fordingbridge (Th. 2: pop. 3), Sep. 6. (468)
Gosport (Th. S.: W. 4: pop. 29), May 4, Oct. 10. (34, 287,96)
Hartley (Th. 4 : pop. 2), Dec. 4. (91)

Lymington ( $W .2:$ pap. 4), May 12, 13, Oct. 2 \& 3. (463, 34)

Lyndhurst (W. 4 : pop. 2), Aug. 9. (287)
Odiham (T.: W. $3:$ pop. 2), S. Mid-lent. (34)

Overton (T. 5: pop. 2), Jy. 18.
Petersfield (Alt. W.: Th. 3: pop. 3), Jy. 10. (91, 34)
Ringwood ( $W_{\text {. }}$ : Th. 2: pop. 4), Jy. 10, II, Dec. 11, 12. (127, 463)

Romsey (Th.: W. $1: p o p .4$ ), Eas. T., Aug. 26, Nov. 8. (34, 4.63)
Stockbridge, Jy. ro.
Southampton (F.: pot. 105), Trin. M. (34, 287, 127, 483, 94)
Weyhill, 2 Th. Apr., last F. Jy., Oct. $10 \& 5$ following days.
Wherwell, Sep. 24 .
Wickham (W.4:pop. 1), May 20. (190).

## HEREFORDSEIRE.

Brampton, Ju. 21, 22 (h). (94, 248)

Bromyard (Th.: T. $2 \dot{\text { Fopp. }}$ 2), Mar. 25, May 1, 3, Whit M., Sep. 29, ${ }^{2}$ M. Dec., Th. b. Oct. 29. $(205,127)$
Hereford ( $W$. ${ }^{5} S .: T h .2 .0$. pop. 2s) 3 W. Oct., 1 W. \& Th. af. May 2 , W. af. Feb. 2 , W. af. Eas., I W. Jy, ${ }^{3}$ W. Aug., 2 W. Dec. ( 206,34 , 127, 86)
Kingsland, Oct. 11.
Kington (T.: Th. 2 : pop. 2), T. b. Feb. 2, 2 T. Mar., T. Eas. wk., May 11, 1 T. Ju., 2 T. Jy., 3 T. Aug., Sep. 18, 19, T. b. Oct. 10, T. b. Nov. 13, 3 T. Dec. $(206,255)$
Ledbury (T.: Th. 2: pogh 3), 2 T: every mo. ( 34,127 )
Leominster ( $F .:$ Th. $1:$ pop. 6), Feb. 13, T. af. Mid-lent Sn., May 2, 2 F. Ju., Jy. ro, Ang. 4, Sep. 4, M. b. 3 wk. Oct, Nov. 8, F. af. Dec. 11. (127, 206, 86)
Longtown, Apr. 29, Sep. 21. (231)

Ross (alt. Th: T. $2:$ pop. 3), Mar. 17, May 12, Ju. 9, Jy. 7 Oct 13, Dec. 8. ( $\mathbf{3 4 , 1 2 7 , 8 6 \text { ) }}$
Weobley, May 8. (86)
Wigmore, May 6, Aug. 5.

## HERTFORD.

Baldock ( $F$ : : Th. 2: pop. 2), last Th. May, Aug. 5, Oct. 2, 3, Dec. 11. (34)
Berkhampstead (W. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 16). (91)
Hatfield (Th. 2: pop. 4), Apr. 23, Oct. 18.
Hemel Hempstead (Th. : W. 2: pop. 1I), Holy Th., 3 M. Sep. (91, 236, 86)
Hertiord ( $\mathcal{S}$ : Th. $2:$ pop. 9), 3 S. b. Eas., May 12, Jy. 5, Nov. 8. (91, 27)
Hitchin ( $T:=W_{0}$ 2: gop. 10), Eas. T., Whit T. (91, 27)
Hoddesden ( $W$ : : pop. 5) Ju. 29.
Redbourn ( $W$. 5), ${ }^{\text {I }}$ W. af. Jan. I, W. in Eas. \& Whit wh.
Rickmansworth ( $W .5$, pop. 6), Nov. 24 (91)
Royston (W.: Th. 4 : pop. 4), W. \& Th. af. Oct. 11 , Ash W. W. Eas. \& Whit wks. (27, 270)
Sawbridgeworth (Th. 2: pop. 2), Apr. 23, Oct. 20. (27)
Tring (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 4), Eas. M., Oct. 11. (136)

Watiord (T.: pop. 29), Trin. Th., May 12, Aug. 31. (91, 99, 86)

## HUNTINGDON.

Earith, May 4, Jy. 25, Nov. 1. Godmanchester ( $\boldsymbol{W}^{2} .5$ : pop. 2) Eas. T. \& W.
Huntingdon ( $S$ : : W. $2:$ pot. $i_{3}$ T. b. Eas., 2 T. in May, S. b. Oct. 11, 3 S. Nov. ( $91,8{ }^{1}$ )

Kimbolton ( $F_{0}$ : pop. 1), Eas. F., Whit F., Dec. In.

Ramsey (W.: Th. $4:$ pop. 5), Jy. 22, 23, 24 (127, 27)
St. Ives (M.: Tk. 2 : pop. 3), Whit M., Oct. II, 12. (270, 91, 27)
St. Neots (Th. : T. 2 : pop. 4), Holy Th., 3 Th. af. Holy Th., Th. af. Oct. 11. $(91,27)$
Somersham (W. 5 : pop. i), Ju. 23, 24.

## KRNT.

Appledore (Th. 4 : pop. 1), Ju. 22.
Ashford ( $T$ : : pop. 13), 3 T. Aug. $(91,86)$
Benenden (W. 4:pop. 2), May 15.
Bromley (Th. : pop. 27), Feb. 14, Aug. 5. (91, 111,94 )
Canterbury (alt. M., fat stk. : S. lean: Th. 1. : pop. 25). (299, 91, 347, 86)
Chatham (W. 1 : pop. 41), May 15. (91, 96, 34, 86)
Cranbrook (alt. W.: Th. 4: pop. 4), May 3o, Sep. 29. (91)
Dartford (pop. 19), Aug. 2, 3 . (91, 111 )
Deal(T.\&S.: pop. 11), Apr. 5, Oct. 10. (127,86)
Dover (S. : W. 5 : pop. 42), Nov. 22. $(91,127,86,34)$

Farningham (3 W.: Th. 2 : pop. 1), Oct. 15 .
Faversham ( $W$. . S. : c, 2 \& 4 T.: pop. 11), Oct. 11, 12, 13. (309, 91 )
Gravesend (S.: W. 4 : pop. 27), Oct. 24. $(91,96)$
Maidstone ( 2 \& last T. each mo.: Th. \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 34), Feb. 13, May 12 , Ju. 20, Oct. 17. $(91,459,86)$
Malling, Nov. 17
Margate ( $S$ : : Th 5 : pop. 23). ( $86,91,94,135$ )
New Romney (pop. 1), Aug. 21, 22. (86)

Queenborough (pop. 2), Aug. 5,6.
Rochester (4 T.: W. $1:$ pop. 31), May 30, Aug. 30, Dec. 11. (91, 96)
Sandhurst (W: 4,pop.s), May 25.
Sandwich ( $W$. co, alt. M. $^{\text {c }}$ : pop. 3). $(91,127)$
Sittingbourne ( I \& 3 . : pop. 9), Whit, M. T. W., Oct. ro, II. $(91,111)$

Strood ( $W .2$ : pop. 6), Aug. 26-30.
Tenterden ( $F_{0}$; W. : pop. 3), I M. May, $x$ F. Sep. (la). $(91,86)$
Tonbridge (T.: W. 4 : pop. 10), last F. Oct. (88, 91)
Tunbridge Wells ( $F_{.}: W_{.} 2$ : pop. 33). (27, 79, 91,86 )
Whitstable (W. $1: p .5: p o p .7$ ), Th. b. Whit. Sn. (299)

## TANCASHIRE.

Accrington ( $p$ op. 43), 1 Th. Apr.\& Aug. (330, 355, 356, 446, 110 )

Ashton-under-Lyne (M. \& F. : T. 1: pop. 44), Mar. 23, Apr. 29, Jy. 25, 26, 27, Nov. 21-23, 2 Th. ea. mo. (183, 358, $355,135,856,446,110$ )
Blackburn (W. S. : Th. I: pop. 128), Eas. M., May 11, 12. (86, 330, 355, 356, 358, 94, 101, 31)
Bolton (Ev. d. exc. W.: W. 1 : pop. 168), 2 W. Jan., last W. Jy. \& day follg., 2 W. \& Th. Oct. (355, 356, 358, 135, 94, 446, 165, 110)
Burnley (M.S. : T. 1 : pop. 97), Mar. 6, Eas. eve., 2 Th. Jy., Oct. 1 г. (246, $830,355,446$, 94, 358)
Bury (S.: T. 1 : pop. 58), Mar. 5, May 3, Sep. 18. (330, 356, 446, 165, 110)
Carnforth (pop. 3). Apr. 29. (331)
Chipping, 1 W. Oct., Apr. 23.
Chorley (pop. 27), Mar. 26, May 5, Aug. 20, Oct. 21. (331, 94, 165)
Clitheroe (S. \&o alt. M. : W. 1 : pop. 11), Mar. 21-26, Aug. 1, 2, 3, Oct. 21-25, Dec. 7, 8. $(246,355,94)$
Colne (W.E-S. :T. $1:$ pop. 23), commencing 2 Th. Mar., May, Oct. \& Dec. (246, 355, 446)
Croston (pop. 2), M. b. Shove T., M. af. Oct. 12.

Dalton-in-Furness (S. \& M.: W. 1: prp. 13), Apr. 28, Ju. 6, Oct. 23. $(248,331)$
Garstang (Th. : pop. 1), Nov. 22 \& 23. (94)
Great Harwood (F.: pop. 12), May 17, Aug. 21. (380, 355)
Gisburn (alt. M., Sep. 18, Eas. M.: pop. 2). (355)

Haslingden (T. E S.: W. 1 : pop. 19), Feb. 2, May 8, Jy. 4, Oct. 2. $(356,330,110)$
Heywood ( $F .:$ pop. 25), I F. Apr., Aug., \& Oct. (330, 856, 446, 110 )
Hornby (T. fortly., Jy. to Dec.).
Kirkham (W. 12: pop. 4), Feb. 4, Apr. 28, Oct. 18. (94)
Lancaster (W., S.: W. I: pop. 40).'Jy. 5, 6, 7, Oct. 10, 11, 12, May 1, 2, 3, F. \& S. b. 1 M. in New Year. (331, 94, 193)
Leigh (S. © occ. fortly. : T. 1 : pot. 40), Apr. 24, Dec. 7. (135, $356,446,355,165,110)$
Liverpool (M., W., S.:Th. I: pop. 685 ), 1 M. af. Feb. 5, I M. af. May 1, last M. Aug., I M.af. Nov. 20, Jy.25, Nov.ir. (135, 477, $10,193,47,94$, 356, 127, 376, 330, 110 , 18a, 86)
Manchester (pop. 544) $(93,439$, 127, 94, 165, 330, 348, 858, 252, 446, 355, 856, $135,31,110,86$ )
Mossley (F.: pop. 13), Oct. (last M.), Ju. 21. ( $356,355,110$ )

Newburgh, Ju. 21.
Newchurch (T. 1 : pop. 4), Apr. 29.

Oldham (T., F. \& S. : T. 12 : pop. 137 ) (356,855,94, 446, 358,110 )
Ormskirk (Th. \& S.: W. 1 : pop. 7), Whit M. \& T., \& Sep. 10, 11 $(356,135,94,165,110)$
Prescot (S. \& alt. Tw. from Shr. T. to 1 T. May:Th. 1 : pop. 8). (185, 165)
Preston (W., F. \& S.: Th. 1 : pop. 113 ), Mar. 27. (331, 855, 94, 165, 330)
Radcliffe (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 25), Apr. 29, 30, Sep. 28 \& 29. (330, 135)
Rochdale (M. \& S. : T. 1 : pop. 83), May 14, Whit. T., Nov. 7 ( $330,356,446,84,165,110$ )
Stalybridge (Ev. d.: T. 1 : pop. ${ }^{28) \text {, last M. Apr., Jan., Jy. }}$ Oct. $(356,358,110,355,135)$
Todmorden (W. \& S.: T. I: pop. 25), Good F. (380, 296, 356,110 )
Ulverston (Th. \& S.: F. 1 : pup. 10), T. b. I whole wk. Jan., T. b. Eas., Whit. Th. (331, 195, 248, 94)
Upholland, Eas. M.
Warrington (W. $\mathcal{E} S .:$ Th. 1 : pop. 64), Jy. 17, 19, Nov. 30 (330, 356, 135, 446, 127 , 110)

Wigan ( $F_{.}$: W. $1:$ pop. 6r), Holy Th. \& foll. days, Ju. 27, Oct. 28, 29. (135, 356 , 855, 165, 110 )

## LEICESTERSEIRE.

Ashby de la Zouch (S. : W. 2 : pop. 5), Eas. T., W., T. (135, 94, 395, 86)
Belton, M. af. Trin. wk.
Hinckley (M. \&o S.: Th. 2: pop. 1r), Eas. M., Whit. M., Aug. 26. (94, 395, 135)
Kegworth (W. $4: p \supset p .2$ ), Feb. 18, Eas. M., April 30, Jy. 29, Oct. го. $(382,384)$
Leicester ( $W$. \& $S_{:}:$Th. 1 : pop. 212 ), Mar. 2,S. b. Palm S., S. Eas. wk., Jy. 5, Dec. 8, 2 Th. Oct. \& May, \& foll. 3 days. ( $94,127,381,86,395$, 436, 135, 360)
Lutterworth (Th.: F. $2:$ pop. 2), Feb. 16, Apr. 2, Holy Th. (395, 360, 135)
Market Bosworth (W.: T.3: pop. 1), May 8, Jy. 10, 11 . (94)
Market Harboro ( $T_{:}:$Th. 2 : pop. 8), Jan. 6, Feb. 16, Apr. 29, 30, 2 \& last T. Jy., Oct. 19. $(94,436)$

Melton Mowbray (T.\&S. : Th. 2:pop.7), M.\&T.foll. Jan. 17,T Whit. wk., Aug. 21, Sep. 29. (135, 94, 436, 395, 86)

## LINCOLNSHIRE.

Alford (T. : Th. 2: pop. 2), Whit. T., Jy. 31, Aug. 24, Sep. 16, Nov. 8. (34, 436, 344 )
Barton (M.: pop. 6), Trin. Th. (478)

Belton, Sep. 25 (flax). (436)

Boston (W. E S. : Th. 2 : pop. 16), May 4, 5, 1 W. Aug., Sep. 15, Nov. 18-20, Dec. 11 . (34, 344, 127, 436)
Bourne (Th.: T. 2: pop. 4), I Th. Apr., ITh.af. May 5, \& last Th. Sep. \& Oct. $(436,397)$
Brigg (Th.: W. $2:$ pop. 3), 2 Th. Apr., Aug. 5. (430, 344)
Burgh (alt. Th. Smr.: pop. 1), 2
Th. May,Sep. $26 .(34,344,436)$
Caistor (S. : pop. 2), F. \& S. b. Palm Sn., S.b. Whit.Sn.\& Sep. 18, F. \& S. af. in Oct. (430, 344)

Caythorpe (pop. 1), 2 F. af. Good F.
Corby (pop. 1), M. b. Oct. 1 I. (436)

Crowland (Th.: W. 3), Sep. 4.
Crow (F.: W. 4 : pop. 3), last M. May, Nov. 23 .

Donington (Th. : pop. 2), May 26, Sep. 4, Oct. 17. (344)
Epworth (Th. : pop. 2), I Th. af. May 1, 1 Th. af. Sep. 29. (344)

Folkingham, Ash W., May 13, Nov. 22.
Gainsborough (T.: W. $1:$ pop. 18), Eas. T. \& W., \& T. \& W. af. Oct. 20 (344, 430, 159,424 )
Grantham (S.: Th. $1:$ fop. 17), M., T. \& W. af. 5 Sn. Lent. (159, 436, 430, 338, 94)
Grimsby (M. \& F.: Th. I to 4 : pop. 63), 1 M. Apr., 2 M. Oct. (344, 436, 430, 478, 159 )
Heckington (pop. 2), 2 Th. Sep. (397)

Holbeach (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 5), May 17, Sep. 17, Oct. 11, 12. (27, 436)
Horncastle (S.:W. 2 : pop. 4), Ju. 21-22, 2 M. Aug. \& 3 foll. days, 2 Th. Sep., Oct. 28, 29, 5 Th. Lent. (34, 344, 436)
Kirton (pop. 2), Jy. 18, Dec. II. (344)

Lincoln (F.: W. 2 : pop. 49), last whole wk. Apr., Oct. 27, Nov. 28. (34, 344, 436, 159, 397, 127)
Long Sutton ( $F .: W .2$ : pop. 3), May 13, F. af. Sep. 25. (127, 27)

Louth (W.S. : Th. 2 : pop. ro), Apr. 29, 30, Sep. 17, Oct. 22, Nov. 23. $(344,34,436)$
Market Deeping (Th. $4:$ pop. 1), 2 W. af. May 11, Oct. io.
Market Rasen (T.:Th. 2 : pop. 2), Sep. 25. $(344,159)$

Navenby, Oct. 17.
Partney, Aug. 1, 25, Sep. 18, 19, W. \& Th. af. Oct. 11.

Saltfleet, Oct. 3. (436)
Sleaford (M.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), Plough M., Eas. \& Whit. M.,
Aug. 12, Oct. 20. (344, 397, Aug. 12, Oct. 20 (344, 397, $159,436,430$ )
Spalding ( $T .: T h .2: p o p .9$ ), I T. af. last whole wk. Apr., last T. Ju. and Aug., Sep. ${ }^{25}$. (34, 127, 436, 344, 397)
Spilsby (M.: T. 3, pop. 1), M af. Jy. $12 .(34,344,436)$

Stamford (M. \&o F.: Th. 2 : pop. 8), M., T. b. Feb. 13, M. b. mid. Lent, M. mid. Lent, M. b. May 12, M. af. Corpus Christi, Aug. 5, Nov. 8, 9. (34, 436)
Tattersall ( $W .2$ ), Sep. 25.
Wainfleet ( $S .:$ Th. 3 : pop. 1), 3 S. May, Oct. 24 (436)
Wragby, May 1, Sep. 28, 29 (c).

## MIDDIESEX.

Brentford (T. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 15), May 17, 18, 19, Sep. $12-14$ (91, 466)
Enfield (S.: pop. 43), Nov. $30^{\circ}$ $(86,96)$
Edgware, I M., W. Aug. (c).
Hounslow ( $W_{.}$2: pop. 13), Trin. M., M. af. Sep. 29. (91, 466)

Isleworth (W. 5 : pop. 16), I M. Jy. (466)
Uxbridge (Th. \& S. : pop. 9), Mar. 25, Jy. 31, Sep. 29, Oct. 10. $(91,466)$

## LONDON.

London Central Mkts., Farring. don St., ey. d., Smithfield, T., Th. \& S. Metropolitan Cattle Mkt., Islington, M., Th. \& F. Leadenhall Mkt., ev. d. Billingsgate Fish Mkt., ev. d. Foreign Cattle Mkt., Deptford, M. \& Th. Borough Fruit \& Veg. Mkt., T., Th. \& S. Covent Garden Veg. Fruit \& Flower Mkt., ev. d. Spitalfields Mkt., T., Th. \& S. Shadwell Fish Mkt., ev. d.

## MONMOUTHSHIRE.

Abergavenny (T., $F_{i}$ \& $S_{\text {: }}$ : Th. 1: pop. 8), 3 T. Mar., May 14, T. b. Jy. 20, Sep. 25, Nov. 19. (206, 34, 86, 127)
Blaenavon ( $S$ : Th. $1: p o p .11$ ), Apr. 16. (115)
Chepstow (W., S. \& alt. T.: W. 1 ; pop. 3), last T. ea. mo. (96, 1 15, 94)
Christchurch (pop. 1), Nov. 29. $(463,34)$
Caerleon (Th. $1:$ pop. 1), May 1 , Sep. 2I.
Magor, T. b. Apr. 17 \& Oct. 17.
Monmouth ( $F$. \& $S_{:}:$Th. I: pop. 5), 2 M. May \& Nov. 22. (34, 127, 86)
Newport (W. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 67), 2 W. Apr., W. Whit. wk., Ju. 23, 2 W. Aug., 1 W. Nov. $(206,86,94,96,115$, 127)

Pontypool (W. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 6), Apr. 2, 22, Jy. 5, Oct. 10. $(86,96)$
Tredegar (S.: Th. 1 : pop. 19), Apr. 19, Sep. 21. (96, 115)
Usk ( $F$. $\mathcal{E}$ I M. Mo. : W. 2 : pop. 1), Apr. 20, T'rin. M., Oct. 29, Dec. 16. (96)

## FORFOLK.

Aylsham (T.: W. 5: pop. 3), Mar. 23, last T. Sep. (27) Cawston, Aug. 28.

Cromer (Th. 2 : pop. 4), Whit. M. $(27,34)$

Dereham, East ( $F$. \&o occ. Th: W. 4: pop. 6), Th. \& F. b. Jy. 6 \& Sep. 29. (27, 86, $127,34)$
Downham Market (F.: W. ${ }_{2}$ : pop. 2), 1st 3 d. Mar., ${ }^{1}$ F. May, 2 F. Nov, (27, 96)
Fakenham (Th. : pop. 7), Whit. T. (27, 96, 127,34 )

Feltwell (W. 2 : pop. 2), Nov. 20. (390)

Foulsham (W. $5:$ pop. 1), 1 T. May. (34)
Harling, East (T.: Th. 2 : pot 1), May 4

Hempton, Whit. T., I W. Sep., Nov. 22.
Hingham ( $T_{\dot{\prime}}: W .2$ )
Holt ( $W$. : Th. $5:$ pop. 6), Apr. 25 \& Nov. 25 (c). (27, 34)
Ingham (Th. 5), Trin. M.
Kenninghall (M.: Th. 5: pop. 5), Jy. 18, Sep. 30.

Loddon (T. \& $F .: W .2:$ pop. 4), Nov. 22. (27)

Lynn (7:: W. 2: pop. 19), Feb. 14, 2 T. Apr. (27, 34; 96)

Methwold (M. : pop. 1), Apr. 23.
Norwich (W. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 112), Maundy Th, Eas M. \& T. (27, 96, 127, 436, 34)

Oxborough (W. : pop. 222), Eas. T.

Shipdham (Th. 4), last M. in Ju.
Swaffham (S.: Th. 4: pop. 3), 2 W. May, 3 W. Jy., 1 W. Nov. (all c). (27)
Thetford (S.: pop. 5), Sep. 25. $(390,27)$
Wymondham (F.: W. 1: pop. 5), Feb. 14, May 17. (27)
Gt. Yarmouth (W. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 5I), F. \& S. Eas. wk. (27, 96, 127, 34)

## NORTHAMPTONEFIRE.

Boughton Green, Ju. 24, 25, 26,
Brackley (W.: T. 4 : pop. 2), Dec. I1. $(278,86)$
Daventry (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 4), 2 T. ea. mo., Oct. 27. (381, 34)

Fotheringhay, M. af. Jy. ${ }^{18}$.
Northampton (W.E.S.: Th. E : pop. 87), May 5, Sep. 19 (ch), 2 T. Jan., Feb. 20,3 M. Mar., Apr. 5, Ju. 19, Aug. 26, 1 Th. Nov., Nov. 28. (94, 84, 86, 381, 436)
Oundle (Th.: W. 2: \$op. 2), Whit. M., Oct. 12, Feb. 21-25. (436, 381)
Peterborough (W. \& S.: Th. as pop. 31), 2 T. \& W. JY., 1 T., W.,Th. Oct (127,94, 486, 360)

Rockingham, Sep. 25.
Rothwell (TK. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 4), Trin. M. $(34,94)$

Thrapston (T.:7k. $2:$ oph 2), 1 I. May, T. af Oct 21. (381, 486)

Towcester (T.: Th. 5: pop. 3), T. foll. May 12 \& Oct. 29, 30 (c), Shrove T. (381)
W. Haddon (F.) May 2, Sep. 27. Weldon, i Th. af. 2 Sn. Jy.
Wellingborough (W.: Th. 2: pop. 18), Eas. W., Oct. 29. (94, 381, 34)

## INORTHUMBERLAND.

Alnwick (S. \&o M.: W. 1 : pop. 7), i S. Mar., i M. May, last M. Jy., \& I M. Oct. (c). (310, 329, 377, 27)
Belford (Th: : pop. I), I W. Mar., Jy. 2. (877)
Bellingham (S. b. May 13 \& Nov. 11 \& S. af. Sep. 15: pod. ${ }^{1}$ ), ${ }^{3}$ S. Aug., ${ }_{3}$ S. Oct. (377, 310 )
Berwick (S. : pop. 13), last F. \& S. May. (218, 238, 374, 377. 27)

Haltwhistle (Th.: W. х. 30 : pop. 2), May 14, Sep. ${ }^{17}$ (c), Nov. 10, 11, 22. (94, 248,377)
Hexham (T.: Th. I: pop. 7), Mar. 24, 25, Aug. 6, Nov. 9 (c) (248, $329,377,310,94$ )

Longbenton, 2 W. Apr.
Morpeth ( $W$. :Th. 1 : pop. 6), ${ }^{1}$ W. May \& Nov., i W. Mar. (310, 329, 377, 27)
Newcastle-on-Tyne ( $T$., Th. \&o S. : pop. 215) 2 W. Aug., last W. Oct, last W. Mar. \& Nov. (all c) ( $10,310,329,127$, 877, 27, 478, 94, 120)
Wooler (May 4, Oct. 17 Ev cv. Th. (co) : pop. s ), May $4 \&$ Oct. 17 (c). ( $218,377,329$ )

## NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

Bingham (Th.: pop. 13), Feb. 13, 14, Nov. 8 \& 9.
Blyth, Holy Th., Oct. 20. (310, 329, 27)
Dunham, Aug. 12.
Eastwood (F. S.: Th. 1 : top. 5), i M. Nov. ( 382,360 )

Edwinstowe, Oct. 24. (201)
E. Retford (S.: W. $1: p o p .12$ ), Mar. 23, Oct. 2. (201, 384, 427, 360)
Mansfield (Th. \&o S.: W. 1 : pop, 21), 2 Th. Jy. (384, 382, 431, 247)
Marnham, Sep. 12.
Newark (W. © S.: Th. it pop. 15), F. Mid-lent, May 14, Whit T., Aug. 2, W. b. Oct. 2,
Nov. 1, M. b. Dec. II. (397, Nov. 1, M. b. Dec. ir. (397, 384, 413, 436, 94)
Nottingham (W. © S. : Th. 1 : pop. 240), F. af. Jan. 13, Mar. 7. 8, 9, Th. b. Eas., ${ }^{1}$ Th. Oct. \% 2 foll. d. ( 86,34 , 159,360, 366, 384,382,94)
Olierton, May $1 \&$ last F. Sep. (201)

Southwell (Th. 1 : pop. 2), 3 M. Apr., Whit M., M. b. Oct. I. (431, 384)
Suuon-in-Ashfield (S.: pop. 15). (247, 431, 384)
Tuxford (M. Pop. $^{\text {I }}$ ), May 12, Sep. 25. $(201,384)$

Warsop (Th.: pop. 2), M. b. Whit. Sn., Sept. 29, Nov. 17. Worksop ( $W_{0}:$ Th. $1:$ pop. 16 ), ${ }^{2}$ W. Apr. \& Oct. $\quad(201,424$, 384, 360, 478)

## OXFORDSHIRE.

Bampton (W.: W. 4 : pot. 1), Aug. 26, 27. (279, 1 15)
Banbury (Th. \& S. : pop. ${ }^{13}$ ), ${ }^{1}$ Th. af. Oct. ${ }^{11}$. $(222,237$, 91, 115, 278, 86)
Bicester ( $F \cdot: T, 1:$ pop. 3), Eas. F., T. b. Whit., Aug. 5, 6, F b. Oct. ir. (438)
Burford (S.: W. 4 : pop. 1), last S. Apr., Sep. 25. (86)
Charlbury ( $F$. E $_{1} 1$ M. ev. mo. Th. 2 ; pop. 1), Jan. I, 2 F. af. May 12, Oct. Io, 11 .
Chipping Norton ( $W .:$ Th. 3 : pop. 4), i W. mo. \& W. b. on \& af. Oct. 1o. (279, 115)
Deddington ( $T .5:$ pop. 2), Nov. 22. (278)
Henley (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 6), Mar. 7, Holy Th., Th. af. Trin. Sn. (423, 91)
Oxford ( $W$. ENS. S. Th. 4: pop. 49), 2 \& 4 W. ev. mo. (c), M. af. Sep. I. Th. b. Sep. ${ }^{29}$. (279, 462, 91, 34, 115, 86, 27, 467)
Stokenchurch (pop. 2), Jy. ro.
Thame ( $T$ : Th. 2 : pop. 3 ), Oct. 11, Eas. T., T. b. Whit. (91, 236, 86)
Watlington (W. 4 : pop. 2), S . b. \& aft. Oct. ro. $(99,86)$

Witney (Th.: T. $4:$ pop. 4), M. \& T. af. Sep. 9. (279, 115)

Woodstock (x T.ev. mo.: Th. 4: pop. 2), I T. Oct. (278)

## RUTLANDSHIRE.

Oakham (Th. \&o S.: Th. 2 : pop. 1), Sep. q. (436)
Uppingham (W.: Th. 4 Smr.: pod. 3), Mar. 7 \& Jy. 7. (436, 94)

## 8EROPSHIRE.

Baschurch (pop. 4), alt. M. fr. 2 M . Jan.
Bishop's Castle (F.: W. 2 : pop. 1), 2 F. ea. mo. but Mar.: ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{26}$ 26th, F. af. May 1. (376, 206)

Bridgnorth (S.: Th. 2 : pop. 6), ${ }_{3}$ M. Jan., Feb., Mar., May I, Ju. 14, Jy. 12, Oct. 29. (86, 115, 268)
Broseley ( $W_{.} 2$ : pop. 4), last T. Apr. (86)
Church Stretton (Th.: W.: S.:乫. 1), 2 Th. Jan., 3 Th. Mar., May 14, Jy. 3, Sep. 25, last Th. Nov. (268, 206)
Cleobury Mortimer ( $W$.: $T h$. 2: pop. 8), Oct, 27. (86, 94)
Clun (T.: W. 4: pop. 2), last F. Jan.

Ellesmere (T.: Th. 2: pop, 2) ev. alt. T. (c). (268, 86, 127)

Ludlow (M.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), ${ }^{2}$ M. ev. mo. (208, 208, 86, 135)

Market Drayton (alt. W.: Th. r. pop. 4), Oct. 24, 25. (356, 206)

Minsterley (Th. 3: pop. 1), 2 M. ev. mo., May 3.

Mach Wenlock (M.: W. ${ }^{4}$ pop. 2), May 12. (115, 86)
Newport (M., F. © S.: Th. 2 : pop. 3), May 7 \& alt. M. af. $(127,86)$
Oswestry (W. \& S.: Th. 1 pop. ro), i W. ev. mo. (86, 376, 135)
Shifnal (T.: Th. I: pop. 3), Nov. 22. (86)
Shrewsbury (W. \& S. : Th. 2 :
рор. 28). ( $127,206,268,86$ )
Wellington (M., Th., S.:F. 2 .
pop. 6), ev. M. (c). (206, 86)
Wem (Th.: $F_{.}{ }^{2} \div p o p .2$ 2), alt. M. $(127,206)$

Whitchurch \& Dodrington ( $F$. . W. 2: pop. 5). (127, 206, 86)

## SOMERSETSHIRE.

Ashcott, Jan. 9 .
Axbridge ( 2 T. : pop. 1), Feb. 3, Mar. ${ }^{25}$. $(441,463)$
Banwell (W. 2 : pop. 1), Jan. 18. (463)

Bath (W. S.: Th. 2: pop. 50), Feb. 14, T. bef. Dec. 9 (c). (127, 441, 136, 463, 86, 115, 34, 94)
Bridgwater (W.: Th. 2: pop. 15), last W. Jan., Mar. Ju. \& Sep. (271, 441, 463, 256)
Bruton (Th. 3: pop. 2), Apr. 23, Sep. 17. (441)
Buckland S. Mary, T. af. Sep. 20.
Castle Cary (alt. T: Th. 3 :保. 2), T. b. Palm Sn., May r, Whit. T., T. af. Sep. 19. (441)

Chard (M., Th. ©o S.: Th. 2: pop. 4), I W. May, Aug. \& Nov. (c \& ch). $(441,463)$
Cheddar ( $W$. 5 : pop. 2), 1 T. May \& last T. Oct. (463)
Crewkerne (W. © S.: Th. 2 .
pop. 4), Sep. 4, 5. (441, 463)
Dulverton (S.: Th. 4 pop. 1), IT. Sep. (127)
Dundry, Sep. 12.
East Brent (W. 4), Aug. 26
Exford, Aug. 14.
Freshford, Sep. 6.
Frome (W. © S. S. 7h. 2 : pop. 11), last W. Sep. (ch \& b), Feb. \& Nov. (441, 463, 34)
Glastonbury, ( $2 \mathrm{E}_{4} 4 \mathrm{Mo} .: W_{.} 2$ : pop. 4)- 2 M. in Sep. \& Oct. (c \& h). ( 441,463 )
Hinton S. George, Apr. 23.
Ilminster ( $W$. \&o $S_{:}:$Th. 2: pop. 2), last W. in Aug. \& Nov. $(441,463)$
Keynsham ( $W . \mathbf{.}_{3}:$ pop. 3), W. af. Aug. 15.
Langport (T.: W. 4: pot. 1), Sep. 3, alt. T. (c). ${ }^{4}$ ( 441 )
Martock (\%h. 2: pop. 3), Aug. 21. (463)
N. Petherton (Tk. 2), May i, Nov. 8.
Shepton Mallet (F.: W. 2 Smr. : pop. 5), Aug. 8, 2 M. Nov. (463, 441)
S. Petherton (Th. 2: pop. 2), Jy, 5, 6.
Stalford, Ju. 1r, Sep. 28.
Taunton (W. ©0 S.: Th. 2: pop. 21) Ju. 17, Jy. 7. (441, 256, 271, 463)
Wellington (Th.: F. $1:$ pop. 7), ${ }_{2}$ W. Mar. \& I W. Ju. (441, 271)

Wells (S.: W. $2: p o p .5$ ), i T. Jan., May, Jy., Nov. \& Dec. (441, 463)
Wincanton (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 2), Eas. T., Sep. 29, 30. (441, 463)

Wiveliscombe ( $T$ : : pop. 1), May 12 \& Sep. 25 (c). (441, 463)
Yeovil (F.: Th. 2: pop. io), last F. Ju. \& 3 F. Nov. (441, 34, 256, 463)

## STAFFORDSHIRE.

Burslem (M. W. \& S. : pop. 39), S. b. Shrove T., Eas. \& Whitsun. (356, 206,86 , 110)

Burton-on-Trent (Th. \& $S$. : W. 2 : pop. 50), Oct. 28, 29. (338, 86, 347, 127, 193, 94, 135)
Cannock (S.: Th. I : pop. 24), May 8, Aug. 24, Oct. 18. (86)

Cellar Head (S.), May 5, Th. af. Nov. 1.
Cheadle (F.: pop. 5), Mar. 25, Holy Th., Aug. 21, Oct. 18. (206, 356, 110)
Dudley ( $S_{.}: p o p .49$ ), 2 M. Aug., I M. Mar. May \& Oct. ( $206,86,115$ )
Fazeley (M.: pop. 2), M. af. Oct. 10.
Gnosall (土 M.: Th. $2:$ pop. 3), May 7. (206)
Hanley (W. \& S. : pop. 62). (206, 86, 356, 127,110 )
Ipstones ( $p o p .3$ ), M. nearest Nov. 6.
Leek (W. S. : Th. 1 : pop. 15), W. b. Feb. 13, Eas. W., May 18, Jy. 3, ${ }^{28}, \mathrm{~W}$. af. Oct. 10, Nov. 13, W. af. Xmas, last W. in Feb., Aug. \& Oct. ( $356,358,135,110$ )
Lichfield ( $F$, , Shr. T., Ash W. 아 1 M. : W. 2 : pop 8), Ash W., May 12. (86, 127, 94)

Longnor ( $T_{\mathrm{T}}$ : pop. 3), T. b. Feb. 14, Eas. T., May 4, 17, Whit T., Aug. 5, 1 T. in Oct., Nov. 12.
Longton (S.: pop. 36), Shrove T. May 29, Jy. 23, Nov. 1. ( $206,86,356,110$ )
Newcastle-under-Lyme (W. \& S.: Th. 1 : pop. 20) (S56, 86, 110)
Penkridge (S.: W. 3: pop. 2), Apr. 30, 1 M. Sep., Oct. 10. (86)

Rugeley (Th.: W. $4:$ pop. 4), Ju. 1-6, Oct. 21. $(86,127)$

Stafford (T. S.: W. I: pop. 21), Apr. 3, May 14, Oct. 2, Dec. 4. (206, 86, 356, 110)
Stane (S. T.: Th. 2: pop. 6).
Tamworth ( S. $^{2} W_{.}{ }^{2}:$ pop. 7), Jy. 26. (127, 86, 94)
Tean (Th.), Apr. 10, Nov. 12.
Uttoxeter (W.: Th. $2: p o p .5$ ), May, 6, Nov. II, 27, ITh. af. 2 T. Mar., Sep. 19, 1 Th. Sep., \& 2 Th. Nov. $(206,247,86)$
Walsall (T. \& S.: Th. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 86), Whit. T., alt. to T. af. Aug. Bank Hol. (94, 86, $115,206)$
Wolverhampton (W. S.: pop. 94), Jy. 10. (206, 86, 115, 94)

## SUFFOLR.

Bungay (Th.: $W_{0}$ : pop. 4), May 14. $(27,96)$
Bury St. Edmunds ( $W_{1,}$ Th. 5 : po. 16), Dec. 1. (127, 27, 34)

Cavendish ( $W_{\dot{-}}$ 4:pop. 1), Ju. Ir. Halesworth ( $\bar{T}:$ :pop. 2), Oct. 18. (27, 328, 96)
Ipswich (T.: W. 2: pop. 67), I\& 3 T. May, Aug. 22 (la). (190, 27, 127, 135, 34)
Lavenham (T.: W. $4:$ pop. 2), Shrove T.
Long Melford (W. $4:$ pop. 3), Whit. Th.
Lowestoft ( $W$. : Th. 2 : pop. 30), May $2,13, \mathrm{Oct}$. 10, 11. (127, 27, 328, 96)
Nayland ( $F ., W$. ), W. af. Oct. 2.
Southwold (Th.: W. 2:pop. 3), Trin. M., Ju. 14. (27, 328)
Stowmarket (Th. : pop: 4), Aug. 12. (27)

Sudbury (Th. \& S. : pop. 7), Mar. 12, Jy. 10.
Woodbridge (Th.: pop. 5). (190, 27)

## SURREY.

Bletchingley (W. 4: pop. 1), May io, Nov. 2.
Chertsey ( $W .:$ Th. $5:$ pop. 13), I M. Lent, May 14, Aug. 6, Sep. 25. (91, 182)
Dorking (Th.: W. $5:$ pop. 8), May 29, Ascen. day \& day b. (34)

Epsom (W.: Th. 2: pop. 11), Jy. $25 .(34,91)$
Ewell (Th. 2), May 12, Oct. 29. Farnham (Th.: W. 4: pop. 6), May 10, Ju. 24, Nov. 10. (34, 91)
Godalming (W. S.: W. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 9), Feb. 13, Jy. 10. (91, 34)

Guildford (T. S.: W. 5: pop. 16), May 4, Nov. 22. (34, 91, 94)

Haslemere (T. Th.: W. 4: pop. 1), May 13, Sep. 26.
Kingston (W. Th. S. $: W_{2}$ 2: pop. 34), Aug. 2, Nov. 13. (91, 135, 99)
Reigate (T. \& alt. W.: W. 2 $\mathcal{E B N}^{-}$: pop. 26), Dec. 9. (91, 84)

Arundel (alt. M. : W. 4 : bop. 3), May 14, Sep. 25. ( 84,91 )
Battle (alt. M.: W. 4: fos. 3), Sep. 6, Nov. 22. (91, 27)
Brighton (T.: Th. 5:pop. 123), Holy Th., Sep. 4. (\$4, 27, 91, 99, 94, 86, 127)
Burwash (T.:W. $4:$ pop. 3), May 12. (27)
Chichester (alt. W.: Tk. $\mathrm{A}^{\text {: }}$ pop. 12), Oct. $20 .(34,91$ )
Crawley (alt. F.: W. 2), May 8, Sep. 9. (91)
Eastbourne (W. $2:$ pop. 43), Oct. II. ( $91,84,94,96$, 27, 86)
East Grinstead (alt. Th. : W. 4 : pop. 6), Apr. 21, Dec. 11. (86, 27, 34)
Findon (W. 5), Jy. 12, Sep. 14
Forest Row (W. 5 : pop. 2), Nov. 8.
Hailsham (alt. W. 5: Th. 2: pop. 3), Aug. 12. (27)
Hastings (S.: W. 5: ค0p. 66) (86, 34, 91, 27, 135, 94, 96)

Hayward's Heath (W.T.: W.4: pop. 4), Nov. 18. (27)
Hoathley East ( $W .4$ ) Apr, 8.
Horley (W. 2 : pop. 3), Nov. 7. (86)

Horsham (alt. W. : Th. 4 : pop. 9), Apr. 5 , Nov. 17, 27. (34, 91)

Lewes (T.: W. 2, 4 : pop. 11), May 6, Sep. 21, 28. (91, 27)

Lindfield (W. 3), Apr. 1, Aug. 8.
Mayfield (W. 4: pop. 3), May 30, Nov. 13.
Midhurst (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 2), Apr. 6, Oct. 29. (91)
Northiam (W. 4), 3 Th. Apr.
Petworth (S.: W. $4:$ pop. 3), Nov. 20. (91)
Pevensey (alt. Th. from and of June to end of Nov.: W. 5: pop. 437), Jy. 5.
Pulborough (alt. M. : pop. 3), Eas. T. (91)
Robertsbridge (alt. M. : pop. 2), Sep. 25, 26. (91)
Rotherfield (alt. Th. : pop. 5), Ju. 18, Oct. 20
Rye(alt. W.: pop. 4), Whit. M., Aug. 10. (86, 91)
Slinfold (Th. 2), Eas. T.
Steyning ( $W_{\dot{\prime}} \therefore W_{0} 5$ : pop. 2), Oct. 11. $(34,91,27)$
Storrington (W.: W. $5: p \neq p .1$, May 13, Nov. 11.
Ticehurst (M.: W. $5:$ pop. 3), May 4, Oct. 7.
Uckfield' (alt. W. F.: W. 4 : pot. 3), May 14, Aug. 29 (27)

Wadhurst (M. T.: W. $5:$ pot. 3), Apr. 29, Nov. 1.

## WARWICESBIRR

Atherstone (T. : Aob. 15), Apr. 7 Jy. 18, Sep. 19, Dec. 4 (0), 86)

Bedworth (T: \& S.: W. 4 : pop. 5), Whit. W. (94, 206)

Birmingham (T. Th. S. : MI. W. \& Th. 3 : pop. 522), Whit. Th. \& Th. nearest Sep. 29 \& two following days. ( $10,94,86$, 206, 336, 34, 280, 115 , 127, 135)
Coleshill (W.: Th. 3 : pop. 2), Shrove M., May 6. (94, 86)
Coventry ( $F_{1}$ : Th. 2 : pop. 70), May 2, Whit. M. \& 4 follg. days, Nov. 1, F. af. Corpus Christi \& 4 follg. days. (206, 94, 86, 360)
Hampton-in-Arden ( $1 . M_{\text {. }}$ : pop. 1), Ju. 14, Jy. 19, Sep. 6, Oct. 20. (94)
Kenilworth (Th. 2: pop. 5), Apr. 29, last T. Sep. (94, 86)

Nuneaton (S. : Th. $1:$ pop. 25), May 14. $(206,94)$
Rugby (M. \& S.; W. 2 : pop. 17), last M. Jan, Feb. 17, last M. Mar. \& Apr., May 15, last M. Ju. \& Jy., Aug. 2I, M. b. Sep. 29 \& Oct. 27, M. b. Nov. 19 and remainder of wk. 2 M. Dec., 1 M. af. Xm. D., T. b. Eas., last W. Sep. (127, 381, 86, 360)
Stratford-upon-Avon (F.: Th. 2: pop. 8, Oct. 12 \& follg. F. wk. (115, 86)
Warwick (alt. W. S.: Tk. 2: pop. 12), Oct. 12. $(94,115,86)$

## WESTMORELAND.

Ambleside ( $W . S .:$ pop. 3), Oct. 29, Whit W. $(331,193,94)$ Appleby (S.: Th. I: pop. 2), Whit S., 2 W. Ju., Aug. 2 I. (231, 248)
Kendal ( $S .: T h .2$ : pop. 14), Feb. 22, Mar. 22, Apr. 29, Nov. 8, 9 ( $381,193,94$ )
Kirkby Lonsdale (Th.: W. 1 : pop. 2), Holy Th., Oct. 5, Dec. 21. $(331,193,94)$
Kirkby Stephen (M.: Th. 1 : pop. 2), Sep. 27, Oct. 27, Apr. 25. (193, 94)

Shap (M.: pop. 1), 3 M. Mar., May 4, Sep. 23, 28. (458, 94)
Staveley ( $W .:$ Tk. $1: p o p .1$ ), Oct. 7.
Temple Sowerby, last Th. Jan., Feb., Mar., Oct., 2 Th. May.

## WILTEEIRE.

Bradford-on-Avon(T.S. : W. 4 : pop. 5), Trin. M. (34, 463)
Bradford Leigh (pop. 8), 1 M. af. Aug. 24.
Chippenham (F. fortly. : W. 12 : pop. 5), May 17, Jut. 22, Oct. 29, Dec. $11 . \quad(84,463,136)$
Corsham (W. 2 : pop. 4), Mar. 7. (34, 463)
Cricklade ( 3 T. in mo.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Sep. 2r, 3 T. Mar. \& Sep. (86)
Devizes (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 7), Feb. 13, 14, Apr. 20, Oct. 20. $(84,488)$
Dilton Marsh, Sep. 24.
Downton ( $W .4^{\circ}$ pop. 3), Apl. 23, Oct. 2. (463)

Highworth (W.: Th. 2:pop. 3), Aug. 13, Oct. 11. (86)
Malmesbury (S.\& 3 W.: Th. 5 : pop. 3). $(34,463)$
Marlborough (S.: W. 3 : pop. 3), Aug. 22, S. b. \& af. Oct. II, Nov. 23. $(463,34)$
Melksham (alt. T.: W. $2:$ pop. 2), Jy. $27 .(463,34)$

Salisbury (T. \& S.:W. 2 : pop. 17). ( $127,34,463,94$ )

Swindon (M.: W. 2 : pop. 45), M. b. Apr. 5, 2 M. af. Sep. 1I, 2 M.af. May 12. $(34,86,463)$
Warminster (S.: W. 2: pop. 6), Apr. 22, Aug. 11, Oct. 26. $(34,463)$
Wilton (W.: W. 4 : pop. 2), May 4, Sep. 12. (463)
Wootton Bassett ( I .: Th. 1 pop. 2), T. af. Apr. 6, Oct. 11. $(34,463)$
Yarnborough Castle, Oct. 4.

## WORCESTERSHIRE.

Alvechurch (pop. 2), May 3 Oct. 1. (86)
Bromsgrove ( $T_{\mathrm{i}}:$ Th. 2 : pop. 8), Ju. 240. (115, 86)
Bewdley (S.: pop. 3), Apr. 23, M b. Jy. 26, Dec. 10, 11 . (94)

Dudley (T. \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 49), I M. Mar., May \& Oct., 2 M. Aug. (206, 115, 86)
Feckenham (W. 2), Mar. 26, Sep. 30
Kidderminster (Th. \& S. : W. 2: pop. 25). 206, 115, 86)
Pershore (T.: Th. 3: pop. 3) Ju. 26 \& Eas. T. $(34,86)$
Redditch (S.: W. $2: p o p .13$ ) I M. Aug., 3 M. Sep. (34, 115, 86)
Shipston-on-Stour (S.: Th. 2: pop. 2), 3 T. Apr., Ju. 22, T. ar. Oct. ıo. $(115,86)$
Stourbridge ( $F \cdot$ : pop. 16), last M. Mar. $(94,115)$

Upton-on-Severn (Th.: W. 2 pop. 2), Th. af. Mid. Lent, Whit. Th. Jy. 1o, Th. b. Oct. 2. (205)

Worcester (M. \&. S. : Th. 2: pop. 47), Sep. 19 (c, ch, hops). (205, $115,127,86,206$ )

## YORK8HIRE.

Aberford (W.), last M. Apr. \& May, M. af. Oct. 18, M. af. Nov. 2 (c, sh).
Aldborough (W.), Sep. 4.
Appletreewick, Oct. 27, 28 (sh).
Askrigg, 1 Th. Ju., Jy. x, Oct. 28, May 12 (c, sh, w).
Barnsley ( $W$. \& $S_{\text {. : }}$ Th. 1 : pop. 41), last W. Feb., May 13 (c, pi), Oct. II (c, h, \& sh). (478, 101,456, 94)
Bawtry (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 1), Whit.Th., Nov.23(c, h). (201)
Bedale (T.: Th. I: pop. 1), Eas. T. \& Whit. T. (c, sh), Jy. 5, 6 (c), Oct. 10, 11 (c). $(27,478)$
Bentham (W.: pop. 2), Feb. 5 (c), Eas. Eve., Ju. 22, 23, Oct. 25. (94)

Beverley (S.: Tk. $1:$ pop. 13), Holy Th., Jy. 4, Nov. 4 (c) \& ev. alt. W. (c). (201, 478 476, 27, 94)
Bradford (M. \& Tw.: W.: pop. 280), Mar. 3 (c, ho), Dec. o, 10(c, sh, pi). (201, 94, 213 , 214, 215, 212, 246, 295 , 297, 296, 101)
Bridlington (S. \& W. : pop. 12), M. b. Whit. Sn. \& Oct. 21 (c, ho). (101, 478, 27)
Dewsbury (W. © S.: T. 1 pop. 28), W. on or b. May 13 , W. b. Oct. II (c, h). (94, 330, 101, 457)
Doncaster (T. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 29), 1 Th. Feb., Apr., Aug. \& Nov. (201, 101, $478,94)$
Driffield (Th.: F. $2:$ pop. 6). ( $201,101,476,478,27$ )
Egton (pop: 1), 2 T. Jan. \& Apr., T. b. Feb. 14 \& Palm Sn., T. b. May ${ }^{13}$, T. b. Aug. 12, Sep. 4, T. b. Oct. ir T. b. Nov. 23, 2 T. Dec. (hi).
Easingwold ( $F .:$ pop. 5 ), Jy. 5 (c, sh). $(27,94)$
Frodingham, Jy. 1o, Oct. 2 (ped). (94)

Gargrave ( $T_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{r}$ : pop. z ), Dec. ri.
Goole ( $W .:$. T. 10: pop. 17, M. af. Oct. 11 (hi). (201, 94, 335, 478)

Guisborough (T.: W. 1 : pop. 6), last T. Apr., 2 T. Nov. (c, hi). ( 127,478 )
Halifax (S.: Th. $1:-$ pop. 105), Ju. 24, i S. Nov. (c). 296, 94, 295, 297, 101, 330, 358)
Haworth (T. $1:$ pop. 7), Eas. \& Whit. M., M. af. Jy. 18 \& M. af. Oct. in.

Holmfirth (S.: T. 1.: pop. 9), last S. Mar. \& Oct., \& S. af. May 4. $(94,457)$
Howden (S.: W. 1: pop. 2). 2 M. Apr. (c, h), Apr. 17, Oct. 2 (c, h). (478)
Huddersfield (T.F. \& S.: W. r: pop. 95), Mar. 31, May 14 (pl). Oct. 4 (c, h, pi). (297, 296, 94, 457, 101)
Hull' ( $T$. © $F_{.}$: $T k$. $1:$ pop. 200), 2 T. Apr. (c), Oct. 11 (c, h, sh). (10, 27, 94, 101, $159,127,432,478,295$ )
Keighiley ( $W$. \& S.: $\mathrm{S}_{\text {. }}$ I: pop. 42), May 8 (c), Nov. 8 (c, h). (215, 212, 246, 101, 94)

Kilham, Aug. 21, Nov. 12.
Kirkby Moorside ( $W .:$ pop. 1), Whit. W. \& Sep. 18 (sh). $479,476,201$ )
Knaresborough (W. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 5), W. af. Jan. 13 (sh), Mar. 12 (sh), May 5 (c), W. af. Aug. 12 \& Oct. Io, W. af. Nov. 22 (hi), \& W. af. Dec. 10 (c). (212, 322, 478, 201)

Leeds (T. \& S.: W. 2: pop 429), i W. Mar. \& r W. Ju. \& Sep. (c), Nov. 8 \& 9 (c \& hi), 1 W. Dec. (c). (10, 201 .
$457,94,101,127,47$
$295,215,457,27,86$ )

Leyburn (F.: W. 1: pop. 1), 2 F. Feb., May, Oct. \& Dec., \& 2 S. Oct. (c, sh). (478)
Malton (T. \&o S.: Th. 4: pop. 5), S. b. Palm \& Whit. Sn., \& Oct. Ir. $(201,478,101$, 476,27 )
Market Weighton (W. : pop. 2), May 14, Sep. 25 (c, n, sh). (27)

Marsden (T. 1: pop. 4), Apr. 25, Jy. 10, Sep. 25 (c).
Meltham ( $W_{\text {. } 12: p o p .5 \text { ), S. af. }}$ Apr. 6, \& Oct. in (c).
New Mill ( $T$. 1: pop. 5), M. b. last W. Feb. (c), I W. Aug. \& W. af. Nov. 14 (c). (355)

Northallerton ( $W .:$ Th. $1: p p p$. 4), Feb. If $_{4}(\mathrm{~h})$, May $5(\mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{sh})$, Sep. 5 \& Oct. 3 (c). (27, 478, 94)

Otley (F. : W. $1: p o p: 9$ ), Eas. W. \& alt. W. to Whit. W. (c). (212, 246, 94)
Penistone (Th.: W. $1: p o p .3$ ), Th. b. Feb. 28, last Th. Mar. \& Th. b. May 12 (c), Th. af. Oct. io (sh). (94, 101)

Pickering ( $M .:$ pop. 3), Sep. 25 (c, sh, h). 201, 476, 27)
Pocklington (S.: pop. 2), Feb. 24, Mar. 7, May 6 (c, h, sh), Nov. 8 ( $c, h, s h$ ), Dec. 18. (201, 476, 27)
Pontefract (S.: Th. 2 : pop. 13), alt T. (c), S. b. Palm Sn. (c). (335, 94, 295)
Richmond ( $S .: W .2: p o p_{i}$ 4), Nov. 2, 3 (c). (27, 413, 478)
Ripon (Th.: F. 1 : pop. 8), May 14 to Ju. 4, Nov. 22, 23 (c, hi). (212, 322, 478, 94)
Rotherham ( $M$. $\mathcal{E} F_{.}$: Th. 1: pop. 54), Whit M. (c), \& 1 M. Nov., Dec. I (c, h, ch). (426, 94, 424, 478, 245, 425)
Selby (M.: Th. 1 : pop. 8), Eas. M., Ju. 22, I M. Oct. (478, 27, 94)
Sheffield ( $T$. \& $F_{.}$: Th. $2: p o p$. 381 ), Whit. T. \& W. (c. h), T. \& W. af. Xm. d. (or 2 foll. ds. if Xm. d. is on T. or W.) (c, h, ch). (206, 94, 101, 478, 424, 425, 426, 127)
Skipton ( $S$. \& M.:T. ${ }^{1.30:}$ pop.12), Aug. 23 (h). $(246,94)$

Sowerby Bridge (pop. II) I Th
May \& Nov. $(296,297,330)$
Stokesley (S.: W. 5: pop, 2), S. b. Trin. Sn. (sh). (127, 478)

Tadcaster (alt. M.: W.: pop. 4), last W. Apr., May \& Oct. (c, sh). (212, 478, 94)
Thirsk (M.: W. 12: pop. 3), Shrove M., Apr. 4,5 , last M. May, Aug. 4, 5, Oct. 28, 29 (c, sh). (94, 478, 27)
Wakeficid ( $W$. \& F.: W. 2.30: pop. 42), July 4, 5 (h), Nov. 11 , 12 (c, h, hi). (385, 84, 456, 478)

Wetherby (Th. : W. 1 : pop. 7), Holy Th., Aug. 5, 6, Oct. 10 (c, sh, h). $(322,94)$
Whitby (S.: W. 1 : pop. 12), S. af. Nov. $5, \&$ Nov. 23 (127, 478, 27)
Yarm (Th.: T. I : pop. 2), Oct. 18, 19, 20 (h, c, sh).
York (W., Th. \& S.: W. 1 . pop. 78 ),Th. b. Palm Sn., Whit.
M., Jy. 10, Aug. 12 (c). (201, $94,127,478,476,101$, 27)

## WALES.

## ANGLESEY.

Amlwch (S.), Nov. 12. (115, 86, 127)
Beaumaris (S.: pop. 2), Feb. 13, Holy Th., Sep. 19, Dec. 19. (127, 86)
Bodedern ( $T_{.}$: pop. 1), i T. mo. exc. Nov. \& Dec.
Llanfechell, May 13, Aug. 15, Nov. 5 :
Llangefni (Th.: F. 4 : pop. 2), Jan. 2, Feb. 28, Mar. 14, Apr. 8, 17, May 7, Ju. 10, Aug. 17, 19, Sep. 15, Oct. 23. (127, 115,86)
Menai Br. (F.: pop. 2), May 16, Oct. 24, Nov. 14. (127)
Valley, Apr. 3, Ju. 5, 22, Nov. 12, Dec. 31.

## BRECON.

Brecknock ( $F_{.}$: W. $2:$ pop. 6), I T. alt. M. Mar. Nov. (206, 127,86 )
Builth' (M.: W. $1: p o p .2), 3$ M. Feb., Ju. 27, Oct. 2, Dec. 6. $(96,127)$

Crickhowel (Th.: F. 2 : pop. 1), May 12, Sep. 22. (127)
Hay (Th.: T. $2:$ pop. 2), 1 Th. Mar., last Th. Ju., Aug. 12 \& Sep. 16 (sh), Oct. 10, Th. af. Nov. 17, \& 1 Th. ea. mo. $(127,206)$
Talgarth (Th. \&o F.: W. 2: pop. 1), Feb. 2, Mar. 12, Apr. 18, May 31, Jy. ro, Aug. 10, Sep. 23, Oct. 13 . Dec. 3. $(127,206)$ Trecastle, Apr. 5, May 21, Aug. 14, Oct. 14 , Nov. 13, Dec. 14.

## CARDIGAN.

Aberystwith (M. \& S.: W. 2: pop. 8), I M. ea. mo. (127, 376, 96)
Cardigan (S.: W. 2: pop. 4), Feb. 13, Apr. 5, Sep. 8, Nov. 10, Dec. 19. (86, 127, 115)

Capel Cynon, Holy Th., 2 Th. af. Oct. 10.
Capel St. Silen, Feb. 7.
Lampeter ( $F .: W$. 1 $^{\prime}$ pop. 2), last W. ea. mo. (127, 317, 96)

Llanarth (pop. 2), Jan. 12, Mar. 12, Ju. 17, Sep. 22, Nov. 10.
Llandyssul (T.: W. 2:pop. 6), Feb. it, Sep. 19. (86, 127, 115)

Llanwnen, Dec. 13, 14, 24.
New Quay (S.: W. 1 : pop. 1), Nov. 12.
Pontrhydfendigaid, Apr. 29, Aug. 26, Sep. 25, Oct. 13.
Talsarn, Sep. 8, Nov. 7.
Tregaron ( $T .:$ pop. 3), Mar. 16. (127)

## CARMARTEEN.

Abergwilly (pop. 2), May 3, 4, Oct. 2, 27.
Ammanford (pop. 1), May 2, Sep. 1о. (34, 817)
Bettws, Oct. 2, I M. af. Nov. 22.
Brynaman (Th. 2), Apr. 30, IS. Oct. $(34,317)$
Brechfa, T. af. May 13, Oct. 3, 28.

Carmarthen (W. S.: Th. 2: pop. 10), Ju. 3, Jy. 10, Aug. 12, Sep. 9, Oct. 9, Nov. 14. (86, Sep. 9, 127)

Cwmaman (Th. 2), Apr. 19, Nov. 6.
Capel Gwynfi, Apr. 28, Nov. 7.
Cilcwyn, Ju. 17, Aug. 20, Nov. 11, 12.
Dryslwyn, Jy. 1, Sep. 7, Oct. 5.
Foelgastell, Ju. 24.
Heolgaled, Apr. 23.
Kidwelly $F$.: W. 2: pop. 2), Aug. 3, 4 , Oct. $29,30,1$ M. Dec. (86)
Llanboidy (W.), Aug. 6, Sep. 18, 19, Oct. 29.
Llandebie, ${ }^{\text {Whit }}$ W., Jy. 16, Dec. 26.
Llandilo (S.: Th. 2 : pop. 2), Ju. 12, Feb. 20, Pm. M., May 5, 14, Ju. 21, Aug. 23. (317, 34, 96)
Llandovery (F. \& S.: Tk. 2 : pop. 2), Jan. 16, Feb. 16, Mar. 24, Apr. 17, May ${ }^{15}$. Ju. 19, Jy. 8, Aug. 2, Sep. 8, Oct. 22, Nov. 16, Dec. 15 (317, 127, 96)
Llanelly (Th. \& S. : T. 2 : pot. 26), Asc. d., Sep. 30. (86, 96, 115,34 )
Llanfynydd, Jy. 5 .
Llangadock (1 \& 3 T.: Th. 2 : pop. 2), Mar. 12, 13, Jy. 9, 10. (127)

Llansamel, i F. af. May 12, Jy. 26, Oct. 23.
Llansadwrn, Oct. 5.
Llanddensant, Ju. 17.
Llangathen, Apr. 16.
Llangendeirn, Aug. 5, 6.
Llangen (pop. 2), Jy. 6, Dec. 12 (127)

Llanarthney, May 16.
Mydrim, Mar. 12 (c), May 3.
Mothvey (pop. 1), Ju. 18, Nov. 5.

Newcastle Rhos，Ju． 12.
Newcastle in Emlyn（F．：W．2： pop．1），Mar．22，May 10， Aug．20，Sep．20，Oct．21，22， Nov．22，23．$(86,127,115)$
St．Clears（土 T．：W．2：pop．2）， Oct．12，13．（96）
Talley，Aug．6， $7,8$.
Whitland，Feb．13，Apr．3，Aug． 28，Sep．19，Dec．19．（86）

## CARNARTON．

Bangor（ $F$ ：W．2：pop．1I）， Apr．5，Ju．25，Sep．16，Oct． 28．（115，127，86）
Beaumaris（＇s．）（127，86）
Bedgellert，Sep．s6．
Bettws，May 15，Dec． 3.
Brynkir，Apr． 30
Carnarvon（S．：Th．3：pop．10）， ${ }^{1}$ S．Jan．，${ }^{2}$ S．Feb．，Apr．io， May 15，Ju．26，Aug．12，Sep． 23，Oct．18，Nov 9，i F．\＆S． Dec．（115，376，86）
Conway（ $F:: W .1: 3: p o p$ ．5）， Feb．5，6，Mar．26，Apr．23， 24，Ju．20，Aug．4，Oct． 21 （bu）．（ 115,127 ）
Criccieth，Ju．29，Oct．22．（115， 127）
Dolbenmaen，Aug．18，Oct． 26.
Llanbedr，Oct． 3 ．
Llanberis，Sep． 18.
Llanllechyd，Oct．29， 30.
Pwllheli（W．；Th． 1 ：pob．4）， Mar．15，May 1，13，Ju．28， Aug．13，Sep．24，Nov．1， 1 I． （127，376，115）
Sarnfeilltryn，Ju． 27.
Tremadoc（ $F . \because$ pop．4），Feb．19， Apr．13， 2 F．Dec．

## DENBIGHSHIRE

Abergele \＆Pensarn（W．\＆S．： pop．2）， 3 W．Feb．，Apr．，May， Ju．，Jy．，Aug．，Oct．，Nov．\＆ Dec．（378）
Cerigydruidion（F．：Th．：pop． 1），Apr．27，Oct．20，Dec． 7.
Colwyn（ $W$ ． 1 （wtr）：pop． 9 ， Apr．24，Oct．24．（115，127， 135，376）
Denbigh（ $W$ ．\＆S．：K．4： pop．6）， 2 T．\＆W．ea．mo．， wool 2 W．Jy．$(127,376)$
Eglwysbach，Feb．24，May 11， Nov． 24.
Goresfrd，Eas．M．， 2 M．Apr．， last M．Aug．，Ju．4，Oct．22， 1 M．Dec．
Llanarmon in Yale，Oct． 19.
Llandegla（3 F．Mar．，May，Ju．， Aug．，Oct．）．
Llangerniew，Mar．29，May 16， Ju．29，Nov． 29 ．
Llangollen（S．：Th． $1: p o p .3$ ）， （376，411）
Llanrhaiadr（ $7 .:$ pop．2），Jan．1， IF．Mar．，May \＆Ju．， $2^{2}$ T． Jy．（w），Jy．24，Sep．28，Oct． 18，Nov． 7 \＆ 8 ．
Llanrwst（T．© S．：Th．2：pop． 3）， 1 T．Feb．，Apr．25，Ju．21， Aug．9，Sep．${ }^{17}$ ，Oct．25，Dec． 11，27－23．（376，115，127）
Llansaman，May 18，Oct． 26.

Pentrevoelas，May 13，Jy． 2
Ruabon（W． 2 ：pop． 15 ），last F ． Feb．，May 22，Nov．20．（376）
Ruthin（M．：Th．1：pop．3）， I T．ea．mo．$(96,376)$

## FLINT．

Caerwys，last T．ea．mo．
Flint（S．：W．2：pop．5， 1 S． ea．mo．（376）
Hawarden，Oct．i，Dec．24．（86） Holywell（ $F .: W$ ． 4 ：pop．3）， i F．ea．mo．（127，376）
Mold（W．S．：Th．1：pop．4）， I W．ea．mo．$(376,127)$

## GLAMORGANSHIRE．

Aberdare（S．：Th． 1 ：pop．43）， Apr．16，Nov．13．（86，96， 115）
Aberavon（S．：pop．8）， 2 F．May， Ju．24，Jy：1，Aug．14，O＇ct． 7. （34）
Bridgend（S．：W． $1:$ pop．6）， Apr．1，Holy Th．Nov． 17 ， （96，127，115，86）
Caerphilly（Th．：Th．2：pop． 16），Apr．4，5，Trin．Th．，Jy． 19，Aug．25，Oct．9，Nov．16， Th．b．Xm．$(34,86)$
Cardiff（c．T．\＆F．：gen．W． \＆S．：W． $2:$ pop．164）， 2 W ． \＆Th．Mar．， 2 W．Apr．，May， Ju．29，Sep．19，Nov． 30. （ 86 96， $115,127,463,94,34$ ）
Cowbridge（T．\＆S．：W． 2 ： pop．1），T．b．Mar．25，May 4， Ju．24．Sep．29，I T．Dec． $(96,127,115)$
Dyffryn Golych，$x$ T．Aug．\＆ Dec．，Aug． 10 ．
Llangyfelach（S．）， 1 T．Mar．， Mar．29，May 1，2，Ju．18， 1 T．\＆W．Nov．
Llantrissant（W．2：pop．4）． Feb．13，May 12，Aug．12， Oct．29．（86）
Merthyr Tydvil（W．\＆S．：Th． 1：pop．69）．$(86,96,115)$
Neath $W$ ．\＆$S .: T h .1$ ：pop． 14），last W．Mar．， 1 \＆ 2 W． af．May 12，W．b．Trin．Th．， W．b．last Th．Jy．， 2 Th．Sep． last W．Oct．， 1 \＆ 2 W．af． Nov．12．（34，96，115）
Penrice，May 17，Jy．17，Sep．17， Dec． 1.
Swansea（S．Th．I ：pop．95）， 2 S．May，Jy．2，Aug．15， Oct．8，Eas．\＆Whit．T．（34， $86,96,115,94$ ）

## MERIONETHSHIRE．

Bala（S．：Th．1：pop．2），May 14，Ju．3，Jy．10，Aug． 11 ， Sep．11，27，Oct．24，25，Nov． 8，Dec．19．（127，376）
Bettws，Ju．22，Aug．12，Sep． 16.
Corwen（T．\＆F．：W． 1 ：pop． 5）， 3 T．ea．mo．（376）
Cynwyd，Aug．6，Oct． 21.
Dinasmawddwy，F．b．Palm Sn．， Ju．2，Sep．10，Oct．18，19，22， Ju．2，Sep
Nov． 13.

Dolgelley（T．，S．：W． 4 ：pop．2）， Feb．20，Mar．18，Apr． $\mathbf{I}_{1}$ May ix，Ju． 1,27 ，Aug．8； Sep．20，Oct．9，Nov．22，Dec． 16．（127，376）
Festiniog（S．：Th．1：pop．11）， Mar．7，May 23，24，Ju．30， Aug．14，15，Sep．26，Oct．23， Nov．13．$(376,115)$
Harlech，Apr．14，Trin．Th．， Aug．16，21，Dec． 11.
Llanbedr（T．：pop．7），Feb．r8， Oct． 19.
Llanderfel，Aug． 17.
Llandrillo yn Rhos（pop．1）， Feb．25，May 3， 2 Th．in Jy．， Aug．28，Nov． 14.
Llangollen，M．b．i T．ea．mo．
Llanuwchllyn（ pop．1），Apr．22， Ju．20，Sep．21， 22.
Llanymynech，Apr．2，May 29， Sep． 24.
Maentwrog（ $力 0$ p．1），May 15.
Penrhyndendraeth（Th．I），Sep． 23．（115）
Towyn（F．W．：pop．4，Eas．M．， May 13，14．（127）
Trawsfyndd（pop．2），Mar．17， Apr．20，Aug．7，Sep． 19.

## MONTGOMERYSHIRE．

Berriew（ $力 0$ p．2）， 3 F．Feb． Apr．，Sep．，Oct．\＆Nov．（127） Caerws，Sep． 15.
Cenmaes（pop．1），S．b． 3 Th． Apr．，May 1, Oct．1， 17.
Kerry，Sep． 16 （sh．，pi．）．
Llanfyllin（Th．：F．3：pop．2）， last Th．every mo．（376）
Llanbrynmair（ $p o p .1$ 1），T．af． last M．Feb．，Mar．，Apr．， May，Sep．，Oct．（127）
Llanwddyn（S．），May 8，Oct． 2.
Llanfair Caereinion（S．），I F． every mo．（376）
Llangynog， 2 F．Sep．
Llanidloes（S．：W． 1 ；pop．3）， Sat．b．last T．in mo．，May ir， I F．Oct．$(376,96)$
Llanfihangel， I T．Apr．，Jy．21， last F．Oct．
Llanerfyl，（pop：668），Wed．b．I F．ea．mo．（pi）．
Machnylleth（W．：Th． 1 ：pop． 2），Ju．26，Aug．7．Sep．18， Oct．2x，Nov．26．（127，96）
Meiford，last F．ea．mo．
Montgomery（ $/ \mathrm{h} .:$ F． 2 ：pop． 1）， 1 Th．every mo．，except Dec．，then 2 Th．（376）
Newtown（1．\＆S．：Th．I： pop．7），last T．every mo． （127，376，206）
Welshpool（M．\＆S．：Th． 2 ： pop．6）， $1 \& 3$ M．every mo． （376，86）

## PEMBROKESHIRE．

Carew，Feb．14，Aug．8，Nov． 14，May 2.
Eglwyswrw， 2 M．Apr．，May 21，Aug．4，M．af．Nov． 22.
Fishguard（Th．：F．2：pop．2）， ${ }_{1}$ Th．every mo．$(96,86)$
Haverfordwest（ $\Gamma$ ．© $S$ ．：Th 2：pop．6），Sep．6，Oct．5． （ $86,96,127,115$ ）

Henfeddaw, Oct. 29, 30.
Herbrandston, Aug. 12.
Letterston (Th. 3), 3 M. in mo.
Little Newcastle, May 6, 7, Jy. 10, 11.
Llandeloy (M.), May 1, Ju. 25, Aug. 24, Nov. 1.
Maenclochog, Mar, 10, Apr. 20, May 22, Jy. 5, Aug. 5, Sep. 16, Nov. 20, Dec. 22.
Mathry, Oct. 10, 1 .
Narberth (Th.: F. 2 : pop. 1), Jan. 13, Feb. 16, Mar. 16, Apr. 13, May 11, Ju. 2, 10, 29, Jy. 13, Aug. 10, Sep. 21, Oct. 6, 19, Nov. 16, Dec. 14. (127, 96)
Newport (F.: W. 2: pop. 1), Ju. 27, Oct. 16.

Pembroke \& Dock (T. W. F. \& S.: W. 1 : pop. 16), 2 M. Apr., May, Jy, 3 M. Sep., 2 M. Dec. $(96,127)$
St. David's (W. 2: pop. 2), 1 T. Mar., Ju., Aug., Oct. \& Dec. Templeton, Nov. 12.
Tenby (W. \& S.: pop. 4), Jy. 20. $(96,127)$

Trevine, Nov. 22.

## RADNORSEIRE.

Knighton (Th.: F. $2:$ pop. 2), 3 Th. Jan., F. af. Mar. 4, 3 Th. Apr., May 17, Th. af.

Jy. 10, Aug. 18, Sep. 13, 14, Oct. 1, 2, Th. b. Nov. 12, Th. af. Dec. II. (376, 206)
Llanbadarnfynydd, F . b. last. T. Apr., S. b. last Th. Sep., \& 2 F. Oct.
Llandewy, i T. Jy.
Newbridge, May 17, Jy. 15, Oct. 17, Nov. II.
Radnor (M.), Aug. 14, Sep. 10, Oct. 28, 29.
Penybont (W.), May 13, $14-$
Presteign ( $W .:$ T. $2: p o p$. 1), IS. Feb. \& Apr. (206, 86)
Rhayader (W::Th. 2 : pop. 1), May 12, Aug. 6, 27, Oct. 15, Nov. 14, Dec. 3. (255, 376)

New Radnor. (206)

## SCOTLAND.

## BERWICKSHIRE.

Coldstream, 2 Th. ea. mo., i. M. Mar., 6 Jy., W. af. 2 T. Jy. (194, 218, 25)

## DUMBARTONSHIRE.

Dumbarton, 3 T. Mar., 2 T Ju., W. af. 2 M. Jy., 2 T. \& W. Aug. (238, $218,235,447$, $45,160,40$ )

## DUMFRIRS-SHIRE.

Dumfries (pop. 18), W. af. F. 11, W. b. May 26 \& af. Sep. 23 ( 8 dys. ea.). 238, 194, 218, 235, 374, 415, 447, 126, $45,146,160,40,25$ )

## EDINBURGHISEIRE.

Edinburgh ( $W .:$ pop. 304), I \& 2 M. Apr., 2 M. T. \& W. Nov., \& 2 W. af. above. ( 238,194 , $218,235,374,415,447$, $126,45,146,160,40,25$, 375)

## ELAIN.

Elgin, 2 \& last F. Jan. \& Mar., 3 F. Apr., 3 T. Jy., last F. Oct. \& Dec. (238, 180, 194, $218,230,875,415,447$, $45,146,160,25$ )

## FIFE.

Auchtermuchty ( 1 M. Feb., last M. Apr., 2 M. Jy. \& ${ }^{1}$ M. Oct.), Apr. $6 \&$ Aug. 21. (194, 447, 160, 40, 25 )
Dunfermline ( $T$. , $W$. I Oct. (238, 194, 218, 235, 374, $375,415,121,45,146$, $25,40)$
Leven, W. af. Apr. 18, i W. Jy., 3 W. Oct. (238, 218, 374, $415,126,45$ )

## FORFARSEIRE.

Arbroath (S.: W. 1 : pop. 25), I S. .Mar., S. af. May 25 \& Jy. ${ }^{17}$ (238, 194 218, $235,375,414,374,45$, $126,25,40$ )

Brechin, T. af. Jan. 21, 3 W. Apr., \& T. b. last W. Sep. (126, 218, 235, 374,415 , 447, 160, 40)
Dundee (Daily, chiefly on T., Jy., Aug., Sep o Oct.), ( $W_{.}: p_{0} p_{\text {. }}$ 164), May 16, Nov. 23, T. af Jy. 11, Aug. 26, Nov. 22. (288, 180, 194, 120 , $218,235,374,375,415$, $447,126,45,146,160$, 40, 25)
Forfar, 2 W. Apr., W. af. May I1, S. af. May 26, last W. Sep., W. Nov. (238, 194, $218,374,415,447,128$, $45,146,160,25$ )

## INVERNRSS-8HIRE.

Inverness (F.), F. af. 3 W. Jan., Feb. Mar., Apr. \& May, last 'F. Jy. ${ }^{288}, 180,194$, 218, 230, 374, 475, 415, $447,126,45,146,160,25)$

## KIRKCUDBRIGHTSHIRE

Castle Douglas, M. af. Feb. ro, Apr. 17, May 25, Ju. 27, Sep. 22. (194, 218, 236 $374,447,126,160,40,26)$ New Galloway, W. af. Apr. 1 , Th. af. Jy. 18, 1 Th. Oct. (235, 40)

## LANARKBHIRE.

Airdrie, last T. May, 3 T. Nov. (194, 218, 235, 874, $415,126,146,40,25$ )
Glasgow, ${ }^{2}$ W. Jan., Th. b. Eas. \& Whit. M., M. af. May 25. (238, 194, 218, 285. 359, 374, 415, 447, 126, $45,146,160,40,25)$
Lanark, 2 W. Apr., 2 M. Ju., ${ }_{3}$ S. Jy., W. b. Aug. 11, 3 T. Aug., ${ }^{1}$ M. Sep., ${ }^{2}$ Th. Oct. (238, 218, 415, 285,40 )

## IINLITIGOW.

Bathgate, W. aft. Whit. M. 4 W. in Ju., 4 W. in Oct. iw. aft Nov. ${ }^{48}$. (374 415 .
$447,126,146,160$ )

NAIRT.
Nairn, 3 S. in Jan., 4 S. in Feb. \& Mar., 3 S. in Apr. \& May, Th. bef. Mày 26. (218, 230, 374, 375, 415, 126, 146)

## PERBLES-8HIRE.

Peebles, 2 T. in Jan., T. bef. May 12,2 W. in May; T. aft. Jy. 18, T. bef. Sep. 12 \& Dec. 12. (238, 194, 218, $45,25)$

## PERTHSHIRE.

Abernethy, Feb. 12, 4 W. May, 2 Th . Nov.
Alyth (3 T. May \& 1 W. Nov.), 4 W. Jan., Feb, Mar. \& Apr., 3 T. May, T. aft. Ju. 18 I T. in Aug., Aug. II, T. ${ }^{2}$ W. aft. Nov. 11. $(415,180)$

Blairgowrie, 3 W. Mar., ェ W. May, W. aft. May 25, i W. Nov., T. aft. Nov. 21. (238, 194, 375, 415, 447, 45, 146, 160, 25)
Dunblane, W. aft. Mar. ir, T. aft. May 26, Aug. 22. (194, 447, 160, 25)
Perth ( $F$ : $: W$. pot. 30), 1 F. Mar., Apr. \& Jy., I F. Sept. $\&$ Oct., 2 F. Dec. $(238,180$, 194,218,235,374,375,415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40, 25)

## RENFREWSHIRE.

Greenock, F. aft. May 19, I Th. Jy: (238, 194, 218, 235, 374 , $415,447,126,45,146$, 160, 25)
Port Glasgow (359, 25, 19^, 447, 160)

## ROSS-SHERE.

Kildary, 2 T. Jan., 3 T. Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 2 T. May, 3 T. Ju. \& Dec.
Tain, I T. Jan., 3 T. Mar., W. aft. 2 T. JY., T. bef. Xm . (238, 194, 218, 375, 45, 25)

## STIRLINGSHIRE.

Falkirk, last Th. Jan., 1 T. Mar. last T. Apr., May \& Jy. (238, 194, 218, 235, 374, 415, 126, 45. 25)
Larbert, last W. Apr. (235)
Stirling ( $T$. © $F_{1}:$ pop. 19), \& \& 3 F. Feb., Mar., Apr. \& May, W. aft. Ju. 11, i F. Jy. \& Aug., 3 F. Sept., 3 T. Oct., ${ }^{1}$ F. Nov. (238, 194, 218,235,374,375,415,447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40, 25)

## IRELAND.

## ANTRIM.

Antrim (T. \& Th.), Jan. 1, May 12, Nov. 12. ( 203,445 )
Ballyclare ( $T_{\text {. }}$ ), last T. Jan., T. af. May 18, Jy. 18, Aug. 18, Nov. 18. (378)
Ballymena (cv. d. exc. M.), Jy. 25, Oct. 21. (378, 445, 137 , 203)

Ballymoney ( $M ., W . T h, F$.), \& 3 T. ev. mo., May 5, Jy. 10, Oct. 6. (208, 445)
Belfast (Daily), I W. ev. mo. (c). (208, 192, 378, 445, 187, 121)

Carrickfergus (M. \& S.), Great Mkts i S. Feb. \& Aug. : May 1, Nov. 1. (878)
Larne (T., W. \& Th.), Jy. 31, Dec. 1, ${ }^{2}$ Th. ev. mo. (203, 378, 445)
Lisburn (T.), 2 ev. mo. exc. Jy. \& Oct., Jy. 2i \& Oct. 5 (378, 445)
Portglenone (F.), IT. ev. ma.

## ARMAGE.

Armagh (T., W. © S. ), i Th ev. mo. (203, 192, 308, 878, 445, 137)
Largan (Th.), ${ }^{2}$ Th. ev. mo, (878, 445, 203)
Middletown, 3 Th. ev. mo, Nov. 28.
Newry ( $T$. Th. \& $S$. ), 1 M.
ev. mo. (203, 192, 378, 137)
Portadown ( $T$. $W$. © S.), 3 S ev. mo. (203, 192, 445)

## CARLOW.

Carlow (M. \& Th) 4 W. ev. ma exc. Mar., Mar. ${ }^{26, \text { May }}$ $t_{1}$ Nov. ${ }^{8-\text { pigs }}$ previoas day. (192, 137)
Grainge, Jan. 6, Feb. 18, Apr. $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{t}}$ Oct. 6
Tullow (S.), Jan. 20, Feb. 22, Mar. 21, Apr. 21, May 21, Iu 26, Jy. 10, Aug. 1o, Sep. 81, (181) ${ }^{8,}$ Nov. 12, Dec. ${ }^{16 .}$ (121)

## cavan.

Belturbet ( $W . \mathcal{E}_{\mathbf{S}} S_{\text {. }}$ ) $\times$ Th. ea. mo., Ash W. (445)
Cavan (T.f心0 M.) 2 T. ea. mo. (192, 445, 137)

## CLARE.

Clare, Mar. 20, 3 T. \& W. Apr., May 30, Ju. 6, Aug. 17, Nov. II.

Ennis (S.), x S. ev. mo., 3 T. \& W. Apr.i Sep. 2, 3 . (192, 137, 121)
Ennistymon (T. \&o S.),Mar. 25, May 15, Jy. 2, Aug. 22, Sep. 29, Nov. 19. (121)
Kildclare, Ju. 4, Dec. 2.
Kilkee, 2 T. Jan., Feb. 25, 3 M. Apr.; May 13, Jy. 10, Aug. 12,13, Oct. 5, Nov. 26. (203, 187)

Killaloe (T.), Eas. \& Whit. T., Sep. 3, Oct. 20 (187)
Kilrush' (S.), May 10, Oct. 12. (137, 121)

## CORR

Bandon (192, 368, 137)
Bantry (T. © S.), Jan. 14, Feb. ${ }^{14}$ Mar. 9, Apr. 14, May 1 , Ju. 10, Jy. 15, Aug. 21, Sep. 14, Oct. 15, Nov. 14, Dec. 1 , ${ }_{187}^{16-\text { pigs previous day. (868, }}$
187)

Castletown, Jan. 1, Eas. T., Ju. 5, Aug. 17, Sep. 5, Oct. 11, Nov. ${ }^{28}$. (868)
Clonakilty, i M. ev. mo. (192, 121)

Cork (Daily) M. \& T. af. Mar. 25 \& Aug. 15. (192, 808, 368, 187, 121, 445)
Fermoy (S.), i M. ev. mo., 2 T. Jan., May, Aug. \& Oct. (137, 121, 868)
Kanturk (S.), Jan. 29, Feb. 16, Mar. 17, May 4, Jy. 4, Sep. 29, Nov. ${ }^{3}$ - pigs previous day. $(137,121)$
Kinsale (S.), 3 W. ev. mo. (368,
137 )

Mallow (T. \& $F$. ), 1 T. ev. mo., Jan. 1, Shrove M., May ${ }^{13}$, Jy. 27, Oct. 30-pigs previous day. (192, 137, 121)
Mitchelstown (Th.), Jan. 10, Mar. 25, May 23, Jy. 30, Nov. 12, Dec. 2. (192, 368, 121)

Roscarberry ( $W$.), Aug. 26, Sep. 19, Dec. 19.
Skibbereen ( 5. ), (b) Daily (gen.), Jan. 20, Feb. 20, Mar. 20, May 14, Aug. 2, Oct. 12, Nov. 20. (192, 368 137)
Youghal (W. \&o S.), 3 M. ev. mo. (192, 137)

## DONEGAL.

Ballyshannon (Th. © S.), 2 d. ea. mo., Sep. 16. (203, 137 )
Donegal (M. \& S.), 2 F. ev. mo. (203, 445)
Letterkenny ( $F$ ), 8th ea. mo. (208, 308, 445)

## DOWN

Ballinahinch (Th.), 3 Th. ean mo. (878)
Castlewellan (M.), Feb. 1, 2 M. Mar. \& Apr., May 1, 1 M. Ju., 2 M. Jy., Aug., Oct. \& Nov. (378)

Downpatrick (T. \& S.), T. ea. mo. $(378,445)$
Dundrum, 3 T. ea. mo.
Newtownards (M. \&o S.), 2 S. \& last W. ev. mo., Jan. 3, May 14, Sep. 23. (203, 445)
Saintfield (M.), last W. ev. mo. (137, 203)

## DUBLITV.

Dublin. (308, 445, 208, 414, 209, 192, 286, 135, 121, 368, 317)
Donnybrook, Aug. 26.
Skerries, Apr. 28, Aug. ıa.

## FERITANAGE.

Enniskillen ( $T . \&_{0} T h$ ), ro ev. mo. exc. May, May 26, Oct. 26. (208, 445, 173, 187)

## GALWAY.

Ballinasloe (W. © S.), 2 S. Jan. \& Mar.-pigs previous 2 days. (192, 121, 137)
Clifden (S.), Jan. 14, Ju. 25, Jy. 16-pigs previous day. (121)
Galway (W. © S.), May 30, 3r. (122, 137, 121)
Gort (S.), Mar. 15-17, May io, Aug. 11, Nov. 7. (121)
Loughrea (Th.), Feb. II, 3 F. Apr., May 25, 26, Aug. 20, Dec. 5. $(308,121)$
Oughterard (Th.), Jan. 1, Mar. 2қ, May 26, Ju. 24, Aug. 9pigs previous day.
Tuam (W. ©r S.), Mar. io, May 10, Jy. 4, Sep. 10, Nov. 20, Dec. 15 . $(445,121)$

## KERRY.

Cahirciveen ( $W$.), Jan 15, Feb. 8, Mar. 1, 22, Apr. 22, May 10. $(368,121)$
Dingle ( $M . \delta_{0} S$.), last S. ev. mo. \& previous M. Whit. M. (121)

Kenmare (daily, but (chiefly)ev. $W_{\text {. }}$ ), Jan 16, Feb. 27, Mar. 20, Apr. 15, May 22, Ju. 16, Jy. 1, Aug. 15, Sep. 26, Oct \& Nov. 20, Dec. 15. (368)
Killarney ( $S$.), Jan 18, Feb. 4, Mar. 4, Apr. 2, May 8, Ju. 2, Jy. 4, Aug. 8, Sep. ro, Oct. 7 , Nov. 11, Dec. 28. $(368,121)$
Killorglin, Jan. 12, Apr. 18, May 19, 20, Ju. 30, Aug. 11, 29, Oct. 23, Dec. 10. (121)
Listowel, May r3, Jy. 25, Oct. ${ }^{28}$ \& ev. alt. W. $(192,137,121)$
Tralee (Daily), Jan. 9, 21, Aug. 4, Nov. 7, Dec. 13. (192, 137, 121, 368)

## KILDARE.

Athy (T.) I W. ea. mo., \& prev. day for pigs. $(121,308)$
Clana, Jy. 25, Apr. 26, Oct. 15. Kildare (Th.), 4 Th. \& T. in mo. $\&$ for pigs previous day.
Maynooth, May 4, Sep. 19.
Naas (Th.) 3, W. ea. mo., \& May I. $(368,445,308)$

## KILKENNY.

Callan (T. \&o S.), 3 W. ea. mo. (192)

Castlecomer, Jan. 21, Mar. 27, May 3, Ju. 21, Aug. 10, Sep. 14, Oct. 28, Dec. 14 . (121)
Kilkenny ( $F$. \& $\delta^{\circ} S$.), 2 W.ea.mo. Mar. 27, 28, Ju. 30, Jy. 1 , Sep. 28, 29. (192, 308, 137,121)

## KING'S COUNTY.

Banager (F.), Jan, 20, 27, Mar. 7, 8, May i, Ju. 14, 15, Jy. 27, 28, Sep. 15-18, Nov. 25, 26. (192)

Clara ( $W$.), Jan. 9, Feb. i, Mar. 25, Apr. 20, May 12, Ju. 29, Jy. 25, Sep. 26, Nov. ${ }^{20}$.
Edenderry, Nov. $4 .(308,445)$

Parsonstown (S.), Jan. io, Feb. 10, II, Mar. 23, May 5 , Ju. 30, Jy. 23, Aug. 25, 26, Sep. 12, Oct. 14, 15, Nov. 11, Dec. 10. (308, 137, 121)
Tullamore ( $T . \delta_{0} S$. ), Jan. 26, Feb. 19, Mar. 19, Apr. 13, May 10, Ju. 10, Jy. io, Aug. 9, Sep. 13, Oct. 21, Nov. 18, Dec. 13 -pigs previous day. (192, 308, 445)

## LEITRIM.

Ballinamore (T.), i T. in Jan., 3 T. in Feb., I Th. in Mar., Apr., May 12, IT T. in Ju., Jy., 2 T. in Aug., IT. in Sep.,Oct. I, Nov. 12, IT. in Dec. (378) Leitrim, Jan. 22, Feb. 20, Mar. 25, Apr. 15, May 5, Ju. 6, Jy. ${ }_{23}$, Sep. 1, Oct. 13, Nov. 6, Dec. х. (137)

## LIMERICK.

Ardagh, May II, Ju. 24, Aug. 15, Nov. 21.
Banff (M.), Jan. 25, Mar. 29, May 16, 20, Jy. 23, Aug. 26, Oct. 17, Nov. 28.
Croom, May 3, Ju. 24, Sep. 1, Dec. 9. (368)
Kilmallock, Jan. 4, Feb. 23, Mar. 13, Apr. 8, May 6, Ju. 20, Aug. 4, Nov. 20. (368)
Limerick. $(\mathbf{3 6 8}, \mathbf{1 9 2}, 137,121)$
Tullow, Apr. ${ }^{27}$, Jy. 16, Sep. ${ }_{13}$, Nov. 5 .

## LONDONDERRY.

Coleraine (M., W., F. \& S. $), 1$ \& 3 T. ea mo., May 12, Nov. 12. $(203,738,137)$

Kilrea (W.), $2 \& 4$ W. ea. mo. (378)

Limavady (M., T. \& F.), 2 M. Feb., Mar., Ju., ,Jy., Oct. $(203,378)$
Londonderry (W., S.\& T.), r.W. ea. mo., Jy. 17, Oct. 17. (197, 203, 308, 378, 445, 137)
Tubbermore, 2 M. ea. mo.

## LONGFORD.

Barry, Jan. 28, Apr. 28, Oct. 28. Longford ( $W$. ${ }^{\circ} S$.), Feb. 1,Apr. 22, May 20, 2I, Ju. 10, Sep. 6,
Dec. र. (192, 121, 445)

## LOUTH.

Ardee ( $T$. \& W.), last W. ea. mo., Dec. 17. ( 445,308 )
Carlingford (S.), is. ea. mo.
Drogheda ( $W . \varepsilon_{0} S_{.}$), ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~W}$. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., May 12, 13, Aug. ${ }^{26}$, Oct. 29. (203, 192, 308, 368, 137)
Dundalk (M.), ${ }^{3}$ W. ea. mo., May 7. (203, 192, 308, 445, 121)
Louth, 2 F. ea. mo. (203)

## MAYO.

Ballina (M.), i M. ea. mo., but May $\mathbf{1 2}^{2}$, Aug. ${ }^{12}$, Ju. 3. (192, 445, 137, 121)
Ballinrobe (M.), Apr. 28, Ju. 11, Jy. 28, Sep. 14, Oct. ro, ${ }_{\text {Dec. }}$ 5. $(\mathbf{4 4 5}, 192)$

Castlebar (S.), May I1, Ju. ${ }^{\circ}$; Sep. 16, Nov. 18. (192, 121 ) Killala, i S. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 1 M. May, 2 M. Ju. \& Jy., Aug. 17, Nov. 8.
Mayo, Ju. 29, Oct. 18, Nov. 22.
Westport (Th.), Jan. I, Feb. II, Mar. 21, May 22, Aug. 6, Sep. 22, Nov. 1. (192, 445)

## MEATH.

Kells (S.), 2 F. ea mo. ${ }^{5}$ but Oct. 15, 16. (308, 121)
Navan (W. \& S.), i M. Jan, Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 3 M. Apr., May \& Ju., 2 M. Jy. \& Aug., 3 M. Sept. \& Nov. (203, 192, 308)

Trim (S.), 1 S. ea. mo., Mar 27 ; May 8, Oct. 1, Nov. 16. (445)

## MONAGEAN.

Cestleblaney (W.), i W. ea. ma (203, 192)
Clones (Th.), last Th. ea mo (192, 378, 445)
Monaghan (M., W. © S.), I M. ea. mo.(203, $308,445,187$ ) QUEEN'S COUNTY.
Maryborough (Th.), Jan. 1, 23, Feb. 24, Mar. 25, Apr. 14; May 12, Ju. 5, Jy. 5 , Aug. 5, Sep. 4, 28 , Oct. 23, Nov. 13 , Dec. 4. $(192,368)$
Mount Mellick (W. \&S.), 3 T. ea. mo. (192, 121)
Portarlington ( $W$.), Jan. 5, Feb. 17, Mar. 1, May 12, Jy. 4, Oct. 12. (121)

Mountrath (S.), Jan. 6, Feb. 17, East. M., Aug. 10, Sep. 29; Nov. 5 , \& for pigs ev. ma. (368)

## ROSCOKMON.

Athlone, Jan. 24, Mar. 21, Apr. 18, May 25, Sep. 5, Nov. 7. (137, 121)
Castlerea ( $S$. ), May, 23, Ju. 21, Aug. 23, Sep. 29, Nov. 33) Nov. 7, Dec ra (445, 121 ) Carrick -on-Shannon (Th.). $(378,137)$

## SIIGO.

Ballymote (Th.), x W. ea ma (445)

Sligo (T., F. \& S.). (203, $192,445,137)$

## TIPPRRARY.

Cappagh, Jan. 19, Feb. 14, Mar. 19, Apr. 16, May 9, Ju. 4, Jy: 27, Aug. 16, Sep. 9, Oct 18
Cahir (F.), Feb. 8, Apr. 12, May 26, Ju. 20, Sep. 18, Oct. 20, Dec. 7 , pigs previous das: Carrick ( $S$.), last Th. ea ma, Ju. 11, Aug. 15, Oct. 17, Whit, Th., pigs previous day. (137) Cashel (W. \& S.), 2 W. ea mo. Mar. 26, Aug. 8, pigs last W. (121)

Clonmel, i W. ea. mo. exc. May \& Nov.; when held on th pigs previous day. (192,137, 121)

Nenagh (Tk.), i M. Jan, Feb. \& Mar., Apr. 24, May 29, Jy. 4, Aug. I, Sep. 4, Oct. 10, Nov. I, (137, 121, 368)
Thurles (T. \& S.), i T. ea. mo.s East. M., Dec. 21. (192,368, 121)

Tipperary (Tk. \& S.), 2 T. Jan., Feb. \& Mar., Apr. 5, 2 T. May, Ju. 24, 2 T. Jy, Aug. \& Sep., Oct. 1o, 2 T. Nov. \& Dec., pigs previous day. (192, $868,137,321$ )

## TYRONE.

Clogher (S.), is. ea mo., Jy. 26.
Cookstown (T. \& S.), i S. ea. mo. (203, 445)
Dromore ( $M$.), monthly on 17 th , or foll. M. If 17 is a Sn. (445)
Dungannnon (M., $T_{i}$ Th.), W. bef. I Fri. ea. mo. (203, 187)
Omagh (S.) i T. ea. mo. (192, 445, 137 )
Strabane ( $T$., $W$., $T h$. ), I Th. Jan., Mar., Apr., Ju., Jy.,

Sep., Oct. \& Dec., Feb. $\mathbf{r}_{2}$ Aug. 1, May 12, Nov. 12. (203, 308, 445, 137)

## WATERFORD.

Dungarvan (T., F. \& S.), 3 W. ea. mo., Ju. 22, Nov. 8, pigs prev. d. (137, 121, 368)
Lismore (M. \& S.), 2 W. ea. mo. $(121,388)$
Tallow, 3 T. ea. mo. (368)
Waterford (W. © S.), May . 4, Ju. 24, Oct. 25 \& I M., pigs ev. W. (192, 368, 187, 121, 445)

## WESTMEATH.

Athlone (T. © S.), 3 W. Jan., Jan. I, 22, 3 W. Mar., Apr., last W. May, Jy. 6, last W.' Aug., Sep. 1, 2, last W. Oct., Nov. 4
Mullingar, Jan. 7, Apr. 6, May 2, Jy. 4, Aug. 29, Sep. 28, Nov. 11. (308, 192, 121, 445)

## WEXFORD.

Blackwater, Jan. 1, Mar. 26, May 27, Ju. 21, Jy. 24, Aug. 13, Nov. 11.
Enniscorthy (Th. \& S.), Jan. 21, Feb. 21, Mar. 21, Apr. 25; May 10, Ju. 7, Jy. 5, Aug. I, 25, Sep. 17, Oct. 10, Nov. 15 , Dec. 21, pigs day prev. (192, 137, 121)
Gorey (S.), Jan. 2, 4 S. Jan., 2 S. May, Jy. \& Dec. (192, 121)

Wexford (W.), 3rd of ea. mo., btt in May \& Ju. on Ist. (192, 137, 121, 445)

## WICRLOW.

Arklow (Th. \& S.), 2 T. ea. mo. (192)

Ballinglass (F.), 3 T. ea. mo.
Bray (W. \& S.), I W. ea. mo. (378, 808)
Wicklow (S.), last T. ea. mo., Aug. 12 ( $k$ ). $(308,121)$

## HEAD OFFICES OF COUNTRY BANKS.

** The numbers on left are referred to from the above Provincial Banking Directory: those on the right refer to the London Agent of each bank in the list of London Banks on pages 100-102.


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190 Bacon, Cobbold \& Co., Ipswich........ 56, 67
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195 Bank of Whitehaven, Whitehaven........ 67
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# LONDON BANKS AND BANKERS. 

## THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Governer-Augustus Prevost.
Depaty-Governor-Samuel Hope Morley. Directoverne. G. Arbuthnot, H. C. O. Bonsor, M.P., H. Brooks, W. M. Campbell, A. C. Cole, Sir M. W. Collet, Bart., W. Cunliffe, I. P. Currie, J. S. Gilliat, M.P.i Samuel S. Gladstone, C. H. Goschen, H. R. Grenfell, E. A. Hambro, Geo. W. Henderson, W. D. Hoare, The Hon E. Hubbard, F. H. Jackson, R. E. Johnston, E. Lubbock, R. L. Newman, The Rt. Hon. Lord Revelstoke, A. G. Sandeman, H. C. Smith, A. F. Wallace.

Chief Accowntant-G. F. Statchbury. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Secretary-Kenneth Grahame. }\end{aligned}$
Secretary-Kenneth Grahame.

Branches-Burlington-Gardens, W.; Fleet-street, E.C. Birmingham, Bristol, Hull, Leeds, Livespool, Manchester, Newcestie-on-Tyne, Plymouth, Portsmouth.

* Banks whose cheques pastithrough the Clearing House are indicated by an asterisk.
I. Afriean Banking Corp., 46, Threadmeedle St.
4 Anglo-Austrian Bank, 31, Lombard St.

5. Anglo-Californian Bank, 18 , Austin Friars
6. Anglo-Egyptian Bank, 27, Clement's Lane.
7. Anglo-Foreign Banking Co., 2, Bishotagats St Withim.
8. Anglo-Italian Bank, 9, St. Mildred's Court,
Poultry.
9. Australian Joint-Stock Bank (Ltd), 2, King William St.
10. Bank of England (see above)
11. Bank of Adelaide, IT, Leadewhall St
12. Bank of Africa (Limited), 113, Casereme SL
13. Bank of Australasia, is, Threadmeedle St
14. Bank of Brit. N. America, 5, Graceckarch SL

18a. Bank of Brit. West Africa (Lrd. $), 1 y$. Lemigh hall St (Head Office, 14, Cartie Sh, Liverpoon).
19. Bank of China and Japan, 36, Nickolas Lare.
20. Bank of Egypt, 26, Old Broad St.
21. Bank of Mauritius, 10, George Yard, E.C.
22. Bank of Montreal, 22, Abchurch Laut.
23. Bank of N. S. Wales, 64, Old Broad St.
24. Bank of New Zealand, 1, Queen Victoria St. 24a. Bank of Roumania, 7, Gt. Winchester St.
25. Bank of Scotland, 19, Bishopsgate St.
3. Bank of Tarapaca and Argetina, 97 \& 98, Bishopsgate Street Within.
26. Bank of Victoria, 10, King William St.
27. *Barclay \& Co. (Ltd.), 54, Lombard St. ; 1, Pall Mall East, S. W. ; 27, Cavendish Sq.; 19, Fleet St.; 122, Brompton Rd.
28. Birkbeck Bank, Southampton Bdgs., W.C. 28a. Britannic Bank, Led., LarcasterPlace, W.C. 29. Brit. Bk. of S. America, 2a, Moorgate St. 29a. British Linen Co., 41, Lombard St.
30. British Mutual Bking. Co., Ludgate Circus. 17. "Canadian Baak of Commerce, 60, Lombard St.
34. *Cap. and Counties Bk., 39, Threadneedle St. Mect. Branches.-35. King St., W.C. ; 25, Ludgate Hill; 125, Oxford St: ; 35, Piccadilly; 195. Edgwore Rad: 115, Fore St., E.C.; 50, Upper St., N. ${ }^{151-153,}$
Newington Causeway; 216, Commercial Rd.; 145, High St., Shoreditch; 38 , Victoria St.
35. Chartered Bank of India,Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle St.
37. Child and Co., i, Fleet St.
39. Civil Service Bank, 10, Charing Cross Road.
40. Clydesdale Bank (Limited), 30 , Lombard St.
41. Cocks, Biddulph \& Co., 43, Charing Cross.
42. Colonial Bank, 13, Bishopsgate St. Within.
43. Commercial Bask of Australia (Limited), 1 , Bishopsgate St. Within.
44. Commercial Bank of India; 12, King William St.
45. Commercial Bk. of Scotland, 62, Lombard St.
46. Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 18, Birchin Lane.
47. Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, 52, Threadneedle St.
48. Coutts \& Co., 56 to 59, Strand.
49. Cox \& Co., 16, Charing Cross.
55. Delhi \& London Bank (Ltd.), 123, Bishopsgate St. Within.
56. Drummonds \& Co., 49, Charing Cross.
60. English, Scottish and Australian Bank (Limited), 38, Lombard St.
66. German Bank of London, 34, Old Broad St.
67. *Glyn, Mills, Currie \& Co., 67, Lombard St.
68. Hoare, Charles, \& Co., 37, Fleet St.
69. Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, 3I, Lombard S.t.
75. Imperial Bank of Persia, 25, Abchurch Lane.
76. Imperial Ottoman Bank, 26, Throgmorton St.
77. International Bank of London (Limited), Winchester House, Old Broad St.
78. Ionian Bank (Limited), 44, Palmerston Howse, Bishopsgate St. Withir.
86. Lloyds Bank (Limited), 72, Lombard St. Chief Met. Brarches.az2, Strand, W.C. : 16, St. Fames's St. : 33 Belgrave Rd., S.W. © 34 . Hammer. smith Rd., W. Kensinglon; Holborn Circus.
87. London Bank of Australia, 2, Old Broad St.
88. London Bank of Central America, 72, Bishopsgate St.
89. London Bank of Mexico and South America (Limited), 94, Gracechurch St.
go. London and Brazilian Bank (Ltd.), 7, Tokenhowse Yard, E.C.
92. London and County Banking Co. (Limited), 21, Lombard St.
Chin Met. Branches. -134, Aldersgate St.; Westtoweree Grove; 369 , Brikten Rd.; Henrietta St., Covent Genden; 21, Hamover Square ; 3才, Harrow Rd.; 324.
 If.ngron; Highst, Konsingtom; 266 \& 268 , Pentonville

East India Dock Rd.; Newington Butts; riog \& rir, New Oxford St. ; x, Connaught St., Edgware Rd.; 180, Shoreditch; 25 , Sussex Place, Quecen's Gate; Borough High St., Southwark; 173, Victoria St., Westminster: and elsewhere.
92. London and Hanseatic Bank (Limited), 38, Lombard St.
93. *London Joint Stock Bank (Limited), 5, Princes St.
Chief Met. Branches.-6, Lothbury ; 44. Fenchurch St.; 22, Victoria St., Westminster; 1, Sydney Place, Onslow Square; Wigmore St, W.; G9, Pall Mall; 123, Chancery Lame; 89, Charterhouse St.; 28, High St. Borouyh; 2. Craven Ra., W.; 94, Great Tower St.; 144, Leadenkall St.; 50, old Broad St. ; Bank Buildings, Gloucester Rd., S. Kerusington; 137, Bucking. ham Palace Rd; and elsewhere.
94. *London City and Midland Bank (Ltd.), 5, Threadneedle St.
Met. Branches.-45, Ludgate Hill ; 19, High St., Marylebone ; 9t, Newgate St.: 93, Great Eastern St., 35. New Bond St.; 196, Oxford'St.; 7 1a, Queen Victoria St. ; 50, Shaflestury Averive ; 52 , Cornhill; 94 , Fere church St.; 33, Holborn Viaduct ; 449, Strand; 19, Cole man St. - 129, New Bond St. ; 90, Tooley St.; 110, High St., Whitechapel ; 488, Bethnal Green Rd.; 237, Totten ham Court Rd., W.; 50, Shaftesbury Averue ; 60, Wt. Smithfield; and others.
95. London, Paris and American, 40, Tkreadneedle St.
96. London and Provincial Bank (Limited), 7, Bank Buildings, Lothbury.
Chief Mee. Branches.- 56 , Old Kent Rd, Bermondsey: Barking Rd., Canning, Town; 163, Edgware Rd.'; 388, Essex Rd. The Triangle, Hackney; High bury; Hornsey; 1, High St., Kingsland; Newington Green: 108, Queen's Gate, S. Kemsington; 40, Stam ford Hill, Stoke Newington; Walham Green; and elsewhere
97. London and River Plate Bank (Limited), 7, Princes St., E.C.
98. London and San Francisco Bank (Limited), 55, Old Broad St., E.C.
99. *London and South-Western Bank(Limited), 170, Fenchurch St.
Chief Met. Branches.-27, Regent St. : 356, Batter. sea Park Rd.; I, Victoria Rd., Battersea Park, 248, New Kent Rd., Bermondsey'; 46, Southampton Row, W.C., Bloomsbury; go © g2, Bow Rd., Borw: 275 \& 465 , Brixton Rd. ; 256, Brixton Hill; High Rd.' Brondesbury ; Camberwell Green; Park St., Camden Town; 140, King's Road, Chelsea; Rosebery A venue, Clerkenwell: 183, Earl's Court Rd., S.W., Earl's Court; East Finchley; 82, Finsbury Pavement; Station Rd., Finsbury Park; $7^{8}$, Fleet St.: 56, Great Portland St.; I, Amhurst Rd., Hackney, N.E.; 8, Broadway, Hammersmith; 28, High St. Hampstead; 416, Harrow Rd.; High St., Hiqhgate 403, Holloway Rd. ; The Broadway, Crouch End Hornsey; 236, Kentish Town Rd.: 42, High Rd. Kilburn; 236, Whitechapel Rd., Mile Lind; 137, Lad broke Grove, Notting Hill; 45I, Oxford St.; 125, High St., Shoredich; 20e, Fulham Rd., West Brompton: North End Rd.' West Kensington; ; and elsewhere.
100. *London \& Westminster (Ltd.), 4r, Lothbury.

Met. Branches.-5, St. Paul's Churchyard; 1, St. Faines's Square: 214, High Holborn; 6, Borough High St.: 130 , High St., Whitechapel; 1 , Stratford Place, W. ; 217. Strand; 91, Westminster Bridge Rd., S.E. i 1, Brompton Square: 62, Victoria St., S.W.: 79, Ëbury St., S.IV.; 94 © 96 , High St., Kensington: 89, Holborn Circus, 'E.C.; 98,' City Rd.'; 269 O. 270 Upper St. Islington, ${ }^{\prime}$.; Broadway, Ćrouch End; 44 E. 46, Hampstead Rd., N.W.; 106a, High Road, ${ }^{44}$ Kilburrn, N.W.; 106, Finchley Rdá, N.W. ; 112 G. 114 Oxford St.; 133, Westbourne Grove, Bayswater; and elsewhere.
ror. London and Yorkshire Bank (Limited), 7, Draper's Garders.
110. Manchester and Liverpool District Banking Co. (Limited), 75, Cornhill.
111. *Martin's Bank (Limited), 68, Lombard St.
112. Mercantileof India,Ltd.,40, ThreadreedleSt.
i13. Mercantile Bank of London, Wool Exch.
114. Merchant Banking Co., in2, Cannon St.

1I5. *Metropolitan Bank (of England \& Wales), 60, Gracechurch St., E.C.
120. Natal Bk. (Ltd.), 8 8,St. Switkin's Lane, E.C.
121. *National Bank (Ltd.), 13, (ild Broad St.

Met. Branches.-68, Gloucester Gardensp fly.i 21

Grosvenor Gardeins, S.W.; 189, High St., Camden Tounu; 9. C゙haring C'ross; 36x, Goswell Rd., Islington; Elgin Avenue, Harrow Rd.; 286, Pentonville Rd., King's Crass; 158, High St., Notting Hill; 276, Oxford
St. ; 180, Strand; and St. Mary's Kd., Harlesden.
122. National Bank of Australasia (Limited), 123, Bishopsgate St. Within.
123. National Bank of China, 61, Old Broad St. 123a. National Bank of Egypt, 92, Canton St.
124 National Bk. of India, 47, Threadneedle St.
125. National Bank of New Zealand (Limited), 15, Moorgate Street.
126. National Bank of Scotland (Limited), 37, Nicholas Lane.
127. *National Provincial Bank of England (Ltd.), ${ }_{112}$, Bishopsgate St. Within
Met. Branches. -185 , Aldersgate St., E.C.; 53 , Baker St. W.; zotb
 St.; Isling ton ; Carey St., Lincoln's Inn, H.C.; 88 ,
Cromwell Rd., 's. Kensingtion, S.W.; and elsewhere.
135. ${ }^{*}$ Parr's Bk. (Ltd.),4, Bartholawerzw La, E.C. Chief Met. Bramches. - 77 , Lombard St.; 1 , Cazendish Square, W; ; B8 © 90,Highit., Kensingion; ;339, Reqent St:
Earl's Court Rd. ; Finsbury Sq ; 52, Threadneedle St. 136. *Prescott, Dimsdale, Cave, Tugwell \& Co.
(Ltd.), 50, Cornhill, E.C.; 22, London St. W.; 3, Regent St.; Lowendes St., S.W.
137. Provincial Bank of Ireland (Limited), 8, Throgmorton Avenue.
141. Queensland National Bank (Limited), 8, Princes St., E.C.
145. *Robarts, Lubbock \& Co., 15, Lombard SL 145a. Robinson South African B.kg. Co. (Ltd.), Lothbury:
146. Royal Bank of Scotland, 123, Biskopsgate St. Withim
147. Royal Bank of Queensland (Ltd.), 25, Abchurch Lane.
153. Standard Bank of South Africa (Limited), 10, Clement's Lane, E.C.
158. Union Bk. of Australia (Ltd.), 71, Cormkill
159. Union of London \& Smith's Bank (Ltd.), 1, Lombard St., 2, Princes St.
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## FOREIGN MONEYS AND THEIR VALUE.

It should be borne in mind that Exchange Value of Foreign Money varies considerably.

AUSTRIA. Nornal
Monetary Unit-Krone Value.
$=$ roo Hellers.........os. rod.
Ex. Value $f_{I}=24 \mathrm{Kr}$.
The old currency of Florins or Gulden ( $=100$ Kreuzer) is still largely used. $\mathrm{IFl}=2$ Krone. Paper notes and coins of both currencies circulate.

## BRAZII.

Monetary Unit-Milreis
$=1000$ Reis...............2s. 3 d. 50 Rs. $=1 d . \quad$ Ex. Value $\mathcal{E I}=$ 20 Milreis.

## BULGARIA.

Monetary Unit - Lev = 100 Stotinki. . ro Sto. $=1 d$. $=25 \mathrm{~L} .50 \mathrm{~S}$.

## CARADA and UNITED STATES.

Monetary Unit-Dollar
$=100$ Cents ............ 4s. 17d. 2 Cents $=1 d$. Ex. Value $f_{I}=$ 487 Cents.
Gold coins of \$20, \$10, \$5. Silver- 5 , ro, and 20 Cents, , and $\frac{1}{2}$ Dol. Paper currency is much used for sums of $1,2,4,5,10$, 20, 50, 100, 500, and 1000 Dols.

CHINA.
Monetary Unit-Tael $=$
${ }^{1000}$ Cash................ ${ }^{2 s}$. $3^{9}$ d. 20 Cash =rd. Ex. Value £I $=8.65$ Taels.
DERYMARK, NORWAY, and SWEDEN.
Monetary Unit-Kronor
$=100$ Ore................ Is. itd.
8 Ore $=1 d$. Ex. Value $\mathrm{XI}_{\mathrm{I}}=$ 18 Kr .20 Ore.
Gold-10 and 20 Kr . Silver${ }^{10}, 25,50$ Ore, 1,2 , and 5 Kr . Copper-1, 2, and 5 Ore. Paper notes areissued for 50 O 1000 Kr .

Normal $=40$ Paras ............. 2td . 16 Paras = id. Ex. Value $\mathrm{fl}_{\mathrm{I}}$ $=971$ Piastres.

## FRANCE and BELGIVIE.

Monetary Unit-Franc
$=100$ Centimes ......... 92d. so Cts. $=1 d$. Ex. Value $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{I}}=$ 25 Fr. 10 Cents.
Gold-5, 10, 20 Frs Silver1, 1, 2, and 5 Frs. Copper5 and 10 Cents. Paper notes are issued for 50 to 1000 Frs.

## GERIIANY.

Monetary Unit-Mark
$=100$ Pfennige ......... 11 ${ }^{\text {and }}$ 8 Pf. =ıd. Ex, Value $\mathrm{Ex}_{\mathrm{I}}=$ 20 Mks .39 Pf.
Gold-5, $50,20 \mathrm{Mks}$ Silver -20 and 50 Pf. I, 2, and 3 Mks (Thaler). Nickel- 5 , 10, 20 Pf. Copper-1 and 2 Pf. Paper notes are issued for 5 to 1000 Mks.

## GREEOE.

MonetaryUnit-Drachma
$=100$ Lepta.............. 9궐d. $10 \mathrm{~L}=1 d$. Ex. value $\mathrm{KI}_{1}=$
Paper 40 Dr., Gold 25 Dr.

## HOLLAND.

Monetary Unit-Florin
or Gulden $=100$ Cents 1 s. 8 d .
$5 \mathrm{C} .=1 d$. Ex. Val. $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{y}}=12 \mathrm{~F} .8 \mathrm{C}$.
Gold-ro Fl. Silver-1, $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 , and $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{Fl}$. Copper-1, $2 \frac{1}{2}$, and 5 Cents. Paper notes are issued for 10 to 1000 Fl .

## IITDIA.

Monetary Unit-Rupee
$=16$ Annas............ 1s. 3 d. I An. $=1 d$. Ex. Val. $f_{1}=15$ Rs. Silver- $2,4,8$, and 16 Annas. Bronze- $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 , and I Anna. Paper notes are in circulation of $5,10,20$, 50 , and 100 Rupees. A Lac = 100,000 Rs. A Crore $=100$ Lacs.

LTALI. Normal
Monetary Unjit-Lira $=$ Value 100 Centesimy........... 9id. ro $C_{\text {. }}=1 d$. Ex. value $K_{\mathrm{I}}=$ 25 L. 50 C.
Paper currency is in general use in notes of $5,10,25,50,100$ 500 and 1000 Lire. French gold coins pass freely, the value of the Lure being rather less than that of a Franc.

## PORTUGAL.

## Monetary Unit-Milreis

$=1000$ Reis $\qquad$ ...45. 6 d 20 R. $=$ xd. Ex. Value $f_{\mathrm{I}}=$ 6M. 300 R. A Conto $=1,000,000$ R.

## RUSSIA.

Monetary Unit-Rouble
$\overline{\mathrm{C}} 100$ Copecks..........2s. $1 \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{~d}$
$4 \overline{\mathrm{C}}=1 d$. Ex. Value $\mathrm{KI}_{\mathrm{I}}=$ 9 R. 35 C.
Paper notes of $1,3,5,10,25$, 50 , and 100 Roubles, and Gold coins of $15,7 \frac{1}{2}$, and 5 Roubles are used, with nickel and copper coins for fractions of a Rouble.

## spans.

Monetary Unit-Pcseta
$=100$ Centesimas ….. 99d Ex. Value $\mathrm{fr}_{\mathrm{I}}=34 \mathrm{P} ., 3 \circ \mathrm{C}$. Gold-25 Pesetas. Silver-x, 2, and 5 Pesetas. Copper- 5 and ro C. Notes of 25, 50, 100, 500 and 1000 Pesetas.

## 8WTKZERRLAND.

Same as Belgium. Nicke! is used instead of Copper; with this exception French and Belgian money circulates throughout Switzerland.

## TURERY.

Monetary Unit-Piastre
$=40$ Paras ............... $2 d$
Ex. Value $f_{1}=110$ Piastres
20 Pias. $=1$ Medjidic. 100


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| One day............................ $3^{\frac{1}{3}}$ by $2 \frac{3}{4}$ | 4 | - 6 | 24 | 10 | 24 T | 16 | 245 | 20 |
| Waistcoat Pocket, 3 day ...... 3 by $2 \frac{1}{\text { d }}$ | 5 | - 6 | 25 | 10 | 25 T | 10 | 255 | 16 |
| Week in opening ............... 4i by $2 \frac{3}{4}$ | 6 | - 6 | 26 | 10 | 265 | 10 | 265 | 16 |
| Week in opening .............. $4 \frac{1}{\text { b }}$ by $3 \frac{1}{\text { a }}$ | 7 | - 6 | 27 | 10 | 27 T | 16 | 27 S | 20 |
| Mems. and Cash ............. 5i by 2\% ${ }^{\frac{5}{2}}$ | 9 | - 8 | 29 | I 6 | 29 T | 20 | 295 | 20 |
| Week in opening................. $3^{\frac{3}{7}}$ by $2 \frac{1}{4}$ | 10 | - 6 | 30 | 10 | 307 | 1 | 305 | $\times 6$ |
| One day............................. $4 \frac{1}{2}$ by $2 \frac{6}{8}$ | 12 | 26 | 112 | 30 | 112 T | 30 |  |  |
| Mems. and Cash................. 5 良 by $2 \frac{1}{8}$ | 13 | - 6 | 33 | 10 | 133 | 16 |  |  |
| Oblong Shape .................... $4 \frac{1}{8}$ by $2 \frac{1}{8}$ | 14 | - 6 | 34 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Week on a page ................. 4 by $2 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3}}$ | 15 | - 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Week on a page .................. $4 \frac{5}{8}$ by 3 | 16 | - 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two day ......................... 3 by $2 \frac{1}{8}$ | 17 | 10 |  |  | 37T | 16 |  |  |
| One day.......................... ${ }^{3 \frac{1}{4}}$ by 22 | 18 | - 6 | 38 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| One day, Fr. Mor.,with band,gilt edged, \} round corners, loop pencil $3^{\frac{1}{4}}$ by 2$\}$ |  |  |  | I 6 |  |  |  |  |

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| Do. | 1007 |  | 10 | 16 |  |  |  | 20 | 2527 |  |
| Do. ${ }^{\text {D }}$ 41 by $2 \frac{5}{3}$ | 100 | 10 | 06a | 10 | 1306 |  |  |  | 2526 | 66 |
| ems. and Cash $5 \frac{1}{2}$ by ${ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | 1009 | 12 | 2009 | 20 |  |  |  | 26 |  | 86 |

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[^18]
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Dr. Rice has cured who had been ruptured before has any one ever testimony, for never such a certain cure for Screeton, Patrington, is one of the men whom to perfect health.

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Mr, HENRY SCREETON. Photo by Turner \& Drinkwater. the patient one bit of danger, and also without time from the daily occuand sends his method the sufferer's home, without assistance, and fort and relief.
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W. T. STEAD, Esq., the Editor of the "Review of Reviews," writeos :Geo. Wilde, Esq.

Axgust 23rd, 1893.
Dear Slr,-I yesterday read over your Horoscope to the subject of it-the test case, I mearm You will be pleased to know that both he and I were immensely staggered by your suovess, You had hit off with extraordinary accuracy so many events of his past life that it was quite wonderful.

1 am, Yours very truly,
(Signed) W. T. STEAD.

# NOTES ON THE <br> <br> TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTH ISSUE 

 <br> <br> TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTH ISSUE}

OF

## MOORE'S ALMANAC.

To observant persons it is no uncommon experience that those minds which are apparently the most eager in the pursuit of knowledge and the most apt in the expression of natural laws, are frequently blind to the paramount evidence of some special aspect of the truth. Thus while wireless telegraphy has familiarised the scientific mind to the phenomenon of sympathetic vibration at a distance, and while the theory of the electronised atom is eagerly accepted by modern scientists, the stupendous fact of the solidarity of the great Solar Atom with its interaction of planetary electrons (of which our Earth is but one of many), appears to have altogether escaped their recognition. But the day is not far distant when the "vicious circle " of human thought will bring the scientific searcher after truth into the fuller knowledge of old-world beliefs, and chief among them will be the recognition of planetary influence in human affairs. Already the fact of Lunar action in the production of Earthquakes has received scientific recognition. The rest will follow as surely as that every effect depends immediately upon its own cause. Our task is not a fruitless one, and what has been termed "a lingering belief in old-world superstitions" will to-morrow, or the next day, receive the recognition of every honest thinker and every correct observer.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { FRANCIS MOORE, } \\
& \text { Physician. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## NOTES ON THE YEAR.

During the first five centuries after the birth of Christ, the Christians, comparatively few in number, and scattered among different and distant peoples, used in their records no other mode of expressing dates than those which prevailed amongst the nations of which they severally formed a part. In 532 A. D., when their numbers and importance had augmented, Diony. sius Exiguus, a monk of Scythian birth, proposed that all Christians should adopt the epoch of the birth of Christ as their point of departure in counting time and in the expression of dates. This rendered necessary an investigation into the question of the date of that event. Dionysius made historical researches, and finally assigned the birth of Christ to the 25th day of December

Dominical Letter for the year 1904.



Epact
in the 753 rd year from the foundation of Rome (but this is now admittedly erroneous).

It might have been expected, therefore, that the first Christian year would commence on that day, and that its anniversary would be the first day of each succeeding year. It was, however, found inconvenient to change the commencement of the year, and it was resolved to adhere to that of the Roman year heretofore used by the Church -that is, to the 1st January, and that the first year of the Christian era should be the 754 th year from the foundation of Rome. According to the mode of reckoning finally adopted, therefore, the year I A.D. was that which commenced at the moment of the midnight between the 3 rst December in the 753 rd year, and the ist January in the 754th year of Rome.

Solar Cycle for the year :904 ............... 9
Roman Indiction "............... 2
Julian Period, Year of ", ............... 6617

The Dominical or Sunday Letter is the letter of the alphabet used to indicate the incidence of the Sundays in the Ecclesiastical Calendar-thus in 1904 (leap year) the first Sunday will fall on the third day, and the letter C (3rd letter) will fall opposite the first and every following Sunday for that year till Feb. 28, when B (2nd letter) takes its place.
The Golden Number is the number of years elapsed in the Lunar Cycle or period of 19 years, at the end of which period the same aspects of the moon recur within an hour and a half of the same times.

The Epact is a number representing the age of the moon on the first day of the new year.

The Solar Cycle is a period of 28 years, within which the Dominical or Sunday Letters, and those that express the other festivals, \&c., return in the same order as before.

The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces.
The Julian period contains 7980 years (being the Lunar Cycle of 19, the Solar Cycle of 28, and the Roman indiction of 15 multiplied together). The Julian period is reckoned as having begun 4713 years before our era, so that the year 1904 corresponds with 6617 of that period. It is used in astronomical and chronological calculations throughout the world.

## MOORE'S FULFILLED PREDICTIONS OF 1902.

## PREDICTIONS.


#### Abstract

"The winter quarter will be very cold and heavy cyclones will do much damage."


"OurColonial interests will prosper, and about the beginning of February there will be especial cause for gratification in this direction."
"Fiscal reforms are imperative . . . The general import is in the direction of sweeping reforms and initiations of a progressive nature."

> "January-Unusual indications of financial stress. Fiscal problems of the nation will come in for unusual attention and Army supplies will be a sore point with the financiers."
"February - Financial questions will be much discussed in the House, and a strong opposition will be in evidence. Our colonies will make rapid strides, and the expansion of the Empire will give cause for satisfaction."
" March-The condition of the public service department will cause angry comment. The affairs of the Army do not go well. An outbreak of typhoid fever is to be feared.

## FULFILMENTS.

The extreme cold of the season caused great suffering among the poor and did much to paralyse trade.

This marked the Diplomatic operations of Mr. Chamberlain in South Africa, where the foundations for a racial coalition were laid.

The Budget was satisfactory. Several points of pressure were relieved, and the introduction of the Corn Tax' was certainly the most sweeping reform contemplated.

The financial condition of the country was well reflected in the City, where everything was at a point of great depression. The "phantom corps" of the Minister of War were severely criticised.

The Budget reforms were generally of a satisfactory nature, but the Opposition ran the Government close more than once on financial points. The prosperous condition of Canada and the more restful state of South Africa were much commented upon.

The " ragging "of subalterns in the Army caused a terrible scandal at this time. The returns of the Regis-trar-General showed a surprising increase in cases of typhoid during the month.

The above notes constitute a few examples of the power of forecasting the probable trend of events in the political, social, and financial worlds. As time goes on the possibility of using this power in individual and national affairs will become ever more popular. It is futile to suppose that men like Tycho Brahe, Kepler, Sir Isaac Newton, Sir George Mitchell, Russell of Killowen, and men of similar calibre, could subscribe their belief to a mere superstition. Ignorance of the modus operandi of the planets in human affairs is unfortunately all too prevalent, but that circumstance does not negative the operation of natural laws, and it is only the untrained mind that takes refuge in such phrases as "coincidence" and "chance." All coincidences are expressions of natural law, and where Law reigns Chance can have no place.

# PREDICTIONS FOR THE YEAR. THE FOUR QUARTERS. 

The Winter Quarter.
The Winter Quarter begins on December 23, 1903, and ends on March 21st. The horoscope of the Nation for this Quarter cannot by any chance be called a fortunate one. Strikes will be numerous and extensive and considerable lawlessness will result. Our Treasury will be fairly competent to meet all demands made upon it, and the position of the Government will be stable. Railway traffics will be considerably greater than for some time past, and some improvements will be made in methods of traffic.

The Quarter will not be far advanced before there is a financial panic, probably due to Bank failures either here or on the Continent. This event will transpire about the end of January, 1904.

Shortly after Christmas, at the end of 1903, there will be trouble in the West, and shipping questions are likely to come into prominence.

The public health during the quarter will be remarkably good, and the death-rate should be below par on that account.

The King will enjoy good health, but may suffer some domestic affliction. It is probable that a scheme for popularising winter residence on the Continent will make prominent headway during this period.

The following forecasts are put forward as included in the probable events of the Quarter:

December 26, 1903, shipping accidents out West, violent gales. Rupture in foreign relations. January 7, financial questions. Big rise in railway Stocks. End of January, financial crisis, fall of Stocks. Bank failures. February 5, financial adjustment. Treasury returns unsatisfactory. March The Sun enters Aries, March 21st, 1904, at $0^{\mathrm{b}} 59^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m.


7, big increase in traffics. At the beginning of February and middle of March strikes are organised.

## The Spring Quarter

Commences on March 21, 1904, and ends on June 21. The horoscope for this Quarter indicates a state of some tension in the labour market, trade returns still unsatisfactory, railway traffics still good and improving. Strikes are still much to the fore. Accidents occur on railways in the East and North. Shipping accidents occur round our coasts. Loss of life happriy small. The Educational question is again prominent. The rising generation will be afflicted in health, and affairs relating to theatres and places of amusement will not proceed well. The condition of the public health will be fairly satisfactory, but some outbreak of smallpox is likely. Heavy destruction of property by fire will be experienced in this country. Our foreign relations are strained and will need careful handling. South Africa becomes a thorn in our side once more. Intrigues and sedition are likely to make headway. The Government is strong. Royalty may experience sickness, and a journey may be necessary.

The following indications are prominent during the Quarter:
March 26, diplomatic relations strained. Strong gales round our coasts. Increase in railway traffics. April 8, great fires chiefly in the East and North, probably in Birmingham or Leicester. Outbreak of zymotic disease. May 9, fall in Stocks, bad trade returns, financial stringency. Heavy rains. Trouble in theatres and places of amusement. Overcrowding of children is under discussion. Strikes. Middle of June, public unrest, dissatisfaction, strikes.

## The Summer Quarter

Begins on June 21, and extends to September 23. The indications this Quarter are not favourable to public health, and infectious disease will be unusually prevalent, especially in London where an extensive outbreak is to be feared. Our diplomatic relations will be far from satisfactory, and trouble is liable to occur in the West. Financial questions in relation to our African possessions will become prominent. The general condition of the people will show marked improvement as the summer advances. Railway returns will be more than ever satisfactory, and considerable advance in the prices of Stock should result. Some outbreak and disorder will occur in connection with one of our prisons or reformatories, but will be suppressed. Royalty is disposed to travel in foreign lands. America may be the recipient of honours. Shipping interests will prosper. Educational reforms will progress. The financial condition of the country will be in most respects satisfactory.

The following predictions are put forward in connection with this quarter:
End of June, foreign relations strained. Diplomatic errors. Cyclones in America and Canada. July 9, shipping accidents. End of July, outbreak of fever. August 14, heavy weather. Drowning fatalities. Troubles in Germany. September 16, cholera and dysentery abound, death-rate high. September 20, excitement in hospitals and prisons.

## The Autumn Quarter

Commences on September 23, and extends to December 22. The indications are not so favourable as during the last Quarter The financial condition is worse, and railway traffics fall off in consequence of the tightness of money and decrease in trading returns. The position of the Government is none too secure at this period of the year. The Exchequer will sustain heavy expenditure satisfactorily. Violent gales will do extensive damage to shipping on the high seas and around our coasts. An outbreak of fire on one of the gunboats is likely to occur. Foreign trade will not be satisfactory. The
public health will be fairly good, but affections of the head and kidneys are likely to make headway. Strikes are likely to be ended and differences adjusted during the quarter. The public mind is exercised on account of the sequestration of Royalty. It is probable that the health of the Sovereign will be precarious and a subject of anxiety. Strange deaths will be reported frequently, and deaths from drowning will be more than usually frequent. A new element of mystery is imported to certain cases during the Quarter, and will create discussion. The general indications are favourable to our.operations abroad, and to most other departments of national life except shipping interests and finance.

The following predictions are for the Autumn Quarter:
October 2, mysterious deaths occur. A great mariner may pay his last debt to Nature. October 15 , the Treasury scores a success. November 8, railway collision, Financial position unsatisfactory, fall in Stocks. November 18, explosion or fire on board a man-of-war or gun-boat. December 9 , severe loss in shipping, wrecks and loss of life. December 19, danger of trade dispute or strike, probably adjusted very speedily.

The following Eclipses will occur during the year 1904:
Two Eclipses of the Sun, one annular and the other total. The particulars of these eclipses and their astrological significance are here stated:

## Annular Eclipse of the Sun, March 17, 1904, at $5^{\text {h }} 4^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. Invisible at Greenwich.

The eclipse is central at noon in longitude 93 degrees East. The line of eclipse begins in the Indian Ocean just north of Mauritius. The central eclipse begins in Madagascar and travels Eastward, is central at noon over the Malay Peninsula, crosses the Philippine Islands, and ends S.E. of Japan in longitude 157 E . and latitude 25 N .

Falling in the last decanate of Pisces, this eclipse threatens an outbreak of military lawlessness, sedition, cruelty and inhumanity among soldiers. Insurrections and riotous proceedings will disturb the populace of those parts which come under this eclipse, notably the Malay Archipelago. Earthquakes will follow within three months of this eclipse. There will be a great dearth of fish, and many outbreaks among prisoners in various parts. A notable Judge or Chancellor will die. It is evil for all the nobility who were born about March 17 or September 18 in any year. In England the eclipse falls in the ist House, and threatens considerable mortality among the people, probably due to fish poisoning, and also indicates strong religious factions and dissensions. It is evil for the Government of the country, and changes may be expected shortly.

## Total Eclipse of the Sun, September 9, 1904, at $8^{\text {h }} 49^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m.

The eclipse begins in the Marshall Islands of the Pacific, and travels East and South, crossing the Equator in about longitude 140 W. of Greenwich, crossing Chili and ending in the N. of Argentina Republic.
Falling in the second decanate of Virgo it indicates a deadly famine and pestilence, which will chiefly affect those parts where the eclipse is visible, namely the Islands of the Pacific and some parts of S. America. As the Moon will then be in perigee, there will be a terrible earthquake and great destruction of crops and property in S. America, most probably in Ecuador or British Columbia. There will be fighting in the Congo State of Africa. The worst effects of this eclipse will be felt about October 27. In England there will be great mortality among children, due to some outbreak of cholera, and our food supplies will need more than ordinary thought and care. In France there will be terrible accidents to places of amusement, theatres, etc., and a malignant fever threatens the younger generation of these parts.

## EXPLANATION OF THE CALENDAR, ASPECTS, \&\&c.

The first columns of the left page show the day of the month, week, and year-the figures in the latter column indicating the number of days from the beginning of the year.

The column headed "Notes" shows the Sundays, Church festivals and Holy days, Aspects (as to which see below), Astronomical and other notes. (The Saints' days printed in italics are not kept by the Church of England.) The right ascension of the principal planets at certain dates is also given. The thick rule on left of this column indicates the duration of the various Law Sittings.

The columns headed "Moon" show-ist. The moon's age (that is, the nearest number of days, without fractions, that have elapsed since the preceding New Moon). (This is sometimes useful in estimating roughly the time of High Water in localities where the usual tide-tables are not available.) 2nd. Duration of Moonlight from 6 to 9 and 9 to 12 p.m., and 12 to 3 and 3 to 6 a.m. (It will of course not be lost sight of that at certain periods of the year the rising or setting of the Moon must occur in daylight. As the object of the column is solely to show the hours when there is Moonlight, no notice is taken of the fact that there may also be Daylight.) 3rd, 4th, and 5th: The hour of rising (Greenwich mean time), when the Moon is due south and has attained her greatest altitude (astronomically when the Moon Transits or passes the meridian), and the hour of Setting. In these columns where a waved rule line occurs it indicates a period post meridiem, whilst a dotted rule line indicates ante meridiem.

The columns headed "Sun" show -Ist. The Rising and Setting of the Sun(Greenwich time). 2nd. Equation of Time, or the period which is needed to adjust civil to astro-
nomical time. 3rd. The Sun's declination.

On the right page is given the time of High Water at London Bridge, morning and afternoon, the time of Ecliptic conjunction with the Moon of principal planets, Weather Forecasts (as to which see below), Voice of the Stars for the month, and Notes on Birthday influences.
The dates of very High Tides are accurately predicted as a useful warning for localities adjacent to the river. Precaution is, however, urgent only when atmospheric disturbances are prevalent, more especially high north winds and a low state of the barometer with continued rain. A very high spring tide is unusually sensitive, and is much affected by these disturbing influences.

Explanation of the Aspects. Conjunction, б.-Two heavenly bodies are in conjunction with one another when both have the same longitude. Semi-quartile. - Two heavenly bodies are in mutual semiquartile when the difference of their longitudes is exactly $45^{\circ}$. Sextile, $*$. -A difference of longitude of $60^{\circ}$. Quintile.-A difference of longitude of $72^{\circ}$. Quartile or Quadrature, ㅁ. -A difference of longitude of $90^{\circ}$. Trine, $\Delta$.-A difference of longitude of $120^{\circ}$. Opposition, 8.A difference of longitude of $180^{\circ}$ (half the circle). Sesquiquadrate.-A difference of longitude of $135^{\circ}$. Bi-quintile.-A difference of longitude of $144^{\circ}$. The major aspects are the conjunction, sextile, quartile, trine, and opposition. The minor aspects (determined by Kepler, the great astronomer) are the $30^{\circ}, 36^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 72^{\circ}$, $135^{\circ}$ and $144^{\circ}$. The conjunction varies in nature according to the natures of the planets forming it. The sextile and trine are benefic; the quartile and opposition are malefic
aspects. Of the minor aspects the $45^{\circ}$ and $135^{\circ}$ are malefic, the rest are benefic.

When two planets have the same declination they are said to be in parallel declination, and this, like the conjunction, varies in nature according to the natures of the planets. The conjunction is weak when the conjoined planets are far apart in declination.

Nature of the Planets. - All the planets are capable of exerting a good and bad influence, according to the aspects they form to the Sun, Moon, and the angles of the figure for any ingress, lunation, \&c. The simple natures of the planets are known by the effects attending their conjunctions with these Significators, as they are called. In this respect Jupiter and Venus are benefic, and also Mercury when not afflicted by evil aspects. Neptune, Uranus, Saturn, and Mars are evil.

The Weather.-The influence of the planets over the atmospheric changes constantly occurring on the earth is a fact already well established. Prof. Falb of Vienna has a cyclic period of 79 years which corresponds to the periodic conjunction of the planets Mars and Mercury, which form their conjunctions every 79 years on the same day of the year. His failures are due to the fact of his not having taken the other celestial bodies into account. The predictions in this Almanac are based on the Solar configurations with all the celestial bodies, and the mutual aspects of the planets among themselves as seen from the Earth. It will be generally noticed that there is a downfall of some sort, according to the season of the year, about the day of the Change and Full of the Moon. It is true that the conjunction of Mars and Mercury has a disturbing effect upon the weather in the production of violent storms, which was observed by Jerome Cardan, and afterwards certified by the great
astronomer Kepler, but it is futide to suppose that all the changes of the weather can be predicted from only one source. The science of Astrometeorology, while far outstripping the efforts of all other systems, especially in its storm-periods, is yet far from perfect. Thus, while it is evidently the fact that all the great storms can be predicted with great certainty and precision, the particular locality which may be affected is largely a matter of speculation.

Lunar Influence. - This influence on mundane affairs varies according to the nature of the body with which the Moon forms configurations in her rapid course. When the Moon is in sextile or trine with the Sun it is a good time for asking favours, seeking employment, or travelling for health. With Saturn, for dealing with farmers, miners, and old people ; for purchasing houses or land; and for planting or sowing. With Jupiter, for opening new business, dealing with merchants, bankers, and rich people. With Mars, for consulting surgeons, engineers, and mechanical people. With Venus, for courting, pleasure-seeking, marrying, engaging maidservants, visiting friends, and taking lessons in music. With Mercury, for seeking employment ; writing letters or articles, or books; dealing with printers, editors, publishers, or lawyers ; for sending children to school for the first time, binding apprentices, and travelling. With Uranus, for scientific work, dealing with electrical engineers, or for learning astronomy or astrology. Astrologers find that affairs begun under such configurations proceed more successfully than at other times -Solomon found that "to everything there is a season, and a time for every purpose under the heavens." It is important to ascertain, however, that the moon has no evil aspect (quartile or oppostion) or conjunction with either Saturn, Mars, or Uranus at the time selected, or the good influence will be nullified.


The 13 th day, at 9 h . aftern. (if) Venus
The 17th day, at 4 h . aftern. (审) Mercury
The 18th day, at io h. aftern. (h) Saturn
The 20th day, at 5 h . aftern. ( ( ) Mars
The 22nd day, at 10 h . morn. (4) Jupiter
$\left\{\begin{array}{c|c}\text { is in } \\ \text { ecliptic } \\ \text { conjunction } \\ \text { with the } & \text { High Tides. } \\\right.$\cline { 2 - 3 } Moon. \& Jan. 5 <br> Mo \& $, " 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$


Jan. 1, Obliquity of the Ecliptic, $23^{\circ} 27^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$. ${ }^{\text {Long. }} 8 \mathrm{r}^{\circ} 8^{\prime}$ of Moon's ascending Node, $18 \mathrm{I}^{\circ} 8^{\prime}$.
1, Length of Day, $7^{\mathrm{h}} 55^{\mathrm{m}}$; 3rst, $8^{\mathrm{h}} 59^{\mathrm{m}}$.
", 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{\mathrm{m}^{\prime}} 10^{\circ} 7^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} \quad 17^{-6} 6^{\prime \prime}$.
, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m 0} 9^{\circ} 5^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter $16^{\prime} 16^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
4, Moon in Perigee ; 19th, Apogee.

Mercury is in Aquarius and in inferior conjunction with the Sun on the 17 th.
Venus is a Morning Star in Sagittarius; near the Moon on the 13 th, and Uranus on the 28th.
Mars is an Evening Star in Pisces, setting about three hours after the Sun.
Jupiter is an Evening Star in Pisces, near the Moon on the 21st.
Saturn is an Evening Star in Aquarius, setting shortly after the Sun.


Vast is the Power that form'd this lovely ball, Immense the Being who presides o'er all; At his command from chaos order rose, He on creation harmony bestows; Let universal Nature then proclaim The glorious Author of this beauteous frame.


If February give much snow, a fine summer it doth foreshow.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Pisces 20d. 1h. a.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | \% | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { M'n- } \\ \text { light. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Rises | uths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clock } \\ & \text { fast } \end{aligned}$ | Dec. |
| M | 32 | Full Moon 4.33 p.m. | $\bigcirc$ |  | 5. | a.m. | 7. 3 | 7.43 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \mathrm{h} . \mathrm{m} . \\ 4.45 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} . \\ & 13.37 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{s}^{1} \\ & 725 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 Tu | 33 | Purilication S. $\mathrm{B} . \mathrm{V} . \mathrm{M}$ | 16 |  | 6.23 | 0.28 | 7.43 | .41 | 4.471 | 13.45 | 78 |
| 3 W | 34 | S. Blase [Candlemas | 17 |  | 7.45 | 1.27 | $8 \cdot 18$ | . 40 | 4.48 | 13.531 | 1651 |
| 4 Th | 35 |  | 18 |  |  | 2.23 | 8.48 | . 38 | 4.501 | 14. | 1633 |
| F | 36 | $S$. | 19 |  | 10.2 | 3.17 | 9.17 | 37 | 4.521 | 14. 61 | 1616 |
| 6 S | 37 |  | 20 |  | 11.3 | 4. 9 | 46 | 5 | 4.54 | 14.11 | 1558 |
|  | 38 |  | 21 |  | a.m | 5. | 0.17 | 33 | 4.561 |  | 39 |
| 8 M | 39 |  | 『 |  | 0. | 5.51 | 10.49 | 32 | 4.581 | 1 | 21 |
| 9 Tu | 40 | y | 23 |  | 1.5 | 6.41 | 11.24 | 30 | 5. 01 | 1 | 5 |
| 10 W | 41 | Treaty of Paris, 1763 | 24 |  |  | 7.31 | 0. | 29 | 5. 11 | 1 | 443 |
| 11 Th | 42 |  | 25 |  | 3.5 | 8.20 | 0.47 | 27 | 5. 31 | 1 | 1423 |
| 12 F | 43 |  | 26 |  |  | 9. 9 | 1.38 | 25 | 5. | 14.25 | 14 |
| 13 S | 44 |  | 27 |  |  | 9.57 | 2.33 | 23 | 5. | 14.25 | 44 |
| $\mathfrak{j}$ | 45 | Qumouag | 28 |  | 6. | 10.43 | 3.31 | . 21 | 5. 9 | 1 | 324 |
| 15 M | 46 | Kimb'ley relieved, 1900 | 29 |  | 6.32 | 11.28 | 4.30 | 19 | 11 |  | 134 |
| 16 Tu | 47 | Shrove Tuesday. New |  |  | 7. | 0.13 | 5.32 | 17 | 5.12 | 1 | 1243 |
| 17 W | 48 | Ash [Moon $11.5 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | 1 |  | 7.2 | 0.56 | . 3 | 15 | 5.14 | 1 | 1222 |
| 18 Th | 49 | day | 2 |  | 7.51 | 1.39 | ) | 4 | 5.16 | 14.13 | 2 |
| 19 F | 50 |  | 3 |  | 8.14 | 2.22 | 8.40 |  | 5. | 14. 8 | 40 |
| 20 S | 51 | Duch | 4 |  | 8.37 | 3. 5 | 5.44 | 7.10 | 5.20 |  | 119 |
| 亏 | 52 | 1 11 İcti [1867 | 5 |  | 9. 2 | 3.50 | 10.48 | 7. 8 | 5.21 | 13.5 | 1058 |
| 22 | 53 |  | 6 |  |  | 4.36 | 11, | 7. 6 | 5.23 | 13.50 | 1036 |
| 23 Tu | 54 |  | 7 |  | 10. | 5.25 | .m | 7. 4 | 5.25 | 513.43 | 1014 |
| 24 W | 55 | S. Mauhozs Em. Day | D |  | 10.3 | 6.17 | 0.5 | 7. 1 | 5.27 | . 35 | 952 |
| 25 Th | 56 | LFirst Quarter11.9a.m. | 9 |  | 11.23 | 7.12 | 2. | 59 | 5.29 | 913.26 | 930 |
| 26 F | 57 | Ember Day. [1881 | 10 |  |  | 8. | 9) 3 . | 6.57 | 5.30 | 013.17 |  |
| 27 S | 58 | Ember Day. Majuba, |  |  |  | 9. | 8 8. | 6.55 | 5.32 | 13. | 846 |
| 9 | 59 | ill ILCut. Paar | 12 |  |  | 10. | 4.50 | 6.53 | 5.34 | 412.56 | 823 |
| 29 M | 60 | [berg, 1900 | 13 |  | 3. | 11. | 5.33 | - 6.51 | 5.36 | 612.45 | 81 |

Monthly Notes.

1. Within 21 days the Clerk of the Peace of every County and the Town Clerk of every Borough to transmit to the Secretary of State a printed copy of the Register of Voters. Partridge and Pheasant shooting ends.
2. Candlemas, Scotch Quarter Day.
3. S. Blase, Blaze, or Blasius, is, with but little authority, considered the patron of the

Woolcombers of England. Scotch Salmon fishing begins.
19. Nine days at least before March ist Town Clerks to publish a notice of the election of Auditors.
22. Latest date for nominating Borough auditors.
28. Hare Hunting ends.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M.; dotted rule, A.M.
The 13th day, at 4 h . morn. (i) Venus

The 14th day, at 4 h morn. ( $\dagger$ ) Mercury
The 15 th day, at II h. morn. (h) Saturn
The 18th day, at 7 h . aftern. ( $\delta^{\circ}$ ) Mars
The 19th day, at 3 h . morn. (4) Jupiter
$\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { is in } \\ \text { ecliptic } \\ \text { conjunction } \\ \text { with the } \\ \text { Moon. }\end{array}\right.$

## High Tides.

Feb. 3
$\begin{array}{ll}", & 4 \\ ", & 5\end{array}$

| $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{㐅}$ |  |  | The month opens cold and dreary with considerable downfall especially in the North. Easterly winds blow about the 2nd for a day or two and then go more nertherly for storms about |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | Aft. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1.13 | 1.39 | 5th. Warmer weather succeeds to the New Moon when |
| 2 | 2. 5 | 2.29 | there will be some downfall. Cooler and changeful about the |
| 3 | 51 | 3.16 | following days. Storms on the 25th and 26th, with shifting |
| 4 | 39 | 4. 1 | Storm periods, 2nd, 5th, and 25th. |
| 5 | . 24 | 4.48 |  |
| 6 | 5.10 | 5.31 | e malefic planet, in the mid-heaven |
| 7 | 5.54 | 6.16 | the horoscope for the New Moon this month, is a portent of |
| 8 | 6.39 | 7. 2 | the month is filled with some sense of dread and appre- |
| 9 | 29 | 7.58 | ension of evil. The Exchequer will be called upon to make |
| 10 | 8.30 | 9. 6 | heavy disbursements. The attention of the country appears to be centred on the Government and its prospects, and the |
| 11 | 9.49 | 0.31 | ing powers are in danger by the hand of a sinister fate. |
| 12 | 1.10 | 11.47 | The public health will be good during this lunation. Some |
| 13 |  | 0.19 | breach will occur between our country and one of her colonies. Spain is troubled by the presence of Uranus in its ruling |
| 14 | 47 | . 11 | sign, but will make good its cause and will continue to claim |
| 15 | 32 | 1.53 | the confidence of its atlies. Daring scenes will be enacted in |
| 16 | 2.11 | 2.27 | Portugal. The king of that country is disposed to act rashly. The condition of affairs on the Continent is not satisfactory |
| 17 | 43 | 2.58 | and both Russia and Germany are capable of giving us a great |
| 18 | 3.14 | 3.29 | deal of trouble at this time. The conjunction of Mars and |
| 19 | 44 | 59 | Jupiter this month will produce heavy thunder-storms about the |
| 20 | 4.16 | 31 |  |
| 21 | 4.46 | 5 |  |
| 22 | 16 | 5.32 | The-1st will prove an unkind day for those born thereon, and the year will be unfortunate for the male side of the family, and |
| 23 | 5.50 | 6.10 | for the general fortunes of those born thereon. The 12th |
| 24 | 6.31 | 6.55 | increases the social success of those born thereon, and gives |
| 25 | 7.23 | 7.53 | from worry and anxiety; the 14th is evil for females and for |
| 26 | 8.27 | 9. 8 | the fortunes of those born thereon; the 16th brings changes in |
| 27 | 9.55 | 0.38 | the life during the course of the year. The 18th is exciting, |
| 28 | 11.19 | 11.57 | ts. |
| 29 |  | 0.29 | disbursements, ending in self-reproach. |

The-Ist will prove an unkind day for those born thereon, and for the general fortunes of those born thereon. The 12th increases the social success of those born thereon, and gives a happy year to its subjects; the 13th produces activity not exempt from worry and anxiety; the 14th is evil for females and for anes of the born theren feverish and accidental, but good fortune attends all efforts. The 25th will produce a year of speculative enterprise and heavy disbursements, ending in self-reproach.

[^19]Venus is a Morning Star in Capricornus, near the Moon on the 12 h.
Mars is an evening star in Pisces, setting about two hours after the Sun.
Jupiter is an evening star in Pisces, near the Moon on the 18 th .
Saturn in Aquarius is in conjunction with the Sun on the ist.

| 16 |  | MARCH XXXI Days |  |  |  |  |  |  | [MOORE'S |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All space is conscious to the ruling Mind, Who happy reigns, unrivall'd, unconfined : Angels and men to him their beings owe, With different ranks of creatures here below: Let men and angels then his praise proclaim, Declare his goodness, and adore his name. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| He who lops freely in March will get a lap full of fru |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Aries 21d. 1h. p.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| M. W. |  |  | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M'n- } \\ & \text { light } \end{aligned}$ |  | Souths | Sets | Ri | Sets | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Clock } \\ \text { fast } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
| Tu | 61 | S. David. Fly fishing | 14 |  |  | a.m. ${ }^{*}$ | * $6.1{ }^{*}$ | ${ }^{*}$ h.m. 6.49 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { a. } 5 . \\ & 2.34 \end{aligned}$ | $738$ |
| 2 W | 62 | Full Moon $2.48 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | $\bigcirc$ |  | 6.33 | 3, 0.4 | 4.6 .43 | 3.46 | 5.39 | 2.22 | 715 |
| 3 Th | 63 |  | 16 |  | 7.54 | 4, 1. 0 | 7.14 | 46.44 |  | 12. 9 | 652 |
| 4 F | 64 |  | 17 |  | 9.13 | 1.55 | 5 7.44 | $4{ }^{6} 6.42$ | 5.43 | 1.56 | 629 |
| 5 S | 65 |  | 18 |  | 10.28 | 8; 2.49 | 8. 8.15 | $5 \cdot 6.40$ | 5. | 43 | 6 |
| $6 \leftrightarrows$ | 66 | 3 | 19 |  |  | 3.41 | 18.47 | 76.38 | 5.46 | 1.29 | 543 |
| 7 M | 67 | $S$. | 0 |  |  | 4.34 | 49.22 | 6.36 | 5.48 | 1.14 | 520 |
| 8 Tu | 68 |  | 21 |  |  | 45.25 | 10. 1 | 16.33 | 5.50 | 1. | 456 |
| 9 W | 69 | Last Quarter 1.1 a.m. | © |  | 1.44 | 46.15 | 510.44 | 46.31 | 5.52 | 10.45 | 433 |
| 10 Th | 70 | King Edward VII. | 23 |  | 2.36 | 7. 5 | 511.33 | 3. 6.29 | 5.53 | 10.29 |  |
| 11 F | 71 | [married 1863 | 24 |  |  | 2.51 | 0.27 | 7 3.27 | 5.55 | 10.14 | 346 |
| 12 S | 72 | S. | 25 |  | 4. 1 | 18.40 | 1.24 | $4{ }^{6} 6.24$ | 5.57 | 9.58 | 322 |
| $18 \%$ | 73 | 4 in Yent. Mi | 26 |  |  | 5 9.26 | 2.23 | 3. 6.22 | 5.58 | 9.41 | 259 |
| $14 \mathrm{M}$ | 74 | [Lent | 27 |  |  | 310.10 | - 3.24 | 4 6.20 | 6. | 9.25 | 235 |
| 15 Tu | 75 |  | 28 |  |  | 010.54 | 4.26 | 68.17 | 6. 2 | 9. 8 | 211 |
| 16 | 76 | . [5.39 a.m. | 29 |  |  | 511.37 | 7.29 | 9: 6.15 | 6. 4 | 8.51 | 148 |
|  | 77 | $S$. |  |  |  | 80.20 | 0.6 .32 | 26.13 | 6. 5 | 8.34 | 124 |
| 18 | 78 | $S$. | 1 |  | 6.42 | 2. 1.4 | 4) 7.36 | 6 6.11 | 6. | 8.16 | 10 |
| 19 | 79 |  | 2 |  |  | 71.48 | 88.41 | $1 ; 6$ | 6. | 7.59 | 037 |
| $20 \leftrightarrows$ | 80 | DPassion ฐunర | 3 |  |  | 32.34 | 49.46 | 66. | 6.10 | 7.41 | 013 |
| 21 M | 81 | Vernal Equinox | 4 |  | 8. 3 | 3.22 | 210.51 | 16. | 6.12 | 7.23 | North |
| 22 Tu | 82 |  | 5 |  |  | 84.13 | 311.55 | $5 \cdot 6$ | 6. | 7. | 035 |
| 23 W | 83 |  | , |  | 9.19 | 9 5. 6 | 6 a.m. | . 5.59 | 6.15 | 6.47 | 058 |
| 24 Th | 84 | First Quarte | D |  | 10. 8 | 8 6. 0 | 0 0.56 | 6 | 6.17 | 6.28 | 122 |
| 25 F | 85 |  | 8 |  | 11. 7 | 76.57 | 71.52 | 2.5 .5 | 6.19 | 6.10 | 145 |
| 26 S | 86 | [Lady Day | 9 |  |  | 3.7 .54 | 4.2 .42 | 25.52 | 6. | 5.52 | 2 |
| 27. | 87 | TDaIm ¢unoav | 10 |  |  | 5 8.50 | 03.27 | $7{ }^{\text {¢ }} 5.50$ | 6. | 5.3 | 23 |
| 28 M | 88 | Duke of Albany d. 1884 | 11 |  |  | 9.47 | 7. 4. 5 | $5{ }^{5} 5.48$ | 6.24 | 5.1 | 256 |
| 29 Tu | 89 |  | 12 |  |  | 10.43 | 3, 4.39 | 9 9.45 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 319 |
| 30 W | 90 | Hilary Sittings end | 13 |  |  | 3 11.38 | 85.10 | 0 | 6.27 | 4.3 | 343 |
| 31 Th | 91\| | Full Moon 0.44 p.m. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | 3 a.m. | S 5.40 | 0 0. 5.41 | 6.29 | 4.2 | 46 |

Monthly Notes.

Royal Soc. of Brit. Artists' Exhibition opens this month.

1. S. David, Welsh tutelar saint. Auditors and Assessors of Municipalities elected. County Councillors to be elected between March 1 and $8 . \quad$ Factories and Workshops must by this date send to Inspector list of
persons employed during past year. Wild Birds protected till July 31 .
2. Overseers of the Poor in Urban parishes to be nominated and appointed within 14 days. School Board accounts to be made up to this date for the half-year.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.M. ; dotted rule, A.M.


| $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{z}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | AFt. |
| 1 | 0.58 | 1.23 |
| 2 | 1.48 | 2.11 |
| 3 | 2.35 | 2.57 |
| 4 | 8.19 | 3.42 |
| 5 | 4. 3 | 4.25 |
| 6 | 4.47 | 5. 7 |
| 7 | 5.27 | 5.45 |
| 8 | 6. 7 | 6.30 |
| 9 | 6.55 | 7.22 |
| 10 | 7.51 | 8.25 |
| 11 | 9.4 | 9.50 |
| 12 | 10.33 | 11.13 |
| 13 | 11.48 | - |
| 14 | 0.19 | 0.45 |
| 15 | 1. 6 | 1.26 |
| 16 | 1.45 | 2. 3 |
| 17 | 2.18 | 2.38 |
| 18 | 2.47 | 3. 2 |
| 19 | 3.16 | 3.32 |
| 20 | 3.46 | 4. 3 |
| 21 | 4.20 | 4.36 |
| 22 | 4.52 | 5. 9 |
| 23 | 5.26 | 5.45 |
| 24. | 6. 8 | 6.33 |
| 25 | 7. 0 | 7.31 |
| 26 | 8. 6 | 8.45 |
| 27 | 9.81 | 10.17 |
| 28 | 10.59 | 11.34 |
| 29 | - | 0. 9 |
| 30 | 0.37 | 1. 2 |
| 31 | 1.28 | 1.51 |

The month opens with mild weather for the season and continues bright to the 7th, when there will be heavy rains and cold air. On the 1 th cyclones or gales, with very cold and unsettled weather till the 20th. Warmer after the 22nd with fine skies. On the 27th much warmer. Probable thunder-storms. Cold and raw at the end of the month in mornings and nights, otherwise fine. Storm periods, 15th, 27th.
MoI! : 0! TIf: srlis.

The New Moon of the month falls on the 17th, and shows the malefic planet Uranus in the mid-heaven of the horoscope in evil aspect to the conjoined luminaries. This will be an evil month for Government and the Ruling Powers. Mutations and dissensions will be numerous in official circles, and it is even possible nay more, probable, that the country will be put to the vote. At all events a very determined effort will be made to overthrow the existing Government, and in such case there is little doubt that there will be a change of policy, if not of ministers. The trade indications are good, and in spite of the evils which beset the ruling powers, the returns of the country will be satisfactory. The general health is liable at this season of the year to be largely affected by more than usual pulmonary disease, and lung complaints will be varied and numerous. High seas and tidal waves will do some damage to property, especially at the end or March when violent storms will abound. The entry of the benefic planet Jupiter into the ruling sign of Old England, is good for the general prosperity of the country, but while Mars remains therein also, as it will do for some forty days, there will be more than ordinary excitement.

## rib'llllay INIIIIENCre.

The 2nd will bring some change of an adverse nature to those born thereon. The 7 th threatens some bereavement or severe disappointment. The 13 th is evil as regards the health of women and the fortunes of men. The 14th gives domestic joys, courtship, or marriage; the 1 th travelling and activity; the 17 th beneficial changes and good fortune ; the 18th, hurts to the throat, loss of money; the 20th, separations and estrangements, reverses, loss of male relatives. The 23 rd, deception and fraud may victimise those born thereon. The 26 th will bring a year of commercial activity and many new projects, mostly successful, and good fortune before the year is far advanced. The 3Ist shows reverses.

## Astronomiral Notes.

Mar. 2, Length of Day, $10^{10} 4^{8 \mathrm{~m}}$; 31st, $12^{\mathrm{n}} 4^{8 \mathrm{~mm}}$.
5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $x^{\mathrm{m}} 4^{\circ} 9^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 8^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{mm}^{\prime \prime} 3^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 4^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
1, Moon in Perigee; 14th, Apogee ; 2gth, Perigee.
", 17, Annular Eclipse of the Sun, invisible throughout the British Isles.

Mercury is in Pisces, in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 26th.
Venus is a Morning Star in Pisces, near Saturn on the 7 th and the Moon on the 14th.
Mars is an Evening Star in Aries, and visible for about an hour and a half after sunset.
Jupiter in Aries is in conjunction with the Sun on the 27 th.
Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius rising about an hour before the Sun.


* A waved rule on right indicates P.m. ; dotted rule, A.m.


Th' aspiring mountains and the mossy rocks, He stores with numerous herds and bleating flocks; With lovely corn the humble valley fills, With herbs and fragrant flowers, and murm'ring rills; The streams in sweet meanders gently play, Or in a rapid torrent urge their way.

| A drye May and a dripping June bring all things into tune. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dav of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Gemin 2ld. Oh. p.m. | MOON: |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| M. w. | Yr. |  | \% |  | \| | South | ets |  | Sets |  |  |
|  | 122 | 4 aft . Paster | 16 |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |
| 2 M | 123 | Royal Academy opéns | 17 |  | 10.16 | 1.53 |  | 4.33 | 7.22 |  | 520 |
| 3 Tu | 124 | Invention of the Cross | 18 |  |  | . 46 |  | 4.31 |  | 3.11 | 115 |
| 4 | 125 |  | 19 |  | 11.5 | 3.37 |  | 4.30 | 7.2 | 3.1 | 15 |
| 5 Th | 126 |  | 20 |  |  | 4.27 | 9. 1 | 28 | 7.2 | 3.2 | 16 |
| 6 | 127 | S. Jo | 21 |  | 0.35 | 5.151 | 10. | 4.26 | 7.2 | 3.29 | 1630 |
| 7 | 128 | Last Quar. 11.50 | , |  | 1. 8 | 6. 21 | 11. | 4.24 | 7. | 3.3 | 164 |
| 85 | 12. | TRogation ¥uno | 23 |  | 1.36 | 6.46 | 0. | 4.23 | 7.31 | 3.37 | 17 |
| 9 | 130 | Half Quarter Day | 24 |  | 2. 2 | 7.29 | 1. | 4.21 | 7.33 | 3.40 | 17 |
| 10 | 131 | Rogation Day | 25 |  | 2.26 | 8.12 | 2. | 4.19 | 7.3 | 3.43 | 173 |
| 11 | 13 | Rogation Day | 26 |  | 2.49 | 8.55 | 3.11 \} | \} 4.1 | 7.36 |  | 175 |
| 12 Th | 133 | Ascension Day | 27 |  | 3.13 | , | 4.16 | 4.16 | 7.37 | 3. | 18 |
| 13 F | 134 |  | 28 |  |  | 10.25 | $5.23{ }^{3}$ | \% 4.14 | 7.3 | 3.4 |  |
| 14 | 135 | Old May | 29 |  |  | 11.13 | 6.31 | 4.13 | 7.4 | 3.49 |  |
| 15 | 136 | ฐum,att. |  |  | 4.38 | 0. 3 \} | 7.38 | 4.11 | 7.4 |  | 18 |
| 16 | 137 | [Nev | 1 |  | 5.15 | 0.56 | 8.43 | 4.10 | 7.4 | 3.48 |  |
| 17 Tu | 138 |  | 2 |  | 5.59 | $1.51\}$ | 9.45 | 4. 8 | 7.45 | 3.47 | 1918 |
| 18 W | 139 | Mafe | 3 |  | 6.53 | 2.47 1 | 10.39 | 4. 7 | 7.46 |  | 19 |
| 19 Th | 140 | S. D | 4 |  | 7.54 | 3.43:1 | 11.27 | 4. 6 | 7.4 | 3.42 |  |
| 20 F | 14 | Easter | 5 |  | 9. 1 | 4.39 | a.m | 4. | 7.4 | 3.40 | 195 |
| 21 S | 142 |  | 6 |  | 10.14 | 5.34 | 0. $7^{\text {s }}$ | 4. | 7.5 | , |  |
| 229 | 143 | ひubitsull | D |  | 11.30 | 6.28 | 0.42 | 4. 2 | 7.5 | 3.32 |  |
| M | 144 | Whit Mon. | 8 |  | 0.46 | 7.20 ? | 1.14 | 4.1 | , | 3.2 |  |
| 24 | 14 | Whit | 9 |  | 2. 1$\}$ | 8.12 | 1.43 | 3.59 | 7.5 | 3.2 |  |
| 25 W | 146 | Ember D | 10 |  | 3.17 \} | 9. 3 | 2.11 | 3.58 | 7.56 | 3.17 |  |
| 26 Th | 147 | S. Augustin | 11 |  | 4.32 | 9.5\% | 2.39 | 3.57 | 7.5 |  |  |
| 27 F | 148 | Ember Day. Ven. Bede | 12 |  | 5.46 \% | 10.48 | 3. 9 | 3.56 | 7.59 |  | 11 |
| 28 S | 149 | [Full Moon 8.55 a.m. | 13 |  | 6.56 | 11.41 | 3.43 | 3.55 | 8. | 2.58 |  |
| 29 | 150 | Trinity | 0 |  | 8. 1 \} | a.m. | 4.21 | 3.54 | 8. | 2.51 |  |
| 30 M | 151 |  | 15 |  | 8.59 | 0.34 | 5. 4 | 3.53 | 8. | 2.43 |  |
| 31 | 152 | Trinity Sittings begin | 16 |  | 9.50 | 1.27 | 5. | +3.52 | 8. 3 |  |  |

## Monthly Notes.

[^20]8. S. Pierri destroyed by volcanic eruption, 1902.
15. Scotch Quarter Day, "Whitsunday." Licences for beer, wine and spirit retailers and tobacco dealers in Scotland expire.
31. Friendly Societies to make returns to the Registrar by this date. Last day for entry of inhabitant occupiers in rate book for registration purposes.


May 1, Length of Day, $14^{\text {h }} 45^{m}$; 31st, $16^{\text {h }} 11^{m}$.
" 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, 1 m 6.1"; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 52^{\circ \prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{m 7} 74^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 49^{\circ} 5^{\prime \prime}$.
8, Moon in Apogee; 22nd, Perigee.
Mercury is in Taurus, in inferior conjunction
with the Sun on the $\mathrm{I}_{3}$ th.

Venus is a Morning Star in Taurus, but visible only for about an hour before sunrise; near the Moon on the ${ }^{13}$ th.
Mars in Gemini is in conjunction with the Sun on the 30 th.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Aries, near the Moon on the 12th.
Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius, rising about three hours before the Sun.

You who expatiate o'er the moral plan, And trace the various passions of the man; Teach what is happiness, and what the end, Where virtuous practices or vicious tend: With Pope, in tuneful numbers let him know, "Virtue alone is happiness below."
June damp and warme does the gardener no harme.

## Monthly Notes.

> 1. Overseers to give notice on or before the 2oth inst. to voters who have not paid all poor rates due Jan. 5 (they lose vote unless paid by July 20 ).
> 10. Clerk of Peace, on or before this day, to issue precept and list of county yoters to overseers and town clerks in cities and boroughs.
15. Last day of close season for fresh-water fishing.
17. S. Alban, first martyr in Britain.
20. List of county voters to be affixed to church doors on or before this date.
24. Midsummer Day. London Sheriffs elected.

## WEATHI:R FORECASTS.

Moderately fair weather characterises the month, with rather lower temperature than usual at first. The 12th to 17th will produce storms and much rain. Then more settled, the month ending with a spell of fine bright weather, with South and S.E. winds prevailing.

Storm peirods, 12th to 15th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

The lunation takes place on the 13 th of the month. Neptune will be just setting, and the luminaries will be conjoined in the 6th division of the Heavens. This indicates that there will be some serious plots against the stability of the Empire, and dangerous seditions are likely to arise in South Africa, especially in Cape Colony. Trade will be bad, and a serious falling off in the returns will follow. The public health will be largely disturbed by fevers, lung complaints, nervous affections and casualties. Railway traffics will improve, and there should be a corresponding rise in the price of Stocks. Some serious irregularities in our hospitals will be discerned, and will cause considerable comment and criticism, all of which will be conducive to marked improvements. There will be a heavy thunder-storm in this country on the day of the New Moon, and the weather generally will be highly disturbed throughout the month. While Jupiter continues in Aries there will be a general tendency to take a wholesome and optimistic view of the national condition, and during the middle of the month this will be reflected in a considerable rise in the price of Home Stocks.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The 3rd will bring a-year of clouds and hindrances; the 5th loss of position ; the 8th good fortune and increase of influence; 11th, activity; 12th, changes; 13th, strife and disputes; 18th, dangerous impulses and irregularities of life; 19th, reversals, sudden changes, losses, and danger of bereavement or personal hurt ; 27th, loss of position, deception and fraud ; 29th, domestic affliction.

## Astronomical Notes.

June 1, Length of Day, 16 $^{\mathrm{b}} 13^{\mathrm{m}} ; 30$ th, $\mathbf{1 6}^{\mathrm{b}} 30^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathbf{8 . 4}^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 47^{\circ} \mathrm{I}^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1 \mathrm{~m} 87^{\circ}$; Semi-diappeter, $15^{\prime} 4^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
$M^{\prime \prime}$ 5, Moon in Apogee; ${ }^{\text {It th }}$ Perigee.
Mercury is in Cancer, and may be seen before sunrise about the g th.

Venus is in Cancer, and fast approaching the Sun; near the Moon on the 12th, Mars on the 18th, and Neptune on the 29th.
Mars is in Gemini, too near the Sun to be well seen. Jupiter is a Morning Star in Aries, rising soon after midnight, near the Moon on the 8th.
Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius, rising before midnight and visible till sumrise.


Deluded men by jarring passions toss＇d， Pursue their false advices and are lost； Pleasures，the fancy flattering，dance in view， Still they elude men，yet they still pursue ！ Some short－lived joys，perhaps in vice they find， Which leave a sting，remorse，and fears behind！


Dog days brighte and cleare indicate a happic year．

| Day or |  | NOTES <br> Sun enters Leo 23d．8h．a．m． | MOON． |  |  |  |  | SUN． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M．W． | Yr． |  | \％ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { M'n } \\ \text { light. } \end{array}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { Clock } \\ \text { fast } \end{array}$ | Dec． |
| 1 F | 183 | Dominion Day， 1867 | 18 |  | 10.10 | 2.35 | 7.35 | 3.49 | h．m． | 3.32 | ${ }_{23}{ }^{\mathrm{N} / 8}$ |
| 2 S | 184 | Visitation B．V．M． | 19 |  | 10.35 | 3.20 | 8.38 | 3.49 | 8.18 | 3.43 | $23 \quad 4$ |
| 3 岳 | 185 | 5 aft ．Crimity | 20 |  | 10.58 | 4． 3 | 9.41 | 3.50 | 8.17 | 3.54 | 2259 |
| 4 M | 186 |  | 21 |  | 11.21 | 4.46 | 10.43 | 3.51 | 8.17 | 4． 5 | 2254 |
| 5 Tu | 187 | Last Qrtr． 10.54 p．m． | 『 |  | 11.44 | 5.28 | 11.45 | 3.52 | 8.16 | 4.16 | 2249 |
| 6 W | 188 | ［Dividends due | 23 |  |  | 6.11 | 0.49 | 3.53 | 8.16 | 4.26 | 2243 |
| 7 Th | 189 |  | 24 |  | 0． 8 | 6.56 | 1.54 | ． 53 | 8.15 | 4.36 | 2237 |
| 8 F | 190 |  | 25 |  | 0.35 | 7.43 | 3． 0 | 3.54 | 8.15 | 4.46 | 2230 |
| 9 S | 191 | Fire Insurance ceases | 26 |  | 1． 6 | 8.32 | 4. | 3.55 | 8.14 | 4.55 | 2223 |
| 10 永 | 192 | 6 aft ．Trimitu | 27 |  | 1.43 | 9.25 | 5.13 | 3.56 | 8.13 | 5． 4 | 2216 |
| 11 M | 193 | Lord Salisbury resigned | 28 |  | 2.29 | 10.21 | 6.16 | 3.57 | 8.13 | 5.12 | 28 |
| 12 Tu | 194 | ［premiership 1902 | 29 |  |  | 11.20 | 7.13 | 3.58 | 8.12 | 5.20 | 220 |
| 13 W | 195 | New Moon 5.27 a．m． |  |  | 4.29 | 0.19 | 8． 2 | 3.59 | 8.11 | 5.28 | 2152 |
| 14 Th | 196 |  | 1 |  | 5.41 | 1.18 | 8.44 | 4． 0 | 8.10 | 5.35 | 2143 |
| 15 F | 197 | S．Swithin | 2 |  | 6.59 | 2.16 | 9．20 | 4. | 8． 9 | 5.42 | 2134 |
| 16 S | 198 |  | 3 |  | 8.18 | 3.11 | 9.51 | 4． 3 | 8． 8 | 5.48 | 2124 |
| 175 | 199 | 7 att．Crinity | 4 |  | 9.37 | ， | 0.2 |  | 8． 7 | 5.53 | 2114 |
| 18 M | 200 | See Note as to Rates | 5 |  | 10.5 | ， | 0.49 |  | 8． 6 | 5.58 | 214 |
| 19 Tu | 201 | First Quarter 8.49 p．m． | D |  | 0.10 | 5.49 | 1.18 ？ | 4． 6 | 8． 5 | 6． 3 | 2053 |
| 20 W | 202 | S．Margaret | 7 |  | 1．23； | 6.40 | 1.49 | 4． 7 | 8． 4 | 6． 7 | 2042 |
| 21 Th | 203 |  | 8 |  | 2.33 | 7.31 | a．n | 4． 9 | 8． 3 | 6.10 | 2031 |
| 22 F | 204 | S．Mary Magdalene | 9 |  | 3.40 | 8.23 | 0.22 | 4.10 | 8． 1 | 6.13 | 2019 |
| 23 S | 205 |  | 10 |  | 4.43 | 9.14 | 0.59 | 4.11 | 8． 0 | 6.15 | 207 |
| 21.9 | 206 | 8 aft ．Urinity | 11 |  | 5．38 | 10． 5 | 1.43 | 4.13 | 7.59 | 6.17 | 1955 |
| 25 M | 207 | S．James | 12 |  | 6.26 | 10.55 | 2.32 | 4.14 | 7.58 | 6.18 | 1942 |
| 26 Tu | 208 | S．Anne | 13 |  | 7． 7 | 11．44； | 3.26 | 4.15 | 7.56 | 6.18 | 1929 |
| 27 W | 209 | Full Moon $9.42 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ ， | 0 |  | 7.43 ； | a．m． | 4.24 | 4.17 | 7.55 | 6.18 | 1916 |
| 28 Th | 210 |  | 15 |  | 8.12 | 0.31 | 5.25 | 4.18 | 7.53 | 6.17 | 192 |
| 29 F | 211 |  | 16 |  | 8.39 | 1.16 | 6.27 | 4.20 | 7.52 | 6.16 | 1848 |
| 30 S | 212 | ［Game Certifs．exp． | 17 |  | 9． 45 | 2． 0 | 7.29 | 4.21 | 7.50 | 6.14 | 834 |
| 31 云 | 213 | 3 att ．Urimitu | 18 |  | 9.27 ？ | 2.43 | 8.31 | 4.23 | 7.49 | 6.11 | 1819 |

3．Dog days begin．These occur at the period when Sun comes into conjunction with Sirius， the＂Dog Star，＂and at this time the Earth acquires the greatest intensity of heat．
5．Auctioneers＇，winie and spirit dealers＇， tobacconists＇，and other annual licences expire． Dividends due on Consols and several kinds of Stock．

6．Medical Officers must send lists of pauper lunatics to Clerk to Gdns．on or before this day．
20．Last day for County Electors to claim vote and for paying overdue poor rates and assessed taxes in order to retain vote．
22．Tax Colls．to deliv．to Overs．list of persons not having paid assessed taxes for past year．

[^21]

|  | MORN: | AFT. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 4. 0 | 4.18 |
| 2 | 4.37 | 4.54 |
| 3 | 5.12 | 5.29 |
| 4 | 5.48 | 6. 8 |
| 5 | 6.28 | 6.50 |
| 6 | 7.14 | 7.38 |
| 7 | 8. 4 | 8.33 |
| 8 | 9. 8 | 9.43 |
| 9 | 10.16 | 10.48 |
| 10 | 11.20 | 11.49 |
| 11 | - | 0.18 |
| 12 | 0.43 | 1. 8 |
| 13 | 1.32 | 1.56 |
| 14 | 2.19 | 2.43 |
| 15 | 3. 5 | 3.29 |
| 16 | 3.52 | 4.17 |
| 17 | 4.42 | 5. 6 |
| 18 | 5.29 | 5.53 |
| 19 | 6.18 | 6.43 |
| 20 | 7. 9 | 7.37 |
| 21 | 8. 6 | 8.38 |
| 22 | 9.14 | 9.51 |
| 23 | 10.27 | 11. 3 |
| 24 | 11.36 | - |
| 25 | 0.10 | 0.38 |
| 26 | 1. 3 | 1.28 |
| 27 | 1.49 | 2.10 |
| 28 | 2.29 | 2.46 |
| 29 | 3. 4 | 3.21 |
| 30 | 3.38 | 3.55 |
| 31 | 4.12 | 4.29 |

The month opens with stormy indications and a tendency to heat and thunder. From the 5th to 1oth there are many disturbances of the air, chiefly sudden showers and some thunder in placès. High winds succeed and give way about the 13 th for showers. About the 20th heat is generated, and some local thunder may follow. The rest of the month will be bright and seasonable.

At the New Moon of this month, which occurs on the 13th, the benefic planet Jupiter will be in the mid-heaven, and this is a good augury for the general condition of the country during the ensuing month. The Government will receive support and confidence. The Imperial Policy will be confirmed by public assent. It is probable that our hospitals and places of detention will receive more than usual consideration. In Africa there will be plots and schemes against the integrity of the Empire. Secret enemies will abound, and deeds of violence may be committed by incendiaries and anarchists. The press will be much concerned with maritime affairs, hospital methods and prison reforms. Clandestine marriages will be a subject of comment during the month. Affairs generally will be prosperous and the public health will be good. Except for the threat of actions of violence and seditious plots the month appears to be conducive to the general welfare of the country. The weather will be genial and warm with a sufficiency of moisture. The transits are evil for Germany, Russia, the Cape, Holland, and Scotland. In the Far East there will be many violent scenes enacted, and the cause of China will suffer by misdirected patriotism.

The ist is indicative of some chills and poverty of blood, leading to severe illness during the year ; the 2nd will bring contentions and enmities, in some cases accidents; the 6th is very fortunate, and those born thereon will have a prosperous year; the 7 th indicates marriage for such as are of age, and domestic happiness for others, good success with all; the 9th will bring a year of activity and travel and many new prospects; the inth is disputatious and will bring irritating events; the 12th is good for marriage and courting, and will produce a successful year ; the 13th brings changes, with moderate success; the 21st increases expenditure and gives losses; the 26th brings reverses and loss of position ; the $\mathbf{2} 8 \mathrm{th}$ is unfortunate and dark.


July 1, Length of Day, $16^{\mathrm{h}} 29^{\mathrm{m}} ; 3^{1 s t}, 15^{\mathrm{b}} \mathbf{2 6 m}^{\mathrm{m}}$. " 5, Suns time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}} 8^{\circ} \mathbf{4}^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 45^{\prime \prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20 , Sun's time of Semi-passage, 1m 7.4'i Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 4^{\circ} 0^{\prime \prime}$.
" 3. Moon in Apogee; 15th, Perigee; 3oth Apogee.
Mercury is in Leo, and and may be seen for about an hour after sunset towards the end of the month.

Venus is in Leo and in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 8th, and near the Moon on the 12th.
Mars is in Cancer, rising about an hour before the Sun.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Aries, rising before midnight, near the Moon on the 6th.
Saturn is a Morning Star in Aquarius, rising about $9^{\text {h }} \mathbf{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and visible till sunrise.

Say, ye who walk in honour's gaudy show,
The miseries that from power and grandeur flow?
External paint and smiles adorn the great,
And glittering pomp proclaims the happy state:
But who their disappointments can reveal,
The fears, remorse, and inward pain they feel?
If Bartlemy's Daye be faire and cleare hope for a prosperous autumn that year.


Monthly Notes.
r. Lammas: Scotch Quarter Day, List of Freemen voters to be published by Town Clerks, and to be open for inspection for 14 days. List of voters in counties and boroughs to be affixed to church and chapel doors for a period including two consecutive Sundays, at the least. Between this day and the 2oth, claims of lodgers (new) to vote to be sent to Overseer.
4. Oyster season begins.
5. Last day for inspecting lists of unpaid peorrates. 11. Dog days end (see July).
20. Last day for lodger to give notice of new claim. 25. Lists of new lodger and occupiers chaims to be published.
31. Last day for Overseers to make out list of persons liable to serve on juries.

| ALMANAC.] |  |  | 27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 3rd day, | h. aftern. (4) Jupiter |  | High Tid |
| The I2th day, | h. morn. (\%) Venus | ecliptic |  |
| The 13 th day, | h. morn. (¢) Mercury | ${ }^{\text {ction }}$ |  |
| The ${ }^{\text {The }}$ 24th da | h. aftern. (h) Saurn h. aftern. (4) Jupiter | with the Moon. |  |


| 号 |  |  | NIATG:K FOMCA! <br> This month opens cooler and continues to be rather unsettled till after the 10th, on which day heavy rains may discharge the clouds. About the 17th appreciable increase in heat will make |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | Aft. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 45 | 5. 1 | ly electric. This will give rise to thunder- |
| 2 | 5.17 | 5.33 | storms about the 22nd, after which the weather will continue |
| 3 | 5.51 | 6.11 |  |
| 4 | 38 | 6.54 | OHCE OF THE SIJRS. |
| 5 | 7.17 | 7.43 | some smister indications of trouble but they do <br> the Government in any way Railway interests |
| 6 | 8.12 | 8.45 | happily aflect the Government in any way. Railway interests |
| 7 | 9.23 | 10. 3 | mpediments. Shipping interests will not be much better, and it |
| 8 | 10.40 | 1.17 | to be expected that some serious dangers will beset those who |
| 9 | 11.52 |  | avel upon the high seas during this month. The financial con- |
| 10 | 0.22 | 0.48 |  |
| 11 | 1.13 | 1.39 | istress in trade. Deaths by drowning will be rather numerous, |
| 12 | 2. | 2.27 | e atmosphere of mystery will pervade some cases which |
| 13 | 2.50 | 3.14 | ill come to light. In Governmental circles there will be some |
| 14 | 3.37 | 3.59 | populace. The general public health will be exceptionally |
| 15 | 4.23 | 44 | good and the death-rate will be temporarily lower. The afflic- |
| 16 | 5. | 30 | tion or death of a notable Judge will cause sorrow in legal circles. |
| 17 | 5 | 18 | demise of a foreign potenta |
| 18 | 6.42 | 7. 7 | but few. The chief points of notice are finance, railways, |
| 19 | 7.3 | 8. 6 | waterways and shipping which appear to attract special attention |
| 20 | 8.39 | 9.18 | this month. There will be some general improvement of the |
| 21 | 10. 0 | 10.41 | fairs of Ireland owing to the entry of Jupiter into the ruling |
| 22 | 11.17 | 11.52 |  |
| 23 |  | 0.23 | question will be readily solved. |
| 24 | 0.50 | 1.13 |  |
| 25 | 1.33 | 1.53 | The 3rd is a fortunate birthday and will bring increase and |
| 26 | 2.10 | 2.26 | success. The 9th is filled with strife and contention. The roth |
| 27 | 2.43 | 2.59 | has many dangers, losses and tribulations attaching to it. The |
| 28 | 3.14 | 3.30 | IIth brings changes in the life and surroundings; marriage with |
| 29 | 46 | 4. 1 |  |
| 30 | 4.16 | 4.32 | kness. The 26th will bring reverses. The 30th |
| 31 | 4.47 | 5. | very fortunate and brings a year of success. |

Astronomical Notes.

Aug. 1, Length of Day, $15^{\mathrm{b}} 23^{\mathrm{m}}$; 31st, $13^{\mathrm{h}} 37^{\mathrm{m}}$.
 Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 47^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
,, 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, Im $^{\prime \prime} 4^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 50^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime}$.
,", 12, Moon in Perigee; 27th, Apogee.
Mercury is in Virgo, but too near the Sun to be well seen.

Venus is in Virgo, setting shortly after the Sun, near the Moon on the irth.
Mars is in Leo, rising about two hours before the Sun.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Aries, rising about two hours after sunset, near the Moon on the 3rd and again on the 3oth.
Saturn in Aquarius is in opposition to the Sun on the roth, and is visible from sunset to sumrise.

| 28 |  |  |  |  |  | 10．0 |  |  | MOORE＇S |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | O give me virtue in a calm retreat ！ I envy not the honours of the great； Blest with contentment I shall not repine， When beaux with liveries and coaches shine ： Too often greatness proves a fatal snare， And loads its owners with perplexing care． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St．Michael＇s raines stay not long in the skye． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dav |  | 「こ：！ <br> Sun znters Libra 23d．Oh．p．m． | v゙っこ八！ |  |  |  |  | Suad． |  |  |  |
| M．W． | Yr． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} \cdot \mathrm{nh} \\ & \mathrm{ligta} \end{aligned}$ |  | uths |  | Ris | Sets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clock } \\ & \text { low } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 245 |  | 21 |  |  | $4.18{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  |  | 6.46 |  | ${ }^{1}$ |
| 2 F | 246 | Cap＇tion of Sedan 1870 | 22 |  | 10.15 | 5. |  | 5.15 | 6.44 | 0.20 | 759 |
| 3 S | 247 | Last Qtr． 2.58 a．m． | © |  | $10.59{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5.56 | 1．42： | 5.16 | 6.42 | 0.39 | 737 |
|  | 248 | ！a ait | 24 |  | 11．52 | 6.49 | 2．41 | 5.18 | 6.39 | 0.59 | 15 |
| 5 M | 249 |  | 25 |  |  | 7.4 | ．36 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 1.1 | 653 |
| 6 Tu | 25 |  | 26 |  |  | 8.4 | 4．25 | 5.21 | 6.35 | 1.38 | 631 |
| 7 W | 25 | S．Enurtius |  |  |  | 9.41 | 5． 8 \} | 5.2 | 6.33 | 1.5 |  |
| 8 | 252 | Nativity B．V． | 28 |  | 3.21 | 10.39 | 5.45 ？ | 5.2 | 6.30 | 2.19 | 64 |
| 9 F | 253 | New Moon 8.43 p．m． |  |  | 4.42 | 11．36： | 6．18 | 5. | 6.28 | 2.39 | 523 |
| 10 S | 254 | Emps．of Austria ass＇d | 1 |  | 6． 4 | 0．33， | 6．49？ | 5.27 | 6.2 | 3． 0 |  |
| ！ 12 | 255 | ：allt．Linll | 2 |  | 7.26 | 1.28 | 7.18 | 5.2 | 6.24 | 3.20 | 438 |
| 12 M | 256 |  | 3 |  | 8. | 2.2 | ． 49 | 5.30 | 6.21 | 3.4 | 415 |
| 13 Tu | 257 | Battle Tel－el－Kebir， | 4 |  | 10. | 3.18 | 8．22： | 5.32 | ． 1 | 4 | 352 |
| 14 W | 258 | Holy Cross．Duk | 5 |  | 11．18： | 4.12 | $8.59{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5.34 | 6.17 | 4.2 | 329 |
| 15 | 259 |  | 6 |  | 0．26： | 5． 5 | 9．40 | 5.35 | 6.14 | 4.4 |  |
| 16 | 260 | First | D |  | 1．27 | 5．57 | 10.26 | 5.37 | 6.12 | 5． 6 | 243 |
| 17 S | 261 |  | 8 |  | 2.20 | ． 48 | 11.17 | ． 38 | 6.1 | 5.27 | 220 |
| $1: 3$ | 262 |  | 9 |  | 3． 6 | 7.38 | m． | 5.40 | 6． 8 | 5.4 | 156 |
| 19 M | 263 |  | 10 |  | 3.44 | 8.25 | ．12： | 5.42 | 6. | 6. | 133 |
| 20 Tu | 264 | Battle of Alma， 1854 | 11 |  | 4.17 | 9.12 | 1.10 | 5.43 | 6． 3 | 6.30 | 110 |
| 21 W | 26 | U1．．．．．Emb | 12 |  |  | 9．56 | 2.11 | 5.45 | 6. | 6.5 | 046 |
| 22 Th | 266 |  | 13 |  |  | 10.40 | 3.13 | 5.46 | 5.58 | 7.1 | 023 |
| 23 F | 267 | Em．Day．Aut．E | 14 |  | 5.37 | 11．22 | 4.15 | 5.48 | 5.56 | 7.5 | south |
| 24 S | 268 | Em．Day．Full M＇n5．50 | $\bigcirc$ |  | 6． 0 | a．m． | 6.18 | 5.50 | 5.5 | 7.55 | 24 |
| $\because: 3$ | 269 | $\therefore$ att．Urimbl | 16 |  | 6．22 | 0． 5 | 6.21 | 5.51 | 5.51 | 8.1 | 047 |
| 26 M | 27 | S．Cyprian． | 17 |  |  | 0.47 |  | 5.53 | 5.48 | 8.36 | 110 |
| 27 | 271 | ［Lucknow， 1857 | 18 |  |  | 1.31 | 8.27 | 5.54 | 5.4 | 8.56 | 134 |
| 28 W | 272 |  | 19 |  |  | 2.16 | 9.30 | 5.56 | 5.45 | 9.17 | 15 |
| 29 Th | 273 |  | 20 |  |  | 3． 3 | 10.33 | 5.58 | 5.42 | 9.3 | 221 |
| 30 F | 274 |  | 21 |  | 8.55 ： | 3．52：1 | 11.35 |  | 5．40 | 9. | 244 |

Munthly Notes．

I．List of Jurors to be affixed to church doors for first three Sundays．Lists of objections to county electors and claims and objections to boro＇electors to be affixed to church doors for two Sundays．Notice of errors in Burgess Lists to be sent in．
5．Claims of persons omitted in the Burgess

Lists，and objections to persons improperty in－ serted，to be given to the Town Clerk in writing on or before this day；notice of objection to be also given to the person objected to．
9．Last day for objections to voters．Revision Courts to be held between this and Oct． 12 25．London Sheriffs sworm in．
＊A waved rule on right indicates P．m．；dotted rule．A．m．

| The 7th day, at 9 h. aftern. ( $\mathrm{\delta}^{\text {) Mars }}$ |  | High Tides. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The roth day, at o h. aftern. ( $\varphi$ ) Mercury | ecliptic | Sept. 10 |
| The 11th day, at 2 h . morn. (i) Venus | conjunction | 11 |
| The 20th day, at io h. aftern. (h) Saturn | with the |  |
| The 26th day, at 10 h . aftern. (4) Jupiter | Moon. | " 14 |


|  | MORN. | AFT. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.18 | 5.36 |
| 2 | 5.56 | 6.16 |
| 3 | 6.39 | 7. 4 |
| 4 | 7.32 | 8. 6 |
| 5 | 8.43 | 9.26 |
| 6 | 10.10 | 10.50 |
| 7 | 11.28 | - |
| 8 | 0. 2 | 0.30 |
| 9 | 0.55 | 1.21 |
| 10 | 1.45 | 2. 7 |
| 11 | 2.30 | 2.53 |
| 12 | 3.16 | 3.38 |
| 13 | 4. 1 | 4.24 |
| 14 | 4.44 | 5. 5 |
| 15 | 5.26 | 5.49 |
| 16 | 6.13 | 6.37 |
| 17 | 7. 5 | 7.35 |
| 18 | 8. 8 | 8.46 |
| 19 | 9.31 | 10.14 |
| 20 | 10.53 | 11.29 |
| 21 | - | 0. 1 |
| 22 | 0.28 | 0.50 |
| 23 | 1. 9 | 1.28 |
| 24 | 1.45 | 2. 2 |
| 25 | 2.16 | 2.30 |
| 28 | 2.46 | 3. 0 |
| 27 | 3.16 | 3.31 |
| 28 | 3.47 | 4. 3 |
| 29 | 4.19 | 4.34 |
| 30 | 4.51 | 5. 6 |

The month opens with brisk winds, cool air, misty mornings and chilly nights. Warmer after the 4th, stormy about the 12th, then fine to the 17th. Breaking for colder weather, with rain and wind about the 20 th. Unsettled to the 25 th. Fine and breezy at the end of the month.

At the New Moon of the 9th inst., the ruling planet is Venus, and she is in conjunction with Mercury and afflicted by Mars. Consequently we shall soon have another outbreak of typhoid in certain centres where the water supply is vitiated. Enteric fever, dysentery and diarrhœa will be very prevalent. An outbreak of fever will disseminate the younger population, and schooling will be seriously interfered with. A fire will do heavy damage to life and property either in a place of religious instruction or in a school. Theatres and places of amusement generally will be subject to many adversities this month. The Exchequer will have considerable strain put upon it towards the end of the month, but will sustain the draught as usual. There will be some serious accidents on the seas around our isle, and passage boats may meet with some peculiar accidents. There will be some improvement in the condition of our prisons and hospitals, and initiations for the relief of those under restraint. A Minister of State is liable to be called to his account within the limits of this month. This lunation is an Eclipse of the Sun, and is especially sinister to children and young females, and to all matters relating to the physical well-being of the younger generation, among whom sickness of wide-spread nature will speedily appear.

The 4th will produce a year of happiness and contentment ; the 7 th is dangerous and has many excitements in store ; the 9th is dangerous and signifies great changes, strange mutations; the 10th will produce a busy and anxious year; in some cases there will be disposition to marriage ; the 15 th is full of new projects and enterprises, much activity and many small changes. The 18th has a store of evil in the shape of separations and estrangements, losses and disputes; the 20th is dangerous to health and fortune ; the 26th is fortunate, and those born thereon will have a prosperous year.

Sept. 1, Length of Day, $13^{\mathrm{h}} 33^{\mathrm{m}}$; 30th, $1 \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{h}} 4^{1 \mathrm{~m}}$. " 5, Suns time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 4^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 53^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{\mathrm{mm}} 3^{\circ 8}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 57^{\circ} 5^{\prime \prime}$.
" 9, Moon in Perigee ; 23 rd, Apogee.
" 9, Total Eclipse of the Sun, invisible throughout the British Isles.
Mercury is in Virgo ; in inferior conjunction with the Sun on the $86 t h$.

Venus is in Libra, setting shortly after the Sun, near the Moon on the roth.
Mars is in Leo, rising some three hours before the Sun.
Jupiter is a Morning Star in Aries, rising about an hour after sunset; near the Moon on the 26th.
Saturn is an Evening Star in Aquarius, setting in the early morning.
Happier the man whose joys from virtue flow,
And strives himself and his owon good to know;
Calm are his comforts, and his joys sincere,
Unhurt by envy, undisturb'd by fear:
The real wants of nature are but few;
Look not on honours then with envious view.

Much rain in October, much wind in December.

| Day |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Scorpio $23 \mathrm{~d} .8 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | 品 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { M'n- } \\ \text { light } \end{array}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Rises | Sets | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array}\right\|$ | Dec, |
| 1 S | 275 | Pheasant Shtng. be | 22 |  |  | 4. | 0. | 1 | h.m. 5.38 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{s} . \\ 10.16 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 817 \end{aligned}$ |
| 25 | 276 | 18 aft . Trinity | © |  | 10. | 5. | , | 3 | 5.35 | 10.35 | 331 |
| 3 M | 277 | LLast Qtr. 1.50 p.m. | 24 |  | 11. | 6.31 | 2.17 | , | 5.33 | 10.53 | 354 |
| 4 Tu | 278 |  | 25 |  |  | 7.27 | 3. | 6. 6 | 5.31 | 11.12 | 417 |
| 5 W | 279 | Dividends due | 26 |  |  | 8.23 | 3,39 | 6. 8 | 5.28 | 11.30 | 440 |
| 6 Th | 280 | S. Faith | 27 |  |  | 9.19 | 4.1 | . 9 | 5.2 | 11.48 | 5 |
| 7 F | 281 |  | 28 |  | 3.32 | 10.15 | 4. | 11 | 5.24 | 12. 5 | 526 |
| 8 S | 282 | [New Moon, 5.25 | 29 |  |  | 11.11 | 5.15 | . 13 | 5.22 | 2.22 | 549 |
| 95 | 283 | 19 aft . Trinity |  |  | 6.16 | 0.6 | 5.45 | 6.14 | 5.20 | 12.38 | 612 |
| 10 M | 284 |  | 1 |  | 7.36 | 1. 2 | 6.17 | 6.16 | 5.17 | 12.54 | 635 |
| 11 Tu | 285 | Old Michaelmas Day | 2 |  | 8.54 | 1.57 | 6.53 | 6.18 | 5.15 | 13.10 | 658 |
| 12 W | 286 |  | 3 |  | 10. 8 | 2.53 | 7.33 | 6.20 | 5.13 | 13.25 | 720 |
| 13 Th | 287 | Trans. King Ed. Conf. | 4 |  | 11.14 | 3.47 | 8.18 | 6.21 | 5.11 | 13.39 | 748 |
| 14 F | 288 | Fire Insurance ceases | 5 |  | 0.13 | 4.41 | 9. 8 | 6.23 | 5. 9 | 13.53 |  |
| 15 S | 289 | [First Qtr. 5.45 | 6 |  | 1. 3 | ) 5.32 | 0. 3 | 6.25 | 5. | 4. 7 | 828 |
| 16 \% | 290 | 20 aft . Urinit | D |  | 1. | 6. | , | . 26 | 5. | 4.20 | 850 |
| 17 M | 291 | S. Etheldreda | 8 |  |  | 7. | a,m. | . 28 | 5. | 4.32 | 912 |
| 18 Tu | 292 | S. Luke. | 9 |  |  | 7.5 | 0. | . 30 | 5. | 14.44 | 934 |
| 19 W | 293 |  | 10 |  |  | 8.37 | 1. |  | 4.5 | 55 | 950 |
| 20 Th | 294 |  | 11 |  |  | 9.2 | 2. | 6.33 |  |  | 1017 |
| 21 F | 295 | Batt. of Trafalgar 1805 | 12 |  |  | 10. | 3. | 6.35 | 4. | 5.16 | 1035 |
| 22 S | 296 |  | 13 |  |  | 10. | 4.10 | - 6.37 | 4.5 | 15.26 | 11 |
| $23 \%$ | 297 | 21 aft. ©rinity. | 14 |  |  | 11.29 | 5.13 | 6.38 | 4.5 | 5. | 1121 |
| 24 M | 298 | Full Moon 10.56 a.m. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | a. | 6.17 | 6.40 | 4. | 15.42 | 1142 |
| 25 Tu | 299 | [Mich. Sittings beg. | 16 |  |  | 0.1 | 7.22 | 6.42 | 4. | 50 | 12 |
| 26 W | 300 | ['Transv'l annxd. 1900 | 17 |  |  | 1. |  | 6.44 | 4. | 15.56 | 1224 |
| 27 Th | 301 |  | 18 |  |  | 1.49 | 9.29 | 6.45 | 4.4 | 16. 2 | 1244 |
| 28 F | 302 | SS. Simon and Jude | 19 |  |  | 2.40 | 10.30 | 6.47 | 4.4 | 16. | 13 |
| 29 S | 303 |  | 20 |  |  |  |  | 6.49 | 4.38 | 16.12 | 1324 |
| 305 | 304 | 22 aft. Trinity | 21 |  | 9.33 | 4.2 | 0.16 | 6.51 | 4.36 | , | 13 |
| 31 M | 305 | Game Certificates exp. <br> LLast quarter $11.13 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | 『 |  | 10.41 | ? 5.2 | 1. 0 | 0.6.53 | 4.34 | 16.18 |  |

7. Last day for quarterly list of lunatics to be sent by Medical Officers to the Clerks to Guardians.
ro. Licences expire for retailers of beer, cider, spirits, wines, sweets and tobacco (England and Ireland). Annual licences taken out by bankers, or others issuing promissory notes for money payable to bearer on demand, and allowed to be
re-issued, or for the issue of bills of exchange on unstamped paper, expire on this day.
8. Last day for revision of Parliamentary voters, Burgesses, and county electors.
9. Fire Ins, prem. due Mich. must be paii on or before this day, or policy becomes void
10. Town Clerks must comp.new Burgess rolls
11. Boro. Counsellors to be nominated.

[^22]

| $\stackrel{\dot{\mathrm{c}}}{\mathrm{~A}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. | Aft. |
| 1 | 5.25 | 5.47 |
| 2 | 6.11 | 6.37 |
| 3 | 7. 5 | 7.39 |
| 4 | 8.16 | 9. 0 |
| 5 | 9.46 | 10.29 |
| 6 | 11. 5 | 11.41 |
| 7 | - | 0.10 |
| 8 | 0.37 | 1. 1 |
| 9 | 1.24 | 1.46 |
| 10 | 2. 8 | 2.31 |
| 11 | 2.54 | 3.16 |
| 12 | 3.37 | 3.59 |
| 13 | 4.20 | 4.41 |
| 14 | 5. 1 | 5.22 |
| 15 | 5.44 | 6. 8 |
| 16 | 6.34 | 7. 3 |
| 17 | 7.34 | 8. 9 |
| 18 | 8.50 | 9.35 |
| 19 | 10.14 | 10.50 |
| 20 | 11.23 | 11.52 |
| 21 | - | 0.16 |
| 22 | 0.38 | 0.57 |
| 23 | 1.15 | 1.32 |
| 24 | 1.47 | 2. 2 |
| 25 | 2.17 | 2.32 |
| 26 | 2.48 | 3. 5 |
| 27 | 3.20 | 3.87 |
| 28 | 3.54 | 4.11 |
| 29 | 4.29 | 4.47 |
| 30 | 5. 7 | 5.29 |
| 31 | 5.52 | 6.18 |

HEATHER FOR:CASTE.
Opening fine and fresh, with high winds. Changing about the 5th for rain and lower temperature. High winds on the 9th. Cold and stormy from 17th to 20th. Then more settled, with raw mornings and nights but fine days. Finishing with more wind. Storm period, 15 th to 20 th.
VobCI: OF THE STARS.

The indications from the New Moon of this month are not very good, and the position of Neptune on the meridian of the horo-scope is sinister as regards the Government and the ruling powers. The recent Eclipse of the Sun in the sign of Virgo disposes to famine, pestilence, and deadly seditions. At the present time the Government will have its hands full of harassing questions, and there is some danger of an ill-conceived plot against one of the highest officials. Sickness will appear in the Royal household. The Exchequer will have considerable demands made upon its resources during the month. The condition of the younger generation is not by any means one of hopeful prosperity as it should be. Railway interests will improve and traffics will be good. Changes will take place in the parliamentary world. Our prisons and hospitals continue to attract attention, and newspaper discussion of ways and means appear likely to fill many a column. The financial condition of the country will be much more difficult than for some time past, and a feeling of unrest and desire for change of Government will be widely manifest. The death of a well-known journalist is to be expected this month. Affairs at the Cape are in a dangerous condition. The indications are certainly adverse to any great degree of prosperity in the country this month. Turkey will begin to feel the effects of Mars in its ruling sign, and a stimulus to greater activity and more rigid forms of government will result.
BURTHDAY INFIDTRCES.

The ist is full of deceptions, plots and schemes of evil import ; the 5th brings cause for annoyance and strife ; the 7 th is active and industrious; the 9th will bring changes in the surroundings; the 1oth gives social and domestic happiness; the 17th will bring hurt to the health and fortunes; the 18th is even worse, and produces great losses during the coming year ; the 23 rd is fortunate, and will bring many opportunities for advantage; the 24th is dangerous to the position and threatens reversal ; the 30th is active and busy, and will bring new occupation and journeys.

> Astronomical Notes.

Oct. 1, Length of Day, 11 $^{\text {b }} 37^{\mathrm{m}}$; 315t, $9^{\mathrm{h}} \mathbf{4 1 m}^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Suns time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 4^{\circ} 3^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 16^{\prime \prime}$ ".
", 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $I^{m} 54^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 5^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
8, Moon in Perigee; 2oth, Apogee.
Mécrury is in Libra, and may be well'seen before sunrise at the beginning of the month; in superior conjunction with the Sun on the 3 rst.

Venus is an Evening Star in Scorpio, near the Moon on the roth.
Mars is a Morning Star in Virgo, rising about $2 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
Jupiter in Aries is in opposition to the Sun on the 18 th, and visible from sunset to sunrise.
Saturn is an Evening Star in Aquarius, setting about midnight.

| 32 | $\because \because \ 1$. | ［MOORE＇S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The flying days and months are hurrying on， Years press on years，impatient to be gone ： Devouring Time shall overwhelm in dust The pompous building and the marble bust ： From honours tear the man，and blot the name With joy recorded in the rolls of fame ！ | 10 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Ice in November that bears a duck，nothing after but sludge and muck．

| Dav of |  | Sun enters Sagittarius 22d．5h．p．m． | in ${ }^{\text {an }}$ |  |  |  |  | SiN |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M．W． | Yr |  | \％ | $\xrightarrow{\text { M }{ }_{\text {M }} \mathrm{M}^{\text {light }}}$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Ris | Sets | ${ }_{4} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { clow } \end{array}\right.$ | Do． |
| 1 Tu | 306 |  | 23 |  |  | 6.15 ： | 1.38 | ； 6.54 | $4.33$ | $33116.20$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 01423 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 W | 307 | All Souls | 24 |  | a．m． | 7． 9 | 2.12 | 0.58 | 4.31 | 116.21 | 1442 |
| 3 Th | 308 |  | 25 |  | 1.10 | 8． 3 | 2.43 | 6.58 | 4.29 | 2916.21 | 151 |
| 4 F | 309 |  | 26 |  | 2.28 | 8.56 | 3.12 | 7. | 4.27 | 16.21 | 1520 |
| 5 S | 310 | Battle of Inkerman＇54 | 27 |  |  |  | 3.41 | 7. | 4.25 | 516.20 | 1539 |
|  | 311 | \％t．－nmin | 28 |  |  |  | 4.12 | 7. | 4.24 | 46.17 | 1517 |
| 7 M | 312 | New Moon 3.37 p．m． |  |  | $6.26: 1$ | 11.40 | 4.45 | 7. | 4.22 | 216.14 | 1615 |
| 8 Tu | 313 |  | 1 |  | 7.42 | 0.36 | 5．22； | 7． 7 | 4.20 | 016.11 | 1632 |
| 9 W | 314 | King Edward VII．b． | 2 |  | 8.54 | 1.32 | 6． 5 | 7． 9 | 4.19 | 916． 6 | 1650 |
| 10 Th | 315 |  | 3 |  | 10． 0 | 2.28 | 6.55 | 7．10 | 4.17 | 16． 0 | 177 |
| 11 F | 316 | S．Martin．H．Qr．D． | 4 |  | 10.54 | 3.21 ？ | 7.49 | 7.12 | 4.16 | 615.54 | 1723 |
| 12 S | 317 | ［Mart | 5 |  | 11.41 |  | 8.48 | 7.1 | 4.14 | 15.471 | 1740 |
|  | 31 | （t Crinity | 6 |  | 0．19， | 5.2 | 9.49 | 7.1 | 4.13 | 315.39 | 56 |
| 14 M | 318 | ［S．Brice． | 7 |  | 0.52 \} | 5．49？ | 10.51 | 7.17 | 4.11 | 15.30 | 12 |
| 15 Tu | 320 | First Qrtr． 0.36 a | D |  | 1.20 | 6．33？ | 11．53： | 7.19 | 4.10 | 15.20 | 1827 |
| 16 W | 321 | ［S． | 9 |  | 1.45 |  |  | 7.2 |  | 815.10 |  |
| 17 Th | 322 | S．Hugh．Suez Canal | 10 |  |  | 7.59 \} | 0.56 | 7.23 | 4. | 14．58 | 1858 |
| 18 F | 323 | ［opened 1869. | 11 |  | 2.31 ， | 8.41 | 1.59 | 7.24 |  | 614.46 | 1913 |
| 19 S | 324 |  | 12 |  | 2.54 ？ | 9．24 | 3． 2 | 7.26 | 4. | 414.33 | 1926 |
| ！ | 325 | 入it．ごMrth（last） | 13 |  | 3．19：10， | 10． $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | 4． 6 | 7.28 |  | 14．191 | 1940 |
| 21 M | 326 | Present．B．V．M． | 14 |  | 3.461 | 10.55 | 5.10 | 7 | 4. | 214.5 | 1954 |
| 22 Tu | 327 | S．Cecizia | 15 |  | 4.1731 | 11.44 | 6.15 | 7.3 |  | 113.49 |  |
| 23 W | 328 | Full Moon 3.12 a．m． | 0 |  | 4．53：2 | a．m． | 7.20 | 7.33 | 4. | 13.33 | 2019 |
| 24 Th | 329 |  | 17 |  | 5．363 | 0.35 | 8.23 | 7.34 | 3.59 | 13.16 | 2032 |
| 25 F | 330 | S．Catherine | 18 |  | 6.27 \} | 1.28 | 2.22 | 7.36 | 3.58 | 12.58 | 2044 |
| ${ }^{26} \mathrm{~S}$ | 331 |  | 19 |  | 7.26 | 2.22 | 10.16 | 7.37 | 3.57 | 12.40 |  |
|  | 332 | 1 in shamt | 20 |  | 8.32 | 3.17 | 11． 2 | 7.39 | 3.56 | 12.212 | 217 |
| 28 M | 333 |  | 21 |  | 9．42） | 4.11 | 11.41 | 7.40 | 3.55 | 12． 12 | 2117 |
| 29 Tu | 334 | a．m． | 22 |  | 10.57 |  | 0.16 | 7.42 | 3.54 | 11.402 |  |
| 30 W | 335 | S An，\％［Last Qtr．］ | © |  | a．m． | 5．58 | 0.47 \} | 7.43 | 3.54 | 11.1812 | 2188 |

Nonility Netice

[^23]

Opens cold and dreary, with some rain from the ist to 6th, and moderately high winds. Much rain about the 15 th, unsettled to the 1gth, then finer and more temperate air. Finishing moderately warm but cloudy.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

At the lunation of the 7th inst., Jupiter will be rising in the horoscope of England, and from this position alone it is possible to predict a temporary release from many of the dangers and difficulties that have recently beset the country. Nevertheless, there is sufficient indication that these troubles are not yet entirely overcome. During the month there will be a vacancy created in the Ministry. Death will be busy with his scythe, and will reap with a free hand. The rate of mortality will be exceptionally high. Some of these deaths will be due to explosion of inflammable oils. The weather will be wet and tempestuous, and destruction of property will result from floods and inundations of the land. Bowel complaints will still be prevalent. The transit of Mars over the place of the recent eclipse will stir up a pestilence. The financial condition of the country will be easier. The transits are bad for the Ottoman Empire, where there will be some excess of zeal and undue severity will be resented. Spain will suffer from internal dissensions and strife of parties. Our foreign relations will be satisfactory, and our exports rather above the average.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The 3 rd is disputatious and exciting, restless and unduly ambitious; the 7 th brings changes, and those sinister and unfortunate ; the 9th brings some domestic event of importance and good augury; the $144^{\text {th }}$ is evil for the health of women and the fortunes of men; the 16th will bring grief and disappointment to lovers and bereavement to others; the 19th is fortunate, and will produce a year of prosperity and increase ; the 24th is indicative of ill-health or bad fortune and some reversal.

## Astronomical Notes.

Nov. I, Length of Day, $9^{\mathrm{h}} 39^{\mathrm{m}}$; 30 th, $8 \mathrm{~h} \mathrm{II}^{\mathrm{m}}$.

[^24]Venus is an Evening Star in Capricornus, near the Moon on the gth, and Uranus on the 16 th . Mars is a Morning Star in Virgo, rising about $2^{\text {h }}$ a.m.
Jupiter is an Evening Star in Aries, near the Moon on the 19th.
Saturn is an Evening Star in Aquarius, setting about $10^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

If New Year's wind blows south, there cometh warminth and growth.

| Day of |  | NOTES. <br> Sun enters Capricornus 22 d . $6 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{a}$.m. | MOON. |  |  |  |  | SUN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. W. | Yr. |  | ${ }_{4}^{80}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { M'n- } \\ \text { light } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Rises | Souths | Sets | Ris | Sets | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { Clock } \\ \text { slow } \end{array}$ | Dec. |
| Th | 336 |  | 24 |  |  | 6.50 \% | $1.1{ }^{*}$ |  | $33$ | $10.56$ | $8 \mathrm{Si}$ |
| 2 F | 337 | [1844 | 25 |  | 1.29 | 7.42 | 1.43 | 7.46 | 3.52 | 10.3 | 157 |
| 3 S | 338 |  | 26 |  | 2.4 | 8.34 | 2.11 | 7.48 | 3.52 | 10.1 | 25 |
| $4 \cong$ | 339 | 2 in Hovent | 27 |  | 4. | 9.28 | 2.42 | 7.49 | 3.51 | 9.4 | 214 |
| 5 M | 340 |  | 28 |  | 5.19 | 10.22 | 3.16 | 7.50 | 3.51 | 9.2 | 222 |
| 6 Tu | 341 | S. Nicolas | 29 |  | 6.32 | 11.17 | 3.56 | 7.52 | 3.50 |  | 29 |
| 7 W | 342 | New Moon 3.46 a |  |  | 7.41 | 0.13 | 4.42 | 7.53 | 3.50 | 8.30 | 2236 |
| 8 Th | 343 | Conception B.V.M. | 1 |  | 8.42 | 1. 8 | 5.34 |  | 3.50 |  | 2243 |
| 9 F | 344 |  | 2 |  | 9.34 | 2. 1 | 6.31 | 7.55 | 3.49 |  | 249 |
| 10 S | 345 | Grouse shooting | 3 |  | 10.17 | 2.52 | 7.32 | . 56 | 3.49 |  | 55 |
| $11 \underset{\sim}{\boldsymbol{j}}$ | 346 | 3 in Hovent |  |  | 10.53 | 3.41 | 8.35 | 7.57 | 3.49 |  | 230 |
| 12 M | 347 | Sheriffs nominated | 5 |  | 11.23 | 4.27 | 9.38 | 58 | 3.49 |  | 35 |
| 13 Tu | 348 | S. Lucy | 6 |  | 11.49 | 5.11 | 10.41 | 59 | 3.49 |  | 39 |
| 14 W | 349 | Ember Day. First | ) |  | 0.13 | 3) 5.54 | 11.44 | 8. 0 | 3.49 |  | 2313 |
| 15 Th | 350 | [Qtr. $10.7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | 8 |  | 0. | 6; 6.3 | a.m. | 8. | 3.49 | 4.49 | 2316 |
| 16 F | 351 | Ember Day | 9 |  |  | 7.19 |  | 2 | 3.49 | 9.20 | 2319 |
| 17 | 352 | Ember Day | 10 |  | 1. | 8. 2 |  | 8. 3 | 3.49 |  | 2322 |
| $18 \underset{5}{5}$ | 353 | 4 in ziovent | 11 |  | 1.4 | 8.47 |  | 8. 4 | 3.50 | 3. | 2324 |
| 19 M | 354 |  | 12 |  | 2.15 | 5 9.35 | , 3.5 | 8. | 3.50 | - 2.52 | 2325 |
| 20 Tu | 355 |  | 13 |  | 2.4 | 10.25 | , |  | 3.50 |  | 26 |
| 21 W | 356 | S. Thos. Mich.Sit.end | 14 |  | 3.2 | 11.17 |  |  | . 51 |  | 27 |
| 22 Th | 357 | Shortest Day. Full | $\bigcirc$ |  | 4.17 | .m. |  |  | 63.51 | 1. | 27 |
| 23 F | 358 | LMoon 6.1 p.m. | 16 |  |  | 0.1 |  |  | 3.5 | 0. | 27 |
| 24 S | 359 |  | 17 |  |  | 1. |  |  | 3.52 | 0.23 | 2326 |
| $25 \sim$ | 360 | Christmas Day | 18 |  |  | 2. | - |  | 3.5 | fas | 2324 |
| 26 M | 361 | S.Stephen. Bk. | 19 |  |  | 3. 1 |  |  | 3.5 | 0.37 | 2323 |
| 27 Tu | 362 | S. John | 20 |  | 10. |  |  |  | 3.54 |  | $2320$ |
| 28 W | 363 | Holy Innocents | 21 |  | 11.18 | 8 4.48 | 11.21 | 8. 8 | 3.55 | 51.36 | $2318$ |
| 29 Th | 364 | Last Qtr. 3.46 p.m. | 『 |  | a.m. | . 5.40 | 11.4 | 8. | 3.56 | 2. | $2315$ |
| 30 F | 365 |  | 3 |  |  | $4: 6.31$ | 0.17 | . | 3.57 |  | 2311 |
| 31 S | 366 | S. Silvester | 24 |  | 1.50 | 07.23 | 0.46 | 8. 8 | 3.58 | 8.3. 3 | 237 |

## Monthly Notes.

10. Grouse and Black Game shooting end.
11. Last day for delivery of notices, \&c., to owners and occupiers affected by Private Parly. Bils. Last day for renewing Solicitors' certs.
12. Last day of the year.-Those who have not been accustomed to keep an account of personal or household expenses, or, if in trade, to take an
annual account of stock, should begin from this day. Without cash-books and stock-books trade is little better than a game of chance.
Charles Letts's Diaries and Housekeepers offer the best mode of keeping accounts without trouble. Order early for the New Year.

* A waved rule on right indicates P.m. ; dotted rule, A. M.
ALMANAC.] DECEMBER $1904 . \quad 35$

| The | 2nd day, at | 9 h. morn. ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) | Mars |  | High Tides. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The | 8th day, at | 5 h. aftern. ( ${ }_{\text {P }}$ ) | Mercury | ecliptic | a Tides. |
|  | 10th day, at | 9 h. morn. (\%) | Venus | conjunction |  |
| The | 17th day, at | 5 h. morn. (4) | Jupiter | with the | . 9 |
| The | 3oth day, at | 5 h. aftern. ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | Mars |  |  |


|  | High Water London Pdge |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MORN. |  |
|  | , |  |
|  | 8.57 |  |
|  | 10.12 | 10.47 |
|  | 11.20 | 11.50 |
|  |  | 0.17 |
|  | 0.43 |  |
|  | 1.32 |  |
|  | 2.17 |  |
|  | 3. 1 |  |
| 10 | 3.42 | 4. 2 |
|  | 4.22 | 4.42 |
|  | 5. 1 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | 6.2 |  |
|  | 7.14 |  |
|  | 8.10 | 8.42 |
|  | 9.17 | 9.53 |
|  | 10.2 |  |
|  | 1. |  |
|  |  | 18 |
|  | 040 |  |
|  | 1.21 | 1.4 |
|  | 2. 2 | 2.23 |
|  | 2.4 |  |
|  | 3.2 | 3.45 |
|  | 4. | 4.28 |
|  | 4.50 | 5.13 |
|  | 5.3 | 6. 3 |
|  | 6.3 | 6.56 |
|  | 7.2 | 7.55 |
|  | 8.2 |  |

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

Opens with fresh cold weather and high changeful winds. Unsettled to the 5th. Some heavy rain about the New Moon. Then mild weather will prevail up to the 20th, when high winds and changeful skies will succeed, the air being crisp and raw till the 26 th. Then rain and cyclonic winds finishing with cold boisterous weather.
Storm periods, 17th, 20th, 30th.

## VOICE OF THE STARS.

The weather this month will be cold and cheerless. High gales and cyclones will effect great damage at sea. Some mysterious railway accidents will occur. In one of our prisons there will be a determined attempt at freedom, and this will be successful for a period. The general health of the people will be much improved during the month. The financial position will be fairly good. Railway interests will suffer, and a falling off of prices in Stocks will result. The Army will have some distinctions and favours conferred on it. The Government are disposed to change of policy on some financial point. The question of Protection of the country against Foreign Imports will become prominent. Damage will be done to property through the inclemency of the weather. Seditious affaits at the Cape and in China will need to be suppressed. A train running south will leave the track and cause considerable damage to life and limb. The year ends, as always, in the midst of hopes and fears. The wise man foreseeth the evils and hideth himself, and the ignorant pass on and are hurt.

## BIRTHDAY INFLUENCES.

The ist is unfortunate, and requires moderation of its subjects as the condition of success; the $3^{\text {rd }}$ will bring worries, annoyances, criticism, and contentions; the 7 th gives changes of scene and work ; the 8th is full of business, but is not profitable; the 9th is fortunate for those engaged or married ; the rith is bad for the health and prospects during the year ; the 16th is particularly fortunate, and will give prosperity through the year; the 21 st will bring a share of honours involving changes; the 22nd is evil for the position and for those in the employ of others ; the 27 th brings cause for grief and repining ; the 28th is full of deceit and treachery ; the 30 th is contentious and viofent; the 3 ist gives new projects and many journeys.

## Astronomical Notes.

Dec. 1, Leng̣th of Day, 8h 8m $; 3$ rst, $7^{\mathrm{h}} 50^{\mathrm{m}}$.
" 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$ ro $4^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 15^{\circ} 6^{\prime \prime}$.
" 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{II}^{\circ} \mathrm{oo}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 17^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime}$.
" 3, Moon in Perigee; 15th, Apogee ; 27th Perigee.
Mercury is in Capricornus, and well placed for observation after sunset at the middle of the month.

Venus is an Evening Star in Aquarius; near the Moon on the gth, and Saturn on the 27th.
Mars is a Morning Star in Libra, rising between $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{h}}$ and $2^{\mathrm{h}}$ a.m.
Jupiter is an Evening Star in Aries, near the Moon on the $\mathbf{1 6 t h}$.
Saturn is an Evening Star in Aquarius, setting about $8^{\mathrm{h}}$ p.m.

## Best Times for Sowing and Planting.

The best times for the advancement of all vegetation, and especially for the initial process of sowing and planting, are regulated by the Moon's position. The influence of the Moon over the tides is now no longer a matter of speculation in scientific minds. That its effects upon the rest of the fluidic bodies in nature is proportionately great can be proved by simple experiment. The vegetative effects of the Moon act through the saps of all seeds and plants, its action being to augment the moist heat in vegetable life and so to produce germination.
The correct time to sow and plant is at the increase of the Moon, when the Moon is above the horizon, and this as a general rule will be found eminently satisfactory. But there are certain influences attaching to the Moon's angular distances from the Sun during each month of the year, and as these vary according to the Sun's position in the Zodiac, the following table has been prepared for the year 1904.

January.-Generally, from the 17th to end of month. Special : 20th aftn. to 22nd aftn., 26th morn. to 27th aftn., 30th morn. to 31st aftn.

February.-Generally, from the 15 th to end of month. Special : 7 th morn. to 9th morn., and 17th morn. to 19 th morn.

MARCH.-Generally, from the 16th to 31st. Special : 17th morn., 20th morn. to 22nd morn., 24th aftn. to 26th aftn.

APRIL.-Generally, from the 15 th to 29th. Special: 16 th morn. to 18 th noon, 2 Ist morn. to 22nd aftn., 29th morn. to end of month.

May.-Generally, from the 14th to 28th. Special : 18th morn. to 20th morn., 26th aftn. to 28 th aftn.

JUNE.-Generally, from the 13th to 27 th. Special : 14 th aftn. to 16 th aftn., 22nd aftn. to 25 th morn.

July.-Generally, from the 12 th to 26th. Special: 12th morn. to 13 th aftn., 20th morn. to 22nd morn.

AUGUST.-Generally, from the inth to 25 th. Special : 16th morn, to 18 th aftn., and 25 th aftn.

September.-Generally, from the 9th to 25 th. Special : 13 th morn. to 14th aftn., 22nd morn. to 23 rd noon.

October.-Generally, from 8th to 24th. Special : ioth morn. to 12th morn., 19th morn. to 21st aftn., and 24th morn. to 25 th morn.

November.-Generally, from the 7 th to 23 rd. Special : 7 th aftn. to 8th aftn., 2 Ist morn. to 23 rd morn.

December.-Generally, from the 7th to 22nd. Special: 13th morn. to 15 th noon, 18 th morn. to 20th noon.

Note.-The time on each day during which the Moon is above the horizon can be found in the calendar, where the time of the Moon's rising is given and the time of its setting. Or, if we take the time of its Southing, and allow about four hours on each side-that is to say, from four hours before its Southing to four hours after its Southing-there will be eight hours during which, on the above dates, germination will be enhanced. The above dates are the result of long experience in gardening and agriculture, and those who attend to them closely will be able to report a better yield than others.

F The division of the week is found only among Aryan nations and in regions into which they have penetrated. The day is, for convenience, divided into twenty-four equal parts, and is the period of a single revolution of the earth upon its own axis.

A solar or astronomical day commences at mean noon, and the hours are counted continuously from 1 to 24. This method is adopted by Italy and some other countries.

In civil reckoning the day commences at mid$n i g h t$, and is divided into two equal portions of 12 hours each-those before noon being termed
ante meridiem (a.m.), those after noon post meridiem (p.m.).

The Chinese week consists of 5 days, which are named after iron, wood, water, feathers, and earth; they divide the day into 12 parts of 2 hours each.
The Anglo-Saxons named the days of the week after the following Deities: Sunday, the Sun; Monday, the Moon ; Tuesday, Tuesco (God of War); Wednesday, Woden (God of Storms); Thursday, Thor (God of Thunder); Friday, Freya (Goddess of Love); Saturday, Saturn (God of Time).

## NOTES ON THE TWELVE MONTHS.

January was placed as leader of the months by Numa Pompilius, when he added two months (Jan. and Feb.) to the Alban Calendar, though it was not admitted to the same precedence in this country until a motion was made to that effect on March 18, 1750 . The name is derived from Janus, the god of the year, in the Roman mythology. The idol Janus was placed over the gate of a temple at Rome, and was represented with two faces, the one that of an old man, being typical of his retrospect of the past ; the other a youthful countenance, denoting prospect of the future. He presided over gates and avenues, thus symbolically he admitted the new year, and attended the departure of the old.

February was made the second of the 12 months by Numa Pompilius. Its name was derived either from Februa, a title which the Romans gave to the Feralia sacrifices; or more probably from Februs, to purify, because this being originally held to be the last month of the year, the people offered an expiatory sacrifice for their twelve months' sin.

March.-March with the ancients ranked the first month of the year, and was named in honour of Mars, the supposed father of the founder of Rome. Our Anglo-Saxon ancestors called it Lenet monath, that is Lent, or Spring month. Marriages in this month were seldom solemnised, as they were counted to become inharmonious and unhappy. March 15 , or according to the Roman calendar, the Ides of March, was the Paricidium, the day on which Julius Cæsar was murdered in the Senate house by Brutus and Cassius, with other conspirators.

April.-By the Saxons April was called Ostr monath, probably from the same word from which Easter is supposed to have been derived. The Dutch and Germans called it Grass month. The name is derived from the Latin word Aperio, to open or disclose. The term applies to the opening of the year, or to the unfolding of the buds and flowers, by the influence of the genial warmth and moisture of Spring.

May. - The Hebrews named this month Sivan, from a Sanscrit word, signifying "to rejoice." The Anglo-Saxoris knew it as Tri-milchi, because their cows, stimulated by the fresh herbage, were so productive of milk as to enable the proprietors to bring them with advantage to the pail three times a day. The Romans offered sacrifices to Bona Dea or Maia on the first day of the month.

June was the Thamur or Tamuz of the Hebrews, that is after their escape from the Babylonish captivity; for previously to that they had simply distinguished their months by aid of numeration. Tamur or Tamuz signifies con-
tinuance and perfection, alluding, probably, to the almost uninterrupted daylight, maturation of fruit, \&c., which occur during its continuance.
July.-The fifth month of the Roman calendar received the name of Quintilis to denote its numerical position. It was sacred to Jupiter, and had in the Alban calendar 36 days. Romulus took from it 5 days. Numa reduced it to 30 , but Julius Cæsar enlarged it to 31, the present number. In honour of the latter, Mark Antony changed its name from Quintilis to Julius-hence our July.
August derived its name from Augustus, the Roman Emperor; it was called Sextilis, or the sixth month in the Alban calendar, in which it had only 28 days assigned to it. Romulus added two, and Augustus a third, which number it has since retained. The Anglo-Saxons called it either Barn monath, alluding to this being the period when their barns were commonly filled, or Wood monath, clothing month, alluding to their fields being then clothed with corn, just as the Romans dedicated this month to Ceres, the goddess of harvest.

September.-In the Latin and Roman calendar this was the seventh month; and hence its name. The month had only sixteen days assigned to it in the Alban calendar; these were increased to thirty by Romulus, to thirty-one by Julius Cæsar; but Augustus reduced it to its present number. The ancient Saxons called it Berst monath, or Barley month, because at this time the barley harvest was gathered in.

Oetober was called by our Saxon forefathers Wyn monath, or Wine month, and sometimes Winter fylleth, from the approach of Winter. It was the eighth month of the Alban calendar, in which it had thirty-nine days. Its name is derived from the Latin Octo, eight, and Imber, a shower of rain. Romulus reduced it to thirtyone days; Numa, to twenty-nine. Julius and Augustus each added one, and this number has not since been altered.

November. -The early Saxon inhabitants of England called this Blott monath, or slaughter month, because in those primitive days winter food was so scarce in England that it was usual to kill and salt the greater part of their winter meat this month; they called it also Wind monath or Wind month, from the tempestuous weather with which it is commonly accompanied.

December.-The month of December, so named by the Romans from being the tenth month of their year, has been denominated by the Saxons Winter monath, but after Christianity they piously gave it the name of Holy month, or High monath.

LAW SITTINGS.


## UNIVERSITY TERMS.

Oxford.
Lent
$\qquad$
begins Jan. 14 ends Mar. 26 Easter......... " Apr. 16 ......... ", May 20 Trinity ....... ", May $\mathbf{2 x}$......... ", July 9 Michaelmas " Oct. 10 ......... ", Dec. 17 Cambridze.
Lent begins Jan. 8 .......... ends Mar. 27 Easter........ " Apr. 18 ......... " June 24 Michaelmas ", Oct. I.......... ", Dec. 19 ${ }_{*}^{* *}$ Full term is kept by a residence of eight weeks.

## HOLIDAYS at PUBLIC OFFICES.

Bank Holidays.-(English)-Good Friday, April I; Easter Monday, April 4 ; Whit Monday, May 23 ; Monday, August I ; Christmas Day, and December 26.
Bank Holidays.-(Scotch)-Jan. 1 ; April 1 ; May 2 ; Aug. 1 ; Dec. 25 and 26.
Bank Transfer Offices. - Jan. 1 ; April 1 and 4; May I and 23; Aug. 1; Nov. 1; Dec. 25 and 26 .
Law Offices.-April 1, 4 and 5 ; May 23 ; Aug. 1 ; Dec. 25 and 26:
Inland Revenue Offices.-April 1 and 4; King's Birthday; May 23 (Whit Tuesday also at Somerset House); Aug. $r$; Dec. 25 and 26.

Custom House, Docks, and Excise Offices.April 1 and 4 ; King's Birthday ; May 23 ; Aug. $1 ;$ Dec. 25 and 26.
Stock Exchange.-Jan. I; April 1 and 4; May 1 and 23 ; Aug. 1 ; Nov. 1 ; Dec. 25 and 26.'

## QUARTER DAYS.

## English.

Scotch.
Lady Day ......Mar. 25 Candlemas ......Feb. 2 Midsummer... June 24 Whitsuntide ...May ${ }_{5}$ Michaelmas... Sept. 29 Lammas ..........Aug. I Christmas ......Dec. 25 Martinmas ......Nov. II

> Haif-Quarter Days.

Feb. 8, May 9, Aug. ir, and Nov. ir.

## MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Easter Day is the Sunday following the first ecclesiastical full moon which happens upon or next after Mar. 2I, or if this moon happens on a Sunday, Easter Day is the Sunday following.
Rogn. Sunday is the fifth Sun. aft. Easter Day. Ascen. Day is the sixth Thurs. aft. Easter Day. Whitsun Day is seven weeks after Easter Day. Trin. Sunday is eight weeks after Easter Day.
Advent Sunday is the Sunday nearest to St. Andrew's Day, whether before or after.

## MOHAMMEDAN CALENDAR.



## BENGALEE CALENDAR.

| - Jan | S |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pous $17 . . . . . . .$. Jan. 1 | Srabun 1......... July 16 |
| Magh I ........ F', 15 |  |
| Falgoon I ...... Feb. 13 | Assin 1 ......... Sept. 17 |
| Choitro I ...... Mar. 14 | Kartick I ...... Oct. 17 |
| Boysack $1 . . . . .$. April 13 | Poos 1 |
| Joisto I ......... May 14 | Poos 16 ......... |
| Assar 1 \% |  |


| ${ }^{1311}$ | 1904 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poos 17 ......... | Jan. | Sawun 1 ...... July 28 |
| Magh P ......... |  | Bhadoon I ... Aug. 26 |
|  | Mar | Ass |
| Bysack | April |  |
| Jeth I |  | Aghan 1 .........Nov. 25 |
| Jeth 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## SAMVAT CALENDAR.

${ }^{1960}{ }^{190}$
Poos, Sudee 13 Jan. 1
Magh, Budee I " 4
Magh, Sudee I , 18
Phagoon, Bud. r Feb. 2 Phagoon, Sud. I ", 17
Chyt, Budee I Mar. 3 ${ }^{196 x}$
Chyt, Sudee 1 , 18
Bysack, Bud. i Apr. I
Bysack, Sud. I " 16
Jhyt, Budee I 30
$\begin{array}{rr}\text { Jhyt, Sudee I May } 16 \\ \text { Jhyt, Budee } 2 & 30\end{array}$
Jhyt, Budee 2 ") 30

1961 Budee 1904
Assar, Budee I June 28 Assar, Sudee I July 14 Sawun, Bud. I " 28 Sawun, Sud. I Aug. 12 Bhadoon, Bud. I " 26 Bhadoon,Sud.r.Sept. 10 Kuär, Budee I " 25 Kuär, Sudee 1 Oct. ro Kartick, Bud. I N" 25 Kartick, Sud. i Nov. 8 Aghan, Bud. 2 ," 24 ${ }^{\text {Aghan, Sud. I Dec. } 8}$ Poos, Budee I " 23


In the year 1004 these wrill be two Eclipses, both of the Sun.

Tarch 17.-An Annular Eolipee of the Tran.
Invisible throughout the British Isks.
This Eclipse is visible throughout Eastern Africa, Arabia, Hindostan, Cochin China, China, Manchuria, and the Japanese and East Indian Archipelagoes. The central line of Annularity passes to the North of Madagascar, and to the South of Ceylon; just touches the most northerly point of Sumatra, and then crosses the Malayan peninsula and Cochin China.
September 9.-4 Total Eclipse of the Bun.

## Invisible throughout the British Isles.

This Eclipse is visible throughout the Central and South Pacific Oceans and the Western half of South America. The central line of totality lies wholly over the Pacific Oceans.

## WHAT IS AN ECLIPSE?

An Eclipse of the Moon is caused by its passage through the Shadow of the Earth; an Eclipse of the Sun by the interposition of the Moon between the Sun and the observer, or, what comes to the same thing, by the passage of the Moon's Shadow over the observer.

It will be seen, however, from the diagram that since the apparent angular diameters of the Sun and Moon are very nearly the same, it is only when the spectator is on, or very close to, the line joining the centres of those two bodies that a Total Eclipse of the Sun can take place; and, indeed, even if he be on that central line, should the Moon be in the more distant portion of her orbit, her apparent diameter Imay be less than that of the Sun, so that even in a Central Eclipse a small view of the Sun is still visible. This constitutes what is known as an Annular Eclipse; one of the Eclipses visible in 1904 is of this character. But even when the Eclipse is total on the central line, an observer far from that line will only see a portion of the Sun hidden, as the lines of the diagram clearly indicate.

In an Eclipse of the Moon the Eclipse is due to a real cutting off of light from the Moon. A Lunar Eclipse, if total for any place, must usually be total for every place from which the Moon can be seen. Lunar Eclipses are not, however, by any means always total. No Eclipse of


LUNAR ECLIP8E.
the Moon occurs in 1904. The axis of the Earth's Shadow is always directed to a point exactly opposite to the Sun. Did the Moon move accurately in the plane of the ecliptic she would be eclipsed at every Full Moon, but since her plane is inclined at about $5^{\circ}$ to that of the ecliptic, she will pass into the Shadow and suffer Fclipse only, if, at the time of the Full Moon, she is near one of the nodes of her orbit. As this seldom happens, we find that there cannot be more than three Lunar Eclipses in the year (and this only if the Full Moon is at a node early in January) and there may be none. Usually, however, we have two Lunar Eclipses in the year, total only if the Moon passes fairly near to the centre of the earth's shadow.

## THE HARVEST MOON.

When does the Harvest Moon occur? is a question frequently asked. The Full moon which happens on or nearest to the Autumnal Equinox (about Sept. 23rd) is called the Harvest Moon because it rises from night to night after the full, more nearly after sunset than any other Full Moon in the year, and is therefore favourable for evening work in carrying late crops. The succeeding Moon is called the Hunters' Moon.

## THE ZODIACAL LIOHT.

A brightness is sometimes observed in the Zodiac resembling that of the galaxy or Milky Way. This is the Zodiacal Light. It appears at certain seasons, viz. towards the end of winter and in spring, after sunset ; or before his rising in autumn and the beginning of winter, resembling the form of a pyramid, lying lengthways with its axis along the Zodiac, its base being placed obliquely with respect to the horizon. This phenomenon was first described and named by the elder Cassini, in 1683. It was afterwards observed by Fatio and also by Kirch and Eimmart. According to Mairan the Zodiacal Light was the Solar atmosphere. The length of the light varies sometimes in reality and sometimes in appearance only from various causes. It is now generally acknowledged that the electric fluid is the cause of the Aurora Borealis, and it is conjectured that the Zodiacal Light is a not dissimilar modification.

## BRITISH OBSERVATORIES.

Greenwich, lat. $5 \mathrm{I}^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 38^{\circ} \mathrm{I}^{\prime \prime}$ N. Opened 1675, under the direction of Flamstead, Astronomer Royal. The chief centre for observations on astronomy and navigation.

Cambridge, lon. $0^{\text {b }} 0^{\text {m }} 22^{\circ} 75^{\circ}$ E. ; lat. $52^{\circ} 12^{\circ}$ $5 I^{\circ} 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Founded by the University in 1824. Oxford-Radcliffe, lon. $0^{b} 5^{\text {ma }} 26^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$.; lat. $52^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 35^{\circ} 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Erected about 1772.
OXFORD UNIVERSITY, Lat. $51^{\circ} 45^{\circ} 34^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Celebrated for its 121 -in. equatorial refractor.

Liverpool. Established 1838-transferred to Birkenhead in 1867 . Lon. $0^{\text {b }} 12^{\mathrm{mm}} 17^{\circ} 35^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $53^{\circ} 24^{\prime} 4^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$.

Kew, lon. $0^{\text {b }} 1^{m} 15^{\circ} \mathrm{r}^{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $51^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. This is the chief meteorological observatory of the United Kingdom.

Durham, lon. $0^{\mathrm{b}} 6^{\mathrm{m}} 19^{\circ} 75^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $54^{\circ} 46^{\prime} 62^{\circ \prime}$ N. Founded 1841. Is under the direction of the University Professor of Mathematics.

Edinburgh-Carlton Hill, lon. $0^{\text {h }} 12^{m} 44^{\circ} 2^{\circ}$ W.; lat. $55^{\circ} 55^{\prime} 28^{\circ \prime} 0^{\prime \prime}$ N. Erected in 1818 .

Glasgow, lon. ob $17^{\mathrm{m}} 10^{\circ} 55^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$.; lat. $55^{\circ} 52^{\circ}$ $42^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$. Opened in 1840 . On the north side of the city near Gartnavel.
Dublin, lon. $0^{\mathrm{b}} 25^{\mathrm{m}} 21^{\circ} \mathrm{I}^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $53^{\circ} 23^{\prime} 13^{\prime} \mathrm{I}^{\prime \prime}$ N. Opened in 1785 . Is under direction of Irish Astronomer Royal.
Armagh, lon. $0^{\mathrm{b}} 26^{\mathrm{m}} 35^{\circ} 4^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. ; lat. $54^{\circ} 2 \mathrm{I}^{\prime} 12^{\circ} 7^{\circ \prime}$ N. Founded in 1791, and enlarged in 1827 ;

Cork-Queen's College, lat. $+55^{\circ} 53^{\circ} 30^{\circ}$. Erected in 1878.

## PERIODICAL COMETS IN 1904.

Two periodical comets are expected to reappear this year, one of which is our most constant friend amongst the comets, and has never failed to put in an appearance since its return in 1818, on which occasion its periodicity was established; and as that period is by far the shortest of any comet, the recorded returns have been the most numerous annongst this class of bodies. But one known as Winnecke's will be due earlier in the year. It was first discovered by that most successful of all comet discoverers, Jean Louis Pons (who died at Florence in 1831), in the month of June 1819 , but was not seen again until 1858, when it was rediscovered by the late Prof. Winnecke at Bonn, and is usually called by his name in accordance with the rule to name a comet after the astronomer who discovers it at the appearance when its periodicity is established. The period of this is about $5 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ years, which has lately somewhat increased; the comet was not seen either in 1863 or 1880 , when it was unfavourably placed, but it was observed at the returns in 1869, 1875, 1886, 1892 and 1898, passing its perihelion on the last occasion on the 2oth of March. Another return will be due early this year.
The other comet (to which we have already alluded) is called Encke's, because that astronomer completely determined its orbit at the appearance of 1818 , though he himself always called it Pons's, in recognition of the fact that Pons was the
discoverer on tnat occasion. The comet (which is sometimes visible to the naked eye) had been seen several times before, but each time was supposed to be new. Mechain was in fact the first discoverer at Paris in 1786, and Miss Caroline Herschel independently discovered it in 1795, really the third return since the first discovery. After that two more unobserved returns must have taken place before it was again discovered in 1805 . Encke even then suspected its periodicity, but did not establish the length of this until after Pons's rediscovery in November 18 x 8. The period was about $3 \frac{1}{f}$ years, or 1212 days, but this has since diminished by about 3 days. The comet returned according to prediction in 1822, and has been observed at each return since, the last time in the year 1901, when it was first seen in August and passed its perihelion on the 15 th September, so that another return will be due towards the end of the present year. : A very interesting circumstance connected with this comet is the gradual shortening of its period, which for many years was regular in amount, and was confidently attributed by Encke to the effect of a resisting medium in space, diminishing its distance from the Sun, so that its journey round him was accomplished more quickly. But the subsequent decrease in amount of diminution showed that this could not be the true cause, which still awaits a satisfactory explanation.

## LENGTH OF DAY.



## SIGNS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS.



| Signs of the Zodiac. |  |  |  |  |  | Astronomical Symbols. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | the Sun. |  | or ${ }^{\text {d }}$ The Ea |
| $r$ | Aries | - | $\bumpeq$ | .... | 180 | \% | Mercury. |  | Conjunction. |
| ¢ | aur | 30 | m | Scorpio......... | 210 | 5 | Mars. |  | uadrature. |
| II | Gemini. | 60 | 1 | Sagittarius ... | 240 | 4 | Jupite |  | Trine. |
| $\sigma$ | ancer. | 90 | v | Capricornus | 270 | 5 | Saturn. |  |  |
| $\Omega$ | Leo ........... | 20 | " | Aquarius ... .. |  | 4 | Uranus. |  | Ascend |
| m | Virgo |  |  | Sces |  | $\dot{j}$ | Neptune. |  | og |

## LUNAR OCCULTATIONS, 1904.

An Occultation of a fixed star or planet, like an Eclipse of the Sun, is caused by the Moon, in her eastward course from right to left, passing between the star and the spectator, and so intercepting it from his view. On page 42 the reader will find, as usual, a full table for the present year, 1904 , giving the particulars for the principal Occultations visible in Great Britain.

The most interesting examples are the Occul. tations of the following comparatively bright stars. The letters $D$ and $R$ in the diagrams following indicate the points of disappearance and reappearance of the star, and are measured from the vertex or point of the Moon's limb nearest the Zenith.


The occultation of o Leonis occurs on Jan. 5th. The disappearance takes place at $10^{\mathrm{h}}$ $13^{m}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $1 I^{\text {b }} 9^{m}$ p.m., the Moon being eighteen days old.

The occultation of a Tauri on Feb. 24th. The disappearance takes place at $5^{\mathrm{b}} 57^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $7^{1}$. ${ }^{\text {mom }}$ p.m., the Moon being eight days old.



The occultation of o Leonis on Feb, 2gth. The disappearance takes place at $8^{\mathrm{h}} 53^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. and the reappearance at $9^{b}$ 46 m p.m., the Moon being thirteen days old.

The occultation of $\theta^{1}$ Tauri on March 22nd. The disappearance takes place at $10^{\text {b }}$ on p.m., and the reappearance at $\mathrm{xo}^{\mathrm{h}} .4 \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m. the Moon being six days old.

The occultation of $\lambda$ Geminorum on March 2sth. The disappearance takes place at $9^{\mathrm{h}} 2^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $10^{\mathrm{b}} .{ }^{1 \mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}}}$ p.m., the Moon being nine days old.


The occultations of 01 and Q2 Tauri on July 1oth. The disappearances take place at $2^{\mathrm{h}} 5^{\mathrm{m}}$ 2.m., and $2^{\mathrm{h}} \mathbf{1 2}^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m. and the reappearances at $2^{2}$ $5^{8 \mathrm{~m}} \mathrm{am} . \mathrm{m}$. and $3^{\text {h }}{ }^{\mathrm{m}}$ a.m., the Moon being twenty-six days old.
The occultations of $\theta^{1}$ and ${ }^{6} 2$ Tauri on Seph. 3oth. The disappearances take place at
 and the reappearances at $2^{\text {h }}$ $57^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and $3^{\mathrm{b}} \mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{ma}}$ a.m., the Moon being twenty days old.


The occultation of a Tauri on Sept. 30th. The disappearance takes place at $6^{6 /} 4^{-1}$ a.m., and the reappearance at $7^{\text {b }}$ rom a.m.the Moon being twenty days old.

The occultation of $\boldsymbol{\gamma}$ Tauri on Dec. 20th. The disappearance takes place at $6^{\text {h }} \mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m., and the reappearance at $7^{\mathrm{b}} 4^{\mathrm{m}}$ p.m, the Moon being fourteen days old.


THE PLANETARY SYSTEM.
The following shows the approximate Diameter in thousands of miles ( $\Gamma$ ) and Distance from Earth in millions of miles ( M ) :-


## OLD ENGLISH HOLIDAYS.

These holidays, with their names, had their origin in medireval England when the State religion was that of the Church of Rome, and they are still observed in some parts of Great Britain.

January 7. Twelfth Day was 12 days after Christmas, and is sometimes called Old Christmas Day. Many social rites have long been connected with Twelfth Day.

February 2. Candlemas: Festival of the Purification of the Virgin. Candles were largely used in churches on this day to typify Christ, the light of the world, whence the name of Candlemas.

February 14. St. Valentine's Day: The custom of sending a " valentine" to one's sweetheart was very general 50 years ago, but, since the introduction of Christmas Cards, has almost died out. February 15, Old Candlemas.

MARCH 25. Lady Dav: Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. April 7 is Old Lady Day.

June 24. Midsummer Day: Feast of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist. July 7 is Old Midsummer Day.

August i. Lammas Day: Originally in England the festival of the wheat harvest. One of
the Scotch quarter days. Old Lammas Day is August 14

September 29. Michaelmas: Feast of St. Michael the Archangel. Old Michaelmas Day is October 12.

November 1. Allhallows: All-hallows, or All-Saints' Day. The previous evening is All-hallow-e'en, observed by home gatherings and oldtime festive rites.

November 2. All Souls' Day: Was formerly regarded as a day of prayer for the souls of the dead.

November ir. Martinmas: Feast of St. Martin. Scotch quarter day. Old Martinmas is November 24

December 28. Childermas: Holy Innocents' Day.

## MOTHERING SUNDAY

is Mid-Lent Sunday, in which the old rural custom obtains of making presents of cakes, \&c.

OCCULTATIONS of STARS VISIBLE at GREENWICH, 1904.

| Date. | Star's Name. | Mag. | Disappearance. | Reappearance. | Angles from Vertex. |  | Position of Moon. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | h. m. | h. m. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 | 111 Tauri | $5 \cdot 2$ | 6 a | 6 a 49 | $-170$ | $+107$ | Souths | 10 a | 47 |
| Jan 2 | 130 Tauri | $5 \cdot 5$ | $5 \mathrm{~m} \quad 0$ | 5 m 50 | - 43 | $+114$ | Sets | 6 m | 42 |
| 3 | 26 Gem | $5 \cdot 1$ | 1 m 34 | 2 m 32 | - 40 | +86 | Souths | 11 a | 48 (2) |
| 5 | - Leonis | $3 \cdot 8$ | 10 a 13 | 11 a 9 | -167 | + 65 | Souths | 2 m | 47 (6) |
| 6 | B. A. C. 3398 | $5 \cdot 9$ | $6 \mathrm{~m} \quad 19$ | 6 m 49 | - 15 | + 45 | Souths | 2 m | 47 |
| 12 | ${ }^{\text {o }}$ Libræ | 6.0 | 7 m 36 | $8 \mathrm{~m} \quad 7$ | -177 | +143 | Souths | 7 m | 54 |
| 20 | B. A. C. 7774 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 3 a 58 | $4 \mathrm{a} \quad 53$ | - 94 | $-178$ | Souths | 2 a | 14 |
| 26 | D. M. $+12^{\circ} 436$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | 7 a 19 | 8 a 11 | - 16 | + 79 | Souths | 6 a | 41 |
| 28 | B. A. C. 1526 . | $5 \cdot 8$ | $6 \mathrm{a} \quad 16$ | 7 a | - 99 | + 74 | Souths | 8 a | 28 |
| 31 | $\lambda$ Geminorum | $3 \cdot 6$ | 3 m 6 | $4 \mathrm{~m} \quad 3$ | - 66 | +126 | Setr | 6 m | 16 |
| Feb. 24 | a Tauri | $1 \cdot 1$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 \times & 57\end{array}$ | $7 \mathrm{a} \quad 15$ | - 78 | $+107$ | Souths | 6 a | 17 |
| 29 | - Leonis | 3.8 | 8 a 53 | 9 a 46 | -172 | + 94 | Souths | 11 a | 6 |
| Mar. 1 | B. A. C. 339 | $5 \cdot 9$ | $4 \mathrm{~m} \quad 27$ | $5 \mathrm{~m} \quad 3$ | - 21 | + 63 | Sets | 6 m |  |
| 5 | $m$ Virginis | $5 \cdot 3$ | 1 m 13 | 2 m 25 | -127 | $+60$ | Souths | 2 m | 49 |
| 6 | B. A. C. 4828 | $6 \cdot 0$ | 1 m 7 | 2 mm 12 | -111 | + 31 | Souths | 3 m | 41 |
| 22 | $\theta^{1}$ Tauri. | $3 \cdot 9$ | 10 a | 10 a 41 | - 90 | $+176$ | Sets | 11 a | 55 |
| 22 | 75 Tauri | $5 \cdot 3$ | 10 a 4 | 10 a 35 | + 10 | + 75 | Sets | 11 a | 55 |
| 22 | B. A. C. 1391 | $4 \cdot 9$ | 10 a 46 | 11 a 39 | - 41 | $+122$ | Sets | 11 a | 55 |
| 23 | 111 Tauri | $5 \cdot 2$ | 10 a 6 | 11 a 1 | - 30 | $+108$ | Sets | 11 a | 55 |
| 25 | $\lambda$ Gemino | $3 \cdot 6$ | 9 a 2 | 10 a 11 | - 80 | +124 | Souths | 6 a | 57 |
| April 3-4 | 49 Libræ. | $5 \cdot 6$ | 11 a 4 | $0 \mathrm{~m} \quad 9$ | - 127 | + 36 | Souths | 3 m | 13 (4) |
| 24 | B. A. C. 3398 | $5 \cdot 9$ | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 25$ | 10 a | - 97 | +107 | Souths | 7 a | 38 |
| 28 | $m$ Virginis. | $5 \cdot 3$ | 10 a 6 | 11 a 18 | -115 | + 59 | Souths | 11 a | 11 |
| 29 | B. A. C. 4828 | $6 \cdot 0$ | 9 ar 40 | $10 \mathrm{a} \quad 37$ | - 98 | + 18 | Souths | 0 m | 5 (30) |
| May 5 | $\rho^{2}$ Sagittarii | $6 \cdot 1$ | 2 m 48 | 3 m 57 | -133 | $+125$ | Souths | 4 m | 27 |
| ${ }^{7}$ | D. M. -1558 | 6.0 5.5 | $\begin{array}{lll}1 \mathrm{~m} & 19\end{array}$ | 1 m 42 | +173 | +136 | Rises | 1 m | 8 |
| 17 | 130 Tauri | $5 \cdot 5$ | 7 a 27 | 8 a 20 | - 35 | +109 | Sets | 9 a | 45 |
| 21 | - Leoni | 3.8 | 9 a 1 | $\begin{array}{ll}9 \mathrm{a} & 26\end{array}$ | -142 | $+173$ | Souths | 5 a | 34 |
| June 16 | 29 Cancri | $5 \cdot 9$ | 8 a 28 | 9 a | - 92 | +143 | Sets | 10 a | 8 |
| 24-25 | $\theta$ Libræ | $4 \cdot 3$ | 11 a 55 | 0 m 30 | -140 | $+167$ | Souths | 9 a | 34 (24) |
| July 10 | $\theta^{1}$ Tauri | $3 \cdot 9$ | 2 m 5 | 2 m 58 | -115 | + 63 | Rises | 1 m | 43 |
| 10 | $\theta^{2}$ Tauri ... | $3 \cdot 6$ | ${ }_{2}^{2 \mathrm{~m}} 12$ | 3 mmo | -137 | +84 | Rises | 1 m | 43 |
| 10 | B. A. C. 1391 | $4 \cdot 9$ | $3 \mathrm{~m} \quad 0$ | 3 mm 49 | - 88 | + 33 | Rises | 1 m | 43 |
| 10 | a Tauri | $1 \cdot 1$ | 5 m 31 | $6 \mathrm{~m} \quad 24$ | - 78 | + 32 | Rises | 1 m | 43 |
| 28 | D. M. $-15^{\circ} 5$ | $6 \cdot 0$ | 1 m 25 | $2 \mathrm{~m} \quad 22$ | - 18 | + 81 | Souths | 0 m | 31 |
| 31 | 96 Aquarii. | $5 \cdot 7$ | $\begin{array}{lll}0 \mathrm{~m} & 47\end{array}$ | $2 \mathrm{~m} \quad 5$ | -103 | +124 | Souths | 2 m | 43 |
| Aug. 27 | 20 Piscium | $5 \cdot 7$ | 10 a | 11 a 14 | -85 | + 77 | Rises | 7 a | 31 |
| 31 | 64 Ceti | $5 \cdot 7$ | $\begin{array}{lll}1 \mathrm{~m} & 37\end{array}$ | 2 m 53 | -108 | +122 | Souths | 3 m | 33 |
| 31 | $\xi^{1}$ Ceti | $4 \cdot 5$ | 2 m 51 | $4 \mathrm{~m} \quad 13$ | - 72 | $+117$ | Souths | 3 m | 33 |
| Sept. 2-3 | $\boldsymbol{\sigma}^{2}$ Tauri | $4 \cdot 8$ | 11 a 55 | 0 m 34 | -165 | +110 | Rises | 10 a | 15 (2) |
| Sept. 2 | B. A. C. 1728 (1st - | $5 \cdot 5$ | 11 a 12 | 11 a 55 | -153 | +94 | Rises | 10 a | 59 |
| 19 | D. M. $-16^{\circ} 5609$. | $6 \cdot 0$ | 11 a 30 | 11 a 56 | + 22 | $+67$ | Souths | 8 a | 25 |
| 29 | y Tauri. | $3 \cdot 9$ | $\begin{array}{lll}9 & \text { a } & 17\end{array}$ | 10 a 2 | - 78 | + 26 | Rises | 8 a | 16 |
| 30 | 71 Tauri | $4 \cdot 6$ | 0 m 33 | 1 m 8 | -173 | +133 | Souths | 3 m | 52 |
| 30 | $\theta^{1}$ Tauri | $3 \cdot 9$ | 1 m 40 | 2 m 57 | -109 | +94 | Souths | 3 m | 52 |
| 30 | $\theta^{2}$ Tauri | $3 \cdot 6$ | 1 m 50 | $3 \mathrm{~m} \quad 0$ | -130 | +117 | Souths | 3 m | 52 |
| - 30 | $\boldsymbol{a}$ Tauri | $1 \cdot 1$ | 6 m 42 | 7 m 10 | + 17 | +64 | Souths | 3 m | 52 |
| Oct. 1 | 111 Tauri | $5 \cdot 2$ | 2 m 54 | 4 m 12 | -107 | +89 | Souths | 4 m | 43 |
| 17 | D. M. $-15^{\circ}$ | $6 \cdot 0$ | 8 a 16 | 8 a 55 | - 0 | +65 | Souths | 7 a | 8 |
| 20 | 96 Aquarii | $5 \cdot 7$ | 7 a | 9 a 11 | - 82 | $+113$ | Souths | 9 a | 20 |
| 27 | ¢ Tauri... | 3.9 | 4 m 48 | 5 m 25 | -108 | -167 | Souths | 1 m | 49 |
| Nov. 17 | 20 Piscium | $5 \cdot 7$ | 6 a | 7 a 31 | - 34 | +64 | Souths | 7 a | 59 |
| 20 | 64 Ceti | 5.7 | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 13$ | 10 a 22 | -110 | +147 | Souths | 10 a | 9 |
| 20 | $\xi^{1}$ Ceti | $4 \cdot 5$ | 10 a 24 | 11 a 44 | - 72 | +138 | Souths | 10 a | 9 |
| 24 | B. A. C. 1526 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 4 m 12 | 5 m 15 | - 30 | $+114$ | Souths | 0 m | 35 |
| 25 | 130 Tauri. | $5 \cdot 5$ | 1 m 14 | 1 m 49 | -154 | +164 | Souths | Im | 28 |
| Dec. 2 | $\eta$ Virginis | 4.0 | 1 m 56 | 2 m 8 | - 71 | - 45 | Rises | 1 m | 29 |
| 20 | $\boldsymbol{\gamma}$ Tauri. | 3.9 | 6 a 1 | 7 a 4 | -130 | $+85$ | Souths | 10 a | 25 |
| 20-21 | 75 Tauri | $5 \cdot 3$ | 11 a 16 | 0 m .18 | - 29 | +88 | Souths | 10 a | 25 (20) |
| 20 | $\theta^{1}$ Tauri... | $3 \cdot 9$ | 11 a 25 | 11 a 58 | -130 | $-173$ | Souths | 10 a | 25 |
| 21 | B. A. C. 1391 | $4 \cdot 9$ | 0 m 21 | 1 m 31 | - 73 | $+150$ | Souths | 10 a | 25 (20) |
| 21 | a Tauri... | $1 \cdot 1$ | 3 m 19 | 4 m 12 | $-17$ | $+105$ | Sets | 6 m | 9 |
| 22 | 115 Tauri | $5 \cdot 4$ | 1 m 15 | 1 m 48 | + 3 | +61 | Souths | 11 a | 18 (21) |
| 24 | D. M. $+17^{\circ} 1596$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | 5 m 18 | 6 m 19 | - 59 | +117 | Sets | 8 m | 58 |
| 26 | $A$ Leonis. | $4 \cdot 6$ | $9 \mathrm{a} \quad 2$ | 9 a 13 | -62 | - 39 | Rises | 8 a | 45 |
| 30 | $k$ Virginis.. | $5 \cdot 9$ | 0 m 47 | 1 m 30 | -107 | - 10 | Rises | 0 m | 34 |

The angles are reckoned from the vertex of the Moon's limb: - towards the left hand, and + towards the right hand.

## GEOCENTRIC LONGITUDES OF THE PLANETS

IN 1904.

| Date Noon. | Sun. | Mercury. | Venus. | Mars. | Jupiter. | Saturn. | Uranus. | Neptune. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | - 1 | - | 0 | 01 | ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| January 1 | 2794940 | 299958 | 235 m 45 | 3154044 | $347 \times 51$ | 808m 4 | 266798 | 940024 |
| Jamar 7 | 28547 | $302 \mathrm{~m}+58$ | 242744 | 32027 | 34849 | 30844 | 266 | 9414 |
| 13 | 29154 | 30040 | 24949 | 20510 | 34952 | 30925 | 26720 | 944 |
| 19 | 2980 | $298 \mathrm{~V}^{2} 26$ | 25657 | 32958 | 85058 | 3108 | 26740 | 9855 |
| 25 | 304* 7 | 28750 | 2047 | $884 \times 35$ | 3529 | 81050 | 26759 | 9346 |
| 31 | 31012 | 28718 | $271 v 920$ | 38918 | 353 | 511 98 | 26817 | 9838 |
| February 6 | 81618 | 29050 | 27884 | 34359 | 354 | 81216 | 28884 | 9831 |
| 12 | 32222 | 29686 | 28551 | 34840 | 355 | 31259 | 26850 | 93 \% |
| 18 | $328 \quad 26$ | 803v947 | 2939 | 35320 | 85719 | 31342 | 2694 | 9819 |
| 24 | $334 \times 28$ | 31154 | 300w 27 | 35758 | 35841 | 31424 | 26917 | 9315 |
| March 1 | 34030 | 32045 | 30746 | $2 \Upsilon 36$ | Or 6 | 315 | 26928 | 9811 |
| 7 | 34630 | $330 \times 16$ | 8156 | 712 | 181 | 81544 | 26937 | 939 |
| 13 | 35230 | 34028 | 32227 | 1147 | 257 | 81623 | 26945 | 938 |
| 19 | 35828 | 35123 | 32948 | 1620 | 424 | 31659 | 26951 | 939 |
| 25 | $4 \Upsilon 25$ | $3 r^{0}$ | $337 \times 9$ | 2051 | 551 | 31734 | 26954 | 9310 |
| 31 | 1021 | 1513 | 34430 | $25 \quad 22$ | 718 | 3187 | 26956 | 9313 |
| April 6 | 1615 | $27 \quad 27$ | 85151 | 2949 | 845 | 318 37 | 26957 | 9317 |
| 12 | 229 | 38837 | 35913 | 34815 | 1011 | 3195 | 26956 | 9322 |
| 18 | 281 | 4728 | 6 r 34 | 3840 | 1187 | 81981 | 26952 | $93 \quad 29$ |
| 24 | 38852 | $\begin{array}{ll}53 & 38\end{array}$ | 1355 | 483 | $13 \quad 2$ | 31953 | 26947 | 9386 |
| 30 | 3942 | 5614 | $21 \quad 17$ | 4724 | $14 \quad 26$ | 32013 | 26941 | 9344 |
| May 6 | $45 \quad 31$ | $\begin{array}{ll}55 & 43\end{array}$ | 28188 | 5142 | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 47\end{array}$ | $820 \quad 29$ | 26933 | 9354 |
| 12 | 5119 | 5250 | 35659 | 560 | 177 | 32042 | 26922 | 944 |
| 18 | 576 | $49 \quad 25$ | 4320 | 601115 | $18 \quad 26$ | 32052 | 26911 | $94 \quad 15$ |
| 24 | 62 II 52 | 4729 | 5041 | $64 \quad 28$ | 1942 | 32058 | 26859 | $94 \quad 26$ |
| 30 | $68 \quad 37$ | 483 | 582 | 6840 | $20 \quad 54$ | $321 \quad 0$ | 26846 | 9438 |
| June 5 | 7422 | 5114 | $65 \square 24$ | 7251 | 224 | 32059 | 26832 | 9450 |
| Jume 11 | 806 | 5615 | 7245 | 7659 | 2311 | 32055 | 26818 | $95 \quad 3$ |
| 17 | $85 \quad 50$ | 641120 | 807 | 816 | $24 \quad 15$ | 32047 | $268 \quad 3$ | 9516 |
| 23 | $91 \sigma 33$ | 7349 | $87 \quad 28$ | $85 \quad 11$ | 2514 | 32086 | 26749 | $95 \quad 29$ |
| 29 | 9716 | 8433 | 946050 | 8915 | 26 | 32022 | $267 \quad 34$ | $95 \quad 43$ |
| July 5 | 1030 | 97 ¢ 35 | 10218 | 98017 | $26 \quad 59$ | 3205 | 26720 | $95 \quad 56$ |
| Jug 11 | 10843 | 110 | 10936 | 9718 | 2744 | 31945 | 267 | 96 |
| 17 | 11426 | $128 \Omega 0$ | 11659 | 10117 | $28 \quad 24$ | 31923 | 26654 | 9623 |
| 28 | $120 \Omega 10$ | 18433 | $124 \Omega 22$ | 10515 | $28 \quad 59$ | 31859 | 26641 | $96 \quad 36$ |
| 29 | $125 \quad 54$ | $145 \quad 2$ | 18146 | 10912 | $29 \quad 27$ | 81884 | 26630 | 9648 |
| August 4 | 13138 | $154 \mathrm{~m} \times 31$ | 18910 | 1187 | 2948 | 3187 | 26621 | $97 \quad 0$ |
| 10 | 13728 | 16257 | 14684 | 1170 | 3083 | 31741 | 26613 | 9711 |
| 16 | 1439 | 17014 | 153mm58 | $120 \Omega 63$ | 3011 | 81714 | 2667 | $97 \quad 21$ |
| 22 | $148 \quad 56$ | 176 | 16123 | $124 \quad 44$ | 3012 | 81648 | 266 - 2 | 9731 |
| 28 | $154 \mathrm{~m} \times 43$ | $180 \sim 4$ | 16848 | 12885 | 306 | 31622 | $265 \quad 59$ | $97 \quad 40$ |
| September 3 | $160 \quad 32$ | $181 \quad 19$ | 17618 | 18224 | $29 r 52$ | 31558 | $265 \quad 57$ | 9747 |
| 9 | 16621 | $178 \mathrm{~m} \times 59$ | 183~137 | 13612 | 2932 | 31596 | 26558 | $97 \quad 54$ |
| 15 | 17212 | 173 26 | 1912 | 18958 | 295 | 81516 | 2660 | 980 |
| 21 | 1783 | 16811 | 19826 | 14344 | 2832 | 81458 | 2664 | 98.4 |
| 27 | 183-36 | 16718 | 20550 | 14728 | $27 \quad 54$ | 31444 | 26610 | 98 |
| October 8 | 18950 | 1729 | 213 ml 1 | 151 mp 12 | 2711 | 31483 | 26618 | 9810 |
| October 9 | 19546 | 180^40 | 22088 | $154 \quad 54$ | $26 \quad 25$ | 31426 | 266 | 9811 |
| 15 | 20142 | 19040 | 2282 | 15835 | $25 \quad 37$ | 31422 | 26639 | $98 \quad 11$ |
| 21 | 20740 | 20058 | 23525 | $162 \quad 15$ | 2449 | 81421 | 28652 | $98 \quad 10$ |
| 27 | 218 m 39 | 211 m 6 | 242 F47 | 16553 | 241 | 31424 | 267 6 | 987 |
| November 2 | 21989 | 22056 | 2509 | $169 \quad 29$ | 2814 | 31431 | 26722 | $98 \quad 8$ |
| 8 | 22540 | 23031 | 25781 | 1734 | 2282 | 31442 | 26789 | 9758 |
| 14 | 23142 | 23952 | 26452 | 176 | 2158 | 31456 | 26757 | 9752 |
| 20 | 23745 | 249 \% 6 | 2724912 | 180~ 9 | 2120 | 31513 | 26816 | $97 \quad 45$ |
| 26 | $248 \ddagger 49$ | 25810 | 27982 | 18888 | 2053 | 81584 | 26885 | $97 \quad 38$ |
| December 2 | 24954 | 2670 | 28650 | 1875 | 2088 | 31558 | 26856 | $97 \quad 29$ |
| 8 | 256 | 2754-22 | 2946 | 19080 | $20 \quad 20$ | 31625 | 26917 | 9720 |
| 14 | 262 6 | 28281 | 801w21 | 19852 | $20 \quad 15$ | 31654 | 26989 | 9711 |
| 20 | 28812 | 28648 | 30833 | 19711 | $20 \quad 17$ | 81728 | 270 | 971 |
| 28 | 274 VP 19 | 2851 | 31543 | 20027 | 2026 | 3180 | 27022 | 9651 |

THE BAROMETER.-Atmospherical Pressure is measured by the Barometer, which should be a mercurial one. The readings of the barometer are "corrected" for instrumental errors and reduced to $32^{\circ}$ and to sea-level. These are necessary, since the mercury expands when the temperature rises and the colvmn is lengthened, and two similar barometers cannot read alike unless at the same temperature. In the same way, since the height of the column of mercury measures the weight of the column of air of equal sectional area above it, if two similar barometers be placed one directly above the other it is evident that there will be a less quantity of air above the former than above the latter instrument, and it will read lower.

The following are conditions for a high barometer : ( I ) When the air is very cold, for then the lower strata are denser and more contracted than when it is warm. The contraction causes the upper layers to sink down, bringing a greater number of air particles, that is to say, a greater mass of air into a given vertical column of the atmosphere supposed unable to expand laterally, so that the pressure at its base is greater. (2) When the air is dry, for then it is denser than when it is moist. (3) When in any way an upper current sets in towards a given area, for this compresses the strata underneath.
Conversely, the barometer stands low when ( $\mathbf{r}$ ) the lower strata are heated, causing the surfaces of equal pressure to rise, and the upper layers to slide off as already described, for by this means the mass of air pressing on each unit of area below is reduced. (2) When the air is damp, for as the density of aqueous vapour, at the temperature of $60^{\circ}$ and pressure of 30 ins., is $=0.622$, air being $=1$, the mixture is lighter the more vapour it contains, and consequently damp air does not press so heavily as dry on the unit of area below. (3) When the air from any causes has an upward movement, for this of course acts in the same manner as (I). From these principles it follows that a fall in the barometric reading usually betokens rain and wind, or an increase in both; but a rise the reverse. The direction of the wind, and the temperature, must be noted, however, for bad weather may accompany a rise, if the wind be from a cold quarter, the north-east winds tending to raise the barometer the most.

The mean height of the barometer at the level of the sea is nearly the same at all places, and is but slightly affected by the fluctuations of temperature; but in the higher regions of the atmosphere it is greatly affected by these causes.

Great falls of the barometer are generally accompanied by a temperature above the mean for the season, and great rises by one below the same.


Mercurial Barometer.

The greatest depression of the barometer occurs daily about $4 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and p.m., and its highest elevation about ro a.m. and p.m. ; in summer, these extreme points are reached from one to two hours earlier in the morning, and as much later in the afternoon.

To convert. English Barometrical readings into French (inches into millimètres) or vice versa the following table will be useful.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=039$ | $750=29 \cdot 53$ |  |
| $2=079$ | $755=29.73$ | $0 \cdot 4=10$ |
| $3=118$ | $760=29 \cdot 92$ |  |
| $4=\cdot 158$ | $765=30 \cdot 12$ |  |
| $5=\cdot 197$ | $770=30 \cdot 32$ |  |
|  | $775=30.51$ |  |
| 15 | $780=30 \cdot 71$ |  |
| $\cdot 35$ | $785=30.91$ |  |
| $8 \cdot 54$ | $790=31 \cdot 10$ |  |
| 28.74 |  |  |
| 8.94 | In. Mil. |  |
| -13 | $0 \cdot 1=2 \cdot 5$ |  |
|  | $0 \cdot 2=$ |  |

THE THERMOMETER.The determination of the temperature of the air is open to much uncertainty owing to the great difficulty of securing an unexceptionable exposure for the thermometers. An ordinary thermometer consists of a fine glass tube with a bulb (cylindrical or spherical) blown on one end, and partly filled with some liquid, mercury or spirits of wine, usually the former. This liquid expands on being heated and contracts again on being cooled. By the amount of the expansion, the temperature is measured by means of a scale marked off on the tube. Selfregistering thermomeinstruments ters are furnished with some contrivances to mark the highest or the lowest


Aneroid Barometer. temperature to which they have been sub. jected during a given interval of time.
To convert a given number of degrees Fahrenheit into Centigrade, deduct 32, multiply by 5, and
divide by 9 . divide by 9 .
To convert

into Reaumur, deduct 32, multiply by 4, and divide by 9 . To convert degrees Centigrade into Fahrenheit, multiply by 9 , divide by 5 , and add 32. To convert Reaumur into Fahrenheit, multiply by 9 , divide by 4 , and add 32 . The diagram on previous page shows corresponding degrees.

## SELF-RECORDING INSTRU= MENTS.

These have, of late years, come into very general use ; they enable the observer to ascertain the movements of the barometer or thermometer at any hour of the day, and require very little attention. A properly-prepared chart is placed round a slowly-revolving cylinder, actuated by clockwork movement, and against this a pen, filled with pre-


Self-Recording Barometer.
pared ink, is lightly placed; this is held in position by a slender arm, the oiher end of which is connected with the instrument itself. As the chart slowly revoives the barometer fluctuations in the weather are indicated by slight marks from the pen as shown in the diagrams. The following instructions for the use of these instruments may be interesting:-

Having removed the cover of the instrument, first throw the pen off the cylinder carrying the chart, by turning the milled-head nut in the baseplate.

Wind the clock by the attached key, holding the cylinder firmly in position in the left handthe covered hole near the key gives access to the regulator of the clock movement, and should be kept closed.
To place a chart in position, turn the milledhead nut at the top of the retaining spring-band (which is hinged at the bottom), the catch at the upper end being released it will fall downwards-


Self-Recording Thermometer.
remove the used chart (if there is one on the cylinder), and put a new one into position, being careful that its edge rests on the projecting rim at the bottom of the cylinder; one end of the chart should overlap the other, and the junction come where the retaining spring-band, when replaced, will hold the paper firmly to the cylinder.

Fill the pen with the prepared ink, draw a piece of paper lightly and carefully across the nibs to see that the ink will flow.

Turn the milled-head in the base-plate and allow the return of the pen to the face of the chart. The pressure of the pen upon the chart should be as light as possible, only sufficient to ensure the pen marking distinctly with the ink. This pressure can be regulated by turning the milled-head screw at the other end of arm which carries the pen.
The cylinder with chart must then be turned upon its centre, until the pen points to the correct time.

To set the pen to the correct reading of a Standard, turn very gently the milled-head marked "Set Pen," and the arm carrying the pen will be depressed or elevated accordingly.

The change of chart should be made on Monday morning between the hours of seven and twelve-this period being duplicated on the chart for the purpose.

## REGISTERING THERMO= METERS.



## Maximum Thermometer.

The index in this thermometer is formed by a small portion of the mercurial column being separated from the main thread of mercury by a minute air-bubble; this portion is pushed on before the column when the temperature rises, but does not return with it when it falls. The detached portion of the column therefore rests at the extreme position to which it has advanced, and the end of it farthest from the bulb registers the highest temperature which has been attained. A slight shake, holding the bulb of the thermometer downwards, resets the instrument.


Minimum Thermometer.
The fluid comprised in this instrument is spirit, and in it there is immersed an index. When the temperature falls the spirit draws the index along with it, but on rising again the spirit passes the index, leaving it at the lowest point to which it has been drawn, the end farthest from the bulb thus registering the minimum temperature. The instrument is reset by raising the bulb and allowing the index to slide to the end of the column of spirit.
Stevenson's Screen is the standard adopted in this country. It secures the thermometer being always in the shade. It is a box formed of double louvres


Thermometer Screen.
which slope in opposite directions, so that whilst the air has free access to the thermometers inside, rain and radiant heat cannot enter. The screen should be well exposed to the sun's rays, and the thermometers should be about 4 feet above the ground.

## WINDS AND STORMS.

The motion of the air, both in direction and velocity, is regulated by the distribution of atmospherical pressure at the surface of the earth, which is shown by the distribution of the readings of the barometer in the weather chart.
The force of the wind, as distinguished from its direction, is related to the amount of difference of barometrical pressure over a given distance, and this is defined
 asthe" "gradient." Where the lines of equal barometric pressure (the "isobars") are close together, we have a steep gradient, and may hence expect strong winds to restore the atmospheric equilibrium. The force of the wind therefore does not depend on the absolute height of the barometer at any given station, but on its height as compared with that for the surrounding districts.

CYCLONES.-There are two great classes of atmospheric systems, anti-cyclonic and cyclonic.
Anti-cyclonic systems are characterised by very slow circulation of the air (light winds), by low temperature in winter, great "absolute" dryness of the air, at least at their centres, and consequent absence of rain, though fog may be very prevalent.
Cyclonic systems on the other hand are characterised by rapid circulation of the air causing strong winds-which appear to flow towards the centre, so that the air is supplied from below and ascends in the centre-a comparatively high temperature, much moisture, and therefore heavy rain. At the rear of the disturbance it may be very dry.
These are the winter conditions. In summer they are exactly reversed, at least in temperature.

One great distinction between cyclones and anti-cyclones is that the former move over more or less large areas, whilst the latter are usually stationary. The actual force of the wind is measured in a meteorological observatory by an anemometer, of which an illustration is given above.

## WEATHER FORECASTING.

For the purpose of official weather forecasting the Meteorological Office receives numerous reports by telegraph frome all parts of the British Islands and from many places situated in different parts of Western Europe. Such telegrams are received at three times each day, viz at 8 a.m., 2 p.m., and 6 p.m. The reports contain observa-
tions of barometer, temperature, wind, weather, and sea disturbance. This telegraphic information was primarily intended for the issue of storm warnings to various places around our coasts, but the general public asked for daily weather forecasts, and such information has now been given for several years. The observations when received are entered on a chart, and isobars or lines of equal barometer readings are drawn so that any change in the general distribution of atmospheric pressure can be readily traced. A collection of these charts shows that there are yarious types of weather, some being associated with fine and dry weather, and others with wind and rain As in our Islands most of our weather changes approach from the Atlantic and move from W. to E., or from N.W. to N.E., they can be generally well traced. A change which is shown to be commencing on our west coasts is likely to develop, and in the ensuing 24 hours will probably extend to other parts of the United Kingdom. The specimen charts which are given to illustrate types of fine and bad weather are drawn from actual observations, and they will probably serve to illustrate the general principle which underlies the system of weather forecasting. There are numerous weather types, but they are all more or less associated with the two general types given.

The Fine Weather Type is not infrequently characterised by the most brilliant summer weather; the conditions are generally dry and the day temperatures usually high. In the winter these conditions are usually accompanied by frost and frequently, if the winds are light, by fog.

It will be noticed that the region of relatively highest barometer is situated over our Islands, and any disturbances arriving from the Atlantic are compelled to follow a course which takes them well to the northward of the British Isles.
The Bad Weather Type is one of the commonest and one of the most persistent experienced. During its prevalence pressure remains relatively high over Central and Southern Europe, while the barometer is low over our Islands and the westward of our shores, and cyclonic disturbances pass with considerable frequency along our West coasts. In winter when the barometer differences are great,


Fine Weather Type.
gales are experienced. The barometer falls as the wind draws S. Wly., and rises as it shifts to the W. and N.W. These changes are constantly $r e$ curring. The conditions are those which chat-
acterise a broken and unsettled summer, or a mild and wet winter.

When the barometer is comparatively high over Scandinavia and there is a similar region of high


Bad Weather Type.
barometer over France and Spain, with a relatively low barometer over our Islands the weather with us is usually very disturbed, gales occurring in winter and thunderstorms in summer. When once this type of weather sets in it commonly lasts several days, and often for a week or two. There is a tendency always for a persistence of the same weather conditions, that is, when anti-cyclonic conditions are prevailing there is a reluctance for unsettled weather to set in, and similarly when the prevailing conditions are cyclonic there is a great tendency for the recurrence of the rapid changes which are associated with the arrival of the disturbances on our coasts from the Atlantic. When cyclonic disturbances arrive in proximity to our Islands there is a tendency for them mostly to skirt our shores and not to strike inland. Secondary or subsidiary disturbances are commonly formed in the southern segment of the storm area, and they usually travel at a much higher rate than the parent disturbance and frequently develop quite as much energy. A heavy northerly gale is commonly experienced after the barometer commences to rise from a very low point, and this is often due to the travelling high barometer in the rear of the storm moving faster than the area of low barometer with which it is associated. An unsteady barometer indicates unsettled weather, and a rapid rise of the mercury is not to be trusted. A rapid fall of the barometer is a fairly sure sign of bad weather, wind or rain, and perhaps both. The rise and fall of temperature and the ever-changing character of the clouds as well as the general aspect of the sky all aid materially in weather forecasting, skill in which is only to be obtained by constant and prolonged practice.

## STORM AND WIND SIGNALS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

The Cone point downzuards means that gales or strong winds are to be expected, at first from the Southward, viz., from S.E. round by S. to N.W. The South Cone is hoisted if it appears
probable that a gale will begin from between E. and S.E., and also that it is likely to veer towards S. or S.W.

The Cone point wewards means that Northerly gales or strong winds are probable, viz., from N.W. round by N. to S.E. If it is probable that a gale will begin from between W. and N.W.,


Night Signals.
Three Lights in Triangle instead of Cone.



Gale probably

Gale probably
and also that it is likely to veer towards N . or N.E., the North Cone is hoisted.

The Signal is kept hoisted until dusk, and then lowered; hoisted again the following morning at daylight, and so on for 48 hours from the time at which the message was issued from the Meteorological Office, unless otherwise ordered. At dusk, when a Signal ought to be flying, the Night Signal should be hoisted in place of the Cone-point downwards for South Cone, point upwards for North Cone.

The object of these warnings is only to make known the greater and more general disturbances of the atmosphere, and the hoisting of the Signals is a sign that an atmospherical disturbance is in existence, which will probably cause a gale, from the quarter indicated by the Signal used, within a distance of about 50 miles of the place where the Signal is hoisted.

A Southerly wind is more likely to veer rapidly to a point North of West than a Northerly wind is to veer to a point South of East ; a gale from the Eastward is more likely to back to the Northward than to veer to the Southward.

## WIND FORCE.

| Characteristics. <br> By Beaufort Notation. | Velocity miles per hour. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Pressure } \\ \text { lbs. } \\ \text { per sq. foot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0. Calm | 2 | 01 |
| 1. Light air - | 4 | 05 |
| 2. Light breeze | 7 | -15 |
| 8. Gentle breeze | 10 | -3 |
| 4. Moderate breeze | 14 | 6 |
| 5. Fresh breeze | 19 | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| 6. Strong breeze | 25 | 19 |
| 7. Moderate gale | 81 | 29 |
| 8. Fresh gale | 87 | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| 9. Strong gale | 44 | 58 |
| 10. Whole gale | 58 | $8 \cdot 4$ |
| 11. Storm - | 64 | $12 \cdot 8$ |
| 12. Hurricane | 77 | 178 |

By scale now generally accepted by the Meteorological Office and the Royal Meteorological Society.

BAXONS AND DANES.


| William Co | 1027 | 1066 Dec. 25 | 20815 | 1087 Sepr. | 60 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wiliam Rufus | 1057 | 1087 Sept. 26 | 12107 | 1100 Aug. 2 | 3 |  |
| Henry 1. | 1068 | 1100 Aug. 5 | $\begin{array}{llll}35 & 8 & 27\end{array}$ | 1135 Dec. 1 | 7 | Reading |
| Stephe | 1105 | 1135 Dec. 26 | 18100 | 1154 Oct. 25 | 9 | Rav |








[^25]
## THE ROYAL FAMILY OF GREAT BRITAIN. 49

The King. Edward VII., of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, is the second child of the late Queen Victoria and Prince Albert of Saxe-CoburgGotha. He was born at Bucking-

ter, Dec. 8 th, 1841, Earl of Dublin, Jan. 17th, 1850, married on March 10th, 1863, succeeded his mother on January 22nd, 1901, and was crowned on Aug. 9th, 1902.
The Queen, Alexandra Caroline Marie Charlotte Louisa Julia, was born on December 1st, 1844, and is the eldest ham Palace on November 9th, 184I, created Prince of Wales and Earl of Chesdaughter of King Christian IX. of Denmark and the late Queen Louise.

## THE KING'S CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN.

Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence, born Jan. 8, 1864, died Jan. 14, 1892. George Frederick Ernest Albert, Prince of Wales, born June 3, 1865 , married July 6, 1893, to Princess Mary of Teck, has issue-
Edward Albert, born June 23, 1894.
Albert Frederick, born Dec. 14, 1895.
Victoria Alexandra, born April 25, 1897.

Henry William, born March 3I, 1900.
George Edward, born Dec. 20, 1902.

Louise Victoria, Duchess of Fife, born Feb. 20, 1867, married July 27, 1889, has issue-
Alexandra Victoria, born May 17, 1891. Maud Alexandra, born April 3, 1893. Victoria Alexandra, born July 6, 1868.
Maud Charlotte, born Nov. 26, 1869, married July 22, 1896, to Prince Charles of Denmark, has issue-
Alex. Edward, born July 2, 1903. Alexander, born April 6, 1871, died April 7, 187 I .

## QUEEN VICTORIA'S CHILDREN, GRANDCHILDREN AND GREAT=GRANDCHILDREN.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& Name and date of Birth. \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Year } \\
\text { of } \\
\text { Birth. }
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $$
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Year } \\
\text { of } \\
\text { Death }
\end{gathered}\right.
$$ \& To whom Married. \& Married. <br>
\hline \& VICTORIA ADELAIDE MARY LOUISA, PRINCESS ROYAL Nov. 21 ( $£ 8,000$ ). \& \multirow[t]{19}{*}{1840

1859
1882
1883
1884
1887
1888
1890
1892
1860
1899
1862
1889
1896
1900
1864
1866
1868
1870
1890
1893
1806
1872
1893
1894

1896} \& \multirow[t]{19}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{19}{*}{| Frederick Wilhelm, late German Emperor (died June 1888), Jan. 25. |
| :--- |
| Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein |
| Prince of Saxe-Meiningen $\qquad$ |
| Princess Irene of Hesse $\qquad$ |
| Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe |
| Duke of Sparta . $\qquad$ |
| Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse. $\qquad$ |} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{1858

1881} <br>
\hline \& William (succ. as German Emperor June, 1888). \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& | Frederic William................... |
| :--- |
| William Eitel | \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& Adalbert Ferdinand \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Augustus William \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Joachim Franz. \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Victoria Louise \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Feod \& \& \& \& 1878 <br>
\hline \& Henry......... \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Waldemar \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Heinrich Victor \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Sigismund \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Waldemar \& \& \& \& 1890 <br>
\hline \& Sophia Dorothea \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& George Alexander \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Helena . \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& | Margaret |
| :---: |
| Frederick Wililiam | \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& Frederick William
Maximilian \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Philip and Wolfgang (twins)... \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Name and date of Birth. | Year of Birth. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c}\text { Year } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Death }\end{array}\right\|$ | To whom Married. | Married. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. ALBERT EDWARD (see page 49). <br> 3. ALICE MAUD MARY | 1843 1863 1885 1889 1892 1900 1864 1866 1868 1895 1870 1872 1895 1897 <br> 1899 1874 <br> 1844 | 1878$\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | Louis IV., Gd. Dk. of Hesse (died 1892), Prince Louis of Battenberg ................... | $\begin{aligned} & 1862 \\ & 1884 \end{aligned}$ |
| Victoria Alberta. |  |  |  |  |
| Victoria Alice |  | …….... |  |  |
| Louise Alexandra |  |  |  |  |
| Victor George |  |  |  |  |
| Albert Victor |  |  |  |  |
| Elizabeth.... |  |  | Grand Duke Sergius of Russia ............ Prince Henry of Prussia (see page 49) ... Princess Victoria of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1888 \\ & 1894 \end{aligned}$ |
| Irene Marie Ernest Louis |  |  |  |  |
| Ernest Louis |  |  |  |  |
| Frederick Willia |  | 1873 |  |  |
| Alix Victoria |  |  | Emperor Nicholas II. of Russia........... | 1897 |
| Olga |  |  |  |  |
| Tatiana |  |  |  |  |
| Mary V |  |  |  |  |
| 4. ALFRED ERNEST ALBERT, Duke of Edinburgh (died July 30). |  | 1900 | Grand Duchess Marie, sister of Emperor of Russia. | 1874 |
| Alfred Alexander | $\begin{aligned} & 1874 \\ & 1875 \end{aligned}$ | 1899 |  |  |
| Marie Alexandra Victoria, Oct. 29 |  |  | Ferdinand, Crown Prince of Roumania | 1893 |
| Carol . | 1893 |  |  |  |
| Elizabe Marie | 1894 |  |  |  |
| Victoria Melita | 1876 |  | Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse...... | 1894 |
| Elizabeth Marie ..... | 1895 |  |  |  |
| Alexandra Louise, Sept. 1 Gottfried | 1878 1807 |  | Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg ......... | 1896 |
| Beatrice, April $20 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 1884 |  |  |  |
| 5. HELENA AUGUSTA VICTORIA, <br> Princess Christian, May 25 | 1846 |  | Prince Frederick Christian of Schleswig. Holstein. | 1866 |
| Christian Victo |  |  |  |  |
| Albert John, Feb. 26 | 1886 | 1900 |  |  |
| Victoria Louise, May 3. | 1870 |  |  |  |
| Louise Augusta, Aug. 12 | 1872 |  | Prince Aribert of Anhalt .................... | 1899* |
| 6. LOUISE CAROLINE, Duchess of | 1876 1848 | 18 |  |  |
| Argyll, Mar. 18 ( $£ 6,000$ ). | 18 |  | Duke of Argyll (Marquis of Lorne) .. |  |
| 7. ARTHUR WILLIAM, Duke of Connaught, May I ( $£_{25}, 000$ ). | 4850 |  | Princess Louise of Prussia ................. | 1879 |
|  | 1882 |  |  |  |
| Arthur Patrick, Jan. $13 . .$. <br> Victoria Patricia, Mar. | 1883 |  |  |  |
| 8. LEOPOLD, Duke of Albany | 1885 | 1884 | Princess Helena of Waldeck ( $£ 6,000$ ) | 1882 |
| Alice Mary, Feb. 25 | 1883 |  |  |  |
| 9. Charles Edward, $\dagger$ July 19 | 1884 1857 |  |  |  |
| 9. BEATRICE Mattenberg, April 14 ( $£ 6,000$ ). | 1857 |  | Prince Henry of Battenberg (died Jan. 20, 1896). | 1885 |
| Alexander Albert, Nov. 23........... | 1886 |  |  |  |
| Victoria Eugenie, Oct. $24 . . . .$. | 1887 |  |  |  |
| Maurice Victor Donald, Oct. 3 | 1889 |  |  |  |

## OTHER RELATIVES OF THE KING.

Duke of Cambridge-George Wm. Frederick Charles, and Duke, born Mar. 26, 18rg, succeeded July 8, 1850 . Field-Marshal, Hon. Col.-in-Chief to the Forces, Personal Aide-de-Camp to the King, to whom he is cousin.
Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg, Strelitz-Augusta Caroline Elizabeth Sophia Louisa, bor July 19, 1822, married June 28, 1843, to the reigning Grand Duke of Mecklenburg Strelita, and has issue one son, born July 22, 1848 .
Duchess of Teck-Mary Adelaide, born Nov. 27, 1833, married June 12, 1866, died Oct. 27, 28 , 7 , her issue being-Victoria Mary, born May 26, 1867, married to the present Prince of Wales, Juy 6, 1893; Adolphus (present Duke of Teck), born Aug. 13, 1868, married 1894 ; Francis Joseph born 1870 ; Alexander, born 1874.
Duke of Cumberland and Teviotdale-Ernest Augustus William, 3rd Duke, son of the late Kits of Hanover, cousin to Queen Victoria, born Sept. 21, 1845, married to Princess Thyra of Denmark, Dec. 21,1878 , has issue 2 sons, 3 daughters.

## GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC OFFICES.

## Showing Office, Address, Duties, Cost to the Nation, and Principal Officials.

Admiralty, Whitehall,S.W. Hours, 1o to 5 . G270,884 First Lord, the Earl of Selborne, (4,550; Parly. axd Financial Sec.,1H. O. ArnoldForster, M.P., $\mathrm{f}_{2,000 ; \text { Permanent 'Sec., Sir Evan }}$ Macgregor, K C.B., \& 2,000 . The First Lord is $^{2}$ head of the Navy and medium of communication with the Cabinet. The Senior Naval Lord is the chief adviser of the First Lord, and is responsible generally for the condition of the fleet.
Agriculture, Board of, 4, Whitehall Place, and ${ }^{3}$, St. James' s Square, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5 . EII 3,288. Pres., Earl of Onslow, G.C.M.G., K 2,000 ; Sec., Sir T. H. Elliott, K.C.B., $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{I}}, 500$. The Board regulates the importation of animals into Great Britain, takes measures to suppress contagious diseases amongst animals; collects and issues agricultural and produce returns; supervises the regulation and inclosure of commons, and regulates the reapportionment and redemption of tithe rent charge; and edits a quarterly journal of information, and issues free leaflets on agricultural subjects, The following have been issued during the past year:-" Favus in Poultry," "Currant Aphides," "Tent Caterpillars," "Winter,Washing of Fruit Trees," "The Colorado Beetle,". "The Purchase of Artificial Manures," "Cultivation of Maize for Fodder."
Apmy Purehase Commission, 7 , Victoria Street, S.W. Commissioner, Sir J. C.' O'Dowd, C. B (unpd.)

Chapíty Commission, Marlborough Hotel, Ryder St., St James', S.W. Hours, 10 to 5 . 630,312 . Chief Commr., Sir George Young, 6, 1,800; Commissioners, D. R. Fearon, C.B., Kx,300; C.A.Cook, Kr r $_{1} 300$; A. Griffith-Boscawen, M.P. (unpd.). Sec., R. Durnford, $£ \mathrm{x}, 000$. The Commissioners are empowered to enquire into and examine any charity in England and Wales, into the value and condition of its estates and the application of the income, \&c. ; numerous bodies, however, are excepted.

Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, W. Hours, ro to 5. $£ 43,393$. Commissioners, W. J. Courthope, C.B., $\mathrm{Z1}, 500$; Lord Francis Hervey, Ex, 200. Sec. and Registrar, J. S. Lockhart, E 900 The Commissioners control examinations for the civil, military, and naval services.
Colonial Office, Downing Street, S.W. Hours, 11 to 6. E5x, 100. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M. P., 55,000 . UnderSecs. - Permament, Sir Montagu F. Ommanney, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., $\mathrm{E}_{2,000 \text {; Parly., Duke of }}$ Marlborough, K.G., $\in x, 500$. The Sec of State exercises the authority of the Crown in Crown Colonies, and Protectorates more especially, the enactments of whose legislatures come before him for approval or disallowance ; he appoints governors, and organises the government of new colonies. Treaties and questions of extradition are referred to him by self-governing colonies.

Customs, Customs House, E.C. Hours, 10 ${ }^{\text {to }}$ 5. 6877,044 Chairman, Sir G. L. Ryder, K.C.B. L $_{2,000 \text {; Deputy Chairman, J. A. Kempe, }}$ C. B., ${ }^{\text {tr }} 1,500$; Commissioner, T. J. Pittar, C.B., 6 1,200 ; Sec., Robert Henderson, E 1,200; Assist. Sec., John Gatley, $8850-61,000$ This department controls the collection of Customs' Import and Export Duties for the United Kingdom.

Duchy of Cornwall, Buckingham Gate,S.W. Lord Warden of the Stanneries, the Earl of Ducie, P.C.; Keeper of the Privy Seal, the Earl Spencer, K.G., P.C. ; ReceivenGeneral, Col. Sir R. N. F. Kingscote., K.C.B. ; Sec. and Keeper
of the Records, Sir M. Holzmann, K.C.V.O., C.B. This Office superintends the management of the estates from which certain revenues of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales are derived.

Duchy of Lancaster, Lancaster Place, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5. Sat., 10 to 2. Chancellor, Rt. Hon. Sir W. H.' Walrond, M.P., $£^{2,000}$; Clerk of Council and Registrar, W. R. Smith. Superintends the management of the estates of the Duchy, the revenues from which are paid to the Privy Parse.
Ecclesiastieal Commission, ro, Whitehall Place, S.W. Hours, to to 5. Ecclesiastical Commrs., the 2 Archbishops, the 32 Bishops, 5 Cabinet Ministers, 4 Judges, 3 Deans, and 12 Eminent Laymen. Church Estates Commrs., the Earl Stanhope, $£_{1,200}$; Lees Knowles, M.P. (unpd.) ; Rt. Hon. C. B. Stuart-Wortley, K.C., M.P., $£ 1,000$; Sec., Sir Alfred de Bock Porter, K.C.B., $£ 1,700$. The Commissioners provide for the adjustment of the endowments to the wants of the Church; having power to form new parishes, and augment and endow poor benefices and arrange the sale, \&c., of glebe lands.
Education, Board of, Whitehall and South Kensington, S. W. GII, 24, 806. Members:President, Marquess of Londonderry, K.G.; Vice-Pres., the Secs. of State, First Lord of the Treasury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer; Parliamentary Secretary, Sir W. R. Anson, Bt., M.P., Sec., R. L. Morant, C.B. The Board is the central authority for primary, secondary, and technical education; certain educational powers of the Charity Commissioners and Board of Agriculture have been transferred to it.
Emigrants' Information 0ffice, 3r, Broadway, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5 . Sat., yoto 1.30. Chief Clerk, Malcolm Jones; Editor of Publications, Walter B. Paton, M.A.
Exchequer and Audit, Victoria Embankment, E.C. Hours, 10 to 5 . Sat., 10 to 2. $£ 63,321$. Comptr. and AuditonGen., Douglas C. Richmond, C.B., fo $^{2,000}$; A ssist. ditto, F. Phillips, $\AA_{1,500}$; Chief Clerk, Wm. Owen, $£_{1}, \infty 00$. The revenue raised in the United Kingdom- except such portion as is payable under statute to local authorities-is paid into the Exchequer, and cannot be issued therefrom without the concurrence of the Comptroller and Auditor-General, who is also charged with the duty of auditing the public accounts of the United Kingdom, and of reporting to the House of Commons thereon. His reports are referred by the House to the Public Accounts Committee, which is appointed annually.

Foreign Offce Downing Street, S.W. Hours, 12 to 6. $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{K}}, 8 \mathrm{88} 7$. Sec. of State, Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G., L $_{5,000 \text {; Under-Secs. :- }}$ Permanent, Sir T. H. Sanderson, G.C.B., 2,000 ; Parly. Viscount Cranborne, C. B., M.P., K1,500; Chief Clerk, W. C. Cartwright, C.M.G., to 0 . The Sec. of State exercises the authority of the Crown in all dealings. with Foreign countries, and nominates to appointments in the diplomatic service.
Friendly Socleties' Registry, 28, Abingdon Street, S.W. E7,58r. Chief Registrar, E. W. Brabrook, C.B., F.S.A., $£ \mathrm{I}, 500$; Assistant Registrar, G. D. Stuart Sim, $£ 800$. Returns have to be made to the Registrar by the various Friendly and other registered Societies of the numbers of their members and the state of their funds. The Registrar has exclusive jarisdiction
in the settlement or disputes relating to deposits in Post Office and Trustee Savings Banks.

Geological Survey and Museum, 28, Jermyn Street, S.W. © 21,766 . Director, J. J. H. Teall, F.R.S. This Department publishes a series of geologically-coloured Ordnance maps with explanatory memoirs, and issues annually a detailed summary of the progress of the survey and museum.

Heralds' College, Queen Victoria Street, E.C. Earl Marshal, Duke of Norfolk, K.G., P.C. : Kings of Arms, Sir Albert Woods, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., K.C.M.G. (Garter); G. E. Cokayne (Clarenceux); W. H. Weldon (Norroy).

## Scotland.

Lyon King of Arms, Sir James Balfour Paul ; Lyon Clerk and Keeper of Records, Francis James Grant.

Ireland.
Ulster King of Arms, Sir A. E. Vicars, C.V.O. ; Athlone Pursuivant, H. C. Blake.

Grants of arms are obtained at the Heralds' College; the accession of a new sovereign is proclaimed by the officials of the College, and the details of certain royal ceremonies are organised.

Home Office, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, in to 5. $X 156,490$. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. A. AkersDouglas, M.P., 65,000 ; Under-Secs.:-Pen marrent, Sir Kenelm E. Digby, K.C.B., £2,000; Parly. Hon. T. H. Cochrane, M.P., £ 1,500 . The Home Sec has control of the Metropolitan Police, Prisons, and Reformatory and Industrial Schools; supervises the inspection of factories, of coal, and metalliferous mines, of certified inebriate reformatories, and of licensed retreats, under the Inebriates Acts; exercises certain powers under the Burial Acts, the Explosive Acts, and the Workmen's Compensation Acts ; issues orders for the protection of wild birds; has the duty of examining and approving schemes for the re-housing of the working classes on occasions of Metropolitan street improvements or railway extensions; grants licences for the practice of anatomy, and licences under the Cruelty to Animals Act, and certificates for the naturalisation of aliens. He also nominates to the Sovereign the chief officers of the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, whilst dignities and appointments conferred by means of Letters Patent are, in most cases, dealt with at the Home Office; and all addresses to the Sovereign must pass through this Dept. The Sec. of State is also the medium of the exercise in England of the Prerogative of Mercy.

India Office, St. James's Park, S.W. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. Lord George. Hamilton, M.P., 65,000 ; Under-Secs.:-Permanent, Sir Arthur Godley, K.C.B., £ 2,000 ; Parly., Earl Percy, M. P., E1,500. Every measure concerning India runs in the name of the Sec, of State, who is responsible to Parliament, and who annually presents the Indian Budget

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, to to 5 . $2,146,770$. Chairman, Sir H. W. Primrose, K.C.B., C.S.I., $£ 2,000$ Deputy, L. N. Guillemard, $£ \mathrm{r}, 500$ Commissioners, Bernard Mallet, E. E. N. Bower, each fir,200. This Department collects excise, estate duties, stamp duties, land tax, house duty, and property and income tax.

Judge-Advocate-General's Ofillee, 7, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, 10 to 4 Judge Adv.-Gen, Rt. Hon. Sir F. H. Jeune, P.C., G.C.B. ; Deputy, Sir J. Scott, K.C.M.G.

Local Government Board, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. E221,907, President, Rt. Hon. Walter H. Long, M.P., £2,000

Secs. :-Permasernt, Sir S. B. Provis, K.C.B., (1,800 ; Parly., J. Grant Lawson, M. P., X 1,200 Metropolitan Water Act Department.
Water Examiner. C. Perrin, M.Inst.C.E., $\not \subset 850$; Auditor, A. Stonsham, $\not \subset 650$.

The Central Department for Poor Law, Public Health, and other local matters, and nearly every local authority, is subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make bye-laws, \&c.

Lord Great Chamberlain's Ofice, Palace of Westminster, S.W. Hours, iI to 4 Lord Great Chamb. (Joint Hereditary), Marquess of Cholmondeley, Earl of Ancaster, Earl Carrington, G.C.M.G.; Sec., Capt. T. D. Butler, froo Has the sole jurisdiction and charge over the Palace of Westminster. Under his control are the ceremonies of opening and proroguing Parliament, State Trials, and all State functions in Westminster Hall.

Lunacy Commission, 66, Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Sat., 10 to 2. Ex5,061. Chairman, Earl Waldegrave Sec., Lionel L Shadwell, $£ 800$ to $£ 1,000$ Supervises all lunatic asylums in England and Wales; grants licences for private asylums, and issues an Annual Report.

Meteorological Councll $\mathbf{S}_{3}$ Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, to to 4 ; Sat., 10 to 1 p.m. (general enquiries); 8.30 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays, 6 to 8 p.m. (telegraphic enquiries) © 15,300 . Chairman, Lt-Genl. Sir R. Strachey, R.E., G.C.S.I. Sec., W. Napier Shaw, Sc.D., F.R.S. Collects statistics and issues forecasts of the weather. Sends information on payment of a fee of 6 d , in addition to cost of telegrams, to farmers and others, as to probable weather twenty-four hours in advance.

Mint, The, Tower Hill, E. Hours, 10 to 5 . Sat., 10 to 1 . firi8, j21. Master ard Worker, Chancellor of the Exchequer. Deprity, Rt. Hon. W. E. Macartney, $\mathrm{fi}, 500$. Chemist and A ssayer, T. K. Rose, D.Sc. Mints the coinage of the realm, and issues an annual report thereon.

National Debt Offee, Finsbury Pavement, E.C. Hours, 10 to 4. $\mathcal{X}, 13,493$ Compt. Ger., G. W. Hervey, C. B. XI, 500 Assistanst ditto, W. Taylor, £ 1,000 . Chief Clerk, A. T. King, 8800 This Office deals with Gevernment Life Anpuities

Ordnance Survey, Southampton. 6208,400 . DirectorGen., Col. D. A. Johnstoh, R.E. This Department, under the Board of Agriculture. prepares maps and plans of the United Kingdom on various scales. Surveys are continually in progress (see also pp. 252-256 Brit. Almck. 1901).

Observatory (Royal), Greenwich Park, S.E. Astron. Roy., W. H. M. Christie C.B., F.R.S., for,000; Chief A ssistarts, F. W. Dyson, F.R.A.S., P. H. Cowell, F.R.A.S., E600 each. The Astronomer Royal is under the control of the Admiralty. The fundamental work of the Observatory is undertaking meridion observations of sun, moon, planets and stars.

Patent ofice (Boapd of Trade), 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C., Comptr.-Gem. C. N. Dalton, C.B., $\mathrm{EI}, 500$; Refistrar of Designs and Trade Marks, R. Grifin, EI,000: Chief Examiner, H. Hatfield, ET,000; Chief Clerk, P. G. L. Webb, $£ 800$ Issues patents and registers Designs and Trade Marks Complete specifications, when accepted, are open to inspection by the public at the Office on payment of a fee of 15 .

Paymaster-General's Offce, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Paymaster-General, Sir Savile Crossley, Bt., M.P. (unpd.); Assish., C. J. Maude, $f_{1,100}$

Post Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C. $£_{12,432,835}$, Postal ; Telegraphs, $£ 2,674,597$; total net provision incl. of Packet Service, $\mathrm{f}_{15,403,720}$ Postmaster-Gen., J. Austen Chamberlain, M.P., $\boldsymbol{E}_{2,500}$; Sec., Sir G. H. Murray, K.C.B., £2,000. The Postmaster-Gen. is Parliamentary Head of the Office, which transacts money orders, savings bank, annuity, insurance and telegraphic business, as well as acting as the carrier of letters and parcels.
Prison Commission, Home Office. Chair. man of Commissioners and Directors, Sir E. J. Ruggles Brise, K.C.B., £1,800; Inspector and Secretary, Major E. G. Clayton, $£ 700$ to $£ 800$
Privy Councll Office, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, if to 5. Exo, 130. President, The Duke of Devonshire, K.G. Clerk of Council, Almeric W. Fitzroy, Ex, 250. Deputy Clerkand Chief Clerk, J. H. Harrison, $£ \mathrm{I}, 200$; Registrar, E. S. Hope, C. B: The functions of State formerly exercised by the Council when it was a small body are now confined to the members of the Cabinet. There is a Judicial Committee for appeals, consisting of the President of the Council, the Lord Chancellor, and such members of the Council as may hold, or have held, certain high judicial offices.
Privy Seal Office, Downing Street, S.W. Lord Privy Seal, The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, M.P., $£ 2,000$; Priv. Secs., J. S. Sandars, Viscount Newport, M. G. Ramsay. The Lord Yrivy Seal has the custody of the Privy Seal, which he must not put to any grant without good warrant under the Sovereign's signet.
Public Record Office, Chancery Lane, W.C. Hours, 10 to 4.30 . Sat., so to $2 . £_{24,158}$. Keeper of the Records, Master of the Rolls; Deputy, $\operatorname{Sir}$ H. C. Maxwell Lyte, K.C.B., F.S.A., fir $^{2} 100$; Sec., J. J. Cartwright, 6600 . Public Records and State Papers are preserved here, where they are open to public inspection.
Public Works Loan Board, Finsbury Pavement House, E.C. 5. Sat., 10 to 3. Chairman, Sir Herbert Barnard; Sec., R. Philpot. The Board is empowered to grant loans to local authorities for burial grounds, the conservancy of rivers, main drainage works, docks, baths and washhouses, for im. provements of towns, dwellings, lunatic asylums, \&c., and various sanitary purposes.
Queen Anne's Bounty, 3, Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. Sec. and 'Treasurer (vacant)' Chief Clerk, Wm. R. Le Fanu. This Department is empowered to augment poor livings in the Church of England, and to assist clergy by loans, on security of the revenues of benefices, to build residences, \&c.
Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Great Scotland Yard, S.W. Inspector, J. G. Legge; Chief Clerk, J. L. Heath.
Registrar-General's Office, Somerset House, W.C. Hours, 10 to 5. E41,942. Reg.- $^{\text {W }}$ Gen., W. Cospatrick Dunbar, C.B., $£_{\mathrm{I}, 200}$; Chief Clerk, N. A. Humphreys, £goo. The Registrar-General controls the civil registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths (certified copies and registers being deposited at the General Register Office), and also supervises the decennial census.

Stationery Office, Storey's Gate, S.W. Hours, no to 5. 6701,333 Controller, T. Digby Pigott, C.B., KI $_{1,500} ;$ A ssistant, E. P. Plowman, $£ 750$. The Controller superintends the issue of numerous official publications affecting the civil, naval, and military services.

Thames Conservancy, Victoria Embankment, E.C. Hours, 10 to 4 ; Sat., ro to 2. Chair. man, Sir F. D. Dixon-Hartland, Bart., M.P.;

Sec., R. Philipson; Engineer, C. J. More, C.E. The Conservators maintain and regulate the navigation of the Thames, provide moorings for vessels, prevent the pollution of the river, and of all streams within its watershed, an area of 3,800 square miles, and undertake the preservation and improvement of the river generally.
Trade, Board of, Whitehall Gardens, S.W. Hours, io to 5. Lirl $^{214,395 . ~ P r e s i d e n t, ~ R t . ~ H o n . ~}$ Gerald Balfour, M.P., ${ }^{2}$,ooo; Secs.-Permanent, Sir F. J.'S. Hopwood, K.C.B., C.M.G., $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{I}, 500}$ to $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{I}}, 800$; Parly., Andrew Bonar Law, M.P., $£ 1,200$.

Commercial, Labour, and Statistical Department, 43, Parliament Street, S. W.
Controller.-Gen., Sir Alfred E.' Bateman, K.C.M.G., $\mathrm{Ex}_{\mathrm{I}, 200}$ to $\mathrm{EI}, 500$; Depnty Cont. and Lab. Commis., H. Llewellyn Smith, $£ 850$ to $£ 950$.

## Bankruptcy Department,

Horse Guards Avenue, S.W. Hours. 10 to 5 .
Inspec.General, John Smith, C.B., EI, 800 ; Inspectors, F. Wreford, E. Hough, W. Evans, 62,800.

Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Compt.Gen., C. N. Dalton, C.B., $£ 1,200$ to £ 1,500 .

## Registry of Shipping and Seamen, Custom House, Thames Street.

Reg.Gen. of Seamen, H. N. de M. Malan, $\oint 7 \infty 0$ to $£ 800$.
The Commercial Department deals with tariffs, treaties, labour questions, statistics, \&c. The Railway Department inspects railways before opening, inquires into railway accidents, investigates complaints as to hours of work of railway servants, approves railway and canal bye-laws, authorises the construction of railways, and issues orders authorising tramways and light railways. The Fisheries and Harbour Department deals with freshwater and sea fisheries, pier and harbour works, and works on tidal land, also with electric lighting, gas, and water undertakings; the Marme Department mainly with administration of Merchant Shipping Acts; the Bankruptcy Department with insolvent companies, \&c.; the Finance Department with merchant seamen's savings bank, lighthouse accounts, joint stock companies, life assurance, \&c.
Treasury, Whitehall, S.W. Hours, ir to 6. Eg9, 264. First Lord, Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, M.P., $£ 5,000$; Chan. of the Exchequer, Charles T. Ritchie, M.P., $£_{5,000 \text {; Joint Secs.-Patron- }}^{\text {- }}$ ape, Sir A. Acland-Hood, Bart., M.P., £2,000; Financial, Hon. A. Elliot, M.P., $£ 2,000$; Permanent, Sir Francis Mowatt, G.C.B., $\not \subset 2,500$. Controls the management, collection, and expenditure of public revenue; and exercises general control and supervision over all other public departments.
Trinity House, Tower Hill, E.C. Hours, 10 to 4. Master, H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G. ; Deputy Master, Capt. Sir George R. Vyvyan, K.C.M.G. ; Sec., E. Price Edwards. The Trinity House is the General Lighthouse Authority for England, and the Chief Pilotage Authority of the Kingdom.
War Office, Pall Mall, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. Sec. of State, Rt. Hon. St. John Brodrick, M. P., £5,000; Parly. Under-Sec. of State, Earl of Hardwicke, EI, $^{500}$; Perm. Under-Sec. of State, Col. Sir E. W. D. Ward, K.C.B., $£_{2}, 000$; Assist. Under-Sec. of State, G. D. A. Fleetwood Wilson, C.B., $\mathrm{Ki}_{1}, 500$; Financial Sec., Lord Stanlex, C.B., M.P., E1,500; Accountant-Gen., F. T. Marzials, C.B., $\mathbf{E 1 , 5 0 0}$. Director of Contracts, A. Major, £1,200. The Army Services
are under the administrative control of the Sec. of State, to whom the Heads of Departments are responsible.

Woods and Fopests, i\& 2, Whitehall Place, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. $£ 21,869$. Commessioners, E. Stafford Howand, C.B., J. F. F. Horner, each Li,200. This Department administers woods, forest, mines, \&c., on the Crown lands.

Works and Public Buildings, Storey's Gate, S.W. Hours, 10 to 5. 667,200 . First Commissiomer, Lord Windsor, $\mathrm{L}^{2,000 \text {; Sec., }}$ Hon. Sir Schomberg McDonnell, K.C.B., C.V.O., £1,20c; Principal Clerks, J. Willis, J. Fitzgerald, and W: J. Downer, $£ 600$ to 6800. The Commissioners have control of Government Buildings and Royal Parks and Pleasure Gardens.

## SCOTLAND.

Scottish Office, Dover House, Whitehall, S.W., and Parliament Square, Edinburgh, £34,985. Sec. for Scotland, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T., £2,000; Under-Sec., Reginald MacLeod, C.B., $\mathbf{I} 1,500$ Business connected with Scotland is transacted in this Office.

Education Department, Dover House, Whitehall, S.W. $£ 1,558,828$. Administration (including inspection), $\neq 57,982$. Sec., Sir Henry Craik, K.C.B., LL.D., $6 \mathrm{t}, 500$; Assist-Secs., J. Struthers, $£ 900$ to $£ \mathbf{I}, 200$, and $G$. Todd, $£ 650$ to $£, 000$. Deals with all educational matters in Scotland in same way as the Board of Education does in England.

Local Government Board, 125, George Street, Edinburgh. Hours, 9.30 to 4.30 ; Saturday, 9.30 to 1. $£ 15,157$. Pres., The Sec. for Scotland, ex officio; Chaimman, M. McNeill, C.B.; Sec., G. Falconar-Stewart. The central department for public health, poor law, and other local matters in Scotland; local authorities are subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make bye-laws, \&c.

General Register House, Edinburgh. £8,145. Keeper of the Reconds and Reg.-Gen., Sir Stair Agnew, K.C.B., advocate, £ $_{1,200 \text {; }}$ Deputy Keeper of the Records, M. Livingstone, £600. The Registrar-General collects and issues statistics of births, marriages, and deaths in Scotland, and arranges the decennial census.

Office of Works, 3, Parliament Square, Edinburgh. Surveyor for Scotland, W. W. Robertson ; Clerk, G. W. Jupp. This Department has control of Government buildings and royal parks.

Law Officials. Lord Justice Gen., Rt. Hon. Lord Kinross; Lord Justice Clerk, Rt. Hon. J. H. A. Macdonald, C.B. ; Lord Advocate, Rt. Hon. A. Graham Murray, K.C., M.P., £5,000; Solicitor-Gen., C. S. Dickson, K.C., $\boldsymbol{f}_{2,000 \text {; }}$ Advocates Depute, C. K. Mackenzie, J. A. Fleming, and A. L. M'Clure, $£ 700$ each ; Crown Agent, W. J. Dundas, W.S., Ex,300.
Other Scottish Officials. Hered. Grand Constable, Earl of Erroll; Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, Earl of Leven and Melville; Lord Clerk Register, Duke of Montrose, K.T.; Hered. Master of the Household, Duke of Argyll, K.T.; Hered. Stardard Bearer, Earl of Lauderdale; Hereditary Keeper of Holyrood Palace, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon; Lord High Commis., The Earl of Leven and Melville; Reg.-Gen., Sir Stair Agnew, K.C.B. ; Dean of the Thistle, I. Cameron Lees, D.D.; Com. of the Forces, Lt.Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, K.C.B. Commissary Clerk, James G. Currie.

## IRELAND.

Irish Secretary's Office, Old Queen Street, S.W., and the Castle, Dublin. Hours, 10 to $5^{\circ}$ £26,314 Lord Lieutenant, The Earl of Dudley, L20,000; Chief Sec. to the L. L., Rt. Hon. George Wyndham, M.P., f 4,425 ; Under-Sec., Rt. Hon. Sir Anthony P. Macdonnell, G.C.S.I., $£ 2,000$ The Lord Lieutenant represents the Sovereiga, and all business connected with Ireland is transacted in this Department.

Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin. C181,499. Vice-President, Rt. Hon. H. C. Plunkett, $\neq 1,350$; Sec., T. P. Gill, fir, $_{100}$. This Department aids and develops agriculture, rural industries, and sea and inland fisheries; and promotes Technical Instruction. It administers the Parliamentary grant for Science and Art in Ireland, and is the Central Authority under the Acts for the prevention of the spread of contagious diseases in animals, and has power under various Acts regulating food and markets.
General Prisons Board. Chairman, J. S. Gibbons, C.B., EI, 200. Vice-Chairmer, J. Mulhall, $£ 1,000$, and Stewart Woodhouse, M.D., £goo.
Local Government Board, Custom House, Dublin. $£ 62,690$ President, Chief Sec. to the Lord Lieutenant; Vice-President, Sir Henry A. Robinson, K.C.B. ; Sec., H. M. Swaine, 女oon The Central Department in Ireland for poor law, public health, and other local matters; most local authorities are subject to its control, and must obtain its sanction to borrow money, make byelaws, etc.

National Education, Tyrone House, Mariborough Street, Dublin. $\neq 1,347,101$. Administration, $625,997$. Resident Commr., W. J. M. Starkie, Litt.D., £ 1,500 ; Sexior Sec., S lexr. Hamilton, E1,000; Sec., P. E. Lemass. Deals with all educational matters in Ireland in same way as the Board of Education does in England.

Public Works Board, Custom House, Dublin. K38,053. Chairmar, George C. V. Holmes, $\neq 1,500 ;$ Sec., H. Williams, $£_{700}$; A ssist.-Sec., Geo. E.' Shanahan, f600. The Board has control of Government buildings and royal parks in Ireland.

Registrar-General's Office, Charlemont House, Dublin. E12,894. Regis.-Gen., Robert E. Matheson, LL.D., B.L., $f 1,000$; Sec. and Assist., Robert J. Brew, $£ 600$ to $£ 800$ Records of births, marriages, and deaths are preserved and indexed here. The Reg.-Gen. issues statistics of births, etc., and collects and compiles the emigration statistics of Ireland. He also reports on the judicial statistics, and superintends the taking of the decennial census.

Law Officials. Lord Chancellor, Rt. Hon Lord Ashbourne; Master of the Rolls, Re. Hon. Sir Andrew M. Porter, Bart. ; Vice-Chanc., RL. Hon. H. E. Chatterton; Lord Chief Justice, Rt. Hon. Lord O'Brien ; Lord Chief Baron, Rt. Hon. Chris. Palles; Attorney-Ger, Rt. Hon. J. Atkinson, K.C., M.P.; Solicitor-General, James H. M. Campbell, K. C.

Other Irish Oficials. Private Sec. to the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Plunket, C.V.O.: Military Sec., Maj. Hon. M. O'Brien, D.S.O.; A ssist.-Under-Sec. and Clerk of Privy Conncil, Sir James B. Dougherty, C.B. i State Sternaed, The Lord Lurgan ; Comptroller, Major A. F. Lambart; Gentlemean Usher, Sir John Oiphert: Chamberlain, Col. Sir Gerald R. Dease, CV.O. ; Ulster King of Arms, Sir A. Vicars, C.V.O., F.S.A.; Master of the Horse, Col. F. R. Forster: Physician in Ondinary, Walter G. Smith, M.D.

# HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT. 

Prime Minister, First Lord of the Treasury, and Lord Privy Seal-Arthur James Balfour, M.P.

Lord Chancellor-Earl of Halsbury.
Lord Pres. of the Council-Duke of Devonshire, K.G.

Chanc. of the Exchequer-Charles T. Ritchie, M.P.

Home Sec.-A. Akers-Douglas, M.P.
Foreign Sec.-Marquess of Lansdowne, M. P.

Colonial Sec.-Joseph Chamberlain, M.P.

Sec. for War-W. St. John Brodrick, M.P.

Sec. for India-Lord George Hamilton, K.G.

Chief Sec. for Scotland-Lord Balfour of Burleigh.

First Lord of Admiralty-Earl of Selborne.

Chief Sec. for Ireland-George Wyndham, M.P.

Lord Chanc. of Ireland-Lord Ashbourne.

Pres. Board of Trade-Gerald W. Balfour, M.P.

Pres. Local Gov. Board-Walter H. Long, M.P.

Pres. Board of Agriculture-Earl of Onslow, G.C.M.G.

Postmast.-General-J. Austen Chamberlain, M.P.

Pres. Board of Education-Marquess of Londonderry, K.G.

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland-Earl Dudley.

## ADMINISTRATIONS OF THE PAST CENTURY.

SHOWING DURATION, POLITICS, \&c.

| \% | DAte. | Prime Minister. | Chancellor of Exchequer. |  | Duration. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Yrs. | Dys. |
| 1 | Mar. 17, 1801 | Henry Addingto | Henry Add | C | 3 | 59 |
| 2 | May 15, 1804 | William Pitt | f William Pitt...................) | C | 1 | 272 |
| 3 | Feb. 11, 180 | Lord Grenville | Lord Henry | L | 1 | 8 |
| 4 | Mar. 31, 1807 | Duke of Portland | Spencer Perceval | C | 2 | 246 |
| 5 | Dec. 2, 1809. | Spencer Perceva | Spencer Perceval | C | 2 | 190 |
| 6 | June 9, 1812. | Earl of Liverpool | \{ N. Vansittart ..............\} | C | 14 | 319 |
| 7 | April 24, 1827 | George Cannin | George Cannin | L |  | 134 |
| 8 | Sept. 5, 1827 | Viscount Goderich | J. C. Herries .. | L |  | 142 |
| 9 | Jan. 25, 1828. | Duke of Wellingto | Henry Goulbur | C | 2 | 301 |
| 10 | Nov, 22, 1830 | Earl Grey | Visct. Althorpe | L | 3 | 238 |
| 11 | July 18, 1834.. | Viscount Melbo | Visct. Althorpe | L |  | 161. |
| 12 | Dec. 26, 1834 | Sir Robert Peel | Sir Robert Peel | C | ... | 113 |
| 13 | April 18, 1835. | Viscount Melbourn | f T. Spring Rice | L | 6 | 141 |
| 14 | Sept. 6, 1841 | Sir Robert Peel' | Henry Goulburn | C | 4 | 303 |
| 15 | July 6, 1846. | Lord J. Russell. | Sir Chas. Wood. | L | 5 | 236 |
| 16 | Feb. 27, 1852. | Earl of Derby. | B. Disraeli | C |  | 305 |
| 17 | Dec. 28, 1852. | Earl of Aberd | W. E. Glads | L | 2 | 44 |
| 18 | Feb. 10, 1855. | Lord Palmerston | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { W. E. Gladstone........... }\end{array}\right\}$ | L | 3 | 15 |
| 19 | Feb. 25, 1858 | Earl of Der | B. Disraeli | C | 1 | 113 |
| 20 | June 18, 1859 | Lord Palmerston | W. E. Gladstone | L | 6 | 141 |
| 21 | Nov. 6, 1865. | Earl Russell | W. E. Gladstone | L |  | 242 |
| 22 | July 6, 1866. | Earl of Derb | B. Disraeli | C | 1 | 236 |
| 23 | Feb. 27, 1868.. | B. Disraeli | G. Ward Hunt | C |  | 286 |
| 24. | Dec. 9, 1868 | W. E. Gladstone .............. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Robert Lowe .............. } \\ \text { W F Gladstone }\end{array}\right.$ | L | 5 | 4 |
| 25 | Feb. 21, 187 | \{ B. Disraeli (E. of Beacons- ) | W. E. Gladstone............. \} <br> Sir S. Northcote | C | 6 | 67 |
| 26 | April 28, 1880 | field) <br> W. E. Glad | $\{\mathrm{W}$. E. Gladstone............. $\}$ | L | 5 | 57 |
| 27 | June 24, 1885 | Marg. of Salisbury | Sir M. E. H. Bea | C |  | 227 |
| 28 | Feb. 1, 1886... | W. E. Gladstone | Sir W. Harcourt | L |  | 178 |
| 29 | July 26, 1886 | Marq. of Salisbury | $\{\mathrm{Ld}$. R. Churchill............ $\}$ | C | 6 | 15 |
| 30 | Aug. 18, 1892. | W. E. Gladstone | Sir W. Harcour | L | 1 | 193 |
| 31 | Mar. 3, 1894... | Earl of Rosebery | Sir W. Harcourt | L | 1 | 121 |
| 32 | June 29, 1895. | Marq. of Salisbury | Sir M. H. Beach | U | 5 | 88 |
| 38 | Sept. 25, 1900 | Marq. of Salisbury | Sir M. H. Beach | U | 1 | 292 |
| 34 | July 14, 1002. | Arthur J. Balfour | C. T. Ritchie.. | U |  |  |

# Those marked thus * are Privy Councillors in England; marked thus 8 are Privy Councillors in 

 Ireland ; (the word in parentheses is the Scottish or Irish title;) $\dagger$ Minors; \# Roman Catholic PeersABBREVIATIONS : D. Duke; M. Marquess ; E. Earl ; V. Viscount ; L. Lord. (S. or I. after title indicates Scotch or Irish.)

POLITICS: The letters in heavy type show politics as follows:-C Conservative; U Liberal Unionist; L Liberal; I Independent.

Accession

Speaker-* Hardinge Stanley (Earl of Halsbury), Lord High Chancellor of England, ( 4,000 . 1398 Deputy Speaker and Chairman of Committees-*Earl of Morley, f2,500......................... 1364

ROYAL PRINCES.
Accession.
*§George Ernest Frederick Albert, Duke of Cornwall and York, K.G., b. 1855 (Prince of Wales, 190r)....

1892
*gArthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught, K........................... b. 1850......... 1874
$\dagger$ Leopold Charles Edward George, Duke of Albany, b. $1884 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. *§George William Frederick Charles, Duke of Cambridge, K.G., b. 1819.... 1850 *§George William Frederick Charles, Duke of C
ARCHBISHOPS.
${ }^{*}$ R. T. Davidson, D.D., K.C.V.O.. I. Archbishop of Canterbury, b. 1848. $1903 \lambda$
${ }^{*}$ William D. Maclagan, D.D., U, Ärchbishop of York, b. 1826. 1891

lecession. Titles. Politics. NAMES.
 G.C.M.G., G.'C.V.O. Ü $\}^{*}$ John D. S. Campbell, b. $1845 \ldots$

Creation. Title of G.C.M.G., G.C.
$\begin{array}{ll}1393 & \text { Beaufort............ C } \\ \mathrm{s} 893 & \text { Bedford, K. G..... U }\end{array}$
1835
1878 Brandon, S.D. (Hamilton).
Cumberland H. A. W. FitzRoy Somerset, b. 1847 Herbrand A. Russell, b. 1858 Alfred Douglas-Hamilton, b. r862.... (Armagh)

I\}

| 1891 | Devonshire, K.G................ |
| :---: | :---: |
| a. | Fife, I.E., K.T., G |

Ernest Augustus, b. 1845 ..................
U
*\&S. C. Cavendish, b. 1833................ 169
crea. Fife, I.E., K.T., G.C.V.O...
U
1895 Leeds, S.V. (Dunblane).........
1892 Manchester...........................
1892 Marlborough, K.G...............
1879 Newcastle.............................
1879 Newcastle...............................
18.1 Norfolk, K.G......................

1899 Northumberland, K.G........
1880
''ortland, K.G., G.C.V.O...
1860 Richmond \&o Gordon, S.D.,
K.G., D.C.L. (Lennox)....

U
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{C}$
Aug. Chas. L. FitzRoy, b. 1821...... 167
G. Godolphin Osborne, b. $1862 \ldots . . . .11694$
W. A. Drogo Montagu, b. 1877 ...... 1719
${ }^{*}$ C. R. J. Spencer-Churchill, b. 1871
H. P. A. Pelham Clinton, b. $185_{4} \ldots$
*\|H. Fitz-Alan-Howard, b. 1847........
1702
1756

| $*$ | Henry G. Percy, b. $1846 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 1783 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

*W. J. A. C. J. C. Bentinck, b. 1857
*C. H. Gordon-Lennox, b. 1818........

* John Manners, b. 1818.
C. V. A. de Vere Beauclerk, b. 1870

Algernon St. Maur, b. 1846............
C. S. Leveson-Gower, b. $185 \mathrm{I} . . . . . . .$.

Arthur C. Wellesley, b. 1849..........
Hugh R. A. Grosvenor, b. $1879 \ldots .$. ....
1892
M. Lorne

1682
M. Worcester

1694 M. Tavistock
17 II M. Douglas
1799 E. Armagh
1694 M. Hartington
1889
1675
M. Macduf
E. Euston
M. Carmarthen
V. Mandeville
M. Blandford
E. Lincoln
E. Arun andSur.

1766 E. Percy
${ }_{1716}$ M. Titchfield
1675
1703
1683
1546
1833
1833
1814
1874

## MARQUESSES.




c $\} \&$ James Hamilton, b. $1838 . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Ih90 M. Hamilton
E. March
M. Granby
E. Burford
L. Seymour
M. Stafford
M. Douro
E. Grosvenor

William Nevill, b. 1826.................. 1876
H. Brudenell-Bruce, b. $1842 \ldots . . . . . .$. 1821

Arch Kennedy, b. 1847.................. 1831
Henry Cyril Paget, b. 1875................ 1815
Thomas H. Thynne, b. 1862............ 1789
*Gavin Campbell, b. $1851 .$.

1890 Normanby, I.B. (Mulgrave)
1897 Northampton....................... I
crea. Ripon, K.G.
W.

1868 Salisbury, K. G., G.C.V.O....
1899 Townskelld................
1899 Winchester
C *Rob. A. T. G. Cecil, b. $1830 . . . . . . . . .$.
crea. Zetland, K. T. ............................. C

1789
1885
1885
1826
1796
1812
1815
1888
1801
1793
1784
1902
1838
1812
Earl of Lewes
E. Cardigan
E. Cassillis
E. Uxbridge
V. Weymooth
V. Tay
E. Jermy
E. Dumfries
E. Brecknock
E. Rocksavage
V. Clandeboye
L. Burghley
E. Yarmouth
E. Kerry
L. Hope
E. Mulgrave
E. Comptoa

1871 E.deGrey\&Rip
1789 V. Cranborme
1786 V. Raymham
1551 F. Wiltasire
1892 Ei Rompritay


Title or


## VISCOUNTS.


 Acces. Title. Politics. Name $\left.\left.\begin{array}{r}\text { grote \& } \\ \text { St. John }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{r}\text { Vernon Henry } \\ \text { St. John, b. } \\ \text { I896.............. }\end{array}\right\} \begin{aligned} & 1712 \\ & 1716\end{aligned}$ Bridport, $C$ Alex. Nelson Hood, b. 1814................... 1868 1877 Canterbury ...L H.C.Manners-Sutton, b. 1839.................. 1835 -G.C.V.O
b. 1864 ...

1902

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea 189x Clancarty,I.E.I W. F. le Poer-Trench, b. 1868 .

1823
1889 Cobham, I.B. U C. G. Lyttelton, b. $184^{2} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .1718$ 1903 Colville of C C. R. Colville, b. 1854 1go: Culross, S.B. 1893 Combermere... †F. L. W. StapletonCotton, b. $1887 \ldots . . .1826$ crea. Cross, G.C.B. C *R. A. Cross, b. 18231886

Acces. Title. Politics. Acces. Title. Politics. Name. 1899 Esher ......... U Reginald B. Brett, C. B. R.C.V.O., b. 1852 .. 1897 1899 Exmouth.... †Edward A. H Pellew, b. 1890 ......... 1816 1889 Falmouth, U Elvn. E. T. Boscawen, C.B. b. 1847 ................... 1720 1870 Gordon, S.E.L*John C. Hamilton(Aberdeen) Gordon, b. 1847...... crea. Goschen ......U* George J. Goschen, b. 1831 .................. 1900 1895 Gough .......... 1 Hugh Gough, b. 1849 ..................... 1849 1885 Halifax ......U Charles Lindley Wood, b. $1839 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. 1892 Hampden ...U Henry R. Brand, b. 18411884 1894 Hardinge ...C Henry Charles Hardinge, b. 1857 ......... 1855 Hereford ....C Robert Devercux, b. 1843...................... 1549 1895 Hill ............I Rowland R. Clegg. Hill, b. 1863 .......... 1842 1846 Hood, I. B...C Francis Wheler Hood, b. 1838 .................. 1796 1900 Hutchinson, C R. W. J. HelyI. E. (Do- Hutchinson, b. 1875 1821 noughmore)

Acces. Title. Politics. crea. Kitchener of I Horatio H. Kitchener, K"hartoum b. 1850. G.C.B., G.C.M.G
crea. Knutsford, C*Henry T. Holland, G.C.M.G. b. 1825 ................... 1893 Leinster,I.D. †Maurice Fitzgeraic, 1747 crea. Llandaff ....C.||Henry Matthews, b. 1826 .................. 1805 1886 Meli ille ......C Henry Dundas, b. 1835 ................... reoz crea. Milucr, C*Alfred Milner, b. 18541002 G.C.B.
crea. Pecl...........U U*A. W. Peel, b. 1829... 1895 1888 Portman ...U W. H. Berkelcy-Portman, b. $1^{829}$........... 1873 crea. Ridley .......C*Matthew White Rid. $\begin{gathered}\text { Me.............. } 1900 \\ \text { ley, b. } 1842 \text {........ }\end{gathered}$ 1885 St. Vincent C Carnegie Parker Jervis, b. 1855 ....... 1801 1864 Sidmouth ...C W. Wells Addington, b. $1824 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$. 1889 Torrington... 1 George Master Byng, b. 1886 .................. crea. Wolseley,K.P., LsGarnet $\underset{\text { G. Wolseley, }}{ }$
G.C.B., G.C.M.G.

## BISHOPS.

Londom, *A. F. Winnington-Ingram D.D. I, b. 1858 1901 Durham, H. C. G. Moule, D.D. I, b. 1841 1901 Winchester, H. E. Ryle, D.D. I, b. 18556 1901. tr. 1903 Batk and Wells, G. W. Kennion, D.D., Carlisle, J. W. Bardsley, D.D. I, b. 18451894 Chester, F. J. Jayne, D.D. ......U, b. 18451892 Chichester, E. R. Wilberforce, D.D., I,
b. 1840 1882, tr. 1895 ELIy, Lord A. Compton, D.D. ...U, b. 18251886 Glowcester, C. J. Fllicott, D.D. C, b. 18191863 Hereford, John Percival, D.D....R, b. 18341895 Lichfield, Hon. A. Legge, D.D. C, b. 18391891

Title. Tite. Name. I Notd. Lincoln, E. King, D.D.............U, b. 18291885 Llandnff, R. Lewis, D.D. .........I, b. 18211883 Manchester, J. Moorhouse, D.D. I, b. 18261886 Norwich, J. Sheepshanks............I, b. 18341893 Peterborough, Hon. E. Carr Glyn, D.D. I, b. $1843 \quad 1896$ Rifon, W. B. Carpenter, D.D....U, b. 18411884 Rochester, E. S. Talbot, D.D. ...I, b. 18441895 St. Albans, E. Jacob, D.D. I, b. 18441895 tr. 1903 St. A saph, A. G. Edwards, D.D. U, b. 18481889 Salisbury, John Wordsworth......U, b. 18431885 Southwell, G. Ridding, D.D. ...U, b. 18281884 Truro, J. Gutt, D.D. ............... I, b. 18301891 St. Davids, John Owen, D.D. ......b. 18541897 No vote. -S. © Man, N.D. J. Straton,D.D.
b. $1840 \quad 1892$

## BARONS.



Acces. Title. Politics. ${ }^{*}$ Name. ${ }^{*}$ Crea. crea. A shton crea. Avebury......U*John Lubbock, b. 1890 Auckland, C William Morton Eden, I.B. $\quad$ b. 1859 .................. 1793

1887 Bagot .........C William Bagot, b. 18571780 crea. Lalinhard, C Jas. Carnegie, b. 18271869 S.E., K.T. (Southesk).

1891 Barnard .....U H.deVere Vane, b. 18541699 crea. Barrymore C*A. H. Smith-Barry, b. 1894 Basing ......C G. L. L. Sclater Booth, 1902 1801 Batenan C w. $1860 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1887$ bury, b. 1856 ......... 1837
crea. Battersea ...L Cyril Flower, b. 18431892 1880 Belper.........U* Henry Strutt, b. 18401856 1897 Berwick ......C T. H. Noel-Hill, b. 1877 ….................. 1784
crea. Blythswood C Archibald Campbell,
b. $1835 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1892$
1895 Bolton.........C W. T. Orde-Powlett, 1897
1877 Boston.........C Ceorge Florance Irby, $\begin{aligned} & \text { b. } 1860 \text {................ } 1761\end{aligned}$ 1874 Botreaux, C C. E. Abney-Hastings,
S.E. (Loudoun) b. $1855 \ldots \ldots . .1368$ crea. Bozees, S.E.C Claude Bowes I yon, (Strathmore) b. 1824

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1856 Boyle, $I . E$, L*R.St. Lawrence Boyle, K. P. (Cork \& Orr) b. 1829 ...... 1711 1893 Brabourne...C E. Knatchbull-Huges-
sen, b. $1857 \ldots \ldots . . . . .1880$
crea. Brampton ...C*\|HenryHawkins, b. . 8171899 1872 Brancepeth C G. Hamilton-Russell, I.V. (Boyne) b. 1830 ................... 1866 crea. Rrassey, L Thomas Brassey, b K.C.B. 1836 ...................... 1886

1902 Braybrooke C Rev. Latimer Neville, b. $1827 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1788$

1879 Braye ........UUA. T. T. Verney-Cave,
b. 1849 .................. 1529

1870 Brodrick. C William Brodrick, b.
I.V. (Midleton), ${ }^{18} 30$.....................
Brougharn U H. C. Brougham, b. ard Vasx 1836 ...................... 1860 crea. Burghclere L*H. H. Gardner, b. 18461895 crea. Burnham ...U Edward L. Lawson, b. 1833 ............... 1903 crea. Burton ......U Michael A. Bass, b. 1837 ….................. 1886 1870 Byron .........C George F. W. Byron, b. $1855 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .11643$ 1893 Calthorpe ...C A.C.Gough Calthorpe, 1897 Camoys. 1829 ................... 1796 1897 Camoys .........t|lRalph F. J. Stonor, b. 1884 …........... 1384 188: Carew, I.B. U Robert S.G. J. Carew, 1838 1890 Carleton. C Richard Henry Boyle, I.E. (Shannon) b. 1860 ............... 1786 1872 Carysfort, $C$ William Proby, b. 1836 1801 I.E., K. P.

1883 Castletown U B. E. B. Fitzpatrick, b. $1848 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1869$ 1887 Chazvorth, U \&8Reginald Brabazon, I.E. (Meath) b. 1841................. 1878 Chelmsford, C Frederick A. Thesiger, G.C.B., G.C.V.O. b. $1827 \ldots . . . . .1858$ 1882 Chesham ...U*Chas.C.W.Cavendish, b. $1850 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1858$ 1902 Cheylesmore C H. F. Eaton, b. 18481887 1876 Churston ...CJohn Yarde-Buller, b. 1846 ........... ......... 1858
1897 Clanbrasil, I W. H. Jocelyn, b. 1842 1821 I.E. (Roden)

1879 Clanwilliam, C Richard J. Meade, b. I.E., G.C. B., K.C.M.G., 1832 ...... 1828 1892 Clements, I.E. Charles Clements, b. (Leitrim) ${ }^{1879} \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .181_{1}$ 1880 Clifford of $\mathbf{U} \|$ L. H. H. Clifford, $b$. Chudleigh 185 s ................... (Darnley) 1859 ..................... 1608 1866 Clinton ......C C. H. R.H.S. F. Trefusis, b. 1834 ......... 1298 1869 Cloncurry, I.B.C Valentine F. ......... less, b. 1840 …..... 1831
1867 Colchester ...C Reginald C. E. Abbot, b. 1842................. 1817

1804 Coleridge ...L B. J. S. Coleridge, b. 1851 …................. 1874 1896 Congleton ...C H. H. Parneli, C......., b. $1839 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .1841$ 1890 Cottesloc......C T. F. Fremantle, b. 1830 ...................... 1874 1902 Cranzworth C Bertram F. Gurdon, b. 1877 .................. 1899 crea. Crawshawe U Thomas Brooks,b. 18251892 crea Currie, G.C.B.C*Philip H. Wodehouse Currie, b. 18341899
crea. Dazvey (Life L*Horace Davey, b. 18331894 Peer)
crea. Dazenay, C H. R. Dawnay, b. 18441897 I.V. (Downe)

1894 De Cliffort ... $\dagger$ Jno. SouthwellRussell,
b. $188_{4}$

1299

Acces. Title. Politics. Name. Crea. 1868 De Freyne ...C\|Arthur French, b. 18551851 1898 De L'Isle C Philip Sidney, b. 18531835 \& Dudley
1896 De Mauley...I W. Ponsonby, b. 1843 1838 1887 De Ramsey C William H. Fellowes,
1874 De Ros,K.P. C D. C. F. ${ }^{1848 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$
1887
1891 DeSaumares C J.St. VincentSaumarez, b. $1843, \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .1831$

1887 Delamere ...C Hugh Cholmondeley, 1821
1894 Denman ...C Thomas Denman, b. 1834
1893 Deramore ...C R. W. . de Y................ ${ }^{\text {b. }} 1865$................ 1885
crea. Derwent ...L Harcourt V. Bempde: $\begin{gathered}\text { Johnstone, b. } 1829 \text { 188 }\end{gathered}$
1889 Digby, I.B. C E.H.Trafalgar Digby, b. 1846

1765
1900 Dormer ......U\|R. J. D. Dormer, b. 1862 ....................
 S.E., K.
(Home)

1895 Dunleath ...C Henry L. Mulholland, 1845 Dunmore, C Charles A. Murray, S.E.
Diching,
U.
1841...................





1863 Elgin, S.E., L *Victor A. Brace, b.
K.G. (Elg. \& Kincardine) $1849 \ldots . . .1849$
Ellenborough I E. D. Law, b. $1847 \ldots$
1802

1902 Ellenborough I E. D. Law, b. 1847 ...
1893 Elphinstone, C S. H. Elphinstone, b. 1893 Elphinstone, C S. H. Elphinstone, b.
S.B.
1860
S.................. 1885 1894 Emly ........UUT. W. G. Monsell, b. 1874 1882 Erskine .....C W. M. Erskine, b. 18411806 crea. Estcourt ...C G. T. Sotheran-EstW. J. G. Napier, b. 1898
$\begin{gathered}\text { Ettrick,S.S.U W. J. G. Napier, b. . } \\ \text { (Napier) }\end{gathered}$
I846 .................. 1872 crea. Fairlie, S.E., C David Boyle, b. 18331897 G.C.M.G. (Glasgow)
crea. Farquhar...U Horace Farquhar, b. G.C.V.O. 1844 ..................... 1885 Fermanagh, C \& John HenryCrichton, Field .........U (Erne) billiamVentris Field, b. $1873 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

188ı Fingall,I.E. U8॥Arthur James Plunket, b. $1859 \ldots . . . . . . .$.
1889 Fisherwick, I G. A. H. Chichester, I.M. (Donegal) b. $\mathrm{I}^{822} \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$.
FitzhardingeC Charles P. Berkeley, b. Henry Thomas Foley, 1869 Foley .........C Henry Thomas Foley, b. 1850 ................... 1776 1894 Forester ......C Cecil T. Forester, b. $806 C^{1842} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$........... 1821 1896 Foxford, C W. H. E. deV.S.Pery,
I.E. (Limerick) b. $1863 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .1815$

1877 Gage, I.V. ...C Henry Charles Gage, b. 1854

1790
Gardner, I.B.** ${ }^{* *}$ G. J. Gerard b. $188,{ }_{1800}^{1896}$
1902 Gerard ...... ntF. J. Gerard, b. 18831876 1872 Gifford .......C Edric Frederick Gif-
crea. Glainusk......C Joseph Russell Bailey, b. $1840 . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

1899

[^26]
# HOUSE OF LORDS-Barons continued. 

Accés, Title. Politics. Name. Crea. Acces. Glenesk ......C Algernon Borthwick, b. 1830 ...................
 1895

IIB. Arthur W.F.Forbes, 1868 1889 Grasard
I.E. J. R. B. Norton, b.
 Grenfell b. $1841 . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Algernon W. Greville, 1883 Greville ......L. Algernon W. Greville,
b. 1841 $\ldots$..............
1888 Grey de $\quad$ C R. G. Grey Clifton, b. $1858 \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. 1869 1888 Grey de
Ruthy C E. Beckett, b. i816... crea. Grimthorpe C E. Beckett, b. $1816 \ldots$
ı 886 Grinstead, C L Lowry Egerton Cole,
I.E., K.P. (Enniskillen) b. $1845 \ldots$...
1870 Gurydyr.....U Peter Robert Burrell, b. 1810................. 1883 Haldon ......U Laurence H............. Palk. 1796
$1846 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
1880 1870 Gueydyr ......U Peter Robert Burrell,
b. $1810 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
1796 crea. Grimthorpe C E. Beckett, b. 1816 ... 1886 1815 crea. Haliburton, $\mathbf{C}$ Arthur L. Haliburton, G.C.B. b. 8832 ................. Damiltorn 1893 Hampton of L Gavin Hamilton, b.
1872 ..................... 1886 1893 Hampton ...C H. P. M. Pakington, b. 1848................... 1874 crea. Hare, J.E., U William Hare, b. 18331869 K.P. (Listowel)

1876 Harlech ......C W. R. Ormshy-Gore, b. 1819.................. 1876 1875 Harris ......C G.R.Canning-Harris, b. $1851 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1815$ 1902 Hartismere, C Charles H. HennikerI.B. (Henniker) Major, b. 1872 ...... 1866 1876 Hastings ...C G. M. Delaval Astley, b. $1857 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. b. $1842 . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. 1290 1888 Hatherton...U Edw.Geo.P. Littleton,
b. 1842................ 1835 1887 Hawke ......C MartinBladenHawke,
 crea. Hawkesbury L Cecil G. S. Foljambe, 1776
1897 Hay, S.E. I A. F. G. Hay, b. $18 . \ldots .1893$ 1897 Hay, S.E. I A. F. G. Hay, b. 1855 171x (Kinnoull)
crea. Heneage......U*Edward Heneage, b. 1840 ...................... 1896 crea. Herries,S.B. U\|Marmaduke Maxwell, b. $1837 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .1884$ 1899 Herschell ...L Richard Herschell, b. $187^{8}$..................... 1886 1891 Heytesbury C W.F.A'Court Holmes, b. $1862 . \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .1828$

1898 Hillingdon...C C. W. Mills, b. $1855 \ldots$.. 1886 1897 Hindlip ......C Chas. Allsopp, b. 18771886 1898 Holm PatricktH. W. Hamilton, b. crea. Hobhouse, L*Arthur Hobhouse, b............. 1897 crea. Hobhouse, L*Arthur Hobhouse, b. K.C.S.I. $\quad$ 1819 .....................
 Waluen \&o Seaford 1880 ............
oward of U\| Francis E. Fitz-Alan 1883 Howard of U| Francis F.. Fitz-Alan
Glossop
Howard, b. $1859 \ldots$
crea... Howth,I.E., U W.U.T. St. Iawrance,
 K. P.
b. $1827 . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

1881 1goi Inverclyde ...C Geo. A. Burns, b. 186i 1897 crea. Iveagh, K. P. C Edward C. Guinness, b. 1847.................. 1891 crea. /ames of
Hereford $\mathbf{U}^{*}$ Henry James, b. 1828 i............. 1895 Hereford crea. Kelring,
G.C.V.O.

U*William Thomson, b. 1824
Geoffrey T................
Taylor, enlis, Y.M. 1878 .................... U*\|Valentine A. Browne, I.E., K.P. (Kenmaje) b. 1825 ...... 1856

Acces. Title. Politics.
1871 Kenry, I. E. C\&W. T. Wyndham-
K.P. (Dunraven) Quin, b. ı84I ... 1866 1900 Kensingtor C Hugh Edwardes, b.
I.B. (Kensington) 1873 ............... 188

1869 Kenyon … C Lloyd Kenyon, b. 18641788
1900 Ker, S.M. C Robert Schomberg
(Lothian) Kerr, b. 1874... ...... 1821
1874 Kesteven......C John H. Trollope, b.
1851 .................... 1868
rgoi Killanin......C $\begin{aligned} & \| \text { Martin } H . \text { F. Morris, } \\ & \text { b. } 1867 \text {.............. } 1900\end{aligned}$
1891 Kılmarnock, U Charles Gore Hay, b.
S.E. K.T. 1852 .................... 1831 $\underset{\text { (Erroll) }}{S . E .}$
1887 Kinnaird, U Arthur F. Kinnaird, S.B.
crea. Kinnear......U A. S. IKinnear, b. crea. Kigross ......C* B Blair Baifour.......... 1897 crea. Kinross ......C*J. Blair Balfour, b. 18371902 $1880 K^{-i n t o r e}, C^{*}$ A. H. T. Keith-Fal. S.E., G.C.M.G. coner, b. 1852 ... 1838 crea. Knollys, C Francis Knollys ...... 1902 G.C.V.O., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.

1890 Lamington, C C.W.A. N. CochraneK.C.M.G. Baillie, b. 1860 ...... 1880 1879 Lawrence ...U J.Hamilton Lawrence, b. 1846.................. 1869 1gor Leconfield ...C Charles Hy. Wyndham, b. ${ }^{1872}$........ 1859 1850 Leigh L*William Henry Leigh, b. 1824 ................... 1839

1896 Lilford ......I John Powys, b. $1863 . . .1797$ crea. Lindley ......C*Nathaniel Lindley, b. (Life Peer) $1828 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .1900$ crea. Linger, U R.W. Lingen, b. 1819 1885 K.C.B.
crea. Lister.........C ${ }^{*}$ Joseph Lister, b. 18271897 crea. Llangattock C J. A. Rolls, b. 1837 ... 1892 1900 Lock .........U E. D. Loch, b. $1873 \ldots$... 1895 1889 Loftus, I.M. I John Henry Loftus, (Ely) b. 185 I ,................. 1801 1887 Lovat, S.B. C\|Simon J. Fraser, b. 18711837 1897 Lovell \&o Hol- Augustus A. Percival, lard, I.E. (Egmont) b. 1856......... 1762 1899 Ludlow ......C Henry Ludlow Lopes, 188 1882 Lurgan ......C William Brownlow, b. 188
 crea. Macnaghten C* Edward Macnaghten,

b. 1830 ................. 1887 | 1903 Maghera. C D. S. McGarel-Hogg, |
| :---: |
| morne |
| b. $1863 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 1864 Manners ...C J. T. Manners Sutton, 1807 crea. Manners of C H. J. B. Manners, b. Haddon (M. of Granby) 1852 ...... 1679

crea. Masham of C Samuel Cunliffe Lister, $\underset{\text { Swinton }}{\text { b. 1815................. } 189 \mathrm{x}}$ 1863 Meldrum, U*Charles Gordon, b.
S.M. (Huntly) 1847................... 1815 1899 Mendip, I.V.L T. C. Agar-Robartes, (Clifden)
b. 1844..................

1794
1873 Meredyth, C J.H.G.M. Somerville,
I.B. (Athlumney) b. $865 \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1866$
1891 Methuen, U Paul S. Methuen, b.
K.C.V.O., C.B B. 1845 ................ 1838
1877 Middleton ...C D. W. B. Willoughby,
b. $1844 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .1711$

1897 Minster, I.M. HVictor G. H. F. Con-
(Conjugham) yngham, b. 1883... 1821
1894 Monck, I.V...C Henry P. C. Stanley Monck, b. 1849 ... 1866
crea. Monckton, C G. E. M. Monckton-
1895 Moncreiff ...U Henry J. Moncreiff, b. 1840 ............... $1^{8} 74$

1807 Monk Bretton $\mathbb{U}$ John W. Dodso
b. 1869 .-onghas fon
 1900 Monsor .........C Augustus Monson, b. 1868..................... 1728
crea. Moxtagz ......C Henry Scott Montagu, b. 1832......... 1885
1896 Monteagle, I John Thomas Browne,
I.M. (Sligo)

Thos. Spring Rice
Brandon, K.P.U b. 1849 ........... ... 1839
$188_{4}$ Mostyn .........C L. N. V. Lloyd Mostyn, b. 1856 .........
George Stephen, b.
crea. Mountstephen C George Stephen, b.
$1829 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1891 ~$
1893 Mowbray, CHCharles B. J. Stour-
Scagrave \& Stowrton ton, b. 1867 $1283,1264,1448$
crea. Muncaster, C Josslyn F. Penning-
I.B.
1890. Napier of

Magdala
crea. Newlands...
C $\begin{gathered}\text { ton, bert Wm. } \\ \text { Rober } \\ \text { b } 1845\end{gathered}$
1898
C William w. Hozier, b. 1825 ............... 1898 1898 Newton ...... C T. W. Legh, b. 18571892 1884 North ......... C\|W. H. J. Narth, b. 1836
Walter Henry James, Walter Henry James, b. 1846 , ..............
crea. Northcote, C Henry $\quad$ Stafford
C.B., G.C.I.E. $\quad$ Northcote, b. 18461900 1898 Northington, U Frederic Henley, b.
I. B.
crea. Norton,
K.C.M.G.
crea. O'Brien
$C^{*}$ C. ${ }^{\text {I849 }}$ B. Adderley, b.
1814 ….............. 1878
C§Peter ÖBrien, b. 1842....................

$188_{3}$ O' Neill .........C Edward O'Neill, b.
1863 O, iel, I.V. C C. J. E. Skeffington, 1868 (Massereene b. 1842 .
and Ferrard)
1881 Ormathwaite C Arthur Walsh, b. 18291868 1854 Ormonde, C8J. E. W. T. Butler, I.M., K. P. b. 1844 …........... 1821
crea. Overtoun
L J. Campbell White, b. $1843 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .1893$

1864 O.renfoord, U J. Hamilton Dal-
S.E. (Stair), K.T. rymple, b. $18 \mathrm{r9} 184 \mathrm{I}$

1886 Penrhyn.........C G. S. Douglas-Pen-
nant, b. 1836 ...... 1866
1893 Petre $\qquad$ C\|Bernhard H. Petre, b. 1858 ...............

1898 Playfair
L George J. Playfair, b. I849............. 1897 Plunket, $\begin{array}{r}\text { C WilliamLee Plunket, } \\ \text { C.V.O. }\end{array} \quad$ b. $1864 \quad$............ b. 1864 G. W. Bam-

1858 Poltinore .....C*A. F. G. W. Bam1895 Ponsonby, U Rev. W. B. ${ }^{\text {Pon- }}$ I.E. (Bessborough) sonby, b. 18211749 crea. Powerscourt, U8M. E. Wingfield, b. I.V., K.P. 1836 $\qquad$ b. $1857 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .1852$

1885 1884 Raglan .........C G. F. H. Somerset, 1887 Ramsay, C Arthur G. M. RamS.E. (Dalhousie) say, b. 1878... 1874 1875 Ranfurly, C U. J. M. Knox, b. G.C.M.G., I.E. 1856

1826
crea. Rathmore......C*David Plunket, b. 1838 .................. 1895
1873 Rayleigh ......C John William Strutt, $\begin{gathered}\text { b. } 1842 \text {...................... } \\ \text { bi }\end{gathered}$
crea, Reay, S.B., L L Donald James Mac-
G.C.S.I.
kay, b. 1839 ...... 1881
crea, Redcsdale C A. B. FreemanMitford, b. 1837 ... 1902
crea. Rendel L Stuart Rendel, ${ }^{\text {b. }}$ 1834 .................. 1894
Digitiz ${ }^{1897}$ Revitafig ol John Baring, b. 18631885

Acces. Title. Politics
${ }_{1876} R$ ibblesdale $\ldots$ Name. ${ }^{*}$ Thomas Lister, $\quad$ b. 1854 ..................
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { crea. Robertson } \\ \text { (Life Peer) } & \text { C* James P. B. Robert. } \\ \text { son, b. } 1845 . . . . . . . ~ & 1899\end{array}$
1804 Rodney .........I G. B. H. D. Rodney, b. $1857 . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
G. Le M. Romily 1782
1891 Romilly.........U J. G. Le M. Romilly, b. rehibald ${ }^{\text {and............ }}$ 1865
$\begin{array}{ll}1868 \text { Rosebery } \\ \text { S.E., K.G., K.Archibald P............. Philip } \\ \text { Primrose, b. } 1847 & 1828\end{array}$ 1897 Rosmead ......C Hercules A. Temple Robinson, b. $1866 \quad 1896$
1874 Rossmore, C D. W. W. Westenra, I.B. b. ${ }^{8} 53$
$183^{8}$
crea. Rothschild ...U*N. M. Rothschild, 88

1888 Sackville ......C Lionel SackvilleWest, b. 1827 ....... 1876
1887 St. Johr of C B. M. St. John, b. BLetsoe ${ }^{1844}$ ….............. 1875 St. Leomards C E. B. Sugden, b. ${ }^{1847}$.................. 1558 crea St Levar UI 1847 .................. 1852

$$
\text { cs } 0 \text {, }
$$

$$
1893 \text { St. Oswald ..C R. Winn, b. } 1857 \ldots \text {... } 1885
$$

1858 Saltersford, C James Georye Henry I.E. (Courtown) Stopford, b. 1823 1876 Sandhurst, L Wm. Mansfield, b. G.C.S.I.

1855 2796

1863 Sandys .........U A. F. A. Sandys, b.
1896 Savile............C JohnSavile-Lumle......... b. $1854 \ldots \ldots . . . . .$.

1888
1887 Saye and Sele U J. F. T. Wykeham- 1803 1856 Scarsdale ......C Rev. A. N. H. Curzon, $b$. $183 \mathrm{~s} \ldots \ldots .$. 1888 Seaton .........C R. J. U. Colborne, b. $1854 \ldots \ldots . . . . . .$.
 crea. Shand ........U U*A. ${ }^{\mathbf{1 8}} \mathrm{BB}_{\mathrm{B}}^{1} \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .$. 1828 …..............
 1883 Sherborne ......C Edwd. L. Dutton, b. ${ }^{1881}$................... 174 shoute, I.V.,
(Barrington) $C$ Walter B. Barring.
ton, b. $1848 \quad$.....
s 880 crea. Shuttleworth C*Ughtred Kay Shuttleworth, b. 1844... 1902
 I.E., K. P. (Longford)
1874 Somerhill, U H. G. de Burgh-CanI.M. (Clanricarde) ning, b. 18321826 1899 Somers tArthur H. T. SomersCocks, b. 1887 … 1784 1896 Somerton, I Sidney J. Agar, b.
$I . E$. (Normanton) $1865 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
1873 1872 Southampton C Charles H. Fitzroy, b. $1867 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .$. 1892 Stafford.........C\|F. E. Stafford-Jern- ingham, b. $1833 \ldots$ ェ64 crea. Stalbridge ...U*R. De A. Grosvenor, b. 1837 ................ 1886

crea. Stanmore, L A. Hamilton-Gordon,
G.C.M.G.
b. 1829

1893 1869 Stanley of C H.E. J. Stanley, b. Alderley and Eddisbury 1827
tewart of C R.H.Stewart (Galloroor Stewart of
Garlies, S.E. R. H. Stewart (Gallo-
Way), b. $1836 \ldots \ldots 6$ crea. Strathcoma C Donald A. Smith, and Mount Royal,G.C.M.G., b. 18 ²0 1897 1893 Stratheden U H. G. Campbell, b. 1836 1888 Strathspey, I J. Oqivie-Grant, b

Acces. Title Politics. Name. Crea. 1901 Stxart of L F. J. Stuart - Gray Castle Stuart, S.E. (Moray) b. 18421796 1gor Sudley, I.E. U Arthur J. C. Gore, b. (Arran) 1868. 1884
 1853 Suffield, U*Charles Harbord, b. G.C.V.O., K.C. B. ${ }^{1830}$ 1786 1894 Sruansea ......C E. A. Vivian, b. 1848 I893 1883 Tallot de. C R. W. Talbot, b. 18461856 Malahide, I.B.
1837 Templemore C H.S.Chichester,b. 182 I 1831 1892 Tenryson, U Hallam Tennyson, b. G.C.M.G. 1852..................... 1884 1882 Tenterden.....I C. S.H.Abbott, b. 18651827 1892 Teynham......U H.J.S.Roper-Curzon, b. 1867 1616 crea. Thrimg.........L Henry Thring, b. 18181886 1874 Thurlow ......L*T. J.Hovell-Thurlow1890 Tollemache C W. F. Tolumache, b. 1892 1890 Tollemache C W. F. Tolumache, b. 1892 1792 ${ }^{1875}$ Tredegar......C G. C. Morgan, b. 183 BI 1859 1894 Tresior .........C A. W. Hill-Trevor, b. 1852..................... 1880

 1805 Tyrone, I.M. I H. de la P. Beresford, K. P. (Waterford) b. 1875 ............ 1786

Acces. Title. Politics $\quad$ Name. Crea. ${ }_{1883}$ Vaux of Har-L\|H. G. C. Mostyn, b. 1860 .............. 1523 1898 Veruan 1893 Vivian .........C G. C. B.Vivian, b. 1878 1841 1870 Walsingham C Thomas de Grey, b. ${ }^{18} 83$.................. 1780 crea. Wandsworth L S. J. Skern, b. 1845.............. 1895 crea. Welby, G.C. B.L R. E. Welby, b. 18321894 crea. Wemyss, S.E.C F. R. W. Charteris-
(Wemyss \& March) Douglas, b. 1818 1821 1880 Wenlock......U*Beilby Lawley, b. 18491839 G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.

1875 Westbury..$C$ R. L. P. Bethell, b. 1852 186x 1880 Wigan, S.E.,C J. L. Lindsay, b. 18471826 R.T. (Crawford \& Balcarres) 1902 Willoughby C R. G. Verney, b. 18691492 crea. Wimborne ...C Ivor Bertie Guest, b. ${ }^{1869}$ Windsor .....C*R. ${ }^{\text {T }}$ G. Windsor-Clive, ${ }^{1880}$ b. 1857 ............... 1529 1888 Wolverton ...U H. Frederick Gilyn...... ${ }^{1869}$
1864 Worlingham, U A. B. S. S. Acheson, b.
I.E., K. P. (Gosford) ${ }_{1841}$............ 1835 1867 Wrottesley... U Arthur Wrottesley, b. $1824 . \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 1838$ 1899 Wynford ......C Henry M. Best, b. ................................... 1873 Zouche ........C R. N. C. G. Curzon, b. 1851 ............... 1308

The following have been created Barons:-Sir Edward Lawson, Bart., b. 1833, Michael Biddulph, b. 1834 , George T. Sotheran-Estcourt, b. 1839, W. H. A. F. Watson-Armstrong, b. 1863.

## REPRESENTATIVE PEERS.

Sixteen Peers for Scotland, elected for each Parliament.

Earl of Haddington, K.T. *Earl of Leven and Melville Earl of Northesk
Earl of Dundonald, C.B.
Earl of Lauderdale
Earl of Morton

| Earl of Northesk |
| :--- |
| Vis. Falkland |
| *LDrd Balfour, K.T. |

Lord Forbes

Earl of Mar Earl of Mar and Kellie Earl of Carnwath

Twenty-might Peers for Ireland, elected for life.

Earl of Lucan, K. P.
Earl of Belmore, G.C.M.G.
Earl of Rosse, K.P.
Earl of Lanesborough Earl of Annesley Earl of Bandon, K.P. Earl of Kilmorey, K. P. Earl of Mayo

Lord Sinclair
Lord Saltoun
Lord Torphichen
Lord Belhaven and
[Stenton
Lord Ventry
Lord Langford,
K.C.V.O.
Lord Headiey
Lord Castlemaine
Lord Rathdonnell
Lord Kilmaine
Lord Muskerry

Lord Ventry K.C.v.o.

Lord Headley
Lord Castlemaine
Lord Rathdonnell
Lord Kilmaine
Lord Muskerry
\&Lord Dunalley 8Lord Clonbrock, K.P.

Lord Dunboyne
Lord Inchiquin
Lord Oranmore and Browne.

## COMPOSITION OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The House of Lords consists of 590 Members, viz., the Lords Spiritual of England (2 Archbishops and 24 Bishops), Temporal, Hereditary, and Representative Peers, summarised as follows :-

| Peers of the |  | Earls........................... 125 | ttish Rprsntv. Pe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | Viscounts...................... 35 | Irish Representative Peers 28 |
| D | 22 | Bishops ..................... 24 |  |
| Mar | 23 | Barons ......................... 321 | Total............. 590 |

State of Parties-Of the 590 Members, 357 are Conservatives, inf are Unionists, 54 are Liberals, 4 are Independents, 44 are independent or have no stated politics, and 14 are minors.

## OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Ch. of Coms., Earl of Morley, $£ 2,500$.
Clerk of Parls., Sir H. J. L. Graham, K.C.B., © 2,000 .
Clerk Asst., Hon. E. P. Thesiger, C. B., $£ \mathrm{E}, 500$ Reading Clerk, E. H. Alderson, $£ 000$.
Coun. to the Ch. of Com., Albert Gray, $£ 1,500$.
Chief Clerk and Taxing Officer for Private Bills, A. H. Robinson, $f_{1}, 200$.
Prin. Clerk (Yudl. Offce) and Taxing Officer for Yudicial Procecdings, F. Skene, $Z_{1}, 200$.
Clerk of the Yournals, W. Austen Leigh, E950.

Prin. Clerk of Priv. Coms. and Examiner of Standing Orders, J. F. Symons-Jeune, $£ \mathrm{I}, 200$. Clerk of Public Bills, A. Harrison, $\emptyset_{1,000}$.
Gen. Usher of the Black Rod, Gen. Sir M. A. S. Biddulph, G.C. B., $£ 1,000$.
Serjeant-at-Arms, Lt.-Col. Rt. Hon. Sir Fleet wood Edwards, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., $£ 1,000$.
Accountant, G. Fulkes, fooo.
Librarian, S. Arthur Strong, $£ 1,000$.
Assistant Librarian, A. H. M. Butler.

# The Twenty-seventh Parliament of the United Kingdoss, and First of King Edzward vii., 

 elected September and October 1900.Speaker. Rt. Hon. William C. Gully, K.C., M.P. for the City of Carlisle, $£ 5,000$.
Chairman of Committees, Rt. Hon. James W. Lowther, M.P. for Penrith Division, $\mathrm{f}^{2,500 .}$
The italic initials following name of place indicate as follows:-N. North; $S$. South; $E$. East; $W$. West; $M$. Mid; $(B)$ Borough. The initial in heavy type following name of representative indicates party: C. Conservative ; U. Unionist ; R. Radical; N. Nationalist; P. Parnellite. The figures in brackets show number of Electors on Register.

## ENGLAND ( 465 Members).

Abergaverts $v$, Mon., $N$. (12252), R. M'Kenna Abingdon, Berks, $N .(8690$ i, A. K. Loyd, K.C. Accrington, Lancs., N.E. (14883), Sir J. F.

Leese, K.C.
Altrincham, Chesh. (14353), C. R. Disraeli Andover, Hants, W. (9706), E. B. Faber ... Appleby, Westim. (8621), Richard Rigg ...... Ashburton, Der., M. (9982), C. Seale-Hayne Ashford, Kent, S. (13027), L. Hardy Ashton ( $B$ ) (7986), H. Whiteley Aston Manor (B)(12234), Hon. Evelyn Cecil Aylesbury, Bucks, M. (11459), Hon. Lionel
W. Rothschild

Aylsham, Norf., N.(10573),Sir Wm.B.Gurdon Banbury, Oxon., N. (7687), A. Brassey ...... Barkston Ash, Yorks (9750), Col. Sir R. Gunter, Bart.
Barmard Castle, Dur. $(1200$ ), A. Henderson Lab Barnsley, Yorks (17675), Joseph Walton Barnstaple, Dev., N.W.(12370), E. J. Soares Barrow-int-Fur. (B) (8197), Sir C. W. Cayzer Basingstoke, N. Hants (10939), Rt. Hon. A. F. Jeffreys.

Bassetlaw, Notts. (10923), Sir F. Milner.
Bath ( $75 \mathfrak{j} 1$ ), E. Wodehouse, U, Col. W. Murray, C.B.
Bedford (B) (5215), C. Guy Pym $\qquad$
Bedivellty, Mon., W. (14506), Sir W. V. Harcourt, K.C.
Belper, Derby, M. (12056), J. A. Jacoby
Berks, E., see Wokingham.
Berwick, Northd., N. (9189), Rt. Hon. Sir E. Grey, Bart.

Bewdley, Worc., W. (10184), A. Baldwin ..... Biggleswade, Beds., N.(13815), Ld. A.Compton Birkerhead (15816), Sir E. Lees, Bart.
Birmingham, M. (11592), E. Parkes
$N .(9098)$, John T. Middlemore S. (12188), Ald. I. P. Williams E. (B) (13954), Sir J. B. Stone W. ", (12900), J. Chamberlain Edgbaston (12685), F. Lowe... Bordesley (16681), J. Collings
Bishop' Auckland, Dur. (11901), J. Paulton
Blackburn (B)., Lanc. (20324), Sir W. Coddington, Bart., C. Sir W. H. Hornhy .....
Blackpool, Lanc., N. (18795), H. W. WorsleyTaylor, K.C.
Bodmin, Corn., S.E. (10363), Sir L. Molesworth, Bart.
Bolton, B. (20119) G. Harwood, R, H. Shepherd-Cross
Bnotle, Lanc., S.W. (19088), Col. Sandys .
$B$ iston (B) (3593), W. Garfit
B.sworth, Leic., W. (12404), Sir C. B. MacLaren, Bart., K.C.
Bradford (B) (10404), J. L. Wanklyn E. (14921), Hon. R. H.F. Greville $W$. (13212), E. Flower
Brentford, Middx. (14308), J. Bigwood
Bridequater, Som., M. (10103), E.J. Stanley Bridport, Dor., W. (7241), Col. R. Williams Brigg, Linc., N. (11167), H. J. Reckitt
Briehton (B) (19413), G. W. Loder, C, B. Wentworth $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
S. (13865). Rt. Hon. Walter Long..
$\quad$ E. (14196), C. E. Hobhouse.
$\# \quad$ W.
(8944), Sir M. Hicks-Beac
" $\quad$ W. (8944), Sir M. Hicks-Beach, Bart.
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Brixworth, Vorths., M. (12875), Rt. Hon. C. R. Spencer

Buckingham, Bucks, N.(11995), W. W. Carlile
Buckrose, E. R. Yorks (10016), Luke White Burnley ( $B$ ) (15380), W. Mitchell
Burton, Staff. E. (11331), R. F. Ratcliffe ..
Bury (B) (8764), George Toulmin
Bury St. Edveunds (2053), Sir E. W. Greene, Bart.
Camborne, Corn., N.W. (8659), Sir W. Lawson, Bart.
Cambridge (B) (8750), Sir R. Fitzgerald, BL
Camb. Univ. (6972), Sir R. C. Jebb, C, Sir J. Gorst, K.C.

Canterbury ( $B$ ) ( 4052 ), J. H. Heaton
Carlisle (B) (7133), W. C. Gully, K.C.
Chatham ( $B$ ) (11971), Sir H. D. Davies......
Chelmsford, Essex, M. (10946), Major Sir F. C. Rasch

Cheltenham ( $\mathbf{B}$ ) ( 7735 ), T...........................
Chepstow, Mor.,S.(14721), Hon. F. C. Morgan
Chertsey, Sur., N.W. (12964), J. A. Fyler ...
Chester (B) (7542), R. A. Yerburgh
Chesterfield, Derby, E. (18555), T. Bayley...
Chester-le-St., Dur. (18155), Sir J. Joicey, Bt.
Chesterton, Casm., W. (10443), W. R. Greene
Chichester, Suss.,S. W. (10288), Lord E.Talbot Chippenham, N.W. Wilts (8569), Sir J. D. Poynder
Chorley, Lamc., N. (12836), Lord Balcarres... Christchurch (B) (8722), Major Balfour Cirencester, Glow., E. (9402), Hn. A. B. Bathurst CLeveland, Yorks., N.R. (12503), H. L. Samuel
Clitheroc, Lanc., N.E. (19706), D. J. Shackleton.
.............Le
Cockermowth, Cwmb. (11017), J. S. Randles
Colchester (B) (5945), Sir W. Pearson
ColneValley, Yorks. (11118), Sir J. Kitson, Bt.
Cornwall, Mid., see St. Austell.
" S.E., see Bodmin.
Coventry, B. (12665), C. J. Murray
Crewe, Chesh. (14215), J. Tomkinson
Cricklade, Wilts.(18913), Lord E. Fitzmaurice Croydon (B) (20784), C. T. Ritchie $\qquad$
Darlington, B. (7978), Pike Pease. $\qquad$
Dartford, Kest, N.W. (17864), Sir W. Hart Dyke
Darwer, Lasc. (15845), I. Rutherford.
Deptford (B) (15009), A. H. A. Morton
Derby (B) (19874), Sir T. Roe, C, R. Bell Lab
" N.E.,or Eckington(14120),T.D.Bolton
S., see Repton. W., see Wirkszeorth. Dërekam, Norfolk, M. (9285), F. W. Wilson Devizes, Wilts., E. (8886), E. A. Goulding... Devonport (B)(12244)H. Kearley,R, J. Lockie Deusbury ( $B$ ) (18612), Walter Runciman Diss, Norfolk, S. (9635), A. W. Soames
Doncaster, Yorks, W.R. (17515), F. W. Fison Dorchester, Dorset, S. (9819), W. E. Brymer Dorset, E., see Poole. N., see Shaftesbwry. W., see Bridport.

Dover (B) (6411), Rt. Hon. George Wyndham Droitwich, Worc., M. (10635), R. B. Martin Dudley (B) (16415), B. Robinson
Durhan, M. or Brancepeth (19104), Joha Wilson
Durham, N.W., soe Lasuchester.
$" \quad(B)(2597)$, Hon. A. Elliot
" S.E., see North Tees.

Ealing，Middx．（16389），Lord G．Hamilton Eastbourne，Sussex，S．（12207），L．Hogg E．Grinstead，Sus．，N．（10106），Hn．G．J．Goschen Eccles，Lanc．．S．E．（15917），O．L．Clare Eddisbury，Chesh．（10631），H．J．Tollemache Egremont，Cumb，W．（9376），Col．J．R．Bain Elland，Yorks．（18512），Charles P．Trevelyan Eufield，Middx．（19656），Lt．－Col．H．F．Bowles Epping，Essex，W．（10441）Col．Lockwood Epsom，Sur．，M．（13982），William Keswick Eskdale，Cumb．，N．（10158），C．W．Lowther Essex，S．E．，or Tilbury（17295），Col．E． Tufnell Evesham，Worc．，S．（10126），Col．C．W．Long Exeter（B）（9052），Sir E．Vincent，K．C．M．G． Eye，Suffolk，N．E．（10221），F．S．Stevenson Fareham，S．Hants（16866），Capt．A．H．Lee Favershir，Kent，N．E．（13932），Capt．J． Howard
For．of Deart，Gb．（10412），Sir C．Dilke，Bt． Freebridge，Norf．，N．W．（10850），G．White frome，Som．（11940），J．E．Barlow Gainsborough（12555），Hon．S．Ormsby－Gore．．． Gatesherd（B）（17717），Sir W．Allan． Gloucester（B）（7772），Russell Rea
Gorton，Lanc．，S．E．（15479），E．F．Hatch Grantham（B）（3089），Arthur Priestley ．．． Gravesend（B）（5964），Sir Gilbert Parker．． Gt．Yarmowth（B）（8624），Capt．Sir J．C．Colomb Greenwich（B）（12723），Lord H．Cecil Grimsby（B）（13849），G．Doughty $\qquad$ Guildford，Surrey，S．W．（13242），Rt．Hon． W．St．J．Brodrick
Halifax（B）（15247），Sir Savile Crossley，Bt．
Hallamshire，＂S．Yks．（17331），Sir F．T．Mappin Hampstear（B）（10778），T．Milvain，K．C．．．． Handsworth，Staff．（23270），Sir H．Meysey－ Thompson，Bart．
Hanley（B）（16044），Arthur Heath
Hartlepools（ $B$ ）（14068），Sir C．Furness
Harrozv，Middx．（24105），Irwin B．Cox
Harwich，Essex，N．E．（12371），Rt．Hon．J． Round．
Hastings $(B)(8290)$ ，F．Freeman－Thomas ．．．
Henley，Oxon，S．（9283），Sir R．T．Hermon－ Hodge，Bart．
Hereford（B）（3571），J．S．Arkwright
Hertford，Herts，E．（1083T），A．H．Smith
Hexham，Northd．，N．（10360），C．W．Beaumont Heyzuood，Lanc．，S．E．（10254），G．Kemp High Peak，Derby，N．（10837），Oswald Partington．
Hitchin，Herts，N．（9509），G．B．Hudson Holderness，Yorks，E．R．（9989），A．S Wilson Holmfirth，Yorks，W．R．（11865），H．J．Wilson Honiton，Dev．，E．（9340），Sir J．Kennaway Horncastle，Linc．，S．Liredsey．（9625），Lord Willoughby de Eresby
Hornsey，Middx．（17944），C．B．Balfour
Horsham，Sus．，N．W．（9946），J．H．Johnstone
Houghton－le－Spring，Dur．（15034），R． Cameron．
Hozedenshire，Yorks，E．R．（9480），Sir W． H．Wilson－Todd，Bart．
Huddersfield（B）（17078），Sir J．T．Woodhouse
Hull，West（B）（19017），C．H．Wilson
＂East（ $B$ ）（12179），Sir T．Firbank
＂Central（B）（9061），Sir H．S．King
Huntingdon（5172），George Montagu Hyde，Chesh．（10722），E．Chapman
Hythe（B）（6098），Sir E．Sassoon，Bart．
Ilkeston，Derby，S．E．（15657），Sir W．Foster
Ince，Lanc．，S．W．（12604），Col．H．B．Blundell
Ipswich（B）（11306），Sir C．Dalrymple
D．F．Goddard
Jarrow，Dur．＂（16883），Sir C．M．Palmer
Keighley，Yorks，W．R．（12921），J．Brigg
Kendal，Westm．，S．（6812），Major J．Bagot Kidderminster（B）（4484），Sir A．F．Godson

Kiong＇s Lynn（B）（3498），T．G．Bowles ．．．．．．．．．
Kingston，Sur．，N．（15758），T． Kingswinford，＇Staff．（12763），Col．W．G．Webb Knutsford，Ches．（10468），Hon．A．de T． Egerton
Lancaster，Lanc．，N．（13640），N．W．Helme
Lanchester，Durr．，N．W．（14768），L．Atherley－ Jones，K．C．
Launceston，Corn．，N．E．（9t80），F．Moulton， K．C．
Leeds，N．（B）（1977T），R．H．Barran ..... ${ }^{\mathrm{R}}$
＂E．（B）（9330），H．S．Cautley
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R
＂，W．（B）（18126），H．J．Gladstone ..... $\stackrel{R}{R}$
Leëk，Staff．N．E．（11264），B．Bill ..... ${ }_{C}^{C}$
Leicester（B）（2548d），H．Broadhurst，R，SirJ．F．Rolleston．C
Leicestershire，W．，see Bosworth
Leigh，Lanc．，S．W．（12838），C．P．Scott ..... RLeominster，Heref．，N．（9106），Sir J．J．Rankin，Bart．
Lewes，Sus．，M．（14624），Rt．Hn．Sir H．FletcherLewisham（B）（18708），J．PennLichfield，Staff．（9834），T．С．T．Warner ．．．
Lincoln（B）（9462），C．H．Seely
Liverpool（ $B$ ）：－
Alercromby（ 7 T94），W．F．Lawrence． ..... C
Everton（10286），Sir J．A．Willox
Exchange（6258），Charles McArthur． ..... C
Kirkiale（10688），David McIver
Scotland（6113），T．P．O＇Connor． ..... C
Toxteth，E．（ 9608 ），Austin Taylor ..... ${ }_{C}^{C}$C
W．（8599），R．P．Houston
Walton（13411），J．H．Stock
Walton（13411），J．H．Stock
West Derby（11824），W．Rutherford ..... CLondon，Metropolitan Divisions：－Battersea（B）（14983），J．Burns
Bethnal Grn．，S．W．（7893），S．F．RidleyN．E．（8026），Sir M．M．Bhownaggree，K．C．I．E．Camberwell，N．（12638），Dr．T．J．MacnamaraPeckham（11854），Sir F．G．Banbury，Bart．Dulwich（13515），SirJ．B．MapleChelsea（B）（12585），C．A．Whitmore．．．．．．．．．
City（B）（33049），Hon．A．G．H．Gibbs．，Rt．Hn．Sir J．Dimsdale，Bart．E．（B）（5534），H．C．Richards，K．C．
M．
（B）$(8195)$, Hon．W．F．MasseyMainwaring ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Holbom Div．（9976），J．F．Rem－nantFulham（18216），W．H．Fisher
Hackney，$S .(B)(13264)$, T．H．Robertson＂$\quad N .(11536)$ ，W．Bousfield，K．C．$M$ ．$(B)(8872)$, A．H．Allhusen．
Hammersmith（13026），W．J．BulIslington，N．（11781），Sir G．C．T．Bartley，K．C．B．S．（8196）， Sir A．RollitE．（10869），B．L．CohenW．（9272），T．Lough
Kensington，S．（9363），Earl Percy$N$（9845），W．E．T．Sharpe．

Kenngtn．（10234），SirF．L．Cook，Bt．Brixton（10186），Sir R．MowbrayNorwood（1934），C．E．TrittonMärylebone，E． N．$^{(B)(6474), \text { E．Boulnois }}$W．（B）（8542），Sir S．Scott，Bart．Newington，$W$（ 8756 ），Capt．C．W．NortonWalzoorth（7619），James BaileyPaddington，N．（9138），Sir I．Aird，Bart．S．（6007），Sir T．G．Fardell．
St．Geor

St．Pancras，N．（7629），E．R．P．Moon

St. Pancras, E.(0094), Sir T. Wrightson, Bt W. (6901), H. R. Graham

Shoreditch, Hoxton( 7505 ), Hon. Claude Hay Haggerston (66i26), W. R. Cremer
Sowthwark, W. (7666), R. K. Causton .. " Rotherkithe(9128), J.C.Macdona Bermondsey, (11152), H.J.C.Cust
Straved (8848), Hon. W. F. D. Smith
Tower Hamlets-
Whitechapel (4415), S. M. Samuel
St. George's-in-the-East (3253), Sir T. R. Dewar.
Limehouse (6925), H. S. Samuel
Mile End (5551), S. Charrington
Steprey (5601), Maj. W.E.Evans-Gordon
Bow \&o Bromley (11257), W. M. Guthrie Poplar (9938), S. C. Buxton
West Ham, N. (15991), E. Gray , S. (23139), Major G. E. Banes
Westminster (7306), W. L. Burdett-Coutts London University (4486), Sir Michael Foster Long Ashton, Som., N. (11111), E. H. Llewellyn
Lonstale, Lanc., N. (9818), R. Cavendish ... Loughborough,Leic., M.(12423), MauriceLevy Louth, Linc. (9692), R. W. Perks
Lozvestoft, Suff., N. (13338) Col. F. A. Lucas Ludlow, Salop, S. (10382), Jasper More Luton, Beds., S. (13745), 'T. G. Ashton
Macclesfield, Chesh. (8493), W. Bromley-
Davenport
Maidstone (B) (5432), Sir F. Evans, Bart. K.C.M.G

Maldon, Essex, E. (10153), Hon. C. H. Strutt
Manch., N. W. (11140), SirW.H.Houldsworth N. (10855), C. E. Schwann
$N . E$. (9856), Sir J. Fergusson E. (12746), A. J. Balfour S. (12879), The Hon. W. Peel S. W. (8792), J. Galloway. ...... Mansfield, Notts., W.(15751),A.B.Markham Mrkt. Harb., S. Leic. (16578), J. W. Logan Medzuay, Kent, M. (14024), Col. Warde
Melton, Leic., E. (14988), Lord E. Manners Middlestro' ( $B$ ) (18542), Col. Sadler
Middleton, Lanc.,S.E. (14073), E. B. Fielden
Monmouth ( $B$ ) (10520), Sir Joseph Lawrence $N$., see Abergavenny.
W., see Bedruellty. S., see Chepstoru.

Morley, W. Yorks. (14542), A. E. Hutton.... R
Morpeth (B) (9457), T. Burt.
Newark, Notts, E. (10618), Sir C. Welby
Newbury, Berks, $\mathbf{S}_{\text {. (10793), W. A. Mount.. }}$
Newcastle ( $B$ ) (35635), W. R. Plummer, C,
George Renwick
Newcastle-under-Lyme (B) (9746), Sir A. S. Haslam
New Forest, Hants (10449), Hon. J. ScottMontagu
Newmarket, Camb., E. (9650), C. D. Rose... Newport, N.Salop (10548\%Col.KenyonSlaney Nezuton, Lanc., S. W. (12974), Col.Pilkington Norfolk, M., see Dereham. N., see Aylsham. E., see N. Walsham. S., see Diss.

Normanton, W. Yorks (14493), B. Pickard R
Northenpton ( $\dot{B}$ ) (12352), J. G. Shipman, R,
H. Labouchere..

Northants, E., see Wellingboro'.
$M$, see Brixzworth. N., see Oundle.
S. (8894), Hon. E. Fitzroy........ C
S. (8894), Hon. E. Fitzroy.........

North Tees, Dur., S.E. (15988), Hon. F.
N. Walsham, Norfolk, E. (10881), R. J. Price

Northwich, Chesh. (12399), Sir J. T. Brunner, Bart.
Norwich ( $B$ ) (19610), Sir S. Hoare, Bart., C, Sir H. Bullard
Nottingham, $E$. (B)(12257), E. Bond W. (B) (15797), J. H Yoxail. " W. (B)(15797), J. H. Yoxall...
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Nuncaton,War.N.E. (18612),F.A.Newdigate Oldbury, Worc., N. (14228), J. W. Wilson... Oldham (B) (32108), A. Emmott, R, Winston S. Churchill

Ormskirk, Lanc. (11773), Hon. A. Stanley. Osgoldcross, Yorks., W. (15995), Sir J. Austin Oswestry, Salop, W. (10105), Hon.G.OrmsbyGore
Otley, Yorks, W.R. (12374), J. H. Duncan
Oundle, Northants, N. (10421), Col. S. G. Stopford-Sackville
Oxford (B) (8367), Viscount Valentia ...........
Oxford University, Oxon. (6329), J. G. Talbot, C, Sir Wm. R. Anson, Bart. Oxon, Mid., see Woodstock.
Pénkridge, Staff., W. (10081), Sir Alex. Henderson, Bart.
Penrith, Cumb., M. (8717), J. W. Lowther...
Penryn and Falmouth (B) (2845), F. J. Horniman
Peterborough (B) (5954), R. Purvis
Petersfield, Hants, E. ( 170 ), W. Nicholson Pirehill, Staff., N.W. (14976), J. Heath.
Plymouth ( $B$ ) (18016), Hon. Ivor Guest, C, H. E. Duke, K.C.

Pontefract (B) (3226), T. W. Nussey
Poole, Dor., E. (12082), Hon. H. Sturt
Portsmouth ( $B$ )(28882), J. H. A. Majendie, C, R. Lucas

Preston ( $B$ ) ( 17973 ), J. Kerr, C, Sir W. E. M. Tomlinson, Bart.

Prestwich,.Lanc., S.E. (17467), F. Cawley...
Pudsey, Yorks (15185), George Whiteley..
Radcliffe, Lanc., S.E. (12759), T. C. Taylor
Ramsey, Hunts., N. (7030), Hon. A. Fellowes
Reading (B) (10722), G. W. Palmer
Reigate, Sur., S.E. (12576), Hon. H. Cubitt Repton, Derby, $S$. (15522), J. Gretton
Richmond, Yorks, N.R. (10239), J. Hutton
Ripon, Yorks (11685), J. L. Wharton
Rochdale (B) (13543), Col. C. M. Royds
Rockester ( $B$ ) (5206), Viscount Cranborne
Romford, Essex, S. (39158), Louis Sinclair
Ross, Heref., S. (10303), Capt. P. Clive ...... Rossendale, Lanc. (12527), Sir W. Mather. Rotherkam, E. Yorks (17042), Sir W. H. Holland
$R u g b y$, War. (10717), Corrie Grant
Rushcliffe, Notts, S. (16168), J. E. Ellis...... R'utland, Coxnty (4171), Rt. Hon. G. Finch Rye, Sus., E. (12543), L. F. Hutchinson ...... Saffron Walden, Essex, N. (8600), J. A. Pease
St. Albans, M. Herts (11393), Hon. V. Gibbs St. Aupustine's, Kent, E. (15138), Rt. Hon. A. Akers-Douglas

St. A ustell, Corr., M. $\mathbf{( 9 9 0 0})$, W. A. M'Arthur St. Helens (B) (11501), Sir H. Seton-Karr St. Ives, Corn., W. (8515), E. Hain
Salford, $N_{:}(B)$ (9589), E. Platt-Higgins W. (13344), L. Knowles
S. (8592), J. G. Groves

Salisbury (B) (3085), Walter Palmer
Scarborough (B) (6134), J. C. Rickett
Sevenoaks, Kent, W. (15930), H. W. Foster
Shaftesbury, Dors., N. (8162), J. K. Wing field-Digby
Sheffield, Cent. ( $B$ ) (9450), Sir H. Vincent Attercliffe, (14970), B. Langley Brightside (11797), J. J. F. Hope ........... Hallam (12391), C. B.Stuart-Wortley, K.C. Ecclesall (12558), S. Roberts
Shipley, Yorks, $W$. ( 15790 ), Sir F. Flannery Shrewsbury (B) (4776), H. D. Greene, K.C. $S_{\text {Skipton, Yorks (12272), F. W. Thomson...... }}$ Sleaford, Linc. (9484), H. Chaplin Somerset, $N$., see Lomg Ashton.
E. (9222); Rt. Hon. Henry Hobhouse
" ${ }^{W}$., see $\begin{gathered}\text { Sevil } \\ \text { Wellingtom. }\end{gathered}$
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Sousthometon ( $B$ ) (17401), T. Chamberlayne, C, Sir J. B. Simeon, BL South Melton, Devon, N. (8484), G. Lambert South Shields (B) (17240),W.S. Robson, K.C. Sowerby, Yorks (12166), J. W. Mellor, K.C. Spalding (Holland), Linc. (14162), H. R. Mansfield
Spen Valley, Yorks (11096), T. P. Whittaker Stafford (B) (3543), C. E. Shaw .
Staffordshire, N.W., see Pirehill.
W., see Penkridge.

Stalybridge ( $B$ ) (7491), Hon. M. White Ridley Stamford, Lincs. (9520), W. Younger ......... Stockport ( $B$ ) (12622), B. Melville, C, Sir J. Leigh.

Stockton ( $B$ )(12114), Col. Sir R. Ropner...... Stoke (B) (13935), D. H. Coghill
Stowmarket, Suff.,N.W.(10549), Ian Malcolm Stratford-on-Avon, Warwick,S.W. (10039), Philip S. Foster
 Stroud, Glouc., M. (10401), C. P. Allen.
Sudbury, Suff, S. (10028), Sir W.C.Quilter, Bt. U
Sunderland, (B) (27593), Sir W. Doxford, C, J. S. G. Pemberton. $\qquad$
Sussex, S.W., see Chichester.
Tasrworth, Wark., N., (13756), Sir P. A.
Muntz, Bart.
Tawnton (B) (336B), Lt.-Col. Welby
Tavistock, Devon, W. (13140), J. W..........
Tewkesbury, Glowc., $N$. (12429), Rt. Hon. Sir J. Dorrington

Thanet, Isle of, Kent (10579), James Lowther
Thetford, Norf., S.W. (8803), T. L. Hare .
Thirsk, N. Yorks (12412), J. G. Lawson......
Thornbury, Glouc., S. (13280), E. Colston .
Tiverton, Devon, N.E. (10181), Col. Sir W. Walrond
Tonbridge,Kent,S.W.(13902),A.G. Boscawen
Torquay, Dev. (9938), F. Layland-Barratt ...
Totnes, Dev., S. (0026), F. Mildmay.
Totterikam, Middyx. (20922), J. Howard
Truro, Cornwalt (9346) Sir E. Durning-
Lawrence, Bart.
Tyreside, Northum. (21340), H. C. Smith .
Tynemouth (B) (8668), F. L. Harris

## WALES

Anglesey (9914), E. J. Griffiths
Arfor, Carnin., N. (0815), W. Jones
Brecknockshire (11240), C. Morley
Caerphilly, Glam., E. (18213), Sir A. Thomas
Cardiff (B) ( 25431 ), Sir E. J. Reed
Cardiganshire (13213), M. Vaughan Davies
Carmarthen Dist. (5788), A. Davies.
Camarvon (B) (5342), D. Lloyd-George.....
Denbighshire, East (10623), Samuel Moss
Denbigh Dist. (4329), Hon. G. Kenyon
Eivion, Carnvn., S. (9186), John B. Roberts
Flintshire (10938), S. Smith
Flint Dist. (3573), J. H. Lewis
Gower, Glam., W. (12616), J. A. Thomas
Llandaff, Glam.,S.(19065), Maj. Wyndham OuinC


## Uxbridge, Middlx. (15356), Sir F. D. Dixon-

 Hartland, Bart.Wakefield ( $B^{\prime}$ ( 6409 ), E. A. Brotherton
Walsall (B) (14055), Sir Arthur Hayter, Bt.
Walthamstow, Essex (30549), D. J. Morgan Wandsworth (B) (25155), H. 'Kimber
Warsbeck, Northrim. (15640), Chas. Fenwick Warrington (B) (9974), R. Pierpoint
Warwick (B) (5999), Hon. A. Lyttelton, K.C. Warwicks, S.W., see Stratford-on-Avon.
Watford, Herts, W. (14810), T. F. Halsey
Wednesbury (B) (12824), W. D. Green.........
$W_{\text {Cllingboro }}{ }^{\prime}$,Norths., E.(16200), F. Channing
Wellington, Salop, M. (8675), Sir A. H.
Brown, Bart
Wellington, Som., W. (9746), Sir A. F.
Acland Hood, Bart.
Wells, Som. (11003), R. E. Dickinson ......... Westbury, Wilts, W. (0870), J. Fuller West Bromrwich (B) (10435), Sir J. E. Spencer Westhoughton,S.E.Lanc:(16092), Ld.Stanley
Whitby, Yorks, N.R. (10847), E.W. Heckett Whitehaven ( $B$ ) (3059), A. Helder.
Widnes, Lanc. (10089), Col. W. H. Walker Wigan (B) (8522), Sir F. S. Powell, Bart. ... Wight, Isle of (14654), Capt. J. B. Seely. Wilton, Wilts, S. (8149), James A. Morrison Wimbledor, Sur., N.E. (20077), C.E.Hambro Winchester ( $B$ ) (2806), W. H. Myers
Windsor (B) (3138), Sir F. Tress Barry, Bt Wirksworth, Derby, W. (11048), V.Cavendish Wirral, Chesh. (16993), J. Hoult
Wisbech, Camb., N. (10416), Hon. A. Brand Wokingham, Berks, E. (11959), E. Gardner Wolverkampton, S. ( $B$ )(9607), Henry Norman $W .(B)(12324)$, Sir A.Hickman E. (B) ( 9601 ), Sir H. H. Fowler Woodbridge, Suff.(12216), Capt. E. Pretyman Woodstock, Oxon, M. (9726), G. H. Morrell
Woolvich ( $B$ ) (16136), William Crooks ......Lab.
Worcester ( $B$ ) (7852), Hon. G. H. Allsopp ... C E. (16815), J. Austen Chamberlain $N$., see Oldbury.
Wycombe, Bucks, S. (14002), W. H. Grenfell Yeovil, Som., S. (9426), Sir E. Strachey, Bt. York (13369), J. Butcher, K.C., C, George D.

Faber

## Members).

Llandilo,Carmn., E.(16881),Abel Thomas, K.C.R Merionethshire (9714), A. Osmond Williams $\mathbf{R}$ Merthyr Tydfil (B) (19822), D. A. Thomas,
R, J. Keir Hardie Lab.
Montgomeryshire (7845),A. Humphreys Owen
Montgomery (3228), Lt.-Col. E. Price-Jones Pembrokeshire (11010), Wynford Philipps ...
Pembroke Dist. (6699), Lt.-Gen. Laurie, C.B.
Radnorshire (5360), Frank Edwards.
Rhondda, Glam. (13990), W. Abraham
St. Clears, Carmn.,W. (15461), J.Ll.Morgan
Sruarsea Dist. (11422), D. B. Jones, K.C....
Swansea Town (B)(10121), Sir Geo. Newnes, Bt
Vale of Clzeyd, Denb., W. (9741), J.H. Roberts R
Vale of Neath, Glam., M. (145'今),S.T.Evans $\mathbf{R}$
SCOTLAND
Aberdeershire, E. (12370),A.W. Maconochie W. (10710), Dr. Farquharson

Aberdeen, N. (10326), Capt. D. V. Pirie ...... $S$. (12158), J. Bryce $\qquad$ $\mathbf{U}$
$\mathbf{R}$
$\mathbf{R}$
$\mathbf{R}$
Argyllshire, (10643)
Ayrshire, N. (14577). Hon. T. Cochrane...... U
Ayr"Burghs (7027), C. L. Orr-Ewing ............ C
Banffshire (8180), A. W. Black
Berwickshire (5421), H. J. Tennant
Buteshire (3397), A. Graham Murray, K.C.
Caithness (4029), L. Harmsworth
Clackmar. and Kirt. (7768), Eugene Wason

## (72 Members).

Dumbartonshire (14654), A. Wylie ............
Dumfries-shire (9310), W. J. Maxwell
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{U}$
$\mathbf{R}$
Dumfries Burghs (3722), Sir R.T.Reid, K.C.
Dundee (18741), Sir J. Leng, R, E. Robertson, K.C.
Edinburgh (Central) (7242), G. M. Brown... W. (8969), Sir Lewis McIver, Bt... E. (11488), George M'Crae $S$. (15801), Sir Andrew N. Agnew Elgin and Nairn (5694), Hon. J. E. Gordon
Elgin Burghs (5017), A. Asher, K.C.
Falkirk Burghs (11744), J. Wilson
$R$
$R$
$\mathbf{R}$
$\mathbf{R}$
$\mathbf{U}$
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{R}$
$\mathbf{U}$
Fifeshire, E. (9700), H. H. Asquith, K.C. ... I

## SCOTLAND ( 72 Members)-continued.

Fifeshire, W. (13261), J. D. Hope.
Forfarshire (12271), Capt. J. Sinclair
Glasgow-(Central) (15136), J. A. Baird
Bridgeton (11950), C. Scott Dickson, K.C. Camlachic (10587), A. Cross St. Rollox (18186), John Wilson Blackfriars (10083), A. Bonar Law College (15807), Sir J. Stirling-Maxwell, Bt. Tradeston (4847), A. C. Corbett.
Greenock (7658), James Reid
Haddingtonshire (6767), Rt. Hon. R. B. Haldane, K.C
Hawick, Evc. (5734), T. Shaw, K.C.
Inverness-shire (9488), J. A. Dewar
Inverness (4249), Sir R. B. Finlay, K.C.
Kilmarnock Dist. (14631), Col. J. M. Denny
Kincardineshire (6762), J. W. Crombie
Kirkcaldy (7647), J. H. Dalziel
Kirkcudbrightshire (5840), Sir Mark Stewart
Lamarkshire, M. (14297), J. Caldwell
Govar (16392), R. Hunter Craig
Partick (18421), J. Parker Smith.
N.W. (15200), Charles M. Douglas, M.D.
N.E. (18569), Sir W. H. Rattigan, K.C. ... S. (9647), Hon. J. Hozier

IRELAND
Antrim, M. (7584), Hon. R. T. O'Neill N. (7965), William Moore E. (8489), Col. J. McCalmont S. (10236), C. C. Craig.

Arinagh, N. (7887), Colonel Saunderson M. (7027), J. B. Lonsdale $S$. (7848), J. Campbell.
Belfast, E. (18484), G. W. Wolff S. (9541), T. H. Sloan W.(8617), Rt. Hon. H.Armold-Forster N. (9886), Sir James Haslett

Carlow (5988), J. Hammond
Cavan, E. (9426), S. Young.
W. (9218), T. McGovern

Clare, E. (8615), W. Redmond
W. (8898), Major Jameson

Cork, N.E. (7058), W. Abraham.
M. (7138), D. Sheehan
S.E. (6858), E. Crean.
E. (6361), Capt. A. Donelan.
N. (7071), J. C. Flynn
W. (6124), J. Gilhooly
S. (5785), E. Barry

City (12895), W.O'Brien, NT, J. F.O'Brien
Donegal, N. (6786), W. O'Doherty S. (6573), J. G. S. MacNeill, K.C. E. (6568), E. McFadden $W$. (7180), Hugh A. Law
Down, N. (9695), T. L. Corbett S. (8747), Jeremiah M'Veigh E. (8266), James Wood
"" W. (8333), Captain Hill
P. Nannetti

St. Patrick (7796), W. Field
Harbour (9448), T. Harrington
St. Steph. G. (8086), J. McCann.
North (13505), J. J. Clancy
South (11228), J. Mooney.
University (4553), Sir E.Carson, K.....
", ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ J. H. Campbell, K.C.
Fermanagh, $N .{ }^{\prime}(5213)$, E. Mitchell
$S$. (5482), J. Jordan
Galwäy (B) (2347), C. R. Devlin
N. (8086), Col. Nolan.
" $\quad$..$(6964)$, W. J. Duffy
" Connemara (6780), W. ÖMalley
" E. (7341), John Roche
Kerry, N. (5676), M. J. Flavin
" S. ( 0081 ), J. P. Boland
$"$ " ${ }^{\text {W. }}$ (5868), T. O'Donneil


Leith (16358), R. C. M. Ferguson
Linlithgowshire (9346), Alex. Ure, K.C.
Midlo. (Edin.) (14751), Master of Elibank
Montrose (8485), Rt. Hon. John Morley Orkney ard Shetlard (7572), J. C. Wason Paisley (11456), Sir W. Dunn, Bart.
Peeblesh. and Selkirksh. (3581), Sir W. Thorburn
Perthshire, E. (7514), T. R. Buchanan .......
W: (8208), John Stroyan.
Perth'(6076), R. Wallace, K.C.
Renfrewshire, E. (13682),M.H.Shaw-Stewart W. (10991), Sir C. B. Renshaw, Bart.
Ross ard Cromarty (7863), L. G. Weir Roxburghshire (5767), Earl of Dalkeith St. Ardrezus Dist. (8162), H. Anstruther Stirlingshire (17750), J. M'Killop
Stirl.Dist.(6837), Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman Sutherlandshire (2770), F. S. Leveson-Gower Wick (2630), A. Bignold
Wigtownshire (5368), Sir H. Maxwell ............ -
Universities:-
Edin. © St.Ard.(10474),Sir J.B.Tuke,M.D.
Glasgow \&- Aberdeen (9937), J. A. Campbell C

## 103 Members). <br> Kildare, $N$. (5309), E. Leamy

S. (5452), D. Kilbride

Kilkenny, N. (5321), J. Devlin S. (5208), , O'Meara
ing's Cownty (Birr) (4580), M. Reddy
Tullamore (4845), H. Burke
Leitrim, N. (6629), P. A. McHugh
$S_{\text {. (6791), Jasper Tully. }}$
" W. ${ }^{(8284)}$ ), J. P. O'Shaughnessy. City (B) (5559), Ald. Joyce Londonderry, N. (9958), R. J. Aikinson, K.C. S. (8391), J. Gordon, K.C...... ", City (B) (5TiO), Marq. of Hamilton Lengforct, N. (3038), J. P. Farrell S. (4762), E Blake, K.C.

Louth, N. (5794), T. M. Healy
S. (5107), J. Nolan

Mayo, N. (7535), Conor O'Kelly S. (8825), John O'Donnell W. (9806), R. Ambrose. E. (8058), J. Dillon

Mëath, N. (5836), Patrick White S. (5980). J. L. Carew

Möaghax, N. (B616), E. C. Thompson S. (6646), J. McKean

Newry (2037), P. G. Carvill
Queen's Co., Leix (5116), M. A. MacDonnell Ossory (5065), W. P. Delany
Roscommon, S. (9044), John P. Hayden N. (8969), J. J. O'Kelly
sligo, '"N. (8446), W. McKillop
 S. (5198), J. Cullinan. E. (5615), T. J. Condon M. (6854), K. E. O'Brien Tyrone, N. (r098), C. H. Hemphill, K.C. " $\quad$. (7438), P. C. Doogan M. (8611), G. Murnaghan
S. (7140), T. W. Russell

Waterford, W. (4117), J. J. O'Shee E. (4290), P. J. Power. Cizy (8504), J. E. Redmond
Westmeath, N. (5085), P. J. Kennedy. S. (5408), D. Sullivan

Wexford, N. (8989), Sir T. G. Esmonde S. (8787), P. Ffrench

Wick̉low, E. (4878), D. J. Cogan
" W. (4460), James O Connor

READY RECKONER AND MARKETING TABLE.

| No. | $\frac{1}{4}$ d. | $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. | $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. | Id. | 2 d. | 3d. | 4d. | 5d. | 6d. | 7d. | 8 d. | 9d. | 10d. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \end{array}$ |  | 3. d. <br> 0 0 <br> 0 1 <br> 0 1 <br> 0 1 <br> 0 3 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 3 <br> 0 34 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 5 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}1 \\ \text { B. } & \text { d. } \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 \\ : & 3 \\ : & 3 \\ 0 & 3\end{array}$ | s. d. <br> 0 2 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 6 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 8 <br> 1 10 <br> $x$ 0 <br> $x$ 0 <br> 1 4 <br> 1 8 <br> 1 8 | 3. d. <br> 0 3 <br> 0 6 <br> 0 9 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 3 <br> 1 3 <br> 1 2 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 3 <br> 0 3 | 3. d. <br> 0 4 <br> 0 1 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 4 <br> 1 8 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 1 <br> 3 1 <br> 3 4 <br> 3 4 |  | 18. $d$. <br> 0 6 <br> 1 0 <br> 1 8 <br> 2 0 <br> 3 8 <br> 3 8 <br> 4 6 <br> 4 6 <br> 5 0 |  | s. d. <br> 0 8 <br> 1 4 <br> 2 4 <br> 2 8 <br> 3 4 <br> 4 0 <br> 4 8 <br> 5 4 <br> 6 8 <br> 6 8 | s. d.  <br> 0 9 <br> 1 6 <br> 2 3 <br> 3 0 <br> 3 9 <br> 4 6 <br> 5 3 <br> 6 0 <br> 6 9 <br> 7 6 <br>   | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | s. d. <br> 0 12 <br> 1 10 <br> 2 9 <br> 3 8 <br> 4 7 <br> 5 6 <br> 6 5 <br> 7 4 <br> 8 3 <br> 9 8 <br> 9  | 1 8 8 4 4 8 7 7 8 8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 0 14 <br> 0 3 <br> 0 34 <br> 0 34 <br> 0 34 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 4 <br> 0 44 <br> 0 48 <br> 0 5 | 0 31 <br> 0 6 <br> 0 61 <br> 0 7 <br> 0 7 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 81 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 9 <br> 0 90 <br> 0 10 |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 2 I \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \\ x & 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}1 & 10 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 2 & 8 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 7 \\ 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 8 & 8 \\ 7 & 8 \\ 7 & 6 \\ 7 & 12\end{array}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc} 6 & 5 \\ 7 & 0 \\ 7 & 7 \\ 8 & 8 \\ 8 & 9 \\ 9 & 4 \\ 9 & 11 \\ 90 & 6 \\ x I & 1 \\ x I & 8 \end{array}\right.$ | 7 4 <br> 8 0 <br> 8 8 <br> 9 4 <br> 10 0 <br> $x 0$ 8 <br> $x 1$ 4 <br> $x 1$ 0 <br> $x 9$ 8 <br> $x 3$ 4 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} 8 & 3 \\ 9 & 0 \\ 9 & 0 \\ 10 & 6 \\ 1 x & 3 \\ 18 & 3 \\ 10 & 0 \\ 13 & 8 \\ 13 & 8 \\ 14 & 3 \\ 15 & 6 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 9 & 9 \\ x 0 & 0 \\ x 0 & 10 \\ x 1 & 8 \\ x 8 & 6 \\ x 3 & 4 \\ x 4 & 8 \\ x y & 0 \\ x 5 & 0 \\ x 6 & 80 \\ x 6 & 8 \end{array}$ |  | 11 18 13 14 16 18 17 18 19 20 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 28 \\ & 17 \\ & 28 \\ & 28 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ | 0  <br> 0 54 <br> 0 54 <br> 0 54 <br> 0 6 <br> 0 64 <br> 0 64 <br> 0 64 <br> 0 64 <br> 0 7 <br> 0 74 <br> 0 74 <br> 0 7 | $\left\|\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 01 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 14 \\ 1 & 9 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 14 \\ 1 & 3 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 9 \\ 8 & 10 \\ 8 & 11 \\ 8 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}3 & 6 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 3 & 80 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 6 \\ 4 & 8 \\ 4 & 80\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} 8 & 9 \\ 9 & 9 \\ 9 & 7 \\ 10 & . \\ 10 \\ 10 & 3 \\ 10 & 10 \\ 12 & 3 \\ 12 & 3 \\ 12 & 8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} 10 & 6 \\ 12 & 0 \\ 12 & 6 \\ 18 & 0 \\ 10 & 6 \\ x 3 & 0 \\ 23 & 6 \\ 14 & 0 \\ 14 & 6 \\ 23 & 0 \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 14 & 0 \\ x 4 & 8 \\ x 5 & 4 \\ x 6 & 0 \\ x 6 & 8 \\ x 7 & 8 \\ x 8 & 4 \\ x 8 & 0 \\ 18 & 8 \\ 19 & 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 15 & 9 \\ 16 & 6 \\ 17 & 3 \\ 18 & 0 \\ 18 & 9 \\ 19 & 6 \\ 20 & 3 \\ 21 & 0 \\ 21 & 0 \\ 22 & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 17 & 6 \\ 18 & 4 \\ 19 & 2 \\ 20 & 0 \\ 30 & 10 \\ 21 & 8 \\ 22 & 6 \\ 23 & 4 \\ 24 & 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lc} 19 & 3 \\ 20 & 2 \\ 21 & 1 \\ 20 & 1 \\ 28 & 11 \\ 23 & 10 \\ 24 & 9 \\ 25 & 8 \\ 26 & 7 \end{array}$ | 21 82 23 24 36 38 78 78 28 20 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 32 \\ & 33 \\ & 34 \\ & 35 \\ & 38 \\ & 37 \\ & 38 \\ & 39 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 0 78 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 8 <br> 0 84 <br> 0 8 | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 54 \\ 1 & 56 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 69 \\ 1 & 7 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{array}{ll} 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 8 \\ 2 & 9 \\ 2 & 8 \\ 2 & 18 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{array}$ | 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & 14 \\ & 144 \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 151 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & 16 \\ & 16 \\ & 17 \\ & 17 \\ & 17 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 19 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 688 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 08 \\ & 18 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 20 8 <br> 21 4 <br> 22 8 <br> 28 8 <br> 23 4 <br> 24 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 58 \\ & 29 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 31 \\ & 38 \\ & 38 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | 28 28 29 30 31 31 32 33 33 33 34 34 30 35 36 3 | 31 32 33 34 36 96 37 88 38 |

INCOME OR WAGES TABLE.

|  |  |  | Day. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | s. |  | d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  | 1100 |  |  |
|  |  | - $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | ${ }^{2}$ |  | 14 |  | - $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | 18 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 10 | 14 | 3 |  |  | 1188 |  |  |
|  | 3 |  | 1 |  | - 15 | 3 5 |  |  | 1134 | 78 |  |
|  | 36 | 1 | I |  | - 159 | $37 \frac{1}{2}$ | - 64 | 30 O | 210 | - II 6 |  |
|  |  | 11 | $1{ }^{1}$ | 10 0 |  | 310 | - 61 |  | 368 | 15 | 221 |
|  |  |  | - 2 | 1010 | 17 |  | - 7 |  |  | 19 |  |
|  |  |  | - 2 |  | 18 | 423 | - $7 \frac{1}{4}$ | 60 O | 5 O 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | - 27 | 1111 | - 19 | 4 5 | - 71 |  | 16 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 100 | 4 7 | - 8 |  | 6134 | 109 |  |
|  | 7 O |  | $2 \frac{1}{4}$ | 212 | 110 | 4 10\% | - 81 | 90 - | 710 \% |  |  |
|  | 76 |  | - 3 | 1 | 1 I 8 | 5 - | - $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | 100 |  | 18 52 |  |
|  |  | 11 | - 37 | 1313 | 2 |  |  | 200 | 1613 | 31611 | - $1011 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  |  |  | - 34 | 14 | 134 | $5 \quad 4 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | 300 | 25 O | 515 | - 165 |
|  |  |  | 3 | 1414 | 146 | 5 |  | 400 ○ | 3368 | 13 rot | 111 |
|  | 10 0 | 23 |  | 15 O | 150 |  |  |  | 41134 | $9123^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $4{ }^{3}$ |
|  | 106 |  | 4 | 1515 | 163 |  | - $10 \frac{1}{4}$ | 600 | 50 | II 109 | $1210 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 610 |  |  | 4 | 16 O | 168 |  | - 10t | 00 | 58 | 13 | 184 |
|  | II 8 |  |  | 1616 | 18 - |  |  | 800 o | 6613 | 1578 | 10 |
|  | 12 |  |  | 7 | 8 | 6 |  | 900 | 75 | 1766 | $93{ }^{4}$ |
|  | 12 |  | 105 | 17 | 9 | $610 \frac{1}{2}$ | - 111 |  | 83 | 1 | , |

If the wages be guineas add id. per month, or $\frac{\ddagger d}{}$. per week for each guinea,
[Note.-For obvious reasons it is impossible to guarantee the accuracy of some of these records.]

| Event. | Distance. | Time | Name* | Date. | Place. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 yds. Running | 100 yds. | $\begin{array}{ccc\|} \hline \text { H. } & \text { M. } & \text { S. } \\ 0 & 0 & 98 \end{array}$ | Duffy, A. F., | May 31, '02 | New York. |
| 300 " | 300 " | 0 0 030 | Hutchens, H., $p$ | Jan. 2, '84 | Edinburgh. |
| 440 |  | 0 0 47 | Long, M. W., a | Oct. 4, '00 | New York. |
| 1000 | 1000 | 0213 | Myers, L. E., a | Oct. 8, '81 |  |
| 1 mile | 1 mile | 0 41212 | George, W. G., $p$ | Aug. 23, '86 | Lillie Bridge. |
| 2 miles | 2 miles | 0 O 9111 | Lang, W., ${ }^{6}$ | Aug. 1, '63 | Manchester. |
| 10 " | 10 " | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 51 & 51\end{array}$ | Watkins, H., $p$ | Sept. 16, '99 | Rochdale. |
| 50 100 |  | 555 4t | Cartwright, G., $p$ | Feb. 21, '87 | Royal Aquarium. |
| 100 dis | 100 | 132630 | Rowell, Charley, $p$ | Feb. 27, '82 | New Yor |
| Long dist. ${ }^{\prime \prime}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 623 年 | 1415730 | Littlewood, G., $p$ | Dec. 8, '38 |  |
| Kunning against time | 11 m .1286 y . | 100 | Watkins, H. $\boldsymbol{p}$ ( | Sept. 16, '99 | Rochdale. |
| ", ", | 89 m .1540 y. | 1200 | $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Rowell, C., } p \text { (of } \\ \text { Cambridge) }\end{array}\right.$ | Feb. 27, '82 | New York. |
| 1 mile Walking | 1 mile | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 6 & 23\end{array}$ | Perkins, W., $p$ | June 1, '74 | Lillie Bridge. |
| 2 miles " | 2 miles | 01314 | Raby, J. W., $p$ | Aug. 20, '83 | " |
| 5 10 | 5 " | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 3510 \\ \\ 14\end{array}$ |  | Aug. 20, '83 | " |
| $\begin{array}{lll}10 & \text { ", } \\ 50\end{array}$ | 10 " | 11445 75416 | Hibberd,'J., |  | Agric. Hall. |
| 100 " " | 100 ", | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 18 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | Howes, W., $p$ | May 15, '80 | Agric. Hall. |
| Walking against time | 8 m .302 y . | 10 | Meager, J., $p$ | Nov. 29, '83 | New York. |
| , ", | 22 m .4566 y . | 3000 | Thatcher, H., $p$ | 1882 | Lillie Bridge. |
| " " " | 70 m .677 y . | 1200 | Hibberd, J., $\phi$ | Nov. 13, '82 | Sheffield. |
| ", " | 127 m .1210 y . | 2400 | Howes, W., $p$ | Feb. 23, '78 | Islington, $\mathbf{N}$. |
| " " " | 19771 ${ }^{2}$ miles | 100000 | Weston, E. P., p | Jan. 18, '79 | Turnpike roads. |
| Safety Bicycle | 1 mile | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 38\end{array}$ | Chase, A. A., $\boldsymbol{p}$ | Sept. 21, '01 | rystal Palace. |
| " , (flying start) |  | 0 O 11163 | Contenet, H., $p$ | Nov. 6, 02 | Pari |
| " $\quad$, $\quad$. | 19 miles | $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 13 \\ 1 & \\ 0\end{array}$ | Bouhours, E., $p$ | Sept. 14, 02 | " |
| " " v.time.. | 48 m .862 y . | 100 | Contenet, $\mathrm{H}_{\text {[ }}$ p ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Oct. 30, '02 | " |
| " | 349 m .1447 y . | 1200 | Walters, A. E. | Sept. 15, '00 | ", |
| " " "' .. | 640 m . 1030 k ) | $24 \quad 0 \quad 0$ | Cordang, $p$ | Sept. '99 | The Hague. |
| Running wide jump <br> ", high " |  | ....... | O'Connor, R. a <br> Sweeney, M. J. a | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{lll} J u l y & 16, & \prime 01 \\ \text { Sept. } & 21 & \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ | Kilkenny. <br> New York. |
| Pole jump | 11 ," 104, |  | Clapp, R. C., a | June 18, '98 | Chicago. |
| Standing wide jump | 12 " 11 | ...... | Darby, Joseph, | Sept. 14, '91 | Haden Park. |
| " high " | 5 " ${ }^{5} 4$ | ...... | Ewry, R., a | Sept. ${ }^{\text {'01 }}$ | Buffalo, U.S. |
| - " $"$, with weight | 6 " 3 " | ...... | Darby, Joseph, p | Nov. 6, '91 | Wals |
| 3 standing jumps (with weights) | 42 " 6 " | ...... | Darby, Joseph, p | March 4, '92 | Manchester. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { Standing hop, step, } \\ \text { and jump (with } \\ \text { weights) } \end{array}\right\}$ | 40 , 2 , | ...... | D. Anderson | July 24, '65 | Fort Eyemouth. |
| Throwing cricket ball | 140 yds . | ..... | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Billy, the } A b- \\ \text { original, } p \end{array}\right\}$ | Dec. 19, '72 | Australia. |
| Weight lifting ... | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 3641 \text { lbs. } \\ (\text { back lift }) \end{array}\right\}$ |  | Louis Cyr | Nov., 1891 | Ldn. M. Hall. |
| Swimming | 100 yds. | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 0 & 58 \\ 0\end{array}$ | Cavill, R., a | Sept. 24, '02 | Hornsey. |
| " | $\frac{1}{2}$ mile | 01146 | Nuttall, J., $p$ | Sept. 80, 01 | Paisley |
| " | 1000 yds . | 013 32t | Jarvis, J. A., a | Nov. 13, ${ }^{\text {a }} 01$ | Manchester. |
| " ... | 1 mile | 024 46! | Reid, G., p | April 18, '01 | Sydney. |
| " | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 1 \mathrm{~m} . \text { in } \\ \text { open wtr. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 025 22 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Jones, E. T., a | 1887 | Thames. |
| Staying under water |  | 0 4 463 | Enoch, $p$ | Mar. 28, '96 | Lowell (Mass.). |
| Plunging , ... | $82 \mathrm{ft}$.0 ins. |  | Taylor, W., p | Sept. 6, '99 | Bootle. |
| Aquatic | P. to Mrilke. | 02144 | Bubear, G. | April 28, '94 | Thames. |
| Billiard brk., with spot | 3304 |  | Peall, W. J., p | Nov. 6, '90 | Royal Aquarim. |
| ", ", spot barred | 1392 |  | Roberts, J., p | 1894 | Manchester. |
| Trotting (horse) | 1 mile | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 2 & 2\end{array}$ | Cresceus | July 26, 01 | Cleveland, Ohio |
| " | 20 miles | 05825 | McGowan, Cptn. | Oct. 31, '65 | Boston (Mass). |
| Running time (horse) . | 1 mile | $0135 \frac{1}{2}$ | Salvator | Aug. 28, '90 | Monmouth Park <br> New Jersey. |
| Skating .. <br> Golf (longest drive) | 341 yds.'9 ins. | 02413 | O. Rudd, a Tait, F. G., a | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \text { Feb. } & 14, \\ \text { Jan. } & 11, \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ | Minneapolis St. Andrews. |

* a Amateur. $\boldsymbol{\phi}$ Professional.

|  | DERBY. <br> $1 \frac{1}{2}$ miles. | ASOOT CUP. <br> $2 \frac{1}{2}$ miles. y. st. lb. | CHESTER OUP. <br> $2 \frac{1}{4}$ miles. y.st. | ECLIPSE STAKES. <br> I $\frac{1}{2}$ miles. y. st. lb. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 92 |  |  | Dare Devil ...... 4785 | 11 |
| 93 | Isinglass | Ma | Dare Devil ...... 5881 | Orme |
| 94 |  | La Flèche ...... 59 | Quasitum ...... 488 | Isinglass ........ 410 |
| 995 | Sir Vis | Isinglass ........ 59 | Kilsallaghan ... 5 | Le Justicier...... 39 |
| 1896 | Persim | Love Wisely | The Rush ...... 488 | St. Frusquin |
| 97 | Gal | Persimmon ...... 49 | Count Sch'b'rg. 5810 | Persimmon ..... 410 |
| 888 |  | Elf II. ............ 59 | Up Guards ...... 4613 | Velasquez ...... 410 |
| 99 | Flying | Cyllene ......... 49 | Uncle Mac ...... 5.5787 | Flying Fox ..... 39 |
| 0 | Diamond Ju | Merman ......... a 9 | Roughside ...... a 7 a | Diamond Jubilee 39 |
| 1 | Volodyovski | Santoi ........... 49 | David Garrick. 4810 | Epsom Lad...... 4913 |
| O2 | Ard Pa | Wil'm the Third 49 | Carabine ......... 478 | Cheers |
| 1903 | Rock Sa | Maximum II.... 49 | Vendale ........ 466 | Ard Patrick..... $410 \quad 2$ |
|  | 0AKS. <br> rit miles. | PRINCESS OF WALE8 gTAKES. I 1 miles. | CAITBRIDGESHIRR. <br> $1 \mathrm{~m} . \&$ distance A. F. | JUBILEE STAKES. 12 miles. |
| 18 | La | N. B. -This race was not | La Flèche ...... 3810 | E |
| 1893 | Mrs. But |  | Molly Morgan.. 467 | Orvieto |
| 1894 | Amiable | Isinglass ........ 410 | Indian Queen... 3 3 682 | Avington ........ 48 |
| 95 | La Sagesse | Le Var............ 38 | Marco ........... 3 7 7 9 | Victor Wild...... 58 |
| 96 | Canter. Pilgri | St. Frusquin ... 3 9 2 | Winkf'd's Pride 3610 | Victor Wild...... 69 |
| 1897 | Limasol | Velasquez ...... 3813 | Comfrey ......... 3 7 2 | Clwyd ............ 67 |
| 1898 | Airs and Graces | Goletta........... 4 4 911 | Georgic ......... B $^{7} 8$ | Dinna For |
| 99 | Musa | Flying Fox ...... 3 3 9 | Irish Ivy ......... 3711 | Knightof Thistle 0 |
| 0 | La Roch | Merry Gal ...... 3713 | Berrill ............ 47 | Sirenia ............ 5 |
| 1 | Cap and Bells II. | Epsom Lad...... 492 | Watershed ...... 3 7 77 | Santoi ........... 48 |
| 1902 | Sceptre | Veles.. ............ 499 | Ballantrae ...... 368 | Royal George... 4 |
| 1903 | Our Las | Ard Patrick..... 4988 |  | Ypsilanti ......... 5881 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ST. LEGER. } \\ & \text { 1 m. } 6 \text { f. } 132 \text { y. } \end{aligned}$ | OESAREWITCH. 2 m .2 £. 35 yds. | OITY'AND SUBURBAN, it miles. | 8TEWARDS' CUP (Goodwood). T. Y. C. |
| 1892 | La | Bu | 710 | Marvel ............ 588 |
| 1893 | Isingl |  | King Charles ... 466 | Medora ........ 3612 |
| 18 | Th | Childwick ...... 4789 | Grey Leg......... 370 | Gangway......... 487 |
| 18 | Sir Visto | Rockdove ...... 4610 | Reminder ...... 4888 | Wise Virgin ... 36 |
| 18 | Persimmon | St. Bris ......... 366 | Worcester ...... 68812 | Chasseur ......... 48 |
| 1897 | Galtee More | Merman ......... 575 | Balsamo ......... 47874 | Amphora ........., 48 |
| 1898 | Wildfowler | Chaleureux ...... 4785 | Bay Ronald ... 5712 | Altesse ........... 48 |
| 1899 | Flying Fox | Scintillant ...... 378 | Newhaven II.... 6990 | N'thern Farmer 576 |
| 1900 | Diamond Jubilee | Clarehaven ...... 4813 | The Grafter...... a 810 | Royal Flush ... a 713 |
| 190 | Dor | Balsarroch ...... 37 | Australian Star 5710 | O'Don'v'nRossa 470 |
| 1902 | Sceptre | Black Sand...... 588 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { First Principal.. } & 5 & 7 & 6 \\ \text { Brambilla........ } & 3 & 7 & 1\end{array}$ | Mauvezin    <br> Dumb'rt'n    <br> C'stle 6 8 $\mathbf{7}$ |
|  | 2,000 GUINEAS. I mile 1 I yards. | I'POOL GRAND NATIONAL. 4 miles 856 yards. | IP. | IINCOLNSEIRE HANDICAP. I mile. |
| 1892 | Bon | Father O'Flynn a 10 | Chesterfield...... 4 4 998 | Clarence ......... 368 |
| 1893 | Isinglass | Cloister ......... a 127 | Prisoner ......... 388 | Wolfs Crag...... 367 |
| 1894 | Ladas:... | Why Not......... a 1113 | Sweet Duchess. 381 | Le Nicham...... 4887 |
| 1895 | Kirkconnel | Wild Man fr. B. a 1011 | Kilsallaghan ... 51001 | Euclid ............ 6712 |
| 1896 | St. Frus | The Soarer ...... a 913 | Laodamia ...... 699 | Clorane ......... 59 |
| 1897 | Galtee | Manifesto ...... a 113 | Winkf'd's Pride 4094 | Winkf'd's Pride 48 |
| 1898 | - Disraeli | Drogheda ...... 61012 | Pinfold ......... 388 | Pr. Barcaldine.. 575 |
| 1899 | Flying Fox | Manifesto ...... a 127 | Calveley ......... 4898 | General Peace.. 575 |
| 1900 | Diamond Jubilee | Ambush II....... 611 | King's Courier . 3888 | Sir Geoffrey ... 588 |
| 1 | Han | Grudon ......... a 10 |  | Little Eva ...... 671 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1902 \\ & 1903 \end{aligned}$ | Sceptre .... <br> Rock Sand | Shannon Lass... a 1010 Drumcree ..... a 11 3 | Wil'm the Third 410 0 | St. Maclou ...... 4712 Over Norton ... 6 7 6 |
|  | 1,000 GUDNEAS. I mile in yards. | GOODWOOD CUP. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ miles. | HUNT CUP (Ascot). <br> New mile (7 f. 166 y .). | JOOKEY CLUB <br> STAKES. Im. 2 f. |
| 1892 | La | Martagon ...... 5910 | Suspender ...... 3710 | ot |
| 1898 |  | Barmecide ...... a 86 | Amandier ..... 5178 |  |
| 1894 |  | Kilsallaghan ... 488 | Victor Wild...... 4787 | Isinglass ........ 4102 |
| 1895 | Gal | Florizel II....... 4898 | Clorane ......... 48811 | Laveno........... 3889 |
| 1896 |  | Count Sch'b'rg. 48 | Quarrel........... 5711 | Persimmon ...... 8 8 984 |
| 1897 |  | Count Sch'b'rg. 510 | Kn't. of Thistle | Love Wisely ... 4 4 9 |
| 1898 | Nun Nice | King's Mes'ger. 37 | Jacquemar | Up Guards ...... 46617 |
| 1899 | Sibola. | Merman ......... a 9 | Refractor........ | Flying Fox ...... 399 |
| 1900 | Winifreda | Maza | Royal Flush ... |  |
| 901 | Aida | Fortunatus ...... 3 | Stealaway ...... 4 | Pietermaritzburg 3810 Rising Glass $3 \quad 813$ |
| 1902 | Sceptre | Perseus .. ...... 37 | The Solicitor ... 4 4 $17 \begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 4\end{aligned}$ | Rising Glass ... 3813 |
| 1908 | Qu | Rabelais ......... 3 | Kunstler ......... 5 5 7 7 5 |  |

## INLAND LETTERS.

The rates for Inland Letters are as follows : 4 ozs. ...Id. $\mid 10$ ozs. ...2 $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d} . \mid 16$ ozs. ... 4 d. $6 \mathrm{ozs} . . .1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d} . \quad 12 \mathrm{ozs} . . . .3 \mathrm{~d} . \quad 18 \mathrm{ozs} . . .4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ d. 8 ozs. ... $2 \mathrm{~d} . \quad 14 \mathrm{ozs} . . .33^{\text {ddd }} 120$ ozs. ...5d. and so on for greater weights at $\frac{1}{2}$ d. extra for every additional 2 ozs. No letter may exceed 24 in . long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in . deep. Letters posted unpaid are charged double postage on delivery; those insufficiently paid, double the deficiency.

EXPRESS DELIVERY.-Letters and parcels are accepted at most of the principal offices for express delivery, at an extra charge of 3 d . for every mile or part. The cost of cab hire extra if required. The packet must be handed over counter at the Post Office, with postage and fee affixed in stamps, and "Express Delivery" boldly written at top left corner.

Single letters not exceeding 40 ozs. in weight can be sent by railway. The postage must be paid by stamps, and a fee of 2d. must be paid to the railway servant receiving such letter, and he will affix and obliterate a special label. Such letters must be taken to a passenger station, and will be sent to destination by first available train. They may be addressed to the Parcel Office at the station of destination "to be called for," or if so desired will be posted in the nearest Post Office to the station to which addressed for delivery by ordinary post.

## INLAND NEWSPAPERS.

The ordinary postal rate on unregistered newspapers is a halfpenny for every 2 ozs.; but publications which consist wholly or in great part of news, or articles on current topics, and which are printed and published in the United Kingdom at intervals of not more than seven days, mayfor an annual fee of 5 s . - be registered for transmission by post in the United Kingdom at the newspaper rate of a halfpenny each, irrespective of weight. No newspaper packet may be above 5 lbs . in weight, 24 in . long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in . deep.

NEWSPAPER WRAPPERS.-Halfpenny stamp, $\frac{81}{4}$ d. each, 7 for 4 d ., or 22 s . Iod. per 480 ; Penny Stamp, $1 \frac{1 d}{}$ d. each, 8 for $8 \frac{1}{2}$ d., or 21 s . 3 d . per 240 . Sheets of halfpenny wrappers may be obtained at two days' notice in packets of 120 sheets of 14 wrappers each at $£_{3}$ 18s.

## INLAND BOOK POST.

The rates for Book Packets are as follows :
 and so on for greater weights at $\frac{2 \mathrm{~d} \text {. extra for }}{}$ every additional 2 ozs. No Book Packet may exceed 24 in . long, 12 in . wide, or 12 in . deep.

A 2 oz. Book Packet may contain any matter wholly printed on paper, or other substance in ordinary use for printing; books or literary publications, sketches, drawings, paintings, maps, plans, \&c., as well as invoices, and similar commercial and legal documents, provided that nothing is written on them of the nature of a letter, or other than entries proper to such documents.
The regulations for all other Book Packets are the same as for Letters.

## INLAND PARCEL POST.

The limit of length allowed is 3 ft .6 in ., and the maximum of length and girth is 6 ft ., i, e.
a. Parcel 3 ft .6 in. long may measure 2 ft .6 in . in girth round the thickest part. The Rates of Postage, which must be prepaid, are as follows:

$3 ", \quad 5 \mathrm{~d}$.
II lbs. is the limit allowed.

## POST CARDS, REGISTRATION, $\& \mathrm{E}$.

POST CARDS.-Post Cards are sold at the following rates :-Stout Cards ${ }^{\mathbf{d} d .}$ each, 6 d . for 10 , or 5s. for 100 . Thin Cards $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. each, $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. for 10 , or 11s. for 240 . Uncut sheets can be obtained at any Post Office at two days' notice in packets of 120 sheets (containing 42 cards each, or a total of 5,040 cards) at $£_{12} 6 \mathrm{~s}$ for stout cards, and £11 \&s for thin cards. Reply Post Cards are issued at double these rates, but are not sold in uncut sheets. Official Post Cards, or private cards embossed by Office of Inland Revenue with a halfpenny stamp, may be used for correspondence throughout the United Kingdom, and private cards bearing an adhesive halfpenny stamp may also be used provided they are composed of ordinary cardboard, not thicker than official cards, and are of about the size of officind cards, being not less than $3 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. by $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$.

LETTER CARDS.-Letter Cards are sold at Ifd. each, 4 for $4 \frac{1}{\mathrm{~d}}$., or 8 for 9 d .

REGISTRATION \& INSURANCE.-The fee for registering an Inland Letter, Packe, Parcel, \&c., is 2d. over and above the ordinary postal rate, and in the event of loss or damage this covers compensation up to $\AA_{5}$. The packet must be enclosed in a strong cover, securely fastened, and if containing coin, surust (to gain the benefit of the Post Office guarantee) be enclosed in a special Registered Letter envelopt. sold at all post offices. The packet nuwst be given to a Post Office official, and a receipt obtained for it, and if, contrary to this rule, it should be dropped into a letter box, it become liable to a fee of 4 d . on delivery. Letters containing coin, jewellery, or watches, if postod without registration, are liable to a similar fee on delivery.

PRIVATE LETTER BOXES.-Postin: boxes may now be fixed in private houses in London on the following conditions. The bax must be approved by the Postal authorities, and must be fitted with a lock supplied by them at the cost of the user, who will not be allowed acces to the interior of the box. The box must be easily accessible from the street for the purpose of collection. The annual fees are as follows:Initial fee, 20s. for two collections other than the "general," and ros. for each additional collection. For the "general" collection, 40 .

## LONDON ARRANGEMENTS.

The latest time for posting letters for the Nigh: Mails generally is as follows:-

St. Martin's-le-Grand.-Letters, 6 ; ex. Id, 7.30. Foreign and Colonial, 6; ex. id. 7 i ex. 2d., 7.15 ; ex. 3d., 7.30 . News and Book Packers 5.30 ; ex. $\frac{1 d}{}$ d., 6.45 ; ex. $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{d}}$. 7.15 . Foreign and Colonial ditto, 6 ; with ex. $1 \mathrm{~d} ., 6.45$; ex. Jd., 7.15 Lombard St., Gracechurch'St., 47, Caremow Sl. Eastcheap, Floet St., Throgmorton Av., Mari Lane, Leadenhall St., Threadncedle St., Lndgatt Circus.-Letters 6; ex. Id., 7; Foreign asi Colonial, 6; ex. rd., 7; all News and Booi Packets, 5.30.

District Offices.-Letters, 6 ; ex. दोd., 7.30 ; For. and Col. 6 ;ex. 1d., 7 ; Newsand Book Pack., 5.30 . Receiving Houses and Pillar Boxes.-Letters, 6 p.m.
Special late fee boxes are affixed at the barriers on platforms of the Railway Stations from which Mail Trains start each morning and evening and Sunday evening, in which Letters, foc., for the Provinces can be posted if paid a fee of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. in addition to the postage.
At the G.P.O., at West Strand Telegraph Office, the Chief District and some suburban Offices and the Termini of principal railways, letters posted on Sunday before 6 p.m., and paid dd. for Inland and rd. for the Continent, in addition to postage, are forwarded by Night Mails.
Late Letters, \&c., for Continent generally can be posted at Cannon St. and Charing Cross Stations, and those for Holland, Germany, and North of Europe can be posted at Holborn Viaduct and Victoria Stations each week-day evening, up to a short time before departure of train, and must bear a fee of 4 d . in stamps in addition to postage. On Sunday evening, letters, \&c., can be similarly posted with an additional fee of id. At Euston Station, those for the United States, Canada, \&c., can be posted on Wed. up to 8.45 p.m., and on Sat. up to 4. ro p.m., and those for Canada up to 8.45 p.m. on Thursday; those for the Cape, \&c., can be posted at Waterloo up to $1.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Saturday, and those for the West Indies and Pacific up to 11.25 a.m. on alternate Wednesdays, with a fee of 2 d . In addition to postage. Registered Letters must not be posted in these Boxes.
The latest time for registering letters at St . Martin's-le-Grand with ordinary fee is $5.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., or on payment of 2 d . late fee, $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; of 4 d ., $6.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; of $6 \mathrm{~d}:, 7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and of $\mathrm{Is} ., 7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. At Lombard St. Branch Office with ordinary fee, 5.30 p.m. ; with late fee of $2 \mathrm{~d} ., 6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; of 4 d. , $6.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; and of $6 \mathrm{~d} ., 6.55 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. At the District Offices and the Chief Branch Offices in E.C. District, 5.30 p.m., or with 2d. late fee, 6 p.m. At other Branch and Sub-offices, 5 p.m.
Inquiries for Missing Letters should be made at the Secretary's Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, between 10 a.m and 4 p.m. (Saturdays 10 and r). The Poste Restante is at the General Post Office; the Returned Letter Office is at Mount Pleasant, and the Money Order Office is at Nos. 18-20, Fore St., E.C. ; the Post Office Savings Bank is at Blythe Road, West Kensington.

## FOREIGN POST.

LETTERS. - The rate of postage on letters addressed to most British possessions is Id. per $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{oz}$; to the Australian colonies, Rhodesia, and some minor colonies, and to all foreign countries the rate is $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. per $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{oz}$. No letter may be more than 24 in . long, and 12 in . wide, or deep.

NEWSPAPERS AND BOOKS.-The rates for Newspapers and other printed matter are given in the table below; circulars in identical form from type-written originals, or printed in imitation type-written characters, are admitted at printed matter rate, if in numbers of not less than twenty and specially handed over the counter at a Post Office and attention called to their nature. Upon Commercial Papers the lowest rate is $2 \frac{2}{2}$ d. for any weight less than ro ozs., but those under 1 oz. for British possessions other than those above named may be sent cheaper as letters (which see). Limitation of size for Foreign countries of the Postal Union is 18 in . long by 12 in . wide or deep, and to other places abroad the limit is 24 in . long by 12 in. wide or deep. in form of a roll the
limits are 30 in . long by 4 in . diameter in either case. Limitation of weight is 4 lbs . to Poreign countries in Postal Union, and 5 lbs. to other countries.

SAMPLES.-Bond fide trade samples, not being liable to Customs duties, and not sent in execution of an order, or by one private individual to another, may be sent by post to the Colonies and all Foreign countries at book post rate, but the lowest rate is Id. The packet must be open at ends, but samples of seeds, drugs, \&c., may be sent in boxes or bags fastened so that they may be easily opened. Such samples must not be of saleable value, or of a dangerous or prohibited nature. Limit of size to any Foreign country in Postal Union is 12 in . long by 8 in . wide and 4 in. deep, or for packets in the form of a roll, 12 in. long and 6 in. diameter. To other Countries and British Colonies the limit is 24 in. by 12 in . by 12 in . The weights allowed are 12 ozs. to Foreign countries in the Postal Union, and 5 lbs. to other countries.

POST CARDS may be sent to all countries at one penny each for single, and twopence each for Reply cards. Regulations same as Inland.
REGISTRATION.-Fee and regulations same as Inland. Coin, jewellery, \&c., is permitted to be sent to some countries, but value of contents must not be marked on outside. Letters containing bank notes, bonds, \&c., can be insured when sent to some countries. By prepayment of an extra fee of $2 \frac{1}{d}$ d. an acknowledgment of the receipt of a registered packet when sent to a country of Postal Union may be obtained from the addressee.
FOREION POSTAL RATES.
For newspapers, books, commercial papers and samples to all places abroad.

| Newspapers <br> and Books. <br> oz <br> d. | Commercial <br> Papers. <br> oz. |  | d. |  | Samples. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | 10 | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | d. |  |  |
| 4 | 1 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 1 |  |
| 6 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 14 | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 8 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| 8 | 2 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 2 |  |
| 10 | $2 \frac{21}{2}$ | 18 | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | 12 | 3 |  |

## FOREIGN MAILS.

In the subjoined table the day for despatch of mail is shown by initials in brackets,-in italics for morning despatch, in Roman for evening. When a figure 2 or 4 follows, every second or fourth day is indicated. An asterisk indicates a daily mail. The figures at end of each line show approximate number of days in transit.

Aden (Tu., F, M.4) 10 Africa, West Brit.
(F, Tu., W 2) 14 to 28 Alexandria (see
Egypt)
Algeria*...
$2 \frac{1}{2}$
Amsterdam*
.......... Argentine Repub.
(W 2, S 2, Th. 2,
$\qquad$
Ascension (S4).....
Austria Hungary*
Azores*
Bagdad ( $\mathrm{F}, W, T h$.)
Bahamas (S aft.and W)

Barbados ( $W_{2}$ ) ...
Bechuanaland ( 5 )
Belgium*


## Foreign Mails-continued.

Cape Colony (S) ... 17 Cape Verd Islands ( $\mathrm{W}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}, F_{4}$ ) ... 9 Ceylon (F, $S_{2}, T_{k .2},{ }_{16}$ $\mathrm{Chili}^{( }{ }_{W} \mathrm{~W}_{2}, \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}$, S.aft., 7 th \& 24th) China (F, Tu. $\mathbf{c}$, Th 3or 4, , aft a $) \ldots$... 29 Colombla, Repub. of ( $W_{2}, S_{2}, 7$ th\& 24 th $) 20$ Congo ( $\mathrm{F}_{4}, W_{3}$ )... 26 Constantinople*.....
Copenhagen*
Costa Rica ( $\left.W_{2}, S_{2}\right)_{22}$
Cuba (S aft. \& W, 19th)
Cyprus ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{S}_{2}$ zin. 2)
Delagoa Bay (S)... Denmark* ${ }^{\text {Dominican }}$ Repub.
( $W_{2}$ ) …...........
Ecuador (W, W2,
Sat. aft. 7th \& 24th)
Egypt(M,Tu. $\boldsymbol{W}, \mathbf{F})_{51}{ }^{25}$
Falkland Islands (W
4, S 4) ............... 25
Faroe Islands......... 10
Fiji, via San Fran-
cisco (S aft. 3) ...
France*
Germany*
$\underset{\text { Gibraltar* }}{\text { Gunece }}$ (S., $M, \ldots$, Guatemala(W, $W_{2}$ \& S aft.)
Guiana ( $W_{2}$ ), 7 th ${ }^{27}$
Havana (S aft.\& W, 19th)

Honolulu (S aft. \& W) 12 (S aft. \& W) …... 1
Hayti ( $W_{2},{ }^{\prime}, 17$ th) $)$..
Holland*
Honduras, Br . ( S
aft. \& W) …..... 16
18

Ditto, Repub. ( $W_{2}$ ) 20
Hong Kong ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$.
2, Th. 3 or 4, $S_{2}$ ) 29
Iceland.. $\qquad$ $14 \frac{1}{2}$
Italy**
Jamaica ( $W 2, S 2$ )
Japan (F, Tu, 2,
Th. ${ }^{\text {Jor }} 4, \mathrm{Saft} .2$ )
$\left.2, S_{2}\right)$..............
Labuan (
$S_{2}$ ) ..................
Liberia (T. 2) ........
Lisbon* …........... ${ }^{24}$
Luxemburg* ${ }^{\text {Madagascar }}$ (Bth and 23 rd$) \ldots \ldots . . . .{ }^{21}$
Madeira ( $\mathrm{W}_{2}, \mathrm{~F}_{2}, S_{4}{ }_{4}$
Madrid*
Malta* …................
Mauritius (8th and $\mathrm{Mexico}^{23 \mathrm{ra}}, \mathrm{F}_{4}$ ) ............ W, 19th) ............
Montenegro* … $\mathrm{wi}^{2} .{ }^{12}$
Montevideo (W 2, $\mathrm{S}_{2}$, Th. 2, F)...... 22
Mozambique (Tu. 2,

Muscat $(T u ., ~ F, ~ M 4) ~ 20 ~$
Natal (S) $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots{ }^{21}$
New Brunswick (S
aft. W, Th)
Newfoundland ( $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ ) 9
New South Wales ( $M_{4}, \mathrm{~F}, S_{4}, \mathrm{~S}$ aft. 4, S aft. 3) .........

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| W).............. | 8 |

New Zealand (F, $S_{4}$, S aft. 3, F) ......... 30
Nicaragua (W2) ... ${ }^{27}$
Norway*.............. ${ }^{2}$,
Nova Scotia (S aft.,
W, Tb)..............
(S)

Panama $\left(\mathbb{W}, W_{2}\right.$,
 24th) .................. 1
Paraguay (W 2, S 2, Th. 2, F $F$........... 30
Penang (F, $S_{2, T u}$. 2) …............. 22

Peru (W, $W_{2}$, S aft.
7th and 24th) ...... 26
Philippine 1slands (Tu. $2, S_{2}, \mathrm{~F}$ ) ... 32
Portuga|* …......... 3
Pr. Ed. Is. (S aft., W, Th.) ............
Queensland ( $F, S_{4}$, S aft. 4, S aft.3)...33 Reunion (8th \& 23rd) 2 II
Rio de Janeiro (W 2,
S 2, Th. 2, F)...... 17.
Rome* .................. 2
Roumania* ............ 2
Russia* ............... 3
St. Helena ( $S_{4}$ ) ... 16
St. Petersburg*......
St. Pierre et Mique-
lon (S aft., W, Th.) 9
Salvador (S aft., W, $W_{2}$ ) 25
Servia*...................... 3
Seychelles ( F 8,23rd) ${ }^{3}$
Siam (F, Tu. 2, S ${ }_{2}$ ) ${ }_{32}$
Singapore (F, Tu.2,

| $S$ 2) |
| :---: |
| Smyrna".................. ${ }^{23}$ |
| 6 |

South Australia ( $\boldsymbol{M}_{4}$,
F, $S_{4}, \mathrm{~S}$ aft. 4, S
aft. 3)
$.30 \frac{7}{2}$
Spain* ................... 2
Sweden*
Switzerlànd* ........... I
Tahiti (Marq. Is.)
( $W, S, S$ aft.) ...... 24
Tangier* …...........
Tasmania ( $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{S}_{4}$, S
aft. 4, S aft. 3) ... 34
Teneriffe (Tu., $\mathrm{F}_{2}$, $S_{2}$ )
Transvaal ( $S$ )........... 20
Trinidad ( $W_{2}$, 7 th
\& 24th)...............
Tripoli*
14
Tunis*
Turkey*............
United States (W, S, Saft.)
$\cdots W_{2}, S_{2}$,
Th. 2, F) ..........
Vancouver Is. (S aft.,
$\mathbf{W}$, Th.)

## Foreign Mails-continued.

Venezuela ( $W_{2}, 17$ th $\mid$ West Australia ( $\mathbf{F}$, \& 24th)............... 19
Victoria ( $M_{4}, \mathrm{~F}, S_{4}$, S aft. 4, S aft. 3) 314
$\left.S_{4}, \mathrm{Saft} .4, \mathrm{Saft}-3\right)^{\prime} \eta$
West Indies $\left(W_{2}\right) \quad 16$
Zanzibar (Tu. 2, F4,
8th).
22

## FOREIGN PARCEL POST.

Parcels for the undermentioned countries are forwarded at the mimimum rates indicated. The limits of weight and dimensions vary. Each parcel must be accompanied by a declaration (for the Customs) of the contents and value, which in some cases is limited to $£_{50}$.

Argentine Republic, 3 lb. 2s. 4d. ; Austro-Hangary, 3 lb. 1s. 6d. ; Barbados, 3 lb. 1s. ; Belgium, 3 lb . Is. 3 d . ; Bermuda, 3 lb . Is. ; British Guiana, 3 lb .1 ss . Canada, 1 lb .8 d. ; Cape Colony, 1 lb . 9d. ; Ceylon, 3 lb. is. ; China, 3 lb. 1s. ; Denmark, 3 lb .1 s. ; Egypt, 3 lb .1 s . ; France, 3 lb . 1s. 4 d .; Germany, 3 lb . Is ; Gibraltar, 3 lb 1s.; Gold Coast, 3 lb. is. ; Holland, 3 lb . 1 s . ; Hong Kong, 3 lb . Is.; India (including Burmah, Zanzibar, \&c.) i lb. is. ; Italy, 3 lb. is. 6d. ; Jamaica and Turks Islands, 3 lb . is. ; Japan, 3 lb .1 Is. rd. ; Leeward Islands, $3 \mathrm{lb}, ~ 1 s . ;$ Malta, 3 lb . 1 s ; Mauritius, 3 lb . IS. ; Mexico, 3 lb . IS. ; Natal, I lb. gd. Newfoundland, 3 lb . 1s.; New South Wales, 1 lb . is. ; New Zealand, 3 lb. 1s. ; Norway, 3 lb. is.; Orange River Colony, ilb. is.; Portugal, 3 lb . Is. 6d. ; Queensland, I Ib. Is. ; Rhodesia-NorthEastern, I lb. IS. $6 d$. , Southern, I lb. IS. gd.: Sierra Leone, 3 lb. is. ; Spain, $6 \frac{1}{2}$ lb. 2 s . ; Straits Settlements, 3 lb . Is. ; South and Western Australia, rlb. 1s.; Sweden, 3 lb. 1S. 2d.; Switzerland, 3 lb . is. 6 d. ; Tasmania, ilb. is.; Tobago, 3 lb .15. ; Transvaal, 1 lb .15. ; Trinidad, 3 lb . Is. ; Victoria, ilb. Is.; and Zanzibar, 3 lb. rs.

## MONEY ORDERS.

INLAND.-The Rates for Inland Money Orders are as follows:-

$$
\text { Not exceeding } \text { EI ............................... } 2 d . ~_{\text {2d. }}
$$

$$
\text { Exceeding } £_{6} \mathrm{I} \text { and not exceeding } £_{3} \cdots 3^{d} .
$$

No Single Money Order may be issued for a higher amount than £ro.
Money may be transmitted by telegraph from any Money Order Office which is a despatching office for Telegrams, and may be paid at any $M$. O. office which is a Telegram delivery office. The rate of commission is, not exceeding $£_{3}, 4 \mathrm{~d}$. ; above $£_{3}$, and not exceeding $£_{10}, 6 \mathrm{~d}$.; in addition to the cost of official telegram, the minimum being 6 d .
FOREIGN MONEY ORDERS are issued in the United Kingdom to most Foreign Countries and British Colonies at a uniform rate of 6 d . for sums not exceeding $£ 2$; of Is., not exceeding 66 ; of 1s. 6 d., not exceeding Eio. And Money Orders can be advised by Telegraph to various Foreign Countries, particulars of which can be obtained on application at any Money Order Office.

## POSTAL ORDERS.

Postal Orders are issued at all Money Ordes Offices for any sum from 6 d to 205 ., increasing by 6d. The commission chargeable is: For Orders up to 1 s .6 d . inclusive, $\frac{10}{2} \mathrm{~d}$; from 3 s . to 10s. 6d. inclusive, id. ; from ins. to zos. inclusive. ${ }_{1} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.

Postage stamps for odd pence (not exceeding 5) may be affixed to the face of Postal Orders as value.

## POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS.

Sums of one shilling or of any number of complete shillings are received at all Money Order Offices, on deposit, but no one may deposit more than f50 in one year, ending December 3r, and no deposit account can exceed $£_{200}$. Interest is allowed at the rate of $£ 2$ ros. per cent. per annum. Smaller sums may be saved by purchasing penny postage stamps, and affixing them on a form, supplied at any post office; twelve stamps so affixed will be received as a deposit of one shilling.

INVESTMENTS. - Depositors can invest sums in Government stock, and all dividends in respect of such stock will be credited to the deposit account in the same manner as interest. The commission charged for investments or sales is as follows:- $£ 25$, 9 d.; $£ 50$, 1s. 3 d. ; $£ 75$, rs. 9d. ; 6 roo, 2s. 3 d. ; and for every additional $€$ roo up to the limit of $£ 500,6 \mathrm{~d}$.

INSURANCES AND ANNUITIES.-The Postmaster-General is empowered to insure the lives of persons between the ages of 14 and 65 for not less than 65 or more than 6100 , and to grant annuities of not more than 6 roo on the lives of persons of the age of 5 and upwards. A life in the soth year may be insured for $£$ roo by a single payment of 646 IIS. 6d., or by an annual payment through life of $£_{2}^{2} 3$ s., or by an annual payment up to the age of 60 of $f_{2}$ ros., or in quarterly, monthly, or fortnightly payments in proportion.

## INLAND TELEGRAMS.

The charge for telegrams throughout the United Kingdom is 6 d. . for the first 12 words and $\frac{1}{2} d$. for every additional word, the names and addresses of sender and receiver being counted. Names of places consisting of more than one word will be charged for as one ; London District initials will be counted as one word ; and figures will be counted as 5 for a word.

Porterage is charged at the rate of 3d. per mile (reckoned from the Telegraph Office), if the telegram is for delivery beyond 3 miles from that Office (or beyond the town postal delivery). The sum paid for delivery is telegraphed to the delivering office, and if under calculated, the deficiency is charged on delivery, whilst any excess is refunded on application to the Secretary.
Telegrams bearing the words "by post," or "by train" (which must be paid for) after the address, are forwarded by post or train from the delivering office, a deposit of is. when sent by train being payable by sender, to cover cost of conveyance.

Telegrams repeated at the request of sender or receiver are charged at half ordinary tariff; fractions of a halfpenny being reckoned as a halfpenny. In the case of a telegram repeated at receiver's request, the sum paid for repetition will be refunded if the telegram has been inaccurately transmitted.

The cost of a reply, not exceeding 48 words in length, may be prepaid, and the reply may be sent, from any Telegraph Office, at any time within two months after the date of the original telegram. A reply form may be used for an original message.

Telegraph Offices are, as a rule, open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. on week days, and from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. on Sundays (Scotland 9 a.m. to 10 a.m.), but there are several in London and provibcial towns which are open continuously.

## FOREIGN TELEGRAMS.

The following are the rates from any part of the United Kingdom. Address of receiver must be paid for, as well as that of sender, if trans* mitted.

Aden, 25. 6d. per word; Antigua, 4s. 4d.; Argentine Republic, 3s. Ird. ; Austria, 3d. ; Azores, 9d.; Bahamas, 25. 5d. ; Barbados, 45. 9d. ; Belgium, 2d.; Bermuda, 2s. 6 d. ; Brazil, 3s. to 5 s . 7d. ; British Borneo-Labuan, 49. rod., other places, 5 s .; Burma, 2s. 3d. ; California, rs. 6d.; Canada, rs. to 3s. 2d. ; Cape Colony, 2s. 6d. ; Ceylon, 25. 4d.; China, 5 s .5 d . to 5 s .7 d .; Cuba, 1s. 8 d . to 1s. 1od.; Denmark, $3^{d .}$; Egypt, rs. 7d. to 2s. 6d. ; France, 2d. ; Germany, 2d. ; Gibraltar, 3dd. ; Holland, 2d.; Hungary, 3d.; India, 2s. 3d. ; Italy, 3d. ; Jamaica, 3s. ; Japan, 6s. 2d. ; Labuan, 4s. rod.; Madeira, Is. ; Mauritius, 2s. 6d.; Natal, 25. 6d.; New Brunswick, is. ; Newfoundland, rs. ; New South Wales, 2s. rod. ; New York, us. ; New Zealand, 2s. rod.; Norway, 3d.; Nova Scotia, 15.; Orange River Colony, 2s. 6 d. ; Penang, 3s. 4d.; Philippine Islands, 5s. 7d. to 6s. 2d.; Portugal, 3dd. ; Queensland, 2s. xod.; Rhodesia-Northern, 2S. rud., Southern, 2s. 8d.; Russia, 52dd. ; Singapore, 3s. 4d.; South Australia, 2s. Iod. ; Spain, ${ }_{3} \frac{1}{2 d .}$; St. Thomas, 5s. ; Sweden, 3kd. ; Switzerland, 3d.; Tasmania, 2s. rod. ; Transvaal, 2s. 6d.; Trinidad, $5 \mathrm{ss}. \mathrm{Id}$. ; United States, 1s. to Is. 6d.; Vancouver's Island, is. 6d. ; Victoria, 2s. rod. Western Australia, 2s. rod. ; Zanzibar, 2S. 6d. ; Zululand, 2s. 6d.

No word may exceed 15 letters.

## TELEPHONE NOTES.

The rates of subscription to the Post Office London System including one telephone at the subscriber's premises are as follows:-

Ordinary Message-rate Service.-(a) Connection with any exchange in County of London within 2 miles of subscriber's premises, Ann. sub. Ł5, and, in addition, id. for each call to a subscriber on any London exchange, and id. on any other exchange. (b) Connection with any exchange outside County of London within 2 miles of subscriber's premises, Ann. sub. $£_{4}$, and, in addition, id. for each call to a subscriber on same exchange, or 2d. on any other exchange.

Minimum yearly amount for message fees, 30 S .
Party-line Message-rate Service.-(a) Connection with any exchange except Central by a line used by one or two subscribers, $£ 3$. (b) Connection with any exchange outside the County of London for 3 to to subscribers, $£ 2$.

Message fees for calls same as above; minimum yearly, t3.

Subscriptions at party-line rates cannot be accepted from subscribers on the Central Exchange, or at the lower party-line rate from subscribers on any exchange in the County of London.

Unlimited Service.-Connection with any exchange within 2 miles of subscriber's premises, and an unlimited number of calls. (a) First line, £I7. (b) Each additional line, £ 14 .

Call Offices.-Fee 2d. both to subscribers and non-subscribers.

All agreeements are for one year, and are then terminable by 3 months notice.
P. O. subscribers have the right to communicate with subscribers of the National Telephone Company in the London Exchange area at the same

## TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.

tes of charge as for communication with other O. subscribers, 25 well as the privilege of comunicating with the Continent by their Exchange nes on payment of the appropriate fees.
The terms for Telephone Exchange circuits and $r$ circuits to Post Offices, for use in connection th the Telephone Trunk lines may be ascerined on application to the Secretary, General ost Office, E.C.
Payments for Conversation-Where Teleone exchanges in different towns are connected - Trunk lines, such lines may be used for a ree-minute conversation by local subscribers $d$ the general public on payment of the follow-
ing charges:-Between towns 25 miles apart 3 d , 50 miles 6 d., 75 miles 9 d. . 100 miles 1 ss , and 6 L , for every addtional 40 miles or fraction
The charge to the general public for conversa. tion with Post Office Telephone subscribers in the same town is 3 d . for not more than three minutes' conversation.

Communication between London and Paris may be made at the G. P. O. West (Bath Streeth, West Strand Office, and Threadneedle Street. $\mathrm{P} . \mathrm{O}$. The charge is 8 s . per conversation of three minutes. (Paris time is ten minutes in advance of London time.)

## ABBREVIATIONS, \&c., IN COMMON USE.

## 1. First class (Lloyd's).

## M. (Ante Meridiem) Before noon.

Associate-A.I.C.A., of the Institute of Chartered Accountants ; A.I.A., of the Institute of Actuaries ; A.K.C., of King's Coll., London ; A. R.A., of the Royal Academy ; A.R.A.M., of :he Roy. Acad. of Music ; A.R.I.B.A., of the Roy. Institute of Brt. Architects; A.R.S.M., of the Royal School of Mines.
Bachelor-B.A., of Arts; B.C.L., of Civil Law ; B.D., of Divinity ; LL.B. or B.LL., of Laws.
rt. or Bt. Baronet.-B.C. Before Christ.
V.M. Blessed Virgin Mary.
A. Chartered Accountant.

Companion-C.B., of the Bath ; C.I.E., of :he Order of the Ind. Empire ; C.M.G., of St. Michael and St. George ; C.S.I., of the Star of India.
2. County Councillor.-C.E. Civil Engineer. E.T.S. Church of England Temperance society.
I.C. Cyclists' Touring Club.
t. Hundredweight.

Docror-D.C.L., of Civil Law ; D.D., of Jivinity ; D.D.S., of Dental Surgery ; D.Sc., f Science ; LLD., of Laws.
S.O. Distinguished Service Order.
V. (Deo Volente) God willing.
3. (Exempli gratia) For example.

FELLow-F.I.C.A., of the Inst. of Chartered Iccountants; F.S.A., of the Society of Antituaries ; F.S.S., of the Statistical Society; R. G.S., of the Royal Geographical Society; -G.S., of the Geological Society ; F.R.H.S., If the Royal Horticultural Society ; F.L.S., of he Linnæan Society ; F.P.S., of the Philoogical Society; F.R.A.S., of the Royal Istronomical Society; F.R.S., of the Royal iociety ; F.R.C.S., of the Royal College of Sureons ; F.R.M.S., of the Royal Microscopical ociety ; F.R.Met.S., of the Royal Meteoro ogical Society ; F.I.A., of the Institute of ictuaries.
$¿$ B. Grand Cross of the Bath.
.M.G. Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. ieorge.
.S.I., Grand Commander of the Star of India ; i.C.I.E., of the Indian Empire; G.C.V.O., f the Victorian Order.
P.S. Girls' Friendly Society.
?.O. General Post Office
C.H. His (or Her) Imperial Highness.
R.H. His (or Her) Royal Highness.
(Id est) That is.
og. (Incognito) In secret.
Justice of the Peace.
Knight-K.G., of the Garter ; K.T., of the 'histle ; K.P., of St. Patrick.
K.C. King's Counsel.
K.C.B., Knight Commander of the Bath: K.C.I.E., of the Indian Empire; K.C.M.G., of St. Michael and St. George ; K.C.S.I., of the Star of India; K.C.V.O., of the Victorian Order, K.O.M., of the Order of Merit.
L. Licentiate-L.A.C., of the Apothecanes Co.: L.D.S., of Dental Surgery ; L.R.C.P., of the Roy. Coll. of Physicians; L.S.A., of the Society of Apothecaries.
L.A.C. London Athletic Club.

E tb. (Libra) Pounds.
L.C.C. London County Council.

LL. B. Bachelorof Laws.-LL.D. Doctor of Laws
M.A. Master of Arts.
M.B. Bachelor of Medicine.
M.D. Doctor of Medicine.

Mus. B. Bachelor of Music.
Mus. D. Doctor of Music.
M.C. Master of the Ceremonies
M.C.C. Marylebone Cricket Club.
M.F.H. Master of Foxhounds.
M.R.C.P. Member of the Royal College of Physicians or Preceptors; M.R.C.S., of the Roy. Coll. of Surgeons.
MS. or MSS. Manuscript or manuscripts.
Nem. con. (Nemine contradicente) No ooe objecting.
P.M. (Post Meridiem) Afternoon.
P.O. Postal Order.-P.O.O. Post Office Order
P.P.C. (Pour prendre conge) To take leave.
P.R.A. President of the Royal Academy.

Prox. (Proximo) Next.
P.R.S. President of the Royal Society.
P.S. (Postscriptum) Postscript.
Q. . (Quod est) Which is.
Q.E.D. (Quod erat demonstrandum) Which was to be demonstrated.
R.A. Royal Academician, Royal Artillery.
R.A.C. Royal Agricultural College.
R.A.M. Royal Academy of Music.
R.I.P. (Requiescat in pace) May he rest in peace.
R.M. Royal Mail.-R.N. Royal Navy.
R.R.C. Royal Red Cross
R.S.A. Rural Sanitary Authority.
R.S.V.P. (Repondez, sil vous plait) Plesed reply.
Signs: $£$ Pound sterling, \& Dollar, it. Pound weight, 3 Ounce, 3 Drachm, $\Xi_{5}$ Scrupth $m$ Minim, R Recipe or "Take", + Phas (more), - Minus (less), $\times$ Mulciply by $=$ Equal to, $\div$ Divide by.
S.P.C.K. Soc. for Promot. Christian Knowneige
S.P.G. Society for the Propagation of tot Gospel.
Ult. (Ultimo) Last month.
U.D.C. Urban District Council.
V.C. Victoria Cross.

## RATES, TAXES, LICENCES, STAMP DUTIES, \&c.

Affidevits.-An Affidavit or Statutory Declaration must be stamped with a half-crown stamp. Except such as are to be used in any court or required by any Board of Revenue, or by law and made before any Justice of the Peace, or required at the Bank of Eng. or Ire. to prove the death of any proprietor, or for the transfer of stock, \&e., or as to the loss, \&cc., of any bank note or bank post bill, or declaration required in order to a marriage without licence, or Declaration forming part of an application for a patent.
Agreements or Contracts.-If under hand only of the value of $£_{5}$ or more and not otherwise charged, the duty is sixpence, which may be affixed by an adhesive stamp.
Agreements under $£ 5$ or for hire of labourers or manual servants or for sale of goods, \&c., or between master and men of a ship for wages need not be stamped.
Appointment of a New Trustee by any instrument except a Will, ros.
Apprainement or Valuation.- $65-3 d$; fio$6 d$. ; and for every $£ 10$ up to $£ 50-6 d$; ; above £50, not above $\pm 100-55 . ; £^{200-105 .} ; £_{500-}$ 155. ; above $£ 500-205$.

Apprentices' Indentures.-To be binding, these must be in proper legal form stamped with a half-crown stamp-an ordinary form of agreement will not suffice. The length of term, premium to be paid, remuneration to apprentice, \&c., vary with the nature of the trade and the will of the parties. A statute of Queen Elizabeth fixed the term of apprenticeship at 7 years, and though this was repealed in 1814 that period is still regarded as the most satisfactory. An indenture is usually determined by the death of the master. In London, if bound to a member of one of the great City Companies, the apprentice is entitled to take up the "freedom of the City" at the expiration of the seven years on payment of a small sum.

Armorial Bearings, 21s. ; on carriage, 425. The term "Armorial bearings" includes any crest, coat of arms, or ensign, whether registered at the College of Arms or not, and whether used on plate, jewellery, paper or otherwise, but a licence to use on a carriage includes use in any other manner. Licences expire Dec. 31.
Armorial bearings used solely as Trade Marks or for Trade purposes or by any Corporation or Public Company in their Corporate capacity are exempt.

## Attorney, Letter or Power of-

For appointing Proxy at any single meeting, or adjournment thereof, id.

For receiving Wages or Prize Money, 15 .
For the sale, transfer or acceptance of Government Stock, where the nominal value does not exceed (100-2s. 6d. Any other kind, 105.

Bille of Exohange-
A Bill of Exchange payable on demand, at a period not exceeding three days after date, on sight or on presentation, id.

A Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note of any other kind negotiated in the U. K. :
$\left.\begin{array}{cc|cc|cc|}\text { Not above } & E 5 \ldots 0 & 1 & \text { Not above } & £ 50 . . .0 & 6 \\ " & 10 \ldots 0 & 2 & 75 & 0 & 9 \\ " & 25 \ldots 0 & 3 & " & 100 & 1\end{array}\right)$
And"for every $£ 100$, or any fractional part of tion, is.

Bills of Exchange drawn out of the United Kingdom, when negotiated here, exceeding $£ 50$ and not exceoding $£ 100,6 d$. ; exceeding $£ 100$, $6 d$. for every f Ioo or part thereof.

A Bill of Exchange is an unconditional written order given for a consideration by one party (the drawer) upon another (the drawee). Such a document is of no commercial value till it is "accepted," and the acceptor then becomes
primarily responsible for payment, the drawer only secondarily so, provided that if not paid at maturity the document is immediately "noted" in the proper manner. Before it can be paid, the Bill must be "endorsed," or signed across the back by the drawer. The customary form of acceptance for Form No. I would be "accepted, payable at (such and such) a bank," and the acceptor's signature.

The person to whom a Bill is payable may assign it to another by writing above his signature the words "pay to the order of" so and so.
Instead of " one month after date," or " ninety days after date," any other period may be stated, or the Bill may be made payable at so many days or months "after sight" (i.e. after being presented for acceptance); or, again, immediately on presentation, by the substitution of the words " at sight."
A Promissory Note does not require to be " accepted," but must be endorsed by the payee before value can be received.

Three days' "grace" are allowed after the date when a Bill becomes due, but this does not :apply to Bills payable at sight. In foreign countries the number of days of grace varies.

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes due on any bank holiday are payable the day foHowing; those due on Good Friday, Christmas Day, or on a Sunday are payable the day previous.
The following are ordinary forms of Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes:-


Bonds.-A Bond, Covenant, or Instrument, which is the principal security for any sum or sums of money at stated periods for a definite period, is liable to an ad valorem duty for the whole sum (see Mortgage).
If it is for life or other indefinite period, for every $\mathcal{E}_{5}$ or part of $\AA_{5}$ of sum periodically payable, $2 s .6 d$.
In the case of any superannuation annuity: for every $£_{5}$ or part of $£_{5}$ of the annuity or sum periodically payable, $6 d$.

Bonds, by Acts of Parliament or by Customs or Inland Revenue, where penalty does not exceed £i50, duty as in Mortgage. In any other case 5 .
A Bond on obtaining Letters of Administration in England or Ireland, or a confirmation of testament in Scotland, 65 .

Carriage Tax. -The duty on carriages of all kinds (except Hackney Carriages) with 4 or more wheels drawn or fitted to be drawn by 2 or more horses or mules or propelled by mechanical power is $42 s$.; if by one horse or mule only, 215 . ; with less than 4 wheels, 155 .; Hackney Carriages, 15 s. Only half the amount is charged if the licence is taken out after Oct. I in any year, but all licences expire on Dec. 3I. On Motor Cars, in addition to the Carriage Tax a further duty
is payable as follows: Weight, without water, fuel or accumulator, from 1 to 2 tons, 425 .; above 2 tons, to3 35. (See also under Armorial Bearings and Servants.)
Carriages, Carts, Waggons, \&c., used solely for conveyante of goods for Trade purposes are exempt if the name, \&c., of owner are legibly painted on them.

Contract Note, advising sale or purchase of Stock of the value of $£ 5$ and under $£ 100-1 d$. ; tioo or upwards, is.

A note advising sale or purchase of more than one description of Stock will be deemed to be as many notes as there are descriptions of Stock.

Conveyances.-A Conveyance or transfer, whether on sale or otherwise, of Bank of England Stock, is liable to a duty of 7s. gd. ; of Canadian Stock, inscribed in books kept in the United Kingdom, and Colonial Stock registered under the Colonial Stock Act, 1877, of 2s. $6 d$. for every $\notin 1 \infty 0$ or fraction of $£ 100$.

Conveyance or transfer on sale of any property (except such Stock as aforesaid), where the purchase or consideration money is not above $6_{5}-6 d$.

For every additional $£ 5$, up to $£ 25-6 d$. ; for every $£ 25$, up to $£ 300-2 s .6 \mathrm{~d}$. ; for every additional $\neq 50-5 s$.

Of any other kind, ros.
See also under Marketable Security.
Dog Tax.-The duty on any dog of the age of six months, no matter of what description, in England, Wales and Scotland, is 75. 6d. Dogs under six months are not liable, but a licence must be taken out as soon as they attain that age. Dog licences are issued at all Money Order Offices and expire on Dec. 3I. The penalty for keeping a dog without a licence is $£ 5$. In Ireland the licence duty for each dog is 2.5 . ; the certificate of registration bears a sixpenny Petty Sessions stamp, but one stamp suffices for each licence which may include several dogs.

Dogs kept and used solely by blind persons are exempt, and farmers and shepherds may obtain exemption for 2 or more dogs kept solely for guarding sheep, on making the necessary declaration.

Estato Duty.-This duty is payable upon the principal value of all property, real or personal, settled or not settled, which passes on a death. In estimating the value of the estate for duty, the funeral expenses and all outstanding debts and liabilities should first be deducted. The following are the rates of Duty :- $£ 100$ to $£_{500}$ r per cent. ; $£_{500}$ to $£_{1,000,} 2$ per cent. : $£_{1,000}$ to $£_{10,000}$, 3 per cent. ; f,ro,000 to $£ 25,000,4$ per cent. ; $\notin 25,000$ to $£ 50,000,4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; $£ 50,000$ to £ $75,00,5$ per cent. ; $£ 75,000$ to $f_{100,000,} 5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; froo,000 to $£ 150,000,6$ per cent. ; $\notin 150,000$ to $\neq 250,000,6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; $\neq 250,000$ to £ $500,000,7$ per cent. ; $\not \subset 500,000$ to $\notin 1,000,000$, $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ; above $\notin \mathrm{r}, \infty 00,000,8$ per cent.

In addition to the above, where property liable to Estate Duty is settled by the will of the deceased, or having been settled on or after Aug. r, 1894, by some other disposition passes under that disposition on the death of the deceased to some person not competent to dispose thereof, a further duty called Settlement Estate Duty is payable at the rate of $\delta \mathrm{I}$ per cent. on the settled property, but from that payment the ad valorem stamp duty charged on the settlement may be deducted.

But where the net value of the property, real and personal, does not exceed $\AA_{1,000}$, Estate Duty only is payable, and the property is exempt from Settlement Estate Duty, and from Legacy or Succession Duties.

Small estates up to $£ 300$ and $£ 500$ gross, are charged with fixed duties of 305. and 50s., and are exempt from all oner death duties.

Interest at 3 per cent. per annum is also pay. able on the Estate Duty from the date of the death down to the date of the delivery of the affidavit, or the expiration of six months after the death, whichever first happens.

The duty at the rate of 1 per cent. payable under the Acts relating to Legacy or Sucoession Duties, and the additional Succession Duties imposed by Sec. 21 of the Customs and Iniand Revenue Act, 1888, are not leviable in respect of property chargeable with Estate Duty in caser where the deceased died on or after Aug. 1, 18 g.

The Estate Duty on real property may be paid, if desired, by eight yearly or sixteen half yearly instalments, with interest at 3 per cent per annum, but arrears of Estate Duty are chargeable with interest at 4 per cent. per anawm

In small estates, where the gross value does not exceed $£ 300$, probate and letters of ad ministration may be obtained through an Inland Revenue Officer.

Game and Gamekreppere' Licences.-No one may use a gun without a proper licence To carry a gun or firearm of any description the licence costs ros. and expires July 3r. An annual licence for killing game, expiring July 3x, coss $£_{3}$; for 14 days only, 20s. A short period licence from Aug. I to Oct. 31, or from Nov. I to July 31 . costs $£ 2$. A gamekeeper's licence costs $\notin 2$, and any one having the right to kill game in England or Scotland can take an annual licence out $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{T}}$ ary assessed servant to act as a gamekeeper for the same sum. Such licences expire July 3r.

In Ireland the licence for a gamekeeper acting under a deputation registered with supervisor fir a whole year costs $\mathfrak{E}_{3}$; from Aug. I to Oct. ${ }_{31}$ or Nov. I to July 3I, $\mathbf{f} 2$.
Persons holding game licences, soldiers, sailors ana volunteers, when using or carrying a gun in the exextion of their duty, or when engaged in target practice need not have a gun licence, 33 \& 34 Vict. c. 57 , sec: sub-section $\mathbf{x}$.

In England the word "game" includes phea sants, partridges, grouse, black, heath or ma: game, bustards and hares, but owners may $\dot{d}$ hares without a licence. The penalty for killiry game or using a gun without licence is $\mathcal{f} \sim$ Shooting game on a Sunday is also illegal.

General Rate.-This rate is one for meetis: various items of expenditure, such as paviso lighting, cleansing, \&c. In counties it goes y the name of The County Rate, in the Metrpolis it is called The Consolidated Rate, ix in a few Parishes and in all Boroughs Ths General District Rate. It sometimes is cludes the School Board Rate. It is based c: the same assessment as that used for the Poor Ra:and varies according to circumstances As a ris it is payable quarterly (half-yearly in Boroughai
The General Rate covers the expenses of warc ing, street lighting, repair and watering of stree and sewers, and the expenses of the Heales Department and Hospitals.

Improvement Rate.-This provides for recarment of expenses of street improvements, quas \&c.; the General District Rate is mainly for pario the City Rate is applied to meet deficiencies := the City Fund for Criminal Prosecutions, salaris of officials, cost of markets, baths and maxt houses, weights and measures, registration es penses, fire brigade, \&c.

It may be well here to say that the remarks $=$ these columns concerning Rates can oaly te taken generally: the whole system of matis and collecting Rates differs materially in dierar parts of the kingdom and no definite rule en $k$ stated in regard to them.
Inhabited Elowe Duty,-This is payakien
ally in January. The rate of duty is fixed by the Commissioners quinquennially on the full estimated annual value of all houses of the rental value of $£ 20$ or more, less local rates. The quinquennial assessment of 1900 is at present in force for the metropolis, the present rate of duty being as follows:-On inhabited houses the annual value of which exceeds $£ 20$ but does not exceed $6_{40}$, if used for the sale of goods, the shop or warehouse being on the ground floor; or for the retail of beer, wines or spirits; or if occupied by any person carrying on the business of an hotelkeeper, inn-keeper, or coffee-house keeper, although not licensed to sell therein by retail, ale, wine, or other liquors; or is occupied by a tenant or farm servant for husbandry purposes only, for every 205 . of annual value, the sum of $2 d$. If not so used or accupied, $3 d$.

When the annual value exceeds 640 but does not exceed $£ 60$, if used or occupied as above, $4 d$. If not so used or occupied, $6 d$.

When the annual value exceeds $£ 60$, if used or occupied as aboye, $6 d$. If not so used or occupied, 9 d . Lodging houses, if registered, are subject to the reduced duty only. Artisans' dwellings (where the annual value of each dwelling does not amount to $f^{2}(2)$ are exempt.

Tenements, or parts of tenements, occupied solely for purposes of trade, or for purpose of any profession or calling, are exempt from duty (see 44 Vict. c. 12, s. 24)

Inoome Tax is collected under five Schedules. Schedule A is the landlord's tax, and is based on the rent or annual value of the property rated, less the statutory deduction for repairs.
These are as follows:-
x. Lands (inclusive of the farm-house and other buildings, if any) one-eighth of the full annual value.
2. Houses or buildings (exclusive of farmhouses ur buildings assessed with lands) onesixth of the full annual value; but where a tenant pays cost of repairs, the deduction is not to exceed such a sum-not being more than one-sixth of the annual value-as will reduce the net assessment to the actual amount of rent.

The tenant pays this tax but, as is shown above, is entitled to deduct from the next payment to the Landlord for rent the whole amount, or such part of it as represents the actual annual rental. (See below.)

Schednle B is for incomes derived from the use of land by farmers and others, and is based on the rent paid, the assessment being one-third of the rent or annual value, including Tithe Rent charge (if any).

Schedule C applies to incomes derived from Government dividends and annuities.

Schedule D is for trade and professional incomes, and those not included in any other Schedule. Under this Schedule the tax is payable annually on or before January 1 , and is based, not on a person's actual income for the past year, but on an estimate of what it is likely to be for the coming year (or rather on the year ending April 5 ensuing), such estimate being obtained by ascertaining the average of the three years ending April 5 immediately preceding that date (January i) on which the person's accounts were made up to. The rate per $£$ varies according to the requirements of the Government, as indicated in the Annual Budget.

The Finance Act of 1897 enacts that where the total joint income of a husband and wife does not exceed $£ 500$, and they are engaged in separate businesses, if the income of each is under the limits within which abatements may be claimed, they shall nevertheless be entitled to claim same.

Persons who pay life assurance premiums are entitled to deduct the amount of annual premium from the estimated income to the extent of one-sixth of the income by filling up the space left on the official forms for the purpose. But should the income thereby be reduced below the above limits, such deduction will not entitle to total or partial exemption.
Schedule E is for persons employed by public companies, corporations, \&c.
The rate of Income Tax for the present year is 15. 3 d. in the $f$ under each Schedule. Relief is given in certain cases under Schedule A to the extent of $\frac{1}{b}$ or $f$ of the assessment. Under Schedule B the tax is charged at the full rate on one-third of the full annual value of the lands without any deduction.
Incomes not exceeding the following sums are entitled to the abatement named against each:-

Not exceeding $£ 400$ an abatement of $£_{160}$; $£_{500}$ of $£_{150} ; 6600$ of $£ 120 ; £ 700$ of $£ 70$.
The following shows amount payable on in. comes varying from $£ 200$ to $£_{1500}$ :-


The Land Tax is payable under Schedule A of the Income Tax and is paid by tenant and deducted from rent. There is a fixed quota for each parish which, under the Finance Act, 1896, is not to exceed one shilling in the $£$.

Under the Finance Act of 1898 , owners of property whose incomes do not exceed ${ }_{1} 160$ are relieved of payment of land tax, while an allowance of half the tax is made to owners whose incomes exceed $\oint_{160}$ but do not exceed $\delta 400$.

When land tax has been assessed, a certificate from the surveyor of taxes allowing total exemption or abatement, as the case may be, must be produced before the amount of the assessment has been paid.
The owner of any land may in any year redeem the Land Tax charged on such land by payment of a capital sum, equal to thirty times the sum assessed on such land by the assessment last made and signed, and such sum may be paid either in a single payment or by such annual instalments as may be agreed upon with the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum on so much of the capital sum as remains unpaid shall be payable with each instalment, and all the instalments remaining unpaid may be paid at any time.
Leases.-For a definite term under a year of any unfurnished dwelling the rent of which does not exceed the rate of $£$ ro a year the stamp duty is $1 d$.; of any furnished dwelling, or apartment, the rent of which exceeds $£ 25$ a year for such term, 2s. $6 d$.


Logaey Duty.-Legacy Duty is payable on all legacies willed by a deceased person, on the following scale :-To children of the deceased, or their descendants, or to the father or mother or other lineal ancestor of the deceased, EI per cent.; to brothers and sisters of the deceased, or their descendants, $£ 3$ per cent. ; to an uncle or aunt or their descendants, $f_{5}$ per cent. ; to a great-uncle or great-aunt, or their descendants, $£ 6$ per cent. ; to any person in any other degree of collateral consanguinity, or to a stranger in blood to the deceased, fio per cent. Legacy to a husband or wife is chargeable with Estate Duty, but not Legacy Duty. (See also Estate Duty.)
Limited Liability Companien.-The Capital of Companies with Limited Liability, otherwise than under the Companies Act, is liable to a stamp duty of 2s. for every $£$ roo. Statement of capital is to be delivered to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue within one month after date of letters patent or passing of Act, under a penalty of 10 per cent. per month for every month after the first month.
Companies Limited by Shares are liable upon the nominal capital, original or increased, to a duty of 5 s. per cent.
hale Servants of any age require a licence which costs 15s. and expires Dec. 31, but a person who is bona fide engaged to serve for part only of each day and does not reside in his employer's house is exempt.

ILarketable Seourity.-(i)Marketable Security.
(a) A Colonial Government Security, or (b) a Security not transferable by delivery, or (c) a Security transferable by delivery. The same ad valorem duty as upon a mortgage.
(d) A Foreign Marketable Security issued abroad and interest payable there if assigned, transferred or negotiated in the United Kingdom after Aug. 1, 1899 . For every ©io or part thereof, is.
(2) Transfer, Assignment, \&c., of a Marketable Security-
Upon a sale thereof, see Conveyance
Upon a mortgage thereof, sec Mortgage of Stock or Marketable Security.

In any other case, ios.
(3) Marketable Security (except a Colonial Government Security), transferable by delivery.
For every $£ 10$ or part thereof, 15.
(4) Marketable Security (except a Colonial Government Security) as last aforesaid given in substitution for a like security duly stamped in conformity with the law in force at the time when it became subject to duty-
For every $f, 20$ or part thereof, $6 d$.
Mortgage Bond, evo. (except a marketable security):-
(1) Being the only or principal or primary security (other than an equitable mortgage) for the payment or repayment of moneyNot exceeding -

| Ot | d |  |  |  | Not |  | g- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 610 | ... | 60 | 0 | 8 | 6150 | ... | 60 | 3 |  |
| 25 | ... | 0 | 0 | 8 | 200 | ... | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 50 |  | 0 | 1 | 3 | 250 |  | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| 100 |  | 0 | 2 | 6 | 300 |  | 0 | 7 | 6 |

Exceeding $£ 300$, for every $£ 100$, and fractional part of $£ 100-25.6 d$.
(2) Being a collateral or auxiliary, or additional or substituted security (other than an equitable mortgage), or by way of further assurance for the above-mentioned purpose where the principal or primary security is duly stamped-

For every $£ 100$ or part thereof, $6 d$.
(3) Being an equitable mortgage-

For every $£ 100$ or fractional part, 15.
(4) Transfer, Assignment, Dlsposition, of As. signation of any mortgage, bond, debenture, or covenant (except a marketable security), or of any
money or stock secured by any such instrument or by any warrant of attomey to enter up judg. ment, or by any judgment-
For every froo or part thereof (exclusive of interest which is not in arrear), 6 d .
(5) Re-conveyance, Release, Discharge, Surrender, Re-surrender, Warrant to Vacate, or Renunciation of any such security as aforesaid-

For every $£ 1$ roo or part thereof, $6 d$.
Poor Rete.-This is an important rate, as the amount of assessment for Poor Rate is taken as a basis for all other local rates. A valuation list is prepared periodically by the Overseers, and, after publication, is sent to the Poor Law Guardians. After hearing any objections that may be made, they modify the list as they think fit and sign it. It is then taken as the basis for making various rates for the ensuing twelve months; taxpayers should therefore be particular to see that the amount of their assessment for this rate is correct. An important point to note is that where the tenant does the repairs,* one-sixth of the Gross Rental is allowable for doing them, and this reduced amount is the amount on whick the rate is payable. Notice is usually given of the rateable value, and not of the gross value, except in the quinquennial year, when the gross value is notified. This gross value is arrived at, in cases of leases, or where the tenant repairs and pays insurance, by adding a percentage according to the duration of the lease or agreement ; thus say the rent is $£ 60$, ro per cent. would be added for a supposed lease $=665$, and one-sixth being deducted from this would give $£ 55$ as the rateable value. The tenant seeing that this was less than the rent would be satisfied, but should there be no lease, and should repairs be done by the tenant, the proper amownt would or £6o less one-sixth $=£ 50$.

The proper time to object is before the assessment list has been signed by the Guardians: after that, the only appeal from their decision is to quarter sessions, or on structural alterations or new lettings.

Polioe or Watoh Rate.-By the and and $3^{\text {nd }}$ Victoria for regulating th:e Police in the Citr of London, all premises in the City, whether occupied or otherwise, are liable for this rate The amount payable is arranged on the basis of the Poor Rate Assessment; it varies acoording to circumstances, but is usually $5 d$ in the $L$ Of this $2 d$. is payable for the first quarter, and id. each for the other three quarters. In othe places this rate is included in the Borough rate (Muncipal Corporations Act, 1882), and the amount is collected with the Poor Rate.

Probate Duty Grant.-The probate duty grant to local authorities was replaced in 1894 by grant out of the estate duty derived from persona property of a sum of one and a half per cent. ad the net value of the property which would, bat for the substitution of estate duty, have beed chargeable with probate duty.
Railway Paseengera' farea.-(Except fares nof exceeding id. per mile). Urban District trafio 2 per cent. ; other 5 per cent.
Beceipts for the payment of $£_{2}$ or 4 f wards, $1 d$.
The Sohool Board Rate is levied upon the totu! rateable value (Poor Rate), and the amount varies according to the expenditure of the loa: School Board. In some places the Schod Board issue a precept on the Council for the

[^27]
## RATES, TAXES, LICENCES, STAMP DUTIES, ETC.

amount they require, and the Council in turn issue a precept on the Overseers or Guardians who collect the School Board Rate with the Poor Rate.

Water Rate.-This varies very considerably both in amount and in basis in different localities, but is usually payable half-yearly at Lady Day and at Michaelmas. One of the oldest London Companies.is the New River Company, and the manner in which their charges are arranged may be taken in some measure as fairly representative of others.

By the Water Rate Definition Act (1885) the "Annual Value" is declared for the purposes of this Company within the Metropolitan area to be the rateable value of the premises as settled by the local authorities. If such value does not exceed $£ 200,4$ per cent. is charged for the water supply; if it exceeds $£ 200,3$ per cent. ; services more than 160 ft . above Trinity high water mark are charged i per cent. extra.

A further charge is made for baths and water closets as follows :-

If annual value exceeds-
$£ 30$ but not $£ 50,4 s$. for one w.c. or bath.


And for each additional w.c. or bath half the above rates.

Supplies for warming purposes, washing carriages, fountains, watering gardens, \&c., are not included, and are charged for extra ad val.

## TRADERS' EXCISE LICENCES.

Anotioneers', £ro, expire July 5.
Appraieqre' and House Agents', £2, expire July 5 .

Bankers', E30.
Brewerm-Brewers of Beer, 205. (exp. Sept. 30). But if not for sale, and annual value of house not exceeding firs-9s. If not for sale, and annual value of house not exceeding $£ \mathrm{ro}$, and for domestic use, 4s. Brewers (not for sale) in premises not exceeding $£ 8$ annual value are exempt.

Ohemists' or others using' a spirit still, 105.
Oonveyancers', $£ 6$ to $£ 9$.
Distillers', Bectiflers', Compounders' or makers of Methylated Spirits, $\mathcal{L} 10$ ros., expire July 5.

Game Dealers', £2, expire July 1.
Eawkern', K2, expire Mar. 31.
Passenger Boats on which liquor or tobacco is sold, E5; one day only, fir.

Pawnbrokers', £7 ios. expire July 3r.
Patent Medioine Makern' and Dealers', 5s., expire Sept. 1.

Plate Dealers', selling 2 ozs. of gold and 30 ozs. of silver and upwards, $£_{5} 155$.; under these weights, $\mathrm{f}_{2} 6 \mathrm{6s}$., expire, July 5 .

Playing Card Lakers' and sollors', \&i, expire Sept. 1.

Publioana' (Beer).-Sellers of Beer wholesale, not being brewers, $£_{3} 6 \mathrm{~s}_{1}$ id.

Do. (England and Ireland) for an additional licence to retail not to be consumed on the premises, XI 5 s.

Retailers of Cider, Beer, and Perry in U. K. to be consumed on the premises, 705. Do. in England, not to be consumed on the premises, 6i 5 s.

Retailers of Beer and Wine in U. K. to be consumed on the premises, $f_{4}$.

Do. not to be consumed on the premises, $£_{3}$.
Do. occasional licences for every day not exceeding 3 days at one time, is.

Six-day or early closing licences to retailers` of intoxicating liquors for consumption on the premises are granted at 6-7ths, and six-day and early closing licences at $5-7$ ths of the foregoing rates.

Retailers of Beer, Cider, or Perry whose premises are rated under $£ 10$ per annum (Scotland), $£ 2$ ros.

Do. at $£ 10$ per annum or upwards, $£ 44 \mathrm{~s}$.
Retailers of Table Beer, at a price not exceeding
 5 s.

Retailers of Beer, Spirits, Wine and Tobacco, for an occasional licence to sell the like articles at another place, for a time not exceeding six days,for each day (Magistrate's certificate required), 2s.6d.

Publioans' (Epirits).-Retailers of Spirits in the United Kingdom, except as hereafter mentioned :-If the annual value of the dwelling-house is rated (expires Oct. 10)-
Under $£ 10 \ldots £ 41000 \mid$ Under $£ 30 \ldots £ 14000$

|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{crrrr} \text { nder } & \pm 30 \ldots & 14 & 0 & 0 \\ " & 40 \ldots & 17 & 0 & 0 \\ " & 50 \ldots & 20 & 0 & 0 \\ " & 100 \ldots & 25 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
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for every additional $£$ ioo or part thereof up to £700- $£ 5$; $£ 700$ and upwards, $£ 60$.

Such licence to include licence to retail beer, or wine and sweets. Hotels and Theatres of the value of $£ 50$ and upwards are liable to no higher licence duty than \&2o. Restaurants, under $^{2}$ certain conditions, are liable to no higher licence duty than 630 .

Dealers in Spirite-not retailers- Ero ros.; additional for retailing in quantities not less than a reputed quart bottle, $£ 335$. For retailing foreign liqueurs, $£ 225$., expire July 5.

Retailers of Spirits (Grocers) whose premises are rated, per annum-

## Scotland.


Ireland.
Under £25... $£ 918$ 5

Refreshment Housen under value of $£_{30}$ a year, ios. $6 d$; ; above $f_{30-215 .}$.
Solioitora' Eg.
Stage and Haokney Carriages.-Drivers and Conductors, and Watermen (London), 5 s.
(These Licences are issued by the Commissioners of Police.)
Sweot Rotailers', $\AA_{1} 5$ s., expire July 5. Dealers in, who sel two gallons or upwards, $\not \subset 5,5 \mathrm{~s}$.

Tobaooonists:--Manufacturers of Tobacco and Snuff, not exceeding 20,000 lbs., $£ 555$. , expire July 5 . For every additional 20,000 lbs. up to $100,000 \mathrm{lbs} ., \notin 55$. $;$ exceeding that, $\ell_{31}$ ros.

Beginners (and a surcharge on the quantity made), $£ 55$ s.

Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, 5 s. 3 d .
Vinegar ITakers'.-Annual licence, $\mathscr{E}_{1}$, expire July.

Wine Dealers',-Dealers in Foreign Wine, having licence to retail Beer, $£_{2} 4 \mathrm{~s}$. 1 d . Having no licence, Ero ros., expire July 5 .

Retailers of, with Beer. See Beer.
Ditto, to be consumed on the premises, $\mathfrak{E}_{3}$ xos., expire March 31. In England and Ireland, not to be consumed on the premises,


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## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES．

Moasurea of Oapaoity．
I

An Imperial Gallon of distilled water weighs so lbs．Avoirdupois．
－In the North of England half a pint is called a gin， and the true gill a＂noggin．＂
A Sherry wineglass holds about 202 ；a tear cup 3 oz．；a tumbler $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ a pint．

## Wine and Beer Mearurear．



2 Butts ．．．．．．．．．$=1$ Tun（ 216 gallons）．
Hogshead of wine $=$ Half a pipe or butt（about 26 dozen）．
Quarter cask do．$=1$ pipe or butt（about 13 dozen）．
Octave $-\mathrm{d} a=\frac{1}{8}$ of a pipe or butt．
Port，pipe of．．．．．．＝ 115 gallons（ 57 dozen）．
Sherry，butt of．．．＝ 108 gallons（ 52 dozen）．
A Hogshead of beer $=54$ galls，；brandy $=$ 60 galls．；French wine $=43$ to 46 galls．；rum $=45$ to 50 galls．；sugar $=13$ to 16 cwt ．

## Avoirdupois Weight．



## Troy Weight．

（Seldom used except by assayers．）

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The standard for gold coin is 22 carats fine gold and 2 carats alloy；for silver，in oz． 2 dwts． silver and 18 dwts．alloy．

## Apothecaries＇Weight（Old）．



Cubic IIIeasure．
1728．Cubic Inches＝x Cubic Foor．
27 Cubic Feet＝D Cubic Yard（ 4 of a Cubic Metre）
40 Cubic Feet unhewn timber，or 50 Feet Squared＝r Ton or Load． ro8．Feet $=1$ Stack．
600 Sq．Feet I in plank， 400 I⿱亠䒑⿱亠䒑 2 in．$=1$ Load．

| Leasures of Lem |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 24 Inches．．．．．．．．$=$ \％Nail． |  |
|  | Inches．．．n．．．．$=1$ |
| 4 Inches．．．．．．．．．．$=$ I Hand． |  |
| 9 |  |
| 12 Inches．．．．．．．．．$=1$ |  |
|  |  |
| Feet．．．．．．．．．$=1$ Y | Feet．．．．．．．．．．．$=$ |
| Feet． |  |
|  | Feet．．．．．．．．．．．$=1$ Fa |
| 5\％${ }^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{Yards}(198 \mathrm{in})=$.1 Rod，pole，or pch． |  |
|  |  |
| 10 Chns．（220 yds） |  |
| 8 | Furlongs．．．．．．$=$ |
| M |  |
|  |  |
| 69dMiles（60Geog．）$=1$ Degree． <br> －A military pace is ad feet；an itinerary pace， the Scotch $\mathrm{r}, 977$ yards．$I$ The Admiralty knot is |  |
|  |  |

Square Feasure．
144 Sq．Inches $=1$ Square Foot．
9 Sq．Feet．．．$=1$ Square Yard．
301 Sq．Yards $=1$ Square Perch．
40 Perches ．．．＝I Rood．
4 Roods．．．．．．$=1$ Acre（ 4,840 sq．yds） ） 640 Acres ．．．．．．$=$ I Square Mile．

## Land Teasure．

62＇7264 Sq．Inch．．．＝I Square Link． 625 Sq．Links $=$ I Rd．，Pole，or Pch． 10，000 Sq．Links $=1$ Chain． 25，000 do $=1$ I Rood． 10 Sq．Chains $=1$ Acre．

## Angular Mifeasure．

| 60 Seconds（10）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$=1$ Minute |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minutes（） | － 1 Minute |
|  | Degrees（ ${ }^{\circ}$ ） | 1 Sig |
|  | Degrees | 1 Qudrat． |
|  |  | Circl |

360 Degrees．

## Tisoellaneous．

Bread，quartern loaf $=4 \mathrm{lbs}$
Bricks，load of $=500$ ．
Butter，firkin of $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$ ；barrel， 224 lbe
Coals，Sack， 2 cwts．；Small do．， 1 cwt
Coke，Sack $=\mathrm{rcwt}$ ．（about 3 bushels）．
Corn，Chaldron $=12$ sacks（ 12 cwt ．）．
Flom， 1 bushel $=8$ gals．； 8 bush．$=1$ quarter．
Flour，barrel， 196 lbs．；sack， 280 lbs ； peck or stone， 14 lbs．
Glass，Seam of $=120 \mathrm{lbs}$ ．
Hay，Old，load $=36$ trusses（ $\mathbf{~} 8 \mathrm{cwts}$ ）．
D＂${ }^{\prime \prime}$ truss $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$
Do．New，load $=36$ trses．（ 19 cwts .32 lbs ．）． ＂＂truss＝60 lbs．
Hops，pocket of $=1$ 2cwt．；baleabt． 3 c cwt ．
Law papers，gowords（Chancery）；or 8o（Ex－
chequer）；or 72 （Common Law）$=1$ folia
Paper，quire $=24$ sheets．
P＂ream $=20$ quires．
Parchment，roll of $=60$ skins．
Potatoes，sack of $=168 \mathrm{lbs}$ ．
Raisins，box of $=56 \mathrm{lbs}$ ；barrel， 112 lbs
Soap，soft，firkin $=64 \mathrm{lbs}$ ；；barrel， 256 lbs

## Tiscellaneous.

Skins, a dicher is 10 skins, a last is 20 dichers. Straw, load = 36 trusses (in cwts. 46 lbs.). truss of = 36 lbs .
Tea, chest of, Congou $=80$ to 100 lbs .
" " Hyson $=60$ to 80 lbs.

Timber, a load of unhewn, 40 cubic feet. Wool, a tod is 28 lbs .

## Commercial Table.

12 Articles = 1 dozen, or 13, a baker's dozen.
20 Articles = 1 score.
144 Articles = 1 gross.

## GREENGROCERS' MEASURES.

| Apples ......... 1 peck $=16 \mathrm{lbs}$. | Damsons ...... 1 peck $=16 \mathrm{lbs}$. | Plums ......... 1 peck = 12 lis |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beans ... ..... 1 1 $=9$ " | Gooseberries 1 $\quad$, = 12 , | Potatoes ...... 1 " $=20$ " |
| (French) 1 , $=10$, | Onions ......... 1 " = 16 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | Turnips........ 1 \% $=16$ |
| Cherries ...... 1 , $=12$, | Pears........... 1 , $=18$ |  |

Apples and Pears are put up in bushels, sieves, or half sieves, the sieve being equal to a bushel.
Asparagus.-A bundle contains from 50 to 150 heads.
Broccoli.-A crate, according to size, or by tally, if loose.

Cabbages and Lettuces.-A tally of five doz.
Carrots.-A bunch from 36 to 40 .
Celery.-A bundle, according to size, from 6 to 10 heads.

Cherries, Currants and Gooseberries.Sieve equals about 48 lbs ., half 24 lbs ., quarter or peck about 12 lbs .

Grapes are put in $4-\mathrm{lb}$. to t2-lb. baskets. Spanish and Colonial in boxes at per box.

Greens.-A bunch as many as can be tied together by the roots.

Mushrooms.-A punnet holds about ilb.
Peaches, Nectarines, and Apricots.Baskets of 6 or 12 or 24.
Peas.-A sieve is equal to one bushel, contains ro⿺ $\frac{1}{2}$ imperial gallons, and is $: 7 \frac{9}{4}$ inches in diameter at top and riz inches deep.

Potatoes, New, are generally put up into $2-\mathrm{lb}$. punnet baskets; Old, are sold by the bushel, sack, or ton.

Radishes.- $\mathbf{A}$ hand from 12 to 30 in number, according to the season.

Rhubarb. - A bundle from 20 to 30 stems, according to size and season.

Strawberries are sold in boxes of punnets of varying size, generally holding i lb.; handled baskets, 4 to 6 lbs. ; pecks, 10 to 12 lbs.

TURNIPS.-A bunch from 20 to 25 .

## SIZES OF GARDEN FLOWER-POTS.



## SEEDS TO SOW AN ACRE.

The following is necessarily approximate, the quantity will vary according to the nature of the soil and other conditions:-

3arley, 3 bushels. 3eans, 2 bushels. 3eet, 12 lbs. abbage in drills, 6 lbs . anary, 3 pecks. :arrot, 8 to 9 lbs :hicory, 8 lbs . lover 14 to 16 lbs . ;orse for Cover, 30 lbs . Eohi'Rabi, to transplant, x lb . " in drills, 4 lbs .

Lawn Grass, 35 lbs.
Lucerne, 20 lbs. " drilled, 15 lbs. Lupine, 3 bushels. Mustard, 20 lbs. Oats, 4 bushels. Parsnips, 8 to 9 lbs. Peas, 3 bushels. Potatoes, 24 bushels. Rape, I gallon. Rye, 3 bushels. Rye Grass, 3 bushels.

Rye Grass and Clover, I peck Grass, with 14 lbs. Clover.
Sanfoin, in husk 5 bushels. milled, 56 lbs .
Sunflower, 8 lbs.
Swedes, 4 lbs.
Tares, Spring, 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ bushels. Winter, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ bushels.
Trifolium, 24 lbs .
Turnips, 3 to 4 lbs .
Wheat, 2 bushels.

## SEEDING POWER OF WEEDS.

he following shows the number of seeds in a single plant of the various weeds named. This explains the rapid growth of weeds when allowed to go to seed.


## MANURES AND THEIR USE.

| one dust .............. | Suitable for | Quantity per acre. 14 bushels. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ypsum | Clover, potatoes, grass........... | 15 to 1 s cwt . |
| itrate of Soda (with Salt) .. | Grain crops..................................... | 14 cwt . |
| eruvian Guano | Crops of all kinds ............................. | 1/3 to 3 cwt . |
| ape Cake. | Grain crops.................................... | 6 cwt . |
|  | Wurzel, grain, \&c. .-........................ | 1 to 8 cwt. |
| dphate of Ammonia (with Salt) | Grain, potatoes, turnips ...................... | 35 bushels. |
| ${ }^{1 / 1 p h a t e ~ o f ~ A m m o n i a ~(w i t h ~ S a l t) . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | Grain crops............... | ${ }_{3}$ to 2 cwt . |
| a perphosphate of Lime...................... <br> Digitized by GOOgl | Grain crops and turnips | 3 to 5 cwt . <br> ORK PUBLIC LIB |

## PROVINCIAL BANKING DIRECTORY

## AND LIST OF

## MARKET AND EARLY-CLOSING DAYS, FAIRS, \&c.

N.B. - This list is expressly limited to towns having Fairs authorised by Criginal Charters, Aetr of Parliament, Orders in Connoil, \&o. Unofficial Fairs are not included.
No trouble has been spared to make the list reliable, but it has been found in practice that the owners of many of the Fair rights change the dates from year to year without authority, and in othe cases authorised Fairs are not held. The publishers cannot, therefore, hold themselves responsibie for loss or inconvenience which may arise from inaccuracy, but will be grateful to have their attentiun drawn to any apparent error.
Abbreviations Used: Days of the week-Sn., M., T., W., Th., F., S.; Ev. d., Every day. Special Days, Esc.-Whit., Whitsuntide ; Eas., Easter; Xm., Christmas; Mich., Michaelmas; Mid. Midsummer. Months-Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr., May, Ju., Jy., Aug., Sep., Oct., Nov., Dec. b., bacon ; bu., butter ; c., cattle ; ch., cheese ; co., corn ; h., horses; hi., hiring ; la., lamb; pi., pigs pl., pleasure; sh., sheep; w., wool; wtr., winter ; smr., summer.

The figures and letters in parenthesis after name of town indicate the Market Day, Early-closing Day and Hour, and Population in thousands (census 1gor).

The figures in heavier type at the end of each paragraph refer to the list of London Banks on pages 99-101, and to the list of Head offices of Country Banks on page 98 , thus enabling the reader to ascortain the names of all Bankers or branches of Banks carrying on business in each place.

## ENGLAND.

## BEDFORDSEIRE.

Ampthill (Th.: T. $4:$ pop. 2). May 4, Sep. 29, Nov. 30 (c) (27)

Bedford (S.: Th. 2: pop. 35), I T. Lent, Apr. 21, i T. Jy. (w), Oct. 12 (c), Nov. 17 (c), Dec. 19. (196, $91,881,94$ )
Biggleswade (W.: Th. 4 : pop. 5), Feb. 14, Low S. (c), Whit M., Nov. 8 (c). (34)

Dunstable (W. Ev S.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), 2 Wed. May, Aug. \& Nov., \& Ash Wed. $(27,91)$
Elstow, May 15, Nov. 5.
Harrold, Tu. b. May 13, \& b. Jy. 6 \& Oct. 11.
Leighton Buzzard (T.S.: Th. 4: pop. 6), Feb. 5, 2 T. Apr., Whit T., Jy. 26, Oct. 24, I T. af. Dec. 10. (27, 91)
Luton (M. \& S. : W. 1 : pop. 36), Sep. 24, 3 M. Apr., 3 M. Oct. (34, 91, 27)
Markyate St., 4 F. af. ェ M. Sep.
Potton, 3 T. af. Jan. 12, East. M., 1 T. Jy., 1 T. bef. Oct. 29.
Shefford (F.: W. $2:$ pop. 1), Oct. II.
Toddington (S.: W. pop. 2), Apr. 25, Nov. 2, 1 M. Ju. (27)

Woburn (F.:Th. 4: pop. 1), Jan. 1, Mar. 23, Jy. 13, Oct. 6 (c). (91)

## BERKSHIRE.

Abingdon (M.: Th. 4 : pop. 6), i M. Lent, May 6, Ju. 2o, Sep. 19 (la), Dec. II (la), Aug. ${ }^{5}$, M. b. Oct. ir, i M. Jy. (w). (91, 279, 278)
Blewbury, Th. af. Sep. 29 (pl).
Bracknell (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Apr. 25, Aug. 22, Oct. 1. $(423,86)$
Didcot, 1 T. Jy. (w).
Faringdon (7.: Th. 4: pop 3), Feb. 13, Whit T.; T. b. \& af. Mich. Oct. 29. (86)

Hungerford (W.: Th. 3: pop. 3), last W. Apr. (cows), Aug. 17 (sh), W. b. \& af. Oct. 11, last S. Ju. (w). (34, 91)

Lambourn (F. : pop. 2), Oct. 2, Dec. 4.
Newbury (Th.: W. 2: pop. 11), Holy Th., Jy. 5, Sep. 4, Th. af. Óct. ir. $(34,91)$
Reading ( $E v . d .: M .(c): W$. 2: pop. 72), Feb. 2, May 1 , Jy. 25, Sep. 21. (34, 423, 91 , 115,86 )
Wallingford (F.: W. $4: p o p .3$ ), Sep. 29. (305, 91)
Wantage (pop. 4), Mar. I, May 1, IS. af. Oct. II. (91)
Windsor (pop. 14). (91, 410, 466)

## BCCKINGHAMSHIRE.

Amersham (T. : Th. 4: pop. 3), Whit M., Sep. 19 (c). (34)
Aylesbury (W. \& S.: Th. 1 : pop. 9), Jan. 23, S. b. Pm. Sn., 2 S. May, 3 S. Ju., 2 W. Jy. (w), i S. Aug. (rams), 4 S. Sep., 2 S. Oct., 2 W. Dec. (c). (222, 91, 228, 236, 136, 86)
Beaconsfield (W. 3: pop. 2), Feb: 13, May 10.
Buckingham (M. S.: Th. 4: pop. 3), Mar. 7, May 6, Whit Th., Sep. 4, July 10 (w), Nov. 8, Oct. 2, S. af. Oct. 11 (c, hi), Jan. 28. (197, 222, 91 , 86)

Chesham (W.: Th. 2: pop. 7), Apr. 21, Jy. 22, Sep. 28, 2 W. Nov. (223, 222, 136, 86)
Gt. Marlow, last 3 days Oct. (86)

Ivinghoe (S.: W. 3: pop. 2), May 6, Oct. 17.
Newport Pagneli (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 4), Ju. 28, Aug. 29, Dec. 22. (27)

Oliney (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 2), Ju. 29, Eas. M., Octı 23. (881)

Princes Risborough (Th.: II: 4: pop. 2), May 6.
Wendover (M.: W. $4:$ pop. 2 May 12, Oct. 2. (86)
Winslow ( 1 \& 3 W.: Th 4 pop. 2), Wed. b. \& af. Oc II, I \& 3 W. in each mont (197, 86, 222)
Woburn (M. \& F.: W. + pop. 3), May 4, Nov. 12

## CAMBRIDGESHIRE

Cambridge ( $M$. \& S.: Tí : (witr.) 5 : pot. 38 ), Ju. Sep. 25 (c). (27, 270, 91. 34, 298)
Chatteris (F.: W. 4: fof. :: last F. Apr., F. b. Oat $(27,127)$
Ely (Th.: Th. 4 : pop. 8), L Th., F., S. May \& Oct. ; whe day falls on Ascension Day ct I Th. and two following dary in June. $(270,27)$
March (W., F. \& S.: T. pop. 8), M. b. Whit Sa., 3 T Oct. (27, 127)
Newmarket (T. © S.: Th: pop. 8), Nov. 8, Whit I (270, 298, 328)
Royston (W.: Th. 4: sot. : Ash, Eas. \& Whit W., I W. I (27, 270)
Thorney (T.: T. 2: Jy. 1 , Sep. 21 (h).
Whittlesea ( $F_{1}$ : Th $2:$ 加. i Ju. 13 (h). $(27,127)$
Wisbeach (Th. © S.: iI. pop. ro), 2 Th. May (h \& is Jy. 25 (h), Aug. 12 (c), ${ }^{W}$ Sep. (hi), Mar. 5. (27, 3? 127)

## CHESHIRES.

 17) Noi. 22 (c). (249, sst. 358, 135, 165, 31, 861
Birketihead ( $E_{\%}$. d. : \$nt. 110 I T. Dec. (c). (876, 135, $193,356,110,86)$

Chester (Ev. d. : W. ı : pop. 36), 3 W. ea. mo. (ch), ev. Th. (c). (127, 376, 135, 86, 193)
Congleton ( $S$ : : W. г : pop. i1), Th. b. Shrovetide, 3 W. Mar., May 12, 3 W. Sep., Nov. 22, Jy. 13 . $(356,135,140)$
Crewe (F.E.S.:W. 2 : pop. 42). (206, 356, 135, 110)
Frodsham ( $W_{0}$ 2: pop. 3), last T. Apr., last Th. Oct. (135)

Knutsford ( $S_{.}: W_{.} \mathbf{1}:$ pop. 5 ), Apr. 23, Nov. 8, Whit T. $(135,446)$
Macclesfield (T., Th. \&o S.: W. I :pop. 35), Mar. 6, Apr. 4, Jy. 11, Aug. 12, Sept. 4, Oct. 4 \& 21, Nov. 11, Dec. 21, May 6, Ju. 22. (356, 135, 330, 110
Middlewich (T.: W. : : pop. 5), last T. Feb., Apr., \& Oct. (446, 206)
Nantwich (S.: W. $1: p o p .8$ ), i S. af. Feb. 2 ; is. every mo. except Jan. (356, 206, 261, 110, 135)
Northwich (F. En S.: W. 1 : pop. 18) (c), Apr. 10, Aug. 2, Dec. ${ }^{6}(135,355,446)$
Over ( $W$. $1: p o p .7$ ), 1 W. af. May 12, ist W. af. Sep. 20. Runcorn, Whit. M. \& T. (pop. 16), rst week in Nov. (135, 165)

Sandbach (Th. \& S.: T. 1: pop. 6), Eas. T., Dec. 28, 1 Th. af. Sep. 11 . $(356,135,110)$
Stockport (F. © S. : Th. I: pop. 79), Jan. 1, Mar. 4 \& 25, May 1 , Jy. $9,0 \mathrm{Oct}{ }^{23}$ (c). (356, 355, 358, 165, 446, 110)

Tarporley (Th. : W. 2 : pop. 3), May i, Aug. i, Dec. 11, i M. af. Aug. 24. (127)
Tattenhall (F.: W. 4 : pop. 1), May 18, Nov. 21 (c). (347, 88)

Winsford (S. : W. : : pop. ro), May 8, Nov. 25. $(446,135)$

## CORNWALL.

Bodmin (S. : (c) I M. cv. mo. : W. 4 : pop. 5), Jan. 25, T. \& W. b. Whit Sn., Jy. 6, Dec. 6. ( $210,34,256$ )
Callington' $W$. \& S.: Th. 5 : pop. 2). $(210,257)$
Camborne (S.: Th. 2: pop. 15), Mar. 7, Whit T. Ju. ${ }^{29}$, Nov. IT. ( $210,241,256$ )
Camelford ( $F$.: W. 4 : pop. 5 ), F. af. Mar. 10, May 26, y. 17 , Sep. 6, 2 F. Nov. (257, 210 ) East Looe (W. © S.: pop. 1), Feb. 13, Jy. 10, Sep. 4, Oct. 10. Falmouth (S., T. \& Th.: May 7, Aug. 7, Oct. 10: pop. 12), Jy. 27, Oct. 10. (34, 210, 241,256)
Fowey (S.: W. 1: pop. 2), Shrove T., May i, Sep. 10. (20, 241, 258, 210)
Helston ( $W_{\text {. }}$ © S.: F. 1 : pop.


Launceston (W. on S.: last W. in mo. (c): Th. $\mathrm{x}:$ pop. 4), I Th. Mar., 3 Th. Apr., Whit M., Nov. 17, Dec. 6. (210, 256, 257, 271)
Liskeard (S.: W. I : pop. 4), Oct. 2, (c) 2 M. in every mo. except Oct. (210, 34, 241, 256
Lostwithiel (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 1), May 6, Jy. io, Sep. 4, Nov. ${ }_{13}$ (c), 3 T. in mo. ( 210 )
Marazion (S.: W. $1: p o p .1)$, Sep. 29. (210)
Newquay ( $F .: W$ I $:$ pop. 3). (210, 241, 256)
Padstow (S.: W. 3: pop. 2),Tu. in May, nearest May i. (210)
Penryn (S.: Th. $2: p o p .3$ ), Mar. 8, May $13, \mathrm{Jy} .8$, Oct. 8, Dec. 21. (210, 241, 34)
Penzance ( $T$., Th. © $S . \therefore F$. : : pop. ${ }^{13}$ ), Mar. 25, Sep. 8. (210, 34, 258, 241)
Redruth (T., F. \& $S$.: Th. 3: pop. 10), Eas. T., May 2, 30, Aug. 3, Oct. 12. (210, 241, 256)

St. Austell (F. \& S.: Th. 1 : op. 3), Th. b. Eas., Whit. Th., F. af. Jy. ${ }^{23}, \mathrm{~F}$. aft. Oct. ${ }^{16, \text { Nov. 30. ( } 210,240,}$ 241, 256)
St. Blazey (S.: Th. 4 : pop. 2), Feb. 2, Jy. 5.
St. Columb (Th., F.: W. 3 : pop. 7), Mar. in \& 20, Nov. 20. (210, 241)
St. Germans (F. : W. $5:$ pop. 2), May 28.
St. Ives (pop. 7), S. b. Advent. (210, 241, 256)
Stratton (T. \& S.: Th. $4:$ pop. 3), Apr. 23 (c), May 19, Nov. 8, Dec. 11, 12, 13. \{210, 257, 355)

Truro (W. \& S.: F. $1:$ 加. 12 ), W. af. Mid. Lent, Whit W., Nov. 19, Dec. 3. (210, 256, 241)

Wadebridge ( $F .: W .{ }_{3}$ :pop. 2), ${ }_{2}^{2}$ T. ea. m., Ju. 22. (210, 241)

West Looe (W. \& S.: pop. i), May 6.

## CUMBERLAND.

Abbey Holme ( $W$ : : pop. 5), Oct. 29 (h), T. b. Whit. Sn.
Alston (s.: T. ${ }^{1}:($ pop. 3), 3 S. Mar., last Th. May, Sat. on or b. Sep. 27, i Th. Nov. (231, 94)
Brampton ( $W::$ Th. I : pop. 7), Apr. 20, Trin. W., Ju. 19, last W. Jy. ${ }^{2}$ W. Sep., Oct. 23. (94, 478)
Carlisle (W. \& S. S. Th. 12 : pop. 45), S. nearest Nov. 11, S . b. Whit. Sn. (hi), Aug. 26 \& 5 foll. days, Sep. 19. (231, 94, 235, 478)
Cockermouth (M.: Th. I : pop. 5), Feb. 2, 18, W. af. Apr. 16 ${ }_{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{W}$. May $\& \mathrm{ev}$. alt. W. till Ju. 30, Whit. M., Aug. 2, ${ }^{1}$ W. af. Sep. 20,2 W. Oct., Nov. 11. (84, 231, 478)

Egremont (5.: T. 12 : pop. 6), Feb. 17, 3 F. May, Sep. 18, Nov. $11.3(458,195,478)$
Keswick (S.:-W. 1 Oct. to Ju.: pop. 4), iS. Jan., Oct. ir, S. af. Oct. 29, Whit. S., Martinmas S. $(231,193,478)$

Longtown, Th. b. Whit. S. (231)

Marsport (T. © F. : pop. 12), F. b. Whit. Sn., Nov. 12. (94, 458, 478)
Penrith (T. \& S.: Th. $1: \neq \neq{ }^{2}$ 9), Feb. 21, Shrove T. (231, 458, 193, 478)
Ravenglass, May 6, Ju. 8, Aug. 5. (195)

Wigton (T. \& S.: Th. i : pop. 4), Feb. 20, Apr. 5. (195, 231, 478)
Workington (W. \&o S.: Th. 1 : pop. 26), W. af. Whit. \& Martinmas. (195, 94, 235, 478)

## DERBYSEIRE.

Alfreton (F. : W. 1 : pop. 17), Jy. 3I, Nov. 24, 25. (247, 382)
Ashborn ( $S$.: (c) ev. alt. Tk: $W .:$ pop. 4), Feb. 13, May 21, Aug. 16, Oct. 20, Nov. 29, Dec. 15; (ch) 2 T. Mar., 1 T. Sep., T. b. Nov. 11. (206, 86, 247)
Ashover, Apr. 25, Oct. 15, M. b. Martinmas. (247)

Bakewell (M. \& $F$.: Th. 1 : pop. 3), Eas. M., Whit. M., M. b. Aug. 26, M. af. Oct. 10, M. af. Nov. ir. $(247,426)$

Belper ( $S .: W$. 1.30: pop. i1), Th. \& F. nearest Oct. ${ }^{\text {oth }}$. (247, 382, 135)
Buxton (S.: W. $1: p o p .10$ ), Apr. I, May 2, Oct. 28, M. b ${ }^{2}$ W. Sep. ( $247,355,426$, 358)

Castleton, 3 W. Mar., Apr. 21, I W. Oct., 3 W. Nov. (247)
Chapel-en-le-Frith ( x Th. in mo.: pop. 12), Jy. 7. (247, 355)
Chesterfield ( $S .: W$. I : pop. 27), Jan. 27, Peb. 28, I S. Apr., 25. (247, 424, 427, 94, 425)

Crich (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 3), Apr. 6, Oct. II, y M. in Jan. (135)
Derby (T. E F.:W. $1: p o p$. ${ }^{106}$, F. af. Jan. 6, Jan. 25, Mar. 25, F. af. May 1 , F. Eas. \& Whit. F. ${ }^{1}$ T. Feb., Apr., Ju., Aug., Oct., Dec. (159, $135,247,94,206,86,360$ )
Dronfield ( $W .1$. $: p o p .4$ ), Apr. 5, Nov. 3. (426)
Glossop, May 6, W. (pop. 21), Oct. ro. (356, 355)
Hartington, Nov. 26. (247)
Hayfield, May 12, Oct. 1o. (355)
Higham, W. af. Jan. 1.
Hope (last W. in mo.), May 13. (247)

Ilkeston (Th. \&o S.: W. 1 : pop. 25). (382, 431, 247, 360)

Kirk Ireton, 2 W. Apr., Oct. 5 -
Matlock (alt. Th. Th. 5: pot, 6), Мау 9. (247, 426, 185)

Newhaven, T. b. 2 W. Sep. (pop. 6), Oct. 30. (91)
New Mills, last S. Apr. \& Oct. (pop 8). (355)
Ripley (S. : W. 1 : pop. 10), Th., F. \& S. nearest Oct. 23, Eas. W. ( 247,382 )

Tideswell ( $W$. $:$ pop. 2), Mar. 24, May 15, 2 W. in Sep., Oct. 29. (855)

Wirksworth (T.: W. 2 : pot. 4) Shrove T., Eas. T., 2 T. May, ${ }_{2}$ T. Jy., ${ }^{2}$ T. Sep., 3 T. Nov. (366, 247)

## DEVONSHIRE.

Ashburton (S.: W. $2:$ pop. 3), Mar. 1, Ju. 7, Aug. ${ }^{14}$, Nov. 13. (256, 34)

Axminster (T., Th. \& S. : W. 2: pop. 4, Apr. 27, Oct. 13. (463, 256)
Bampton, Whit. T. (pop. 2), last W. Nov. (441)
Barnstaple ( $1:$ \& $F$ :: $W_{2}$ 2: pop. 14), W. b. Sep. 20. (256, 271, 127, 463)
Bishops Nympton, M. b. Oct. 25, 3 M. in Apr.
Bideford, gt. market (pop. 9 ), Mar. 13, May 1, Sep. 18.Feb. 14 (c), Jy. 18 (c), Nov. 13 . (256, $271,127,463$ )
Bovey Tracey (W. 5: pop. 2), Eas.M.,Holy Th. Jy.7. (463).
Bow (3 M. in alt. mos. comme. Jan. : pop. 2), Holy Th., Nov. 22.

Bratton Fleming, Aug. 19.
Brent (last T. Feb., Aug. \&o Nov.: W. 5 : pop. 1), last Th. Apr. \& last T. Sep.
Bridestowe, I W. Ju., Jy. 29.
Broadclyst, i M. Apr. \& Sep.
Broadhembury, 2 M. Dec., Nov. 30.
Broadworthy (3 M. alt.), Sep. o.
Buckfastleigh (F.: T. $2:$ pop. 3), 3 Th. Ju., \& 2 Th. Sep.
Chagford (S.: pop. I), last Th. Mar.. ITh. May. (260, 463)
Chawleigh, May 6, Eas. T., Mayl 16, Dec. 11.
Chudleigh ( $S .:$ pop. 6), Eas. T., $22 \& 23$ Ju., Oct. 2. (463)
Chulmeigh ( $F .: F_{1} 1:$ pop. 1 ), Apr. 28, Jy 28 . (127, 271)
Churchingford, Jan. 25, last $F$. Apr.
Colyton, 3 T. Apr., $z$ T. Oct. (463)

Crediton (S.: W. 4: pop. 4). (256, 271,127 )
Cullompton (i $W$. mo. : Th. 5 : pot. 4), ${ }^{1}$ W. May \& Nov. (256,127,441)
Cornwood, 4M. Sep.
Dartmouth ( $F .-(\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{I}_{2} T .:$ pop. 6). (304, 347, 127, 86)
Dawlish (Th. 2 : pop. 4), Eas. M.. \& 3 M. ea. mo. $(84,256)$

Ermington, Feb. 2, Ju. 24.
Exeter (T.\& F.: W. \& S. 2 $\mathrm{S}_{5}$ : pop. 47), 3 W. Feb. \& May, last W. Jy., 2 W. Dec. (256, 271, 127, 420, 468, 186)

Gt. Torrington (S.: pop. 3), ${ }^{\text {T}}$ Th. May \& 2 Oct., and 2 foll. days in ea. case. (127, 271, 256)

Hatherleigh (T.: W. I: pop. 3). (260)

Holsworthy (W.: Th. 4 : pop. 1), Jy. 9, 10, 11, 12: 3 W. ea. other mo., esp. Apr. \& Oct. (256, 257, 271)
Honiton (S.:' 2 S. Apr. \&o S. b. Oct. 18, gt. market.: Th. 2: pop. 3), W. \& Th. af Jy. 19 (127, 256)
Kingsbridge (pot. 3), Jy. 20 or I 'Th. af. (86, $256,463,304$ )
Modbury (Th.: W. 2: pop. 2), 2 M . in mo., May 4 \& foll. days. (256, 304)
Moretonhampstead ( $T::$ pop. 1), ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{S}$. Ju., Jy. 18, Nov. 30. $(260,463)$
Newton Abbot ( $W$.: Th. 2, pop. ${ }^{12}$ ), Ju. 24, W. af. Sep. ${ }^{\text {II }}$ Nov. 6. (34, 256, 304,463)
North Tawton (Th.: W. ${ }^{4}{ }^{4}$.
pop. 2), I T. in Dec. (260)
Okehampton (S.: W. ${ }^{4}$ : pot. 3 ), Mar. 23. (127, 260, 256)
Ottery S. Mary ( $T^{2 h}:{ }^{\prime} F_{i} 2$ : pop. 3), last T. Mar., 3 T. Sep. $(99,256)$
Plymouth (T., Th., S.: W. $\boldsymbol{\text { I }}$ : pop. 107), 1 M. \& T. Apr. \& Nov. (210,10,34,241,256, 304, 127, 483, 136)
Plympton S. Mary (i M.: W. 2 : pop. 4), i M. ea. mo.
Sampford, M. b. last W. Apr.
Sidbury, W. b. Sep. 20.
Sidmouth (Ev. d.: Th. 4: pot. 4), Eas. M., 3 M. Sep. (256, 98)

Silverton, 2 Th.Feb., ${ }^{2}$ Th. in Jy.
S. Brent, last T. Feb., Aug. \& Nov.
S. Molton (Th. \&o S.: W. 3: pop. 3), W. b. Ju. 22, W. af. Aug. 25. (256, 271, 127)
 pop. 5), 2 W. mo. ( I in Dec.). (256, 257, 271)
Teignmouth (Ev. d.: pop. 9), 3 T. Jan., last Th. Feb., Sep. 29. (127, 256, 34, 463)

Tiverton (T.: Th. 2: pop. 10), ${ }^{\text {I Th. Ju., }}$ I Th. Oct. (127, 441, 256, 271)
Torquay (poop. 34). (256, 463, 127, 86, 94)
Totnes (Ev. d.: Th. 2: pop. 4), May 12 to 14, Oct. 28.' (127, 256, 304)
Uffculme, 2 M. alt. mo. from Apr. to Dec. $(271,441)$
Witheridge ( pop. 6), last Th. but one in Apr., Th. af. Ju. $24 \&$ Sep. 2I, I W. \& Th. Nov. (127, 271)

## DORSETSHIRE

Beaminster (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Sep. 19. (463)
Blandford (5.: Th. $2:$ pop. 4), Mar. 7, S. b. Jy. 10 Sep.
(c), Nov. 8 (c).
$(127,463)$

Bridport (W. \& S. : pop. O), Apr. 6, Oct. 11 . $(463,256)$
Corfe Castle (pop. 2), May 12, Oct. 29. (48S)
Dalwood, W. af. Aug. ${ }^{3}$
Dorchester (W. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 9), Feb. 14, Jy. 6, Aug. 6, Sep. 29, Oct. 25. (34, 441, 468, 256)
Gillingham (Alt. M. next 31 ca. mo.: Th. 3, Smr. 4: pop. Sh Trin. M., Sep. 13. (408, 44), 127)

Lyme Regis ( $T$. EN F.: Th. 4 : Aop. 2), I T. Feb., Feb ${ }^{1}$
Oct. 2 \& I T. Oct. (463)
Poole (Th: W. $2:$ pop. 12) May I, Nov. 2. (127, 46s, 256)

Portland (W. 2 : pop.15), Nov. 5 (34, 468)
Shaftesbury (S.: W. 2 : pok it S. b. Palm Sn., last S. Aug. Nov. 23. ( 127,468 )
Sherborne ( $T .: W .2:$ Pot. 61 Jy. 26, mo. af. Oct. 10 (127, 463)

Shroton, Sep. 25, 26.
Stalbridge ( $T h .: W .4:$ pot. is May 6, Sep. 4. (127, 4,3)
Sturminster (Alt. W.: Th : : pop. 6), May 12, Oct. 24 $(468,127)$
 pop. 2), ${ }^{3}$ Th. Apr., $~ \& ~ T: ~$ Sep. ( 127,463 )
Weymouth ( $\mathrm{VV}^{2}$ 2: pop. rg $(34,441,468,256)$
Wimbome Minster ( $F$.: pop. $\downarrow$ $(468,127)$
Woodbury Hill, Sep. 21, 22
Yetminster (Th. 4: \$op. ; Apr. 27, Oct. 5.

## DURHAY.

Barnard Castle ( $W_{\mathrm{I}}^{\mathrm{:}}: F_{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{I}: \mathrm{N}$ 4), Eas W. Whit. W. If 22. (27, 377, 127, 478 Bishop Auckland (Th: ${ }^{\text {H: }}$ op. 12), Holy Th., Th. Oct. II. ( $27,127,877,4$ Darlington (M. © pop. 44), IM. Mar., Ens. Whit.M., Nov. 10 . (27,12 398, 478, 377, 480)
Durham (F: W, ${ }^{1}$ : Aop, last F. Mar., F. b. May F. b. Sep. $16, F_{1}$ on or Nov. 23. (27, 127, 87 86, 478)
Hartlepool (S.: Aph. 23), м 14, Aug. 21, Oct. 9 , Nor. (27, 187, 478)
Houghton-le-Spring ( $F, \&$ pop. 8), Oct. 8 \& 9 ( 877.2
W. Hartlepool (S.), May Aug. $2 \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{Oct} 9 \mathrm{Nov}$. (94, 377, 27, 478, 187
Middleton (S. mox thly: pep last F. Feb., 1 Th. Mar.
Apr. (27, $855,446,160)$
S. Shields (S. ${ }^{W}$. $1: 4$ W.b. \& af. May $1 i^{\text {ctop }}$ (127, 27, 877, 47, 3

Stanhope (W. S. \& occasly, M.:W. $12:$ pop. 2), 2 F. Sep. (478)

Stockton-upon-Tees (W. \& S. : Th. is pop. 5 I ), last W. in mo. (c), W. b. May $13, \mathrm{Jy}$.18 , Nov.23. $(27,127,377,478)$

## ESSEX.

Bardfield (W. $6: p o p .1$ ), Ju. 22. Braintree (W.: Th. 2: pop. 5), May $8 \& 9$, Oct. 2, 3. (91, 27) Brentwood (Th. 2: pop. 5). $(91,27)$
Chelmsford ( $F .: W .1: p o p .13$ ). $(91,27)$
Chigwell, Sep. 30.
Coggeshall ( $W_{.} 2$ : pop. 3), Whit. T. \& W. $(91,27)$
Colchester (S.: Th. 2 Apr. to Sep. : pop. 38), Oct. 20 \& 3 foll. dys. (S. Denis Fair). (91, $27,135,34$ )
Epping ( $F .: W .2: p o p .4$ ), Whit. T., Oct. 11, Nov. 13, 14. (27)

Halstead (S. \& ı T. mo: : pop.6). (91, 27)
Harlow (W. 5 : pap. 3), Nov. 28. Ingatestone ( $W .4$ : pop. 1), Dec. 1.
Latchington ( $W .5$ ), Aug. 27.
Maldon (T.: $W .{ }_{2}$ : pop. 5), ${ }^{1}$ Th. May, Sep. 13, $14 .(91$, 27)

Rayleigh (W. 2: pop. 1), Trin. M.
Rochford (Th.: pop. 3), Eas. T., W. af. Sep. 29. (91)

Saffion Walden ( $T$. \& $S$ : Th. 2 : pop. 6), S. b. \& I F. \& S. at. Mid-lent, i S. Nov. (91, 27, 270)
Thaxted (T. 5: pop. 2), M. b. Whit., Aug. no.
Waltham Abbey (T.: Th. 2. : pop. 1), May 14, Sep. 24, 25, 26.

## GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

Berkeley (i W. ca. mo.: W. 2 : pop. 6), May 14, Dec. 14. (127)

Bisley (pop. 5), May 4, Nov. 12. Blakeney (Th. 2 : pop. 1), May 12, Nov. 12.
Bristol (S. Ev Th.: W. 2. : pop. 329), Mar. 3 \& Sep. 6 ( 94 , $34,10,96,86,99,136$, $115,127,441,463)$
Jampden (last W. mo.: Th. 3 : pop. 2), last W. mo. \& Ash W. Theltenham (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 49), 1 \& 2 weeks Oct., 2 Th. Apr., Holy Th., Aug. 5, 3 Th. Dec. (86, 127, 463, 94, 34)

Thipping Sodbury (i \& 3 T.: pop. 1), F. b. Mar. 25, Sep. 29. (127)

Virencester (M.: Th. 2 : pop. 8), Eas. M., 1 M. Sep., 2 \& 3 M. Oct. (34, 86, 463)
ンoleford ( $F$.: Th. 1 : pop. 3), Ju. 20 (w). (34)
)ursley (Th.: W. 4: pop. 2), May 6, Dec. 4. $(86,127)$

Gloucester (M. \&o S.: Th 2: pop. 48), 1 S. Apr. Jy., Sep. 28, last S. Nov. (34, 86, $127,463,94$ )
Lechlade (last T: : Th. 3: pop. 1), Sep. 9. (86)
Newent ( 1 . mo.: pop. 2), F. af. Sep. 19 (onion). (34)

Northleach ( $W_{.}$: Th.: pop. I), W. b. \& af. Oct. in.

Stow-on-the-Wold (Tht: W. I: pop. 1), May 11, 12, Oct. 24 . (34)

Stroud ( $F .: T h .2: p o p .9$ ), May 10, Aug. 21. $(34,86,463)$
Tetbury (W.: Th. 2: pop. 2), Ash W., Jy. 22. (86)
Tewkesbury ( $W .: T h .4$, pop. 5), Oct. 1о. (343, 37, 205, 34)
Thornbury (2 W. mo.: Th. 5:
pop. 4). (136)
Winchcomb (S.: Th. 2: pop. 3), last S. Mar., S. b. \& af. Oct. 11, Jy. 28. (86)
Winterburn, Ju. 29, Oct. 18.
Wootton-under-Edge ( $F .: W_{1} 2$ : pop. 3), Sep. $25 .(86,127)$

## HAMPSHIRE.

Alresford (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 2), last Th. Jy. (136, 34)
Alton (T.: Wed. 4: pop. 5), Sep. 29, last S. Apr. $(136,34)$ Andover ( $F .:$ pop. 7), Nov. 17 (c), last F. Ju. $(34,91)$

Appleshaw, Oct. 6-9, Nov. 4.
Basingstoke (W. \&oS.: Th. 4
pop. 1о), Jy. 13 \& Oct. 11. (34, 91, 423)
Beaulieu, Apr. ${ }^{15}$, Sep. 4.
Botley (Alt. M.: pop. 1), T. b. Shrove T.
Eling, Jy. 5 .
Fordingbridge (Th. 2: pop. 3), Sep. 6. (463)
Gosport (Th. S.: W. 4: pop. 29), May 4, Oct. io. (34, $86,96)$
Hartley (Th. 4 : pop. 2), Dec. 4. (91)

Lymington ( $W$. 2: pop. 4),
May 12, 13 , Oct. 2 \& 3. (463, 34)

Lyndhurst (W. 4i pop. 2), Aug. 9. (287, 463)
Odiham (T.: W. 3: pop. 2), S. Mid-lent. (34)

Overton (T. 5 : pop. 2), Jy. 18.
Petersfield (Alt. W.: Th. 3 : pop. 3), Jу. 1о. (91, 34)
Ringwood (W.: Th. $2:$ pop. 4), Jy. 10, 11, Dec. 11, 12. (127, 463)

Romsey (Th.: W. 1 : pop. 4), Eas. T., Aug. 26, Nov. 8. $(34,463)$
Stockbridge, Jy. io.
Southampton ( $F$ : : pop. 105), Trin. M. (34, 127, 86, $4.63,94)$
Weyhill, 2 Th. Apr., last F. Jy., Oct. 1o \& 5 following days.
Wherwell, Sep. 24.
Wickham (W. $4:$ pop. x), May 20. (190)

## HEREFORDSHIRE.

Brampton, Ju. 21, 22 (h). (248)

Bromyard (Th.: T. 2: pop. 2), Mar. 25, May 1, 3, Whit. M., Sep. 29, 2 M. Dec., Th. b. Oct. 29. $(205,127)$
Hereford ( $W$. $\& 5 .: T / 2.2$ : pop. 21), 3 W. Oct., I W. \& Th. af, May 2, W. af. Feb. 2, W. af. Eas., $\boldsymbol{x}$ W. Jy., 3 W., Aug., 2 W. Dec. $(206,34$, $127,86)$
Kingsland, Oct. 1 r.
Kington (T.: Th. 2: pop. 2), T. b. Feb. 2, 2 T. Mar., T. Eas. wk., May 11, I T. Ju., 2 T. Jy., 3 T. Aug., Sep. 18, 19, T. b. Oct. ro, T, b. Nov. 13, 3 T. Dec. $(206,255)$
Ledbury ( T.: Th. 2 : pop. 3), 2 T. every mo. (34, 127)
Leominster ( $F .:$ Th. 1; pop. 6), Feb. 13, T. af. Mid-lent Sn., May 2, 2 F. Ju., Jy. io, Aug. 4, Sep. 4, M. b. 3 wk. Oct., Nov. 8, F. af. Dec. in. (127, 206, 86)
Longtown, Apr. 29, Sep. 21. (231)

Ross (alt. Th.: T. 2: pop. 3), Mar. 17, May 12, Ju. 9, Jy. 7 , Oct. 13, Dec. 8. (34, 127, 86)
Weobley, May 8. (86)
Wigmore, May 6, Aug. 5.

## HERTFORD.

Baldock ( $F$ : : Th. 2: pop. 2), last Th. May, Aug. 5, Oct. 2, 3, Dec. II. (34)
Berkhampstead (W. \&o $S$. : Th. 2: pop. 16). $(91,136)$
Hatfield (Th. 2: pop. 4), Apr. 23 , Oct. 18.
Hemel Hempstead (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 11), Holy Th., 3 M. Sep. (91, 236, 86, 222)
Hertford (S.: Th. 2: pop. 9), ${ }_{3}$ S. b. Eas., May 12, Jy. 5, Nov. 8. $(\mathbf{9 1}, 27)$
Hitchin (T: W. 2 : pop. 10), Eas. T., Whit T. $(91,27)$
Hoddesdon ( $W .: p o p .5$ ), Ju. 29.
Redbourn ( $W .5$ ), I W. af. Jan. r, W. in Eas. \& Whit. wk.
Rickmansworth (W. 5 , pop. 6), Nov. 24. (91)
Royston (W.: Th. 4 : pop. 4), W. \& Th. af. Oct. Ir, Ash W., W. Eas. \& Whit, wks. $(27,270)$
Sawbridgeworth (Th. 2; pop. 2), Apr. 23, Oct. 20. (27)
Tring (F.: W. $1:$ pop. 4), Eas. M., Oct. Ir. (136)

Watford (T.: pop. 29), Trin. Th., May 12, Aug. 31. (91, 99, 86, 222)

## HUNTLNGDON.

Earith, May 4, Jy. 25, Nov. r.
Godmanchester ( $\dot{W}^{25} .5:$ pop. 2), Eas. T. \& W.
Huntingdon (S.: W. $2:$ pop. 4), T. b. Eas., 2 T. in May, S. b. Oct. 11,3 S. Nov. ( 91,27 )

Kimbolton ( $F$.: pop. 1), Eas. F., Whit F., Dec. 1 I.

Ramsey (W.: Th. $4:$ pop. 5), Jy. 22, 23, 24. (127, 27 )
St. Ives (M.: Th. 2: pop. 3), Whit M., Oct. II, 12. (270, 91, 27)
St. Neots (Th. : T. $2:$ pop. 4), Holy Th., 3 Th. af. Holy Th., Th. af. Oct. 11. $(91,27)$
Somersham (W. 5 : pop. 1), Ju. 23, 24.

## KENT.

Appledore (Th. 4 : pop. 1), Ju. 22.
Ashford (T. : pop. 13), 3 T. Aug. $(91,86)$
Benenden (W.4:pop. 2), May 15.
Bromley (Th.: pop. 27), Feb. 14, Aug. 5. (91, 111 , 94)
Canterbury (alt. M., fat stk.: S. lean: Th. 1. : pop. 25). (299, 91, 347, 86)
Chatham (W. д: pop. 4I), May 15. $(91,96,34,86)$
Cranbrook (alt. ${ }^{3}$ W.: Th. 4: pop. 4), May 30, Sep. 29. (91)
Dartford (pop. 19), Aug. 2, 3. (91, 111)
Deal(T. ©S. : pop. 11), Apr. 5, Oct. 1o. $(127,86)$
Dover (S. : W. 5 : pop. 42), Nov. 22. $(91,127,86,34)$

Farningham (3 W.: Th. 2 : pop. I), Oct. 15 .
Faversham (W. © S.: c, 2 \& 4 T.: pop. 11), Oct. 11, 12, 13 . (91, 136)
Gravesend (S.: W. 4 : pop. 27), Oct. 24. (91, 96)
Maidstone ( 2 \& last T. each mo.: Th. \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 34). Feb. 13, May 12 , Ju. 20, Oct. 17 . $(91,459,86)$
Malling, Nov. 17.
Margate ( $S_{.}$: Th. 5 : pop. 23). (86, 91, 94, 135)
New Romney ( $p o p$. r), Aug. 21, 22. (86)

Queenborough (pop. 2), Aug. 5,6.
Rochester (4 T.: W. i: pop. 31), May 30, Aug. 30, Dec. 11. (91, 96)
Sandhurst ( $W .4, p o p .1$ ), May 25.
Sandwich (W. co, alt. M. c pop. 3). $(91,127)$
Sittingbourne (i \& 3 W.: pop. 9), Whit. M. T. W., Oct. 10, II. ( 91,111 )

Strood ( $W .2$ : pop. 6), Aug. 26-30.
Tenterden ( $F$. ; $W .:$ pop. 3), I M. May, I F. Sep. (a). $(91,86)$
Tonbridge (T.: W. 4 : pop. 10), last F. Oct. (86, 91)
Tunbridge Wells ( $F$.: W. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 33). (27, 79, 91, 86)
Whitstable ( $W .1$ : p. 5 ; pop. 7), Th. b. Whit. Sn. (299)

## LANCASHIRE.

Accrington (pop. 43), ITh. Apr.\& Aug. (330, 355, 356, 446, 110 )

Ashton-under-Lyne (M. \& F.: T. 1: pop. 44), Mar. 23, Apr. 29, Jy. 25, 26, 27, Nov. 21-23, 2 Th. ea. mo. (183, 358, 355, 135, 856, 446, 110)
Blackburn (W. - S. : Th. i: pop. 128), Eas. M., May 11, 12 . (86, 330, 355, 356, 358, 94, 101, 81)
Bolton (Ev. d. exc. W. : W. 1 : pop. 168), 2 W. Jan., last W. Jy. \& day follg., 2 W . \& Th. Oct. (355, 356, 358, 135, 94, 446, 165, 110 )
Burnley (M.S.: T. 1 : pop. 97), Mar. 6, Eas. eve., 2 Th. Jy., Oct. II. (246, 330, 355, 446, 94, 358 )
Bury (S.: T. 1 : pop. 58), Mar. 5 , May 3 , Sep. 18. (330, 356, 446, 165, 110)
Carnforth (pop. 3), Apr. 29. (331)
Chipping, I W. Oct., Apr. 23.
Chorley (pop. 27), Mar. ${ }^{26}$, May 5, Aug. 20, Oct. 21. (331, 94, 165, 355)
Clitheroe (S. \& alt. M. : W. i : pop. 11), Mar. 21-26, Aug. 1, 2, 3, Oct. 21-25, Dec. 7, 8. (246, 355, 94)
Colne ( $W . \mathcal{S}^{\circ} S .: T$. $1:$ pop. 23), commencing 2 Th. Mar., May, Oct. \& Dec. $(246,355,446)$
Croston (pop. 2), M. b. Shove T., M. af. Oct. 12.

Dalton-in Furness (S. \& M. : W. 1: pop, 13), Apr. 28, Ju. 6, Oct. 23. $(248,331)$
Garstang (Th.: pop. 1), Nov. 22 \& 23. (94)
Great Harwood ( $F$ : : pop. 12), May 17, Aug. 21. (380, 355)
Gisburn (alt. M., Sep. 18, Eas. $M_{1}:$ pph. 2). $\quad(355,246)$
Haslingden ( $T$. \& $S .: W$. 1 : pop. 19), Feb. 2, May 8, Jy. 4, Oct. 2. (856, 330, 110)
Heywood (F.: pop. ${ }^{25}$ ), 1 F. Apr.,Aug. \& Oct. (380, 356, 446, 110 )
Hornby (T. fortly., Jy. to Dec.).
Kirkham ( $W$. $12: p o p$. 4), Feb. 4, Apr. 28, Oct. ${ }^{18}$. (94)
Lancaster ( $W$., S.: $W$. I: pop. 40). Jy. 5, 6, 7, Oct. 10, 1I, 12, May I, z, 3, F. \& S. b. 1 M. in New Year. (331, 94, 198)
Leigh (S. © occ. fortly. : T. I: pop. 40), Apr. 24, Dec. 7. (135, $356,446,355,165,110$ )
Liverpool (M., W., S. $\because$ Th. I: pap. 685), I M. af. Feb. 5, I M. af. May 1, last M. Aug., r M.af. Nov.20, Jy.25, Nov. ir. (135, 477, 10, 193, 47, 94, 356, 127, 376, 330, 110 , 18a, 86)
Manchester (pop. 544). (93,439, 127, 94, 165, 330, 348, 358, 252, 446, 355, 356, 135, $31,110,86,385,121$ )
Mossley ( 5 . : pop. 13), Oct. (last M.), Ju. 21. $(356,355,110)$ Newburgh, Ju. 21.
Newchurch (T. 1: pop. 4), Apr. 29.

Oldham (T., F. \& S. : T. 12: pop. 137 ) ( $856,855,94,446$, 358,110 )
Ormskirk (Th. \&o S.: W. i:for. 7), Whit M. \&T., \& Sep.ig, II. (356, 135, 94, 165, 110 )
Prescot ( $S$. \& alt. Tw. from Shr. T. to I T. May:Th 1: pop. 8). (135, 165)
Preston (W., F. \& S.: Th. 1: pop. 113), Mar. 27. (831, 355, 94, 165, 330)
Radcliffe ( $F .: W .1: p o t$. 25 ) Apr. 29, 30, Sep. 28 \& 24 $(330,185,446)$
Rochdale (M. \& S. : T. 1 : do 83), May 14, Whit. T., Nor. $i$. ( $330,356,446,94,165,110)$
Stalybridge ( $E_{v .}$ d. : T. I: pot 28), last M. Apr., Jan, Jr., Oct. $(856,358,110,355,185)$
Todmorden ( $W$. $\mathcal{E}$, $S_{.} \cdot T . \mathrm{z}$. oph. 25), Good F. (380, 296, 356, 110)
Ulverston (Th. \& S.: F. : pop. 10), T. b. I whole wh Jan., T. b. Eas., Whit. Th ( $831,183,248,94$ )
Upholland, Eas. M.
Warrington (W. \& S.: Th. \$0p. 64), Jy. 17, 19, Now. 22 $(380,356,185,446,124$ 110)

Wigan (F.: W. I: pop. t: Holy Th. \& foll. days, jh 27, Oct. 28,29 . ( 135,356 $355,165,110)$

## LEICESTHERSHIRB.

Ashby de la Zouch (S.: 1 pop. 5), Eas. T., W., ie (185, 94, 395, 86)
Belton, M. af. Trin wk.
Hinckley (M. \& S.:Tk. pop. 1I), Eas. M., Whit. ${ }^{2}$ Aug. 26. (94, 395, 135
Kegworth (W. 4 : pop. 2). $F=$ 18, Eas. M., April 30, Jy
Oct. 10. $(382,384)$
Leicester (W. \& $S .: T h$ pop.212), Mar. 2,S. b. Palxis S. Eas. wk, Jy. 5 Dec : $(94,127,881,86,36$ $486,135,860$ )
Lutterworth (Th. : F. z: Ans. Feb. 16, Apr. 2, Hols $T$ ( $395,360,185$ )
Market Bosworth (W.: I pop. 1), May 8, Jy. 10, 11. (9)
Market Harboro (T.: T2. pop. 8), Jan. 6, Feb. io, 29, 30, 2 \& last T. Jy.. 19. $(94,436)$

Melton Mowbray (T.E-S. 2:pop.7), M.\&T.foll. Jan. r: Whit. Wk., Aug. 21, Sefi (135, 94, 486, 396, 86)

## IINCOINSHMR.

Alford (T. : Th. 2: pop. a. YY
T., Jy. 31, Aug. 24. Sep

Nov. 8. (84, 436, $94^{4}$
Barton (M. : pop. 6), Thi
(478)

Belton, Sep. 25 (llax). (4)

Boston (W. \& S. : Th. 2 : pop. ${ }^{16)}$, May 4, 5, I W. Aug., Sep. 15, Nov. 18-20, Dec. 11 . (34, 344, 127, 436)
Bourne (Tk.: T. 2: pop. 4), i Th. Apr., Th.af. May $5, \&$ last Th. Sep. \& Oct. (436, 397)
Brigg (Th.: W. $2:$ pop. 3), 2 Th. Apr., Aug. 5. ( 430,344 )
Burgh (alt. Thi Smr.: pop. i), 2 Th. May, Sep. 26. $(34,344,486)$ Caistor (S.: pop. 2), F. \& S. b. Palm Sn., S.b. Whit.Sn. \& Sep. 18, F. \& S. af. in Oct. (430, 344)

Caythorpe (pop. 1), 2 F. af Good $\mathbf{F}$.
Corby (pop. 1), M. b. Oct. 11. (436)

Crowland (Th.: W. 3), Sep. 4 Srow (F.: $W .4$ : pop. 3), last M. May, Nov. ${ }^{23 .}$

Donington (Th. : pop. 2), May 26, Sep. 4, Oct. 17. (344)
Epworth (Th.: pop. 2), I Th. af. May 1 , I Th. af. Sep. 29. (344)
?olkingham, Ash W., May 13, Nov. 22.
jainsborough (T. : W. x : pop. ${ }^{18)}$, Eas. T. \& W., \& T. \& W. af. Oct. 20 (344, 480, 159, 424)
irantham (S.: Th. 1 : fop. 17), M., T. \& W. af. 5 Sn. Lent. (159, 436, 430, 838, 94)
irimsby ( $M$. © $F$. : Th. 1 to 4. pop. 63 ), 1 M. Apr., 2 M. Oct. (344, 436, 430, 478, 159) Ieckington (pop. 2), 2 Th. Sep. (397)

Iolbeach (Th: W. $2:$ pop. 5), May 17, Sep. 17, Oct. $11,12$. (27, 436)
Iorncastle ( $S .: W .2: p o p .4$ ), $\mathrm{Ju} .21-22,2 \mathrm{M}$. Aug. \& 3 foll. days, 2 Th. Sep., Oct. 28, 29, .5 Th Lent. (34, 344, 436) :irton (pop. 2), Jy. x8, Dec. 11 . (344)
incoln (F.:-W. 2: pop. 49), last whole wk. Apr., Oct. ${ }^{27}$, Nov. 28. (34, 344, 436, 159, 397, 127)
ong Sutton ( $F .: W .{ }_{2}$ : pop, 3 ), May 13, F. af. Sep. 25. (127, 27)
outh (W.S. : Th. 2 : pop. 10), Apr. 29, 30, Sep. 17, Oct. 22, Nov. 23. (344, 34, 436) [arket Deeping (Th. 4 : pop. 1), 2 W. af. May ir, Oct. ro. [arket Rasen ( $T .:$ Th. 2 : pop. 2), Sep. 25. (344, 159) avenby, Oct. 17.
artney, Aug. $\mathrm{I}, 25$, Sep. 18, 19, W. \& Th. af. Oct. II. (344) altfleet, Oct. 3. (486)
eaford (M. : Th. 2: opop. 5 ), Plough M., Eas. \& Whit. M., Aug. 12, Oct. 20. (344, 397, 159, 438, 430)
palding ( $T .:$ Th. 2 : pop. 9 ), I T. af. last whole wk. Apr., last T. Ju. and Aug., Sep. 25. (34, 127, 436, 344, 397) silsby (M.:T. ${ }^{3}:$ pop. 1), M. af. Jy. 12. $(34,344,436)$

Stamford (M. ©o F.: Th. 2: pop. 8), M., T. b. Feb. 13, M. b. mid. Lent, M. mid. Lent, M. b. May 12, M. af. Corpus Christi, Aug. 5, Nov. 8, 9. (34, 436)
Tattersall (W. 2), Sep. 25.
Wainfleet ( $S .:$ Th. $3:$ pop. 1 ), 3 S. May, Oct. 24- (436)
Wragby, May i, Ser. 28, 29 (c).

## MIDDLESEX.

Brentford (T. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 15), May 17, 18, 19, Sep. 12-14 (91, 466)
Enfield (S. : pop. 43), Nov. 30. $(86,96)$
Edgware, i M., W. Aug. (c).
Hounslow (W. 2: pop. 13), Trin. M., M. af. Sep. 29. (91, 486 )

Isleworth (W. $5:$ pop. 16), i M. Jy. (466)
Uxbridge (Th. \& $S .:$ pop. 9), Mar. 25, Jy. 31, Sep. 29, Oct. 10. $(91,466)$

## LONDON.

London Central Mkts., Farring don St., ev. d., Smithfield, T., Th. \& S. Metropolitan Cattle Mkt., Islington, M., Th. \& F. Leadenhall Mkt., ev. d. Billingsgate Fish Mkt., ev. d. Foreign Cattle Mkt., Deptford, M. \& Th. Borough Fruit \& Veg. Mkt., T., Th. \& S. Covent Garden Veg. Fruit \& Flower Mkt., ev. d. Spitalfields Mkt., T., Th. \& S. Shadwell Fish Mkt., ev. d.

## MONMOUTHSHIRE.

Abergavenny (T., F. \&o S.: Th. 1 : pop. 8), 3 T. Mar., May 14, T. b. Jy. 20, Sep. .25, Nov. 19. (206, 34, 86, 127)
Blaenavòn (S.: Th. $1:$ pop. 11), Apr. 16. (115)
Chepstow (W., S. \&o alt. T.: $W_{.} \mathrm{I}$ : pop. 3), last T. ea. mo. (96, 115, 94)
Christchurch (pop. 1), Nov. 29. (463, 34)
Caerleon (Th. I: pop. 1), May 1, Sep. 2I.
Magor, T. b. Apr. 17 \& Oct. 17.
Monmouth (F. \& S.: Th. I: pop. 5), 2 M. May \& Nov. 22. (34, 127, 86)
Newport ( $W_{\dot{W}}$ or $S$. . Th. I: pop. 67), 2 W. Apr., W. Whit. wk., Ju. 23, 2 W. Aug., i W. Nov. (206, 86, 94, 96, 115, 127)

Pontypool (W. \& S.: Th. ı: pop. 6), Apr. 2, 22, Jy. 5, Oct. 10. (86, 96)
Tredegar (S.: Th. $\mathrm{x}:$ pop. 19), Apr. 19, Sep. 21. (96, 115) Usk (F. \& I M. mo. : W. 2 : pop. I), Apr. 20, Trin. M., Oct. 29, Dec. 16. (96)

## NORFOLK.

Aylsham (T.: W. 5: pop. 3), Mar. 23, last T. Sep. (27)
Cawston, Aug. 28.

Cromer (Th. 2: pop. 4), Whit. M. $(27,34)$

Dereham, East (F. © occ. Th: W. 4: pop. 6), Th. \& F. b. Jy. 6 \& Sep. 29. (27, 96, 127, 34)
Downham Market (F.: W. 2: pop. 2), rst 3 d. Mar., $\mathbf{I}$ F. May, 2 F. Nov. (27, 96)
Fakenham (Th. : pop. 7), Whit. T. (27, 96, 127, 34)

Feltwell (W. 2 : pop. 2), Nov. 20. (390)

Foulsham ( $W .5: p o p$. 1), 1 T. May. (34)
Harling, East (T.: Th. $2:$ pop. 1), May 4

Hempton, Whit. T., I W. Sep., Nov. 22.
Hingham (T.: W. 2).
Holt ( $W$ : : Th. 5: pop. 6), Apr. 25 \& Nov. 25 (c). ( 27,34 )
Ingham (Th. 5), Trin. M.
Kenninghall (M.: Th. 5: pop. 5), Jy. 18, Sep. 30.

Loddon (T. \& $F:=W .2: p o p$. 4), Nov. 22. (27)

Lynn ( $7:$ : $W$. 2: pot. 19), Feb. 14, 2 T. Apr. (27, 34, 96)

Methwold (M. : pop. I), Apr. 23.
Norwich ( $W$. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 112), Maundy Th, Eas M. \& T. (27, 96, 127, 436, 94, 34)
Oxborough (W. : pop. 222), Eas. T.

Shipdham (Th.4), last M. in Ju.
Swaffham (S.: Th. 4: pop. 3), ${ }^{2} \mathbf{W}$. May, 3 W. Jy., I W. Nov. (all c). (27)
Thetford (S.: pop. 5), Sep. 25. $(390,27)$
Wymondham (F.: W. $1: p o p .5$ ), Feb. 14, May 17 . (27)
Gt. Yarmouth (W.\& S.: Th. 2 : pob. 51), F. \& S. Eas. wk. (27, 96, 127, 34)

## NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.

Boughton Green, Ju. 24, 25, 26, 27.

Brackley ( $W_{.}$: T. 4: pop. 2), Dec. 11. $(278,86)$
Daventry (W.: Th. 2: pop.4), 2 T. ea. mo., Oct. 27. (381, 34)

Fotheringhay, M. af. Jy. 18.
Northampton (W.E-S.: Th. 1: pop. 87), May 5, Sep. 19 (ch), 2 T. Jan., Feb. 20, 3 M. Mar., Apr. 5, Ju. 19, Aug. 26, 1 Th. Nov., Nov. 28. (94, 34, 86, 381, 436)
Oundle (Th.: W. 2 : pop. 2), Whit. M., Oct. 12, Feb. 21-25. (436, 381)
Peterborough (W. \&- S.: Th. 2 : pop. 31), 2 T. \& W. Jy., 1 T., W., Th. Oct. (127, 94, 436, 360)

Rockingham, Sep. 25.
Rothwell (Th. 2 : pop. 4), Trin. M. $(34,94)$

Thrapston (T.: Th. $2:$ pop. 2), I T. May, T. af. Oct. II. (881, 436)

Towcester (T.: Th. 5: pop. 3),
T. foll. May 12 \& Oct.i29, 30 (c), Shrove T. (381)
W. Haddon (F.) May 2, Sep. 27. Weldon, 1 Th. af. 2 Sn. Jy.
Wellingborough ( $W .:$ Th. 2 : pop. 18), Eas. W., Oct. 29. $(94,381,34)$

## HORTHUKBERLAND.

Alnwick (S. Ef M.: W. I: pop. 7), 1 S. Mar., i M. May, last M. Jy., \& I M. Oct. (c). (329, 377, 27, 86)
Belford (Th. pop. 1), 1 W. Mar., Jy. 2. (877)
Bellingham (S. b. May 13 \& Now. in \&o S. af. Sep. 15 : pop. 1), 3 S. Aug., 3 S. Oct. (377, 86)
Berwick (S. : pop. 13), last F. \& S. May. (218, 238, 374, 377. 27)

Haltwhistle (Th.: W. 1.30: pop. 2), May 14, Sep. 17 (c), Nov. 10, 11, 22. (94, 248,377, 478)

Hexham (T.: Th. 1 : pop. 7), Mar. 24, 25, Aug. 6, Nov. 9 (c). $(248,86,329,377,94$, 478)

Longbenton, 2 W. Apr.
Morpeth (W.: Th. 1 : pop. 6), i W. May \& Nov., i W. Mar. (329, 377, 27, 86)
Newcastle-on-Tyne (T., Th \& S. : pop. 215) 22 W. Aug., last (all c). ( $10,329,127,86$, 377, 27, 478, 94, 120)
Wooler (May 4, Oct. 17 \&o ev. Th. (co) : pop. 1), May $4 \&$ Oct. 17 (c). (218, 377, 329)

## NOTTINGHAYSEIRE.

Bingham (Th: pop. 13), Feb. 13, 14, Nov. 8 \& 9.
Blyth, Holy Th., Oct. 20. (310, 329, 27)
Dunham, Aug. 12.
Eastwood (F. S.: Th. 1 : top. 5), 1 M. Noy. (382, 360)

Edwinstowe, Oct. 24. (201)
E. Retford (S.: W. 1 : pop. 12), Mar. 23, Oct. 2. (201, 384, 427, 360)
Mansfield (Th. \& S. : W. 1 : pop. 21), 2 Th. Jy. (384, 382, 431, 247)
Marnham, Sep. 12.
Newark ( $W$. \& $S .: T h . \quad 1:$ pop. 15), F. Mid-lent, May 14, Whit T., Aug. 2, W. b. Oct. 2, Nov. 1, M. b. Dec. 11. (397, 384, 413, 438, 94)
Nottingham (W. © S. : Th. 1 : pop. 240), F. af. Jan. 13, Mar. 7, 8, 9, Th. b. Eas., ${ }^{1}$ Th. Oct. \& 2 foll. d. (86, 34, $159,360,366,384,382,94)$
Ollerton, May r \& last F. Sep. (201)

Southwell ( $T /$. $^{1}$ : pop. 2), 3 M. Apr., Whit M., M. b. Oct. 1. (431, 384)
Sutton-in-Ashfield (S. : pop. 15). (247, 431, 384)

Tuxford (M.: pop. 1), May 12, Sep. 25. (201, 384, 94)
Warsop (Th. : pop. 2), M. b. Whit. Sn., Sept. 29, Nov. 17.
Worksop ( $W_{.}$: Th I : pop. 16), 2 W. Apr. \& Oct. (201, 424, 384, 360,478 )

## OXPORDSHIRE.

Bampton (W.: W. 4 : pop. r), Aug. 26, 27. (279, 115 )
Banbury (Th. \& S. : pop. 13), I Th. af. Oct. Ir. (222, 237, 91, $115,278,86$ )
Bicester ( $F_{\cdot}: T$ I $:$ pop. 3), Eas. F., T. b. Whit, Aug. 5, 6, F. b. Oct. Ir. (438)
Burford (S.: W. 4: pop. 1), last S. Apr., Sep. 25. (86)
Charlbury (F. \& 1 M. ev. mo.: Th. 2; pop. 1), Jan. 1, 2 F. af. May 12, Oct. 10, 11.
Chipping Norton (W.:Th. 3 : pop. 4), i W. mo. \& W. . . on $\&$ af. Oct. 10. $(279,115)$
Deddington (T. 5 : pop. 2), Nov. 22. (278)
Henley (Th.: W. 2 : pot. 6), Mar. 7, Holy Th., Th. af. Trin. Sn. $(423,91)$
Oxford (W. \&o Si: Th. 4: pop. 49), 2 \& 4 W. ev. mo. (c), M. af. Sep. 1, Th. b. Sep. 29. (279, 462, 91, $84,115,86$, 27,467 )
Stokenchurch (pop. 2), Jy. ro.
Thame ( $T_{i}$ : Th. 2 : pop. 3), Oct. 11, Eas. T., T. b. Whit. (91, 236, 86)
Watlington (W. 4 : pop. 2), S . b. \& aft. Oct. ro. (90, 86)

Witney (Th. : T. 4 : pop. 4), M. \& T. af. Sep. 9. (279, 115)

Woodstock (1 T. ce. mo.: Th. 4: pop. 2), I T. Oct. (278)

## rutlandshire.

Oakham (Th. \& S.: Th. 2 : pop. 1), Sep. 9. (438, 94)
Uppingham ( $W .:$ Th. 4 Siri.: pop. 3), Mar. 7 \& Jy. 7. (436, 84)

## SHROPSIIRE.

Baschurch (pop. 4), alt. M. fr. 2 M. Jan.
Bishop's Castle ( $F .: W .{ }^{2}$ : pop. I), 2 F. ea. mo. but Mar.: on 26th, F. af. May 1. (376, 206)

Bridgnorth (S. : Th. 2 : pop. 6), 3 M. Jan., Feb., Mar., May ${ }^{1}$, Ju. 14, Jy. 12, Oct. 29 (86, 115, 268)
Broseley ( $W_{.} 2:$ pop. 4), last T. Apr. (86)
Church Stretton (Th.: W.: S.: pop. 1), 2 Th. Jan., 3 Th. Mar., May 14, Jy. 3, Sep. 25, last Th. Nov. (268, 206)
Cleobury Mortimer ( $W_{.}: T_{\text {K }}$. 2 : pop. 8), Oct, 27. $(86,94)$
Clun (T.: W. 4 : pop. 2), last F. Jan.

Ellesmere (T.: Th. 2 : pok ${ }^{2 h}$ ev. alt. T. (c). (268, 86, 187) Ludlow (M.: Th 2: ged 5h 2 M. ev. mo. (206, 268, 80 185)

Market Drayton (alt. W.: Th. 1: pop. 4) Oct. 24, 25. (356, 135, 206 )
Minsterley (Th. 3: 10p. 1) 2 M. ev. mo., May 3 .

Much Wenlock (M. W. ${ }^{4}$ pop. 2), May 12. (i 15, 86)
Newport (M., F. \& S.: Th. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 3), May 7 \& alt. M. af (127, 86)
Oswestry ( $W$. \& $S$. : Th. ${ }^{1}$ : pop. 10), i W. ev. mo. (88, 376, 185)
Shifnal (T.: Th. $1:$ pot 3h Nov. 22. (88, 206)
Shrewsbury ( $W . \mathcal{E}^{0} S .: T k .2:$ pop. 28). (127, 206, 288, 80)
Wellington (M., Tk., S.: F. ${ }^{2}$ : pop. 6), ev. M. (c). (206, 80)
Wem (Th.: F. 2: pop. 2h, alt M. $(127,206)$

Whitchurch \& Dodrington (F.: W. 2: pop. 5). (127, 206, 86)

## 80工ERSETSETBRT.

Ashcott, Jan. 9.
Axbridge ( $2 T . ;$ pop. 1), Feb. $3_{1}$ Mar. 25 (441, 4*3)
Banwell (W. 2: pop. 1), Jan. 18. (463, 441, 271)
Bath (W. S.: Tk. $2 . \dot{\text { pop. 50), }}$ Feb. 14, T. bef. Dec. 9 (c) (127, 441, 136, 468, 86, 115, 84, 94)
Bridgwater (W.: TK. 2: ped 15), last W. Jan., Mar. Ju. \&

Sep. (271, 441, 463, 258)
Bruton (Th. 3:pop. 2), Apr. 33 Sep. 17. (441)
Buckland S. Mary, T. af. Sep. 20.
Castle Cary (alt. T.: Tk. 3: oop. 2), T. b. Palor Sn., May $s_{1}$ Whit. T., T. af. Sep. rg (441)

Chard (M., Th. E0'S. : Th. 2 : pop. 4), I W. May, Aug. it Nov. (c \& ch). (441, 463)
Cheddar ( $W, 5:$ pop, 2$)_{1} T$ May\& last $T$. Oct. (468,441)
Crewkerne ( $W$. \& $S .: T h)_{2}^{2}$ pop. 4), Sep. 4. 5. (441, 463)
Dulverton (S.:Th. 4: paf. 1), IT. Sep. (127)
Dundry, Sep. 12.
East Brent (W. 4), Aug. 26.
Fxford, Aug. 14.
Freshford, Sep. 6.
Frome ( $W$. \& $S_{0}$ : Th $2: \neq 0$ II), last W. Sep. (ch \& b Feb. \& Nov. (441, 463,34 Glastonbury, ( 2 \& $4 \mathrm{Mo}$. pop. 4) 2 M. in Sea \& Oct. (c \& h). ( 441,463 )
Hinton S. George, Apr. 23;
Ilminster (W. of S.: Th 3: pop. 2), last W. in Aag. \& Nov. (441, 463)
Keynsham (W. 3 : pop. 3), W. af. Aug. 15.
Langport (T.: W. 4: AOA $_{\text {in }}^{\text {in }}$ Sep. 3, alt. T. (c). (41)

Martock (Th. ${ }^{2}$; pop. 3), Aug. 21. (463, 441)

N . Petherton (Th. 2), May I , Nov. 8.
Shepton Mallet (F.: W. 2 Smr. : pop. 5), Aug. 8, 2 M. Nov. (463, 441)
S. Petherton (Th. 2: pop. 2), Jy. 5, 6. (441)
Stalford, Ju. II, Sep. 28.
Taunton ( $W$. © 0 S.: Th. 2: popan $_{21}$ ), Ju. 17, Jy. 7. (441, 256, 271, 463)
Wellington (Th.: F. I: pot. 7), ${ }_{2}^{2}$ W. Mar. \& I W. Ju. (441, 271)

Wells (S.: W. $2: p o p .5$ ), i T. Jan., May, Jy., Nov. \& Dec. (441, 463)
Wincanton (W.: Th. $2: p o p .2$ ), Eas. T., Sep. 29, 30. (441, 468)

Wiveliscombe ( $T$.: pop. x), May 12 \& Sep. 25 (c). (441, 463) Yeovil (F.: Th. 2: pop. 10), last F. Ju. \& 3 F. Nov. (441, $34,256,463$ )

## GTAFFORDSHIRE.

Burslem (M. W. \&o S. : pod 39), S. b. Shrove T., Eas. \& Whitsun. (356, 206, 86, 110)

Burton-on-Trent (Th. אo S.: $W .2$ : pop. 50), Oct. 28, 29. (338, 86, 347, 127, 193, 94, 135)
Cannoek (S.: Th. $1:$ pop. 24), May 8, Aug. 24, Oct. 18 . (80)

Cellar Head (S.), May 5, Th. af. Nov. 1.
Cheadle (F. : pop. 5), Mar. 25, Holy Th., Aug. 21, Oct. 18 . (206, 356, 110)
Fazeley (M.: pop. 2), M. af. Oct. 10.
Gnosall (土 M.: Tk. 2: pop. 3), May 2. (208)
Hanley ( $W$. \&o $S_{\text {. }}$ : pap. 62). (206, 86, 356, 127, 110)
Ipstones ( op. 3), M. nearest Nov. 6.
Leek (W. S.: Th. 1 : pop. 15), W. b. Feb. r3, Eas. W., May ${ }^{18}$, Jy. 3, ${ }^{28}$, W. af. Oct. 10, Nov. 13, W. af. Xmas, last $\mathbf{W}$. in Feb., Aug. \& Oct. (356, 358, 135, 110)
Lichfield (F., Shr. T., Ash W. E\% 1 M.: W. 2 : pop. 8), Ash W., May 12. (86, 127, 84) iongnor ( $T_{\dot{T}}: p o p .3$ ), T. b. Feb. 14, Eas. T., May 4, 17, Whit T., Aug. 5, I T. in Oct., Nov. 12
Ongton (S.: pop. 36), Shrove
T., May 29, 5y. ${ }^{23}$, Nov. . (206, 86, 356, 1 10)
$\checkmark$ ewcastle-under-Lyme ( $W$. \&o
$S .=T h .{ }^{1}$ : pop. 20). (856, 86, 110)
senkridge ( $S$. : $W_{:}^{\prime} 3: p o p .2$ ), Apr. 30, $x$ M. Sep., Oct. 10. (86)

Rugeley (Th.: W. 4: pop. 4), Ju. r-6, Oct. 21. $(86,127)$

Stafford (T. S.: W. I: pop. 21), Apr. 3, May 14, Oct. 2, Dec. 4. (206, 86, 856, 110)
Stone (S. T.: Th. 2 : pop. 6).
Tamworth (S.: W. $2:$ pop. 7), Jy. 26. (127, 88, 94)
Tean (Th.), Apr. 10, Nov. 12.
Uttoxeter (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 5), May, 6, Nov. 11, 27, ITh. af. 2 T. Mar., Sep. 19, r Th. Sep., \& 2 Th. Nov. (206, 247, 86)
Walsall (T. \& S.: Tk. 2 : pop. 86), Whit. T., alt. to T. af. Aug. Bank Hol. (94, 86, 127, 115, 206)
Wolverhampton (W. S.: pop. 94), Jy. 10. (208, 86, 115, $127,94)$

## SUFFOLE.

Bungay (Tk.: W. 4: pop. 4), May 14. (27, 96)
Bury St. Edmunds (W., Th. 5: pop. 16), Dec. 1. (127, 27, 34)

Cavendish (W. 4: pop. r), Ju. ir.
Halesworth ( $T$.:pop. 2), Qct. 18. (27, 328, 96 )
Ipswich (T.: W. $2:$ pop. 67), 1 \& 3 T. May, Aug. 22 (la). (190, 27, 127, 135, 34)
Lavenham (T.: W. 4: pop. 2), Shrove T.
Long Melford (W. $4:$ pop. 3), Whit. Th.
Lowestoft (W.: Th. 2 : pop. 30), May 2, 13, Oct. ro, ir. (i27, 27, 328, 08)
Nayland (F.: $: W$.), W. af. Oct. 2.
Southwold (Th.:W. $2: p o p .3$ ), Trin. M., Ju. $14 . \quad(27,828)$
Stowmarket (Th. : pop. 4), Aug. 12. (27)

Sudbury (Th. \&o S.: pop. 7), Mar. 12, Jy. 10
Woodbridge (Th.: pop. 5). (180, 27)

## SURREY.

Bletchingley ( $W .4$ : pop. 1), May ro, Nov. 2.
Chertsey ( $W .:$ Th. $5:$ pop. 13), ${ }^{1}$ M. Lent, May 14, Aug. 6, Sep. 25. (91, 182)
Dorking (Th.:'W. 5: pop. 8), May 29, Ascen. day \& day b. (34)

Epsom (W.: Th. 2 : pop. ir), Jy. 25. (34, 91)
Ewell (Th. 2), May 12, Oct. 29.
Farnham (Th.: W. 4:pop. 6), May 10, Ju. 24, Nov. 10. $(34,91)$
Godalming (W. S.: W. 2 : pop. 9), Feb. 13, Jy. 10. (91, 34)

Guildford (T. S.: W. 5:pop. 16), May 4, Nov. 22. (84, 91 , 94)

Haslemere (T. Th.: W. 4 : pop. 1), May 13, Sep. 26.
Kingston (W. Th. S.: W. 2 : pop. 34), Aug. 2, Nov. 13. (91, 135, 99)
Reigate (T. \& alt. W.: W. 2 ${ }_{34}{ }^{4}{ }^{\text {: pop. 26), Dec. 9. (91, }}$

## SUSSEX.

Arundel (alt. M.: W. 4: pop. 3), May 14, Sep. 25. (34, 81)
Battle (alt. M.: W. 4 : pop. 3), Sep. 6, Nov. 22. (91, 27)
Brighton (T.: Th. 5: pop. 123) Holy Th., Sep. 4. (34, 27, 91, 99, $94,86,127$ )
Burwash (T.:W. 4: pop. 3), May 12. (27)
Chichester (alt. W.: Th. $4^{\text {: }}$ pop. 12), Oct. 20. (34, 91)
Crawley (alt. $F \cdot$ : W. 2), May 8, Sep. 9. (91)
Eastbourne (W. 2 : pop. 43), Oct. II. (91, 34, 94, 96, 89, 27, 86)
East Grinstead (alt. Th. : W. 4 : pop. 6), Apr. 21, Dec. 11 . $(86,27,34)$
Findon (W. 5), Jy. 12, Sep. 14.
Forest Row (IW. 5: pop. 2), Nov. 8.
Hailsham (alt. W. 5: Th. 2 : pop. 3), Aug. 12. (27)
Hastings ( $S .: W . W_{.}$: pop. 60). ( $86,34,91,27,135,94$, 90, 96)
Hayward's Heath (W.T.: W.4: pop. 4), Nov. 18. (27)
Hoathley East ( $W .4$ ) Apr. 8.
Horley (W. 2 : pop. 3), Nov. 7. (86)

Horsham (alt. W.: Th. 4 : pop. 9), Apr. 5, Nov. 17, 27. (34, 91)

Lewes (T.: W. 2, 4 : pop. 1r), May 6, Sep. 21, $28 . \quad$ (91, 27)

Lindfield ( $W .3$ ), Apr. 1, Aug. 8.
Mayfield (W. 4: pop. 3), May 30, Nov. 13.
Midhurst (Th.: W. 4 : pop. 2), Apr. 6, Oct. 29. (91)
Northiam (W. 4), 3 Th. Apr.
Petworth (S.: W. $4:$ pop. 3), Nov. 20. (91)
Pevensey (alt. Th. from end of Jume to and of Nov.: W. 5: pop. 437), Jy. 5
Pulborough (alt. M. : pop. 3), Eas. T. (91)
Robertsbridge (alt. M. : pop. 2), Sep. 25, 26. (91)
Rotherfield (alt. Th. : pop. 5), Ju. 18, Oct. 20.
Rye (alt. W.: $\neq p$. 4), Whit. M., Aug. ${ }^{10 .}(86,91)$
Slinfold (Th. 2), Eas. T.
Steyning ( $W_{.}: W_{.} 5:$ pop. 2), Oct. Ir. (84, 91, 27)
Storrington (W.: W. $5:$ pop. 1), May 13, Nov. 1 I.
Ticehurst (M.:W. 5: pop. 3), May 4, Oct. 7.
Uckfield (alt. W. F.: W. 4 : pop, 3), May 14, Aug. 29. (27)

Wadhurst (M. T. : W. 5 :pop. 3), Apr. 29, Nov. 1.

## WARWICKSHIRE.

Atherstone (T. : pop. 15), Apr. 7, Jy. 18, Sep. 19, Dec. 4. (94, 86)

Bedworth (T: Eo S.: W. 4 : pop. 5), Whit. W. $(94,206)$

Birmingham（T．Th．S．：M．W． E0 Th． 3 ：pop．522），Whit．Th． \＆Th．nearest Sep． 29 \＆two following days．（ $10,94,86$ ， 206，336，34，280， 115 ， 127，135）
Coleshill（ $W$ ．：Th．3：pop．2）， Shrove M．，May 6．$(94,86)$
Coventry（ $F:$ ：Th． 2 ：pop．70）， May 2，Whit．M．\＆ 4 follg． days，Nov．I，F．af．Corpus Christi \＆ 4 follg．days．（206， 94，86，360）
Hampton－in－Arden（ $1 M_{:}: p o p$ ． 1），Ju．14，Jy．19，Sep．6， Oct．20．（94）
Kenilworth（Th．2：pop．5）， Apr．29，last T．Sep．（94， 86）
Nuneaton（ $S_{\text {．}}: T h .1:$ pop．25）， May 14．$(206,94)$
Rugby（ $M$. ．© S．＇；$W_{.} 2:$ pop． 17），last M．Jan，Feb．17，last M．＇Mar．\＆Apr．，May 15， last M．Ju．\＆Jy．，Aug．2I， M．b．Sep． 29 \＆Oct．27，M．b． Nov． 19 and remainder of wk． 2 M．Dec．，I M．af．Xm．D．， T．b．Eas．，last W．Sep．（127， 381，86，360）
Stratford－upon－Avon（F．：Th． 2 ： pop．8），Oct． $12 \&$ follg．F．wk． （115，86）
Warwick（alt．W．S．：Th． 2 ： pop．12），Oct．12．$(94,115,86)$

## WESTMORELAND．

Ambleside（ $W . S .:$ pop．3），Oct． 29，Whit W．（331， 193,94 ）
Appleby（S．：Th．I：pop．2）， Whit S．， 2 W．Ju．，Aug．21． （231，248，478）
Kendal（S．：Th．2：pop．14）， Feb．22，Mar．22，Apr．29，Nov． 8， 9 ．$(331,193,94)$
Kirkby Lonsdale（Th．：W．i： pop．2），Holy Th．，Oct．5， Dec．21．$(331,193,94)$
Kirkby Stephen（M．：Th．I： pop．2），Sep．29，Oct．27，Apr． 25．（193，94）
Shap（M．：pop．1）， 3 M．Mar． May 4，Sep．23，28．$(458,94)$
Staveley（ $W .:$ Th． $1: p o p .1$ ）， Oct． 7.
Temple Sowerby，last Th．Jan．， Feb．，Mar．，Oct．， 2 Th．May．

## WILTEHIRE．

Bradford－on－Avon（T．S．：W．4： poф．5），Trin．M．（34，463）
Bradford Leigh（pop．8），i M． af．Aug． 24.
Chippenham（F．fortly．：W． 12 ： pop．5），May 17，Ju．22，Oct． 29，Dec．11．$(34,463,136)$
Corsham（W． 2 ：pop．4），Mar． 7. $(34,463)$
Cricklade（3 T．in mo．：W．2： pop．2），Sep．21， 3 T．Mar．\＆ Sep．（86）
Devizes（Th．：W．2：力op．7）， Feb．13，14，Apr．20，Oct． 20. $(34,463)$
Dilton Marsh，Sep． 24.
Downton（ $W .4$ 4 $p o p .3$ ），Apl． 23，Oct．2．（463）

Highworth（W．：Th． 2 ：pop．3）， Aug．13，Oct．I1．（86）
Malmesbury（S．\＆${ }_{3} W .: T h$. $5: p o p .3$ ）．$(34,463)$
Marlborough（S．：W．3：pop．3）， Aug．22，S．b．\＆af．Oct．11， Nov．23．$(463,34)$
Melksham（alt．T，：W． 2 ：pop． 2），Jy． $27 .(463,34)$
Salisbury $(T .50$ ．$: W .2$ ：pop． 17）．（ $127,34,463,94$ ）
Swindon（M．：W． $2: p o p .45$ ）， M．b．Apr．5， 2 M．af．Sep．II， 2 M．af．May 12．$(34,86,463)$
Warminster（S．：W． $2: p o p .6$ ）， Apr．22，Aug．11，Oct． 26. （34，463）
Wilton（W．：W． 4 ：pop．2）， May 4，Sep．12．（463）
Wootton Bassett（ $\mathrm{I} W_{\mathrm{C}}:$ Th． I ： pop．2），T．af．Apr．6，Oct．in． $(34,463)$
Yarnborough Castle，Oct． 4.

## WORCESTERSHIRE．

Alvechurch（pop．2），May 3， Oct．1．（86）
Brom．I．${ }^{\text {rove }}(T, T h .2: p o p .8)$ ， Ju． 240 ．（ 115,86 ）
Bewdley（S．：pop．3），Apr．23，M． b．Jy．26，Dec．10，I1．（94）
Dudley（T．\＆S．：W． $2:$ pop． 49），I M．Mar．，May \＆Oct．， ${ }_{2} \mathrm{M}$ ．Aug．（ $206,115,86$ ）
Feckenham（ $W$ ．2），Mar．26， Sep． 30
Kidderminster（Th．\＆$S_{\text {．}}: W$ ． $2: p o p .25) .(206,115,86)$
Pershore（ T．：Th．3：pop．3），$^{3}$ ， Ju． 26 \＆Eas．T．$(34,86)$
Redditch（S．：W． 2 ：pop． 13 ）， I M．Aug．， 3 M．Sep．（84， 115,86 ）
Shipston－on－Stour（S．：Th．2： pop．2）， 3 T．Apr．，Ju．22，T． af．Oct．ro．（115，86）
Stourbridge（ $F$ ．：pop．16），last M．Mar．（94，115）
Upton－on－Severn（Th．：W．2： pop．2），Th．af．Mid．Lent， Whit．Th．，Jy．10，Th．b．Oct． 2．（205）
Worcester（M．\＆．S．：Th．2： pop．47），Sep． 19 （c，ch，hops）． （205，115，127，86，206）

## YORKSHIRE．

Aberford（ $W$ ．），last M．Apr．\＆ May，M．af．Oct．18，M．af． Nov． 2 （c，sh）．
Aldborough（ $W$ ．），Sep． 4.
Appletreewick，Oct． 27,28 （sh）．
Askrigg，I Th．Ju．，fy．I，Oct． 28，May 12 （c，sh，w）．
Barnsley（ $W$ ．© S S．：Th． 1 ： pop．41），last W．Feb．，May ${ }_{13}(\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{pi})$ ，Oct． 11 （c，h，\＆sh）． （478，159，456，94）
Bawtry（Th．：$W .4$ ；pop．1）， Whit．Th．，Nov．23（c，h）．（201， 94）
Bedale（T．：Th．I：pop．I）， Eas．T．\＆Whit．T．（c，sh）， Jy． 5,6 （c），Oct．10， 11 （c）． （27，478）
Bentham（W．：pop．2），Feb． 5 （c），Eas．Eve．，Ju．22，23，Oct． 25．$(94,246)$

Beverley（S．：Th．I ：pop．13h Holy Th．，Jy．4，Nov． 4 （c） \＆ev．alt．W．（c）．（201，478． 476，27，94）
Bradford（M．\＆o Tz．：W． pop．280），Mar． 3 （c，ho），Dec． $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{ro}(\mathrm{c}$, sh，pi）．（201，94，213， 159，214，215，212，246， 295，297，296）
Bridlington（ $\left(S . \delta^{\circ} W_{\text {．}}\right.$ ．pop．12）， M．b．Whit．Sn．\＆Oct．${ }^{21}$ （c，ho）．（478，27，201\＆159， 478）
Dewsbury（W．\＆S．：T．i： pop．28），W．on or b．May riz， W．b．Oct． 11 （c，h）．（94， 295，159，380）
Doncaster（T．©o S．：Th．z： pop．29），I Th．Feb．，Apr．， Aug．\＆Nov．（201，159， 478，94）
Driffield（Th．：F．2：pop．6） （201，476，478，27，159）
Egton（pop．I）， 2 T．Jan．\＆Apr．， T．b．Feb． I $_{4}$ \＆Palm Sn．，T． b．May 13，T．b．Aug．${ }^{12}$
Sep．4，T．b．Oct． 11 ，T．b． Nov．23，${ }^{2}$ T．Dec．（hii）．
Easingwold（ $F$ ．：pop．5），Jy． 5 （c，sh）．（27，94）
Frodingham，Jy．io，Oct． 2 （ped）． （94）
Gargrave（T．i：pop．1），Dec．is． （246，94）
Goole（ $W .:$ T．ro：pop．17）M．af． Oct． 11 （hi）．（201，94，335， 478）
Guisborough（T．：W． 1 ：pop． 6），last T．Apr．，${ }^{2}$ T．Nov． （c，hi）．（127，478）
Halifax（ $S$ ．：Th．repop．10sh， Ju．24，IS．Nov．（c）．（296，94， 159，295，297，330，358）
Haworth（T． 1 ：pop．7）．Eas \＆ Whit．M．，M．af．Jy． 18 \＆ M．af．Oct．11．（246）
Holmfirth（S．：$T_{1}$ 1．：fot． 9 ， last S．Mar．\＆Oct．，\＆S．af May 4．$(94,330)$
Howden（S．：＇$W_{1}$ I：pop．a） 2 M．Apr．（c，h），Apr． $2:$ Oct． $2(\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{h})$ ．$(478,94)$
Huddersfield（T．F．\＆S．：W．it： pop．95），Mar．31，May 14 （ $p^{\prime \prime}$ Oct． 4 （c，h，pi）．（297，296， 330，159，94）
 200）， 2 T．Apr．（c），Oct．II （c，h，sh）．（10，27，94，127， 159，432，478，295）
Keighley（ $W$ ．${ }^{\circ} S .: T$ ．： pop．42），May 8 （c），Nov：： （c，h）．（215，212，246，159， 94）
Kilham，Aug．21，Nov． 12.
Kirkby Moorside（ $W$ ：：POA ri Whit．W．\＆Sep． 18 （shl （479，476，201）
Knaresborough（W．\＆S．：Ji－ I：pop．5），W．af．Jan． 13 （ ch Mar． 12 （sh），May 5 （c）， N ： af．Aug． 12 \＆OCt． $10, \mathrm{~W} .15$ Nov． 22 （hi），\＆W．af．Dei．${ }^{10}$ （c）．（212，322，478， 201 ． 476，127）
Leeds（T．© $S$ ．：IV． $2:$ 欢 $4^{29}$ ），i W．Mar．\＆I W．Ir．多Sep．（c），Nov． 8 \＆ 9 （ćs
${ }^{\text {hi）}}$ I W．Dec．（c）．（10，201， 347，297，457，94，127， 478，296，330，295，215， 27，86，159）
Leyburn（ $F .: W$. x ：$\quad$ op． I ）， ${ }_{2}$ F．Feb．，May，Oct．\＆Dec．， \＆ 2 S．Oct．（c，sh）．（478） Malton（T．©o S．：Th． 4 ：pop． 5），S．b．Palm \＆Whit．Sn．， \＆Oct．11．（201，478，159， 476，27）
Market Weighton（ $W .:$ pop．2）， May 14，Sep． 25 （c，n，sh）．（27） Marsden（T． $\mathbf{1}: p o p .4$ ），Apr．25， Jy．10，Sep． 25 （c）．（94）
Meltham（ $W_{\dot{\prime}} 12$ ：pop．5），S．af． Apr．6，\＆Oct． 11 （c）．（94）
New Mill（T． $1: p o p$ ． 5 ），M．b． last W．Feb．（c），I W．Aug．
Northallerton（ $W$ ．：Th． $1: p o p$ ． 4），Feb． 14 （h），May 5 （h，c，sh）， Sep． 5 \＆Oct． 3 （c）．（ 27,478 ， 94）
Otley（F．：W． 1 ：pop．9），Eas． W．\＆alt．W．to Whit．W．（c）． （212，246，94）
Penistone（Th．：W．ェ：pof．3）， Th．b．Feb．28，last Th． Mar．\＆Th．b．May 12 （c），Th． af．Oct．то（sh）．（94，159）

Pickering（M．：pop．3），Sep． 25 （c，sh，h）．（201，476，27）
Pocklington（S．：pop．2），Feb． 24，Mar．7，May 6 （c，h，sh）， Nov． 8 （c，h，sh），Dec． 18. （201，476，27）
Pontefract（ $S_{\text {：}}$ ：Th．2－pop．13）， alt T．（c），S．b．Palm Sn．（c）． （335，94，295）
Richmond（S．$\because W_{\dot{\prime}}{ }^{2}: p o p_{4} 4$ ）， Nov．2， 3 （c）．$(27,413,478)$
Ripon（Th．：F． $1: p o p .8$ ），May 14 to Ju．4，Nov．22， 23 （c，hi）． （212，322，478，94，127）
Rotherhand（M．©f F．．Th． 1 ： pop．54），Whit M．（c），\＆I M． Nov．，Dec．i（c，h，ch）．（426， 94，424，478，245，425）
Selby（M．：Th．1：pop．8），Eas． M．，Ju．22，i M．Oct．（478， 27，94）
Sheffield（ $T$. \＆$F .: T h .2$ ．pop． $3^{81}$ ），Whit．T．\＆W．（c．h），T． \＆W．af．Xm．d．（or 2 foll．ds． if Xm ．d．is on T ．or W．）（ $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{h}$ ， ch）．（206，94，478，424， $425,426,127,159$ ）
Skipton（S．\＆M．：T．I． 30 ： po力． 12 ），Aug． 23 （h）．（246，94， 478）

Sowerby Bridge（ pop．$^{17}$ ），i Th．
May \＆Nov．$(296,297,330)$
Stokesley（S．：W．5：pop．2）， S．b．Trin．Sn．（sh）．（127， 478）
Tadcaster（alt．M．：W．：pop． 4），last W．Apr．，May \＆Oct． （c，sh）．（212，478，94）
Thirsk（M．：$W .12: p o p .3$ ）， Shrove M．，Apr．4， 5 ，last M． May，Aug．4，5，Oct．28， 29 （c，sh）．（94，478，27）
Wakefield（ $W$ ． $\mathcal{E}$ F：$:$ W．2．30： pop．42），July 4,5 （h），Nov．II， ${ }_{12}(\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{h}, \mathrm{hi}) . \quad(335,94,456$ ， 478）
Wetherby（Th．：W．1：מop．7）， Holy Th．，Aug．5，6，Oct． 10 （c，sh，h）．（322，94，476， 127）
Whitby（S．：W．i：pop．12）， S．af．Nov． 5 ，\＆Nov．${ }^{23}$ （127，478，27）
Yarm（Th．：T． $1:$ pop．2），Oct． 18，19，20（h，c，sh）．
York（ $W$ ．，Th．© $S_{.}: W_{\text {．}}{ }^{1}$ ． pop． 78 8），Th．b．Palm Sn．，Whit． M．，Jy．io，Aug． 12 （c）．（201， 94，127，478，476，212， 159，27）

## WALES．

## ANGLESEY．

Amlwch（S．），Nov．12．（115， 86，127）
Beaumaris（S．：pop．2），Feb．13， Holy Th．，Sep．19，Dec．19． （127，86）
Bodedern（ $T .:$ pop．1），i T．mo． exc．Nov．\＆Dec．
Llanfechell，May 13，Aug．15， Nov． 5.
Llangefni（Th．：F． 4 ：fop．2）， Jan．2，Feb．28，Mar．14，Apr． 8，17，May 7，Ju．10，Aug． 17，19，Sep．15，Oct．23．（127， 115，86）
Menai＇Br．（F．：pop．2），May 16， Oct．24，Nov．14．（127）
Valley，Apr．3，Ju．5，22，Nov． 12，Dec． 31.

## BRECON．

Brecknock（F．：W． $2:$ pop． 6 ）， I T．alt．M．Mar．－Nov．（206， 127，86）
Builth（M．：W．1：pop．2）， 3 M．Feb．，Ju．27，Oct．2，Dec． 6．（96，127）
Crickhowel（Th．：F． 2 ：pop．1）， May 12，Sep．22．（127）
Hay（Th．：T．2：pop．a）， 1 Th． Mar．，last Th．Ju．，Aug． 12 \＆Sep． 16 （sh），Oct．ro， Th．af．Nov．${ }^{17, \&}$ \＆Th．ea． mo．（127，206）
Talgarth（Th．© F．：W＇ 2 ：pop． 1），Feb．2，Mar．12，Apr．18， May 3i，Jy，10，Aug．10，Sep． 23，Oct．13，Dec．3．（127，206） Trecastle，Apr．5，May 21，Aug． 14，Oct．14，Nov．13，Dec． 14.

## CARDIGAN．

Aberystwith（M．\＆S．：W．${ }^{2}$ ： pop．8），i M．ea．mo．（127， 376， 98 ）
Cardigan（S．：W．2．pop．4）， Feb．13，Apr．5，Sep．8， Nov．10，Dec．19．（86，127， 115）
Capel Cynon，Holy Th．， 2 Th． af．Oct． 10 ．
Capel St．Silen，Feb． 7.
Lampeter（F．：W． $1:$ 加．2）， last W．ea．mo．（127，317， 96）
Llanarth（pop．2），Jan．12， Mar．12，fu．17，Sep．22， Nov．10．（127）
Llandyssul（T．：W．2：pop．6）， Feb．if，Sep．19．（86，127， 115）
Llanwnen，Dec．13，14， 24.
New Quay（S．：W．i：pop．x）， Nov． 12.
Pontrhydfendigaid，Apr．29， Aug．26，Sep．25，Oct．13．
Talsarn，Sep．8，Nov． 7.
Tregaron（ ${ }^{2}::$ pop．3），Mar． 16. （127）

## CARMARTHENT．

Abergwilly（pop．2），May 3，4， Oct．2， 27.
Ammanford（ pop．1），May 2， Sep．10．（34，317）
Rettws，Oct．2，I M．af．Nov． 22.
Brynaman（Th．2），Apr．30，i S． Oct．（34，317）
Brechfa，T．af．May 13，Oct．3， 28.

Carmarthen（ $W$ ．S．：Th．2： pop．10），Ju．3，Jy．10，Aug．12， Sep．9，Oct．9，Nov．14．（86， 96，127）

Cwmaman（Th．2），Apr．19， Nov． 6.
Capel Gwynfi，Apr．28，Nov．7．
Cilcwyn，Ju．17，Aug．20，Nov． II， 12.
Dryslwyn，Jy．x，Sep．7，Oct．5．
Foelgastell，Ju． 24.
Heolgaled，Apr． 23.
Kidwelly（ $F .:$ W．2：pop．2）， Aug．3，4，Oct．29，30，I M． Dec．（86）
Llanboidy（ $W$ ．），Aug．6，Sep．18， 19，Oct． 29.
Llandebie，Whit．W．，Jy． 16 ， Dec． 26.
Llandilo（S．：Th．2：pop．2）， Ju．12，Feb．20，Pm．M．， May 5，14，Ju．21，Aug．${ }^{23}$ ． （317，34， 96 ）
Llandovery（ $F$ ：：Sat．：pop． 2），Jan．16，Feb．16，Mar．24， Apr．17，May 15．Ju．19， Jy．8，Aug．2，Sep．8，Oct． ${ }^{22}$ ，Nov．16，Dec．15．（317， 127，96）
Llanelly（Th．\＆S．：T． 2 ：toto． ${ }^{26}$ ），Asc．d．，Sep．30．（86，96， 115,34 ）
Llanfynydd，Jy． 5.
Llangadock（1 \＆ 3 T．：Th． 2 ： pop．2），Mar．12，13，Jy．9， 10．（127）
Llansamel，I F．af．May 12，Jy． 26，Oct． 23.
Llansadwrn，Oct． 5.
Llanddensant，Ju． 17.
Llangathen，Apr． 16.
Llangendeirn，Aug．5， 6.
Llanon（pop．2），Jy．6，Dec． 12. （127）
Llanarthney，May 16.
Mydrim，Mar． 12 （c），May 3.
Mothvey（pop．1），Ju．18， Nov． 5.

Newcastle Rhos, Ju. 12.
Newcastle in Emlyn (F.: W. $2:$ pop. 1), Mar. 22, May 10, Aug. 20, Sep. 20, Oct. ${ }^{21}$, ${ }^{22}$, Nov. 22, 23. ( $86,127,115$ )
St. Clears ( 1 T. W. 2 : pop. 2), Oct. 12, 13. $(96,127)$
Talley, Aug. 6, 7, 8 .
Whitland, Feb. $1_{3}$, Apr. 3, Aug. 28, Sep. 19, Dec. 19. (86)

## CABEARTON.

Bangor (F.: W. 2: pop 11), Apr. 5, Ju. 25, Sep. 16, Oct. 28. (115, 127, 86)

Beaumaris (S.) $(127,86)$
Bedgellert, Sep. 16.
Rettws, May 15, Dec. 3.
Brynkir, Apr. 30.
Carnarvon (S.:Th. 3: pop. 10), ${ }_{1}$ S. Jan., 2 S. Feb., Apr. 10, May 15, Ju. 26, Aug. 12, Sep. 23, Oct. 18, Nov. 9, 1 F. \& S. Dec. (115, 376, 86)
Conway ( $F:: W .1$ : 3 ; pop. 5), Feb. 5, 6, Mar. 26, Apr. 23, 24, Ju. 20, Aug. 4, Oct. 21 (bu). (115, 127)
Criccieth, Ju. 29, Oct. 22. (115, 127)

Dolbenmaen, Aug. 18, Oct. 26.
Llanbedr, Oct. 3 .
Ilanberis, Sep. i8. (115)
Llanllechyd, Oct. 29, 30.
Pwllheli ( $W_{.}$; Th. 1 : pop. 4), Mar. 15, May 1, 13, Ju. 28, Aug. 13, Sep. 24, Nov. 1, 11 . (127, 376, 115)

## Sarnfeilltryn, Ju. 27.

Tremadoc ( $F \because p_{0} p .4$ ), Feb. 19, Apr. 13, 2 F. Dec.

## DENBIGHSHIRE.

Abergele \& Pensarn (W. \& $S$. : pop. 2), 3 W. Feb., Apr., May, Ju., Jy., Aug., Oct., Nov. \& Dec. (376)
Cerigydruidion ( $F$.: Th.: pop. 1), Apr. 27, Oct. 20, Dec. 7.

Colwyn (W.. 1 (wtr): pop. 9 ), Apr. 24, Oct. 24. (115, 127, $135,376)$
Denbigh (W. אл S.: Th. 4: pop. 6), 2 T. \& W. ea. mo., wool 2 W . Jy. (127, 376)
Eglwysbach, Feb. 24, May 11, Nov. 24.
Goresfrd, Eas. M., 2 M. Apr., last M. Aug., Ju. 4, Oct. 22, 1 M. Dec.
Llanarmon in Yale, Oct. rg.
Llandegla (3 F.Mar.,May, Ju., Aug., Oct.).
Llangerniew, Mar. 29, May 16, Ju. 29, Nov. 29.
Llangollen (S.: Th. 1 : pop. 3). (376, 411)
Llanrhaiadr ( $T:$ pop. 2), Jan. 1, I F. Mar., May \& Ju., 2 T. Jy. (w), Jy. 24, Sep. 28, Oct. 18, Nov. 7 \& 8.
Llanrwst (T. \& S. : Th. $2:$ pop. 3), 1 T. Feb., Apr. 25, Ju. 21,

Aug. 9, Sep. 17, Oct. 25, Dec.
11, 21-23. ( 376,115 )
Llansannan, May 18, Oct. 26.

Pentrevoelas, May 13, Jy. 2.
Ruabon (IV. 2 : pop. 15), last F. Feb., M1ay 22, Nov. 20. (376) Ruthin (M.: Th. 1:pap. 3), 1 T. еа. mo. (96, 376)

## FLINT.

Caerwys, last T. ea. mo. (127)
Flint (S.: W. $2: p o p .5$ ), I S. ea. mo. (376)
Hawarden, Oct. 1, Dec. 24- (86)
Holywell ( $F .: W_{.} 4:$ pop. 3), i F. ea. mo. $\left(127,376\right.$ ) ${ }^{4}$,
Mold (W. S.: Tk. I: pop. 4), I W. ea. mo. $(376,127)$

## GLAMORGANsHIRE.

Aberdare ( $S .:$ Th. 1 : pop. 43), Apr. 16, Nov. 13. (86, 96, 115)

Aberavon (S. : pop. 8), 2 F. May, Ju. 24, Jy. 1, Aug. 14, Oct. 7. (34)

Bridgend (S.: W. 1 : pop. 6), Apr. I, Holy Th., Nov. 17 . (96, 127, 115, 86)
Caerphilly (Th.: Th. 2: pop. 16), Apr. 4, 5, Trin. Th., Jy. 10, Aug. 25, Oct. 9, Nov. 16, Th. b. Xm. $(34,86)$
Cardiff (c. T. \& F. : gcn. W. $\left.{ }^{\kappa} \mathrm{S}_{2}: W .2: p o p .164\right), 2 \mathrm{~W}$. \& Th. Mar., 2 W. Apr., May, Ju. 29, Sep. 19, Nov. 30. (86, $121,96,115,127,463$, 94, 34)
Cowbridge (T. \& S.: W. 2 : pop. 1),'1. b. Mar. 25, May 4, Ju. 24. Sep. 29, 1 T. Dec. $(96,127,115)$
Dyffryn Golych, 1 T. Aug. \& Dec., Aug. 10.
Llangyfelach (S.), I T. Mar., Mar. 29, May I, 2, Ju. 18, ${ }_{1}$ T. \& W. Nov.
Llantrissant (W. 2: pop. 4), Feb. 13, May 12, Aug.- 12, Oct. 29. (86)
Merthyr Tydvil ( $W$. \& S.: Th. 1: pop. 69). $(86,96,115)$
Neath ( $W$. \& $S_{\text {. : Th. } 1: \text { pop. }}$ 14), last W. Mar., 1 \& 2 W. af. May 12, W. b. Trin. Th., W. b. last Th. Jy., 2 Th. Sep. last W. Oct., i \& 2 W . af. Nov. 12. (34, 96, 115, 94)
Penrice, May 17, Jy. 17, Sep. 17, Dec. 1.
Swansea (S. Th. 1 : pop. 95), 2 S. May, Jy. 2, Aug. 15 , Oct. 8, Eas: \& Whit. 'T. (34, 86, 96, 115, 94)

## MERIONETHSHIRE.

Bala (S. : Th. 1 : pop. 2), May 14, Ju. 3, Jy. 10, Aug. II, Sep. 11, 27, Oct. 24, 25, Nov. 8, Dec. 19. (127, S76)
Bettws, Ju. 22, Aug. I2, Sep. 16.
Corwen (T. \& F.: W. $1: p o p$.
5), 3 T. ea. mo. (376)

Cynwyd, Aug. 6, Oct. 21.
Dinasmawddwy, F. b. Palm Sn.,
Ju. 2, Sep. 10, Oct. 18, 19, 22,
Nov. 13.

Dolgelley (T., S. : W. $4:$ pop. 2), Feb. so, Mar. 18, Apr. I, May 11; Ju. 1, 27, Aug. 8, Sep. 20, Oct. o, Nov. 22, Der.: 16. (127, 876)

Festiniog (S.: Tk. i : pop. 11), Mar. 7, May 23, 24, fn. 30
Aug. 14, 15, Sep. 26, Oct. 25, Nov. 13. $(376,115)$
Harlech, Apr. 14, Trin. Th, Aug. 16, 21, Dec. 11.
Llanbedr (T.: pop. 7), Feb. r\&, Oct. Ig.
Llanderfel, Aug. 17.
Llandrillo yn Rhos (pop. 1), Feb. 25, May 3, 2 Th. in Jy., Aug. 28, Nov. 14.
Llangollen, M. b. I T. ea. mo.
Llanuwchllyn (pop. 1), Apr. 22, Ju. 20, Sep. 21, 22.
Llanymynech, Apr. 2, May 2q, Sep. 24.
Maentwrog (pop. 1), May 15.
Penrhyndewdraeth (Th. I), Sep. 23. (115)

Towyn (F. W.: pop. 4), Eas. M., May 13, 14 (127)
Trawsfyndd (pop. 2), Mar. $1 \%$ Apr. 20, Aug. 7, Sep. 19.

## MONTGOMERYSHIRE.

Berriew (pop. 2), 3 F. Feh, Apr., Sep., Oct. \& Nov.
Caerws, Sep. 15.
Cenmaes (pop. 1), S. b. 3 Th. Apr., May 1, Oct. 1, ${ }^{17 .}$
Kerry, Sep. 16 (sh., pi.).
Llanfyllin (Th.: F. . $_{3}$.ppos. in last Th. every mo. (\$76)
Llanbrynmair (pop. 1), T. af last M. Feb., Mar. Apr., May, Sep., Oct. (127)
Llanwddyn (S.), May 8, Oct. 2
Llanfair Caereinion (S.), I $\mathbf{F}$. every mo. (\$76)
Llangynog, 2 F. Sep.
Llanidloes ( $S . \therefore W_{.} 1$ : pop. 3h Sat. b. last T. in mo., May In, 1 F. Oct. $(378,98)$
Llanfihangel, 1 T. Apr., Jy. 21, last $\mathbf{F}$. Oct.
Llanerfyl (pop. 668), Wed. B. I F. ea. mo. (pi).

Machnylleth (W.: Th. 1 : \$os. 2), Ju. 26, Aug. 7. Sep. 18,

Oct. 21, Nov. 26. (127, 86)
Meiford, last F. ea. mo.
Montgomery (Th.: F. 2: foot. 1), I Th. every mo. except

Dec., then 2 Th. (376)
Newtown (T.: S, S.: Th 1: pop. 7), last T. every ma (127, 876,206 )
Welshpool (M. \& S.: Th. 2: pop. 6), i \& 3 M. every ma $(376,86)$

## PEMBROKESELCRE

Carew, Feb. 14, Aug. 8, Nor. 14, May 2.
Eghwyswrw, 2 M. Apr., May ${ }^{21}$, Aug. 4, M. af. Nov. 22
Fishguard (Th.: F. $2:$ An, 2). 1 Th. every mo $(96,86)$
Haverfordwest ( $T$. \& $5:: T k$ 2: pod. 6), Sep 6, Oct s. (86, 96, 127, 115 )

Henfeddaw, Oct. 29, 30.
Herbraadston, Aug. 12.
Letterston (Th. 3), 3 M. in mo.
Liktle Newcastle, May 6, $7, \mathrm{Jy}$. ז0, 11.
Llandeloy (M.), May x, Ju. 25, Aug. 24, Nov. 1.
Maenclochog, Mar. 10, Apr. 20, May 22, Jy. 5, Aug. 5, Sep. 16, Nor. 29 Dec. 22.
Mathry, Oct. ro, ir.
Narberth (Th.: F. 2 : pop. 1), Jan. 13, Feb. 16, Mar. 16, Apr. 13, May ir, Ju. 2, 10, 29, Jy. 13, Aug. so, Sep. 21, Oct. 6,19, Nov. 16, Dec. 14. (127,96)
Newport (F.: W. 2: pep. x), Ju. 27, Oct. $x 6$.

Pembroke \& Dock (T. IV. F \& S.: W. 1 : pop. 16), 2 M. Apr., May, JY., 3 M. Sep., 2 M. Dec. $(96,127)$
St. David's (W. 2: pop. 2), i T. Mar., Ju., Aug., Oct. \& Dea Templeton, Nov. 12.
Tenby (W. \& $S .:$ pop. 4), Jy. 20. ( 96,127 )

Trevine, Nov. 22.

## RADMORSHIRE.

Knighton (Th.: F. $2:$ pop. 2), 3 Th. Jan., F. af. Mar. 4, 3 Th. Apr., May 17, Th. af. Jy. ธo, Aug. 18, Sep. 13, 14,

Oct. 1, 2, Th. b. Nov. 12, Th. af. Dec. 11. $(376,206)$
Llanbadarnfynydd, F. b. last T. Apr., S. b. last Th. Sep., \& 2 F. Oct.
Llandewy, 1 T. Jy.
Newbridge, May 17, Jy. 15, Oct. 17, Nov. 11.
Radnor (M.), Aug. 14; Sep. 10, Oct. 28, 29. (255)
Penybont ( $W$.), May 13, 14. (255)

Presteign (W.: T. 2 : pop. 1), i S. Fich. \& Apr. $(206,86)$
Rhayader ( $W_{\text {: }}:$ Th. 2: pop. 1), May 12, Aug. 6, 27, Oct. ${ }^{15}$, Nov. 14, Dec. 3. (255, 376)

New Radnor. (206)

## SCOTLAND.

## ABERDEENSHIRE.

Aberdeen ( $F .: W .:$ pop. 153), last Th. Apr., 3 \& 4 F. May, last Th. \& F. Ju., Th. \& F. 1 \& 2 wk . Jy., last W. Oct., 3 \& 4 F. Nov ( $238,180,194,208$, $40,218,374,375,415$, $447,235,126,45,160,146$, 25)

Aboyne, 3 F. Jan., Feb., Mar., Apl., May, I T. May, last W. Ju., last F. Jy., 3 Th. Aug.
 3 Th. Nov. and Dec. (375)
Peterhead, F. af. May 19, F. af. Mov. 15. (238, 180, 375, 447, 45, 160)

## ARGYILSHIRE.

Campbeltown, 1 Th. Feb., last W. May, 2 Th. Aug., 3 Th. Nov. (238, 194, 235, 415 , $447,45,160,146,40,25$ ) Glenorchy, 3 W. Mar., 4 T. Nov.
Lismore, 2 F. b. last W. in Oct.
Oban (W.: T.:pop. 5), T. b. I Th. Mar., 2 T. Apr., W. af. 2 Th. Jy., 1 T. Sep., I F. Nov., I T. in Oct. (238, 194, 235, 374, 375, 415, $126,45,40,146,25$ )

## AYRSHIRE.

Ayr, Th. b. 2 W. Jan., \& F. af. : ${ }_{1} \& 3$ T. in Apr., T. b. ${ }^{2}$ M. Jy., ${ }^{2}$ Th. Oct., 3 T. Oct. (238, 194, 218, 235, 374, $418,859,447,126,45,40$, 208, 160, 146, 415, 25)
Girvan, 1 M. Apr. \& last M. Oct. (238, $218,374,415$, 208,447,126,45,160,146) Kilmarnock, (F.) I W. 2 T . May, last Th. Jy., last Th. Oct. (238, 194, 218, 235, 208, 374, 415, 447, 126, $45,40,160,146,25$ )
Saltcoats, last Th. May. (194, $415,146,25)$

## BANPFSHIRE.

Banff, Jan. 7, T. af. Feb. ir, F. b. May 25, Aug. 16, F. b. Nov. 22. (288, 180, 875, 447, $126,45,160,374)$

## BERWICESEIRE.

Coldstream, 2 Th. ea. mo., I M. Mar., 6 Jy., W. af. 2 T. Jy. (194, $218,25,208)$

## DUMBARTONSEIRE

Dumbarton, 3 T. Mar., 2 T Ju., W. af. 2 M. Jy., ${ }^{2}$ 'T. \& W. Aug. (238, $218,235,447$, 208, 45, 160, 40)

## DUETFRIES-SHIRE.

Dumfries (pop. 18), W.af. Feb. ır, W. b. May 26 \& af. Sep. 23 (8 dys. ea.). (238, 194, 218, 208, 235, 374, 415, 447, $126,45,146,160,40,25$ )

## EDINBURGHSHIRE.

Edinburgh ( $W . \therefore$ pop. 304), i \& 2 M. Apr., 2 M. T. \& W. Nov., \& 2 W. af. above. (238, 194, 208, 218, 235, 374, 415, $447,126,45,146,160$, $40,25,375$ )

## ELGIN.

Elgin, 2 \& last F. Jan. \& Mar., 3 F. Apr., 3 T. Jy, last F. Oct. \& Dec. (238, 180, 194, 218, 230, 375, 415, 447, $208,45,146,160,25)$

## FIFR.

Auchtermuchty (i M. Feb., last M. Apr., z M. Jy. \& I M. Oct.), Apr. 6 \& Aug. ar. (194, 447, 160, 40, 25)
Dunfermline ( $T$. ), $\ddagger$ W. Oct. (238, 194, $218,235,374$, 375, 415, 121, 45, 146, 208, 25, 40)
Leven, W. af. Apr. 18, i W. Jy., 3 W. Oct. (238, 218, 374, $415,126,45,208,146)$

## FORFARSHIRE.

Arbroath (S.: W. 1 : pop. 25), I S. Mar. S. af. May 25 \& Jy. 17. $(238,194,218$, 208, 235, 375, 415, 374 $45,146,126,25,40$ )

Brechin, T. af. Jan. 21, 3 W. Apr., \& T. b. last W. Sep. (126, 218, 235, 374, 415 , 208, 146, 447, 160, 40)
Dundee (Daily, chiefly on $T$., ( $y .$, Aug., Sep. \& Oct.), ( $W_{.}$: pop. 164), May 16, Nov. 23, T. af. Jy. 11, Aug. 26, Nov. 22. (238, 180, 194, 120, 208, 218, 235, 374, 375, $415,447,126,45,146$, $160,40,25)$
Forfar, 2 W. Apr., W. af. May 11, S. af. May 26 , last W. Sep., W. Nov. (238, 194, $218,374,415,447,126$, $45,146,160,25,208$ )

## ITVERNESS-8EIRE.

Inverness ( $F$. ), F. af. 3 W. Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr. \& May, last F. Jy. (238, 180, 194, 208, 218, 230, 374, 475, 375, $415,447,126,45,148$, 160, 25)

## KIRKCUDBRIGHTSHIRE

Castle Douglas, M. af. Feb. ro, Apr. 17, May 25, Ju. 27, Sep, 22. (194, 218, 235, 208 $374,447,126,160,40,25$ )
New Galloway, W. af. Apr. 1 , Th. af. Jy. 18, 1 Th. Oct, (235, 40)

## LATARESEIRE.

Airdrie, last T. May, 3 T. Nov. (194, 218, 235, 374, $208,415,126,146,40,25$ )
Glasgow, ${ }^{2}$ W. Jan., Th. b. Eas. \& Whit. M., M. af. May 25. (238, 194, 218, 235, $359,374,415,447,126$ $45,146,160,40,25,208$ )
Lanark, 2 W. Apr., 2 M. Ju., 3 S.Jy.,W.b. Aug. ir, 3 T.Aug., ${ }^{1}$ M. Sep., 2 Th. Oct. (146, $238,218,415,235,40,208)$

## LINLITHGOW.

Bathgate, W. aft. Whit. M., ${ }^{4}$ W. in Ju., 4 W . in Oct., W. aft. Nov. 18 . 374,415 , 447, 126, 146, 160)
Whitbarn, 2 T. in Jy. $(238,45)$

## NAIBN.

Nairn, ${ }_{3}$ S. in Jan., 4 S. in Feb. \& Mar., ${ }^{3}$ S. in Apr. \& May, Th bef. May 26. (218, 230, 208, 374, 375, 415, 126, 146)

## PERBLES-8HIRE.

Peebles, 2 T. in Jan., T. bef. May 12, 2 W . in May, T. aft. Jy. 18, T. bef. Sep. 12 \& Dec 12. (238, 194, 218, 208, 45, 25)

## PERTH8EIRE

Abernethy, Feb. 12, 4 W. May, 2 Th . Nov.
Alyth (3 T. May En I W. Nov.), 4 W. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., ${ }_{3} \mathrm{~T}$. May, T. aft. Ju. ${ }^{18}{ }^{1}$ T. in Aug., Aug. II T. \& W. aft. Nov. II. ( 415,146 , 180)

Blairgowrie, 3 W. Mar., I W.

May, W. aft. May 25, I W. Nov., T. aft. Nov. 21. (238, 194, 375, 415, 447, 45, 146, 160, 25)
Dunblane, W. aft. Mar. ir, T. aft. May 26, Aug. 22. (194, 447, 160, 25)
Perth ' (F.: $W_{.}$: pop. 30), I F. Mar., Apr. \& Jy., I F. Sept. \& Oct., 2 F. Dec. (238, 180, 194,218,235,374,375,415, 447, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40, 25, 208)

## RENFREWSHIRE.

Greenock, F. aft. May 19, 1 Th Jy. $(238,194,218,235,874$, $415,447,126,45,146$, 160, 25, 208, 40)
Port Glasgow (25, 194, 415, $447,160,40,235,146$ ) ROSS-SETRE
Kildary, 2 T. Jan., 3 T. Feb.,

Mar. \& Apr., 2 T. May, 3 T. Ju. \& Dec
Tain, i T. Jan., 3 T. Mar., W. aft. 2 T. Jy., T. bef. $\mathbf{X m}$. (288, 194, $218,375,45,25$, 208)

## STIRLITVGSHIRE.

Falkirk, last Th. Jan., I T. Mar. last T. Apr., May \& Jy. (238, 194, 218, 285, 374, 415 $126,45,25,208,40,146$ ) Larbert, last W. Apr. (285, 40)

Stirling ( $T$. \&o $F$.:pop. 19h I \& ${ }_{3}$ F. Feb., Mar., Apr. \& May, W. aft. Ju. II, I F. Jy. \& Aug., 3 F. Sept., 3 T. Oct., I F. Nov. (238, 194, 218,285,374, $375,415,447$, 126, 45, 146, 160, 40, 25 , 208)

## IRELAND.

## cavan.

Belturbet ( $W . \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} S_{\text {. }}$ ) 1 Th. ea. mo., Ash W. (445)
Cavan (T. © M. ) 2 T. ca. mo. (192, 445, 187)

## CLARE.

Clare, Mar. 20, 3 T. \& W. Apr., May 30, Ju. 6, Aug. 17, Nov. II.

Ennis (S.), i S. ev. mo., 3 T. \& W. Apr., Sep. 2, 3 (192, 137, 121)
Ennistymon (T. \& S. S., Mar. 25, May 15, Jy. 2, Aug. 22, Sep. 29, Nov. 19. (121)
Kilclare, Ju. 4, Dec. 2.
Kilkee, ${ }_{2}$ T. Jan., Feb. 25, 3 M. Apr., May 13, Jy. ro, Aug. Apr., M3, Oct. 5, Nov. 26. (203, 137)

Killaloe (T.), Eas. \& Whit. T., Sep. 3, Oct. 20. (137)
Kilrush' (S.), May 10, Oct. 12. (137, 121)

## CORR.

Bandon (192, 368, 137)
Bantry (T. © S. ), Jan. 14, Feb. ${ }^{14}, \mathrm{Mar}$. 9, Apr. 14, May I, Ju. 10, Jy. 15, Aug. 21, Sep. 14, Oct. 15, Nov. 14, Dec. I, ${ }_{16}$-pigs previous day. (368, 137)

Castletown, Jan. i, Eas. T., Ju. 5, Aug. 17,Sep. 5, Oct. 11, Nov. 28. (368)
Clonakilty, i M. ev. mo. (192, 121, 368)
Cork (Daily), M. \& T. af. Mar. 25 \& Aug. 15. (192, 308, 368, 137, 121, 445)
Fermoy (S.), i M. ev. mo., 2 T. Jan., May, Aug. \& Oct. (137, 121, 368)
Kanturk (S.), Jan. 29, Feb. 16, Mar. 17, May 4, Jy. 4, Sep. 29, Nov. ${ }^{3}$-pigs previous f day. (137, 121)
Kinsale (S.), 3 W. ev. mo. (368, 137)

Mallow ( $T$, \& $^{2} F$.) I T. ev. ma, Jan. I, Shrove M., May 13, Jy. 27, Oct. 30 -pies previous day. (192, 137, 121)
Mitchelstown (Th.), Jan. 19, Mar. 25, May $23, \mathrm{Jy}$ 30, Nov. 12, Dec. 2. (192, 368, 121)

Roscarberry (W.), Aug. 26, Sep. 19, Dec. 19.
Skibbereen (S.), (b) Daily (gen)h, Jan. 20, Feb. 20, Mar. 29, May 14, Aug. 2, Oct. ${ }^{12,}$ Nov. 20. (192, 368 137)
Youghal (W. \& S.), 3 M. ev. mo. (192, 137)

## DONEGAL.

Ballyshannon (Th. E. S.), 2 d ea. mo., Sep. 16. $(203,187)$
Donegal (M. \&-S.), 2 F. ev. ma (203, 445)
Letterkenny (F.), 8th ea. mo. (203, 308, 446)

## DOWI.

Ballinahinch ( $T h$.), 3 Th. ea mo. (378)
Castlewellan (M.), Feb. x, 2 M. Mar. \& Apr., May I, 1 M. J b , 2 M. Jy., Aug., Oct. \& Nov. (878)

Downpatrick (T. \& S.), T. ea mo. (378, 445)
Dundrum, 3 T. ea. mo.
Newtownards (M. © S.), 2 S. \& last W. ev. mo., Jan. 3, May 14, Sep. 23. (203, 445)
Saintfield (M.), last W. ev. ma (137, 203)

## DUBLIN.

Dublin. (308, 445, 203, 414 209, 192, 286, 135, 121, 368, 317, 137)
Donnybrook, Aug. 26.
Skerries, Apr. 28, Aug. 10

## FERMANAGF

Enniskillen (T. \& Th.). rocr. mo. exc. May, May 26, Od 26. $(203,445,173,187)$

## GALWAY.

Ballinasloe (W. © S.), 2 S. Jan. 8 Mar.-pigs previous 2 days. (192.121, 137)

Cliffden'S.), Jan. 14, Ju. 25, Jy. 16-pirs previous day. (121)
Galway (W. © S.), May 30, 31. (122, 137, 121)
Gort (S.), Mar. 15-17, May 10, Aug. 11, Nov. 7. (121)
Loughrea (Th.), Feb. if, 3 F. Apr., May 25, 26, Aug. 20, Dec. 5. ( 008,121 )
Oughterard (Th.), Jan. 1, Mar. 25, May 24 Ju. 24, Aug. 9pigs previos day.
Tuam (W. © S.), Mar. 10, May 10, Jy. 4, Stp. ro, Nov. 20, Dec. 15. $(445,121)$

## KERBY.

Cahirciveen ( $W$.), Jan 15, Feb. 8, Mar. 1, 22, Apı. 22, May ro. $(368,121)$
Dingle (M. \& S.), lait S. ev. mo. \& previous M. Whit. M. (121)

Kenmare (Daily,but (chiefly)ev. W.), Jan 16, Feb. 27, Mar. 20, Apr. 15, May 22, Ju. 16, Jy. 1, Aug. 15, Sep. 26, Oct. \& Nov. 20, Dec. 15. (368)
Killarney (S.), Jan 18, Feb. 4, Mar. 4, Apr. 2, May 8, Ju. 2, Jy. 4, Aug. 8, Sep. ro, Oct. 7, Nov. 11, Dec. 28. $(368,121)$
Killorglin, Jan. 12, Apr. 18, May 19, 20, Ju. 30, Aug. 11, 29, Oct. 23, Dec. 1o. (121)
Listowel, May 13, Jy. 25, Oct. 28 \& ev. alt. W. ( $192,137,121$ )
Tralee (Daily), Jan. 9, 21, Aug. 4, Nov. 7, Dec. 13. (192, 137, 121, 388)

## KILDARE.

Athy (T.) г W. ea. mo., \& prev. day for pigs. (121, 308)
Clana, Jy. 25, Apr. 26, Oct. 15.
Kildare (Th.), 4 Th.\& T. in mois \& for pigs previous day. (121)
Maynooth, May 4, Sep. 19.
Naas (Th.) 3 W. ea. mo., \& May 1. $(368,445,308)$

## KILKENNY.

Callan (T. \& S.), 3 W. ea mo. (192)

Castlecomer, Jan. 21, Mar. 27, May 3, Ju. 21, Aug. ro, Sep. 14, Oct. 28, Dec. I4. (121)
Kilkenny (F. © S. S.), 2 W.ea.mo., Mar. 27, 28, Ju. 30, Jy. 1, Sep. 28, 29. (192, 308, 137,121)

## KING'S COUNTY.

Banager (F.), Jan, 20, 27, Mar. 7, 8, May I, Ju. 14, 15, Jy. 27, 28, Sep. 15-18, Nov. 25, 26. (192, 388)
Clara ( $W$.), Jan. 9, Feb. i, Mar. 25, Apr. 20, May 12, Ju. 29, Jy. 25, Sep. 26, Nov. 20.
Edenderry, Nov. 4. $(308,445)$

Parsonstown (S.), Jan. ro, Feb. 10, 11, Mar. 23, May 5 , Ju. 30, Jy. 23, Aug. 25, 26, Sep. 12, Oct. 14, 15, Nov. 11, Dec. 10. (308, 137, 121)
Tullamore ( $T$. \& S.), Jan. 26, Feb. 19, Mar. 19, Apr. 13, May 10, Ju. ro, fy. ro, Aug. 2, Sep. 13, Oct. 21, Nov. 18, Dec. ${ }^{13}$-pigs previous day. (192, 308, 445)

## LEITRIM.

Ballinamore (T.), i T. in Jan., 3 T. in Feb., I Th. in Mar., Apr., May 12, 1 T. in Ju., Jy., 2 T . in Aug., 1 T. in Sep. Oct . 1, Nov. 12, 1 T. in Dec. (378) Leitrim, Jan. 22, Feb. 20, Mar. 25, Apr. 15, May 5, Ju. 6, Jy. 23, Sep. 1, Oct. 13, Nov. 6, Dec. I. (137)

## LIMERICK.

Ardagh, May 11, Ju. 24, Aug. ${ }^{15}$, Nov. ${ }^{21 .}$
Bruff (M.), Jan. 25, Mar. 29, May 16, 20, Jy. 23, Aug. 26, Oct. 17, Nov. 28.
Croom, May 3, Ju. 24, Sep. 1, Dec. 9. (368)
Kilmallock, Jan. 4, Feb. 23, Mar. 13, Apr. 8, May 6, Ju. 20, Aug. 4, Nov. 20. (368)
Limerick. ( $368,192,137,121$ )
Tullow, Apr. 27, Jy. 16, Sep. 13, Nov. 5 .

## LONDONDERRY.

Coleraine (M., W., F. \& S.), I \& 3 T. ea. mo., May 12, Nov. 12. (203, 738, 137)

Kilrea ( $W$.), 2 \& ${ }_{4}$ W. ea. mo. (378)

Limavady (M., T. \& F.), z M. Feb., Mar., Ju., Jy., Oct. $(203,378)$
Londonderry ( $W$., S.\&-T.), I W. ea mo., Jy. I7, Oct. 17. (192, 203, 308, 378, 445, 137)
Tubbermore, 2 M. ea. mo.

## LONGFORD.

Barry, Jan. 28, Apr. 28, Oct. 28.
Longford ( $W$.\& $S_{\text {S. }}$ ), Feb. 1, Apr. 22, May 20, 21, Ju. 10, Sep. 6, Dec. х. (192, 121, 445)

## LOUTH.

Ardee ( $T$. © $W$.), last W. ea.
mo., Dec. 17. $(445,308)$
Carlingford ( $S$. ), i S. ea. mo.
Drogheda ( $W$. . \& $S$.), 2 W . Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., May 12, 13, Aug. 26, Oct. 29. (203, 192, 308, 368, 137)
Dundalk (M.), 3 W. ea. mo., May 7 ( $203,192,308$, 445, 121)
Louth, 2 F. ea. mo. (203)
MAYO.

Ballina (M.), i M. ea. mo., but May 12, Aug. 12, Ju. 3. (192, 445, 137, 121)
Ballinrobe (M.), Apr. 28, Ju. 11, Jy. 28, Sep. 14, Oct. 10, Dec. 5. $(445,192)$

Castlebar (S.), May II, Ju 9 Sep. 16, Nov. 18. (192, 121 ) Killala, i S. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., i M. May, 2 M. Ju. \& Jy., Aug. 17, Nov. 8.
Mayo, Ju. 29, Oct. 18, Nov. 22.
Westport (Th.), Jan. I, Feb. 11, Mar. 21, May 22, Aug. 6, Sep. 22, Nov. I. (192, 445)

## MEATH.

Kells (S.), 2 F. ea. mo., but Oct. 15, 16. (308, 121)
Navan ( $W$. \& S.), i M. Jan., Feb., Mar. \& Apr., 3 M. Apr., May \& Ju., 2 M. Jy. \& Aug., 3 M. Sept. \& Nov. (203, 192, B08)
Trim (S.), i S. éa. mo., Mar ${ }^{27}$,
May 8, Oct. i, Nov. 16. (445)

## MONAGHAN.

Castleblaney ( $W$.), i W. ea. mo. (203, 192)
Clones (Th.), last Th. ea. mo. (192, 378, 445)
Monaghan (M., W. \&u S.), i M. ea. mo. $(203,808,445,137)$ QUEEN'S COUNTY.
Maryborough (Th.), Jan. 1, 28, Feb. 24, Mar. 25, Apr. 14, May 12, Ju. 5, Jy. 5, Aug. 5, Sep. 4, 28, Oct. 23, Nov. 13 Dec. 4 (192, 368)
Mount Mellick ( $W . \& \mathbb{S}^{\circ} S$. ), 3 T. ea. mo. ( 192,121 )
Portarlington ( $W$.), Jan. 5, Feb. 17, Mar. 1, May 12, Jy. 4, Oct. 12. (121)

Mountrath (S.), Jan. 6, Feb. 17, East. M., Aug. ro, Sep. ${ }^{29}$, Nov. $5, \&$ for pigs ev. mo. (368)

## ROSCOMMON.

Athlone, Jan. 24, Mar. 21, Apr. 18, May 25, Sep. 5, Nov. 7. (137, 121)
Castlerea (S.), May 23, Ju. 21, Aug. 23, Sep. 29, Nov. 3 Nov. 7, Dec. 10. $(445,121)$
Carrick-on-Shannon (Th.). $(378,187)$

## SLIGO.

Ballymote (Th.), I W. ea mo. (445)

Sligo (T., F. \& S.). (203, 192, 445, 137)

## TIPPERARY.

Cappagh, Jan. 19, Feb. 14, Mar. 19, Apr. 16, May 9, Ju. 4, Jy. 27, Aug. 16, Sep. 9 , Oct. 18.
Cahir (F.), Feb. 8, Apr. ${ }^{12,}$ May 26, Ju. 20, Sep. 18, Oct. 20, Dec. 7, pigs previous day. (121)

Carrick (S.), last Th. ea. mo., Ju. 11, Aug. 15, Oct. 17, Whit. Th., pigs previous day. (137)
Cashel (W. © S.), 2 W. ea. mo, Mar. 26, Aug. 8, pigs last W. (121)

Clonmel, r W. ea. mo. exc. May $\&$ Nov. ; when held on 5th, pigs previous day. (192 187, 368, 121)

Nenagh (Th.), i M. Jan., Feb. \& Mar., Apr. 24, May 29, Jy. 4, Aug, 1, Sep. 4, Oct. io, Nov. i. (137, 121, 868)
Thurles (T. © S.), i T. ea. mo., East. M., Dec. 21. (192,368, 121)

Tipperary (Th. © S.), 2 T. Jan., Feb. \& Mar., Apr. 5 , 2 T. May, Ju. 24, 2 T. Jy, Aug. \& Sep., Oct. 10, 2 T. Nov. \& Dec., pigs previous day. (192, 121, $368,187,821$ )

## TYBONE.

Clogher (S.) is S. ea. mo., Jy. 26. Cookstown (T. \&o. S.), i S. ea. mo. (208, 445)
Dromore ( $M$.), monthly on 17th, or foll. M. if 17 is a $\mathrm{Sn}$. (445)
Dungannnon (M., T., Th.), W. bef. x Fri. ea mo. $(208,137)$ Omagh (S.) i T. ea mo. (192, 445, 187)
Strabane (T., W., Th.) I Th. Jan., Mar., Apr., Ju., Jy.,

Sep., Oct. \& Dec., Feb, $I_{2}$
!. Aug. I, May ${ }^{12,}$ Nov. 12. (203, 308, 445,'187)

## WATIRRFORD.

Dungarvan (T., F. \& S.), 3 W. ea. mo., Ju. 22, Nov. 8, pigs prev. d. (137, 121, 368)
Lismore ( $M$. © S. . $^{\text {) }}$ a W . ea. mo. (121, 368)
Tallow, 3 T. ea. mo. (888)
Waterford ( $W . \delta_{0} S$. ), May 4, Ju. 24, Oct. 25 \& 1 M., pigs ev. W. (192, 868, 137, 121, 445)

## WEGTMEATH

Athlone ( $T$. EO $^{S}$.), з W. Jan., Jan. I, 22, 3 W. Mar., Apr., last W. May, Jy. 6, last W. Aug., Sep. 1, 2 , last W. Oct., Nov. 4. (121)
Mullingar, Jan. 7, Apr. 6, May ${ }^{2}$, Jy. 4, Aug. 29, Sap. 28, Nov. 11. (308, 192, 121, 445)

## WEXFORD.

Blackwater, Jan. 1, Mar. 26, May 27, Ju. 21, Jy. 24, Avg. 13 Nov. 11 .
Eniscorthy (Th. \& S. S. Jan. 22, Feb. 21, Mar. 2I, Apr. 25, May 10, Ju. 7, Jy. ${ }^{5}$ Aug. 1, 25, Sep. ${ }^{27}$, Oct. 1c, Nov. 15 Dec. 21, pigs day pev. (182, 187, 121)
Gorey $(S$.$) , Jan. 2,4 S. Jan, { }^{2}$ S. May, Jy. \& Dec (192, 121)

Wexford ( $W^{T}$ ), ${ }^{\text {rid }}$ of ea. mo., but in May \& Ju. on ist. (192, 137, 121, 445)

## FICELOW.

Arklow (Th. \&o.S.), 2 T. ea, mo. (192)

Baltinglass ( $F),$.3 T. ea. ma (121)

Bray (W. \& S.), 1 W. ea mo. (378, 308)
Wicklow ( $($.), last T. ea. ma, Aug. 12 (h). (808, 121)

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# LONDON BANKS AND BANKERS. 

## THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

## Governor-Samuel Hope Morley. Deputy-Gevernor-Alexander Falconer Wallace.

Directors-C. G. Arbuthnot, H. C. O. Bonsor, H. Brooks, W. M. Campbell, Brien Cokayne, A. C. Cole, Sir Mark W. Collet, Bart., W. Cunliffe, J. P. Currie, J. S. Gilliat, Samuel S. Gladstone, C. H. Goschen, E. A. Hambro, Geo. W. Henderson, W. D. Hoare, The Hon. E. Hubbard, F. H. Jackson, R. E. Johnston, E. Lubbock, R. L. Newman, Sir Augustus Prevost, Bart., Lord Revelstoke, A. G. Sandeman, H. C. Smith.

> Chief Accountant-G. F. Stutchbury.
> Secretary-Kenneth Gief Cashier-J. G. Nairne.

Branches-Burlington-Gardens, W.; Temple Bar, W.C. Birmingham, Bristol, Hull, Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Plymouth, Portsmouth.

* Banks whose cheques pass through the Clearing House are indicated by an asterisk.
x. African Banking Corp., 43 to 46, Threadmeedle St.
4 Anglo-Austrian Bank, 31, Lombard St.

5. Anglo-Californian Bank, 18 , Austin Friars.
6. Anglo-Egyptian Bank, 27, Clement's Lane.
7. Anglo-Fortign Banking Co., 2, Biskopsgate St. Withik.
8. Angio-Italian Bank, 9 , St. Mildred Court, Poultry.
9. Australian Joint-Stock Bank (Ltd.), 2, King William St
zo. Bank of England (see above).
10. Bank of Adelaide, 11, Leadenhall St.
11. Bank of Africa (Limited), 113 , Cannon St.
12. Bank of Australasia, 4, Threadreedle St.
13. Bank of Brit. N. America, 5, Gracechwrch St.
14. Bank of Egypt, 26, Old Broad St.
15. Bank of Mauritius, 10, George Yard, E.C.
16. Bank of Montreal, 22, Abchurch Lame.
17. Bank of N. S. Wales, 64, Old Broad St.
18. Bank of New Zealand, 1, Queen Victoria St.
19. Bank of Scotland, 19, Bishopsgate St. Witfin.
20. Bank of Tarapaca and Argentina (Ltd.), 97 \& 98 , Bishopsgate Street Within.
21. Bank of Victoria, 10, King William St.
22. *Barclay \& Co. (Ltd.), 54, Lombard St. ;

1, Pall Mall East, S.'W.; 27, Caveradish Sq. ; 19, Fleet St.
28. Birkbeck Bank, 329, High Hollorn.
29. Brit. Bk. of S. America, 2a, Moorgate St.

29a. British Linen Co., 41, Lombard St.
30. British Mutual Bking. Co., Ludgate Circus. 17. *Canadian Bank of Commerce, 60, Lombard St.
34. *Cap. and Counties Bk., 39, Threadneedle St. Met. Branches.- 35 , King St., W.C. ; 25, L.udjrate Hill: 125, Oxford $3 t:$ : 35 . Piccadilly : 195 , Edgware Rd.; 115, Fore St., E.C.; 50, Upper St. ${ }^{\text {N }}$ N.; 151-153. Newington Causervay; 216, Commercial Ŕd.; 145, High St., Shoreditch; 38, Victoria St.
35. Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle St.
37. Child and Co., I, Fleet St.
39. Civil Service Bank, 10, Charing Cross Road.
40. Clydesdale Bank (Limited), 30, Lombard St.
41. Cocks, Biddulph \& Co., 43, Charing Cross.
42. Colonial Bank, 13, Bishopsgate St. Within.
43. Commercial Bank of Australia (Limited), I, Bishopsgate St. Within.
44. Commercial Bank of India, 12, King Williame St.
45. Commercial Bk. of Scotland (Ltd.), 62, Lombard St.
46. Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 18, Birchin Lane.
47. Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, 52, Threadneedle St.
48. Coutts \& Co.. 56 to 59, Strand.
49. Cox \& Co., 16, Charing Cross.
55. Delhi \& London Bank (Ltd.), 123, Bishopsgate St. Within.
56. Drummonds \& Co., 49, Charing Cross.

6o. English, Scottish and Australian Bank (Limited), 38, Lombard St.
66. German Bank of London, 34, Old Broad St.
67. *Glyn, Mills, Currie \& Co., 67, Lombard St.

67a. Guinness, Mahon, \& Co., 81, Lombard St.
69. Hoare, Charles, \& Co., 37, Fleet St.
69. Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, 3r, Lombard St.
75. Imperial Bank of Persia, 25, Abchurch Lane.
76. Imperial Ottoman Bank, 26, Throgmorton St.
77. International Bank of London (Limited), Winchester House, Old Broad St.
78. Ionian Bank (Limited), 44, Pálmerston House, Bishopsgate St. Within.
86. *Lloyds Bank (Limited), 72 , Lombard St.

Chief Met. Branches.-16, St. F7ames's St., S. Wr.; 222, Strand, W.C.; Cheapsude, E.C.; Aldersgate St., E.C.; Belgrave Rd., S.W.; Fenchurch St., E.C.; Finchley Rd., N.W. Rosslyn Hill, N.W.i Hoborn
Circus, E.C.; Cambridge St., W.; Hammersmith Circus.
Rd.,
W.
87. London Bank of Australia (Ltd.), 2, Old Broad St.
88. London Bank of Central America (Ltd.), 72, Bishopsgate St.
89. London Bank of Mexico and South America (Limited), 94, Gracechurch St.
90. London and Brazilian Bank (Ltd.), 7, Tokerhouse Yard, E.C.
91. *London and County Banking Co. (Limited), 21, Lombard St.
Chief Met. Branches.-134, Aldersgate St. - West. bourne Grove; 3 G9, Briuton Rd.: Henrietta St., Covent Garden; 21, Hanover Square; 334, Harrow Rd.; 324, High Holborn; 490 , Holloway Kd, $N . ;$, 4, Upper St.,
Ision Islington; High St.! Kensington; 266 \& 268, Pentorville Rd. A Abert Gate.; 165, Westminster Brtage Rd.; 52, East India Dock Rd.; Newington Butts; 109 \& 111,
New Oxford St.; 1, ConnaughtSt., Edgware Rd.; 180, Shoreditch ; 25. Sussex Place, Oueen's Gate; Borough High St., Sputhwark; 173, Victoria St., Westminster: and elsewhere.
92. London and Hanseatic Bank (Limited), 38, Lombard St.
93. *London Joint Stock Bank (Limited), 5 Princes St.
Chief Met. Branches.-6, Lothonry ; 44, Fenchuerch St. ${ }^{22}$, Victoria St., IFestminster; 1 , Sydne Pace,
 Chancery Lane; 89, Charterhouse St: is, Hiyh SL, Borough, 2. Craven Rd., W $;$ 94, Great Touer St: 144, Leadeuthall St.: 50 , Old Broad St. : Bant Build. ${ }^{144,}$ Lealenthall Sloucester Rd., S. Kensington; $\mathbf{3 3 7}$. Buckiveham Palace Rd; and elsewhere.
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95. London, Paris and American, 40, Threadneedle St.
96. London and Provincial Bank (Limited), 7, Bank Buildings, Lothbrry.
Chief Met. branches.-56, Old Kent Rd., Bermond. sey: Barking Rd., Canning, Town: 163 Ed Ewuar RI.; 388, Essex Rd. The Triangle, Hackney: High bury, Hornsy; I, High St. Kingsland, Newimpton Green, so8, Queen's Gate, S. Kersington; 4, Stam ford Hill, Stoke Newiygton; Walham Grees; and elsewheré.
97. London and River Plate Bank (Limited), 7, Princes St., E.C.
98. London and San Francisco Bank (Limited), ${ }^{71}$, Lombard St., E.C.
99. *London and South-Western Bank (Linited) 170, Fenchurch St.
Chief Met. Branches.-27, Regent St. - 356, Batter. sea Park Rd.: 278, Queen's Rd., Baitersea Park, 248, New Kent Rd, Bermondsey'; 46, Southarupton Row, W.C., Bloomsbury; 90 © 92, Bow R d., Bmw: 275 \& 465 . Brixton Rd.; 256, Brixton Hill. High Rd.
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 Kilburn. N.W.; 106, Firichley Rd.., N.W. $\mathrm{H}_{12}$ \& 14 Oxford St.; 133. Westbourne Grove, Bayswater; and elsewhere.
101. †London and Yorkshire Bank (Limited), \%, Draper's Gardens.
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111. *Martin's Bank (Limited), 68, Lomboard SL
112. Mercantileof India,Ltd.,40, 7 hreadncedleSt.
113. Mercantile Bank of London, Wool Exch.
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\hline Iniperial 32 mo & \(5 \frac{1}{4}, \ldots 3 \frac{5}{8}\) & \(395^{*}\) 1 0 & 395 B * I 6 & - & \(95^{\circ}\) - io & 958 \({ }^{-10}\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

THREE DAY EDITIONS. Giving three days to each page.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description & Size & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Best Quality Cloth.
Plann Interleaved} & \[
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\text { interi }
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\] & reavever & \({ }_{\mathrm{g}}^{\mathrm{ed}}\) & & & & ribbing Interle & & & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Special Pop } \\
\text { Interleaved } \\
\text { Blotting }
\end{gathered}\right.
\] \\
\hline & & No. s. & & No. s. & & No. & s. & & N & & d. & No. & & & 5 \\
\hline Fohio & 13 by & 163 & & 163B 5 & & & B & & 63 & & & 63B & & & . \\
\hline Quarto & 10¢ , , & 1734 & 4 & 173B 4 & & & & & 73 & & 4 & 738 & & & 2738 \\
\hline Large Octavo & 8 , & 1832 & 26 & 183в 3 & & & & & 83 & - & - & 83B & & & 483 B 1 \\
\hline Post Octavo.. & 7t ., & \(384 * 1\) & 10 & \(334 \mathrm{~B}^{*}{ }^{\text {a }}\) & & & & & \(84{ }^{*}\) & & & & & & Cloth \\
\hline Crown Octavo & 6. & 394* 1 & 10 & \(394{ }^{\text {B }} 1\) & & & - & & \(94^{\circ}\) & - & & \(94 \mathrm{~B}^{*}\) & - & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SEVEN DAY EDITIONS. Gwing a week on each page.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Folio & by \(8 t\) & Cheap leathette, inter- 367 в 1 о leaved blocting & \begin{tabular}{l}
the same diary, paper bound \\
No 6
\end{tabular} \\
\hline ng Shape & , \(\frac{1}{2}, 4^{\frac{1}{5}}\) & Cheap cloth, interleaved 103c 1 o blotting & No 1036 d \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

DR. \& CR. EDITIONS. These elitions are interleaved with ruled paper.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Folio & 13 by St & & , & a & & & .. & . & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Best } \\
103 \mathrm{c}
\end{array}
\] & 6 & - & Best
63 c & \[
\overline{\text { crib }}
\] & 6 \\
\hline Quarto & 101 \({ }^{\frac{1}{4},}\), \(8 \frac{4}{4}\) & 3 & , & " & " & . & . & . & & 173C & 5 & 0 & 73c & 3 & 0 \\
\hline Large Octavo & S ", 54 & 2 & " & , & ., & ... & ... & \(\therefore\) & & 182C & 5 & 0 & 82c & 3 & 6 \\
\hline Large Octavo & 8 " \(5 \frac{1}{5}\) & & , & , & & & & & & 183 c & 3 & 6 & 83 c & 2 & 0 \\
\hline Post Octavo... & \(7 \frac{1}{8}\), , \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) & 3 & & & , & & & & & 384 C & - & 6 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The above Diaries all insure for \(£ 1000\) against the General Risks of Travef,
* Editions marked with an asterisk do not contain the Self-Opening Tablet.

\section*{ST. \\ JACOBS OIL}

CURES...
RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, LUMBAGO, SORE THROAT, STIFFNESS, And all Bodily Aches and Pains.

Price 1/12 \(\frac{1}{2}\) and 2/6.

\section*{CONQUERS \\ PAIN.}

\title{
Voceler's CURATIVE COMPOUND
}

CURES...
DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, LIVER ILLS, KIDNEY TROUBLES, SKIN DISEASES, And all Stomach Disorders.

Price \(1 / 1 \frac{1}{2} \& 2 / 6\), of all Chemists.
Sample free by Post from ST. JACOBS OIL, Ltd. 45, Farringdon Road, London, E.C.


ZOX Powders are sold by Chemists at is. and 2s. 6d. per box, or post free from THE ZOX COMPANY (Dept. 4), iI, Hatton Garden, London, E.C.

\title{
E. B. DENNISON,
} Jeweller and Diamond Dealer. Silver Ware, Clocks, \&c.,

6, CHEAPSIDE (near St. Paul's Cathedral), LONDON, \(\Sigma_{c} C\).

\section*{WALTHAM WATCHES.}


SOLE AGENT in GREAT BRITAIN for the famous TOLEDO WORK manufactured by the house of FELIPA, MADRID.

\footnotetext{
Send for Price List of Watches Dept. M.
}```


[^0]:    "Dear Mr. Wilde,-My sister wishes me to tell you that she is much better. Indeed, Mr. Wilde, everything you have told us has been so very correct we feel we don't know what to say to you. God has certainly given you great powers.
    "P. M."
    "Dear Sir,-It gives me great pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of papers. You said March would be a good mo th to apply for advancement, that I might have slight benefits or a little money gain. Well, this has just been verified; for March has brought me an increase of salary, which traly is a benefit.
    "B. F. L., Consular Service."
    " Dear Sir,-I received your welcome letter this morning, and was not only astonished, but delighted, with your great ability. It is all of it perfectly true. A gentleman like yourself "ught never to die, you are so very true and clever.
    "W. G. H."

[^1]:    "At Capetown, the opponents of the supreme power will soon bring trouble on the Government again."ridi., pp. 6, $7 \cdot$
    " Mercury retrograding in Cancer unsettles the New York markets and gives South African stocks a downward impulse about the middle of this July.".--Ibid., p. 23.

[^2]:    Royal Soc. of Brit. Artists' Exhibition opens this month.

    1. S. David is regarded as the Welsh tutelar saint. Ladysmith was relieved on this date, 1900 . Auditors and Assessors of Municipalities elected. County Councillors to be elected between March I and 8. Factories
    and Workshops must by this date send to Inspector list of persons employed during past year.
    2. Overseers of the Poor in Urban parishes to be nominated and appointed within 14 days. School Board accounts to be madeup to this date for the half year.
[^3]:    May y, Lgth. of Day, $14^{\mathbf{h}} \mathbf{4 3}^{\mathrm{m}}$; 3rst, $\mathbf{1 6}^{\mathrm{h}}{ }^{10 \mathrm{~mm}}$.
    " 5, Sun's. time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 6.1^{8}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime}{52^{\prime}}^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
    , 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 7^{\circ} \mathbf{3}^{1}$; Semi-diameter, $15^{\prime} 49^{\prime \prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$.
    : 8. Mcon in Perigee: 23rd, Apogee.
    $\because$ 7, Sun eclipsed, invisible in British Isles.

[^4]:    3 M. x Kings xii., Rom. iii.
    E. I Kings xiii.. or xvii., Matt. xviii. to 2r.
    to M. I Kings xviii., Rom. ix. to 19 .
    E. $x$ Kings xix. or xxi., Matt. xxii. to 15. ${ }_{17}$ M. I Kings xxii. to 4 I, Rom. xiv. and xv . to 8.

[^5]:    5 M. Ezek. xiv., Ephes. v. 22 to vi. 10 .
    E. Ezek. xviii. or xxiv. 15, Luke vii. to 24 .

    12 M. Ezek. xxxiv., Coloss. i. 2 I to ii. 8.
    E. Ezek. xxxvii. or Dan. i., Luke x. 17.

[^6]:    ${ }_{25}$ M. Christ. Day. Isaiah ix. to 8, Luke ii. [to 15 .
    E. Isaiah vii. to to 17, Titus iii. $\&$ to 9 .

[^7]:    - In some places it is where the landlord does the repairs that the deduction is made as it is assumed that when the tenant does the repairs he is getting the premises at a lower rental than he othervise would.

[^8]:    If you suffer in Health, try WILDE'S HEALTH PILLS, sold at $1 / 1 \frac{1}{2}$ and $2 / 3$ per Box. From GEO. WILDE, 6, Central Street, Halifax.
    They will cure those who suffer from Stomach, Bilious, Liver and Kidney troubles, Nervousness, Rheumatism, and Constipation. They are made entirely from herbs and roots; they are Nature's remedies.

[^9]:    " The Total Eclipse of the Moon April 22 falls in the second degree of Scorpio, a sign productive of earthquakes. We shall soon hear of severe shocks."-Ibid., p. 6.

[^10]:    r. Holiday on the Stock Exchange. Bank Holiday in Scotland. Lists of voters come into force as the registers for the new year. Li cences renewable for dogs, carriages, male servants, and armorial bearings. Land and Income Tax due.
    6. Dividend on Consols, \&c., due.
    7. Medical Officers to send quarterly lists of pauper lunatics to Clerk to the Guardians on or before this date.
    14. Last day for giving notice of appeal against Metropolitan Valuation Lists.
    21. Savings Banks to send annual statements to Commissioners by this date.

    * A waved rule on right indicates p.m. ; dotted rule, A.m.

[^11]:    Jan. $\mathbf{x}$, Obliquity of the Ecliptic, $23^{\circ} 27^{\circ} 7^{\prime \prime}$. Long. of Moon's ascending Node, $201^{\circ} 9^{\prime}$.
    " I, Length of Day, $7^{\mathrm{h}}{ }^{50 \mathrm{~m}} ; 3$ rst, $8^{\mathrm{h}} 59^{\mathrm{m}}$.
    " 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}} 107^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 17^{\circ} 5^{\prime \prime}$.
    ${ }^{\prime \prime}{ }^{20}$, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $I^{m} 9^{\circ} 4^{n}$; Semi-diameter $16^{\prime \prime} 16^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
    ${ }^{n}$ 13, Moon in Perigee; 25th, Apogee.

    Mercury is in Aquarius and favourably situated for observation at end of month.
    Venus is an Evening Star in Aquarius, setting shortly after the Sun; near the Moon and Jupiter on the 3oth, and Saturn on the gth.
    Mars is in Libra, rising about IIh. p.m.
    Jupiter is an Evening Star in Aquarius.
    Saturn is an Evening Star in Aquarius.

[^12]:    Royal Soc．of Brit．Artists＇Exhibition opens this month．
    I．S．David is regarded as the Welsh tutelar saint．Ladysmith was relieved on this date，1900．Auditors and Assessors of Munici－ palities elected．County Councillors to be elected between March I and 8．Factories
    and Workshops must by this date send to Inspector list of persons employed during past year．
    25．Overseers of the Poor in Urban parishes to be nominated and appointed within 14 days．School Board accounts to be made up A waved rule on ris date for the hali－year． ＊A waved rule on right indicates P．M．；dotted rule，A．m．

[^13]:    Royal Society of Painters in Water Colours' Exhibition opens this month.
    r. Divs. due on India Rly. Stock. Refresh-ment-house-keepers' licences renewable.
    5. Dividends due on several kinds of Stock. 7. Latest day for Med. Officers to send quarterly lists of pauper lunatics to Clerk to the Guardians.
    9. Fire ins. prems. due at Lady Day must be paid on or before this day, or policy becomes void. 15. One-third of every Bd. of Guardians to go out of office on this day.
    ${ }^{22}$ 2. Parish Councils to hold annualmeeting on or before this date.

    * A waved rule on right indicates P.M.; dotted rule, A.M.

[^14]:    * A waved rule on right indicates P.M. ; dotted rule, A.M.

[^15]:    1. Exhibition of Royal Society of Water Colour Painters opens this month.
    2. Last day for delivery of notices, \&c., to owners and occupiers affected by Priva'e Parly. Bills. Last day for renewing Solicitor,' certs. 31. Last day of the year. - Those who have not been accustomed to keep an account of personal
    or household expenses, or, if in trade, to take an annual account of stock, should begin from this day. Without cash-books and stock-books trade is little better than a game of chance.

    Charles Letts's Diaries and Housekeepers offer the best mode of keeping accounts withont trouble. Order early for the New Year.

[^16]:    * a Amateur. $p$ Professional.

[^17]:    - In some places it is where the landlord does the repairs that the deduction is made, as it is assumed that when the tenant does the repairs he is getting premises at a lower rental than he otherwise would.

[^18]:    The abore Diartes all insure for $£ 500$ against the General Risks of Truich.

    - Editions marked with an asterisk do not contain the Self.Openiag Tablet.

[^19]:    Feb. 1, Length of Day, $9^{\text {b }} 2^{\mathrm{m}}$; 29th, 10 $^{\mathrm{h}} 45^{\mathrm{m}}$. " 5. Sun's time of Semi-passage, $1^{\text {min }} 77^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} \times 4^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
    " 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{Im}^{\mathrm{m}} 6^{\prime} \mathrm{x}^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $26^{\prime} 12^{\circ} 0^{\prime \prime}$.
    $7^{2}$ 2, Moon in Perigee; 16th, Apogee.
    Mercury is in Aquarius, and may be well seen before sunrise at the beginning of the month.

[^20]:    Metropolitan Overseers to send in supplemental valuation lists this month.

    1. May Day. Holiday at Stock Exchange and Bank transfer offices. Borough and County Clerks to send copies of polling district orders to Secretary of State.
    2. Royal Academy opens. Bank Holiday in Scotland.
[^21]:    ＊A waved rule on right indicates p．M．；dotted rule，A．M．

[^22]:    3I. Game certificates expire.

    * A waved rule on right indicates p.M.; dotted rule, A.M.

[^23]:    1．Holiday at Stock Exchange．Salmon rod and line fishing ends．Fox－hunting begins． Certificate to be taken out by any member of an Inn of Court in England，acting as con－ veyancer，special pleader，draftsman in Equity， not being at the Bar．Stage carriage licences expire．New Burgess rolls come into operation．
    ＊A waved rule on right indicates P．M．；dotted rule，A．M．

    9．Mayors and Aldermen of Boroughs elected． Lord Mayor＇s show and banquet in London．

    11．Martinmas－Scotch Quarter－day．
    13．County Sheriffs nominated．
    30．Last day for depositing plans，\＆c．，af House of Commons．

[^24]:    ,, 5, Sun's time of Semi-passage, $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{m}} 7^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{I}^{\prime}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 9^{\circ} 8^{\prime \prime}$.
    ", 20, Sun's time of Semi-passage, Im $^{\mathrm{m}} 89^{\circ}$; Semi-diameter, $16^{\prime} 13^{\circ} 2^{\prime \prime}$.
    , 5, Moon in Perigee; 17 th, Apogee.
    Mercury is in Sagittarius, but too near the Sun for observation.

[^25]:    Edward VII. ......... 11841 | 1901 Jan. 22 |................... $\mid$ Whom God preserve

[^26]:    ** Clained by Alan Hyde Gardner, 1, 1476

[^27]:    - In some places it is where the dandlond does the repairs that the deduction is made, as it is assumed the: when the tenant does the repairs he is getting $t=$ premises at a lower rental than he otherwise would.

